

The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1920.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Governor of Bengal in Council, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

No. 1243A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 1060A.—The 28th January 1920.—Mr. W. H. Nelson, I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, Rajshahi, is appointed to act as Director of Land Records, Bengal, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. F. A. Sachse, I.C.S., or until further orders.

No. 1063A.—The 28th January 1920.—Babu Uma Prasanna Guha, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rajshahi, is appointed temporarily to act as Magistrate and Collector of that district.

No. 1078A.—The 28th January 1920.—~~Babu~~ Harendra Kumar Ghosh, No. 1, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Noakhali, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Chittagong district.

No. 1080A.—The 28th January 1920.—Babu Binod Bihari Sarkar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Noakhali district.

No. 1162A.—The 30th January 1920.—Mr. B. C. Prance, I.C.S., Additional District and Sessions Judge, Dacca, is appointed temporarily to act as District and Sessions Judge of that district.

No. 1168A.—The 30th January 1920.—Mr. Abul Muzaffar Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Parganas, is transferred temporarily to the headquarters station of the Pabna district.

No. 1175A.—The 30th January 1920.—Mr. Amrita Lal Mukharji, officiating Additional District and Sessions Judge, Noakhali, is appointed temporarily to act as Additional District and Sessions Judge, Hooghly.

No. 1187A.—The 31st January 1920.—Mr. Birendra Kumar Basu, I.C.S., offg. Additional District and Sessions Judge, Jessore and Khulna, is appointed temporarily to act as second Additional District and Sessions Judge, Bakarganj.

No. 1131A.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Shailendra Nath Basu Mallik, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Howrah, is appointed to have charge of the Meherpur subdivision of the Nadia district.

No. 1134A.—The 29th January 1920.—Khan Bahadur Haji Khundkar Fazl-ul-Haq Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Burdwan, on leave, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Howrah district.

No. 1136A.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Bhujendra Nath Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, temporarily at Bogra, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Burdwan district.

POLICE.—No. 1166A.—The 30th January 1920.—Mr. James Woolley, substantive *pro tempore* Assistant Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is confirmed in that appointment with effect from the 1st January 1920.

JAILS.—No. 1091A.—The 29th January 1920.—Lieutenant-Colonel E. R. Parry, I.M.S., is appointed to be Superintendent of the Dacca Central Jail.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 1056A.—The 28th January 1920.—Mr. F. A. Sachse, I.C.S., Director of Land Records, Bengal, is allowed leave for six months, viz., privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 20th February 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, and additional privilege leave for the remaining period, under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919.

No. 1087A.—The 28th January 1920.—**Rai Suresh Chandra Singh Bahadur**, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, **Mymensingh**, is allowed leave from the 24th December 1919 to the 10th January 1920, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 29th November 1919.

No. 1159A.—The 30th January 1920.—**Mr. S. E. Stinton**, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, **Dacca**, is allowed combined leave for twelve months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations for two months and twenty-six days, with effect from the 4th February 1920, or the amount due on the date on which he may avail himself of it, furlough on average salary for four months and furlough on half average salary for the remaining period, under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

No. 1181A.—The 30th January 1920.—**Babu Harendra Kumar Ghosh**, No. 1, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, under orders of transfer to the headquarters station of the **Chittagong** district, is allowed leave for six weeks, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of it.

No. 1193A.—The 31st January 1920.—**Mr. A. H. Cuming**, I.C.S., has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for one month on average salary.

No. 1230A.—The 3rd February 1920.—**Mr. W. D. R. Prentice**, I.C.S., has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for nineteen days, viz., from the 28th September to the 16th October 1919 inclusive.

POLICE.—No. 1075A.—The 28th January 1920.—**Mr. T. C. Simpson**, officiating Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, **Calcutta**, is allowed combined leave for ten months, viz., ordinary privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, with effect from the 29th January 1920, additional privilege leave for two months and twenty-six days, or the amount due on the date of relief, under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, furlough on average salary for two months under the Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 30th December 1919, and furlough on half average salary in continuation for the remaining period, under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

No. 1194A.—The 31st January 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 27th January 1920, **Mr. C. H. Waterworth**, Superintendent of Police, **Hooghly**, is allowed combined leave for nine months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, with effect from the 7th February 1920, additional privilege leave for two months and four days, and furlough for the remaining period under article 308(b) of the Regulations.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1114A.—The 29th January 1920.—**Babu Jitendra Nath Sarkar**, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division, having passed the second examination in the Tibetan language in accordance with the rules laid down in Appendix VI to the rules for the Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others, dated the 14th September 1912, is authorised to draw the prescribed reward of Rs. 1,000 (one thousand) only.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1116A.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Kshiroda Ranjan Dhar, munsif, Dinajpur, having passed the first examination in the Tibetan language in accordance with the rules laid down in Appendix VI to the rules for the Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others, dated the 14th September 1912, is authorised to draw the prescribed reward of Rs. 500 (five hundred) only.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1118A.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Hiran Lal Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Darjeeling, having passed an examination in the Nepalese Paharia language in accordance with the rules laid down in Appendix VI to the rules for the Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others, dated the 14th September 1912, is authorised to draw the prescribed reward of Rs. 500 (five hundred) only.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1120A.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Jatindra Nath Mitra, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, having passed an examination in the Lepcha language in accordance with the rules laid down in Appendix VI to the rules for the Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others, dated the 14th September 1912, is authorised to draw the prescribed reward of Rs. 1,000 (one thousand) only.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 974L.R.—The 29th January 1920.—It is hereby notified that the survey carried out under the orders of Government under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (Bengal Act V of 1875), and sub-section (2) of section 101 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), and embodied in the marginally noted notifications, is adopted as defining villages for the purposes of clause 10 (b) of section 3 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in the police-stations of Kotchandpur, Jhenidah, Narail, Harinakanda, Naragati, Lohagara and Sailkopa, in the district of Jessore.

Jessore.

No. 10773L.R., dated 17th November 1914.

No. 6798L.R., dated 8th September 1917.

No. 7532L.R., dated 18th September 1918.

villages for the purposes of clause 10 (b) of section 3 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in the police-stations of Kotchandpur, Jhenidah, Narail, Harinakanda, Naragati, Lohagara and Sailkopa, in the district of Jessore.

No. 977L.R.—The 29th January 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 103B, sub-section (3) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that a record-of-rights has been finally published under section 103A, sub-section (2) of the said Act, in respect of every village included in police-stations Hajiganj and Kachua, in the district of Tippera.

Tippera.

every village included in police-stations Hajiganj and Kachua, in the district of Tippera.

No. 978 L.R.—The 29th January 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 103B, sub-section (3) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that a record-of-rights has been finally published under section 103A, sub-section (2) of the said Act, in respect of every village included in police-stations Laksmipur, Raipura, Raniganj, Sandwip, Siddhi, Hatia (South) and Chhagalnia, in the district of Noakhali, except the area excluded from the district operations, by notification No. 827 L.R., dated the 23rd January 1919.

No. 1096 L.R.—The 2nd February 1920.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Kumudini Nath Ray, settlement kanungo, is authorised to discharge, in the district of Bankura as well as in the Asansol subdivision of the district of Burdwan, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights.

No. 1082 L.A.—The 2nd February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, '026 of an acre, which were notified for acquisition under declaration No. 669 L.A., dated the 19th August 1919, published at pages 1300-01, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 20th idem, and required by the Deaca Municipality for widening a portion of methors' passage at Purana Mogultuly, in the mahalla of Purana Mogultuly, pargana Jahangirnagar, zilla Dacca.

No. 1102 L.A.—The 3rd February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring, more or less, 9 chitaks and 23 square feet of standard measurement, being a portion of the common passage appertaining to premises Nos. 20, 21 and 21-2, Chakrabere Road South, and bounded as described below, which was included in the area notified for acquisition under declaration No. 1827 L.A., dated the 16th February 1915, published at pages 267-268, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th idem, and required by the Calcutta Improvement Trust, for street Scheme No. V in the town of Calcutta—

North—By a portion of premises No. 22-1, Chakrabere Road South,

East—By a portion of the same passage appertaining to premises Nos. 20, 21, 21-2, Chakrabere Road, South, already acquired under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, on behalf of the Calcutta Improvement Trust,

South—By premises No. 21-1, Chakrabere Road South, and a portion of premises No. 21, Chakrabere Road South,

West—By premises No. 21-2, Chakrabere Road South.

No. 1033 Agri.—The 30th January 1920.—Babu Nabagauranga Basak, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to be Deputy Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, with effect from the 11th October 1919, *vice* Mr. J. S. Lloyd, resigned.

No. 1105 Agri.—The 3rd February 1920.—Mr. Hari Prasad Mitra, Superintendent of Agriculture, on special duty, is allowed combined leave for three months from the 19th December 1919, viz., additional privilege leave for ten days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168 C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 9347 Agri., dated the 9th December 1919.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1085 L.A.—The 2nd February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Noakhali for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of ~~of~~ *of* ~~the~~ *the* bangalow at Baktarhat, in the village of Mirjapur, pargana Dandra, zilla Noakhali, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2·007 acres, bounded on the—

North and East—By District Board road,

South—By the lands of Atar Bia and others and Abdul Latif and others,

West—By the lands of Abdul Karim, Jinnat Ali and Atar Bia and others,

is required within the aforesaid village of Mirjapur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Noakhali.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1115 L.A.—The 3rd February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for approach road to goods shed at Iswarganj railway station of the Mymensingh-Bhairab-Bazar Railway, in the village of Char Nikla, pargana Mymensingh, zilla Mymensingh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·826 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the Iswarganj station yard;

East—By the lands of Alimuddy and Nazoo,

South—By District Board road,

West—By the lands of Nazoo and Intazali and others,

is required within the aforesaid village of Char Nikla.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Mymensingh.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATA.

No. 1092 L.R.—The 2nd February 1920.—In notifications Nos. 8637 L.R. and 8640 L.R., dated the 18th November 1919, published at page 1802, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of 19th November 1919, read “Deputy Collector” for “Sub-Deputy Collector” against the name of Babu Kshetra Mohan Mukharji, Assistant Settlement Officer.

No. 1134 L.A.—The 3rd February 1920.—In line 7 of declaration No. 2503 L.A., dated the 15th March 1919, published at page 433, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, in respect of the acquisition of land required by the Nator Municipality for the night-soil depôt at Tikapara, in the district of Rajshahi, for “mauza Tikapara” read “mauza Nator.”

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION.

No. 1088 Regn.—*The 2nd February 1920.*—Babu Bir Singh Roy, District Sub-Registrar of Bankura, is allowed leave for twenty-one days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 20th January 1920.

No. 1090 Regn.—*The 2nd February 1920.*—Babu Kirtibas Basu, Sub-Registrar of Raipur, in the district of Bankura, is appointed to act as District Sub-Registrar of that district during the absence, on leave, of Babu Bir Singh Roy, or until further orders.

No. 1098 Regn.—*The 3rd February 1920.*—Babu Raj Kumar Bose, District Sub-Registrar of Noakhali, is appointed to act as Registrar of Chittagong, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Abdul Majid, or until further orders.

No. 1100 Regn.—*The 3rd February 1920.*—Mr. O. S. Ferrault, Sub-Registrar of Laksam, in the district of Tippera, is appointed to act as District Sub-Registrar of Noakhali, *vice* Babu Raj Kumar Bose, appointed to act as Registrar of Chittagong, or until further orders.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1109 Regn.—*The 3rd February 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Yusuf Khan to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-station Keshpur, in the district of Midnapore, *vice* Maulvi Shah Muhammad Abul Hasan, transferred.

No. 1110 Regn.—*The 3rd February 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Yusuf Khan to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-station Keshpur, in the district of Midnapore, *vice* Maulvi Saiyid Shah Muhammad Abul Hasan, transferred.

No. 1118 Regn.—*The 3rd February 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Sayedur Rahman temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-stations Srinagar and Serajdikhan in the district of Dacca, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Istamad Haidar, or until further orders.

No. 1119 Regn.—*The 3rd February 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Sayedur Rahman temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-stations Srinagar and Serajdikhan in the district of Dacca, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Istamad Haidar or until further orders.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

No. 253Edn.—The 2nd February 1920.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members to constitute the Governing Body of the Dacca School of Engineering:—

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|
| (i) Commissioner, Dacca Division, President | ... | } <i>ex officio.</i> |
| (ii) Inspector of Technical Schools, and Superintendent of Industries | ... | |
| (iii) Director of Surveys, Bengal | ... | |
| (iv) District Railway Officer, Eastern Bengal Railway, Dacca | ... | |
| (v) Superintending Engineer, Eastern Circle, Dacca | ... | |
| (vi) Assistant Principal of the School of Engineering | ... | |
| (vii) Nawab Khwaja Habibulla of Dacca. | | |
| (viii) Maharaja Shashi Kanta Acharjya Chaudhuri, of Muktagacha, Mymensingh. | | |
| (ix) Babu Ananda Chandra Roy, Zemindar, Dacca | | |
| (x) Principal, Dacca School of Engineering | ... | <i>ex officio Secretary.</i> |

No. 267Edn.—The 2nd February 1920.—Mr. William Stanley Mylne is appointed to be a Foreman Instructor in the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, with effect from the 11th November 1919, *vice* Mr. G. Lawrence, retired.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

No. 264S.R.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Surendra Nath Ghose, Sub-Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, acted as an Inspector of Excise and Salt for one month, with effect from the 17th December 1919, during the absence on leave of Babu Satis Chandra Chaki, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta.

Babu Surendra Nath Ghose is also appointed to act as an Inspector from the 17th January 1920 to 5th February 1920, *vice* Babu Sripati Mohan Gupta, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, on leave.

No. 293S.-R.—The 30th January 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by rule 40 of the Bengal Opium Rules, 1918, published with Notification No. 562S.R., dated the 2nd March 1918, at pages 382-395 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 6th idem, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following directions to regulate the export of opium by sea from Calcutta:—

1. On and from the date of the publication of the notification the directions published with the Board of Revenue Notification No. 5891B., dated the 10th October 1910, as subsequently amended, shall cease to have effect in the port of Calcutta.

Regulation of the export of opium by sea from Calcutta.

2. Opium may be exported by sea from the port of Calcutta if it has been purchased from the Government at a public sale held by the Local Government, and is covered by a Delivery Order and a certificate granted by the Local Government. A Delivery Order is an order of the Local Government addressed to the Intendant of the Presidency Opium Godowns for delivery of a certain number of opium chests; and a certificate is a document authorising the Collector of Customs to allow the shipment of the opium

specified in it. The currency of a certificate is four days, exclusive of its date of issue, and exclusive of Sundays and Custom House holidays. No Delivery Order or certificate for the export of opium will be issued on the same day on which the opium has been sold.

3. A shipper wishing to export opium shall first present his Delivery Order to the Intendant of the opium godowns, and take out his chests of opium from the stacks and arrange them in the corridor, where he will mark them with his distinctive marks for shipment. Before removing the chests from the corridor the shipper shall obtain a pass from the Collector of Customs by presenting at the Custom House the certificate granted him by the Local Government, accompanied with a shipping bill (in duplicate) printed in red ink. The Custom House pass, which will be granted on the shipping bill, shall then be shown to the Intendant, who will then give permission for the removal of the opium chests for shipment. In the case of opium chests which are passed out through the Custom House gate the shipper is also to show the Custom House pass to the gate officer of the Custom House before taking away his chests.

4. If any opium covered by a certificate is not removed from the Presidency Godowns within a period of four days from the date of the issue of the certificate, the holder of the certificate must, within 24 hours next after the expiry of the said period, apply to the Local Government for a fresh certificate.

5. If any opium has been removed from the Presidency Godowns within the said period of four days, and has been passed out by the Customs authorities for export, but has not been shipped within the said period by reason of the opium being shut out from the ship in which it was intended to be shipped, or for any other reason, the shipper must, without delay, apply to the Local Government for a fresh certificate, and must, pending the issue of such certificate, either (a) return the opium to the Presidency Godowns, with the permission of the Collector of Customs, or (b) keep it, with the permission of the said Collector, under sealed hatches at a mooring ghat to be fixed by the Superintendent of the Calcutta Customs Preventive Service.

6. (a) On ordinary working days no Treasury receipt in payment for opium, and no Delivery Order for cancellation will be accepted by the Local Government after 3-30 P.M., and no certificate will be granted after 4 P.M.

(b) On Saturdays no receipt or Delivery Order will be accepted after 1-30 P.M., and no certificate granted after 2 P.M.

(c) A certificate is not transferable, and no one but the person named on the face of it by the Local Government will be entitled to export opium on it.

7. The certificates granted by the Local Government are to be returned to the Local Government within thirty days, duly cancelled.

8. Opium intended for export, which is not cleared from the Port Commissioners' Jetty No. 8 or the Docks at Kidderpore as the case may be, before 4-30 P.M., shall be conveyed to the steamer in covered cargo-boats with properly secured hatches.

9. On any day on which clearances are made from the Opium Godowns the Intendant shall give notice to the Collector of Customs, who will at once appoint a Preventive Officer to be in attendance at 4-30 P.M., at the Port Commissioners' Jetty No. 8 or the Docks at Kidderpore, as the case may be, to perform the duties mentioned in rule 10. When the Intendant is aware that clearances will be made from the godown after 4-30 P.M., he shall make immediate report to the Collector of Customs of the probable number of chests that will be removed after that hour, and the Collector will appoint one or more additional Preventive Officers to be in attendance for the performance of the duties above referred to.

10. In respect of opium chests not placed on cargo-boats before 4-30 P.M. for conveyance to the steamer the Preventive Officer at the Port Commissioners' Jetty No. 8 or the Docks at Kidderpore, as the case may be, shall perform the duties below named. He shall supervise the loading in covered cargo-boats with properly secured hatches of all opium chests lying at No. 8 Jetty or the Kidderpore Docks after 4-30 P.M., or brought there after 4-30 P.M. He shall see all such chests placed in the hold of covered cargo-boats and shall then secure and seal, with a distinctive mark, the hatches or other

openings or doors of such cargo-boats by which access may be had to the hold, before allowing the boat to proceed to the steamer.

11. The Preventive Officer on board the receiving steamer shall carefully examine the seals affixed to the hatches or other openings or doors of a cargo-boat laden with opium, as soon as the boat arrives alongside the vessel, and shall not allow the seals to be broken in any case until he is prepared to receive the opium on board, and to superintend the removal of the chests from the hold of the cargo-boat.

12. If it appears to the Preventive Officer on board the receiving vessel that the seals placed on the hatches or other openings or doors of a cargo-boat have been broken in transit, or have been in any way tampered with, he shall immediately bring the matter to the notice of the officer in charge of the vessel, and shall examine each chest carefully. If any theft of opium is discovered, the Preventive Officer shall make an immediate report to the River Police and to the Collector of Customs, mentioning at the same time the number of the cargo-boat and the name of the owner and *manjhi*.

13. The procedure described in rules 8, 10 11 and 12 both inclusive, is enjoined especially in the case of opium cleared from the godowns after 4-30 P.M., but it may, on application by the shipper to the Intendant, be followed in the case of opium cleared before that time.

14. Rules regarding fees to be paid for delivery and clearance of opium from the Opium Godowns outside regulation hours, and for return of opium to the godowns which has been shut out by steamers, will be found in the Board of Revenue Notification No. 388A., dated the 5th February 1913.

A. MARR,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 255 Medl.—The 3rd February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of section 4 of the Bengal Medical Act, 1914 (Bengal Act VI of 1914), the Governor in Council is pleased to nominate Bt. Lt.-Col. F. P. Connor, D.S.O., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., to be a member of the Bengal Council of Medical Registration, *vice* Lt.-Col. Sir Leonard Rogers, Kt., C.I.E., F.R.S., I.M.S., resigned.

THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890.

No. 230 Medl.—The 29th January 1920.—It is hereby notified that the Governor of Bengal in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by sections 4 and 5 of the Charitable Endowments Act No. 6 of 1890 and upon the application and with the concurrence of Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Leonard Rogers, Kt., C.I.E., M.D., I.M.S., F.R.C.S., M.R.C.P., F.R.S., Honorary Secretary, Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene Endowment Fund, doth hereby order and direct that the securities and moneys described or mentioned in the First Schedule hereunder written shall, as from the date of the first publication of this notification, vest and be thenceforth vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the Territories subject to the Government of Bengal, to be held by him and his successors, subject to the provisions of the said Act and the rules from time to time framed thereunder by the Governor-General of India in Council, upon trust, to permit the income thereof to be applied for the promotion and assistance of research work in tropical medicine, the teaching of and the training of research workers in tropical medicine and in diseases of special importance in India, such work and objects to be carried out in Calcutta at the institution known as the Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene in accordance with the terms of a Scheme of Management the particulars whereof are set forth in the Second Schedule hereunder written.

And it is hereby further notified that the said Scheme shall come into operation on the vesting of the said property in the said Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the Territories subject to the Government of Bengal.

The First Schedule.

		Rs.	Rs.
Calcutta Port Trust Debentures of 1916, No. 206	...	25,000	
„ 207	...	25,000	
„ 216	...	25,000	
„ 353	...	25,000	
„ 361	...	25,000	
„ 186	...	10,000	
„ 159	...	5,000	
„ 719	...	5,000	
„ 728	...	5,000	
„ 729	...	5,000	
Total	...	.....	1,55,000
5 per cent. Indian War Loan repayable 1929—47, No. 000585	...	50,000	
Ditto ditto „ 008136	...	50,000	
Ditto ditto „ 008152	...	25,000	
Ditto ditto „ 008153	...	25,000	
5½ per cent. War Bonds repayable 1928 „ 000270	...	50,000	
GRAND TOTAL	...	3,55,000	

The Second Schedule.

1. The Endowment hereby created shall be called “The Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene Endowments Fund.”

2. The Endowment is created for the promotion and assistance of research work in tropical medicine and in diseases of special importance in India, the teaching of tropical medicine and the training of research workers in the said subjects, all such objects to be carried out in Calcutta at the institution known as the Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene.

3. The income of the Endowment shall be paid by the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the Territories subject to the Government of Bengal to the person from time to time nominated to receive it by the committee to be constituted as next hereinafter mentioned and shall be administered by such committee.

4. The committee shall be constituted as follows.

The holders for the time being of the following offices shall be *ex officio* members :—

- (1) The Director General, Indian Medical Service, who shall be President.
- (2) The Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal, who shall be Vice-President.
- (3) The Director of the Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene.

Until such time as a Director of the Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene is appointed, the Honorary Secretary of the School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene shall be a member of the committee in his stead.

And as ordinary members—

- (4), (5) and (6) Three Professors, other than the said Director of the said school, to be nominated yearly by the President and Vice-President of the committee and Director of the School jointly.
- (7) A person to be nominated by the Indian Tea Association.
- (8) A person to be nominated by the Indian Jute Association.
- (9) A person to be nominated by the Indian Mining Association.

Provided that no nomination by any of the three last mentioned associations shall take effect unless, prior to the commencement of

the year in which it is intended first to take effect, the nominating association shall have paid to the Treasurer or other proper officer of the School, for application in accordance with the terms of this Scheme, a sum of not less than Rs. 15,000, and any person, so nominated, shall cease to hold office at the commencement of any future year for which a similar payment shall not then have been made, and that the persons to be nominated by such associations shall always be medical men, unless the President shall otherwise permit in writing.

(10) Sir Kailash Chandra Basu, Rai Bahadur, Kt., C.I.E., O.B.E., during his life or until he shall resign.

(11) Mr. J. G. Apcar, during his life or until he shall resign.

5. If any nominated or elected member shall die or resign, the vacancy shall be filled up by the party or body of persons who nominated or elected him. On the death or resignation of the said Sir Kailash Chandra Basu, Rai Bahadur, Kt., C.I.E., O.B.E., or Mr. J. G. Apcar, the vacancy shall be filled up by the committee.

6. The committee may act notwithstanding any temporary vacancy in their body.

7. The committee shall meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their proceedings as they think fit. Three members shall form a quorum. The President shall take the chair; in the event of his absence the Vice-President shall take the chair; in his absence the Director of the School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene shall take the chair; and in his absence also the meeting shall elect their Chairman. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

8. The committee may delegate any of their powers to sub-committees consisting of such members of their body as they think fit. The Director of the School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene shall be an *ex officio* member of all sub-committees. Each sub-committee shall have the power of co-opting additional members with special knowledge of the subject or subjects with which they have to deal, the number of such co-opted members not to exceed two-thirds of that of the original sub-committee. Any sub-committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers delegated to them conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the committee, and its meetings and proceedings shall be governed by the provisions contained in this Scheme for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the committee so far as the same are not superseded by any such regulations made by the committee as aforesaid.

9. All acts done by any meeting of the committee or by any person acting as a member thereof shall, notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the nomination or election of any member or person acting as a member or that he was not qualified, be as valid as if every member or person acting as such had been duly nominated or elected or was duly qualified.

10. The committee shall appoint a Secretary or other proper officer and shall cause to be kept by him or some other proper person all proper accounts and records of the proceedings at meetings of the committee and sub-committees and of all resolutions or orders passed or made by them respectively, and every minute of the proceedings at any meeting of the committee or any sub-committee or of any resolution or order passed or made thereat, if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting, shall be *prima-facie* evidence of the correctness of the matters stated in such minute. They shall also appoint a person, who may be the Secretary, to receive the income of the Endowment from time to time and any such other moneys as hereinafter mentioned and the receipt of the person so appointed shall be a good and valid discharge for such income and moneys.

11. The administration and application for the purposes aforesaid of the income of the Endowment shall be vested in the committee, and it shall be their duty to apply such income accordingly so far as the circumstances in their opinion allow.

12. Without prejudice to the general powers and duties conferred upon the committee by the last preceding clause, it is hereby expressly declared

that the committee shall have the following powers and duties, that is to say :—

- (1) To apply such moneys as may be received from the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments Fund by way of income on the Endowment and the income of all other moneys subscribed, given, or left by will to or for the Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene and all subscriptions to or for the same or such part thereof as for the time being they think fit to or for the purposes aforesaid for which the said Endowment is made or given or one of such purposes in such manner in all respects as they may for the time being think fit and to the best advantage of the said School.
- (2) To appoint, and at their discretion remove or suspend, such officers, clerks, and servants for permanent, temporary or special services as they may from time to time think fit, and to determine their powers and duties and to fix their salaries or emoluments and otherwise:

Provided that this power shall not be exercised in respect of any officers, clerks or servants of the School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, or in such manner as to interfere with the functions or duties of such officers, clerks or servants, without the consent of the local Government.

- (3) Generally to do such things as they may consider necessary or expedient for the purposes of carrying out the objects of this Scheme.

13. The committee shall publish an annual statement of accounts duly audited, and an annual report of the work done *in furtherance of the objects of the Endowment*.

14. The committee may frame such rules as may be necessary for the discharge of business generally, including the conduct of correspondence and the holding of meetings.

15. No alterations shall be made in the above rules and regulations except by the vote of a majority of the members present at a special meeting of the committee called for the purpose.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1241A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1225A.—The 2nd February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Rai Sahib Krishna Chandra Ghatak the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Barrackpore subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Kancharapara bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

RESIGNATION.

No. 1228A.—The 3rd February 1920.—The Governor in Council accepts the resignation tendered by Munshi Ghulam Rasul of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Palta bench in the district of the 24-Parganas.

POWERS.

No. 1206A.—The 31st January 1920.—Babu Phani Bhushan Mitra, Deputy Magistrate, Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class. He is also vested with powers under sections 110 and 133 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 1211A.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Nirad Krishna Ray, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Darjeeling, is vested with the powers of a Subordinate Judge and a munsif, within the Sadar subdivision of that district. He is vested with the power to record evidence in the English language, under section 138 (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908).

No. 1215A.—The 2nd February 1920.—Mr. H. C. Stork, I.C.S., officiating Joint-Magistrate, Kurseong, Darjeeling, is appointed, under the provisions of section 22, Act V of 1898, to act as a Justice of the Peace, within the territories subject to the administration of the Government of Bengal.

No. 1218A.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Krishna Gopal Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate, Bakarganj, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 297J.—The 28th January 1920.—Babu Santosh Kumar Mitra, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Bankura, to be ordinarily stationed at Vishnupur, *vice* Babu Gyan Chandra Banarji, transferred.

This cancels the Government notification No. 48J., dated the 6th January 1920, appointing Babu Atindra Nath Mukharji to the said post.

No. 309J.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen, munsif of Hooghly, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Tippera, to be ordinarily stationed at Chandpur. He is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Chandpur munsifi.

No. 312J.—The 29th January 1920.—Maulvi Saiyid-ur-Rahman, munsif of Chandpur, in the district of Tippera, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Hooghly, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station.

No. 315J.—The 29th January 1920.—Lala Jogesh Chandra, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Jessore, to be ordinarily stationed at Narail, *vice* Babu Jamini Kanta Mukharji, transferred.

No. 317J.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Satya Gopal Mukharji, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Hooghly, to be ordinarily stationed at Serampore, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Binod Bihari Mukharji, or until further orders.

No. 385J.—The 30th January 1920.—Babu Durga Kanta Ray, Subordinate Judge of Pabna, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is appointed to act as a Subordinate Judge of Bogra, in the same district, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Ashutosh Pal, or until further orders. He is also vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the executive district of Bogra.

No. 387J.—The 30th January 1920.—Babu Pashupati Basu, munsif of Pabna, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Pabna in the same district, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Durga Kanta Ray, or until further orders.

No. 389J.—The 30th January 1920.—Babu Sarada Prasad Banarji, officiating Subordinate Judge of Pabna, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is vested with the functions of a District Court, under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Pabna.

No. 391J.—The 30th January 1920.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen Gupta, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, to be ordinarily stationed at Pabna, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Pashupati Basu, or until further orders.

No. 399J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Rohini Kanta Mitra, munsif of Malda, in the district of Rajshahi, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of the same district, *vice* Mr. Hem Kumar Neogi.

No. 401J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Kumud Kanta Sen, munsif of Diamond Harbour, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Rajshahi, to be ordinarily stationed at Malda.

No. 404J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Kunja Bihari Ghosh, munsif of Jessore, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of the 24-Parganas, to be ordinarily stationed at Diamond Harbour. He is also vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26 sub-section (1), of Act VII of 1889 within the local limits of the Diamond Harbour munsifi.

No. 407J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Shailendra Nath Chatarji, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of Jessore, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station.

No. 409J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Ashwini Kumar Das Gupta, munsif of Alipore, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of Asansol, in the district of Burdwan, *vice* Mr. Bijoy Gopal Chatarji.

No. 412J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Mahendra Nath Mukhati, munsif of Kishoreganj, in the district of Mymensingh, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of the 24-Parganas, to be ordinarily stationed at Alipore. He is also vested under clause (8) of the second schedule of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, IX of 1887, with powers to try under the Small Cause Court procedure, suits for the recovery of rent of homestead lands within the local limits of his jurisdiction when the value does not exceed Rs. 50.

No. 415J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Ashutosh Ukil Banarji is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Kishoreganj.

No. 417J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Girija Bhusan Sen, munsif of Jalpaiguri, in the district of Dinajpur, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge of Faridpur, *vice* Mr. Iradatulla.

No. 420J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Narendra Nath De, B.L., is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of Dinajpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Jalpaiguri.

No. 422J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Kumudini Kanta Ray, Subordinate Judge, Chittagong, on leave, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge of Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, *vice* Mr. Phanindra Mohan Chatarji.

No. 457J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Gyanada Sankar Gupta, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Khulna, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Nagendra Nath Bhattacharji, or until further orders.

No. 463J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Nagendra Nath Bhattacharji, munsif of Khulna, is appointed to act as Additional Subordinate Judge of Jessore and Khulna, but for the present to be employed at Khulna, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Hari Pada Banarji, or until further orders.

LEAVE.

No. 300J.—The 13th January 1920.—Babu Kshirada Ranjan Dhar, munsif of Dinajpur, is allowed leave for fifteen days, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 15th January 1920.

No. 301J.—The 14th January 1920.—Babu Bhashi Shekhar Ghosh, munsif of Jessore, is allowed leave for fifteen days, namely, one day, under article 274 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the remaining period under article 271 of the same Regulations, with effect from the 28th January 1920.

No. 302J.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Ashutosh Pal, Subordinate Judge of Bogra, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is allowed leave for one month and fifteen days, with effect from the 19th January 1920, under article 271, Civil Service Regulations.

No. 459J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Hari Pada Banarji, officiating Additional Subordinate Judge of Jessore and Khulna, now employed at Khulna, is allowed leave for one month, with effect from the 2nd February 1920, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations.

POWERS.

No. 466J.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Bisweswar Majumdar, munsif of Jessore, is vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153 (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.

G. N. Roy,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

POLITICAL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1270P.—The 29th January 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12, sub-section (1) of the Indian Press Act, 1910 (I of 1910), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of a leaflet in Urdu, bearing on the top a black circular seal with the letters in English "Administrative Department Provisional Government of India," purporting to be signed by Obeidullah, Wazir-a-Hukumut Moukatē Hind, commencing with the words "Arzi Hukumut Hind ki Khabar, etc." and ending with the words "Toufik dē," and all copies of all other documents containing the matter of the said leaflet, on the

ground that the said leaflet contains words which are likely or may have a tendency to incite to murder and to bring into hatred or contempt His Majesty or the Government established by law in British India and therefore appears to the Governor in Council to contain words of the nature described in section 4, sub-section (1), clauses (a), (c) and (e) of the said Act.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POLICE.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 467 P.J.—The 30th January 1920.—Whereas the Governor in Council has reason to believe that the members of a gang of dacoits, ordinarily residing in the jurisdiction of police-stations Amta in the district of Howrah, and Haripal and Jangipara in the district of Hooghly, and commonly known as Sasi Mulo's gang, are addicted to the systematic commission of non-bailable offences :

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council, in exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), hereby declares the said gang to be a criminal tribe for the purposes of that Act.

No. 468 P.J.—The 30th January 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), the Governor in Council hereby directs that every registered member of Sasi Mulo's gang, which has been declared by notification No. 467 P.J., dated the 30th January 1920, to be a criminal tribe, shall, in the prescribed manner, report himself at fixed intervals and notify his place of residence and any change or intended change of residence, and any absence or intended absence from his residence.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA POLICE.

NOTIFICATION.

IN exercise of the power conferred on me in Government order No. 4434 P.D., dated the 25th October 1913, I appoint Sahibzada Ahmed Hassan Khan to be a non-official visitor of the Presidency Jail.

R. CLARKE. *Commissioner of Police.*

CALCUTTA, the 30th January 1920.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 24th January 1920.

No. 7.—The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information.

F. A. A. COWLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Notification No. 4, dated the 19th January 1920, by the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Captain O. E. Fieldsend, Assistant Engineer, Bengal, is transferred to the Punjab, with effect from the forenoon of the 4th December 1919, and is posted to the Irrigation Branch.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.*The 29th January 1920.*

No. 12 Marine.—Mr. F. W. Moore, Branch Pilot, is granted, under article 676 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for one month and eighteen days, with effect from the 5th January 1920.

C. B. BAYLEY,

*Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.**The 2nd February 1920.*

No. 13 Marine.—It is hereby notified for general information that Moulmein is declared free from plague and that the regulations for the prevention of the introduction of plague by sea, which were imposed in the ports of Calcutta and Chittagong against vessels arriving from Moulmein are hereby withdrawn.

C. B. BAYLEY,

*Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.**The 2nd February 1920.*

No. 14 Marine.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendments in the rules for regulating the importation, possession and transport of petroleum published under Bengal Government notification No. 143 Marine, dated the 30th November 1914 :—

Amendments.

- (1) In rule 2, Chapter V, Part II of the said rules, the words "otherwise than in bulk" shall be omitted.
- (2) In rule 6, Chapter V, Part II of the said rules, the words "other than in bulk" shall be omitted.
- (3) In Form H—
 - (a) the words "otherwise than in bulk", wherever they occur, shall be omitted; and
 - (b) in condition 1 of the conditions attached to the Form, after the words "The Petroleum" the words "If not in bulk" shall be inserted.
- (4) In Form I—
 - (a) for the words ^{"otherwise than in bulk"} ~~"in bulk or otherwise than in bulk"~~ the words "in bulk or otherwise than in bulk" shall be substituted, and
 - (b) in condition 1 of sub-head 1 of the conditions attached to the Form, after the words "The Petroleum" the words "If not in bulk" shall be inserted.
- (5) In Form I-A for the words ^{"in bulk or otherwise than in bulk"} ~~"otherwise than in bulk"~~, wherever they occur, the words "In bulk or otherwise than in bulk" shall be substituted.
- (6) In Form K—
 - (a) the words "cases or packages containing in all" shall be enclosed in brackets and an asterisk placed before the opening bracket, and the following marginal reference shall be inserted, namely :—
 "To be omitted when petroleum is transported in bulk", and
 - (b) in condition 1 of the conditions attached to the Form, after the words "The Petroleum" the words "If not in bulk" shall be inserted.

C. B. BAYLEY,

Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 30th January 1920.

No. 8.—Babu Jogendra Kumar Guha, Supervisor, Chittagong Division, is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for one month and fifteen days in extension of the leave previously granted.

C. P. WALSH,
Chief Engineer, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 1245A.

No. 1083A.—*The 28th January 1920.*—Maulvi Shaikh Abdullah, No. 11, Nadia, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, Nadia, is allowed leave for fifteen days, under articles 242 (a) and 263 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 2nd January 1920.

No. 1096A —*The 29th January 1920.*—The gentlemen, named below, are appointed to be probationary Sub-Deputy Collectors:—

Babu Jasoda Kinkar Ghosh, son of the late Babu Ram Gopal Ghosh.
 „ Santosh Kumar Sarkar, son of Babu Chandra Kumar Sarkar.
 „ Phanindra Nath Chatarji, son of Babu Narayan Chandra Chatarji.
 „ Shyama Prasad Chaudhuri, son of Babu Pinkari Chaudhuri.

The postings of these officers are under consideration and the appointments of those who have not submitted certificates of health and age are subject to the submission and acceptance of those certificates.

No. 1101A.—*The 29th January 1920.*—The probationary Sub-Deputy Collectors, named below, are posted to the headquarters stations of the districts mentioned opposite their names:—

Babu Bama Charan Mallik	...	...	} Hooghly.
„ Phani Bhushan Ghosh	...	...
„ Brindaban Chandra De	...	...
„ Indu Bhushan Nag	...	...	Dacca.
„ Priya Ranjan Das Gupta	...	...	24 Parganas.
Mr. Anil Kumar Ray	...	...	Howrah.
Babu Bhudeb Mukharji	...	...	Burdwan.

No. 1126A.—*The 29th January 1920.*—Maulvi Khundkar Ali Tahir, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on medical certificate for three months, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 23rd August 1919.

No. 1129A.—*The 29th January 1920.*—Babu Ashutosh Deb, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on medical certificate for three months, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 25th October 1919.

No. 1178A.—*The 30th January, 1920.*—Babu Mati Chand Pradhan, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Kalimpong subdivision of the Darjeeling district.

No. 1200A.—*The 31st January 1920.*—Maulvi Nausher Ali Khan Yusufji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, is transferred to the Dacca Division.

No. 1203A.—*The 31st January 1920.*—Maulvi Abul Khair Serajul Islam Zahid, Sub-Deputy Collector, Faridpur, is transferred to the Rajshahi Division.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 39.—The 29th January 1920.—Maulvi Muhammad Afzal, probationer of Rajshahi, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Khanjanpur, in the district of Bogra, with effect from the 14th January 1920.

**Rajshahi.
Bogra.**

No. 40.—The 29th January 1920.—Maulvi Abdul Mannan Chaudhuri, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Barisal, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Nazirpur, in the district of Bakarganj, with effect from the 2nd January 1920.

Bakarganj.

No. 41.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Kalindra Kumar Majumdar, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Noakhali, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Kaukhali, in the district of Bakarganj, with effect from the 2nd January 1920.

**Noakhali.
Bakarganj.**

No. 42.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Naresh Chandra Patranavis, probationer of Mymensingh, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Bhandaria, in the district of Bakarganj, with effect from the 2nd January 1920.

**Mymensingh.
Bakarganj.**

No. 43.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Monoranjan Das, Second Joint Sub-Registrar of Srinagar at Serajdikhan, in the district of Dacca, is allowed leave for two months and fifteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 10th December 1919.

Dacca.

No. 44.—The 29th January 1920.—Maulvi Mir Mufazzal Hussain, probationer of Dacca, acted as Second Joint Sub-Registrar of Srinagar at Serajdikhan, in the same district, from the 10th December 1919 to 16th December 1919, *vice* Babu Monoranjan Das, on leave.

Dacca.

No. 45.—The 29th January 1920.—Maulvi Naziruddin Muhammad No. II, Sub-Registrar, grade IV, of Dacca, is appointed to act until further orders as Second Joint Sub-Registrar of Srinagar at Serajdikhan, in the same district, with effect from the 17th December 1919, *vice* Babu Monoranjan Das, on leave.

Dacca.

No. 46.—The 29th January 1920.—Maulvi Ulfatul Karim, Sub-Registrar, grade IV, of Dacca, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Harirampur, in the same district, with effect from the 17th December 1919.

Dacca.

No. 47.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Suresh Chandra Rai, Sadar Joint Sub-Registrar of Bogra at Madla (on leave), is appointed to be Joint Sub-Registrar of Jamalpur at Madarganj in the district of Mymensingh.

**Bogra.
Mymensingh.**

No. 48.—The 31st January 1920.—Maulvi Khundkar Muhammad Ali, Sub-Registrar of Tangail, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed combined leave for three months, with effect from the 29th November 1919, viz., leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for nine days, additional privilege leave, under the Government of India, Financial Department order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, for two months and seven days, and leave on medical certificate, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, for fourteen days.

Mymensingh.

No. 49.—The 31st January 1920.—Thakur Bharat Chandra Deb Barman, probationer of Comilla, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Laksham, in the district of Tippera, with effect from the 17th January 1920, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. O. S. Ferrault to act as District Sub-Registrar of Noakhali.

No. 50.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Jatindra Nath Ray, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Jessore, acted as Sub-Registrar of Keshabpur, in the same district, from the 23rd December 1919 to 13th January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Fazlul Karim, on leave.

No. 51.—The 2nd February 1920.—Maulvi Abdul Bari, Sub-Registrar, grade IV, of Bankura, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Keshabpur, in the district of Jessore, with effect from the afternoon of the 13th January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Fazlul Karim, on leave.

No. 52.—The 2nd February 1920.—Babu Bhola Nath Bhattacharjee, probationer of Berhampore, in the district of Murshidabad, is allowed leave on medical certificate for ten days, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 2nd January 1920.

A. ISLAM,
Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1700, dated Calcutta, the 30th January 1920.—Mr. L. B. Burrows made over executive charge of the Darjeeling Jail to Mr. N. K. Roy on the afternoon of the 15th January 1920.

F. S. C. THOMPSON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,
Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

CIVIL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1433, dated Calcutta, the 28th January 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Chandi Charan Mitra is placed on special duty in connection with the outbreak of cholera in the Mymensingh district with effect from the 19th January 1920.

No. 1555, dated Calcutta, the 30th January 1920.—Fourth grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon Jatindra Nath Sen Gupta, having volunteered for military service out of India, is exempted from passing Departmental Examination and promoted to 3rd grade with effect from the 11th January 1918.

W. H. B. ROBINSON,
Surgeon-Genl. with the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTICE.

THE next qualifying examination of Dressers will be held at the Mymensingh Sadar Hospital on Thursday, the 12th February 1920, at 8 A.M. A fee of Rs. 2 shall have to be paid by each candidate. The examination committee will consist of the Civil Surgeon, Mymensingh, as President, and Assistant Surgeon attached to the Sadar Dispensary, and Teacher, Compounder class, as members.

J. N. MITRA, for Civil Surgeon

MYMENSINGH, the 20th January 1920.

TREASURY NOTICES.

MAULVI SAMSUDDIN ABDUL AZIZ, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Burdwan treasury, with effect from the afternoon of the 15th January 1920, *vice* Khan Bahadur Khondkar Hazi Fozlul Hoque and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

M. H. B. LETHBRIDGE, *Collector*.

BURDWAN COLLECTORATE, *the 29th January 1920.*

MOULVI LEHAZUDDIN AHAMED, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jalpaiguri, has been placed in the executive charge of Jalpaiguri treasury, with effect from the forenoon of the 24th January 1920, in place of Babu Jogendra Lal Nandy, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

F. W. STRONG, *Deputy Commissioner*.

JALPAIGURI TREASURY, *the 24th January 1920.*

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

CIVIL.

The 23rd January 1920.

No. 660A.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen, munsif, under orders of transfer to Chandpur, in the district of Tippera, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Chandpur munsifi. *

No. 662A.—Maulvi Saiyid-ur-Rahman, munsif of Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Hooghly.

No. 732A.—Babu Pasupati Basu, officiating Subordinate Judge of Pabna, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Pabna munsifi.

No. 735A.—Babu Durga Kanta Ray, Subordinate Judge of Pabna, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, now employed as Subordinate Judge, Bogra, in the same district, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Bogra munsifi.

No. 741A.—Babu Tej Chandra Mitra, additional munsif of Kushtia and Ranaghat, in the district of Nadia, now employed at Meherpur in the same district, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50, within the local limits of the Meherpur munsifi.

No. 753A.—Babu Sarada Prasad Banarji, officiating Subordinate Judge, Pabna, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is appointed to be a District Delegate under section 235A of the Indian Succession Act (X of 1865) and section 52 of the Probate and Administration Act, 1881 (V of 1881), within the local limits of the executive district of Pabna.

No. 754A.—Babu Durga Kanta Ray, Subordinate Judge, Pabna, now employed as Subordinate Judge, Bogra, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is appointed to be a District Delegate under section 235A of the Indian Succession Act (X of 1865) and section 52 of the Probate and Administration Act, 1881 (V of 1881), within the local limits of the executive district of Bogra.

The 29th January 1920.

No. 783A.—Babu Rohini Kanta Mitra, officiating Subordinate Judge of Rajshahi, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Rampur Boalia munsifi.

No. 784A.—Babu Girija Bhusan Sen, officiating Subordinate Judge of Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Faridpur.

No. 790A.—Babu Ashwini Kumar Das Gupta, officiating Subordinate Judge of Asansol, in the district of Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits of cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of his jurisdiction.

No. 793A.—Babu Raj Kumar Basu, munsif of Jalpaiguri, in the district of Dinajpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250, within the local limits of the Jalpaiguri munsifi.

No. 796A.—Babu Raj Kumar Basu, munsif of Jalpaiguri, in the district of Dinajpur, is vested, under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of his jurisdiction.

No. 797A.—Babu Kumud Kanta Sen, munsif of Malda, in the district of Rajshahi, is vested, under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure, original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the executive district of Malda.

No. 802A.—Babu Kumud Kanta Sen, munsif of Malda, in the district of Rajshahi, is appointed to be a District Delegate under section 235A of the Indian Succession Act, 1865 (X of 1865), and section 52 of the Probate and Administration Act, 1881 (V of 1881), within the executive district of Malda.

No. 805A.—Babu Kumud Kanta Sen, munsif of Malda, in the district of Rajshahi, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250, within the local limits of the Malda munsifi.

No. 806A.—Babu Kunja Bihari Ghosh, munsif of Diamond Harbour, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Diamond Harbour munsifi.

No. 811A.—Babu Mahendra Nath Mukhati, munsif of Alipore, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of that portion of the Alipore munsifi which lies outside the jurisdiction of the Small Cause Court at Sealdah.

No. 814A.—Babu Gopal Das Ghosh, munsif of Alipore, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250 within the local limits of that portion of the Alipore munsifi which lies outside the jurisdiction of the Small Cause Court at Sealdah.

By order of the High Court,

A. A. PATTERSON,

Offg. Registrar.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT—CRIMINAL.

The 29th January 1920.

No. 873G.—The following Rule framed by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal with the approval of the Governor General in Council, under section 3(3) of the Destruction of Records Act 1917 (V of 1917), amending the rules regarding the destruction of the records of criminal cases disposed of by the Subordinate courts, is published for general information.

By order of the High Court,

A. A. PATTERSON,

Registrar.

Rule.

Insert the following after Rule 40, pages 88-90, Chapter III, Volume I, of the High Court's General Rules and Circular Orders, Criminal :—

"40A. The records of the cases noted below shall be destroyed in the first week of the second month following the month of disposal :—

- (a) Cases disposed of by the Presidency and Municipal Magistrates, Calcutta, the Magistrates of Sealdah and Alipur and of the Howrah Municipal area under the—
 - Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890 (XI of 1890, excepting sections 4, 5 and 5A).
 - Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1869 (I of 1869, excepting section 5A) and (III of 1900).
 - Bengal Ferries Act, 1885 (I of 1885, section 27).
 - Private Fisheries Protection Act, 1889 (Bengal Act II of 1889, section 3).
 - Calcutta Hackney Carriage Act, 1891 (II of 1891, excepting sections 12, 15 and 20).
 - Lepers Act, 1898 (III of 1898).
 - Indian Ports Act, 1908 (XV of 1908) and the Calcutta Ports Act, 1890 (III of 1890).
 - Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890, sections 118(1), 120, 122 to 124.)
 - Calcutta Tramways Act, 1880 (I of 1880, section 21).
 - Bengal Vaccination Act, 1880 (V of 1880).
 - Indian Penal Code (section 283).
 - Licensed Warehouse and Fire Brigade Act, 1893 (Bengal Act I of 1893).
 - Bengal Smoke Nuisances Act, 1905 (III of 1905).
- (b) Cases disposed of by the Presidency Magistrates, Calcutta, under the—
 - Bengal Public Parks Act, 1904 (II of 1904).
 - Calcutta Police Act, 1866 (IV of 1866, excepting sections 13B, 13C, 14, 14A, 15, 20, 32, 33, 34, 35, 40, 42, 43A, 44, 45 and 54A).
- (c) Cases disposed of by the Magistrates of Alipur under the—
 - Bengal Public Parks Act, 1904 (II of 1904).
 - Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866 (II of 1866 excepting sections 7, 8B, 8C, 8D, 16, 17A and 33A).
 - Bengal Public Gambling Act, 1867 (II of 1867, excepting sections 3 and 4).
- (d) Cases disposed of by the Magistrates of Sealdah under the—
 - Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866 (II of 1866, excepting sections 7, 8B, 8C, 8D, 16, 17A and 33A).
 - Bengal Public Gambling Act, 1867 (II of 1867, excepting sections 3 and 4).
- (e) Cases disposed of by the Magistrates within the Howrah Municipal area under the—
 - Howrah Offences Act, 1857 (XXI of 1857).
 - Bengal Public Gambling Act, 1867 (II of 1867, excepting sections 3 and 4).
 - Police Act, 1861 (V of 1861, section 34)."

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, THE 21st JANUARY 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Criminal Sessions of the year 1920 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be held at the Court House, in the town of Calcutta, on Monday, the 9th day of February next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said Sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

A. D. PICKFORD,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস. সন ১৯২০ সাল, তারিখ ২১শে জানুয়ারি।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়াম দুর্গের অধীন সহর কলিকাতার ও অন্তর্গত স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্ত্য জন্ত আগামী সন ১৯২০ সালের ৯ই ফেব্রুয়ারী, সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয়, প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাইকোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৯২০ সালের প্রথম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদির বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

এঃ ডিঃ পিক্‌ফোর্ড,
সরিফ

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given under section VII, Act IX of 1887 (the Provincial Small Cause Court Act), for the month of March 1920 or until further orders, the Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Serampore and Howrah, and the 1st Subordinate Judge of Hooghly will hold his sittings as detailed below:—

Hooghly ...	...	...	1st to 11th March 1920.
Serampore ...	...	...	12th to 21st " "
Howrah ...	...	...	22nd to 31st " "

[Sundays and holidays excepted.]

SARAT CHANDRA BASU, *Judge, Small Cause Court.*

SERAMPORE, the 16th January 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Act IX of 1887, that the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes at Dacca and Munshiganj will, in the month of March 1920, sit in the Courts on the undermentioned dates:—

Munshiganj—From the 8th March 1920 to the 13th March 1920.

Dacca—The rest of the days of the month.

[Sundays and holidays excepted.]

J. P. CHATTERJEE, *Judge.*

DACCA, the 28th January 1920.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.**SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.**

The 28th January 1920.

No. 94A.—Babu Baidya Nath Chaudhuri, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Balurghat, in Dinajpur, is confirmed in his present appointment and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joined his appointment.

No. 95 A.—Leave without pay for ten days, from the 10th to 19th December 1919, under article 339, Civil Service Regulations, is granted to Maulvi Naziruddin Ahmad, assistant master, Anglo-Persion Department, Calcutta Madrasah, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service.

No. 96 A.—Babu Ambika Das Ghosh, M.A., assistant master of the Barrackpur Government School and now officiating assistant headmaster, Barasat Government School (class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service), is confirmed in his latter appointment, with effect from the 22nd July 1918, *vice* Babu Narendra Nath Ganguly, confirmed as Deputy Inspector of Schools, Calcutta.

No. 97 A.—Babu Kanai Lal Das, M.A., son of late Babu Jogendra Lal Das, who has been acting as an assistant master, Barrackpur Government School, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, since 23rd July 1918, is confirmed in his appointment and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from that date, *vice* Babu Ambika Das Ghosh, confirmed in his appointment at the Barasat Government School.

No. 98 A.—Babu Dakshinaranjan Sen, a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Midnapore (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be a Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Bankura, on the pay of his own grade, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Birendra Nath Chatterjee, transferred to Hooghly Branch School.

No. 99 A.—Babu Dibakar Sinha, L.T., an outsider, is appointed temporarily as a Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Midnapore, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Dakshinaranjan Sen, transferred.

No. 100 A.—Maulvi Syed Mujawar Ali Mirza, B.A., officiating assistant master, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, officiating in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, was on medical leave, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, for six days, with effect from the 2nd January 1920.

No. 101 A.—Maulvi Mohammad Shujaot Ali, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Jessore (class V of the Subordinate Educational Service), is allowed privilege leave for five months, and four days, viz., ordinary privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, with effect from the 5th January 1920, and special privilege leave, under Government of India order No. 168 O.S.R., dated 24th February 1919, for the remaining period.

No. 102 A.—Maulvi Md. Khorshed Hossain, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Murshidabad (class V of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as Deputy Inspector of Schools, Jessore, with effect from the date on which he joins his appointment, *vice* Maulvi Md. Shujaot Ali, on leave, or until further orders.

No. 103 A.—Maulvi Abdul Jobbar, Sub-Inspector of Schools (in charge of maktabs), Khulna (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Khulna, *vice* Maulvi Harmitulla, about to retire.

No. 104 A.—Babu Panchanan Bhattacharya, assistant master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted, under article 271 (i) of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for twenty-one days, with effect from the 3rd January 1920.

No. 105 A.—Babu Suresh Chandra Mukherjee, B.A., an outsider, is appointed to act as assistant master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, on Rs. 35 a month, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Panchanan Bhattacharya, or until further orders.

No. 106 A.—Maulvi Md. Hashem Ali, assistant master, Krishnagar Collegiate School (class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service), is allowed privilege leave, under article 275 (i) of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months and twenty-four days, with effect from the 3rd February 1920.

No. 107A.—Babu Braja Behari Basak B. sc., assistant master, Krishnagar Collegiate School (class I of the Lower Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act in place of Maulvi Md. Hassem Ali, on leave, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins that appointment.

No. 108A.—Maulvi Aksir Ahmed, a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Howrah (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as a Deputy Inspector of Schools in the same district, on the pay of his own grade, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Abadatullah, deceased.

No. 109A.—Pending the appointment of a qualified Muhammadan, Babu Rangopal Kayal, B.A., is appointed to act as a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Howrah, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Aksir Ahmed, on deputation.

No. 110A.—Babu Sudhangshu Nath Ghosh, M.A., is appointed temporarily as a lecturer in English, Rajshahi College, and in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 24th November 1919, *vice* Babu Chinta Haran Banerji, on leave.

No. 111A.—Maulvi Muhammad Khurshed Hossain, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Murshidabad (class V of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Khulna, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Maulvi Harmutulla, retired, but he will continue to act as Deputy Inspector of Schools, Jessore, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Sujait Ali, on leave, or until further orders.

No. 112A.—Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Jabbar, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Basirhat, 24-Parganas (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Murshidabad, with effect from the date on which he joins his appointment, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Khurshed Hossain, transferred.

No. 113A.—Maulvi Abdul Aziz I, Sub-Inspector of Schools, in charge of the muktab, Jessore (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed temporarily to act as Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Basirhat, 24-Parganas, on the pay of his own grade, with effect from the date on which he joins his appointment, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Jabbar, transferred, or until further orders.

No. 114A.—Babu Upendra Nath Mazumdar is appointed temporarily to act as an assistant master, Barisal Zilla School, on an allowance of Rs. 20 a month, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 10th December 1919, *vice* Maulvi Lutfar Rahman, on leave.

No. 115A.—Babu Bipin Chandra Sen, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sadar circle, Jalpaiguri in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted combined leave for three months, privilege leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for eleven days, and leave on medical certificate, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months and nineteen days, in extension of the leave already granted to him under this office notification No. 360A., dated the 15th October 1919.

The officiating arrangements already made for the conduct of the absentee's duties will continue until further orders.

No. 116A.—Babu Sasadhar Banerjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Boalia 1st circle, Rajshahi, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted, under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, leave without allowance for three months, in extension of the leave granted to him under this office notification No. 14A., dated the 7th January 1920.

The officiating arrangement already sanctioned for the conduct of the absentee's duties will continue until further orders.

No. 117A.—Babu Nirmal Chandra Das, B.A., 2nd clerk to the Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division (class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service), having returned to his duties on the afternoon of the 10th January 1920, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under this office notification No. 409A., dated the 31st October 1919, is hereby cancelled.

No. 118A.—Maulvi Muhammad Ismail, B.A., is appointed to act as an assistant master in the Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, and in the Subordinate Educational Service, on an allowance of Rs. 35 per mensem, with effect from the 20th December 1919, *vice* Maulvi Naziruddin Ahmed, resigned.

No. 119A.—Miss Probhatbala Sen is appointed to act as an assistant mistress in the Bethune Collegiate School, and in the Subordinate Educational Service on an allowance of Rs. 35 per month, with effect from the 24th December 1919, *vice* Miss Jyotirmoyi Ganguly, resigned.

The 31st January 1920.

No. 120A.—Babu Haripada Mukherjee, headmaster, Hooghly Branch School, and in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to be headmaster, Birbhum Zilla School, and on the pay of his own grade, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Basanta Kumar Mitra, deceased.

This cancels this office notification No. 68A., dated the 22nd January 1920, appointing Babu Kalipada Bhattacharji, assistant headmaster, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, to be headmaster of the Birbhum Zilla School.

No. 121A.—Babu Kalidas Banerji, assistant headmaster, Krishnagar Collegiate School, and in class II of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed on probation for one year to be headmaster, Hooghly Branch School, and on the pay of his own grade, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Haripada Mukherjee, transferred.

No. 122A.—Babu Abani Ranjan Sen Gupta, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kotwali circle, in the district of Jessore, now transferred as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sonarpur circle, in the district of 24-Parganas (class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service), was on leave under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations from 11th October 1919 to 16th December 1919, in extension of the leave granted to him under this office notification No. 272A., dated 8th September 1919.

No. 123A.—Babu Basanta Kumar Das, assistant master, Rangpur Zilla School, in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted under article 271 (i) of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for twenty-one days, with effect from the 20th January 1920.

No. 124A.—Babu Upendra Krishna Roy, B.A., is appointed temporarily to act as assistant master, Rangpur Zilla School and in the Subordinate Educational Service, on Rs. 35 a month, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Basanta Kumar Das or until further orders.

No. 125A.—Maulvi Taufiruddin Ahmad, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dimla circle, Rangpur, in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for twenty days, with effect from the 9th February 1920, with permission to prefix and affix the 8th and 29th February (Sundays) to his leave.

No. 126A.—The Sub-Inspector of Schools, Nilphamari circle, Rangpur, is permitted to remain in charge of the office of the Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dimla, in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Taufiruddin Ahmad or until further orders.

W. W. HORNELI,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

PROVINCIAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 24th January 1920.

No. 8P.—Maulvi Najmul Hossain Chaudhury is appointed temporarily to be Professor of Arabic and Persian at the Dacca College and in class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service for two months, with effect from the 26th January 1920, or any subsequent date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Dr. Musharruf-ul-Huk, deceased.

The 29th January 1920.

No. 9P.—Babu Debendra Nath Banerji is appointed to act as Professor of Economics at the Dacca College and in class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joined the appointment, *vice* Mr. Satis Chandra Bose, on deputation.

The 31st January 1920.

No. 10P.—Pending the appointment of a permanent successor to Shams-ul-Ulama Mufti Muhammad Abdulla Tonki, Shams-ul-Ulama Maulvi Nazir Hossain, temporary assistant head maulvi, Arabic Department, Calcutta Madrasah, is appointed to act as head maulvi, Calcutta Madrasah, and in the Provincial Educational Service, with effect from 27th January 1920, *vice* Shams-ul-Ulama Mufti Muhammad Abdulla Tonki, retired.

The 2nd February 1920.

No. 11P.—Babu Sashi Bhusan Chakravarti, Assistant Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division, in class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service, is appointed to act as a Second Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Hashem Khan Chaudhuri on leave, or until further orders.

No. 12P.—Babu Binod Behari Das, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Hooghly, acted as an Assistant Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division, in class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service, with effect from the 9th September to 5th December 1919, both the days inclusive, *vice* Babu Sashi Bhusan Chakravarti on deputation.

No. 13P.—Babu Rajendra Chandra Ghosh, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Birbhum, in class III of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act as Assistant Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division, and in class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service, with the usual acting allowances admissible under the rules, with effect from the 6th December 1919, *vice* Babu Sashi Bhusan Chakravarti, on deputation.

W. W. HORNEILL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

**OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE AND SALT,
BENGAL.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 54Exc.—*The 29th January 1920.*—Moulvi S. M. Tafazzal Hossain, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Burdwan, is allowed extension of leave for three months, in combination with the one month's privilege leave already granted to him in T. O. notification No. 43 Exc., dated the 27th November 1919.

No. 55Ex.—*The 30th January 1920.*—Babu Raj Kumar Das, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Hooghly, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he avails himself of it.

S. C. MUKERJEE,

Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 404J.—Maulvi Muhammad Ismail, Sub-Deputy Collector, employed on cyclone relief work in this division, is posted temporarily to the headquarters station of the Dacca district.

J. T. RANKIN, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 24th January 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

IN supersession of this office order, dated the 1st December 1919, Babu Shib Charan Mitra, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is allowed privilege leave for one month and nine days from the 15th November 1919, under articles 242 (a) and 261, Civil Service Regulations.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 24th January 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 540J.—Babu Abhoy Kumar Roy, Sub-Deputy Collector and Khas Mehal Circle Officer of South Bhola, in the district of Bakarganj, is transferred, on general duty, to the headquarters station of that district.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 31st January 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 12M.C.T.—It is hereby notified for general information that at the by-election held on the 9th January 1920, Babu Prafulla Chandra Ray has been duly elected as a Commissioner of the Rampur-Boalia Municipality. Ward No. IV, *vice* Babu Surendra Mohan Moitra, resigned.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., CAMP RANGPUR, *the 23rd January 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 39 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended, the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Panskura union committee in the district of Midnapore:—

WARD No. I.

1. Babu Krishnananda Das.
2. „ Bidhu Bhusan Das.

WARD No. II.

3. Babu Priya Nath Misra.
4. Munshi Saiyad Ahab Ali.

WARD No. III.

5. Babu Harekrishna Maity.
6. „ Surendra Nath Bhattacharjee.

The following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the said union committee, under section 41 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885:—

1. Sub-Registrar of Panskura (*ex officio*).
2. Munshi Samiruddin Molla.
3. „ Abdul Sutter Khan.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 22nd January 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 43 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended, Babu Pralhad Chandra Rakshit has been appointed to be a member of the Kotulpur union committee, in the district of Bankura, *vice* Mir Murad Ali, deceased.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 22nd January 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

IT is hereby notified for general information that, under section 43 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended, Babu Dwijapada Das has been appointed to be a member of the Sribati union committee in the district of Burdwan, *vice* Babu Debendra Nath Mitra, deceased.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 23rd January 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 90 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 39 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), as amended, read with paragraph 2 of the Government notification No. 1113 L.S.-G., dated the 11th April 1919, the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be members of the Sreedharpur union committee in the district of Jessore :—

No. of ward.	Name of member elected.
II	{ 1. Babu Sashadhar Smritiratna Bhattacharji.
	{ 2. „ Bhaba Taran Roy.
III	{ 3. „ Beni Madhab Chakravarti.
	{ 4. Munshi Hormas Biswas.

2. Whereas the election of members of ward No. 1 of the Sreedharpur union committee in the district of Jessore failed as the number of voters present was less than ten per cent. of the house-holders, in exercise of the power conferred on me by section 40 of the Act I appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the aforesaid union committee :—

1. Babu Chandra Kanta Bhattacharji.
2. Munshi Kasem Biswas.

3. In exercise of the power conferred on me by paragraph 2 of the Government notification quoted in paragraph 1, issued under section 41 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, as amended, I appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the aforesaid union committee :—

1. Babu Monmohan Bose.
2. Munshi Menajaddi Biswas.
3. Babu Gopal Chandra Bose.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 29th January 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 92 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 7 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, the following gentlemen have been elected to be members of the District Board of Khulna by the Local Boards mentioned against their names :—

Name of Local Board by which elected.	Name of member elected.
Khulna (Sadar)	... { 1. Babu Provash Chandra Chattarji.
	... { 2. Kazi Saifuddin.
	... { 3. Babu Hem Nath Bannerji.
Bagerhat	... { 4. „ Suk Lal Nag Mazumdar.
	... { 5. „ Beni Madhab Ganguly.
Satkhira	... { 6. „ Lakshman Chandra Roy.
	... { 7. „ Jotindra Nath Ghose.
	... { 8. Maulvi Sahiluddin Ahmed.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 30th January 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 91 L.S.-G.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by section 7 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. O.) of 1885, as amended, I appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the District Board of Khulna :—

1. The Subdivisional Officer, Bagerhat.
2. Ditto ditto, Satkhira.
3. The District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Khulna.
4. The Civil Surgeon, Khulna.
5. Rai Sahib Bankim Chandra Mazumdar.
6. Rai Bahadur Amrita Lal Raha.
7. Babu Sailaja Nath Roy Chaudhuri.
8. Kazi Shafiuddin Ahmad.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 30th January 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 55 J.C.T.—It is hereby notified for general information that under rule 20 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, Babu Kshirode Sundar Chaudhury has been appointed a member of the committee for the management of the dispensary at Dupchanchia, in the district of Bogra, in place of Babu Hara Sundar Chaudhury, deceased.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., CAMP RANGPUR, the 24th January 1920.

NOTIFICATION

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been appointed as members of the committee for the management of the Government High School at Pabna under rule 3 of the rules for the managing committees of Government high schools :—

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. The District Magistrate | ... | President. |
| 2. The Headmaster of the Zilla School | ... | Secretary. |
| 3. Babu Asutosh Dutt, Subdivisional officer, Pabna | ... | An official other than an inspecting officer of the Education Department. |
| 4. Rai Prasanna Narayan Chaudhuri Bahadur, B.L. | ... | Representative of the parents and guardians of the school pupils. |
| 5. Khan Bahadur Maulvi Wasimuddin Ahamed, B.L. | ... | Ditto. |
| 6. Maulvi Md. Abdulla, B.A., B.L., Assistant Master | ... | Representative of the teaching staff. |

S. C. SEN, *Magistrate.*

PABNA, the 28th January 1920.

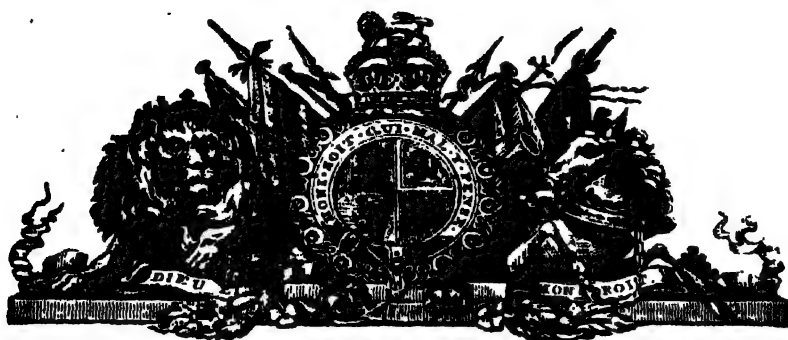
OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1187.—The 30th January 1920.—In modification of my previous order as contained in notification No. 11547, dated the 11th November 1919, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Faridpur, as liquidator of the Dayarampur Gramya Mahajani Sabha (Registered No. 12 of 1913), in the district of Faridpur, I appoint Khan Sahib Maulvi Abdul Gani, Deputy Chairman, Faridpur Central Co-operative Bank, Limited, instead, as liquidator of the said society.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1920.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 19th January 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

PURCHASE SCHEMES.

Delhi, the 19th January 1920.

No. 366-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the entry "(A) Rice" in the Schedule appended to the notification in this Department No. 7822, dated the 27th September 1919, as subsequently amended, shall be amended to read "(A) Rice and rice flour."

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notifications issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 24th January 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 22nd January 1920.

No. 133.—The following rules, approved by the Secretary of State for India in Council, for the appointment of Natives of India and Burma to the Indian Civil Service otherwise than by Open Competitive Examination, are published for general information.

Recruitment in India.J. & P. 6406-19.**INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE.****Appointments (in India) otherwise than by Open Competitive Examination.**

The Secretary of State for India in Council, in pursuance of the powers conferred upon him by section 1 of the Indian Civil Service (Temporary Provisions) Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. V., c. 87), hereby makes with the advice and assistance of the Civil Service Commissioners the following rules for the appointment during the year 1919 to the Indian Civil Service otherwise than by the annual Open Competition (which will still continue to be held) of Natives of India and Burma. It will rest with the Government of India to determine whether candidates are qualified in respect of nationality, age, character, and education, as defined in the following regulations:—

1.—(a) Every candidate must be either a British subject or a ruler or subject of any State in India in respect of whom the Governor-General in Council has made a declaration under section 96 (a) of the Government of India Act, 1915, as amended by section 3 of the Government of India (Amendment) Act, 1916.

(b) If the candidate (being a British subject) or his father or his mother was not born within His Majesty's Dominion and allegiance, the father must at the time of the candidate's birth have been a British subject or the subject of a State in India and still be (or have continued to be until his death) a British subject or a subject of such State.

2. Every candidate must have been born on or after the 2nd August 1894, and on or before the 1st August 1898.

3. Every candidate must be of good moral character and sound physique.

4. Every candidate must produce satisfactory evidence that he possesses a degree in Arts or Science of an Indian or British University, or has passed the examination for the higher diploma of the Mayo College, Ajmer, or the diploma of the Aitchison Chiefs' College at Lahore.

5. Any person who possesses the qualifications prescribed in the foregoing rules is eligible to apply for nomination, whether he be already in Government service or not.

6. Every candidate, being a British subject, must submit to the local Government of the Province in which he resides an application in the form annexed to these rules, together with the fee prescribed in that form.

7. Every candidate, being a ruler or subject of a State in India who is qualified under rule 1, must submit his application through the Durbar of the State to the local Government of the Province in which he wishes to serve.

8. Candidates will be nominated by the Government of India on the recommendation of the local Government.

9. Candidates nominated by the Government of India will be accepted by the Secretary of State for India in Council as selected candidates for the Indian Civil Service, subject to any further enquiries that he may find it necessary to institute, and will be required to undergo a period of probation for two years at a College or University in the United Kingdom approved by the Secretary of State. Selected candidates will be entitled to free passages to and from the United Kingdom and will be paid an allowance at the rate of £200 sterling per annum during the period of probation, subject to good conduct. At the end of this period of probation they will be tested by the Civil Service Commissioners or by an authority in India specially empowered in this behalf, in Indian Law and Languages, and in any other subjects which may be prescribed, and in riding. They will not be appointed to the Indian Civil Service until they have been certified to have fulfilled these tests.

10. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to enlist support for his application through persons of influence will disqualify him for appointment. Spontaneous recommendations from persons who are not themselves acquainted with the candidate's work at School, or at the University, or otherwise, will be disregarded.

INDIA OFFICE,

Approved 16th December 19

Write your usual signature here _____

Application Form for the Indian Civil Service.

Before filling up this Form you should consult the accompanying Regulations, in which are laid down the conditions of eligibility for appointment to the above Service.

To be filled up and returned to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the Province concerned. If the space provided here for any answer is insufficient, a separate sheet should be used.

If a candidate who fills up and returns this Application Form does not receive an acknowledgment of it within a reasonable time, he should inform the Chief Secretary to the Government of the Province concerned.

Should any of the particulars furnished be found to be false within the knowledge of the candidate, he will, if appointed, be liable to be dismissed. The wilful suppression of any material fact will be similarly punished.

ANSWER.

1. Name in full, surname first.	
2. Postal address in full. (Any change of address should at once be communicated to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the Province concerned.)	
3. Affix here postage stamps of the value of Rs. 7-8. <i>No part of this fee will be returnable to any applicant, whatever the result of his application. Applications unaccompanied by the fee will be ignored.</i>	
4. Exact date of birth, and age last birthday.	
5. Place of birth.	
6. Your nationality at birth.	
7. Your father's place of birth and nationality at birth.	
8. His postal address and profession (if dead give last address).	
9. Your mother's place of birth and nationality at birth.	

<p>10. Schools.</p> <p>Name your schools in order, giving dates of entering and leaving.</p> <p>State any position of authority you held, any distinction you attained in school work, games, school societies, etc., any University scholarship you won.</p>	
<p>11. University.</p> <p>Name your University with dates of entering and leaving. State degree and any other distinctions.</p> <p>Name your College and College Tutor.</p>	
<p>12. Service in Naval, Military and Air Forces.</p> <p>Give the record of your service (if any) during the war from start to finish, with dates, including any decorations or distinctions.</p> <p>State your rank, regiment, and (if not commissioned) your regimental number, or similar complete means of identification.</p> <p>Give the name and address of your superior officer or other suitable referee as to your services.</p>	
<p>13. Name any Government Office in which you have served, with dates of service, and the name and official address of your superior officer.</p>	
<p>14. Any time since entering school not otherwise accounted for should be accounted for here.</p>	
<p>15. Have you on any former occasion been examined by the Civil Service Commissioners in London? If so, when and for what appointment?</p>	
<p>16. Are you free from pecuniary embarrassments?</p>	
<p>17. Give the names, postal addresses and professions of two referees, who should be responsible persons, well acquainted with you in private life, but not relatives, and unconnected with your School or University.</p>	
<p>18. Name any subject or subjects in which you can supply proof of special proficiency.</p>	
<p>19. Give particulars of any physical impairment which you have suffered through the war (if any war service has been rendered).</p>	
<p>20. Signature and date.</p>	

H. MCPHERSON,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

POLICE.

The 22nd January 1920.

No. 140.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870 (VII of 1870), the Governor-General in Council is pleased—

- (1) to remit all fees payable under Schedule II of the said Act upon applications for the grant or renewal of licences or duplicates under the Indian Arms Rules, 1920, in respect of which a fee is payable under those Rules, and
- (2) to reduce to one anna all fees exceeding one anna payable under this said Schedule upon other applications relating to licences or duplicates granted or renewed under the said Rules.

H. D. CRAIK,

Addl. Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notifications issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 24th January 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

Delhi, the 24th January 1920.

No. 43011.—The following Board of Trade list, dated the 19th December 1919 (as corrected up to 25th December 1919), on the subject of prohibitions of export from the United Kingdom, is published for general information:—

**IMPORTS AND EXPORTS LICENSING SECTION,
BOARD OF TRADE,**

22, CARLISLE PLACE,

WESTMINSTER, S. W.-1.

**LIST OF EXPORT PROHIBITED GOODS, &c., 19TH DECEMBER 1919, AS
CORRECTED UP TO 25TH DECEMBER 1919.**

This list cancels all similar lists and supplements issued by the Export Licence Department prior to the above date.

Lists A and B.

List C.

Open General Licences for Exports—Appendix No. 1.

General information with regard to Export Regulations to certain Countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean.

Transhipment in the United Kingdom.

This consolidated "List of Export Prohibited Goods" is amended and issued fortnightly. Exporters who desire to have copies of each list posted to them during the current year can do so on payment of a registration fee of 2s. 6d. for one copy of each issue. Should more than one copy of each issue be required an additional payment should be made at the rate of 2d. per copy for each month up to the end of the current year.

Exporters who desire to have their names placed on the register should make application to the Stationery Clerk, Import and Export Licensing Section, enclosing Money Orders payable to Import and Export Licensing Section, Board of Trade.

Applications for licences and all correspondence should be addressed to:—

The Director, Import and Export Licensing Section,

Board of Trade,

22, Carlisle Place,

Westminster, S. W.-1.

LISTS A AND B.

List of goods the export of which is prohibited from the United Kingdom by Royal Proclamations or by Order of Council.

A licence is required to export goods marked (A) to any destination abroad.

A licence is required to export goods marked (B) to any destination abroad, except British Possessions and Protectorates, to which goods marked (B) can be exported without licence, providing the goods are not transhipped at foreign ports.

- (B) Accoutrements, not otherwise prohibited.
- (B) Aeroplane engines and their component parts.
- (B) Aircraft, other than balloons, of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.
- Alumina, *see* Phosphate Rock.
- (A) Ammonia, sulphate of, and mixtures containing sulphate of ammonia.
- (A) Animals, living, for food (other than horses).
- Apatites, *see* Phosphate Rock.
- (A) Apparatus which can be used for the storage or projection of compressed or liquefied gases, flame, acids or other destructive agents capable of use in warlike operations and their component parts.
- (A) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.
- (A) Armoured motor-cars.
- (A) Arms, not being Firearms and their component parts.
- Bacon, *see* Meat.
- Banknotes, *see* Notes.
- (A) Barley, barley flour and barley meal.
- (B) Barographs, suitable for aircraft.
- (A) Basic slag.
- (A) Bayonets and their component parts.
- (A) Boats and craft.
- Bran, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Bread.
- Brewer's grains, *see* grains.
- (A) Bullion, *see* Gold and Silver.
- (A) Butter.
- (A) Cakes and meals (which may be used as forage or food for animals), the following :—
 - Cotton seed cake and cotton seed meal ;
 - Linseed cake and meal ;
 - Maize germ meal ;
 - Maize meal and flour ;
 - Calf meal, *see* Cakes and meals.
- (A) Calfskins.
- (A) Cannon and other ordnance, and their component parts.
- (A) Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.
- (A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and their component parts, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for the filling and repair of rifles and shot-gun cartridges.
- Castings, *see* Armour Plates.
- Cattle foods, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- Cattle foods, patent and proprietary, *see* Patent.
- Cattle hides, *see* Hides.
- Caustic potash, *see* Potash.
- (A) Cheese.
- (A) Coal, except coal allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as bunker coal.
- (A) Coal tar, all products obtainable from and derivatives thereof (except solvent naphtha, cresylic acid and mixtures containing cryseic acid), suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes and explosives, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives.
- (A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations.
- (A) Cocoa raw.
- (A) Cod liver oil and preparations containing cod liver oil.
- Coin, *see* Gold ; Silver.
- (A) Coke and manufactured fuel.
- Combings, *see* Malt.
- (A) Confectionery manufactured wholly or partly of sugar.
- (A) Copra.
- Corn offal, *see* Offals.
- (A) Cotton seed cake and cotton seed meal, *see* Cakes and Meal.
- Cows, bulls, etc., *see* Animals.
- Craft, *see* Boats.
- Culms, *see* Malt.
- (A) Dari.
- Distillers' grains, *see* Grains, &c.
- (B) Docks, floating and their component parts.
- (A) Dried figs.
- (A) † Dyes and dyestuffs manufactured from coal tar products, and articles containing such dyes and dyestuffs.
- Earth nut cake and meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Eggs in shells.
- Engines, *see* Aeroplane.
- Equipment web, *see* Web.
- (A) Ergot of rye, and the liquid extract of ergot.
- (A) Explosives.
- Fats, edible, *see* oils.
- (A) Figs, dried.
- (A) Firearms and their component parts.
- (A) Fish except the following :—tinned, preserved or frozen fish, chinchards, sprats, herrings, crayfish, prawns and lobsters.
- (A) Salmon, tinned.
- (A) Flax, raw.
- Flax seed, sowing fibre.
- Flour, *see* Barley, Maize, Rice, Rye, Wheat.
- Foodstuffs, *see* specific headings.

* Application for licence to export live-stock should be made on Application Form "L," copies of which can be obtained from the Stationery Clerk, Export Licence Department.

† The following proprietary dyes may, however, be exported without licence to all destinations with which trading is permitted :—

Dolly dyes.
Diamond dyes.
Maypole dyes.

Drummer dyes.
Dixon's home dyes.

- Forage and food which may be used for animals, *see* specific headings as, *e.g.*, Cakes, Hay, Oats, &c.
- (A) Forage, green.
Fuel, manufactured, *see* Coke.
- (A) Fruit preserved and dried fruit, the following :—
Figs.
Raisins (except Californian seeded raisins).
Sultanas.
- (A) Game.
(A) Gold, coin and bullion.
(A) Grains, Brewers' and Distillers'.
(A) Green forage.
(A) Grenades and component parts thereof.
(A) Ground nuts.
(A) Guanos, except whale guano.
Guns, *see* Cannon, Firearms, Machine.
(A) Hay.
(A) Heliographs and their component parts.
(A) Hides, British and Irish, cattle.
(A) Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war or for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea.
(A) Indigo, synthetic.
Jam, *see* Fruit preserved.
(A) Lard : except imitation (compound) lard and neutral lard.
(A) Lime phosphate, *see* Phosphate Rock.
(A) Linseed.
Linseed cake and meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Livestock, *see* Animals.
(A) Machine guns, mountings for machine guns, and component parts thereof.
(A) Maize.
(A) Maize germs.
Maize germ meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Maize meal and flour, *see* Cakes and Meals.
(A) Malt dust, culms, sprouts or combings.
(A) Manures, compound, containing either sulphate of ammonia, superphosphate of lime, or potash.
Marmalade, *see* Fruit preserved.
Meals, *see* Barley, Cakes, Rye, Wheat.
(A) Meat of all kinds, except turtle meat, horseflesh, and except tinned or potted meat, other than tinned bacon and tinned ham.
Middlings, *see* Offals of Corn.
(B) Milk, condensed or preserved.
Mill dust and screenings, *see* Offals of Corn.
(B) Mines and their component parts.
Molasses, *see* Feeding stuffs.
(A) Nicotine and its compounds.
Notes of the Bank of France.
(A) Notes, Russian rouble.
(A) Oats.
Offals of corn and grain which may be used as food for animals, the following :—
(A) Bran.
(A) Middlings.
(A) Mill dust and screenings.
(A) Pollard.
(A) Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
(A) Sharps.
(A) Oils and fats, edible, the following :—
Cocoanut oil,
Groundnut oil,
Palmkernel oil.
Oil, cod liver, *see* Cod Liver Oil.
(A) Onions.
(A) Opium and its preparations.
(A) Opium alkaloids and their salts and preparations.
Ordnance, *see* Cannon, Carriages.
(A) Palm kernels.
(A) Periscopes and their component parts.
(A) Phosphate rock, namely :—Apatites, Phosphates of lime and alumina.
Pistols, *see* Firearms.
Pollard, *see* Offals of Corn.
(A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing caustic potash.
(A) Potash, muriate, sulphate, and crude manurial potash salts, and mixtures containing any of these substances.
(A) Potassium carbonate and mixtures containing potassium carbonate.
(B) Potassium permanganate.
(A) Potatoes.
(A) Poultry.
Preserves, *see* Fruit, &c.
(A) Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts.
(A) Quinine sulphate.
(A) Raisins (except Californian seeded raisins).
(A) Range-finders and their component parts.
Rice meal (or bran) and dust, *see* Offals of Corn.
(A) Rice and rice flour.
Rifles, *see* Firearms.
Russian rouble notes, *see* Notes.
(A) Rye, rye flour and meal.
Salmon, tinned, *see* Fish.
(A) Sausages, except tinned sausages.
Screenings, *see* Offals of Corn.
(B) Searchlights, and their component parts.
Seeds, *see* Cereals mentioned by name.
(A) Semolina.
Sharps, *see* Offals of Corn.
Sheep, *see* Animals.
Signalling apparatus, *see* Submarine.
(A) Silver bullion, specie and British coin.
Skins, *see* Calf, Hides.
(A) Spirits, *see* Whisky.
(B) Submarine sound signalling apparatus.
(A) Sugar, cane and beet, *see also* Confectionery.
(A) Sultanas.
(A) Superphosphates.
(A) Tea other than green tea.
(B) Torpedoes and their component parts.
(B) Torpedo nets.
(B) Torpedo tubes.
(A) Uniform clothing, naval, military and Air Force.
Vegetables, *see* Onions ; Potatoes.
Venison, *see* Game.
(A) Vessels.

(B) Web equipment.

(A) Whalebone, raw.

(A) Whale fins.

(A) Wheat, wheat flour and wheat meal, and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing wheat, wheat flour, or wheat meal.

(A) Whisky.

Wool and Woollen Goods:—
 (A) Wool, raw, and mixtures thereof.
 (See also Appendix No. 1 for camel hair, cashmere, alpaca and mohair.)
 (A) Wool tops and mixtures thereof.
 (A) Wool noils and wool waste and mixtures thereof.
 (A) Woollen and worsted yarn and mixtures thereof.
 Yarns, see Wool.
 (A) Yeast.

LIST C.

List C comprises all goods not included in List A or B.

Goods on List C may be exported without licence to all destinations with which trading is allowed.

APPENDIX NO. 1.

GENERAL LICENCES FOR EXPORTS.

An open General Licence has been issued, permitting the exportation of the following goods (without application to the Export Licence Department) to all destinations except those foreign destinations to which goods on list C are prohibited from export.

Alpaca, and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
 Bird Seed.
 Blanc-mange powder.
 Cake mixture.
 Camel hair, and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
 Cashmere, and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
 Cement for building and engineering purposes.
 Chillies.
 Cocoa and milk, coffee and milk, chocolate and milk sweetened or unsweetened, in tins.
 Custard powder.
 Gloy.
 Horseflesh.

Koffio.
 Lactol.
 Lactogol.
 Mango chutney, tomato chutney, and tomato ketchup.
 Marinite.
 Minced meat and mince pies.
 Mixtures and preparations containing not more than 10 per cent. aniline colour, not otherwise prohibited.
 Mohair and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
 Paisley flour.
 Paint, other than gold paint.
 "Phosto" animal food.
 Pudding powder.
 Puddings.
 Restorine.
 Vanilla custard.

SAMPLES.

An open general licence has been issued which permits the free export of all *bona fide* samples of prohibited goods to all non-enemy destinations, and to enemy territory with which trade is now permitted. Samples exported under this licence may be used only for genuine sample purposes, i.e., for obtaining orders from foreign buyers, and may not be sold except with the written consent of the Export Licence Department, but such consent may be dispensed with when it is desired to sell the articles in the country of destination after they have fulfilled their purpose as samples. Exporters will be required to satisfy the Customs Authorities that the goods presented for export under this licence are *bona fide* samples, and to make a declaration to that effect on the relative shipping documents.

This notice only applies to samples of goods which require licences for export to the particular destination concerned.

In addition, the consent of the Export Licence Department is not required for the sale of samples which, though within the scheme at the actual time they were exported could be exported outside the scheme at the actual time of the proposed sale.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF EXPLOSIVES, DOUBLE-BARRELLED GUNS, ETC.

An open General Licence has been issued for the export of cartridges, charges, etc., industrial explosives, doubled-barrelled guns and sporting rifles, to the destinations given below, to which, therefore, exports may be made subject to the usual Customs formalities without applications for specific licences to the Export Licence Department:—

British Possessions and Protectorates.
 French Possessions and Protectorates.
 United States of America.

South America.

Africa.

Japan and Korea.

Asiatic Russia.

France, Belgium, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Italy, Serbia, Roumania, Norway, Sweden and Denmark.

The issue of this licence does not relieve exporters from the necessity of obtaining import permits from the country of destination in cases where local regulations render such a course necessary.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF AIRCRAFT, ETC.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export of the undermentioned goods to all destinations except Russia, Germany, Hungary, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria. Applications are no longer to be made to the Export Licence Department in respect of the export of these goods to countries other than those mentioned:—"Aeroplane engines and their component parts. Aircraft, other than balloons of all kinds and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft."

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF PARCELS CONTAINING MISCELLANEOUS FOODSTUFFS.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export (by parcel post of parcels containing miscellaneous foodstuffs (for the personal use of the addressee and *not* for trading purposes) to all destinations with which trading is allowed. Applications need, therefore, no longer be submitted to the Export Licence Department in respect of the export of such parcels by parcel post.

General information with regard to export regulations to certain countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, etc.

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Exporters are warned that there are import prohibitions in some foreign countries information regarding which can be obtained from the Department of Overseas Trade, 4, Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, Westminster, S. W. 1, and 73, Basinghall Street, London, E. C. 2. The issue of an export licence implies no guarantee that the goods will be admitted into the country of destination.

Albania.

Licences are only required for goods on List A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Alsace-Lorraine.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Arabia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Asia Minor (*see* Turkey).**Austria Hungary.**

Trade is now permitted with all portions of the late Austro-Hungarian Empire.

Licences are only required for goods on List A and B.

Goods may be exported *via* any available route.

Parcels will now be accepted by the Post Office for transmission to Austria (States of Upper and Lower Austria, Styria, Carinthia, Salzburg, Northern Tyrol, Vorarlberg and Liechtenstein, Trentino, Istria and Dalmatia).

For the portions of the late Austro-Hungarian Empire now incorporated in Italy, Czecho-Slovakia, Poland and Jugo-Slavia, *see* notes applicable to those countries.

Belgium.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Bulgaria.

Licences are required for goods on lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Czechoslovakia (*including any portions of Silesia and Galicia allotted to Czechoslovakia.*)

This territory consists, broadly speaking, of the former Austrian provinces of Bohemia and Moravia, and the northern part of Hungary-Slovakia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported *via* Hamburg and the Elbe, provided they are consigned to the Czechoslovak Government's Trade Office, Welserhaus 12, Schaarsteinwegsbrücke, Hamburg, for further transhipment to the actual consignee in Czechoslovakia. Czechoslovak Import Licences should reach the Hamburg Office from the consignee previous to the shipment of goods. A duplicate set of shipping documents should be forwarded in advance to that Office. Goods may also be exported *via* any other available route.

Denmark.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Estonia (principal port—Reval).

Licences are only required for goods on lists A and B.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Finland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

France.

Licences for exports are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Germany.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Gift parcels sent by parcel post may enter Germany without import licence if containing the following goods only:—

1. Newspapers, periodicals, and books.
2. Soaps, candles and starch, of which the total weight does not exceed 2½ kilos (5½ lbs.).

3. Food-stuffs for the personal use of the addressee, with the exception of butter, meat, bacon, flour, sugar, pineapple, ginger, vanilla, caviare and caviare substitutes, pickled caviare, sea-crawfish, lobsters, and oysters.

4. In the case of margarine, lard, pastry, products of dough or paste, such as macaroni, vermicelli, etc., sweets and other goods of the German Customs Tariff No. 202, coffee, tea, and products of the cocoa and chocolate industry, the quantity allowed without licence is limited to 1 kilo (35 ozs.).

5. Wearing apparel for the personal use of the addressee.

Greece.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A or B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Holland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Italy.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.
Any available route to Italy may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Jugo-Slavia.

Licences are only required for goods on lists A and B.
Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.
There is no parcel post service at present, except to Dalmatia.

Lettland (Latvia) (principal port—Libau).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Applications to export goods on Lists A and B will be considered in the usual way.
There is no parcel post service at present.

Lithuania (principal port—Riga).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Applications to export goods on Lists A and B will be considered in the usual way.
There is no parcel post service at present.

Luxembourg.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.
Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Montenegro (see Jugo-Slavia).**Norway.**

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Palestine.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Poland (*including any portions of Silesia and Galicia allotted to Poland*).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.
There is no parcel post service at present.

Portugal.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Roumania.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Russia (Asiatic).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Russia (European)

(a) *Northern District—approached via Archangel or the Murman Coast.*

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

(b) *Southern District—approached via the Black Sea and Taganrog on the Sea of Azov.*

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

There is no parcel post service at present.

(c) *Other Districts.*

No licences are being granted at present.

Serbia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Spain.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Sweden.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Switzerland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Syria (as far north as a line from Alexandretta to Aleppo inclusive, and as far east as the Hedjaz railway inclusive).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

A parcel post service is operation as far north as Alexandretta, but not east of Aleppo.

Turkey (including Asia Minor).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Parcels for civilians in European Turkey (Constantinople) are accepted if they are addressed "Poste Restante, British Army Post Office, Constantinople" and parcels for civilians in Smyrna are accepted if they are addressed "Poste Restante, British Post Office, Smyrna."

URGENT ORDERS.

The Board of Trade, Import and Export Section, announces that, in collaboration with the Department of Overseas Trade, an arrangement has been made whereby firms receiving orders which require immediate acceptance may telegraph details of any such order to the Department of Overseas Trade in order to ascertain whether a licence will be granted for the export of the goods if the order is accepted.

In the event of an applicant being promised a licence he will be enabled to deal with the order straightaway with the knowledge that upon application being made on the proper form to the Export Licence Department the licence will be granted.

The telegrams should be addressed to "Orders, c/o Advantage, Stock, London." They should give in each case, in addition to the name and postal or telegraphic address of the applicant, the quantity and description of the goods comprised in the order and the name and address of the ultimate consignee if the goods are destined for a neutral country. In the case of orders from Allied or British Territory or from Territory in the occupation of troops of the Associated Governments, the consignee need not be stated; and it will be sufficient merely to give the country of destination. A reply of 64 words (\$) must be prepaid.

Applicants are requested in their own interest to confine their enquiries to orders needing a very urgent decision, since the fewer the enquiries the more promptly can answers be given.

Any subsequent correspondence that is necessary in connection with the telegraphic enquiries should be addressed to the Comptroller General, Department of Overseas Trade (Export Facilities Section), 4, Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, Westminster, S. W. 1.

TRANSHIPMENT IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The provisional approval of the Import and Export Section, Board of Trade, should be obtained before the following goods are brought to this country for transhipment:—

Bacon, ham and lard of all kinds.

Butter and cheese.

Cereals on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

Animal feeding stuffs on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

Seeds, oils, and fats on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

It is not now necessary to make application to the Collector of Customs at the transhipment ports on Form S. 90 for the transhipment of any goods except those specified in the following list:—

Food-stuffs for animal or human consumption which are on Section "A" or "B" of the list of prohibited exports (including tea, coffee and cocoa).

Seeds, oils, and fats on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

Synthetic dye-stuffs.

Ergot.

Quinine sulphate.

Caustic potash.

Potassium carbonate.

Wool, raw, and mixtures thereof.

Wool-tops and mixtures thereof.

Woollen and worsted yarn and mixtures thereof.

CUSTOMS—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 24th January 1920.

No. 470-D.—Mr. F. J. D. F. Karaka, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is transferred from Bombay to Bengal with effect from the 21st December 1919.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

The 24th January 1920.

No. 463-D.—Mr. H. P. V. Townend, I.C.S., is appointed to act as Director General of Commercial Intelligence with effect from the 16th January 1920 *vice* Mr. H. A. F. Lindsay, C.B.E., I.C.S., who has been placed on special duty in this Department.

EMIGRATION.

The 24th January 1920.

No. 377-1).—In pursuance of section 116-A, sub-section (4), of the Assam Labour and Emigration Act, 1901 (VI of 1901), as amended by the Assam Labour and Emigration (Amendment) Act, 1915 (VIII of 1915), the Governor General in Council is pleased to approve of the election of Mr. A. D. Gordon, with effect from the 3rd January 1920, to be a member of the Assam Labour Board as a representative of the Indian Tea Association, Calcutta, and of the Indian Tea Association, London, *vice* Mr. C. Rennison, resigned.

SALT.

The 24th January 1920.

No. 512-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Indian Salt Act, 1882 (XII of 1882), the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that rules 1 to 19 of the rules regulating the manufacture and refining of saltpetre in Calcutta and its environs published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 1908-S.R., dated the 10th April 1901, shall apply to the district of the 24-Parganas in the Presidency of Bengal.

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 24th January 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Delhi, the 23rd January 1920.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

5th Calcutta Battalion.

No. 170.—Captain Francis Joseph Robins is permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to resign his commission. Dated 6th November 1919.

44th Calcutta Scottish.

No. 172.—Major the Hon'ble Sir E. H. Bray is permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to resign his commission. Dated 22nd November 1919.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

6. Turning to certain characteristics of the educational system which are often regarded as inimical to the development of girls' education, it must be admitted that the influence of such defects as exist is very small in comparison with that of the larger causes which have been mentioned above, and, with the disappearance of those causes, such defects are likely to find their own remedy. The chief difficulties which may be termed educational are the following :—

Educational difficulties

- (i) The difficulty of providing an adequate supply of competent teachers. Resort is still necessary, and is for many years likely to be necessary, to the employment of foreigners and members of the domiciled community. Their services are expensive. Indian Christians are also available; but in many places, it is understood, orthodox opinion prefers instruction by members of the faith professed by the majority of the pupils. Hindu and Muhammadan women adopt the teaching profession only in small numbers. The employment of men in girls' schools is generally deprecated.
- (ii) The unsuitability of the curriculum. It is frequently asserted that the curriculum for girls too closely follows that for boys. Over half a million girls are studying in boys' schools; and for these it is not easy to devise any suitable system. In secondary schools there is a tendency on the part of many parents to oppose any course save that laid down for the university matriculations. Elsewhere attempts have been made to introduce a variety of courses. The question whether these attempts go far enough is discussed below.
- (iii) The dominance of the examination system. This defect prevails only in post-elementary institutions and to a much lesser extent in middle than in high and collegiate institutions. But the extent to which, at least in Bengal, it affects higher instruction is forcibly pointed out by Sir Michael Sadler's Commission. Secondary education for girls, says their Report, "labours under exceptional difficulties in Bengal; it is surrounded by prejudices; it is distorted, even more unnaturally than the education of boys by the malign influence of the examination fetish." The Commission "feel that the schools must be saved from the desolating domination of the examination system which now mischievously influences all their work."

In addition to these three main defects, there are others of minor importance. In the following paragraphs the different grades of education will be considered and suggestions made for improvement with special reference to the difficulties mentioned in this and in preceding passages.

Primary Education.

7. More than nine-tenths of the girls under instruction are in the primary stage. Of a total of 19,595 primary schools, 554 are managed by Government, 3,106 by local bodies and 15,735 by private agency. Of these last, 13,067 are in receipt of aid from public funds. The Government of India have laid down the principle that local bodies should assume a more direct responsibility for the evolution and management of primary education. In their circular letter No 873, dated the 19th September 1916, they suggested the withdrawal, whenever this is reasonably feasible, of such restrictions as at present exist on the activities of local bodies regarding such matters as the provision of buildings, the hours of attendance, the grant of holidays, the rates of pay, the levy of fees, the disbursement of grants-in-aid, the creation and filling up of appointments, the punishment and dismissal of teachers and (subject to certain conditions) the opening and closing of schools. Difficulties have been anticipated by some of those consulted in the application of these suggestions to girls' schools. Some local bodies have not evinced much interest in the education of girls. There is a tendency to subordinate it to that of boys. Expert opinion is often lacking. On the one hand Government, on the other some special sort of agency, is regarded as a suitable organisation for the management of institutions. The Government of India have carefully considered these opinions. Where Government already

Management by local bodies

manages schools, they have no desire to see the system radically altered, since the existence of such institutions evinces the interest of Government in this branch of education and sometimes results in the maintenance of model institutions. Still less do they desire to interfere with privately managed schools, the good work done by many of which they are glad to recognise. But in view of the relation between boys' and girls' education, the advisability of engaging local sentiment and interest to the utmost and the policy of strengthening local bodies by the delegation to them of large and important functions, the Government of India maintain that those bodies, already constituted as the proper agencies for the diffusion of elementary instruction, must continue to be such in the case of girls and that upon their enthusiasm and the capability for management which they display the future of girls' primary schools will largely depend. The same remarks apply to the divisional boards recently set up in Burma where there are no district boards.

8. At the same time the Government of India realise that local bodies, as at present constituted, may sometimes be found lacking in zeal for girls' education and in the particular experience which would enable them successfully to handle it. There is no objection therefore to the establishment of advisory committees or to the inclusion of persons versed in the problem of girls' education as supernumerary members on the educational committees to which local bodies ordinarily delegate some portion of their functions. It is desirable that in such matters the assistance of ladies should, so far as possible, be utilised.

9. The most important matter for consideration in the education of girls is its wider expansion. Recent legislation has placed new powers in the hands of local bodies in certain provinces. In Bombay, Bengal, the United Provinces, the Punjab and Bihar and Orissa some classes of local bodies can now elect for compulsory elementary education in the case of boys; and in Bombay and the United Provinces the provision for compulsion can be extended to girls. It is hoped that these measures will bear fruit. In the meantime, however, local Governments and local bodies would do well to collaborate in the work of surveys for expansion. The Government of India are aware of the difficulties of the question. The grounds which lead to the opening of a Government or board school often consist in the belief that there is some demand for education at the centre selected. The results are sometimes disappointing and it is occasionally found necessary to close the school in order to obviate waste of funds. It is suggested that even at the risk of incurring expenditure which, in the first instance, might appear unremunerative, it would be well to create opportunities for education upon some systematised plan, such as the founding of a girls' school in every centre which contains a secondary boys' school, whether of the middle or the high grade. Other systems will doubtless suggest themselves to local Governments as guides.

10. In order to obviate the possibility that educational benefits may in some places be monopolised by those classes of the community which have enjoyed the larger share of them in the past it will be necessary to keep a watchful eye upon the interests of the depressed and less fortunate classes. It is to be recognised, however, that in some cases the feeling against association with certain castes is more strongly accentuated in the case of girls than of boys. Such feeling, if it were to be ignored in favour of the principle of free admission for all, might result in the occasional collapse of a school. While, therefore, it cannot be denied that maintenance or assistance from public funds involves the right of any child to admission to an institution, some reasonable discretion to be exercised in unavoidable cases must in practice be left to local authorities and the establishment of special schools for lower castes may be found necessary in some areas.

11. Since no measure is to be overlooked which promises even a possibility of success in prosecuting this most important object, the Government of India would emphasise not only the foundation of new schools, grant of scholarships, etc., but also the retention and, if necessary, the further development of other measures which are at present found in different provinces. Thus, over 500,000 girls study in boys' schools. The defects of such an arrangement

are fully appreciated; but in default of more adequate arrangements, it seems desirable that facilities should be offered for small girls in boys' schools where girls' schools are not to be found. Such devices, however, can in no case be regarded as a substitute for the foundation of girls' schools and it is doubtful whether the offer of special grants for girls studying in boys' schools should be retained at any centre where a girls' school is opened.

12. The general practice hitherto has been for a local Government through its Department of Public Instruction to prescribe for adoption such courses as the Department considers generally suitable, with or without a certain measure of latitude for local or individual needs. There is a good deal of public criticism of this arrangement on the grounds, *firstly*, that the courses do not allow sufficient variety and, *secondly*, that they are not properly adapted for the special use of girls. In regard to both these criticisms it is to be remembered that the bulk of the girls under primary education—over 95 per cent.—are in the lower primary or most rudimentary stage of education, and that if, as is inevitable, they are first taught to read, write and figure in their own vernacular, the margin for a variety of subjects either in the lower or in the upper primary stage is very narrow. The period during which girls are at school is very short and their attendance often irregular, so that out of the several additional subjects which are usually suggested for their instruction, it is impossible to expect that more than two or three at the most could be taught adequately in one school, even when teachers competent to handle them are to be found, without hopelessly overloading the curriculum and subjecting to a degree of study incompatible with their physical powers even the few girls who proceed beyond the rudimentary stages. It is however the duty of Departments of Public Instruction to review from time to time the schemes of study so that these may correspond as far as possible with modern ideas and ~~and~~ ^{and} opinion and to suggest for the higher primary classes a limited number of alternative courses. For the rest, the procedure laid down in the circular of the 19th September 1916, already alluded to, should be followed. Account should be taken of the fact that any such alternatives are meant primarily for schools where girls alone are taught and of the varying needs of different classes and tracts and of town and country; and it would add to the authority of these schemes if they could be set forth after consultation with intelligent unofficial opinion. The courses having thus been devised, the local bodies concerned would be at liberty to prescribe for the classes concerned—both in their own schools and in those to which they give aid—the particular subjects to be studied, provided of course that the staff possesses the qualifications necessary for the teaching of those subjects.

13. Two special points arise in connection with the curriculum. It is a matter for consideration whether it would not be well to produce special text-books suitable for girls in the higher classes of primary schools. In some provinces the production of special text-books is believed to have been attended with success. Second, there is a growing feeling against the exclusion of religious teaching and observances from school life, and the feeling is more accentuated in the case of girls than in that of boys. In Government and board schools such teaching cannot ordinarily be given in school hours; but the codes in several provinces admit of facilities for religious teaching out of school hours, and when there is a demand for such teaching local arrangements may be made as far as possible to meet it. In Hindu schools the teaching of elementary Sanskrit, of tales from the epics or of religious music is often advocated with the object of introducing a religious element into the teaching. In schools predominantly Muhammadan the reading of the Koran is demanded and facilities for this can generally be given. The Government of India are of opinion that it would not be advisable to lay down any uniform system to be followed in all localities in respect of religious teaching either for boys or for girls, but they feel that in the case of girls a rather greater degree of elasticity can be given to the curriculum in this respect and local bodies should do what they reasonably can to meet genuine local sentiment in the matter.

Secondary Education.

14. Of the girls at school something less than two per cent. are in the secondary stage, but the influence of this stage of education on the future of the country is very

Management by private bodies.

considerable and the problems which it presents are among the most difficult in the educational administration of the country. The management of the existing secondary schools is almost entirely in private hands, Government having but few schools of its own and local bodies fewer still, though the bulk of the schools receive financial aid from Government. In the case of boys, primary education is quite as much as local bodies can undertake. They may be expected to interest themselves in girls' primary education also. In these circumstances and for various reasons they cannot be expected to do anything substantial for girls' secondary education. It will probably be necessary, therefore, that the general control and supply of funds should rest with the Government, but this need not involve the management by Government of any large number of schools. The working of secondary education among girls is a matter of some delicacy in which a special degree of elasticity and personal feeling is required which Government can seldom hope to provide as adequately as private societies or individuals, and the general form of management should as at present be of a private character, aided by funds from Government, and under Government inspection and control. It would seem advisable, where possible, to associate with the Education Department one or more advisory committees, consisting as far as possible of ladies, similar to that previously constituted by the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam. Such committees would be unnecessary where secondary schools are under fairly effective managing boards, and the personnel of the advisory committees would largely be a repetition of that of the managing boards of the several schools. Efforts, however, might be made to induce the school authorities so as to constitute their own boards as to render them, as far as possible, responsive to local public opinion as regards the character of the education to be imparted in the schools.

15. There is no point upon which there is greater diversity of opinion than the character of the secondary education which should be imparted to girls. As in other countries, there are two main schools of thought. The difference between them is for various reasons more marked in India than elsewhere. The one school would bring up girls on lines as similar as possible to those laid down for boys and would prepare them for a university career. The other would prepare girls primarily for home life and hold that women should be educated in all that concerns enlightened mothering, a good standard of maternal physique, better care of infancy, appropriate feeding, care and management of children, effective attention to children's diseases, and generally to their physical condition, good sanitary environment and other matters of domestic concern.

16. This question has been discussed at length in the opinions which reached the Government of India as a result of their reference. The Government of India have also had the advantage of the views of the Calcutta University Commission on this subject and on that of the collegiate education of women. The portions of the report of the Commission which deal with this subject are Chapters XIV and XXXVI, together with certain recommendations in Chapter LII. The condition of things, which the Commission reviewed in Bengal, is not entirely reproduced in other parts of India, although the inadequate number of girls' schools may be regarded as a common feature.

17. The Commission recognise as already in existence two types of secondary schools. They suggest that in future schools should be so organised as to meet, on the one hand, the needs of the majority who will spend their lives in the *zenana* and whose education will cease at an early age and, on the other hand, those of the small but important minority who will take to professional service or play a part in the progressive section of Indian society. Both these types would fall under the general control of a body which the Commission call the Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education. It is an important part of their proposals that this board should generally manage the education now classed as secondary and also that which at present ends with the Intermediate examination. They propose, however, for schools for the former type of girls (which they denominate *purdanushin* schools) a special body acting under the board and consisting very largely of women. For girls of the second type they consider that the maintenance of schools of

the existing pattern will still be necessary and that the standard of attainment should as nearly as possible correspond with that of boys' schools. At the same time the subjects of the course might with advantage be modified so as to avoid too sharp a differentiation between the *purdanashin* and the non-*purda* school. The Commission have recommended the creation of a standing committee on girls' education which would be advisory to the Secondary and Intermediate Board and which would frame the curricula and conduct the examinations for these schools. The Government of India have not yet fully considered the various proposals of the Commission. They recognise that the creation of *purdanashin* schools will be a matter of difficulty and of very great expense and they do not overlook the obstacles which in some parts of India have stood in the way of what is now known as the system of *zenana* classes. They fully accept however the two principles which underlie the proposals of the Commission, namely, the modification of the curriculum in order to suit the needs of girls and women of different classes and, secondly, the utilisation of the advice of ladies in formulating a suitable system of instruction. They also heartily endorse the statement of the Commission that the *purdanashin* school will eminently be a field for the munificence of enlightened Indians, without whose aid and encouragement schools of this type are scarcely likely to come into existence or to thrive.

18. The oppressive effect of examinations upon girls has been a matter of constant complaint. The Government of India endorse the view of the Commission that in the case of *purdanashin* schools there should be some form of examination at the end of the course, but that it should not be compulsory and that it should be differentiated from the corresponding examination for boys and conducted in part through oral tests by competent women visiting examiners; and that in non-*purda* schools it would be the duty of the secondary and intermediate Board to ensure that the standards of attainment represented by the examination correspond to those of the examination for boys, though this would not imply the use of identical papers, nor preclude the use of oral tests or the weighing of records of school work, which in view of the small number of pupils concerned would be specially practicable and easy.

19. The remarks made above apply especially to high schools. But for a long time to come the middle school will represent an institution of great importance in the education of girls, seeing that in view of the paucity of high schools, the great expense involved in their maintenance and the social causes which still hamper progress, the middle school is likely often to remain the only institution to which the majority of girls who desire education above the elementary stage can aspire and beyond which it will be impossible for many of them by reason of social exigencies, etc., to proceed. Opinions are divided regarding the stage at which the teaching of English should commence. This is one of those matters in which the Government of India consider that respect should be paid to local opinion. It is obvious, however, from reports which have reached them that the value of English education among girls is much appreciated and they would strongly urge upon local Governments the advisability of establishing a close network of Anglo-vernacular middle schools which will provide women suitable for training as teachers of lower classes and will perhaps more than any other type of institution disseminate an interest in the advancement of girls' education.

Collegiate Education.

20. The number of girls at present studying in Arts Colleges is 914. Collegiate education of women almost non-existent. The Calcutta University Commission have declared that the intermediate classes do not properly form a part of collegiate or university education. If this proposition is accepted (and it had previously been put forward by various authorities in India) then the number of girls who are doing real university work is infinitesimal—in the three colleges in Calcutta the Commission found that there are only 53 students attempting such work. The Government of India, however, are impressed with the success (already mentioned) of the two women's colleges in Madras.

21. Among the recommendations of the Commission are the following Calcutta University Commission's recommendations. In view of the small number of girls concerned the work of the intermediate and degree stages might continue to be carried on under the same direction and by the same teachers, though, so far as possible, the intermediate work should be done by school methods and should also be developed at some selected high schools. There is need for inclusion in university courses for girls of subjects which are likely to appeal specially to women. A Board should be constituted in the reorganised University of Calcutta on lines (similar to the standing committee advisory to the Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education), which would organise the provision of advanced education and make proposals regarding the adaptation of the degree courses to the needs of women, subject to the approval of the academic authorities of the University. On the difficult subject of economy in university training for women the Commission emphasise the need of co-operation among the colleges. They consider that, while university classes should as a matter of principle be open to qualified women students, under existing circumstances such facilities will be very little used. The conditions which prevail in Bengal in this respect are not to be found in all portions of India. In Bombay and elsewhere a certain number of women study in men's colleges and this is particularly the case in professional colleges. The Government of India, however, fully realize the desirability of instituting separate collegiate institutions for women staffed by women, but with arrangements, if necessary, for lectures in certain subjects by the professors of neighbouring men's colleges. Their views upon the other recommendations of the Commission must naturally await the consideration of the Commission's proposals for university education as a whole.

Training of Teachers.

22. It is desired on all hands that schools should be staffed by trained women teachers; but the number of Indian ladies who are willing to teach or capable of doing so is yet limited. The number of those under training has indeed shown an appreciable increase during recent years and now stands at 3,096 as against 2,234 in 1915. These numbers, however, are altogether inadequate. It is therefore often unavoidable to employ to a large extent the services of mission societies, of English ladies specially recruited and trained, of members of the domiciled community and of Indian Christians. The labours of these classes of workers are responsible for much of the progress which has already been made. Naturally, however, there is a feeling in many quarters that Indian girls should be instructed by those of their own race and creed. A considerable number of European ladies at present employed in education in India are actually engaged in the preparation of Indian women for this profession.

23. The Calcutta University Commission recognise that women teachers of two types are required—those capable of doing high school work and of teaching through the medium of English, and those who teach in primary schools and the lower classes of secondary schools. The Government of India consider that the supply of the second class of teachers will best be met from among the pupils of the middle schools which they would like to see established after the pupils have undergone a supplementary course of training; and from the Widows' Homes which have been established in several parts of India. These sources of supply, however, should not be utilised to the exclusion of the existing training schools, which, on a limited scale, are doing most useful work.

As regards teachers of higher type, the Commission recognise that, if their programme of development is to be carried out, the necessary recruits can at present only be obtained from Britain or America. This remark, however (written in application to the Presidency of Bengal, though undoubtedly applicable to a large degree elsewhere), is tempered by the recognition that the more orthodox section of Indian society fears the unsettling influence of western women and that for the *purdanashin* type of schools there must be a large increase in the number of well-educated Indian women teachers. The Government of India are fully alive to the advantage of supplementing the efforts of Government by the service of competent private bodies in the task of training women teachers. They

incline also to the view of the Commission that this work should not be treated as apart, that it can be carried on as a portion of the ordinary teaching work of schools and university courses, and that education may fitly form a subject in the courses leading to the intermediate and degree stages. In this connection, the following passage from chapter XXXVI of the Commission's Report is quoted :—

“We would suggest (1) that post-graduate classes in the university department of education which we shall propose should be thrown open to women equally with men ; (2) that education should be introduced as one of the subjects for the degree, and that instruction for this purpose should be provided by the three Calcutta women's colleges in co-operation ; (3) that an introduction to the methods of teaching should be also made one of the possible subjects at the intermediate stage, as has already been suggested in the case of intermediate colleges for men, and that this option should be offered in all the women's colleges ; (4) that training for the L. T. diploma and for the B. T. degree should be given in the women's colleges on a co-operative system under the direction and advice of the university department of education, which might afford much assistance.”

Professional Training.

24. Apart from the training of teachers it has been recognised by many authorities, including the Calcutta University Commission, that the profession in which there is greatest need for women is the medical. After discussing the difficulties of the situation and the proposal, now abandoned, to exclude women from the Calcutta Medical College, the Commission conclude that all the existing arrangements are little better than makeshifts and that until Hindu and Mussalman society has materially modified its attitude on the training of women no real solution for this problem will be possible. They consider, however, that one obstacle should be removed, namely, the difficulty of obtaining the requisite preliminary training. While it would be very expensive to provide this in any single college it might be possible to arrange for some concentration of effort among the women's colleges in Calcutta. Another suggestion made by the Commission is that as the student will later on attend mixed classes in the medical colleges it might be possible to make use of some of the teachers in the laboratories provided for men in the preliminary medical subjects. The suggestions are endorsed by the Government of India and the attention of the Governments both of Bengal and of other presidencies and provinces is invited to them.

Conclusion.

25. In some of the opinions received by the Government of India it is contended that the progress of female education is not primarily a matter of money but of social development, and it is urged that in many cases schools have been opened but have failed to attract scholars. By many others it is held that the expansion of girls' education is mainly a matter of finance and that if only more money can be spent on schools and on the training of teachers the number of scholars will rapidly advance. There are doubtless parts of the country in which the former of these views is a correct representation of facts. There are tracts, however, where substantial sums of money can be spent usefully in starting new schools, in strengthening the inspectorate, in experimenting with widows' homes, secondary schools of the types described above, and the like. Where anything can be done by the expenditure of money in such cases it is hoped that local Governments and local bodies will be liberal in doing what their resources permit. At its present stage the education of girls needs more financial fostering than that of boys ; primary education must mainly be free ; scholarships and studentships must be given more lavishly ; grants-in-aid must be calculated more generously ; and the greater expensiveness of secondary education has to be practically recognised. For part of the expenditure involved it is hoped that private endowments may be forthcoming, and so far as public money is required the responsibility rests primarily with the provincial Governments and the local bodies concerned. The Government of India have of late years given considerable grants to help in various educational activities, more especially

in primary education and the training of teachers, and the utilisation of these grants is by no means confined to the education of boys. But since the impending changes in the relations between Imperial and Provincial finance will in all probability involve the complete dissociation of the former from educational expenditure in the provinces, the provincial and local agencies will become not merely primarily but exclusively responsible for the future development of the education of girls. It will rest with them to decide how far they will be able to devote public money to furthering this form of education, and it is hoped that the suggestions which have been put forward in the preceding paragraphs will be of assistance in indicating the objects on which such money can most usefully be spent and the directions in which the education of girls can most profitably be guided. Hitherto the difficulty has often been not so much in the actual provision of funds as in the discovery of opportunity for their fruitful expenditure. There can be little doubt that in future such opportunities will largely increase. Although it has to be admitted that the total number of girls under education is at present infinitesimal the progress made in the last few years is significant, the interest now evinced in the subject is a hopeful sign and the enhanced rate of development in the education of boys, especially in its higher branches, is bound to influence favourably the popular attitude towards the education of girls. There is every reason, therefore, to hope that the demand for girls' education and the supply of means to foster its growth may in the future so react upon each other as to provide for an early and substantial development of this important factor in the progress of India.

Government of Madras.
Ditto Bombay.
Ditto Bengal
Ditto the United Provinces
Ditto the Punjab
Ditto Burma
Ditto Bihar and Orissa
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, (Central) Provinces
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Assam
The Chief Commissioner of Coorg
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the
Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province
The Chief Commissioner of Delhi
The Home Department
The Foreign and Political Departments.
The Finance Department

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of the above Resolution be forwarded for information to the local Governments and Administrations and the Departments of the Government of India noted on the margin

Ordered, also that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

H. SHARP,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 31st January 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Delhi, the 30th January 1920.

No. 224.—The following extract is published for general information:—

Second Supplement, dated the 20th December 1919, to the London Gazette of the 19th December 1919, pages 15825 and 15826.

*War Office,
20th December 1919.*

The names of the undermentioned officers have been brought to the notice of the Secretary of State for War for gallant and distinguished services rendered in connection with the military operations at Aden during the period from 1st September 1918 to 31st December 1918:—

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Warner, 2nd Cl. Asst. Surg. W. G. H.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.*

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 31st January 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

INTERNAL TRADE.

Delhi, the 31st January 1920.

No. 565-D.—The notifications in this Department Nos. 10491, 11738 and 2499-D., dated, respectively, the 28th September and 26th October 1918 and the 22nd March 1919, are cancelled, with effect from the 1st December 1919.

TRADING BY FOREIGNERS.

LICENCE.

The 31st January 1920.

No. 660-D.—Whereas by paragraph 5 of the Trading with the Enemy Proclamation No. 2, dated the 9th day of September 1914, as amended and extended by the Proclamation dated the 25th June 1915, and by the Proclamation dated the 10th November 1915, trade and financial or commercial transactions between British subjects and persons or bodies of persons of enemy nationality resident or carrying on business in China, Siam, Persia, Morocco, Liberia, or Portuguese East Africa, were prohibited; and

Whereas by paragraph 8 of the said Proclamation it is provided that nothing in the Proclamation shall be taken to prohibit anything which may be expressly permitted by licence, whether such licence be granted to individuals or be announced as applying to classes of persons; and

Whereas by paragraph 3 of Proclamation dated the 8th October 1914, power to grant such licences on behalf of the Crown may be exercised in India by the Governor-General;

Now, therefore, I, Frederick John Napier Thesiger, Baron Chelmsford, hereby authorise all persons and bodies of persons residing, being, or carrying on business in British India to trade and have commercial and financial transactions with persons or bodies of persons of enemy nationality resident or carrying on business in China, Siam, Persia, Morocco, Liberia or Portuguese East Africa;

Provided always that any licence which may be necessary in respect of any transaction under any prohibition of export or prohibition of import for the time being in force in British India is first obtained,

CHELMSFORD,
Viceroy and Governor General in Council.

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 31st January 1920, is republished for general information.

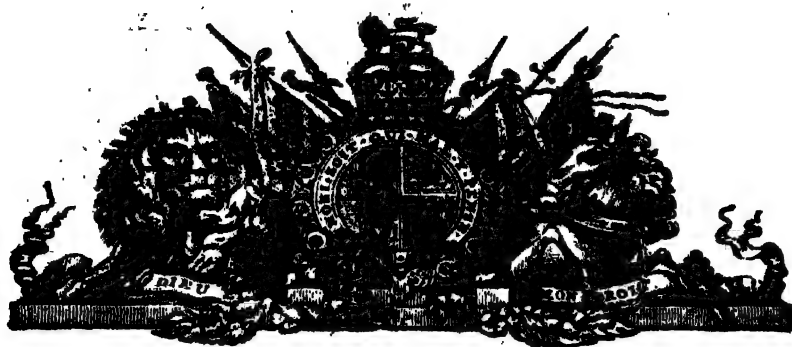
H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 28th January 1920.

No. 369-Est. A.—Mr. C. L. S. Russell, a Resident of the 2nd class, on return from leave, was employed on special duty under the orders of the Hon'ble the Resident at Hyderabad from the 20th to the 31st December 1919, inclusive.

J. B. WOOD,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1920.

PART IB.

Orders by the Governor of Bengal in Council.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 215M.—*The 2nd February 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 9A of the Bengal Municipal Act 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884) the Governor in Council is pleased to include within the Kotechandpur Municipality in the district of Jessore, a local area which is contiguous to that municipality and the boundaries of which are as follows:—

North and West.—A line joining a point on the eastern bank of the Baor at a distance of 694 feet on the south from the trijunction point of Baluhar, Bhawanipur, and the Baor to a point on the western side of the Baor at a distance of 559 feet from its southern extremity and thence Ramchandrapur.

South and East.—Bhawanipur situated in ward No. II of the Municipality.

2. The boundaries of the Kotechandpur Municipality after the inclusion and the removal of certain anomalies on the northern boundary will be as follows:—

North.—Baluhar, Parla, thence a line joining the meeting of the Suti road with the southern boundary of Parla to the trijunction point of Rudrapur, Bazebamandaha and Kotechandpur, thence along the northern boundary of Bazebamandaha to the trijunction point of Bazebamandaha, Bara Bamandaha and Rudrapur (2nd portion of Kotechandpur), thence to the trijunction point of Rudrapur, Barabamandaha and Balarampur and thence Balarampur and part of Jagadisapur.

East.—Elangi, Rangiarpota and Jagadisapur.

South.—Jagannathpur and thence the junction of the Baramasiya khal with the Bhairab river across to the right bank of the Bhairab river and along with the right bank northwards, eastwards and southwards to the boundary of Pashpatila and thence by Pashpatila and Balabaria.

West—Baluhar, Jalkar Baor of Ranchhandrapur from the trijunction point of Baluhar, Bhawanipur and Jalkar Baor up to 694 feet on the eastern bank of the Baor and thence across to a point on the western side of the Jalkar Baor at a distance of of 559 feet from its southern extremity and thence along the western side of the Baor Kagnari and Bazrapur.

No 226 L.S.-G.—The 3rd February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 38 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to constitute the following group of villages, in the district of the 24-Parganas, into a union :—

Name of District Board within whose jurisdiction the Union is constituted	Thana	Name of Union	Number of members of which the Union Committee shall consist	Names of villages (i.e. revenue manas) which constitute the Union with jurisdiction list numbers where available
24 Parganas ...	Khardaha ...	Bandipur ...	7	Kismat Patulia ... 5 Patulia ... 6 Kerulia Bandipur ... 7 Kismat Bandipur ... 23 Daparia ... 24 Dehti .. 25 Jot Narayan ... 26 Danga Digla ... 27 Chak Patulia ... 28 Iswaripur ... 29 Balagore Singherhere ... 30

2. In exercise of the power conferred by section 41 of the same Act the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that two of the members of the said Bandipur union shall be appointed by the Commissioner of the Presidency Division, and five of them shall be elected as prescribed by section 39 of the said Act.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

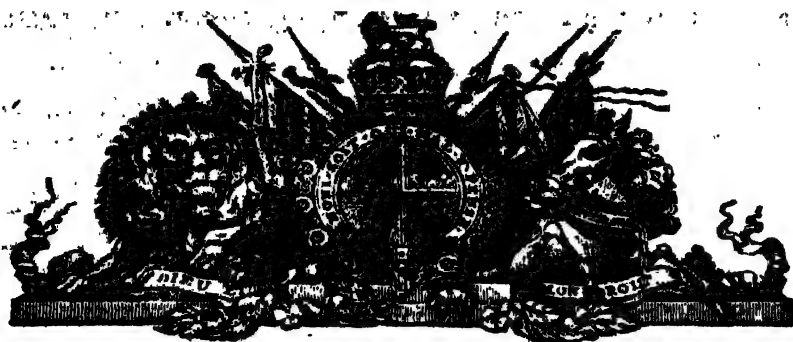
NOTICE.

IN exercise of the powers conferred by section 68 (1) of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, the Corporation intend to amend rule 2 (1) of the existing rules under section 68 (1) prescribing the qualification of candidates for employment as therein mentioned by substituting the words "Sanitary Officers" for the words "Sanitary Inspectors" appearing in line 1 of the said rule 2 (1).

Objections, if any, to the amendment proposed should be forwarded so as to reach the undersigned on or before the 1st April 1920.

J. C. MUKERJEA,
Secretary to the Corporation.

CENTRAL MUNICIPAL OFFICE, the 28th January 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1920.

PART IB.

Orders by the Governor of Bengal in Council.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2191M.—The 2nd February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 9A of the Bengal Municipal Act 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884) the Governor

Jessore. in Council is pleased to include within the Kotechandpur Municipality in the district of Jessore, a local area which is contiguous to that municipality and the boundaries of which are as follows:—

North and West—A line joining a point on the eastern bank of the Baor at a distance of 694 feet on the south from the trijunction point of Baluhar, Bhawanipur, and the Baor to a point on the western side of the Baor at a distance of 559 feet from its southern extremity and thence Ramchandrapur.

South and East—Bhawanipur situated in ward No. II of the Municipality.

2. The boundaries of the Kotechandpur Municipality after the inclusion and the removal of certain anomalies on the northern boundary will be as follows:—

North—Baluhar, Parla, thence a line joining the meeting of the Suti road with the southern boundary of Parla to the trijunction point of Rudrapur, Bazebamandaha and Kotechandpur, thence along the northern boundary of Bazebamandaha to the trijunction point of Bazebamandaha, Bara Bamandaha and Rudrapur (2nd portion of Kotechandpur), thence to the trijunction point of Rudrapur, Barabamandaha and Balarampur and thence Balarampur and part of Jagadisapur.

East—Elangi, Rangiarpota and Jagadisapur.

South—Jagannathpur and thence the junction of the Baramasiya khal with the Bhairab river across to the right bank of the Bhairab river and along with the right bank northwards, eastwards and southwards to the boundary of Pashpatila and thence by Pashpatila and Balabaria.

West—Baluhar, Jalkar Baor of Ranchandrapur from the trijunction point of Baluhar, Bhawanipur and Jalkar Baor up to 694 feet on the eastern bank of the Baor and thence across to a point on the western side of the Jalkar Baor at a distance of of 559 feet from its southern extremity and thence along the western side of the Baor Kagnari and Buzrapur.

No 226 L.S.-G.—The 3rd February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 38 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to constitute the following group of villages, in the district of the 24-Parganas, into a union :—

Name of District Board within whose jurisdiction the Union is constituted	Thana	Name of Union	Number of members of which the Union (committee shall consist	Names of villages (i.e. revenue mauzas) which constitute the Union, with jurisdiction list numbers where available
24 Parganas ...	Khardaha ...	Bandipur ...	7	Kismat Patulia ... 5 Patulia ... 6 Kerulia Bandipur ... 7 Kismat Bandipur ... 23 Daparia ... 24 Dehti ... 25 Jot Narayan ... 26 Danga Digla ... 27 Chak Patulia ... 28 Iswanipur ... 29 Balagore Singerbere ... 30

2. In exercise of the power conferred by section 41 of the same Act the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that two of the members of the said Bandipur union shall be appointed by the Commissioner of the Presidency Division, and five of them shall be elected as prescribed by section 39 of the said Act.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

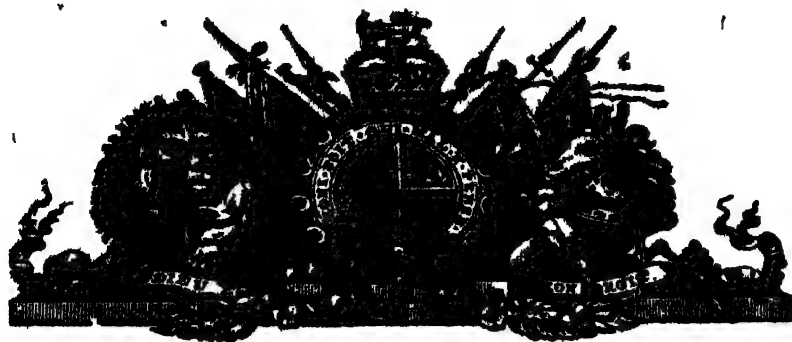
NOTICE.

IN exercise of the powers conferred by section 68 (1) of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, the Corporation intend to amend rule 2 (1) of the existing rules under section 68 (1) prescribing the qualification of candidates for employment as therein mentioned by substituting the words "Sanitary Officers" for the words "Sanitary Inspectors" appearing in line 1 of the said rule 2 (1).

Objections, if any, to the amendment proposed should be forwarded so as to reach the undersigned on or before the 1st April 1920.

J. C. MUKERJEE,
Secretary to the Corporation.

CENTRAL MUNICIPAL OFFICE, the 28th January 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1920.

PART IC.

Educational Notices.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS, CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

NAMES of Munshis qualified to teach Urdu can be had on application to the undersigned. A complete list is published in the *Gazette of India* Part II.

O. F. JENKINS,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET,
CALCUTTA, the 31st October 1916.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

WITH reference to the Resolutions of the Government of India in the Finance Department, No. 1251, dated 30th September 1914, No. 1363F.E., dated 27th September 1915, and No. 1559F.E., dated 23rd December 1918, prescribing revised rules and revised schedules, respectively, for the examination of candidates in India for admission to the General List of the Indian Finance Department (copies may be obtained from the undersigned), it is hereby notified that candidates for nomination from the province of Bengal, including Native States under the Government of Bengal, should submit their applications, together with the necessary documents, through the principals of their colleges, in strict accordance with the rules, so as to reach this office on or before the 1st of March 1920.

2. If any of the required particulars are not supplied by a candidate in due time, his application for nomination will not be considered.

3. The applications should, in addition to the information called for by the rules, be accompanied by a statement of particulars under the heads detailed below :—

- (a) Date of birth.
- (b) Father's name and profession.
- (c) Where educated—particulars from the fourteenth year of age.
- (d) The nature of the candidate's employment, if any.
- (e) Two optional subjects in which the candidate would, if nominated, offer himself for examination.

4. Nominations will be restricted to Natives of India within the meaning of the Statute 33 Viet., chap. 3, section 6, including the subjects of Native States. The possession of high educational qualifications is essential.

J. W. GUNN,

Asst. Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 15th January 1920.

RESULTS OF THE SUPPLEMENTARY CLASS FINAL EXAMINATION OF EUROPEAN SCHOOLS, DECEMBER 1919.

I.—Passes.

Order of merit	Roll No.	Name	School.	Distinction
1	*19	Glewis, Moslyn Mabel	B.-N. Ry., Khargpur	2nd class Honours. Distinction in dress-making and needle-work.
2	18	Anthony, Walter William.	Ditto	Manual Work.
3 {	*5	Peterson, John	Calcutta Free, Boys	Shorthand and typewriting.
	*6	de Silver, Mervyn Bertrum.	Ditto	Algebra.
5	*20	Grealorex, Kathleen, M. B.	B.-N. Ry., Khargpur	Nursing.
6 {	13	D'Cruze, Julian	Catholic Male Orphanage	Shorthand.
	*7	Sims, Daniel	Ditto.	
	*4	Paul, Eric Arthur	Calcutta Free, Boys	Shorthand.
9	3	James, Alfred Arthur	Ditto	Typewriting.
10 {	21	Dassier, Lilian	St. Scholastica's, Chittagong.	
	14	Gabriel, Cyril	Catholic Male Orphanage	Shorthand.
12 {	1	Braidwood, Harry	Ditto	Ditto.
	2	Charles, Ronald	Ditto.	
14 {	8	Carapiet, Roma Dulcie	St. Paul's Mission.	
	9	D'Cunha, Leonora	St. Agnes's, Howrah.	
	22	Percina, Floia	St. Scholastica's, Chittagong.	
17 {	17	Wilson, Janet R.	Calcutta Free, Girls.	
	10	Dix, Dorothy M.	Ditto	Shorthand.
19 {	11	Parnell, Aileen	St. Paul's Mission.	
	16	Gayrand, Nina Rosaline	Ditto.	

II.—Failures.

15	Daniel, Constance	St. Agnes's, Howrah.
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Absentees.

12	Claver, Peter	Catholic Male Orphanage.
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* Senior Elementary Scholarships of Rs. 12 are awarded with effect from 1st January 1920, subject to the conditions that satisfactory proof of age is furnished, that the candidate was under 17 years on 31st December 1919, N. B.—The names of the candidates who competed for scholarships are printed in italics.

A. MERCER,

Inspector of European Schools, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 30th January 1920.

RESULTS OF THE EUROPEAN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 1919.

*184 Candidates entered for the Examination; 127 passed; 43 failed; 13 were absent
and 1 was withdrawn before the examination.*

Order of merit.	Roll No.	Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.	Subject in which distinction gained.
			Y M.		
1	179	Brown, Robert Edwin	...	Bengal-Nagpur Railway Elementary, Kharagpur.	Nature Study; Freehand drawing; Manual work.
2	*16	Galli, Arturo Enrico ...	14 1	Calcutta Free, Boys' ...	Geometry.
3	55	Allen, Frederick James	...	Ditto	...
4	112	Woodward, Frederick P.	...	Ditto	Geometry.
5	*25	Shea, Reginald Arthur	14 5	Ditto.	...
6	110	Verona, Donald	...	Catholic Male Orphanage.	Manual work (practical); Geometry.
7	162	Hoequit, Daisy F.	...	St. Andrew's Homes, Kalimpong.	Nature study.
8	*28	Verona, Leo	13 10	Catholic Male Orphanage.	Geometry.
	*44	Mooseek, Harold M.	14 7	St. Andrews' Homes, Kalimpong.	...
	*47	Baptist, John Patrick	14 2	St. Gregory's, Dacca	Elementary Science.
	54	Adie, Arthur Douglas	...	Calcutta Free, Boys' ...	...
	144	Bird, Arthur H. L.	...	St. Andrew's Homes, Kalimpong.	...
	154	Snellgrove, Christopher	...	Ditto.	...
	171	Martini, John	...	St. Gregory's, Dacca	...
	*12	D'Courcay, Ernest	14 1	Catholic Male Orphanage.	...
15	*45	Pattison, John	14 9	St. Andrew's Homes, Kalimpong.	Arithmetic.
	*50	Paul, A.	14 10	St. Scholastica's Chittagong.	...
	58	Bernard, Christopher	...	St. Joseph's Free, Calcutta.	...
	96	Paul, Arnold Hector	...	Calcutta Free, Boys' ...	Geography.
	151	Langdale, Walter	...	St. Andrew's Homes, Kalimpong.	Manual work (practical.)
	153	Smith, Clarence W. B.	...	Ditto.	...
	183	Sweeney, Ena	...	St. Joseph's Convent, Cuttack.	Nature study.
	(B. O.) *21	Perris, Paul	13 8	St. Joseph's Free, Calcutta.	...
23	*39	Nunn, Phyllis	13 5	St. Agnes', Howrah.	...
	*46	Rew, Margaret	14 7	St. Andrews' Homes, Kalimpong.	...
	75	Gomes, John	...	St. Joseph's Free, Calcutta.	Manual work (practical.)
	79	Gray, Joseph William	...	Calcutta Free, Boys.	...
	*1	Abberstein, Quinton Terence.	14 8	Ditto.	...
	9	Olauson, Archibald	14 11	St. Aloysius', Howrah.	...
	26	Smith, Sydney	13 1	Catholic Male Orphanage.	...
	36	McLaren, Kathleen	14 3	St. Agnes', Howrah.	...

Order of merit.	Roll No.	Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.	Subject in which distinction gained.
32	17	George, Elwin James ...	Y. M. 13 8	Calcutta Free, Boys' ...	Geometry.
	43	Lucey, Reginald H. ...	13 7	St. Andrews' Homes, Kalimpong.	
	68	D'Cruze, Joseph T. ...	...	Catholic Male Orphanage.
	88	Lewis, Edward ...	...	St. Joseph's Free, Calcutta.
	118	Crinall, Margaret ...	...	Loreto Boarding, Entally.
	146	Clayburn, Charles ...	...	St. Andrew's Homes, Kalimpong.
	148	Hardless, John V ...	...	Ditto.
	152	Mackintosh, Eric A. ...	...	Ditto.
	174	D'Cruze, Monisa ...	...	St. Scholastica's, Chittagong.
	42	Bayley, Bruce J. H. ...	14 1	St. Andrew's Homes, Kalimpong.	
41	48	Johnson, Thomas ...	14 4	St. Gregory's, Dacca.	Nature study.
	71	D'Rozario, Patrick ...	...	St. Joseph's Free, Calcutta.
	114	Armour, Daisy M. ...	...	Calcutta Free, Girls'.
	138	Noris, Ellen ...	...	St. Paul's Mission, Calcutta.
	150	Hossack, Edward ...	...	St. Andrew's Homes, Kalimpong.
	158	Chaston, Mary ...	...	Ditto
50	169	D'Silva, Oliver ...	...	St. Gregory's, Dacca.
	86	Joseph, Raphael ...	...	Catholic Male Orphanage.
	11	David, Charles ...	14 6	St. Joseph's Free, Calcutta.	
	37	Montebello, Mary ...	14 11	Loreto Boarding, Entally.	
	51	Odgers, Elsie Margaret	14 11	B. N. Ry. Elementary, Khargpur.	
	73	Foran, Frederick ...	...	Catholic Male Orphanage.
	98	Perris, Martin ...	...	St. Joseph's Free, Calcutta.
	113	Angelo, Mary ...	...	Loreto Day School, Bowbazar.
	119	Daniell, Eva F. ...	...	Calcutta Free, Girls'
	127	Grueber, Lorna E. ...	...	Ditto.
	128	Harris, Bessie Edith ...	...	Gouldsmith Free Day.
	131	Jones, Jessie M. ...	...	Calcutta Free, Girls'
	134	Mayers, Elizabeth O. ...	...	Loreto Orphanage, Entally.
	135	Mayers, Teresa P. ...	...	Ditto.
	141	Whittamore, Una V. ...	...	Calcutta Free, Girls'.
	145	Buckley, Terence M. H.	...	St. Andrew's Homes, Kalimpong.	
	149	Holder, William A. ...	...	Ditto.
	155	Stowe, George F. ...	...	Ditto.
	161	Evans, Rebecca M ...	...	Ditto.
70	163	Hughes, Ethel	Ditto	Nature study. Ditto.
	164	Lamsden, Lina M. ...	...	Ditto
	170	Fernandez, Gerald ...	...	St. Gregory's, Dacca.
	14	Denton, John ...	14 6	Catholic Male Orphanage.	
	15	Francis, Eric ...	14 4	St. Joseph's Free, Calcutta.	
	35	Knights' Lilian Mary	13 8	St. Thomas, Howrah.	

Order of merit.	Roll No.	Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.	Subject in which distinction gained.
			Y. M.		
70	52	Whittenbury Barbara	14 4	B. N. Ry. Elementary, Khargpur.	Arithmetic.
	83	Jahans, Charles A. ...	...	Calcutta Free, Boys'.
	105	Smith, Henry Arthur...	...	Ditto.	
	121	Duncan, Alma Ruby ...	...	St. Paul's Mission, Calcutta.
	157	Benson, Nettie ...	...	St. Andrew's Homes, Kalimpong.
	172	Rodrigues, Andrew ...	...	St. Gregory's, Dacca.
	173	D'Costa, Clotilda ...	...	St. Scholastica's, Chittagong.
81	182 (B. & O.)	Hesterlow, Rita	St. Joseph's Convent, Cuttack.	Manual Work (Practical).
	2	Ahting, William ...	14 2	Catholic Orphanage.	
	18	Henry, Antony ...	14 9	St. Joseph's Free, Calcutta.	
	24	Purdy, Bernard ...	14 1	Catholic Orphanage.	
	81	Henry, John ...	...	St. Joseph's Free, Calcutta.
	93	Mayers, Henry ...	...	St. Aloysius', Howrah.
	120	D'Cruze, Gertrude ...	...	Loreto Day, Bowbazar.
	142	Wilson, Myra ...	...	Loreto Boarding, Entally.
	167	Daniel, John Francis ...	...	St. Gregory's, Dacca.
	173	Anthony, Harold Henry.	...	B. N. Ry. Elementary, Khargpur.	
	29	Augier, Elsie ...	14 2	Loreto Boarding, Entally.	
	30	Bagnall, Winifred B.	14 1	Calcutta Free, Girls'.	
	34	Franklin, Edna E. ...	14 9	Ditto.	
	65	D'Cruz, Hubert ...	...	St. Joseph's Free, Calcutta.
90	109	Tovell, Reginald Arthur	...	Gouldsmith Free Day.	Nature study.
	115	Bell, Hazell ...	...	St. Paul's Mission, Calcutta.
	123	Dunsmuir, Ripsina ...	...	Loreto Day, Sealdah.
	159	Davis, Elizabeth ...	...	St. Andrew's Homes, Kalimpong.
	165	Möller, Dora ...	...	Ditto ...
	180	Gandin, Enid I. ...	...	B. N. Ry. Elementary, Kharagpur.
100	13	Cruz, Joseph ...	14 4	St. Joseph's Free, Calcutta.	Nature study.
	80	Harris, Walter ...	...	Catholic Male Orphanage.
	117	Connors, Grace ...	...	Loreto Orphanage, Entally.
	156	Bacon, Ada ...	...	St. Andrew's Homes, Kalimpong.
	160	Dinning, Maggie ...	...	Ditto.
	176	Sain, Lily ...	...	St. Scholastica's, Chittagong.
106	99	Peters, Edred	Catholic Male Orphanage.	Nature study.
	125	Gibbons, Rebecca ...	...	Loreto Boarding, Entally.
	130	Joachim, Theresa ...	...	St. Paul's Mission, Calcutta.
109	33	Everett, Audrey F. ...	14 8	St. Thomas' Howrah.	Nature study.
	53	Acquay, Joseph Stephen	...	Gouldsmith Free Day.	

Order of merit.	Roll No.	Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.	Subject in which distinction gained.
			Y. M.		
109	74	Fox, Patrick ...	...	St. Paul's Mission, Calcutta.	
	87	Laha, Charles ...	...	Ditto.	
	104	Smith, Hazel ...	...	Catholic Male Orphanage.	
	116	Borthwick, Elizabeth ...	...	Loreto Day, Sealdah.	
	122	Dunn, Mairs P. ...	...	Calcutta Free, Girls'.	
117	129	Hill, Theresa Henrietta ...	...	Ditto.	
	31	Bowers, Iris ...	13 2	Loreto Day Sealdah.	
	82	Heppolette, Frederick ...	...	St. Aloysius', Howrah.	
	143	Wunn, Muriel ...	...	Gouldsmith Free Day.	
	175	Lewis, Mabel ...	...	St. Scholastica's, Chittagong.	
(B. & O.)	184	Mc Crahan ...	...	Protestant European, Cuttack.	
	5	Augustine, Edward ...	14 4	Catholic Male Orphanage.	
	32	Bowers, Mairs ...	14 11	Loreto Day, Sealdah.	
	38	Newbond, Virginia ...	13	Loreto Free, Dhurrumtollah.	
	126	Gomez, Gertrude ...	...	Ditto.	
122	137	Nichols, Sybil ...	...	Loreto Day, Sealdah.	
	40	Rogers, Pearl ...	14 1	Loreto Day, Bow Bazar.	

II—Failures—43.

3	Alpine, John.
4	Augustine, Alfred.
6	Briggs, Walter Hector.
7	Brown, Charles.
8	Calder, Herbert Joe.
20	McGuire, Michael.
23	Poirol, Cecil.
41	White, Beryl.
49	O'Brien, Peter Amos.
57	Bailey, Simon.
59	Bird, Joseph.
60	Bull, Albert.
61	Condor, John.
62	David, Anthony.
63	D'Costa, Percy.
66	D'Cruz, Herbert.
67	D'Cruze, Joseph Cecil.
69	Dias, Granville.
70	Dias, Joseph.
77	Gomez, Fred. P.
78	Graham, Bertram C.
84	Jamieson, Charles.
85	Johnson, Edward L. V.
90	Martin, Joseph.
91	Martin, Osmond.
92	Mayers, Charles.
94	Morton, Clarence V.
95	Newton, George.
97	Pereira, Eugene.
101	Phillips, Eric Donald.
102	Samson, Raymond.
103	Shiner, William, H. D.
106	Spinoze, Albert.
107	Thakore, Narayan Prasad.

Order of merit	Roll No.	Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.	Subject in which distinction gained.
	108	Thongmain, John Henry.			
	111	Williams, George Lionel.			
	124	Fernandez, Kathleen.			
	133	Lincoln, Florence I. M.			
	147	Hardless, Carlyle.			
	166	Smith, Maud.			
	168	Diaz, Cecil David B.			
	177	Xavier, Elizabeth.			
	181	Ritchson, Kathleen G.			

III.—Absentees, 13.

10	Conway, Lewis.			
19	Heppolett, Richard.			
22	Phillips, Richard.			
27	Todd, William.			
56	Amir Ali.			
64	D'Cruz, Charles.			
76	Gomes, Robert.			
89	Martin, Jonah.			
100	Phillips, Alick.			
132	Le Roy, Vergie.			
136	Neice, Kathleen.			
139	Pope, Nora.			
140	Stuart, Thelma.			

IV.—Withdrawn, 1.

72	Dowman, Terence.			
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N.B.—The names of the candidates who competed for scholarships are printed in *italics*.

* Junior Elementary Scholarships of Rs. 12 a month are awarded to the candidates from 1st January 1920, subject to the condition that satisfactory proof of age is furnished, that the candidate was under 15 years on 31st December 1919.

A. MERCER,

Inspector of European Schools, Bengal.

CALCUTTA,

The 30th January 1920.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION.

THE undermentioned candidate has been admitted to the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. The subject of the thesis submitted to and approved by the Board of Examiners is stated against his name :—

Name of candidate.

Subject of thesis.

Rajamantrapravina Dewan Bahadur

Jnan Saran Chakrabarti, M.A.

... Agricultural Insurance.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate.

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, *the 29th January 1920.*

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA

NOTIFICATION.

THE Senate of the Calcutta University will proceed, in the month of March 1921, to appoint the first Lecturer for the Stephanos Nirmalendu Ghosh Lectures endowed for a course of lectures on Comparative Religion, to be delivered at the University.

The honorarium of the Lecturer will be Rs. 9,000 and he will be required to deliver his lectures in English not more than twice a week. The course is expected to consist of eight lectures. The Lecturer will have to deliver to the University a complete copy of his lectures within a month after their delivery. In dealing with the subjects of his lectures, the Lecturer should endeavour to show that the highest ideal for man lies in love and service to his fellow-men according to the essence of the teaching and life of Christ and that life lived under the guidance of this ideal constitutes the highest advancement of human personality, the acceptance of a particular creed or dogma being of subordinate importance.

The lectures are to be delivered during the cold weather of the session 1921-22. The copyright of the lectures will belong to the University.

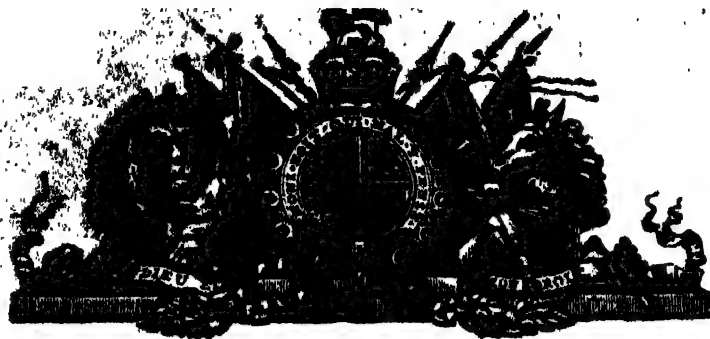
Applications from candidates for the Lectureship should reach the Registrar of the University not later than the 31st January 1921, and should be supported by—

(1) a brief syllabus indicating the scope of the lectures proposed to be delivered,

(2) a statement of the original work or investigation in Comparative Religion which a candidate may have done

J. C. GHOSH, Registrar.

SENATE HOUSE, CALCUTTA, the 15th January 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1920.

PART II.

Advertisements.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 27th January 1920

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up	Government Securities	...	...	...
Reserve Fund	Other Authorized Investments	...	...	...
Transfer to special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, see below	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	...	...	...
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	Accounts of credit on ditto	...	...	...
Public deposits at Head Office	Bills discounted and purchased	...	...	...
Ditto ditto at Branches	Balances with other Banks	...	...	...
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	Bullion	...	...	...
Bank Post Bills, etc.	Dead Stock	...	...	...
Guarantees	Stamps	...	...	...
	Sandries	...	...	...
	44,81,69,512	1	11		33,49,18,685	14	3

* Includes Govs. & $\frac{1}{2}$ Govs.; value Rs. 2,85,147 8 0

† Do do do. „ 5,16,960 0 0

Rs. 8,02,107 8 0

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.

Percentage 26.85.

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 29th January 1920.

C. M. TALLACK,
Chief Accountant.

By order of the Directors,
N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(276-1)

INSOLVENT ESTATES (OLD ACTS).

HALF-YEARLY STATEMENT MADE UP TO 31ST JULY 1918.

Debtor.	Whole amount of receipt.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.				Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends not payable.	Net balance.	Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under Rule 17 of the P. T. I. Act of 1909.	Probable outturn of the dependant.
		Dividends paid.		Other payments						
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.					
A		Rs. <th>A. P.</th> <th>Rs.</th> <th>A. P.</th> <th>Rs.</th> <th>A. P.</th> <th>Rs.</th> <th>A. P.</th> <th></th>	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
Alexander & Co.	2,91,087 1 9	2,32,428 3 10		48,899 13 8		9,759 0 3	8,954 5 1	.....	804 11 2	Nothing further re- coverable.
Adam, Scott & Co.	1,31,609 5 4	1,06,547 4 0	23,083 5 1		1,975 12 3	1,109 15 0	.....	.....	865 13 3	Ditto.
Asiatic Marine Insurance Office	8,40,361 11 1	6,92,143 5 11	1,38,990 12 9		8,927 8 5	4,061 4 0	.....	.....	4,866 4 5	Ditto.
Anstruthers & Co.	17,005 3 3	7,366 11 6	3,714 4 1		5,891 3 8	5,496 3 11	.....	.....	394 15 9	Ditto.
Arrakel, J. G.	1,024 5 6	52 6 1	394 15 9		576 15 8	129 2 7	.....	.....	447 13 1	Ditto.
Alexander Wallace & Co	24,142 11 7	16,356 2 7	6,404 3 1		1,382 6 11	545 4 8	.....	.....	837 1 3	Ditto.
Anderson, George	1,896 12 6	.....	963 9 3		853 8 3	733 0 2	.....	.....	120 3 1	Ditto.
Atkinson & Co., W. L.	17,234 12 9	5,630 9 6	8,863 2 11		2,741 0 4	2,058 0 4	.....	.....	683 0 0	Ditto.
Adhar Chunder Shaw	19,013 9 11	8,134 4 9	8,242 15 4		2,636 5 10	1,207 3 3	.....	.....	1,429 2 7	Ditto.
Andrew, J.	2,037 0 5	950 10 0	348 5 8		738 0 9	142 11 3	.....	.....	595 5 6	Ditto.
Anderson, G. (2nd)	4,963 9 4	2,787 14 2	1,560 1 9		615 9 5	264 8 2	.....	.....	351 1 3	Ditto.
Albertini, Cesar (P. Acerboni & Co)	20,143 7 1	15,348 8 6	2,086 13 1		1,344 0 10	147 3 9	.....	.....	2,560 13 9	Ditto.
Ayazool Hadjee Abdool Rohomon	11,461 10 3	8,028 15 6	17,419 13 2		7,995 6 5	1,229 10 10	7,879 10 8	.....	114 6 0	Ditto.
Ashutosh Mookherjee	29,301 2 3	8,885 14 4	2,540 9 3		668 7 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Anand Mohon Dutt and another	3,739 2 3	530 1 1	1,296 2 3		918 10 11	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Adam Ahmed	7,545 1 7	5,330 4 5	5,151 6 7		1,362 6 11	.....	.....	.....	21 2 2	Ditto.
Abdool Gunay	19,111 4 0	12,597 6 7	936 0 8		1,565 3 1	.....	.....	1,565 3 1	.....	Ditto.
Akhoy Kumar Chuckerbutty	2,501 3 9	.....	.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Adhar Chunder Harra (Adhar Chunder Harra and Sachinundun Haldar)	532 12 3	.....	.....		502 12 3	.....	.....	502 12 3	.....	Ditto.
Akhoy Kumar Mookerjee	7,911 13 9	2,737 15 7	3,384 11 9		1,789 2 5	130 1 8	.....	1,659 0 9	.....	Ditto.
Arthur, Allan (P. account)	588 14 10	62 13 11	.....		526 0 11	195 12 1	.....	330 14 10	.....	Ditto.
Adaito Chunder Dhar and another	6,084 15 1	1,919 12 6	405 12 5		3,759 6 2	3,745 13 0	.....	13 9 2	.....	Ditto.
Abdul Karim Omar	17,459 2 5	2,727 10 4	315 10 3		14,415 13 10	318 4 11	.....	13,535 15 0	561 9 11	Ditto.
Arthur Allan (Ewing & Co.)	2,46,891 14 0	1,70,564 14 8	50,639 5 10		25,667 9 6	25,667 4 3	.....	20 5 3	.....	Ditto.
Balfour & Co.	5,61,316 3 6	3,04,469 3 4	2,55,188 14 1		1,665 2 1	.....	.....	.....	951 7 11	Nothing further re- coverable.
Boyd & Co.	30,673 14 3	10,773 10 4	13,425 1 11		6,475 2 0	1,953 3 11	.....	.....	4,521 14 1	Ditto.
Boyd, John (1st)	15,235 0 0	8,047 9 5	5,635 0 5		1,562 6 2	1,445 10 8	.....	.....	116 11 6	Ditto.
Boyd, John (1st)	1,705 7 1	79 1 11	547 6 0		1,078 15 2	582 1 8	.....	.....	496 13 6	Ditto.
Bleett, James	873 0 0	40 0 11	222 14 2		610 0 11	610 0 11	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.

Babu W. N.	4,149	4	9	49	3	7	3,498	4	2	601	13	0	392	4	5	.....	209	8	7	Ditto.
Babu J. J. (3rd)	4,425	4	6	1,112	3	5	2,384	6	10	928	10	3	648	13	0	.....	285	13	3	Ditto.
Babu Lall Shriv and another	1,35,630	2	7	89,288	14	9	30,736	10	9	15,504	9	1	1,225	1	1	.....	247	8	0	Ditto.
Baldeo Das (Chatterbhooj Baldeo Das)	3,802	3	1	1,661	0	3	891	0	10	1,750	2	0	1,150	2	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Bhoreemall Gandaka	16,319	3	6	11,211	1	1	3,226	1	6	1,882	0	11	1,752	4	0	.....	129	12	11	Ditto.
Bhoreebhaur Khettry and others (Nannomall Khettry)	1,04,279	10	2	79,244	7	1	16,555	1	2	8,480	1	11	1,998	10	3	.....	481	7	8	Ditto.
Bhagya W. M.	6,180	0	0	1,024	13	10	116	13	10	538	4	4	370	9	10	.....	167	10	6	Ditto.
Bhoobun Mohun Basarjee and another	1,58,927	12	8	36,824	1	11	1,16,279	15	3	5,823	11	6	5,823	11	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Bhola Nath Das	3,100	0	0	29	11	2	2,449	11	7	620	9	3	524	5	11	.....	96	3	4	Ditto.
Baker, F. W. (separate account)	2,337	15	3	1,010	14	10	123	9	0	1,203	7	5	1,157	14	6	.....	45	8	11	Ditto.
Bhoktan Chaud Batty	1,452	6	4	857	10	8	74	6	5	520	5	3	286	10	5	.....	233	10	10	Ditto.
Bhujendra Bhasu Chatterjee	2,580	10	3	893	4	8	629	15	10	2,057	5	9	725	5	6	.....	1,332	0	4	Ditto.
Brigida W. M.	1,360	13	0	312	7	2	37	1	11	1,011	3	11	167	7	10	.....	843	12	1	Ditto.
Beer Chaud Coondoo and another	2,201	3	3	642	5	2	968	9	6	590	9	7	590	9	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Bal Chaud Khosai Chaud and others	8,653	7	11	3,581	4	9	2,853	2	6	2,219	0	8	1,777	14	5	.....	441	2	3	Ditto.
Baroda Kanto Pramanick	8,699	10	0	6,015	5	10	2,089	4	9	594	15	5	594	15	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Brojo Gopal Chatterjee	1,028	2	0	.....	.....	.....	125	0	6	904	1	6	.....	.....	.....	904	1	6	.....	Ditto.
Bhimraj Sakhtiya and another (Sobharam Bhindraj)	27,052	1	10	19,667	7	6	6,186	5	1	1,177	11	3	1,095	2	4	.....	82	8	11	Ditto.
Basanta Lal	730	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	730	0	0	.....	.....	.....	730	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Bongobedhar Singhania (Kripa from Sookdoyal)	2,849	2	6	505	2	14	1,661	8	10	682	6	9	589	4	11	.....	93	1	10	Ditto.
Bal Chaud Neem Chaud	3,994	9	0	531	2	9	2,209	2	9	1,164	3	6	1,164	3	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Buckwar Chaud and Balkissen	46,985	12	3	34,529	2	4	11,441	4	0	1,015	5	11	947	15	5	.....	67	6	6	Ditto.
Bal Chaud Soorana	1,575	0	0	733	4	1	177	6	2	664	5	9	664	5	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Bhalrodan Jawar and another	8,551	4	6	5,494	9	1	75	7	5	2,275	4	0	1,466	12	6	808	7	6	.....	Ditto.
Brj Mohan Doley	35,599	1	11	3,249	0	9	25,156	3	8	7,194	13	6	7,029	12	7	165	0	11	.....	Ditto.
Bhugwan Das and another (Gujar and Mohadeo)	4,089	5	9	2,246	14	10	368	3	2	1,474	3	9	1,451	3	9	23	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Barrow, O. F.	6,794	3	8	3,394	15	0	361	4	6	3,038	0	2	3,030	12	5	7	3	9	.....	Ditto.
Beer Narsing Dutt	92,825	10	5	8,791	0	7	79,576	5	5	4,459	4	5	4,412	6	3	46	14	2	.....	Ditto.
Babu Lal and another (Harnund Roy Babu Lal)	57,722	12	6	35,428	8	8	5,953	8	3	16,340	11	6	16,252	2	.....	88	9	4	.....	Ditto.
D. C. of the D. A. transferred to K. 905-7.	1,698	0	0	569	0	1	71	2	9	1,117	13	2	651	15	7	.....	465	13	7	Ditto.
Bhoobun Mohun Das	8,618	8	3	3,728	4	5	4,415	9	2	504	10	8	411	0	11	.....	93	9	9	Ditto.
Biscesur Lal and another (Radha Kissen Kotary)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Colvin & Co.	1,34,427	8	8	1,36,470	10	10	31,296	10	8	16,660	3	2	8,755	3	0	.....	7,905	0	2	Nothing further re-coverable.
Crittenden Mackillap & Co.	99,959	11	1	72,895	6	5	20,263	11	4	6,800	9	4	5,080	1	9	.....	1,720	7	7	Ditto.

Name.	Whole amount of excess.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.		Net balance.	Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under Rule 176 of the P. T. L. Act of 1909.		Probable outcome of the dependancies.
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
C										
Caanyrum Choonce Lall	9,623	9 3	5,676	2 8	2,212	5 4	1,736	1 3	1,523	9 7
Cany Lall Bural and another	21,208	5 11	17,472	10 1	2,390	11 5	745	0 5	632	14 3
Crookton, G. F.	5,413	5 4	2,747	14 3	2,124	12 6	540	10 7	487	13 3
Charles Nephew & Co	3,15,390	11 10	4,15,052	2 6	98,146	12 8	12,191	12 8	10,246	11 8
Castello, M. G.	3,201	7 9	2,227	5 6	264	10 2	709	8 1	372	14 3
Carr, Robert	11,349	3 8	9,779	11 7	966	1 8	603	6 5	603	6 5
Catopher, Robert	907	10 6	196	15 8	167	15 9	432	11 1	542	11 1
Child, W. C.	22,090	10 0	16,599	6 0	4,704	11 10	770	12 4	691	4 8
Gole, George (Perry & Co.)	3,018	10 4	1,310	12 1	958	1 11	770	12 4	770	12 4
Golvile, Gilmore & Co.	1,77,543	19 8	14,326	12 10	88,649	4 8	74,567	9 2	65,716	2 11
Ghota Lall Sew Prosad	44,733	11 0	19,348	5 2	19,610	14 10	5,774	7 0	5,632	1 11
Conti, G. A.	3,567	10 8	849	7 7	1,092	4 4	1,625	14 9	383	3 11
Cohen, S. E., and E. E. Cohen	1,806	3 0	280	1 10	1,012	9 4	513	7 5	317	12 5
Glunder Kanto Shaw	43,972	1 6	6,315	7 7	36,831	6 6	825	3 5	825	3 5
Goleman, G.	1,716	8 0	936	7 5	119	3 2	610	13 5	610	13 5
Coverjee Bonnyaj	985	6 6	157	11 7	59	6 8	768	4 3	690	2 6
Cohen, J. A. (2nd)	2,303	6 7	1,374	11 7	1,374	11 7	1,228	11 0	1,160	3 1
Ghog mail Chetay Lall	3,237	12 6	693	14 0	1,493	3 4	1,050	11 2	241	11 6
Chandmull Jorwamull	9,658	11 6	6,355	3 4	2,699	14 2	603	10 0	421	15 10
Clark, A. M. (J. H. Fergusson & Co.)	23,198	8 2	12,913	0 9	7,506	9 11	2,578	13 4	1,482	12 5
Cowie, David, and another (Colvin, Cowie & Co.)	1,63,753	2 9	91,447	1 7	64,423	11 4	7,882	5 10	6,904	4 0
Cohen, A. A.	1,752	2 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,752	2 0	.....	.....
Cham Chander Bose	1,603	7 0	146	3 1	662	15 11	794	4 0	794	4 0
Cotton, W. L.	1,769	1 5	1,089	3 10	119	12 10	569	0 9	560	0 9
Cameron, C. A.	2,400	0 0	1,577	5 8	139	1 11	683	8 5	683	8 5
Chaitram Mehre	2,165	2 0	593	4 0	880	2 3	631	11 9	675	6 10
Cobbald, H. R. (Mitchell, Bardale & Co.)	51,562	3 11	27,418	1 1	7,438	2 4	16,706	0 6	13,889	8 6
Chomney Lall Oswal and others	16,341	4 4	10,593	7 1	3,786	11 4	1,701	1 11	954	15 3
(Chomney Lall Bhimray)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chomney Lall Doodhooia and another (Uneliran and Thun- small)	1,990	12 3	1,034	8 0	149	10 9	836	9 6	.....	.....
Chomney Lall Bold and another	6,620	14 3	4,332	1 2	1,736	2 0	552	11 1	.....	.....
Chingemull Mahoru Chaud)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
G. E. Das	67,840	0 0	59,063	1 5	13	12 0	8,763	2 7	8,676	12 7

Chooai, Lall and others (Panna Chand Chooni Lall) ...	2,05,939 15 1 Represents - S. P. of G. P. M. 13,363 8 10	91,804 6 11	95,542 13 5 P. of G. P. N. 14,786 13 4	18,892 10 9	6,951 2 7	11,941 8 2	.....	Ditto.
Chiranjee Lall and others (Ram Narain Chatterbong) ...	5,842 8 8 32,286 1 3	1,663 1 6 8,002 9 5	1,651 13 9 20,773 10 1	2,527 9 5 3,509 13 9	2,467 10 9 3,395 1 2	59 14 8 114 13 7	.....	Ditto. Ditto.
Chow, E. A., 1st Insolvency ...								
Dave, J. M. ...	12,991 0 0	10,202 12 8	2,214 0 8	574 2 8	316 11 4	.....	257 7 4	Nothing further re- coverable.
DeSilva, John Emanuel ...	15,089 13 2	11,131 11 5	1,023 1 3	2,934 6 6	2,909 8 8	.....	24 13 10	Ditto.
Dickson, William ...	1,943 0 2	1,039 2 3	297 0 3	506 13 8	506 13 8	.....	.....	Ditto.
Dorett Brothers ...	2,184 9 6	34 7 9	1,470 1 6	660 0 5	660 0 5	.....	.....	Ditto.
Duff, David ...	2,137 12 9	1,041 8 5	489 15 9	606 4 7	483 9 4	.....	122 12 3	Ditto.
Dwarkanath Mitter ...	5,938 12 0	731 10 10	4,641 13 5	565 3 9	447 8 9	.....	117 11 0	Ditto.
Deso Nath Dey ...	12,218 11 11	7,804 8 7	2,355 6 4	2,098 13 0	1,631 1 4	.....	467 11 8	Ditto.
DeBruiner, John ...	65,912 4 7	8,106 7 4	7,188 1 7	617 11 8	326 13 7	.....	290 14 1	Ditto.
DeWood Khan Esabhooy ...	1,797 8 9	31 11 4	1,238 4 7	527 9 10	190 5 0	.....	337 3 10	Ditto.
Deb Narain Bysak and another ...	5,691 14 6	3,885 4 9	1,447 4 7	859 3 2	859 3 2	.....	244 10 8	Ditto.
Dearta Nath Daw and another ...	7,866 9 6	4,764 8 9	1,980 12 10	1,121 3 11	876 9 3	.....	602 10 1	Ditto.
De Santo, R. J. ...	2,050 7 2	795 0 0	649 1 5	606 5 9	3 11 8	.....	41 0 6	Ditto.
Dharam Chand (Golam Chand Dharam Chand) ...	22,408 9 8	18,677 5 5	3,270 7 6	460 12 9	419 12 3	.....	.....	Ditto.
Dhatri Coomar Shaw ...	8,307 9 4	5,844 6 6	1,848 15 6	614 3 7	614 3 7	.....	.....	Ditto.
Durrant, W. E. ...	3,903 3 9	1,010 13 0	1,307 14 11	1,584 7 10	1,584 7 10	.....	.....	Ditto.
Debendra Nath Chauder and another (C. D. Maugosa & Co.) ...	8,988 8 2	6,035 15 2	2,169 6 7	783 2 5	749 4 4	.....	33 14 1	Ditto.
Dykes & Co., J. A. ...	11,927 8 1	4,349 5 2	5,866 9 2	1,011 9 9	312 12 7	698 13 2	.....	Ditto.
Darnford, A. H. E. ...	2,569 14 3	.....	11 0 0	2,558 14 3	.....	2,558 14 3	.....	Ditto.
Damodur Das ...	4,018 15 9	2,159 2 7	999 14 6	859 14 8	716 12 1	.....	143 2 7	Ditto.
Durlav Chauder Coondoo ...	27,373 6 6	12,127 0 9	13,688 2 6	1,558 3 3	1,557 3 3	1 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Dass Brothers (Sambhoo Nath Dass) ...	20,350 4 4	12,467 1 1	2,926 2 1	4,957 1 2	4,117 15 11	839 1 3	.....	Ditto.
Deb Chand Bhangance (Jesraj Sobhagnull) ...	10,243 0 9	6,307 12 11	1,938 14 11	1,996 2 11	1,949 2 6	47 0 5	.....	Ditto.
Durga Dutt Bajoria ...	60,375 8 3	49,581 10 8	8,883 5 8	1,910 7 11	457 2 7	1,453 5 4	.....	Ditto.
Eagleton, F. A. ...	3,653 3 6	72 11 2	2,841 4 4	739 4 0	446 0 1	.....	293 3 1	Nothing further re- coverable.
Epino, Manuel Del ...	3,800 1 3	1,667 15 11	1,298 6 11	833 10 5	687 8 7	.....	146 1 10	Ditto.
Emmett, C. H., and J. H. Chambers (Emmett and Chambers) ...	23,491 8 3	8,799 11 3	13,109 13 1	1,581 15 11	1,581 15 11	.....	.....	Ditto.

Represents transfer
from U. D. Account
No. 45-4-2.

	93	7	6	Ditto.
Jadav, S. K.	570	14	8	Ditto.
Jagur Lal Moohem	270	0	4	Ditto.
Jagan, M. C.	182	1	9	Ditto.
Jagdendra Nath Kowar	280	2	6	Ditto.
Jogal Kisore Sew Lal and	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Futab Chand	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jarewasnuli Begamy and another	847	7	6	Ditto.
Jatiroop and Choonee Lal	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jadab Chunder Sikdar	33	7	6	Ditto.
Joharnull Mohun Lal	551	3	7	Ditto.
Joharry Lal Pal and another	689	13	4	Ditto.
Jogendra Sri Ghosh	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jodindra Narain Dey and others	31,623	14	6	Ditto.
	10,000 W. B. 88-8-9 De. Inst.			
Joy Goyal Pal, Ist Insolvency	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Juggernath and others (Guzanond Lachminarain, Jaggeruth Chotey Lal)	315	12	8	Ditto.
	2,174	8	3	Ditto.
Khan Mahomed Dhurrinsee	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kali Das Dass and others	9,777	8	4	Nothing further re- coverable.
Kulkarnjee Somderjee (Somderjee Waljee & Co)	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Khetter Nath Oshetperje	62	12	11	Ditto.
Kelly, H.	78	6	7	Ditto.
Kyer Mahomed Sahabzada	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kisorey Mohan Chander	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kissen Chand Galechia (Ochboy Ram Kissen Chand)	414	13	9	Ditto.
Koylash Chunder Greenany	2,696	2	9	Ditto.
Kally Churn Ghose	312	1	6	Ditto.
King, Lorraine	568	14	2	Ditto.
Kraig & Co	166	1	3	Ditto.
Kapp F.	1,173	7	2	Ditto.
Kulada Prasoonno Ghose	523	13	1	Ditto.
Khoda Box Mullick	14	1	4	Ditto.
Knaum Kumar Mitter	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kalooram Hirawat (2nd)	111	13	11	Ditto.
Kristo Ki-hore Dutt	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kalooram Hirawat and others (Heera Lal Subun Lal)	767	3	3	Ditto.
Kanjee Jits-a and others	301	15	6	Ditto.
	117	13	0	Ditto.
	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.

Debit.	Whose amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfers to undivided accounts under Rule 176 of the P. T. I. Act of 1909.	Probable outturn of the dependancies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
K								
Kalageria Surjanarain	3,401 9 6	54 0 6	1,986 7 11	1,361 1 7	1,329 10 10	3 4 0	34 10 9	Nothing further recoverable.
Kaabi Prosad Luchminarain	19,565 4 6	13,582 1 4	3,369 4 9	2,613 14 5	2,188 6 1	421 8 0	4 0 4	Ditto.
Kisorey Ghand Sheremull	5,756 10 5	2,294 6 5	2,180 1 7	1,282 2 5	981 15 5	.....	350 3 0	Ditto.
Kadernall Onkernull	8,469 0 8	5,380 4 11	1,270 12 5	818 0 2	761 10 9	56 5 5	.....	Ditto.
Kally Prosonno Dey	1,473 2 0	52 8 0	492 8 8	928 1 4	924 14 4	3 3 0	.....	Ditto.
L								
Loyal, Matheson & Co.	3,68,485 13 8	2,81,882 10 8	84,883 12 0	1,719 7 0	1,285 5 1	.....	434 1 11	Nothing further recoverable.
Le Tourneau, Labadie & Co.	7,483 10 3	1,098 13 8	5,433 14 7	920 14 0	538 7 3	.....	382 6 9	Ditto.
Latapie, E. D. (2nd)	3,982 6 1	12 0 2	3,079 2 10	891 3 1	795 10 4	.....	95 8 9	Ditto.
Leja, Hamill & Co.	6,527 12 4	595 0 8	2,343 0 4	3,589 11 4	3,244 15 2	.....	344 12 2	Ditto.
Landeman, J. V.	1,008 10 5	234 3 6	243 15 10	530 7 1	480 12 4	.....	49 10 9	Ditto.
Ledlie, A. H. (2nd)	1,654 8 7	180 6 6	658 12 11	815 5 2	52 8 2	.....	762 13 0	Ditto.
Letchmi Narain Khattry	1,726 9 9	429 2 0	617 3 6	680 4 3	411 14 8	.....	268 5 7	Ditto.
Latapie & Co., E. D.	2,444 10 6	286 6 0	487 6 0	1,670 14 0	1,557 12 4	.....	113 1 8	Ditto.
Leish, A. B. S.	885 8 11	143 0 0	69 0 4	673 8 7	200 0 0	.....	473 8 7	Ditto.
Loke Nath Shaw	8,323 8 6	5,175 6 2	2,494 13 6	653 4 10	553 4 10	.....	.....	Ditto.
Lyal, R. A., and another (Lyal, Renn & Co.)	3,06,219 2 3	3,06,074 15 5	50,755 7 1	3,388 11 9	2,712 7 11	.....	676 3 10	Ditto.
Leitch, J. K. (Kerr, Leitch & Co.)	1,853 3 0	588 2 9	520 14 6	744 1 9	51 13 3	.....	692 4 6	Ditto.
Lehman, E. F. W. (Margard, Lehman & Co.)	17,292 10 0	12,483 10 5	3,369 13 3	1,429 2 4	319 10 3	.....	1,116 8 1	Ditto.
Lehman & Co.	37,331 4 11	30,290 7 9	5,639 10 3	1,491 2 11	905 15 4	.....	585 3 7	Ditto.
Lingpethoy Duenpethoy	4,781 8 5	2,836 15 7	992 9 8	951 15 2	951 15 2	.....	.....	Ditto.
Le France, F. A. (2nd)	980 0 0	254 14 6	91 3 2	613 14 4	613 14 4	.....	.....	Ditto.
Laljee Maheshwary	6,999 8 9	5,248 7 2	887 7 5	863 10 2	180 4 5	583 5 9	.....	Ditto.
Leiman, R. S.	875 13 9	32 6 10	44 13 1	798 9 10	601 7 3	.....	197 2 7	Ditto.
Lekram Baldeo Das	14,468 5 3	10,185 5 0	3,788 13 1	494 3 2	494 3 2	.....	.....	Ditto.
Lalit Mohan Pal Chowdhry	43,107 4 3	12,742 5 8	20,784 9 4	9,580 5 3	2,120 10 11	7,459 10 4	.....	Ditto.
Lakshmi Narain Dutt	59,141 3 6	51,319 6 2	3,562 10 8	3,239 2 8	2,643 0 4	596 2 4	.....	Ditto.
M								
Mackintosh & Co.	2,28,494 11 11	1,24,788 3 2	77,432 6 5	2,74 2 4	2,413 1 2	.....	1,861 1 2	Nothing further recoverable.
Mahabharat Roy	10,914 8 0	.....	4,762 1 0	6,852 7 0	.....	6,852 7 0	.....	Ditto.
Mahad, Fagan & Co.	17,631 7 7	6,941 8 1	10,248 13 4	541 2 5	8 6 7	.....	532 11 10	Ditto.
Mackin, L. A.	885 4 9	18 8 8	342 2 8	624 9 5	430 15 10	.....	93 9 7	Ditto.
Melville, William	1,868 8 8	.....	359 4 6	1,509 4 2	1,339 13 7	.....	169 6 7	Ditto.
Murdoch, Mackenzie & Co.	5,598 2 8	17 10 1	5,037 6 4	543 2 3	458 0 8	.....	85 1 7	Ditto.

McDonald, Daniel	1,591	14	2	2	247	8	0	589	13	9	854	9	0	609	11	3	.....	244	13	9	Ditto.
Martin, William	2,106	11	8	75	0	0	0	552	6	2	1,479	5	6	5	0	0	.....	54	5	6	Ditto.
Middlecoat, J. H. P.	1,011	14	6	111	7	11	1,459	3	0	.....	801	8	2	6	5	.....	222	1	9	Ditto.	
Miser Dawood Ally	3,044	0	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	229	14	5	54	14	9	191	12	2	.....	163	2	7	Ditto.
Maidunjee Dhanumsee	880	0	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	68	9	6	811	6	8	472	10	8	.....	338	12	0	Ditto.
Morgan, C.	1,978	6	3	685	1	2	.....	2,040	1	0	1,093	3	2	813	3	5	.....	279	15	9	Ditto.
Magnanum	4,227	6	6	1,405	6	1	.....	2,040	1	0	781	5	5	695	14	0	.....	85	7	5	Ditto.
Murray, James (Black and Murray)	14,162	15	2	9,637	3	3	.....	2,598	4	3	1,927	7	8	1,927	7	8	.....	3,847	6	0	Ditto.
Mamood Shaw Mahmood Sahabzade	16,074	5	7	10,017	10	7	.....	1,496	13	0	4,559	14	0	712	8	0	.....	87	15	6	Ditto.
Martin, J. C.	2,327	4	7	840	6	5	.....	159	13	4	1,327	0	7	1,239	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Medhaseodan Dutt (No. 2)	8,150	7	5	6,026	15	11	.....	1,226	14	3	896	9	3	896	9	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Maddun Mohun Dey and another	40,925	4	2	34,081	7	11	.....	5,687	12	8	520	15	7	437	6	1	.....	83	9	3	Ditto.
Mangos, C. D.	13,687	12	10	4,643	6	11	.....	8,055	1	1	989	4	10	858	0	9	.....	131	4	1	Ditto.
Mahomed Baker Aga	2,098	2	9	1,032	11	3	.....	432	2	10	633	4	8	534	8	1	.....	98	12	7	Ditto.
Marshall, F. H. (Marshall Bros)	12,811	4	11	6,749	8	9	.....	4,650	2	0	1,411	10	2	1,294	8	4	.....	117	1	10	Ditto.
Megraj Bura and Chogemull	11,487	2	8	7,919	4	4	.....	2,352	5	0	1,215	9	4	1,099	10	1	.....	115	15	3	Ditto.
Kotary (Megraj Chogemul)	864	6	6	122	7	4	.....	23	14	6	718	0	3	146	1	6	.....	571	15	2	Ditto.
McKay, W. R.	1,119	15	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	62	14	8	1,057	0	.....	965	14	3	.....	91	2	7	Ditto.
McArthur, James	3,094	3	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,421	8	5	672	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	672	11	4	Ditto.	
Mohendro Nath Bose	9,662	3	3	5,021	3	6	.....	4,084	5	7	556	10	2	268	13	1	.....	287	13	1	Ditto.
Mohendro Nath Mullick	3,774	9	10	1,522	12	9	.....	1,533	8	1	718	5	0	567	1	8	.....	151	3	4	Ditto.
Mohamed Bhoj	3,432	14	7	198	4	1	.....	2,638	9	4	596	1	2	365	6	7	.....	230	10	7	Ditto.
Mahomed Moonessee Atia	1,740	0	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	294	15	0	1,445	1	3	.....	.....	.....	1,445	1	3	Ditto.	
Maddun Mohan Khettry	7,868	3	10	3,057	15	6	.....	4,029	3	7	781	0	9	781	0	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Maharaj and Maddan Gopal	505	12	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,048	15	1	505	12	10	.....	.....	.....	505	12	10	Ditto.	
McJohn, J.	4,876	9	3	1,942	7	8	.....	10,564	12	2	1,685	2	6	1,287	14	4	.....	397	4	2	Ditto.
Muty Ram Sett & Sons	48,762	3	9	30,443	6	5	.....	3,556	15	3	7,754	8	4	6,734	8	4	.....	1,019	8	10	Ditto.
Miller, J. R. (John Miller & Co.)	5,766	8	2	1,586	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	523	8	6	399	8	0	.....	124	0	6	Ditto.
Mason, Michael Peter	791	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	791	1	2	.....	.....	.....	791	1	2	Ditto.	
Mason, Peter Petros	10,977	9	11	5,905	9	2	.....	4,453	11	6	618	5	3	508	10	4	.....	109	10	11	Ditto.
Moorally Dhu Baneco Lall	15,634	1	9	8,231	9	5	.....	3,737	15	6	3,664	8	10	2,296	3	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Medhubindu Roy Chowdry	4,846	5	9	2,770	0	7	.....	1,200	15	9	825	5	5	847	1	5	.....	28	4	0	Ditto.
Mervan, K. P., and another	10,590	11	6	7,099	4	9	.....	1,609	13	0	1,881	9	9	1,854	9	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Michael, J. C. (3rd)	4,534	0	0	2,104	13	4	.....	914	3	4	1,514	15	4	1,511	0	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mohendro Nath Sedukhan	16,035	14	2	7,506	3	0	.....	995	7	8	7,734	3	6	7,415	10	9	.....	318	8	9	Ditto.
Mooljee Jumna Das	7,691	13	11	4,660	15	1	.....	2,328	5	1	702	9	9	625	15	3	.....	76	10	6	Ditto.
Mool Chand and Jearaj	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nilkanta Das Sil	623	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	623	0	0	.....	.....	.....	623	0	0	Nothing further re- coverable.	
Nemy Churn Bysack	1,210	13	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	428	5	4	782	7	8	696	8	1	.....	85	15	7	Ditto.
Nobin Kristo Ghose	2,450	0	0	617	3	1	.....	536	10	3	1,296	2	8	1,063	3	1	.....	232	15	7	Ditto.
Narain Singh & Co	32,007	6	11	18,805	8	7	.....	9,718	1	2	3,483	13	2	3,424	11	7	.....	59	1	7	Ditto.
Nicoll, J. Dyce	23,409	1	11	9,527	9	10	.....	5,556	0	4	8,325	7	9	1,549	6	8	.....	6,776	2	1	Ditto.
Nobin Chander Dey	1,375	1	7	542	8	0	.....	247	1	10	585	7	9	585	7	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.

Names.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under Rule 175 of the P. T. I. Act of 1908.	Probable outcome of the dependences.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
N								
Nicholls and others (W. Nicholls & Co.)	18,841 1 4	13,331 1 10	4,261 1 2	1,248 14 4	912 15 7	.....	335 14 9	Nothing further re- coverable.
Nichols, J. D., and another (Kelly and Co.)	12,300 9 3	6,386 14 5	2,418 1 10	3,495 9 0	3,310 3 0	.....	155 6 0	Ditto.
Nagendro Naitan Datt (separate account)	7,364 8 9	2,826 4 14	2,530 0 5	2,008 4 0	1,977 13 8	.....	30 6 4	Ditto.
Nieschic, P.	2,530 6 8	1,679 15 5	229 5 9	621 1 6	561 0 8	.....	60 0 10	Ditto.
Nogendro Nath Banerjee and another	947 1 6	.....	309 14 2	646 3 4	.....	545 3 4	.....	Ditto.
Notal Churn Sen	900 0 0	.....	.....	900 0 0	.....	900 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Nell, C. L.	1,497 1 0	298 8 0	813 4 0	385 5 0	385 5 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nehin Chunder Datt and another	1,407 7 0	.....	843 12 10	563 10 2	563 9 7	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nadia Chaud Sanyal and others	6,790 1 0	1,284 10 9	3,533 7 10	2,281 14 5	2,191 14 2	90 0 3	.....	Ditto.
Nobin Chunder Daw and others	2,440 0 2	.....	150 1 11	2,289 14 3	2,289 15 3	Dr. balance. 0 1 0	.....	Ditto.
O								
Owen, Allhusen & Co.	29,891 0 9	794 12 2	25,800 15 0	3,295 4 8	3,163 15 10	.....	131 4 10	Nothing further re- coverable.
Ord, William (Mardock & Co.)	3,515 2 8	.....	2,944 14 7	570 3 8	511 1 0	.....	59 2 8	Ditto.
Ord, W. K.	679 8 4	57 7 10	53 4 9	568 11 9	503 11 10	.....	64 15 11	Ditto.
Osail, Thomas	1,510 13 8	.....	671 3 1	839 10 3	465 9 6	.....	374 1 1	Ditto.
Osarao Singh	2,747 15 11	1,845 11 8	391 9 2	510 11 3	352 14 1	.....	157 13 0	Ditto.
Obhay Churn Datt	1,127 0 6	487 9 9	137 0 0	502 6 9	.....	502 6 9	.....	Ditto.
Oman Hajee Ibrahim	3,994 4 2	2,012 15 1	375 1 8	1,606 3 5	1,212 6 5	393 13 0	.....	Ditto.
P								
Palmer, John	7,707 7 11	6,152 6 4	1,015 0 0	542 0 9	542 0 9	393 13 0	.....	Nothing further re- coverable.
Pew, P. L.	52,965 13 1	34,068 0 5	12,875 1 11	6,022 10 9	2,167 15 2	.....	3,854 11 7	Ditto.
Powers, J.	7,075 8 6	2,972 1 0	3,003 4 3	1,100 3 3	806 10 9	.....	293 8 6	Ditto.
Parry, John	4,995 8 11	1,744 7 6	1,616 0 1	1,636 1 3	1,549 15 9	.....	86 1 6	Ditto.
Prioo, Henry	15,380 1 3	.....	14,642 9 1 8	737 15 7	660 5 9	.....	77 9 10	Ditto.
Payne & Co (Walker Newton & Co.) (Bombay firm)	8,025 0 0	6,125 3 10	1,367 15 6	531 12 8	531 12 8	.....	.....	Ditto.
Phillips, John	4,166 0 0	610 11 8	248 10 5	3,356 9 11	2,912 10 4	.....	2,394 15 7	Ditto.
Phillips, G. W. DeBhee	1,260 0 0	538 14 4	98 9 5	622 8 3	2,912 10 4	.....	60 4 0	Ditto.
Phulp Chunder Chatterjee	748 11 7	37 12 5	75 8 9	635 6 5	335 6 5	.....	.....	Ditto.
Phulp Chunder Mitter	672 9 7	.....	2 8 0	670 1 7	.....	670 1 7	.....	Ditto.

Frozan Chand Galecha (Dhurum Chand Poorum Chand)	96,947	4	1	42,486	15	0	33,592	7	0	20,767	14	1	19,327	8	11	.....	940	5	2	Ditto.
.....	3,129	9	9	1,109	0	8	1,364	2	4	656	6	9	241	5	0	8,932	0	3	Ditto.	
.....	35,446	13	0	15,125	3	8	11,148	4	1	73	5	3	2,828	15	10	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.	
.....	7,955	10	10	4,277	3	8	566	4	9	3,121	14	5	515	2	2	.....	292	14	7	Ditto.
.....	3,283	6	11	1,409	7	3	1,229	1	6	515	2	2	177	13	1	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.	
.....	9,184	7	10	4,123	0	1	3,727	13	7	1,333	10	2	1,029	11	1	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.	
.....	1,716	2	3	581	1	7	93	10	7	1,041	6	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.	
.....	6,163	14	3	3,008	0	0	3,175	7	4	0	6	1	.....	.....	.....	0	6	11	Ditto.	
.....	18,29	6	11	4,949	14	8	10,068	9	1	3,276	15	2	3,008	1	7	.....	268	13	7	Ditto.
.....	5,940	2	11	3,661	5	11	589	3	2	989	9	10	675	5	3	313	4	7	Ditto.	
.....	8,785	14	2	7,162	15	2	1,559	0	9	563	14	3	20	15	2	.....	542	15	1	Nothing further re- coverable.
.....	1,178	13	4	702	13	10	444	4	0	631	12	5	591	11	0	.....	40	1	6	Ditto.
.....	838	5	4	52	4	5	217	8	2	568	8	1	453	1	6	.....	115	7	3	Ditto.
.....	11,032	15	0	3,373	5	8	6,015	1	6	1,644	7	1	1,285	10	3	.....	358	13	7	Ditto.
.....	1,23,306	9	4	76,538	6	6	29,912	4	9	16,755	14	4	16,832	14	4	.....	372	15	9	Ditto.
.....	9,319	8	0	4,158	0	11	2,041	7	1	3,120	0	0	3,066	8	8	.....	53	5	4	Ditto.
.....	3,052	8	8	282	0	0	2,027	4	6	743	4	2	309	14	9	.....	433	5	5	Ditto.
.....	1,189	0	0	.....	.....	.....	2,027	4	6	930	13	5	690	13	5	.....	239	11	1	Ditto.
.....	5,562	0	0	138	2	5	2,869	1	9	2,554	11	9	62	13	6	2,491	14	3	Ditto.	
.....	8,141	12	6	4,427	4	5	2,408	6	8	1,506	1	5	1,107	12	11	.....	198	4	6	Ditto.
.....	83,759	12	6	52,608	8	4	26,996	12	2	4,154	8	0	4,020	8	3	.....	133	15	9	Ditto.
.....	3,796	13	7	1,637	9	1	425	11	7	1,733	8	8	1,537	12	2	.....	195	12	6	Ditto.
.....	57,280	1	1	31,982	1	9	21,011	11	2	4,285	10	2	4,128	9	5	.....	157	0	9	Ditto.
.....	7,527	14	3	5,005	2	4	1,122	6	5	680	5	6	680	5	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.	
.....	2,784	3	9	1,418	6	4	708	1	11	657	11	6	657	11	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.	
.....	1,933	2	9	668	12	9	723	0	5	544	5	7	334	9	2	.....	209	12	5	Ditto.
.....	1,500	0	0	477	2	10	81	12	9	941	0	5	726	4	9	.....	214	11	8	Ditto.
.....	13,795	10	0	10,443	11	5	2,663	9	1	688	5	6	505	15	5	.....	182	6	1	Ditto.
.....	5,998	10	10	185	7	9	1,717	6	5	4,145	12	8	233	14	0	.....	3,911	14	8	Litto.
.....	35,245	14	4	5,084	2	6	23,327	14	0	6,853	13	10	1,013	14	5	5,839	15	5	Ditto.	
.....	13,333	5	0	10,502	0	10	1,073	3	9	1,758	0	5	216	13	6	1,541	2	11	Ditto.	
.....	1,363	0	6	422	10	2	233	9	4	706	13	0	446	9	8	.....	260	3	4	Ditto.
.....	1,545	8	3	506	2	6	475	10	9	563	11	0	421	3	0	.....	142	8	0	Ditto.
.....	753	0	0	.....	.....	.....	45	8	3	707	7	9	647	14	2	.....	59	9	7	Ditto.
.....	4,358	15	6	1,864	2	2	1,915	9	9	579	3	7	579	3	7	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.	
.....	5,064	0	4	.....	.....	.....	4,361	9	6	699	6	10	.....	.....	.....	699	6	10	Ditto	

Debit.	Whole amount of receipts.		WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.				Balance.		Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.		Net balance.		Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under Rule 175 of the P. T. I. Act of 1909.		Probable outturn of the dependences.
	Rs.	A. P.	Dividends paid.		Other payments.		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
R															
Ram Rick Kerwa and another (Kisan Lal Jainarain)	1,371	5 3	495	11 0	142	10 3	732	0 0	732	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nothing further re- coverable.
Ram Doyal Chobay	1,764	2 3	.....	.....	15	8 6	1,748	9 9	.....	.....	1,748	9 9	.....	.....	Ditto.
Rajendra Nath Ghose and another (Ghose, Sinha & Co.)	84,181	7 1	66,773	3 8	15,981	6 4	1,423	13 1	1,426	13 1	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Ramjee Das Khettry and another (Ramjee Das Gopal Das)	1,639	12 0	493	15 0	581	5 1	555	7 11	262	8 3	.....	.....	292	15 8	Ditto.
Ram Gopal Soogun Chand	525	2 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	525	2 0	.....	.....	525	2 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Robinson, J. H. (Sud Insolvency)..	830	0 0	.....	.....	41	4 11	788	11 1	563	10 9	.....	.....	225	0 4	Ditto.
Ram Rick Pal	613	3 3	.....	.....	53	14 10	559	4 5	474	3 1	.....	.....	85	1 4	Ditto.
Ram Coomer Chowdhury	16,994	15 10	9,683	6 0	6,439	7 10	472	2 0	471	2 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Ranchore Das Dhurjee	26,104	7 3	13,010	14 1	10,408	6 2	2,685	3 0	2,685	3 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Rekhab Das Bagree and others	8,184	15 8	1,569	13 10	5,290	5 4	1,324	12 6	1,261	8 0	.....	.....	63	4 6	Ditto.
Ram Pratap and others (Ram Pratap Joyarain)	6,371	12 6	2,236	9 5	1,709	11 11	2,425	7 2	2,078	6 2	.....	.....	347	1 10	Ditto.
Raghunath Das Mudden Gopal	73,481	6 2	37,671	5 7	23,753	6 0	7,056	10 7	6,704	15 2	.....	.....	351	11 5	Ditto.
Raghunath Rai Sureka	7,572	7 6	1,305	13 7	1,947	6 1	4,319	3 10	1,772	13 8	2,546	6 2	.....	.....	Ditto.
Ram Lal Mullick	3,359	13 8	.....	.....	3,115	9 8	244	4 0	.....	.....	244	4 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Ram Lal and others (Bhugwan Das Banna Chand)	5,889	0 9	3,150	7 2	551	1 0	2,187	8	2,188	5 9	.....	.....	19	2 10	Ditto.
Ramrick Das and another (Sirdar-mul Ram Rick)	11,036	10 6	7,735	14 0	1,849	2 6	1,450	10	1,450	10 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
S															
Stewart, W. C. & Co.	8,040	4 10	2,515	5 5	1,414	11 0	4,110	4 5	3,953	12 5	.....	.....	156	8 0	Nothing further re- coverable.
Senais, W. De Monti	2,514	11 7	.....	.....	912	2 6	1,602	9 1	1,533	5 10	.....	.....	69	3 3	Ditto.
Stoqueler, J. H.	7,138	0 0	210	6 5	5,537	0 7	1,390	9 0	1,122	12 7	.....	.....	267	12 5	Ditto.
Schlaeter, Michael	20,294	14 10	16,357	13 1	2,433	0 9	1,504	1 0	669	0 9	.....	.....	835	0 3	Ditto.
Smollett, W. S.	1,976	10 3	248	4 11	328	9 3	1,399	12 1	1,040	0 0	.....	.....	359	12 1	Ditto.
Sheppard, G. A.	5,598	2 10	4,179	1 11	662	0 7	757	0 4	652	6 0	.....	.....	104	10 4	Ditto.
Series & Co., P. J.	52,610	10 9	6,473	9 2	45,380	2 2	756	15 5	602	12 10	.....	.....	154	2 7	Ditto.
Series, P. J.	10,227	7 7	5,170	7 7	3,097	6 5	959	10 8	787	6 3	.....	.....	172	4 5	Ditto.
Free Gopal Mitter	1,951	0 0	55	14 4	674	6 8	1,216	11 0	1,033	0 11	.....	.....	123	10 1	Ditto.
Shubb, W. V. G.	3,491	6 5	81	3 10	1,649	12 7	1,760	6 0	262	2 3	.....	.....	1,498	3 9	Ditto.
Solomon, Moladina	64,041	6 10	43,579	4 11	17,498	10 0	2,293	7 11	2,293	7 11	.....	.....	280	11 11	Ditto.
Sib Chander Seal	13,555	3 9	3,239	6 10	9,479	3 3	836	9 8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Saunderson, Pundray	32,283	9 9	18,850	1 5	7,473	4 4	5,960	4 0	29	5 1	.....	.....	730	14 11	Ditto.
Saunderson, Mullick	17,782	7 7	13,851	5 6	3,389	12 10	541	5 3	431	12 6	.....	.....	109	8 9	Ditto.
Smith, A. M.	2,800	10 7	244	1 6	801	15 7	1,754	9 6	1,371	10 8	.....	.....	382	14 10	Ditto.

Solomon & Co., D. H.	16,053 12 9	9,548 4 5	4,711 4 9	1,794 3 7	1,606 0 1	.....	188 3 6	Ditto.
Smith, F. T.	1,22,111 4 8	60,033 2 9	61,513 13 4	564 4 7	564 4 7	.....	.....	Ditto.
Smith, Thomas & Co.	66,941 4 3	8,918 11 0	56,288 9 2	1,734 0 1	56,288 12 0	.....	655 4 1	Ditto.
Sham Lal Khetry (Dewki Nundun Laljee Mall)	16,592 12 6	12,647 15 8	3,302 15 10	.....	3,302 13 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Souredro Mohun Tagore	810 5 9	132 12 7	62 11 4	614 13 10	614 13 10	.....	.....	Ditto.
Stephen, A. J. (2nd Invoice)	1,201 8 0	212 14 5	42 1 2	945 8 5	326 1 3	.....	620 7 2	Ditto.
Stallier, F. (separate account)	5,482 10 7	1,287 9 0	1,489 4 1	2,705 13 6	2,489 5 2	.....	216 8 4	Ditto.
Syed Ibrahim Hossein	7,910 1 3	.....	1,410 1 3	3,500 0 0	.....	3,500 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Singoreml Setmull	1,151 1 0	.....	603 2 3	547 14 9	.....	547 14 9	.....	Ditto.
Stoddessur Das (1st)	2,748 4 0	290 0 0	674 15 1	1,783 4 11	1,772 10 2	1,108 15 10	10 10 9	Ditto.
Sew Das Biswas Das	1,784 9 5	.....	685 9 7	1,108 15 10	.....	1,371 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Santosh Lal Dutt	13 8 0	.....	.....	1,371 8 0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Sheodanmull and another (Sheodanmull Chugunmull)	8,847 1 4	7,292 5 6	876 10 3	678 1 7	678 1 7	.....	.....	Ditto.
Sammers, A. (Watson and Sammers)	12,397 8 8	5,529 15 0	5,901 15 9	965 9 11	358 9 7	.....	607 0 4	Ditto.
Sarjeemull Kadia (Sownarain Soorjeemull)	2,442 15 10	931 13 4	990 15 11	520 2 7	520 2 7	.....	.....	Ditto.
Shaik Elahi Bax and another	3,255 6 9	1,965 14 10	550 11 2	738 12 9	738 12 9	.....	.....	Ditto.
Stewart, C.	60,695 15 8	41,866 6 7	17,736 14 6	1,092 10 7	1,092 10 7	.....	.....	Ditto.
Schollay & Co.	1,077 2 1	212 9 7	191 10 4	672 14 2	214 2 8	.....	459 11 6	Ditto.
Sarat Chander Barman	5,465 14 9	.....	1,989 1 9	3,476 13 0	.....	3,476 13 0	.....	Ditto.
Soobee Bhushan Coondoo and others (Kala Chand Coondoo)	23,490 10 4	5,874 1 14	13,655 0 11	3,961 7 6	2,078 10 2	1,882 13 4	.....	Ditto.
Smith, E. A., and others (E. A. Smith & Co.)	9,567 12 0	6,062 5 11	2,365 14 10	539 7 5	403 8 7	.....	135 14 0	Ditto.
Shaik Omar Ally and another	10,213 2 0	4,943 10 8	1,329 14 8	3,939 8 8	2,212 5 6	1,727 3 2	.....	Ditto.
Greenbush Patro	980 0 0	232 12 4	83 14 5	663 5 3	630 4 6	.....	33 0 9	Ditto.
Serat Chander Gossain	1,600 0 0	593 10 0	69 2 11	537 3 1	527 8 6	.....	9 10 7	Ditto.
Smythe, C. V.	1,630 12 9	853 1 1	55 11 9	641 15 11	629 7 6	.....	12 8 5	Ditto.
Soondarmull Sitaram	9,321 11 6	6,120 4 7	2,165 2 1	1,036 4 10	1,036 4 10	.....	.....	Ditto.
Sorujmull (Udooyram Tanak Das)	5,241 13 9	3,849 6 3	847 3 9	545 2 9	462 13 10	.....	82 4 11	Ditto.
Soogun Chand Goopeekissen	12,935 1 6	8,802 15 6	3,174 8 10	957 9 2	640 12 11	.....	315 12 3	Ditto.
Soos Kissen Das Champa Lal (Gobin Lal and others)	27,054 6 3	8,196 1 8	10,977 4 11	7,880 15 8	7,839 9 0	.....	41 6 8	Ditto.
Schiller F., and others (Borradale Schiller & Co.)	1,52,678 15 7	64,826 0 6	31,510 14 11	36,342 0 2	36,013 7 2	328 9 0	.....	Ditto.
Sham Lal and others	9,010 8 2	2,726 2 3	852 7 0	5,431 14 11	5,131 14 0	330 0 11	.....	Ditto.
Sykes, G. S. (Sykes & Co.)	22,408 15 9	16,210 8 0	4,609 14 6	1,588 9 3	1,555 15 3	.....	22 10 0	Ditto.
Soobee Bhushan Mukerjee	2,273 2 0	1,522 15 5	91 11 0	658 7 7	48 5 11	610 1 8	.....	Ditto.
Sownarain Soorajmull	5,248 6 6	2,972 13 4	680 2 9	1,595 6 5	828 12 5	766 10 0	.....	Ditto.
T								
Tallah & Co. (1st)	1,21,167 0 7	68,615 10 C	50,626 7 9	1,924 14 10	1,139 10 6	.....	785 4 4	Nothing further re- coverable.
Tallah & Co. (2nd)	19,223 10 2	8,961 4 4	9,624 15 7	577 6 3	411 1 3	.....	166 5 0	Ditto.

Debit	Whole amount of receipts.		Whole Disbursements.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Transfers to undivided account under Rule 175 of the P. T. I. Act of 1909.	P. T. I. Act of 1909.
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
T											
Thomas & Co. ...	4,55,276	15 3	3,98 103	6 2	5,933	9 11	1,314	1 0	5,619	8 11	Nothing further re- coverable.
Tarton, Sir T. E. M. ...	2,49,996	3 10	1,48,440	1 3	1,108	15 11	661	10 0	447	5 10	Ditto.
Troyluckho Nath Roy and another	26,576	11 0	18,630	12 6	803	7 1	712	2 11	91	4 2	Ditto.
Therndike, A., and another (Atkin- son, Tilton & Co.) ...	48,581	15 8	19,772	18 0	3,599	14 0	2,681	9 4	918	4 8	Ditto.
Tasook Roy and Premsook Roy ...	27,590	9 11	10,023	12 8	6,677	5 1	5,653	1 7	1,024	3 6	Ditto.
Templeton, A. N. (2nd) ...	2,009	0 0	58 10	0 4	1,231	1 8	1,231	1 8	.....		Ditto.
Tarobell, R. A. ...	18,183	9 3	2,771	3 3	1,335	8 1	107	3 8	1,228	4 5	Ditto.
Tincovery Das ...	6,741	8 4	4,295	4 9	1,283	1 0	1,283	1 0	.....		Ditto.
Tirethran ...	1,415	3 9	519	12 6	699	6 8	207	4 5	492	2 3	Ditto.
Tincovery Nundy ...	8,380	6 9	3,069	1 5	1,532	3 10	527	13 8	.....		Ditto.
Tolaram and another (Tolaram Champalall) ...	3,865	15 3	.....		653	4 6	.....		653	4 6	Ditto.
Tara Prasanna Sircar ...	1,62,699	9 6	76,571	3 6	2,503	6 8	2,531	3 4	72	3 4	Ditto.
Tin Cowry Sakhian ...	8,969	13 11	5,443	10 11	1,170	1 9	527	3 1	642	14 8	Ditto.
Totai Das Pal ...	10,360	2 7	3,397	7 5	4,214	8 3	1,234	11 4	2,979	12 11	Ditto.
U											
Upendra Chander Singh (2nd) ...	14,627	10 3	9,073	8 0	1,474	2 1	42	12 3	1,491	6 7	Nothing further re- coverable.
V											
Vandenberg, J. B. (2nd) ...	5,740	4 3	4,036	0 7	1,235	11 11	1,235	11 11	.....		Nothing further re- coverable.
Voight ...	125	0 0	.....		125	0 0	.....		125	0 0	Ditto.
W											
Wallis, Joseph ...	1,20,346	2 7	88,227	7 6	2,165	14 5	1,398	0 5	767	14 0	Nothing further re- coverable.
Waring, E. S. S. ...	3,066	8 8	1,784	1 7	753	1 11	647	4 3	105	13 8	Ditto.
William, Stephen ...	20,504	1 1	17,453	13 10	842	5 0	474	9 9	367	11 3	Ditto.
Watson & Co. (Gibson & Co.) ...	1,06,512	3 0	87,390	15 9	1,336	3 0	1,908	9 8	1,232	9 4	Ditto.
Wood, H. W. J. ...	2,539	13 0	712	3 7	522	4 2	322	1 1	156	8 5	Ditto.
Wood, David ...	1,414	3 0	56	7 3	543	11 6	311	6	.....		Ditto.
Wright, John ...	4,457	8 3	2,391	0 8	963	3 2	354	14 4	608	4 10	Ditto.

Wells, O. B.	8,520	11	5	6,592	2	1	1,403	4	3	525	5	2	120	11	5	.....	404	9	8	Ditto.
Wells, W. (G. F. Hodgkinson & Co.)	25,413	4	5	1,022	8	2	22,444	3	9	1,946	8	6	1,549	5	6	.....	397	3	0	Ditto.
W. G. Chander Banerjee	23,981	14	1	19,723	8	11	2,084	8	11	1,183	12	3	.....	12	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
W. G. Chander Banerjee and another	9,243	6	8	3,473	13	2	2,635	2	1	.....	7	0	1,132	15	1	.....	1,401	7	11	Ditto.
W. G. Chander Banerjee and another	2,144	11	8	.....	.....	.....	3	14	0	2,144	13	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
W. G. Chander Banerjee and another	4,860	2	9	1,002	1	3	2,984	10	3	873	7	3	534	6	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nothing further re- coverable.
W. G. Chander Banerjee and another	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Prepared by
M. N. CHATTERJEE,
Accountant.

A. J. CRAIG,
Auditor.

G. M. FAIRNER,
Official Assignee, Calcutta.

Certified to be correct.
T. H. WONGAR,
Examiner, Outside Accounts, Calcutta.

CALCUTTA,
The 5th March 1919.

INSOLVENT ESTATES (NEW ACT).

HALF-YEARLY STATEMENT MADE UP TO 31ST JULY 1918.

Estate.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfer to unclaimed dividend account under rule 176 of the P. T. L. Act of 1909.	Probable outcome of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
A .								
Apear, Alexander, A. (Jur.)	50,589 10 11	45,452 4 11	3,423 10 5	1,713 11 7	.....	1,679 7 5	34 4 2	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Agharam	124 4 0	.....	23 10 4	100 9 8	.....	100 9 8	No. 2	Ditto.
Adeya Nath Rakshit	2,202 11 9	1,197 13 0	676 11 6	328 3 3	.....	.....	224 0 1	Ditto.
Adamji Dawdbhoi	19,186 0 9	11,961 4 5	1,090 9 6	6,134 2 10	.....	299 8 7	104 3 2 No. 2 5,910 5 10	Ditto.
Adam Ahmed	50 0 0	.....	23 14 0	26 2 0	.....	26 2 0	24 4 5 D.C. of let D.A. transferred to E.	Ditto.
Abdul Latif Ahmed	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Atulya Prasad Ghose	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Aghore Kumar Montenegro	50 0 0	.....	29 4 0	20 12 0	.....	20 12 0	.....	Ditto.
Agtey and another, A. J.	50 0 0	.....	29 2 6	20 13 0	.....	20 13 0	.....	Ditto.
Aghore Chunder Nang	473 5 7	120 0 0	109 10 11	243 10 8	.....	243 10 8	.....	Ditto.
Agharam and Belimson	5,986 11 6	469 6 10	2,380 8 7	3,036 12 1	.....	387 14 7	2,648 13 6	Ditto.
Arjun Chunder Dutt	50 0 0	.....	10 13 6	39 2 6	.....	39 2 6	No. 2	Ditto.
Akhil Chunder Chatterjee	50 0 0	.....	25 3 0	24 13 0	.....	24 13 0	.....	Ditto.
And Krishna Shome	50 0 0	.....	6 8 0	43 8 0	.....	43 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Arjun Chunder Sookul	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Abash Chunder Banerjee	50 0 0	.....	24 12 0	25 4 0	.....	25 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Atulya Prasad Banerjee	50 0 0	.....	22 11 6	27 4 6	.....	27 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Adampree Kishor Bhai	50 0 0	.....	5 11 6	44 4 6	.....	44 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Arjun Prasad Nag	3,479 3 11	1,681 8 2	477 7 4	1,320 4 5	1,117 15 1	195 7 2	.....	Ditto.
Aniruddha Bhow	361 12 6	.....	166 5 4	195 7 2	.....	202 5 4	.....	Ditto.
Ananda Mohan Dey	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Abdul Bari	50 0 0	.....	26 6 0	25 10 0	.....	25 10 0	.....	Ditto.
C. Anupya Nath Roy	50 0 0	.....	6 7 6	43 8 6	.....	43 8 6	.....	Ditto.
Atulya Chunder Das	50 0 0	.....	5 15 6	44 0 6	.....	44 0 6	.....	Ditto.
Arjun Chunder Gupta	639 14 2	185 9 1	155 0 10	299 2 3	137 1 10	162 0 5	.....	Ditto.
Ananta Churn Auddy	276 0 6	.....	262 12 3	13 4 3	.....	13 4 3	.....	Ditto.

Abul Ghose	418 14 9	.....	154 14 6	256 0 3	.....	Ditto.
Abul Mannan	50 0 0	.....	6 5 6	43 10 6	.....	Ditto.
Abul Kurnar Auddy and Palin	4,300 13 10	.....	659 8 4	3,641 5 6	.....	Ditto.
Abul Kurnar Auddy	2,150 0 0	1,398 5 2	595 10 1	156 0 9	.....	Ditto.
Abul Hapit	50 0 0	.....	18 7 0	31 9 0	.....	Ditto.
Abul Krishna Sen	211 5 0	.....	205 5 0	6 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Abul Farid Mahmud Anzul Huq (Bengali)	50 0 0	.....	11 2 6	35 13 6	.....	Ditto.
Abul Ghose	549 3 0	.....	147 4 9	401 14 3	.....	Ditto.
Abul Chander Sarkar and another	6,730 13 6	120 0 0	523 10 8	6,087 2 10	74 6 6	Ditto.
Abul Churn Chuckerbutty and others	425 0 0	.....	221 15 6	203 0 6	No. 2.	Ditto.
Amulya Churn Sarkar	650 0 0	480 7 4	56 14 6	102 10 2	.....	Ditto.
Agney, Edward Joseph	76 4 9	.....	30 12 2	44 8 7	.....	Ditto.
Ajodhya Prasad (Lachminarain Bungsheer)	205 8 9	.....	21 7 8	184 1 1	.....	Ditto.
Aminuddin Halder	50 0 0	.....	15 8 6	34 7 6	.....	Ditto.
Abul Chander Sen	50 0 0	.....	11 2 6	38 13 6	.....	Ditto.
Abul Chander Dutt	1,054 9 9	.....	787 8 8	267 1 1	.....	Ditto.
Ajodhya Prasad Sing	50 0 0	.....	15 3 0	34 13 0	.....	Ditto.
Agier, Chander Charles	5,201 0 0	4,277 1 8	595 15 6	327 14 10	218 13 1	Ditto.
Albini, Gustave	50 0 0	.....	9 5 6	40 10 6	.....	Ditto.
Abdalla Hadjee Hamed	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Abdul Rosul	11,087 9 6	4 11 9	10,911 4 7	171 9 2	4 11 0	Ditto.
Adaita Churn Khatoa and Goto	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Abul Chuckerbutty	50 0 0	.....	43 12 0	6 4 0	No. 2.	Ditto.
Azmat Ali	50 0 0	.....	13 10 0	36 6 6	.....	Ditto.
Alimuddin Sagul Mahomed Amin	50 0 0	.....	43 12 0	6 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Agul and Mahomed Amin	50 0 0	.....	1,484 0 6	5,305 1 3	4,254 7 8	Ditto.
Achintob Mullick	12,765 15 0	5,977 13 8	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Anee Chand and another (Ance Chend Narain Das)	50 0 0	.....	8 11 6	41 4 6	No. 2.	Ditto.
Abdul Aziz	50 0 0	.....	12 5 0	37 11 0	.....	Ditto.
Abdul Sobhan	17,985 8 8	.....	7,142 9 11	10,842 14 9	.....	Ditto.
Abdul Halim Ghuznavi	50 0 0	.....	13 13 6	36 2 6	.....	Ditto.
Anandjee	50 0 0	.....	11 9 6	34 6 6	.....	Ditto.
Aiya Kolai Nadir	50 0 0	.....	8 8 0	41 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Ahmuddin Khoja Mehta Monmel	50 0 0	.....	17 7 0	32 9 0	.....	Ditto.
Apurba Krishna, Moti Lal	57 8 0	.....	18 3 6	39 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Ananda Prasad Roy	50 0 0	.....	8 11 0	41 5 0	.....	Ditto.
Achiup Chinanau	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.

Particulars.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfers to accumulated dividend account under rule 179 of the P. T. L. Act of 1909.	Probable outcome of the liquidation.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
4,626	9	9	19	4	8	4,125	8	10
155	2	0	127	5	0	27	13	0
539	15	3	72	6	7	467	8	8
50	0	0	19	4	10	30	11	2
100	0	0	14	13	0	85	3	0
186	12	9	44	10	5	142	2	4
50	0	0	2	8	0	47	8	0
50	0	0	18	9	0	31	7	0
70	0	0	20	2	6	49	13	6
50	0	0	24	14	0	27	2	0
50	0	0	0	0	0	41	0	0
50	0	0	24	14	0	25	2	0
52	4	0	27	1	9	25	2	3
187	8	2	157	5	2	30	0	0
50	0	0	27	4	0	22	12	0
55	10	0	20	4	6	35	5	6
523	1	0	345	0	4	178	0	8
50	0	0	29	0	0	21	0	0
128	4	0	239	14	0	111	10	0
50	0	0	26	8	0	24	8	0
125	0	0	51	1	5	73	14	7
50	0	0	43	0	0	7	0	0
50	0	0	32	4	0	17	12	0
2,639	8	6	2,179	3	7	460	4	11
194	2	3	191	14	3	6	4	0
89	15	7	83	11	7	6	4	0
50	0	0	27	4	0	22	12	0
50	0	0	31	12	0	18	4	0
409	2	6	106	9	0	302	9	6
50	0	0	45	2	0	4	4	0
100	0	0	60	1	0	39	15	0
50	0	0	29	1	6	20	14	6
50	0	0	27	3	9	22	12	3
150	0	0	30	12	9	119	3	3
50	0	0	51	14	0	18	2	0

Outstanding in course of recovery.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Batches.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfers to undivided account under rule 175 of the P. T. I. Act of 1909.	Probable return of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	
Bipro Das Daw	594 9 6	.....	124 14 0	469 11 6	.....	469 11 6	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Dogioni, Louise	572 6 6	71 3 7	456 0 3	45 2 8	.....	45 2 8	.....	Ditto.
Bretton, Frederick George Augustus	200 0 0	.....	39 7 0	160 9 0	.....	160 9 0	.....	Ditto.
Betta, C. C. & H. N.	856 2 0	.....	133 3 10	722 14 2	.....	722 14 2	.....	Ditto.
Brijoo Lall Chowdry	550 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Basant Kumar Gangooly	405 0 0	.....	300 8 0	104 8 0	.....	104 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Beepin Behary Mullick	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Behary Lall Dey and Surendra Nath Roy	50 0 0	.....	6 15 6	43 0 6	.....	43 0 6	.....	Ditto.
Berclay, Charles	50 0 0	.....	5 15 6	44 0 6	.....	44 0 6	.....	Ditto.
Balkissen Jhawar (Balkissen, Snee- kisen and Saligram), Gunga Shal Balkissen	4,998 13 6	553 5 5	2,468 5 4	1,977 2 9	1,894 7 0	82 11 9	.....	Ditto.
Barber, Frederick	505 6 0	.....	127 7 7	377 14 5	.....	377 14 5	.....	Ditto.
Besanta Nath Nundy, Notobar Nundy and Balkuntha Nath Nundy	50 0 0	.....	5 1 6	44 14 6	.....	44 14 6	.....	Ditto.
Beopin Behary Dutt	50 0 0	.....	5 8 0	44 8 0	.....	44 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Bisnessur Shah	50 0 0	.....	6 5 6	43 10 6	.....	43 10 6	.....	Ditto.
Bisjoy Lall Mookerjee	1,008 5 0	.....	298 7 1	709 13 11	.....	709 13 11	.....	Ditto.
Binraj Nalhatta	50 0 0	.....	9 5 6	40 10 6	.....	40 10 6	.....	Ditto.
Bibola Nath Khettry	50 0 0	.....	6 3 6	43 12 6	.....	43 12 6	.....	Ditto.
Bruchio, John Charles	50 0 0	.....	30 4 0	19 12 0	.....	19 12 0	.....	Ditto.
Bratik Nath and another	4,120 6 3	.....	2,495 15 9	1,624 6 6	.....	1,624 6 6	.....	Ditto.
Bansidhar	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Beharap alias Bal Chaud	50 0 0	.....	16 4 6	33 11 6	.....	33 11 6	.....	Ditto.
Bhagwan Das	50 0 0	.....	11 6 6	38 9 6	.....	38 9 6	.....	Ditto.
Bhagbat Chunder Nundy and another (Ganga Hari Nundy)	4,367 0 6	56 0 0	1,859 3 1	2,451 13 5	.....	2,451 13 5	.....	Ditto.
Benode Behary Ghose and Lal Behary alias Lal Mohan Ghose	90 0 0	.....	42 5 11	47 10 1	.....	47 10 1	.....	Ditto.
Bridhi Chand Mojan Lal	88 4 3	.....	13 14 1	74 6 2	.....	74 6 2	.....	Ditto.
Baney Madhub Chobey	285 0 0	.....	98 13 6	186 2 6	.....	186 2 6	.....	Ditto.
Bernard, A.	50 0 0	.....	15 8 0	34 13 3	.....	34 13 3	.....	Ditto.
Burrow, Frederick	50 0 0	.....	13 15 6	36 0 6	.....	36 0 6	.....	Ditto.
Beyy Kumar Mozumdar	50 0 0	.....	14 8 0	35 8 0	.....	35 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Benoy Kristo Banerjee and Noyendra Nath Banerjee	50 0 0	.....	27 13 0	22 3 0	.....	22 3 0	.....	Ditto.
Bul Das Benani	180 6 6	.....	41 9 2	138 13 4	.....	138 13 4	.....	Ditto.
Bhagwan Kanya Lal, 118 of 1914	50 0 0	.....	20 15 0	29 1 0	.....	29 1 0	.....	Ditto.
Buckin Chunder Sen	50 0 0	.....	13 8 0	36 8 0	.....	36 8 0	.....	Ditto.

[illegible]

Particulars.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under rule 175 of the P. T. L. Act of 1900.	Probable return of the dependents.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Outstandings in course of recovery.
B								
Beepin Behary Ghose, No. 2	50 0 0	.....	19 2 0	30 14 0	.....	30 14 0	.....	Ditto.
Rasanta Kumar Das	50 0 0	.....	7 6 8	42 10 0	.....	42 10 0	.....	Ditto.
Banani Sikkar	50 0 0	.....	7 15 0	42 1 0	.....	42 1 0	.....	Ditto.
Babington, Mrs. Constance	50 0 0	.....	26 15 0	23 1 0	.....	23 1 0	.....	Ditto.
Bell, Hol. Montgomeria	53 0 0	.....	56 0 0	474 0 0	.....	474 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Beepin Behary Durr	50 0 0	.....	10 1 0	39 15 0	.....	39 15 0	.....	Ditto.
Baessler, Dr. Harry Chain	1,977 3 6	994 15 0	495 11 9	486 8 9	457 8 9	29 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Bhujendra Nath Banerjee	926 0 0	.....	162 1 9	763 14 3	.....	763 14 3	.....	Ditto.
Bethal Das Bias	50 0 0	.....	25 6 0	24 1 0	.....	24 10 0	.....	Ditto.
Brojendra Narain Das	153 6 0	.....	38 9 8	114 12 4	.....	114 12 4	.....	Ditto.
Borbridge, Herbert Harry	1,400 0 0	783 12 0	452 1 0	164 3 0	.....	164 3 0	.....	Ditto.
Badri Das Khetry	50 0 0	.....	9 0 0	42 7 0	.....	42 7 0	.....	Ditto.
Bidler, Herbert Norman	50 0 0	.....	25 5 0	24 1 0	.....	24 11 0	.....	Ditto.
Betal Das Dwarka Das	50 0 0	.....	28 3 0	21 13 0	.....	21 13 0	.....	Ditto.
Bhans (Gordhan)	50 0 0	.....	8 8 0	41 8 0	.....	41 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Bhramanull and Rich Pal of 1916	50 0 0	.....	11 12 0	38 4 0	.....	34 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Brijnath and Sohun (Rayoop and Premsook Das), 132 of 1916	50 0 0	.....	42 11 6	7 4 6	.....	7 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Bunkoo Behary Melick	50 0 0	.....	9 8 0	40 8 0	.....	40 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Barrett, George William	670 15 5	131 12 4	180 0 8	359 2 5	62 7 11	296 10 6	.....	Ditto.
Bilaooy Poddar and Bachraj Poddar	13,131 6 3	753 1 6	1,238 0 4	11,140 4 5	8,560 3 9	2,580 0 8	.....	Ditto.
Brown, Hoace Alarce	210 0 0	.....	54 9 0	155 7 0	.....	155 7 0	.....	Ditto.
Bhupannull and Sohun Lall, 183 of 1912	937 0 0	.....	.....	937 8 0	.....	937 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Blackborn, A. P.	1,726 11 6	.....	148 13 3	1,577 14 3	.....	1,577 14 3	.....	Ditto.
Bhauresan	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Balkisen Bias	* 44 8 0	.....	37 4 0	7 4 0	.....	7 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Bahadurnull Sorana (Bahadurnull Manick Chaud)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Bharaj Karnani	50 0 0	.....	17 8 0	32 8 0	.....	32 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Behary Lall Borthan	94 4 0	.....	38 14 4	55 5 8	.....	55 5 8	.....	Ditto.
Bhagban Das Benia	50 0 0	.....	24 3 0	25 13 0	.....	25 13 0	.....	Ditto.
Birendra Kumar Dutt	244 3 6	.....	37 8 7	206 10 11	.....	206 10 11	.....	Ditto.
Besudeb Jhewar	50 0 0	.....	25 2 6	24 3 6	.....	24 3 6	.....	Ditto.
Bungaldhur	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Balkisen Das Jhaburmull and Madan Lall & Co	10,543 0 3	.....	1,670 10 0	8,662 6 3	.....	8,662 6 3	.....	Ditto.
Bhujain Shah	50 0 0	.....	24 12 0	25 4 0	.....	25 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Birendra Nath Dutt	50 0 0	.....	28 8 0	21 8 0	.....	21 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Black Robert	1,167 6 5	140 11 4	423 4 3	593 7 2	.....	593 7 2	.....	Ditto.

Name	50	0	0	0	33	12	0	11	4	0	.....	Ditto.
Banley, John Charles	50	0	0	0	21	8	0	28	8	0	.....	Ditto.
Banerjee Lall Bhath	50	0	0	0	38	0	0	17	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Bai Chand Andoy	50	0	0	0	46	4	0	3	12	0	.....	Ditto.
Bibod Behary Das	102	0	0	0	29	2	10	72	13	2	.....	Ditto.
Bhagwan Das Narsing Das	118	9	3	0	47	4	10	71	4	5	.....	Ditto.
Baban, Francis Stephen	50	0	0	0	22	8	0	27	8	0	.....	Ditto.
Baredamjee Datt, S. M.	50	0	0	0	34	11	6	15	4	6	.....	Ditto.
Beepin Chunder Ghittuck	50	0	0	0	28	0	0	22	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Bessata Kumar Chuckerbatty	50	0	0	0	40	14	0	9	2	0	.....	Ditto.
Bolsi Chand Sett	50	0	0	0	27	10	0	22	6	0	.....	Ditto.
Botta Krishna Shaha alias Butto	50	0	0	0	44	0	0	6	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Kristo Sedkhan	50	0	0	0	45	5	0	23	15	0	.....	Ditto.
Rowena Kenneth Eustace	27	4	0	0	41	8	0	23	8	0	.....	Ditto.
Ben Behary Barak	65	0	0	0	17	10	0	32	6	0	.....	Ditto.
Bapint, Walter Ignatius	50	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	50	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Baldeo Sing	50	0	0	0	23	8	0	26	8	0	.....	Ditto.
Bhimraj Kutor Chand	50	0	0	0	35	0	0	19,819	6	7	.....	Ditto.
Rohanath Basu	50	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	50	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Bietram Singhania and Bhugwan	19,854	6	7	0	212	8	0	57	6	3	.....	Ditto.
Das Singhania (Mairam Hazari- mail)	50	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	50	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Bergman, George Henry Charles	155	1	9	0	.....	.....	.....	50	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Bholaram Porasram	50	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	50	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Bonemah Day	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Chabilla Lall Bora and Rung Lall Bora	652	0	0	0	312	7	9	279	10	8	261	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Chenai Lall Banerjee	195	15	10	0	35	4	4	160	11	6	.....	Ditto.
Chitramoney Day	8,281	4	3	0	8,160	4	10	120	15	5	.....	Ditto.
Chanwattan, Mr. and Mrs.	182	12	9	0	55	2	2	127	10	7	.....	Ditto.
Catapet, Gregory	2,541	1	4	0	723	0	3	1,818	1	1	.....	Ditto.
Chundy Prosad Bose and Seetul Prosad Bose	82	12	0	0	17	14	6	64	13	6	.....	Ditto.
Cohen, D. M.	50	0	0	0	26	15	0	24	1	0	.....	Ditto.
Chandi Das Pal	50	0	0	0	11	11	6	38	4	6	.....	Ditto.
Chotay Lall Poddar	50	0	0	0	2	8	0	47	8	0	.....	Ditto.
Chinnayram Bhairadan	78	4	0	0	8	12	4	69	7	8	.....	Ditto.
Chuggunmall Sepauy	50	0	0	0	2	8	0	47	8	0	.....	Ditto.
Clarke, Mrs. Josephine Margaret	50	0	0	0	5	11	6	44	4	6	.....	Ditto.
Charu Chunder Ghose	2,750	0	0	0	197	7	0	2,552	9	0	.....	Ditto.
Carter, Ernest Edward	3,389	5	0	0	593	5	0	885	6	2	488	Ditto.
Coombs, G. A.	132	13	0	0	38	10	9	94	2	3	No. 2.	Ditto.

Coomba, G. A.

Names.	Whole amount of receipts.		WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable	Net balance	Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under rule 175 of the P. T. L. Act of 1909.	Probable nature of the dependence.
	Rs.	A. P.	Dividends.	Other payments					
E									
Evans, Mrs. Emma Caroline	50	0 0	.....	Rs. A. P. 7 3 0	Rs. A. P. 42 13 0	.....	Rs. A. P. 42 13 0	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Evans, Vivian Edward David	50	0 0	.....	21 13 0	28 3 0	.....	28 3 0	.....	Ditto.
Evans, Basil Kenneth	173	12 0	.....	158 0 0	5 12 0	.....	5 12 0	.....	Ditto.
Elloy, E. S.	50	0 0	.....	41 10 0	8 6 0	.....	8 6 0	.....	Ditto.
F									
Fanindra Nath Bhattacharjee and others (Petiram Banerjee and Amulya Kanto Bhattachitt)	2,800	10 0	638 6 11	1,595 0 5	637 2 8	.....	27 12 4	609 6 4	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Fuzzie Karim Saithu	50	0 0	.....	25 5 6	24 10 6	.....	24 10 6	.....	Ditto.
Fowler, P. J.	50	0 0	.....	11 5 0	38 11 0	.....	38 11 0	.....	Ditto.
Fuzle Karim Khurja Mehta Budiyall and another	62	9 6	.....	3 2 0	59 7 6	.....	59 7 6	.....	Ditto.
Futteh Ghand Mahlan Lall	113	11 3	.....	67 0 7	46 10 8	.....	45 10 8	.....	Ditto.
Feld, Albert William Robert	50	0 0	.....	31 0 6	18 15 6	.....	18 15 6	.....	Ditto.
Fleming, Estelle Terence	50	0 0	.....	40 0 0	10 0 0	.....	10 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Futten Chaud Hasarimall	12,012	6 6	.....	11,845 2 11	167 3 7	.....	167 3 7	.....	Ditto.
Favilla, Charles Edward	50	0 0	.....	26 3 6	23 12 6	.....	23 12 6	.....	Ditto.
Forbes, William	50	0 0	.....	26 12 0	23 4 0	.....	23 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Futteh Ghand and Chotay Lall	2,925	1 3	.....	2,010 14 5	814 2 10	.....	814 2 10	.....	Ditto.
Frangopetio Iphigenia	50	0 0	.....	41 8 0	8 8 0	.....	8 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Farworth Allen	50	0 0	.....	38 12 0	11 4 0	.....	11 4 0	.....	Ditto.
G									
Golan Ebesin	50	0 0	.....	13 3 6	36 12 6	.....	36 12 6	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Garland, W. E. G. (Ronald Garland)	3,576	9 3	2,434 6 5	496 15 9	595 3 1	.....	293 4 4	300 12 0	Ditto.
Gopal Chander Dutt									
Gopal Chander Dutt	824	2 9	.....	161 13 10	662 4 11	.....	662 4 11	.....	Ditto.
Graeber, R. K.	50	0 0	.....	25 11 6	4 6	.....	24 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Gingchar Sing and Mohabir Sing	58	12 6	.....	22 15 0	3 13 6	.....	35 13 6	.....	Ditto.
Gopal Das Khetry	579	13 0	90 1.10	61 11 10	427 15 4	.....	150 10 6	277 4 10	Ditto.
Gowder, W. J.									
Gowder, W. J.	50	0 0	.....	26 11 0	23 5 0	.....	23 5 0	No. 2.	Ditto.

Bismito Chunder Gooyee and	24,279 11 4	16,037 14 11	4,950 7 8	3,281 4 9	266 3 0	3,015 1 9	Ditto.
Gedda Hossain and another	78 0 9	.....	25 4 5	52 12 4	52 12 4	6 15 6	Ditto.
Ganesh Chandra Ash	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Gulilat, W. F.	50 0 0	.....	10 4 0	39 12 0	39 12 0	.....	Ditto.
Gedda Chunder Nath	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Gurmoek Roy Nadia	12,552 15 3	1,501 3 3	9,966 13 9	1,084 14 3	71 12 7	1,008 1 8	Ditto.
Gopi Lal Shaw Chowdry and others	15,917 14 3	4,736 5 3	9,209 5 9	1,072 3 3	1,072 3 3	No. 2.	Ditto.
Gopal Das Khetry, 188 of 1911	50 0 0	.....	3 8 6	46 7 6	46 7 6	D C of 1st D. A. trans-ferred to E. account—	Ditto.
Gopal Chand Lakhani	10,309 10 0	5,194 10 8	4,242 2 2	872 13 2	.....	853 4 10	Ditto.
Ganga Prasad Har Prasad (Gopinath Guizard Lal)	4,811 10 9	1,643 8 8	2,709 7 7	458 10 6	17 4 9	No. 2	Ditto.
Gosio Behary Mallick	1,131 2 9	171 4 2	143 0 3	816 14 4	93 12 4	19 8 4	Ditto.
Grueber, Mrs. Caroline Maria	50 0 0	.....	4 0	23 12 0	23 12 0	2 2 6	Ditto.
Gunpot Rai	15,729 8 10	8 153 1 6	2,403 13 19	1,172 9 6	1 172 9 6	D C of 1st D. A. trans-ferred to E. account.	Ditto.
Greer, Charles Stewart	594 13 6	146 10 3	56 4 10	391 14 5	284 14 5	7 0 0	Ditto.
Gunnatram and others, (Bal Gobind Lal, Mookund Lal)	66,870 3 4	.....	21,662 12 1	45,217 13 3	45,207 13 3	No. 2.	Ditto.
Gregory, L.	232 5 6	.....	194 15 10	37 5 8	37 5 8	.....	Ditto.
Gungelin	50 0 0	.....	2 9 0	47 8 0	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Gurudhore Seal	53,910 0 0	1,505 10 10	3,635 2 9	59 2 5	19 10 10	.....	Ditto.
Green, J. C. J.	107 7 6	.....	36 3 9	70 15 9	70 15 9	.....	Ditto.
Goonal Nath Dutt	474 2 2	.....	469 0 11	5 2 3	5 2 3	.....	Ditto.
Gopal Roy Woodoychurn	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Gibbons, F. J.	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Gubbay, N. J.	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Guru Das Shil	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Gunga Bagan Haras	475 7 6	.....	25 4 4	450 3 2	450 3 2	.....	Ditto.
Gomes, R. har	50 0 0	.....	6 11 6	43 4 6	43 4 6	.....	Ditto.

Debtor.	Whole Disbursement.				Balance.		Portion of liability applicable to dividends now payable.		Net balance.		Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under rule 173 of the P.T.I. Act of 1909.		Probable return of the dependants.
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
D													
DeCruze, C. J.	275	0	0	.....	48	14	6	.....	226	1	6	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery
DeCruze, F.	50	0	0	.....	28	7	6	.....	21	8	6	.....	Ditto.
DeCosta, L. M.	50	0	0	.....	24	4	6	.....	25	11	6	.....	Ditto.
DeSantos, E. J.	470	0	0	.....	57	10	0	.....	412	6	0	.....	Ditto.
Dhirendra Nath Sarker	86	2	3	.....	14	11	4	.....	71	6	11	.....	Ditto.
Dunne, L. G.	50	0	0	.....	22	11	6	.....	27	4	6	.....	Ditto.
Daniel, William Reginald	50	0	0	.....	25	15	0	.....	23	1	0	.....	Ditto.
Daniel, H. S.	50	0	0	.....	25	11	6	.....	24	4	6	.....	Ditto.
Deecland Nahatta	50	0	0	.....	2	11	6	.....	47	4	6	.....	Ditto.
DeCosta, Henry	50	0	0	.....	26	9	6	.....	23	6	6	.....	Ditto.
Dharadhar Coomar	4,139	10	6	3,021 2 3	944	6	5	.....	31	10	0	148 11 4	Ditto.
												33 12 6	
												No 2	
												D. C. of 1st D. A. transferred to B	
Dalu Sing	50	0	0	.....	2	8	0	.....	47	8	0	.....	Ditto.
Dali Chand Banis	50	15	3	.....	6	12	3	.....	44	3	0	.....	Ditto.
DeCunha, Charles Omond	50	0	0	.....	26	12	0	.....	23	4	0	.....	Ditto.
Debi Prosad	50	0	0	.....	2	8	0	.....	47	8	0	.....	Ditto.
DeSilva, Walter Ambrose	50	0	0	.....	28	7	0	.....	21	9	0	.....	Ditto.
George Chura Pal and others	1,169	2	3	.....	1	075	6	5	93	11	10	.....	Ditto.
David, Thomas	239	3	4	.....	229	3	4	.....	10	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Devaz, Pascival John	220	0	0	57 5 11	27	4	6	.....	135	5	7	.....	Ditto.
Davis, G. H. Sydney	230	0	0	.....	43	0	0	.....	247	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Deorga Prosad Khettry and Newal Kishore Khettry	3,068	1	0	39 10 7	1,783	4	0	.....	1,245	2	5	.....	Ditto.
Deema, Joseph Edward	125	0	0	.....	35	1	6	.....	89	14	6	.....	Ditto.
Doongarnall Kanhyalal	1,705	8	10	.....	1,476	3	10	.....	229	5	0	.....	Ditto.
Dehook Roy	50	0	0	.....	2	8	0	.....	47	8	0	.....	Ditto.
Deveraux, G. N.	448	4	6	259 6 3	43	11	0	.....	145	3	3	.....	Ditto.
Debal Chander Seal and Panindro Nath Mukherjee	5,531	5	8	.....	1,739	0	5	.....	3,792	5	3	.....	Ditto.
Deconza, Joseph James	73	0	0	.....	29	11	6	.....	43	4	6	.....	Ditto.
Deorus, Robert Alpine	50	0	0	.....	43	12	0	.....	6	4	0	.....	Ditto.
Deorga Churn Rukshatt	30,712	11	10	.....	30,674	11	7	.....	38	0	3	.....	Ditto.
Dheopattay Nag	267	7	3	.....	37	6	3	.....	230	1	0	.....	Ditto.
Dewan Nath Dey and Behary Gail Das	2,886	6	8	.....	2,624	15	5	.....	261	7	3	.....	Ditto.
Deves, Herbert Edward	50	0	0	.....	16	4	0	.....	33	12	0	.....	Ditto.
Davis, William Arthur	50	0	0	.....	5	15	6	.....	44	0	6	.....	Ditto.

Debtor.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under rule 175 of the P. T. L. Act of 1902.	Probable outcome of the proceedings.
		Dividends.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
E								
Evans, Mrs. Emma Caroline	50 0 0	.....	7 3 0	42 13 0	.....	42 13 0	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Evans, Vivian Edward David	50 0 0	.....	21 13 0	28 3 0	.....	28 3 0	.....	Ditto.
Evans, Basil Kenneth	173 12 0	.....	168 0 0	5 12 0	.....	5 12 0	.....	Ditto.
Elroy, E. S.	50 0 0	.....	41 10 0	8 6 0	.....	8 6 0	.....	Ditto.
F								
Fanindra Nath Bhattacharjee and others (Patrima Banerjee and Ananya Kanto Butehitt)	2,800 10 0	638 6 11	1,525 0 5	67 2 8	.....	27 12 4	609 6 4	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Fariao Karim Saithu	50 0 0	.....	25 5 6	24 10 6	.....	24 10 6	No. 2	Ditto.
Fariao, P. J.	50 0 0	.....	11 5 0	38 11 0	.....	38 11 0	.....	Ditto.
Fariao Karim Khorja Mehta Badiyall and another	62 9 6	.....	3 2 0	59 7 6	.....	59 7 6	.....	Ditto.
Fattah Chaud Mahan Lal	113 11 3	.....	67 0 7	46 10 8	.....	46 10 8	.....	Ditto.
Fitch, Albert William Robert	50 0 0	.....	31 0 6	18 15 6	.....	18 15 6	.....	Ditto.
Fleming, Emma Teence	50 0 0	.....	40 0 0	10 0 0	.....	10 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Fletcher Chaud Basmirail	12,012 6 6	.....	11,845 2 11	167 3 7	.....	167 3 7	.....	Ditto.
Fletcher, Charles Edward	50 0 0	.....	26 3 6	23 12 6	.....	23 12 6	.....	Ditto.
Fletcher, William	50 0 0	.....	26 12 0	23 4 0	.....	23 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Fletcher Chaud and Chokay Lal	2,825 1 3	.....	2,010 14 5	814 2 10	.....	814 2 10	.....	Ditto.
Frangopoulis Iphigenia	50 0 0	.....	41 8 0	8 8 0	.....	8 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Farrworth Allen	50 0 0	.....	38 12 0	11 4 0	.....	11 4 0	.....	Ditto.
G								
Golan Brosan	50 0 0	.....	13 3 6	36 12 6	.....	36 12 6	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Gardard, W. E. G. (Donald Garland)	3,576 9 3	2,434 6 5	496 15 9	595 3 1	.....	283 4 4	300 12 0	Ditto.
H								
Hopel Elmsander Dutt	824 2 9	.....	161 13 10	4 11	.....	662 4 11	D. O. of lat D. A. transferred to R. account—List-8	Ditto.
Hosker, R. E.	50 0 0	.....	25 11 6	24 4 6	.....	24 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Hosangur Sing and Mohabir Sing	58 12 8	.....	32 15 0	35 13 6	.....	35 13 6	.....	Ditto.
Hoque, B. Khettar	579 13 0	90 1 10	61 11 10	427 15 4	.....	150 10 6	277 4 10	Ditto.
I								
Imanlal, W. J.	50 0 0	.....	26 11 0	23 5 0	.....	23 5 0	No. 2.	Ditto.

Debitors.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENT.		Balances.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfer to unclaimed dividend account under rule 113 of the P. T. I. Act of 1908.	Provable outturn of the dependant etc.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Gomes, O. R.	50 0 0	.....	3 11 6	46 4 6	.....	46 4 6	.....	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Gresh, C. L.	50 0 0	.....	32 1 6	17 14 6	.....	17 14 6	.....	Ditto.
Goberdhone Das Bagri	50 0 0	.....	6 9 6	43 6 6	.....	43 6 6	.....	Ditto.
Gasper, Edmond Cecil	50 0 0	.....	41 6 0	8 10 0	.....	8 10 0	.....	Ditto.
Ganendra Nath Neogy	50 0 0	.....	12 6 6	37 9 6	.....	37 9 6	.....	Ditto.
Girindra Chunder Gooyee (separate estate).	3,464 0 10	3,431 8 11	.....	32 7 11	.....	32 7 11	.....	Ditto.
Gibbon, P.	50 0 0	.....	32 0 0	18 0 0	.....	18 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Gill, A. B.	50 0 0	.....	33 5 0	16 11 0	.....	16 11 0	.....	Ditto.
Ghosechurn Das	50 0 0	.....	9 12 9	40 3 3	.....	40 3 3	.....	Ditto.
Giriah Chunder Banerjee	68 14 4	.....	29 5 10	39 8 6	.....	39 8 6	.....	Ditto.
Grindall, Percival Eales Oscar	50 0 0	.....	29 14 0	20 2 0	.....	20 2 0	.....	Ditto.
Gunga Bhak and another (Gunga Shah Surjo Shah of 1914.)	50 0 0	.....	16 6 0	33 10 0	.....	33 10 0	.....	Ditto.
George, Mannet-Joseph	50 0 0	.....	31 8 0	18 8 0	.....	18 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Gebind Lal Mookerjee	295 6 2	.....	79 4 9	126 1 5	.....	126 1 5	.....	Ditto.
Golan Mahomed	50 0 0	.....	23 1 0	26 15 0	.....	26 15 0	.....	Ditto.
Gaya Prosad	50 0 0	.....	5 12 0	44 4 0	.....	44 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Ganada Prosad Ghose and Hari Prosad Ghose.	68,570 4 7	40,033 0 11	23,738 7 1	4,798 12 7	100 0 0	3,172 4 7	310 5 5	Ditto.
Gaur Chand Day	350 0 0	.....	271 3 0	78 13 0	.....	78 13 0	.....	Ditto.
Grand, Henry	810 10 3	401 7 6	218 5 6	190 13 3	.....	182 13 11	27 15 4	Ditto.
Gobind Das Bhattacha	1,416 3 0	.....	1,265 3 0	151 0 0	.....	151 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Gasper, A. J.	50 0 0	.....	8 10 6	41 5 6	.....	41 5 6	.....	Ditto.
Ganga Bissen Tamsai	50 0 0	.....	10 12 0	39 4 0	.....	39 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Gaur Chand Das and Kunja Pal	6,192 11 0	.....	518 11 3	5,673 15 2	.....	5,673 15 3	.....	Ditto.
Gobind Chander Guin	230 0 0	.....	197 0 0	33 0 0	.....	33 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Gangadhar Agarwalla	50 0 0	.....	35 7 0	14 9 0	.....	14 9 0	.....	Ditto.
Gangaram and another	132 2 0	.....	17 6 8	114 11 4	.....	114 11 4	.....	Ditto.
Gardab Singh	1,321 5 3	.....	1,219 15 6	101 5 9	.....	101 5 9	.....	Ditto.
Ganga Bissen Harso	50 0 0	.....	25 0 6	24 15 6	.....	24 15 6	.....	Ditto.
Ghesarum Mungle Chaud	4,096 8 9	.....	4,081 1 0	16 7 9	.....	15 7 9	.....	Ditto.
Gregory, John Marchmont	223 0 0	.....	45 13 4	16 8 8	.....	15 4 2	.....	Ditto.
Girish Chander Seal	3,208 10 3	1,733 6 11	595 7 7	879 11 9	1 4 6	879 11 9	.....	Ditto.
Gunga Das Bhatter	50 0 0	.....	12 12 0	37 4 0	.....	37 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Gurpreet Singh	50 0 0	.....	23 3 6	26 12 6	.....	26 12 6	.....	Ditto.

[illegible]

Debitors.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfers to unclaimed dividend accounts under Rule 174 of the P. T. I. Act of 1909.	Probable outcome of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
G								
Gobardhan Das Ram Kissen	50 0 0	.....	8 12 0	41 4 0	.....	41 4 0	.....	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Genri Sunkur Pettaek	50 0 0	.....	.....	50 0 0	.....	50 0 0	.....	Ditto.
M								
Hari Das Mandal and Moti Lal Sett	11,033 10 0	8,304 5 2	557 10 4	2,231 10 6	689 5 9	1,022 0 0	520 4 9	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Hari Das Dasi	60,712 9 11	28,706 7 7	27,326 11 11	4,679 6 5	1,819 8 9	146 14 6	No. 2. 2,584 7 4 D. C. of 1st D. A. transferred to B-128, 7 10	Ditto.
Haranick Chand and Ram Lal	1,880 0 0	.....	501 15 8	1,378 0 4	.....	1,378 0 4	.....	Ditto.
Hari Pado Kutahitt	2,688 1 3	510 0 5	953 4 8	1,124 12 2	.....	395 10 5	729 1 9	Ditto.
Radjee Noor Mohamed Abutaleb and others	93,366 9 9	19,149 12 4	51,804 11 5	22,912 2 0	17,020 14 1	5,891 3 11	No. 2.	Ditto.
Rada Gellan Kader and others	80 8 6	.....	28 7 5	52 1 1	.....	52 1 1	.....	Ditto.
Rasree Ram and Balwesh, 71 of 1912	1,284 3 0	.....	905 8 11	378 10 1	.....	378 10 1	.....	Ditto.
Rerdarim and others	50 0 0	.....	5 11 6	44 4 6	.....	44 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Raji Mahomed Hadz	50 0 0	.....	11 0 0	39 0 0	.....	39 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Raj Abulhalla alias Hajee Abdulla	87 7 6	.....	32 12 5	54 11 1	.....	54 11 1	.....	Ditto.
Abdul Wahed	50 0 0	.....	11 1 6	38 14 6	.....	38 14 6	.....	Ditto.
Ramman Das	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Rahab Jasse	50 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Rada Hux Khishal Karim Nagmull	483 1 3	.....	26 8 8	216 8 7	.....	216 8 7	.....	Ditto.
Hag	50 0 0	.....	24 15 6	25 0 6	.....	25 0 6	.....	Ditto.
Henderson, G. F.	50 0 0	.....	25 7 6	24 8 6	.....	24 8 6	.....	Ditto.
Hendricks, Frank St. A.	173 11 9	.....	46 9 11	127 1 10	.....	127 1 10	.....	Ditto.
Hodge, C. E.	50 0 0	.....	29 1 6	20 14 8	.....	20 14 6	.....	Ditto.
Widny Nath Ghose	50 0 0	.....	5 15 6	44 0 6	.....	44 0 6	.....	Ditto.
W. Party	50 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Hari Das Ghose and Lalit Mohan Ghose	302 0 10	.....	34 10 1	267 6 9	.....	267 6 9	.....	Ditto.

	45,321 10 10	.....	45,082 5 10 P. of G. P. N.— 14,460 11 2	239 5 0	.....	239 5 0	Ditto.
Charn Sen and Gaur Churn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
	Representative S. P. of G. P. N.— 12,367 9 10 G. P. I.— 245 0 4	26,353 10 11	7,898 14 10	10,262 14 5	.....	6,926 9 3	Ditto.
Hari Bata Sreenarain (Hari Ram alias Kanjo Lal)	44,455 8 2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Hanipuddin Helder	171 0 9	.....	19 12 10	151 3 11	.....	151 3 11	Ditto.
Heera Lal Johorey	50 0 0	.....	51 14 0	298 2 0	.....	298 2 0	Ditto.
Hari Hor Mookerjee	1,151 12 0	.....	787 11 2	364 0 10	.....	364 0 10	Ditto.
Haydn, W.	50 0 0	.....	29 7 6	20 8 6	.....	20 8 6	Ditto.
Haji Latiff Hajee Tar Mahomed	50 0 0	.....	11 14 0	38 2 0	.....	38 2 0	Ditto.
Hill, William Gilder	50 0 0	.....	53 0 0	Dr. Balance—	.....	.....	Ditto.
Hari Das Pal (No. 73 of 1914)	693 14 6	.....	683 14 6	3 0 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Hardinge, William-Osmond	90 1 6	.....	28 11 6	10 0 0	.....	10 0 0	Ditto.
Heppen, Samuel	7,392 4 11	4,651 12 9	1,355 14 6	61 6 0	.....	61 6 0	Ditto.
	.....	.....	.....	1,284 9 8	.....	747 0 1	Ditto.
Hill, Mrs. Mary	50 0 0	.....	44 0 0	6 0 0	.....	6 0 0	Ditto.
Hazrimull	50 0 0	.....	15 7 0	34 9 0	.....	34 9 0	Ditto.
Hart, Osmund Ignatio	50 0 0	.....	29 15 0	20 1 0	.....	20 1 0	Ditto.
Hari Das Dutt	50 0 0	.....	16 2 0	33 14 0	.....	33 14 0	Ditto.
Bero Gouri Sankur Singh	50 0 0	.....	45 0 0	5 0 0	.....	5 0 0	Ditto.
Hur Kissen and Deo Kission	54 0 0	.....	32 15 8	21 0 4	.....	21 0 4	Ditto.
Hem Chandra Dutt	50 0 0	.....	25 7 6	24 8 6	.....	24 8 6	Ditto.
Henderson, W. S.	158 13 6	.....	60 7 4	98 6 2	.....	98 6 2	Ditto.
Hari Pado Chuckerbutty (No. 269 of 1914)	50 0 0	.....	14 9 0	35 7 0	.....	35 7 0	Ditto.
Hayes, John Hill McElley	112*10 10	.....	31 2 0	81 8 10	.....	81 8 10	Ditto.
	.....	.....	.....	Dr. Balance—	.....	.....	Ditto.
Hoakley, W. A.	50 0 0	.....	55 6 6	5 6 6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Heera Lal	50 0 0	.....	2 16 0	47 6 0	.....	47 6 0	Ditto.
Heera Lal and Khenkaran	11,815 6 3	.....	3,482 12 7	8,332 9 8	.....	8,332 9 8	Ditto.
Hilton, Harry William	50 0 0	.....	32 0 0	18 0 0	.....	18 0 0	Ditto.
Hafiz Imam Bukah and Son (Hafiz Anaddin, No. 93 of 1915)	1,145 0 0	6 5 1	232 14 0	905 12 11	886 0 7	19 12 4	Ditto.
Hari Charan Dey	192 12 2	.....	61 2 2	131 10 0	.....	131 10 0	Ditto.
Heera Lal Manna	50 0 0	.....	11 2 0	38 14 0	.....	38 14 0	Ditto.
Hari Das Dey and another	59 0 6	.....	52 12 6	6 4 0	.....	6 4 10	Ditto.
Hari Das Sinha and another	746 12 6	.....	63 15 1	682 13 5	.....	682 13 5	Ditto.
Hannan Prasad Poddar	204 8 3	.....	15 9 7	188 14 8	.....	188 14 8	Ditto.

D. C. of Ist D. A. transferred to R. account—
76 6 3

No. 2.

D. C. of Ist D. A. transferred to R. account—
76 6 3

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Name	Whole amount of receipts		Whole disbursements		Balance	Position of balance applicable to dividends		Net balance	Transfer to unclaimed dividend account under rule 176 of the P. T. I. Act of 1909	Probable outturn of the dividend
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.			
	Dividends paid	Other payments								
H										
Hari Padig Mookerjee and Nirapada Mookerjee	50 0 0	12 10 0	37 6 0	37 6 0	.....	.....	.....	37 6 0	.....	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Hari Das Sanyal	50 0 0	17 7 0	32 9 0	32 9 0	.....	.....	.....	32 9 0	.....	Ditto.
Hari Das Pal	50 0 0	18 12 0	31 4 0	31 4 0	.....	.....	.....	31 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Hamidulla	50 0 0	11 0 0	39 0 0	39 0 0	.....	.....	.....	39 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Heera Lal Mundra	50 0 0	7 0 0	43 0 0	43 0 0	.....	.....	.....	43 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Hafiz Abdul Rauf	50 0 0	7 12 0	42 4 0	42 4 0	.....	.....	.....	42 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Huzey, John Henry	395 0 0	49 9 6	345 6 6	345 6 6	.....	.....	.....	345 6 6	.....	Ditto.
Hamilton, Lillian Beatrice, Mrs., and W. K. D. Hamilton	417 9 6	53 10 0	363 15 6	363 15 6	.....	.....	.....	363 15 6	.....	Ditto.
Hazrimull and Nema Chaud	50 0 0	9 7 0	40 9 0	40 9 0	.....	.....	.....	40 9 0	.....	Ditto.
Hemanta Kumar Gupta	50 0 0	27 4 0	22 7 0	22 7 0	.....	.....	.....	22 7 0	.....	Ditto.
Hari Das Mullick (No. 22 of 1916)	50 0 0	15 11 0	34 5 5	34 5 5	.....	.....	.....	34 5 0	.....	Ditto.
Hari Dutt Ray Singhee	50 0 0	8 5 0	41 11 0	41 11 0	.....	.....	.....	41 11 0	.....	Ditto.
Hira Lal Chowdhry	50 0 0	8 14 0	41 2 0	41 2 0	.....	.....	.....	41 2 0	.....	Ditto.
Hind, Arthur George Nicholas	300 0 0	26 2 6	273 13 6	273 13 6	.....	.....	.....	273 13 6	.....	Ditto.
Hari Box Moti Lal and Ram Rick Das	50 0 0	34 8 0	15 8 0	15 8 0	.....	.....	.....	15 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Hari Das Mullick (182 of 1916)	50 0 0	11 3 0	26 13 0	26 13 0	.....	.....	.....	26 13 0	.....	Ditto.
Hari Chasen Bhur	50 0 0	17 12 0	32 4 0	32 4 0	.....	.....	.....	32 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Hari Das Mookerjee	50 0 0	29 4 0	20 12 0	20 12 0	.....	.....	.....	20 12 0	.....	Ditto.
Hari Pado, Faandro Nath and Maandro Nath Chatterjee	50 0 0	28 12 0	21 4 0	21 4 0	.....	.....	.....	21 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Hari Chander Ghose	56 12 3	17 10 4	39 1 11	39 1 11	.....	.....	.....	Debit balance— 1 2 1	40 4 0	Ditto.
Hardeo Das Khandelwal, Bisan	50 0 0	24 0 0	26 0 0	26 0 0	.....	.....	.....	26 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Boyal Khandelwal	50 0 0	26 9 0	23 7 0	23 7 0	.....	.....	.....	23 7 0	.....	Ditto.
Hapasan Bismar Lal	50 0 0	44 4 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	.....	.....	.....	5 12 0	.....	Ditto.
Harcourt, F. S.	3,590 0 0	390 3 6	3,299 12 6	3,299 12 6	.....	.....	.....	3,299 12 6	.....	Ditto.
Hari Bhupen Mukherjee	285 6 0	68 3 3	27 2 9	27 2 9	.....	.....	.....	217 2 9	.....	Ditto.
Hira Lal Singh, Futeh Singh, Nopdram Singh (Sova Ram)	50 0 0	29 12 0	20 4 0	20 4 0	.....	.....	.....	20 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Heera Lal	50 0 0	29 4 0	20 12 0	20 12 0	.....	.....	.....	20 12 0	.....	Ditto.
Hari Chura Das	50 0 0	18 9 0	31 7 0	31 7 0	.....	.....	.....	31 7 0	.....	Ditto.
Hari Har-Sirhar	50 0 0	25 7 0	24 9 0	24 9 0	.....	.....	.....	24 9 0	.....	Ditto.
Hemantall Saho	50 0 0	25 8 0	24 8 0	24 8 0	.....	.....	.....	24 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Hardev Rai	50 0 0	6 12 0	43 4 0	43 4 0	.....	.....	.....	43 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Harabhis Sen	50 0 0				.....	.....	.....		.....	Ditto.
Hari Nath Ghose	50 0 0				.....	.....	.....		.....	Ditto.

TABLE VII

Statement of the Routes by which, the Articles enumerated in Table No. VI were exported from the Calcutta Trade Block in the eight months, April to November, 1919

Routes.	COTTON TWIST AND YARN		COTTON FINEWEEDS*		Gunny- Bags†	Kammar-uts		Salt
	Foreign	Indian	Foreign	Indian		From Calcutta Block	From Budge- Budge	
	Mds	Mds	Bs	Bs	No	Mds	Mds	Mds
E. I. Railway ..	7,609	59,735	4,78,84,013	72,99,144	9,351,770	22,329	1,351,452	945,695
E. B. Railway (including B. C. Railway)	3,274	74,331	5,01,31,123	1,40,55,329	2,523,320	26,549	505,905	1,922,235
A.-B. Railway ...	1,758	16,854	1,30,91,553	9,45,436	187,247	1,260	510	112,740
B.-M. Railway .	1,271	29,336	51,41,040	19,32,468	2,162,109	9,551	9,222	594,724
B. & N. W. Railway ..	277	5,048	2,82,79,579	89,11,907	2,428,625	1,263	469,922	405,515
O & R. Railway	805	640	40,72,532	2,20,865	1,126,580	849	279,171	49
Howrah-Amra Howrah-Bankura Eight Railways	1,542	...	2,92,585	...	27,809	7,524	...	21,122
By rail ...								
N.-W. Railway ..	3,636	617	40,29,224	89,363	2,395,804	25	12,105	...
G. I. P. Railway ...	1,696	877	21,22,202	2,16,911	9,119,876	7,090	6,152	7
B. R. & C. I. Railway .	178	401	10,49,266	16,423	1,942,218	157	6,585	...
M. & S. M. Railway	2,220	4,597	5,51,922	1,48,244	2,207,752	2,796	...	20
S. J. Railway ..	14	196	5,550	42,246	1,242,026	...	...	...
J. B. Railway ...	...	9	2,86,256	14,722	151,700	278	425	...
N. G. S. Railway ...	...	2	4,20,727	980	206,286	2,514	...	...
Other Rail ways ...	129	2	7,20,987	1,69,537	200,267	1,212	26,798	11,026
By river ...								
Bengal	59,649	21,154	2,02,72,099	24,99,376	1,474,072	22,202	781,870	1,092,629
Bihar and Orissa ...	755	1,051	2,22,789	1,92,931	1,829,228	14	...	1,216
Assam	12,429	4,849	80,74,521	22,24,500	612,858	2,169	14,545	292,521
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	28	28	1,16,909	12,215	106,565	40	...	...
By boat	7,379	...	6,58,050	89,620	281,265	60,604	203,021	677,229
By road	9,012	212	6,71,222	5,48,972	229,617	51,627	4,446	109,696
By sea	2,612	109,034	26,57,922	19,21,544	22,147,226	...	12,616	24,619
Total								
1919 ..	117,291	224,285	19,22,42,252	4,76,22,229	74,677,662	255,042	2,259,642	6,222,419
1918 ..	167,707	245,225	15,02,27,687	1,51,01,567	89,224,512	197,270	2,006,142	4,246,214
1917 ..	126,602	259,697	15,64,14,025	1,50,56,451	59,542,647	255,272	2,222,990	4,524,529

* The value rates are fixed quarterly and the monthly valuation is made at the value rates of the preceding quarter.

† Including gunny cloth, 2 yards of cloth=1 bag

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA,

D. N. GHOSH,

January 24, 1920.

Offg. Director of Statistics.

Printed at the Printing Office, and published by the Book Depot of the Bengal Secretariat,
Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, on the 24th January 1920.

TABLE VI

Exports of certain Articles from the Calcutta Trade Block by rail, road, river, canal, and sea (coastwise) in the eight months, April to November, 1919

Whether exported	COTTON TWIST & YARN		COTTON PIECEGOODS*		Gunny bags†	KEROSENE OIL		Salt
	Foreign	Indian	Foreign	Indian		From Calcutta block	From Budge-Budge‡	
BANGAL	Mds	Mds	Rs	Rs	No	Mds	Mds	Mds
Burdwan	729	5,008	41,55,096	3,50,523	654,021	21,364	112,044	169,403
Barham	157	10,698	31,21,324	2,18,714	266,500	248	88,366	112,683
Bankura	221	4,816	7,42,166	9,790	88,560	123	271	71,937
Widnapur	11,243	9,421	33,63,636	3,64,666	327,927	11,204	26,196	232,666
Hooghly	8,111	479	11,73,844	2,26,732	299,475	40,714	102,523	127,101
24-Parganas	1,151	2,148	6,48,912	3,65,560	419,324	75,392	51,126	182,420
Nadia	2,275	27,903	66,32,828	7,54,203	642,662	5,297	63,499	227,720
Murshidabad	307	6,526	31,19,247	2,22,227	321,184	6,052	69,646	175,267
Jessore	1,734	5,097	17,78,966	4,27,437	283,587	10,310	44,098	120,741
Khulna	3,226	1,119	10,47,556	4,04,735	17,672	9,697	44,489	7,800
Rajahm	42	757	32,08,087	2,16,664	201,926	2,542	30,461	79,690
Diuapur	5	1,285	26,20,573	3,41,427	154,000	752	48,286	128,118
Jalpaiguri	150	5,025	48,37,682	11,06,502	192,766	2,075	28,746	121,999
Darjeeling	281	1,527	27,91,947	2,10,707	124,656	879	28,946	61,174
Rangpur	168	2,459	79,04,127	10,26,918	167,329	1,489	62,127	223,070
Bogra	19	1,612	41,26,372	22,24,063	125,229	2,096	52,322	166,505
Pabna	1,537	2,662	32,92,329	12,66,869	224,424	621	122,024	216,914
Maldah	127	4,744	20,23,220	3,46,961	129,929	95	2,490	44,897
Cooch Behar	56	690	20,74,285	2,09,240	84,724	129	11,561	55,852
Dacca	11,506	8,229	70,02,522	12,63,802	124,569	12,026	42,079	445,222
Mymensingh	4,968	4,533	39,57,607	52,75,825	66,069	268	41,676	455,240
Faridpur	9,818	2,010	2,72,408	10,66,575	190,722	6,224	55,817	202,261
Bakerganj	2,229	740	11,12,276	14,44,837	162,472	2,080	44,669	125,527
Tippura (including Hill Tippura)	2,671	2,822	41,22,810	86,224	111,684	608	296	24,112
Malikhat	2,373	7,121	17,50,145	2,72,140	29,600	80	21	2,589
Chittagong	5,694	472	4,78,003	6,30,067	176,567	62	89	18,441
Chittagong Port	54	568	15,29,548	3,76,240	7,228	-	-	18
Total of Bengal	76,197	1,25,102	6,19,65,165	2,16,24,325	6,964,108	221,257	1,630,211	1,066,711
OTHER PROVINCES AND PLACES								
Bihar and Orissa	8,043	72,735	4,32,20,102	1,38,12,104	6,666,149	9,078	881,727	1,671,266
Azam	13,107	11,205	1,04,73,763	40,91,308	985,908	2,481	44,464	607,119
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	1,709	2,476	2,26,22,422	3,62,369	7,916,296	1,785	888,120	12,916
Punjab	2,295	1,847	1,67,10,944	2,42,205	9,669,441	146	64,246	24
Sind and British Baluchistan	-	-	2,17,679	12,159	1,730,916	227	555	-
Central Provinces and Berar	116	629	16,40,668	2,68,867	2,754,790	1,322	20,262	2,910
Bombay	1,534	1,061	14,16,492	1,01,200	4,20,721	5,423	176	-
Madras	2,615	7,966	8,12,919	4,26,295	5,192,34	3,664	375	176
Burma	7,859	104,197	25,00,200	10,16,834	22,044,116	263	-	877
Rajputana and Central India	101	168	10,27,373	22,241	1,165,762	1,711	29,265	2
Kashmir State	47	1	1,921	-	41	-	-	-
Nizam's Territory	-	3	4,20,722	60	427,712	2,616	-	-
Mysore	-	-	9,044	1,222	254,159	-	-	-
Port Blair	-	596	8,200	4,720	622	-	-	-
GRAND TOTAL { 1919	117,391	324,223	19,22,42,222	4,74,22,222	74,677,622	222,022	2,522,022	2,222,412
1918	167,797	246,222	16,02,27,67	1,21,01,267	20,244,212	197,270	2,062,142	4,246,514
1917	126,697	229,697	16,64,4,022	1,20,26,221	22,212,222	222,272	2,522,222	4,246,222

* The value rates are fixed quarterly, and the monthly valuation is made at the value rates of the preceding quarter.

† Including gunny cloth, 2 yards of cloth = 1 bag.

‡ The exports of kerosene oil from Budge-Budge to Calcutta in the eight months, April to November, 1919, were 652,090 mounds as against 619,171 mounds and 596,247 mounds in corresponding periods of 1918 and 1917, respectively.

Names.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.				Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.		Net balance.		Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under rule 175 of the P. T. L. Act of 1909.		Probable outcome of the dependencies.
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
Jugut Chand Bural	50	0	0	.....	16	14	6	33	1	6	.....	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery
Jewan Das Jhawar	87,083	15	7	12,310	7	3	58,938	4	7	15,335	3	9	Ditto.
Jones, C	50	0	0	.....	27	4	6	22	11	6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Johur Lal Sen	50	0	0	.....	9	8	6	40	7	6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jogendro Nath Banerjee	50	0	0	.....	11	5	6	38	10	6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Joydeo Churiwalla	50	0	0	.....	2	8	0	47	8	0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jogendro Nath Mukherjee (No. 166 of 1912)	50	0	0	.....	8	13	6	41	2	6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jotindro Nath Coondoo	50	0	0	.....	.....	8	0	44	8	0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jogesh Chunder Goan and others	50	0	0	.....	2	8	0	47	8	0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jemraj Sikuanee	50	0	0	.....	6	8	0	43	8	0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Juggeswar Chatterjee and others (Ram Chunder Chatterjee and Sons)	717	8	0	.....	149	2	7	568	5	5	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jasada Lal Pal	50	0	0	.....	40	0	0	10	0	0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Johannull Agarwalla	50	0	0	.....	6	8	0	43	8	0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jotindro Nath Ghose	50	0	0	.....	26	2	6	23	13	6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Juggernath Saboo	50	0	0	.....	2	11	6	47	4	6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jeehnistir Lal Saha	50	0	0	.....	6	11	6	43	4	6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jebun Krishna Banerjee	50	0	0	.....	9	12	0	40	4	0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jolly, William Raymond	2,715	10	1	1,079	14	2	1,218	12	7	416	15	4	Ditto.
Jogendra Nath Mookerjee, Nos. 2, 75 of 1913	50	0	0	.....	13	1	0	36	15	0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jones, John Richard	50	0	0	.....	11	14	6	38	1	6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jetindro Nath Banerjee	50	0	0	.....	6	3	6	43	12	6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jagar Deo Shaw	50	0	0	.....	5	5	6	43	10	6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Joyram Das Kagrwalla	50	0	0	.....	49	1	0	0	15	0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jagunnath Prosad and Ganur Brahmam	50	0	0	.....	8	15	6	41	0	6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jatharam	50	0	0	.....	18	7	0	31	9	0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jamuna Das	118	12	0	.....	15	3	6	103	8	6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jacob, Saul	51	10	6	.....	32	15	9	18	10	9	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jogendro Nath Ghose	50	0	0	.....	11	10	6	38	5	6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jungna Das and another	50	10	6	.....	14	11	6	35	15	0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jaydeo Shaha	50	0	0	.....	14	2	0	35	14	0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jolladhar Shaw and Halldhar J Shaw	3,471	7	3	.....	1,123	1	0	2,348	6	3	.....	.....	Ditto.

Jitendra Chandra	3,946	6	9	1,068	11	6	1,375	4	6	1,502	6	9	1,399	4	11	103	1	10	Ditto.
Jawala Dutt	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	10	15	0	39	1	0	.....	.....	.....	39	1	0	Ditto.
Jitendra Narain Chuckerbutty	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	12	4	6	37	11	6	.....	.....	.....	37	11	6	Ditto.
Jaskaran Sansot	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	6	10	0	43	5	0	.....	.....	.....	43	5	0	Ditto.
Jitendra Nath Gupta	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	48	13	6	1	2	6	.....	.....	.....	1	2	6	Ditto.
Jogendra Nath Bose	505	0	0	.....	.....	.....	122	15	0	382	1	0	.....	.....	.....	382	1	0	Ditto.
Joy Chandra (Joy Chandra Liledhar)	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	15	2	0	34	14	0	.....	.....	.....	34	14	0	Ditto.
Jadunall Mullick	3,175	11	9	.....	.....	.....	3,040	6	3	135	5	6	.....	.....	.....	135	5	6	Ditto.
Jotindra Nath Dey	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	6	12	0	43	4	0	.....	.....	.....	43	4	0	Ditto.
Jorraj Bridhi Chandra	9,738	1	9	5,948	1	0	1,708	3	10	2,082	0	11	1,971	0	3	111	0	8	Ditto.
Jitnull Barona and others	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	7	9	0	42	7	0	.....	.....	.....	42	7	0	Ditto.
Jhen Chandra and Jewanmull (Gheor Chandra and another)	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	9	4	0	40	12	0	.....	.....	.....	40	12	0	Ditto.
James, C.	170	0	0	.....	.....	.....	36	8	6	133	7	6	.....	.....	.....	133	7	6	Ditto.
Jackson, St. John Harvey	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	26	0	0	24	0	0	.....	.....	.....	24	0	0	Ditto.
Jogendra Nath Bandopadhyay	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	23	0	0	27	0	0	.....	.....	.....	27	0	0	Ditto.
Jugteswar Hem Chandra (Jugjiwan Hem Chandra)	1,233	14	6	.....	.....	.....	283	2	7	950	11	11	.....	.....	.....	950	11	11	Ditto.
Jada Nath Shaw and Gopal Chandra Ghose	919	3	1	.....	.....	.....	1,367	11	10	448	8	9	.....	.....	.....	448	8	9	Ditto.
Janki Nath Banerjee and Hem Nath Banerjee	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	26	11	0	23	5	0	.....	.....	.....	23	5	0	Ditto.
Joy Narain Sureka and another (Babulall Sureka)	51	4	0	.....	.....	.....	51	3	6	0	0	6	.....	.....	.....	0	0	6	Ditto.
Jotindra Nath Jett	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	11	9	0	38	7	0	.....	.....	.....	38	7	0	Ditto.
Joy Dayal Chowdry	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	20	4	0	29	12	0	.....	.....	.....	29	12	0	Ditto.
Jeebun Krishna Banerjee	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	13	12	0	36	4	0	.....	.....	.....	36	4	0	Ditto.
Johurmull	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	14	0	0	86	0	0	.....	.....	.....	86	0	0	Ditto.
Johurmull and Champa Lal (Johurmull Champa Lal Soorana), 149 of 1916	1679	11	3	.....	.....	.....	642	15	11	1,036	11	4	.....	.....	.....	1,036	11	4	Ditto.
Jagat Sing	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	32	13	0	17	3	0	.....	.....	.....	17	3	0	Ditto.
Jogendra Nath Auddy	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	33	12	0	16	4	0	.....	.....	.....	16	4	0	Ditto.
Jnanendra Nath Chatterjee	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	24	8	0	25	8	0	.....	.....	.....	25	8	0	Ditto.
Jogendra Nath Mitter	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	28	8	0	21	8	0	.....	.....	.....	21	8	0	Ditto.
Jogendra Krishna Bose	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	28	10	0	21	6	0	.....	.....	.....	21	6	0	Ditto.
Jordon, Thaddius Marsad	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	40	0	0	10	0	0	.....	.....	.....	10	0	0	Ditto.
Jogesh Chunder Bose	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	27	4	0	23	12	0	.....	.....	.....	23	12	0	Ditto.
Jeetnull Bursdhi	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	20	2	6	29	13	6	.....	.....	.....	29	13	6	Ditto.
Jauki Lal Rathi and others	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	25	8	0	24	8	0	.....	.....	.....	24	8	0	Ditto.
Jyotish Chunder De	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	33	4	0	16	12	0	.....	.....	.....	16	12	0	Ditto.
Jotindra Nath Mookerjee	131	15	0	.....	.....	.....	50	11	6	141	3	6	.....	.....	.....	141	3	6	Ditto.
Jaganuath Saloo	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	2	8	0	47	8	0	.....	.....	.....	47	8	0	Ditto.
Jynarain and another	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	18	0	0	32	0	0	.....	.....	.....	32	0	0	Ditto.
Jutharam	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Jitendra Nath Dey	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	2	8	0	47	8	0	.....	.....	.....	47	8	0	Ditto.
Jugurnath Chirumjee Lall (Jugurnath Minwar and others)	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	26	0	0	24	0	0	.....	.....	.....	24	0	0	Ditto.
nath Minwar and others	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	14	8	0	31	8	0	.....	.....	.....	31	8	0	Ditto.

Names.	Whole amount of receipts.		WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.		Net balance.	Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under rule 116 of the S. T. F. Act of 1909.		Probable outturn of the dependences.
	Rs.	A. P.	Dividends paid.	Other payments.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
J											
Jerry, John McLean	50	0 0	.....	.....	50	0 0	.....	50	0 0	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
M											
Krishna Chunder Saha and another	150	0 0	.....	20 2 0	129	14 0	.....	129	14 0	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Khalitir Rahaman (Syed Khalitir Rahaman)	9,350	0 0	8,307 5 10	711 11 0	330	15 2	255 11 1	75 4 1	.....	.....	Ditto.
Keshub Lal Sikdar	50	0 0	.....	25 1 0	24	15 0	.....	24 15 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kherode Chunder Mullick	50	0 0	.....	21 10 0	28	6 0	.....	28 6 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Khetai Das	60	3 3	.....	10 0 1	50	3 2	.....	50 3 2	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kast Nath Banerjee and others	9,394	4 11	5,762 2 3	1,190 13 5	1,436	5 3	.....	524 7 7	911	13 8	Ditto.
Kally Nath Mookerjee	50	0 0	.....	9 0 0	41	0 0	.....	41 0 0	No. 2.	.....	Ditto.
Kunjo Behary Sen and Ram Chunder Sen	12,753	2 0	9,273 6 4	757 13 3	2,721	14 5	.....	2,721 14 5	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kisorey Mohun Roy Shaha	30,658	6 9	5,118 14 11	17,233 12 4	8,305	11 6	7,451 11 8	835 4 4	18	11 6	Ditto.
Kanaya Lal Ghuneswam Das, 139 of 1911	74	7 4	.....	44 7 0	30	0 4	.....	30 0 4	No. 2.	.....	Ditto.
Kaloram Heera Lal (Choitram Moti Lal)	50	0 0	.....	9 4 6	49	11 6	.....	40 11 6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kristo Kisore Andhikary and other (M. L. Laik & Banerjee)	10,79,335	9 9	6,06,869 3 3	4,57,417 14 4	15,048	8 2	.....	15,048 8 2	.....	.....	Ditto.
Keshitish Chunder Deb Roy	50	0 0	.....	44 6 6	5	9 6	.....	5 9 6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Ketokey Churn Banerjee and others	19,862	6 6	8,050 15 2	6,768 11 9	5,052	11 7	.....	1,914 0 1	2,371	7 3	Ditto.
Kumudini Das	50	0 0	.....	2 8 0	47	8 0	.....	47 8 0	No. 2.	.....	Ditto.
Kerwan, William David	50	0 0	.....	2 11 6	47	4 6	.....	47 4 6	777	4 3	Ditto.
Kristo Dhene Mookerjee	50	0 0	.....	5 8 0	44	8 0	.....	44 8 0	D. C. of 1st D. A. trans- ferred to E.	.....	Ditto.
Kumkurn Dharwa	50	0 0	.....	3 8 0	46	8 0	.....	46 8 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Khetkurn Deo Khemka	50	0 0	.....	45 0 0	5	0 0	.....	5 0 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kedar Nath Roy Chowdry	397	4 0	.....	151 4 8	245	15 4	.....	245 15 4	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kallu Biswas	71,496	4 2	45,322 14 2	19,387 12 10	6,785	9 2	1,481 15 0	5,303 10 2	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kalpana Dutt	6,147	10 6	3,966 7 11	633 10 2	1,547	8 5	245 15 10	1,391 8 7	.....	.....	Ditto.
Khetter Mohun Neogy	157	5 3	.....	11 9 4	145	11 11	.....	145 11 11	.....	.....	Ditto.

Kanhya Lall, Praru Doyal and Medha Prosad, 172 of 1913	50 0 0	.....	21 9 6	28 6 6	.....	28 6 6	.....	Ditto.
Kendrick, C.	50 0 0	.....	36 12 6	33 3 6	.....	13 3 6	.....	Ditto.
Kanka Prosad and another	117 8 0	.....	100 6 0	17 2 0	.....	17 2 0	.....	Ditto.
Kanaya Lall, 192 of 1913	50 0 0	.....	9 12 0	40 4 0	.....	40 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Kedar Nath Biswas and others	50 0 0	.....	7 1 0	42 15 0	.....	42 15 0	.....	Ditto.
Kheda Bux, 221 of 1913	370 4 6	.....	3 3 4 6	57 0 0	.....	57 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Kissen Lall Lundiya	50 0 0	.....	13 7 0	36 9 0	.....	36 9 0	.....	Ditto.
King, Horace Templeton	50 0 0	.....	30 6 6	19 15 6	.....	19 15 6	.....	Ditto.
Kramer, Wana	50 0 0	.....	11 11 0	38 5 0	.....	38 5 0	.....	Ditto.
Kanhya Lall, 97 of 1914	50 0 0	.....	5 8 6	44 7 6	.....	44 7 6	.....	Ditto.
Kiron Chunder Dutt	50 0 0	.....	10 10 0	39 6 0	.....	39 6 0	.....	Ditto.
Kanai Lall Harilalka, Delsook Rai	85 9 6	.....	14 1 4	71 8 2	.....	71 8 2	.....	Ditto.
Harilalka (Mohun Lall Rung Lall)	50 0 0	.....	11 3 0	38 13 0	.....	38 13 0	.....	Ditto.
Kastoor Chaud	50 0 0	.....	8 10 0	41 6 0	.....	41 6 0	.....	Ditto.
Kedar Nath Dutt	50 0 0	.....	31 511 9 6	1,590 2 6	.....	1,590 2 6	.....	Ditto.
Karim Moosa	33,201 12 0	.....	9 12 0	40 4 0	.....	40 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Kaloram and another	50 0 0	.....	11 5 6	38 10 6	.....	38 10 6	.....	Ditto.
Kartick Chunder Chatterjee	50 0 0	.....	10 9 0	53 3 9	.....	53 3 9	.....	Ditto.
Kanhya Lall, 40 of 1914	63 12 9	.....	1,028 0 7	2,046 0	.....	2,046 0	.....	Ditto.
Kanja Behary Pal Chowdry	3,859 3 9	.....	185 2 7	.....	.....	253 7 6	1,624 1 4	Ditto.
138 7 9 No. 2. D.C. of In D.A. trans- ferred to E. account.								
Karim Ahme	50 0 0	.....	6 11 6	43 4 6	.....	43 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Kitchen, Mary	50 0 0	.....	43 12 0	6 4 0	.....	6 4 0	.....	Ditto.
King Mrs. Grace Rosabella	50 0 0	.....	38 5 0	11 11 0	.....	11 11 0	.....	Ditto.
Keni Hee	76 7 6	.....	70 3 6	6 4 0	.....	6 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Kanai Lall, 178 of 1915	50 0 0	.....	13 9 0	36 7 0	.....	36 7 0	.....	Ditto.
Kanai Lall Bhur and Jotadhari Bhur	10,074 3 4	.....	3,212 7 10	6,503 11 0	.....	6,798 5 9	5 5 3	Ditto.
No. 2.								
Khindro Krishna Deb	50 0 0	.....	11 9 0	38 7 0	.....	38 7 0	.....	Ditto.
Kisorey Lall Khettry (Bangshee Dhur Sew Rutton)	14,691 5 10	.....	2,774 9 8	11,783 14 7	10,553 5 3	1,230 9 4	.....	Ditto.
Kanai Lall Munna Lall, 242 of 1919	50 0 0	.....	9 10 1	40 6 0	.....	40 6 0	.....	Ditto.
Kartick Chunder Chatterjee	50 0 0	.....	12 0 0	35 0 0	.....	38 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Kanhya Lall Joynarain, 25 of 1916	5,182 1 4	.....	2,557 10 5	2,224 6 11	.....	2,224 6 11	.....	Ditto.
Koylash Chunder Shah and Kedar Nath (K. C. Shah & Co.)	5,274 5 3	.....	583 15 7	4,690 5 8	.....	4,690 5 8	.....	Ditto.
Kally Prosad Khettry	50 0 0	.....	9 1 0	40 15 0	.....	40 15 0	.....	Ditto.
Knlada Prosad Shah and others	50 0 0	.....	13 8 0	39 8 0	.....	39 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Karnidan Goenka	50 0 0	.....	17 8 6	32 7 6	.....	32 7 6	.....	Ditto.
Kisen Das Hasanand	50 0 0	.....	7 9 0	42 7 0	.....	42 7 0	.....	Ditto.

S.	Names.	Whole amount of Residue.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance	Portion of balance applicable to dividends from payable.	Not claimed.		Transfers to undivided dividend account under rule 175 of the P. T. F. Act of 1919.	Probable outcome of the dependences.
			Rs.	A. P.			Rs.	A. P.			Rs.	A. P.
K										
1	Kanai Lal Chura ...	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
2	King, Henry Edward ...	50 0 0	.....	31 7 0	18 9 0	.....	18 9 0	.....	Ditto.
3	Kham Sing Jeevan Sing and Jeshu Sing ...	50 0 0	.....	31 0 0	19 0 0	.....	19 0 0	.....	Ditto.
4	Krishna Nath Dutta ...	50 0 0	.....	9 0 0	41 0 0	.....	41 0 0	.....	Ditto.
5	Kanhya Lal ...	50 0 0	.....	35 13 0	16 3 0	.....	16 3 0	.....	Ditto.
6	Kanhai Lal Ghunesham Das, 136 of 1916 ...	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
7	Khalilur Rohaman, 152 of 1916 ...	132 0 6	.....	30 12 0	101 3 7	.....	101 3 7	.....	Ditto.
8	Kallu Singh ...	50 0 0	.....	26 4 0	23 12 0	.....	23 12 0	.....	Ditto.
9	Kissori Lal Agarwalla (Sewrasaini Kissori Lal)	50 0 0	.....	20 12 0	29 4 0	.....	29 4 0	.....	Ditto.
10	Kundumnil Bora ...	50 0 0	.....	33 14 0	16 2 0	.....	16 2 0	.....	Ditto.
11	Karim Ahmed ...	50 0 0	.....	10 0 0	40 0 0	.....	40 0 0	.....	Ditto.
12	Kissen Lal and Jesuri Lal ...	505 8 9	.....	87 10 4	417 14 5	.....	417 14 5	.....	Ditto.
13	Kally Charan Dey Mullick ...	50 0 0	.....	18 13 6	31 2 6	.....	31 2 6	.....	Ditto.
14	Kurj Lal Damani ...	50 0 0	.....	21 12 0	28 4 0	.....	28 4 0	.....	Ditto.
15	Kally Prasanno Bandopadhyaya ...	50 0 0	.....	24 0 0	26 0 0	.....	26 0 0	.....	Ditto.
16	Kiran Kumar Dutt ...	50 0 0	.....	24 12 0	25 4 0	.....	25 4 0	.....	Ditto.
17	Kissen Gopal Bajari ...	50 0 0	.....	21 12 0	28 4 0	.....	28 4 0	.....	Ditto.
18	Khedu Shaw and another ...	50 0 0	.....	28 5 0	21 11 0	.....	21 11 0	.....	Ditto.
19	Kaloram Agarwalla and another ...	50 0 0	.....	22 0 3	27 15 9	.....	27 15 9	.....	Ditto.
20	Kanai Lal Jajoo, 173 of 1917 ...	50 0 0	.....	39 4 0	10 12 0	.....	10 12 0	.....	Ditto.
21	Kartick Chunder Mookerjee ...	50 0 0	.....	25 12 0	24 4 0	.....	24 4 0	.....	Ditto.
22	Kenedy, Hugh Myers ...	60 0 0	.....	25 12 0	34 4 0	.....	34 4 0	.....	Ditto.
23	Kanya Lal Daga ...	50 0 0	.....	21 12 0	28 4 0	.....	28 4 0	.....	Ditto.
24	Khetro Nath, Gobindo Prasad, Chundry Charan Bandopadhyaya ...	741 6 9	.....	259 12 3	481 10 6	.....	481 10 6	.....	Ditto.
25	Kristo Pado Pal ...	50 0 0	.....	32 8 0	17 8 0	.....	17 8 0	.....	Ditto.
26	King, William ...	50 0 0	.....	46 0 8	4 0 0	.....	4 0 0	.....	Ditto.
27	Khalilur Rehman and Azhar Ali Molla ...	50 0 0	.....	24 0 0	25 12 0	.....	25 12 0	.....	Ditto.
28	Kailash Chunder Das ...	50 0 0	.....	26 12 0	13 4 0	.....	13 4 0	.....	Ditto.
29	Kaly Prasanno Chuckerbatty ...	50 0 0	.....	27 4 0	22 12 0	.....	22 12 0	.....	Ditto.
30	Kastor Chand, (Doongursi Das) Bhanraj Kustoor Chand ...	100 0 0	.....	19 0 0	81 0 0	.....	81 0 0	.....	Ditto.
31	K. Banamoy Chatterjee and Becindro Nath Chatterjee ...	50 0 0	.....	27 4 0	22 12 0	.....	22 12 0	.....	Ditto.
32	Kanhya Lal and Behari Lal ...	50 0 0	.....	.....	50 0 0	.....	50 0 0	.....	Ditto.

Name	350 0 0	773 11 6	311 2 6	38 13 6	35 13 6	Outstanding in course of recovery.	
					
Lucas, James Michoo and Charles John Lucas	44,890 10 9 18,082 4 9 Represents R. P. of G. P. N. and G. P. I. 350-4-9-0-0.	773 11 6	43,753 5 1 P. of G. P. N. 18,390.	363 10 2	48 9 2	315 1 0	Ditto.
Levi, Joseph Victor	50 0 0	.....	5 8 0	44 8 0	44 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Lalljemull Chebey	50 0 0	.....	5 11 6	44 4 6	44 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Littlewood, T. W.	50 0 0	.....	27 3 6	22 12 6	22 12 6	.....	Ditto.
Lukhmi Chand	234 0 9	.....	189 12 3	44 4 6	44 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Labb Chaud Benani	101 11 0	.....	72 8 7	29 2 5	29 2 5	.....	Ditto.
Loonecur Kaloram	50 0 0	.....	6 7 6	43 8 6	43 8 6	.....	Ditto.
Luchminarain Muroo (Rambilas Maroo and Sagoremull)	50 0 0	.....	6 15 0	43 0 6	43 0 6	.....	Ditto.
Lancaster, L. E.	50 0 0	.....	9 7 6	40 8 6	40 8 6	.....	Ditto.
Lee, George T. Huttemann	50 0 0	.....	15 7 6	34 8 6	34 8 6	.....	Ditto.
Longley, Frederick Liddle	431 5 3	.....	49 13 0	381 8 6	381 8 6	.....	Ditto.
Lall Debary Shaha and others	49,514 11 6	.....	3,290 12 2	46,223 15 4	46,223 15 4	.....	Ditto.
Lashminarain Mundra and another	50 0 0	.....	14 12 0	35 4 0	35 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Lukeminarain Roy	51 13 3	.....	15 7 5	36 5 10	36 5 10	.....	Ditto.
Lojjaram Mistry	50 0 0	.....	17 0 6	32 15 6	32 15 6	.....	Ditto.
Luchminarain, Sree Bullav, Ram Prosad, Kedar Nath, Raghnath Das, Futen Chand, Moti Lall	1,218 15 3 7,077 12 3	.....	14 14 11 1,671 8 10	1,078 0 4 5,406 3 5	1,078 0 4 5,406 3 5	.....	Ditto.
Luchmi Narain Kotary and another	50 0 0	.....	27 2 0	22 13 6	22 13 6	.....	Ditto.
Lawrence, Charles Samuel	50 0 0	.....	7 6 0	42 10 0	42 10 0	.....	Ditto.
Linton, Phillips William Dudley	492 2 3	.....	87 10 1	404 8 2	404 8 2	.....	Ditto.
Lukhy Narain Dutt	50 0 0	.....	27 15 0	22 1 0	22 1 0	.....	Ditto.
Lynch, Ernest Napoleon	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Luchminarain and Ganga Baksh	50 0 0	.....	30 8 0	19 8 0	19 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Lochen	50 0 0	.....	155 9 10	294 6 2	294 6 2	.....	Ditto.
Luchminarain Didwania and another	450 0 0	.....	41 13 0	8 3 0	8 3 0	.....	Ditto.
Lewis, Charles Bruno...	330 0 0	.....	220 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Locke, Mr. and Mrs. A.	50 0 0	.....	22 10 0	27 6 0	27 6 0	.....	Ditto.
Lynch, William James, and Mrs. Clara	50 0 0	.....	36 12 0	19 4 0	19 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Leicester, Caroline and Herbert Joseph, Mrs.	50 0 0	.....	22 6 0	26 10 0	26 10 0	.....	Ditto.
Liladhar and Hira Chand	50 0 0	.....	49 6 6	12 1 0	12 1 0	.....	Ditto.
Leicester, James William	179 0 0	.....	23 3 9	26 12 3	26 12 3	.....	Ditto.
Lachmaran Joo, Joonwalla	50 0 0	.....	65 12 0	751 4 0	751 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Lukhmi Chand and Bal Chand (Deoern Das Lukhmi Chand)	800 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.

Particulars	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.				Balance.	Portion of balance attributable to dividend now payable.	Net balance	Transfers to undivided or divided account under the 175 of the P. T. L. Act of 1909.	Particulars of the subject of a.s.	
	Dividends paid.	Rs.	A.	P.						
	Whole amount of receipts.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
L										
Lucas, Frederick Oscar	50 0 0	.....	42 4 0	7 12 0	.....	.....	7 12 0	.....	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Lynch, Clara, Mrs.	50 0 0	.....	.....	50 0 0	.....	.....	50 0 0	.....	.....	Ditto
M										
Moses, Elias	50 0 0	.....	24 14 0	25 2 0	.....	.....	25 2 0	.....	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Mool Chand Gridhur Das and Gool Das	205 15 6	.....	121 8 5	84 7 1	.....	.....	84 7 1	.....	.....	Ditto.
Merwan, K. P., and another	507 2 3	.....	559 7 0	347 11 3	.....	.....	347 11 3	.....	.....	Ditto.
Magnum, O. J.	50 0 0	.....	23 7 0	26 9 0	.....	.....	26 9 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mahamed Amin and other (No. 146 of 1911) Golem Kadir and Saaduddin	676 1 9	.....	156 0 4	520 1 5	.....	.....	520 1 5	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mohadeb Prosad Poddar	1,288 11 3	385 4 0	260 8 7	642 14 9	.....	.....	94 2 0	548 12 8	.....	Ditto.
Madhusoodan Shaw Chowdry and Durga Churn Shaw Chowdry	50 0 0	.....	5 8 0	44 8 0	.....	.....	44 8 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Muller, A. R. C.	85 4 6	.....	27 12 8	57 7 10	.....	.....	57 7 10	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mutty Lall Kundu and Mukunda Lall Kundu	1,02,962 2 1	72,440 4 5	27,375 9 2	3,146 11 6	1 8 5	.....	1,624 1 1	661 9 11	D. C. of 1st D. A. transferred to Rs. - 459 8 1	Ditto.
	Rs. P. N. - 15,351 5 1		Rs. P. N. - 19,381 10 7				Rs. P. N. - 1,700 2 11			
Mutty Lall Barooah	50 0 0	.....	2 11 6	47 4 6	.....	.....	47 4 6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mutty Lall	50 0 0	.....	2 11 6	47 4 6	.....	.....	47 4 6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Manley, William David Hitchins	50 0 0	.....	6 11 6	43 4 6	.....	.....	43 4 6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Musiah, Issac Hyam	50 0 0	.....	9 4 6	40 11 6	.....	.....	40 11 6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mahamed Shaw	360 13 0	.....	319 11 2	41 1 10	.....	.....	41 1 10	.....	.....	Ditto.
Makham Lall Kundoo	50 0 0	.....	5 8 0	44 8 0	.....	.....	44 8 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Maumalhe Nath Maitra	50 0 0	.....	5 8 0	44 8 0	.....	.....	44 8 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mirza Ahmed Ispahany	50 0 0	.....	5 11 6	44 4 6	.....	.....	44 4 6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Michell, George Graig	60,429 8 8	15,718 1 11	42,397 15 9 8	2,313 7 0	.....	.....	1,973 1 4	340 5 8	.....	Ditto.
	Rs. P. N. - 28,732 6 0		Rs. P. N. - 28,732 6 0						No. 2.	
McGraj and others, 202 of 1912	50 0 0	.....	2 11 6	47 4 6	.....	.....	47 4 6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mahamed Abbas and Mahamed Farook and others (Kola Meah Mahamed Hores)	60 13 9	.....	5 2 2	55 11 7	.....	.....	55 11 7	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mohori, Herbert Manlin	50 0 0	.....	5 11 6	44 4 6	.....	.....	44 4 6	.....	.....	Ditto.

Mul Chand Karam Chand	53	10	0	.....	54	4	10	Dr. Balance—	0	10	10	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Madhab Prasad Agarwalla	84	0	9	.....	35	15	8	47	1	1	.....	47	1	1	Ditto.
Mul Chandra and Mohadeb	50	0	0	.....	3	4	0	46	12	0	.....	46	12	0	Ditto.
Mahm Chand Bora	50	0	0	.....	23	5	6	25	10	6	.....	25	10	6	Ditto.
Mul Chand Jhavar	50	0	0	.....	8	12	0	41	3	0	.....	41	3	0	Ditto.
Mohideo alias Mohsdeo Marwari	50	0	0	.....	5	12	0	44	4	0	.....	44	4	0	Ditto.
Mohun Lal Agarwalla	50	0	0	.....	28	9	0	21	7	0	.....	21	7	0	Ditto.
Megraj and another, 81 of 1913	50	0	0	.....	6	16	0	43	2	0	.....	43	2	0	Ditto.
Meik, Mrs. Elizabeth Alexander	50	0	0	.....	28	15	6	21	0	6	.....	21	0	6	Ditto.
Edith	50	0	0	.....	9	11	6	40	4	6	.....	40	4	6	Ditto.
Mahamed Taki	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mai Chand Bera and others (Mal	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Chaud Kunamull Chowtmuli Bora	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
and Mangel Chand Hirawat)	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Musai Kabir	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Manna Lal Goenka	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Monier, Charles Sinclair	650	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mitcham, Charles Edward	55	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
M. K. A. L. Mahamed Shaik Abdul	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kader	2,195	2	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Marshall, William Newbold	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mannatha Nath Byasack	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Miran Saoo	613	0	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Manindra Chunder Seal	267	6	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Madhusudan, Chabatarun, Bhooth	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nath Nundy	4,195	14	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mohabir Sing	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Moti Lal Jajoo	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Monnier, George Alwin	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mitchell, Frank K.	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mullholland, William Henry	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mahabooib Khan	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mohadeo Khemka	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mohim Chunder Dhur and others	514	7	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Megraj Satta	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mercado, Gerald Wilford	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mugumull	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mahabir Prasad and Hunum	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Prasad	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
McCrea ly, William Cecil	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Megraj Bood	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mohabir Lal New Narain	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Moti Lal Soorana	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mohun Lal Khunna	222	0	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mahadeo and Chotay Lal	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.

D. C. of 1st D. A. 2000-
Total to B—

470 10 9

24 10 9

1,081 15 9

2,051 14 6

38 0 6

38 5 0

12 4 6

35 11 0

44 4 0

39 8 0

31 4 0

49 10 3

43 8 0

35 4 0

38 9 0

47 8 0

2 0 0

43 12 0

47 8 0

36 0 0

541 0 3

36 14 0

Estates.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.				Balance.		Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.		Net balance.		Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under rule 175 of the P. T. I. Act of 1875.		Probable return of the dependents.
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
M													
Mahamed Gulmahamed Syed ...	50	0	0	.....	43	10	0	.....	43	10	0	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Mohim Chunder Roy ...	50	0	0	.....	34	9	6	.....	34	9	6	.....	Ditto.
Mohun Lall and others (Hursook Roy Nanukram) ...	850	0	0	.....	424	2	6	.....	425	13	6	.....	Ditto.
Munna Lall Munda and others (Chuggun Lall Munda and Luchmarain Munda) ...	100	0	0	.....	10	0	0	.....	90	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Manuel, A. S. ...	50	0	0	.....	30	1	0	.....	19	15	0	.....	Ditto.
Mahamed Isaac ...	50	0	0	.....	12	2	0	.....	37	14	0	.....	Ditto.
Mangobinda Panda, Lokenath Panda and Bimbodhur Panda ...	228	4	0	.....	40	15	6	.....	187	4	6	.....	Ditto.
Mason, A. P. ...	50	0	0	.....	31	9	0	.....	18	7	0	.....	Ditto.
Mohadeo ...	50	0	0	.....	16	7	6	.....	33	8	6	.....	Ditto.
Moses, G. O. ...	50	0	0	.....	9	2	0	.....	40	14	0	.....	Ditto.
Mahamed Jan ...	50	0	0	.....	5	12	0	.....	44	4	0	.....	Ditto.
Murray, E. D. ...	567	5	0	.....	67	3	4	.....	500	1	8	.....	Ditto.
McDonald, William Joseph ...	50	0	0	.....	31	7	6	.....	18	8	6	.....	Ditto.
Mekham Din ...	50	0	0	.....	45	12	6	.....	4	3	6	.....	Ditto.
Mackenzie, A. R. ...	105	7	6	.....	10	2	10	.....	95	4	8	.....	Ditto.
Macnochie, George and Mrs. Cecilia Jane Macnochie ...	346	6	3	.....	340	6	3	.....	6	0	0	.....	Ditto.
Mohadeb ...	50	0	0	.....	7	15	0	.....	42	1	0	.....	Ditto.
Masindra Chunder Seal ...	626	14	0	.....	44	0	0	.....	582	14	0	.....	Ditto.
Mohun Das and Luchman Das ...	50	0	0	.....	34	1	0	.....	15	15	0	.....	Ditto.
Megraj Agarwalla ...	50	0	0	.....	8	2	0	.....	41	14	0	.....	Ditto.
Murray, Bertram Henry ...	50	0	0	.....	37	14	6	.....	12	1	6	.....	Ditto.
Maharaj Nopani ...	444	3	9	.....	432	8	9	.....	11	11	0	.....	Ditto.
Mungul Chand Soorsynull ...	50	0	0	.....	13	10	0	.....	36	6	0	.....	Ditto.
Meredith, Henry ...	50	0	0	.....	7	12	6	.....	42	3	6	.....	Ditto.
Mahamed Omar and Morojuddin ...	50	0	0	.....	8	5	0	.....	41	11	0	.....	Ditto.
Mal Chand Samakha ...	50	0	0	.....	11	14	0	.....	38	2	0	.....	Ditto.
Matindro Lall Mullick ...	50	0	0	.....	7	5	6	.....	42	12	6	.....	Ditto.
Mensaham Radhakissen ...	50	0	0	.....	12	7	0	.....	37	9	0	.....	Ditto.
Maharaj J. R. (227 of 1915) ...	50	0	0	.....	30	5	6	.....	19	10	6	.....	Ditto.
Madden, Charles James ...	1,268	7	0	779 12 10	80	5	3	.....	408	4	11	.....	Ditto.
Mahadeo Lall Serowgee ...	50	0	0	.....	8	11	0	.....	41	5	0	.....	Ditto.
Mahomed Ali Mahamed ...	52	1	0	.....	34	9	1	.....	17	7	11	.....	Ditto.
Medick Chandra Pal ...	50	0	0	.....	11	2	0	.....	38	14	0	.....	Ditto.
Meher, Patrick Francis ...	50	0	0	.....	35	4	0	.....	14	12	0	.....	Ditto.
Mohendra Nath Roy ...	6,229	4	0	2,251 15 10	1,258	12	2	.....	2,718	8	0	.....	Ditto.

Mohammad Shaw and others	50	0	0	17	15	0	32	1	0	.....	32	1	0	Ditto.
McCartey, George	55	0	0	47	14	0	17	2	0	.....	17	2	0	Ditto.
Masick Lall Day	50	0	0	32	3	0	17	13	0	.....	17	13	0	Ditto.
Menmatha Nath Bhur & another	50	0	0	52	5	6	2	5	6	Dr. balance	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Manick Lall Mullick	50	0	0	2	12	0	47	4	0	.....	47	4	0	Ditto.
Mohadeo Agrawalla	78	14	0	17	15	1	60	14	11	.....	60	14	11	Ditto.
Madan Lall Mohsary	50	0	0	11	14	0	33	2	0	.....	38	2	0	Ditto.
Miller, Duncan McLeod	50	0	0	16	11	6	33	4	6	.....	33	4	6	Ditto.
Meghonnul Sindhi Das	50	0	0	11	14	0	33	2	0	.....	38	2	0	Ditto.
Madden, Florence Mary	50	0	0	7	3	0	42	13	0	.....	42	13	0	Ditto.
Maiku Shaw	50	0	0	12	2	0	37	14	0	.....	37	14	0	Ditto.
Mohadeo, 1916	50	0	0	13	9	0	30	7	0	.....	30	7	0	Ditto.
Mutty Lall Khemka (Ghunshan	2,81	13	3	2,637	11	10	44	1	5	.....	44	1	5	Ditto.
Das & Co. and Mutty Lall	50	0	0	9	0	0	41	0	0	.....	41	0	0	Ditto.
Melittas, R. A.	4,372	5	8	370	0	7	753	0	2	.....	441	13	0	Ditto.
Martin, Rosaline Edith Mary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	275	9	8	.....	34	10	6	Ditto.
Manomohun Roy	50	0	0	23	12	6	25	3	6	No 2	25	3	6	Ditto.
Marquick, Edward Joseph Coveny	50	0	0	47	6	0	2	10	0	.....	2	10	0	Ditto.
Matrumull	50	0	0	17	12	0	32	4	0	.....	32	4	0	Ditto.
Muhammad Ali Budaruddin	1,452	6	3	140	3	5	1,512	2	10	.....	1,512	2	10	Ditto.
Manomohun Bose	2,041	10	3	981	10	2	1,160	0	1	.....	1,160	0	1	Ditto.
Methai Lall	50	0	0	15	0	0	35	0	0	.....	35	0	0	Ditto.
Mathura Shaw	50	0	0	13	4	0	35	12	0	.....	35	12	0	Ditto.
Manuel, A. E.	230	0	0	46	0	0	104	11	8	.....	14	4	9	Ditto.
Megraj Jabak	50	0	0	51	0	0	1	0	0	Dr. balance	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Mul Chand Jhawar	50	0	0	25	4	0	24	12	0	.....	24	12	0	Ditto.
MacArthur, F. G	440	0	0	6	1	9	370	14	3	.....	370	14	3	Ditto.
Madan Lall Deora	457	2	0	137	9	2	289	8	10	.....	289	8	10	Ditto.
Millard, Mrs. Catherine	761	0	0	69	4	9	139	4	9	.....	120	3	6	Ditto.
Megraj Bothra	50	0	0	14	12	0	35	4	0	39 1 3	35	4	0	Ditto.
Manmatha Nath Ghose	50	0	0	27	8	0	22	8	0	.....	22	8	0	Ditto.
Mahatab Chand Boid	.....	.....	.....	3	12	0	3	12	0	Dr. Balance—	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
McFarland, Ernest Samuel	50	0	0	2	8	0	47	8	0	.....	47	8	0	Ditto.
Miss Mary Mitter	50	0	0	42	1	0	7	15	0	.....	7	15	0	Ditto.
Mani Lall, Bhugwan Das Patel	50	0	0	30	6	0	19	10	0	.....	19	10	0	Ditto.
Mukhran Kayia	50	0	0	21	4	0	23	12	0	.....	23	12	0	Ditto.
Mirimull Kapur and others	22	19	6	17	14	6	4	12	0	.....	4	12	0	Ditto.
Morley, William	101	8	0	69	1	8	32	6	4	.....	32	6	4	Ditto.
Mahatap Chand Singhee	120	0	0	25	5	6	94	10	6	.....	94	10	6	Ditto.
McLevy, Hugh Bartley	50	0	0	42	8	0	7	8	0	.....	7	8	0	Ditto.
Manmatha Nath Roy	50	19	0	48	5	9	2	4	3	.....	2	4	3	Ditto.
Munro, James Adam	50	0	0	40	12	0	9	4	0	.....	9	4	0	Ditto.
Mahboob Ali	50	0	0	45	3	6	4	7	6	.....	4	7	6	Ditto.
Madan Lall and Gopal Das	2,555	0	0	165	3	3	2,390	13	6	.....	2,390	13	6	Ditto.

Estates.	Who's amount on P. T. I. Act.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.				Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfer to unclaimed dividend account under rule 178 of the P. T. I. Act of 1909.	Probably returns of the dependant.										
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.	Rs.	A. P.															
	Rs.	A. L.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.										
M																				
Makhuu Lall Sen	50	0	0	.....	23	4	0	26	12	0	Outstanding in course of recovery.									
Maidal Islam Jalaluddin-ul-Hussain	50	0	0	.....	43	11	0	6	5	0	Ditto.									
Monmohun Bose, No. 2	272	0	9	.....	19	10	7	252	6	2	Ditto.									
Mobendro Nath Das	704	10	9	.....	105	10	2	599	0	7	Ditto.									
Mauley, David	50	0	0	.....	43	4	0	6	12	0	Ditto.									
Mahomed Jacool Abdulla, Mahomed Jacool and Jacsub Mahomed Jacool (Mahomed Jacool & Co. ...	43,896	15	8	.....	2,938	8	6	40,958	7	2	Ditto.									
Mobon Lall Khanna	50	0	0	.....	23	0	0	27	0	0	Ditto.									
Munoo Lall Bania	50	0	0	.....	17	0	0	33	0	0	Ditto.									
Manuk, J. D.	50	0	0	.....	23	12	0	11	4	0	Ditto.									
Monnier, G. A.	350	0	0	.....	51	10	0	298	6	0	Ditto.									
Mahamad Hosain	200	0	0	.....	70	9	9	129	6	3	Ditto.									
Manuel, Terence	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	0	0	Ditto.									
N											Outstanding in course of recovery.									
Narain Das Dayal, 2nd	4,557	4	9	2,161	7	1	1,403	9	10	992	3	10	24	3	2	968	0	8	No. 2	Ditto.
Nishi Kanto Banerjee	812	8	0	.....	240	2	6	572	5	6	572	5	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nahapiet, M. M.	4,552	6	10	.....	2,420	13	4	2,131	9	6	2,131	9	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nando Lall Shaw	1,653	11	0	.....	383	0	7	1,270	10	5	1,270	10	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nerode Nath Mookerjee	19,460	0	0	14,345	12	1	2,545	6	6	2,568	13	5	2,568	13	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Narain Chunder Mookerjee	50	0	0	.....	2	8	0	47	8	0	47	8	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nando Lall Shaw	50	0	0	.....	9	10	0	40	6	0	40	6	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Norendro Nath Sircar	50	0	0	.....	2	8	0	47	8	0	47	8	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nakul Chunder Bose	52	13	6	.....	36	1	2	16	12	4	16	12	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
N. C. and A. T. Mazumdar	1,792	13	10	.....	219	14	9	1,572	15	1	1,572	15	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Narendro Kumar Dutt	421	1	4	.....	80	3	10	340	13	6	340	13	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nani Lall Dutt	55	0	0	.....	35	3	11	19	12	1	19	12	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Norendro Nath Paul	50	0	0	.....	9	6	6	40	7	6	40	7	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Negendra Nath Chatterjee	50	0	0	.....	17	11	6	32	4	6	32	4	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nriyandro Nath Sen	164	10	9	.....	151	8	4	13	2	4	13	2	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nahapiet Selli Nahapiet and another (Nahapiet Arhacooney & Co.)	2,502	8	7	.....	853	7	8	1,440	8	11	1,440	8	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.

Naraling Prosad Pitty	50	0	0	5	8	0	44	8	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nathmull	50	0	0	11	14	6	38	1	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nirunjun Ghose and another	475	5	10	423	4	5	52	1	5	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nirban Chandra Pal	172	1	11	129	3	1	42	14	10	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nim Chand Surana alias Nema	50	0	0	13	6	0	36	10	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Chand Sarana	50	0	0	10	12	0	39	4	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nogendra Nath Dawn	50	0	0	12	1	0	37	15	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nozmal Hui	50	0	0	81	11	9	309	13	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nope Chand	391	9	3	94	7	1	128	2	11	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Narain Das Agarwalla	222	10	0	12	9	4	106	9	5	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Narain Chandra Roy	119	2	0	181	12	7	25	3	5	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nathomull Khettry	207	0	0	25	13	6	24	2	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Narain Chandra Roy	50	0	0	9	14	0	40	2	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nearne, Mrs. Annie Enerist	50	0	0	10	3	0	39	13	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nogendra Chunder Dutt	50	0	0	16	9	6	34	10	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nogendra Nath Saha	51	4	0	11	11	5	38	4	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nilmooney Das	50	0	0	19	2	0	30	14	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Norendra Nath Bose	50	0	0	44	11	1	479	14	2	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nolin Behary Rakshit	524	9	3	9	3	9	74	4	3	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nagorenull and another	83	8	0	9	8	0	40	8	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Xehal Chand Punjabi	50	0	0	43	1	0	6	15	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nathmull Soonee	50	0	0	33	6	1	368	9	7	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Norendro Nath Bose, 235 of 1915	50	0	0	7,946	0	11	700	2	4	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nemay Churn Sen	401	15	8	13	9	0	36	7	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nilanony Japa and Sarada Prosad	8,646	3	3	17	13	6	32	2	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Shaha	50	0	0	13	13	0	36	3	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nanugran Uirawat	50	0	0	52	8	0	2	8	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nabin-Chunder Bhattacharjee	50	0	0	0	5	8	6	12	4	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nathmull and another (Nathmull	50	0	0	13	12	0	36	4	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Kadia and another)	50	0	0	36	8	0	173	8	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nani Lal Mandal	50	0	0	54	14	7	287	1	5	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Norrung Rai	7	2	0	21	8	0	28	8	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nritiya Gopal Dutt	50	0	0	39	5	6	0	8	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nogendra Nath Chatterjee	210	0	0	44	12	0	5	4	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Norendra Krishna Bose	342	0	0	190	14	8	9	8	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Niranjan Lal	50	0	0	25	5	9	91	15	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Norendra Nath Gupta	39	13	6	620	13	6	5,744	2	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Neal, Mrs. Cecil Louie	50	0	0	5	4	9	5	2	9	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nogendra Nath Sen	200	6	8	33	7	6	16	8	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nagorenull Jhun Jhun Walla	117	4	9	52	12	0	2	12	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Notobor Biswas	6,355	0	0	526	4	4	5,127	5	2	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Netai Churn Ghose	10	7	6	35	8	0	14	8	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nafar Chunder Dhur	50	0	0	37	5	6	12	10	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nilmooney Das	50	0	0	52	12	0	2	12	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Norendra Nath Bose of 1919	5,653	9	6	526	4	4	5,127	5	2	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Notobur Nundy	50	0	0	35	8	0	14	8	0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Nriya Gopal Mitter	50	0	0	37	5	6	12	10	6	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.

Names.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under rule 175 of the P. T. I. Act of 1909.	Probable returns of the dependences.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
O								
Overitt, Edward George	74 0 0	.....	55 5 2	18 10 10	.....	18 10 10	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
O'Brien, Herbert Rutledge	50 0 0	.....	24 0 6	25 15 6	.....	25 15 6	.....	Ditto.
Onker Das	50 0 0	.....	3 11 6	46 4 6	.....	46 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Odyers, L. L.	50 8 0	.....	14 12 4	35 11 8	.....	35 11 8	.....	Ditto.
Onkarmull Chatterbhooj	51 4 0	.....	20 15 6	30 4 6	.....	30 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Owen, John Charles	50 0 0	.....	30 9 0	19 7 0	.....	19 7 0	.....	Ditto.
Omerbin Mustafa Masri	50 0 0	.....	9 8 0	40 8 0	.....	40 8 0	.....	Ditto.
P								
Priya Lal Mullick	203 5 0	.....	32 2 7	171 2 5	.....	171 2 5	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Prosanno Kumar Roy	107 9 0	.....	29 10 0	77 15 0	.....	77 15 0	.....	Ditto.
Panna Lal Mookerjee	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Pandrea Nath Sen	1,033 4 1	.....	198 12 7	834 7 6	.....	834 7 6	.....	Ditto.
Panchoo Shaw	50 0 0	.....	10 14 6	39 1 6	.....	39 1 6	.....	Ditto.
Panch Gowrie Banerjee (D. N. Banerjee and others)	50 0 0	.....	8 14 0	41 2 0	.....	41 2 0	.....	Ditto.
Power, Mrs. M. E.	50 0 0	.....	28 7 0	21 9 0	.....	21 9 0	.....	Ditto.
Panchoo Gopal Das	50 0 0	.....	31 10 0	18 6 0	.....	18 6 0	.....	Ditto.
Pascal, C. A.	50 0 0	.....	26 0 6	23 15 6	.....	23 15 6	.....	Ditto.
Preo Lal Dutt	487 8 0	.....	453 0 0	34 8 0	.....	34 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Panna Lal Jhoo Jhoo walla	64 8 0	.....	10 9 1	53 14 11	.....	53 14 11	.....	Ditto.
Panchanan Chatterjee	50 0 0	.....	13 9 0	36 7 0	.....	36 7 0	.....	Ditto.
Pinnu, J.	913 0 0	54 3 0	555 4 5	303 8 7	.....	301 4 7	2 4 0	Ditto.
Pralhad Chunder Sannyasi	59 2 9	.....	30 9 10	28 8 11	.....	28 8 11	No. 2.	Ditto.
Partridge, Thomas William and Charlotte Augusta Partridge (Partridge & Co.)	5,120 1 0	3,683 13 9	1,088 14 2	347 5 1	.....	107 12 10	239 8 3	Ditto.
Pöwer, Mrs. Marquarite Emilia alias Stuart Dixou	50 0 0	.....	8 14 0	41 2 0	.....	41 2 0	No. 2.	Ditto.
Pérot, A. W.	9,839 14 2	4,319 7 1	2,770 2 10	2,720 4 3	.....	477 6 7	2,074 4 4	Ditto.
Purno Chunder Barrick	1,320 0 7	.....	1,276 4 7	43 12 0	.....	43 12 0	168 9 4	Ditto.
Esty Churn Ash and Johur Lal Ash	654 11 6	.....	57 5 8	597 5 10	.....	597 5 10	.....	Ditto.

Palmer, Edward Thomas	...	514	0	0	...	150	2	8	363	13	4	363	13	4	Ditto.
Palmer, Edward Thomas	...	74	6	6	...	72	6	6	2	0	0	2	0	0	Ditto.
Palmer, Edward Thomas	...	51	11	9	...	11	0	10	40	10	11	40	10	11	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	27	12	6	22	3	6	22	3	6	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	330	0	0	176	50	12	0	103	0	0	2	9	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	37	14	0	12	2	0	12	2	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	233	12	9	...	38	8	0	200	4	9	200	4	9	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	7	3	0	42	13	0	42	13	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	16	6	0	33	10	0	33	10	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	10	0	0	40	0	0	40	0	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	52	0	0	...	16	7	7	35	8	5	35	8	5	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	19	10	6	30	5	6	30	5	6	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	21	4	0	28	12	0	28	12	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	134	13	0	...	37	5	9	97	7	3	97	7	3	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	16,634	3	3	...	1,998	15	2	14,635	4	1	14,635	4	1	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	26	12	0	23	4	0	23	4	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	28	0	0	22	0	0	22	0	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	49	15	6	0	6	6	0	0	6	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	43	4	0	6	12	0	6	12	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	13,154	5	3	...	741	14	11	12,412	6	4	12,412	6	4	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	44	8	9	5	7	3	5	7	3	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	28	8	0	21	8	0	21	8	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	20	6	0	29	10	0	29	10	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	825	0	0	...	45	8	0	779	8	0	779	8	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	121	11	0	...	34	15	10	86	11	2	86	11	2	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Pickell, William John	...	2,905	11	0	...	2,163	12	10	741	14	2	741	14	2	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	200	0	0	...	30	0	0	170	0	0	170	0	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	5,244	14	0	1,889	2,218	7	2	1,137	5	11	275	7	2	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	18	8	0	31	8	0	31	8	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	799	4	3	315	362	9	7	120	13	8	120	13	8	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	3,507	11	0	3,012	363	14	11	130	13	11	86	1	4	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	2	8	0	47	8	0	47	8	0	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	15	15	6	34	0	6	34	0	6	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	26	1	6	23	14	6	23	14	6	Ditto.
Pickell, William John	...	50	0	0	...	43	11	6	6	4	6	6	4	6	Ditto.

R

Name	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfer to unclaimed dividend account under rule 175 of the P. T. L. Act of 1909.	Probable return of the dividend.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
R								
Robinson Morrison & Co.	49,317 1 5	32,967 5 3	11,407 13 9	4,941 14 5	.....	392 11 8	1,582 14 8	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Rai Mohan Shaw and others	4,33,103 9 5	1,48,625 52 6	2,33,961 10 9	50,516 2 2	.....	46,568 11 0	D. C. of Let D. A. transferred to E.— Rs. 4-1 39-8 8 8	Ditto.
Ram Gopal Sen and others	50 0 0	.....	9 8 0	40 8 0	.....	40 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Rodrigues, W. A.	170 0 0	.....	33 2 0	136 14 0	.....	136 14 0	.....	Ditto.
Remfry, John Edward	161 0 0	33 4 6	35 13 0	91 14 6	.....	74 8 4	17 6 2	Ditto.
Radhia Shyam Das	50 0 0	.....	5 8 0	44 8 0	.....	44 8 0	No. 2.	Ditto.
Ram Lal Narain Ram and Gopal Ram	50 0 0	.....	5 8 0	44 8 0	.....	44 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Radhia Roman Mullick	50 0 0	.....	9 15 0	40 1 0	.....	40 1 0	.....	Ditto.
Rameswar	50 0 0	.....	6 8 0	43 8 0	.....	43 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Rakhal Das Mazumdar	50 0 0	.....	6 12 6	43 3 6	.....	43 3 6	.....	Ditto.
Ram Leo (Dalsook Roy Behary Lal)	1,899 1 6	.....	183 14 8	1,715 3 10	.....	1,715 2 10	.....	Ditto.
No. 16 of 1914	50 0 0	.....	6 6 6	43 9 6	.....	43 9 6	.....	Ditto.
Robindra Krishna Deb	50 0 0	.....	12 14 6	37 1 6	.....	37 1 6	.....	Ditto.
Rutton Moni Chunder	50 0 0	.....	207 6 1	2,435 15 3	674 14 11	1,761 0 4	.....	Ditto.
Ram Kissen Das and Surajmull	5,477 7 2	2,734 1 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Ram Soondar Sam Soondar, Madan Mohan Das, Buddree Prosad and Kedar Nath	167 13 6	.....	76 2 3	91 11 3	.....	91 11 3	.....	Ditto.
Rakhal Das Sarkar	585 5 9	.....	583 11 3	1 10 6	.....	1 10 6	.....	Ditto.
Ram Charan Kar and others	50 0 0	.....	16 10 0	33 6 0	.....	33 6 0	.....	Ditto.
Raboti Mohan Mookerjee	50 0 0	.....	10 4 6	39 11 6	.....	39 11 6	.....	Ditto.
Rung Lal Poddar	50 0 0	.....	17 11 0	32 5 0	.....	32 5 0	.....	Ditto.
Russick Lal Sarkar	50 0 0	.....	9 11 6	40 4 6	.....	40 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Radhia Bullu Shaha	50 0 0	.....	5 15 6	44 10 6	.....	44 0 6	.....	Ditto.
Rothoff, Von, A. L. C.	241 10 9	.....	125 12 0	115 14 9	.....	115 14 9	.....	Ditto.
Rash Behary Roy	50 0 0	.....	6 5 6	43 10 6	.....	43 10 6	.....	Ditto.
Ram Narain Serowgee	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Rowtmull - etumull	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Raj Kiscore Bysack	50 0 0	.....	11 2 6	38 13 6	.....	38 13 6	.....	Ditto.
Raj Kanto Dutt	71 15 9	.....	17 0 7	54 15 2	.....	54 15 2	.....	Ditto.
Ram Chunder Rathee	50 0 0	.....	19 4 6	30 11 6	.....	30 11 6	.....	Ditto.

Ram Jatau	139 15 0	.....	35 15 0	104 0 0	.....	104 0 0	Ditto.
Roger, P. V.	350 0 0	.....	27 10 0	322 6 0	.....	322 6 0	Ditto.
Ram Das Khemka alias Bilas	50 0 0	.....	18 5 0	31 11 0	.....	31 11 0	Ditto.
Rama Nath Mitter, 132 of 1914	50 0 0	.....	21 9 6	28 6 6	.....	28 6 6	Ditto.
Rajendra Mohun, Jogendra Mohun,	50 0 0	.....	21 10 0	28 6 0	.....	28 6 0	Ditto.
Radha Buluv Kurmoker	50 0 0	.....	314 8 4	1,789 6 11	.....	1,789 6 11	Ditto.
Ram Saroop Durga Dutt	2,103 15 0	.....	6 4 0	43 12 0	.....	43 12 0	Ditto.
Ram Deo Sureka	50 0 0	.....	11 4 0	38 12 0	.....	38 12 0	Ditto.
Robertson, Alexander, Lindsay	50 0 0	.....	29 5 0	20 11 0	.....	20 11 0	Ditto.
Ram Yakat Chapardla	50 0 0	.....	9 9 0	41 0 0	.....	41 0 0	Ditto.
Ram Lal Sookul	50 0 0	.....	1,319 14 1	786 2 1	699 10 2	86 7 11	Ditto.
Ram Kissen Das Sreenibash	4,024 2 9	1,918 2 7	9,646 4 3	4 0 0	.....	4 0 0	Ditto.
Radha Kishore Tah	9,650 4 3	.....	19 6 5	86 3 4	.....	86 3 4	Ditto.
Roghunath Prosad	105 9 9	.....	21 10 0	28 6 0	.....	28 6 0	Ditto.
Ram Pratap Bhagiruth	50 0 0	.....	6 8 0	43 8 0	.....	43 8 0	Ditto.
Ram Deo Jajula, 154 of 1912	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	Ditto.
Roop Chaud Kesri Chaud	50 0 0	.....	559 2 0	1,831 3 10	1,406 10 7	312 7 0	Ditto.
Rash Behary Das	2,820 6 3	430 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Rang Lal Gejaund, Ram Kumar...	50 0 0	.....	24 0 6	25 15 6	No. 2.	35 15 6	Ditto.
Rorey, J. B.	50 0 0	.....	13 0 0	35 6 0	.....	36 6 0	Ditto.
Rajaram Sookul	76 13 0	.....	40 0 4	26 12 8	.....	36 12 8	Ditto.
Ram Sarup Shah	50 0 0	.....	17 7 0	32 9 0	.....	32 9 0	Ditto.
Rowtmull Moheawari	50 0 0	.....	11 15 0	38 1 0	.....	38 1 0	Ditto.
Rai Mohun Roy	50 0 0	.....	17 15 0	32 1 0	.....	32 1 0	Ditto.
Reuben, Abraham (Abraham Bros)	293 8 5	.....	48 7 9	245 0 8	.....	245 0 8	Ditto.
Rayfield, J. H.	100 0 0	.....	58 9 6	41 6 6	.....	41 6 6	Ditto.
Ram Gopal Karnani	313 1 3	.....	285 10 4	27 6 11	.....	27 6 11	Ditto.
Radha Kissen	50 0 0	.....	45 3 0	4 13 0	.....	4 13 0	Ditto.
Ram Chaud Halwai	50 0 0	.....	12 2 6	37 13 6	.....	37 13 6	Ditto.
Ramsook Das	50 0 0	.....	8 8 0	41 8 0	.....	41 8 0	Ditto.
Runchore Das and Ram Jowan Das	50 0 0	.....	9 12 0	40 4 0	.....	40 4 0	Ditto.
Ranina Sorabjee Erech	100 0 0	.....	2 8 0	97 8 0	.....	97 8 0	Ditto.
Raj Kristo Dutt	145 3 6	.....	40 7 2	104 12 4	.....	104 12 4	Ditto.
Ranchore Das Murarjee	127 11 6	.....	34 2 2	93 9 4	.....	93 9 4	Ditto.
Richardson, James Blisset	675 0 0	.....	58 4 0	616 12 0	.....	616 12 0	Ditto.
Rorey, Alfred Baptist	50 0 0	.....	21 13 0	28 3 0	.....	28 3 0	Ditto.
Rambux Agarwalla	404 4 0	.....	46 5 4	357 14 8	.....	357 14 8	Ditto.
Rajendra Lal Das Gupta	50 0 0	.....	6 8 0	43 8 0	.....	43 8 0	Ditto.
Rebbing, Florence Beatrice	50 0 0	.....	14 2 0	25 14 0	.....	25 14 0	Ditto.
Roghunath Das and Deno Nath Das	50 0 0	.....	45 8 0	4 8 0	.....	4 8 0	Ditto.
(members of the firm of Rajrup Premsook Das)	50 0 0	.....	35 6 0	14 10 0	.....	14 10 0	Ditto.
Rajali Kanto Nath and Soshree	50 0 0	.....	26 0 0	24 0 0	.....	24 0 0	Ditto.
Mohan Nath	50 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Radha Kishore Kur	50 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.

Shankar Chandra	1,041	7	3	.....	402	7	9	638	15	6	.....	638	15	6	Ditto.
Safdar Ali	50	0	0	.....	2	8	0	47	8	0	.....	47	8	0	Ditto.
Sardar Chand (Mahatab Chand Gobin Chandra)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Sarkis, S. J.	50	0	0	.....	25	1	0	24	15	9	.....	24	15	0	Ditto.
Sophianopoulos, P. G.	17,641	5	8	.....	1,557	15	2	16,083	6	6	.....	16,083	6	6	Ditto.
Shah Taher Ali	838	12	0	.....	104	11	0	734	1	0	.....	734	1	0	Ditto.
Sujanmull Banthia and Budhmull Banthia	50	0	0	.....	8	12	0	41	4	0	.....	41	4	0	Ditto.
Sew Prosad Jhurmull Khetromull (Loonakurn Jaliram)	50	0	0	.....	5	8	0	44	8	0	.....	44	8	0	Ditto.
Sarda Prosad Palit	19,323	11	3	5,965	10	11	.....	7,730	0	2	5,379	10	11	.....	Ditto.
Soler, Henry Eustace	402	8	9	.....	108	1	0	44	1	0	.....	44	1	0	Ditto.
Sarat Chunder Banerjee	50	0	0	.....	2	8	0	294	7	9	.....	294	7	9	Ditto.
Saroje Ranjon Mookerjee	600	0	0	433	11	0	.....	47	8	0	.....	47	8	0	Ditto.
Sew Saran and others	616	2	6	.....	127	0	0	39	5	0	.....	39	5	0	Ditto.
Sattya Prosad Mitter	50	0	0	.....	360	6	6	255	12	0	.....	255	12	0	Ditto.
Santo Lal Nagorenull and Luchmiprasad	898	3	9	.....	13	15	0	36	1	0	.....	36	1	0	Ditto.
Sarat Chunder Bose	528	4	5	.....	888	3	9	10	0	0	.....	10	0	0	Ditto.
Soggunmull Buchwat and others (Jotmull Buchwat and others, Mugunmull Buchwat and Indar Chand Doogur)	7,458	13	9	5,169	4	6	.....	1,342	4	2	1,241	2	7	.....	Ditto.
Syed Bux	767	9	3	.....	947	5	1	365	12	6	.....	365	12	6	Ditto.
Seetul Prosad Raj Kumar	2,778	9	9	.....	2,570	11	6	207	14	3	.....	207	14	3	Ditto.
Satur, A.	50	0	0	.....	7	14	0	42	2	0	.....	42	2	0	Ditto.
Sarat Chander Roy and Haris Chunder Roy	50	0	0	.....	2	15	6	47	0	6	.....	47	0	6	Ditto.
Santosh Lal Dutt	50	0	0	.....	26	6	6	23	12	6	.....	23	12	6	Ditto.
Surendra Kumar Deb Roy	167	0	0	.....	36	13	1	130	0	11	.....	130	0	11	Ditto.
Sandya, Edwin Francis	3,967	10	0	2,622	15	3	.....	1,054	11	9	1,002	1	8	.....	Ditto.
Shiva Dutt Roy and others	50	0	0	.....	289	15	0	44	8	0	.....	44	8	0	Ditto.
Sonarun Poddar	50	0	0	.....	5	8	0	44	8	0	.....	44	8	0	Ditto.
Statebury, Herbert Charles	50	0	0	.....	5	8	0	47	8	0	.....	47	8	0	Ditto.
Satis Chunder Bose	50	0	0	.....	5	8	0	44	8	0	.....	44	8	0	Ditto.
Sugan Chand Munira and another (Jesroop Jugernath)	5,726	5	1	.....	2,912	9	7	2,813	11	6	.....	2,813	11	6	Ditto.
Sew Kissen and Sew Nath	50	0	0	.....	2	11	6	47	4	6	.....	47	4	6	Ditto.
Surendro Nath Pal	610	0	0	.....	61	11	0	548	5	0	.....	548	5	0	Ditto.
Syed Bux, Rahim Bux and Ijad Bux	36	0	0	.....	1	12	9	34	3	3	.....	34	3	3	Ditto.
Sat Cowrie Coondoo	50	0	0	.....	5	8	0	44	8	0	.....	44	8	0	Ditto.
Shibo Kally Manna	50	0	0	.....	2	8	0	47	8	0	.....	47	8	0	Ditto.
Sourest, Chunder Gooyee and others (Mooni Lal Gooyee, Jogesh Chunder Gooyee and Rajmonee Dala)	878	6	9	.....	675	9	3	202	13	6	.....	202	13	6	Ditto.

Debit.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividend now payable.	Net balance.	Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under rule 175 of the P. T. I. Act of 1909.	Probable outcome of the dependences.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
S								
Sojannull Sirara	650 0 0	.....	56 12 0	593 4 0	.....	593 4 0	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Sattya Churn Seal	50 0 0	.....	5 8 0	44 8 0	.....	44 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Shih Churn Pal	412 13 6	.....	388 8 0	24 5 6	.....	24 5 6	.....	Ditto.
Shave, Ellen Florence	50 0 0	.....	25 15 0	24 1 0	.....	24 1 0	.....	Ditto.
Sree Das Pyne	50 0 0	.....	2 11 6	47 4 6	.....	47 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Seetul Chunder Dutt	52 0 0	.....	14 9 7	37 6 5	.....	37 6 5	.....	Ditto.
Surendro Nath Dey	50 0 0	.....	21 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Sewnarain Lodha	58 6 0	.....	18 15 6	39 6 6	.....	39 6 6	.....	Ditto.
Shaikh Faroo and another	50 0 0	.....	8 8 0	41 8 0	.....	41 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Suresh Krishnas Bose	50 0 0	.....	25 6 6	24 9 6	.....	24 9 6	.....	Ditto.
Sova Chaud Talam and others, 29 of 1913	50 0 0	.....	5 8 0	44 8 0	.....	44 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Sagornull Betia	50 0 0	.....	23 5 6	26 10 6	.....	26 10 6	.....	Ditto.
Shiwak Shaw Sorabjee Dhondy	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Stuart, H. A., otherwise called J. H. Stuart	50 0 0	.....	18 11 6	31 4 6	.....	31 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Surajmull Dharwa	50 0 0	.....	10 15 6	39 0 6	.....	39 0 6	.....	Ditto.
Shaikh Shamuzdin and another	50 0 0	.....	5 12 0	44 4 0	.....	44 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Shaikh Mahamed Ahmed and Abdul Ghaffar	39,182 3 3	12,113 4 2	22,494 11 10	4,574 3 3	104 7 0	3,197 14 8	1,234 5 10	Ditto.
Syed Velayat Ali	4,268 6 0	2,253 7 10	592 15 9	1,421 14 5	.....	698 15 11	.....	Ditto.
Representative—S. P. of G. P. N. 18,672 5 8			P. of G. P. N.—19,487 11 11				187 7 9 D. C. of 1st D. A. transferred to E.—G. P. I.—1,090 1 8 51 13 0	
Senington, Mary Ann Elizabeth	50 0 0	.....	8 13 6	41 2 6	.....	41 2 6	No. 2. D. C. of 1st D. A. transferred to E.—	Ditto.
Surendra Nath Ray	70 0 0	.....	51 12 0	18 4 0	.....	18 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Shew Das Bhuttor	50 0 0	.....	45 4 0	4 12 0	.....	4 12 0	.....	Ditto.
Saligram	50 0 0	.....	6 7 6	43 8 6	.....	43 8 6	.....	Ditto.
Shew Narain Sonar	50 0 0	.....	10 1 0	39 15 0	.....	39 15 0	.....	Ditto.
Shelveton, J. W.	50 0 0	.....	25 13 6	24 2 6	.....	24 2 6	.....	Ditto.
Sattya Preo Mitter	50 0 0	.....	6 1 8	43 14 6	.....	42 14 6	.....	Ditto.
Soleymann Mulla Durjee	50 0 0	.....	8 13 6	41 2 6	.....	41 2 6	.....	Ditto.
Saraj Kumar Maitra	50 0 0	.....	9 11 6	40 4 6	.....	40 4 6	.....	Ditto.
Seetal Chunder Sen	50 0 0	.....	30 13 0	19 3 0	.....	19 3 0	.....	Ditto.
Sadhu Churn Mahanti and others (Sadhu Churn Mahanti and Rangachari Jans)	50 0 0	.....	7 3 6	42 12 6	.....	42 12 6	.....	Ditto.

Scott, Arthur Adam	50	0	0	10	1	6	39	14	6	35	14	6	Ditto.
Sewar, Kewaria	50	0	0	14	6	0	35	10	0	35	10	0	Ditto.
Saith, Chandra Dutt	50	0	0	11	12	6	38	3	6	38	3	6	Ditto.
Surendro Nath Roy, 179 of 1913	334	15	0	324	15	0	10	0	0	10	0	0	Ditto.
Sitaram and another	50	0	0	11	9	6	38	6	6	38	6	6	Ditto.
Sarad, Prosad Sen and another	50	0	0	35	1	0	14	15	0	14	15	0	Ditto.
Sailepdro Nath Das	150	0	0	116	12	0	33	4	0	33	4	0	Ditto.
Sailessur & Co.	2,004	14	2	538	5	4	1,466	8	10	1,466	8	10	Ditto.
Boban Lal Christian	50	0	0	14	11	0	35	5	0	35	5	0	Ditto.
Sew Narsin and Joypranin	50	0	0	12	6	6	37	9	6	37	9	6	Ditto.
Saroda, Prosad Daw	2,187	3	0	358	4	4	1,828	14	8	1,828	14	8	Ditto.
Shib Chander Ghose	50	0	0	11	10	6	38	5	6	38	5	6	Ditto.
Salt, R. W.	3,650	0	0	2,025	15	0	339	6	0	172	10	0	Ditto.
				1,284	11	0				166	12	0	
										No. 2.			
Shamuddin Klotia Mehta Moruma	188	11	0	13	4	11	175	6	1	175	6	1	Ditto.
Sundar Prosad Kulwar	1,284	14	5	496	13	11	788	0	6	788	0	6	Ditto.
Sewarain Mahata and others	1,276	15	6	829	8	3	447	7	3	447	7	3	Ditto.
(Dhanraj Mahata)													
Sejour Roboman and others (S. R. Ahnuddin)	6,589	2	11	834	5	7	4,751	9	4	4,751	9	4	Ditto.
Sultan Mahomed	135	0	0	52	1	6	82	14	6	82	14	6	Ditto.
Snyth, Hazel	50	0	0	30	4	6	19	11	6	19	11	6	Ditto.
Saifuddin	50	0	0	15	12	0	34	4	0	34	4	0	Ditto.
Shaik Pabari	50	0	0	29	5	6	20	10	6	20	10	6	Ditto.
Sharagar, Adele	50	0	0	2	8	0	47	8	0	47	8	0	Ditto.
Sreenath Mandar	63	4	9	22	14	7	40	6	2	40	6	2	Ditto.
Sris Chunder Bose	50	0	0	5	14	0	44	2	0	44	2	0	Ditto.
Shib Nath Banerjee	50	0	0	29	12	0	20	4	0	20	4	0	Ditto.
Satis Chander Roy Chowdry	50	0	0	40	0	0	10	0	0	10	0	0	Ditto.
Shaik Azizuddin	50	0	0	7	4	0	42	12	0	42	12	0	Ditto.
Shaik Iyat Ally	50	0	0	6	6	0	42	10	0	42	10	0	Ditto.
Sham Sundar Agarwalla	50	0	0	219	7	1	2,615	11	8	2,615	11	8	Ditto.
Sova Chand, Chajee Singh, Maru Sing and Permaund, 216 of 1914	2,835	2	9										
Seth, Rowland Bertram	50	0	0	20	13	0	29	3	0	29	3	0	Ditto.
Scott, Henry Wishart	50	0	0	28	13	6	21	2	6	21	2	6	Ditto.
Soleman Cassim Arrif	50	0	0	24	12	0	25	4	0	25	4	0	Ditto.
Sutto Chitran Roy	50	0	0	2	8	0	47	8	0	47	8	0	Ditto.
Sidheswar Day	50	0	0	9	6	0	40	10	0	40	10	0	Ditto.
	4,607	13	3	1,790	7	3	2,368	6	6	1,515	6	5	Ditto.
				448	15	6				842	15	1	
										10	1	0	
										D. C. of 1st D. A. transferred to E.			
Surajmull Buzaz	50	0	0	2	8	0	47	8	0	47	8	0	Ditto.
Surendro Nath Haldar	50	0	0	9	6	0	40	10	0	40	10	0	Ditto.
Shaik Mohamed Baquar	60	0	0	31	9	6	28	6	6	28	6	6	Ditto.
Shib Lal Agarwalla	50	0	0	9	4	0	40	12	0	40	12	0	Ditto.

Estimate.	Whole amount of receipts.		WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfers to undivided account under rule 175 of the P. T. L. Act of 1909.	Probable outcome of the dependences.
	Rs.	A. P.	Dividends paid.	Other payments.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
Surendro Nath Bose	50	0 0	.....	16 7 6	33	8 6	33	8 6	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Surendro Nath Dey	50	0 0	.....	9 14 0	40	2 0	40	2 0	Ditto.
Ghansuam Khoja Nagul	50	0 0	.....	30 9 0	19	7 0	19	7 0	Ditto.
Sost Bhusan Nag and others	574	0 0	.....	318 15 6	255	0 6	255	0 6	Ditto.
Sova Chand Paruck, 3 of 1915	2,553	14 6	.....	767 0 8	1,786	13 10	1,786	13 10	Ditto.
Shaik Mahomed Khalil	344	2 0	.....	97 6 3	246	11 9	246	11 9	Ditto.
Sarat Chunder Roy, Jotindro Nath Roy, and Akshoy Kumar Bose	50	0 0	.....	13 2 6	36	13 6	36	13 6	Ditto.
Varja Prasad and another	459	8 0	.....	374 5 3	85	2 9	85	2 9	Ditto.
Sewlal Ram Bullav	105	3 9	.....	14 13 2	90	6 7	90	6 7	Ditto.
Sifarain Ningaria	50	0 0	.....	21 3 0	28	13 0	28	13 0	Ditto.
Shaik Mahabab Bux	50	0 0	.....	10 9 6	39	6 6	39	6 6	Ditto.
Sattya Churn Banerjee	50	0 0	.....	43 12 0	6	4 1	6	4 0	Ditto.
Suresh Chunder Ghose and another	598	2 2	.....	469 10 3	128	7 1	128	7 1	Ditto.
Sepan Uria	50	0 0	.....	7 9 6	42	6 6	42	6 6	Ditto.
Santosh Kumar Mazumdar and another	460	0 0	111 2 8	105 5 0	243	8 4	54	13 8	Ditto.
Santo Kiran Joshi	50	0 0	.....	20 13 0	29	3 0	29	3 0	Ditto.
Sobha Chand and Idan, 123 of 1915	807	10 6	.....	72 8 0	735	2 6	735	2 6	Ditto.
Satie Chunder Sen (S. C. Sen & Co.)	1,659	4 6	.....	125 5 1	1,533	15 5	1,533	15 5	Ditto.
Surujmull and another (Sourjmul Greenibach), 154 of 1915	100	0 0	.....	57 1 0	42	15 0	42	15 0	Ditto.
Sew Protap Karnani	123	3 9	.....	29 9 7	93	10 2	93	10 2	Ditto.
Sew Doyal Sreenivas and Sew Doyal Pallabux	50	0 0	.....	10 0 0	40	0 0	40	0 0	Ditto.
Sew Doyal and others	50	0 0	.....	2 8 0	47	8 0	47	8 0	Ditto.
Sarat Chunder Nag and others, 197 of 1915	250	0 0	.....	80 6 11	169	9 1	169	9 1	Ditto.
Smith, Alexander	50	0 0	.....	33 2 0	16	14 0	16	14 0	Ditto.
Stork, Walter Edmund	50	0 0	.....	43 2 0	6	4 0	6	4 0	Ditto.
Suryo Kumar Pannalick	50	0 0	.....	16 13 0	33	3 0	33	3 0	Ditto.
Sew Dutt Roy Joy Doyal	50	0 0	.....	11 11 0	34	5 0	34	5 0	Ditto.
Sudab Chunder Chatterjee	50	0 0	.....	11 2 6	38	13 6	38	13 6	Ditto.
Sarat Chunder Pal and Sarat Chunder Pal	48,259	12 0	.....	46,614 8 4	1,645	3 8	1,645	3 8	Ditto.
Sardar Muhammad Hadi alias Abdul Hadi alias Mahomed Hadi	104	0 0	.....	12 5 0	91	11 0	91	11 0	Ditto.

Esate.	Whole amount of recipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under rule 17 of the P. T. L. Act of 1909.	Probable outcome of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Somerault				Dr. Balance—				
Sarat Chunder Ghose	50 0 0	.....	52 8 0	2 8 0	.....	.....	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Shyama Das Khetry	50 0 0	.....	6 8 0	43 8 0	.....	43 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Satia Chunder Mullick	50 0 0	.....	23 4 0	26 12 0	.....	26 12 0	.....	Ditto.
Sarat Chunder Ghose and S. M.	50 0 0	.....	11 15 0	38 7 0	.....	38 1 0	.....	Ditto.
Sadhuamani Dasi	258 12 3	.....	56 13 0	201 15 3	.....	201 15 3	.....	Ditto.
Sarat Chunder Roy and others	50 0 0	.....	56 15 0	13 1 0	.....	13 1 0	.....	Ditto.
Sukhoo Khatsy	50 0 0	.....	12 4 0	37 12 0	.....	37 12 0	.....	Ditto.
Shaikh Allaudin	392 8 0	.....	55 9 11	336 14 1	.....	336 14 1	.....	Ditto.
Sital Sita	50 0 0	.....	23 4 0	26 12 0	.....	26 12 0	.....	Ditto.
Surendro Lal Mullick	50 0 0	.....	29 0 0	21 0 0	.....	21 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Schipper, F.	50 0 0	.....	5 12 0	44 4 0	.....	44 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Shaik Khairut ally	404 10 9	.....	363 7 1	41 3 8	.....	41 3 8	.....	Ditto.
Sarabala Dasi and Kartick Chunder Ghose	52 6 3	.....	30 7 4	21 14 11	.....	21 14 11	.....	Ditto.
Syed Abdul Rasool	50 0 3	.....	52 8 0	2 8 0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto.
Sew Das Soogun Chaud	100 0 0	.....	2 9 7	97 6 5	.....	97 6 5	.....	Ditto.
Sattya Churn Dutt	81 2 9	.....	27 13 3	53 5 6	.....	53 5 6	.....	Ditto.
Bakhamoy Das Gupta	244 11 6	.....	38 13 6	215 14 0	.....	215 14 0	.....	Ditto.
Sataram and Sogun Chaud	50 0 0	.....	26 0 0	24 0 0	.....	24 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Lakhotia	50 0 0	.....	2 8 0	47 8 0	.....	47 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Smith, Charles Osmond	199 12 9	.....	20 0 0	179 12 9	.....	179 12 9	.....	Ditto.
Surajmull (Pateh Lal Jaynarsin)	52 13 0	.....	33 6 0	19 7 0	.....	19 7 0	.....	Ditto.
Sarat Chunder Chatterjee	50 0 0	.....	24 14 0	25 2 0	.....	25 2 0	.....	Ditto.
Syed Habibur Rabaman Chowdry	650 0 0	.....	266 6 3	393 9 9	.....	393 9 9	.....	Ditto.
Sat Chowree Chatterjee	60 0 0	.....	25 0 0	25 0 0	.....	25 0 0	.....	Ditto.
Sasi Bhasun Bhattacharjee	50 0 0	.....	40 12 0	9 4 0	.....	9 4 0	.....	Ditto.
Steel, Reginald Cyrus	50 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
T								
Tolarin and Ramsook Das	50 0 0	.....	7 13 0	42 3 0	.....	42 3 0	.....	Ditto.
Tin Roy, Raja	50 0 0	.....	6 8 0	43 8 0	.....	43 8 0	.....	Ditto.
Troyackho Mohun Shaw	2,909 10 9	385 14 1	2,016 14 2	506 14 6	.....	506 14 6	.....	Ditto.

	290	7	2	167	0	3	83	15	6	39	7	5	.....	34	8	0	Ditto.
Naftun, Robert William, C.	No. 2. D. C. of 1st D. A.— transferred to B. 0 7 2	2,747	6	2	Ditto.
Toolai Ram Jalan	9,700	0	3	3,706	13	8	910	11	6	5,082	7	1 3	.....	2,332	8	11	Ditto.
Taruck Bundhoo Bhuttacharjee	8,811	13	6	1,964	4	11	4,580	14	9	2,266	9	10	.....	1,075	6	1	Ditto.
Taruck Das Dhar	9,333	1	6	869	12	5	4,096	8	4	4,341	12	9	3,417	11	6	44	Ditto.	
Tara Chand Kapur and others	50	0	0	.....			2	8	0	47	8	0	.....	924	1	3	Ditto.
Tatam, Arthur Cecil	50	0	0	.....			2	8	0	47	8	0	.....	47	8	0	Ditto.
Taruck Nath Pal	50	0	0	.....			6	8	0	43	8	0	.....	43	8	0	Ditto.
Tunsook Das Khatiail	50	0	0	.....			2	8	0	47	8	0	.....	47	8	0	Ditto.
Thakur Lak Sen	451	9	0	.....			424	8	10	27	0	2	.....	27	0	2	Ditto.
Tara Chand Deb and Kissory	1,578	9	9	.....			1,529	14	9	48	11	0	.....	48	11	0	Ditto.
Mohun Deb	50	0	0	.....			31	12	0	18	4	0	.....	18	4	0	Ditto.
Templeton, A. G.	2,020	8	9	407	0	2	868	11	1	744	4	6	554	10	7	.....	Ditto.
Tareh Chander Ghose	50	0	0	.....			11	10	6	38	5	6	.....	38	5	6	Ditto.
Tunsook Roy	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....	.....			Ditto.
Tappissier, Eugene; and H. A. Tappiaier	474	10	6	.....			95	8	8	379	1	10	.....	379	1	10	Ditto.
Teadale, T. W.	950	0	0	.....			88	0	0	882	0	0	.....	882	0	0	Ditto.
Thomas, James Alexander	50	0	0	.....			29	10	6	20	5	6	.....	20	5	6	Ditto.
Tin Cowry Dutt	57	8	0	.....			52	8	0	5	0	0	.....	5	0	0	Ditto.
Toolaram Settia	50	0	0	.....			19	6	0	39	10	0	.....	39	10	0	Ditto.
Tarini Churn Ghose	50	0	0	.....			-10	9	6	39	5	6	.....	39	5	6	Ditto.
Tosh, John Charles	1,399	5	11	78	9	3	232	6	10	1,088	5	10	.....	29	11	9	Ditto.
Thorpe Herbert McLeod	50	0	0	.....			25	1	6	24	14	6	.....	24	14	6	Ditto.
Troyluckho Nath Laha	50	0	0	.....			10	8	0	39	8	0	.....	39	8	0	Ditto.
Tin Cowry Bose alias T. C. Bose	50	0	0	.....			11	2	0	38	14	0	.....	38	14	0	Ditto.
Trijogey Nath Dohoy	5,177	13	6	474	5	0	1,919	3	9	2,784	4	9	.....	2,784	4	9	Ditto.
Turner, N. A.	181	8	4	.....			55	8	0	126	0	4	.....	126	0	4	Ditto.
Taruck Krishna Bose	53	8	11	.....			42	11	10	10	13	1	.....	10	13	1	Ditto.
Taherbhoy Mulla Toyabali	221	6	1	.....			43	9	4	177	12	11	.....	177	12	11	Ditto.
Toolaram Doogur	106	1	6	.....			63	13	4	42	4	2	.....	42	4	2	Ditto.
Tejpal	50	0	0	.....			24	8	0	25	8	0	.....	25	8	0	Ditto.
Tunsook Roy Sorrowgya	50	0	0	.....			2	8	0	47	8	0	.....	47	8	0	Ditto.
Tulsiram Bellani and others (Toolsi Ram, Ram Pratap)	50	0	0	.....			25	0	0	25	0	0	.....	25	0	0	Ditto.
Twena, Joseph Solomon	50	0	0	.....			41	12	0	8	4	0	.....	8	4	0	Ditto.

Particulars.	Whole amount of receipts.	Whole Disbursements.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.		Transfers to unclaimed dividend account under rule 75 of the P. T. F. Act of 1909.	Probable return of the dependents.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.						
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
T									
Toolai Siaw	50	0	0	26	15	3	23	0	9
Tice, William	50	0	0	50	8	0	0	8	0
Thakur Das Benani	50	0	0	9	0	0	41	0	0
Tara Chand and another (Ram Gopal Lakhotia and others)	50	0	0	12	0	0	38	0	0
Tara Prasanna, Tarini Kanto, Rang Lal and Behari Lal Pramanick (Tarini Kanto Pramanick)	50	0	0	22	4	0	27	12	0
U									
Upendra Krishna Biswas	50	0	0	11	1	0	38	15	0
Upendra Nath Pal	50	0	0	6	11	0	43	5	0
Upendra Nath Mokherjee	50	0	0	2	8	0	47	8	0
Upendra Nath Mitter	50	0	0	11	2	6	38	13	6
Uday Narain Sreemany	50	0	0	10	14	0	39	2	0
Upendra Nath Roy	50	0	0	14	14	0	35	2	0
Upendra Nath Ghosh	138	0	0	125	4	11	12	11	1
Upendra Nath Goopla	70	0	0	15	3	0	54	13	0
Upendra Nath Dutt, 133 of 1916	50	0	0	26	14	9	23	1	3
Umasid Sing	50	0	0	36	14	0	13	2	0
Ubold, Fernandes Cactano alias	50	0	0	48	15	6	1	0	6
C. Ubold Brothers	50	0	0	11	5	6	38	10	6
Upendra Nath Day	60	0	0	42	0	0	18	0	0
Upson, Donald Goldie									
V									
Venck, A. M. L.	50	0	0	9	9	6	40	6	6
W									
Wootum Chander Laha	297	1	3	291	1	3	6	0	0
Wise, R. F.	298	7	0	37	4	19	260	8	3
Wood, T. H. and another	50	0	0	10	13	6	39	2	6
Wooten Chunder Pal and another	710	0	0	84	8	3	625	7	9
White, Robert Henry	50	0	0	30	13	0	19	3	0

Wagener, H. A.	50 0 0	30 10 0	19 6 0	19 6 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Wagener, A. H.	50 0 0	26 1 6	23 14 6	23 14 6	.....	.....	Ditto.
Wagener, A. H.	300 0 0	92 10 0	74 1 9	74 1 9	18 5 8	18 5 8	Ditto.
Winters, Charles Alfred	50 0 0	6 1 6	43 14 6	43 14 6	.....	.....	Ditto.
White, Charles E.	50 0 0	33 15 0	16 1 0	16 1 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Woodhab Churn Sakhbar and another	50 0 0	11 8 0	38 8 0	38 8 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Worman & Co.	1,62,964 4 9	1,30,043 1 2	32,921 3 7	32,921 3 7	.....	.....	Ditto.
		83,561 0 5			.....	.....	Ditto.
		Prof G. P. K.			.....	.....	Ditto.
Wolfe, Robert Ernest	786 9 0	44 15 2	741 9 10	741 9 10	.....	.....	Ditto.
Wait, P. L.	50 0 0	11 3 0	38 13 0	38 13 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Wood, Henry	50 0 0	32 10 0	17 6 0	17 6 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Wilkinson, H. R.	15,370 8 8	1,393 12 5	13,976 12 3	13,976 12 3	.....	.....	Ditto.
Wells, Fred	50 0 0	41 8 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Y							
Young, Henry Horatio	290 0 0	21 13 11	159 14 1	159 14 1	94 5 8	94 5 8	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Young, Macour	50 0 0	29 3 0	20 13 0	20 13 0	.....	.....	Ditto.
Yasin, K. M.	114 5 0	34 6 4	79 14 8	79 14 8	.....	.....	Ditto.
Z							
Zemih, Joseph Samuel	50 0 0	25 13 6	24 2 6	24 2 6	.....	.....	Outstanding in course of recovery.
Zemin, John Jordon	50 0 0	43 12 0	6 4 0	6 4 0	.....	.....	Ditto.

In addition to the above there are 647 estates with balances under Rs. 500 aggregating Rs. 1,16,130-14-9 the particulars of which may be learnt at this office. The Official Assignee has received for remuneration for the half year ending July 1918 Rs. 20,500-9-7.

Prepared by
M. N. CHATTERJEE,
Auditor.

G. M. FALKNER,
Official Assignee, Calcutta.

Certified to be correct.

Accountant.

T. H. WORGAN,
Examiner, Outside Accounts, Calcutta.
(149—1)

CALCUTTA,
The 5th March 1919.

LAND SALE NOTICE.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 19, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 12th January 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 2 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood a separate account is kept for that share :—

Sl.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
14	Ph. Batitaki, mahal Pancheri.	Rs. A. P. 1,002 3 0	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 only. The following manzars will be sold— Manza— Sikibatitaki. Abhaya Mukundapur. Astidanger. Baja. Bhatbarh. Bhnyan. Bhojpur. Chhatrabhetya. Dahuka. Dangarpura. Dwagram. Durgachak. Dharmachak. Ragerhe. Khalidanger. Phulbheri. Garhgaria chat. Gurhi. Gobinda chak. Gobindapur. Gopal barh. Jamarin. Joti. Kalanikichota. Karanji. Kalkachak. Kunarpore. Katali. Khagra-bheri. Khanderbheri. Khursai. Lathanda. Madhubarh. Mahamad chak. Mohammad chak. Mowaguti. Mukundapur hat. Palnaidakhin. Radha Mohan chat. Ram chak. Ramdangar. Saihani. Simulya. Sirochak. Suriha. Sonadhar chak. Brihandanpore. Tapsia. Tala. Talaitha. Trilochanpur. 9 as. 11 gds 1 qt. 1 dt. share each of the above manzars will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Srimatya Ramani Moni Dasi, guardian of Amulya Chandra Jana and another, minors.	Rs. A. P. 984 3 3	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 73 2 3	Rs. A. P.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 15th March 1920 at 12 A.M., for arrears of revenue defaulted during the kist ending the 26th December 1919 and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share—

Tasul No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Name of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
41	Th. Satkania, of Abul Fasal	643 3 7	Whole	.	Abdul Wahed Khan and others.	..	391 7 6	....
396	Th. Town and Sitakund of, Bankhali.	935 14 0	Share	Residuary share with extent of interest, 10s. 4p. 17kta. will be sold.	Jakerati Choudhuri and others	605 3 0		274 12 9
478	Th. Mathasari, Raoson, Paliya Iow and Patick-chari, of, Brindaban Choudhuri	2 458 9 7	Do	Residuary share with extent of interest 6s. will be sold	Himangshu Bimal Rai and others	932 8 6	....	466 12 9
942	Th. Raoson, of, Fathesing.	2 348 6 0	Whole	...	Shri Mathuria Debby for minor son Raj Naayan Hasari	..	396 7 6	..
1143	Th. Satkania, of, Mausa Harina, of, of Mangat Ram Hasari.	692 12 0	Do	...	Mr. Lata Bahaddar		238 0 3	.
1294	Th. Paliya Mathasari Raoson and Town, of Inas Aup	2 765 15 8	Share	Residuary share with an extent of interest, 10 as 8 p will be sold	Itamdhon Choudhuri and others	1 508 8 10	..	339 14 9
1643	Th. Satkania Bankhali Paliya O. S., Auzara, of Imambakha.	697 0 6	Whole	.	Abdul Raup Khan and another		315 11 10	...
1760	Th. Paliya and Satkania, of Muhammad Ali and Rosum Ali	2 466 3 8	Share	Residuary share with an extent of interest 6 as will be sold	Dhirendra Lal Gupta for self and for Sachindra Kumar Gupta and others	1 806 3 4		591 12 10
1479	Dicto	2 483 3 8	Do.	Share No 3 Upendra Lal Gupta and others to the extent of interest 6 as will be sold.	Upendra Lal Gupta self and for Sasanka Shekar Gupta and others.	1 806 3 4	..	591 12 9
1634	Th. Satkania Miruwari, Mathasari, Paliya, Raoson, Town Bagmaha, Bankhali and Sitakunda, of, Mr. Arshad Hyed.	943 8 0	Whole	...	Bidhu Bhawan Rai and others	.	310 3 0	..
3073	Th. Ramoo, M. Mithachari, of, Mr. Kulo and Kamark.	618 5 6	Do.	...	Basada Kripa Lala	...	396 12 3	....
3061	Th. Chakaria, M. Dola-hara Hajni, of, Mr. Chandra Sen, son of late Dabi Das Sen, of Gobra.	1 069 8 0	Do.	...	Angar Ali Sikdar and others.	...	363 11 6	..

Chittagong, the 29th January 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector

Notice of Sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XIV of 1859, read with Act VII (B. C.) of 1868 and Act II (B. C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk, within the Cox's Bazar khas mehal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919 :—

No. of tenure.	Name of mauza, thana and mehal.	Name of talukdar.	SADAR JAMA.		AMOUNT OF ARREARS FOR WHICH THE TENURE IS TO BE SOLD.		
			Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
130 3	Thana Teknaf, mauza Teknaf, Noabad taluk Pateh Chowdhuri.	Srimati Khema Chowdhuri and Srimati Nishakshi Chowdhuri, daughter of Thaw Chowdhuri of Teknaf.	1,374 1 2	63 16 0	428 11 0	33 8 0	462 3 0
300 5	Thana Teknaf, mauza Lengubdi, Noabad taluk Thaw Chowdhuri.	Ditto	798 0 0	44 4 8	300 0 0	16 2 4	216 2 4
60-94	Thana Ramoo, mauza Patili Mamukhal, Noabad taluk Mar Mohamud.	Chandra Kumar Palit, son of Gohardhan Palit, of Bara.	910 5 0	85 10 8	370 11 8	50 9 0	421 4 6
79-101	Thana Ramoo, mauza Patili Mamukhal, Noabad taluk Samad Ali.	Nur Muhammad, son of Harhan Ali Chowdhuri, of Patili Mamukhal.	901 2 0	101 0 6	389 7 0	32 11 6	393 3 6
90-122	Thana Ramoo, mauza Kharula, Noabad taluk Baksha Ali.	Wazid Ali Chowdhuri, Sher Ali Chowdhuri, sons of, and Srimati Rohmanusa Chowdhuri, daughter of Mohabat Ali Chowdhuri of Jalil, thana Benikhal.	688 9 0	44 6 9	280 5 8	27 11 6	318 1 0
298 302-306	Thana Chakaria, mauza Barailali, Noabad taluk Ali Mohamud.	Sarada Kripa Lala, son of Praharil Lala, of Papadia.	4,559 12 0	382 2 2	489 15 0	107 2 4	1,247 3 0
384 308-307	Thana Chakaria, mauza Haribhang, Noabad taluk Mobarak Ali.	Sher Ali Khan, son of Ajamala Khan, of Haribhang.	929 14 0	85 9 0	322 8 0	31 0 0	353 8 0
396 304-308	Thana Chakaria, mauza Haribhang, Noabad taluk Lal Mohamed.	Nural Huda Khan, Shamul Huda Khan, minor son of Srimati Joynta Khatun, Srimati Torba Khatun, minor daughter of Sultan Amir Ali Khan, guardianship of his uncle Soleman Khan, son of Ajamala Khan, of Haribhang, and another.	1,486 14 0	155 1 6	185 14 0	25 6 9	211 2 9

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Notice of Sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6 of Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluks within the Satkania khas mehal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919 :—

Number	Name of mauza, thana and mehal.	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA.		AMOUNT OF ARREARS FOR WHICH THE TENURE IS TO BE SOLD.		
			Rent.	Cesses.	Rent.	Cesses.	Total.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
3 408	Thana Ramkhali, mauza Pulcheri, mehal Noabad, taluk Moharakh and Baksh Ali.	Koramat Ali Chowdhury, son of Anwar Ali Chowdhury, of Pulcheri and Sberul Khan of Harbung.	2,128 0 0	462 0 6	781 4 0	116 8 8	896 12 8
5415 4786	Thana Satkania, mauza Barabhatia, mehal Noabad, taluk Lal Md. Daroga.	Sarada Kripa Lala and Guriya Kripa Lala, sons of Pran Hari Lala, of Papadia.	1,082 12 0	144 0 9	85 12 0	36 0 2	121 12 5
5674 5069	Thana Satkania, mauza Peharchanda, mehal Noabad, taluk Nilmani.	Srimati Dhabila Chowdhurani, wife of Abdul Bari Khan* and Abdul Rouf Khan, of Garangia, Jagat Chandra Bhattacharya of Chanchara.	681 10 0	109 1 0	407 4 3	68 2 6	475 6 9
5837 5617	Thana Satkania, mauza Charamba, mehal Noabad, taluk Kalkinder.	Kailas Chandra Chowdhury, Purna Chandra Chowdhury, sons of Bam Haran Chowdhury and Pran Hari Chowdhury of Charamba.	1,985 12 0	147 10 3	478 4 6	36 14 6	515 3 9

Chittagong, 28th January 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluks within the Sadar khas mahal in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 16th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919:—

Serial No.	Number of taluk.	Name of taluk with its situation.	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA.		ARREAR.		
				Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
1	655 2-124	Thana Town, mauza Bakalla, taluk Ahmad Ali.	Munshi Mosharuf Ali and Abdul Aziz and others.	Rs. A. P. 1,755 4	Rs. A. P. 223 9 6	Rs. A. P. 7 5 3	Rs. A. P. 52 12 3	Rs. A. P. 60 1 6
2	4380 23864 666	Thana Mirsarai, mauza Joypur-bajoor, taluk Aminullah.	Prasanna Kumar Kar and Kail Kumar and others.	Rs. A. P. 698 2	Rs. A. P. 100 12 6	Rs. A. P. 42 15 6	Rs. A. P. 0 6 6	Rs. A. P. 48 5 6
3	4572 28078	Thana Faticokohery, mauza Jux-khola, taluk Kyeraj Khan.	Sim. Latifa Khatun Chowdhurani.	Rs. A. P. 2,473 12	Rs. A. P. 231 13 6	Rs. A. P. 618 8 0	Rs. A. P. 57 10 6	Rs. A. P. 675 2 6

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

Notice of sale for arrear of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B. C.) of 1868, Act II (B. C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within the Patiya khas mahal in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 16th day of March 1920 for arrear of rent and cess remaining unpaid on 26th December 1919.

Number of taluka.	Name of tenure with situation.	Name of proprietor.	ANNUAL JAMA.		ARREAR.		
			Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
1			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
6748 6749 302	Thana Patiya, mauza Dhona-cheri, taluk Keramat Ali and Kaulapuree.	Khanapuri Jubaraj, son of Bannag Chalapuri of Banderban.	Rs. A. P. 844 0 0	Rs. A. P. 177 8 0	Rs. A. P. 211 0 0	Rs. A. P. 44 6 0	Rs. A. P. 255 6 0

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B. C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within Roazan khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 25th December 1919.

Serial No.	Number of taluk.	Name of taluk with its situation.	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA.		ARREARS.		
				Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
1	4448 21899	Mauza Debipur, Kadamtali thana, Bangsal mahal, Noabad taluk Kaluda Barua.	Romesh Charan Roy and others.	Rs. A. P. 612 13 9	Rs. A. P. 51 2 3	Rs. A. P. 240 3 0	Rs. A. P. 12 12 6	Rs. A. P. 262 13 6

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

Notification of Sale.

TO be sold pursuant to an order, dated the 7th day of July 1919, as modified by an order, dated the 8th day of December 1919, both made by the Hon'ble the High Court of Calcutta in the matter of clause 13 of the Letters Patent and in the matter of Smt No 203 of 1905 and in the matter of Execution Case No. 304 of 1907 of the Court of the 1st Subordinate Judge, Midnapore (Srimati Kristomayini Das *versus* Prince Mahomed Bukhtyar Shah), by the undersigned the Official Receiver of the said High Court and the Receiver appointed in the said suit at his office in the Court house on Saturday, the 14th day of February 1920, at 12 noon, the under-mentioned property —

All that the right, title and interest vested in the undersigned as Receiver of the estate of the late Prince Mahomed Bukhtyar Shah, *cum* in the valuable mining rights in and about the Dalbhum mining estate, situate within the pargana and district of Singhbhum, thana Ghatsila, sub-registry and chowki Chaibassa, and within thana and sub registry Jhargram in the district of Midnapore, being tauzi No 1, in the Singhbhum Collectorate, measuring, more or less, 1,100 square miles, bounded and luted on the north by the boundary of Silda pargana, in the district of Midnapore, and the boundary of Barababhum pargana, in the district of Manbhum, on the east by the boundary of pargana Nayabassan Betsabera, pargana Janboni and pargana Silda, within the district of Midnapore, on the south by the boundary of Mayurbhanj, in the district of Cuttack, on the west by the boundary of pargana Seorikela, in the district of Singhbhum, and known as the Dalbhum mining estate, which said premises are held under a Bengal Instrument of moudarati mukarari patta, dated the 27th day of Pous 1306 BS, corresponding with the 10th day of January 1900, granted by Raja Sattrughan Deo Dhubal Deb, of Nussingrah, Raja of Dalbhum, to the said Prince Mahomed Bukhtyar Shah, and supplemented by an indenture, dated the 1st day of September 1919, made between James Edwin Scott, Deputy Commissioner of Singhbhum, in his capacity as Manager of the Dalbhum incumbered estate of the one part and the said Official Receiver as Receiver of the estate of the said Prince Mahomed Bukhtyar Shah, deceased, of the other part.

The entire property is believed to be rich in minerals. Out of the total area of 1100 square miles about one third of the whole area is at present covered by certain mining leases and prospecting licences granted in respect of gold, copper, iron ore, phosphate of lime, wolfram, kaolin, etc. These leases and licences at present yield a gross annual income of about Rs 36,400 subject to certain royalties payable to the Dalbhum encumbered estate under the said patta and indenture.

A preferential right to purchase the said property was claimed by Mr V G Pigott, but it has been held by the said High Court as declared in the said order of the 8th December 1919 that this preferential right claimed by the said Mr Pigott no longer exists. The said property will be sold subject to all existing mining lease, and prospecting licences granted by the said Receiver, but free from all other encumbrances and attachments whatsoever including the said claim of Mr. Pigott.

If at this sale the undersigned considers that the highest bid offered for the estate in one lot is insufficient he will put the estate up for sale in the undermentioned lots —

Lot I.—All the areas covered by the existing mining leases and prospecting licences.

Lot II.—The remainder of the estate over which no lease or licence has as yet been granted and which at present produces no income and covers an area of approximately 750 square miles

Owing to the war, it has not been possible up to now to have this area properly surveyed by experts, but it is believed that it contains minerals which when properly developed will produce a handsome profit

Full particulars of the leases and licences granted in respect of the said property and the areas covered thereby can be obtained from the office of the undersigned and will be produced on the day of the sale.

The abstract of title and conditions of sale may be seen at the office of Messrs Orr, Dignam & Co, 52, Dalhousie Square, or at the office of the undersigned.

K. S. BONNERJEE,

Official Receiver, High Court, and Receiver appointed in Smt No 203 of 1905.

High Court, the 14th January 1920 (148—1—261)

NOTICE**In the 1st Court of the Munsif at Howrah.****TITLE SUIT No 183 of 1919**

Abdul Gani Khan and others, of Chuck Shahab Ber, Domjur, plaintiffs,

versus
Aghore Chandra Biswas and others, of Chuck Shahab Ber, Domjur, defendants

To the Mahomedan Public of Mahiary, Chuck Shahab Khan Ber.

NOTICE is hereby given that Abdul Gani Khan, Osman Ali Khan and Abdul Sattar Khan, all of Chuck Shahab Khan Ber within the police station Domjur, Howrah, on behalf of themselves and all other the worshippers of Idga, situated at Mahiary, Chuck Shahab Khan Ber, have instituted a suit being T S No 183 of 1919 in the Munsif's First Court at Howrah, against Aghore Chandra Biswas, Ibrahim Fakir, Jabbar Fakir, Gofur Fakir, Zamindar Fakir and Ajot Fakir for declaration that the properties in suit are waqf properties and for cancellation of the three mortgage deeds in respect of the same and for other reliefs. Any person belonging to the Mahomedan community of Mahiary, Chuck Shahab Khan Ber, may apply to the Court to be made a party to the suit.

R. L. CHAKRAVERTY, Munsif, 1st Court
Howrah, the 16th January 1920. (147—3)

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in Insolvency.

No 101 of 1914.

Re Prothad Chandra Sannasy, ex-parte the debtor
NOTICE is hereby given that the abovenamed debtor having applied for his discharge, the Court has fixed the 20th day of April 1920 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon at the Court house for hearing the application.

Dated the 30th day of January 1920

G. M. FALKNER, Official Assignee.
(285—1)

NOTICE.**In the Court of the District Judge at Birbhum.****INSOLVENCY CASE No 12 of 1919.**

APPLICANT Shaikh Fazlu Mistri, son of Ali Shaikh, of Suri, district Birbhum, was adjudged an insolvent by this Court on the 10th day of January 1920.

P. C. DE, District Judge.
Suri, the 28th January 1920. (258—1)

NOTICE.**In the Court of the District Judge at Birbhum.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 15 of 1919.**

APPLICANT Jogesh Chandra Madak, son of Tinkari Madak, of Santra, chowki Bolpur, district Birbhum, was adjudged an insolvent by this Court on the 29th October 1919.

P. C. DE, District Judge.
Suri, the 28th January 1920. (259—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge at Birbhum.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 27 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 12, clause (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to the creditors of Ramratan Sen, son of Rambishnu Sen, of Kukhutia, chauki Dubrajpur, district Birbhum, that his insolvency petition has been admitted by this Court and that the 14th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

P. C. DE, District Judge.

Suri, the 28th January 1920. (260—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge at Birbhum.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 3 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 12, clause (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to the creditors of Kishoraram, Ramnarayan, of Rampurhat, chauki Rampurhat district Birbhum, that their insolvency petition has been admitted by this Court and that 20th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

P. C. DE, District Judge.

Suri, the 28th January 1920. (261—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 59 of 1918.

[Notice under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

NOTICE is hereby given that Nibaran Chandra Bag, of Sompukur, police station Kalna, district Burdwan has by an order of this Court, dated 13th November 1919, been adjudged an insolvent.

E. MILSON, District Judge

Burdwan, the 21st January 1920. (251—1—286)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 20 of 1919.

[Notice under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

NOTICE is hereby given that Sree Krishna Das, of Ganga Murshidpur, police-station Katwa, district Burdwan, has by an order of this Court, dated 6th January 1920, been adjudged an insolvent.

E. MILSON, District Judge.

Burdwan, the 21st January 1920. (252—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 34 of 1919.

[Notice under section 16(7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

NOTICE is hereby given that Jiban Garain of Asansol, police-station Asansol, district Burdwan, has by an order of this Court, dated 6th January 1920, been adjudged an insolvent.

E. MILSON, District Judge.

Burdwan, the 21st January 1920. (253—1—284)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 52 of 1919.

[Notice under section 16(7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

NOTICE is hereby given that L. St. John Anthony of Kulti, thana Barakar, district Burdwan, has by an order of this Court, dated 16th January 1920 been adjudged an insolvent.

E. MILSON, District Judge.

Burdwan, the 21st January 1920. (254—1—288)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 53 of 1919

[Notice under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

NOTICE is hereby given that Ram Lochan Kaloar of Kendua, thana Barakar, district Burdwan, has by an order of this Court, dated 8th January 1920, been adjudged an insolvent.

E. MILSON, District Judge.

Burdwan, the 21st January 1920 (255—1—280)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 54 of 1919

[Notice under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

NOTICE is hereby given that Bahram Kaloar, of Kendua, police-station Barakar, district Burdwan, has by an order of this Court, dated 8th January 1920, been adjudged an insolvent

E. MILSON, District Judge.

Burdwan, the 22nd January 1920. (256—1—281)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 55 of 1919.

[Notice under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

NOTICE is hereby given that Radha Shyam Kaloar, of Kendua, police station Barakar, district Burdwan, has by an order of this Court, dated 8th January 1920, been adjudged an insolvent

E. MILSON, District Judge.

Burdwan, the 22nd January 1920 (257—1—282)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Section 13 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 63 of 1919.

WHEREAS Nabin Chandra Tarkanidhi, son of Pitambar Sarma, deceased, of Kauchana, police-station Satkania, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 11th December 1919, to be declared an insolvent, under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 21st day of February 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

W. A. SEATON, District Judge.

Chittagong, the 30th January 1920. (312—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the Deputy Commissioner at Darjeeling.

CASE No. 23 of 1919.

Garaj Bahadur, Dewan, of Rolling Estate, insolvent.

WHEREAS the abovenamed insolvent presented a petition to this Court praying to be adjudicated an insolvent, the Court has fixed the 16th day of February 1920 for the hearing of the said petition.

L. B. BURROWS, for Deputy Commissioner.

Darjeeling, the 9th December 1919. (2609—1—278)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the Deputy Commissioner at Darjeeling.

CASE No. 25 of 1919

Rinzing Kagatia, of Aloobari, insolvent.

WHEREAS the abovenamed debtor presented a petition to this Court praying to be adjudicated an insolvent, the Court has fixed the 16th day of February 1920 for the hearing of the said petition.

L. B. BURROWS, for Deputy Commissioner.

Darjeeling, the 11th December 1919.

(2610—1—279)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 6 of 1920.

ROHIM BAKAS SARKER, son of Dhan Mahomed Sarker, resident of Jaisapara, police station Pirganj, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 1st day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 30th January 1920. (286—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Darjeeling.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 5 of 1920.

ALOPASANG BHUTIA, resident of Maney Bhuiyong, police-station Sukea, district Darjeeling, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 6th day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Darjeeling.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 30th January 1920. (287—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 4 of 1920.

PURNA CHANDRA KUNDU, son of Nabin Chandra Kundu, deceased, resident of Gurgola, known as Barabander, police-station Kotwali, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 14th day of February 1920, has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge

Dinajpur, the 30th January 1920. (287—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 7 of 1920.

BATUL MAMOON SARKER, son of Nirgat Pramanik, deceased, resident of Khorakhai, police-station Parbatipur, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 2nd day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 31st January 1920. (315—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (f) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Gobordhon Bera, son of late Thakurdas Bera, of Ghosepur, thana Khanskul, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 67 of 1919 and that the 13th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MULLICK, District Judge.

Chinsura, the 11th December 1919. (35—1—276)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (s) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Shaik Kayem Ali Haldor, son of late Nachhim Haldor, of Khatani, thana Polha, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 69 of 1919 and that the 13th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MULLICK, District Judge.

Chinsura, the 22nd December 1919. (36—1—275)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 36 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Hirulal Nikari, son of late Gopal Nikari, of Salika, thana Golabati, district Hooghly, was on the 9th July 1919 adjudged an insolvent. The 7th February 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

H. M. VERTER, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 25th August 1919. (2016—1—272)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 87 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Ram Hriday Sing, son of late Ram Sahak Sing, of 50, Sarola Charan Chattopadhyay Lane, South Bentra, thana Bentra, district Hooghly, was on the 11th December 1919 adjudged an insolvent. The 11th February 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 21st January 1920. (238—1—27)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (s) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Sk. Juman, son of late Sk. Nema, of Baje Shilpur, thana Shilpur, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 2 of 1920, and that the 23rd February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 23rd January 1920. (262—1—287)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (s) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Panna Lal Pal, son of late Kshiroda Premad Pal, of Badganja Jhorehat, thana Sankrail, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 3 of 1920 and that the 23rd February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 23rd January 1920. (263—1—288)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Abdul Malik, son of late Golam Mallik, of Baushe, thana Baushe, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 6 of 1920 and that the 23rd February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. Fawcus, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 23rd January 1920. (266—1—289)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Shaikh Hosen Ali, son of late Shaikh Murjadin, of Umacharan Bose's Lane, thana Muchiparha, Shibpur, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 7 of 1920 and that 23rd February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. Fawcus, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 23rd January 1920 (267—1—290)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Chatradhar Pal, son of late Badyanath Pal, of Keshabpur, thana Domejur, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 10 of 1920 and that the 20th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. Fawcus, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 30th January 1920 (305—1)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 64 of 1919

NOTICE is hereby given that Rama Nath Rai alias Gai Ram, son of late Nabin Chandra Ray, of Thalia, thana Amta, district Hooghly, was on the 23rd December 1919 adjudged an insolvent. The 16th February 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. Fawcus, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 24th January 1920 (306—1)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 99 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Jugal Chandra Bose, son of late Guiram Bose, of 48, Sarada Chatterjee's Lane, Howrah, thana Howrah, district Hooghly, was on the 18th December 1919 adjudged an insolvent. The 13th February 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. Fawcus, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 26th January 1920. (307--1)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Dina Nath Pal, son of late Ananda Pal, of Birkul, thana Bagan, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 181 of 1919 and that the 16th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. Fawcus, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 29th January 1920. (308—1)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Fakirdas Pal, son of late Madhob Chandra Pal, of South Bentre, thana Howrah, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 1 of 1920, and that the 23rd February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. Fawcus, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 29th January 1920. (309—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Jalpaiguri.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 9 of 1920.

KAZIBULLA MAHOMED KHALIFA, son of Kapusha Mahomed, deceased, resident of Joygram, police-station Patagram, district Jalpaiguri, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 29th day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Jalpaiguri.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge
Dinajpur, the 31st January 1920 (313—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Jalpaiguri.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 8 of 1920.

RAM NARAYAN LAI, son of Goni Sankar Lai, resident of Alipur Duars, police-station Alipur Duars, district Jalpaiguri, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 29th day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner of Jalpaiguri.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge
Dinajpur, the 31st January 1920 (314—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Khulna.

SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION, SECTION 48 (TITLE.)

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 1 of 1920.

Abdul Gani Shaikh, petitioner

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

TAKE notice that on 16th January 1920 the above-named debtor presented a petition to this Court praying to be adjudicated an insolvent and that on the 17th January 1920 the Court being satisfied that the property of the debtor is not likely to exceed Rs. 500 directed that the debtor's estate be administered in a summary manner and appointed 16th February 1920 for the further hearing of the said petition and the examination of the said debtor.

Also take notice that the Court may on the aforesaid date then and there proceed to adjudication and distribution of the assets of the aforesaid debtor. It will be open to you to appear and give evidence on that date. Proof of any claim you desire to make must be lodged in Court on or before that date.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court the 28th day of January 1920

Name of creditor.	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Khulna Loan Company, Ltd	...	137	14 9
2. Rai Amritlal Raba Bahadur	...	140	0 0
3. Suresh Chandra Das	...	100	0 0
4. Golap Jamini Dasi	...	575	0 0
5. Binode Baran Chattopadhyay	...	88	0 0
6. Kedar Nath Bose	...	87	0 0
7. Sivendranath Bhadra	...	122	0 0
8. Akhiluddi Shaikh and others	...	8	0 0
Total	...	1,257	14 9

A. GUPTA, District Judge.
Khulna, the 29th January 1920. (282—1)

NOTICE.
(CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION).

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 1 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 12, sub-section (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that Susil Kumar Ghosh, son of late Prasanna Kumar Ghosh, of Magurkhali, police-station Keshabpur, in the district of Jessore, has applied for being adjudged an insolvent and that the 27th day of February 1920 has been fixed for hearing of the application.

The application will be dealt with under summary procedure.

G. C. SANKH, Offg. District Judge
Jessore, the 31st January 1920. (316—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Murshidabad.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 2 of 1920.

(Act III of 1907.)

In the matter of Bhunda Khan, of Ramna Etbarnagar, police-station Domkal, district Murshidabad.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the abovesaid petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and his case has been fixed for hearing on the 14th February 1920.

B. N. RAU, Offg. District Judge
Berhampur, the 29th January 1920. (283—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Murshidabad.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 1 of 1920

(Act III of 1907.)

In the matter of Satkari Mal, son of late Srimanta Mal, of Kheror, police-station Mirzapur, district Murshidabad.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the abovesaid petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and his case has been fixed for hearing on the 14th February 1920.

B. N. RAU, Offg. District Judge
Berhampore, the 31st January 1920. (311—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Mymensingh.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 1 of 1920

NOTICE is hereby given that Shaikh Sadak, son of the late Madhu Shaikh, of Shehara police-station Katwal, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 7th day of February 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

F. W. WARD, District Judge
Mymensingh, the 22nd January 1920. (246—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Mymensingh.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 4 of 1920

NOTICE is hereby given that Afzaruddin Barker, son of the late Badar Mandal, of Balibhadra, police-station Gopalpur, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 21st day of February 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
Mymensingh, the 28th January 1920. (279—1)

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 5 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mohan Chandra Pal, son of the late Jagannath Pal, of Sankar, police-station Barisabari, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 21st day of February 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
Mymensingh, the 30th January 1920. (300—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Nadia.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 8 of 1920.

Haranaddin Biswas, petitioner.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of the Provincial insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Haranaddin Biswas, of Chhota Kulbaria, police-station Gangni, district Nadia has been admitted by this Court as No. 8 of 1920, and that 21st February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

H. E. JACK, District Judge.
Krishnagar, the 29th January 1920. (280—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 83 of 1919.

WHEREAS Mazam Mandal, son of late Raj Mandal, of Choubari, police-station Uthapara district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 11th November 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 8th March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

B. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.
Pabna, the 24th January 1920. (290—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 84 of 1919.

WHEREAS Badu Mandal, son of late Ghetu Mandal, of Thakurpara, police-station Ullapara, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 18th November 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 27th February 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

K. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.
Pabna, the 23rd January 1920. (287—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 85 of 1919.

WHEREAS Tomij Pramanik, son of late Madari Pramanik, of Sahapur, police-station Ullapara, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 18th November 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 27th February 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

K. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.
Pabna, the 23rd January 1920. (287—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 87 of 1919.**

WHEREAS Messer Pramanik, son of late Madar Pramanik, of Sahapur, police-station Ullapara, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 13th November 1919 to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 27th February 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

K. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.

Pabna, the 23rd January 1920. (293—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 88 of 1919.**

WHEREAS Ranga Fakir, son of Udia Fakir, of Banitola, police-station Sariakandi, district Bogra, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 13th November 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 8th March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

K. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.

Pabna, the 24th January 1920. (294—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 89 of 1919.**

WHEREAS Amiruddin Fakir, son of Udia Fakir, of Banitola, police-station Sariakandi, district Bogra, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 13th November 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 8th March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

K. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.

Pabna, the 24th January 1920. (295—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 93 of 1919.**

WHEREAS Asiruddin Mandal, son of late Bala Mandal, of Char Durgapur, police-station Sujanagar, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 15th November 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 9th February 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

K. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.

Pabna, the 23rd January 1920. (296—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 94 of 1919.**

WHEREAS Jomarat Sardar, son of late Emirat Sardar, of Raghunathpur, police-station Santhia, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 15th November 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 9th February 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

K. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.

Pabna, the 23rd January 1920. (297—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 5 of 1920.**

WHEREAS Kalimuddin Sarkar, son of late Kamal Shaikh, of Dhupiabari, police-station Sahazadpur, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition dated the 12th January 1920 to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 2nd March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

K. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.

Pabna, the 23rd January 1920. (298—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 6 of 1920.**

WHEREAS Meher Molla, son of late Kalimuddin Molla, of Madhupur, police-station Bera, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 13th January 1920, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 2nd March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

K. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.

Pabna, the 23rd January 1920. (299—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 7 of 1920.**

WHEREAS Krishnadas Bairagi, son of late Promananda Das Bairagi, of Kalikabari, police-station Bera, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 13th January 1920, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 2nd March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

K. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.

Pabna, the 23rd January 1920. (300—1)

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF
HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.**

[Section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Rajshahi.****INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 40 of 1919.**

WHEREAS (1) Mahabatulla Sardar, (2) Sahabatulla Sardar, (3) Johiruddin Sardar, and (4) Esmail Sardar, sons of late Amir Sardar, of Belgharia-diyara, police-station Natore, district Rajshahi, have applied to this court, by a petition dated 2nd August of 1919, to be declared insolvents under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all their creditors that the court has fixed the 7th day of February 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtors. Proof of claim must be lodged in this court on or before that date.

H. PHILPOT, Addl. District Judge.

Rajshahi, the 9th August 1919. (1951—1—273)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Rajshahi.****INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 21 of 1919.**

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 21st February 1919, filed by Iyakub Mistri, son of late Basarat Mistri, of Tik-Rampur, police-station Nawabganj, district Malda, and on hearing his plea the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on 31st June 1919.

Dated this 13th day of January 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge,

(102—1—266)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

[Section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 52 of 1919.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

WHEREAS Nahir Sarkar, son of late Meher Sarkar of Bargachhi, police-station Boalis, district Rajshahi, has applied to this Court, by a petition, dated 6th November of 1919, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 7th day of February 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, Offg. District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 11th November 1919. (2396—1—274)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 55 of 1919.

WHEREAS Jharu Saha, son of late Melan Saha, of Dewapur, police-station Mahadebpur, district Rajshahi, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 9th December 1919, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 14th day of February 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 13th January 1920. (101—1—267)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 3 of 1920.

WHEREAS Abid Sheikh, son of late Atru Sheikh, of Basilhat, police-station Khaba, district Malda, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 6th January 1920, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 7th day of February 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 13th January 1920. (104—1—265)

NOTICE OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 19 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 13th February 1919, filed by Sheikh Gafur, son of late Sheikh Inail, of Boirah, at present Patalman-gachhi, police-station Harischandrapur, district Rajshahi, and on hearing his pleader the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on 10th May 1919.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, dated the 15th January 1920.
(156—1—268)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 121 of 1919.

PRESENT:

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

AJITULYAH FAKIR, son of late Jaker Mahmud Fakir, of Nataram, police-station Badarganj, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 20th day of January 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 23rd January 1920. (244—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 122 of 1919.

PRESENT:

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

KERKERIYA MALI, son of late Paron Mali, of Bara-Khatamari, police-station Bhurungamari, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 21st day of January 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 23rd January 1920. (245—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 10 of 1920.

PRESENT:

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor Mabaratalyah, son of late Atil Mahmud Mandal, of Garuchaki, police-station Mithapukur, in Rangpur, for being adjudged an insolvent, the 17th day of February 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 29th January 1920. 284—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Tippera.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (2) of section XII of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to the creditors that the insolvency petition of Mohim Chandra Deb Nath, son of late Bruhmananda Deb Nath, resident of Dalpa, pargana Bardakhat, police-station Moradnagar, district Tippera, has been admitted by this Court as No. 1 of 1920, and that the 7th day of February 1920 has been fixed for hearing.

S. K. GHOSH, District Judge.
Comilla, the 28th January 1920. (281—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Tippera.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to the creditors, that the insolvency petition of Badma Miah, son of Enat Gazi, resident of village Athorabak, pargana Bagasair, police-station 'houadagram', district Tippera, has been admitted as a "Summary Case" by this Court as No. 22 of 1919 and that the 48th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing.

S. K. GHOSH, District Judge.
Comilla, the 30th January 1920. (352—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Tippera.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 11 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Sadhu Charan Das, son of late Gagan Chandra Das, of village Medda, pargana Sarail, police-station Brahmanberia, district Tippera, was on the 24th day of January 1920 adjudicated an insolvent by this Court under section 16 of Act III of 1907.

S. K. GHOSH, District Judge.

Comilla, the 30th January 1920. (353—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Tippera.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to the creditors, that the insolvency petition of Matilal Shaha, son of Girdhari Shaha, resident of Sriramdi, pargana Perchandi, police-station Chandpur, district Tippera, has been admitted as a "Summary Case" by this Court as No. 20 of 1919 and that the 24th day of February 1920 has been fixed for hearing.

S. K. GHOSH, District Judge.

Comilla, the 30th January 1920. (354—1)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 201 of 1919.

Nabakumar Mondal, of Kalar Khal, thana Sonarpur, applicant.

To Purna Chandra Mondal, of Kalorait, thana Sonarpur, and others, creditors.

ON the 29th day of August 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 16th day of February 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 13th January 1920. (218—1—299)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 205 of 1919.

Amir Khan, of Metiaburaz, 24-Parganas, applicant

To Ekbal Biriwala, of Metiaburaz, and others, 24-Parganas, creditors.

ON the 23rd day of August 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 16th day of February 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 13th January 1920. (219—1—291)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 213 of 1919.

Atul Krishna Ghosh, of Beleghatta, applicant.

To Yusuf Ali Molla, of 7, Hari Mohan Roy Lane, Beleghatta, and others, creditors.

ON the 24th day of November 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 16th day of February 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 13th January 1920. (220—1—297)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 250 of 1919.

Tarak Panja, of Kalikapur, thana Tollyganj, applicant. To Prosanna Pal, of Ballygunj, thana Ballygunj, and others, creditors.

ON the 18th day of November 1919, it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 16th day of February 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 13th January 1920. (221—1—295)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 257 of 1919.

Ali Ahamed Khan, of Titagarh, thana Titagarh, applicant.

To Tapshi Pashi, of Titagarh, thana Titagarh, and others, creditors.

ON the 22nd day of November 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 9th day of February 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 13th January 1920. (222—1—296)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 261 of 1919.

Sashibhusan Ghosh, of Mahastola, 24-Parganas, applicant.

To Reaj Mahammad Khan Kabuli, of 19, Dent Mission Road, Kidderpur, and others, creditors.

ON the 11th day of November 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 16th day of February 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 13th January 1920. (223—1—295)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 262 of 1919.

Manilal Koiri, of Titagarh, thana Titagarh, applicant.

To Mahabir Misir, of Titagarh Pura Bazar, thana Titagarh, and others, creditors.

ON the 18th day of November 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 16th day of February 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 13th January 1920. (224—1—294)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 274 of 1919.

Shaikh Abdul Majid, of 44-1, Narkeldanga North Road, thana Beleghatta, applicant.

To Mahabubancasa Bibi, of 81, Fair Lane, Calcutta, and others, creditors.

ON the 24th day of November 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 16th day of February 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 13th January 1920. (225—1—295)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 275 of 1919.

Saynaddi Mistri, of 2-1, Uriapara Lane, thana Entally, applicant.

To Sonapati Misra Darwah, of 24, South Road, Entally, and others, creditors.

ON the 25th day of November 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 16th day of February 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 13th January 1920. (227—1—293)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 279 of 1919.

Sm. Subashini Dassi, of Dewanjir Bagan, thana Khordah, applicant.

To Ram Janam Singh Kistiwala, of Khordah, thana Khordah, and others, creditors.

ON the 24th day of November 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 16th day of February 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 13th January 1920. (228—1—300)

AMJYA KUMAR DAS GUPTA intends to be admitted as a vakil of the High Court. (181—4—245)

ABINASH CH. SARKAR, Pleader, Jessore, intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the High Court. (157—4—229)

ASHUTOSH GHOSE, B.L., intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (143—4—215)

BENODE LAL MUKHERJI intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (139—4—222)

CHARU CHANDRA CHOWDHURI intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the Calcutta High Court. (164—4—234)

GORA CHAND SEN intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (351—4—303)

HEMANGANATH GOSWAMI, B.L., Pleader, intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the High Court. (350—4—304)

HEM PRASAD MAITRA, B.L., intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (142—4—212)

HIRALAL GANGULI, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil of the High Court. (180—4—257)

JATINCHANDRA DAS, B.L., intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (110—4—208)

JOGENDRA NATH KHAN, M.A., B.L., intends to be admitted as a vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (193—4—263)

MANINDRA NATH GHOSE, M.A., B.L., intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the Calcutta High Court. (160—4—226)

Mr. NRIPENDRA NARAYAN ROY, M.A., B.L., intends to be admitted as a Vakil, High Court, Calcutta. (109—4—216)

Mr. SATYENDRA KISOR GHOSE, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil, Calcutta High Court. (86—4—211)

NARENDRA MOHON ROY CHOUDHURY, B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil, High Court Calcutta. (140—4—213)

PROBODH CHANDRA BOSE, B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil of the High Court. (232—4—264)

PROBODH KUMAR DUTT, B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil in the High Court at Calcutta. (165—4—232)

SACHINDRA NATH BANDOPADHYA intends to be admitted as a vakil of the Calcutta High Court. (209—4)

SAILAJARANJAN RAY, M.Sc., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil of the Calcutta High Court. (210—4—277)

SAJANI KANTA NAG, B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the Calcutta High Court. (163—4—233)

SATINDRANATH RAY CHAUDHURY, Pleader, Alipore, intends to be admitted as a vakil, High Court. (208—4—259)

SATYAPRIYA BANERJEE, M.A., B.L., intends to be admitted as a vakil, Calcutta High Court. (211—4)

SIBARAM MUKHERJEE intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (159—4—224)

SUBHAMOY DUTT, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (146—4—214)

THE HONBLE SYED M. SAADULLA intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (105—4—207)

Wanted

A WELL-QUALIFIED Drawing Master for the Chittagong Normal School. The post is attached to the Subordinate Educational Service. Applications with copies of testimonials will be received up to the 31st January 1920. Age, qualifications and name of native district of the candidates should be stated.

ANSAN-ULLAH,

Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division.
Chittagong, the 12th January 1920.

**Office of the Superintending Engineer,
Eastern Circle, Dacca.**

WANTED a Probationer Estimator and a Probationer Draftsman, with subsistence allowances of Rs. 85 and Rs. 25 per mensem, respectively, for the Eastern Circle, Public Works Department. None need apply who have not obtained the Sub-Overseer or higher Engineering certificates after passing through the College or Engineering Schools of Bengal.

Applications with copies of testimonials should reach the undersigned not later than the 16th February 1920.

B. G. GWYTHER.

Superintending Engineer, Eastern Circle.
Dacca, the 29th January 1920.

Notice.

APPLICATIONS with copies of diplomas and other testimonials for the post of a first class District Health Officer on Rs. 300—20—500 on approved service and travelling allowance at the rate admissible under the Civil Service Regulations will be received by the undersigned up to the 28th February 1920. None need apply who does not possess a registrable medical qualification and a recognised diploma in public health including D. P. H. of the Calcutta University. Preference will be given to a Graduate of the Calcutta Medical College holding the above diplomas. Information as to age, past services if any, and residence or native village of the candidate should be stated in the application. The selected candidate will have to be on probation for at least six months and will be required to join on 1st April 1920. Candidate should be accustomed in riding and biking.

J. MOZOOMDER, Chairman, District Board.
Jessore, the 28th January 1920. (250—4)

WANTED a District Health Officer by the District Board of Hooghly on a monthly salary of Rs. 300, rising to Rs. 500 by annual increments of Rs. 20, plus travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations. Applicants must possess a registrable Medical qualification and recognised Diploma of Public Health, including the Diploma of Public Health of the Calcutta University. The applications with certificate and testimonials should reach the undersigned in sealed covers by the 15th February 1920. The successful candidate will be on probation for one year and will have to join on the 1st April 1920.

SATISH CHANDRA MUKHERJI, Vice-Chairman.
Chinsura, the 20th January 1920. (234—2)

WANTED an overseer for the District Board of Rajshahi on a monthly salary of Rs. 50 rising to Rs. 60 by biennial increment of Rs. 2 plus travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations rates up to a maximum of Rs. 40 a month. None need apply who is not a qualified upper subordinate and does not possess experience. The selected candidate will be on probation for six months and on confirmation will have to guarantee that he will stick to the post for at least two years.

EMADUDDIN AHMAD, Vice-Chairman.
Rajshahi, the 23rd January 1920. (248—2)

Wanted

A DISTRICT HEALTH OFFICER by the District Board of Jalpaiguri on a monthly salary of Rs. 300, rising to Rs. 500 by annual increment of Rs. 20 plus travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations. Applicants must possess a registrable medical qualification and recognised Diploma of Public Health including the Diploma of Public Health of the Calcutta University. Applications with certificates and testimonials should reach the undersigned on or before the 16th February 1920. The successful candidate will be on probation for one year and will have to join on the 1st April 1920.

K. BANERJI, Vice-Chairman.
Jalpaiguri, the 13th January 1920. (91—3)

Notice.

WANTED a District Health Officer by the District Board of Midnapore on a monthly salary of Rs. 300, rising to Rs. 500 by annual increments of Rs. 20 plus travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations.

Applicants must possess a registrable Medical qualification and recognised Diploma of Public Health (including the Diploma of Public Health of the Calcutta University). The applications with certificates and testimonials should reach the undersigned in sealed covers by the 7th of February 1920.

The successful candidate will be on probation for one year and will have to join on the 1st of April 1920.

A. W. COOK, Magistrate-Chairman.
Midnapore, the 10th January 1920. (88—3)

Road Cess Notification.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the District Board of Rangpur have at an adjourned special meeting held on the 20th January 1920 decided to levy road cess in the district at the maximum rate of six pias in the rupee on the annual value of lands, etc., during the financial year 1920-21.

W. A. MARR, Chairman.
Rangpur, the 23rd January 1920. (247—1)

Road Cess Notification.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the District Board of Dacca at their special meeting held on 19th January 1920 resolved to levy the road cess in the district during the financial year 1920-21 at the maximum rate of one-half anna in the rupee of the annual value of land.

S. C. CHAKRAVARTTY, Vice-Chairman.
District Board Office Dacca, the 30th January 1920. (301—1)

ERRATUM

IN respect of the notice calling for tenders for wholesale supply of country spirit in Bengal from the 1st April 1921, published in Part II, page 1249 of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 24th December 1919—

For the last sentence in condition 5—"Under special orders the payment of price may be withheld for any reason,"

substitute—"Under special orders the payment of price may be withheld to meet any dues of Government."

S. C. MUKHERJI,
Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.
Calcutta, the 31st January 1920.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases tried in this Court during the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back before 31st March 1920.

A. N. MUHAMMAD ALI,
Municipal Magistrate (2nd Court).
Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases in the Court of the Municipal Magistrate, Calcutta, in the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back by the parties who filed them before 31st March 1920.

N. N. GUPTA,
Presidency and Municipal Magistrate.
Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Notice.

THE Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund which is provisionally managed and assisted by Government has for its object the provision of monthly pensions for the maintenance of the widows and children of subscribers and is open, with certain exceptions, to all active and pensioned members of the Unconquered Service of Government (except those serving under the Government of Bombay), and to Local Fund servants earning pensions from Government. Some of the special features of the Fund are—(1) that widowed daughters incapable of remarriage or children labouring under such mental or bodily infirmities as incapacitate them from earning their livelihood or preclude the possibility of marriage (in case of a daughter) are admitted to its benefits; and (2) that subscribers to the Widows' and Daughters' branches are entitled to a refund of 30 per cent. of the premia paid, should the nominees predecease them after five years' of admission. The Fund is now of ten years' standing and has a balance of over three and-a-half lakhs with Government on four per cent. interest. For forms of applications and rules of the Fund apply to the Comptroller, India Treasuries, Imperial Secretariat Buildings, Calcutta.

Destroyed.

THE allotment certificate No. 421-B of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 1,000 originally issued in the name of Khetahidas Jaluram, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been destroyed, notice is hereby given that the payment of the above allotment certificate and the interest thereon has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned security.

Name of advertiser—Khetahidas Jaluram.

Residence—P. O. Mohimaganj (Rangpur).

(162—3—258)

Lost.

THE Calcutta Port Trust Debenture No. 5153 of the 1st 4 per cent. loan of 1906 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of Nalin Kumar Ghosh, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above debenture and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the advertiser—NALIN KUMAR GHOSH.

Residence—30, Brindaban Mallick Lane, Calcutta.

(90—3—301)

Lost or Stolen.

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos. 293623 and 293624 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 each, originally standing in the name of Goethabihari Kar, and Government Promissory Notes Nos. 259393 and 259394 for Rs. 1,000 each and No. 258828 for Rs. 500 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865, standing in the name of Sib Prasad Kar, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and

that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Names of the Advertisers { GOETHA BIKASH KAR.
SIVA PRASAD KAR.
Residence—Dinajpur.

(2307—3—302)

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and

In the matter of the Kuturi Tea Company, Limited (In Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that at extraordinary general meetings of the members of the abovenamed Company duly convened and held at No. 4, Fairlie Place, in the town of Calcutta, on the 5th day of January 1920 and the 20th day of January 1920, respectively, the resolution below mentioned was passed and confirmed as a special resolution:—

- (1) That it is desirable to wind up the Company and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Messrs. E. E. Griffith and C. E. Walker be and they are hereby appointed Liquidators for the purpose of such winding up with joint and several powers.

C. E. WALKER,

for self and co-Liquidator.

25, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta, the 21st January 1920.

(195—1—269)

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and

In the matter of the Kuturi Tea Company, Limited (In Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to section 209 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that a meeting of the creditors of the abovenamed Company will be held at 25, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 11th day of February 1920, at one o'clock in the afternoon.

C. E. WALKER,

for self and co-Liquidator.

25, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta, the 21st January 1920.

(196—270—1)

NOTICE.

Estate: Thomas Lindsay, deceased.

PURSUANT to section 320 of Act X of 1865 and section 42 of Act XXVIII of 1866 (both of the Legislative Council of India) notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Thomas Lindsay, late of Rajnandgaon in the Central Provinces, an assistant in the employ of the Bengal-Nagpur Cotton Mills, Limited, and who died at the Presidency General Hospital in Calcutta on the 14th April 1919, are hereby required on or before the 29th day of February 1920 to submit full particulars of such claims supported by vouchers or other evidence to the undersigned to whom Letters of Administration with copy of the Will of the deceased annexed were granted on the 9th December 1919 (and issued dated the 19th December 1919) by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal. Dated at No. 4, Bankshall Street, Calcutta, this 16th day of January 1920.

K. CAMPBELL,

J. B. BACKHOUSE,

Administrators to the Estate of

Thomas Lindsay, deceased.

Calcutta, the 16th January 1920. (111—3—303)

SALE OF PEDIGREE CATTLE AT PUSA.**Demonstrations with Motor Tractors.**

* A PUBLIC auction of 30-40 head of pedigree dairy cattle will be held at Pusa in the middle of March. Catalogues can be had on application to undersigned.

At the same time demonstrations will be held with motor tractors and cultivating machinery. A machinery expert from England will demonstrate with a large collection of animal and power-cultivating implements and will illustrate common faults of adjustment of implements in India.

G. S. HENDERSON, Imperial Agriculturist.

Pusa, Bihar, the 17th January 1920.

Notice.

The next annual stock-taking of the Indian Law Reports kept at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot will commence on the 1st April, 1920. All issues of the said reports from the said Depot to subscribers and officials will be suspended during that month.

J. F. GRAHAM,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

LEGISLATIVE DEPT.,
BOOK DEPÔT BRANCH;

The 8th December, 1919.

POST OFFICE.**Despatch of Sea-Borne Mails.**

MAILS FOR—	Day or date of closing of mails.	LATEST HOURS OF POSTING AT THE G. P. O.			
		UNREGISTERED LETTERS AND PACKETS.		REGISTERED LETTERS AND PACKETS.	
		Without late fee.	With late fee.*	Without late fee.	With late fee.*
United Kingdom, Europe, Aden, Egypt, East and West Africa and America	Thursday ...	P.M. 6-0	P.M. 7-0	P.M. 5-0	P.M. 5-30
Ceylon*	Daily ...	4-0	4-30	3-30	4-0
Australia and New Zealand per SS. "Hymettus" ...	Feb. 4 ...	3-30	4-0	3-0	3-30
Straits Settlements, French Indo-China, Federated Malay States, Philippine Islands, Netherlands India, Siam, China and Japan per SS. "Kum Sang"	" 5 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7 0
Burma	" 6 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
Port Blair (via Madras)	" 4 ...	4-0	4-30	3-30	4-0
† Mauritius, Reunion, Mayotte and Nossi-Bé per SS. "Ula" from Colombo	" 4 ...	4-0	4-30	3-30	4-0

NOTE.—The latest date and hour for booking Money Orders and Parcels for the United Kingdom and foreign countries with which mail communication exists is 4 P.M. and 5-30 P.M., respectively, on Wednesday.

* The late fee is 4 annas for each registered or unregistered article of the Letter Mail to any place in the countries named above except for Aden, Burma, Ceylon and Port Blair, the late fee for which is ½ anna for unregistered articles and 2 annas for registered articles. Letters are accepted with late fee only on occasions when a direct mail is closed by the Calcutta G. P. O. for Foreign Countries.

† When there is no direct mail from Calcutta, correspondence for South Africa and Mauritius posted up to 5-0 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. is despatched to Bombay for transmission by the first available steamer.

Calcutta G. P. O., the 26th January 1920.

C. D. RAE, offg. Presidency Post Master.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE OF SANSKRIT MANUSCRIPTS.

PARTS I, II, and III of a **Descriptive Catalogue** of the Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Sanskrit College, prepared by Pandit Hrishikesh Sastri and Babu Siva Chandra Guṇi, M.A., B.L., of that College are offered to the public for sale. The Catalogue having to be completed in 28 parts, the price of each part is 12 annas a copy exclusive of postage. Copies can be obtained from the Principal of the Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

SULPHATE OF QUININE**SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE,
RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.**

MANUFACTURED AT
THE BENGAL GOVERNMENT CINCHONA PLANTATION.

OBTAINABLE FROM
THE SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

ALL articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids.

Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, Bihar, Punjab, and Assam on indents countersigned by the Civil Surgeon, and Missionaries for **bona fide** public purposes. It is not sold to private firms or the general public.

Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ grain tablets and **Cinchonidine** are sold to Government officers and the general public, and is obtainable at the Principal Druggists in Calcutta.

Quinoidine (Pure Amorphous Alkaloid), and **Residual Alkaloid** (Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid) which contains about 40 per cent. Pure Amorphous Alkaloid, are sold to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. Residual Alkaloid is supplied in 1-lb., 5-lb., and 10-lb. boxes.

Terms.—Strictly cash in advance or V. P. P. transit charges must accompany all orders. Postage stamps are not accepted in lieu of cash.

Supplies.—Are dependent on stock in hand at time of order.

Rates from 16th May 1919 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs and above in one delivery	...	Rs. 24 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs., but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	...	" 25 "
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	...	" 26 "
Supplied in 1-oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 1-lb., 4-lb., and 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. tins.		

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs in one delivery	...	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	...	" 12 "
Supplied in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.		

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	...	" 6 "
Supplied in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.		

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantities less than 6 lbs.	...	" 7 "
Supplied in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.		

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

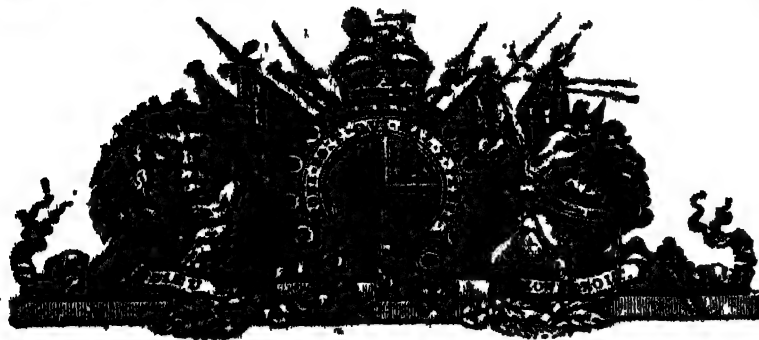
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	" 7 "
Supplied in 1-lb. box		

Quinoidine in non-tablet form and Residual Alkaloids.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

NOTICE.

Advertisements, Notices, etc., intended for insertion in this Part of the Gazette cannot be received after noon on Monday.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1920.

SUPPLEMENT.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta. or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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RESOLUTION REVIEWING THE REPORTS ON THE WORKING OF MUNICIPALITIES IN THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY (EXCEPT CALCUTTA) DURING 1918-19.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

Municipal Branch.

CALCUTTA, THE 2ND FEBRUARY 1920.

RESOLUTION—No. 212M.

Read—

Reports from the Commissioners of Divisions on the working of municipalities in the Bengal Presidency (except Calcutta) during the year 1918-19.

1. Number of municipalities.—The number of municipalities remained unchanged, viz., 115.

2. **Elections.**—The elective system was introduced in Budge Budge and general elections were held in 68 municipalities. They were, as a rule, keenly contested, but there was no poll in 9 towns; and in three others the ratepayers having failed to elect some of the Commissioners, Government had to appoint them under section 16 of the Bengal Municipal Act. Eight elections were followed by litigation in the civil courts or objections before the District Magistrate. Pending the decision of the civil suits, new municipal boards could not be formed at Rishra-Konnagar and Sirajganj. In the former town an *ex-parte* injunction issued by a Munsif restraining the Chairman from forming a new Board had unfortunate results, as it tied the hands of the municipal authorities in dealing with an outbreak of cholera. Fortunately the officers of an adjoining mill gave prompt and valuable assistance, but there was a regrettable loss of life. The case, as the District Magistrate remarks, illustrates the pressing need for the establishment of special tribunals to deal promptly and effectively with election disputes. Government are contemplating legislation to remedy the present state of affairs.

3. **Meetings.**—Altogether 150 meetings, or one in every 15, failed for want of a quorum. At Murshidabad 7 out of 19 meetings proved abortive. The Commissioners of seven municipalities failed to hold one meeting a month.

4. **Ratepayers and Voters.**—The total number of ratepayers rose from 316,563 to 317,117, or a little over 16 per cent. of the population residing within municipal limits. The ratio varied from 38·7 per cent. in Bogra to 3·6 per cent. in Titagarh, a mill town with a large cooly population. The average number of voters per elected Commissioner is 159. It falls below 100 in 37 municipalities, the minimum being 31, and it is over 300 in only 13 towns: the maximum (892) is reached in Howrah.

5. **Assessment and taxation.**—The average incidence of taxation per head of the population rose from Rs. 2-4-11 to Rs. 2-9-1. Latrine rates were levied in 99 municipalities, water rates in 23 and a lighting rate in 4 municipalities. A water rate and a latrine rate were imposed for the first time in Uttarpara and a latrine rate in Ghatal. The threats of the Calcutta Corporation to cut off the water-supply in consequence of non-payment of its dues compelled the Commissioners of Tollygunge to raise the water rate to the maximum permissible under the law. There was an increase in the water rate at Narayanganj, in the latrine rates at Netrakona and Sherpur, in the house rate at Baranagar and in the tax on persons at Jamalpur. In Comilla a rate on holdings was introduced in lieu of the tax on persons.

6. **Revision of assessment.**—General or partial revisions of assessment took place in 68 municipalities. New assessments were responsible for an increase in the demand in 14 municipalities, but 22 municipalities report a net reduction of revenue due to remissions on appeal or poverty or other reasons not properly explained. The number of appeals is sometimes abnormal; in one ward of Howrah, for instance, there were 2,835 revised valuations and 2,096 appeals were made; in such circumstances delay in disposal of appeals is inevitable and collections suffer.

7. **Collections.**—There was a satisfactory increase of 5 lakhs in collections, the average percentage on the current demand rising from 92·3 to 97·7. Remissions represented 3·6 per cent. on the current demand. In Bansberia, Burdwan, Taki and Serampore the ratio varied from 10 to 16 per cent. In the Presidency, as a whole, the outstanding balances fell from Rs. 6,12,128 to Rs. 5,40,076. Eight municipalities had no outstanding balances and in 16 other cases they were less than Rs. 100, but they were heavy in 12 towns. Rampore-Boalia had nearly one-third of its current demand in arrear in the beginning of the year and so far from any improvement being effected, there was a further increase at its end.

8. **Income and expenditure.**—The aggregate receipts including opening balances rose from Rs. 83,58,974 to Rs. 89,06,396, the income from rates and taxes rising by nearly 5½ lakhs. The aggregate expenditure rose from Rs. 66,74,302 to Rs. 69,67,662, the largest increase, viz., Rs. 1,61,922, being under the head of "Public Health and Convenience".

9. **General administration and collection charges.**—The expenditure under this head was practically stationary and represented 8 per cent. of the total expenditure. The highest percentages were returned by Taki (27·7), North Dum-Dum (23·5) and Debhatta (20·4).

10. **Public instruction.**—The amount spent on education was Rs. 2,94,718 or 4½ per cent. of the municipal income. The actual increase was Rs. 33,204, and as Government grants exceeded those for the previous year by only Rs. 9,143, it may be inferred that the municipalities are showing greater readiness to discharge their obligations towards primary education. Twenty-four municipalities, however, or one in every five (as against 17 in the previous year) failed to spend even 3·2 per cent. of their ordinary income—this percentage is taken to represent the amount required for the education of half the boys of primary school-going age. On the other hand, 44 municipalities spent more than 5 per cent. of their income, and nine over 10 per cent., on primary education. The largest proportion of municipal income devoted to this object was 18 per cent. in Muktagacha.

11. **Water supply.**—The Uttarpara water-works scheme was completed during the year and substantial progress was made with those designed for Dacca, Mymensingh and Satchira. The construction of the water-works at Nator was impeded by the rains setting in unusually early, but the project was nearly completed by the end of the year. The Midnapore water-supply scheme has been revised and the cost is now estimated at Rs. 4,73,000, towards which Government is making a grant of Rs. 2,23,000, while the municipality is also taking a loan of one lakh from Government. A scheme for the supply of filtered water to Krishnagar received the final sanction of Government, which is making grants totalling Rs. 2,06,800. Cossipore-Chitpur extended its pipe system and Berhampore carried out improvements in its water-works. The Commissioners of Faridpur resolved to introduce a piped water supply, for which a scheme is being prepared. A sketch project for Patuakhali received the administrative sanction of Government; a scheme for Comilla was under preparation. The problem of water supply in the town of Noakhali became acute owing to the threatened erosion by the sea of the tank which is the only source of water supply.

12. **Drainage.**—Minor works were carried out in Asansol, Garden Reach, Midnapore, Serampore, Champdani, Berhampore and Madaripur. A drainage scheme in Bhatpara is nearing completion, and some progress was made in Mymensingh, where the Municipal Commissioners are carrying out a comprehensive project in instalments. The drainage schemes of Suri and Hooghly-Chinsura could not be taken up for want of funds and the execution of those prepared for Faridpur and Comilla had also to be postponed.

13. **Conservancy.**—There was an increase of Rs. 83,268 under this head, the Howrah Municipality being responsible for Rs. 58,448. A sewerage scheme, for which Government are making a grant of Rs. 50,000 and a loan of Rs. 30,000, is being carried out at Kurseong by the Sanitary Engineer. A beginning was made with the Dacca sewerage scheme, the total cost of which will aggregate Rs. 30 lakhs, of which Rs. 25 lakhs will be met by Government grants and the balance by a loan.

14. **Public Health.**—A gratifying feature of the year under review is the increasing interest displayed by most municipalities in public health. Measures were taken in many municipalities for the improvement of sanitation by filling up or clearing insanitary tanks, ditches and *dobas* and by removing jungle and noxious vegetation. Nawabganj is contemplating the adoption of a flood-flush scheme, for which a detailed survey has been begun.

A detailed project has been prepared for a similar scheme at Budge-Budge. In Panihati three anti-malarial co-operative societies were formed, which did useful work in filling up insanitary tanks and clearing away jungle and undergrowth on the holdings of their members.

There was a serious epidemic of influenza during the year. Steps were taken to check the spread of the disease by free distribution of medicine, and in some cases of diet, and by the circulation of printed instructions as well as by the appointment of special doctors. Epidemics of cholera were combated by disinfection, the protection of sources of water-supply and the employment of a special staff of medical officers. The number of vaccinators employed is reported to have been sufficient in the majority of cases and free vaccination has been introduced in several municipalities. Lantern lectures on hygiene and public health were given by Health Officers, and in some places quinine was distributed free to school boys and others during the malarial season.

15. Improvement Schemes.—Towards the end of the year the companies owning mills along the east bank of the Hooghly between Halishahar and Kamarhati initiated an important scheme involving combined action for the improvement of municipal sanitation. They decided to contribute at the rate of Rs. 100 per loom in the case of jute mills, and proportionately on the basis of the number of hands employed in the case of paper mills, towards such schemes of improvement as might be prepared by the Sanitary Engineer for the municipalities in which their mills are situated. The contributing companies made the reasonable stipulation that they should approve of the details of the projects on which their money is to be spent, and Government are naturally expected to contribute. Nearly 19 lakhs were deposited by them for improvement schemes in the towns of Halishahar, Naihati, Bhatpara, Garulia, Titaghar, Kamarhati and Bhadreswar. The mill companies have done much for municipal sanitation in the past, but their action has not been always co-ordinated; and the idea that they should co-operate to carry out large schemes of improvement is a new departure capable of great and lasting results.

16. Public Works.—The construction and maintenance of roads and buildings were handicapped by the high cost of materials and the difficulty of obtaining them. The proportion which the outlay on public works bore to the total expenditure varied in the smaller towns from 2·4 per cent. in Birnagar to 46·2 per cent. in Debhatta and in the larger towns from 3·5 in Bhadreswar to 40·3 in the South Suburban municipality.

17. Loans.—Altogether 39 municipalities were in debt to Government at the end of the year, the total amount of their outstanding liabilities on the 31st March 1919 being Rs. 41,48,994 in addition to Rs. 7,361 due for loans taken from private sources. The largest outstanding liabilities were those of Howrah (Rs. 20,57,351), Darjeeling (Rs. 6,18,145), and Dacca (Rs. 4,28,557). Meherpur and English Bazar liquidated their loans during the year. The Commissioners of Birnagar were directed by the Divisional Commissioner to refund a sum of Rs. 7,500 which was taken by them as a loan from private sources without the sanction of Government.

18. Closing Balances.—The closing balances rose from Rs. 16,84,672 to Rs. 19,38,734, the largest being held by Howrah (Rs. 2,39,084), Dacca (Rs. 2,34,079), Midnapore (Rs. 1,98,138), Maniktala (Rs. 1,22,253), Cossipore-Chitpur (Rs. 1,20,571) and Darjeeling (Rs. 1,18,850). No explanation has been furnished for the large balance in Howrah; in other cases they were mainly due to unexpended grants and the accumulation of funds for water-supply and drainage schemes. In ten municipalities, as against 15 in the previous year, the outstanding liabilities exceeded the closing balances.

19. Audit of accounts and embezzlements.—Embezzlements occurred in Burdwan, Raniganj, Baranagar, Rasirhat, Rajpur and Mymensingh. The accounts of Barasat were found to be in such confusion that Government had

to pass special orders in exercise of its power of superior control. Even then the municipal executive pleaded inability to remove all the defects, as the irregularities extended over several years and some of the registers and papers had been eaten by white-ants.

20. **General Remarks.**—One of the most noticeable features of the reports for the year is the reiterated and general complaint of the inadequacy of municipal funds to maintain any high standard of administration combined with a general disinclination on the part of Municipal Boards to raise funds for the purpose. As shown however in paragraph 5 of this resolution, the rates have been enhanced in some cases, and allowance must also be made for the economic stress of the year, in consequence of which Municipal Commissioners were naturally averse to impose extra taxation. This aversion, however, persists during times of prosperity as well as in lean years; and the fact remains that many Boards have only elementary ideas of the duties and responsibilities of municipal administration. The incidence of taxation is below Rs. 1 per head in more than one-fourth of the municipalities, and at this figure it is impossible to expect much in the way of civic amenities. In this connection it is of interest to observe the difference between the systems of rating followed in England and Bengal. In England local bodies have a keen idea of their requirements, prepare their budgets accordingly and proceed to impose rates sufficient to meet their needs. In Bengal the rates rarely vary, and estimates of work to be done each year are framed in accordance with the known income and not in accordance with the needs of the town. To borrow a colloquialism, the municipalities in Bengal cut their coat according to a limited amount of cloth; in England they decide on the coat required and devise means for getting the cloth.

21. Frequent reference is made in the reports to the presence or absence of party spirit and faction. In some towns party spirit is carried to extreme lengths and has deplorable results. Too often there is opposition to the executive simply for the sake of obstructiveness with the result that the administration is paralyzed. In one municipality, for instance, it is reported that "between the two factions prevailing scarcely any practical work can be extracted either from the clerical or out-door staff." Party spirit, however, if based on principles and not on personal considerations and interests, is not to be deprecated. Healthy opposition is necessary to sound municipal life; where it is absent, administration is apt to be ineffective and slack. One of the great needs of municipal life in Bengal at present is the awakening of public spirit among the ratepayers so as to enforce the responsibility of the Municipal Commissioners for feeble or bad administration. A few ratepayers' associations have been started, but so far they are not very enlightened or effective. Want of public spirit on the part of the Commissioners themselves is frequently noticeable. In one municipality the Commissioners are reported to be always anxious to keep the approaches to their own houses in repair at the expense of more deserving roads. In another encroachments on the roads, already too narrow, are common and action is seldom taken because the Chairman and some of the Commissioners are themselves the worst offenders. In another district the Magistrate suggests that simple sanitary lectures should be given to Municipal Commissioners illustrated with magic lantern slides, in order to stimulate their interest in and knowledge of questions of public health.

22. Another regrettable feature of the reports is the failure of many municipal authorities to act on the suggestions made by inspecting officers and to remedy defects pointed out by them. This is especially the case in regard to public health. One District Magistrate, for instance, writes:— "Deputy Sanitary Commissioners come and inspect and record notes showing what should be done, and little is done. District Magistrates achieve similar results." He suggests that the present state of affairs shows the necessity for giving the sanitary authorities greater power of control.

23. **Howrah.**—A general election which was held in December 1918 caused considerable excitement, but the Commissioner of the Division observes that it was decided on purely personal considerations, and that there is nothing to show that the voters were influenced in any way by questions either of policy or principle.

The valuation of the town has been steadily rising since 1911, viz., from 37½ lakhs to nearly 66½ lakhs; and during the year under review the total ordinary income rose by over 3 lakhs, viz., from Rs. 10,31,000 to Rs. 13,46,000. Part of this increase, however, is accounted for by a lakh which was paid by the East Indian Railway on the last working day of the preceding year having been credited to the municipal fund during the year under review. The current demand on account of taxes rose by about Rs. 80,000 and amounted to Rs. 11,78,043. The percentage of total collections on the current demand reached the high figure of 100·8 and the remissions amounted to Rs. 60,000 or 5·6 per cent. of the current demand. The total ordinary expenditure grew from 10 to 12 lakhs. The balance outstanding at the close of the year was reduced from Rs. 2,21,000 to Rs. 1,42,000.

As in the previous year, normal receipts exceeded normal expenditure, but many schemes for the improvement of the municipality remain in abeyance. An increase in the supply of filtered water and the improvement of the drainage system are urgently required, and so long as these and other reforms are not carried out it is difficult to subscribe to the view expressed by the Chairman that the municipality is in a position to meet its ordinary requirements without raising the rates. There was very little capital outlay on water-supply, while the maintenance charges went up by over Rs. 44,000. The supply is reported to have been excellent in quality but deficient in quantity, and the Sanitary Engineer complains of very great waste of water due to insufficient metering of private connections within the municipality. No new drainage works were executed within the year and the canal scheme had again to be postponed as the loan received from Government for the purpose has been spent on the water-works. The powers of the Municipal Commissioners in respect of general conservancy arrangements and the cleaning of roads, *bastis* and drains were delegated to ten ward committees which were formed experimentally for one year from September, 1918. The Chairman is of opinion that the conservancy of the town has perceptibly improved under the new arrangements. The expenditure on conservancy rose by over half a lakh and it is not clear how much of the increase was due to the change of system. There was a satisfactory increase in the expenditure on the maintenance of roads, which had been neglected for some time, but shortage of wagons and the high price of road metal caused difficulties similar to those experienced in the preceding year.

The Chairman, the Hon'ble Babu Mahendra Nath Ray, C.I.E., continued to devote to the administration of municipal affairs such time as he could spare from his other public and professional duties. After the close of the year the Municipal Commissioners applied for the appointment of a whole-time salaried officer as Deputy Chairman in order that the Chairman might be relieved of a portion of his work. This request was acceded to by Government.

24. **Burdwan Division.**—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division remarks that the working of the municipalities in his Division was on the whole fairly satisfactory.

The Burdwan and Hooghly-Chinsura municipalities were under the administration of the local officers of Government for the last six months of the year in consequence of the supersession of the Municipal Commissioners. The first step to be taken was to put the finances of the municipalities in order. In the case of Burdwan the assessment was found to be inadequate

and inequitable, and a special revision was undertaken under the orders of Government which resulted in an increase of Rs. 27,000 or 22 per cent. over the previous demand—this, however, is liable to reduction on appeal. Before the end of the year the financial condition of the municipality had been substantially improved.

When the Hooghly-Chinsura municipality was taken over by Government, the office was found to be in a chaotic condition and it took some time to reduce it to order. The ascertained liabilities, apart from loans, amounted to Rs. 32,027, whilst the cash balance was only Rs. 850. Further liabilities continued to come to light and by the close of the year it had been ascertained that at the time of assumption of charge they had amounted to nearly Rs. 37,000. A sum of Rs. 30,000 was advanced by Government at the end of December to meet the liabilities and other urgent requirements. The steps taken to improve collections met with considerable success and the realizations exceeded the current demand. The District Magistrate reports :—

“A policy of economy was followed and retrenchments were effected wherever possible. The valuation of holdings has been revised under an order of Government, and the water rate has been raised to the maximum permissible. It was largely due to the reluctance of the Commissioners to effect the necessary enhancement of the water rate that the waterworks was mismanaged and that the water-supply fund continually drew on the general fund and caused the starvation of other necessary works, such as repairs to roads and repairs to and cleaning of drains. The arrangements for the supply of coal, which were extravagant and defective, were remedied immediately charge was assumed. It is of course out of the question that funds should be immediately available to repair the neglect of years, but there is no reason why with careful supervision the municipality should not be gradually brought into thoroughly good order.”

Since the close of the year the orders superseding both these municipalities have been withdrawn and the Governor in Council trusts that the new boards of Municipal Commissioners will steadily pursue the policy of reform and improvement initiated by his officers.

In the last annual resolution it was found necessary to administer a warning to the Municipal Commissioners of Serampore and Bansberia as to the necessity of reform. It appears that in both towns this warning has been effectual in securing some improvement. In Serampore steps are being taken to realize recoverable demands, but the Commissioner reports that the municipality is working at a deficit of over Rs. 6,500 and living on unauthorized advances from subsidiary funds. If, however, the dues of the municipality were realized, it would be in a strong position financially. The need for improving the collections is obviously imperative.

In Bansberia a revision of assessment resulted in a decreased demand and at the end of the year the liabilities exceeded the cash balance. Since the close of the year however a new Board has been formed. There has been some improvement in the financial position and the outlook is said to be hopeful. The substitution of a tax on holdings for the personal tax now imposed appears however to be necessary in order to secure funds adequate for the needs of the town, and the Municipal Commissioners have been requested to consider this suggestion.

In Rishra-Konnager work was brought to a standstill by the issue of an *ex parte* injunction of the Munsif of Serampore restraining the Chairman from forming a new Board. It is pleasant to notice the cordial relations between the European and Indian members of the Bhadreswar Board, all of whom take a lively interest in municipal affairs. Champdani is settling down to useful work. Notwithstanding its small income Kotrung continues to be efficiently managed.

In Bankura there was considerable discontent with the administration of the Municipal Board. The action taken by Government in the case of Burdwan and Hooghly-Chinsura is said to have spurred the residents into forming a Ratepayers' Association, and an organised effort to infuse new blood into the management proved successful, the result of the elections being to change almost entirely the personnel of the Board.

25. Presidency Division.—The following extracts are quoted from the report of the Magistrate of the 24-Parganas on the working of municipalities in that district :—"The past year has not seen any very marked improvement in the general level of municipal administration. While the affairs of the larger municipalities continued on the whole to be managed satisfactorily, in several of the rural municipalities there was a failure on the part of the Municipal Commissioners and the executive to realise their responsibilities. In Garden Reach, Cossipore-Chitpur, Baranagar, Titagarh, Bhatpara, Naihati and Baruipur a real effort is made by the Commissioners to improve gradually the standard of administration.

It is regretted that the proposal for a joint water-supply scheme for the riparian municipalities was not approved by most of the mill municipalities. Without such a scheme small riverside municipalities like North Barrackpore and Panhati cannot hope, under present circumstances, ever to have a satisfactory water-supply. Individual schemes are impossible from a financial point of view. Very little was done in rural areas towards improvement of water supply. Generally Municipal Commissioners approved in principle of reserving tanks but were unwilling to do so in practice. Gobardanga and Baruipur were exceptions.

"Want of money prevents most of the smaller municipalities from carrying out pucca drainage schemes and in any case, such drains are not of much use without arrangements for a regular flush. The condition of markets was one of the most unsatisfactory features in a number of municipalities. Too often the interests of the proprietors, who were well represented on the Municipal Board, were allowed to outweigh the interests of the public health.

"Many of the defects cannot be remedied because many of the municipalities are too poor to be able to afford an up-to-date administration, but in too many cases the defects are due to a failure on the part of the Commissioners and their executive to realise their responsibility to the rate-payers. There are too many Chairmen and Vice-Chairmen who are too busy with their public or private business to be able to afford the time required to look after municipal business, and, in consequence, everything is left to a badly paid and inferior subordinate staff with the natural results. But there are signs here and there that the rate-payers are awaking to the fact that under present conditions they are not getting the best possible results and are inclined to demand from their Commissioners and executive more attention to their local duties."

The administration of municipalities in the Nadia district has shown some improvement except in the unhealthy and decadent towns of Chakdaha and Birnagar. Party faction of a bad type is said to be rampant among the Commissioners of Santipur, Nabadwip and Ranaghat. The Chairmen of the two former towns are non-resident practising pleaders who live in Calcutta and Krishnagar, respectively.

The general complaint of all the municipalities in Murshidabad is want of funds, which handicaps their efforts to improve their systems of drainage and water-supply.

26. Dacca Division.—In the Dacca Division the public and the Municipal Commissioners are taking an increased interest in municipal work. Some advance has been made in the direction of recognizing the advantages of a good water-supply and there are signs that the value of efficient drainage is beginning to be understood.

The insufficiency of funds for carrying out ordinary work remains the most marked general characteristic of the municipalities of Mymensingh. In towns where the Municipal Commissioners are trying to improve matters, the results are uneven. For instance in one town the trenching ground was very well managed but there was only one rubbish cart. In Mymensingh progress has been made with the improvement of the water-supply. Of the other municipalities Sherpur and Jamalpur are reported to be the most progressive, Excluding Bajitpur, which is little more than a village, Kishorganj, a future headquarters of a district, is said to be the worst. Roads are bad, conservancy is inefficient and lighting is defective, but the Commissioners seem to be content with a small income, the incidence of taxation being only 10 annas and 8 pies.

The health of Barisal has improved owing to the introduction of the waterworks, but adequate steps are not taken by the Commissioners to prevent waste of water. Its requirements necessitate an increase of taxation to which the majority of the present Commissioners are averse. In Jhalakati and Patuakhali the sanitary arrangements are inadequate and a more energetic administration is desirable. The waterworks of Pirojpur proved a failure and had to be closed down, but the filter-beds have since been repaired under the supervision of the Sanitary Engineer and the supply has been resumed.

27. Chittagong Division.—No marked progress was made by the Chittagong municipality during the year. The water rate levied was insufficient, and the total expenditure exceeded the receipts by Rs. 14,930. The Municipal Commissioners have however raised the rate from April 1919. Difficulties were caused by house-owners refusing to fix meters at their own cost. They contested the legality of the statutory rule prescribing this procedure; an appeal to the High Court has been decided in favour of the Municipal Commissioners. Cox's Bazar and Comilla were efficiently administered. In Chandpur the roads were in bad order, and no important work could be taken up for want of funds. In Brahmanbaria an epidemic of cholera which broke out is ascribed to the absence of a supply of good drinking water: a waterworks scheme was prepared in 1915 but is apparently pending with the Municipal Board. Noakhali suffered from the erosion of the sea, which if continued may cause its disappearance; in the meantime the destruction of property is seriously diminishing its income.

28. Rajshahi Division.—The Commissioner observes that with two exceptions all the municipalities of the division have shown some progress but much more is required. The Municipal Commissioners as a rule are lacking in that sense of public spirit and responsibility which is necessary to good municipal administration. The two exceptions to which the Commissioner refers are Pabna and Rampur Boalia. Pabna suffered from bad collections and want of initiative and energy on the part of the municipal executive. Rampur Boalia was, as usual, characterized by lack of method and effective control and its financial position remained unsatisfactory: the uncollected taxes at the end of the year amounted to more than one-third of the current demand for the year. Bogra carried out a general revision of assessment, and collections were good in Sherpur, but the financial position of both municipalities still leaves room for improvement. The administration of Nator and Dinajpur was satisfactory. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman of Kurseong took a keen interest in municipal affairs and did much for the improvement of the sanitary condition of the town. Darjeeling with an able Chairman and Secretary maintained a high standard of administration. The death of the Vice-Chairman, Dr. Seal, whose experience of municipal work had extended over almost a quarter of a century, was a great loss to the town. In the three municipalities of Malda the Municipal Commissioners work harmoniously; two of them, however, are so small and their resources so limited that there can be no

dispute as to how the funds should be employed. At the same time it is gratifying to observe that they are making the most of their opportunities.

29. The names of the following Chairmen and Vice-Chairmen have been specially brought to the notice of Government by the Commissioners of Divisions on account of the good work done by them; and the Governor in Council desires to express his appreciation of their public spirit :—

Dr. G. L. Johnston } Vice-Chairmen,
 Dr. N. Chaudhuri } Asansol.
 Babu Nrisingha Das Bose, Vice-Chairman,
 Rishra-Konnagar.
 The Hon'ble Babu Siv Narain Mukherjee,
 Chairman, Uttarpara.
 Babu Debeudra Nath Mukherjee, Vice-
 Chairman, Baidyabati.
 Mr. R. B. Laird, Chairman, Bhadreswar.
 Babu Jatindra Nath Banerjee, Vice-
 Chairman, Bhadreswar.
 Mr. W. Allan, Chairman, Champdani.
 Babu Kumud Bandhab Mukherjee, Vice-
 Chairman, Champdani.
 Babu Jyoti Prasad Banerjee, Chairman,
 Kotrung.
 Mr. J. E. Prain, Chairman, Bally.
 Major S. H. Ashworth, Chairman,
 Naihati.
 Mr. C. L. Thomson, late Chairman,
 Titagarh.
 Rai Shama Charan Bhattacharji Bahadur,
 Vice-Chairman, Bhatpara.
 Babu Hem Chandra De, Chairman,
 Cossipore-Chitpur.
 Mr. W. F. Davie, late Chairman, Garden
 Reach.

Mr. W. Cuthbert, Chairman, Paranagar.
 Babu Panchu Gopal Chakravarti, Vice-
 Chairman, Baranagar.
 Babu Sivadas Ray Choudhuri, Chairman,
 Barulpur.
 Babu Ramani Mohan Sen, Chairman,
 Berhampur.
 Babu Nilmani Bhattacharji, Vice-
 Chairman, Berhampur.
 Rai Saheb Saroda Kumar Dutt, Vice-
 Chairman, Cox's Bazar.
 Babu Upendra Nath Mitra, Chairman,
 Comilla.
 Rev. J. Takle, Chairman, Brahmanbaria.
 Rai Saheb Bhabadeb Chatterji, Vice-
 Chairman, Brahmanbaria.
 Babu Ganesh Chandra Sanyal, Vice-
 Chairman, Jalpaiguri.
 Babu Surendra Kumar Sen, late Vice-
 Chairman, Dinajpur.
 Babu Baroda Kanta Ganguly, Vice-
 Chairman, Dinajpur.
 Mr. H. Quinton, Chairman, Kurseong.
 Mr. R. B. Addis, Vice-Chairman,
 Kurseong.

By order of the Governor in Council,

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

FORM NO. I.—Statement showing the constitution of the Municipalities in the Bengal Presidency during the year 1918-19.

Name of District.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	Act under which constituted.	Population within municipal limits.	PARTICULARS AS TO CHAIRMAN.				NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.										Total number of meetings held including those specified in columns 19 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 19 which proved abortive for want of a quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 19 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.
					Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominated non-official.	Nominated official.	Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans.	Indians.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
BURDWAN DIVISION.																								
Burdwan.	1	Burdwan ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	36,921	1	...	...	...	2	4	15	22	2	30	1	31	13	...	2	50.0	60.0	58.1	
	2	Kalna ...		8,808	1	...	...	...	1	4	10	14	1	14	...	15	29	...	1	60.0	58.2	59.0	
	3	Katwa ...		8,904	1	...	...	...	1	3	8	12	1	11	...	12	19	...	...	57.0	49.8	49.5	
	4	Dainhat ...		5,342	...	...	...	1	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	11	...	...	...	47.6	45.6	46.6
	5	Raniraj ...		15,497	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	10	17	...	...	...	47.16	47.08	47.12
	6	Assanul ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	21,919	...	...	...	1	7	...	...	12	1	11	...	7	16	...	...	93.7	53.4	54.7	
	Total ...			94,186	4	...	...	2	12	24	49	65	5	80	10	75	104	12	2	...	...	...
Bir- bhum.	7	Suri ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	9,131	1	...	...	...	2	3	11	16	(c)1	16	...	16	39	9	1	28.7	36.3	34.9	
	8	Bankura ...		22,483	...	...	1	...	2	2	10	15	2	12	1	14	39	...	2	4.1	57.9	63.8	
	9	Vishnupur ...		20,478	1	...	...	...	1	2	8	12	1	11	...	12	20	...	2	55.0	48.1	47.0	
Bard- ham.	10	Ponamukhi ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	13,275	1	...	...	...	1	2	6	9	1	8	...	8	31	...	2	76.1	50.0	52.8	
	Total ...			57,206	2	...	1	...	4	6	24	36	4	32	1	34	80	2	12	...	...	...
	11	Midnapur ...		22,740	1	...	...	...	...	1	6	12	18	4	14	...	18	17	...	...	47.0	56.3	54.34
	12	Tamluk ...		8,018	1	1	3	6	12	3	9	...	12	17	52.2	77.3	60.4
	13	Ghatal ...		12,064	1	...	...	...	...	2	3	10	15	2	12	...	15	34	2	1	19.5	68.2	60.3
Midnapur.	14	Chandrakona ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	8,121	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	32	4	2	...	48.9	48.9	...
	15	Ranjitnagar ...		8,461	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	16	...	...	...	71.1	71.1	...
	16	Kharpur ...		4,605	1	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	16	55.5	55.5	...
	17	Khurda ...		8,829	1	6	10	15	...	15	...	15	18	53.2	53.2	...
		Total ...			52,898	7	...	...	...	4	26	60	90	9	81	...	90	135	6	2	...	...	...
Hooghly.	18	Hooghly-Quinara ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	28,916	1	...	...	...	5	12	18	2	16	1	17	14	...	...	5	38.09	66.8	61.9	
	19	Rampurhat ...		21,817	1	...	...	...	...	1	4	10	15	1	14	2	13	29	...	5	...	53.8	30.3
	20	Bishra-Konarsaga ...		17,373	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	2	10	21	...	2	...	55.1	48.1
	21	Uttarpara ...		7,372	1	...	...	...	...	1	3	6	12	2	10	...	12	30	2	1	50.0	55.5	51.9
	22	Baidyabati ...		16,181	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	1	11	17	2	2	...	37.9	37.9
Hooghly.	23	Budhrabarui ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	12,441	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	2	10	16	...	...	61.9	61.9
	24	Chandpur ...		16,397	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	2	9	25	1	1	...	61.8	61.8	
	25	Kotiling ...		5,574	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	9	...	9	...	9	9	...	...	55.6	55.6	
	26	Bardhaman ...		8,108	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	9	...	9	...	9	24	1	2	...	48.69	48.69
	27	Arambagh ...		6,048	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	8	...	1	11	...	12	12	...	...	75.0	67.4
	Total ...			151,074	10	...	...	...	4	27	82	122	8	115	11	112	190	7	20	...	...	...
Howrah.	28	Howrah ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	179,008	1	...	...	...	6	4	20	20	4	26	8	22	22	...	...	42.4	52.3	51.5	
	29	Bally ...		22,294	1	...	...	...	...	1	6	14	21	5	16	2	19	23	...	...	63.4	41.02	46.27
	Total ...			201,400	2	...	...	...	7	10	34	61	9	42	10	41	56	...	...	...	...	...
Divisional Total ...				596,899	26	...	1	2	22	108	260	401	26	365	22	269	504	26	28	...	...	...	...
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																								
24-Parganas.	30	Coomptore-Chitpur ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	47,012	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	2	10	9	10	39	...	5	70	57	58.2	
	31	Maniktila ...		52,675	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	1	11	1	11	39	...	6	58.6	60.9	58.9
	32	Ranagar ...		25,598	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	1	12	2	11	30	...	...	...	54.1	56.9
	33	Kamarhati ...		16,004	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	9	12	...	12	2	11	18	...	...	...	54.4	56.4
	34	South Suburban ...		25,062	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	7	10	1	9	...	10	17	...	...	64.7	78.4	77.5
24-Parganas.	35	Tollygunge ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	18,226	1	...	...	...	...	2	6	9	...	9	...	9	17	1	...	...	44.4	44.4	
	36	Garden Reach ...		45,298	...	1	...	...	...	...	12	...	12	2	10	5	7	19	...	...	...	30.6	69.1
	37	Rajpur ...		1,679	1	...	...	...	...	...	6	12	18	3	15	...	18	27	...	1	15.2	55.5	70.7
	38	Barnipur ...		5,376	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	6	9	2	7	...	9	14	...	...	60.7	72.2	72.2
	39	Jainagar ...		9,247	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	25	8	7	...	52	52
24-Parganas.	40	South Dum Dum	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	12,582	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	6	9	1	9	2	7	19	2	...	42.1	63.1	60.8
	41	North Dum Dum		5,048	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	9	...	9	...	9	12	...	...	...	50.9	50.9
	42	South Baranagar		4,817	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	9	...	9	...	9	15	...	...	...	69.6	89.0
	43	Baranagar		7,023	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	9	2	7	1	8	14	...	...	10.7	59.1	47.8
	44	Baginchari ...		11,118	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	7	10	3	7	...	10	18	1	...	57.7	62.8	61.3
24-Parganas.	45	Thagarh ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	45,182	1	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	1	9	6	4	13	...	...	20.7	64.1	60.7	
	46	North Baranagar		16,105	1	...	...	...	...	...	6	10	15	2	12	1	14	11	...	...	68.1	65.02	65.6
	47	Garia ...		11,582	...	...	1	...	...	...	10	...	10	1	9	2	7	13	2	...	52.7	47.8	48.4
	48	Bergat ...		6,794	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	12	18	2	15	...	18	18	...	3	33.3	46.4	37.6
	49	Nadhati ...		18,218	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	9	4	11	...	12	17	...	...	83.6	57.3	71.9
24-Parganas.	50	Kalkata ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	6,816	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	2	10	1	11	16	...	1	67.5	73.2	70.2	
	51	Kanchanara ...		7,107	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	2	10	...	12	16	...	...	61.1	66.6	63.6
	52	Bhatpara ...		69,426	1	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	2	13	8	7	20	...	...	25	63.2	50.6
	53	Gobardanga ...		5,072	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	9	...	9	...	9	16	1	...	...	60.1	60.1
	54	Baishat ...		18,222	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	1	14	...	15	19	2	1	5.3	48.8	42.1
24-Parganas.	55	Baduria ...	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	17,628	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	19	2	2	...	48.8	48.8	...
	56	Taki ...		5,203	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	9	...	9	...	9	12	...	...	...	48.1	48.1
	57	Budge Budge ...		17,922	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	6	9	...	9	...	9	11	1	...	88.3	54.0	52.5
		Total ...			597,698	28	1	4	1	9	189	178	390	45	376	44	376	496	28	29

FORM NO. I.—Statement showing the constitution of the Municipalities in the Bengal Presidency during the year 1918-19—contd.

Range of District.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	Act under which constituted.	Population within municipal limits.	PARTICULARS AS TO CHAIRMAN.				NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.								Total number of meetings held including those specified in columns 18 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which proved abortive for want of a quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.
					Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominated non-official.	Nominated official.	Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans.	Indians.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
PANDURGHAT DIVISION—contd.																						
Hills.	58	Krishnagar	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	33,478	...	1	...	...	8	4	14	21	8	13	1	20	14	...	61.5	83	35.5	
	59	Santipur		36,703	...	...	...	...	...	6	10	16	...	18	...	16	30	...	...	61.08	61.74	
	60	Bansga		9,880	1	...	...	...	...	2	4	12	16	2	16	...	18	14	3	1	10.7	29.3
	61	Mahadwip		12,480	1	...	...	...	...	1	3	8	12	1	11	...	19	21	3	2	61.1	63.8
	62	Kushtia		6,291	1	...	...	...	...	1	4	10	15	2	13	...	16	21	1	...	46	48.6
	63	Kumarkhali		8,769	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	...	15	...	15	17	3	...	...	64.4
	64	Mohorpur		5,961	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	27	1	...	...	67.4
65	Birnagar	2,684	...	...	1	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	12	...	...	...	48.7	48.7	
66	Chakdab	4,921	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	5	13	2	11	...	12	12	1	2	68.4	69.2		
Total				96,114	6	1	1	1	9	26	86	120	18	115	1	199	166	12	6	...	...
Murshidabad.	67	Barhampore	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	26,142	1	...	...	...	3	6	16	25	4	31	2	33	10	...	30	70.9	61.8	
	68	Murshidabad		12,069	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	16	...	15	...	15	19	7	2	...	40	4.0
	69	Azinganj		12,327	1	...	...	...	...	6	10	16	...	16	...	16	12	...	...	...	75.5	18.5
	70	Jangipur		11,408	1	...	...	...	1	5	12	18	1	17	...	18	12	3	2	41.8	61.6	26.6
	71	Kandi		12,638	...	...	...	1	1	5	7	11	1	10	...	11	17	3	...	94.1	47.8	51.9
	72	Dhulian		8,296	1	3	7	10	...	10	...	10	18	3	66.1	48.1
Total				62,483	5	...	...	1	5	27	63	94	6	88	2	92	63	16	4	...	...
Jessore.	73	Jessore	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	8,911	1	...	...	...	1	4	12	16	1	17	1	17	19	5	...	16.7	42.7	41.8
	74	Kotechandpur		8,077	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	16	1	...	...	47.9	47.9
	75	Mahespur		4,315	...	...	...	1	1	5	10	16	1	16	...	16	29	3	3	38.3	51.3	51.3
Total				21,303	2	...	...	1	3	12	28	41	2	41	1	42	64	16	3	...	...
Khulna.	76	Khulna	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	12,996	1	...	...	...	1	4	70	15	2	18	...	16	19	...	1	71.08	60.7	62.1
	77	Bakshira		10,866	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	21	...	1	...	58.3	50.2
	78	Tebbhatta		5,396	1	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	12	...	4	...	66.19	66.19
Total				29,158	3	...	...	...	1	12	26	29	2	37	...	39	52	...	6	...	...
Divisional Total				757,643	28	2	5	4	20	226	520	624	70	566	48	676	687	64	48	...	...
DAKA DIVISION.																						
Dacca.	79	Dacca	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	104,122	1	...	...	...	2	5	14	21	3	18	3	16	23	...	1	21.9	68.3	62.6
	80	Narainganj		27,876	1	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	4	8	30	12	2	...	41.9
Total				132,028	2	...	...	...	2	9	22	33	3	30	7	24	53	12	3	...	...
Mymensingh.	81	Mymensingh	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	19,858	1	...	...	...	1	3	12	16	2	16	1	17	25	...	...	33.0	61.0	57.7
	82	Muktagachia		6,554	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	24	...	...	...	48.9	48.9
	83	Jamalpur		21,109	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	1	16	...	15	17	...	...	53.9	64.3	60.0
	84	Bherpur		15,691	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	1	11	...	12	25	4	1	28.6	57.9	54.6
	85	Kishoreganj		16,073	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	15	...	15	...	15	23	3	2	...	56.9	60.9
	86	Barisalpur		10,853	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	23	...	...	...	58.1	63.1
	87	Netrakona		7,217	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	4	8	...	12	23	...	...	60.0	70.4	67.0
	88	Tangail		16,262	1	...	...	...	1	4	10	15	3	12	...	15	24	5	...	61.0	61.3	51.3
Total				119,546	8	...	...	...	3	23	70	108	11	94	1	104	206	15	8	...	...
Maddaripur.	89	Maddaripur	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	18,121	1	...	...	...	1	5	12	16	2	16	...	16	20	...	...	47.4	56.9	54.1
	90	Maddaripur		21,496	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	1	11	...	12	26	...	1	77.3	59.23	60.23
Total				34,627	2	...	...	...	1	9	20	28	3	27	...	28	46	...	1	...	...
Barisal.	91	Barisal	Act III (B.O.) of 1884.	42,472	1	...	...	...	1	4	10	15	2	12	2	12	19	...	...	5.9	60.9	48.9
	92	Shalabadi		2,163	...	1	...	...	...	2	6	9	...	9	...	9	21	...	...	...	67.3	67.3
	93	Shalabadi		6,079	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	6	9	...	9	...	9	64	...	...	60.9	60.9
	94	Ferozpur		11,996	...	...	1	...	1	5	10	15	1	15	...	16	29	...	...	22.7	19.1	60.9
	95	Ferozpur		6,217	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	19	...	...	77.1	77.1
Total				68,823	...	1	...	1	4	20	23	38	7	31	2	33	135	...	6	...	...
Divisional Total				286,029	15	1	...	1	11	71	144	226	24	202	10	212	436	33	23	...	...

FORM NO. I.—Statement showing the constitution of the Municipalities in the Bengal Presidency during the year 1918-19—concl'd.

Name of district.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	Act under which constituted.	Population within municipal limits.	PARTICULARS AS TO CHAIRMAN.				NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.										Total number of meetings held including those specified in columns 19 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 19 which proved abortive for want of a quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 19 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.
					Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominated non-official.	Nominated official.	Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans.	Indians.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																								
Chittagong.	96	Chittagong...	Act III B.C. of 1884.	28,786	1	...	...	...	2	4	12	18	3	15	4	14	21	...	5	25.4	69.5	63.4
	97	Cox's Bazar		4,378	...	...	...	1	1	5	10	16	1	15	1	15	14	...	...	86.71	67.14	65.76
		Total		33,164	1	...	...	1	3	9	22	34	4	30	5	29	35	...	5	...	...	...
Tippera.	98	Comilla ...	Act III B.C. of 1884.	22,692	1	...	...	...	1	5	12	18	1	17	1	17	16	...	...	37.5	63.2	59.2
	99	Brahmanbaria.		22,395	1	...	...	...	...	4	5	12	...	12	1	11	17	...	1	...	65.0	65.0
	100	Chandpur ...		12,717	...	...	...	1	1	4	5	13	...	11	3	10	18	...	...	52.7	61.6	60.2
		Total		57,704	2	...	...	1	2	12	25	43	3	40	5	38	51	...	1	...	...	...
Noakhali.	101	Noakhali ...	Act III B.C. of 1884.	7,009	1	...	...	...	3	1	8	12	3	9	1	11	18	2	...	30	58.8	52.5
		Divisional Total		97,827	4	...	...	...	5	5	35	68	10	79	11	78	104	2	5	...	...	...
HAJSHANI DIVISION.																								
Hajshahi.	102	Rampur-Bonia.	Act III (B.C.) of 1884.	23,406	1	...	...	...	2	5	14	21	6	15	3	14	21	...	1	49.1	52.4	49.8
	103	Nator ...		6,351	1	...	...	...	1	5	12	18	1	17	...	18	16	1	...	28.1	64.6	60.4
		Total		21,657	2	...	...	...	3	10	26	39	7	32	3	32	37	1	1	...	...	...
Dinajpur.	104	Dinajpur ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1884.	15,945	1	...	...	...	1	6	14	21	5	16	...	21	12	...	...	15.4	47.9	62.3
	105	Jalpaiguri ...	Ditto	11,469	1	...	...	...	2	3	10	15	3	13	1	14	14	1	...	21.4	69.4	57.1
Rangpur.	106	Rangpur ...	Ditto	16,429	1	...	...	...	2	4	12	18	1	17	...	18	32	1	2	40.6	44.1	4
	107	Bogra ...	Ditto	9,112	1	...	...	...	2	3	10	15	2	13	...	15	18	2	1	23.3	58.1	54.8
108	Sherpur ...	4,048		1	...	...	...	1	3	8	12	1	11	...	12	20	3	...	31.0	61.0	49.4	
		Total		18,201	2	...	...	...	3	6	18	27	3	24	...	27	47	5	1	...	...	...
Pabna.	109	Pabna ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1884.	19,374	1	...	...	...	1	5	12	18	1	17	...	18	16	...	1	55	54.4	54.5
	110	Soraiganj		24,777	1	...	...	...	...	6	12	18	3	16	...	18	33	4	...	67.2	48.7	50.7
		Total		44,061	2	...	...	...	1	11	24	36	3	33	...	36	49	4	1	...	...	...
Malda.	111	English Bazar.	Act III (B.C.) of 1884.	14,323	1	...	...	...	1	6	12	18	1	17	...	18	19	...	1	25	67.2	60.2
	112	Old Malda		2,750	1	...	...	...	2	3	8	12	3	10	...	12	11	...	...	18.1	68.1	59.8
	113	Nawabganj		11,956	...	...	1	...	...	4	5	12	...	12	...	12	19	1	3	...	42.2	48.2
		Total		30,029	2	...	1	...	3	11	20	42	3	39	...	42	42	1	4	...	...	...
Dakshin.	114	Darjeeling	Act III (B.C.) of 1884.	19,308	...	...	...	1	4	5	12	18	5	22	15	12	18	...	...	66.2	66.2	61.1
	115	Kurseong		2,374	1	...	...	...	...	5	5	12	3	9	4	8	15	2	...	62.5	40.2	47.4
		Total		21,682	1	...	...	...	...	9	10	24	21	8	31	19	30	21	2	...	...	...
		Divisional Total		1,400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

FORM II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.															
NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipalities.	Name of Municipality.	Balance in hand at the close of last year.	MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.										OTHER TAXES (TO BE SPECIFIED IN DETAIL, e.g., SERVANTS' TAX, MILK TAX, ETC., IN AS MANY COLUMNS AS MAY BE NECESSARY).	
				Tax on houses and lands.	Tax on animals and vehicles.	Tax on professions and trades.	Tolls (on roads and ferries).	Water-rate.	Lighting rate.	Conservancy (including scavenging and latrine rates).	Tax on persons.	Miscellaneous receipts and penalties.	Warrant fees and penalties.	Tax on arable lands.	Total rates and taxes.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
BURDWAN DIVISION.															
Burdwan	1	Burdwan ...	12,845	49,066	7,692	1,117	4,525	56,688	...	21,935	...	...	837	...	1,21,550
	2	Kalna ...	2,596	707	4,833	338	...	...	...	4,640	5,902	159	45	...	18,514
	3	Katwa ...	7,499	176	1,196	200	...	...	...	2,372	6,240	...	22	...	10,208
	4	Dalubhat ...	1,106	183	402	...	...	...	...	681	2,606	...	41	...	2,918
	5	Raniganj ...	3,696	11,906	1,540	392	...	...	...	2,634	...	...	...	...	16,476
	6	Asansol ...	20,022	22,060	1,574	700	...	...	...	12,166	...	...	23	...	47,418
Total ...			47,574	94,977	17,237	2,787	4,825	36,688	...	44,532	14,648	169	1,069	...	2,16,371
Birbhum ...	7	Suri ...	7,552	1,516	1,386	177	...	...	...	6,767	6,216	9	...	...	16,073
Bankura	8	Bankura ...	14,221	4,817	2,960	392	...	5,108	...	4,887	10,346	21	...	...	28,436
	9	Vishnupur ...	4,675	335	2,498	54	...	...	...	2,674	7,689	2	...	...	12,159
	10	Sonamukhi ...	668	167	668	53	...	...	...	...	5,043	7	...	...	5,917
Total ...			19,864	5,319	6,132	388	...	5,105	...	7,561	22,977	30	...	...	47,512
Midnapur	11	Midnapur ...	1,70,521	29,342	6,890	679	...	...	...	24,002	...	264	...	...	61,187
	12	Tamluk ...	1,013	670	421	165	172	...	...	3,011	4,221	120	...	...	8,790
	13	Ghatal ...	2,548	271	3,329	335	1,263	...	...	2,473	5,924	146	...	...	13,061
	14	Chandikona ...	2,516	60	2,341	...	...	...	...	...	2,160	66	...	...	4,626
	15	Ranajibpore ...	1,931	32	905	...	...	...	...	...	3,127	17	...	...	3,081
	16	Khirpal ...	1,663	31	1,672	...	...	...	...	...	2,031	3	...	...	3,647
	17	Kharar ...	273	8	1,514	...	...	...	...	...	2,710	244	...	...	4,250
Total ...			1,80,765	30,404	16,992	1,069	1,435	...	...	29,486	19,202	663	...	...	99,259
Hooghly	18	Hooghly-Chinsurah ...	5,194	24,011	5,667	1,061	3,328	27,096	...	18,183	...	549	...	...	92,175
	19	Serampore ...	6,619	31,531	1,852	2,391	6,676	22,658	...	22,181	...	...	258	...	88,546
	20	Kishore-Konnagar ...	7,202	16,423	699	626	1,385	...	...	10,240	...	...	10	...	28,187
	21	Uttarpur ...	40,110	10,462	944	338	1,335	3,968	...	6,822	...	...	37	...	24,001
	22	Baidyabati ...	2,036	11,172	5,525	1,618	203	...	...	7,581	...	...	47	...	26,114
	23	Bhadreswar ...	9,491	11,755	677	799	...	...	...	7,627	875	10	...	...	21,543
	24	Chandpur ...	14,825	12,172	784	456	...	...	...	8,906	...	12	...	...	20,300
	25	Kotrung ...	8,330	6,079	409	4,011	...	...	...	4,067	...	...	5	...	11,571
Howrah	26	Ban-baria ...	566	597	241	902	...	...	...	1,914	3,314	37	...	...	6,905
	27	Arambagh ...	1,716	814	1,451	172	...	...	...	1,692	2,982	...	41	...	6,992
Total ...			92,479	1,86,238	18,129	12,299	18,933	54,617	...	84,178	6,871	608	298	...	2,27,296
Howrah	28	Howrah ...	1,85,778	4,19,068	16,568	41,673	...	3,18,311	1,52,677	2,40,587	...	208	...	...	11,88,092
	29	Bally ...	5,124	20,770	1,394	1,926	2,094	...	...	16,543	...	34	...	...	61,173
Total ...			1,91,697	4,44,858	16,962	42,911	2,094	3,18,311	1,52,677	2,57,210	...	242	...	...	12,39,365
DIVISIONAL TOTAL ...			5,40,832	7,17,312	76,850	59,611	21,977	4,14,721	1,52,677	4,28,629	69,915	1,711	1,486	...	19,44,769
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.															
24-Paraganas.	30	Cossipore Chitpur ...	1,08,084	1,23,089	5,328	1,122	...	70,876	51,443	57,878	...	879	...	...	2,31,368
	31	Manikola ...	1,01,614	73,530	14,426	5,219	...	55,470	6,227	26,130	...	...	888	...	1,80,689
	32	Baranagar ...	9,836	27,599	1,061	762	2,460	...	...	27,242	...	...	42	...	7,195
	33	Kamatbati ...	3,046	14,919	427	227	...	...	...	6,255	...	...	34	...	24,892
	34	South Suburban ...	8,750	27,468	1,315	6,072	...	5,058	...	9,669	...	...	96	...	49,572
	35	Tollygunge ...	4,261	10,813	1,892	2,648	...	10,850	...	7,816	...	1,417	...	...	42,636
	36	Garden Reach ...	57,262	56,077	2,597	2,019	...	20,861	...	22,541	...	8,270	...	...	1,22,265
	37	Rajpur ...	1,244	278	1,219	119	...	...	...	2,394	6,190	156	...	...	10,281
	38	Barinpur ...	2,212	394	1,244	107	...	...	...	1,961	3,860	48	...	...	6,054
	39	Jalgaon ...	1,827	54	904	89	...	...	...	1,976	2,794	37	...	...	6,883
	40	South Dum-Dum ...	42,184	15,809	1,850	318	...	3,500	...	6,220	...	78	...	...	37,466
	41	North Dum-Dum ...	1,246	64	2,642	88	...	...	...	478	1,801	...	...	...	8,069
	42	South Barrackpore ...	678	395	748	394	...	...	...	2,924	3,904	10	...	...	7,872
	43	Barrackpore ...	1,143	3,024	880	394	...	...	...	3,232	3,484	11	...	...	11,005
	44	Parlati ...	3,167	1,011	692	25	...	...	...	4,464	6,667	9	...	...	12,296
	45	Titagarh ...	29,504	22,869	1,302	666	...	...	...	26,276	...	...	55	...	61,186
	46	North Barrackpore ...	2,498	430	662	862	800	...	...	4,912	6,226	...	...	...	12,355
	47	Garia ...	9,227	8,315	235	692	...	...	...	6,478	...	...	6	...	16,721
	48	Barua ...	2,028	829	6,224	12	...	...	...	1,615	2,882	30	...	...	11,473
	49	Nalhati ...	5,975	17,020	1,080	547	1,700	...	...	8,401	12	...	...	...	28,622
	50	Halisahar ...	1,355	169	466	123	919	...	...	2,904	2,347	16	...	...	6,947
	51	Kanchrapara ...	2,498	8,545	924	74	...	...	...	945	1,118	...	...	...	11,616
	52	Bhatpara ...	20,272	29,105	1,561	2,945	1,280	...	...	14,327	...	97	...	...	50,315
	53	Gobardanga ...	4,115	126	855	...	...	...	...	...	2,565	11	...	...	4,047
	54	Bardhat ...	3,585	1,149	1,343	280	...	...	...	2,977	5,484	906	...	...	11,589
	55	Baduria ...	8	48	1,106	77	...	...	...	297	4,649	9	...	...	6,883
	56	Taki ...	1,523	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,088	68	...	...	3,212
	57	Bridge Budge ...	19,520	41,787	394	122	...	...	...	7,888	...	239	...	...	80,520
Total ...			4,29,041	5,33,948	54,026	22,915	5,891	1,23,208	56,670	2,50,39	59,811	18,907	...	...	11,96,826

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919.

REALIZATION UNDER SPECIAL ACTS.								REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION.									
From pounds.	From hackney-carriages.	From other sources (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).					Total.	Rents of lands, houses, streets (rent-house), & banglows, etc.	Sale-proceeds of lands and produce of lands, etc.	Conservancy receipts other than taxes and rates.	Fees and revenue from educational institutions.	Fees and revenue from medical institutions.	Fees and revenue from markets and slaughter-houses.	Fees and revenue from tramways.	Other fees (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).		
		Vaccination fees.	Jute warehouse fees.	Petroleum fees.	Fees on municipal proceedings.	Miscellaneous.									From burning-ghats and burial-grounds.	Sale of night-soil, etc.	Other fees.
17	18	19	19(a)	19(b)	19(c)	19(d)	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	28(a)	28(b)
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
539	335	18	439	...	...	...	1,331	6,387	10	732	18,882	...	242	...	195	...	...
335	118	5	72	...	...	...	530	338	191	10	74	...	...	...	2,915	...	...
310	30	5	1	...	...	...	355	97	8	41	...	65	...	...	2,800	...	...
514	...	8	...	...	...	...	517	350	9	...	...	...	...	...	360	...	...
330	74	...	...	...	...	...	394	56	190	...	...	...	...	...	...	93	39
534	160	...	68	...	...	...	852	10	...	...	...	...	1,909	...	...	...	1
3,443	...	31	540	...	...	...	3,979	7,168	375	783	18,966	65	2,241	...	5,990	93	40
307	164	0	...	...	...	...	570	86	17	98	...	...	1,157	...	...	...	...
292	75	5	...	114	...	15	506	38	30,687	112	...	...	4,936	...	...	...	...
180	...	8	...	60	...	5	248	1,043	...	19	...	...	1,021	...	25	...	...
502	...	...	...	...	...	...	502	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
979	75	8	...	174	...	30	1,258	1,157	30,687	144	...	...	5,957	...	25	...	...
547	448	23	...	...	...	10	1,027	391	4	53	28,811	...	531	...	496	...	16
98	...	15	...	8	...	...	121	108	529	...	2,896	...	...	...	...	...	...
56	...	4	...	...	...	...	60	955	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	...	1	...	...	...	...	35	611	360	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
63	...	...	...	...	...	...	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	...	1	...	...	...	...	81	7	172	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
119	...	2	...	...	...	...	121	159	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
997	448	45	...	8	...	10	1,508	2,138	976	32	31,807	...	831	...	498	...	16
350	376	...	...	79	...	...	705	812	869	...	...	...	51	...	...	...	...
857	222	2	...	8	...	...	1,119	1,188	...	...	...	40	4,947	...	...	32	367
481	45	4	...	...	...	...	480	...	41	153	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	96	1	...	...	...	...	198	98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
150	16	8	...	30	...	...	204	318	119	...	...	...	26	...	1,100	...	7
365	48	10	...	...	...	...	426	...	6	...	...	75	...	...	75	160	...
480	59	5	...	...	...	...	523	35	358	...	...	...	15	...	75	...	...
74	...	...	...	...	...	...	74	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
270	...	9	...	...	...	...	272	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,470	...	...
60	...	3	...	...	...	...	63	413	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3,068	660	40	...	107	...	...	4,065	3,359	1,298	165	...	11	5,089	...	5,730	102	383
2,992	616	21	21,100	15	...	...	24,744	20,186	247	...	...	...	17,779	6,994	...	113	31,938
353	12	4	...	...	...	...	369	286	...	21	...	...	...	...	45	...	...
3,343	628	26	21,100	15	...	...	25,118	30,443	247	31	...	...	17,779	6,994	46	113	31,938
11,418	2,901	158	21,680	304	...	30	26,491	33,340	33,505	1,243	50,763	180	23,064	6,994	12,378	308	32,377
2,475	134	42	27,428	142	...	...	30,316	3,980	...	8,092	...	...	150	...	1,210	...	3,400
1,087	945	26	3,814	...	...	...	5,842	881	...	7,942	...	...	150	...	...	...	...
478	...	31	...	...	...	...	499	2,830	290	43	...	...	75	...	133	...	10
326	5	7	...	...	...	...	338	195	23	5	...	...	161	...	90	...	382
180	32	59	...	...	...	...	241	164	60	...	...	...	...	...	2,678	...	2,000
174	163	36	...	108	...	...	471	1,129	9	9-9	...	...	343	126	...	...	...
304	166	20	3,761	...	...	...	4,170	483	...	102	...	...	70	...	82	...	200
35	124	0	...	...	...	...	168	72	146	183	...	...	25	...	...	...	...
25	62	6	...	60	...	...	163	64	23	...	...	...	25	...	377	...	...
46	17	15	...	...	...	...	79	180	...	100	...	...	...	...	137	...	4
432	57	8	...	...	...	...	524	84	...	...	...	...	31	...	...	...	420
140	14	2	...	...	...	...	166	...	...	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
212	18	7	...	...	...	...	237	15	34	...	...	...	...	...	138	...	12
120	141	7	...	...	...	...	288	173	14	9	...	...	...	...	634	...	...
425	52	7	...	...	...	...	494	118	7	50	...	...	...	...	570	...	50
179	81	4	...	...	...	...	364	612	238	...	226	...	1,515	...	1,447	...	1
337	148	1	...	...	...	...	476	24	...	735	...	...	164	...	108	...	223
331	...	1	...	...	...	...	332	1,508	...	29	...	...	25	...	80	...	...
402	27	7	...	...	...	...	438	48	11	8	...	...	1,200	...	...	...	30
436	58	15	...	32	...	...	541	245	4,912	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	...	3	...	...	...	...	53	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
268	...	1	...	...	...	...	370	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
980	146	1	...	...	...	...	1,107	189	62	656	...	...	100	...	330	50	325
96	...	0	...	...	...	...	106	...	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
198	...	42	...	...	...	...	261	189	4	...	...	...	144	...	...	...	...
315	16	...	...	...	...	...	331	2	...	...	...	...	25	...	...	...	...
32	...	12	...	...	...	...	44	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	2
...	...	43	...	...	...	...	79	308	...	2,825	...	700	81	...	59	...	...
10,098	2,499	490	24,828	345	...	9	48,354	13,849	5,760	21,898	335	720	4,960	125	7,972	50	7,998

FORM NO. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION—contd.					GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS (FOR GENERAL AND SPECIAL PURPOSES).									
			Fines under Municipal and other Act.	Interest on investments.			Premium on loans.	Total.	From Government.			From local funds.			From other sources.		
				For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.			For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.
			29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
BURDWAN DIVISION.																	
Burdwan	1	Burdwan	470	...	...	628	...	27,546	1,210	3,456	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,666
	2	Kalua	370	...	...	...	...	3,938	...	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	48
	3	Katwa	74	...	...	...	...	2,782	...	144	733	...	...	500	...	261	1,658
	4	Dalnhat	3	...	...	...	...	642	500	84	...	...	...	200	...	150	1,043
	5	Baniganj	153	308	...	...	...	739	...	180	800	96	...	800	...	244	1,120
	6	Assutol	621	...	...	...	...	2,621	...	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	120
		Total	1,691	208	...	628	...	30,238	1,710	4,032	1,033	93	...	1,100	...	684	8,655
Birbhum	7	Suri	221	...	...	7	...	1,886	...	176	...	...	...	...	...	...	176
Bankura	8	Bankura	142	...	...	...	...	26,916	...	1,099	110	...	...	...	...	23	1,326
	9	Vishnupur	68	...	...	...	...	2,175	317	934	...	...	...	...	200	...	1,241
	10	Sonamukhi	186	...	...	...	...	276	313	733	100	...	...	840	...	...	1,386
		Total	396	...	...	...	...	29,366	430	2,748	210	...	...	840	200	...	3,051
Midnapur	11	Midnapur	476	...	1,848	...	...	32,907	...	18,973	...	...	...	...	53,145	94	72,912
	12	Tamluk	66	...	...	...	...	3,596	500	288	120	...	...	...	...	...	568
	13	Ghatol	185	16	...	...	...	1,128	...	2,964	70	...	...	1,100	...	139	4,376
	14	Chandrakona	44	...	...	...	...	896	...	316	...	...	...	490	...	60	764
	15	Ramribanpore	84	63	...	...	...	136	...	214	...	...	...	318	...	36	585
	16	Khirpal	16	...	...	...	...	194	...	60	...	...	...	430	...	40	520
	17	Khurur	71	...	...	...	...	236	...	108	...	...	...	442	...	24	588
		Total	891	67	1,948	...	...	39,094	500	22,763	190	...	...	2,780	53,145	94	79,778
Hooghly	18	Hooghly-Chinsura	758	129	...	...	...	2,169	30,000	250	...	105	...	...	1,036	...	21,862
	19	Serampore	1,120	56	...	...	...	7,749	...	582	122	...	...	1,000	780	...	4,959
	20	Kishore-Konagore	189	307	...	...	...	1,038	...	199	...	...	...	...	1,030	...	1,349
	21	Uttarpara	121	...	...	...	...	231	...	46	...	...	...	...	16,002	...	16,050
	22	Baidyabati	418	80	...	...	...	2,016	...	192	...	...	...	...	...	...	192
	23	Bhadraswar	488	540	...	...	...	1,314	...	96	139	770	...	562	...	1,286	2,843
	24	Chandpally	480	587	...	...	...	1,400	...	84	...	...	...	...	3,536	...	3,620
	25	Kotrung	100	...	...	...	...	116	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	48
	26	Bansberia	35	...	...	...	...	4,495	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	27	Arambagh	44	...	...	...	...	457	...	184	689	...	...	1,200	...	225	2,306
		Total	3,223	1,648	...	340	...	20,985	30,000	1,596	950	894	...	2,752	21,370	...	4,025
Howrah	28	Howrah	16,747	10,819	...	...	...	1,06,828	2,160	2,286	2,000	3,592	...	...	4,097	...	14,206
	29	Bally	806	...	...	...	...	628	...	336	...	...	...	...	4,006	...	7,244
		Total	19,058	10,819	...	...	...	1,07,456	2,160	2,592	2,001	3,592	...	...	8,103	...	21,449
DIVISIONAL TOTAL			23,964	12,702	1,848	944	...	2,45,730	24,800	34,007	4,343	4,882	...	6,072	12,820	94	1,75,696
PURBHOONJ DIVISION.																	
24-Parganas	30	Compiore-Ghatpur	1,362	...	...	...	...	18,284	1,747	942	...	900	...	...	485	1,900	5,274
	31	Maniktoila	483	551	...	...	...	9,806	...	1,062	...	100	...	...	...	...	1,163
	32	Baranagar	642	944	...	...	...	4,977	870	307	...	...	...	...	8,892	76	10,085
	33	Kamarhati	245	...	...	...	...	1,091	800	304	...	...	...	...	29	...	533
	34	South Suburban	265	...	...	...	...	5,181	960	502	...	...	...	...	...	300	2,482
	35	Tollygunge	389	...	...	...	...	2,976	...	440	...	...	...	...	...	...	440
	36	Garden Reach	572	...	...	...	...	1,652	570	692	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,362
	37	Rajpur	64	...	...	...	...	446	300	170	...	...	...	...	800	...	807
	38	Baruipur	311	...	...	...	...	800	400	200	...	...	...	...	120	...	881
	39	Jalugur	17	...	...	...	...	488	...	280	100	...	...	...	300	...	790
	40	South Dum-Dum	109	...	...	...	...	624	...	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	46
	41	North Dum-Dum	16	...	...	...	...	107	...	125	...	...	...	...	120	...	282
	42	South Barrackpore	213	...	...	...	...	406	...	24	...	...	...	...	498	...	523
	43	Barrackpore	80	...	...	...	...	810	...	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	819
	44	Panlhati	266	...	...	...	...	1,086	303	186	...	...	...	...	680	...	1,081
	45	Titagarh	1,011	...	...	...	...	6,180	...	180	...	...	...	...	2,100	...	2,860
	46	North Barrackpore	64	...	...	...	...	1,316	...	120	760	...	...	...	...	...	870
	47	Garulia	39	345	...	...	...	2,022	142	86	...	...	...	...	1,900	294	1,674
	48	Baranag	16	...	...	...	...	1,311	...	484	...	...	...	...	...	...	484
	49	Nathati	424	...	...	...	...	5,481	...	86	2,667	...	...	...	120	24	2,647
	50	Hallikhar	48	...	...	...	...	1,200	...	92	...	...	...	...	220	...	322
	51	Kanchrapara	48	...	...	...	...	898	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	412
	52	Bhadrapur	745	...	...	...	...	3,477	...	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	144
	53	Gobardanga	9	...	...	...	...	51	...	77	...	...	...	...	580	...	627
	54	Baerhat	126	...	...	...	...	482	401	229	85	...	...	...	840	...	1,855
	55	Haduria	126	...	...	...	...	163	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	300
	56	Taki	19	...	...	...	...	86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	57	Budge Budge	274	...	...	...	...	4,126	148	222	...	...	...	...	...	...	401
		Total	7,868	1,240	...	...	...	72,086	6,544	7,296	3,602	1,416	...	2,828	13,926	1,287	87,866

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919—contd.

MISCELLANEOUS.			Total income of year, excluding opening balance.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT										Total receipts, including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation (column 59) per head of population.	Incidence of income (column 60) per head of population.
Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals.	Other items.	Total.		Sale-proceeds of Government securities and with- drawals from Savings Bank.	Loans.		Realization of Sinking Fund for repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.					
					From Government.	Raised in the open market.		Permanent.	Other.							
45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
780	2,023	2,803	1,56,215	...	...	...	...	300	1,271	2,263	4,746	1,62,951	1,78,796	3 6 2	4 5 5
42	130	179	21,785	...	...	...	...	...	857	392	749	21,918	24,514	1 14 6	2 7 4
...	94	94	18,055	...	...	...	...	...	2,371	1,406	3,407	18,792	20,301	1 7 7	2 2 11
...	33	33	6,145	...	...	...	...	...	50	285	306	6,444	7,880	0 11 8	1 9 4
...	92	92	19,810	...	...	...	...	100	680	680	1,510	20,387	23,916	1 1 0	1 2 3
...	486	486	51,452	...	...	...	...	...	...	453	453	51,901	71,028	2 2 7	3 5 5
902	2,864	3,666	2,70,389	...	...	...	...	300	6,799	5,351	71,450	2,82,339	1,59,913	3 4 4	2 14 0
248	145	396	17,301	...	...	...	...	...	200	14,453	14,652	32,453	40,008	1 10 5	1 15 2
...	383	383	66,465	...	...	...	...	110	2,673	241	3,075	69,180	83,711	1 3 4	2 12 4
...	89	89	17,012	...	...	...	...	...	1,430	296	1,781	34,346	40,103	0 10 3	0 13 2
...	120	120	3,280	...	...	...	...	...	397	5	402	8,009	9,170	0 7 1	0 9 30
...	593	593	81,877	...	...	...	...	110	4,800	542	5,148	96,865	1,16,929	0 12 2	1 0 7
...	1,806	1,806	1,88,119	...	...	...	...	...	6,009	296	6,265	1,76,354	3,45,875	1 12 10	5 2 2
...	7	27	13,402	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,402	14,413	1 1 2	1 10 7
...	43	43	16,164	...	...	...	...	...	1,634	1,634	1,634	20,729	23,570	1 2 1	1 9 6
...	122	122	6,484	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	300	6,784	9,240	0 9 1	1 0 12 2
...	24	28	3,266	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	19	3,880	5,810	0 5 9	0 7 7
...	10	10	4,482	...	...	...	...	...	675	154	729	6,191	6,854	0 12 8	0 15 6
...	417	417	5,644	...	...	...	...	...	195	...	195	5,480	6,112	0 7 8	0 10 2
80	2,468	2,468	2,22,125	...	...	...	...	...	7,079	1,983	9,082	2,31,157	4,11,922	1 3 2	2 10 11
...	1,663	2,063	1,22,496	...	...	...	...	...	2,943	671	3,513	1,32,009	1,57,203	3 3 8	4 7 1
...	120	120	1,52,410	...	...	...	...	...	2,680	8,209	9,959	1,17,248	1,17,248	2 12 6	3 2 3
...	56	56	32,070	...	...	...	...	...	226	140	416	28,426	29,680	1 10 10	1 13 6
...	8	10	38,480	...	...	...	...	...	890	3,372	4,199	43,642	44,792	3 4 1	3 6 8
7,045	716	7,761	36,281	...	...	...	...	60	2,900	1,943	4,792	41,074	44,010	1 9 10	3 8 11
...	533	622	38,653	1,800	...	...	...	...	645	518	2,668	39,421	39,421	1 0 7	1 16 6
...	2,120	2,143	27,837	...	...	...	...	...	8	1,716	1,771	29,711	44,088	1 2 2	1 18 5
...	3	3	11,812	...	...	...	...	...	87	...	87	11,812	16,829	1 2 1	1 19 0
...	67	67	17,773	...	...	...	...	...	50	44	...	11,812	12,895	1 2 1	1 14 10
...	106	106	3,883	...	...	...	...	...	685	...	685	10,570	12,246	0 13 0	1 3 7
7,474	8,895	12,871	4,26,894	1,500	...	...	...	100	12,150	14,574	24,726	4,54,932	5,49,811	2 2 7	2 18 2
5,151	5,741	11,892	13,45,786	3,00,000	...	...	...	...	10,025	66,443	2,76,468	16,22,321	18,07,907	6 10 2	7 8 2
...	84	84	89,448	...	...	...	...	...	1,739	1,328	3,016	63,468	64,580	2 4 6	2 10 5
5,51	6,376	11,036	14,08,264	3,00,000	...	...	...	...	11,807	67,679	2,79,486	16,84,890	18,78,387	6 2 5	6 16 8
11,702	26,370	31,032	24,34,508	9,01,325	...	...	...	...	510	41,822	1,04,656	3,47,986	27,82,436	2 4 2	4 1 4
...	7,317	8,418	8,52,760	...	...	...	...	...	7,062	23,292	39,341	4,22,144	5,26,202	6 13 4	6 2 7
...	4,124	11,016	2,17,771	...	...	...	...	...	4,901	16,774	30,675	2,37,742	2,51,606	2 9 8	4 0 10
...	2,630	6,101	27,814	...	...	...	...	...	1,998	2,449	11,806	1,01,667	1,11,699	2 11 4	2 7 8
...	168	799	27,814	...	...	...	...	...	1,074	696	1,670	29,282	32,308	1 8 1	1 9 6
...	1,001	1,001	22,447	...	...	...	...	...	...	394	1,107	62,504	64,504	1 12 2	2 1 2
...	431	471	47,884	...	...	...	...	...	...	645	1,224	49,115	51,679	2 6 2	2 9 1
...	2,396	2,396	1,28,322	...	...	...	...	...	...	735	735	1,39,367	1,66,508	2 11 2	3 0 11
...	181	181	71,823	...	...	...	...	...	1,075	104	1,181	12,016	13,360	0 14 1	1 0 2
...	909	909	70,046	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	80	10,116	12,330	1 7 10	1 13 11
...	80	80	2,240	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	48	6,248	9,816	0 11 10	0 14 2
...	126	126	22,782	...	...	...	...	...	219	2,571	2,790	31,575	33,799	2 2 1	2 3 9
...	81	71	2,882	...	...	...	...	...	265	6,920	7,185	6,920	7,185	1 0 0	1 1 11
...	68	121	9,027	...	...	...	...	...	173	...	173	9,199	9,804	1 9 2	1 12 9
...	10	1,223	12,088	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,688	14,441	1 9 0	1 15 2
...	302	308	10,342	...	...	...	...	...	1,069	722	1,651	16,194	16,861	1 2 1	1 7 6
...	329	349	66,762	...	...	...	...	...	660	1,463	1,919	1,00,474	1,00,474	1 5 8	1 6 6
...	9	42	15,720	...	...	...	...	...	353	878	928	17,088	19,554	0 12 3	1 0 0
...	447	507	29,276	...	...	...	...	...	720	478	708	21,024	24,961	1 5 8	1 12 0
...	66	66	12,842	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	35	13,975	16,391	1 5 0	1 6 7
...	264	244	12,322	...	...	...	...	...	1,574	2,086	2,942	41,778	47,783	1 9 1	2 1 2
...	66	66	7,329	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,329	8,644	1 1 4	1 2 6
...	373	396	12,672	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,672	15,780	1 9 11	1 14 1
...	2,909	4,026	47,079	...	...	...	...	...	3,900	67	3,967	62,138	69,404	1 2 9	1 2 2
...	63	63	5,822	...	...	...	...	...	700	...	700	6,502	7,207	0 12 9	0 16 2
...	...	...	12,842	...	...	...	...	...	180	...	180	14,166	17,710	0 10 1	0 12 0
...	...	...	7,186	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,186	7,806	0 7 8	0 8 4
...	...	...	5,822	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,522	7,207	0 10 9	0 11 2
...	...	...	25,854	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26,109	27,819	2 2 11	2 3 4
12,712	...	...	15,06,272	...	...	6,961	...	50	24,416	43,011	64,436	14,92,808	16,22,549	2 4 2	2 10 4

FORM No. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAKES.															
NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	Balance in hand at the close of last year.	Tax on houses and lands.	Tax on animals and vehicles.	Tax on professions and trades.	Tolls (on roads and ferries).	Water-works.	Lighting rate.	Quarantine (including scavenging and latrine rates).	OTHER TAXES (TO BE SPECIFIED IN DETAIL, e.g., SERVANTS' TAX, PILGRIM TAX, ETC., IN AS MANY COLUMNS AS MAY BE NECESSARY).				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
PRESIDENCY DIVISION—contd.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Medinipur	58	Krishnagar	2,204	27,540	2,533	1,680	...	...	...	15,000	...	46	...	...	47,808
	59	Santipur	5,668	21,795	2,905	1,139	...	...	...	13,009	...	109	...	...	38,967
	60	Hanaghat	14,937	4,859	1,482	215	...	...	...	5,769	...	17	...	...	17,336
	61	Nabadvip	1,772	10,980	896	234	...	...	...	9,068	...	29	...	...	21,190
	62	Kushtia	4,387	9,389	998	795	...	...	...	8,863	...	82	...	...	17,127
	63	Kumarkhali	1,774	145	122	139	...	...	...	2,487	2,660	49	...	71	5,668
	64	Moheswari	2,470	489	638	94	...	...	...	...	2,795	...	12	...	4,009
	65	Hirniagar	1,190	110	146	...	...	...	...	...	2,955	4	...	...	5,215
66	Chakdaha	391	312	1,031	54	...	...	...	...	2,902	44	...	...	4,843	
Total			38,810	80,599	11,741	4,850	...	...	...	51,176	11,313	373	12	71	1,59,634
Murshidabad.	67	Berhampore	8,473	37,267	4,716	1,031	2,732	24,820	...	30,369	...	9,016	237	...	84,071
	68	Murshidabad	2,249	1,270	1,266	115	1,536	...	...	5,547	6,128	9	...	...	16,173
	69	Amingaon	3,483	673	2,648	535	2,447	...	...	7,644	10,226	...	4	...	38,177
	70	Jangipur	3,039	277	1,467	85	2,384	...	...	2,892	4,864	32	...	...	11,594
	71	Kandi	4,617	380	752	134	...	...	...	2,840	6,435	6	...	...	10,857
	72	Dhulian	2,331	356	524	60	...	...	...	...	2,382	4	...	...	4,447
Total			34,391	30,803	11,895	1,983	10,379	24,820	...	38,985	31,276	2,967	241	...	1,62,419
Jessore	73	Jessore	319	16,085	2,458	192	12,449	...	...	7,855	...	...	22	...	39,061
	74	Kotechandpur	1,911	25	2,759	54	400	...	...	769	3,961	...	88	...	8,036
	75	Moheshpur	1,449	39	442	...	80	...	...	...	2,328	1	...	...	2,890
Total			3,679	16,149	5,659	246	480	12,449	...	8,624	6,889	1	80	...	49,977
Khulna	76	Khulna	7,859	5,923	382	1,080	350	5,187	...	10,800	5,482	362	...	...	33,534
	77	Saikhira	16,185	672	437	26	...	...	...	3,039	4,635	7	...	...	7,935
	78	Debhata	568	57	...	...	5	...	...	...	3,371	23	...	...	3,486
Total			24,610	6,682	819	1,095	355	5,187	...	13,847	14,498	391	...	...	43,954
DIVISIONAL TOTAL, 1918-19			5,32,401	6,67,881	82,640	22,520	16,975	2,05,961	58,670	2,92,056	1,34,177	17,239	533	71	16,00,302
DACCA DIVISION.															
Dacca	79	Dacca	2,25,665	1,64,414	8,066	1,888	15,500	33,087	...	1,01,915	...	...	90	...	2,44,560
	80	Narayanganj	18,420	40,216	473	192	6,035	39,989	...	27,306	...	...	190	...	1,02,401
Total			2,44,105	2,04,630	8,539	2,080	21,535	84,076	...	1,29,221	...	...	380	...	4,46,961
Mymensingh.	81	Mymensingh	62,615	6,107	3,743	4,781	...	27,057	...	20,811	16,465	...	86	...	78,200
	82	Muktagachha	947	83	1,840	354	...	...	...	5,297	5,300	...	23	...	10,405
	83	Jamalpur	4,925	592	1,324	625	...	...	...	5,749	10,737	...	304	...	26,121
	84	Sherpur	364	219	1,047	291	...	...	...	3,947	8,235	...	394	...	15,136
	85	Kishoreganj	642	227	869	256	...	...	...	3,018	7,741	...	4	...	12,106
	86	Barisal	382	47	20	...	...	...	...	1,144	4,623	...	4	...	5,835
	87	Netrokona	3,546	612	158	585	...	...	...	7,150	5,920	...	19	...	14,264
	88	Tangail	5,691	861	511	100	1,068	...	...	3,485	7,365	...	196	...	18,146
Total			1,11,213	8,376	8,412	6,964	1,068	27,057	...	60,804	69,265	...	684	...	1,84,244
Faridpur	89	Faridpur	4,568	2,931	507	477	675	...	...	14,025	8,112	...	115	...	22,466
	90	Madaripur	1,788	916	...	5,722	1,654	...	...	7,820	10,524	...	26	...	27,066
Total			6,356	4,947	507	6,210	2,329	...	...	21,845	18,636	...	141	...	49,532
Bakarganj	91	Barisal	3,193	7,637	611	334	3,131	17,300	...	18,019	12,545	...	71	...	60,551
	92	Nadobdy	1,306	60	...	144	226	...	...	...	2,662	...	5	...	2,333
	93	Jharkhat	3,185	328	...	472	1,473	...	...	2,798	6,064	...	88	...	11,133
	94	Patuajpur	4,519	210	...	159	968	...	...	2,112	5,564	...	33	...	9,535
	95	Latukhali	1,930	557	...	120	650	...	...	...	4,126	...	46	...	6,401
Total			13,628	9,187	611	1,280	5,436	17,900	...	32,917	32,011	...	234	...	89,926
DIVISIONAL TOTAL, 1918-19			2,73,296	2,27,042	18,069	16,474	20,369	1,39,082	...	2,34,591	1,17,322	...	1,520	...	1,64,220

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919—contd.

(H)—REALISATION UNDER SPECIAL ACTS (46).								REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION.									
From pounds.	From hackney carriages.	From other sources (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).						Rent of lands, houses, shops (tenement), hawk-bells, etc.	Sale-proceeds of lands and produce of lands, etc.	Conservancy receipts (other than taxes and rates).	Fees and revenue from educational institutions.	Fees and revenue from medical institutions.	Fees and revenue from markets and slaughter-houses.	Fees and revenue from tramways.	Other fees (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).		
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
617	318	37	...	...	45	...	1,007	709	9,513	...	...	...	70	...	...	...	61
280	178	34	...	...	...	...	493	110	34	131	5,454	...	48	...	122	...	65
347	71	9	...	144	...	...	371	861	246	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	13
94	69	16	...	...	...	...	188	380	10	44	...	...	...	...	110	...	103
324	...	8	...	...	...	...	337	...	61	184	...	...	65	...	39	...	10
105	...	...	...	...	13	...	118	52	35	...	...	...	16	...	...	23	...
262	...	7	...	...	...	...	269	...	71	...	...	...	46	...	...	...	9
180	...	...	...	35	...	...	185	889	980	...	...	...	204	...	...	...	...
306	...	3	...	16	...	...	325	94	37	...	...	7	18	...	...	...	...
3,299	626	100	...	196	56	...	3,288	2,980	10,976	359	5,454	7	470	...	262	33	289
618	468	54	...	24	...	10	1,186	594	14	94	...	...	200	...	730	...	...
987	51	16	...	...	...	...	1,038	235	36	...	...	...	486	...	318	...	...
1,120	67	18	...	...	...	...	1,202	125	178	...	...	...	33	...	428	...	...
472	...	20	...	...	...	...	492	53	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,735	...	...
369	...	11	...	...	...	...	370	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
668	...	13	...	...	...	...	703	28	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4,119	578	80	...	24	...	10	4,856	1,866	285	94	...	...	719	...	3,938	...	...
601	146	5	...	82	...	54	868	392	...	...	...	...	24	...	316	...	...
219	12	10	...	56	...	...	296	484	...	...	...	...	27	...	12	13	...
188	...	...	...	...	...	...	190	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,008	180	17	...	137	...	54	1,374	886	38	...	...	...	111	...	326	13	...
397	49	23	...	43	...	...	771	631	80	35	...	...	29	...	14	...	...
158	...	10	...	...	5	...	123	21	...	...	...	...	140	...	...	...	...
74	...	8	...	...	...	...	86	20	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
483	46	41	...	403	5	...	980	872	54	35	...	...	169	...	14	...	...
16,002	2,907	708	84,969	1,101	63	73	58,453	10,288	17,081	22,381	5,779	727	6,429	126	11,812	63	7,600
739	1,307	188	...	19	...	...	2,196	3,172	...	8,191	...	...	1,666	...	3,003	...	9,133
261	118	8	...	1,075	...	...	1,432	1,374	190	693	440	...	1,089	...	...	...	14
878	3,426	141	...	1,084	...	...	3,625	4,547	120	5,844	440	...	2,606	...	5,003	...	9,146
1,084	389	65	...	236	...	...	1,841	786	190	249	...	...	310	...	...	...	...
658	167	2	...	...	...	...	844	56	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
470	116	10	...	420	...	...	918	170	107	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
867	...	70	...	14	...	...	411	80	4	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
172	39	6	...	390	...	...	410	388	120	36	...	...	96	...	...	...	...
80	...	44	...	...	...	...	94	...	181	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
603	...	1	...	...	...	...	606	...	13	88	...	...	25	...	...	...	...
419	59	4	...	106	...	...	886	...	682	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,726	783	166	...	1,023	...	...	5,710	1,451	1,301	459	...	...	421	...	...	...	...
314	300	21	...	63	...	...	497	12	...	...	...	...	75	...	...	...	8
121	...	8	...	322	...	...	451	...	...	...	...	...	2,577	...	...	...	8
285	300	39	...	384	...	...	348	12	...	...	...	...	2,652	...	...	...	14
461	339	18	...	132	...	...	285	445	54	2,194	...	...	20	...	128	...	390
171	...	7	...	1,572	...	...	1,760	182	100	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...
76	...	13	...	...	...	...	81	48	8	15	278	...	25	...	...	...	...
...	...	11	...	180	...	...	247	26	...	...	...	...	1,005	...	...	...	...
331	339	41	...	1,664	...	...	3,067	650	2,380	2,210	278	...	1,045	...	128	...	320
3,277	...	321	...	4,364	...	...	12,328	6,660	2,901	11,513	1,166	...	6,773	...	5,181	...	9,480

FORM No. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS AT AND FROM TAXATION— <i>conold.</i>					GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS (FOR GENERAL AND SPECIAL PURPOSES).										
			Fines under Municipal and other Acts.	Interest of Investments.			Premium on loans.	Total.	From Government.			From local funds.			From other sources.			Total.
				For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.			For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	
			35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.—<i>conold.</i>			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Madia	58	Krishnagar	744	...	...	...	...	11,137	51,140	440	500	...	...	...	1,100	...	...	52,180
	59	Rantipur	324	66	...	...	...	6,578	516	1,487	...	...	...	160	...	...	...	8,333
	60	Ranaghat	155	...	...	...	...	1,313	600	474	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,074
	61	Nabedwip	101	...	...	...	...	732	...	246	...	1,500	...	1,200	300	...	160	3,326
	62	Kushia	165	...	...	...	...	513	...	350	...	...	...	...	341	...	925	1,100
	63	Kumerkhali	118	...	...	...	...	351	...	86	...	...	...	240	...	...	...	338
	64	Meherpur	98	...	...	...	...	185	...	276	244	...	...	404	...	...	693	1,407
	65	Birangar	...	66	...	...	...	2,138	...	32	1,000	...	...	240	...	...	35	1,307
	66	Chakdaha	64	...	...	...	...	230	...	174	...	...	...	240	...	...	...	414
		Total	1,852	131	...	299	...	38,042	52,256	3,945	1,744	1,500	...	2,474	1,761	...	1,182	64,793
Murshidabad.	67	Berhampore	381	...	...	...	...	2,282	3,657	484	...	...	...	...	214	...	...	4,355
	68	Murshidabad	109	...	...	...	...	1,184	704	354	...	...	...	...	4,771	...	...	6,331
	69	Azimganj	228	...	...	...	...	989	...	833	...	...	...	840	680	...	...	1,773
	70	Jangipur	80	...	...	...	56	1,908	300	248	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	248
	71	Kandi	67	...	...	...	...	138	...	536	...	...	...	...	900	...	...	734
	72	Dhulia	50	...	...	...	...	91	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300
		Total	892	...	...	56	...	6,588	4,681	2,286	...	...	...	840	5,785	...	...	13,443
Jessore	73	Jessore	474	...	...	...	...	1,226	394	324	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	818
	74	Kotechandpur	11	...	...	...	...	517	...	120	760	...	...	...	900	...	221	1,391
	75	Mohamampur	9	...	...	...	...	47	...	108	...	...	...	...	860	...	...	468
		Total	494	...	...	...	...	1,790	394	552	860	...	...	...	860	...	221	2,577
Khulna	76	Khulna	160	...	...	...	...	1,119	1,353	366	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,682
	77	Sankhira	19	...	...	...	...	179	...	176	...	...	...	...	9,822	...	...	9,998
	78	Dobliatta	...	...	...	...	...	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	178	...	...	...	...	1,322	1,253	432	100	...	...	...	9,876	...	...	11,600
DIVISIONAL TOTAL, 1916-19			11,269	1,971	...	285	...	1,04,630	64,107	14,513	5,396	2,916	...	6,702	31,380	1,287	2,269	1,30,440
DACCA DIVISION.																		
Dacca	79	Dacca	1,226	3,000	...	...	...	31,391	9,800	6,312	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,613
	80	Naryanganj	646	...	...	...	...	4,148	1,300	1,040	880	...	...	...	...	50	...	6,368
		Total	1,772	3,000	...	...	...	35,477	10,800	7,352	1,000	...	...	...	...	50	...	19,002
Mymensingh	81	Mymensingh	640	...	...	524	...	2,979	547	300	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,647
	82	Muktagacha	316	...	...	...	...	999	...	1,171	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,171
	83	Jamulpur	103	...	...	...	...	524	...	646	...	...	...	...	197	...	...	643
	84	Sherpur	8	...	...	...	...	162	162	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	232
	85	Kishoreganj	155	...	...	...	...	734	160	360	530	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,384
	86	Bajilpur	9	...	...	...	...	140	...	192	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	492
	87	Netrokona	862	...	...	...	...	498	...	168	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,168
	88	Tangali	392	...	...	...	...	1,131	666	305	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,371
		Total	1,988	...	...	524	...	6,084	1,473	2,514	1,500	...	...	...	197	...	...	7,394
Fariapur	89	Fariapur	254	...	...	...	...	347	255	448	...	...	...	...	1,030	...	...	1,641
	90	Madaripur	71	...	...	...	...	2,094	...	828	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,922
		Total	325	...	...	...	...	2,441	255	1,276	...	...	...	...	1,030	...	...	4,563
Bakerganj	91	Bakerganj	650	...	...	...	...	2,944	...	482	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,426
	92	Makhty	87	...	...	...	...	173	300	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	445
	93	Thalakat	225	...	...	...	...	2,031	827	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,930
	94	Perojpur	161	...	...	...	...	1,233	...	345	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,578
	95	Patuakhali	46	...	...	...	...	101	1,000	180	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,181
		Total	1,179	...	...	...	...	6,459	1,737	1,104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,300
DIVISIONAL TOTAL, 1916-19			5,964	...	...	594	...	22,408	14,337	15,606	2,600	...	...	...	...	...	...	40,945

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919—contd.

MISCELLANEOUS.			Total income of year, excluding opening balance.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.								Total receipts, excluding opening balance.	Total receipts, including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation (column 23) per head of population.	Incidence of income (column 24) per head of population.
Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals.	Other items.	Total.		Sub-proceeds of Government securities and withdrawals from Savings Bank.	Loans.		Realizations of Sinking Fund for repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.				
					From Government.	Raised in the open market.		Permanent.	Other.						
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
8	177	185	1,13,304	...	...	...	...	80	1,490	...	1,540	1,14,844	1,17,052	2 0 6	4 13 2
...	225	235	48,791	...	...	...	...	...	2,016	521	2,537	81,328	58,996	1 7 4	1 13 2
489	837	1,326	21,419	...	...	...	...	...	1,153	171	1,324	22,743	37,680	1 12 1	2 2 9
...	13	13	25,634	...	...	...	...	...	598	1,021	1,617	27,251	29,024	1 11 2	2 0 19
18	249	307	19,170	...	...	...	...	...	2,063	10	2,063	21,232	20,619	2 11 6	3 0 9
24	30	60	6,408	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	32	6,440	8,214	1 7 11	1 11 2
...	67	67	6,127	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,057	9,433	0 10 9	1 0 5
...	16	16	6,881	...	...	7,500	...	...	7,896	...	15,396	22,257	23,453	1 3 4	2 9 4
...	36	36	5,327	...	...	...	...	...	325	193	418	5,755	6,146	0 14 1	1 1 3
589	1,765	2,304	2,53,061	...	...	7,500	...	60	16,344	1,048	25,746	2,74,807	2,17,617	1 10 6	2 10 1
151	1,465	1,616	93,481	...	...	...	...	...	5,273	489	6,862	1,00,343	1,09,016	3 3 5	3 9 2
...	47	47	24,268	...	...	...	...	20	162	...	213	94,481	26,720	1 4 5	1 14 7
...	1,357	1,357	30,497	...	...	...	...	...	441	...	441	30,928	34,400	2 0 8	2 7 7
...	193	193	18,030	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,122	1,122	16,162	10,161	1 0 9	1 5 1
...	75	75	11,878	...	...	...	...	...	600	...	600	12,476	17,093	0 13 5	0 13 0
...	19	19	5,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	558	558	6,118	8,349	0 8 6	0 10 4
151	3,156	3,307	1,80,712	...	...	...	...	60	7,577	2,169	9,796	1,90,609	2,47,799	1 13 2	2 2 7
94	874	972	42,985	...	...	...	...	...	1,358	163	1,521	44,511	44,830	4 6 1	4 13 2
92	32	118	10,245	...	...	...	...	...	395	317	712	12,968	12,968	0 15 10	1 4 3
...	53	63	2,642	...	...	...	...	...	1,367	...	1,367	5,015	6,464	0 16 11	0 12 10
191	949	1,140	56,882	...	...	...	...	...	3,115	440	3,555	60,493	64,162	2 5 8	2 10 11
...	300	300	36,375	...	...	...	...	...	...	631	631	37,007	44,866	2 8 0	2 15 9
...	26	26	15,151	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,151	26,326	0 11 6	1 10 8
10	4	14	2,605	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	35	2,644	3,210	0 7 6	0 4 0
10	330	340	57,126	...	...	...	...	...	...	666	666	57,202	84,412	1 7 6	1 15 4
19,608	20,427	22,045	19,46,559	...	...	14,461	...	130	51,354	68,374	1,34,229	20,80,908	26,13,309	2 1 9	2 9 1
6,028	2,422	2,460	4,04,508	...	1,04,000	...	...	...	27,931	13,027	1,40,958	5,51,467	7,77,163	3 3 4	3 11 10
504	1,176	1,494	7,13,883	...	...	...	...	...	1,219	3,078	4,297	1,18,190	1,33,610	3 11 4	4 1 3
6,325	3,608	9,044	8,18,402	...	1,04,000	...	...	...	29,150	18,105	1,51,255	6,69,687	9,10,763	3 4 11	3 12 11
400	194	594	55,281	...	...	...	...	...	2,881	407	3,288	68,349	1,81,164	3 15 3	4 4 9
...	908	908	12,726	...	...	...	...	...	1,272	113	1,385	16,110	16,067	1 9 5	2 1 6
...	432	432	27,629	...	...	...	...	...	656	1,307	1,963	22,790	28,715	0 14 5	1 0 6
...	79	79	11,031	...	...	...	...	...	183	28	211	17,608	17,608	1 0 6	1 1 6
635	8,459	4,084	18,284	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	11	18,305	19,147	0 10 8	1 0 3
...	31	31	6,973	...	...	...	...	...	113	...	113	6,725	7,007	0 8 7	0 9 9
...	161	161	15,151	...	...	...	...	...	300	370	670	16,227	18,773	1 15 9	2 2 11
90	310	308	18,726	...	...	...	...	...	35	490	525	17,346	25,986	0 12 10	1 0 4
1,121	9,471	9,599	1,22,244	...	...	...	...	...	4,326	3,621	7,949	2,03,193	2,14,405	1 7 6	1 11 0
1,580	663	2,213	22,743	...	...	...	...	...	430	663	1,073	33,815	38,983	2 1 11	2 7 10
...	615	416	27,622	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	50	31,962	32,770	1 4 2	1 7 9
1,580	1,078	2,628	64,675	...	...	...	...	...	490	702	1,122	65,797	73,138	1 9 5	1 13 10
545	883	1,407	67,555	...	...	...	...	...	371	513	884	68,689	71,663	2 11 1	2 0 1
...	66	87	4,222	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,722	5,528	1 5 1	1 15 3
240	68	487	17,030	...	...	...	...	...	275	774	1,049	18,079	21,264	1 13 10	2 13 7
...	183	183	11,782	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,782	16,301	0 13 9	0 16 9
...	199	947	7,376	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,796	8,796	0 14 2	1 2 9
980	2,230	2,230	1,07,225	...	...	...	...	...	646	1,287	1,933	1,09,428	1,23,451	1 13 4	2 3 4
9,007	21,287	24,484	2,25,276	...	1,06,000	...	...	...	25,544	20,715	1,63,359	10,48,475	14,20,771	2 4 6	2 10 4

FORM NO. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

Name of district.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	Balance in hand at the close of last year.	MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.										Other taxes (to be specified in detail, e.g., servants' tax, pilgrim tax, etc., in as many columns as may be necessary).				Total rates and taxes.
				Tax on houses and lands.	Tax on animals and vehicles.	Tax on professions and trades.	Tolls (on roads and ferries).	Water-rate.	Lighting rate.	Conservancy (including scavenging and latrine rates).	Tax on persons.	Miscellaneous receipts and penalties.	Warrant fees and penalties.	Tax on arable land.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	12a	12b	12c	13			
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																		
Chittagong.	96	Chittagong	39,143	59,495	4,978	1,050	4,747	39,475	...	27,625	...	...	380	...	1,30,750	
	97	Cox's Bazar	3,492	659	...	...	1,091	...	...	1,190	2,204	30	...	...	8,986
	Total		42,635	60,154	4,978	1,050	6,728	39,475	...	28,765	2,204	30	380	...	1,39,736			
Tippera	98	Comilla	3,402	18,819	2,505	494	4,600	...	...	14,174	1,649	...	58	...	42,334	
	99	Brahmanbaria	7,809	8,504	56	119	318	...	...	5,186	4,557	...	35	...	16,625	
	100	Chandpur	11,262	20,117	...	188	6,391	6,508	...	16,192	...	...	59	...	49,450	
Total		22,563	47,440	2,661	801	11,509	6,508	...	25,502	6,046	...	147	...	1,16,809				
Nonkhal	101	Nonkhal	2,185	7,983	582	331	...	...	...	7,128	...	...	80	...	16,099
DIVISIONAL TOTAL, 1918-19			67,284	1,08,568	8,121	2,182	18,037	45,978	...	71,380	8,250	30	607	...	2,63,145			
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																		
Rajshahi	102	Rampur Boudla	9,179	25,335	11,025	299	800	...	...	19,681	...	167	...	...	57,307
	103	Nator	2,323	6,682	2,799	299	...	...	...	4,873	1,956	...	47	...	16,656
	Total		11,502	32,017	13,824	598	800	...	...	24,554	1,956	167	47	...	73,963	
Dinajpur	104	Dinajpur	7,434	4,734	10,386	478	3,100	...	...	18,163	18,007	919	...	...	55,795
Jalpaiguri	105	Jalpaiguri	3,502	5,537	1,078	751	...	...	...	13,295	11,692	36	...	...	32,451
Rangpur	106	Rangpur	1,760	21,727	7,328	2,192	...	...	...	20,626	...	...	194	697	53,796
Bogra	107	Bogra	8,136	3,208	2,998	616	1,738	...	...	17,312	9,496	...	68	...	35,599	
	108	Sherpur	1,824	...	1,808	...	75	...	...	3,661	4,145	...	11	...	9,496	
	Total		9,970	3,208	4,806	616	1,813	...	...	20,973	13,640	...	79	...	45,095	
Pabna	109	Pabna	5,465	2,400	2,494	367	992	...	...	12,252	12,381	30	...	...	39,406
	110	Sirajganj	2,097	879	1,653	288	928	...	...	6,799	10,940	130	...	...	21,491
	Total		4,562	3,479	4,147	655	1,920	...	...	19,051	24,321	160	...	...	58,897
Malda	111	English Bazar	249	2,047	1,280	35	650	...	...	7,176	9,275	...	14	...	29,605	
	112	Old Malda	1,880	280	1,570	70	133	...	...	...	5,421	...	...	...	4,485
	113	Nawabganj	12,160	140	8,758	78	...	...	...	1,176	5,989	...	82	...	9,970
Total		14,279	2,467	6,608	180	753	...	...	8,351	15,686	...	66	...	34,116		
Darjeeling	114	Darjeeling	1,00,717	71,930	1,875	1,145	...	33,341	27,087	32,289	...	...	37	...	1,67,386	
	115	Kurseong	7,842	21,769	30	798	...	15,068	...	7,511	...	...	...	...	45,045
	Total		1,08,559	93,699	1,905	1,911	...	48,409	27,087	40,199	...	...	37	...	2,12,431	
DIVISIONAL TOTAL 1918-19			1,71,608	1,66,377	49,782	7,323	6,416	48,409	27,087	1,65,348	66,370	1,364	893	897	6,69,395			
GRAND TOTAL, 1918-19			16,84,481	16,87,170	2,80,492	1,19,119	95,774	8,44,102	2,36,434	12,61,774	4,04,994	29,364	4,229	793	51,33,100			
DIFF. 1917-18			16,82,831	16,84,723	2,27,532	1,06,147	87,253	7,19,131	1,86,075	11,61,638	2,87,026	29,375	2,245	717	46,39,861			

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919—contd.

(II)—REALISATIONS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS.								REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION										
From boards.	From hackney carriages.	From other sources (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).					Total.	Rents of lands, houses, streets (rent-houses), dak bungalows, etc.	Sale-proceeds of lands and produce of lands, etc.	Conservancy receipts (other than taxes and rates).	Fees and revenue from educational institutions.	Fees and revenue from medical institutions.	Fees and revenue from markets and slaughter-houses.	Fees and revenue from tramways.	Other fees (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).			
14	15	16	16a	16b	16c	16d	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26a	26b	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1,037	686	70	863	...	...	...	2,646	900	9,191	...	14,770	...	1,735	...	...	...	...
300	...	...	...	...	...	...	303	...	12	...	...	...	1,141	...	...	...	...
1,327	686	72	863	...	...	...	2,949	900	9,203	...	14,770	...	2,876	...	...	...	...
747	313	10	8	20	...	...	1,107	127	73	...	...	...	503	...	...	...	...
200	81	14	40	...	...	...	265	171	28	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...
60	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	207	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,007	318	24	48	30	...	...	1,357	280	108	5	...	...	568	...	...	...	...
81	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	132	56	1	...	...	54	...	...	...	...
2,365	1,029	97	911	20	...	...	4,432	1,528	9,267	0	14,770	...	3,498	...	...	...	...
870	1,661	4	582	182	...	...	3,286	180	230	411	...	...	24	...	50	...	127
461	713	21	...	200	...	...	1,395	76	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	56	86
1,831	2,374	22	532	382	...	...	4,681	226	268	411	...	...	24	...	50	56	163
947	98	51	830	244	...	...	2,254	500	80	107	4,042	...	253	...	...	...	...
936	...	12	...	143	...	...	1,092	10	...	...	...	...	511	...	...	...	...
708	203	27	...	...	13	...	1,186	1,537	...	...	...	...	77	...	...	...	...
618	64	18	...	188	...	...	888	63	106	1	1,883	...	...	...	...	...	...
474	...	2	60	15	1	...	542	5	5	...	120	...	40	...	...	...	...
1,093	64	20	80	208	1	...	1,430	68	111	1	2,003	...	40	...	...	...	...
950	126	17	...	...	...	...	1,153	80	57	...	...	...	26	...	...	...	...
279	...	7	...	244	...	...	730	207	194	...	...	...	1,444	...	...	...	...
1,329	126	24	...	244	...	...	1,883	296	251	...	...	...	1,469	...	...	...	...
683	...	5	...	84	...	...	741	338	4	17	2	...	2,347	...	...	...	3
413	...	7	78	60	...	...	658	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
686	...	2	...	...	...	...	958	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,781	...	14	72	144	...	...	1,952	338	6	17	2	...	2,347	...	...	...	3
20	...	11	...	67	...	...	67	75,867	34	168	...	...	15,291	...	...	...	84,721
20	...	11	...	76	...	...	107	23	...	...	...	...	221	...	...	...	...
20	...	11	...	148	...	...	178	75,890	34	168	...	...	15,512	...	...	...	84,721
8,078	2,059	923	1,488	1,708	14	...	14,662	78,844	779	794	4,047	...	20,233	...	50	50	84,887	
45,841	32,527	1,666	69,974	7,602	77	103	1,27,690	1,29,690	64,723	24,927	78,516	907	64,982	14,119	29,271	537	1,34,344	
29,829	20,772	1,025	69,163	8,016	110	103	1,22,878	11,042	30,573	71,461	827	68,809	7,121	21,268	1,136	1,15,361	...	

FORM NO. II.—Statement showing the income of the Municipalities

Name of district.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION—condid.					GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS (FOR GENERAL AND SPECIAL PURPOSES).										
			Fines under Municipal and other Acts.	Interest of investments.			Premium on loans.	Total.	From Government.			From local funds.			From other sources.			Total.
				For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.			For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	For general purposes.	For educational purposes.	For medical purposes.	
			26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Chittagong	{ 64	Chittagong ...	1,294	...	...	...	...	27,890	4,014	2,788	...	...	...	...	562	...	...	7,374
	{ 65	Cox's Bazar ...	19	...	...	...	...	1,165	424	354	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	778
	Total		1,306	...	...	...	...	29,055	4,438	3,142	...	...	...	...	562	...	...	8,152
Tippera	{ 66	Comilla ...	418	...	...	...	...	1,121	3,500	736	...	...	...	...	...	...	145	2,424
	{ 67	Brahmanbaria ...	84	...	...	...	...	323	360	519	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	879
	{ 68	Chandpur ...	210	1,025	...	...	...	1,454	...	637	...	45	...	...	1,003	...	...	1,685
Total		692	1,025	...	...	...	...	2,898	3,860	1,892	...	45	...	...	1,006	...	145	5,284
Noakhali ... { 69		Noakhali ...	151	...	...	...	...	395	...	362	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	362
DIVISIONAL TOTAL, 1918-19			2,149	1,025	...	...	...	32,245	7,398	5,396	...	45	...	...	1,618	...	145	14,952
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																		
Rajshahi	{ 100	Bampur Boalia ...	310	...	...	...	...	1,311	1,366	832	472	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,840
	{ 101	Nator ...	269	...	...	...	...	386	4,335	880	110	10,000	...	...	4,118	...	...	18,941
			479	...	...	...	...	1,697	5,601	1,212	582	10,000	...	...	4,326	...	...	31,631
Dinajpur ... { 102			555	...	...	...	...	5,645	2,380	892	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,534
Jalpaiguri ... { 103			23	...	...	...	...	554	2,300	396	...	...	...	...	710	...	...	2,896
Rangpur ... { 104			261	...	...	...	...	1,865	...	324	100	...	...	...	175	2	...	601
Bogra	{ 105	Bogra ...	91	...	...	186	...	2,330	150	300	875	...	...	...	30	...	...	1,066
	{ 106	Sherpur ...	223	...	...	...	...	403	1,000	144	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,184
			323	...	...	186	...	2,732	1,150	444	615	...	...	...	30	...	...	2,250
Pabna	{ 107	Pabna ...	128	...	...	...	...	399	100	680	...	...	...	...	400	...	...	1,190
	{ 108	Seraiganj ...	224	...	...	...	...	2,069	...	334	1,461	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,785
			352	...	...	...	...	2,365	100	1,014	1,461	...	...	...	400	...	...	2,975
Malda	{ 109	English Bazar ...	252	...	...	...	...	2,965	1,558	648	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,206
	{ 110	Old Malda ...	46	...	...	...	...	46	...	554	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	234
	{ 111	Newabganj ...	51	...	...	...	...	51	...	110	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110
		349	...	...	...	...	...	3,462	1,668	992	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,450
Darjeeling	{ 112	Darjeeling ...	1,306	...	...	...	...	1,77,286	1,146	...	...	...	...	...	15,000	...	...	25,086
	{ 113	Kurseong ...	382	...	...	...	...	636	25,245	926	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	27,579
			1,687	...	...	...	...	1,77,922	26,391	926	...	...	...	1,000	...	15,000	...	24,665
DIVISIONAL TOTAL, 1918-19			3,989	...	...	186	...	1,95,885	29,465	6,310	2,068	10,290	1,000	...	20,551	...	...	31,691
GRAND TOTAL, 1918-19			48,565	16,694	1,848	1,079	...	6,23,183	1,61,022	75,732	16,337	18,337	1,000	14,829	1,30,479	2,173	...	25,714
DITTO 1917-18			49,576	27,846	1,915	1,993	...	5,33,362	2,13,797	64,869	19,670	25,613	...	18,386	72,363	6,379	14,752	4,66,449

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919—concl'd.

MISCELLANEOUS.			Total income of year, excluding opening balance.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.								Total receipts, excluding opening balance.	Total receipts, including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation (column 23) per head of population.	Incidence of income (column 25) per head of population.	
Revenues on account of services rendered to private individuals.	Other items.	Total.		Sale-proceeds of Government securities and withdrawals from Savings Banks.	Loans.		Realisations of Sinking Fund for repayment of loans.	Advances.			Total.					
					From Government.	Raised in the open market.		Permanent.	Other.	Deposits.						
42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
240	2,593	2,593	1,71,493	...	...	...	...	200	15,298	1,231	17,729	1,84,222	2,28,866	4 8 8	5 15 4
...	89	89	8,320	...	...	...	...	50	1,440	...	1,490	9,810	13,202	1 5 10	1 14 4
240	2,593	2,593	1,79,813	...	...	...	...	250	17,738	1,231	19,219	1,99,032	2,41,567	4 2 0	5 6 9
96	879	975	48,861	...	...	...	...	50	3,984	3,540	7,574	55,535	60,087	1 13 10	2 2 6
...	1,153	1,153	21,155	...	...	...	...	...	805	...	305	31,470	39,279	0 18 3	0 15 2
470	1,971	2,441	55,056	...	...	...	...	50	1,629	1,494	3,166	55,254	69,518	3 14 2	4 5 3
546	4,008	4,969	1,25,218	...	...	...	...	100	5,911	5,034	11,015	1,36,241	1,54,894	1 14 7	2 2 8
...	96	96	16,983	...	...	...	...	50	469	874	1,346	18,369	27,556	2 4 9	2 6 9
808	6,741	7,587	3,22,012	...	...	...	...	400	24,111	7,139	31,650	3,53,662	4,20,946	2 11 0	3 4 7
159	350	509	65,093	...	...	...	...	...	4,661	...	4,661	69,764	78,923	2 7 3	3 12 6
19	46	100	37,477	...	...	...	...	...	2,085	...	2,085	39,563	41,846	2 0 4	4 4 8
171	438	609	1,02,570	...	...	...	...	...	6,748	...	6,748	1,09,316	1,20,819	2 5 5	3 3 10
970	259	1,322	68,550	...	...	...	...	...	1,455	307	1,762	70,312	77,746	2 7 11	4 1 0
5	391	396	37,889	...	...	...	...	...	440	259	699	38,544	52,090	2 13 3	3 4 10
24	519	543	56,941	...	...	...	...	...	4,960	926	5,886	62,827	64,587	3 3 5	3 7 5
51	487	538	40,140	...	...	...	...	...	2,331	1,934	4,169	44,309	52,445	3 14 0	4 6 5
...	25	95	11,721	...	...	...	...	...	200	37	237	11,958	13,792	2 5 2	3 13 10
51	482	623	51,861	...	...	...	...	...	2,431	1,975	4,406	56,267	66,237	3 6 4	3 14 10
...	355	355	35,353	...	...	...	...	...	510	...	512	35,865	34,330	1 10 10	1 13 4
...	2,706	2,706	28,781	...	...	...	...	...	554	1,035	1,589	30,370	32,467	0 13 10	1 2 7
...	3,061	3,061	64,134	...	...	...	...	...	1,064	1,036	2,101	66,235	70,797	1 3 7	1 7 3
2	480	482	26,959	...	...	...	...	...	841	5,013	5,854	32,813	33,082	1 6 11	1 14 1
1	142	143	5,559	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,559	7,529	1 3 1	1 7 8
...	396	296	10,187	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,187	22,337	0 12 3	0 13 8
2	920	925	42,705	...	...	...	...	...	841	5,013	5,854	48,559	62,928	1 2 2	1 6 9
2,379	803	3,482	3,65,646	...	...	...	...	...	18,377	10,546	28,923	3,92,768	4,94,685	8 13 11	19 3 4
26	17	48	73,600	...	30,000	...	...	...	1,517	4,948	36,769	1,10,363	1,18,204	8 1 4	13 3 3
2,708	320	3,528	4,38,648	...	30,000	...	...	...	20,194	15,490	65,084	5,04,320	5,12,480	8 10 3	17 13 6
3,929	7,068	11,019	5,63,296	...	30,000	...	...	...	33,131	23,005	92,188	9,56,434	11,38,102	2 15 10	4 9 9
89,027	86,019	1,74,099	54,52,693	2,01,338	1,36,000	14,441	1,960	1,90,675	2,25,668	7,69,222	72,21,915	80,06,896	2 9 1	3 5 1
80,367	1,43,344	1,79,996	52,52,251	1,90,805	1,36,000	700	2,34,674	2,02,635	9,13,899	87,76,143	88,54,974	2 4 11	3 16 6

FORM NO. III.—Statement showing the Expenditure of the Municipalities

			GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION CHARGES.								PUBLIC SAFETY.					PUBLIC			
NAME OF DISTRICTS.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	General Administration (1) office establishment, inspection, Messuary Magistrate's establishment, etc.	Collection of taxes including bonded warehouses (establishment, purchase of account books and paper, money boxes, repairs to outposts, etc.)	Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.	Survey of land.	Refunds (other than octroi).	Pension and gratuities.	Annuities.	Total.	Fire (establishment, purchase of fire engines, buckets, repairs, etc.)	Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamps, oil, repairs, etc.)	Police (establishment, purchase of clothing, harness, etc., repairs to equipments).	Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.	Total.	Water-supply.		Drainage.	
																Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.	Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
BURDWAN DIVISION.			Rs.	Ra.	Rs.	Rs.	Ra.	Ra.	Rv.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Burdwan	1	Burdwan	4,011	6,323	...	...	114	...	...	10,408	...	7,363	...	24	7,287	682	34,989	186	2,430
	2	Kalna	566	1,243	...	...	...	...	...	1,909	6	1,140	...	47	1,193	...	147	...	361
	3	Katwa	543	728	...	...	45	...	...	1,318	...	1,018	...	...	1,018	1	1,180	...	...
	4	Dainhat	341	325	...	...	...	...	...	666	...	289	...	...	289	...	...	...	136
	5	Raiganj	981	913	...	...	35	...	...	1,379	...	1,633	...	9	1,642	...	390	...	1,642
	6	Asansol	1,420	2,908	...	...	88	...	...	4,474	...	4,034	...	...	4,034	4,391	560	10,361	2,337
	Total	7,512	12,508	...	...	253	...	...	20,358	6	13,277	...	80	13,285	2,044	37,968	10,497	7,337	
Birbhum	7	Suri	516	910	...	...	...	...	...	1,335	...	1,355	...	4	1,339	...	186	...	1,655
Bankura	8	Bankura	1,589	1,798	...	...	2	...	...	3,187	...	2,684	...	23	2,686	698	...	131	2,307
	10	Sonamukhi	468	477	...	...	44	...	...	1,567	7	1,109	...	15	1,131	...	639	400	190
	Total	3,610	3,687	...	...	46	...	...	5,713	23	4,548	...	37	4,604	698	4,913	521	2,497	
Midnapur	11	Midnapur	2,048	2,855	...	...	...	...	...	5,900	1	3,215	...	36	3,240	960	126	...	3,179
	12	Tamluk	516	700	...	...	...	...	...	1,216	8	714	...	3	719	...	239	...	315
	13	Ghatal	337	693	...	...	195	...	...	1,331	...	646	...	8	653	...	468	...	88
	14	Chandrakona	398	466	...	...	...	...	...	781	...	747	...	1	748	...	937	...	350
	15	Hajijhapore	327	364	...	...	21	...	...	613	...	350	...	...	350	...	...	...	160
	16	Khirpai	335	411	...	...	...	...	...	706	...	344	...	...	344	...	817	...	...
	17	Kharar	310	389	...	...	...	...	...	699	...	309	...	...	309	...	101	...	104
	Total	4,063	6,940	...	...	316	...	...	11,225	4	6,115	...	37	6,156	960	3,103	...	4,136	
Hooghly	18	Hooghly-Chitranagar	2,646	4,129	...	...	400	...	...	7,102	...	6,632	...	1	6,633	1,860	28,638	...	2,737
	19	Beranpore	3,098	3,148	...	...	59	...	...	6,255	...	4,033	...	19	4,051	3,166	19,839	3,407	9,535
	20	Kishore-Konagore	1,292	1,230	...	...	...	...	...	2,523	...	2,640	...	1	2,641	...	654	...	2,487
	21	Uttarpara	787	1,329	...	...	...	...	...	2,115	...	2,003	...	1	2,004	27,373	4,112	1,178	628
	22	Baldysbati	1,076	2,111	...	...	...	...	...	3,187	...	2,790	...	...	2,790	...	...	...	1,160
	23	Bhadreswar	1,063	1,121	...	...	...	...	...	2,174	...	1,664	...	...	1,664	...	...	...	423
	24	Champdany	1,373	1,170	...	...	...	...	...	2,743	...	1,776	...	1	976	...	2,369	...	364
25	Kotrung	658	686	...	...	77	...	...	1,327	...	1,712	...	...	1,712	...	...	...	63	
26	Hansheria	519	633	...	...	...	...	...	1,163	...	669	...	...	669	...	...	...	739	
27	Arambagh	460	640	...	...	...	...	...	1,100	...	634	...	3	537	...	24	...	...
	Total	12,547	16,215	...	...	886	...	...	29,684	...	22,431	...	36	22,467	30,499	52,617	6,308	19,336	
Howrah	28	Howrah	42,322	57,397	...	...	3,003	4,926	2,734	1,11,032	36,671	1,36,358	...	293	1,74,373	6,448	1,88,548	12,047	22,203
	29	Bally	2,034	2,301	...	...	...	...	...	4,286	...	8,743	...	1	4,744	...	345	288	2,744
	Total	44,257	59,698	...	...	3,903	4,926	2,734	1,15,318	36,671	1,44,251	...	294	1,80,116	6,448	1,89,893	12,335	25,046	
DIVISIONAL TOTAL			71,905	99,317	...	...	6	4,739	5,430	2,734	...	1,84,121	36,808	1,94,974	...	478	2,30,955	49,689	32,511
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																			
24-Paraganas.	30	Cossipur-Chitranagar	14,336	12,196	...	...	1,676	372	...	29,779	40,936	40,409	...	12	61,357	7,456	68,384	4,615	11,492
	31	Maniktole	5,232	8,946	...	...	...	573	...	14,749	5,083	21,737	...	3	26,822	...	27,444	1,964	4,284
	32	Baramagar	2,133	2,316	...	...	...	2	...	6,463	...	4,600	...	...	4,408	12,048	...	1,546	1,290
	33	Kamarkhal	1,082	1,459	...	...	98	12	...	3,178	...	2,461	...	1	2,559	...	...	...	1,281
	34	South Suburban	1,302	2,672	...	...	...	...	...	3,674	...	3,841	...	...	3,841	...	3,359	...	1,771
	35	Tollygunge	1,430	2,917	...	...	111	...	...	3,764	...	3,627	...	1	3,628	...	10,984	...	3,096
	36	Garden Reach	4,622	2,651	...	...	81	89	...	7,318	7,082	7,701	...	72	18,356	...	18,385	9,382	3,992
	37	Rajpur	704	891	...	...	87	...	...	1,355	...	837	...	7	839	...	80	...	110
	38	Baranpur	436	462	...	...	...	...	...	900	...	897	...	...	897	...	339	...	306
	39	Joy nagore	380	890	...	...	...	...	...	730	...	191	...	4	1,06	...	...	...	301
	40	South Dum	1,118	1,736	...	...	2	660	...	2,508	...	1,479	...	...	1,479	...	2,847	...	643
	41	North Dum	428	838	...	...	...	...	...	1,368	...	292	...	...	292	...	...	...	78
	42	South Barrackpore	569	801	...	...	14	...	...	1,104	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	1,663
	43	Barrackpore	749	808	...	...	...	...	...	1,364	...	328	...	...	328	...	...	...	935
	44	Pandhati	911	793	...	...	...	61	...	1,737	...	...	...	...	...	...	180	...	466
	45	Titagarh	2,669	1,848	...	...	...	...	...	5,114	...	1,319	...	19	1,328	...	...	...	3,367
	46	North Barrackpore	750	868	...	...	...	...	...	1,638	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	...
	47	Garulia	1,877	714	...	...	...	...	...	3,591	...	496	...	10	506	397	...	411	491
	48	Baranagar	538	1,362	...	...	...	...	...	1,901	...	450	...	...	450	...	306	...	845
	49	Narhati	587	1,398	...	...	...	...	...	2,363	...	1,918	...	1	1,918	...	88	...	78
	50	Hallikher	869	745	...	...	3	12	...	1,344	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	73
	51	Kanchrapara	436	874	...	...	...	35	...	1,066	...	289	...	...	289	...	861	...	329
	52	Bhatpara	3,189	3,084	...	...	26	...	...	4,199	...	2,798	...	13	3,810	...	369	10,369	3,989
	53	Gobordanga	400	516	...	...	...	...	...	916	...	61	...	...	181	1,091	...	...	306
	54	Bardhat	478	942	...	...	373	30	...	1,833	...	186	...	2	189	...	129	...	290
	55	Sadaria	404	614	...	...	...	...	...	1,018	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	673
	56	Taki	306	419	...	...	...	...	...	817	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	90
57	Budge-Budge	1,828	2,121	...	...	...	...	...	3,947	...	4,980	...	3	4,983	...	...	...	233	
	Total	51,172	53,930	...	...	2,315	1,307	600	...	1,09,384	33,840	1,00,664	...	187	1,44,481	33,619	1,38,000	2,141	42,513

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919.

HEALTH AND CONVENIENCE.

Conservancy (including road cleaning and watering) salaries.	Charges on account of Health Officers and Sanitary Inspectors.	Hospitals and Dispensaries.	Plague charges.	Vaccination.	Other sanitary requirements.	Markets and slaughter-houses.	Fossils.	Dak Bungalows and Servants.	Arboreal culture, public gardens and experimental cultivation.	Veterinary charges.	Registration of births and deaths.	Public Works.				Total.
												Establishment.	Buildings.	Roads.	Stores.	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
59,098	8,841	8,280	...	277	434	193	16	...	...	38	181	8,485	58	8,639	63	95,664
6,844	715	140	...	129	719	...	28	...	...	47	25	385	92	2,471	47	12,087
4,482	661	3,766	...	74	163	...	...	...	...	...	30	143	1,935	1,420	7	12,847
1,780	...	1,147	...	76	83	...	59	...	...	...	...	180	26	653	...	4,061
8,899	697	3,115	...	235	119	...	17	...	...	...	34	115	30	2,884	...	16,321
17,895	...	3,000	640	463	...	1,192	26	...	...	...	144	1,069	90	10,612	38	82,937
75,518	5,914	19,418	640	1,847	1,660	1,818	122	...	47	33	409	7,220	2,240	28,659	175	1,94,871
8,725	694	1,473	...	186	911	949	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	899	...	16,898
10,184	768	1,994	...	148	6,722	179	...	24	...	...	26	893	35	4,964	41	32,982
6,589	527	300	...	156	100	386	...	...	...	60	80	...	7	2,349	16	11,408
1,424	446	1,360	...	123	57	...	...	...	31	...	...	...	30	523	...	4,187
14,175	1,760	2,554	...	427	6,869	585	...	24	31	50	66	293	62	7,846	56	48,447
84,000	2,548	5,000	...	346	335	199	121	...	...	...	36	1,042	1,356	6,480	...	46,523
4,470	640	1,320	...	62	65	203	...	...	...	...	...	245	...	1,123	7	8,879
4,500	391	2,490	...	168	163	...	15	...	...	...	1	...	79	2,834	...	11,184
1,095	...	1,315	...	51	8	...	10	...	28	...	48	40	29	184	...	4,125
790	...	1,308	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	60	189	118	5	2,684
394	...	1,474	...	81	...	...	...	...	124	...	24	107	90	281	...	2,809
1,263	...	1,396	...	51	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	166	...	569	50	2,729
26,582	2,377	14,493	...	749	567	402	146	...	152	...	133	1,670	1,795	11,649	62	78,946
24,118	628	1,813	...	301	125	...	15	...	...	950	24	876	21	4,246	...	77,119
24,301	1,968	2,833	1	173	104	230	25	...	...	324	180	740	18	4,792	4	79,384
12,413	779	896	...	147	19	...	...	...	...	149	120	806	...	2,187	...	22,120
6,714	400	...	...	16	307	...	12	...	...	116	86	334	121	2,352	...	49,240
8,941	179	924	...	44	14	...	100	...	...	205	20	192	...	2,600	...	16,088
10,120	885	3,447	...	178	80	...	111	...	...	94	36	405	68	269	6	15,696
7,608	695	372	4	165	...	...	12	...	...	...	36	186	...	6,844	16	19,140
4,284	...	...	...	16	100	...	...	...	...	300	47	324	5	300	2	6,400
2,015	...	...	...	48	49	...	...	...	...	...	36	475	35	2,888	6	7,258
2,269	...	4,069	...	61	142	...	...	...	...	...	12	200	100	1,582	...	8,666
1,10,643	5,371	18,696	5	1,179	901	280	275	...	200	1,980	547	4,126	368	37,101	34	2,93,246
2,06,354	20,079	20,161	8,819	2,590	10,641	8,704	540	...	724	2,073	5,979	48,838	2,664	1,37,987	54	7,51,992
19,995	728	3,174	...	150	120	...	108	...	180	60	91	...	1,516	10,239	88	41,867
2,26,352	20,804	22,729	2,819	2,770	10,801	8,704	646	...	904	2,123	6,070	40,807	4,180	1,48,326	142	7,93,559
5,75,634	27,806	21,378	4,484	6,508	21,489	12,128	1,199	24	1,384	4,196	7,225	63,108	8,676	2,34,520	469	14,89,894
91,448	7,148	13,651	...	1,065	6,756	...	...	...	...	482	55	5,896	406	52,215	757	2,61,729
52,125	5,508	5,444	376	458	...	...	...	...	...	...	385	1,160	989	21,712	1,311	1,30,293
22,948	2,868	940	6	211	92	...	18	...	...	77	100	1,163	...	7,619	35	71,473
12,734	612	...	9	208	12	139	97	...	...	...	65	890	51	5,446	...	20,626
9,654	2,324	5,302	...	497	64	...	...	...	...	...	60	2,948	...	18,312	114	42,698
12,640	645	60	...	270	78	362	...	...	...	...	120	2,815	...	2,864	...	34,779
24,140	2,945	2,249	173	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	322	4,363	56	16,711	613	89,916
2,750	645	1,077	...	42	...	...	9	...	...	...	36	...	12	1,462	...	7,212
2,676	...	1,804	...	66	51	...	234	...	...	...	56	...	71	795	...	8,204
2,750	...	2,037	...	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	177	39	1,075	...	6,409
2,748	199	1,965	...	77	4	...	12	...	...	...	21	141	452	4,160	570	20,460
979	...	1,081	...	47	5	...	...	...	...	...	34	217	...	831	...	2,252
3,826	...	861	...	45	10	...	15	...	...	...	...	576	...	983	30	6,140
2,826	...	120	6	46	...	...	10	...	...	...	60	90	...	3,438	...	6,240
5,687	840	217	...	99	241	...	299	...	...	...	...	120	...	2,690	...	11,022
32,675	769	686	290	340	7	...	49	...	...	190	180	797	870	6,927	...	44,864
5,344	97	2,162	...	113	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	2,647	...	12,243
7,858	536	1,172	...	74	1	...	...	...	16	...	37	609	11	2,527	...	18,696
3,981	412	1,286	...	68	21	810	727	...	...	...	80	...	100	2,039	5	9,184
10,227	832	1,398	...	171	101	...	78	...	...	...	26	...	5,089	1,940	...	20,002
8,195	...	1,179	...	69	7	...	...	...	...	...	31	...	30	559	5	5,044
8,061	...	320	...	42	25	...	621	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,184	...	6,708
25,775	2,474	1,227	...	295	588	...	30	...	...	...	19	120	292	8,668	27	64,166
699	...	...	...	73	7	...	6	...	...	...	24	...	...	1,482	...	4,546
1,224	887	2,264	...	196	...	2,689	...	...	190	...	...	...	10	2,020	...	11,869
351	...	1,965	...	122	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	166	50	1,106	...	4,699
378	...	840	...	43	...	...	8	...	...	...	18	...	20	907	...	1,524
12,536	1,343	6,398	...	205	242	...	...	...	142	...	...	566	269	7,777	29	31,659
2,04,341	20,141	20,725	808	4,171	2,176	5,109	1,640	...	249	679	1,744	22,594	8,534	1,92,961	3,376	9,50,081

FORM NO. III.—Statement showing the Expenditure of the Municipalities.

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CONTRIBUTIONS.	MISCELLANEOUS.										Total.		
			Schools and Colleges.	Contributions.	Library, museum, menageries, etc.	Total.		For general purposes.	Interest on Loans.		Discount.	Actual cost of work done for private individuals.	Other items (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).						Total.	
									Interest due on account of previous year.	Interest due on account of current year.			Printing charges.	Law charges.	Provision Fund.	Miscellaneous.	Burning ghats and burial ground charges.			Election charges.
			38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	47(a)	47(b)	47(c)	47(d)	47(e)	48	49	
BURDWAN DIVISION.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Burdwan	1	Burdwan	24,300	1,009	...	25,309	...	...	...	...	728	1,065	787	690	1,146	...	38	3,725	4,438
	2	Kaina	879	66	60	994	...	...	...	...	...	704	319	71	236	...	...	2,093	2,093
	3	Katwa	...	560	...	560	...	1,264	...	...	...	403	18	50	37	9	...	514	1,778
	4	Dainhat	702	327	...	479	...	...	...	...	...	181	30	18	31	...	1	931	231
	5	Bamganj	...	1,351	...	1,351	...	...	...	...	...	324	21	70	57	115	...	497	497
	6	Aansol	...	2,088	...	2,088	...	...	...	...	...	248	1,196	148	266	...	...	1,847	1,847
Total			36,281	5,363	60	30,724	...	1,264	...	...	730	2,515	2,357	1,047	1,962	787	89	8,907	10,901
Birbhum	7	Fari	...	866	60	916	...	...	...	...	268	227	40	57	199	...	...	523	791
Bankura	8	Bankura	...	1,872	36	1,908	...	807	946	...	93	170	609	150	219	75	30	2,223	2,589	
	9	Vishnupur	56	1,768	216	2,030	1,000	...	...	...	...	266	18	43	91	24	6	454	454
	10	Ranamukhi	...	1,486	...	1,486	...	...	...	...	...	101	7	30	94	...	...	242	333
Total			56	5,066	252	4,873	1,000	807	946	...	93	536	634	192	411	99	36	1,909	2,356	
Midnapur	11	Midnapur	52,570	2,588	36	55,194	...	...	...	...	...	708	460	953	610	81	200	3,012	3,012
	12	Tamluk	...	665	...	665	...	...	...	...	...	264	22	56	...	13	2	357	357
	13	Ghatal	...	2,759	...	2,759	...	...	...	...	...	260	34	16	123	8	...	452	452
	14	Chandrakona	...	614	60	674	...	...	...	...	...	126	9	21	30	...	...	175	175
	15	Ramjibanpur	...	614	...	614	...	...	...	...	...	100	24	9	26	...	...	171	171
	16	Khharpal	...	327	12	339	...	...	...	...	...	114	13	...	39	...	...	166	166
	17	Kharar	...	386	...	386	...	...	...	...	...	114	39	19	4	6	...	182	182
Total			52,570	6,103	96	62,771	...	...	...	...	...	1,865	608	1,074	643	106	202	4,515	4,515
Hooghly	18	Hooghly-Chinsura	...	1,458	60	1,518	...	...	6,126	...	...	1,642	1,478	269	301	664	...	4,349	10,485
	19	Serampore	480	2,188	50	2,718	30	...	1,290	...	...	923	327	292	577	...	202	1,903	2,193
	20	Rishra-Konargore	...	1,867	116	1,983	...	...	...	...	...	276	86	122	12	...	23	627	627
	21	Uttarpara	...	690	57	747	...	...	1,490	...	...	489	16	37	157	...	...	779	2,369
	22	Baldyabati	1,581	...	...	1,581	...	...	...	7,860	...	391	150	110	1,290	147	...	2,103	9,968
	23	Rhadreswar	...	1,106	...	1,106	...	...	...	...	...	326	327	117	1,351	992	...	3,333	3,333
	24	Chandpur	...	614	40	654	...	...	...	...	...	402	9	61	803	...	...	1,275	1,275
	25	Kotrung	...	508	...	508	...	...	...	...	...	267	179	45	94	98	32	734	734
26	Bamburia	130	614	...	744	...	...	...	...	...	338	102	37	55	687	...	1,078	1,078	
27	Arambagh	334	906	...	1,240	...	...	...	...	...	181	1	35	92	...	...	810	810	
Total			2,495	8,861	312	11,668	30	...	6,916	...	7,860	4,749	2,608	1,156	4,768	2,636	961	16,360	22,156	
Howrah	28	Howrah	...	16,488	2,516	17,004	1,519	...	66,251	...	351	8,980	9,120	8,123	25,294	...	9,282	60,869	1,47,581	
	29	Bally	...	2,200	496	2,696	...	...	...	...	...	783	538	181	59	1	142	1,674	1,674
Total			...	17,688	3,012	20,700	1,519	...	66,251	...	351	9,763	9,658	8,304	25,453	1	9,284	62,543	1,49,255	
DIVISIONAL TOTAL			81,401	47,112	3,792	1,32,305	2,549	11,571	98,913	...	9,913	19,749	18,168	11,820	28,681	2,621	9,932	94,757	2,01,863	
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																				
24-Parganas.	30	Cossipur-Chitpur	...	10,549	230	10,779	...	...	1,268	...	59	4,089	4,111	998	766	826	...	10,800	13,237
	31	Manikula	...	5,519	2,500	8,019	300	...	2,905	...	3,968	2,321	688	452	21	29	...	4,021	9,794	
	32	Baranagar	...	1,290	6	1,296	...	...	1,046	...	497	532	363	201	762	2,820	...	4,218	5,761
	33	Kamarkhat	...	622	147	769	12	...	...	...	979	648	37	70	86	46	56	943	1,921
	34	South Suburban	...	1,942	104	2,046	...	...	...	...	...	999	161	217	568	908	143	2,857	3,007
	35	Tollygunge	...	1,739	...	1,739	...	...	380	...	66	891	585	135	726	...	...	2,336	2,678
	36	Garden Reach	...	2,573	...	2,573	20	...	471	...	...	689	317	402	525	...	...	1,933	2,404
	37	Raipur	...	558	21	579	...	...	...	...	...	508	909	41	22	...	16	1,694	1,694
	38	Darapur	...	380	...	380	...	...	386	...	...	99	303	43	58	7	7	516	903
	39	Jaynagar	...	1,102	...	1,102	...	...	...	...	...	109	421	16	21	89	...	626	626
	40	South Dum	...	631	...	631	...	...	...	...	...	352	78	107	119	...	6	622	622
	41	North Dum	...	469	...	469	...	...	...	...	...	6	103	...	28	...	5	126	141
	42	South Barrackpore	...	212	...	212	...	...	...	...	...	70	168	13	80	...	10	341	311
	43	Barrackpore	...	426	...	426	...	...	...	...	1,198	214	20	34	28	6	36	820	1,326
	44	Panipat	...	622	...	622	...	...	...	...	...	136	138	541	51	81	89	876	1,071
	45	Tikagarh	746	979	...	1,717	...	...	1,314	...	...	890	300	124	923	5,614	...	4,321	4,746
	46	North Barrackpore	...	740	...	740	...	...	...	...	...	70	7	26	63	100	...	268	374
	47	Garulia	...	393	...	393	...	...	779	...	102	110	46	59	120	22	...	366	1,246
	48	Baranagar	...	899	...	899	...	...	336	...	28	246	76	27	313	...	19	823	1,043
	49	Nalhati	...	673	...	673	...	...	136	...	...	622	917	96	218	1	137	1,993	2,139
	50	Kudchahar	...	170	...	170	...	...	...	...	...	301	6	41	8	21	...	267	267
	51	Kanchrapara	...	89	...	89	25	...	...	...	...	64	36	21	18	10	...	186	288
	52	Bhulpura	...	1,378	...	1,378	...	...	1,781	...	87	397	101	172	5,399	43	...	5,312	6,190
	53	Gobardanga	...	302	...	302	...	...	...	...	...	98	12	24	9	...	...	186	186
	54	Basirhat	...	1,152	...	1,152	...	...	141	...	...	293	264	52	375	24	36	914	1,086
	55	Baduria	...	214	...	214	...	...	...	...	...	250	180	98	10	...	...	473	471
	56	Taki	...	118	...	118	...	...	...	...	...	160	180	12	63	...	...	457	457
	57	Budge-Budge	...	2,326	126	2,452	...	...	426	...	600	448	100	256	...	...	...	1,546	2,674
Total			746	22,176	3,147	45,067	357	...	11,869	...	6,774	16,509	16,677	8,636	13,446	789	431	45,067	88,080	

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919—contd.

Total expenditure.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.								Total disbursements.	BALANCE.			GRAND TOTAL.
	Investment.		Payment to Sinking Fund.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.	Deposits.		Actual balance.	Total.		
	In securities (other than for sinking funds).	In Savings Bank.		Permanent.	Other.								
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,42,118	200	1,873	433	2,506	1,45,624	3,790	26,292	30,172	1,78,796
19,240	404	118	519	19,765	...	4,749	4,749	24,514
17,819	1,028	...	2,400	768	4,206	21,794	788	3,709	4,477	26,301
8,666	50	306	306	5,979	...	1,588	1,588	7,560
21,290	...	208	...	...	100	598	440	1,346	22,636	...	1,280	1,280	23,916
68,372	322	322	69,694	...	6,282	6,282	71,976
2,72,211	...	208	...	1,028	300	5,324	2,324	9,204	2,81,115	4,558	43,940	48,498	2,39,913
20,427	300	1,928	2,128	22,565	1,295	15,446	17,441	40,006
42,242	1,562	110	2,997	647	5,516	48,858	441	34,412	34,853	83,711
17,899	...	36	...	...	...	1,430	285	1,761	19,380	60	3,338	3,398	22,748
7,481	393	20	413	7,864	...	1,306	1,306	9,170
68,392	...	36	...	1,562	110	4,800	1,129	7,680	78,072	501	89,656	40,167	1,16,229
1,13,359	35,410	363	35,778	1,47,737	356	1,97,882	1,08,128	2,43,675
11,826	11,826	...	2,579	2,579	14,411
17,170	1,370	1,370	18,549	1,232	3,788	5,021	23,570
6,703	400	543	943	7,645	283	1,822	1,822	9,390
4,431	354	354	4,815	...	1,001	1,001	5,816
4,267	776	...	776	5,033	...	1,821	1,821	6,854
5,248	310	93	303	6,561	...	561	561	6,112
1,63,812	34,796	2,767	37,563	2,01,166	1,772	2,09,984	2,10,756	4,11,922
1,02,827	11,651	80	1,679	3,522	16,712	1,19,549	591	17,083	17,654	1,37,303
25,481	1,635	...	3,954	...	5,589	1,01,070	6,327	10,591	16,918	1,17,688
29,287	50	221	...	271	29,556	1,371	8,701	10,072	39,628
26,475	673	...	1,000	2,450	4,122	30,594	...	23,194	23,194	43,782
22,002	1,450	2,307	4,657	27,560	...	6,450	6,450	34,010
23,653	756	2,096	3,351	27,214	8,654	2,544	11,698	38,812
23,788	8	357	365	24,153	...	10,883	10,883	44,036
9,951	810	106	416	10,077	...	6,152	6,152	16,229
16,896	50	34	74	163	10,769	...	2,066	2,066	12,835
11,323	635	...	635	11,958	...	328	328	12,286
5,96,314	13,869	180	9,947	12,326	36,282	4,32,496	10,943	99,372	1,10,315	5,48,811
12,04,485	...	2,00,000	...	1,34,803	...	6,419	23,196	8,64,418	16,68,913	78,919	1,60,165	2,39,084	18,07,997
86,136	410	...	928	557	1,885	88,021	2,941	7,428	10,369	98,390
12,00,621	...	2,00,000	...	1,35,203	...	7,347	23,763	8,66,302	16,26,934	81,460	1,67,593	2,49,053	18,76,987
21,81,488	...	2,00,344	...	1,51,652	560	62,444	44,280	4,59,160	26,40,648	1,07,629	5,74,091	6,82,620	33,23,269
3,36,871	3,092	...	4,398	2,370	9,760	4,06,631	40,006	80,866	1,20,871	5,26,502
1,02,877	3,849	100	4,277	10,980	18,178	2,17,182	10,842	1,11,711	1,22,553	2,39,405
28,259	940	...	...	1,878	...	1,464	3,683	7,945	27,824	2,043	12,222	14,265	1,11,599
28,127	580	828	1,408	31,145	58	1,105	1,163	32,300
28,468	1,800	50	729	332	2,911	34,376	1,240	8,688	9,928	44,304
48,578	1,660	...	450	606	2,716	49,295	1,104	2,959	4,084	53,379
1,17,621	485	...	...	...	485	1,18,006	16,069	62,434	78,503	1,96,509
11,448	1,024	...	1,024	12,472	282	1,506	1,788	14,260
6,767	820	...	...	10	830	9,617	...	2,711	2,711	12,328
5,052	48	48	8,100	7	1,808	1,815	9,915
26,634	1,088	2,821	3,899	30,523	2,159	41,037	43,186	73,709
5,380	365	80	345	6,725	...	1,440	1,440	7,165
7,778	286	...	286	8,044	...	1,760	1,760	9,804
11,776	80	80	130	11,908	80	2,856	2,936	14,841
14,422	50	1,345	547	1,942	16,434	478	3,449	3,927	20,361
48,766	4,611	...	460	664	5,735	54,503	740	35,471	36,111	1,00,611
18,882	301	435	636	16,528	...	3,028	3,028	10,556
18,429	1,489	...	519	454	2,462	20,895	...	6,036	6,036	26,931
13,576	760	...	225	...	985	14,561	...	1,340	1,340	15,901
28,688	230	...	1,600	...	1,517	29,803	2,153	16,796	18,950	47,753
5,422	110	6,755	...	...	1,889	1,889	8,644
5,009	500	...	500	8,809	...	6,971	6,971	15,780
78,828	8,371	...	...	...	3,371	73,084	57	16,397	16,454	89,406
6,221	700	...	700	6,761	...	2,946	2,946	9,707
18,242	398	...	385	60	752	18,990	...	890	890	19,880
3,471	6,411	...	793	793	7,204
48,862	55	55	2,995	...	2,522	2,522	5,517
48,862	1,293	...	5	1,656	2,843	48,375	412	28,822	29,244	77,619
12,24,280	940	...	...	24,626	300	20,411	25,644	71,841	13,96,121	77,481	4,58,797	5,36,228	19,32,349

* In the certificate by the Bank of Bengal Rs. 10,542-7-7 was shown as the closing balance. The difference of Rs. 7 represents counterfeit coins refused by the Bank of Bengal.

FORM No. III.—Statement showing the expenditure of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION CHARGES.								PUBLIC SAFETY.					PUBLIC			
			General Administration (i. Office establishment, inspection, Honorary Magistrate's establishment, etc.)	Collection of taxes including bonded warehouses (establishment, purchase of account books and paper, money losses, repairs to outposts, etc.)	Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.	Survey of land.	Refunds (other than octroi).	Pensions and gratuities.	Annuities.	Total.	Fire (establishment, purchase of fire-engines, buckets, repairs, etc.).	Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamps, oil, repairs, etc.).	Police (establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns, etc., repairs to equipment).	Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.	Total.	Water-supply.	Drainage.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
PRESIDENCY DIVISION—contd.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Nadia	58	Krishanagar ...	1,827	2,560	...	...	13	...	...	4,400	...	1,828	...	17	1,843	...	150	...	730
	59	Santipur ...	1,730	2,291	...	...	26	...	...	4,047	...	3,493	...	...	3,493	...	193	385	2,716
	60	Ranaghat ...	598	963	...	...	1	...	...	1,552	...	953	...	...	953	...	247	3,336	674
	61	Nabudwip ...	804	1,030	...	...	9	...	...	1,833	...	1,149	...	...	1,149	...	8	5	86
	62	Kushtia ...	728	808	...	...	1	...	...	1,537	50	1,712	...	1	1,712	...	2	2,301	938
	63	Kumarkhali ...	267	381	...	...	3	...	...	651	...	348	...	...	348	...	44	...	90
	64	Moherpur ...	415	589	...	...	...	...	...	1,004	...	231	...	...	231	...	164	...	84
	65	Biragar ...	385	365	...	...	5	...	...	738	...	77	...	...	77	...	30	...	173
	66	Chakilah ...	317	435	...	...	...	...	...	752	...	96	...	...	96	...	44	...	51
		Total ...	7,184	9,412	...	...	5	53	...	16,614	50	9,875	...	14	9,922	...	1,321	6,117	5,921
Murshidabad.	67	Bethampur ...	2,990	4,650	...	...	3	...	...	7,642	...	5,890	...	11	5,901	8,000	13,738	5,075	5,368
	68	Murshidabad ...	803	1,100	...	...	...	...	...	1,908	72	1,839	...	2	1,713	...	126	40	1,443
	69	Azinganj ...	781	1,227	43	...	...	...	...	2,031	...	1,428	...	...	1,428	...	11	...	1,110
	70	Jaungipur ...	427	813	14	...	...	...	...	1,254	...	894	...	1	895	...	310	120	474
	71	Kandi ...	403	508	...	...	7	...	...	1,008	...	1,008	...	...	1,008	...	44	...	148
	72	Dhulian ...	340	482	...	...	...	...	...	802	...	...	...	...	...	...	518	12	581
		Total ...	5,825	8,760	57	...	10	...	...	14,653	72	10,907	...	14	10,921	8,000	14,743	5,243	9,168
Jessore	73	Jessore ...	1,110	1,243	...	...	1	...	...	2,354	...	3,300	...	...	3,313	1,100	6,845	...	956
	74	Kotechandpur ...	556	397	...	...	44	97	...	1,093	...	960	...	5	965	...	36	...	42
	75	Maheshpur ...	392	204	...	...	...	...	...	596	...	188	...	3	191	...	161	...	32
		Total ...	2,058	1,844	...	...	44	97	...	4,043	...	4,254	...	8	4,262	1,100	7,042	...	1,030
Khulna	76	Khulna ...	1,210	810	...	...	36	...	...	2,082	...	1,046	...	4	1,050	...	4,186	499	1,547
	77	Satkhira ...	141	708	...	...	...	...	...	1,197	...	436	...	...	436	20,155	73	...	183
	78	Dubbhatta ...	306	204	...	...	2	...	...	512	...	...	...	...	...	...	86	...	97
		Total ...	2,055	1,725	...	...	38	...	...	3,771	...	1,482	...	4	1,486	20,155	4,259	536	1,777
DIVISIONAL TOTAL			68,198	76,684	38	2,364	1,406	680	...	1,48,365	53,771	1,27,172	...	218	1,81,161	61,682	1,54,104	44,088	59,908
DACCA DIVISION.																			
Dacca	79	Dacca ...	9,925	9,577	...	...	981	313	...	20,796	...	23,511	...	117	23,636	1,00,464	38,767	356	17,531
	80	Naratogani ...	3,674	3,191	...	...	...	...	...	6,864	...	5,270	...	7	5,276	...	14,585	...	1,340
		Total ...	13,599	12,768	...	...	981	313	...	27,660	...	28,781	...	124	28,922	1,00,464	53,352	356	18,871
Mymensingh.	81	Mymensingh ...	2,149	3,292	...	...	...	...	...	5,441	86	4,491	...	2	4,579	18,345	16,745	2,160	3,093
	82	Muktagacha ...	598	1,011	...	...	...	...	...	1,609	...	1,205	...	11	1,206	...	50	...	165
	83	Jamulpur ...	890	1,287	...	...	...	...	...	2,087	...	1,498	...	1	1,499	...	498	...	488
	84	Shorpur ...	802	978	...	...	...	...	...	1,780	...	1,087	...	12	1,079	...	351	...	194
	85	Kishoreganj ...	647	753	...	...	...	...	...	1,400	...	1,166	...	1	1,166	...	885	98	373
	86	Bajitpur ...	446	533	...	...	...	...	...	979	...	343	...	...	343	...	366	...	...
	87	Netrokona ...	707	847	...	...	4	...	...	1,558	...	710	...	9	719	...	267	...	397
	88	Tangail ...	527	628	398	...	...	...	...	1,553	...	1,172	...	4	1,176	...	2,703	729	384
		Total ...	6,676	9,139	398	...	4	...	...	16,217	86	11,710	...	40	11,742	13,345	21,935	2,967	4,668
Faridpur	89	Faridpur ...	1,004	1,566	...	...	17	...	...	2,587	186	1,513	...	13	1,511	85	1,313	...	127
	90	Madaripur ...	723	1,349	...	...	...	...	...	2,072	...	2,398	...	1	2,399	1,598	...	748	...
		Total ...	1,727	2,915	...	...	17	...	...	4,659	186	3,910	...	14	4,110	1,693	1,313	748	127
Bakarganj.	91	Barisal ...	1,468	2,323	...	...	...	...	...	4,801	...	3,502	...	6	3,508	4,494	7,864	689	746
	92	Nalchiti ...	291	361	...	...	...	...	...	655	...	622	...	5	628	...	1,088	...	189
	93	Jhalakati ...	650	489	143	...	...	...	...	1,292	200	1,214	...	10	1,224	780	77	...	1,141
	94	Perupur ...	906	637	...	...	10	...	...	1,463	...	1,356	...	3	1,359	...	1,961	...	73
	95	Patuakhali ...	859	463	...	...	...	...	...	822	...	792	...	...	792	...	478	...	688
		Total ...	3,677	4,183	143	...	10	...	...	8,013	200	7,577	...	23	7,600	5,284	10,976	689	3,780
DIVISIONAL TOTAL			25,678	29,005	541	981	344	...	...	56,540	472	52,001	...	201	52,674	1,30,696	87,574	4,799	26,641

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919—contd.

HEALTH AND CONVENIENCE.

Conservancy (including road cleaning and watering) in villages.	Charges on account of Health Officers and Sanitary Inspectors.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Plague charges.	Vaccination.	Other sanitary requirements.	Markets and slaughter-houses.	Pounds.	Dak Bungalows and serais.	Agriculture, public gardens and experimental cultivation.	Veterinary charges.	Registration of births and deaths.	Establishment.	Buildings.	Roads.	Stores.	Total.
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
23,026	2,070	5,975	...	156	318	...	...	...	1,184	...	12	4,175	70	12,202	93	52,101
16,941	1,850	2,112	...	143	25	...	...	...	85	...	...	659	416	7,874	40	33,477
7,105	610	1,306	...	87	94	...	...	...	27	...	...	544	137	3,262	8	17,381
11,578	231	2,518	...	65	85	...	8	...	...	...	23	975	100	6,207	89	21,016
6,118	609	1,009	...	24	351	...	...	...	242	...	60	253	139	2,638	114	14,971
2,339	...	715	...	50	9	...	3	...	...	...	24	335	23	802	...	4,537
330	...	1,980	...	89	324	...	8	...	6	...	24	...	20	1,419	...	4,289
279	...	998	...	25	1,321	120	...	...	34	...	36	60	4	74	...	3,169
244	...	1,380	...	40	91	...	4	...	54	...	...	164	99	602	8	3,906
67,040	6,270	17,965	...	691	2,448	120	23	...	1,082	...	179	7,170	1,012	35,261	357	1,24,105
23,403	2,388	4,150	...	318	678	41	5	...	40	...	30	824	...	11,774	142	76,270
8,402	640	1,800	...	123	327	157	2	...	...	...	...	896	961	3,109	186	19,174
5,701	715	4,015	...	135	275	...	11	...	...	...	60	1,467	2,600	2,711	37	21,938
4,580	...	2,610	...	137	109	...	6	...	...	...	60	372	7	1,952	2	10,735
3,255	...	...	...	128	119	...	25	...	51	...	60	359	63	1,779	9	6,064
412	...	800	...	114	...	...	8	...	...	...	12	209	13	1,032	7	3,508
49,733	3,661	13,181	...	955	1,608	201	57	...	131	...	213	4,217	3,734	21,847	398	1,37,990
8,584	...	2,016	...	100	350	...	14	...	...	...	46	1,186	3	3,570	...	24,497
1,808	...	896	...	72	37	...	...	...	...	...	24	331	...	660	...	5,095
332	...	989	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	132	17	589	...	2,352
10,812	813	5,901	...	202	306	...	14	...	...	...	70	1,619	20	4,425	...	32,774
9,466	795	1,900	...	153	122	...	31	...	274	...	72	549	120	7,198	10	37,110
2,477	599	950	...	42	24	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	132	887	6	25,461
37	...	96	...	26	...	...	1	...	...	...	60	...	106	1,051	...	1,580
11,940	1,394	2,946	...	213	140	...	52	...	278	120	132	640	428	9,120	20	54,111
5,20,631	45,279	93,715	896	8,232	12,898	5,421	1,786	...	2,420	709	2,337	37,170	13,764	2,64,030	4,146	18,29,020
1,44,309	6,721	11,120	...	969	1,005	1,851	...	...	434	745	240	9,904	497	52,640	885	3,69,277
24,727	1,993	4,100	...	332	127	795	24	76	10	865	57	1,341	51	9,450	4	69,515
1,78,936	8,714	16,220	...	1,301	1,932	2,246	24	76	444	1,610	337	11,365	548	62,139	869	4,67,702
23,723	1,548	5,624	...	201	671	531	148	...	...	250	155	679	200	8,113	35	77,238
4,670	...	84	...	137	39	...	31	...	...	...	...	264	695	1,068	6	7,199
6,679	118	1,236	...	1	424	...	...	...	20	3	47	587	54	4,703	25	15,341
6,263	149	1,360	...	103	93	...	...	...	25	...	44	739	19	2,229	5	11,568
4,335	610	1,245	...	161	59	25	27	...	19	...	...	...	183	990	28	8,937
1,494	...	850	...	74	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	196	...	1,041	...	4,064
7,637	443	490	...	78	40	...	437	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,122	...	13,050
5,415	1,516	1,200	...	89	544	...	...	...	197	...	24	451	996	2,035	5	16,308
40,805	4,664	11,979	...	1,004	1,922	856	631	...	261	352	274	3,116	2,166	22,339	96	1,52,005
12,929	771	1,058	15	156	236	...	5	...	39	73	67	360	48	4,443	...	22,898
8,100	756	2,200	...	78	222	160	...	...	...	...	60	...	...	7,732	...	21,654
29,039	1,527	3,258	15	234	448	160	5	...	39	73	127	360	48	12,378	...	41,552
20,785	710	2,200	...	159	370	...	...	...	...	60	60	807	1,016	11,020	726	51,156
939	...	961	...	60	67	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	5	335	...	3,238
4,132	547	1,550	...	96	504	...	3	...	69	24	36	300	535	1,764	...	11,548
1,984	368	1,000	...	128	15	796	...	...	...	24	...	39	1,529	1,193	10	9,130
267	...	600	...	166	97	...	...	...	...	25	22	964	55	900	...	3,490
27,707	1,695	6,311	...	599	1,053	796	3	...	70	133	108	1,410	3,210	15,142	736	75,562
2,55,977	16,560	36,768	15	3,138	5,355	3,758	663	76	814	2,068	846	16,931	5,902	1,12,989	1,701	7,35,501

FORM No. III.—Statement showing the expenditure of the Municipalities

NAME OF DIVISION AND DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION CHARGES.								PUBLIC SAFETY.					PUBLIC HEALTH.			
			General Administration (i) Office Establishment, Inspection, Honorary Magistrate's Establishment, etc.	Collection of taxes including bonded warehouses (establishment, purchase of account books and paper, money boxes, repairs to outposts, &c.)	Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.	Survey of land.	Refunds (other than control).	Pensions and gratuities.	Ammunition.	Total.	Fire (establishment, purchase of fire engines, boilers, repairs, etc.)	Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamps, oil, repairs, etc.)	Police (establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns, etc., repairs to uniforms).	Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.	Total.	Water-supply.		Drainage.	
																Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.	Capital outlay.	Establishment, repairs, etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Chittagong.	186	Chittagong ...	3,407	6,784	72	4,830	303	...	...	15,268	7	5,961	...	1	5,969	13,673	57,766	402	2,164
	187	Cox's Bazar ...	253	453	...	...	...	...	...	700	...	490	...	...	490	...	531	...	121
		Total ...	3,660	7,237	72	4,830	303	...	...	15,972	7	6,451	...	1	6,459	13,673	58,297	402	2,285
Tippera.	98	Comilla ...	1,314	1,838	...	...	71	...	...	3,335	...	3,395	...	45	3,440	...	3,204	...	1,627
	99	Brahmanbaria ...	554	842	...	10	...	30	...	1,443	...	883	...	3	886	...	1,450	...	240
	100	Chandpur ...	1,568	833	...	122	...	...	...	2,521	...	2,321	...	23	2,344	...	5,679	...	1,056
		Total ...	3,437	3,513	...	132	71	30	...	7,199	...	7,019	...	71	7,120	...	10,129	...	3,123
DIVISIONAL TOTAL			7,899	11,408	72	4,962	374	30	...	24,741	7	14,687	...	107	14,801	12,673	49,312	409	6,126
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																			
Rajshahi.	102	Rampur Bostali ...	1,630	4,416	...	...	40	...	...	6,395	33	4,679	...	40	4,701	...	194	700	3,773
	103	Nator ...	808	989	292	...	...	...	...	2,067	...	2,053	...	13	2,066	...	22,749	187	...
		Total ...	2,736	5,405	292	...	49	...	...	8,462	33	6,732	...	53	6,787	...	23,349	381	700
Dinajpur ...			1,798	2,631	...	241	...	...	...	4,765	...	4,731	...	35	4,766	...	1,181	938	619
Jalpaiguri ...			1,491	1,551	...	...	...	...	...	3,042	...	3,000	...	129	3,169	170	123	...	676
Rangpur ...			1,355	1,822	...	16	100	...	...	3,294	...	4,384	...	12	4,396	179	899	736	4,693
Bogra ...	107	Bogra ...	2,308	1,470	...	...	...	...	...	2,773	...	4,141	...	3	4,144	...	440	...	1,043
	108	Sherpur ...	588	766	...	...	...	...	...	1,359	...	1,039	...	4	1,043	...	341	...	82
		Total ...	2,896	2,236	...	...	...	...	...	4,132	...	5,180	...	7	5,187	...	781	...	1,125
Pabna ...	109	Pabna ...	892	2,344	...	...	...	...	...	2,736	...	2,354	...	...	2,354	...	1,722	...	355
	110	Sirajganj ...	999	1,630	...	...	...	...	...	2,629	...	2,087	...	10	2,097	...	751	...	845
		Total ...	1,891	3,974	...	...	...	...	...	5,365	...	4,441	...	10	4,451	...	2,473	...	690
Maidla ...	111	English Bazar ...	1,137	930	...	...	...	...	...	2,067	...	1,818	...	25	1,843	...	87	848	3,479
	112	Old Maidla ...	386	378	...	...	...	...	...	824	...	876	...	14	890	...	898	...	372
	113	Nawabganj ...	841	1,087	...	...	...	...	...	1,678	...	607	...	3	609	...	800	...	...
		Total ...	3,164	2,385	60	...	...	...	...	4,569	...	3,001	...	41	3,043	...	1,675	848	2,751
Darjeeling ...	114	Darjeeling ...	22,480	10,312	...	1,947	354	...	...	25,103	3,473	37,287	...	5	40,765	7,897	8,583	5,235	1,747
	115	Kurseong ...	1,926	1,880	...	...	37	...	...	3,843	...	4,010	...	...	4,010	2,497	2,880	2,000	406
		Total ...	24,416	12,192	...	1,947	391	...	...	28,946	3,473	41,297	...	5	44,775	10,394	11,463	7,235	2,153
DIVISIONAL TOTAL			38,735	22,167	852	2,304	540	...	...	74,078	8,508	72,866	...	300	75,472	23,782	16,441	14,239	16,602
GRAND TOTAL FOR 191-19			2,12,490	2,47,571	1,029	15,360	7,994	3,430	...	4,47,864	92,359	4,61,400	...	1,304	5,06,063	2,52,403	2,32,400	2,07,386	1,70,396
DITTO 1917-18			2,01,806	2,33,027	1,005	24,778	22,324	1,341	...	4,84,181	77,739	4,91,378	...	1,723	5,06,839	2,08,375	4,56,823	1,19,236	1,03,773

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919—contd.

AND CONVENIENCE.

Capervancy (including road cleaning and watering) latrines.	Charges on account of Health Officers and Sanitary Inspectors.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Plague charges.	Vaccination.	Other sanitary requirements.	Markets and slaughter-houses.	Fouls.	Dek Bungalows and Serais.	Arbiculture, public gardens and experimental cultivation.	Veterinary charges.	Registration of births and deaths.	PUBLIC WORKS.				Total.
												Establishment.	Buildings.	Roads.	Stores.	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
86,848 2,118	3,107 ...	2,500 580	...	198 13	228 ...	940 686	447 ...	...	...	...	490 ...	6,551 700	328 144	26,985 1,840	24 ...	1,30,553 8,197
88,491	3,107	2,080	...	908	228	896	447	...	...	...	490	7,251	482	28,325	24	1,36,730
17,139 6,391 14,887	574 750 1,660	2,416 1,500 2,600	...	148 155 192	291 463 156	109 ...	4 50 82	...	...	...	50 120 ...	1,060 311 984	3 ...	10,986 8,478 9,930	...	87,716 19,816 40,115
42,217	1,984	6,018	...	495	013	709	136	...	34	...	170	2,355	81	20,292	21	97,646
6,484	655	1,500	...	152	365	...	...	...	...	226	...	174	50	436	...	11,578
87,168	5,826	11,008	...	855	1,500	1,006	683	...	34	225	680	9,780	613	58,053	45	2,45,074
22,792 6,787	2,658 732	2,231 1,319	...	185 113	892 18	447 ...	302 ...	...	180 ...	...	...	1,189 514	523 ...	11,519 2,262	67 ...	51,252 24,782
29,579	3,420	6,550	...	298	905	447	302	...	180	...	34	1,708	592	13,774	67	88,084
25,013	980	3,568	...	164	490	...	63	...	229	225	...	720	75	10,998	...	45,246
13,897	841	2,954	...	150	29	929	8	...	...	...	41	144	1,841	5,890	64	27,791
19,404	1,425	4,252	...	519	380	...	65	...	320	50	...	167	2,934	8,467	3	42,904
14,597 4,878	696 ...	2,180 1,190	...	149 76	5 18	...	...	...	959 ...	36 ...	69 ...	709 299	70 22	3,302 1,346	15 16	24,069 8,049
19,076	696	2,870	...	225	28	...	...	...	959	36	69	1,098	92	4,638	21	32,117
10,429 8,916	670 739	2,500 3,914	...	120 180	182 60	448 24	64 17	...	...	...	120 ...	612 352	213 1,253	7,159 4,187	37 4	34,593 20,831
19,286	1,409	6,414	...	300	193	472	65	...	195	...	120	964	1,466	11,746	41	46,424
8,501 379 2,368	660 ... 67	3,950 480 1,762	...	175 53 149	189 30 15	688 ...	224 ...	...	...	...	...	516 ...	...	3,867 758 659	34 ...	19,592 2,559 5,823
11,745	727	4,493	...	367	214	688	261	...	...	...	45	678	126	4,794	34	25,934
51,886 10,541	...	16,508 2,300	...	1,795 178	67 542	6,469 183	17 ...	...	508 160	...	159 75	10,006 99	62,787 64	17,069 1,675	148 210	1,93,292 29,784
51,879	...	19,606	...	1,879	680	6,939	17	...	668	...	227	19,105	62,841	18,744	358	2,25,606
1,96,229	9,499	51,424	...	5,173	2,374	9,878	798	...	3,470	311	926	24,484	69,967	78,646	584	5,31,146
16,77,326	1,14,368	3,74,373	5,379	31,906	43,903	31,690	5,099	100	7,073	7,599	11,694	1,50,791	98,875	7,46,738	6,949	42,74,335
19,88,548	1,01,841	3,80,373	4,763	30,996	22,401	22,903	2,304	75	8,330	7,720	10,061	1,42,601	1,52,356	6,62,167	6,179	41,12,413

FORM NO. III.—Statement showing the expenditure of the Municipalities

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Serial number of Municipality.	Name of Municipality.	PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CONTRIBUTIONS.	MISCELLANEOUS.											
			Schools and Colleges.	Contributions.	Libraries, Museum, Messageries, etc.	Total.		For general purposes.	Interest on Loans.		Actual cost of work done for private individuals.	Printing charges.	Law charges.	Provident Fund.	Other items (to be specified in detail in as many columns as may be necessary).				
									Interest due on account of previous year.	Interest due on account of current year.					Discount.	Miscellaneous.	Burying ghats burial ground charges.	Election charges.	Total.
			38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	47(a)	47(b)	47(c)	47(d)	47(e)	48	49
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Chittagong.	96	Chittagong ...	15,478	5,221	240	20,939	360	2,136	3,507	...	907	108	1,333	919	1,169	334	360	4,216	10,066
	97	Cox's Bazar...	...	628	312	840	...	...	...	...	...	113	...	34	48	2	...	187	187
		Total ...	15,478	5,749	552	21,779	360	2,136	3,507	...	907	221	1,353	948	1,210	336	360	4,403	10,253
Tippur ...	98	Condila ...	1,803	210	50	2,063	...	...	...	...	...	466	417	91	644	23	...	1,641	1,641
	99	Brahmanbaria ...	...	1,217	...	1,217	...	...	...	...	...	225	304	73	248	89	...	1,049	1,049
	100	Olanchpur ...	...	2,162	...	2,162	...	...	491	...	...	668	1,623	83	325	427	...	3,046	3,537
		Total ...	1,603	3,689	50	5,442	...	...	491	...	...	1,379	2,344	247	1,217	549	...	5,736	6,227
Noakhali ...	101	Noakhali ...	685	80	50	796	...	...	...	...	...	199	...	62	127	382	5	775	775
		DIVISIONAL TOTAL ...	17,966	9,896	652	28,016	360	2,136	3,998	...	907	1,799	3,677	1,252	2,564	1,267	365	10,914	17,355
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																			
Rajshahi ...	102	Rampur Boalia ...	2,204	671	120	2,995	...	...	...	...	...	350	722	185	623	162	...	2,042	2,042
	103	Natur ...	180	729	60	969	...	...	...	...	...	367	34	69	61	242	5	876	876
		Total ...	2,384	1,400	180	3,964	...	...	...	...	...	717	756	254	684	504	5	2,918	2,920
Dinajpur ...	104	Dinajpur ...	7,813	918	30	8,861	120	...	...	...	826	594	493	272	267	...	...	1,636	2,462
	105	Jalpaiguri ...	1,214	...	80	1,244	...	...	282	...	...	505	1,323	171	351	...	...	2,440	2,722
		Total ...	9,027	918	110	10,055	240	...	282	...	...	1,319	2,696	443	618	...	...	4,076	5,184
Bangpur ...	106	Bangpur ...	2,443	...	441	2,884	150	...	...	...	...	...	279	163	66	341	9	868	868
	107	Bogra ...	3,367	1,459	140	4,966	...	...	...	...	73	563	20	184	401	200	...	1,346	1,421
	108	Sherpur ...	464	276	58	798	...	...	71	...	...	121	67	46	436	...	...	689	753
		Total ...	3,831	1,735	198	5,764	...	...	71	...	73	684	87	230	837	200	...	2,035	2,174
Pabna ...	109	Pabna ...	854	1,282	93	2,229	...	...	...	...	...	645	212	86	540	...	...	1,468	1,468
	110	Sirajganj ...	...	1,266	60	1,306	...	...	112	...	...	464	312	96	629	...	...	1,511	1,533
		Total ...	854	2,548	153	3,537	...	...	112	...	...	1,109	524	182	1,179	...	...	2,979	2,999
Malda ...	111	Rog's Bazar ...	...	1,684	...	1,684	...	...	19	...	...	256	501	81	67	...	...	906	917
	112	Old Malda ...	...	666	...	666	...	...	...	...	...	6	90	140	...	...	...	320	326
	113	Nawabganj ...	...	672	84	756	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	11	39	...	...	87	87
		Total ...	...	2,972	84	3,056	...	...	19	...	...	6	595	667	120	70	...	1,313	1,310
Darjeeling ...	114	Darjeeling ...	...	2,754	180	3,934	...	...	21,812	...	828	1,407	1,125	3,900	1,047	...	...	6,809	22,590
	115	Kurseong ...	360	3,816	248	4,424	...	...	811	...	12	247	7	296	850	220	...	1,123	1,926
		Total ...	360	6,570	428	8,380	...	...	22,623	...	840	1,654	1,132	4,196	1,897	220	...	7,932	24,516
DIVISIONAL TOTAL ...			18,999	17,137	1,534	37,670	270	...	22,901	...	1,754	8,713	5,276	4,672	4,751	1,373	14	22,091	46,968
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1918-19 ...			1,27,206	1,57,399	10,211	2,94,716	3,628	2,707	1,68,646	...	25,789	54,427	46,082	26,060	90,767	15,297	11,162	2,43,226	4,28,267
DITTO 1917-18 ...			1,12,515	1,42,045	5,927	2,61,514	2,029	...	1,76,796	...	23,621	48,251	35,624	21,394	94,876	34,498	646	2,42,246	4,26,510

in the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919—concl'd.

Total expenditure.	EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT.								Total disbursement.	BALANCE.				GRAND TOTAL
	Investments.		Payment to sinking fund.	Repayment of loans.	Advances.		Deposits.	Total.		Deposits.	Actual balance.	Total.		
	In Securities (other than for sinking funds).	In Savings Bank.			Permanent.	Other.								
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1,00,153 8,420 1,01,573	5,323	300	18,076	400	20,999	3,04,153	6,300	18,913	34,313	3,38,966	
	50	1,480	...	1,930	10,350	...	2,862	2,862	13,702	
	5,323	300	18,336	400	24,029	3,14,502	6,300	21,765	27,065	3,41,567	
48,035 24,500 61,170	50	4,347	3,752	7,089	55,174	378	4,475	4,853	60,027	
	780	...	...	...	50	1,282	1,382	3,030	24,690	...	4,869	4,869	24,879
		50	1,282	1,382	4,979	35,158	536	13,505	14,960	69,614	
1,23,824	780	...	...	613	100	5,900	4,035	11,398	1,33,021	988	22,869	23,802	1,58,824
15,850	50	411	4	465	18,415	1,450	2,641	4,160	20,555	
3,37,147	780	...	...	6,936	400	22,367	4,430	34,792	3,58,929	7,692	47,315	55,007	4,20,946
57,385 40,788	2,989	...	3,989	71,174	...	7,530	7,530	7,902	
	50	3	57	40,869	...	1,016	1,016	4,165	
1,08,167	4,074	3	4,076	1,18,343	...	8,575	8,575	1,20,418	
88,260	1,885	390	2,265	64,625	1,114	8,107	9,221	77,746	
37,937	801	...	680	5,867	7,428	45,495	...	6,522	6,665	88,000	
54,386	35	9,624	...	2,659	57,055	806	6,726	7,532	64,587	
58,373 11,584	253	35	278	38,561	5,406	8,298	13,794	53,445	
	78	...	303	9	292	19,276	...	1,516	1,516	13,792	
59,857	78	...	438	34	560	50,927	5,406	9,814	15,310	65,237	
52,025 26,452	510	...	510	34,405	...	3,925	3,925	38,330	
	353	...	214	760	1,917	39,705	5,226	688	2,782	37,467	
52,025	353	...	734	740	1,727	84,110	2,230	4,461	6,687	70,787	
28,142 8,374 8,763	306	...	748	15	1,069	37,302	5,103	764	5,860	33,062	
	8,375	17	1,647	1,647	7,639	
	385	385	9,065	...	13,269	13,269	22,337	
48,881	386	...	748	300	1,244	42,145	5,119	15,674	20,793	62,938	
3,28,374 43,335	37,969	...	25,664	8,928	70,561	3,75,935	16,868	1,01,982	1,18,850	4,94,689	
	1,176	...	48,794	5,647	65,679	1,09,838	1,063	7,604	8,666	1,18,506	
3,48,892	39,145	...	84,490	12,576	1,56,140	4,88,271	17,930	1,09,686	1,27,616	6,13,889	
7,53,884	40,658	98	89,439	19,908	1,64,800	9,20,808	82,924	1,60,466	2,1,299	11,26,102	
88,42,440	1,000	2,00,944	...	2,64,489	1,680	2,08,389	1,62,848	9,08,328	69,67,863	2,66,836	16,82,090	19,88,784	89,06,396	
87,67,400	81,000	1,00,000	...	2,69,870	1,380	2,46,874	1,86,908	8,86,897	86,74,309	1,76,109	16,08,870	16,84,872	88,55,874	

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Final Forecast of the Sugarcane crop of Bengal, 1919-20.

(NOTE.—On an average of the five years ending 1917-18, the area under sugarcane in Bengal has represented some 8·8 per cent. of the total area under sugarcane in British India.)

Character of the season.—At planting time the germination of the crop was retarded in places owing to insufficient rainfall. Subsequently up till the end of September the weather conditions were generally good, though some damage was caused by excessive rainfall in parts of Nadia, Jessore, Burdwan, Pabna, Faridpur and Noakhali. The cyclone in Eastern Bengal did some harm to the crop in Dacca, Faridpur and parts of Mymensingh. Lack of rain since the beginning of October has also tended to rather spoil what was otherwise a good season.

Acreage.—The area planted with sugarcane is estimated at 217,900 acres this year for the province, against 219,000 acres (revised) last year.

Outturn.—From the appendix attached to the report, it will be seen that three districts (namely Bankura, Mymensingh and Bakarganj) report a crop above the normal, five districts a normal crop, and fifteen districts a crop varying from 75 to 94 per cent. Four districts only, namely, Nadia, Pabna, Noakhali and the Chittagong Hill Tracts, report a crop as low as between 55 and 67 per cent.

According to the above estimates, the average outturn of the crop for the province works out at 89 per cent. of the normal against 77 per cent. last year.

Taking 36 maunds as the normal rate of cane-gur per acre, the gross outturn for the province is estimated at 5,129,300 cwts. this year against 4,460,100 cwts. (revised) last year.

Other sources of gur.—The total quantity of gur likely to be obtained from date-palm juice is estimated at 2,018,100 cwts. this year against 1,952,700 cwts. (revised) last year.

The total quantity of gur in the province from all sources is thus estimated at 7,147,400 cwts. against 6,412,800 cwts. last year.

R. S. FINLOW,

Offg. Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Dacca,

The 28th January 1920.

APPENDIX I.

Final Forecast of the Sugarcane Crop of Bengal, 1919-20.

District.	Estimated normal area under sugarcane.	Estimated area under sugarcane.		Taking 100 to represent the normal, what would be the average outturn per acre cropped.		Date by which the harvesting of the crop generally commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
		Last year.	This year.	Last year.	This year.		
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.				
24 Parganas ...	8,000	4,100	4,300	87	100	Beginning of November to December. Normal.	The increase in area is due to the high price of sugar. The weather has been favourable.
Nadia ...	7,800	5,400	6,100	67	67	December. Normal ...	The increase in area is due to high price of sugar. The weather has not been favourable as heavy rains damaged the crop to a certain extent.
Murshidabad ...	3,600	3,100	2,800	88	83	In Jangipura November to December. Normal. Elsewhere not begun yet.	The decrease in area was due to want of rain during the planting time. The weather has been fair. The drought at planting time affected the growth of the crop and has reduced the outturn by about 17 per cent.
Jessore ...	3,000	2,600	3,100	75	75	December. Normal ...	The increase in area was due to high price of sugar. The weather was favourable at planting time, but the outturn has fallen below the normal owing to insufficient rain in June and September.
Khulna ...	1,600	1,100	1,000	77	75	Beginning of November. Normal.	The decrease in area was due to want of rainfall at sowing time. The weather has been favourable. The outturn is expected to be below the normal for want of timely rain.
Burdwan ...	25,800	19,000	18,100	75	83	Not yet commenced ...	The weather was not favourable at the beginning but subsequently it has become favourable except in places where the growth of the crop has been affected by heavy rainfall in August and by absence of rainfall thereafter. This has caused the outturn to fall below the normal.
Birbhum ...	3,000	11,000	11,000	75	100	Ditto ...	The weather has been favourable.
Bankura ...	15,000	11,500	10,500	75	117	Ditto ...	The planting was delayed owing to want of rainfall at the beginning. The weather has since been good.
Midnapore ...	5,600	3,000	4,200	80	88	December ...	The increase in area was due to favourable conditions at sowing time and to high price of sugar. Since the submission of the second forecast, the weather was not favourable owing to want of rain in October. Hence the outturn has fallen below the normal.
Hooghly ...	7,300	5,000	4,900	87	94	Not yet commenced ...	From October to December the weather has not been favourable for want of rain, which has caused slight damage in the Arambagh and Sadar subdivisions.
Howrah ...	5,500	5,300	5,200	71	88	Ditto ...	Since the submission of the second forecast, the weather has not been favourable owing to drought which has caused some damage.
Rajshahi ...	18,000	13,200	13,300	70	75	Middle of November. Normal.	The weather was fair from October to December. The outturn is below the normal owing to unfavourable weather at planting time.
Dinajpur ...	25,000	20,500	20,600	78	87½	By the end of November. Early.	The increase in area is due to high price of sugar. The weather has been fair, but want of rain retarded the growth of the crop.
Jalpaiguri ...	5,000	4,000	3,700	80	88	Last week of November. Normal.	The decrease in area was due to want of rain at planting time. Unfavourable weather and want of rain since the planting time caused the outturn to fall below the normal. From October to December the weather was favourable.
Darjeeling ...	200	200*	200*	46	83	Middle of February ...	Favourable weather from October to December has improved the outturn.
Raipur ...	10,500	11,000	12,600	100	100	First week of December. Normal.	The effects of the weather on the growth of the crop have been good on the whole.
Boys ...	5,000	3,700	4,300	87	93	By the middle of January. Normal.	At the beginning the weather was not favourable but subsequently it has been favourable to the growth of the crop.
Farid ...	10,000	3,700	4,600	66	86	By the end of December. Normal.	The decrease in area is due to want of rain at planting time. Since then want of timely rainfall retarded the growth of the crop. Subsequently owing to excessive rain up to end of September and to want of rain in October to December the condition of the crop was not favourable.
Malda ...	800	800*	800*	100	100	October. Normal ...	The weather was dry at planting time, but it has since been favourable. A normal outturn is expected.
Dacca ...	21,100	38,900	33,700	74	75	Middle of July last. Normal.	Seasonable rain at sowing time and subsequently frequent showers did much good to the crop. The cyclone of the 24th September last and want of rain since then have reduced the outturn.
Mymensingh ...	11,100	10,300	10,300	80	108	December. Normal ...	Since the submission of the second forecast, the weather has been generally favourable from October to December. Some damage was caused by the cyclone in the Kishoreganj subdivision.

* Conventional area.

District.	Estimated normal area under sugarcane.	Estimated area under sugarcane.		Taking 100 to represent the normal, what would be the average outturn per acre cropped.		Date by which the harvesting of the crop generally commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
		Last year.	This year.	Last year.	This year.		
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.				
Faridpur ...	7,100	7,400	7,400	87	85	End of September. Normal.	The weather was favourable at planting time, but subsequently the growth was affected by heavy rainfall, high water and the cyclone to some extent.
Bakerganj ...	11,000	20,000	22,000	80	108	September to December. A little early.	The weather was favourable at sowing time, but became a little unfavourable afterwards. The flood in the first part of August did slight damage to the crop. Since then the weather has been favourable.
Ohittagong ...	5,400	5,400	5,000	95	100	November. Normal ...	The rainfall at planting time was deficient, but subsequent conditions have on the whole been favourable to the growth of the crop.
Tippura ...	8,000	8,100	8,000	70	75	December. Normal ...	The weather was dry at planting time, but since then the weather has been fair. The outturn is below the normal owing to damage caused by the cyclone.
Nonkhali ...	800	800*	800*	90	85	End of September. Normal.	The weather has been favourable. Owing to heavy rainfall in June, July and August the growth of the plant in the Sadar subdivision was stunted to a considerable extent.
Ohittagong Tracts. Hill	1,000	1,000	1,000	83	60	Not yet harvested ...	The weather has not been favourable. Insufficient rainfall retarded the growth of the crop. The outturn is therefore below the normal.
Total of Bengal	347,500	319,000	317,900	77	89		

*Conventional area.

APPENDIX II.

Abstract statement of estimated acreage and outturn of the Sugarcane Crop of Bengal 1919-20.

Province.	AREA (IN ACRES).						YIELD (IN QWTS.).					
	Of current year's crop (1919-20).	Of previous year's crop (1918-19).	Average of preceding—		Percentage by which column 5 exceeds (+), or is less than (-), area in		Estimated yield of current year, i.e., of area in column 5.	Yield of previous year, i.e., of area in column 5.	Average of preceding—		Percentage by which column 7 exceeds (+), or is less than (-), yield in—	
Column 2.	Column 4.	Column 6.	Column 8.	Column 10.	Column 12.							
1	2	3	4		5	6	7	8	9		10	11
			Five years.	Ten years.	Five years.	Ten years.			Five years.	Ten years.	Five years.	Ten years.
Bengal	217,900	219,000*	219,700	223,300	- 0.5	- 0.4	- 2	5,139,300	4,440,100*	4,814,400	4,800,100	+ 15

* Revised.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 29th January 1920.

Summary.—The week was practically rainless. Transplanting of summer paddy is approaching completion. Harvesting of sugarcane, potatoes, early oilseeds and pulses continues. Preparation of lands for autumn paddy and jute is progressing in Eastern Bengal. The prospects of standing crops are generally reported to be favourable. The average price of common rice for the province has risen by about 1·69 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEER, PER MUPPE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-PARGANAS	Nil	5½ ³ / ₁₆	5½	Harvesting of winter paddy and sugarcane still continues in some places. Water is sufficient. Prospects of standing crops are good. Burma rice is not available.
	Diamond Harbour.	Nil	5½	(n)	
	Barrackpore	(n)	(n)	5	
	Baranhat ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Basirhat ...	Nil	6	6	
2	NADIA ...	Nil	{ 5½ ³ / ₁₆ 6½ ³ / ₁₆ }	{ 5½ ³ / ₁₆ 6½ ³ / ₁₆ }	The weather was cloudy on the 23rd and 24th. Prospects of standing crops are favourable. Cattle-disease is reported from thana Chakdali.
	Kushtia ...	Nil	5	5	
	Meherpur ...	Nil	6½	6½	
	Chudanga ...	Nil	{ 6 6½ }	{ 6 6½ }	
	Ranaghat ...	Nil	5	5½	
3	MURSHIDABAD	Nil	6½	5½†	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Harvesting of winter rice still continues in Jangipur. Fodder is sufficient. No large import of rice, but it is being exported heavily from the subdivisions of Kandi and Lalbagh. Cattle-disease is reported from Jangipur subdivision.
	Lalbagh ...	Nil	6½	6½	
	Jangipur ...	Nil	6½	6½	
	Kandi ...	Nil	6½	6½	
4	JESORE ...	Nil	{ 6 6 }	{ 6 6 }	Standing crops are doing well. Harvesting of <i>aman</i> paddy is nearly finished. No large import or export of rice. Fodder is sufficient.
	Jhenidah ...	Nil	6	6	
	Magura ...	Nil	5½	6	
	Narail ...	Nil	5½ ³ / ₁₆	5½ ³ / ₁₆	
	Bangaon ...	Nil	5½	5½ ³ / ₁₆	
5	KHULNA ...	Nil	5½	6	Harvesting of <i>aman</i> paddy is almost finished. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ...	Nil	4½ ³ / ₁₆	(n)	
	Bagerhat ...	Nil	{ 6 7 }	{ 6 7 }	

* Burma rice.

† Coarse rice.

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision	Rainfall	PRICE OF COMMON RICE IN ANNAS, PER ROPEL.		Remarks on the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
		Inches			
6	BURDWAN ...	Nil	5	5½	Weather bright. Threshing of winter paddy and pressing of sugarcane are going on. Potatoes are doing well. Vegetable crops want moisture. Large export of rice is reported from Kalna.
	Asansol ...	Nil	6	6	
	Katwa ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Kalna ...	Nil	4½	4½	
7	BIRBHUM ...	Nil	5½	6	Threshing of winter paddy continues. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat...	Nil	6	6½	
8	BANKURA ...	Nil	6	6	Prospects of standing crops are good. Export of rice and paddy continues.
	Vishnupur...	Nil	6½	6½	
9	MIDNAPORE	Nil	{ 5½ 6½†	{ 5½ 6†	Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are good. Harvesting of winter rice is completed. Fodder is sufficient. Burma rice is not obtainable.
	Ghatal ...	Nil	{ 5½ 5½†	{ 5½ 5½†	
	Tamluk ...	Nil	{ 5½ 5½†	{ 5½ 5½†	
	Contai ..	Nil	{ 6 6½†	{ 6 6½†	
10	HOOGHLY ...	Nil	{ 4½ 5½*	{ 4½ 5½*	Effects of weather on the growth of the crops are favourable. Fodder is sufficient.
	Serampore ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Arambagh ...	(n)	(n)	6½	
11	HOWRAH ...	Nil	{ 5 6½†	{ 5 6½†	Weather cold. Harvesting of sugarcane continues. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.
	Ulubaria ..	Nil	5½	5½	
12	RAJSHAHI (RAMPUR- BOALIA).	Nil	6	6	Prospects of standing crops are favourable. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Fodder is sufficient.
	Naogaon ...	Nil	6	6	
	Natol ...	Nil	6	6	
13	DINAJPUR ...	Nil	6	6	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.
	Thakurgaon	Nil	5½	5½	
	Balurghat ...	Nil	6½	6½	
14	JALPAIGURI...	Nil*	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient. The export of rice continues.
	Alipur ...	Nil	4½	4½	

* Burma rice

† Coarse rice.

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PAISON OF COMMON RICE, IN INCHES, PER RUPPE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
15	DARJEELING	Inches 0.01	4½	{ 5 5½ }	Potatoes, wheat and barley are doing well. Stock of rice is sufficient. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kurseong ...	0.34	{ 5½ 5½ }	(n)	
	Siliguri ...	Nil	5	5	
	Kalimpong...	(n)	(n)	5½	
16	RANGPUR ...	Nil	6	6	Harvesting of winter rice has been finished, and that of potatoes and mustard is still in progress. Price of rice is stationary. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari	Nil	5½	6	
	Kurigram ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Gaibandha ...	Nil	5½	5½	
17	BOGRA ...	Nil	5½	6	Lands are being prepared for jute and <i>aus</i> paddy.
18	PARNA ...	Nil	{ 5½ 5½ }	{ 5½ 6½ }	Fodder is sufficient. No considerable import or export of rice.
	Sirajganj ...	Nil	4½	(n)	
19	MALDA ...	Nil	6	6	Harvesting of winter rice continues. Transplantation of <i>boro</i> paddy continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
20	COOCH BEHAR	Nil	5½	5½	Harvesting of <i>haimanti</i> paddy is nearly finished. Preparation of lands for <i>bitri</i> paddy continues. Prospects and condition of standing crops are favourable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Burma rice is not available.
21	DACCA ...	0.10	5½	{ 5½ 6½ }	Weather cloudy. Harvesting of <i>maghi</i> mustard is over. Transplantation of <i>boro</i> paddy is going on. A good shower of rain is wanted for ploughing of paddy and jute. Rice market is rising. Out-turn of <i>rabi</i> crops is expected to be good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj ...	Nil	5	{ 5 6½ }	
	Narayanganj	0.67	5½	5½	
	Munshiganj (a)	Nil	5½	5½	
22	MYMENSINGH	Nil	{ 5½ 5½ }	{ 5½ 6½ }	Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops and preparation of soil for <i>aus</i> paddy and jute are going on. Transplantation of <i>boro</i> paddy and harvesting of winter paddy have been finished. Prospects of crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Rice market is gradually rising. Stock of Rangoon rice has diminished.
	Jamalpur ...	Nil	4½	4½	
	Tangail ...	Nil	4½	5½	
	Netrakona ...	Nil	5½	6½	
	Kishoreganj...	Nil	{ 5 6 }	{ 5 5½ }	

(a) Not reported. * Burma rice. † Coarse *aman*.
 (s) Munshiganj being very near to Dacca and Narayanganj, its rainfall statistics are not quoted. To give information regarding the northern part of the district, rainfall figures for Kapasia thana are reported here.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
23	FARIDPUR ...	Nil	{ 5 6½ }	{ 5½ 6½ }	Weather favourable to crops. Ploughing of lands is going on. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are fair. Cattle-disease is reported from Gopalganj. Fodder is sufficient.
	Goalundo ...	Nil	{ 5½ 6½ }	{ 6 6½ }	
	Madaripur ...	Nil	{ 5½ 6½ }	{ 5½ 6½ }	
	Gopalganj(a)	Nil	{ 5½ 6½ }	{ 5½ 6½ }	
24	BAKARGANJ (BARISAL).	(n)	5½	6	Fodder is sufficient. Prospects of standing crops are good.
	Pirojpur ...	(n)	5½	5½	
	Patuakhali ...	(n)	5½	6½	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	(n)	5	5½	
25	CHITTAGONG	Nil	{ 5½† 5½ }	{ 6† 6½ }	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Cultivation of <i>rabi</i> crops is in progress. <i>Panga</i> salt is selling at 11 and 9 seers per rupee both at Sadar and Cox's Bazar, respectively. Fodder is sufficient.
	Cox's Bazar	Nil	{ 6½† 6½ }	{ 6½† 6½ }	
26	TIPPERA (COMILLA).	0.04	5½	5½	Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops is going on. Stock of rice is normal and its price is rising.
	Brahmanbaria.	0.14	6½	6½	
	Chandpur ...	Nil	{ 6½ 5½ }	{ 6½ 5½ }	
27	NOAKHALI ...	0.02	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient. Ploughing for autumn crops has commenced.
	Feni ...	(n)	6	6½	
28	CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.	Nil	7†	{ 5 7† }	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.

(a) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

* Burma rice.

† Local rice.

(n) Not reported.

J. C. Roy,

for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA, the 2nd February 1920.

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned marts of Bengal for the first-half of January 1920.

Marts.	PADDY (BEST QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	4 5 0	4 5 0	3 5 0	2 12 0	2 0 0	4 2 0	3 5 0
Chetla Hat ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burdwan ...	4 4 0	4 1 0	3 0 0	2 2 0	2 9 0	3 12 0	3 5 0
Kalna ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Raniganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore ...	3 15 0	3 12 0	0 0	1 12 0	2 4 0	2 5 0	2 4 0
Chittagong ...	3 7 0	3 4 0	2 10 0	(c)	2 10 0	3 0 0	2 14 0
Chaudpur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca ...	5 2 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	2 0 0	3 4 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
Narayanaganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madaripur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Patna ...	4 1 5	4 4 0	3 5 0	1 12 0	2 10 0	3 0 0	3 5 3
Sirajganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur ...	4 5 0	4 5 0	2 5 0	1 12 0	3 0 0	2 10 0	3 5 0

Marts.	PADDY (COMMON QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	2 4 0	2 12 0	3 12 0	3 3 0
Chetla Hat ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burdwan ...	4 2 0	4 0 0	2 12 0	1 11 0	2 5 0	3 5 0	2 5 0
Kalna ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Raniganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore ...	3 12 0	3 10 0	2 11 0	1 7 0	2 2 0	2 5 0	2 3 0
Chittagong ...	(c)	3 0 0	2 10 0	(c)	2 3 0	2 14 0	2 12 0
Chaudpur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca ...	4 4 0	3 13 0	3 12 0	1 12 0	2 14 0	3 0 0	3 0 0
Narayanaganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madaripur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Patna ...	4 0 0	3 4 0	3 4 0	1 10 0	2 5 0	2 15 0	3 3 0
Sirajganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur ...	3 5 0	3 5 0	2 5 0	1 9 0	2 10 0	2 4 3	3 0 0

(c) No sale.

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned marts of Bengal for the first-half of January 1920.

Marts.	RICE (BEST QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	9 8 0	9 8 0	8 0 0	6 2 0	7 0 0	8 0 0	7 12 0
Chota Hat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	7 8 0	7 4 0	6 11 0	5 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	6 8 0
Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ...	10 0 0	10 0 0	7 0 0	4 0 0	4 2 0 to 4 10 0	5 2 0	5 12 0
Chittagong ...	11 0 0	11 0 0	10 0 0	7 0 0	3 0 0	10 0 0	9 0 0
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	8 0 0	7 8 0	5 12 0	4 0 0	5 2 0	5 10 0	6 8 0
Narayanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fabna ...	10 0 0	9 0 0	7 6 0	5 8 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	8 0 0
Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raipur ...	8 0 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	6 4 0	7 8 0

Marts.	RICE (COMMON QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 4 0	4 8 0	5 14 0	7 0 0	6 4 0
Chota Hat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	6 12 0	6 8 0	5 12 0	3 0 0	3 18 0	4 12 0	5 0 0
Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ...	5 10 0	7 8 0	5 4 0	3 0 0	4 0 0	4 10 0	5 0 0
Chittagong ...	5 12 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	3 0 0	4 4 0	4 8 0	5 0 0
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	7 0 0	6 8 0	5 6 0	3 8 0	5 8 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
Narayanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fabna ...	6 8 0	6 8 0	5 8 0	3 8 0	4 8 0	5 8 0	5 10 0
Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raipur ...	7 0 0	7 0 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 4 0

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned marts of Bengal for the first-half of January 1920.

Marts.	WHEAT.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	8 0 0	8 0 0	7 4 0	5 8 0	4 12 0	5 2 0	6 0 0
Chetla Hat ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burdwan ...	7 12 0	7 12 0	(a)	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	6 0 0
Kalna ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Raniganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore ...	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 8 0	8 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0
Chittagong ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chandpur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca ...	8 0 0	7 8 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Narayanganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madaripur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fabua ...	6 11 0	6 11 0	.....	3 8 0	4 0 0	.....	4 14 0
Sirajganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur ...	7 0 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 4 0	5 0 0

(a) Not in stock.

Marts.	KALAI DAL.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	8 8 0	8 8 0	10 0 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 12 0	5 2 0
Chetla Hat ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burdwan ...	7 8 0	7 8 0	12 0 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 0 0
Kalna ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Raniganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore ...	8 8 0 to 10 8 0	8 8 0 to 10 8 0	8 8 0	5 12 0	6 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 0
Chittagong ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chandpur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca ...	7 8 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Narayanganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madaripur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fabua ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sirajganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur ...	10 0 0	10 0 0	8 0 0	7 0 0	7 8 0	6 8 0	8 12 0

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned marts of Bengal for the first-half of January 1920.

Marts.	GRAM.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	7 8 0	7 8 0	5 0 0	3 8 0	3 6 0	3 12 0	4 12 0
Chetla Hat ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burdwan ...	8 0 0	7 0 0 to 7 8 0	5 6 0	3 0 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	5 0 0
Kalna ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Raniganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore ...	8 0 0 to 9 4 0	8 0 0 to 9 4 0	5 4 0 to 7 8 0	3 14 0 to 4 4 0	4 12 0	4 8 0	5 12 0
Chittagong ...	9 0 0	8 8 0	6 12 0	4 4 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	.....
Chandpur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca ...	8 8 0	8 4 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Narayanganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madaripur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pabna ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sirajganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur ...	7 8 0	7 8 0	8 0 0	5 4 0	7 4 0	7 0 0	.....

Marts.	ANJAR DAL.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	51	52	53	54	55	56	57
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	9 8 0	9 8 0	7 12 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	6 8 0	8 4 0
Chetla Hat ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burdwan ...	10 0 0	9 12 0	8 8 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0
Kalna ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Raniganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore ...	11 0 0 to 12 0 0	11 0 0 to 12 0 0	9 0 0 to 11 0 0	5 0 0 to 8 8 0	6 8 0	7 10 0	.....
Chittagong ...	10 8 0	11 0 0	11 0 0	8 8 0	6 0 0	7 0 0	7 8 0
Chandpur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca ...	10 8 0	10 0 0	8 4 0	5 0 0	6 0 0	7 8 0	7 8 0
Narayanganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madaripur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pabna ...	12 8 0	13 0 0	9 0 0	6 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 8 0
Sirajganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur ...	(a)	(a)	8 0 0	5 0 0	7 8 0	5 12 0	6 4 0

(a) Not available.

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned marts of Bengal for the first-half of January 1920.

Marts.	LINSEED.			MUSTARD.			GUR.			COTTON (UNGINNED).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	12 0 0	12 0 0	9 0 0	12 8 0	12 8 0	9 0 0	10 0 0	10 8 0	8 0 0	25 0 0	25 0 0	37 0 0
Chella Hat	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bardwan	11 0 0 to 12 0 0	11 0 0 to 12 0 0	(a)....	12 0 0 to 14 8 0	12 0 0 to 14 8 0	11 8 0	7 0 0 to 9 0 0	6 0 0 to 7 8 0	6 0 0	(a)....	(a)....	32 0 0 to 32 8 0
Kalna	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Raiganj	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore	10 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	15 0 0	15 0 0	12 8 0 to 14 0 0	11 0 0	11 8 0	8 8 0	40 0 0	40 0 0	60 0 0
Chittagong	15 0 0	15 0 0	10 0 0	13 0 0	13 8 0	10 0 0	11 8 0	12 0 0	8 8 0	15 8 0	15 0 0	15 0 0
Chandpur	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca	12 0 0	12 0 0	12 0 0	11 0 0	11 0 0	12 8 0	14 4 0	13 0 0	9 2 0	.....	.....	.....
Narayanganj	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madaripur	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fabua	(a)	(a)	8 0 0	11 0 0	12 8 0	.....	9 0 0	10 8 0	5 6 0	.....	.....	.....
Sirajganj	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bangpur	(a).....	(a).....	.....	12 8 0	13 0 0	12 0 0	10 0 0	11 8 0	8 0 0	.....	.....	.....

Marts.	JUTE.			GRAM.			HIDES (COW).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	11 0 0	11 0 0	12 0 0	78 0 0	78 0 0	70 0 0	450 0 0	450 0 0	450 0 0
Chella Hat	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bardwan	(a).....	(a).....	(a).....	99 0 0	90 0 0	86 0 0	(a).....	(a).....	30 8 0 to 35 0 0
Kalna	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Raiganj	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore	5 4 0	5 4 0	7 0 0	100 0 0 to 115 0 0	85 0 0 to 110 0 0	70 0 0 to 78 0 0	400 0 0	400 0 0	375 0 0
Chittagong	.....	.....	.....	100 0 0	100 0 0	75 0 0	375 0 0	375 0 0	250 0 0
Chandpur	4 0 0 to 10 4 0	4 12 8 to 12 8 0	8 4 0 to 10 12 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca	.....	.....	.....	100 0 0	22 0 0	67 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Narayanganj	5 0 0 to 8 0 0	4 8 0 to 8 0 0	7 8 0 to 11 12 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh	5 8 0 to 10 8 0	4 8 0 to 10 8 0	7 0 0 to 10 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madaripur	4 8 0 to 10 8 0	4 4 0 to 10 8 0	8 0 0 to 11 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fabua	.....	.....	.....	86 0 0	78 0 0	70 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Sirajganj	4 0 0 to 6 0 0	4 0 0 to 6 0 0	8 0 0 to 7 8 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bangpur	5 8 0	5 8 0	8 0 0	74 0 0	72 0 0	70 0 0	Per piece. 4 0 0	Per piece. 4 0 0	Per piece. 4 0 0

(a) Not in stock.

(a) Not available.

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned marts of Bengal for the first-half of January 1920.

Marts.	IRON.			WHEAT.			KPROSENE OIL.		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	10 0 0	9 0 0	25 0 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 10 0	3 15 0(a)	3 15 0(a)	3 2 0
Chota Hat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	17 8 0	17 8 0	11 0 0 to 16 0 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	3 2 0(b)	3 2 0(b)	...
Kalna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raniganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore	3 0 0 to 17 0 0	3 0 0 to 17 0 0	3 0 0 to 20 0 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	3 9 0	4 2 0(d)	4 2 0(d)	3 4 3
Chittagong	22 0 0	22 0 0	28 0 0	3 5 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 1 0(e)	3 0 0(e)	2 8 0
Chandpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	...	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 4 0	4 1 0(d)	4 2 0(d)	4 8 0
Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	22 0 0 to 25 0 0	18 0 0 to 18 0 0	18 0 0 to 27 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 2 6(d)	4 3 0(d)	3 10 0
Sirajganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	22 0 0	22 0 0	22 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	4 4 0(h)	4 4 0(h)	4 10 0

(a) Monkey brand. | (b) Blanz-Lun. | (c) Mosque | (d) Blenzhan'. | (e) Gold Wohner.

Marts.	MUSTARD OIL.			PIRKWOOD.			COAL (BENGAL).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	35 0 0	35 0 0	26 0 0	0 10 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	...	...	...
Chota Hat	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 8 0
Burdwan	34 8 0	34 0 0	28 0 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 8 0
Kalna	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 9 0	0 9 0	0 8 0
Raniganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 2 0	0 1 0	0 3 0
Midnapore	38 0 0 to 40 0 0	38 0 0 to 40 0 0	35 0 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	...	...	...
Chittagong	39 0 0	41 0 0	38 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chandpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	38 0 0	38 0 0	35 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	36 0 0	37 0 0	33 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sirajganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	37 0 0	37 0 0	35 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...

DACCA,
The 29th January 1920.

J. C. ROY,
for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Prices-current (retail) of food-grains, salt, etc., in the districts of Bengal for the first-half of January 1920.

Division.	Number.	DISTRICTS AND MANES.	QUANTITY PER RUPEE IN SERIES OF EIGHTY TOLAS.														
			COMMON RICE.						KALAI DAL (<i>Phaseolus radiatus</i>).			ARHAR (DAL) OR THUR. (ADJAN P'HA (<i>Cajanus indicus</i>)).			SALT.		
			Average.			Cheapest.			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding of last year.
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding of last year.									
PRESIDENCY.		24-PARGANAS.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.
	1	Chella Hat	5 0	4 4	5 8	5 12	5 0	5 12	4 0	4 6	4 10	4 0	4 0	4 9	10 10	10 10	10 0
	2	Magra Hat	5 8	5 5	7 8	6 0	6 0	8 0	(a)	(a)	(a)	3 4	3 8	3 12	11 12	11 4	11 4
	3	Chakulia-Beliaghata	4 12	4 12	6 0	6 6	6 6	7 4	4 7	4 7	3 12	4 0	4 0	5 0	10 0	10 0	10 0
		NADIA.				(b)											
	4	Gouri	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 6	6 6	7 12	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 15	11 0*	11 0*	10 0
	5	Hanaghat	5 8	5 8	6 10	6 6	6 6	7 0	3 2	3 2	5 4	3 2	3 8	5 4	10 8*	10 8*	9 0
		MURSHIDABAD.															
	6	Bhampur	5 12	6 0	7 0	6 0	6 4	7 4	5 0	5 0	4 0	4 8	5 0	5 0	13 0*	13 0*	10 0
	7	Kandi	6 4	6 8	8 0	6 4	6 8	8 4	5 0	5 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	5 8	10 8	10 8	10 8
	8	Jangipur	6 0	6 12	7 12	6 8	7 0	8 0	4 0	(r)	5 12	3 0	3 8	7 0	13 8	13 8	9 0
		JESORE.															
	9	Sadar	5 8	(r)	6 4	6 0	6 6	6 8	3 4	2 8	4 0	3 4	5 8	4 8	10 12	11 0	10 10
	10	Bangaon	5 8	5 11	8 0	6 0	6 6	8 14	2 11	2 11	4 0	3 9	3 9	3 3	11 4	11 4	11 4
		KHULNA.															
	11	Sadar	5 14	5 8	9 0	5 14	5 8	9 0	3 8	3 8	8 8	3 8	3 8	4 0	10 4	10 4	9 0
	12	Bagerhat	6 0	6 0	7 8	7 0	7 0	8 0	5 0	5 0	5 4	3 10	3 10	5 4	9 0	9 0	9 0
		BURDWAN.															
	13	Sadar	5 8	5 12	6 12	6 0	6 8	7 12	5 0	5 0	3 4	3 12	3 12	4 8	10 8	10 8	10 12
	14	Kalna	4 12	5 0	7 4	5 4	5 8	7 8	4 0	4 0	4 8	3 12	4 0	4 0	10 8	10 0	11 8
		HIBHUM.															
	15	Rufi	6 0	6 0	7 0	6 10	6 12	8 0	4 0	5 0	4 0	3 8	4 0	5 0	13 0*	12 0*	10 8
	16	Rampur Hat	6 0	6 0	7 4	6 8	6 8	8 0	5 0	4 8	4 8	3 8	3 8	5 8	11 0	11 0	11 0
		BANKURA.															
	17	Sadar	6 0	5 8	7 0	6 7	5 0	7 4	3 8	3 8	5 4	3 12	4 0	4 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
	18	Wabhanpur	6 2	6 8	7 8	6 8	7 2	8 0	4 8	4 0	4 8	3 12	3 4	4 0	11 0	10 8	10 0
		MIDNAPORE.															
	19	Sadar	6 0	6 0	7 11	6 5	6 11	8 1	3 4	3 4	4 0	3 4	3 4	4 0	10 8	10 0	9 0
	20	Contai	6 8	6 8	9 8	7 8	7 8	10 0	3 0	3 0	5 8	3 0	3 0	5 0	13 8	10 8	10 0
		HOOGLY.				(b)	(b)										
	21	Sadar	4 8	5 0	6 8	5 8	5 8	7 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 8	10 8	10 8	11 0
	22	Arambagh	4 2	6 2	7 12	6 6	6 6	8 0	3 4	3 4	4 0	3 4	3 4	4 0	10 10	10 10	9 0
		HOWRAH.															
	23	Sadar	5 0	5 12	6 6	6 8	6 2	7 4	4 0	4 0	4 4	4 0	4 0	5 0	10 8	10 8	11 6
	24	Chabaria	4 8	4 8	7 0	5 6	5 8	7 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 6	3 10	4 0	11 8	11 6	11 4
		HAJSHAH.															
	25	Rampur-Boalia	6 0	6 2	6 12	6 0	6 8	7 8	4 14	5 4	4 14	3 6	3 8	4 14	9 12*	9 12*	8 0
	26	Nator	6 0	6 0	7 2	6 8	6 6	8 2	4 0	4 0	6 0	4 0	4 0	7 0	9 8	9 8	8 0
	27	Dinajpur-Railway Sagar Hat.	6 0	6 0	7 8	6 8	6 8	8 2	3 12	3 12	4 2	3 2	3 2	4 2	10 0	10 0	9 0
	28	Jalpaiguri-Sadar	5 4	6 0	3 4	5 12	7 8	9 4	4 0	4 0	5 4	3 4	3 12	5 4	10 0	9 8	8 0

* Karshab.

(a) Not available.

(r) Revised.

(b) Burma rice.

Price-current (retail) of food-grains, salt, etc., in the districts of Bengal for the first-half of January 1920—*cond.*

Districts	Number.	DISTRICTS AND MAHIS	QUANTITY PER RUPEE IN SHEER OF MIGHTY FOLAS														
			COMMON RICE						KALAI DAI (<i>Phaseolus</i> <i>radialis</i>)			ARHAR (DAI) OR TRIN, GADJAN PPA (<i>Cajanus</i> <i>indicus</i>)			SALT		
			Average			Cheapest			Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year	Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year	Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year
			Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year	Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year									
RAJSHAH.		DARJEELING.	4 3	4 4	5 4	5 8	5 8	7 0	3 12	3 12	4 0	3 12	3 12	4 0	3 0	3 0	3 0
		30 Sadai	4 3	4 4	5 4	5 8	5 8	7 0	3 12	3 12	4 0	3 12	3 12	4 0	3 0	3 0	3 0
		30 Siliguri	4 0 to 5 0	5 0	5 4 to 6 0	5 0	6 0	7 8	3 8	3 0	4 0	3 8	3 0	3 4	3 0	3 0	3 0
		RANGPUR															
		31 Sadai	5 4	5 4	8 8	5 10	5 10	9 8	3 12	3 12	4 12	3 0	3 0	4 12	3 0	3 0	3 0
		32 Nulphamari	5 0	6 10	7 8	6 3	6 14	8 0	3 8	3 8	5 0	3 8	3 8	5 0	3 0	3 0	3 0
		33 Bogra—Sadai	6 0	6 3	4 12	6 8	6 8	8 4	3 9	3 9	6 0	3 9	3 9	4 8	3 12	3 12	10 14
		PABNA.															
		34 Sadai	5 10	6 0	7 8	6 0	6 8	8 0	4 0	3 14	5 0	3 0	3 0	4 8	11 8	1 2	8 0
		35 Sirajganj	4 12	5 0	7 0	5 0	5 4	8 0	3 0	3 0	6 0	3 4	3 4	6 0	3 0	3 0	3 0
DAKKA.		MAIDA.															
		36 Sadai	6 4	5 8	7 1	7 0	7 0	8 0	5 8	4 8	5 0	3 8	3 0	5 0	12 0	12 0	10 0
		37 Balia—Nawabganj	6 12	6 12	8 2	7 8	7 4	8 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	4 0	4 0	6 0	12 0	12 0	10 0
		DAKKA															
		38 Sadai	5 12	6 0	7 8	(a)	6 12	8 0	6 0	6 0	5 4	4 0	4 0	4 12	10 0	10 0	10 0
		39 Mouzib Hat	6 10	6 0	7 8	6 10	6 0	7 8	(a)	(a)	(a)	3 12	3 12	(a)	10 0	10 0	8 0
		MYMENSINGH															
		40 Nasirabad	5 0	5 0	7 8	(b)	5 10	7 8	4 0	4 0	7 8	4 0	4 0	5 4	9 0	9 0	8 0
		41 Netrokona	5 8	5 8	6 8	(b)	6 8	7 8	4 8	4 12	8 0	3 8	3 9	5 8	10 0	10 0	8 8
		FAKIRDIH															
CHITTAGONG.		42 Sadai	5 12	5 10	7 8	(b)	6 4	8 0	4 0	4 0	4 8	3 8	3 4	4 0	9 8	9 8	8 8
		43 Rajbari	5 6	5 10	8 0	(b)	6 0	8 4	4 0	4 8	5 8	3 8	3 2	4 8	9 4	9 4	9 4
		BAKARGANJ															
		44 Barisal	5 14	6 8	7 8	6 8	7 4	8 4	6 0	6 0	4 0	3 8	3 8	4 0	10 0	10 0	8 0
		45 Firojpur	5 12	(a)	7 8	5 14	5 15	7 8	4 0	4 0		(a)	(a)	4 12	8 0	8 0	9 0
		TIPPERA.															
		46 Comilla	5 11	6 5	7 12	5 2	7 7	8 0	3 8	3 4	5 8	3 9	3 6	4 0	10 0	8 0	8 0
		47 Chanderpur	5 14	6 2	7 12	7 0	7 8	9 0	3 6	3 8	5 8	3 0	3 2	5 8	9 4	8 8	9 1
		NOAKHALI															
		48 Kalliana Hat	5 0	5 0	8 0	6 0	6 0	8 0	5 8	5 8	8 8	3 4	3 4	5 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
CHITTAGONG.		49 Feni Hat	6 12	6 12	8 4	7 2	7 2	8 12	4 10	4 10	8 0	(n)	(n)	(n)	9 8	9 8	9 8
		CHITTAGONG															
		50 Sadai	6 8	6 8	8 0	7 0	7 0	8 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 12	3 12	3 12	11 0	10 0	10 0
CHITTAGONG.		51 Cox's Bazar	6 8	6 8	10 8	(n)	(n)	10 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 4	3 4	4 0	8 0	8 0	8 0
		52 Chittagong Hill Tracts Rangamati	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 0	6 8	8 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 0	3 0	4 0	8 0	8 0	8 0

* Karkul

(b) Burma rice

(a) Not available

(n) Not reported

J. C. ROY,

for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA ;

The 29th January 1920.

List of prices of articles of food at Calcutta for the week ending Saturday, the 31st January 1920.

Name of article.	WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND.		RETAIL PRICE PER SEER.	
	From—	To—	From—	To—
Rice—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balam, coarse ...	7 14 0	9 0 0	0 3 0	0 3 6
" medium ...	9 8 0	10 12 0	0 4 6	0 5 3
Patnai, coarse ...	8 2 0	8 10 0	0 2 6	0 3 0
" medium ...	8 12 0	9 4 0	0 4 6	0 5 3
Nagra, coarse ...	8 6 0	8 12 0	0 3 0	0 4 0
" medium ...	8 14 0	9 6 0	0 4 6	0 5 3
Dudhkalna ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangoon Boiled ...	.....	.....	0 3 0	0 3 6
Kajla ...	6 8 0	7 0 0	.....	.....
Wheat, Dudhia ...	7 14 0	8 0 0	.....	.....
" Gangajali ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
" Jamali ...	7 6 0	7 8 0	.....	.....
Gram, Patnai (whole) ...	9 8 0	9 10 0	0 3 0	0 4 0
" dal ...	10 8 0	11 0 0	0 4 6	0 5 0
Mung " (Hari) ...	13 0 0	13 12 0	0 6 0	0 8 0
" " (Krishna) ...	13 0 0	13 0 0	0 5 0	.....
Arhar " ...	10 0 0	12 8 0	0 4 0	0 5 6
Masur " (split) ...	8 4 0	9 8 0	0 3 6	0 4 6
" " (Khanri) ...	10 8 0	12 0 0	0 5 0	.....
Kalai " ...	7 8 0	9 0 0	0 4 0	.....
Salt ...	3 2 6	3 5 0	0 1 6	0 1 9
Sugar (Brown Java) ...	23 6 0	.....	0 11 0	0 12 0
Gur, Bheli ...	.....	.....	0 3 0	.....
" Bhursut ...	12 0 0	12 4 0	0 6 0	0 6 6
" Date ...	9 0 0	9 4 0	0 4 0	.....
Milk ...	11 0 0	13 0 0	0 3 0	0 5 0
Mustard oil ...	33 0 0	38 0 0	1 0 0	1 2 0
Flour (country) ...	9 3 0	9 15 0	0 4 0	0 5 0
Atta, No. 3 ...	7 2 0	} ...	0 3 6	0 5 0
" " 2½ ...	7 8 0			
" " B ...	10 4 0			
Suji ...	9 10 0	10 6 0	0 5 0	0 5 6
Ghee (Bhadwa, Matki, etc.) ...	100 0 0	102 0 0	2 12 0	.....
" (Patiram, Khurja, Ruto, Etwa, better kind, etc.) ...	94 0 0	95 0 0	2 8 0	.....
" (Lalli, Etwa, Sagai, etc.) ...	86 0 0	87 0 0	2 4 0	.....
Maize ...	5 0 0	5 4 0	.....	.....
Potatoes ...	5 0 0	6 0 0	0 1 0	0 2 6
Patal ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brinjal ...	3 0 0	3 4 0	0 1 6	0 2 6
Onion ...	3 8 0	3 12 0	0 1 6	0 2 0
Fish, Rahu ...	18 0 0	22 0 0	0 10 0	0 12 0
Mutton (2nd class) ...	.....	.....	0 8 0	0 10 0
Beef (2nd and 3rd classes) ...	.....	.....	0 3 0	0 5 0

N.B.—This is an abstract of prices at following markets :—

Wholesale—Chella Hat, Ramkrishnapur Hat, Sealdah Fish and Milk Markets, Posta Bazar.

Retail—Sir Stuart Hogg Market, Orphangunge Market, Sobha Bazar, Nutun Bazar, Raja Babu's Bazar, Bow Bazar, Karaya Bazar, Taltolla Bazar, Mallick Bazar, Jogan Babu's Bazar.

S. C. GHOSH,
for President, Advisory Food Committee.

CALCUTTA, the 31st January 1920.

Statement of Weekly Gauge-readings on the River Ganges at Rampur-Boalia for the week ending the 24th January 1920.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero-minus sign for those below zero.	Height of surface above mean sea-level according to P. W. D. datum. (a)	Height of surface above mean sea-level on the same date last year according to P. W. D. datum.	Remarks.
1920.					
18th January ...	8 A.M.	Zero of gauge is at mean sea level.	38.20	37.11	P. W. D. datum, 6.25 feet above Kidderpur old dock sill. B. M. on College step 64.93.
19th " ...	8 "		38.20	37.11	
20th " ...	8 "		38.20	37.16	
21st " ...	8 "		38.20	37.11	
22nd " ...	8 "		38.20	37.01	
23rd " ...	8 "		38.10	36.96	
24th " ...	8 "		38.10	36.91	

			Old value	According to P. W. D. datum
The previous year	...	Highest water-level	61.20 on 18th September 1919	62.80
Ditto	...	Lowest "	33.51 on 8th May 1919	35.01
Record	...	Highest "	69.25 on 26th August 1879	64.44
Do.	...	Ditto "	69.08 on 9th September 1885	64.27
Do.	...	Ditto "	68.30 on 25th August 1906	63.47
Do.	...	Ditto "	68.21 on 26th August 1890	63.40
Do.	...	Lowest "	37.68 on 25th April 1884	32.42
Do.	...	Ditto "	38.13 on 14th-15th April 1883	33.32
Do.	...	Ditto "	39.02 on 21st-22nd April 1897	34.21
Do.	...	Ditto "	39.23 on 6th-7th May 1908	34.47

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from 1st August 1887.

BOALIA,
The 24th January 1920.

S. C. BHATTACHARJI,
for Executive Engineer, Rajshahi Divn.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending 24th January 1920.

Month and date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level.	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year.	Remarks.
1920.					
18th January ...	7 A.M.	6.5	6.5	7.2	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench mark for the gauge is on a pucca pillar between the passenger ghât and Chandpur ghât. Its reduced level is 26.84.
19th " ...	7 "	6.6	6.6	7.3	
20th " ...	7 "	6.6	6.6	7.4	
21st " ...	7 "	6.7	6.7	7.4	
22nd " ...	7 "	6.5	6.5	7.2	
23rd " ...	7 "	6.8	6.8	7.0	
24th " ...	7 "	6.9	6.9	6.9	

The previous year	...	Highest water-level	...	23.7 on 10th September 1910.
Ditto	...	Lowest "	...	6.1 on 24th February 1919
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Highest "	...	25.75 on 26th August 1906.
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto "	...	25.74 on 20th and 21st August 1898.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto "	...	25.68 on 11th to 17th and 31st August and on 1st to 3rd September 1888
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra only)	...	Ditto "	...	25.66 on 31st July 1900.
Do.	...	Lowest "	...	1.0 on 8th February 1914.
Do.	...	Ditto "	...	2.42 on 18th March 1908
Do.	...	Ditto "	...	2.91 on 21st to 24th February and 8th to 9th March 1894.
Do.	...	Ditto "	...	3.16 on 9th to 11th March 1885.
Do.	...	Ditto "	...	3.16 on 10th, 17th and 29th to 31st March 1901

N.B.—The gauge reading commenced from 3rd October 1909.

FARIDPUR,
The 27th January 1920.

R. K. GHOSE,
for Subdivisional Officer, P. W. D., Faridpur.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 24th January 1920, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 24TH JANUARY 1920.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 28TH JANUARY 1919.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy ...	897	207,952	3,611	1,166	271,925	4,688
Jute ...	183	67,420*	739	68	40,500†	438
Firewood ...	30	14,950	207	64	40,525	613
Other articles ...	818	184,466	2,131	768	207,236	2,705
Total ...	1,886	474,788	6,688†	2,066	560,195	8,444
Empty boats and rafts ...	654	...	1,409	783	...	1,933
GRAND TOTAL	2,540	474,788	8,097	2,849	560,195	10,377

Mds.
* Weight by canal measurement ... 77,937½
† Ditto ditto ... 41,162½

CALCUTTA,
The 2nd February 1920.

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 31st January 1920, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 31ST JANUARY 1920.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 31 FEBRUARY 1919.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy ...	920	279,770	4,859	936	194,604	2,852
Jute ...	161	52,777*	739	61	26,693†	276
Firewood ...	80	54,000	903	22	6,700	70
Other articles ...	779	198,001	2,416	814	194,522	2,341
Total ...	1,940	588,548	8,917	1,833	422,519	5,539
Empty boats and rafts ...	673	...	1,420	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL	2,613	588,548	10,337	1,833	422,519	5,539

Mds.
* Weight by canal measurement ... 58,012½
† Ditto ditto ... 32,199½

CALCUTTA,
The 3rd February 1920.

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Statement of Weekly Gauge-readings on the River Ganges at Rampur-Boalla for the week ending the 24th January 1920.

Date	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero-marks sign for those below zero	Height of surface above mean sea-level according to P. W. D. datum (a)	Height of surface above mean sea-level on the same date last year according to P. W. D. datum.	Remarks
1920.					
18th January ...	8 A.M.	Zero of gauge is at mean sea level.	38.20	37.11	P. W. D. datum, 6.25 feet above Kidderpur old dock sill. B. M. on College step 64.93.
19th " ...	8 "		38.20	37.11	
20th " ...	8 "		38.20	37.16	
21st " ...	8 "		38.20	37.11	
22nd " ...	8 "		38.20	37.01	
23rd " ...	8 "		38.10	36.96	
24th " ...	8 "		38.10	36.91	

			Old value	According to P. W. D. datum
The previous year ...	Highest water-level	...	61.29 on 18th September 1919	62.80
Ditto ...	Lowest	"	58.51 on 8th May 1919	55.01
Record ...	Highest	"	69.25 on 26th August 1879	64.44
Do ...	Ditto	"	69.04 on 9th September 1886	64.27
Do ...	Ditto	"	6.30 on 25th August 1906	63.47
Do ...	Ditto	"	68.21 on 26th August 1890	63.40
Do ...	Lowest	"	37.68 on 25th April 1884	52.82
Do ...	Ditto	"	38.18 on 14th-15th April 1883	38.82
Do ...	Ditto	"	59.02 on 21st-22nd April 1897	54.21
Do ...	Ditto	"	89.28 on 6th-7th May 1908	54.47

NB —The gauge-readings commenced from 1st August 1887.

BOALIA,
The 24th January 1920.

S. C. BHATTACHARJI,
for Executive Engineer, Rajshahi Divn.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending 24th January 1920.

Month and date.	Hour	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year.	Remarks
1920.					
18th January ...	7 A.M.	6.5	6.5	7.2	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench mark for the gauge is on a pucca pillar between the passenger ghât and Chandpur ghât. Its reduced level is 26.84.
19th " ...	7 "	6.6	6.6	7.3	
20th " ...	7 "	6.6	6.6	7.4	
21st " ...	7 "	6.7	6.7	7.4	
22nd " ...	7 "	6.6	6.6	7.2	
23rd " ...	7 "	6.8	6.8	7.0	
24th " ...	7 "	6.9	6.9	6.9	

The previous year ...	Highest water-level	...	28.7 on 10th September 1919
Ditto ...	Lowest	"	6.1 on 24th February 1919
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges) ...	Highest	"	25.75 on 28th August 1906.
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges) ...	Ditto	"	25.74 on 20th and 21st August 1898.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges) ...	Ditto	"	25.68 on 11th to 17th and 31st August and on 1st to 3rd September 1889.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra only) ...	Ditto	"	25.66 on 31st July 1900.
Do ...	Lowest	"	1.0 on 8th February 1914
Do ...	Ditto	"	2.42 on 18th March 1908
Do ...	Ditto	"	2.61 on 21st to 24th February and 8th to 9th March 1884.
Do ...	Ditto	"	8.16 on 9th to 11th March 1885
Do ...	Ditto	"	8.16 on 16th, 17th and 20th to 31st March 1901

NB —The gauge reading commenced from 2nd October 1909

FARIDPUR,
The 27th January 1920.

R. K. GHOSE,
for Subdivisional Officer, P. W. D., Faridpur.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 24th January 1920, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 24TH JANUARY 1920.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 25TH JANUARY 1919		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo	Tollage	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy ...	897	207,952	3,611	1,166	271,925	4,688
Jute ...	133	67,420*	739	68	40,509†	438
Firewood ...	30	14,950	207	64	40,525	613
Other articles ...	818	184,466	2,131	768	207,236	2,705
Total ...	1,886	474,788	6,688†	2,066	560,195	8,444
Empty boats and rafts ...	654	...	1,409	783	...	1,983
GRAND TOTAL	2,540	474,788	8,097	2,849	560,195	10,377

Mds.
* Weight by canal measurement ... 77,827½
† Ditto ditto ... 41,162½

CALCUTTA,
The 2nd February 1920.

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

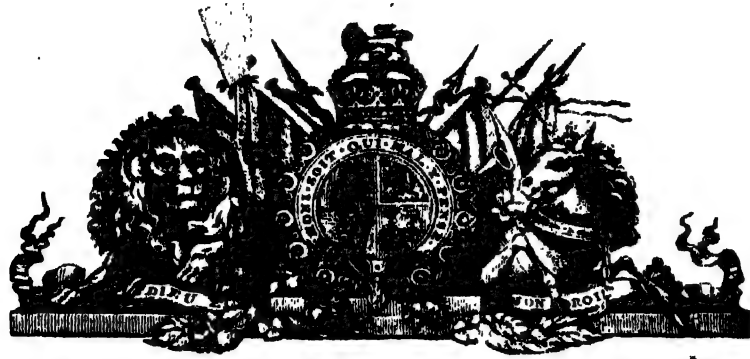
Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 31st January 1920, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 31ST JANUARY 1920			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 31 FEBRUARY 1919.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy ...	920	279,770	4,859	936	194,604	2,852
Jute ...	161	52,777*	739	61	26,691†	276
Firewood ...	80	54,000	903	22	6,700	70
Other articles ...	779	198,001	2,416	814	194,522	2,341
Total ...	1,940	588,548	8,917	1,833	422,519	5,539
Empty boats and rafts ...	678	...	1,420	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL	2,618	588,548	10,337	1,833	422,519	5,539

Mds.
* Weight by canal measurement ... 59,013½
† Ditto ditto ... 33,199½

CALCUTTA,
The 3rd February 1920.

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1920.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

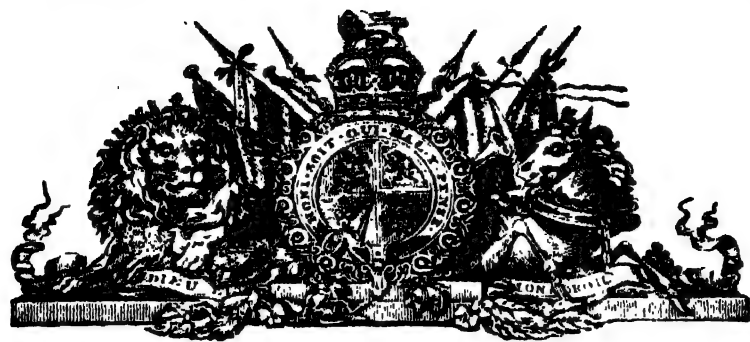
POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1747P.—The 9th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12, sub-section (1), of the Indian Press, Act, 1910 (1 of 1910), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies wherever found, of a leaflet in Urdu headed in Arabic “Ya qao mana li jyoo idai Allah” and signed by “Ek gunahgar Musalman” commencing with the words “Allah tala Koran majid, etc.,” and ending with the words “Wallah Hul musta an Alaihlul takalan” with a manuscript postscript “Assalam Alikum Wasta Khodah, etc.,” and all copies of all other documents containing the matter of the said leaflet, on the ground that the said leaflet contains words which are likely or may have a tendency to bring into hatred or contempt His Majesty or the Government established by law in British India and therefore appears to the Governor in Council to contain words of the nature described in section 4, sub-section (1), clause (c), of the said Act.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chie Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1920.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Governor of Bengal in Council, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

Tour Programme of
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL
during February 1920.

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
February.	HOURS.		
12th, Thursday ..	22-06	Leave Howrah ...	By special train.
13th, Friday ...	7-36	Arrive Suri.	

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
February.	HOURS.		
14th, Saturday ...	22-21	Leave Suri.	
	23-55	Arrive Bolpur.	
15th, Sunday ...	8-6	Leave Bolpur ...	By motor.
	14-36	Arrive Burdwan.	
16th, Monday ...	10-06	Leave Burdwan ...	By special train.
	12-02	Arrive Barrackpore.	

NOTE.—(1) The party accompanying His Excellency will be—

The Hon'ble Mr. J. G. Cumming, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S.,
Member, Bengal Executive Council.*

Mr. W. R. Gourlay, C.I.E., I.C.S., Private Secretary.

Captain C. B. Lyon, Aide-de-Camp.

(2) All letters and telegrams should be addressed to Governor's Camp, Bengal, *without the addition of the name of any post town.*

(3) The arrival at Suri will be public; all other arrivals and departures will be private.

* As far as Suri only.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
CALCUTTA:
2nd February 1920.

H. G. VAUX, MAJOR,
Military Secretary
to H. E. the Governor of Bengal.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

No. 1466A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 1251A.—*The 3rd February 1920.*—The Hon'ble Mr. S. W. Goode I.C.S., on special duty, is appointed to be Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling.

Darjeeling. No. 1261A.—*The 3rd February 1920.*—The services of Mr. L. B. Burrows, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Darjeeling, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, with effect from the forenoon of the 16th January 1920.

Dinajpur. No. 1268A.—*The 3rd February 1920.*—Mr. Banamali Bagchi, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinajpur, is appointed temporarily to act as Magistrate and Collector of that district.

Khulna. No. 1369A.—*The 7th February 1920.*—Maulvi Muhammad Aziz Meser, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Khulna district.

Mymensingh. No. 1379A.—*The 7th February 1920.*—Maulvi Abu Ali Muhammad Chaudhuri, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is appointed to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of that district.

No. 1416A.—The 9th February 1920.—Mr. Jatindra Kumar Biswas, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Khulna, is appointed temporarily to act as Magistrate and Collector of that district.

No. 1418A.—The 9th February 1920.—The orders of the 23rd January 1920, appointing Mr. S. G. Hart, I.C.S., to be Magistrate and Collector, Khulna, are cancelled.

No. 1429A.—The 9th February 1920.—The services of Mr. J. R. Blair, I.C.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

No. 1440A.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Harendra Nath Datta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Meherpur, Nadia, is transferred temporarily to the headquarters station of that district.

This cancels the orders of the 1st December 1919, transferring him to the headquarters station of the Mymensingh district.

POLICE.—No. 1279A.—The 4th February 1920.—The following probationary Assistant Superintendents of Police, who have been selected by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India and allotted to Bengal, are appointed by the Governor in Council to be Assistant District Superintendents of Police, for the purposes of the Police Act 1861 (Act V of 1861), and are posted to the Police Training College at Sardah, Rajshahi, with effect from the dates on which they join:—

● Mr. J. L. Jenkins. | Mr. D. F. Lesslie.

No. 1364A.—The 6th February 1920.—Maulvi Habibur Rahaman, probationary Deputy Superintendent of Police, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Khulna district.

No. 1375A.—The 7th February 1920.—Mr. F. Roddis, Superintendent of Police, on leave, is appointed temporarily to act as Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, Bengal.

No. 1426A.—The 9th February 1920.—Maulvi Arifuddin Ahmad Quadery, probationary Deputy Superintendent of Police, on survey and settlement training in Bankura, is posted to the headquarters station of the Nadia district.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.—No. 1361A.—The 6th February 1920.—The Revd. Frederick Nelson Didsbury, is appointed to be Honorary Chaplain (Church of England) to the 12th Eastern Bengal Railway Battalion, Indian Defence Force, with effect from the 15th November 1919.

LEGISLATIVE.—No. 1401A.—The 7th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Port William in Bengal, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to nominate Mr. Clement Daniel Maggs Hindley to be an Additional Member of the said Council.

PROMOTION.

GENERAL.—No. 1391A.—The 7th February 1920.—Mr. Rajendra Nath Ray, Additional District and Sessions Judge, is appointed to act, until further orders, in the second grade of District and Sessions Judges, with effect from the 26th October 1919.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 1264A.—The 4th February 1920.—Mr. H. G. Blomfield, I.C.S., officiating Magistrate and Collector, Dinajpur, is allowed combined leave for nine months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months and fourteen days, with effect from the 20th February 1920, or the amount due on any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, additional privilege leave for nineteen days, and furlough for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

No. 1247A.—The 4th February 1920.—Mr. J. A. L. Swan, I.C.S., Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling, is allowed combined leave from the 19th February 1920 up to the 1st November 1920, inclusive, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, additional privilege leave for one month and eighteen days, and furlough for the remaining period under article 308(b) of the Regulations.

No. 1339A.—The 6th February 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 13th October 1919, Mr. J. Lang, I.C.S., Commissioner of a Division, is allowed combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for one month and twenty-two days, with effect from the 27th October 1919, additional privilege leave for one month and five days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period. He is also allowed in continuation furlough on half average salary for four months, under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

No. 1367A.—The 7th February 1920.—Babu Surendra Mohan Basu, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Khulna, is allowed leave for four months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for one month and one day, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it and additional privilege leave for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919.

No. 1383A.—The 7th February 1920.—Babu Annada Charan Gupta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is allowed leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1399A.—The 7th February 1920.—Mr. A. H. Pyster, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on medical certificate for one month, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 12th January 1920.

No. 1412A.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Satyendra Nath Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for two months, viz., additional privilege leave for three days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period, under article 336 of the Regulations, in combination with the leave granted to him under the orders of the 13th January 1920.

No. 1414A.—The 9th February 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 23rd January 1920, Mr. A. J. Dash, I.C.S., officiating Magistrate and Collector, Khulna, is allowed combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months and three days with effect from the 5th February 1920, or the amount due on any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, additional privilege leave for two months and eleven days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period. He is also allowed in continuation furlough on half average salary for four months under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

No. 1424A.—The 9th February 1920.—Mr. F. W. Ward, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, is allowed privilege leave in advance under the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 5C.S.R., dated the 9th January 1920, from the 15th November 1919 to the 19th November 1919, inclusive.

POLICE.—*No. 1277A.—The 4th February 1920.*—In modification of the orders of the 5th November 1919, Mr. K. B. W. Thomas, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Presidency Range, is allowed combined leave, from the 2nd December 1919 to the 15th June 1920, inclusive, viz., privilege leave for two months and twenty-five days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 30th December 1919.

No. 1422A.—The 9th February 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 14th April 1919, Mr. T. J. A. Craig, Superintendent of Police, is allowed combined leave for eight months and six days, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months and six days, with effect from the 25th April 1919, additional privilege leave for two months and twenty days under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, furlough on average salary for three months and four days under the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919, and furlough on half average salary for six days under article 308 (b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 5C.S.R., dated the 9th January 1920.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1333A.—The 5th February 1920.—Babu Bakulal Biswas, munsif, having passed an examination in the Tippera language in accordance with the rules laid down in Appendix VI to the Rules for the Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others, dated the 14th September 1912, is authorised to draw the prescribed reward of Rs. 1,000 (rupees one thousand) only.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1329For.—The 6th February 1920.—Mr. A. K. Glasson, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Bengal, is allowed combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 15th April 1920 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, additional privilege leave for three months, under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168 C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and special leave for the remaining period under article 316 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1248L.R.—The 5th February 1920.—Babu Madhu Sudan Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, employed as Manager of the Patchetgarh Wards' Estate in the district of Midnapore, was on combined leave for one month and sixteen days, under article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Secretary of State's despatch No. 50, Financial, dated the 12th October 1917, with effect from the 17th December 1918, viz., privilege leave for eighteen days under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period, under article 336 of the said Regulations.

This cancels Government notification No. 1729L.R., dated the 19th February 1919.

No. 1328L.R.—The 6th February 1920.—Under the provisions of section 3(17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the undermentioned settlement kanungos are appointed to discharge, in the district of Jessore, as well as in that portion of the district of Faridpur which has been transferred to it by notification No. 2275L.R., dated the 18th November 1913, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, as modified by notification No. 3606Jur., dated the 28th March 1914, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st April 1914, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights.

1. Maulvi Ali Hossain.
2. Babu Kunja Behari Gupta.

No. 1422 L.R.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Harihar Banarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, employed as an Assistant Settlement Officer in the district of Midnapore, is appointed to be an Assistant Settlement Officer in the districts of Tippera and Noakhali, with effect from the date on which he may join his duties in Tippera and Noakhali.

**Midnapore.
Tippera and
Noakhali.**

No. 1423 L.R.—The 9th February 1920.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Harihar Banarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, is authorized to discharge, in the districts of Tippera and Noakhali, the functions of a Revenue Officer under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights.

**Tippera and
Noakhali.**

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer, under Chapter VI, Part I, of the Rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act in respect of the aforesaid areas.

**Certificate of
approval.**

No. 1365 L.R.—The 9th February 1920.—With reference to rule 7 of the Rules issued by the Government of India with their Resolution No. 7552—7581-121, dated the 15th September 1913, for regulating the grant by Local Governments of licenses to prospect for minerals and the grant of mining leases in British India, it is hereby certified that Messrs. N. C. Sircar and Sons of No. 7, Swallow Lane, Calcutta, are approved by the Government of Bengal as a fit and proper person to whom such licenses or leases can be granted in the Presidency of Bengal.

2. Under rule 8 of the aforesaid rules this certificate will expire at midnight on the 31st of December 1920.

No. 1238 L.A.—The 5th February 1920.—Babu Khirad Lal Mukharji, Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that district.

Hooghly.

No. 1246 L.A.—The 5th February 1920.—Babu Suresh Chandra Sen (11), Subdivisional Officer of Gopalganj, in the district of Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

Faridpur.

No. 1524 L.A.—The 10th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the establishment of a ferry service in connection with the Mymensingh-Serajganj Railway, passing through the undermentioned villages in the districts of Pabna and Mymensingh, notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council has authorised the Engineers of the Eastern Bengal Railway for the time being engaged on this undertaking to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required for the proper execution of their work as provided for or specified in the said section:—

**Pabna.
Mymensingh.**

Pabna District.

Ondoka.
Chitalia.
Belta.
Mahadebpur.
Parneshka.
Hurkandi.
Bera.
Manikdair.
Jamerkhoksa.
Parkhuksa.
Chatianlali.
Jagernathpur.
Natipara.

Mymensingh District

Damodarpur.
Nij Ghuncha.
Subarnkhali.
Rashpal.
Pingna.
Radhanagar.
Sonamui.
Sakharia.
Nalin Bazar.
Jagatpura.
Digrichur.
Beltapara.
Narchi.
Gopalganj.
Bantaipara.

No. 1331 Agri.—The 6th February 1920.—The following schedule of normal rates of prices of cheapest rice in Bengal for the quinquennial period ending December 1919, prepared by the Director of Agriculture, is published for general information, as directed in section 4 (3) of the Bengal Famine Code, revised edition of 1913.

Schedule of normal rates of prices (number of seers for a rupee) of cheapest rice in Bengal, as deduced from prices current in the five years ending 31st December 1919.

Prepared by the Department of Agriculture, Bengal, from returns furnished by District Officers, with reference to section 4 (3) of the Revised Bengal Famine Code of 1913.

N.B.—Both the years 1918 and 1919 being abnormal have been left out of account and the returns for years 1913 and 1914 have been utilised in the preparation of this schedule under section 4 (3) of the Code.

Schedule of normal rates of prices (number of seers for a rupee) of cheapest rice in Bengal.

District and mart	CHEAPEST RICE.											
	For last day or last market day of January.			For last day or last market day of April.			For last day or last market day of July.			For last day or last market day of October.		
	Normal rate.	20 per cent. above normal rate.	40 per cent. above normal rate.	Normal rate.	20 per cent. above normal rate.	40 per cent. above normal rate.	Normal rate.	20 per cent. above normal rate.	40 per cent. above normal rate.	Normal rate.	20 per cent. above normal rate.	40 per cent. above normal rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Burdwan ... { Burdwan ...	10	8	7	9	8	8	9	8	8	9	8	8
... { Kulin ...	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Birbhum ... { Suri ...	9	8	6	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
... { Rampur Hat ...	9	8	6	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Bankura ... { Bankura ...	10	8	7	10	8	7	9	8	6	10	8	7
... { Vishnupur ...	10	8	7	10	8	7	9	8	6	10	8	7
Midnapore ... { Midnapore ...	10	8	7	9	8	7	8	7	6	8	7	6
... { Contai ...	11	9	8	10	8	7	9	8	6	9	8	6
Hooghly ... { Hooghly ...	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
... { Arambagh ...	9	8	6	10	8	7	9	8	6	9	8	6
Howrah ... { Howrah ...	8	7	6	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
... { Ulubatia ...	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Calcutta ... { Ballaghata ...	9	7	6	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
24 Parganas ... { Chetla Hat ...	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
... { Magra Hat ...	9	8	6	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Nadia ... { Goria ...	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
... { Ranaghat ...	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Marshallabad ... { Berhampore ...	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
... { Kandi ...	10	8	7	9	8	6	9	8	6	10	8	7
... { Jangipor ...	10	8	7	10	8	7	9	8	6	9	8	6
Jessore ... { Jessore ...	9	8	6	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
... { Bangoon ...	9	8	6	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Khulna ... { Khulna ...	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
... { Bagerhat ...	9	8	6	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Rajshahi ... { Rampur Boalia ...	8	7	6	8	7	6	7	6	5	7	6	5
... { Natore ...	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Dinapur ... { Railway Bazar Hat ...	9	8	6	9	8	6	8	7	6	9	8	6
Jalpaiguri ... { Jalpaiguri ...	9	8	6	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Rangpur ... { Rangpur ...	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
... { Nijampur ...	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Bogra ... { Bogra ...	9	8	6	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Pabna ... { Pabna ...	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
... { Sirajganj ...	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Malda ... { Malda ...	9	8	6	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
... { Talis Nawaiganj ...	9	8	6	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Darjeeling ... { Darjeeling ...	7	6	5	7	6	5	7	6	5	7	6	5
... { Siliguri ...	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
Dacca ... { Dacca ...	9	8	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6
... { Munshir Hat ...	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6	8	7	6

District and mart.		CHEAPEST RICE.											
		For last day or last market day of January.			For last day or last market day of April.			For last day or last market day of July.			For last day or last market day of October.		
		Normal rate.	20 per cent. above normal rate.	40 per cent. above normal rate.	Normal rate.	20 per cent. above normal rate.	40 per cent. above normal rate.	Normal rate.	20 per cent. above normal rate.	40 per cent. above normal rate.	Normal rate.	20 per cent. above normal rate.	40 per cent. above normal rate.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Mymensingh	{ Nasirabad Netrakona	5 8	7 7	8 8	5 8	7 7	8 8	5 4	8 6	9 8	7 7	8 8	9 9
Rangpur	{ Rajshahi Rajshahi	5 8	7 7	8 8	5 8	7 7	8 8	5 8	8 7	9 8	7 7	8 7	9 8
Barisal	{ Barisal Pirojpur	5 8	7 7	8 8	5 8	7 7	8 8	5 7	8 8	9 8	7 7	8 8	9 9
Tippur	{ Gomilla Chandpur	5 9	7 8	8 8	5 8	7 7	8 8	5 8	8 7	9 8	7 8	8 7	9 8
Noakhali	{ Kalitara Hat Feni Hat	9 10	8 8	8 7	8 8	7 7	8 8	9 10	8 8	9 7	8 9	7 8	8 8
Chittagong	{ Chittagong Cox's Bazar	9 9	8 8	8 8	9 9	8 8	8 8	9 9	8 8	9 8	8 8	7 7	8 8
Chittagong Tracts	Hill Rangamati	5	7	8	8	7	8	5	7	8	9	8	8

No. 1454 L.A.—The 9th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for a brickfield at Panchra, on the Ondal-Sainthia Chord Railway, in the village of Ranipathor, pargana Shahalumpur, zilla Birbhum, it is hereby notified that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 27·89 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Mahim Chandra Chatterji, Bagal Ghose, Bhola Nath Banerji, Thakomani Debi, Harish Ghosal, Bhagaban Chatterji, Chandra Bhusan Chatterji, Bireswar Banerji, Bomkesh Chatterji, Karuna Sindhu Chatterji, Durga Das Banerji and the *Khash Nata* of the Hetampur Raj.

East—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company.

South—By the lands of Nrisinga Banerji, Binda Dasi, Giri Ghosh, Nageswar Chatterji, Sideswar Ghosh, Bhudhar Ghose, Manoda Dasi, Bhagaban Chatterji, Nagai Ghosh, Kali Pal, Bhusan Chatterji, Mukunda Keot and Krista Ghosh.

West—By the lands of Krista Ghosh, Bhusan Chatterji, Nrisinga Banerji, Nagai Ghosh, Abinash Sarker and Mohim Chandra Chatterji.

is likely to be required within the aforesaid village of Ranipathor.

This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1367 L.A.—The 7th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chittagong District Board for a public purpose, viz., for the diversion of a chera under bridge No. 3, on Arrakan Road, section I, in the villages of Nalanda and Pancharia, thana Patiya, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above

purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 0·33 of an acre, bounded on the—

PLOT I.

North—By cadastral survey plot No. 435,

East—By remaining portion of cadastral survey plots Nos. 192, 193 and cadastral survey plot No. 435,

South—By cadastral survey plot No. 435,

West—By remaining portion of cadastral survey plots Nos. 196, 194, 193, 192, 191 and 182.

PLOT II.

North, West and South—By cadastral survey plot No. 435,

East—By remaining portion of cadastral survey plots Nos. 2466, 2467 and 2468,

are required within the aforesaid villages of Nalanda and Pancharia.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1370 L.A.—The 7th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the

Malda.

Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Malda for a public purpose, *viz.*, for Katua Road diversion at miles 7th and 8th, in mouzas Lokhra and Gobarjana, pargana Rukonpur, and at miles 13th and 14th in mouzas Baharal, Balarampur, Raghabbati, Banamail and Bakhra, pargana Makrain, zilla Malda, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 18·757 acres, bounded on the—

I.—AT MILES 7TH AND 8TH.

(Area 6·016 acres).

North—By the lands of Dulal Tanti, Gopi Nath Jha, Sangsar Jha, Tufani Gope, Patanu Siltar and Joy Gobinda Chaudhuri, *khas patit* land, and the lands of Iswar Mondal, Vadu Mandal, Jogindra Nath Jha, Radhika Prasanna Kuar, Joy Gobinda Chaudhuri and Jagadish Kuar,

South—By the lands of Dulal Tanti, Gopi Nath Jha and Sangsar Jha, *khas patit* land, the lands of Patanu Siltar, Madhab Chandra Goswami, Jhumak Muchi and Chamaru and Khantari Manjhi, village road, and the lands of Gopal Chaukidar, Vadu Mondal, Jagadish Kuar, Radhika Prasanna Kuar, Haribol Mondal, Jagadish Kuar, Joy Gobinda Chaudhuri and Gopi Nath Jha,

East and West—By District Board Road;

II.—AT MILES 13TH AND 14TH.

(Area 12·741 acres).

North—By the lands of Vikhan Chaudhuri, Besar Muchi, Ghinu Nathab, Lakhi Nathab, Kachali Karmokar, Besar Mistri, Bisarath Chaudhuri, Amir Box, Gobardhan Das, Kashi Nath Saha, Hrishsikesh Das, Baneswar Das and Hukum Chand Das, *khas patit* land, the lands of Sangsar Das, Garjoo Das, Prayag Lal Singh, Sreerup Das, Gaur Chandra Das, Hukum Chand Das, Jagadurday Das, Raghunath Das, Enait Nathab, Hrishikesh Das, Garjoo Das, Bibi Hasena Banu and Abdul Aziz Mondal, *khas patit* land and the lands of Khorikulha, Mahamdu Momin, Aghori Momin, Mathu Momin and Samiruddin Momin,

South—By the lands of Ibrahim Khan and others, Vikhan Chaudhuri, Madhu Saha, Bisarath Chaudhuri, Ibrahim Khan and others, Amir Box, Kashi Nath Saha, Baneswar Das, Hukam Chand Das, Gadadhar Lal Singh, Sangsar Das, Mohammad Isuff Khan, Garjoo Das, Baneswar Das, Sreerup Das, Kadambini Das, Baneswar Das, Sreerup Das, Jugeswar Das, Ratikanta Das, Raghunath Das, Panchkori Das, Ibrahim Khan and others, Garjoo Das, Bibi Hasena Banu, Abdul Aziz Mondal, Ibrahim Khan and others, Vadui Mondal, Kharikulla and Gaur Chandra Das, and village road.

East and West—By District Board road,

are required within the aforesaid mouzas of Lokhra, Gobarjana, Baharal, Balarampur, Raghabbati, Banamail and Bakhra.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Malda.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1373 L.A.—The 7th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Corporation for a public purpose, viz., for improving the corners at the junction of College Street, Bowbazar Street and Wellington Street, in the town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose 1 piece of land altogether measuring, more or less, '0391 of an acre, bounded on the—

PLOT No. 1:

North—By Bowbazar Street;

East and South—By the remaining portion of premises No. 81, Bowbazar Street.

West—By Wellington Street;

PLOT No. 2:

North and East—By the remaining portion of premises No. 212, Bowbazar Street.

South—By Bowbazar Street.

West—By College Street;

PLOT No. 3:

North and West—By the remaining portion of premises Nos. 213, Bowbazar Street and 115, College Street.

South—By Bowbazar Street.

East—By College Street;

PLOT No. 4:

North—By Bow Bazar Street;

East—By Wellington Street.

South and West—By the remaining portion of premises No. 1, Wellington Street.

are required within the aforesaid town of Calcutta

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, No. 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1376 L.A.—The 7th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Burdwan for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a diversion road from Kaksa to Sowai, in the villages of Kaksa and Sowai, pargana Silampur, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1·78 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Rai Pulin Behari Singh Bahadur, Harimati Debi, Rammoy Mukherjee, Devendra Chatterjee, Khudiram Kuar, Bhasani Debi, Durgadas Mukherjee, Dukhabaran Chatterjee, drain, the lands of Dukhabaran Chatterjee, Durgadas Mukherjee, Kedar Mukherjee, Rammoy, Mukherjee, Amarendra Mukherjee, Kedar Mukherjee, Kamada Mukherjee, Kedar Mukherjee, Kamada Mukherjee, Kedar Mukherjee, Satish Mandal, Rai Pulin Behari Singh Bahadur, Kamada Mukherjee, Abdul Jabbar, Kunja Show, Satish Mandal, Jogendra Garai, Upendra Chakravarty, Satish Mandal, Jogendra Gorai and Kamala Kumud Mukherjee.

East—By Kaksa to Sowai existing road,

South—By the lands of Harimati Debi, Rammoy Mukherjee, Devendra Chatterjee, Khudiram Kuar, Bhasani Debi, Durga Das Mukherji, Dukhabaran Chatterjee, drain, the lands of Dukhabaran Chatterjee, Durgadas Mukherjee, Kedar Mukherjee, Rammoy Mukherjee, Amarendra Mukherjee, Kedar Mukherjee, Kamada Mukherjee, Kedar Mukherjee, Kamada Mukherjee, Kedar Mukherjee, Satish Mandal, Rai Pulin Behari Singh Bahadur, Kamada Mukherjee, Abdul Jabbar, Satish Mandal, Jogendra Gorai, Upendra Chakravarty, Satish Mandal and Jogendra Gorai.

West—By the existing road to Kaksa from Sowai,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Kaksa and Sowai.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act 1 of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Burdwan.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1379 L.A.—The 7th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Patuakhali Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of a supply tank of the water-works at Patuakhali in the village of Kalikapur, pargana Aurangpur, zilla Bakarganj, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose, two pieces of lands, Blocks P and R, altogether measuring, more or less, 1·415 acres, bounded on the—

BLOCK P.

North—By plot No. 3251, Babu Surendra Nath Chaudhury's land and plot No. 3252, Ashoke Ali, Bashokê Ali and Tajem Ali's land,

East—By plot No. 3249, Municipal reserved tank, parts of plots Nos. 3248, 3186, 3182 and plot No. 3188, Municipal acquired lands,

South—By parts of plots Nos. 3189, 3190 and 3248, Municipal acquired lands,

West—By plot No. 3247, Ahammed Naiya's land, parts of plots Nos. 3187 and 3189, Chand Molla's lands ;

BLOCK R.

North—By plot No. 3188 and part of plot No. 3183, Municipal acquired lands,

East—By part of plot No. 3182, Charubala Peshaker's bari,

South—By plot No. 3180, Krishnamani Baishatabi's bari, plot No. 3179, Malanch Baishatabi's bari, and part of plot No. 3178, land of Chand Molla,

West—By parts of plots Nos. 3182 and 3190, Municipal acquired lands,

are required within the aforesaid village of Kalikapur.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Patuakhali.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1457.—The 9th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the proposed post office buildings at Muragachha, in the village of Muragachha, pargana Umarpur, zilla Nadia, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 16 of an acre, bounded on the—

Nadia.

North—By a portion of Sribhusan Mukherji and others' Chowka Bagan and a portion of Binode Lal Mukherji and others' mango garden called Sarbamangala Bagan,

East—By a portion of Binode Lal Mukherji and others' mango garden called Sarbamangala Bagan and a portion of the private road leading to the Muragachha H. E. School,

South—By a portion of the private road leading to the Muragachha H. E. School and the public market yard.

West—By a portion of the public market yard and public road and a portion of Sribhusan Mukherji and others' Chowka Bagan,

is required within the aforesaid village of Muragachha.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Nadia.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1425 L.A.—The 9th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a brick-field, in the village of Gokulpur, pargana Dharendra, zilla Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose, a piece of land measuring, more or less, 18.80 acres, bounded on the—

Midnapore.

North—By village road,

East—By lands of Rajendra Ghose, Trailokya Maity, Bepin Pan, Kokil Santra, Titu Rana, Netai San, Jasoda Bewa, Kalachand Bera, Surya Kumar Misra, Matangini Debya and Swarnamoye Dasi,

South and West—By Public Works Department brick-field lands,

is required within the aforesaid village of Gokulpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Midnapore.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1446 L. 1.—The 9th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Dacca for a public purpose, viz., for construction of a fair weather road from Gheor to Daulatpur, passing south to north, through the villages of Bashudebbari, Charbailjuri and Bagunnarchi, parganas Sultanprotap, Sinduri, Sujabad Kutubpur and Mamudpur, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 1.92 acres, and varying from 20 to 30 feet in breadth, are required within the aforesaid villages of Bashudebbari, Charbailjuri and Bagunnarchi.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Manikganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1449 L. A.—The 9th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the New Civil Station at Alipur Duars, in the villages of Jitpur and Damanpur, pargana Buxa, zilla Jalpaiguri, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 221.41 acres, bounded on the—

North—By jote No. 157 of taluk Jitpur, road from Alipur to Buxa, jotes Nos. 171 and 638 of taluk Damanpur, land for Civil Subdivisional Officers' quarters and jotes Nos. 140 and 168 of taluk Damanpur,

East—By jotes Nos. 168, 169, 173, 172, 179, 193, 192, and 191 of taluk Damanpur, Old Haldibari Road, and jote No. 519 of taluk Damanpur,

South—By jotes Nos. 519 and 518 of taluk Damanpur, road from Alipur to Buxa and jote No. 649 of taluk Damanpur,

West—By jotes Nos. 649, 200, 647 and 2142 and khas plot No. 6 of taluk Damanpur, Alipur to Buxa Road and jote No. 157 of taluk Jitpur,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Jitpur and Damanpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Alipur, Jalpaiguri.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1531 L. A.—The 10th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a bulk petrol depôt, in the villages of Nandanpur and Chitragunge, pargana Belia,

zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1'064 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Durgadas Chakrabarty and Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta,

East—By the lands of Durgadas Chakrabarty and Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, and the Public Works Department embankment.

South and West—By the lands of Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta.

is required within the aforesaid villages of Nandanpur and Chitragunge.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Chief Engineer of the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION.

No. 1428 Regn.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Bir Singh Ray, District Sub-Registrar of Bankura, is appointed to be District Sub-Registrar of Howrah, *vice* Babu Nalin Chandra Chaturji, deceased.

No. 1430 Regn.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Surendra Gopal Mitra, District Sub-Registrar of Jessore, on leave, is appointed to be District Sub-Registrar of Bankura.

M. C. MCALPIN.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1240 Regn.—The 5th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Istamad Haidar to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-stations Srinagar and Serajdikhan in the district of Dacca.

This modifies notification No. 690J.D., dated the 15th October 1912, appointing Maulvi Istamad Haidar to be the Marriage Registrar of thana Srinagar.

No. 1242 Regn.—The 5th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Istamad Haidar to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-stations Srinagar and Serajdikhan, in the district of Dacca.

This modifies notification No. 691J.D., dated the 15th October 1912, appointing Maulvi Istamad Haidar to be the Kazi of thana Srinagar.

No. 1357 Regn.—The 7th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Enayet Karim temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-station Pabna, in the district of Pabna, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Muhammad Rahmatullah, or until further orders.

No. 1358 Regn.—The 7th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Muhammad Enayet Karim temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-station Pabna, in the district of Pabna, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Muhammad Rahmatullah, or until further orders.

M. C. MCALPIN.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 290Edn.—The 4th February 1920.—The Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the appointment substantively to the Indian Educational Service of Rai Kumudini Kanta Banarji Bahadur, Principal, Rajshahi College, in class I of the Provincial Educational Service, now on deputation as Inspector of Colleges under the Calcutta University.

No. 303Edn.—The 6th February 1920.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Dr. I. J. S. Taraporewala and Babu Muralidhar Banarji to be additional members of the Council of the Calcutta Sanskrit Association, *vice* the Hon'ble Sir J. Woodroffe, Kt., resigned, and Rai Rajendra Chandra Shastri Bahadur, deceased, for the remaining period of the term of three years, prescribed under Government Resolution No. 142Edn., dated the 21st January 1918.

No. 308Edn.—The 7th February 1920.—Babu Muralidhar Banarji, Professor, Sanskrit College, Calcutta, in class II of the Provincial Educational Service, is appointed to act as Principal of the college, during the absence, on leave, of Mahamahopadhyaya Satish Chandra Acharji Vidyabhushan, or until further orders.

No. 310Edn.—The 7th February 1920.—In partial supersession of notification No. 4172, dated the 3rd August 1912, it is hereby notified for general information that, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of a Board to control the final "B" class examination in the province of Bengal:—

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| (1) The Director of Public Instruction | ... | President. |
| (2) The Principal, Civil Engineering College, Sibpur | ... .. | Secretary to the Board. |
| (3) The Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division | } | Members. |
| (4) The Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division or any representative deputed by him for the purpose | | |
| (5) The Superintendent of Industries and Inspector of Technical and Industrial Institutions, Bengal | | |

No. 314Edn.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Hem Chandra Sarkar, Assistant Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division, in class III of the Provincial Educational Service, is appointed to be a Second Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, *vice* Kham Sahib Maulvi Abdul Aziz, retired.

No. 30Eccl.—The 9th February 1920.—The Reverend W. H. Drawbridge, M.A., is appointed to be additional Chaplain of St. John's Church, Calcutta, with effect from the 20th January 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may take over charge of his duties.

No. 33Eccl.—The 9th February 1920.—The Reverend P. E. Lee is appointed to be Junior Chaplain of St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, and Chaplain of the Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from the 23rd January 1920, or any subsequent date on which he took over charge of his duties.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATION.**

No. 2370F., dated the 10th February 1920.

Copy of a letter No. 2371F., dated the 10th February 1920. to the Accountant-General, Bengal.

In continuation of Government order No. 504F., dated the 12th January 1920, I am directed to convey the sanction of Government to the grant of grain compensation allowance of Re. 1 a month, for the month of December 1919, to all whole-time servants under this Government on the civil establishment drawing Rs. 12 or less per month. These orders will apply to all the districts of Bengal in which the cheapest common rice was dearer than 10 seers a rupee, including the Chittagong Hill Tracts, where the price was dearer than 7 seers the rupee, during the month.

A. MARR.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

No. 498Com.—The 5th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 11 of the Bengal Mining Settlements Act, 1912 (Bengal Act II of 1912), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following rule shall be substituted for rule 35 (2) of the rules published under notification No. 4100, dated the 19th August 1913, at pages 1317-26 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 20th August 1913, as amended by notification No. 4176Com., dated the 2nd September 1918, namely :—

35. (2) In the whole or in any specified part of the mining settlement in which the Board maintains or has approved public burning-ghats or burial-grounds, the Board may, by general or special order, direct that—

- (1) No person shall convey a corpse or part of a corpse along any road unless it is decently covered and totally concealed from view.
- (2) No person while conveying a corpse shall, except for the purpose of ordinary relief or for a religious purpose, deposit it on or near any road.
- (3) No person shall, without the general or special permission of the Chairman or, in his absence, two members of the Mines Board of Health, dispose of any corpse otherwise than by burying or burning it at a place maintained or approved by the Mines Board of Health for such purpose.
- (4) No person shall in any burial-ground bury or cause to be buried any corpse in a grave not constructed of masonry, unless the top of the coffin or (if no coffin be used) the corpse is placed at least four feet below the surface.
- (5) No person shall in any burial-ground bury or cause to be buried any corpse in a grave not constructed of masonry unless the grave is at least four feet deep.
- (6) No person shall build, or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in a burial-ground at a distance of less than three feet from any other existing grave.
- (7) No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another corpse without the general or special permission of the Mines Board of Health.
- (8) Any person burning or causing to be burnt any corpse at any burning-ground or burning-ghat shall cause the corpse and the clothes and other articles brought with it to be reduced completely to ashes.
- (9) Any person who conveys or causes to be conveyed any corpse to any burning-ground or burning-ghat shall burn the same or cause it to be burnt within six hours after its arrival at such ground or ghat.

No. 551Com.—The 9th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (7) of section 4 of the Indian Non-ferrous Metal Industry Act, 1918 (XVII of 1918), the Governor in Council is pleased to notify that a licence has been granted under sub-section (3) of that section to Messrs. Herbert Whitworth, Limited, Calcutta, to carry on the business of winning, extracting, smelting, dressing, refining or dealing by way of wholesale trade in copper, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.

A. MARR,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 289Medl.—The 9th February 1920.—Lt. Col. F. O'Kincaly, I.M.S., Surgeon-Suptd., Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, has been granted by the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave for one month.

No. 291Medl.—The 9th February 1920.—On return from military duty 2nd class Military Assistant Surgeon A. D. Campbell is appointed to be an Apothecary at the Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from the 30th January 1920.

No. 293Medl.—The 9th February 1920.—On return from military duty 1st class Military Assistant Surgeon C. G. deGruyther is appointed to be an Apothecary at the Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from the 30th January 1920.

A. MARR,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1467A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1258A.—The 3rd February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Srish Chandra Maulik the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Malda, for a period of three years from the 15th February 1920, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Nawabganj bench in the said district.

No. 1328A.—The 5th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Mr. J. D. Patterson the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Naibati bench in the said district.

No. 1331A.—The 5th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and

(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Garden Reach bench in the said district :—

Mr. F. W. Hockly. | Babu Adya Nath Chatarji.
Mr. Unsuddowlah.

In exercise of the power conferred by the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the Governor in Council is further pleased to direct Mr. Unsuddowlah to take down evidence in the English language.

POWERS.

No. 1274A.—The 4th February 1920.—Babu Indu Shekhar Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate, Jessore, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 1377A.—The 7th February 1920.—Mr T. M. Dow, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 1381A.—The 7th February 1920.—Babu Madhu Sudan Das, Deputy Magistrate, Mymensingh, is vested with powers under sections 186, 190 (1) (c) and 524 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 515J.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Kishari Lal Chatarji, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as Munsif in the district of Chittagong, to be ordinarily stationed at Patiya, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Sarada Prasad Dutta, or until further orders.

No. 519J.—The 10th February 1920.—Mr. Alexander Kinney, Barrister-at-law, substantive *pro tempore* Administrator-General and Official Trustee, Bengal, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 7th February 1920, *vice* Mr. C. F. Grey, retired.

No. 521J.—The 10th February 1920.—Mr. C. C. Morgan, substantively *pro tempore* Deputy Administrator-General and Deputy Official Trustee, Bengal, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 7th February 1920.

LEAVE.

No. 507J.—The 23rd January 1920.—Babu Tara Prasanna Chatarji, Munsif of Patiya, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed leave for thirty days, under article 272 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 12th February 1920.

No. 508J.—The 29th January 1920.—Babu Kshirada Ranjan Dhar, Munsif of Dinajpur, is allowed leave for nine days, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him, under the orders of the 13th January 1920.

No. 509J.—The 30th January 1920.—Babu Kshitish Chandra Chatarji, Munsif of Munshiganj, in the district of Dacca, is allowed leave for fifty-three days, under articles 260 and 275 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th February 1920.

No. 510J.—The 30th January 1920.—Babu Sarada Prasad Datta, Munsif of Patiya, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed leave for twenty-four days, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th February 1920.

No. 511J.—The 30th January 1920.—The order dated the 14th January 1920, granting privilege leave for fifteen days to Babu Shashi Shekhar Ghosh, Munsif of Jessore, with effect from the 28th January 1920, is cancelled.

No. 512J.—The 31st January 1920.—Babu Hem Chandra Mitra, Munsif of Burdwan, is allowed leave for thirty days, namely, six days under article 274 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the remaining period under article 271 of the same Regulations,

with effect from the 2nd January 1920, in modification of the orders of the 19th December 1919, granting him leave.

No. 493.J.—The 5th February 1920.—Babu Nagendra Nath Ghosh, Subordinate Judge of Bakarganj, is allowed leave up to the 31st January 1920, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave already granted to him under the orders of the 19th January 1920.

POWERS.

No. 513.J.—The 10th February 1920.—Babu Jamini Kishor Ray, Munsif of Chandpur, in the district of Tippera, is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, subsection (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Chandpur Munsifi. He is also vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153 (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.

G. N. Roy,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

POLICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 571P.J.—The 9th February 1920.—Whereas the Governor in Council has reason to believe that the members of a gang of dacoits and thieves, ordinarily residing in the jurisdiction of police-station Parbatipur, in the district of Dinajpur, and commonly known as Jarip Fakir's gang, are addicted to the systematic commission of non-bailable offences:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council, in exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), hereby declares the said gang to be a criminal tribe for the purposes of that Act.

No. 572P.J.—The 9th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), the Governor in Council hereby directs that every registered member of Jarip Fakir's gang, which has been declared by notification No. 571P.J., dated the 9th February 1920, to be a criminal tribe, shall, in the prescribed manner, report himself at fixed intervals and notify his place of residence and any change or intended change of residence and any absence or intended absence from his residence.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 5th February 1920.

No. 9.—Mr. W. J. Kerr, Executive Engineer, Dacca Division, is granted combined leave for nine months under article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, viz., ordinary privilege leave for three months under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, additional privilege leave for three months under Government of India, Finance Department order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, furlough on average salary for two months under Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1514 C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919, and furlough on half average salary for one month under article 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 3rd February 1920 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 10.—Rai Sahib Ashu Tosh Guha, Sub-Engineer, first grade, and honorary Assistant Engineer, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of the Executive Engineer, Dacca Division, during the absence on combined leave of Mr. W. J. Kerr, Executive Engineer, or until further orders.

C. P. WALSH,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

The 9th February 1920.

No. 4 — Notification.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (Bengal Act V of 1875), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Debendra Nath Bose, Deputy Collector, to be a Deputy Collector for the purpose of causing to be erected permanent boundary marks under section 15 of the said Act on that portion of the Government lands known as the Tolly's Nullah surplus land which has been surveyed under the said Act as directed by notifications Nos. 121T. M. and 122T.M., dated 29th April 1912 (published at page 76 of Part 1B of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st May 1912), and No. 7, dated 18th June 1912 (published at page 1034 of Part 1 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th June 1912), as amended under notifications Nos. 2 and 8, dated the 8th February 1913 and 28th July 1913, respectively (published at pages 247 and 1191 of Part 1 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th February and 30th July 1913, respectively).

F. A. A. COWLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The 5th February 1920.

No. 15 Marine.—Mr. F. Lungley, Senior Master Pilot, is granted privilege leave for two months, under article 676 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 25th January 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

C. B. BAYLEY,
Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 5th February 1920.

No. 16 Marine.—Mr. G. S. Scooby, Junior Master Pilot, is promoted to be acting Senior Master Pilot with effect from the 19th February 1920.

C. B. BAYLEY,
Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

SUBORDINATE CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 1468A.

No. 1388A.—The 7th February 1920.—Babu Kul Bahadur Pradhan, Sub-Deputy Collector, Alipur, Jalpaiguri, is allowed leave for one month, viz., privilege leave for two days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 2nd January 1920, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period, under article 336 of the Regulations.

No. 1397A.—The 7th February 1920.—Maulvi Shaikh Abdullah, No. 11, **Nadia.** probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, Nadia, is allowed leave without allowance for two months and sixteen days, under article 242 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 28th January 1920.

No. 1406A.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Bireswar Sanyal, Sub-Deputy Collector, **Burdwan Divn.** Burdwan Division, is allowed leave for five months and twenty four days, viz., privilege leave for two months and twenty-four days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it, and additional privilege leave for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919.

No. 1408A.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Kali Charan Mukharji, Sub-Deputy Collector, **Bakarganj.** Patuakhali, Bakarganj, is allowed leave for two months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 53.—The 4th February 1920.—Babu Suresh Chandra Rai, **Bogra.** **Dacca.** Sdar Joint Sub-Registrar of Bogra at Madla, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Ghior, in the district of Dacca.

This cancels this department notification No. 47, dated the 29th January 1920, transferring him to Madarganj in Mymensingh.

No. 54.—The 5th February 1920.—Babu Jatindra Nath Ray, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of **Jessore.** Jessore is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Salkhya in the same district, with effect from the 19th January 1920, *vice* Babu Jatindra Nath Majumdar, on leave.

No. 55.—The 5th February 1920.—Babu Birendra Krishna Basu, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of **24-Parganas.** Alipore, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Baruipur, in the district of the 24-Parganas, with effect from the 3rd January 1920, during the absence on deputation of Babu Ashutosh Sarkar, to act as District Sub-Registrar of Alipore.

No. 56.—The 5th February 1920.—Babu Kanti Chandra Pal, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of **Midnapore.** Midnapore, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Joint Sub-Registrar of Danton at Mohanpur in the same district, with effect from the 2nd January 1920.

No. 57.—The 6th February 1920.—Maulvi Saiyid Abdur Rauf, Sub-Registrar of **Jessore.** **Bogra.** Magura, in the district of Jessore, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Khanjanpur in the district of Bogra.

No. 58.—The 6th February 1920.—Maulvi Fazl-ul-Karim, Sub-Registrar of **Jessore.** Keshabpur, in the district of Jessore (on leave), is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Magura in the same district.

No. 59.—The 6th February 1920.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Mukharji, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Barisal, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Barhanuddin Havildar's Hat in the district of Bakarganj, with effect from the 2nd January 1920.

No. 60.—The 7th February 1920.—Maulvi Mir Mufazzal Hussain, probationer, of Dacca, acted as Second Joint Sub-Registrar of Munshiganj, at Rajabari, in the district of Dacca, from the 6th to 20th January 1920.

No. 61.—The 7th February 1920.—Maulvi Rukunuddin Khan, Sub-Registrar of Ghior, in the district of Dacca, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Srinagar, in the same district, with effect from the afternoon of the 12th January 1920.

No. 62.—The 7th February 1920.—Babu Sachindra Nath Ghosh, Sub-Registrar, grade IV, of Calcutta, is appointed to act until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Dhaniakhali, in the district of Hooghly, with effect from the 29th January 1920, *vice* Babu Akhil Chandra Ghosh, on leave.

No. 63.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Umesh Chandra De, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Mymensingh, is allowed leave on medical certificate for three months, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 512, dated the 21st November 1919.

No. 64.—The 9th February 1920.—Maulvi Khundkar Abdul Bari, Sub-Registrar of Shibganj, in the district of Bogra, is allowed combined leave for one month with effect from the 6th January 1920, *viz.*, privilege leave for six days under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 65.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Surendra Nath Sen, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Dinaipur, is appointed to act until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Shibganj, in the district of Bogra, with effect from the 6th January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Khundkar Abdul Bari, on leave.

No. 66.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Bhupendra Nath Gupta, officiating Sub-Registrar of Rampal, in the district of Khulna, is allowed leave for 60 days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 2nd January 1920.

No. 67.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Atul Krishna Banarji, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Calcutta, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Rampal, in the district of Khulna, with effect from the 2nd January 1920, *vice* Babu Bhupendra Nath Gupta, on leave.

No. 68.—The 9th February 1920.—Maulvi Hamiduddin Ahmad, Sub-Registrar of Kaliachak, in the district of Malda, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 13th January 1920.

No. 69.—The 9th February 1920.—Babu Sasadhar Pramanik, probationer, of Rajshahi, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Kaliachak, in the district of Malda, with effect from the 17th January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Hamiduddin Ahmad, on leave.

A. ISLAM,
Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2059, dated Calcutta, the 5th February 1920.—Lt.-Col. E. R. Parry, I.M.S., took over charge of the Dacca Central Jail from Mr. M. Leach, M.B.E., on the forenoon of the 26th January 1920.

F. S. C. THOMPSON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,
Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

CIVIL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1689, dated Calcutta, the 2nd February 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Dhruba Mohan Chatarji is granted privilege leave for ten days, under article 242(a) of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the one month's privilege leave already granted to him in notification No. 116, dated the 5th January 1920.

No. 1883, dated Calcutta, the 6th February 1920—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Jatindra Sankar Ray is placed on supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from the 3rd February 1920, until further orders.

● *No. 1974, dated Calcutta, the 9th February 1920.*—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Krishnadhan Sinha is placed on supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from the 1st February 1920, until further orders.

W. H. B. ROBINSON,
Surgeon-Genl. with the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTICE.

THE next qualifying examination of Dressers will be held at the Mymensingh Sadar Hospital on Thursday, the 12th February 1920, at 8 A.M. A fee of Rs. 2 shall have to be paid by each candidate. The examination committee will consist of the Civil Surgeon, Mymensingh, as President, and Assistant Surgeon attached to the Sadar Dispensary, and Teacher, Compounder class, as members.

J. N. MITRA, for Civil Surgeon

MYMENSINGH, the 20th January 1920.

TREASURY NOTICES.

MOULVI LEHAZUDDIN AHAMED, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jalpaiguri, has been placed in the executive charge of Jalpaiguri treasury, with effect from the forenoon of the 24th January 1920, in place of Babu Jogendra Lal Nandy, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

F. W. STRONG, Deputy Commissioner.

JALPAIGURI TREASURY, the 24th January 1920.

It is hereby notified that Babu Mohendra Nath Kundu, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Midnapore treasury from the 30th of January 1920, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

A. W. COOK, Collector.

● MIDNAPORE COLLECTORATE, the 3rd February 1920.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.**ENGLISH DEPARTMENT—CIVIL.***The 3rd February 1920.*

No. 962A.—Babu Narendra Nath Lahiri, officiating Subordinate Judge of Bakarganj, is appointed to be a District Delegate under section 235A of the Indian Succession Act, 1865 (X of 1865) and section 52 of the Probate and Administration Act, 1881 (V of 1881), within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of the District Judge of Bakarganj.

By order of the High Court,

A. A. PATTERSON,
Offg. Registrar.

CIVIL.*The 6th February 1920.*

No. 1065A.—Babu Nirod Krishna Ray, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, exercising the powers of a Subordinate Judge at Darjeeling, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Sadar subdivision of the Darjeeling district.

No. 1039A.—Babu Gyanendra Mohan Das, Officiating Subordinate Judge, under orders of transfer to Birbhum, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of ~~suits~~ cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Suri Munsiff.

By order of the High Court,

A. A. PATTERSON,
Offg. Registrar.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT—CIVIL.*The 9th February 1920.***ERRATTA.**

No. 1095A.—In notification No. 6944A., dated the 30th December 1919, published at page 16, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 7th January 1920, in line 5, read "Sealdah Munsifi" for "Alipore Munsifi".

No. 1115A.—In notification No. 741A., dated the 23rd January 1920, published at page 242, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* dated the 4th February 1920, in line 1, read "Babu Tej Chandra Mukharji" for "Babu Tej Chandra Mitra."

By order of the High Court,

A. A. PATTERSON,
Offg. Registrar.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.**SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.***The 4th February 1920.*

No. 127A.—Maulvi Syed Zahiruddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Midnapore (class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service), is granted leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months and fifteen days, with effect from the 2nd January 1920 or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 128A.—Maulvi Farbad Ali is appointed to act temporarily as Sub-Inspector of Schools, (Maktabas) in the district of Midnapore, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Syed Zahiruddin Ahmed, on leave, or until further orders.

No. 129A.—Babu Suresh Chandra Neogi, officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, South Sadar, Howrah, is granted leave under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations for one month, with effect from 3rd January 1920.

No. 130A.—Babu Tarak Chandra Das Gupta, Assistant Sub-Inspector of Schools, Uluberia (class IV, Lower Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Howrah and in class VIII, Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Abdur Rouf, on deputation to the David Hare Training College.

No. 131A.—Cancelled.

No. 132A.—Babu Pramatha Nath Ganguli, B.A., is appointed temporarily to act as a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Hooghly, in class VIII, Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Sanjib Chandra Bose, on deputation.

No. 133A.—An exchange of appointment, is sanctioned between—

- (1) Maulvi Jannaluddin Ahmed (class VI of Subordinate Educational Service), Arabic and Persian teacher of the Chittagong Collegiate School
- and
- (2) Maulvi Muhammad Elahdat Khan (class VI of Subordinate Educational Service), Persian teacher of the Government High School, Darjeeling.

No. 134A.—Babu Bakkeswar Mitra, clerk, office of the Inspector of European Schools, Bengal (class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service), is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for the period from the 7th January 1920 to 28th February 1920.

(a) He is also permitted to affix Sunday, the 29th February 1920, to his leave in terms of article 220 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 135A.—Babu Nanda Dulal Roy, clerk, office of the Inspector of European Schools, Bengal (class I of the Lower Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as a clerk in the same office and in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Bakkeswar Mitra.

No. 136A.—Miss Swarnaprava Das Gupta is confirmed in her appointment as assistant head mistress, Dr. Khastagir's High School, Chittagong, and in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 16th April 1919.

The 5th February 1920.

No. 137A.—Babu Benoy Bhusan Datta is appointed temporarily to be junior survey lecturer in the Dacca School of Engineering, on a salary of Rs. 50 per month, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, *vice* Babu Ram Gati Datta, on deputation, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment.

No. 138A.—Babu Sasadhar Banerjee, B.A., Sub-Inspector of Schools, Boalia, first circle (on leave), in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to be assistant master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Ram Kamal Thakur, retired.

No. 139A.—Moulvi Abdus Samad, assistant master, Bogra Zilla School, and now officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Boalia second circle, is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Boalia first circle and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, *vice* Babu Sasadhar Banerjee, transferred.

No. 140A.—The following revised orders are issued in partial modification of this office notification No. 412A, dated the 31st October 1919.

Moulvi Musharraf Hossain, B.A., B.T., Deputy Inspector of Schools, Nadia (class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service), is allowed leave of absence for five months and twenty days, viz., ordinary privilege leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, with effect from the afternoon of the 5th November 1919, and special privilege leave under the Government of Bengal, Financial Department, order No. 2250F., dated the 7th March 1919, for the remaining period.

No. 141A.—Babu Mohini Mohan Bhattacharji, B.A., officiating assistant master in the Rajshahi Collegiate School, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is confirmed in his present appointment and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, *vice* Babu Pramatha Nath Roy, retired.

No. 142A.—Babu Pramila Sundar Banerjee, M.A., now officiating assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School, is appointed to act temporarily as assistant master in the same institution, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Nibaran Chandra Ghosh, or until further orders.

The 9th February 1920.

No. 143A.—Babu Tarak Das Banerjee, B.A., is appointed to act temporarily as a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Bankura, in class VIII, Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Anadi Nath Roy, on deputation, or until further orders.

No. 144A.—Babu Atulya Chandra Sen, B.A., an assistant master, Hooghly Branch School (class III, Lower Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act temporarily in class VIII, Subordinate Educational Service on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from 6th January 1920, *vice* Babu Sarat Chandra Banerjee, on deputation.

No. 145A.—Maulvi Mahammad Khatab Molla, B.A., is appointed to probation for one year to be an assistant master in the Barrackpore Government School and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Mahammad Muzammal Haque, transferred.

This cancels this office notification No. 354A., dated the 13th October 1919, appointing Maulvi Moklesur Rahman, B.A., to be an assistant master of the Barrackpore Government School and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE AND SALT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 56Exc.—The 3rd February 1920.—Mr. P. M. Pogose, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Midnapore, is granted leave for twenty-one days, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 24th December 1919.

No. 57Exc.—The 4th February 1920.—Moulvi Syed Ahmed Hossain, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, is allowed extension of leave for nine days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in continuation of the leave already granted to him in this office notification No. 50Exc., dated the 9th January 1920.

S. C. MUKERJEE,

Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

FOREST DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.**NOTIFICATION.**

No. 1 For.—The 23rd January 1920.—Mr. J. M. Cowan, Assistant Conservator of Forests, in charge of South Borojbar range, Buxa division, is transferred to the Chittagong division as Working Plan officer with headquarters at Chittagong.

H. A. FARRINGTON,
Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.**NOTIFICATION.**

No. 367 J.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be non-official visitors of the Bogra Jail for a period of two years :—

1. Khan Bahadur Hafizar Rahaman Chaudhuri.
2. Babu Purna Chandra Roy.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 4th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 633 J.—Maulvi Nausher Ali Khan Yusufji, Sub-Deputy Collector, Dacca Division, is posted to the headquarters station of the Dacca district.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, *the 5th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 627 J.—Maulvi Muhammad Ismail, Sub-Deputy Collector, Dacca Sadar, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Faridpur district.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, *the 5th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 367 R.G.—Maulvi Azizur Rahman, No. 1, Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted to the Barasat subdivision, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 4th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 469 J.—Maulvi Abul Khair Serajul Islam Zahid, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rajshahi Division, is posted to the headquarters station of the district of Jalpaiguri.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 7th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 501 G.-VII-11.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been elected as Commissioners of the Brahmanbaria Municipality in the district of Tippera at the general election held on the 5th January 1920 :—

Ward No.	Names.
I	... { 1. Babu Jagat Chandra Roy. 2. „ Radhica Mohan Choudhury.
II	... { 1. Munshi Ansar Ali. 2. Babu Satish Chandra Chakravarty.
III	... { 1. „ Kamala Kanta Banik. 2. Munshi Abdul Ahad.
IV	... { 1. Moulvi Ali Ahmed Khan. 2. Babu Jogesh Chandra Sen Gupta.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN. CHITTAGONG, *the 2nd February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 36M.—It is hereby notified for general information that Saturday, the 27th March 1920, is fixed as the date for holding a bye-election in Ward No. I of the North Barrackpore Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, to elect a Commissioner for that ward in place of Babu Ramanath Chatarji, deceased.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 4th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 37M.—It is hereby notified for general information that Saturday, the 13th March 1920, is fixed as the date for holding a by-election in ward No. III of the Barasat Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, to elect a Commissioner for that ward in place of Munshi Abdul Fazel, resigned.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 6th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 38M.—It is hereby notified for general information that Saturday, the 20th March 1920, is fixed as the date for holding a by-election in ward No. III of the Baruipur Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, to elect a Commissioner for that ward in place of Babu Hari Das Roy Choudhury, deceased.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 7th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 606G.—Under rule 15 of the Election rules of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, it is hereby notified for general information that the next general election of the Commissioners of the Chandpur Municipality, in the district of Tippera, will be held on Friday, the 23rd April 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 6th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that under section 19(2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended, Babu Ramanuj Kar has been appointed to be a member of the Sadar Local Board in the district of Bankura, *vice* Babu Mohendra Lal Singh Deo, removed under section 18(1) (c) of the Local Self-Government Act.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 30th January 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No 498G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 19 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, read with rule 32 of the rules for election of Local Boards, Moulvi Shah Syed Emdadul Haque of Bhauksar has been elected member of the Sadar Local Board, Tippera, by the electors of the Chandina thana.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Offg. Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 2nd February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 646J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act (III of 1885), I have appointed the Subdivisional Officer of Jamalpur to be the Chairman of the Jamalpur Local Board in the district of Mymensingh.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 6th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 649J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act (III of 1885), I have accorded my approval to the election by the members of the Tangail Local Board, in the district of Mymensingh, of Babu Srimanta Kumar Das Gupta, M.A., M.B.E., to be their Chairman.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 6th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 255M.—It is hereby notified for general information that the electors having failed to elect a member of the Dupchanchia union committee, in the district of Bogra, in place of Babu Hara Sundar Chaudhuri, deceased, I appoint Babu Khrode Nath Choudhuri to be a member under section 40 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 3rd February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 282M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 43 of the Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, Babu Surendra Mohan Roy is appointed a member of the Chhatnai union committee in the district of Rangpur, *vice* Babu Rajani Kanta Bose, resigned.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 5th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 93 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that under section 7 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, the following gentlemen have been elected to be members of the District Board of Jessore by the Local Boards mentioned against their names :—

Name of Local Board by which elected.	Name of member elected.
Sadar ...	{ 1. Babu Keshab Lal Roy Chowdhuri. 2. „ Kali Das Mitra. 3. „ Bejoy Gopal Bose.
Narail ...	{ 4. „ Bejoy Krishna Mitra. 5. „ Jyotish Chandra Chakravarti.
Bongaon ...	{ 6. „ Satya Charan Bose. 7. „ Prokash Chandra Prodhan. 8. Maulvi Matiar Rahman.
Magura ...	{ 9. Babu Rabati Kanta Sarkar. 10. Munshi Momtazuddin Ahmed.
Jhenidah ...	{ 11. Babu Tara Pada Bose. 12. „ Kulada Bhusan Bhattacharjee.

2. The following gentlemen are appointed under section 7 of the Act to be members of the District Board :—

- (1) The Superintendent of Police, Jessore.
- (2) The Civil Surgeon, Jessore.
- (3) The Subdivisional Officer, Bongaon.
- (4) The Subdivisional Officer, Jhenidah.
- (5) The Subdivisional Officer, Narail.
- (6) The Deputy Inspector of Schools, Jessore.
- (7) Raja Pramatha Bhusan Deb Roy Bahadur.
- (8) E. G. Macleod, Esqr.
- (9) Rai Jadu Nath Mazumdar Bahadur.
- (10) Maulvi Abdul Quadir.
- (11) Maulvi Abdul Latif Sardar.
- (12) Babu Debendra Prosad Ghose.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner.*

COMMR'S. OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 3rd February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

IN exercise of the powers conferred on me by rule 2 of the Rules for the Managing Committees of Government High Schools, I appoint the following gentlemen as members of the Managing Committee of the Barrackpore Government High School, in the district of 24-Parganas. Members other than the *ex-officio* members will hold office for three years from the date of this notification :—

- | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. The Subdivisional Officer of Barrackpore ... | <i>Ex-officio</i> , President. |
| 2. The Head Master of the Barrackpore Government High School ... | <i>Ex-officio</i> Vice-President and Secretary. |
| 3. Babu Gopal Chandra Ghosh, B.A., B.T. ... | Elected representative of the teaching staff, Member. |
| 4. Babu Radharaman Ghosh ... | Assistant Surgeon, Member. |
| 5. „ Krishna Nath Mukherji ... | Contractor, Member. |
| 6. Maulvi Syed Makshed Ali Maleque ... | Landholder, Member. |

W. D. R. PRENTICE, *District Magistrate.*

MAGTE.'S OFFICE, 24-PARGANAS, ALIPORE, the 2nd February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER the rules for managing committees of Government high schools promulgated in Government of Bengal letter No. 895, dated the 10th April 1916 (General Department, Education Branch), the following gentlemen have been appointed members of the managing committee of the Khulna Zilla School :—

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. The District Magistrate | ... | President. |
| 2. The Head Master | .... | Vice-President and Secretary. |
| 3. The Senior Deputy Magistrate of Khulna | ... | Official other than an educational officer. |
| 4. Babu Banku Behari Pandit, M.A. | ... | Elected representative of the teaching staff. |
| 5. Maulvi Kazi Saifuddin, B.L. | } | Representatives of parents and guardians of pupils. |
| 6. Babu Upendra Nath Bose, B.L. | | |
| 7. The members other than the <i>ex officio</i> members | | will hold office for three academic years 1920 to 1922. |

A. J. DASH, *Magistrate.*

KHULNA, the 2nd February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

IN pursuance of the rules for the constitution of managing committees of Government high schools issued under Government of Bengal's General Department No. 1123Edn., dated 23rd August 1918, the following committee has been formed for the Dacca Government Moslem High School for three years with effect from January 1920 :—

- | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| 1. The District Magistrate | ... | President. |
| 2. The Head Master | ... | Vice-President and Secretary. |
| 3. Maulvi Abul Maqsood | ... | Assistant Headmaster |
| 4. Khan Bahadur Kazi Aland-din Ahmed, B.A. | } | Representatives of the guardians. |
| 5. Khan Bahadur Khajeh Muhammad Azam. | | |
| 6. Maulvi A. A. Abdul Basit, M.A., Deputy Magistrate | ... | Members. |

J. H. LINDSAY, *Magistrate.*

DACCA, the 23rd January 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER rule 2 of the rules for the managing committees of Government high schools, Babu Jogendra Lal Nandi, Deputy Magistrate, Jalpaiguri, is appointed a member of the managing committee of the Jalpaiguri Government High School, *vice* Babu Satish Chandra Upadhyaya.

F. W. STRONG, *Deputy Commissioner.*

DEPUTY COMM'R.'S OFFICE, JALPAIGURI, the 2nd February 1920.

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1552.—The 9th February 1920.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Tamluk Raj Amla Co-operative Society, Limited, (registered No. 1 of 1912) in the district of Midnapore, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the Society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said Society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Tamluk, to be Liquidator of the said Society.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

Statement showing the quantity of Salt in Bonded Warehouses and afloat on the river Hooghly on the 31st day of January 1920, and transactions during the half-month from the 16th to the 31st January 1920.

Description of Salt	In Sulkea Government golahs.	Quantity afloat.	Total.	TRANSACTIONS DURING HALF-MONTH FROM THE 16TH TO THE 31ST JANUARY 1920, INCLUSIVE			
				Quantity on which duty has been paid.	Manifested quantity arrived in the port of Calcutta	Deliveries from ship-board for consumption and for inland bonded warehouses.	Deliveries from bonded warehouses for consumption and for inland bonded warehouses.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
United Kingdom— Liverpool and other Panga salt	119,614	...	119,614	12,360	75,406	25,100	64,460
Other European countries— Spanish salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hamburg and Bremen salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hamburg and Bremen rock salt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Port Said salt ...	508,728	104,502	613,230	11,200	198,722	2,600	105,782
Aden and Red Sea— Aden salt ...	286,888	24,910	311,798	226,238	331,817	65,060	99,608
Salif salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salif rock salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ra wayah salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maasawah salt ...	160,920	27,330	188,250	150,610	196,000	82,250	20,860
Muscat and Persian Gulf— Muscat, Lingah and Hanjani salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto rock salt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
British India— Bombay salt...	326,330	...	326,330	161,143*	...	...	1,742
Madras salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coconada salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatnam salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1,432,480	156,742	1,589,222	531,551	804,945	164,900	292,452

Written off during the half-month—

	Mds.
Wastage in Sulkea golahs ...	2,849
Abandoned and destroyed ...	192

In Transit—

Port Said salt ...	21,720
Aden salt ...	18,840
Maasawah salt ...	18,920

* Out of this quantity duty on 100,498 maunds was paid at Bombay.

P. MOORE.

Asst. Collector of Customs for Imports.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 6th February 1920.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Statement of Government Securities deposited with the Controller of Currency and held by him in trust for the Chief Auditor, Eastern Bengal Railway, on the 31st December 1919.

No.	Names.	Designation.	3 p. c., 1842-49.	3½ p. c., 1854-55.	3½ p. c., 1855.	3½ p. c., 1879.	3½ p. c., 1900-01.	3 p. c., 1896-97.	4 p. c., 1916-17.	5½ p. c., 1920.	5½ p. c., 1921.	5½ p. c., 1922.	5½ p. c., 1923.	5 p. c., 1924-27.	Total.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Babu Lohit Mohan Gangooly ...	Paymaster ...	...	7,000	6,000	...	22,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35,000
2	" Abinash Chandra Das ...	Assistant Pay- master.	...	300	2,400	...	800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,500
3	" Joybindra Mohan Bhattacharjee.	Head Cashier ...	...	...	13,000	...	1,500	800	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,000
4	" Charu Chandra Haera...	Assistant Cashier ...	...	...	2,500	...	1,500	1,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,000
5	" Surendra Kumar Dutt	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	1,000	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,000
6	" Bhola Nath Banerjee ...	Ditto ...	...	1,000	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
7	" Surendra Nath Mitter ...	Pay Clerk ...	...	...	...	...	1,000	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
8	" Ashutosh Roy ...	Ditto ...	1,000	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
9	" Hari Das Banerji ...	Ditto ...	...	...	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
10	" Ganerupa Nath Chow- dhury.	Ditto ...	...	1,000	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
11	" Pratul Chandra Pal ...	Ditto ...	1,000	...	1,000	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
12	" Upendra Nath Palit ...	Ditto ...	200	...	2,000	...	700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
13	" Shih Chandra Chatterji	Ditto ...	...	1,000	1,000	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
14	" Saraj Bandhu Mitter ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
15	" Makhan Lal Chatterji...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
16	" Jugai Kishore Sen ...	Ditto ...	...	3,000	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
17	" Lakshmi Kant Dutt ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
18	" Kalyan Nath Chatterji	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
19	" Charu Chandra Mondal	Assistant Pay Clerk.	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
20	" Hem Chandra Chatterjee	Ditto ...	100	...	...	...	1,900	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
21	" Satish Chandra Nogy	Ditto ...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
22	" Khetra Jiban Banerjee	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	1,000	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
23	" Profulla Kumar Ghosal	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
24	" Oshkan Chandra Mondol.	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
25	" Manindra Nath Paul ...	Ditto ...	...	...	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
26	" Balat Chandra Pal ...	Ditto ...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
27	" Jotindra Nath Mukerjee	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
28	" Satish Chandra Sen ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
29	" Umashanth Chatterjee ...	Ditto ...	1,000	...	...	...	800	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
30	" Anant Behary Mukerjee	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
31	" Kail Nath Bhattacharjee	Ditto ...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
32	" Surendra Nath Das ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
33	" Bejoy Ratan Majumdar	Ditto ...	...	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
34	" Haran Chandra Chakra- burty.	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
35	" Jyendra Nath Banerjee	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
36	" Jiban Kripsh Mukerjee	Ditto ...	...	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000
37	" Ratan Chandra Das ...	Cash Sircar	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200
38	" Hazra K. Bhatta- charjee.	Ditto ...	...	500	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
39	" Bhola Nath Roy ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
40	" Hrish Kesh Mukerjee ...	Ditto ...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
41	" Hrish Behary Shaw ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
42	" Profulla Kumar Chat- terjee.	Cash Clerk ...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
43	" Sarat Chandra Shaw ...	Head Poddar	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	200
44	" Bojendra Narayan Mi- ter.	Poddar ...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
45	" Pullu Behary Mitter ...	Ditto ...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
46	" Shyam Kripsh Bhowan	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
47	" Kripsh Chandra Das ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
48	" Ratan Kanai Pal ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
49	" Biswar Shaw ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
50	" Fani Bhushan Bhatta- charjee.	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
51	" Lali Mohan Mitter ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
52	" Radha Shyam Mullick	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
53	" Sushil Kumar Banerjee ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
54	" Laksh Narayan Dey ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
55	" Akhaya Kumar Chat- terjee.	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
56	" Subodh Chandra Chakraborty.	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
57	" Dasrathi Chatterjee ...	Ditto ...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
58	" Subodh Kumar Bose ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
59	" Jogendra Nath Ghat- tak.	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
60	" Anadi Nath Mukherji	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
61	" Jogendra Nath Shaw.	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
62	" Baus Behari Shaw ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
63	" Tarak Chandra Ghosh	Ditto ...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
64	" Charoo Chandra Muker- jee.	Bill Sorting Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
65	" Parmannanda Pandey ...	Jamadar ...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
66	" Paschkor Banerjee ...	Ant Collector, Saidpur.	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	400
67	Mr W. F. O. Alexander ...	App. Mac. Sig. Insp.	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200*
68	Babu Sudarman Mukerjee ...	App. P. W. Insp.	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200*
69	Mr. H. G. Moss ...	Ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	100*
70	Babu Bhudob Banerjee (guardian of K. L. Banerjee).	App. Sig. Insp.	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
71	" Palwan Khan Havidar	W. W. Insp.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500*
72	" Grish Chandra Banerjee	Goods Clerk, Com- pur section.	...	...	...	...	...	1,400	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,400
73	" Hari Charan Bose ...	Goods Clerk, Calcutta.	...	...	...	...	...	1,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,500
74	" Gopal Chandra Bose ...	Head Goods Clerk, Compur road.	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
75	" Brojo Basu Karmakar ...	Head Goods Clerk, Rutholia.	300	...	...	...	300	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,500

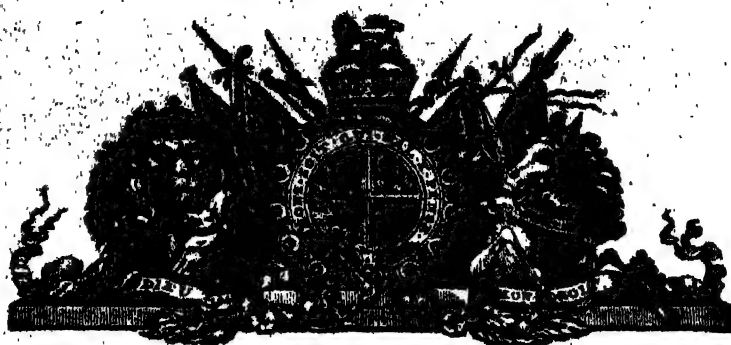
* Safe custody.

No.	Names	Designation.	3½ p. c. 1842-43.	3½ p. c. 1844-45.	3½ p. c. 1845.	3½ p. c. 1879.	3½ p. c. 1880-01.	3 p. c. 1896-97.	4 p. c. 1916-17.	5½ p. c. 1920.	5½ p. c. 1921.	5½ p. c. 1922.	5½ p. c. 1923.	5 p. c. 1924-27.	Total.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
6	Babu Briday Nath Acharyee ...	Head Goods Clerk, Shahibbazar.	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
7	" Amulya Gopal Roy ...	Head Goods Clerk, Uttadanga.	...	...	...	...	1,090	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,090
8	" Mani Lal Paul ...	Head Goods Clerk, Bagh Bazar.	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
9	" Peary Lal Sircar ...	Head Goods Clerk, Coopers Section.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	1,000
10	" Monmotho Nath Mukerjee.	Head Goods Clerk, Shahibbazar.	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
11	" Rajendra Lal Dhor ...	Line Delivery Clerk, A. Ghat.	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200
12	Mr. Joseph Jacob ...	Sub-Store-keeper, Sealdah.	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
13	Babu Natorbor Mullick ...	Sub-Store-keeper, K. P. A.	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
14	" Satish Kumar Banerjee	Sub-Store-keeper, Halisahar.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
15	" Jogesh Chandra Das ...	Sub-Store-keeper, Halisahar.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200	300	...	...	500
16	" Siva Das Ray ...	Sub-Store-keeper, Sealdah.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
17	" Amulya Dhane Dutta ...	Sub-Store-keeper, Dacca.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
18	" Nolini Nath Bose ...	Sub-Store-keeper, Halisahar.	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
19	" Prokash Chandra Banerjee.	Ditto	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
20	" Makhan Lal Ghose ...	Depot Store-keeper, Dacca.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
21	" Roghu Nath Pandurang	Depot Store-keeper, K. P. A.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
22	" Nerode Chandra Mukerjee.	Depot Store-keeper, Dacca.	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
23	Mr. D. J. Lima ...	Depot Store-keeper, Halisahar.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	500
24	" C. E. Holmes ...	Depot Store-keeper, Murrio.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	500
25	Babu Ram Dhan Lal ...	Depot Store-keeper, K. P. A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	400	...	...	100	...	500
26	Mr. B. T. Ellis ...	S. Suplt., Sealdah	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
27	Messrs. Bird & Co. ...	Contractors	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,000	...	...	...	...	...	5,000
28	" Haghomal ...	Ditto	...	...	...	...	5,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,000
29	" Mackenzie Lyall & Co.	Ditto	...	5,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,000
30	" C. Ardeshir ...	Ditto	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
31	" Falsiuddin ...	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	1,100	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,100
32	" H. B. Day & Co	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
33	" Gosto Behary Bhur (per pro. Surrendra Nath Bhur & Deben- dra Nath Bhur).	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	100
34	" Devi Das and Sons ...	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
35	" Burn & Co. ...	Ditto	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
36	" Gordon & Co. ...	Ditto	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
37	" J. Dinshaw Bamjee ...	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,500	...	4,500
38	" Hoare Miller & Co. ...	Ditto	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	700
39	" Ghose Mandal & Co. ...	Ditto	...	...	...	...	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	150
40	" Bhaywan Dass & Sons	Ditto	...	...	...	...	1,000	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,500
41	" N. W. Soap Co. Ltd.	Ditto	...	100	...	300	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
42	" Turner Morrison & Co.	Ditto	...	1,000	300	500	...	800	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,600
43	" Asiatic Petroleum Co. (India Ltd.).	Ditto	...	1,000	1,000	...	...	6,000	...	...	...	...	...	2,100	11,400
44	" Bruchwari, Ltd. ...	Ditto	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
45	" Balcothul Chhimalul & Co.	Ditto	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200
46	" Dass & Co. ...	Ditto	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
47	" Munna Lal & Co. ...	Ditto	...	...	1,000	...	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,000
48	" Vacuum Oil Co. ...	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
49	" B. C. Nawn & Bros. ...	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	500
50	" Dewan Chand & Co. ...	Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
51	" Heafly and Gresham, Ltd.	Ditto	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
52	" Haji Eradatullah Mullick	Ditto	...	...	...	...	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	600
	Total		16,500	21,000	47,300	2,100	68,000	43,800	5,100	1,000	300	1,300	5,100	8,800	215,000

* Rate custody.

K. BALARAMA IYER, Chief Auditor.

CALCUTTA, the 9th February 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1920.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Legislative Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 31st January 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 29th January 1920.

21.—The following Statute is published for general information :—

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1919.

(9 & 10 GEO. 5, CH. 101.)

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS.

PART I.

LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.

SECTION.

1. Classification of central and provincial subjects.
2. Borrowing powers of local governments.
3. Revised system of local government in certain provinces.
4. Appointment of ministers and council secretaries.
5. Qualification of members of local executive councils.
6. Business of governor in council and governor with ministers.
7. Composition of governors' legislative councils.
8. Sessions and duration of governors' legislative councils.
9. Presidents of governors' legislative councils.
10. Powers of local legislatures.
11. Business and procedure in governors' legislative councils.
12. Return and reservation of Bills.
13. Provision for case of failure to pass legislation in governors' legislative councils.
14. Vacation of seats in local legislative councils.
15. Constitution of new provinces, etc. ; and provision as to backward tracts.
16. Savings.

PART II.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

17. Indian legislature.
18. Council of State.
19. Legislative Assembly.
20. President of Legislative Assembly.

SECTION.

21. Duration and sessions of Legislative Assembly and Council of State.
22. Membership of both chambers.
23. Supplementary provisions as to composition of Legislative Assembly and Council of State.
24. Business and proceedings in Indian legislature.
25. Indian budget.
26. Provision for case of failure to pass legislation.
27. Supplemental provisions as to powers of Indian legislature.
28. Composition of Governor-General's executive council.
29. Appointment of council secretaries.

PART III.

SECRETARY OF STATE IN COUNCIL.

30. Payment of salary of Secretary of State, etc., out of moneys provided by Parliament.
31. Council of India.
32. Further provisions as to Council of India.
33. Relaxation of control of Secretary of State.
34. Correspondence between Secretary of State and India.
35. High Commissioner for India.

PART IV.

THE CIVIL SERVICES IN INDIA.

36. The civil services in India.
37. Appointments to the Indian Civil Service.
38. Public service commission.
39. Financial control.
40. Rules under Part IV.

PART V.

STATUTORY COMMISSION.

41. Statutory commission.

PART VI.

GENERAL.

42. Modification of s. 124 of principal Act.
 43. Signification of Royal Assent.
 44. Power to make rules.
 45. Amendments of principal Act to carry Act into effect, etc.
 46. Definition of official.
 47. Short title, commencement, interpretation and transitory provisions.
- SCHEDULES.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1919.

(9 & 10 GEO. 5, CH. 101.)

An Act to make further provision with respect to the Government of India.

[23rd December, 1919.]

WHEREAS it is the declared policy of Parliament to provide for the increasing association of Indians in every branch of Indian administration, and for the gradual development of self-governing institutions, with a view to the progressive realization of responsible government in British India as an integral part of the empire :

And whereas progress in giving effect to this policy can only be achieved by successive stages, and it is expedient that substantial steps in this direction should now be taken :

And whereas the time and manner of each advance can be determined only by Parliament, upon whom responsibility lies for the welfare and advancement of the Indian peoples :

And whereas the action of Parliament in such matters must be guided by the co-operation received from those on whom new opportunities of service will be conferred, and by the extent to which it is found that confidence can be reposed in their sense of responsibility :

And whereas concurrently with the gradual development of self-governing institutions in the Provinces of India it is expedient to give to those Provinces in provincial matters the largest measure of independence of the Government of India, which is compatible with the due discharge by the latter of its own responsibilities:

Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

PART I.

LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.

1.—(1) Provision may be made by rules under the Government of India Act, 1915, as amended by the Government of India (Amendment) Act, 1916 (which Act, as so amended, is in this Act referred to as "the principal Act")—

(Classification of
central and
provincial subjects)

- (a) for the classification of subjects, in relation to the functions of government, as central and provincial subjects, for the purpose of distinguishing the functions of local governments and local legislatures from the functions of the Governor-General in Council and the Indian legislature;
- (b) for the devolution of authority in respect of provincial subjects to local governments, and for the allocation of revenues or other moneys to those governments;
- (c) for the use under the authority of the Governor-General in Council of the agency of local governments in relation to central subjects, in so far as such agency may be found convenient, and for determining the financial conditions of such agency; and
- (d) for the transfer from among the provincial subjects of subjects (in this Act referred to as "transferred subjects") to the administration of the governor acting with ministers appointed under this Act, and for the allocation of revenues or moneys for the purpose of such administration.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers, rules made for the above-mentioned purposes may—

- (i) regulate the extent and conditions of such devolution, allocation and transfer;
- (ii) provide for fixing the contributions payable by local governments to the Governor-General in Council, and making such contributions a first charge on allocated revenues or moneys;
- (iii) provide for constituting a finance department in any province, and regulating the functions of that department;
- (iv) provide for regulating the exercise of the authority vested in the local government of a province over members of the public services therein;
- (v) Provide for the settlement of doubts arising as to whether any matter does or does not relate to a provincial subject, or a transferred subject, and for the treatment of matters which affect both a transferred subject and a subject which is not transferred; and
- (vi) make such consequential and supplemental provisions as appear necessary or expedient;

Provided that, without prejudice to any general power of revoking or altering rules under the principal Act, the rules shall not authorise the revocation or suspension of the transfer of any subject except with the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council.

(3) The powers of superintendence, direction, and control over local governments vested in the Governor-General in Council under the principal Act shall, in relation to transferred subjects, be exercised only for such purposes as may be specified in rules made under that Act, but the Governor-General in Council shall be the sole judge as to whether the purpose of the exercise of such powers in any particular case comes within the purposes so specified.

(4) The expressions "central subjects" and "provincial subjects" as used in this Act mean subjects so classified under the rules.

Provincial subjects, other than transferred subjects, are in this Act referred to as "reserved subjects."

Borrowing
powers of
local governments

2.—(1) The provision in sub-section (1) of section thirty of the principal Act, which gives power to local governments to raise money on real or personal estate within the limits of their respective governments by way of mortgage or otherwise, shall have effect as though that provision conferred a power on local governments to raise money on the security of their allocated revenues, and to make proper assurances for that purpose.

(2) Provision may be made by rules under the principal Act as to the conditions under which the power to raise loans on the security of allocated revenues shall be exercised.

(3) The provision in sub-section (1) of section thirty of the principal Act, which enables the Secretary of State in Council with the concurrence of a majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India to prescribe provisions or conditions limiting the power to raise money, shall cease to have effect as regards the power to raise money on the security of allocated revenues.

Revised
system of
local
government
in certain
provinces

3.—(1) The presidencies of Fort William in Bengal, Fort St. George, and Bombay, and the provinces known as the United Provinces, the Punjab, Bihar and Orissa, the Central Provinces, and Assam, shall each be governed; in relation to reserved subjects, by a governor in council, and in relation to transferred subjects (save as otherwise provided by this Act) by the governor acting with ministers appointed under this Act.

The said presidencies and provinces are in this Act referred to as "governor's provinces" and the two first-named presidencies are in this Act referred to as the presidencies of Bengal and Madras.

(2) The provisions of section forty-six to fifty-one of the principal Act, as amended by this Act, shall apply to the United Provinces, the Punjab, Bihar and Orissa, the Central Provinces, and Assam, as they apply to the presidencies of Bengal, Madras and Bombay: Provided that the governors of the said provinces shall be appointed after consultation with the Governor-General.

Appointment of
ministers and
council
secretaries

4. (1) The governor of a governor's province may, by notification, appoint ministers, not being members of his executive council or other officials, to administer transferred subjects, and any ministers so appointed shall hold office during his pleasure.

There may be paid to any minister so appointed in any province the same salary as is payable to a member of the executive council in that province, unless a smaller salary is provided by vote of the legislative council of the province.

(2) No minister shall hold office for a longer period than six months, unless he is or becomes an elected member of the local legislature.

(3) In relation to transferred subjects, the governor shall be guided by the advice of his ministers, unless he sees sufficient cause to dissent from their opinion, in which case he may require action to be taken otherwise than in accordance with that advice: Provided that rules may be made under the principal Act for the temporary administration of a transferred subject where, in cases of emergency, owing to a vacancy, there is no minister in charge of the subject, by such authority and in such manner as may be proscribed by the rules.

(4) The governor of a governor's province may at his discretion appoint from among the non-official members of the local legislative council secretaries, who shall hold office during his pleasure, and discharge such duties in assisting members of the executive council and ministers, as he may assign to them.

There shall be paid to council secretaries so appointed such salary as may be provided by vote of the legislative council.

A council secretary shall cease to hold office if he ceases for more than six months to be a member of the legislative council.

Qualification of
members of
local executive
councils

5. (1) The provision in section forty-seven of the principal Act, that two of the members of the executive council of the governor of a province must have been for at least twelve years in the service of the Crown in India, shall have effect as though "one" were substituted for "two," and the provision in that section that the Commander-in-Chief of His Majesty's Forces in India, if resident at Calcutta, Madras or Bombay, shall, during his continuance there, be a member of the governor's council, shall cease to have effect.

(2) Provision may be made by rules under the principal Act as to the qualifications to be required in respect of members of the executive council of the governor of a province in any case where such provision is not made by section forty-seven of the principal Act as amended by this section.

6. (1) All orders and other proceedings of the government of a governor's province shall be expressed to be made by the government of the province, and shall be authenticated as the governor may by rule direct, so, however, that provision shall be made by rule for distinguishing orders and other proceedings relating to transferred subjects from other orders and proceedings.

Business of governor in council and governor with ministers.

Orders and proceedings authenticated as aforesaid shall not be called into question in any legal proceeding on the ground that they were not duly made by the government of the province.

(2) The governor may make rules and orders for the more convenient transaction of business in his executive council and with his ministers, and every order made or act done in accordance with those rules and orders shall be treated as being the order or the act of the government of the province.

The governor may also make rules and orders for regulating the relations between his executive council and his ministers for the purpose of the transaction of the business of the local government :

Provided that any rules or orders made for the purposes specified in this section which are repugnant to the provisions of any rules made under the principal Act as amended by this Act shall, to the extent of that repugnancy, but not otherwise, be void.

7. (1) There shall be a legislative council in every governor's province, which shall consist of the members of the executive council and of the members nominated or elected as provided by this Act.

Composition of governors' legislative councils.

The governor shall not be a member of the legislative council, but shall have the right of addressing the council, and may for that purpose require the attendance of its members.

(2) The number of members of the governors' legislative councils shall be in accordance with the table set out in the First Schedule to this Act; and of the members of each council not more than twenty per cent. shall be official members, and at least seventy per cent. shall be elected members :

Provided that—

(a) subject to the maintenance of the above proportions, rules under the principal Act may provide for increasing the number of members of any council, as specified in that schedule; and

(b) the governor may, for the purposes of any Bill introduced or proposed to be introduced in his legislative council, nominate, in the case of Assam one person, and in the case of other provinces not more than two persons, having special knowledge or experience of the subject-matter of the Bill, and those persons shall, in relation to the Bill, have for the period for which they are nominated all the rights of members of the council, and shall be in addition to the numbers above referred to; and

(c) members nominated to the legislative council of the Central Provinces by the governor as the result of elections held in the Assigned Districts of Berar shall be deemed to be elected members of the legislative council of the Central Provinces.

(3) The powers of a governor's legislative council may be exercised notwithstanding any vacancy in the council.

(4) Subject as aforesaid, provision may be made by rules under the principal Act as to—

(a) the term of office of nominated members of governors' legislative councils, and the manner of filling casual vacancies occurring by reason of absence of members from India, inability to attend to duty, death, acceptance of office, resignation duly accepted, or otherwise; and

(b) the conditions under which and manner in which persons may be nominated as members of governors' legislative councils; and

(c) the qualification of electors, the constitution of constituencies, and the method of election for governors' legislative councils, including the number of members to be elected by communal and other electorates, and any matters incidental or ancillary thereto; and

- (d) the qualifications for being and for being nominated or elected a member of any such council; and
- (e) the final decision of doubts or disputes as to the validity of any election; and
- (f) the manner in which the rules are to be carried into effect:

Provided that rules as to any such matters as aforesaid may provide for delegating to the local government such power as may be specified in the rules of making subsidiary regulations affecting the same matters

(5) Subject to any such rules any person who is a ruler or subject of any State in India may be nominated as a member of a governor's legislative council.

8. (1) Every governor's legislative council shall continue for three years from its first meeting:—

Provided that—

- (a) the council may be sooner dissolved by the governor; and
- (b) the said period may be extended by the governor for a period not exceeding one year, by notification in the official gazette of the province, if in special circumstances (to be specified in the notification) he so think fit; and
- (c) after the dissolution of the council the governor shall appoint a date not more than six months or, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, not more than nine months from the date of dissolution for the next session of the council.

(2) A governor may appoint such times and places for holding the sessions of his legislative council as he thinks fit, and may also, by notification or otherwise, prorogue the council.

(3) Any meeting of a governor's legislative council may be adjourned by the person presiding.

(4) All questions in a governor's legislative council shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present other than the person presiding, who shall, however, have and exercise a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.

9. (1) There shall be a president of a governor's legislative council, who shall, until the expiration of a period of four years from the first meeting of the council as constituted under this Act, be a person appointed by the governor, and shall thereafter be a member of the council elected by the council and approved by the governor.

Provided that if at the expiration of such period of four years the council is in session, the president then in office shall continue in office until the end of the current session, and the first election of a president shall take place at the commencement of the next ensuing session.

(2) There shall be a deputy-president of a governor's legislative council who shall preside at meetings of the council in the absence of the president, and who shall be a member of the council elected by the council and approved by the governor.

(3) The appointed president of a council shall hold office until the date of the first election of a president by the council under this section, but he may resign office by writing under his hand addressed to the governor, or may be removed from office by order of the governor, and any vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term of office of an appointed president shall be filled by a similar appointment for the remainder of such term.

(4) An elected president and a deputy-president shall cease to hold office on ceasing to be members of the council. They may resign office by writing under their hands addressed to the governor, and may be removed from office by a vote of the council with the concurrence of the governor.

(5) The president and the deputy-president shall receive such salaries as may be determined, in the case of an appointed president, by the governor, and in the case of an elected president or deputy-president, by an Act of the local legislature.

10. (1) The local legislature of any province has power, subject to the provisions of this Act, to make laws for the peace and good government of the territories for the time being constituting that province.

Sessions and
duration of
governors'
legislative
councils

Presidents of
governors'
legislative
councils.

Powers of local
legislatures.

(2) The local legislature of any province may, subject to the provisions of the sub-section next following, repeal or alter as to that province any law made either before or after the commencement of this Act by any authority in British India other than that local legislature.

(3) The local legislature of any province may not, without the previous sanction of the Governor General, make or take into consideration any law—

- (a) imposing or authorising the imposition of any new tax unless the tax is a tax scheduled as exempted from this provision by rules made under the principal Act ; or
- (b) affecting the public debt of India, or the customs duties, or any other tax or duty for the time being in force and imposed by the authority of the Governor-General in Council for the general purposes of the Government of India, provided that the imposition or alteration of a tax scheduled as aforesaid shall not be deemed to affect any such tax or duty ; or
- (c) affecting the discipline or maintenance of any part of His Majesty's naval, military, or air forces ; or
- (d) affecting the relations of the government with foreign princes or states ; or
- (e) regulating any central subject ; or
- (f) regulating any provincial subject which has been declared by rules under the principal Act to be, either in whole or in part, subject to legislation by the Indian legislature, in respect of any matter to which such declaration applies ; or
- (g) affecting any power expressly reserved to the Governor-General in Council by any law for the time being in force ; or
- (h) altering or repealing the provisions of any law which, having been made before the commencement of this Act by any authority in British India other than that local legislature, is declared by rules under the principal Act to be a law which cannot be repealed or altered by the local legislature without previous sanction ; or
- (i) altering or repealing any provision of an Act of the Indian legislature made after the commencement of this Act, which by the provisions of that Act may not be repealed or altered by the local legislature without previous sanction :

Provided that an Act or a provision of an Act made by a local legislature, and subsequently assented to by the Governor-General in pursuance of this Act, shall not be deemed invalid by reason only of its requiring the previous sanction of the Governor-General under this Act.

(4) The local legislature of any province has not power to make any law affecting any Act of Parliament.

11. (1) Sub-sections (1) and (3) of section eighty of the principal Act (which relate to the classes of business which may be transacted at meetings of local legislative councils) shall cease to apply to a governor's legislative council, but the business and procedure in any such council shall be regulated in accordance with the provisions of this section.

Business and procedure in governor's legislative councils.

(2) The estimated annual expenditure and revenue of the province shall be laid in the form of a statement before the council in each year, and the proposals of the local government for the appropriation of provincial revenues and other moneys in any year shall be submitted to the vote of the council in the form of demands for grants. The council may assent, or refuse its assent, to a demand, or may reduce the amount therein referred to either by a reduction of the whole grant or by the omission or reduction of any of the items of expenditure of which the grant is composed :

Provided that—

- (a) the local government shall have power, in relation to any such demand, to act as if it had been assented to, notwithstanding the withholding of such assent or the reduction of the amount therein referred to, if the demand relates to a reserved subject, and the governor certifies that the expenditure provided for by the demand is essential to the discharge of his responsibility for the subject ; and

(b) the governor shall have power in cases of emergency to authorise such expenditure as may be in his opinion necessary for the safety or tranquillity of the province, or for the carrying on of any department ; and

(c) no proposal for the appropriation of any such revenues or other moneys for any purpose shall be made except on the recommendation of the governor, communicated to the council.

(3) Nothing in the foregoing sub-section shall require proposals to be submitted to the council relating to the following heads of expenditure :

(i) contributions payable by the local government to the Governor-General in Council ; and

(ii) interest and sinking fund charges on loans ; and

(iii) expenditure of which the amount is prescribed by or under any law ; and

(iv) salaries and pensions of persons appointed by or with the approval of His Majesty or by the Secretary of State in Council ; and

(v) salaries of judges of the High Court of the province and of the Advocate-General.

If any question arises whether any proposed appropriation of moneys does or does not relate to the above heads of expenditure, the decision of the governor shall be final.

(4) Where any Bill has been introduced or is proposed to be introduced, or any amendment to a Bill is moved or proposed to be moved, the governor may certify that the Bill or any clause of it or the amendment affects the safety or tranquillity of his province or any part of it or of another province, and may direct that no proceedings or no further proceedings shall be taken by the council in relation to the Bill, clause or amendment, and effect shall be given to any such direction.

(5) Provision may be made by rules under the principal Act for the purpose of carrying into effect the foregoing provisions of this section and for regulating the course of business in the council, and as to the persons to preside over meetings thereof in the absence of the president and deputy-president, and the preservation of order at meetings ; and the rules may provide for the number of members required to constitute a quorum, and for prohibiting or regulating the asking of questions on and the discussion of any subject specified in the rules.

(6) Standing orders may be made providing for the conduct of business and the procedure to be followed in the council, in so far as those matters are not provided for by rules made under the principal Act. The first standing orders shall be made by the governor in council, but may, subject to the assent of the governor, be altered by the local legislatures. Any standing order made as aforesaid which is repugnant to the provisions of any rules made under the principal Act, shall, to the extent of that repugnancy but not otherwise, be void.

(7) Subject to the rules and standing orders affecting the council, there shall be freedom of speech in the governors' legislative councils. No person shall be liable to any proceedings in any court by reason of his speech or vote in any such council, or by reason of anything contained in any official report of the proceedings of any such council.

return and
reservation of Bills.

12. (1) Where a Bill has been passed by a local legislative council, the governor, lieutenant-governor or chief commissioner may, instead of declaring that he assents to or withholds his assent from the Bill, return the Bill to the council for reconsideration, either in whole or in part, together with any amendments which he may recommend, or, in cases prescribed by rules under the principal Act may, and if the rules so require shall, reserve the Bill for the consideration of the Governor-General.

(2) Where a Bill is reserved for the consideration of the Governor-General, the following provisions shall apply :—

- (a) The governor, lieutenant-governor or chief commissioner may, at any time within six months from the date of the reservation of the Bill, with the consent of the Governor-General, return the Bill for further consideration by the council with a recommendation that the council shall consider amendments thereto ;
- (b) After any Bill so returned has been further considered by the council, together with any recommendations made by the governor, lieutenant-governor or chief commissioner relating thereto, the Bill, if re-affirmed with or without amendment, may be again presented to the governor, lieutenant-governor, or chief commissioner :
- (c) Any Bill reserved for the consideration of the Governor-General shall, if assented to by the Governor-General within a period of six months from the date of such reservation, become law on due publication of such assent, in the same way as a Bill assented to by the governor, lieutenant-governor or chief commissioner but, if not assented to by the Governor-General within such period of six months, shall lapse and be of no effect unless before the expiration of that period either—
 - (i) the Bill has been returned by the governor, lieutenant-governor or chief commissioner, for further consideration by the council ; or
 - (ii) in the case of the council not being in session, a notification has been published of an intention so to return the Bill at the commencement of the next session.

(3) The Governor-General may (except where the Bill has been reserved for his consideration), instead of assenting to or withholding his assent from any Act passed by a local legislature, declare that he reserves the Act for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure thereon, and in such case the Act shall not have validity until His Majesty in Council has signified his assent and his assent has been notified by the Governor-General.

13.—(1) Where a governor's legislative council has refused leave to introduce, or has failed to pass in a form recommended by the governor, any Bill relating to a reserved subject the governor may certify that the passage of the Bill is essential for the discharge of his responsibility for the subject, and thereupon the Bill shall, notwithstanding that the council have not consented thereto, be deemed to have passed, and shall, on signature by the governor, become an Act of the local legislature in the form of the Bill as originally introduced or proposed to be introduced in the council or (as the case may be) in the form recommended to the council by the governor.

Provision for case of failure to pass legislation in governor's legislative council

(2) Every such Act shall be expressed to be made by the governor, and the governor shall forthwith send an authentic copy thereof to the Governor-General, who shall reserve the Act for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure, and upon the signification of such assent by His Majesty in Council, and the notification thereof by the Governor-General, the Act shall have the same force and effect as an Act passed by the local legislature and duly assented to :

Provided that where, in the opinion of the Governor-General a state of emergency exists which justifies such action, he may, instead of reserving such Act, signify his assent thereto, and thereupon the Act shall have such force and effect as aforesaid, subject however to disallowance by His Majesty in Council.

(3) An Act made under this section shall, as soon as practicable after being made, be laid before each House of Parliament, and an Act which is required to be presented for His Majesty's assent shall not be so presented until copies thereof have been laid before each House of Parliament for not less than eight days on which that House has sat.

14. An official shall not be qualified for election as a member of a local legislative council, and if any non-official member of a local legislative council, whether elected or nominated, accepts any office in the service of the Crown in India, his seat on the council shall become vacant :

Vacation of seat in local legislative councils

Provided that for the purpose of this provision, a minister shall not be deemed to be an official and a person shall not be deemed to accept office on appointment as a minister.

institution of new
provinces, etc.,
and provision as to
backward tracts

15. (1) The Governor-General in Council may, after obtaining an expression of opinion from the local government and the local legislature affected by notification, with the sanction of His Majesty previously signified by the Secretary of State in Council, constitute a new governor's province, or place part of a governor's province under the administration of a deputy-governor to be appointed by the Governor-General, and may in any such case apply, with such modifications as appear necessary or desirable, all or any of the provisions of the principal Act or this Act relating to governors' provinces, or provinces under a lieutenant-governor or chief commissioner, to any such new province or part of a province.

(2) The Governor-General in Council may declare any territory in British India to be a "backward tract," and may, by notification, with such sanction as aforesaid, direct that the principal Act and this Act shall apply to that territory subject to such exceptions and modifications as may be prescribed in the notification. Where the Governor-General in Council has, by notification, directed as aforesaid, he may, by the same or subsequent notification, direct that any Act of the Indian legislature shall not apply to the territory in question or any part thereof, or shall apply to the territory or any part thereof subject to such exceptions or modifications as the Governor-General thinks fit, or may authorise the governor in council to give similar directions as respects any Act of the local legislature.

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16. (1) The validity of any order made or action taken after the commencement of this Act by the Governor-General in Council or by a local government which would have been within the powers of the Governor-General in Council or of such local government if this Act had not been passed, shall not be open to question in any legal proceedings on the ground that by reason of any provision of this Act or of any rule made by virtue of any such provision such order or action has ceased to be within the powers of the Governor-General in Council or of the government concerned.

(2) Nothing in this Act, or in any rule made thereunder, shall be construed as diminishing in any respect the powers of the Indian legislature as laid down in section sixty-five of the principal Act, and the validity of any Act of the Indian legislature or any local legislature shall not be open to question in any legal proceedings on the ground that the Act affects a provincial subject or a central subject, as the case may be, and the validity of any Act made by the governor of a province shall not be so open to question on the ground that it does not relate to a reserved subject.

(3) The validity of any order made or action taken by a governor in council, or by a governor acting with his ministers, shall not be open to question in any legal proceedings on the ground that such order or action relates or does not relate to a transferred subject, or relates to a transferred subject of which the minister is not in charge.

PART II.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Indian legislature

17. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Indian legislature shall consist of the Governor General and two chambers, namely, the Council of State and the Legislative Assembly.

Except as otherwise provided by or under this Act, a Bill shall not be deemed to have been passed by the Indian legislature unless it has been agreed to by both chambers, either without amendment or with such amendments only as may be agreed to by both chambers.

Council of State

18. (1) The Council of State shall consist of not more than sixty members nominated or elected in accordance with rules made under the principal Act, of whom not more than twenty shall be official members.

(2) The Governor-General shall have power to appoint, from among the members of the Council of State, a president and other persons to preside in such circumstances as he may direct.

(3) The Governor-General shall have the right of addressing the Council of State, and may for that purpose require the attendance of its members.

Legislative Assembly

19. (1) The Legislative Assembly shall consist of members nominated or elected in accordance with rules made under the principal Act.

(2) The total number of members of the Legislative Assembly shall be one hundred and forty. The number of non-elected members shall be forty, of whom twenty-six shall be official members. The number of elected members shall be one hundred:

Provided that rules made under the principal Act may provide for increasing the number of members of the Legislative Assembly as fixed by this section, and may vary the proportion which the classes of members bear one to another, so, however, that at least five-sevenths of the members of the Legislative Assembly shall be elected members, and at least one-third of the other members shall be non-official members.

(3) The Governor-General shall have the right of addressing the Legislative Assembly, and may for that purpose require the attendance of its members.

20. (1) There shall be a president of the Legislative Assembly, who shall, until the expiration of four years from the first meeting thereof, be a person appointed by the Governor-General, and shall thereafter be a member of the Assembly elected by the Assembly and approved by the Governor-General:

President of
Legislative
Assembly

Provided that, if at the expiration of such period of four years the Assembly is in session, the president then in office shall continue in office until the end of the current session, and the first election of a president shall take place at the commencement of the ensuing session.

(2) There shall be a deputy-president of the Legislative Assembly, who shall preside at meetings of the Assembly in the absence of the president, and who shall be a member of the Assembly elected by the Assembly and approved by the Governor-General.

(3) The appointed president shall hold office until the date of the election of a president under this section, but he may resign his office by writing under his hand addressed to the Governor-General, or may be removed from office by order of the Governor-General, and any vacancy occurring before the expiration of his term of office shall be filled by a similar appointment for the remainder of such term.

(4) An elected president and a deputy-president shall cease to hold office if they cease to be members of the Assembly. They may resign office by writing under their hands addressed to the Governor-General, and may be removed from office by a vote of the Assembly with the concurrence of the Governor-General.

(5) A president and deputy-president shall receive such salaries as may be determined, in the case of an appointed president by the Governor-General, and in the case of an elected president and a deputy-president by Act of the Indian legislature.

21. (1) Every Council of State shall continue for five years, and every Legislative Assembly for three years, from its first meeting:

Duration and
sessions of
Legislative
Assembly
and Council of
State

Provided that—

(a) either chamber of the legislature may be sooner dissolved by the Governor-General; and

(b) any such period may be extended by the Governor-General if in special circumstances he so thinks fit; and

(c) after the dissolution of either chamber the Governor-General shall appoint a date not more than six months, or, with the sanction of the Secretary of State not more than nine months after the date of dissolution for the next session of that chamber.

(2) The Governor-General may appoint such times and places for holding the sessions of either chamber of the Indian legislature as he thinks fit, and may also from time to time, by notification or otherwise, prorogue such sessions.

(3) Any meeting of either chamber of the Indian legislature may be adjourned by the person presiding.

(4) All questions in either chamber shall be determined by a majority of votes of members present other than the presiding member, who shall, however, have and exercise a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.

(5) The powers of either chamber of the Indian legislature may be exercised notwithstanding any vacancy in the chamber.

22. (1) An official shall not be qualified for election as a member of either chamber of the Indian legislature, and, if any non official member of either chamber accepts office in the service of the Crown in India, his seat in that chamber shall become vacant.

Membership of both
chambers

(2) If an elected member of either chamber of the Indian legislature becomes a member of the other chamber, his seat in such first-mentioned chamber shall thereupon become vacant.

(3) If any person is elected a member of both chambers of the Indian legislature, he shall, before he takes his seat in either chamber, signify in writing the chamber of which he desires to be a member, and thereupon his seat in the other chamber shall become vacant.

(4) Every member of the Governor-General's Executive Council shall be nominated as a member of one chamber of the Indian legislature, and shall have the right of attending in and addressing the other chamber, but shall not be a member of both chambers.

23. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, provision may be made by rules under the principal Act as to—

- (a) the term of office of nominated members of the Council of State and the Legislative Assembly, and the manner of filling casual vacancies occurring by reason of absence of members from India, inability to attend to duty, death, acceptance of office, or resignation duly accepted, or otherwise; and
- (b) the conditions under which and the manner in which persons may be nominated as members of the Council of State of the Legislative Assembly; and
- (c) the qualification of electors, the constitution of constituencies, and the method of election for the Council of State and the Legislative Assembly (including the number of members to be elected by communal and other electorates) and any matters incidental or ancillary thereto; and
- (d) the qualifications for being or for being nominated or elected as members of the Council of State or the Legislative Assembly; and
- (e) the final decision of doubts or disputes as to the validity of an election; and
- (f) the manner in which the rules are to be carried into effect.

(2) Subject to any such rules, any person who is a ruler or subject of any State in India may be nominated as a member of the Council of State or the Legislative Assembly.

24. (1) Sub-sections (1) and (3) of section sixty-seven of the principal Act (which relate to the classes of business which may be transacted by the Indian legislative council) shall cease to have effect.

(2) Provision may be made by rules under the principal Act for regulating the course of business and the preservation of order in the chambers of the Indian legislature, and as to the persons to preside at the meetings of the Legislative Assembly in the absence of the president and the deputy-president; and the rules may provide for the number of members required to constitute a quorum, and for prohibiting or regulating the asking of questions on, and the discussion of, any subject specified in the rules.

(3) If any Bill which has been passed by one chamber is not, within six months after the passage of the Bill by that chamber, passed by the other chamber either without amendments or with such amendments as may be agreed to by the two chambers, the Governor-General may in his discretion refer the matter for decision to a joint sitting of both chambers: Provided that standing orders made under this section may provide for meetings of members of both chambers appointed for the purpose, in order to discuss any difference of opinion which has arisen between the two chambers.

(4) Without prejudice to the powers of the Governor-General under section sixty-eight of the principal Act, the Governor-General may, where a Bill has been passed by both chambers of the Indian legislature, return the Bill for reconsideration by either chamber.

(5) Rules made for the purpose of this section may contain such general and supplemental provisions as appear necessary for the purpose of giving full effect to this section.

(6) Standing orders may be made providing for the conduct of business and the procedure to be followed in either chamber of the Indian legislature in so far as these matters are not provided for by rules made under the principal Act. The first standing orders shall be made by the Governor-General in Council, but may, with the consent of the Governor-General, be altered by the chamber to which they relate.

Supplementary provisions as to composition of Legislative Assembly and Council of State.

Business and proceedings in Indian legislature

Any standing order made as aforesaid which is repugnant to the provisions of any rules made under the principal Act shall, to the extent of that repugnancy but not otherwise, be void.

(7) Subject to the rules and standing orders affecting the chamber, there shall be freedom of speech in both chambers of the Indian legislature. No person shall be liable to any proceedings in any court by reason of his speech or vote in either chamber, or by reason of anything contained in any official report of the proceedings of either chamber.

25. (1) The estimated annual expenditure and revenue of the Governor-General in Council shall be laid in the form of a statement before both chambers of the Indian legislature in each year.

Indian budget

(2) No proposal for the appropriation of any revenue or moneys for any purpose shall be made except on the recommendation of the Governor-General.

(3) The proposals of the Governor-General in Council for the appropriation of revenue or moneys relating to the following heads of expenditure shall not be submitted to the vote of the legislative assembly, nor shall they be open to discussion by either chamber at the time when the annual statement is under consideration, unless the Governor-General otherwise directs—

- (i) interest and sinking fund charges on loans ; and
- (ii) expenditure of which the amount is prescribed by or under any law ; and
- (iii) salaries and pensions of persons appointed by or with the approval of His Majesty or by the Secretary of State in Council ; and
- (iv) salaries of chief commissioners and judicial commissioners ; and
- (v) expenditure classified by the order of the Governor-General in Council as—
 - (a) ecclesiastical ;
 - (b) political ;
 - (c) defence.

(4) If any question arises whether any proposed appropriation of revenue or moneys does or does not relate to the above heads, the decision of the Governor-General on the question shall be final.

(5) The proposals of the Governor-General in Council for the appropriation of revenue or moneys relating to heads of expenditure not specified in the above heads shall be submitted to the vote of the legislative assembly in the form of demands for grants.

(6) The legislative assembly may assent or refuse its assent to any demand or may reduce the amount referred to in any demand by a reduction of the whole grant.

(7) The demands as voted by the legislative assembly shall be submitted to the Governor-General in Council, who shall, if he declares that he is satisfied that any demand which has been refused by the legislative assembly as essential to the discharge of his responsibilities, act as if it had been assented to, notwithstanding the withholding of such assent or the reduction of the amount therein referred to, by the legislative assembly.

(8) Notwithstanding anything in this section the Governor-General shall have power, in case of emergency, to authorise such expenditure as may, in his opinion, be necessary for the safety or tranquillity of British India or any part thereof.

26. (1) Where either chamber of the Indian legislature refuses leave to introduce, or fails to pass in a form recommended by the Governor-General, any Bill, the Governor-General may certify that the passage of the Bill is essential for the safety, tranquillity or interests of British India or any part thereof, and thereupon—

Provision for case of failure to pass legislation

- (a) If the Bill has already been passed by the other chamber, the Bill shall, on signature by the Governor-General, notwithstanding that it has not been considered by both chambers, forthwith become an Act of the Indian legislature in the form of the Bill as originally introduced or proposed to be introduced in the Indian legislature, or (as the case may be) in the form recommended by the Governor-General ; and

- (b) if the Bill has not already been so passed, the Bill shall be laid before the other chamber, and, if consented to by that chamber in the form recommended by the Governor-General, shall become an Act as aforesaid on the signification of the Governor-General's assent, or, if not so consented to, shall, on signature by the Governor-General, become an Act as aforesaid.

(2) Every such Act shall be expressed to be made by the Governor-General, and shall, as soon as practicable after being made, be laid before both Houses of Parliament, and shall not have effect until it has received His Majesty's assent, and shall not be presented for His Majesty's assent until copies thereof have been laid before each House of Parliament for not less than eight days on which that House has sat; and upon the signification of such assent by His Majesty in Council, and the notification thereof by the Governor-General, the Act shall have the same force and effect as an Act passed by the Indian legislature and duly assented to:

Provided that, where in the opinion of the Governor-General a state of emergency exists which justifies such action, the Governor-General may direct that any such Act shall come into operation forthwith, and thereupon the Act shall have such force and effect as aforesaid, subject, however, to disallowance by His Majesty in Council.

Supplemental
provisions as to
powers of Indian
legislature

27. (1) In addition to the measures referred to in sub-section (2) of section sixty-seven of the principal Act, as requiring the previous sanction of the Governor-General, it shall not be lawful without such previous sanction to introduce at any meeting of either chamber of the Indian legislature any measure—

- (a) regulating any provincial subject, or any part of a provincial subject, which has not been declared by rules under the principal Act to be subject to legislation by the Indian legislature;
- (b) repealing or amending any Act of a local legislature;
- (c) repealing or amending any Act or ordinance made by the Governor-General.

(2) Where in either chamber of the Indian legislature any Bill has been introduced, or is proposed to be introduced, or any amendment to Bill is moved, or proposed to be moved, the Governor-General may certify that the Bill, or any clause of it, or the amendment, affects the safety or tranquillity of British India, or any part thereof, and may direct that no proceedings, or that no further proceedings, shall be taken by the chamber in relation to the Bill, clause, or amendment, and effect shall be given to such direction.

Composition of
Governor-General's
executive council.

28. (1) The provision in section thirty-six of the principal Act, imposing a limit on the number of members of the Governor-General's executive council, shall cease to have effect.

(2) The provision in section thirty-six of the principal Act as to the qualification of members of the council shall have effect as though the words "at the time of their appointment" were omitted, and as though after the word "Scotland" there were inserted the words "or a pleader of the High Court" and as though "ten years" were substituted for "five years."

(3) Provision may be made by rules under the principal Act as to the qualifications to be required in respect of members of the Governor-General's executive council, in any case where such provision is not made by section thirty-six of the principal Act as amended by this section.

(4) Sub-section (2) of section thirty-seven of the principal Act (which provides that when and so long as the Governor-General's executive council assembles in a province having a governor, the governor shall be an extraordinary member of the council) shall cease to have effect.

Appointment of
council secretaries.

29. (1) The Governor-General may at his discretion appoint, from among the members of the Legislative Assembly, council secretaries who shall hold office during his pleasure and discharge such duties in assisting the members of his executive council as he may assign to them.

(2) There shall be paid to council secretaries so appointed such salary as may be provided by the Indian legislature.

(3) A council secretary shall cease to hold office if he ceases for more than six months to be a member of the Legislative Assembly.

PART III.

SECRETARY OF STATE IN COUNCIL.

30. The salary of the Secretary of State, the salaries of his under-secretaries, and any other expenses of his department may, notwithstanding anything in the principal Act, instead of being paid out of the revenues of India, be paid out of moneys provided by Parliament, and the salary of the Secretary of State shall be so paid.

Payment of salary of Secretary of State, etc., out of moneys provided by Parliament

31. The following amendments shall be made in section three of the principal Act in relation to the composition of the Council of India, the qualification, term of office, and remuneration of its members:—

Council of India

- (1) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall have effect as though "eight" and "twelve" were substituted for "ten" and "fourteen" respectively, as the minimum and maximum number of members, provided that the council as constituted at the time of the passing of this Act shall not be affected by this provision, but no fresh appointment or re-appointment thereto shall be made in excess of the maximum prescribed by this provision.
- (2) the provisions of sub-section (3) shall have effect as if "one-half" were substituted for "nine" and "India" were substituted for "British India."
- (3) In sub-section (4) "five years" shall be substituted for "seven years" as the term of office of members of the council, provided that the tenure of office of any person who is a member of the council at the time of the passing of this Act shall not be affected by this provision.
- (4) The provisions of sub-section (8) shall cease to have effect and in lieu thereof the following provisions shall be inserted:
 "There shall be paid to each member of the Council of India the annual salary of twelve hundred pounds: provided that any member of the council who was at the time of his appointment domiciled in India shall receive, in addition to the salary hereby provided, an annual subsistence allowance of six hundred pounds.
 Such salaries and allowances may be paid out of the revenues of India or out of moneys provided by Parliament."
- (5) Notwithstanding anything in any Act or rules, where any person in the service of the Crown in India is appointed a member of the council before completion of the period of such service required to entitle him to a pension or annuity, his service as such member shall, for the purpose of any pension or annuity which would be payable to him on completion of such period, be reckoned as service under the Crown in India whilst resident in India.

32.—(1) The provision in section six of the principal Act which prescribes the quorum for meetings of the Council of India shall cease to have effect, and the Secretary of State shall provide for a quorum by directions to be issued in this behalf.

Further provisions as to Council of India

(2) The provision in section eight of the principal Act relating to meetings of the Council of India shall have effect as though "month" were substituted for "week."

(3) Section ten of the principal Act shall have effect as though the words "all business of the council or committees thereof is to be transacted" were omitted, and the words "the business of the Secretary of State in Council or the Council of India shall be transacted, and any order made or act done in accordance with such direction shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be treated as being an order of the Secretary of State in Council" were inserted in lieu thereof.

33. The Secretary of State in Council may, notwithstanding anything in the principal Act, by rule regulate and restrict the exercise of the powers of superintendence, direction, and control, vested in the Secretary of State and the Secretary of State in Council, by the principal Act, or otherwise, in

Relaxation of control of Secretary of State.

such manner as may appear necessary or expedient in order to give effect to the purposes of this Act.

Before any rules are made under this section relating to subjects other than transferred subjects, the rules proposed to be made shall be laid in draft before both Houses of Parliament, and such rules shall not be made unless both Houses by resolution approve the draft either without modification or addition, or with modifications or additions to which both Houses agree, but upon such approval being given the Secretary of State in Council may make such rules in the form in which they have been approved, and such rules on being so made shall be of full force and effect.

Any rules relating to transferred subjects made under this section shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament as soon as may be after they are made, and, if an Address is presented to His Majesty by either House of Parliament within the next thirty days on which that House has sat after the rules are laid before it praying that the rules or any of them may be annulled His Majesty in Council may annul the rules or any of them, and those rules shall thenceforth be void, but without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done thereunder.

34. So much of section five of the principal Act as relates to orders and communications sent to India from the United Kingdom and to orders made in the United Kingdom, and sections eleven, twelve, thirteen and fourteen of the principal Act, shall cease to have effect, and the procedure for the sending of orders and communications to India and in general for correspondence between the Secretary of State and the Governor-General in Council or any local government shall be such as may be prescribed by order of the Secretary of State in Council.

35. His Majesty may by Order in Council make provision of the appointment of a High Commissioner for India in the United Kingdom, and for the pay, pension, powers, duties and conditions of employment of the High Commissioner and of his assistants; and the Order may further provide for delegating to the High Commissioner any of the powers previously exercised by the Secretary of State or the Secretary of State in Council whether under the principal Act or otherwise in relation to making contracts, and may prescribe the conditions under which he shall act on behalf of the Governor-General in Council or any local government.

PART IV.

THE CIVIL SERVICES IN INDIA

36.—(1) Subject to the provisions of the principal Act and of rules made thereunder, every person in the civil service of the Crown in India holds office during His Majesty's pleasure, and may be employed in any manner required by a proper authority within the scope of his duty, but no person in that service may be dismissed by any authority subordinate to that by which he was appointed, and the Secretary of State in Council may (except so far as he may provide by rules to the contrary) reinstate any person in that service who has been dismissed.

If any such person appointed by the Secretary of State in Council thinks himself wronged by an order of an official superior in a governor's province, and on due application made to that superior does not receive the redress to which he may consider himself entitled, he may, without prejudice to any other right of redress, complain to the governor of the province in order to obtain justice, and the governor is hereby directed to examine such complaint and require such action to be taken thereon as may appear to him to be just and equitable.

(2) The Secretary of State in Council may make rules for regulating the classification of the civil services in India, the methods of their recruitment, their conditions of service, pay and allowances, and discipline and conduct. Such rules may, to such extent and in respect of such matters as may be prescribed, delegate the power of making rules to the Governor-General in Council or to local governments, or authorise the Indian legislature or local legislatures to make laws regulating the public services:

Provided that every person appointed before the commencement of this Act by the Secretary of State in Council to the civil service of the Crown in India shall retain all his existing or accruing rights, or shall receive such compensation for the loss of any of them as the Secretary of State in Council may consider just and equitable.

Correspondence
between Secretary
of State and
India

High Commissioner
of India

The civil services in
India

(3) The right to pensions and the scale and conditions of pensions of all persons in the civil service of the Crown in India appointed by the Secretary of State in Council shall be regulated in accordance with the rules in force at the time of the passing of this Act. Any such rules may be varied or added to by the Secretary of State in Council and shall have effect as so varied or added to, but any such variation or addition shall not adversely affect the pension of any member of the service appointed before the date thereof.

Nothing in this section or in any rule thereunder shall prejudice the rights to which any person may, or may have, become entitled under the provisions in relation to pensions contained in the East India Annuity Funds Act, 1874. 87 & 38 Vict., c.

(4) For the removal of doubts it is hereby declared that all rules or other provisions in operation at the time of the passing of this Act, whether made by the Secretary of State in Council or by any other authority, relating to the civil service of the Crown in India, were duly made in accordance with the powers in that behalf, and are confirmed, but any such rules or provisions may be revoked, varied, or added to by rules or laws made under this section.

37.—(1) Notwithstanding anything in section ninety-seven of the principal Act the Secretary of State may make appointments to the Indian Civil Service of persons domiciled in India, in accordance with such rules as may be prescribed by the Secretary of State in Council with the concurrence of the majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India.

Appointments to the Indian Civil Service.

Any rules made under this section shall not have force until they have been laid for thirty days before both Houses of Parliament.

• (2) The Indian Civil Service (Temporary Provisions) Act, 1915 (which confers power during the war and for a period of two years thereafter to make appointments to the Indian Civil Service without examination), shall have effect as though "three years" were substituted for "two years."

5 & 6 Geo. 5, c. 87

38. (1) There shall be established in India a public service commission, consisting of not more than five members, of whom one shall be chairman, appointed by the Secretary of State in Council. Each member shall hold office for five years, and may be re-appointed. No member shall be removed before the expiry of his term of office, except by order of the Secretary of State in Council. The qualifications for appointment, and the pay and pension (if any) attaching to the office of chairman and member, shall be prescribed by rules made by the Secretary of State in Council.

Public service commission.

(2) The public service commission shall discharge, in regard to recruitment and control of the public services in India, such functions as may be assigned thereto by rules made by the Secretary of State in Council.

39. (1) An auditor-general in India shall be appointed by the Secretary of State in Council, and shall hold office during His Majesty's pleasure. The Secretary of State in Council shall, by rules, make provision for his pay, powers, duties, and conditions of employment, or for the discharge of his duties in the case of a temporary vacancy or absence from duty.

Financial control.

(2) Subject to any rules made by the Secretary of State in Council, no office may be added to or withdrawn from the public service, and the emoluments of no post may be varied, except after consultation with such finance authority as may be designated in the rules, being an authority of the province or of the Government of India, according as the post is or is not under the control of a local government.

40. Rules made under this Part of this Act shall not be made except with the concurrence of the majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India.

Rule under Part IV.

PART V.

STATUTORY COMMISSION.

41. (1) At the expiration of ten years after the passing of this Act the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of both Houses of Parliament, shall submit for the approval of His Majesty the names of persons to act as a commission for the purposes of this section.

Statutory commission.

(2) The persons whose names are so submitted, if approved by His Majesty, shall be a commission for the purpose of inquiring into the working of the system of government, the growth of education, and the development of representative institutions, in British India, and matters connected therewith, and the commission shall report as to whether and to what extent it is

desirable to establish the principle of responsible government, or to extend, modify, or restrict the degree of responsible government then existing therein, including the question whether the establishment of second chambers of the local legislatures is or is not desirable.

(3) The commission shall also inquire into and report on any other matter affecting British India and the provinces, which may be referred to the commission by His Majesty.

PART VI.

GENERAL.

Modification of s.
124 of principal
Act.

42. Notwithstanding anything in section one hundred and twenty-four of the principal Act, if any member of the Governor-General's executive Council or any member of any local government was at the time of his appointment concerned or engaged in any trade or business, he may, during the term of his office, with the sanction in writing of the Governor-General, or, in the case of ministers, of the governor of the province, and in any case subject to such general conditions and restrictions as the Governor-General in Council may prescribe, retain his concern or interest in that trade or business, but shall not, during that term, take part in the direction or management of that trade or business.

Signification of
Royal Assent.

43. Any assent or disallowance by His Majesty, which under the principal Act is required to be signified through the Secretary of State in Council, shall as from the passing of this Act be signified by His Majesty in Council.

Power to make
rules.

44. (1) Where any matter is required to be prescribed or regulated by rules under the principal Act and no special provision is made as to the authority by whom the rules are to be made, the rules shall be made by the Governor-General in Council, with the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council, and shall not be subject to repeal or alteration by the Indian legislature or by any local legislature.

(2) Any rules made under this Act or under the principal Act may be so framed as to make different provision for different provinces.

(3) Any rules to which sub-section (1) of this section applies shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament as soon as may be after they are made, and, if an Address is presented to His Majesty by either House of Parliament within the next thirty days on which that House has sat after the rules are laid before it praying that the rules or any of them may be annulled, His Majesty in Council may annul the rules or any of them, and those rules shall thenceforth be void, but without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done thereunder:

Provided that the Secretary of State may direct that any rules to which this section applies shall be laid in draft before both Houses of Parliament, and in such case the rules shall not be made unless both Houses by resolution approve the draft either without modification or addition, or with modifications or additions to which both Houses agree, but, upon such approval being given, the rules may be made in the form in which they have been approved, and such rules on being so made shall be of full force and effect, and shall not require to be further laid before Parliament.

Amendments of
principal Act to
carry Act into
effect, etc.

45. (1) The amendments set out in Parts I and II of the Second Schedule to this Act, being amendments to incorporate the provisions of this Act in the principal Act, and further amendments consequential on or arising out of those provisions, shall be made in the principal Act, and any question of interpretation shall be settled by reference to the principal Act as so amended. The provisions of the principal Act specified in Part III of that schedule, being provisions which are obsolete or unnecessary, or which require amendment in detail, are hereby repealed or modified, and shall be dealt with, in the manner shown in the second column of that schedule.

(2) Every enactment and word which is directed by the Government of India (Amendment) Act, 1916, or by this section and the Second Schedule to this Act, to be substituted for or added to any portion of the Government of India Act, 1915, shall form part of the Government of India Act, 1915, in the place assigned to it by the Government of India (Amendment) Act, 1916, or at schedule; and the Government of India Act, 1915, and all Acts, including Act, which refer thereto, shall, after the commencement of this Act, be construed as if the said enactment or word had been enacted in the Government of India Act, 1915, in the place so assigned, and, where it is substituted

for another enactment or word, had been so enacted in lieu of that enactment or word.

A copy of the Government of India Act, 1915, with the amendments, whether by way of substitution, addition or omission, required by the Government of India (Amendment) Act, 1916, and by this section and the Second Schedule to this Act, shall be prepared and certified by the Clerk of the Parliaments, and deposited with the Rolls of Parliament, and His Majesty's printer shall print, in accordance with the copy so certified, all copies of the Government of India Act, 1915, which are printed after the passing of this Act and the Government of India Act, 1915, as so amended, may be cited as "The Government of India Act."

Sub-section (3) of section eight of the Government of India (Amendment) Act, 1916, is hereby repealed.

46. In this Act the expressions "official" and "non-official," where used in relation to any person, mean respectively a person who is or is not in the civil or military service of the Crown in India;

Definition of official.

Provided that rules under the principal Act may provide for the holders of such offices as may be specified in the rules not being treated for the purposes of the principal Act or this Act, or any of them, as officials.

47.—(1) This Act may be cited as the Government of India Act, 1919, and the principal Act, as amended by any Act for the time being in force, may be cited as the Government of India Act.

Short title commencement, interpretation, and transitory provisions.

(2) This Act shall come into operation on such date or dates as the Governor-General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State in Council, may appoint, and different dates may be appointed for different provisions of this Act, and for different parts of India.

On the dates appointed for the coming into operation of the provisions of this Act as respects any executive or legislative council all the members of the council then in office shall go out of office, but may, if otherwise qualified, be re-appointed, re-nominated or re-elected, as the case may be, in accordance with the provisions of the principal Act as amended by this Act.

(3) Any reference in any enactment, whether an Act of Parliament or made by any authority in British India, or in any rules, regulations or orders made under any such enactment, or in any letters patent or other document, to any enactment repealed by the principal Act, shall for all purposes be construed as references to the principal Act as amended by this Act, or to the corresponding provision thereof.

(4) Any reference in any enactment in force in India, whether an act of Parliament or made by any authority in British India, or in any rules, regulations, or orders made under any such enactment, or in any letters patent or other document, to any Indian legislative authority, shall for all purposes be construed as references to the corresponding authority constituted by the principal Act as amended by this Act.

(5) If any difficulty arises as to the first establishment of the Indian legislature or any legislative council after the commencement of this act or otherwise in first giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Secretary of State in Council or the Governor-General in Council, as occasion may require, may by order do anything which appears to them necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty.

SCHEDULES.

Section 7.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF LEGISLATIVE COUNCILS.

Legislative Council.						Number of Members.
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	118
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	111
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	125
United Provinces	...	...	...	...	...	118
Punjab	...	...	...	...	...	88
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	98
Central Provinces	...	...	...	...	...	70
Assam	...	...	...	...	...	53

SECOND SCHEDULE.

PART I.

The provisions of this Act set out in the first column of the following table shall be incorporated in the principal Act in the manner shown in the second column of that table, subject to the modifications specified in the third column of that table :—

Table.

Provision of Act.	Place and Method of Incorporation in the Principal Act.	Modifications.
Section 1	... To be inserted as a new section (45A) after s. 45.	"this Act" to be substituted for "the Government of India Act, 1915, "principal Act)," for "the principal Act," and for "that Act."
Section 3 (1)	... To be substituted for s. 46 (1)	...
Section 4	... To be substituted for s. 52	... "this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act."
Section 6	... To be substituted for s. 49	... "any other rules made under this Act" to be substituted for "any rules made under the principal Act as amended by this Act."
Sections 7, 8, 9	... To be inserted as new sections (72A, 72B and 72C) after s. 72.	... "this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act"
Section 10	... To be inserted as a new section (80A) after s. 80.	... "this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act"; "the commencement of the (Government of India Act, 1919," to be substituted for "the commencement of this Act" and "such first mentioned Act" to be substituted for "that Act" in sub-section (3).
Section 11	... To be inserted as a new section (72D) after s. 72C.	The following sub-section to be substituted for sub-section (1) :— "(1) The provisions contained in this section shall have effect with respect to business and procedure in governors' legislative councils." "this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act."
Section 12	... To be inserted as a new section (81A) after s. 81.	"this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act."
Section 13	... To be inserted as a new section (72E) after s. 72D.	...
Section 14	... To be inserted as a new section (80B) after s. 80A.	The following new section to be inserted at the end thereof :— "80C It shall not be lawful for any member of any local legislative council to introduce, without the previous sanction of the governor, lieutenant-governor or chief commissioner, any measure affecting the public revenues of a province or imposing any charge on those revenues."
Section 15	... To be inserted as a new section (52A) after s. 52.	"this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act or this Act" and for "the principal Act and this Act."
Section 16 (1) and (3).	... To be inserted as a new section (52B) after s. 52A.	"the Government of India Act, 1919," to be substituted for "this Act," where those words first occur, and "that Act" to be substituted for "this Act," where those words secondly occur, and "that Act or this Act" to be substituted for "this Act," where those words thirdly occur.
Section 16 (2)	... To be inserted as a new sub-section (2) of s. 84.	"Nothing in the Government of India Act, 1919, or this Act" to be substituted for "Nothing in this Act" and "this Act" to be substituted elsewhere for "the principal Act."
Ss. 17-23 inclusive	... To be inserted as new sections in lieu of ss. 63 and 64, and numbered 63, 63A, 63B, 63C, 63D, 63E, and 64.	"this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act."
Section 24 (2)	... To be inserted as sub-section (1) of s. 67 in lieu of the existing sub-section (1).	"this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act."

Provision of Act.	Place and method of incorporation in the Principal Act.	Modifications.
Section 24 (3)-(7) ...	To be inserted as sub-sections (3)-(7) of section 67 in lieu of the existing sub-section (d).	"this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act"
Sections 25 and 28	To be inserted as new sections (67A and 67B) after s. 67.	
Section 29 ...	To be inserted as a new section (43A) after s. 43.	
Section 33 ...	To be inserted as a new section (19A) after s. 19.	"this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act" and "the Government of India Act, 1919," to be substituted for "this Act."
Section 34 ...	To be inserted as a new section (11) in lieu of sections 1 to 14 inclusive.	for the words from the beginning of the section down to and including the words "effect and" there shall be substituted the words "Subject to the provisions of this Act."
Section 35 ...	To be inserted as a new section (29A) after s. 29.	"this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act."
Sections 36, 38, 39 and 40.	To be inserted as new sections (96B, 96C, 96D, and 96E) after section 96A, constituting a new part (VIIA) after Part VII.	"this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act," and "the Government of India Act, 1919," to be substituted for "this Act," except in s. 40.
Section 37 (1) ...	To be inserted as a new sub-section (6) of s. 97.	"this section" to be substituted for "section ninety-seven of the principal Act," and "any rules made under this sub-section" to be substituted for "any rules made under this section."
Section 41 ...	To be inserted as a new section (84A) after s. 84, constituting a new Part (VIA) after Part VI.	"the Government of India Act, 1919," to be substituted for "this Act."
Section 42 ...	To be inserted as a proviso to s. 124	"Provided that notwithstanding anything in this Act" to be substituted for "Notwithstanding anything in section one hundred and twenty-four of the principal Act."
Section 44 ...	To be inserted as a new section (129A) at the beginning of Part XII.	"this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act" and for "this Act or under the principal Act."
Section 46 ...	To be inserted as a new paragraph at the end of s. 134.	"in this Act" to be omitted, and "this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act" and for "the principal Act or this Act."
Section 47 (3) and (4).	To be inserted as new paragraphs at the end of s. 130.	"this Act" to be substituted for "the principal Act" and for "the principal Act as amended by this Act."
First Schedule ...	To be inserted in lieu of Schedule I.	

PART II.

The provisions of the principal Act specified in the first column of this table shall be amended in the manner shown in the second column.

TABLE.

Section of Act.	Amendment.
2	In sub-section (3) "or rules made thereunder" shall be inserted after "this Act." The following sub-section shall be substituted for sub-section (3) :— "(3) The salary of the Secretary of State shall be paid out of moneys provided by Parliament, and the salaries of his under-secretaries and any other expenses of his department may be paid out of the revenues of India or out of moneys provided by Parliament."
3 (1)	"eight" shall be substituted for "ten," and "twelve" shall be substituted for "fourteen," and the following words shall be inserted at the end of the sub-section :— "Provided that the Council as constituted at the time of the passing of the Government of India Act, 1919, shall not be affected by this provision, but no fresh appointment or re-appointment thereto shall be made in excess of the maximum prescribed by this provision."
3 (3)	"one-half" shall be substituted for "nine," and "India" shall be substituted for "British India."

Section of Act.	Amendment.
3 (4)	<p>"five years" shall be substituted for "seven years," and the following words shall be inserted at the end of the sub-section :—</p>
8 (8)	<p>"Provided that the tenure of office of any person who is a member of the Council at the time of the passing of the Government of India Act, 1919, shall be the same as though that Act had not been passed."</p> <p>The following sub-sections shall be substituted for this sub-section :—</p> <p>"(8) There shall be paid to each member of the Council of India the annual salary of twelve hundred pounds : Provided that any member of the Council who was at the time of his appointment domiciled in India shall receive in addition to the salary hereby provided, an annual subsistence allowance of six hundred pounds.</p> <p>Such salaries and allowances may be paid out of the revenues of India or out of moneys provided by Parliament.</p> <p>(9) Notwithstanding anything in any Act or rule, where any person in the service of the Crown in India is appointed a member of the Council before the completion of the period of such service required to entitle him to a pension or annuity, his service as such member shall, for the purpose of any pension or annuity which would have been payable to him on completion of such period, be reckoned as service under the Crown in India whilst resident in India."</p>
5	<p>The words of the section from and including the words "but every order" to the end of the section shall be omitted.</p>
6	<p>For "not less than five members are present" there shall be substituted "such number of members are present as may be prescribed by general directions of the Secretary of State."</p>
8	<p>For "week" there shall be substituted "month."</p>
10	<p>For "all business of the Council or committees thereof is to be transacted" there shall be substituted "the business of the Secretary of State in Council or the Council of India shall be transacted, and any order made or act done in accordance with such direction shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be treated as being an order of the Secretary of State in Council."</p>
19	<p>The words of this section from the beginning down to and including "Provided that" shall be omitted.</p>
20 (2) (d)	<p>After "under this Act" there shall be inserted "except so far as is otherwise provided under this Act."</p>
21	<p>At the beginning of this section there shall be inserted "Subject to the provisions of this Act and rules made thereunder."</p>
27 (9)	<p>After "revenues of India" there shall be inserted "or out of moneys provided by Parliament."</p>
29	<p>In sub-section (1) at the beginning there shall be inserted the words :—</p> <p>"Subject to the provisions of this Act regarding the appointment of a High Commissioner for India."</p>
30	<p>After sub-section (1) the following sub-section shall be inserted :—</p> <p>"(1A) A local Government may on behalf and in the name of the Secretary of State Council raise money on the security of revenues allocated to it under this Act, and make proper assurances for that purpose, and rules made under this Act may provide for the conditions under which this power shall be exercisable."</p>
31	<p>In sub-section (2) "sub-section (1) of this section" shall be substituted for "this section."</p>
33	<p>"Indian legislature" shall be substituted for "Governor-General in Legislative Council".</p>
35	<p>At the beginning of the section there shall be inserted "Subject to the provisions of this Act and rules made thereunder".</p>
36	<p>This section shall be omitted.</p>
36	<p>"ordinary" in sub-sections (1) and (2) shall be omitted</p>
	<p>In sub-section (2) for the words from and including "five or" to the end of the sub-section there shall be substituted "such as His Majesty thinks fit to appoint"</p>
	<p>In sub-section (3) "at the time of their appointment" shall be omitted, after "Scotland" there shall be inserted "or a pleader of a High Court," and "ten" shall be substituted for "five"</p>
	<p>In sub-section (4) for "person appointed an ordinary member of the council" there shall be substituted "member of the council (other than the Commander-in-Chief for the time being of His Majesty's forces in India)"</p>
	<p>At the end of the section the following new sub-section shall be inserted :—</p>
	<p>"(5) Provision may be made by rules under this Act as to the qualifications to be required in respect of the members of the Governor-General's executive Council in any case where such provision is not made by the foregoing provisions of this section."</p>
37	<p>The following section shall be substituted for section thirty-seven :—</p>
	<p>"37. If the Commander-in-Chief for the time being of His Majesty's forces in India is a member of the Governor-General's executive Council he shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, have rank and precedence in the Council next after the Governor-General."</p>
39	<p>In sub-section (2) for "one ordinary member of the council" there shall be substituted "one member of the council (other than the Commander-in-Chief)"</p>
40	<p>At the end of sub-section (1) there shall be inserted—"and when so signed shall not be called into question in any legal proceeding on the ground that they were not duly made by the Governor-General in Council"</p>

Section of Act.	Amendment.
42	For "ordinary member" there shall be substituted "member (other than the Commander-in-Chief)".
45	At the beginning of the section there shall be inserted "Subject to the provisions of this Act and rules made thereunder".
46	The following sub-section shall be substituted for sub-section (2) :— "(2) The Governors of the said presidencies are appointed by His Majesty by warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, and the Governors of the said provinces shall be so appointed after consultation with the Governor-General." In sub-section (3) "the governors' provinces" shall be substituted for "those presidencies" and "province" shall be substituted for "presidency".
47	In sub-section (2) "One at least of them must be a person who at the time of his appointment has been" shall be substituted for "Two at least of them must be persons who at the time of their appointment have been". The following sub-section shall be substituted for sub-section (3) :— "(3) Provision may be made by rules under this Act as to the qualifications to be required in respect of members of the executive council of the governor of a province in any case where such provision is not made by the foregoing provisions of this section."
48	"province" shall be substituted for "presidency."
50 (2)	"province" shall be substituted for "presidency."
53 (1)	For the words from the beginning down to "the Punjab and" (inclusive) there shall be substituted "The province of," and the words "with or without an executive council" shall be omitted.
57	At the end of the section there shall be inserted "An order made as aforesaid shall be called into question in any legal proceedings on the ground that it was not duly made by the lieutenant-governor in council."
58	"Assam, the Central Provinces," shall be omitted.
65	For "Governor-General in Legislative Council" there shall be substituted "Indian legislature."
67	• "either chamber of the Indian legislature" shall be substituted for "the council." At the end of sub-section (2) the following shall be inserted— "or any measure— (i) regulating any provincial subject, or any part of a provincial subject, which has not been declared by rules under this Act to be subject to legislation by the Indian legislature; or (ii) repealing or amending any Act of a local legislature; or (iii) repealing or amending any Act or ordinance made by the Governor-General. (2A) Where in either chamber of the Indian legislature any bill has been introduced, or is proposed to be introduced, or any amendment to a Bill is moved, or proposed to be moved, the Governor-General may certify that the Bill, or any clause of it, or the amendment affects the safety or tranquillity of British India, or any part thereof, and may direct that no proceedings, or that no further proceedings, shall be taken by the chamber in relation to the Bill, clause, or amendment; and effect shall be given to such direction."
68	"Bill" shall be substituted for "Act" and "a Bill" for "an Act;" "by both chambers of the Indian legislature" shall be substituted for "at a meeting of the Indian Legislative Council," and "whether he was or was not present in council at the passing thereof" shall be omitted. "A Bill passed by both chambers of the Indian legislature shall not become an Act" shall be substituted for "An Act of the Governor-General in Legislative Council has not validity." "in Council" shall be inserted after "His Majesty" and "to the Governor General through the Secretary of State in Council" shall be omitted.
69	"Indian legislature" shall be substituted for "Governor-General in Legislative Council"; "in Council" shall be inserted after "His Majesty" and "through the Secretary of State in Council" shall be omitted.
70	This section shall be omitted.
70 (2)	"Indian legislature" shall be substituted for "Governor-General in Legislative Council."
72	"Indian legislature" shall be substituted for "Governor-General in Legislative Council."
73	In sub-section (1) "a governor or of" shall be omitted and "and of members nominated or elected as hereinafter provided" shall be substituted for "with the addition of members nominated or elected in accordance with rules made under this Act." In sub-section (3), "as hereinafter provided" shall be substituted for "in accordance with rules made under this Act." Sub-section (4) shall be omitted.
74	This section shall be omitted.
75	This section shall be omitted.
76	In sub-section (1) "section" shall be substituted for "Act" and the following proviso shall be substituted for the existing proviso :— "Provided that the number of members so nominated or elected shall not, in the case of the legislative council of a lieutenant-governor, exceed one hundred." In sub-section (2) "Non-official" shall be substituted for "persons not in the civil or military service of the Crown in India." In sub-section (4) "Indian legislature or the local legislature" shall be substituted for "Governor-General in Legislative Council."

Section of Act.	Amendment.
78	<p>The following provision shall be inserted at the beginning of sub-section (1) :—</p> <p>"A lieutenant-governor or a chief commissioner, who has a legislative council, may appoint such times and places for holding the sessions of his legislative council as he thinks fit, and may also, by notification or otherwise, prorogue the council, and any meeting of the legislative council of a lieutenant-governor or a chief commissioner may be adjourned by the person presiding."</p> <p>In sub-section (2) "in accordance with rules made under this Act" shall be omitted.</p>
79	<p>For sub-section (3) the following sub-sections shall be substituted :—</p>
80	<p>"(3) All questions at a meeting of the legislative council of a lieutenant-governor or chief commissioner shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present other than the lieutenant-governor, chief commissioner or presiding member, who shall, however, have and exercise a casting vote in case of an equality of votes.</p> <p>(4) Subject to rules affecting the council, there shall be freedom of speech in the legislative councils of lieutenant-governors and chief commissioners. No person shall be liable to any proceedings in any court by reason of his speech or vote in those councils, or by reason of anything contained in any official report of the proceedings of those councils."</p>
79	<p>This section shall be omitted.</p>
80	<p>In sub-section (1) after "local legislative council," there shall be inserted "(other than a governor's legislative council)."</p>
	<p>Sub-section (2) shall be omitted.</p>
	<p>In sub-section (3) after "local government" there shall be inserted "of a province other than a governor's province," the word "Governor" where it occurs immediately before the word "Lieutenant-Governor," shall be omitted, and "Indian legislature" shall be substituted for "Governor-General in Legislative Council."</p>
	<p>At the end of the section the following new sub-sections shall be inserted :—</p>
	<p>"(4) The local Government of any province (other than a governor's province) for which a local legislative council is hereafter constituted under this Act shall, before the first meeting of that council, and with the sanction of the Governor-General in Council, make rules for the conduct of legislative business in that council (including rules for prescribing the mode of promulgation and authentication of laws passed by that council).</p> <p>(5) The local legislature of any such province may, subject to the assent of the lieutenant-governor or chief commissioner, alter the rules for the conduct of legislative business in the local council (including rules prescribing the mode of promulgation and authentication of laws passed by the council) but any alteration so made may be disallowed by the Governor-General in Council, and if so disallowed shall have no effect."</p>
81	<p>Throughout sub-sections (1) and (2) and in sub-section (3) where it first occurs, for "Act," there shall be substituted "Bill," and in sub-section (1) "by" shall be substituted for "at a meeting of."</p>
	<p>For "an Act" there shall be substituted "a Bill," and for "has no effect" there shall be substituted "shall not become an Act."</p>
82	<p>For "any such Act" where those words occur for the first and third times, there shall be substituted "an Act," and for those words where they occur for the second time there shall be substituted "the Act."</p>
	<p>In sub-section (1) after "His Majesty" there shall be inserted "in Council" and the words "through the Secretary of State in Council" shall be omitted.</p>
83	<p>This section shall be omitted.</p>
84	<p>"An Act of the Indian legislature" shall be substituted for "a law made by the Governor-General in Legislative Council," and "non-official members" shall be substituted for "members not holding office under the Crown in India."</p>
	<p>In paragraph (c) "an Act of" shall be substituted for "a law made by."</p>
86	<p>In sub-section (1) "ordinary" shall be omitted, and after the words "Executive Council" where they first occur there shall be inserted the words "(other than the Commander-in-Chief)."</p>
87	<p>"ordinary" shall be omitted, and after "Governor-General," where it occurs for the second time, there shall be inserted "(other than the Commander-in-Chief)."</p>
89	<p>In sub-section (4) for "ordinary member of the council" there shall be substituted "member of the council (other than the Commander-in-Chief)."</p>
90	<p>In sub-section (1) after "Governor" there shall be inserted "of a presidency."</p>
	<p>In sub-section (4) "ordinary" shall be omitted, and after "executive council" there shall be inserted "(other than the Commander-in-Chief)."</p>
92	<p>"a member" shall be substituted for "an ordinary member" and for "any ordinary member," and after "executive council of the Governor-General" there shall be inserted "(other than the Commander-in-Chief)."</p>
	<p>In sub-section (5) (a) "under this Act" shall be omitted.</p>
93 (1)	<p>"either chamber of the Indian legislature" shall be substituted for "the Indian Legislative Council."</p>
95	<p>Before "offices" wherever that word occurs, before "officers," and before "promotions" where it occurs for the second time, there shall be inserted "military."</p>
97	<p>"Section 96A of this Act" shall be substituted for "the last foregoing section."</p>
110	<p>In sub-section (1) after "Governor or Lieutenant-Governor" there shall be inserted "and a minister appointed under this Act."</p>
124	<p>In sub-section (4) after "Lieutenant-Governor" where it secondly occurs, there shall be inserted "or being a minister appointed under this Act."</p>

Section of Act.	Amendment.																										
131	"Indian legislature" shall be substituted for "Governor-General in Legislative Council."																										
134 (4)	The following paragraph shall be substituted for paragraph (4) :— "(4) "Local government" means, in the case of a governor's province, governor in council or the governor acting with ministers (as the case may require), and, in the case of a province other than a governor's province, a lieutenant-governor in council, lieutenant-governor or chief commissioner. "Local legislative council" includes the legislative council in any governor's province, and any other legislative council constituted in accordance with this Act. "Local legislature" means, in the case of a governor's province, the governor and the legislative council of the province, and, in the case of any other province, the lieutenant-governor or chief commissioner in legislative council."																										
135	The following section shall be substituted for section 135 :— "135. This Act may be cited as the Government of India Act."																										
Second Schedule	The following Schedule shall be substituted for the Second Schedule :— <div style="text-align: center;">SECOND SCHEDULE. OFFICIAL SALARIES, &c.</div> <table> <tr> <th>Officer.</th><th>Maximum annual salary.</th></tr> <tr> <td>Governor General of India</td><td>Two hundred and fifty-six thousand rupees.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Governor of Bengal, Madras, Bombay, and the United Provinces.</td><td>One hundred and twenty-eight thousand rupees.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Commander-in-Chief of His Majesty's forces in India.</td><td>One hundred thousand rupees.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Governor of the Punjab and Bihar and Orissa.</td><td>One hundred thousand rupees.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Governor of the Central Provinces</td><td>Seventy-two thousand rupees.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Governor of Assam</td><td>Sixty-six thousand rupees.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Lieutenant-Governor</td><td>One hundred thousand rupees.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Member of the Governor-General's executive Council (other than the Commander-in-Chief)</td><td>Eighty thousand rupees.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of Bengal, Madras, Bombay, and the United Provinces.</td><td>Sixty-four thousand rupees.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of the Punjab and Bihar and Orissa.</td><td>Sixty thousand rupees.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of the Central Provinces.</td><td>Forty-eight thousand rupees.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of Assam.</td><td>Forty-two thousand rupees.</td></tr> </table>	Officer.	Maximum annual salary.	Governor General of India	Two hundred and fifty-six thousand rupees.	Governor of Bengal, Madras, Bombay, and the United Provinces.	One hundred and twenty-eight thousand rupees.	Commander-in-Chief of His Majesty's forces in India.	One hundred thousand rupees.	Governor of the Punjab and Bihar and Orissa.	One hundred thousand rupees.	Governor of the Central Provinces	Seventy-two thousand rupees.	Governor of Assam	Sixty-six thousand rupees.	Lieutenant-Governor	One hundred thousand rupees.	Member of the Governor-General's executive Council (other than the Commander-in-Chief)	Eighty thousand rupees.	Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of Bengal, Madras, Bombay, and the United Provinces.	Sixty-four thousand rupees.	Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of the Punjab and Bihar and Orissa.	Sixty thousand rupees.	Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of the Central Provinces.	Forty-eight thousand rupees.	Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of Assam.	Forty-two thousand rupees.
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Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of the Central Provinces.	Forty-eight thousand rupees.																										
Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of Assam.	Forty-two thousand rupees.																										
Third Schedule	The following Schedule shall be substituted for the Third Schedule :— <div style="text-align: center;">THIRD SCHEDULE. OFFICERS RESERVED TO THE INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE.</div> <p>A.—Offices under the Governor-General in Council.</p> <p>1. The offices of secretary, joint secretary, and deputy secretary in every department except the Army, Marine, Education, Foreign, Political, and Public Works Departments : Provided that if the office of secretary or deputy secretary in the Legislative Department is filled from among the members of the Indian Civil Service, then the office of Deputy Secretary or Secretary in that department, as the case may be, need not be so filled.</p> <p>2. Three offices of Accountants General.</p> <p>B.—Offices in the provinces which were known in the year 1861 as Regulation Provinces.</p> <p>The following offices, namely :—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Member of the Board of Revenue. 2. Financial Commissioner. 3. Commissioner of Revenue. 4. Commissioner of Customs. 5. Opium Agent. 6. Secretary in every department except the Public Works or Marine Departments. 7. Secretary to the Board of Revenue. 8. District or Sessions Judge. 9. Additional District or Sessions Judge. 10. District Magistrate. 11. Collector of Revenue or Chief Revenue Officer of a district. 																										
Fifth Schedule	"Indian legislature" shall be substituted in the heading for "Governor General in Legislative Council."																										
16	To be omitted.																										
42	"and signifies his intended absence to the Council" shall be omitted.																										
45(2)	To be omitted.																										
51	"and signifies his intended absence to the Council" and "civil" shall be omitted.																										

* NOTE.—In parts I and II of the Second Schedule to this Act references to any word or expression in any provision of the principal Act or this Act apply, unless the contrary is stated, to that word or expression wherever the word or expression occurs in that provision.

Section of Act.	Amendment.
54(3)	To be omitted.
55(1)	"In paragraph (b) after "illness or otherwise" there shall be inserted "and for supplying a vacancy until it is permanently filled"
65	In sub-section (1) (d) "airmen" shall be inserted after "soldiers" and "or the Air Force Act" shall be inserted after "the Army Act."
	In sub-section (2) (i) "the Air Force Act" shall be inserted after "the Army Act."
67	"naval, or air" shall be substituted for "or naval."
73(2)	To be omitted.
81	In sub-section (1) "whether he was or was not present in Council at the passing of the Act" shall be omitted.
85	The following proviso shall be inserted at the end of sub-section (3) :— "Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall apply to the allowances or other forms of profit and advantage which may have been sanctioned for such persons by the Secretary of State in Council." For "subject to the foregoing provisions of this Act as to leave of absence" there shall be substituted "save in the case of absence on special duty or on leave under a medical certificate." After "council of a governor" there shall be inserted "or of a lieutenant-governor."
88	To be omitted.
89	"entitled under a conditional appointment to succeed to the office of Governor-General, or" and "absolutely" shall be omitted, and for "that office" there shall be substituted "the office of Governor-General."
90	In sub-section (1) "conditional or other" shall be omitted. In sub-section (3) for "this Act" there shall be substituted "section eighty-nine of this Act," and "respecting the assumption of the office by a person conditionally appointed to succeed thereto" shall be omitted.
91	In sub-section (4) "conditional or other" shall be omitted.
92	In sub-section (1) "conditional or other" shall be omitted. In sub-section (3) "then, if any person has been conditionally appointed to succeed to his office and is on the spot, the place of that member shall be supplied by that person, and if no person conditionally appointed to succeed to the office is on the spot" shall be omitted.
115	In sub-section (4) "conditionally or" shall be omitted. At the end of sub-section (1) the following shall be inserted :— "His Majesty may also by letters patent make such provision as may be deemed expedient for the exercise of the episcopal functions and ecclesiastical jurisdiction of the bishop during a vacancy of any of the said sees or the absence of the bishop thereof." At the end of sub-section (2) the following shall be inserted :— "and as metropolitan shall have, enjoy and exercise such ecclesiastical jurisdiction and functions as His Majesty may by letters patent direct. His Majesty may also by letters patent make such provision as may be deemed expedient for the exercise of such jurisdiction and functions during a vacancy of the See of Calcutta or the absence of the bishop."
118	In sub-section (1) "and archdeacons" shall be omitted, and after "letters patent" there shall be inserted "and the archdeacons of those dioceses by their respective diocesan bishops"

A. P. MUDDIMAN,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 31st January 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

POLICE.

Delhi, the 29th January 1920.

No. 184.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 41 of the Indian Arms Rules, 1920, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no fee shall be payable by Indian officers within the meaning of section 7 (2) of the India Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), whether in service or retired and in receipt as such of a pension, in respect of the grant of any licence in Form XIII under rule 29 of the said rules or of the renewal of any such licence.

H. D. CRAIK,

Offg. Addl. Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notifications issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, published in the *Gazette of India* dated 31st January 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CIVIL AVIATION.

Delhi, the 31st January 1920.

No. 66-C.A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 3 and 6 of the Indian Aircraft Act, 1911 (XVII of 1911), and in supersession of the Indian Airship Rules, 1913, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 525, dated the 1st May 1913, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Rules.

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

1. These rules may be called the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1920.

Definitions and interpretation.

2. (1) In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

“aerodrome” means any definite ground or water area intended to be used and capable of being used for the landing or departure of aircraft and includes all buildings, sheds, vessels, piers and other structures thereon or appertaining thereto;

“airship” means an aircraft lighter than air;

“approved aerodrome” means an aerodrome the proprietor of which has received a certificate of approval in respect thereof from an officer authorised by the Governor General in Council in that behalf, but does not include a Government or Royal Air Force aerodrome;

“Chief Customs-authority,” “Chief Customs-officer,” and “Customs-collector” mean respectively a person appointed to be a Chief Customs-authority, a Chief Customs-officer, and a Customs-collector under rule 53;

“customs-aerodrome” means an aerodrome notified as a customs-aerodrome under rule 53;

“examination station” means a space in a customs-aerodrome set apart under the orders of the Chief Customs-authority for the examination of goods;

“export” means the taking by aircraft out of British India;

“flying machine” means an aeroplane, seaplane, flying boat, or other aircraft heavier than air;

“foreign aircraft” means an aircraft which has not been registered in the manner provided by these rules, and is not ordinarily kept, in British India;

“Government aerodrome” means any aerodrome which is maintained by, or on behalf of, Government;

“import” means the bringing by aircraft into British India;

“passenger aircraft” and “goods aircraft” mean aircraft which carry, or are intended to carry, for hire or reward passengers and goods (including mails), respectively;

“personnel” in relation to any aircraft means the commander, pilot, navigator, engineer, and all other members of the crew;

the “proprietor” of an aerodrome includes any person responsible for the management thereof;

“visible” as applied to lights means visible on a dark night with a clear atmosphere;

the expression “under way” applies to any aircraft when it is not made fast to the ground or to any object on land or water.

(2) The General Clauses Act, 1897, shall apply, for the purpose of the interpretation of these rules, in like manner as it applies for the purpose of the interpretation of an Act of the Governor General in Council. X of 1897.

PART II.

GENERAL CONDITIONS OF FLYING.

3. No person shall use, or assist in using, an aircraft save in accordance with the provisions of this Part in so far as they are applicable in the case of each such person, and compliance therewith to such extent shall be deemed to be a condition of every licence granted under these rules.

4. No person shall fly, or assist in flying, any aircraft which—

- (a) has not been registered in the manner provided in Part III, and
- (b) does not bear the nationality and registration marks assigned to it in the certificate of registration granted under that Part, affixed thereon in such manner as is provided in Part VI:

Provided that nothing in this rule shall apply to aircraft flown only for the purpose of experiment or test within three miles of an aerodrome or aircraft factory.

5. The pilot of every aircraft and the entire personnel of every passenger and goods aircraft shall be licensed in manner provided in Part IV:

Provided that nothing in this rule shall apply within a distance of one mile from an aerodrome in the case of personnel under instruction, and personnel under instruction beyond that distance may be exempted from the requirements of this rule by or under the orders of an officer authorised by the Governor General in Council by order in writing in that behalf.

6. No person in charge of any aircraft shall allow such aircraft to be flown unless its certificate of registration and the licence of each member of the personnel who is under these rules required to be licensed is carried therein.

7. No person shall carry in any aircraft, and no person in charge of any aircraft shall allow to be carried therein, any explosives, etc.

8. No person shall carry in any aircraft, and no person in charge of any aircraft shall allow to be carried therein, any mails or wireless telegraphic apparatus without the consent in writing of the Director General of Posts and Telegraphs.

9. No pilot or person in charge of any aircraft shall use any place as a regular place of landing or departure other than an approved aerodrome:

Provided that any aircraft may use any Government or Royal Air Force aerodrome which may be appointed for this purpose by or under the orders of the Governor General in Council or the Air Officer Commanding the Royal Air Force in India, as the case may be, subject to such conditions and directions as may be laid down in the case of each such aerodrome.

10. (1) No pilot shall fly any aircraft, and no person in charge of any aircraft shall allow it to be flown over any city or town except at such altitude as will enable the aircraft to land outside the city or town in the event of the means of propulsion failing through mechanical breakdown or other cause:

Provided that this prohibition shall not apply within a distance of one mile from an approved aerodrome or a Government or Royal Air Force aerodrome.

(2) No person in any aircraft shall—

- (a) carry out any trick flying or exhibition flying over any city, town area, or village site; or
- (b) carry out any trick flying or exhibition flying over any regatta, race meeting or meeting for public games or sports or other public assembly, except where a request in writing for such flying has been received by such person from the promoters of any such assembly; or
- (c) carry out any flying which, by reason of low altitude or proximity to persons or dwellings, is dangerous to public safety; or

(d) drop or cause or permit to be dropped from the aircraft any article except—

- (i) ballast the dropping of which is not prohibited by the provisions of sub-rule (13) or rule 49.
- (ii) mails as may be authorised by the Director General of Posts and Telegraphs, and
- (iii) any other article the dropping of which may be permitted by general or special order of the Governor General in Council or an officer authorised by him by order in writing in that behalf:

Provided that separate sheets of paper containing printed matter only may be dropped in any place if the written permission of the District Magistrate or, in a Presidency town or Rangoon, of the Commissioner of Police, be first obtained in each case.

11. Every pilot and navigator shall observe, and every person in charge of an aircraft shall cause to be observed, all the rules of the air as contained in Part VIII.

12. (1) No pilot of any passenger aircraft carrying passengers shall fly the same unless it has, in accordance with the provisions of Part V,—

Further conditions for passenger and goods aircraft.

- (a) been certified as airworthy;
- (b) undergone a periodical inspection and overhaul; and
- (c) undergone examination on the day of flight;

and, unless all the certificates referred to in that Part and relating to such aircraft, are carried in the aircraft.

(2) No pilot or person in charge of any passenger aircraft shall use, as a regular place of landing or departure, any approved aerodrome which has not been appointed for the use of passenger aircraft by an officer authorised by the Governor-General in Council by order in writing in that behalf.

(3) No person in charge of any passenger or goods aircraft shall allow the same to be flown unless there are carried in the aircraft log books in accordance with the provisions of Part VII.

13. Every person arriving in, or departing from, British India in an aircraft shall comply with the provisions of Part IX in so far as they may be applicable to him.

Aircraft arriving in or departing from British India.

14. Any Magistrate, any Police-officer above the rank of constable, any Customs-officer, any commissioned officer of His Majesty's naval, military or air forces or of His Majesty's Royal Indian Marine, any non-commissioned officer of the Royal Air Force, or any other officer of Government authorised by the Governor-General in Council by general or special order in writing in that behalf may, for the purposes of inspection, demand the production by any member of the personnel of an aircraft of his licence or the production by the owner or person in charge of any aircraft of any certificate or log book relating thereto granted or maintained under these rules and every such person shall be bound to comply with such demand.

Production of licences, etc.

PART III.

REGISTRATION.

15. A certificate of registration for an aircraft may be granted by the Governor General in Council or an officer authorised by him by order in writing in that behalf, on the application by, or on behalf of, the owner of such aircraft;

Certificates of registration.

Provided that no such certificate shall be granted in respect of any aircraft owned by a person who is not a British subject or a firm or company having its principal place of business in His Majesty's dominions, save under a general or special order of the Governor General in Council.

16. Every such application shall be made in Form A set out in Schedule VI, and shall be accompanied—
 Nature of application.

- (a) by a fee of twenty rupees, which shall be returned if the application is not granted;
- (b) by a certificate of the nationality and suitability of the owner in Form B set out in Schedule VI granted and signed by a District Magistrate or, in a Presidency town or Rangoon, by a Commissioner of Police, within sixty days before the date on which the application is made; and
- (c) in the case of passenger aircraft, by a certificate of airworthiness in respect of the aircraft issued under rule 27 or rule 28.

17. If the application is granted there shall be delivered to the applicant a certificate of registration in Form C set out in Schedule VI.
 Grant of application

18. Upon any change of ownership of an aircraft registered under these rules, the certificate of registration of such aircraft shall be deemed to be cancelled.
 Change of ownership

PART IV.

LICENSING OF PERSONNEL.

19. The licences referred to in rule 5 may be granted by the Governor-General in Council or by an officer authorised by him by order in writing in that behalf:
 Grant of licences

Provided that no such licence shall be granted to any person who is not a British subject save under a general or special order of the Governor-General in Council.

20. Application for the grant of such licences shall be made as nearly as may be in Form D set out in Schedule VI, and shall be accompanied—
 Mode of application

- (a) by a fee of five rupees which shall be returned if the application is not granted;
- (b) by a certificate of the nationality and suitability of the person applying to be licensed, granted in the manner provided in clause (b) of rule 16; and
- (c) by two unmounted copies of a photograph of the person applying to be licensed.

21. (1) A person applying for a pilot's licence to fly aircraft other than passenger or goods aircraft will be required—
 Pilots

- (a) to produce a medical certificate in Form E set out in Schedule VI granted by an officer of the Royal Army Medical Corps or the Indian Medical Service or a medical officer of the Royal Air Force, stating to what extent the applicant fulfils the requirements of mental and physical fitness specified in Schedule I;
- (b) unless he is qualified as a Royal Air Force pilot, to produce an "A" certificate of flying competency for pilots of private flying machines in Form F set out in Schedule VI after examination conducted in the manner provided in Schedule II for the case of such applicants;

and may be required to submit proof of recent reasonable flying experience, or failing such proof, undergo practical tests.

(2) A person applying for a pilot's licence to fly passenger or goods aircraft will be required—

- (a) to produce a medical certificate in Form E set out in Schedule VI granted by a medical officer of the Royal Air Force, stating to what extent the applicant fulfils the requirements of mental and physical fitness specified in Schedule I;
- (b) unless he is qualified as a Royal Air Force pilot, to produce a "B" certificate of flying competency for pilots of passenger and goods aircraft as nearly as may be in Form F set out in Schedule VI after examination conducted in the manner provided in Schedule II for the case of such applicants;

and may be required to submit proof of recent reasonable flying experience on the class of aircraft for which the licence is required.

22. A person applying for a licence to navigate a passenger or goods aircraft will be required—
Navigators.

- (a) to produce a medical certificate granted in the manner provided in clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 21; and,
- (b) to produce a certificate of technical competency in Form G set out in Schedule VI after examination conducted in the manner provided in Schedule III for the case of navigators.

23. A person applying for a licence to be engaged as engineer on passenger or goods aircraft will be required—
Engineers

- (a) to produce a medical certificate granted in the manner provided in clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 21;
- (b) to produce a certificate of technical competency in Form G set out in Schedule VI after examination conducted in the manner provided in Schedule III for the case of engineers;

and may be required to undergo practical and theoretical tests.

24. A person applying for a licence as a member of the personnel of a passenger or goods aircraft in any other capacity than that of a pilot, navigator, or engineer will be required to produce a certificate in Form H set out in Schedule VI granted by a person approved in that behalf by the officer authorised under rule 19 to the effect that he possesses a good general knowledge of the rules of the air as contained in Part VIII.
Other personnel.

25. (1) Every licence under this Part shall be issued in Form I set out in Schedule VI, and shall, save as otherwise hereinafter provided, remain valid for a period of one year from the date of issue.
Issue, renewal, and cancellation of licences.

(2) Any licence issued under this Part may be renewed by the officer authorised under rule 19 to grant the same, for such further period as he may think fit, and such officer may before renewing the licence require the person applying for renewal to undergo practical or theoretical tests.

(3) A fee of five rupees shall be payable in respect of each licence renewed under sub-rule (2).

(4) In the event of any applicant for a licence, or for renewal of a licence being required to undergo any practical test, a further fee of twenty rupees shall be payable.

(5) It shall be deemed to be a condition of every licence issued under this Part that it is subject to cancellation or suspension at the pleasure of the Governor General in Council or of the officer authorised under rule 19.

26. Any pilot, navigator or engineer to whom a licence has been granted under this Part may be required, from time to time, to undergo further medical examination as may be directed by the officer authorised under rule 19.
Further medical examination.

PART V.

CERTIFICATES OF AIRWORTHINESS, PERIODICAL OVERHAUL AND EXAMINATION OF PASSENGER AIRCRAFT.

27. (1) In the case of passenger aircraft, a certificate of airworthiness in Form J set out in Schedule VI in respect of one aircraft of any particular type (hereinafter referred to as a "type aircraft") may be issued by the Governor General in Council or an officer authorised by him by order in writing in that behalf in such manner and subject to such conditions as are specified in Schedule IV.
Type aircraft.

(2) For each such certificate a fee of one hundred rupees shall be payable.

28. (1) After the issue of a certificate of airworthiness to a type aircraft, a certificate of airworthiness in Form J set out in Schedule VI may be issued in respect of any further aircraft of that type by the Governor General in Council or an officer authorised by him by order in writing in that behalf in such conditions as are specified in Schedule IV.

(2) For each such certificate a fee of twenty rupees shall be payable.

29. (1) Every passenger aircraft and each engine of every such aircraft must be periodically inspected and overhauled by a person approved, or by persons respectively approved, for the purpose of inspection and overhaul of aircraft and engines under this rule by the Governor General in Council or an officer authorised by him by order in writing in that behalf.

(2) If an aircraft or engine is, on such inspection and overhaul found to be fit for flight or in good order, as the case may be, the person making the inspection in each case shall grant a certificate in duplicate to that effect in Form K set out in Schedule VI.

(3) No passenger aircraft shall be flown.

(a) which has been flown for two hundred hours without having been certified under this rule during the period covered by such manner and subject to such flights as fit for flight, or

(b) of which any engine has been run for one hundred hours, without having been so certified during the period covered by such running as being in order.

30. Any person authorised by the Governor General in Council by general or special order in writing in this behalf may at any time inspect any passenger aircraft, and the certificate of airworthiness of any aircraft deemed as a result of such inspection to be unsafe may be cancelled or suspended by the authority by which such certificate was issued.

31. (1) No passenger aircraft shall on any day proceed on any journey carrying passengers unless it has previously been examined on that day by a person other than the pilot of such aircraft.

(2) Such examination shall be made of both the aircraft and the engine or engines by a person approved, or by persons respectively approved, for the purpose of examination of aircraft and engines under this rule, by such officer as may be authorised by the Governor General in Council by general or special order in writing in that behalf.

(3) If on such examination the aircraft and each engine thereof are found to be in every way fit for the flight or flights proposed, the examiner in each case shall sign a certificate in duplicate to that effect in Form L set out in Schedule VI, which certificates shall state the date on which and the hour at which they were signed and shall be countersigned by a person (who may be the pilot of the aircraft) in the employment of the owner.

32. One copy of each of the certificates prescribed in rules 29 and 31 shall be retained by the owner of the aircraft, and the other shall be carried in the aircraft.

33. The pilot of every passenger aircraft shall before commencing any flight, satisfy himself that the aircraft does not carry more than the load specified in the certificate of airworthiness, and that the aircraft is fit in every way for the proposed journey, and shall sign a certificate to that effect in Form M set out in Schedule VI, which certificate shall be carried in the aircraft.

PART VI.

NATIONALITY AND REGISTRATION MARKS.

34. (1) The nationality and registration marks shall be affixed in black on a white ground in the following manner, and underlined with a black line:—

Marks how to be affixed

(a) In the case of flying machines, the marks shall be painted once on the lower surface of the lower main planes, and once on the upper surface of the top main planes, the top of the letters towards the leading edge. They shall also be painted along each side of the fuselage between the main planes and the tail planes. In cases where the machine is not provided with a fuselage, the marks shall be painted on the nacelle.

(b) In the case of airships, the marks shall be painted near the maximum cross section on both sides and on the upper surface equidistant from the marks on the sides.

(3) The nationality mark in the case of flying machines and airships shall also be painted on the port and starboard sides of the lower surface of the lowest tail planes or elevators and also on the upper surface of the top tail planes or elevators, whichever are the larger. It shall also be painted on both sides of the rudder, or on the outer sides of the outer rudders if more than one rudder is fitted.

(4) (a) In the case of flying machines the height of marks on the main planes and tail planes respectively shall be equal to four-fifths of the chord, and the marks on the rudder shall be as large as possible. The height of the marks on the fuselage or nacelle shall be equal to four-fifths of the depth of the narrowest part of that portion of fuselage or nacelle on which the marks are painted.

(b) In the case of airships the nationality mark painted on the tail plane shall be equal in height to four-fifths of the chord of the tail plane and on the rudder shall be as large as possible. The height of the other marks shall be equal to at least one-twelfth of the circumference at the maximum transverse cross-section of the airship.

(c) In no case need the numbers or letters of the nationality and registration marks exceed eight feet in height.

(4) (a) The width of the numbers or letters shall be two-thirds of their height, and the thickness shall be one sixth of their height. The numbers or letters shall be painted in plain block type and shall be uniform in shape and size. A space equal to half the width of the numbers or letters shall be left between each number or letter.

(b) The thickness of the line underlining the mark shall be equal to the thickness of the numbers or letters, and the space between the bottom of the marks and the line shall be equal to the thickness of the line.

(5) Where the nationality and registration marks appear together, a hyphen of a length equal to that of one of the numbers or letters shall be painted between the nationality mark and the registration mark.

(6) The nationality and registration marks shall be displayed to the best possible advantage in view of the constructional features of the aircraft. The marks shall be kept clean and visible.

PART VII.

LOG BOOKS.

35. (1) The log books required to be maintained in the case of each passenger or goods aircraft are—

- (a) a journey log book;
- (b) an aircraft log book;
- (c) an engine log book for each engine; and
- (d) a signal log book

(2) Each log book shall be a separate book, but all log books shall be kept together in the aircraft in a waterproof bag.

(3) Log books shall be maintained in the manner, and shall contain the particulars, required in the case of each by the provisions of Schedule V, and aircraft log books and engine log books shall be maintained in Forms N and O, respectively set out in Schedule VI.

PART VIII.

RULES OF THE AIR.

Lights and Signals.

36. The rules concerning lights shall be complied with in all weathers from sunset to sunrise, and during such time no other lights which may be mistaken for the prescribed lights shall be exhibited. The said

lights shall not be dazzling.

37. (1) A flying machine when in the air or manœuvring on land or water under its own power shall carry the following lights, namely:—

Lights to be carried

- (a) forward, a white light, visible in a dihedral angle of two hundred and twenty degrees bisected by a vertical plane through the line of flight, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least five miles;
- (b) on the starboard side, a green light, so constructed and fixed as to show an unbroken light between two vertical planes, whose dihedral angle is one hundred and ten degrees when measured to the right from dead ahead, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least three miles;
- (c) on the port side, a red light, so constructed and fixed as to show an unbroken light between two vertical planes whose dihedral angle is one hundred and ten degrees when measured to the left from dead ahead, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least three miles; and
- (d) at the rear, and as far aft as possible, a white light shining rearwards, and visible in a dihedral angle of one hundred and forty degrees bisected by a vertical plane through the line of flight.

(2) The green and red sidelights shall be fitted so that the green light shall not be seen from the port side, nor the red light from the starboard side.

(3) Where, in order to fulfil the conditions of visibility laid down in clauses (a) to (d) of sub-rule (1), a single light has to be replaced by several lights, the field of visibility of each of these lights should be so limited that in no case can more than one be seen at a time.

Explanation.—The angular limits referred to in this rule shall be determined when the aircraft is in its normal position for flying on a rectilinear horizontal course.

38. (1) The foregoing rules as to the lighting of flying machines shall apply to airships, subject to the following notifications, namely:—

Airships

- (a) All lights shall be doubled, the forward and aft lights vertically, and the side lights horizontally;
- (b) Both lights of each pair forward and aft shall be visible at the same time;
- (c) The distance between lights comprising a pair shall not be less than six feet.

(2) An airship when being towed shall carry the lights required by sub-rule (1), and in addition those specified in rule 40 for airships not under control.

39. A flying machine, when on the surface of the water and when not under control, that is to say, not able to manœuvre as required by the regulations for preventing collisions at sea, shall carry two red lights not less than six feet apart in a vertical line one over the other, and of such a character as to be visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least two miles. In addition, the side lights must be shown if the flying machine is under way.

Flying machine not under control

40. (1) An airship, which from any cause is not under control, or which has voluntarily stopped its engines, shall, in addition to the other prescribed lights, display conspicuously two red lights, one over the other approximately in a vertical line, not less than six feet apart and constructed to show a light in all directions and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least two miles.

Airship not under control, etc

(2) By day an airship, when being towed, or which from any cause is not under control shall display conspicuously two black balls or shapes, each two feet in diameter, placed one over the other and approximately in a vertical line.

(2) By day an airship moored or under way, but having voluntarily stopped its engines shall display conspicuously a black ball or shape two feet in diameter, and shall be treated by other aircraft as being not under control.

41. (1) An airship, when moored near the ground, shall carry the lights required by sub-rule (1) of rule 38.

Moored airship.

(2) In addition, if moored but not near the ground, the airship shall carry below the car at a distance of not less than twenty feet, three lights in a vertical line one over the other not less than six feet apart. The highest and lowest of these lights shall be red, and the middle light shall be white, and they shall be of such a character as to be visible in all directions at a distance of at least two miles.

(3) In addition, the mooring cable shall have attached to it at intervals of one thousand feet, measured from the airship, groups of three lights similar to those mentioned in the preceding paragraph. In addition, the object to which the airship is moored on the ground shall have a similar group of lights to mark its position.

(4) By day the mooring cable shall carry in the same positions as the groups of lights specified in the preceding paragraph, and in lieu thereof, tubular steamers, not less than eight inches in diameter and six feet in length, marked with alternate bands of white and red eighteen inches in width.

42. A flying machine stationary on land or water, but not moored or anchored, shall carry lights as prescribed in rule 37.

Stationary flying machine

43. In order to prevent collisions with surface craft the following provisions shall have effect, namely:—

Prevention of collisions

(a) A flying machine when at anchor or moored on the water shall carry forward where it can best be seen a white light so constructed as to show an unbroken light visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least one mile.

(b) A flying machine of one hundred and fifty feet or upwards in length, when at anchor or moored on the water, shall in the forward part carry one such light, and at or near the stern, and, at such a height that it shall be not less than fifteen feet lower than the forward light, another such light.

Explanation.—The length of a flying machine shall be deemed to be the overall length.

(c) A flying machine of one hundred and fifty feet or upwards in span, when at anchor or moored in the water, shall carry in addition at each lower wing tip one such light as is specified in clause (a).

Explanation.—The span of a flying machine shall be deemed to be the maximum lateral dimension.

44. In the event of the failure of any of the lights prescribed in this Part, the aircraft shall land at the first reasonably safe opportunity.

Failure of lights

45. Nothing in these rules shall interfere with the operation of any special rules made by the Government of any State with respect to the additional station and

Savings

signal lights for two or more aircraft or for aircraft in formation, or with the exhibition of recognition signals adopted by owners of aircraft which have been authorised by their respective Governments and duly registered and published.

46. (1) Aircraft proposing to land at night on aerodromes having a ground control shall before landing fire a green

Landing at night

Very's light or flash a green lamp, and in addition shall make by international Morse code the letter group forming its call sign.

(2) Permission to land will be given by the repetition of the same call sign from the ground followed by a green Very's light or the flashing of a green lamp.

(3) The firing of a red Very's light or the display of a red flare from the ground shall be taken as an instruction that aircraft are not to land.

(4) An aircraft compelled to land at night shall, before landing, fire a red Very's light, or make a series of short flashes with the navigation lights.

47. When an aircraft is in distress and requires assistance, the following signals shall be used or displayed, either together or separately, namely :—

Aircraft in distress

- (1) the international signal, S.O.S., by means of visual or wireless signals ;
- (2) the international code flag signal of distress, indicated by NC ;
- (3) the distant signal consisting of a square flag, having either above or below it a ball or anything resembling a ball ;
- (4) a continuous sounding with any sound apparatus ;
- (5) a signal consisting of a succession of white Very's lights, fired at short intervals.

48. In fog, mist, falling snow, or heavy rainstorm, whether by day or night, an aircraft on the water shall make the following sound signals with any sound apparatus, namely :—

Sound signals

- (a) If not anchored or moored, a sound at intervals of not more than two minutes, consisting of two blasts of about five seconds' duration, with an interval of about one second between them ;
- (b) If at anchor or moored, a sound at intervals of not more than one minute, consisting of one blast of about five seconds' duration.

Air traffic.

49. (1) Flying machines shall always give way to airships, and flying machines and airships shall always give way to balloons, whether fixed or free

General rules

(2) A motor-driven aircraft must always manoeuvre according to these rules as soon as it is apparent that, if it pursued its course, it would pass at a distance of less than two hundred yards from any part of another aircraft.

(3) When two motor-driven aircraft are meeting end on, or nearly end on, each shall alter its course to starboard.

(4) When two motor-driven aircraft are on courses which cross, the aircraft which has the other on its own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.

(5) An aircraft overtaking any other shall keep out of the way of the overtaken aircraft by altering its own course to starboard, and shall not pass by diving.

(6) Every aircraft coming up with another aircraft from any direction more than one hundred and ten degrees from ahead that is to say, in such a position with reference to the aircraft which it is overtaking that at night it would be unable to see either of that aircraft's sidelights, shall be deemed to be an overtaking aircraft ; and no subsequent alteration of the bearing between the two aircraft shall make the overtaking aircraft a crossing aircraft within the meaning of this rule, or relieve it of the duty of keeping clear of the overtaken aircraft until it is finally past and clear.

Explanation—As by day the overtaking aircraft cannot always know with certainty whether it is forward of or abaft this direction from the other aircraft, it should, if in doubt, assume that it is an overtaking aircraft and keep out of the way.

(7) Where under this rule one of two aircraft is to keep out of the way, the other shall keep its course and speed. When in consequence of thick weather or other causes, such other aircraft finds itself so close that collision cannot be avoided by the action alone of the aircraft giving way, it shall take such action as will best serve to avert collision.

(8) Every aircraft which is required by these rules to keep out of the way of another aircraft shall, if the circumstances of the case admit, avoid crossing ahead of the other.

(9) In following an officially recognised aerial route, every aircraft, when it is safe and practicable, shall keep to the right side of such route.

(10) Aircraft on land or water about to ascend shall not attempt to take off until there is no risk of collision with alighting aircraft.

(11) Every aircraft in a cloud, fog, mist or other conditions of bad visibility, shall proceed with caution, careful regard being had to the existing circumstances and conditions.

(12) In obeying and construing the provisions of this rule, due regard shall be had to all dangers of navigation and collision and to any special circumstances which may render necessary a departure from the said provisions in order to avoid immediate danger.

(13) The dropping of ballast other than fine sand or water from aircraft in the air is prohibited.

50. (1) (a) At every approved aerodrome a flag hoisted in a prominent position shall be taken as an indication that, if an aircraft about to land finds it necessary to make a circuit or partial circuit, such circuit shall be left-handed (anti-clockwise) or right-handed (clockwise) according to the colour of the flag. A blue flag shall indicate a right-handed circuit, that is to say, that the flag is kept to the starboard side or side which carries the green light of the aircraft, and a red flag shall indicate a left-handed circuit, that is to say, that the red flag is kept to the port side or side which carries the red light of the aircraft.

(b) Similarly, aircraft leaving an approved aerodrome shall conform to the circuit as indicated by the flag.

(2) When an aircraft starts from an approved aerodrome, it shall not turn until five hundred yards distant from the nearest point of the aerodrome, and the turning then made shall conform with the circuit indication.

(3) An aircraft flying between five hundred and one thousand yards distance from the nearest point of an approved aerodrome shall conform to the circuit indication, unless such aircraft is flying at a greater height than six thousand five hundred feet.

(4) Side slip and trick landings are prohibited at approved aerodromes, and trick flying is prohibited within a distance in any direction of at least two thousand yards from the nearest point of any such aerodrome.

(5) An aircraft, when taking off from or alighting on an approved aerodrome, shall do so up-wind, except when the natural conditions of the aerodrome do not permit.

(6) In the case of two or more aircraft approaching an approved aerodrome for the purpose of landing, the aircraft flying at the greater height shall be responsible for avoiding the aircraft at the lower height, and shall, as regards landing, comply with the provisions of sub-rule (5) of rule 49.

(7) Aircraft showing signals of distress shall be given free way in attempting to make a landing on an approved aerodrome.

(8) Every approved aerodrome shall be considered to consist of three zones when looking up-wind. The right-hand zone shall be the taking-off zone, and the left hand shall be the landing zone. Between these two there shall be a neutral zone. An aircraft when landing should attempt to land as near as possible to the neutral zone, but on the left of any aircraft which have already landed. After showing up or coming to a stop at the end of its landing run, an aircraft will immediately move into the neutral zone. Similarly, an aircraft when taking-off shall keep as far as possible towards the right of the taking-off zone, but shall keep clear to the left of any aircraft which are taking-off or are about to take-off.

(9) No aircraft shall commence to take-off until a preceding aircraft is clear of the aerodrome.

(10) The above rules shall apply equally to night landings on approved aerodromes, when the signals, if exhibited, shall be as follows, namely:—

(a) A red light shall indicate a left-hand circuit, and a green light shall indicate a right-handed circuit. The right-hand zone will be marked by a white lights placed in the position of an "L," and the left-hand zone will be similarly marked. The "L's" shall be back to back, that is to say, the long arms of the "L's" will indicate the borders of the neutral zone. The direction of landing shall invariably be along the long arm of the "L" and towards the short arm. The lights of the "L's" should be so placed that the lights indicating the top extremity of the long arm shall be the nearest point on the aerodrome upon which an aeroplane can safely touch ground. The lights indicating the short arm of the "L" should indicate the limit of safe landing ground for the aircraft, that is, that the aeroplane should not over-run the short arm.

(b) Where it is desired to save lights and personnel, the following system may be used :—

Two lights shall be placed on the windward side of the aerodrome to mark the limits of the neutral zone, the line joining the lights being at right angles to the direction of the wind; two more lights shall be placed as follows, namely, one on the leeward side of the aerodrome on a line drawn parallel to the direction of the wind and passing midway between the two lights on the windward side, for showing the extent of the aerodrome and the direction of the wind; and the other midway between the two lights marking the limits of the neutral zone.

Additional lights may be symmetrically placed along the boundary lines of the neutral zone and on the ends of the taking off and landing zones, on the line through the three lights on the windward side.

(11) No airship shall, in the vicinity of any aerodrome, be moored otherwise than near the ground without the special authorisation of the proprietor of such aerodrome.

51. Every aircraft manœuvring under its own power on the water shall conform to any regulation for the time being in force for preventing collisions at sea, and for the purposes of such regulations shall be deemed to be a steam-vessel, but shall carry lights as laid down in this Part, and those specified for steam-vessels in those regulations. The sound signals specified in those regulations shall not be used by or apply to such aircraft, save as provided in rules 47 and 48.

52. Mere compliance with the provisions of this Part shall not be deemed to exonerate the owner or personnel of any aircraft from the consequences of neglect of any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of the air or by the special circumstances of any particular case.

PART IX.

RULES AS TO AIRCRAFT ARRIVING IN OR DEPARTING FROM BRITISH INDIA.

Customs-aerodromes and Customs-officers

53. The Governor-General in Council may for the purposes of this Part—

(a) by notification in the *Gazette of India* declare any aerodrome to be a customs-aerodrome; and

(b) appoint persons to be Chief Customs-authorities, Chief Customs-officers and Customs-collectors, and define the areas within which each such person shall exercise the powers and perform the duties conferred and imposed upon him hereunder.

54. (1) Every person in charge of an aircraft entering British India shall cause it to be landed in British India, and the first such landing shall be made at a customs-aerodrome, unless the aircraft is compelled to land before arriving at a customs-aerodrome by accident, stress of weather or other unavoidable cause.

(2) No person in charge of an aircraft shall fly the same or allow it to be flown to a place outside British India save from a customs-aerodrome unless compelled to land after departure from a customs-aerodrome by accident, stress of weather or other unavoidable cause.

55. (1) No person in any aircraft entering or departing from British India shall carry or allow to be carried in the aircraft any goods of which the import or export by sea or by land is prohibited by or under any law for the time being in force.

(2) No person in any aircraft entering British India shall break or alter any seal placed upon any part of the aircraft or upon any goods therein by an officer of customs at the aerodrome at which such aircraft departed for British India.

55. (1) The person in charge of any aircraft arriving at a customs-aerodrome from a place outside British India shall, on landing, forthwith cause the aircraft to be taken to the examination station at that aerodrome or, if, owing to circumstances over which he has no control, he is unable so to do, shall make the report required by sub-rule (2), and thereafter remove all goods carried in the aircraft to the examination station in the presence of a Customs-collector or some person duly authorised by the Customs-collector in that behalf.

(2) Within twenty-four hours after the landing at any customs-aerodrome of an aircraft from a place outside British India, the person in charge thereof shall—

- (a) make a report to the Customs-collector in such form as may be approved by the Chief Customs-authority;
- (b) deliver to the Customs-collector with such report his log book and a manifest, list of passengers and their baggage and declaration of the goods and stores on board the aircraft signed by the proper officer of customs at the aerodrome from which he departed for British India; and
- (c) land at such aerodrome for examination all passengers and their baggage carried in such aircraft, and, after making such report, produce, and, if required to do so, unload all goods in such aircraft for examination.

57. (1) The person in charge of every aircraft in which goods are to be exported shall, before any goods are taken on board, deliver to the Customs-collector at the customs-aerodrome of departure a notice of departure for a foreign destination in Form P set out in Schedule VI, containing the particulars specified in that Form.

(2) Every person in charge of an aircraft proceeding to any place outside British India shall deliver to the Customs-collector at the customs-aerodrome of departure, together with any log books belonging to the aircraft and a list of passengers and their baggage an application in duplicate for clearance from that aerodrome in such form as may be approved by the Chief Customs-authority, and also, if the aircraft carries any goods, a manifest and declaration in a form approved in like manner declaring the goods and stores on such aircraft, and shall truly state therein the particulars required by such forms; and such forms, when signed by such Collector, shall be the clearance and authority for the aircraft to proceed to its foreign destination.

58. (1) No person importing goods shall land the goods at any place in British India other than a customs-aerodrome, or shall, save as provided in sub-rule (1) of rule 56, unload the goods from any aircraft except at an examination station, or shall unload the goods except between such hours as the Chief Customs-authority by general or special order directs, or shall remove the goods from an examination station unless the same have first been duly entered in the manner provided in this rule and produced to the Customs-collector and duly passed by him.

(2) No person shall remove from any aircraft any goods imported therein until the report required by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 56 has been made, and the authority of the Customs-collector has been obtained.

(3) Any person importing goods shall deliver to the Customs-collector at the customs-aerodrome of importation a bill of entry of such goods in the manner provided in section 29 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and shall truly furnish therein the several particulars required in a bill of entry under that section, and shall pay to such Collector duties thereon as if such goods were chargeable to duties under that Act.

(4) All goods imported into a customs-aerodrome shall be duly entered and unloaded within seven days from the time of the arrival of such aircraft at that aerodrome or within such further period as the Customs-collector or Chief Customs-officer may allow.

(5) All goods imported which have not been examined and passed by the Customs-collector shall be stored in a transit shed at the customs-aerodrome, and no person shall remove such goods from the transit shed before they have been examined and passed by such Collector.

59. (1) The exporter of any goods shall deliver to the Customs-collector at the customs-aerodrome of departure a shipping bill in the manner provided in section 29 of the

Procedure on export

III of 1878

Sea Customs Act, 1878, and shall truly furnish therein the several particulars required in a shipping bill under that section, and shall pay to such Collector duties thereon as if such goods were chargeable to duties under that Act, and such bill when signed by the Customs-collector shall be the clearance and authority for the exportation of such goods.

(2) No person shall without the consent of the Customs-collector unload from any aircraft any goods loaded thereon for export which have been cleared under sub-rule (1), or open, alter, or break any lock, mark or seal placed by any Customs-collector on any goods in any aircraft about to depart from British India.

60. No person shall for the purpose of evading, or assisting the evasion of, the provisions of this Part make any signal from an aircraft entering or leaving British India.

Prohibition of signals in certain cases

61. If any aircraft arriving from a place outside British India shall be forced to land in any place other than a customs-aerodrome, or if any aircraft is so forced after

Forced landings

departure from a customs-aerodrome for a foreign destination, the person in charge of the aircraft shall, if the place of landing is not an aerodrome, forthwith report to a Customs-collector or Police-officer, and shall on demand produce to such Collector or officer the log books belonging to the aircraft, and shall not allow any goods to be unloaded therefrom without the consent of such Customs-collector, and no passenger or member of the personnel thereof shall leave the immediate vicinity without the consent of such Collector or Police-officer. When the locality is one in which no Customs-collector or Police-officer is available, the person in charge shall not allow any goods to be unloaded without his consent, and no passenger or member of the personnel shall leave the immediate vicinity without his consent. The person in charge shall make in his log book a full statement of the action taken, and shall forthwith report the occurrence to the Customs-collector at the nearest customs-aerodrome. If the place of landing is an aerodrome, such person shall forthwith report the arrival of the aircraft and the place whence it came to the proprietor of the aerodrome, and the proprietor of the aerodrome shall forthwith report the arrival of the aircraft to a Customs-collector, and shall not allow any goods to be unloaded therefrom or any passenger thereof to leave the aerodrome, without the consent of such Collector.

62. (1) The person in charge of any aircraft shall permit any Customs-collector or other officer authorised in this behalf by the Customs-collector at any time to board and examine the aircraft and any goods laden thereon.

Examination

(2) The importer or exporter of any goods shall produce such goods to the Customs-collector at the customs-aerodrome of importation or exportation, as the case may be, and permit him to examine such goods.

63. All persons importing or exporting or concerned in importing or exporting goods or passengers into or from British India, and all persons in charge of aircraft arriving in or departing from British India, shall so far as may be observed, comply with and be bound by the provisions of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, as if any references in such provisions to ships or vessels and the masters or captains thereof, and to the loading or unloading of goods thereon or therefrom, included references to aircraft and the persons in charge thereof, and to the loading or unloading of goods thereon or therefrom, and as if references in such provisions to a port or quay included references to a customs-aerodrome or an examination station.

Provisions of Act VIII of 1878 to be deemed to apply to import and export

I of 1878

64. Nothing in this Part, save the provisions of rule 55, shall apply in the case of aircraft.

Exemption of aircraft proceeding to or from Indian States

(a) entering British India from a State in India and not bound for a place outside India, or

(b) departing from British India for a State in India.

PART X.

GENERAL.

Inspection.

65. Any officer of Government authorised by the Governor-General in Council by general or special order in writing in this behalf may—

Inspection

- (a) at all reasonable times enter any place to which access is necessary for the purpose of exercising his powers or carrying out his duties under these rules;
- (b) at all times during working hours enter that portion of any factory in which aircraft or parts of aircraft are being manufactured or assembled and inspect and examine any such factory, aircraft or parts and any drawings relating to such parts;
- (c) enter, inspect and search any aircraft which he has reason to believe contains explosives, arms, ammunition, wireless telegraphic apparatus or goods which are being or have been imported or are being exported;
- (d) enter and inspect any place where aircraft are kept.

Foreign Aircraft.

Exemption of foreign aircraft

66. The provisions of these rules as to—

- (a) registration of aircraft,
- (b) licensing of personnel,
- (c) airworthiness, and
- (d) log books.

shall not apply in the case of any foreign aircraft during one month from the date of its arrival in British India:

Provided that—

(i) no person shall fly or land, or assist in flying or landing, any foreign naval, military or air-force aircraft over or in British India except on or with the invitation or permission in writing of the Governor General in Council, and in the case of any such aircraft landing on such invitation or with such permission the exemption provided by this rule shall apply only to such extent and on such conditions as may be specified in the invitation or permission; and

(ii) where any foreign aircraft, after first landing in British India, is flown over any part thereof except in such manner as may be necessary in order to proceed to a foreign destination, all the provisions of these rules shall apply in the case of such aircraft, unless there are carried in the aircraft and produced for inspection, as and when required by any officer specified in, or authorised under, rule 14, certificates and licences issued, and log books in the form approved, by a responsible authority in the country to which the aircraft belongs, complying substantially with the requirements of these rules.

Exemptions.

67. The Governor General in Council may by general or special order in writing exempt any aircraft or class of aircraft

General power to exempt

or any person or class of person from the operation of these rules either wholly or partially, subject to such conditions, if any, as may be specified in such order.

Penalty.

68. Any person contravening any of the rules contained in Part II or any other of these rules with which by any rule contained in Part II he is required to comply,

Penalty

shall, where no punishment is provided for such contravention in the Indian Aircraft Act, 1911, be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

SCHEDULE I.

(See rules 21, 22 and 23)

QUALIFICATIONS FOR GRANT OF MEDICAL CERTIFICATE.

- (a) Good personal and family history, with particular reference to nervous stability. Absence of any mental, moral or physical defect which will interfere with flying efficiency.
- (b) The minimum age for pilots and navigators of passenger or goods aircraft shall be nineteen years.
- (c) The applicant must neither suffer from any wound, injury or operation, nor possess any abnormality, congenital or otherwise, which will interfere with the efficient and safe handling of aircraft.
- (d) The applicant must not suffer from any disease or disability which renders him liable suddenly to become incompetent in the management of aircraft. His heart, lungs, kidneys and nervous system must be capable of withstanding the effects of altitude and of prolonged flight.
- (e) The applicant must possess a degree of visual acuity compatible with the efficient performance of his duties. No pilot or navigator shall have more than two dioptries of latent hypermetropia; muscle balance must be good and commensurate with the refraction. He must have a good field of vision in each eye, and must possess normal colour perception.
- (f) The middle ear must be healthy. The applicant must possess a degree of auditory acuity compatible with the efficient performance of his duties.
- (g) The vestibular mechanism must be intact, and neither unduly hypersensitive nor hyposensitive.
- (h) The applicant must possess free nasal air entry on either side, and not suffer from serious acute or chronic affections of the upper respiratory tract.

SCHEDULE II.

(See rule 21)

NATURE OF EXAMINATION TO BE UNDERGONE FOR THE GRANT TO AN APPLICANT FOR A PILOT'S LICENCE OF A CERTIFICATE OF FLYING COMPETENCY.

I.—For Flying Machine Licence

Certificates are of two kinds—

"A" of flying competency for pilots of private flying machines (not valid for the flying of passenger or goods aircraft);

"B" of flying competency for pilots of passenger or goods flying machines.

Certificates may be granted in each case by two examiners approved in that behalf by the officer authorised under rule 19.

PRACTICAL TESTS.

The practical tests for certificates of flying competency shall be carried out within a period of one month.

They may be carried out in any order and each may be attempted twice.

They shall, save as otherwise provided, be witnessed by both examiners who will forward their official reports to the officers authorised under rule 19.

In each practical test the candidate must be alone in the flying machine.

"A" certificate of flying competency for pilots of private flying machines.

(a) *Test for altitude and gliding flight.*—A flight without landing during which the pilot shall remain for at least an hour at a minimum

altitude of 6,000 feet above the point of departure. The descent shall finish with a glide, the engines being cut off at 4,500 feet above the landing ground. The landing shall be made without the engine being started again, within 150 yards of a point fixed beforehand by the examiners.

(b) *Test of skill.*—A flight without landing round two posts (or buoys) situated 500 yards apart, making a series of five figure-of-eight turns, each turn, reaching one of the two posts (or buoys). This flight shall be made at an altitude of not more than 600 feet above the ground (or water) without touching the ground (or water). The landing shall be effected by—

(i) finally shutting off the engine or engines at least when the aircraft touches the ground (or water), and

(ii) finally stopping the flying machine within a distance of 50 yards from a point fixed by the candidate before starting.

(c) *Cross-country flight.*—A cross-country or oversea flight of at least 50 miles, the final landing being made at the point of departure.

“ B ” certificate of flying competency for pilots of passenger or goods flying machines.

The practical tests shall be as in clauses (a) and (b) above. Candidates already in possession of the “ A ” certificate are not required to pass these tests again.

Further practical tests shall be as follows :—

Test of endurance.—A cross-country or oversea flight of at least 200 miles, the final landing being made at the point of departure.

This flight shall be carried out in the same aircraft within eight hours, and include two obligatory landings during which the machine must come to rest at a point or points which shall not be the point of departure but which shall be fixed by the examiners.

At the time of departure the candidate shall be informed of his course and furnished with a map. The examiners will decide if the course has been correctly followed.

Night flight.—A thirty minutes' flight at an altitude of at least 1,500 feet and also a landing to be made between two hours after sunset and two hours before sunrise.

Recent flying experience test.—This is to be carried out on the type of machine for which the licence is required. It is to be a flying test of at least two hours with four landings in each of which no part of the machine is damaged.

This test need not be carried out in the presence of the examiners ; but the candidate must submit proof to their satisfaction that he has performed this test.

TECHNICAL EXAMINATION.

The technical examination for both “ A ” and “ B ” certificates shall be in the following subjects :—

Rules of the air as contained in Part VIII.

Theoretical abstract knowledge of the resistance of the air in connection with planes, rudders, elevators and propellers ; functions of the different parts of the machine and of their controls.

Assembling of aeroplanes propellers, undercarriages, rudders, elevators and their controls.

Practical tests on rigging.

General knowledge of internal combustion engines, and their various functions ; valve gear, carburation, ignition, exhaust.

Characteristics of aero-engines and a general idea of their construction, adjustment and assembling.

Causes of the faulty running of engines. Fuel and oils. Description of the details of the aero-engines used. Adjustments, lubrication, upkeep, disassembling and assembling of the principal parts. Causes of breakdown.

Use of throttle and other controls.

Practical tests in running repairs.

II.—For Airship Licence.

The examination for certificates of flying competency for pilots of airships shall be conducted in a similar manner to those for the flying machine licence with such modifications as may be permitted by the examiners under the directions of the officer authorised under rule 19.

The Technical Examination shall also include knowledge of the properties of gases and the theory of Ballooning.

SCHEDULE III.

(See rules 22 and 23.)

NATURE OF EXAMINATION TO BE UNDERGONE FOR GRANT TO AN APPLICANT FOR A NAVIGATOR'S OR ENGINEER'S LICENCE OF A CERTIFICATE OF TECHNICAL COMPETENCY.

Certificates may be granted in each case by an examiner approved in this behalf by the officer authorised under rule 19. The examination shall be in the following subjects :—

For Navigators.

Rules of the air as contained in Part VIII.

Map and chart reading and location of position.

Compass—magnetic meridian—declination, deviation, variation.

Courses—bearings—and their corrections.

Compensation of compasses (theoretical and practical).

Calculations of azimuth.

Flight by dead reckoning—measure of the relative speed—drift, traverse table.

Chronometer—chronometer rate—comparisons.

Sextants—adjustments.

Nautical almanac.

Determination of positions by means of bearings and altitudes of stars.

Great circle navigation.

Aeronautical navigational instruments.

Meteorology and weather charts.

International rules for aerial and maritime navigation and other international aerial legislation.

For Engineers.

Rules of the air as contained in Part VIII.

General knowledge of internal combustion engines and their various functions ; valve gear, carburation, ignition, exhaust.

Characteristics of aero-engines and a general idea of their construction, adjustment and assembling.

Causes of the faulty running of engines. Fuel and oils. Description of the details of the aero-engines used. Adjustments, lubrication, upkeep, disassembling and assembling of the principal parts. Causes of breakdown. Use of throttle and other controls.

Practical tests in running repairs.

SCHEDULE IV.

(See rules 27 and 28.)

CONDITIONS SUBJECT TO WHICH CERTIFICATES OF AIRWORTHINESS MAY BE ISSUED IN RESPECT OF TYPE AIRCRAFT AND TO SUBSEQUENT AIRCRAFT OF THE SAME TYPE.

Type Aircraft.

(1) The applicant shall forward with his application a copy of any certificate of airworthiness which may have been granted in respect of such type aircraft.

The applicant shall also send general arrangement drawings of the proposed aircraft, together with such particulars of load, fuel, engines, etc., as will enable a preliminary opinion to be formed as to general safety.

(2) The applicant shall forward either with the application or subsequently such drawings and particulars of the proposed aircraft as may be necessary for the checking in detail of the safety of the aircraft. (Blue prints or rough sketches may be sufficient to enable the said checking to proceed, provided they are fully dimensioned.)

(3) The applicant may proceed with the construction of any part or parts of the aircraft as and when these are approved by the officer authorised under sub-rule (1) of rule 27 (in this Schedule referred to as the Officer).

(4) The workmanship and materials of construction of the aircraft shall be approved by the Officer in accordance with detailed directions in clause (17) of this Schedule.

(5) On completion of the aircraft, flying trials shall be carried out by the applicant's or constructor's pilot in the presence of the Officer or persons nominated by him (in this Schedule referred to as the representatives of the Officer).

(6) After the satisfactory completion of the check calculations, inspection, and applicant's flying trials, and after any modifications considered necessary for safety have been completed to the satisfaction of the Officer, the applicant may be instructed to deliver the aircraft for official trials to such aerodrome as the Officer may specify (in this Schedule referred to as the official aerodrome).

(7) At any time prior to the delivery of the aircraft for official trials, modifications to the aircraft may be made by the applicant, provided that full particulars and drawings of the proposed modifications are first submitted to the Officer and that such as affect the safety of the aircraft are approved by him.

(8) During official trials, which may be attended by such number of representatives of the applicant as the Officer may approve, the aircraft will be in the charge of the representatives of the Officer, but the Officer and his representatives shall not be liable for any loss or damage caused to such aircraft during official trials.

(9) If any modifications are considered by the Officer to be necessary for safety as a result of such official trials, such modifications shall be carried out by the applicant, and on completion thereof the aircraft shall be delivered, if required, for further official trials.

(10) On the completion of official trials, the applicant will be notified, and reports on calculations and tests will be supplied to him by the Officer on application. The aircraft will, as the Officer may direct, either be handed over to the applicant at the official aerodrome for removal, or be delivered by an official pilot to an aerodrome selected by the applicant and approved by the Officer.

(11) On the satisfactory completion of the official trials, and after the completion to the satisfaction of the Officer of any modifications considered necessary for safety, a certificate of airworthiness will be issued. Prior to the issue of such certificate the applicant shall deliver to the Officer a complete set of working drawings (process tracings) of the aircraft.

Subsequent Aircraft.

(12) Following the receipt by the Officer of an application form duly completed, certificates of airworthiness for subsequent aircraft which conform in all essential respects with a type aircraft for which a certificate of airworthiness has previously been issued will be granted subject to the conditions and procedure hereinafter specified.

(13) The applicant may make modifications (including change of engine type) to the aircraft and may depart from the approved complete set of working drawings (process tracings) of the type aircraft which were delivered under clause (11) of this Schedule; but full particulars and drawings of the proposed modification shall first be delivered to the Officer and such as affect the safety of the aircraft shall be subject to his approval.

(14) During the construction of the aircraft the inspection of the workmanship, construction and materials shall be as approved by the Officer in accordance with the detailed directions in clause (18) of this Schedule.

(15) In the case of an aircraft which, in the opinion of the Officer, differs considerably from the type aircraft, or in the case of an aircraft built by a

constructor not familiar with the type aircraft, the Officer may on completion of the aircraft require flying trials to be carried out by the applicants or constructor's pilot in the presence of representatives of the Officer, and may require the aircraft to be delivered to the official aerodrome for additional trials. The procedure in this case will be in accordance with the procedure governing similar trials in the case of a type aircraft, as laid down in clauses (8), (9) and (10) of this Schedule.

(16) On the satisfactory completion of the aircraft and of any trials that may be required by the Officer, and when any modifications considered necessary for safety have been completed to the satisfaction of the Officer, a certificate of airworthiness will be issued.

Prior to the issue of such certificate, the applicant shall deliver to the Officer a complete set of working drawings (process tracing) of any modifications to or departure from the type aircraft.

Method of Approval of Workmanship and Materials.

(17) In the case of type aircraft—

- (a) inspection of workmanship and materials will be carried out by representatives of the officer.
- (b) the officer will accept wherever in his opinion possible the inspection of details, components and materials for type aircraft made by employes of the constructor under the supervision of a representative of such constructor, but each component will be finally inspected and approved by a representative of the Officer, who will co-operate with the constructor's inspecting staff;
- (c) constructors must notify the Officer seven days before commencing work on any part of the aircraft, the inspection of which is necessary prior to further work;
- (d) the constructor must also fulfil the conditions detailed hereunder for subsequent aircraft.

(18) In the case of subsequent aircraft of a type—

- (a) constructors must satisfy the Officer that their inspecting staff is such as to ensure that aircraft passed by them conform in all essential respects to the type design;
- (b) constructors must purchase material to the specifications approved for the type design, and must arrange that each and every batch of material is proved to comply with those specifications by such examination, sampling and testing, as may be approved by the Officer;
- (c) constructors must make such arrangements at their works as will preclude the use of material other than that approved as in sub-clause (b);
- (d) constructors' inspecting staffs, referred to in sub-clause (a), must stamp, or otherwise provide means for the identification of, each and every detail in such a way that the individual responsible for such approval can subsequently be traced, selective inspection being adopted where considered possible;
- (e) constructors must issue only details or parts in respect of which the provisions of sub-clause (d) have been complied with to the shops for assembly into components;
- (f) constructors must maintain an efficient process inspection during such work of assembly and record such inspection on a process card for each component. Every component must be finally inspected by a qualified member of their inspecting staff, who will stamp the component in such a way that it may afterwards be identified and will also sign the process card;
- (g) constructor's methods of carrying out the following operations must be approved by the officer or his representative, namely:—
heat treatment of steel, seasoning and conversion of timber, glueing of important parts, and doping;
- (h) constructors must ensure that all instruments and other parts affecting airworthiness purchased from sub-contractors have been inspected and approved in accordance with these conditions;

- (e) constructors (of aircraft or engine as may be arranged) must ensure that all engines have been inspected and approved in accordance with these conditions, and further that they have satisfactorily undergone such bench tests as are required by the Officer and for this purpose that suitable test stands and accessories are provided to the satisfaction of the Officer
- (f) aircraft constructors must carry out an efficient inspection of the installation of all engines, instruments and parts that are fitted by them into the aircraft, such inspection to ensure that they function correctly, the individual responsible being indicated by a signature on the process card referred to in sub-clause (f);
- (k) contractors must limit the power of their inspection staff to grant concessions to matters which do not affect the weight, the strength or the functioning of the part. Should any of these points be affected, the matter must be referred to the designer of the aircraft, and, if affecting the type design, to the Officer, as laid down in the case of modifications to type designs.

Aircraft constructed outside British India.

(19) In the case of any type or subsequent aircraft constructed outside British India the Officer may in his discretion issue a certificate of airworthiness, although the conditions specified in this Schedule have not been fulfilled, if he is satisfied that they have been substantially fulfilled in the construction of the aircraft

SCHEDULE V.

(See rule 35)

Instructions for maintenance of Log Books.

(1) The constructor, or the owner if the constructor is not in a position to do so, should fill in and sign the original entries in each log book. Subsequent entries should be made and signed by the pilot or other responsible member of the personnel.

(2) A copy of the certificate of airworthiness should be kept in a pocket at the end of the aircraft log book.

(3) All entries should be in ink, except in the case of journey and signal log books, the entries for which may be made in pencil in a rough notebook, but should be entered in ink in the log book every twenty-four hours.

In the event of any official investigation the rough notebook may be called for.

(4) No erasures should be made in, nor pages torn from, any log book.

(5) A copy of this Schedule should be inserted in each log book.

(6) The various log books shall contain in each case the following particulars namely :—

(1) in the case of a journey log,—

(a) the type to which the aircraft belongs; its nationality and registration marks; the full name, nationality and residence of the owner; the name of the constructor; the carrying capacity; and

(b) in addition, for each journey,

(i) the name, nationality and residence of each member of the personnel, and

(ii) the place, date and hour of departure, the route followed and all incidents of the journey, including landings and weather conditions;

(2) in the case of an aircraft log,—

(a) the type to which the aircraft belongs; its nationality and registration marks; the full name, nationality and residence of the owner; the name of the constructor; the carrying capacity; and the capacity of the tanks;

(b) the type and series number of engine, and the type of propeller, showing number, pitch, diameter and maker's name;

- (c) the type of wireless apparatus fitted, if any ;
- (d) a table showing the necessary rigging data for the information of persons in charge of the aircraft and of its maintenance ; and
- (e) a fully detailed engineering record of the life of the aircraft, including all acceptance tests, overhauls, replacements, repairs and all works of a like nature ;
- (3) in the case of an engine log,—
- (a) the type of engine, series number, maker's name, power, normal and maximum revolutions of engine, date of acceptance and date on which first put into service ; petrol consumption ; oil consumption ;
- (b) the registration mark and the type of aircraft in which the engine has been installed ; and
- (c) a fully detailed engineering record of the life of the engine, including all acceptance tests, hours run, overhauls, replacements, repairs and all work of a like nature ;
- (4) in the case of a signal log,—
- (a) the type to which the aircraft belongs ; its nationality and registration marks ; the full name, nationality and residence of the owner ;
- (b) the place, date and time of the transmission or reception of any signal ; and
- (c) the name or other indication of the person or station from or to whom or which a signal is received or sent.

SCHEDULE VI.

FORM A.

(See rule 16.)

Form of application for aircraft registration certificate.

SIR,

¹/_{we} hereby apply for a certificate of registration and the grant of Nationality and Registration Marks for the following ^{private} ^{passenger and goods} aircraft.

Maker,
 Maker's number.
 Owner's full name.
 Owner's residence.
 Station of the aircraft.
 Description.

*For flying Machines.**For Airships.*

Whether aeroplane, seaplane or flying boat.	Whether rigid, semi-rigid or non-rigid.
Number of planes, viz.—monoplane, biplane, etc.	Cubic capacity.
Whether tractor or pusher driven.	Overall length in feet
Overall length in feet	Maximum diameter in feet.
Span in feet.	Material of which envelope is made and name of maker.
Maximum height.	Gas ordinarily used.
Are wings made to fold ?	Useful weight carrying capacity.
Seating or passenger capacity.	Seating or passenger capacity.

For Engines.
 Number—
 Rotary or Stationary—
 Number of cylinders—
 Horse power—
 Maker's name—
 Name, if any, of engines—
 Total weight of machine with engines—
 Useful weight carrying capacity—

*I enclose attached herewith :—

If applicant has already received a certificate or licence substitute "my certificate of nationality and suitability was approved by you on the grant of certificate No. , dated , in the case of passenger aircraft only

(1) Certificate of Nationality and Suitability.

(2) Certificate of Airworthiness.†

I hereby declare that the aircraft is owned by me Mr the Company carrying on business at the firm of carrying on business at and that the particulars given above as to such aircraft are true to the best of my knowledge and belief. I agree to observe the following conditions if a certificate of registration be granted to me :—

- (1) to notify either personally or by registered letter any change in station of this aircraft if such change is for a period exceeding fifteen days;
- (2) to notify as above the destruction, loss or transfer, of the said aircraft and, in the case of transfer, the name and address of the transferee; and
- (3) to return this certificate when the aircraft is destroyed, lost beyond recovery or transferred.

(Signature of applicant) _____

Full name and address _____

Dated _____

FORM B.

(See rule 16)

Form of Certificate of Nationality and Suitability.

Mr. _____ of _____ in the District of _____ in the Province of _____ { is personally known to me has been identified before me to my satisfaction, I am convinced that he is by nationality a { British French, Italian, Persian, etc., subject. The inquiry which I have made as to his character and reputation has not disclosed any reason against the grant to him of a licence to own fly an aircraft.

(Signature) _____

District Magistrate or Commissioner of Police.

Dated _____

District
 Presidency town

FORM C.

(See rule 17.)

Form of Certificate of Registration of an aircraft

The aircraft described below has been registered under the ~~Indian~~ Aircraft Rules, 1920, and has been granted Nationality and Registration marks as follows:—

Nationality mark—
Registration mark—

Description—

Nationality.
Number and date of Registration.
Type of Aircraft.
Maker.
Maker's number.
Description.
Owner's full name.
Owner's residence.
Owner's nationality.
Station of the aircraft.

The aircraft shall carry affixed to the car or to the fuselage in a prominent position a metal plate inscribed as follow:—

Aircraft registered as No. _____ India.
Marks _____
Owner's Name _____
Owner's Residence _____
Station of aircraft.

(Signature of Officer) _____

Dated _____

FORM D.

(See Rule 20.)

Form of application for pilot's licence for private aircraft.

SIR,

I hereby apply for the issue to me of a licence as a pilot of private ~~Flying Machines.~~ I enclose attached herewith—
~~Airships.~~

- (1) Certificate of Nationality and Suitability.
- (2) Medical Certificate.
- (3) Certificate of Flying Competency "A" } *Strike out one or other.*
or
Certificate that I am qualified as a Royal
Air Force Pilot.
- (4) Two copies of a photograph of myself, unmounted.

I send herewith per _____ rupees five.

I am, etc.,

(Name in full with rank, titles, etc.) _____

(Full address) _____

(Occupation) _____

Dated _____

Note.—The form of application for other licences under Part IV will be similar to the above with such modification as may in each case be necessary.

FORM E.

(See Rule 21)

Form of Medical Certificate.

I certify that I have medically examined Mr _____ of _____
in the district of _____, who ^{is personally known to me.}
^{has been identified before me to my satisfaction.}
with a view to ascertaining his mental and physical fitness for flying.

I have considered the medical requirements laid down in Schedule I to
the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1920, and after due
examination I am of opinion that he fulfils
those requirements, with the following excep-
tions:—

*Please give here sufficient detail to
enable a medical officer to form an
opinion as to the degree of applicant's
fitness for flying

In my opinion he is mentally and physically ^{at}_{least} for flying.

(Signature of Medical Officer) _____

Designation _____

Dated _____.

FORM F.

(See Rule 21.)

Form of "A" Certificate of flying competency for pilots of private aircraft.

We hereby certify that _____ of _____ in the District of _____ who
^{is personally known to us}
^{has been identified before us to our satisfaction} has in the presence of both of us performed to
our satisfaction the following tests on a† _____
†Enter here the type of flying flying machine viz. :—
machine or airship airship

He performed each test in the manner noted and initialled by us under each.

We are both of opinion that he is competent to fly a private ^{flying machine}_{airship}.

†Give here designation, viz., R A F (Signature)† { . . . } Examiners.
Pilot, etc

Dated _____.

Note —The form for the "B" passenger and goods certificate will be similar to the above with the alteration of the later tests

FORM G.

(See rules 22 and 23)

Form of Certificate of Technical Competency as ^{navigator}_{engineer} of passenger or goods aircraft.

I hereby certify that Mr. _____ of _____ of the
District of _____ who ^{is personally known to me}
^{has been identified before me to my satisfaction} has been
examined by me as to his knowledge of the subjects specified in Schedule III
of the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1920, for the case of ^{navigators}_{engineers}, and that he has
shown a satisfactory knowledge of each subject.

I am of opinion that he is competent to act as ^{navigator}_{engineer} of passenger or
goods aircraft

(Signature) _____ Examiner.

Dated _____.

FORM H.

(See rule 24.)

Form of certificate of competency as member of the personnel (otherwise than as pilot, navigator or engineer) of passenger or goods aircraft.

I hereby certify that Mr. _____ of _____ in the District of _____ who ^{is personally known to me} ^{has been identified before me to my satisfaction} has been examined by me as to his knowledge of the rules of the air as contained in Part VIII of the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1920, and that he has shown a good general knowledge thereof.

I am of opinion that he is competent to act as member of the personnel (otherwise than a pilot, navigator or engineer) of passenger or goods aircraft.

(Signature) _____ Examiner.

Dated _____

FORM I.

(See rule 25.)

Form of Licence for personnel.

No. _____ of 191 _____

(Full Name) _____

of (address) _____

is hereby licensed to act as—

* All but the appropriate entry to be struck out.

- *(a) pilot of a private flying machine,
- *(b) pilot of a passenger or goods

Aeroplane
Seaplane
Flying boat

of the following type :—

(1) _____

(2) _____

- *(c) navigator of any passenger or goods aircraft,
- *(d) engineer of any passenger or goods aircraft,
- *(e) member of the crew of any passenger or goods aircraft,

for period of one year from the _____ day of _____ 19 _____, subject to the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1920.

(Signature of Officer) _____

Dated _____



Photograph of holder.

NOTE.—The form of licence for the pilot of an airship will be similar with such modification as may be necessary.

FORM J.

(See rules 27 and 28.)

Form of Certificate of airworthiness.

Number _____.

I hereby certify that aircraft—

Type _____.

Maker's name _____.

Maker's number _____.

It has been examined for airworthiness as a ^{type aircraft} ~~subsequent aircraft of the same type as~~ _____

aircraft for which certificate of airworthiness number _____ has been granted on _____ and is hereby certified as airworthy, provided the following conditions are complied with:—

(a) the total weight including all times of load should not exceed _____ lbs.

(b) the loading including the placing of passengers should be such that the centre of gravity remains within the following limits, viz. _____

(Signature) _____

(Designation) _____

Place _____

Dated _____

FORM K.

(See rule 29.)

Form of certificate of periodical inspection and overhaul of ^{an aircraft} ~~the engine of an aircraft~~.

I hereby certify that ^{aircraft} ~~the engines of aircraft~~ type _____ marks _____ ^{has} ~~have~~ this day been inspected and overhauled by me, and that all necessary adjustments and repairs have been made to my satisfaction and that the ^{aircraft is} ~~engines are~~ in good order and fit for flight.

(Signature) _____

(Designation) _____

Place _____

Dated _____

FORM L.

(See rule 31.)

Daily Certificate of Safety of Aircraft.

Aircraft type _____ Registration mark _____

Inspection at _____ on _____ time _____

I hereby certify that I have this day examined the above aircraft and that I consider it safe in every way for flights to-day when loaded as specified in its certificate of airworthiness.

(Signature) _____

(Countersignature) _____

Dated _____

I hereby certify that I have this day examined the engines, engine installations and accessories of the above aircraft, and that in my opinion they are in every way safe for flights to-day.

(Signature) _____

(Countersignature) _____

Dated _____

FORM M.

(See rule 33.)

Pilots' certificate of General Fitness of Aircraft before Flight.

Aircraft type _____ Registration mark _____

Preparatory to flight from _____ to _____

Loading.

Total weight of the aircraft including all items of load does not exceed _____ lbs.

Loading (including placing of passengers) is such that the centre of gravity of the aircraft is within the limits specified in the certificate of airworthiness. Petrol, oil and water are sufficient for proposed journey, viz. _____

Officers and Crew.

Name	Duty	Licence No.
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Number of passengers _____

This aircraft is considered fit in every way for the proposed journey.

(Signature) _____

Dated _____

Hour _____

FORM N.

(See rule 35.)

Form of Aircraft Log.

Date.	Hour.	Commanding Officer.	Route.	TIME IN AIR.		Petrol consumed.	Oil consumed.	Water consumed.	No. of passengers.	Repairs or replacement.	Remarks.	Signature
				Hours.	Mins.							
			Brought forward								Time in the air since last periodical inspection and overhaul — Hours. mins	
			Carried forward								Date of last periodical inspection and overhaul	

FORM O.

(See rule 35.)

Form of Engine Log.

Date.	Hour.	Engineer in charge.	R.P.M. PER MIN		Time run.	Defects found.	Particulars of overhaul or replacement.	Remarks.	Signature.
			On ground.	In air (state climbing or level)					
								Time run since last periodical inspection and overhaul — Hours mins.	
								Date of last periodical inspection and overhaul —	

FORM P.

(See rule 57.)

Form of notice of departure for a foreign destination.

To the Customs-collector at _____ customs-aerodrome.

I, _____ of _____
being the person in charge of _____ aircraft marked _____
hereby give notice that I intend on date _____ at time _____
hours to take the said aircraft out of British India by air, viz., from _____
customs-aerodrome to _____

Signature _____

(Person in charge of the aircraft.)

Permission is given for the above aircraft to depart from _____
customs-aerodrome at or about _____ hours on _____.

(Signature) _____ Customs-collector.

_____ Customs-aerodrome.

Dated _____.

ORDER.

No. 67-C.A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1920, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to authorise the officers named in the first column of the Schedule hereto annexed to exercise the powers specified in the corresponding entry in the second column thereof.

Schedule.

Column (1)	Column (2).
Secretary, Air Board.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) To grant certificates of approval in respect of aerodromes, under sub rule 2 (1), (2) to grant, or authorise to grant of, exemptions under the proviso to rule 5, (3) to permit the dropping from aircraft of articles, other than ballast and mails under rule 10 (2) (d) (iii), (4) to appoint approved aerodromes for the use of passenger aircraft, under rule 12 (2), (5) to demand the production of licences, certificates or log books, under rule 14, (6) to grant certificates of registration for aircraft, under rule 15, (7) to grant licences to personnel of aircraft, under rule 19, (8) to issue certificates of airworthiness under rules 27 (1) and 28 (1), (9) to approve persons for the purpose of the periodical inspection and overhaul of aircraft and engines, under rule 29 (1), (10) to inspect aircraft, under rule 30, (11) to approve persons for the purpose of examination of aircraft and engines before each flight, under rule 31 (2), (12) to take action as provided in rule 65.
Chief Inspector of Aircraft or Aircraft Inspector.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) To demand the production of licences, certificates or log books, under rule 14, (2) to approve persons for the purpose of the periodical inspection and overhaul of aircraft and engines, under rule 29 (1), (3) to inspect aircraft, under rule 30, (4) to approve persons for the purpose of examination of aircraft and engines before each flight, under rule 31 (2), (5) to take action as provided in rule 65.

No. 68-C. A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Rule 53 of the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1920, the Governor-General in Council is pleased :—

- (a) to declare the aerodrome at Karachi to be a customs-aerodrome, and
- (b) to appoint the Chief Customs-authority, the Chief Customs-officer and the Customs-collectors for the time being appointed for the port of Karachi, under the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), to be respectively the Chief Customs-authority, the Chief Customs-officer and Customs-collectors for the purposes of the said rules at the said customs-aerodrome.

No. 69-C. A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Aircraft Act, 1911 (XVII of 1911), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department No. 555-C., dated the 27th November 1914, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that :—

(1) the navigation of all aircraft over the place or places mentioned or described in the schedule hereto annexed shall be prohibited, and such places shall hereinafter be referred to as "prohibited areas";

(2) the persons appointed to give the signals referred to in section 7 A of the said Act and take the action therein provided shall be any commissioned officer of His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Forces or of the Royal Indian Marine;

(3) the following shall be the signals given when an aircraft flies or attempts to fly over any prohibited-area, namely :—

By day: three discharges, at intervals of not less than ten seconds, of a projectile showing smoke on bursting; and

By night: three discharges, at intervals of not less than ten seconds, of a projectile showing red stars or red lights;

(4) on such signal being given, the aircraft shall immediately land at the nearest practicable spot; provided that, if it be approaching or flying over any prohibited area, it shall not, in descending, advance further towards, or into, the area;

(5) if an aircraft is unable to land immediately in response to the signals owing to stress of weather or other unavoidable cause, it shall make the following signals, namely:—

By day: show, from the place where they can be most clearly seen from below, a red triangular flag, together with two black balls superimposed vertically one above the other;

By night: wave a whitelight at the same time extinguishing the side lights;

and shall, as soon as possible, land at the nearest practicable spot in British India.

SCHEDULE.

PROHIBITED AREAS.

Places.

(1) All territory lying trans-Indus except—

(a) *Peshawar district*.—An area bounded on the east by the River Indus (right bank) from its junction with the River Kabul (but excluding Attock and the Attock Railway Bridge) to its point of exit from the hills; on the south by a line running parallel to the North-Western Railway to Badliher; on the west by a line running through Charsadda to Dargai; and on the north by a line following the Machai Canal to the Indus. The Indus (right bank) to be crossed at any point between its exit from the hills and a point five miles above Attock Railway Bridge.

(b) *Derajat*.—The country within a ten-mile radius of Dera Ismail Khan; the Indus to be crossed within that radius.

(c) *Baluchistan*.—A "corridor" 20 miles wide from Sukkur (exclusive) to Quetta following the general line of the North-Western Railway. The Indus (right bank) to be crossed between its junction with the Sind Wah and a point five miles above Sukkur Railway Bridge.

(d) *Sind*.—The triangular area enclosed between the Karachi-Kotri Railway and the River Indus (right bank) below Kotri; the Indus to be crossed anywhere southward of a point five miles below Kotri Railway Bridge.

(e) *Mekran*.—A corridor 20 miles wide along the Mekran Coast.

(2) All territory lying within 3 miles of the Arsenal at Quetta.

(3) All territory lying within 5 miles of the light house at Manora (near Karachi).

(4) All territory lying within 3 miles of the Arsenals at:—

(i) Rawalpindi,

(ii) Ferozepore.

(5) All territory lying within 1 mile of Viceregal Lodge, Delhi.

(6) All territory lying within 3 miles of—

(i) The Arsenal at Kirkee;

(ii) The South Point of Colaba promontory (Bombay).

(7) The Kitternmore docks (Calcutta).

(8) The site of the new King George's docks (Calcutta).

(9) The jetties (Calcutta).

(10) The River Hooghly between the Botanical Gardens and Howrah Bridge (Calcutta).

(11) The petroleum depôt at Budgo Budge.

(12) The powder magazine at Moyapore.

(13) All territory lying within 3 miles of Fort Chingri Khal (near Diamond Harbour, Calcutta).

(14) All territory lying within 7 miles of the Syriam Pagoda, Rangoon.

(15) The oil refineries at Syriam on the Pegu River (Burma).

(16) The oil refineries at Seikkyi on the Rangoon River (Burma).

(17) The oil refineries at Thilawa on the Rangoon River (Burma).

(18) The Singa and Yenangyann oilfields in the Magwe District bounded on the west by the Irrawaddy River and on the east by an imaginary line 5 miles to the east and parallel to a line drawn from Singy to Sadaing, both being on the Irrawaddy River (Burma).

CUSTOMS—WAR.

Delhi, the 31st January 1920.

No. 683-1).—The following Board of Trade list, dated the 2nd January 1920, on the subject of prohibitions of export from the United Kingdom, is published for general information:—

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS LICENSING SECTION,

BOARD OF TRADE,

22, CARLISLE PLACE,

WESTMINSTER, S. W.-1.

LIST OF EXPORT PROHIBITED GOODS, &c., 2ND JANUARY 1920.

This list cancels all similar lists and supplements issued by the Export Licence Department prior to the above date.

List A and B.

List C.

Open General Licences for Exports—Appendix No. 1.

General Information with regard to Export Regulations to certain Countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean.

Transshipment in the United Kingdom.

This consolidated "List of Export Prohibited Goods" is amended and issued fortnightly. Exporters who desire to have copies of each list posted to them during the current year can do so on payment of a registration fee of 2s. 6d. for one copy of each issue. Should more than one copy of each issue be required an additional payment should be made at the rate of 2d. per copy for each month up to the end of the current year.

Exporters who desire to have their names placed on the register should make application to the Stationery Clerk, Import and Export Licensing Section, enclosing Money Orders payable to the Import and Export Licensing Section, Board of Trade.

Applications for licences and all correspondence should be addressed to—

The Director, Import and Export Licensing Section,

Board of Trade,

22, Carlisle Place,

Westminster, S. W.-1.

LIST A AND B.

List of goods the export of which is prohibited from the United Kingdom by Royal Proclamations or by Order of Council.

A licence is required to export goods marked (A) to any destination abroad.

A licence is required to export goods marked (B) to any destination abroad, except British Possessions and Protectorates, to which goods marked (B) can be exported without licence, providing the goods are not transhipped at foreign ports.

(B) Accoutrements, not otherwise prohibited.

(B) Aeroplane engines and their component parts.

(B) Aircraft, other than balloons, of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.

Alumina, *see* Phosphate Rock.

(A) Ammonia, sulphate of, and mixtures containing sulphate of ammonia.

* (A) *Animals, living, for food; (other than horses.)

Apatites, *see* Phosphate Rock.

(A) Apparatus which can be used for the storage or projection of compressed or liquefied gases, flame, acids or other destructive agents capable of use in warlike operations and their component parts.

(A) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.

(A) Armoured motor-cars.

(A) Arms, not being Firearms and their component parts.

Bacon, *see* Meat.

Banknotes, *see* Notes.

(A) Barley, barley flour, and barley malt.

* Application for licences to export live stock should be made on Application Form "L," copies of which can be obtained from the Stationery Clerk, Export Licence Department.

- (B) Barographs, suitable for aircraft.
- (A) Basic slag.
- (A) Bayonets and their component parts.
- (A) Boats and craft.
Bran, *see* Offals o' Corn.
- (A) Bread.
Brewers' grains, *see* Grains.
Bullion, *see* Gold and Silver.
- (A) Butter.
- (A) Cakes and meals (which may be used as forage or food for animals), the following:—
Cotton seed cake and cotton seed meal;
Husk meal;
Linseed cake and meal;
Maize germ meal;
Maize meal and flour;
- (A) Calf-skins.
- (A) Cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.
- (A) Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.
- (A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and their component parts, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for the filling and repair of rifle and shot-gun cartridges.
Castings, *see* Armour Plates.
Cattle foods, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Cattle foods, patent and proprietary, *see* Patent.
Cattle hides, *see* Hides.
Caustic potash, *see* Potash.
- (A) Cheese.
- (A) Coal, except coal allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as bunker coal.
- (A) Coal tar, all products obtainable from and derivatives thereof (except solvent naphtha, cresylic acid and mixtures containing cresylic acid), suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes and explosives, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives.
- (A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations.
Cocconut cake, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Cocoa, raw.
- (A) Cod liver oil and preparations containing cod liver oil.
Coin, *see* Gold Silver.
- (A) Coke and manufactured fuel.
Combings, *see* Malt.
Compound cakes and meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Confectionery manufactured wholly or partly of sugar.
- (A) Copra.
Corn offals, *see* Offals.
Cotton seed cake and cotton seed meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Cows, bulls, etc., *see* Animals.
Craft, *see* Boats.

- Culms, *see* Malt.
- (A) Dari.
Distiller's grain, *see* Grains, &c.
- (B) Docks, floating, and their component parts.
- (A) Dried figs.
- (A) *Dyes and dye-stuffs manufactured from coal tar products, and articles containing such dyes and dye-stuffs.
- (A) Eggs in shells.
Engines, *see* Aeroplane.
Equipment web, *see* Web.
- (A) Ergot of rye, and the liquid extract of ergot.
- (A) Explosives;
Fats, edible, *see* Oils.
- (A) Figs, dried.
- (A) Fire-arms and their component parts.
- (A) Fish except the following:—tinned, preserved or frozen fish, chinchards, sprats, herrings, crayfish, prawns and lobsters.
(A) Salmon, tinned.
- (A) Flax, raw.
Flour, *see* Barley, Maize, Rice, Rye, Wheat.
Foodstuffs, *see* specific headings.
Forage and food which may be used for animals, *see* specific headings as, e.g., Beans, Cakes, Hay, Oats, &c.
- (A) Forage, green.
- Fuel, manufactured, *see* Coke.
- (A) Fruit, dried, the following:—
Figs.
Raisins (except Californian seeded raisins).
Sultanas.
- (A) Fruit preserves.
- (A) Game.
- (A) Gold coin and bullion.
- (A) Grains, Brewers' and Distillers'.
- (A) Green forage.
- (A) Grenades and component parts thereof.
- (A) Ground nuts.
Ground nut, or earth nut cake and meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Guano, except whale guano.
Guns, *see* Cannon, Firearms, Machine.
- (A) Hay.
- (A) Heliographs and their component parts.
Hempseed cake and meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Hides, British and Irish, cattle.
Husk meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war or for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea.
- (A) Indigo, synthetic.
Jam, *see* Fruit preserved.
- (A) Lard, except imitation (compound) lard and neutral lard.
- (A) Lime phosphate, *see* Phosphate Rock.

† The following proprietary dyes may, however, be exported without licence to all destinations with which trading is permitted:—

Dolly dyes.
Diamond dyes.

Maypole dyes.

Drumner dyes.
Dixon's home dyes.

- (A) Linseed.
Linseed cake, and meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Livestock, *see* Animals.
- (A) Machine guns, mountings for machine guns, and component parts thereof.
- (A) Maize.
- (A) Maize germs.
Maize germ meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Maize meal and hour, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Malt dust, culms, sprouts or combings.
- (A) Manures compound, containing either sulphate of ammonia, superphosphate of lime, or potash.
Marmalade, *see* Fruit preserved.
Meals, *see* Barley, Cakes, Rye, Wheat.
- (A) Meat of all kinds, except turtle meat, horseflesh and except tinned or potted meat, other than tinned bacon and tinned ham.
Middlings, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (B) Milk, condensed or preserved.
- Mill dust and screenings, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (B) Mines and their component parts.
- (A) Nicotine and its compounds.
*Notes of the Bank of France.
- (A) Notes, Russian rouble.
- (A) Oats.
Offals of corn and grain which may be used as food for animals, the following :—
 - (A) Bran.
 - (A) Middlings.
 - (A) Mill dust and screenings.
 - (A) Pollard.
 - (A) Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
 - (A) Sharps.
- (A) Oils and fats, edible, the following :—
Cocoanut oil ;
Groundnut oil ;
Palmkernel oil ;

Oil, cod liver, *see* Cod Liver Oil.
- (A) Onions.
- (A) Opium and its preparations.
- (A) Opium alkaloids and their salts and preparations.
Ordnance, *see* Cannon ; Carriages.
- (A) Palm Kernels.
- (A) Periscopes and their component parts.
- (A) Phosphate rock, namely :—Apatites ;
Phosphates of lime and alumina.
Pistols, *see* Firearms.
Pollard, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing caustic potash.
- (A) Potash, muriate, sulphate, and crude manurial potash salts, and mixtures containing any of these substances.

- (A) Potassium carbonate, and mixtures containing potassium carbonate.
- (B) Potassium permanganate.
- (A) Potatoes.
- (A) Poultry.
Preserves, *see* Fruit, etc.
- (A) Projectiles of kinds and their component parts.
- (A) Quinine sulphate.
- (A) Raisins (except Californian seeded raisins).
- (A) Range-finders and their component parts.
Rice meal (or bran) and dust, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Rice and rice flour.
Rifles, *see* Firearms.
Russian rouble notes, *see* Notes.
- (A) Rye, rye flour and meal.
Salmon, tinned, *see* Fish.
- (A) Sausages, except tinned sausages.
Screenings, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (B) Searchlights, and their component parts.
Seeds, *see* Cereals mentioned by name.
- (A) Semolina.
Sh rps, *see* Offals of Corn.
Sheep, *see* Animals.
Signalling apparatus, *see* Submarine.
- (A) Silver bullion, specie and British gold.
Skins, *see* Calt, Hides.
Spirits, *see* Whisky.
- (B) Submarine sound signalling apparatus.
- (A) Sugar, cane and beet, *see also* Confectionery.
- (A) Sultanas.
- (A) Superphosphates.
- (A) Tea other than green tea.
- (B) Torpedoes and their component parts.
- (B) Torpedo nets.
- (B) Torpedo tubes.
- (A) Uniform clothing, naval military and Air Force.
Vegetables, *see* Onions, Potatoes.
Venison, *see* Game.
- (A) Vessels.
- (B) Web equipment.
- (A) Whalebone, raw.
Whale cake, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Whale fins.
- (A) Wheat, wheat flower and wheat meal, and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing wheat, wheat flour, or wheat meal.
- (A) Whisky.
Wool and Woolen Goods :—
(*See also* Appendix No. 1 for camel hair, cashmere, alpaca and mohair.)
(A) Wool tops and mixtures thereof.
(A) Woollen and worsted yarn and mixtures thereof.
Yarns, *see* Wool.
- (A) Yeast.

LIST C.

List C comprises All Goods not included in List A or B.
Goods on List C may be exported without licence to all destinations with which trading is allowed.

* Notes of the Bank of France are prohibited to all destinations except to destinations to France.

General Licence for exports.

An Open General Licence has been issued, permitting the exportation of the following goods (without application to the Export Licence Department) to all destinations except those foreign destinations to which goods on List C are prohibited from export.

Wools, and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
Bird seed.
Blanc-mange powder.
Cake mixture.
Camel hair, and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
Cashmere, and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
Cement for building and engineering purposes.
Chilies.
Cocoa and milk, coffee and milk, chocolate and milk, sweetened or unsweetened, in tins.
Custard powder.
Gloy.
Kaffio.

Lactol.
Lactogol.
Mango Chutney, tomato chutney, and tomato ketchup.
Marmite.
Minced meat and mince pies.
Mixtures and preparations containing not more than 10 per cent. aniline colour, not otherwise prohibited.
Mohair and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
Paisley flour.
Paint, other than gold paint.
"Phosto" animal food.
Pudding powder.
Puddings.
Restorine.
Vanilla custard.

SAMPLES.

An Open General Licence has been issued which permits the free export of all *bona-fide* samples of prohibited goods to all destinations with which trade is now permitted. Samples exported under this licence may be used only for genuine sample purposes, i.e., for obtaining orders from foreign buyers, and may not be sold except with the written consent of the Export Licence Department, but such consent may be dispensed with when it is desired to sell the articles in the country of destination after they have fulfilled their purpose as samples. Exporters will be required to satisfy the Customs Authorities that the goods presented for export under this licence are *bona-fide* samples. Exporters will be required to satisfy the Customs Authorities that the goods presented for export under this licence are *bona-fide* samples, and to make a declaration to that effect on the relative shipping documents.

This notice only applies to samples of goods which require licences for export to the particular destination concerned.

In addition, the consent of the Export Licence Department is not required for the sale of samples which, though within this scheme at the actual time they were exported, could be exported outside the scheme at the actual time of the proposed sale.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR COAL EXPORTS.

An Open General Licence has been issued, with effect from Thursday, 1st January, 1920, permitting the export of coal, coke and manufactured fuel to all destinations abroad except Russia, Germany, Hungary, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria, subject always to the approval, previously obtained, of the Controller of Coal Mines or his duly authorised representative, and subject to shipment being made in a vessel approved by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise or their Officers.

The Customs Authorities will require pre-entry to be made in all cases; and at ports where there is a duly authorised local representative of the Controller of Coal Mines (see list below), the approval referred to above will be signified by his endorsement on the pre-entry form, which must be presented to him for the purpose before shipment.

Where shipment is proposed to be made from a port not included in the list given below it will be necessary for application for the Controller's approval to be made to the Export Branch of the Coal Mines Department in London. Shipments from all ports in the United Kingdom to the destinations excluded from the purview of the general licence must still be covered by an export licence from the Coal Mines Department.

The following are the ports shipments from which will be covered by the local representative's endorsement on pre-entry:—

District	Controller's Representatives.
All Scottish ports ...	Mr. W. D. Fuller, 4, Dunlop Street, Glasgow.
From Amble to Middlesbrough inclusive ...	Mr. W. R. Fisher, Guildhall Chambers, Quayside, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
Humber ports (Hull to Grimsby inclusive) ...	Mr. A. D. Upton, 120, Alfred Gelder Street, Hull.
Mersey ports ...	Mr. J. Melrandi, Dock Board Offices, Liverpool.
From Barry Port to Newport inclusive. ...	Mr. L. R. Lewis, Cymrie Buildings, Cardiff.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF INDUSTRIAL EXPLOSIVES, SMOOTH-BORE GUNS, AND MUNITIONS FOR USE THEREWITH.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export of industrial explosives, smooth-bore guns, and munitions for use therewith, to the destinations given below, to which, therefore, exports may be made subject to the usual Customs formalities without applications for specific licences to the Export Licence Department :—

British Possessions and Protectorates (*see note below*).
French Possessions and Protectorates (*see note below*).
United States of America.
South America.
Japan and Korea.
Asiatic Russia.
France, Belgium, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Italy, Serbia, Roumania, Norway,
Sweden, Denmark, Holland, and Switzerland.

All destinations in Africa, with the exception of Algeria, Libya, and the Union of South Africa, are excepted from this Open General Licence, and will still require an export licence for *all* arms and ammunition.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF AIRCRAFT, &c.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export of the undermentioned goods to all destinations except Russia, Germany, Hungary, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria. Applications are no longer to be made to the Export Licence Department in respect of the export of these goods to countries other than those mentioned :—“Aeroplane engines and their component parts. Aircraft, other than balloons of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.”

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF PARCELS CONTAINING MISCELLANEOUS FOODSTUFFS.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export by parcel post of parcels containing miscellaneous foodstuffs (for the personal use of the addressee and *not* for trading purposes) to all destinations with which trading is allowed. Applications need, therefore, no longer be submitted to the Export Licence Department in respect of the export of such parcels by parcel post.

GENERAL INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO EXPORT REGULATIONS TO CERTAIN COUNTRIES IN EUROPE AND ON THE MEDITERRANEAN, &c.

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Exporters are warned that there are import prohibitions in some foreign countries, information regarding which can be obtained from the Department of Overseas Trade, 4, Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, Westminster S. W. 1.; and 73, Basinghall Street, London, E. C. 2. The issue of an export licence implies no guarantee that the goods will be admitted into the country of destination.

Albania.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Alsace-Lorraine.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Arabia

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Asia Minor (see Turkey).**Austria-Hungary.**

Trade is now permitted with all portions of the late Austro-Hungarian Empire.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported *via* any available route.

Parcels will now be accepted by the Post Office for transmission to Austria (States of Upper and Lower Austria, Styria, Carinthia, Salzburg, Northern Tyrol, Vorarlberg and Liechtenstein, Trentino, Istria and Dalmatia).

For the portions of the late Austro-Hungarian Empire now incorporated in Italy, Czecho-Slovakia, Poland and Jugo-Slavia, *see* notes applicable to those countries.

Belgium.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Bulgaria.

Licences are required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Czechoslovakia (including any portions of Silesia and Galicia allotted to Czechoslovakia).

This territory consists, broadly speaking, of the former Austrian provinces of Bohemia and Moravia, and the northern part of Hungary-Slovakia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported *via* Hamburg and the Elbe, provided they are consigned to the Czechoslovak Government's Trade Office, Welserhaus 12, Schaarsteirwegsbrücke, Hamburg, for further transshipment to the actual consignee in Czechoslovakia. Czechoslovak Import Licences should reach the Hamburg office from the consignee previous to the shipment of goods. A duplicate set of shipping documents should be forwarded in advance to that office. Goods may also be exported *via* any other available route.

Denmark.—Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Estonia (principal port—Reval).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Finland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

France.

Licences for exports are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Germany.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Gift parcels sent by parcel post may enter Germany without import licence if containing the following goods only :—

1. Newspapers, periodicals and books.

2. Soaps, candles and starch of which the total weight does not exceed 2½ kilos (5½ lbs.)

3. Foodstuffs for the personal use of the addressee with the exception of butter, meat, bacon, flour, sugar, pine-apple, ginger, vanilla, caviare and caviare substitutes, pickled caviare, sea-crawfish, lobsters and oysters.

4. In the case of margarine, lard, pastry, products of dough or paste, such as macaroni, vermicelli, etc., sweets and other goods of the German Customs Tariff No. 202, coffee, tea, and products of the cocoa and chocolate industry, the quantity allowed without licence is limited to 1 kilo (35 ozs.).

5. Wearing apparel for the personal use of the addressee.

Greece.

Licences are only required for goods on List A or B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Holland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Italy.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route to Italy may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Jugo-Slavia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

There is no parcel post service at present, except to Dalmatia.

Lettland (Latvia) (principal port—Libau).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Applications to export goods on Lists A and B will be considered in the usual way.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Lithuania (principal port—Riga).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Applications to export goods on Lists A and B will be considered in the usual way.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Luxembourg.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Montenegro (*see* Jugo-Slavia).

Norway.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Palestine.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Poland (*including any portions of Silesia and Galicia allotted to Poland*).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Portugal.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Roumania.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Russia (Asiatic).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Russia (European).

(a) *Northern District*—approached via Archangel or the Murman Coast.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

(b) *Southern District—approached via the Black Sea and Taganrog on the Sea of Azov.*

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.
There is no parcel post service at present.

(c) *Other Districts.*

No licences are being granted at present.

Serbia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Spain.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Sweden.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Switzerland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.
Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Syria (as far north as a line from Alexandretta to Aleppo inclusive, and as far east as the Hedjaz railway inclusive).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

A Parcel Post Service is in operation as far north as Alexandretta, but not east of Aleppo.

Turkey (including Asia Minor).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Parcels for civilians in European Turkey (Constantinople) are accepted if they are addressed "Poste Restante, British Army Post Office, Constantinople," and parcels for civilians in Smyrna are accepted if they are addressed "Poste Restante, British Post Office, Smyrna."

URGENT ORDERS.

The Board of Trade, Import and Export Section announces that, in collaboration with the Department of Overseas Trade, an arrangement has been made whereby firms receiving orders which require immediate acceptance may telegraph details of and such order to the Department of Overseas Trade in order to ascertain whether a licence will be granted for the export of the goods if the order is accepted.

In the event of an applicant being promised a licence he will be enabled to deal with the order straightaway with the knowledge that upon application being made in the proper form to the Export Licence Department the licence will be granted.

The telegrams should be addressed to "Orders, c/o Advantage, Stock, London." They should give in each case in addition to the name and postal or telegraphic address of the applicant the quantity and description of the goods comprised in the order and the name and address of the ultimate consignee if the goods are destined for a neutral country. In the case of orders from Allied or British Territory or from Territory in the occupation of troops of the Associated Governments, the consignee need not be stated; and it will be sufficient merely to give the country of destination. A reply of 24 words (1s. 3d.) must be prepaid.

Applicants are requested in their own interest to confine their enquiries to orders needing a very urgent decision, since the fewer the enquiries the more promptly can answers be given.

Any subsequent correspondence that is necessary in connection with the telegraphic enquiries should be addressed to the Comptroller General, Department of Overseas Trade (Export Facilities Section), 4, Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, Westminster, S. W. 1.

TRANSHIPMENT IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The provisional approval of the Import and Export Section, Board of Trade, should be obtained before the following goods are brought to this country for transhipment :—

- Bacon, ham and lard of all kinds.
- Butter and cheese.
- Cereals on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.
- Animal feeding stuffs on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.
- Seeds, oils and fats on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

It is not now necessary to make application to the Collector of Customs at the transhipment ports on Form S. 90 for the transhipment of any goods except those specified in the following list :—

- Foodstuffs for animal or human consumption which are on Section "A" or "B" of the list of prohibited exports (including tea, coffee and cocoa).
- Seeds, oils and fats on Section A of the list of prohibited exports.
- Synthetic dyestuffs.
- Ergot.
- Quinine sulphate.
- Caustic potash.
- Potassium carbonate.
- Wool, raw, and mixtures thereof.
- Wool-tops and mixtures thereof.
- Woollen and worsted yarn and mixtures thereof.

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notifications issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department, published in the *Gazette of India, Extraordinary* dated the 2nd February 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offy. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

PAPER CURRENCY.

Delhi, the 2nd February 1920.

No. 369-F.—The following announcement by the Secretary of State regarding the recommendations of the Indian Currency Committee, is published for general information :—

"The Secretary of State for India has considered in consultation with the Government of India the majority and minority reports received from the Committee appointed by him under the Chairmanship of Sir Henry Babington Smith to advise on the subject of Indian exchange and currency. The majority report, which is signed by the Chairman and all members of committee except Mr. D. M. Dalal, states as its object the restoration of a stable and automatic system and the maintenance of the convertibility of the note issue.

2. The fundamental recommendations of report are as follows :—

- (a) that the present rupee, unchanged in weight and fineness, should remain unlimited legal tender;
- (b) that the rupee should have a fixed exchange value and that this exchange value should be expressed in terms of gold at the rate of one rupee for 11·30016 grains of fine gold, that is, one-tenth of the gold contents of the sovereign;
- (c) that the sovereign which is now rated by law at rupees 15 should be made legal tender in India at the revised ratio of rupees ten to one sovereign;

- (d) that the import and export of gold to and from India should be free from Government control as soon as the change in the statutory ratio has been effected, and that the gold mint at Bombay should be open for the coinage into sovereigns of gold tendered by public;
- (e) that the notification of Government undertaking to give rupees for sovereigns should be withdrawn;
- (f) that the prohibition on the private import and export of silver should be removed in due course and that the import duty on silver should be repealed unless the fiscal position demands its retention.

3. These recommendations develop with the necessary modifications required by altered circumstances the principles on which the Indian currency system was established before the war, and are accepted by the Secretary of State in Council as expressing the goal towards which Indian administration, following the previous policy, should now be directed.

4. Under the conditions existing prior to the war sterling and gold were identical standards. The existing disparity has made a choice between these standards necessary, and the Committee's recommendation is in favour of placing the rupee on a gold basis.

5. In recommending a rate, namely that above mentioned, for the exchange value of the rupee the Chairman and majority have taken account of the high range of silver prices and of the importance of safeguarding the convertibility of the Indian note issue by providing so far as possible that the token character of the rupee shall be restored and maintained, i.e., that the Indian Government may be in a position to buy silver for coinage into rupees without loss. They were also impressed by the serious economic and political risks attendant on a further expansion of Indian prices such as must be anticipated from the adoption of a low rate.

6. The arguments advanced in favour of a gold basis and of a high rate of exchange appear to the Secretary of State in Council to be conclusive, and he has decided to take the necessary steps to give immediate effect to the recommendations on these points. Accordingly, the Government of India have to-day announced that the rate which they will pay for gold tendered to them under the Gold Import Act by private importers will henceforth be fixed at one rupee for 11·30016 grains of fine gold, i.e., Rs. 10 for the gold contents of the sovereign. The consequential changes in the regulations relating to the sale of Council drafts by the Secretary of State in Council and of reverse drafts by the Government of India will be notified separately.

7. The question of the internal ratio presents special difficulties. The Committee recommend the maintenance of gold on a legal tender footing especially in view of possible difficulties in obtaining adequate supplies of silver. A fixed ratio must, therefore, be established between the rupee and gold, as used in the internal circulation, either one sovereign for Rs. 15 as at present or one sovereign for Rs. 10 in correspondence with new exchange ratio. The former alternative would give the sovereign the status of an over-valued token coin, necessitating permanent control over the import of sovereigns and making an open gold mint impossible. The Secretary of State in Council agrees with the Committee that such conditions ought not to be contemplated as a permanent arrangement. On the other hand, the lower ratio cannot be effectively introduced while a great disparity continues to exist between the commercial price of gold in India and the intended Indian mint par of one sovereign for Rs. 10.

8. Present conditions are a product of the war and in some sense artificial. They cannot be immediately remedied without the risk of shock to the economic and monetary system in India, and of reaction elsewhere to which India cannot in her own interests be indifferent; a gradual process of rectification and of adjustment to new conditions is required. For some time past action has been taken in India to reduce the premium on gold by regular Government sales of bullion to the public, and this measure will be further developed. It may be expected that in that way a natural adjustment may be effected until the path to legislation is cleared.

9. The Secretary of State has decided, therefore, first, that the import of gold shall continue for the present to be controlled by license under the Gold

Import Act, with a fixed acquisition rate as mentioned above: second, that meanwhile, periodical sales of gold bullion to the public shall continue; and third, that as a provisional measure during the transition period sovereigns shall remain legal tender at the present ratio of Rs. 15.

10. In arriving at these decisions the Secretary of State in Council has not failed to give careful consideration to the minority report signed by Mr. D. M. Dalal. Mr. Dalal's main object is the effective restoration and maintenance of the ratio of 15 rupees to a sovereign as a measure both of exchange and of the circulating value of the rupee. In order to secure this he relies upon freedom for the melting and export of rupees and correspondingly to freedom for the import of gold. To meet the possible result in shortage of silver coins he recommends that as long as the New York price of silver remains above 92 cents Government should coin two rupee silver coins of reduced fineness, the coinage of rupees of the present weight and fineness being meanwhile suspended, and only resumed when the price of silver falls to the figure named. He also recommends that sterling drafts on the Secretary of State should be sold only at 1s. 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ d.

11. The Secretary of State in Council is satisfied that this programme could not be adopted without untoward consequences. The heavy exports of silver coin to be anticipated under the scheme must threaten not only the whole silver circulation but also the Government reserves of silver coin, and entail the gravest risk of inconvertibility of the Government note issue. The demand for the gold required continually to make this deficiency good must greatly aggravate any strain there may be on the gold stock of the world when the freedom of import is restored. Nor is it safe to assume that these difficulties could be met by issuing new silver coins of inferior fineness; the evidence against the acceptability of an inferior substitute for the present rupee has impressed the majority, and their recommendation on this head is accepted by the Secretary of State as decisive. Mr. Dalal's recommendation in regard to the rate for sterling drafts, if adopted, must produce an immediate crash in exchange bringing unmerited disaster to those who have reasonably relied on some continuity of policy. The only cover which his scheme affords is the export of the country's circulating currency. In any case, even if a return to the pre-war level of exchange could be accomplished without a shock to trade or risk to the Currency system, it would lay India open to a further serious inflation of prices, while the majority's recommendation would tend towards a reduction of general price levels in India.

12. Both during and since the war Indian currency and exchange have presented problems previously unanticipated and more perplexing than any encountered since the decision to close the mints in 1893. But the Secretary of State in Council is satisfied that the decisions reached promise an eventual solution, and he desires to express his acknowledgments to the Committee and their Chairman for the ability and thoroughness with which they have explored the issues and have framed their recommendations."

The 2nd Februdary 1920.

No. 371-F.—In pursuance of section 2 of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915 (IV of 1915), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to cancel rules 21-A and 21-C of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended.

No. 372-F.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department, No. 1571-F., dated the 11th July 1917, prohibiting the import of of silver coin and silver bullion.

E. M. COOK.

Offy. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary* dated the 2nd February 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Delhi, the 2nd February 1920.

No. 745D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in this Department No. 8156, dated the 14th July 1917, the Governor General in Council is pleased to exempt all silver bullion and silver coin from the import duty leviable thereon under item 49 of Schedule II of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), as subsequently amended.

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary* dated the 4th February 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

PURCHASE SCHEMES.

Delhi, the 4th February 1920.

No. 831-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following alterations shall be made in the schedule appended to the notification in this Department No. 7822, dated the 27th September 1919, as subsequently amended, viz. :—

Delete the entries :—

- "(A) Bajra."
- "(A) Barley."
- "(A) Gram."
- "(A) Jowar."
- "(A) Lentils."
- "(A) Maize."
- "(A) Pulse."
- "(A) Ragi."

Insert as new entries the following :—

- "(A) Bajra and flour made therefrom."
- "(A) Barley and flour made therefrom."
- "(A) Gram and flour made therefrom."
- "(A) Jowar and flour made therefrom."
- "(A) Lentils and flour made therefrom."
- "(A) Maize and flour made therefrom."
- "(A) Pulse and flour made therefrom."
- "(A) Ragi and flour made therefrom."

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following resolution, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, published in the supplement to the *Gazette of India* dated 31st January 1920, is republished for general information.

H. J. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 625-D.

Delhi, the 29th January 1920.

RESOLUTION.

(MINERAL RESOURCES).

The Government of India have, for some time, had under consideration the question of devising means for reducing the large avoidable waste of coal known to occur at the Raniganj and Jharia coalfields, and due mainly to deficient methods of extraction, resulting in the total loss of a large amount of coal, to inefficiency in the generation and use of power, and to extravagant methods of coke-making. After consultation with the Governments of Bengal and Bihar and Orissa, the Indian Mining Association and the Indian Mining Federation, the Government of India decided, as a preliminary measure, to engage the services of a recognized authority on modern methods of extraction, with instructions to visit the coalfields and advise on the best means of securing greater economy in the production and consumption of coal, and to submit a report which might be placed before a Committee to be appointed in this country for consideration. For this purpose the Government of India secured the services of Mr. R. I. Trehearne Rees, a partner in the well-known firm of Messrs. Forster, Brown and Rees of London and Cardiff. Mr. Rees visited the Raniganj and Jharia fields and prepared a report which reached the Government of India in August last.

The principal recommendations of Mr. Trehearne Rees relate to the appointment of an inspecting and controlling authority for the supervision of the terms of leases, more efficient methods of coal extraction, including rotation of working and hydraulic stowage, the improvement of the conditions of colliery labour, the more economic use of power and more general employment of electricity, the improvement of methods of coke-making, the introduction of coal-mixing, the handling and despatch of coal, more extended employment of screening, and the possibilities of the manufacture of briquettes.

The Government of India have now appointed the following Committee to consider Mr. Rees' report :—

THE HON'BLE MR. B. FOLEY, I.C.S., Commissioner of the Chota Nagpur Division	} <i>Chairman.</i>
RAJA BAN BIHARI KAPOOR BAHADUR, C.S.I., Zamindar of Burdwan	...	...
MR. G. F. ADAMS, C.B.E., M.I.C.E., Chief Inspector of Mines in India	} <i>Members.</i>
MR. R. G. M. BATHGATE of Messrs. Jardine Skinner & Co.	...	...
MR. R. W. CHURCH, Mining Engineer to the Railway Board	...	...
MR. H. H. HAYDEN, C.S.I., D.S.C., F.R.S., Director, Geological Survey of India	...	...
THE HON'BLE MR. J. H. PATTINSON, nominated by the Indian Mining Association	...	...
MR. N. C. SIRCAR, nominated by the Indian Mining Federation	...	...
MR. L. B. BURBOWS, Deputy Collector, Bengal	<i>Secretary.</i>

The terms of reference are :—

To consider the recommendations, relating to the Raniganj and Jharia coalfields, made in Mr. Trehearne Rees' report, to report the action which it is possible and expedient to take in connection therewith, and, if legislation is involved, to consider the lines on which such legislation should be framed.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the resolution be forwarded to the Governments of Bengal and Bihar and Orissa, the Chairman, Members and Secretary of the Committee, the Indian Mining Association, the Indian Mining Federation and the Railway Board.

Ordered also that the resolution be published in the *Supplement to the Gazette of India* for general information.

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 7th February 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

NOTIFICATIONS.

POLICE.

Delhi, the 6th February 1920.

No. 232.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 3 of the Indian Arms Rules, 1920; namely :—

- (1) in clause (b) for the words "rifle, revolver, pistol" the word "firearm" shall be substituted; and
- (2) in clause (c) for the words "loss, theft or transfer" the words "loss or theft" shall be substituted.

WAR.

The 31st January 1920.

No. 152 War.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 1, sub-section (3), of the Cinematograph Act, 1918 (II of 1918), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following provisions of the said Act shall come into force in the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan, on and with effect from the 1st February 1920, namely, those contained in section 2, sub-sections (1), (2) and (3) of section 7, and section 8.

H. D. CRAIK,

Offg. Addl. Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 7th February 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

FAMINE.

Delhi, the 5th February 1920.

No. 238.—With reference to Rule 3, clause (b), of the Rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of

Revenue and Agriculture, No. 1616-F., dated the 25th July 1900, the Government of Bengal have appointed Mr. M. F. Gauntlett, C.I.E., C.B.E., I.C.S., Comptroller and Auditor-General, to be a member of the Board of Management of the Indian People's Famine Trust, *vice* Mr. F. J. Monahan, I.C.S., resigned.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 7th February 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offy. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 7th February 1920.

No. 898-D.—Mr. P. N. Chandavarkar, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, has been transferred from Bengal to Bombay with effect from the 21st January 1920.

No. 899-D.—On his return from leave on the forenoon of the 27th January 1920, Mr. A. H. Lloyd, I.C.S., an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, was reposted to Bengal.

No. 900-D.—The following officiating promotions and reversions of officers in the Imperial Customs Service are notified, with effect from the dates specified :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. A. H. Lloyd, I.C.S.	Assistant Collector, substantive.	Collector, class II, officiating.	27th January 1920.
Mr. W. W. Nind	Collector, class III, officiating.	Assistant Collector, substantive.	27th January 1920.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

The 7th February 1920.

No. 801-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the schedule appended to the notification in this Department, No. 7822 dated the 27th September 1919, as subsequently amended :—

Delete the entry—
(A) Iron, pig.

POST OFFICE.

The 7th February 1920.

No. 766D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to

direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, as subsequently amended, namely :—

1. Below rule 23 of the said rules, the following shall be inserted namely :—

“ 23-A. Strong smelling articles (*e.g.*, assafœtida) shall be enclosed in a hermetically sealed case of tin or other metal.”

2. In sub-rule (2) of rule 25 of the said rules, after the word and figure “ rule 21 ” the words and figures “ and in rules 22, 23 and 23A ” shall be inserted.

3. For rule 27 of the said rules, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

“ 27 (1) Gold coin or bullion or both of a value exceeding Rs. 300, and silver coin or bullion, shall not be transmitted by post.

(2) The transmission of gold coin or gold bullion by post to and from Aden shall be subject to the same restrictions as are imposed on its transmission by the foreign parcel post.

(3) Gold or silver coin or bullion shall not be transmitted by post from Duki, Loralai, Sinjawai or Fort Sandeman.

(4) Circulars relating to lotteries shall not be transmitted by post.

(5) Pearls or gold coin or bullion shall not be transmitted by post from any of the British Indian post offices in the Persian Gulf.

27-A. If a postal article in course of transmission by post is actually found to contain any of the articles, the transmission of which by post is prohibited by rule 27, it shall be returned to the sender.”

4. In rule 51 of the said rules—

(i) In sub-rule (1) after the first sentence the following shall be inserted, namely :—

“ No label of any kind shall be affixed by the sender to such a cover ”; and

(ii) In sub-rule (2) the words “ or silver ” shall be omitted.

5. In rule 53 of the said rules, after the word “ figures ” the words “ without erasure or correction ” shall be inserted.

6. In the second proviso of rule 56 of the said rules, for clause (c) the following shall be substituted, namely :—

“(f) Where the insured article contained anything the transmission of which by post is prohibited.”

7. In the second proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 66 of the said rules—

(i) In clause (f) the word “ or ” shall be omitted;

(ii) In clause (g) a semi-colon shall be substituted for the full-stop and the word “ or ” shall be inserted after it; and

(iii) After clause (g) the following shall be inserted, namely :—

“(h) Where the insured article contained anything the transmission of which by the letter or the parcel post, as the case may be, is prohibited.”

PURCHASE SCHEMES.

The 7th February 1920.

No. 993-D.—*Erratum.*—From the notification in this Department No. 831-D., dated the 4th February 1920, delete the entries “ (A) Ragi ” and “ (A) Ragi and flour made therefrom.”

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following Resolution, issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 7th February 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

SPECIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Delhi, the 6th February 1920.

No 266.—The following is republished for general information :—

No. 17406, dated Delhi, the 31st December 1919.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Army Department.

On the departure from India of the Units of the Territorial Force which have garrisoned the country during the past five years, the Governor-General in Council desires to place on record his high appreciation of the services which these Units have rendered to the Empire since the commencement of the Great War.

Previous to the outbreak of hostilities in 1914, many of the officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers of these Units had, by joining the Territorial Force, given proof of that patriotism and public spirit which has earned for its members the gratitude and esteem of their fellow countrymen.

On the declaration of war, the ranks of the Force were quickly filled by eager volunteers. When called upon to undertake the further obligation of service overseas, the response of all ranks was immediate and unanimous, thereby setting free for service in the main theatres of war a large number of Regular Units whose presence in Europe was urgently required.

The Governor-General sympathises in the disappointment of the officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers of those Units of the Territorial Force whose lot it has been to serve in India during the war and who have thus been denied the opportunity of meeting the enemy on the battlefields of Europe. He is glad, however, that many of these Units have earned distinction in other fields, some in Mesopotamia, Egypt and Palestine, others at Aden and on the North-West Frontier, while others again, less fortunate, have, in the faithful performance of garrison duties, rendered no less valuable service to the Empire by the maintenance of internal security, thereby enabling India to devote her resources to the successful prosecution of the war.

In carrying out these various duties, all ranks have displayed soldierly qualities of the highest order and, by their efficiency, discipline and exemplary conduct, have won the respect and gratitude not only of their comrades of the Regular Army, both British and Indian, but of the people of India as a whole.

After the signing of the armistice in 1918 and the cessation of hostilities on the principal fronts, all ranks of the Territorial Force serving overseas looked forward to their early repatriation and release from military service. Owing to the uncertainty of the situation and the difficulty of providing reliefs, due to the reorganisation of the Regular Army and reversion to a voluntary system of recruitment, the progress of demobilisation was unavoidably delayed. These delays were prolonged in consequence of the shortage of shipping and the unexpected situation created in the spring of 1919 by the sudden incursion of Afghan troops into British Territory, concurrently with the outbreak of internal disturbances, which, for the moment, made it impossible to reduce the strength of the British troops in India.

The patience with which these disappointments were borne was highly creditable to all concerned and showed how readily they appreciated the difficulties with which the Government of India were faced.

The Governor-General in Council desires to express to all ranks of the (here enter name of unit) thanks of the Government of India for their patriotic services, which will long be remembered and will serve as a noble and enduring example of good citizenship to future generations.

ORDER.

Ordered that a copy of the foregoing Resolution be communicated to every Unit of the Territorial Force which served in India during the period of the Great War, 1914-19. Ordered also, that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following Resolution, issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Commerce and Industry, published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*, dated the 7th February 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 962D.

Delhi, the 5th February 1920.

**APPOINTMENT OF A COMMITTEE TO EXAMINE THE SCHEME OF
COLONISATION IN BRITISH COLONIES.**

RESOLUTION.
(EMIGRATION).

Two deputations from British Colonies are at present visiting India with the object of discussing with the Government of India and with the public questions connected with the immigration and settlement of Indian labourers in their colonies. The first deputation comes from British Guiana and consists of—

Dr. J. J. Nunan, LL.D., K.C. ;
Mr. J. A. Luckhoo ;
Dr. W. Hewley Wharton ;
Mr. Parbho Sawh ; and
Mr. Thomas Greenwood.

The second deputation comes from Fiji and consists of—

His Lordship the Bishop of Polynesia ; and
Mr. R. S. D. Rankine, C.M.G.

2. In accordance with the Resolution moved by the Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Banerjee in the Imperial Legislative Council on February 4th, and accepted by Government, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint a Committee consisting of—

The Hon'ble Mr. Srinivasa Sastri ;
" " Sir Dinshaw Eduljee Wacha ;
" " Babu Surendra Nath Banerjee ;
" " Mr. S. Sinha ;
" " " K. K. Chanda ;
" " Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru ;
" " Mr. B. N. Sarma ;
" " Mir Asad Ali Khan Bahadur ; and
" " Mr. W. E. Crum.

3. The Committee will assemble at Delhi as soon as possible, and is requested—

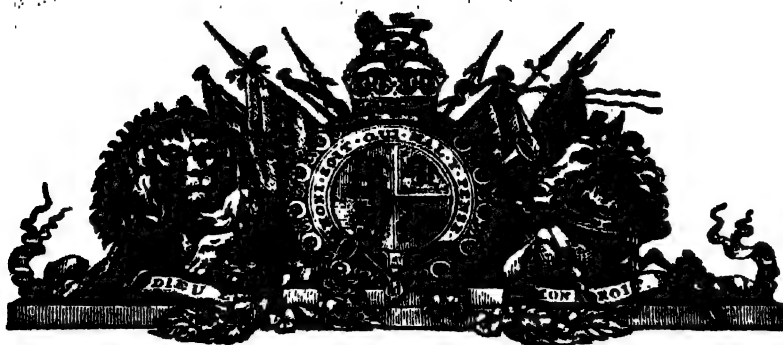
- (a) to examine the scheme of colonisation which the Deputation from British Guiana desire to put forward, and to report thereon and make recommendations to the Government of India, and
- (b) to meet the Deputation from Fiji, and to examine any proposals which they may put forward, and to report thereon and make recommendations to the Government of India.

Before commencing their enquiries, the Committee is instructed in accordance with the Resolution to examine the credentials of the deputations.

ORDERED that a copy of the Resolution be forwarded to all members of the Committee and to Dr. J. J. Nunan, LL.D., K.C., and Mr. R. S. D. Rankine, C.M.G.

Ordered also that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1920.

PART IB.

Orders by the Governor of Bengal in Council.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 256 L.S.-G.—The 5th February 1920.—The following draft of an order which the Governor in Council intends to make under section 38 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 1st April 1920, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned through the Magistrate of the district before that date will be duly considered.

Draft Order.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 38 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to constitute the following group of villages in thana Bharatpur, in the district of Murshidabad, into a union :—

Name of the District Board within whose jurisdiction the Union is constituted.	Name of Union.	Number of members of which the Union Committee shall consist.	Names of mauzas which constitute the Union, with their numbers in jurisdiction list.
Murshidabad ...	Gulhatia ...	9	Idrakpur or Baotar ... 69 Prabhatbati or Nabagram ... 71 Maeanda ... 70 Abinuli ... 72 Sahu ... 73 Senpara ... 137 Aocha ... 138 Katundi ... 102 Gopgram ... 101 Gunhatia .. 100

2. In exercise of the power conferred by section 41 of the same Act the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that three of the members of the said Gulhatia union shall be appointed by the Commissioner of the Presidency Division and six of them shall be elected as prescribed by section 39 of the Act.

No. 274 L.S.-G.—The 6th February 1920.—The following draft of an order which the Governor in Council intends to make under section 37 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Ben. Act III of 1885), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th March 1920, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned before that date, through the District Magistrate and the Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division, will be duly considered :—

Draft Order.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 37 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Ben. Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of Chapter II of Part I of that Act, relating to union committees, to the district of Malda, with effect from the 15th April 1920.

No. 254 M.—The 5th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Rajpur Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, under section 27 of that Act, electing Babu Jogendra Nath Sarkar to be their Chairman, *vice* Babu Ashutosh Chakravarti, on leave.

No. 265 M.—The 6th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Maheshpur Municipality in the district of Jessore, under section 23 of that Act, electing Babu Samarajit Chandra Ray Chaudhuri to be Chairman of that Municipality.

No. 267 M.—The 6th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Tollygunge Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, under section 23 of that Act, electing Sahibzada Muhammad Sultan Alum to be their Chairman.

No. 269 M.—The 6th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Debbhatta Municipality, in the district of Khulna, under section 23 of that Act, electing Babu Jnanendra Nath Sarkar to be the Chairman of that Municipality.

No. 288 M.—The 9th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. J. W. Wadley to be a Commissioner of the Kanchrapara Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Mr. J. A. Tomlinson, resigned.

No. 278 M.—The 7th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (2) of section 641 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899 (Bengal Act III of 1899), the Governor in Council is pleased to extend to the town of Howrah the following provisions of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, subject to the modifications therein, which are shown in antique type :—

“348. (1) The Chairman shall, from time to time, cause to be put up or painted, in a durable manner, on a conspicuous part of some building, wall or place, at or near each end, corner or entrance of every public street, such

name as the **Commissioners at a meeting** may from time to time determine as the name by which such street is to be known.

(2) No person shall, without lawful authority, destroy, pull down, or deface any such name, or put up any name different from that put up by order of the Chairman.

349. (1) The Chairman shall, from time to time, cause a number to be affixed in a conspicuous place on the outside of each building in or near a street or at the entrance of the enclosure of each such building.

(2) No person shall, without lawful authority, destroy, pull down, or deface any such number.

(3) When a number has been affixed under sub-section (1) the owner of the building shall be bound to maintain such number and to replace it if removed or defaced; and if he fails to do so, the Chairman may, by written notice, require him to replace the number.

574. Whoever—

(a) contravenes any provision of any of the clauses of **the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, as in force in the town of Howrah** mentioned in the first column of the following table; or

(b) contravenes any provision of any rule or regulation made under any of the said clauses; or

(c) fails to comply with any direction lawfully given to him or any requisition lawfully made upon him under any of the said clauses, rules or regulations;

shall be punished with fine which may extend to the amount mentioned in that behalf in the third column of the said table.

Explanation:—

The entries in the 2nd column of the following table headed "Subject" are not intended as definitions of the offences described in the clauses mentioned in the first column, or even as abstracts of these clauses, but are inserted merely as references to the subject of the clause, the number of which is given in the first column:—

Clauses.	Subject.	Fine which may be imposed.
		Rs.
Section 348, sub-section (2).	Unlawfully destroying, pulling down, etc., name of public street.	20
Section 349, sub-section (2).	Unlawfully destroying, pulling down, etc., number of building.	20

Schedule XVII.

43. No portion of a hut shall be placed within **four** feet of a masonry building:

Provided that this rule shall not preclude the erection of huts in compounds in any case where masonry out-offices would be permissible."

No. 296 M.—*The 10th February 1920.*—The Governor in Council is pleased to declare his intention, in exercise of the power conferred by section 640 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899 (Bengal Act III of 1899), read with section 22 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 (Bengal Act I of 1899), to extend to the town of Howrah the following portion of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, subject to the modifications and restrictions therein, which are shown, as far as possible, in

antique type, and in supersession of the adapted section 559 (18) of the aforesaid Act which was extended thereto by notification No. 2079M., dated the 26th August 1918:—

559. The **Commissioners at a meeting** may make by-laws—

(18) Prohibiting or regulating the placing of obstructions, projections or encroachments, or the depositing of materials or goods, in a public street or in or over any drain or aqueduct in a public street or on any land vested in the **Commissioners** ;

(52) for the regulation of theatres and other places of public resort, recreation or amusement :

11. Any objection to such extension on the part of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Howrah or any inhabitant thereof should be submitted in writing, through the District Magistrate, Howrah, to the undersigned before the 1st April 1920.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy to the Govt. of Bengal.

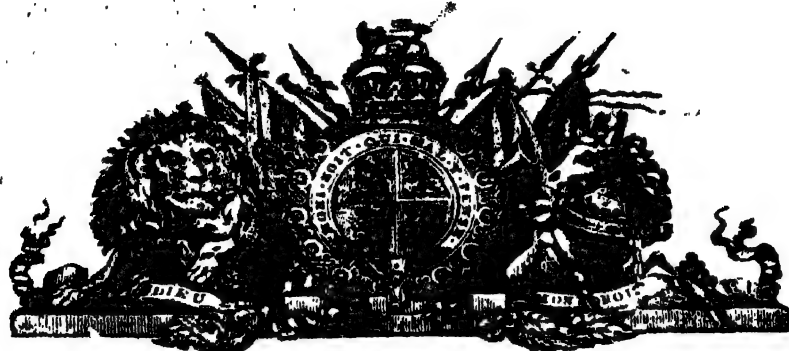
CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that, the General Committee having previously given notice of their intention to define the general line of buildings in Brindaban Bose Lane to 25 feet in Ward No. III, and no objection having been received within 30 days from the date of the publication of such notice, made an order under section 350(4) of Act III (B. C.) of 1899, on the 29th day of January 1920, defining the said line in accordance with the plan approved by the General Committee on the 4th day of December 1919.

C. F. PAYNE,
Chairman of the Corporation.

CENTRAL MUNICIPAL OFFICE, the 9th February 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1920.

PART IC.

Educational Notices.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS, CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

NAMES of Munshis qualified to teach Urdu can be had on application to the undersigned. A complete list is published in the *Gazette of India* Part II.

O. F. JENKINS,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA, the 31st October 1916.

Orders of the Principal, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca.

THE undermentioned girls of the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, are awarded special Lower Primary scholarships with effect from the 1st January 1920, on the usual condition of satisfactory progress and good conduct. The value of each scholarship is Rs. 3 a month and is tenable for three years in the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca:—

- | | | |
|--------------------|--|---------------------|
| 1. Nirmala Sen. | \| | 2. Jyotirmayee Sen. |
| 3. Sunitibala Nag. | | |

The undermentioned girls of the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, are awarded special Middle Vernacular scholarships with effect from the 1st January 1920, on the usual condition of good conduct and satisfactory progress. The value of each scholarship is Rs. 4 a month and is tenable for two years in the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca:—

- | | | |
|----------------------|--|-------------------|
| 1. Kanika Das Gupta. | \| | 2. Nirubala Bose. |
|----------------------|--|-------------------|

The undermentioned girls of the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, are awarded special Middle English scholarships with effect from the 1st January 1920, on the usual condition of good conduct and satisfactory progress. The value of each scholarship is Rs. 5 a month and is tenable for four years in the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca:—

- | | | |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|
| 1. Prabhabati Das. | \| | 2. Hiranmayee Pal. |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|

RAJ KUMAR DAS, *Principal.*

DACCA, the 5th February 1920.

DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATIONS OF TRAINING SCHOOLS, SESSION 1919.

THE undermentioned candidates have passed the Departmental Examinations of Training Schools, Presidency and Burdwan Divisions, held in December 1919 :—

SECOND DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION.

No.	Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.
-----	--------------------	------	-----------------

(Arranged in order of merit.)

HIGH (5).

			Y.	M.	
1	Hari Charan Sen	...	18	0	Calcutta Training School.
2	Rakhahari Garai	...	21	5	Hooghly ditto.
3	Patiram Sardar	..	20	0	Calcutta ditto.
4	Parameswar Chandra Chandra		19	0	Ditto ditto.
5	Borendra Nath Maiti	...	19	0	Ditto ditto.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

MEDIUM (25).

1	Biswas, Santi Bh.	...	19	6	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
2	Bor, Kokil Chandra	...	19	6	Calcutta Training School.
3	Das, Abhimanuya*	...	20	0	Hooghly ditto.
4	.. Broja Gopal	...	19	0	Calcutta ditto.
5	.. Hemanta Kumar	...	18	0	Ditto ditto.
6	.. Kumud Chandra	...	20	0	Ditto ditto.
7	Dey, Noreish K.	...	18	0	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
8	Deb Sarkar, Mohini Mohan	...	17	2	Ditto ditto.
9	Dinda, Priyanath	...	20	0	Hooghly Training School.
10	Ghosh, Raj Kumar	...	20	9	Ditto ditto.
11	Guray, Bamdeb	...	19	0	Calcutta ditto.
12	Halder, Pramatha Nath	...	21	2	Hooghly ditto.
13	Khondkar, Mansurulla	...	18	0	Calcutta ditto.
14	Mahapatra, Adhar Chandra	...	18	0	Ditto ditto.
15	Maiti, Ashutosh	...	22	0	Ditto ditto.
16	.. Dwarka Nath	...	19	0	Ditto ditto.
17	Mandol, Bholanath	...	20	0	Hooghly ditto.
18	Nath, Purna Chandra	...	23	0	Ditto ditto.
19	Paik, Bipin Chandra	...	18	0	Calcutta ditto.
20	Panja, Jyotish Chandra	...	19	0	Ditto ditto.
21	Roy, Hrishikesh	...	20	0	Ditto ditto.
22	Sircar, Daniel	...	18	1	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
23	Shah, Isha Haq*	...	20	4	Hooghly Training School.
24	Sinha Roy, Girindra Nath	...	23	7	Ditto ditto.
25	Tripathi, Provash Chandra*	...	19	0	Ditto ditto.

LOW (11).

1	Bera, Behari Lal	...	18	6	Hooghly Training School.
2	Chakraverty, Gadadhar	...	26	0	Private (Hooghly)
3	Khan, Omar Ali	...	24	0	Calcutta Training School.
4	Maiti, Nanda Lal	...	29	0	Private (Calcutta).
5	Mitra, Pashupati	...	25	0	Do. (Hooghly).

*Not passed in English.

No.	Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.
		Y. M.	
6	Mondal, Priya Kumar ...	21 0	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
7	Pramanik, Khagendra Nath ...	19 9	Hooghly Training School.
8	Sheikh, Joynul Haq* ...	21 6	Ditto ditto.
9	Sanda, Mahendra Nath ...	20 0	Ditto ditto.
10	Sardar, Kalipada ...	22 0	Calcutta ditto.
11	Shaik, Tanjer Ali ...	21 0	Ditto ditto.

FIRST DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION.

(Arranged in order of merit.)

HIGH (3).

		Y. M.	
1	Barada Kanta Das ...	21 0	Calcutta Training School.
2	Mati Lal Maiti ...	20 4	Ditto ditto.
3	Bibhuti Bhusan Bose ...	19 0	Ditto ditto.

(Arranged alphabetically.)

MEDIUM (30).

1	Ahmed, Quamruddin ...	18 0	Calcutta Training School.
2	Bag, Bipin Behari* ...	18 6	Ditto ditto.
3	Chakravarty, Indra Gopal ...	20 0	Hooghly ditto.
4	Chakravarty, Jadupati ...	17 0	Calcutta ditto.
5	Das, Ashutosh ...	19 0	Ditto ditto.
6	„ Bepin Behari ...	15 0	Ditto ditto.
7	„ Muralidhar ...	20 3	Hooghly ditto.
8	Dey, Nafar Chandra ...	17 0	Ditto ditto.
9	Ghosh, Chakrapani ...	16 11	Ditto ditto.
10	„ Debendra Narayan ...	18 4	Calcutta ditto.
11	„ Rajendra Nath ...	18 4	Hooghly ditto.
12	Giri, Krishna Prasad ...	15 9	Calcutta ditto.
13	Halder, Himangshu Bhusan ...	16 1	Ditto ditto.
14	Maiti, Jibon Chandra ...	20 2	Ditto ditto.
15	„ Jatindra Nath ...	21 0	Hooghly ditto.
16	„ Tarini Kumar ...	21 11	Ditto ditto.
17	Majumdar, Sati Nath ...	19 0	Calcutta ditto.
18	Mandal, Amoy Krishna ...	16 0	Ditto ditto.
19	„ Bharat Chandra ...	17 0	Hooghly ditto.
20	„ Dharendra Nath ...	20 10	Calcutta ditto.
21	„ Harendra Nath ...	19 0	Ditto ditto.
22	„ Joel Ch. ...	18 7	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
23	„ Sambhunath* ...	16 11	Hooghly Training School.
24	Mir, Bhupendra K. ...	17 3	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
25	Mukerjee, Kamalakshya ...	18 10	Hooghly Training School.
26	„ Provash Chandra ...	21 6	Calcutta ditto.
27	Pramanick, Babarali ...	15 0	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
28	Sarkar, Mayarazuddin ...	18 3	Hooghly Training School.
29	Sen, Patit Paban ...	15 11	Calcutta ditto.
30	Sur, Radha Kanta ...	19 5	Ditto ditto.

*Not passed in English.

No.	Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of school.
Low (15).			
1	Biswas, Bidhudan ...	Y. M. 18 3	Krishnagar C. M. S. Training School.
2	Bhula, Osmangoni ...	18 3	Ditto ditto.
3	Das Dafturi, Gopal Chandra* ...	16 2	Hooghly Training School.
4	Dutta, Bibhuti Bhusan ...	25 0	Ditto ditto.
5	Layek, Mrigendra Nath* ...	16 0	Calcutta ditto.
6	Mandal, Biswambhor ...	18 6	Ditto ditto.
7	" Debendra Nath ...	20 0	Private (Hooghly).
8	Maiti, Bishuhari ...	16 6	Calcutta Training School.
9	Molla, Sabiruddin* ...	20 1	Hooghly ditto.
10	Panda, Mohadev ...	17 4	Ditto ditto.
11	" Gopal Chandra* ...	25 10	Ditto ditto.
12	Patra, Fakir Chandra* ...	20 7	Calcutta ditto.
13	Sarkar, Ahmed Hossain ...	18 7	Ditto ditto.
14	Sinha, Gobinda Prasad ...	17 1	Hooghly ditto.
15	Roy, Bhabatosh ...	28 6	Private (Hooghly).

* Not passed in English.

CHINTA HARAN CHAKRAVARTTY,
Offg. Principal, David Hare Training College.

CALCUTTA, the 24th January 1920.

ERRATUM.

IN the list of special 'Primary scholarships for girls published in the *Calcutta Gazette* dated the 14th January 1920, please read Nirmala Bala Mukherjee, Kalaskati Puran Bari Girls' School, district Bakarganj, in place of Khalisakota Puranbari School.

L. GHOSH,
Offg. Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.

DACCA, the 4th February 1920.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby announced for general information that Bagerhat has been created a centre for holding the Intermediate Examination in Arts of 1920.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate.

A. C. BOSE,
Controller of Examinations.

SENATE HOUSE, the 7th February 1920.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

ON the recommendation of the Board of Examiners, the Onauth Nath Deb Research Prize in Law for 1920 has been awarded to Mr. Pramathanath Bandyopadhyay, M.A., B.L. The subject of the thesis submitted by him is "International Law in Ancient India."

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, *the 3rd February 1920.*

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

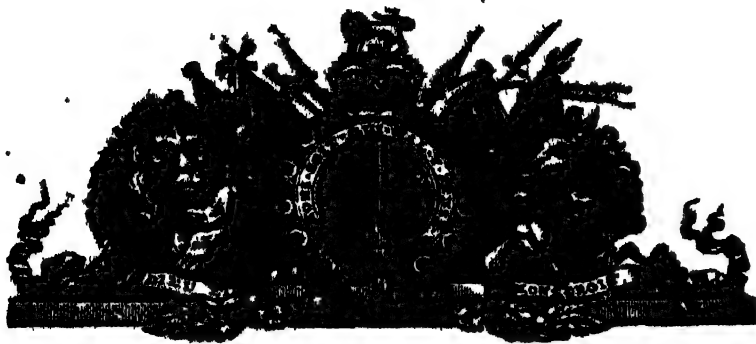
NOTICE.

The M. A. and M. Sc. examinations in 1920, will be held on Monday, the 30th August 1920 and following days.

Applications and fees for admission to the examinations, should reach the office of the Controller of Examinations, on or before the 29th May 1920.

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, *the 31st January 1920.*



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1920.

PART II.

Advertisements.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 3rd February 1920.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
		Rs.	A. P.			Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up ...	...	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities ...	...	7,41,42,108	0 0
Reserve Fund ...	Rs. 2,00,00,000 0 0			Other authorized Investments ...	...	1,38,46,880	0 0
Transfer to special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, ...	...	1,75,00,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities ...	...	13,86,99,096	5 2
below ...	25,00,000 0 0			Accounts of credit on ditto ditto ...	...	5,82,85,662	4 0
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments ...	...	25,00,000	0 0	Bills discounted and purchased ...	...	8,63,88,989	6 8
Public deposits at Head Office ...	Rs. 5,92,98,809 4 5			Balances with other Banks ...	...	67,61,856	5 2
Ditto ditto at Branches ...	1,59,88,469 18 8			Bullion ...	...	
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches ...	80,57,48,265 10 11			Dead Stock ...	...	29,08,974	13 6
Bank Post Bills, etc. ...	88,80,487 10 8			Stamps ...	...	14,642	12 1
Sundries ...	42,62,821 14 4			Sundries ...	...	11,85,641	1 2
						32,97,38,844	15 9
		42,86,07,994	6 0				
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office* ...	Rs. 8,71,87,676 18 11		
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches† ...	Rs. 6,17,81,882 8 4	2,88,69,559	6 8
						42,86,07,804	6 0

* Includes 80rs & ½ Sovs ; value Rs. 8,85,147 8 0
† Do do do. „ 5,16,970 0 0
Rs. 9,02,117 8 0

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.
Percentage 25 44.

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta 8th February 1920.

G. M. TALLACK,
Chief Accountant

By order of the Directors,
N. H. Y. WARRIN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(377—1)

**Statement of Government Promissory Notes endorsed for payment of
Interest in London.**

Under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the books of the Bank of Bengal on the 31st January 1920.

Particulars.	3 per cent of 1894-97.	2½ PER CENT. LOANS—					4 PER CENT.—	
		of 1843-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1872.	of 1900 01.	Terminals Loan of 1915-16.	Conversion Loan of 1916-17.
Balance of 15th January 1920	25,44,300	79,14,700	3,59,31,900	1,43,75,100	50,79,900	15,43,300	5,100	40,07,700
ADD—								
Amount of Loan certificate transferred to stock in London .. .. .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amount issued in London by conversion under Notification No .. .. .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amount encased at Madras up to .. .. .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amount encased at Bombay up to 31st January 1920 .. .. .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amount encased at Calcutta between 16th and 31st January 1920 .. .. .	.....	500	.....	.....	.....	.....	300	.....
Total	25,44,300	79,17,200	3,59,31,900	1,43,75,100	50,79,900	15,43,300	5,400	40,07,700
DEDUCT—								
Amount written off in the London Registers	45,100	1,21,300	5,16,300	2,55,200	24,000	900	.....	.....
Balance on 31st January 1920	24,99,200	77,95,900	3,54,15,600	1,41,19,900	50,75,900	15,42,300	4,500	40,07,700

Particulars.	INDIAN WAR LOAN—			SECOND INDIAN WAR LOAN—				Total
	5 per cent. War Loan, 1920-27.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1920	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1922.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1921	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1923.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1925.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1925.	
Balance of 15th January 1920	74,850	16,100	9,78,835	925	1,300	12,400	7,61,000	7,22,51,400
ADD—								
Amount of Loan certificate transferred to stock in London	.....	.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amount issued in London by conversion under Notification No.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amount encased at Madras up to	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amount encased at Bombay up to 24th January 1920	2,500	5,850	300	.....	.....	.....	1,750	10,400
Amount encased at Calcutta between 16th and 21st January 1920	3,000	.....	300	..	.....	.....	.....	4,300
Total	80,350	21,750	9,79,335	925	1,300	12,400	7,62,750	7,22,55,800
DEDUCT—								
Amount written off in the London Registers...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,12,700
Balance on 21st January 1920	80,350	21,750	9,79,335	925	1,300	12,400	7,62,750	7,24,43,100

Norm.—From		9th June	1887 to 30th November 1890—Enacted from India.				12,514	Lacs: re-transferred from London				12,112	Lacs.
	"	1st December	"	15th December	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	8	"
	"	10th "	"	31st "	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	9	"
	"	1st January 1890	"	15th January 1890	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	11	"
	"	16th "	"	"	31st "	"	"	"	"	"	"	5	"
							12,514	Lacs.				12,145	Lacs.

T. A. VOICE,
Superintendent.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 4th February 1920.

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.

Notice of Sale under sections 118 and 119 of Calcutta Port Act, III of 1890.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned packages & the undermentioned vessels, lying unclaimed in the Commissioners' Import Warehouses at the Jetties, will be sold by public auction if not removed on payment of all charges due within ten days of this notification :—

Date of landing.	Marks.	Number.	Quantity.	Description.	Name of steamer.	Remarks.
1919.	SHED No. II.					
Nov. 4	No mark ...	...	2	Pieces steel roll ...	SS. "City of Edinburgh."	
" 6	Ditto ...	...	1	Piece round iron bar	Ditto ...	Lying in No. II shed.
" 17	Ditto ...	...	1	Keg nails (defective)	SS. "Kathlamba."	
" 12	Ditto ...	...	1	Case merchandise (broken).	Ditto ...	H. G.
" 17	D L O or nil ...	...	3	Bags sulphur (defective).	Ditto ...	H. G.
" 17	Bāndapani or nil	...	7	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	H. G.
" 19	No mark ...	...	3	Pieces fish-plates ..	Ditto.	
" 12	Ditto ...	...	3	Bundles round iron ...	Ditto.	
" 19	Burn or nil ...	...	1	Piece round iron bar	Ditto.	
" 19	No mark ...	...	3	Pieces pig iron ...	Ditto.	
" 19	Ditto ...	...	4	Pieces buffer parts ...	Ditto.	
" 19	Ditto ...	...	1	Pair wheels (bent) ...	Ditto.	
" 19	Ditto ...	...	2	Pieces mouldering bed plate.	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	1	Bundle iron ..	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	2	Pieces flat bar (iron)	Ditto.	
" 19	Ditto ...	...	1	Piece buffer ...	Ditto	
<i>Withdrawn from last sale.</i>						
Aug. 18	No mark ...	...	15	Piece shuttles (broken).	SS. "City of Agra."	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	1	Piece lead bar (defective).	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	1	Piece machinery part (broken).	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	9	Boxes tin plates (broken).	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	1	Bundle tin-plates (bound with rope.)	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	6	Bags hardware (defective).	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	1	Bag asbestos packing	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	...	A quantity of loose buckles.	Ditto.	

Date of landing.	Marks.	No.	Quantity.	Description.	Name of steamer.	Remarks.
1919.	SHED No. II— <i>contd.</i>					
	<i>Withdrawn from last sale— conold</i>					
Aug. 18	I G N R or nil ...	...	6	Pieces angle iron (rusty).	SS. "City of Agra."	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	8	Pieces tube ...	Ditto.	
" 18	Kumerdubi I S & Co in a diamond.	...	15	Ditto ...	Ditto.	
" 18	No mark ...	...	16	Pieces galvanized tube	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	1	Bundle sheet iron (rusty).	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	1	Piece small iron plate (rusty).	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	4	Bundles tube (rusty)	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	13	Pieces angle iron (rusty).	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	21	Pieces flat iron (rusty)	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	...	A quantity of broken pieces fire-bricks	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	3	Pieces tube ...	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	28	Ditto ...	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	9	Pieces iron plate (rusty).	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	103	Pieces round iron (bent and rusty).	Ditto.	
1919.	SHED No IV.					
Oct 18	No mark ...	...	1	Case merchandise (broken).	SS. "Botanist"	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	...	A quantity of loose tin-plates .. 1120 pieces.	Ditto.	
" 21	Dr C A Bentley M B D P x x x Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal, Calcutta	...	1	Case medicine (defective).	Ditto.	
" 14	E J C ' in a diamond, E ' on top, E L below	3	1	Case machinery (defective).	Ditto.	
" 18	India's Factory account	...	1	Case merchandise (broken).	Ditto.	
" 18	No mark ...	...	1	Case tin-plates ...	Ditto.	
" 15	S W & Co or A F T Co M D	1	1	Case chain, etc. ...	Ditto.	
" 18	No Mark ...	...	105	Pieces spelter ...	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	11	Pieces galvanized pipe (bent).	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	9	Pieces iron pipe (bent).	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	50	Bundles fish-plates (rusty).	Ditto.	

Date of landing.	Marks.	Number.	Quantity.	Description.	Name of steamers.	Remarks.
1919.	SEED No. IV— <i>concl.</i>					
Oct. 18	No mark ...	...	20	Pieces loose fish-plates (rusty).	SS. "Botanist"	
" 18	D Colombo ...	...	1	Package merchandise (broken).	Ditto	H. G.
" 18	No mark ...	...	1	Keg merchandise (broken).	Ditto	H. G.
Nov. 14	E P M in a diamond ...	385	1	Case merchandise (defective).	SS. "Japan."	
" 17	F A or nil ...	...	2	Bags merchandise (defective).	Ditto.	
" 14	J & Co V Co ...	...	1	Case merchandise (broken).	Ditto.	
" 17	No mark ...	...	2	Packets paper decoration (broken).	Ditto	
" 17	Ditto ...	...	2	Pieces undershirts ...	Ditto.	
" 17	Ditto ...	...	...	A quantity of loose spoons.	Ditto.	
" 17	Ditto ...	...	...	A quantity of loose boards.	Ditto.	
" 17	S H in a diamond ...	801	1	Case merchandise (broken).	Ditto.	
" 21	No mark ...	...	9	Pieces galvanised plain sheet.	SS. "Clan Kennedy."	
Oct. 22	Ditto ...	...	1	Bundle coir yarn (defective).	SS. "Clan Urquhart."	
" 22	Ditto ...	...	3	Bundles coir yarn or rope (defective).	Ditto.	
Nov. 26	D in a triangle ...	6	1	Case merchandise (broken)	SS. "Teesta."	
" 25	No mark or M & B in a diamond, S S & Co. below.	16958 or X	1	Case drugs (broken)...	Ditto.	
" 29	M S K or Medical Store Keeper.	...	1	Package empty ...	Ditto.	
	<i>Withdrawn from last sale.</i>					
Oct. 7	I in a diamond, 124 below	...	21	Packages fibre ...	SS. "Clan Macmillan."	Mac-
" 7	I in a diamond, nil below.	...	4	Ditto ...	Ditto.	
1919.	SEED No. V.					
Oct. 4	51 M M. ...	...	1	Case quaker oats (broken).	SS. "City of Bristol"	of
" 2	Mr. K. B. Achand, Merchandise Street, Hyderabad India or M. K. Mulchand.	...	1	Case projectoscope and lamps (broken).	Ditto.	
" 11	No mark ...	...	10	Kegs merchandise (broken):	Ditto.	
" 10	Ditto ...	...	4	Cases merchandise (broken).	Ditto.	

Date of landing	Marks.	No.	Quantity.	Description.	Name of steamer.	Remarks.
1919						
SHED No. V— <i>continued</i> .						
Oct. 10	No mark ...	...	1	Case quaker oats or merchandise (broken).	SS. "City of Bristol"	
" 7	Diamond, 16394 below or nil.	...	1	Case merchandise (broken).	Ditto.	
" 7	53 in a diamond, Madras below, or 53 in a diamond, T 66 on top, Madras below	...	2	Kegs merchandise (broken).	Ditto.	
" 11	No mark ...	...	1	Bundle galvanised pipe (bent).	Ditto	
Nov. 10	Ditto ...	...	1	Piece round iron bar	SS. "Clan Robertson."	
" 19	L M ...	1	1	Case (broken and empty).	SS. "Matador."	
" 26	J F Maden ...	...	1	Case merchandise (broken).	SS. "Kanagwa Maru"	
" 28	No mark ...	...	1	Doll ...	Ditto	
" 28	Ditto ...	...	1	Cup ...	Ditto.	
" 28	Ditto ...	...	2	Pieces undershirts ...	Ditto.	
" 27	Ditto ...	...	1	Keg pent (broken) ...	Ditto.	
" 25	R K in a diamond, G S on top.	13	3	Cases merchandise (defective).	Ditto.	
" 26	Suzuki & Co ...	...	1	Case sulphur (broken)	Ditto ...	H. G.
" 26	Y in a diamond, T C on top, & S below.	4142	1	Case merchandise (broken).	Ditto.	
<i>Withdrawn from last sale</i>						
Oct 27	No mark ...	...	...	A quantity of loose sulphur.	SS. "Tsuruga Maru."	
Aug. 22	Bathgate or nil ...	...	5	Bags sulphur ...	SS. "Calcutta Maru."	
<i>Withdrawn from last three sales.</i>						
Feb. 7	No mark ...	...	...	A quantity of round iron (bent and rusty).	SS. "City of Birmingham."	
SHED No. VI.						
Nov 8	No mark Madras ...	...	10	Drums merchandise	SS. "Blackwell."	
" 8	Grace in a diamond, W O sides.	...	1	Cask cement (broken and loose)	Ditto.	
" 8	J S in a heart, or J S N or nil	...	1	Ditto ...	Ditto.	
" 8	XX in a diamond, & Co. below or nil.	...	7	Casks cement (broken).	Ditto.	
" 8	No mark ...	...	4	Ditto ...	Ditto.	
" 8	Ditto ...	...	1	Bag hardware (toru)	Ditto.	
" 8	Ditto ...	...	1	Piece copper ingot ...	Ditto.	

Date of landing	Marks.	No.	Quantity.	Quantity.	Name of Steamer.	Remarks.
1919.	SHED No VI— <i>conold.</i>					
Nov. 8	No mark ...	...	1	Piece spelter ...	SS. "Blackwell."	
" 8	Ditto ...	...	10	Bags merchandise (torn.)	Ditto.	
" 8	Ditto ...	...	3	Lady's coat ...	Ditto.	
" 8	Ditto ...	...	2	Tin oilman stores ...	Ditto.	
" 8	Ditto ...	...	2	Tin Day Martin ink.	Ditto.	
" 8	Ditto ...	...	1	Tins sardines ...	Ditto.	
" 8	Ditto ...	...	1	Bottle provisions ...	Ditto.	
" 7	Ditto ...	...	1	Roll zinc sheet ...	Ditto.	
" 7	Ditto ...	...	1	Case merchandise (broken)	Ditto.	
" 10	Ditto ...	...	2	Pieces round iron bar	Ditto.	
" 10	Ditto ...	...	1	Piece square iron bar	Ditto.	
" 10	Ditto ...	...	1	Bar angle iron ...	Ditto.	
" 19	A Star ...	...	1	Package tea shooks (defective.)	SS. "Kaifuku Maru."	
Oct. 17	No mark ...	...	...	A quantity of pitch...	SS. "Chanda."	
" 17	Ditto ...	...	1	Earthenware jar (broken.)	Ditto.	
" 17	Ditto ...	...	2	Bundles rope (defective.)	Ditto.	
" 17	B N R in a diamond ...	...	4	Drums (empty) ...	Ditto.	
" 15	Kumardubi in a diamond, I S on top, & C below	...	1	Drum (broken and empty).	Ditto.	
1919.	<i>Withdrawn from last sale.</i>					
Oct. 22	536 in a diamond, C J on top, H S below.	4	1	Case medicine (defective.)	SS. "Clan Mac-kinnon."	
" 23	J B Deradoon Djubouth ...	55	1	Case hair oil (defective.)	Ditto.	
1919.	SHED No. VI.					
Oct. 14	No mark ...	451	1	Case merchandise (repaired).	SS. "Matheran."	
" 14	Ditto ...	...	2	Pieces fire bars ...	Ditto.	
" 14	Ditto ...	...	1	Broken R W pipe ...	Ditto.	
Nov. 4	B in a circle, O W sides ...	...	15	Bags merchandise (defective).	SS. "Historian."	
" 4	B & B or nil ...	...	78	Broken pieces ingot copper.	Ditto.	
Dec. 31	Bury ...	...	1	Coil wire rope ...	Ditto	Lying in No. 7 shed.

Date of landing.	Marks.	Numbers.	Quantity.	Description.	Name of steamer.	Remarks.
1919.	SHED No. VII—contd.					
Nov. 4	263 in a diamond, H A on top, & Co below.	...	5	Kegs merchandise (broken).	SS. "Historian."	
" 4	No mark ...	...	1	Cask merchandise (broken).	Ditto.	
" 4	Ditto ...	...	1	Cask merchandise (broken).	Ditto.	
" 4	Ditto ...	...	..	A quantity of broken pieces tiles or fire-bricks.	Ditto.	
Oct. 27	W L Carey C/o Messrs. Heilgers & Co	...	1	Package merchandise (defective).	Ditto.	
Nov. 4	Allahabad Arsenal War Store.)	...	4	Drums empty ...	Ditto.	
" 4	No mark ...	...	2	Kegs empty ...	Ditto.	
" 4	Ditto ...	...	7	Bars flat iron ...	Ditto.	
" 4	No mark or M P. on 490 ...	...	26	Pieces iron plates (rusty).	Ditto.	
" 4	Nil ...	...	9	Coils hoop iron ...	Ditto.	
" 6	B B & Co in a diamond ...	16	1	Cask merchandise (broken).	SS. "Golconda."	
Unloaded from boat on						
Dec 11	No mark ...	...	6	Pieces iron (rusty) ...	SS. "Malakuta."	
" 11	Ditto ...	...	6	Pieces angle iron (rusty).	Ditto.	
	Withdrawn from last sale.					
Sept. 3	No mark ...	...	10	Pieces iron plates (rusty).	SS. "Mahratta."	
" 3	Ditto ...	..	66	Pieces angle iron (bent and rusty.)	Ditto.	
" 18	H H ...	...	1	Package shooks ...	SS. "City of Benares."	
Oct. 4	Nil ...	...	11	Kegs nails (broken)...	Ditto.	
Sept. 30	Do. ...	...	...	A quantity of loose hardware.	Ditto.	
" 30	Do. ...	...	3	Cases tea shooks (broken and loose).	Ditto.	
" 30	Do. ...	...	...	A quantity of loose tea shooks.	Ditto.	
Oct. 15	B T in a diamond ...	...	4	Casks cement (broken)	SS. "Marwarri."	
" 18	B L in a diamond, A L below or nil.	...	1	Cask cement (broken)	Ditto.	
" 18	293 in a diamond, K L on top, S below.	...	3	Casks cement (broken)	Ditto.	

Date of landing.	Mark	Number.	Quantity.	Description.	Name of steamer.	Remarks.
	SHED No. VII—conold.					
	Withdrawn from last sale— contd					
1919.						
Oct. 18	No mark ...	...	17	Casks cement (broken)	SS "Marwarri."	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	2	Bags cement sweepings	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	29	Broken pieces spelter	Ditto	
" 15	148 in a diamond, Madras below.	...	3	Casks cement (broken)	Ditto.	
" 14	P & Co ...	1-2	2	Cases provision (defective)	Ditto	
" 18	S I F C in a diamond, Madras below.	...	5	Casks cement (broken)	Ditto.	
1919.	Withdrawn from last three sales.					
June 20	Nil ...	...	1	Bag hay ...	SS "Malakuta"	
" 28	Do ...	...	1	Case machinery (broken).	Ditto	
July 14	T I S Co in a rectangular block.	...	2	Castings (broken) ...	SS "City of Canton"	
	SHED No VIII.					
Sept. 12	2376 in a diamond, 16652 below.	...	1	Case merchandise (broken).	S.S. "Karlahar"	
" 17	T I S Co K M E Order A-180	27514	1	Case merchandise (repaired).	Ditto	
" 16	No mark ...	...	3	Bundle cases merchandise (defective).	Ditto	
" 27	Ditto ...	...	1	Piece ensign ...	S.S. "Maidan"	
" 27	Ditto ...	...	11	Packets chloride ...	Ditto	
" 27	Ditto ...	...	6	Tins merchandise ...	Ditto	
" 27	Ditto ...	...	20	Bottles merchandise	Ditto.	
" 27	Ditto ...	...	1	Bottle malt vinegar	Ditto	
" 27	Ditto ...	...	9	Empty bottles ...	Ditto	
" 27	Ditto ...	...	2	Soda water bottles ...	Ditto	
" 27	Ditto ...	...	7	Pots gum ...	Ditto	
" 27	Ditto ...	...	1	Iron plate (rusty) ...	Ditto.	
" 27	Ditto ...	...	1	Bundle G U Sheets	Ditto.	
" 27	Ditto ...	...	4	Pieces rail (rusty) ...	Ditto.	
Oct. 3	No mark ...	...	18	Bags merchandise (defective).	SS "Makalla."	
" 3	Ditto ...	...	3	Casks cement (broken)	Ditto	
" 3	S M S ...	...	2	Ditto ...	Ditto	
" 3	U O (C or G) in a diamond	...	1	Cask cement (broken)	Ditto	
" 21	Gable in a diamond, 25488 below.	...	1	Case merchandise (broken).	SS "City of Colombo."	

Date of landing	Marks.	Number.	Quantity.	Description.	Name of steamer.	Remarks.
1919.	SHED No VIII—contd.					
Oct. 30	759 in a diamond, 20357 below.	...	1	Case merchandise (repaired).	SS. "City of Colombo."	
" 21	No mark ...	...	1	Case empty ...	Ditto.	
" 21	Nil or triangle, S S on top	...	1	Bundle shovels ...	Ditto.	
" 21	No mark ...	...	27	Case merchandise (broken)	Ditto ...	Lying at No. 8 shed.
1919.	Withdrawn from last sale.					
Aug. 13.	K N in a double triangle, H T on top.	...	1	Case merchandise (broken).	SS. "Mahanada."	
1919.	SHED No. IX.					
Oct. 9	B K P & Co J E 1	...	...	1 Case merchandise (defective).	SS. "Goalpara".	
" 9	Sessa Tespur ...	...	27 x	1 Keg merchandise (defective).	Ditto.	
" 10	No mark ...	...	24	Bundles coir yarn (defective).	Ditto	
" 13	Ditto ...	...	...	A quantity of loose coir yarn	Ditto	
" 13	Ditto ...	...	5	Coils wire (1 Nose) ...	Ditto.	
" 13	Ditto ...	...	33	Casks cement (broken)	Ditto.	
" 13	Ditto ...	...	1	Cask empty ...	Ditto.	
" 13	Ditto ...	...	1	Cask asphalt (Broken and loose).	Ditto.	
" 13	Ditto ...	...	8	Bundles G U sheets (not original).	Ditto.	
" 13	Ditto ...	...	67	Pieces G U sheets (bent and rusty).	Ditto.	
" 10	O H M S or nil	...	...	1 Case merchandise (repaired).	Ditto.	
" 16	D T C L ...	...	...	2 Drums (empty) ...	Ditto.	
" 16	E I R ...	...	1138, 396	2 Cases merchandise (broken).	Ditto	
" 18	Rev B Cotton O F chaplain, U P, Bareilly	...	...	1 Case books (defective).	SS. "Colaba".	
" 18	No mark ...	...	...	3 Packages merchandise (broken).	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	...	3 Cases (broken and empty).	Ditto.	
" 18	Ditto ...	...	...	6 Drums (empty) ...	Ditto.	
Nov. 5	888 in a rectangle	...	356	1 Case merchandise (defective).	SS. "Ibata".	
" 8	No mark ...	...	...	4 Pieces stone	Ditto.	

Date of landing.	Marks.	Number.	Quantity.	Description.	Name of Steamer.	Remarks.
	SHED No. IX— <i>consolid.</i>					
Nov. 14	E H N in a diamond, S ² A at sides.	3142-44 3147.	4	Cases merchandise (defective).	SS. "Nora."	
" 13	H in a triangle, O O on top	4058	1	Case merchandise (defective.)	Ditto.	
" 13	O H M S War Store ...	...	1	Package merchandise (defective).	Ditto	
" 15	S Z K in a diamond	...	1	Piece Spelter	Ditto.	
" 20	No mark	...	1	Case merchandise (Repaired).	SS. "Mannar"	
" 20	Emdes in a diamond, Rangoon below.	112	1	Bag Sulphur	Ditto	H. G.
" 8	No mark	...	1	Bag hardware (defective).	SS "Malakua."	
" 8	Ditto	...	9	Pieces angles iron (bent and rusty).	Ditto.	
" 8	Ditto	...	3	Pieces T iron (bent and rusty).	Ditto.	
" 8	Ditto	...	1	Piece rail	Ditto.	
" 8	Ditto	...	141	Pieces flat iron (bent and rusty).	Ditto.	
" 8	Ditto	...	1	Piece iron pipe (rusty)	Ditto.	
" 8	Ditto	...	5	Bundles iron pipe (rusty).	Ditto.	
" 8	Ditto	...	2	Pieces round iron (bent and rusty).	Ditto.	
	<i>Withdrawn from last sale.</i>					
Sept. 20	M & Co	2-4, 7, x, x, x, x, x, x,	10	Casks provisions (broken).	SS. "Nirvana."	
" 19	Little & Co	427	1	Case O'stores (broken)	Ditto.	
" 28	A. S. Calcutta	947-8 980-2 958- 61.	9	Bales corks (defective)	Ditto.	
" 18	Z in a diamond	...	31	Casks cement (broken).	Ditto.	
" 18	Z in a diamond, Tipling on top.	32-40	5	Drum oil (defective)	Ditto.	
1919.	<i>Withdrawn from last two sales.</i>					
Aug. 15	Supply Transport, Mesrut	...	1	Case empty	SS. "Holywell."	
	<i>Salvage goods.</i>					
	843 in a double triangle, S N on top, & C below.	3	1	Case merchandise (broken).	SS. "Namsang" and SS. "Clan Macmillan."	
	No mark	...	5	Cases merchandise (broken).	Ditto.	

Date of landing.	Marks.	Numbers.	Quantity.	Description.	Name of steamer.	Remarks.
<i>Salvage goods—consolid.</i>						
No mark	8	Crates merchandise (broken).	SS. "Namsang" and SS. "Clan Macmillan."	
Ditto	112	Packets undershirts (defective).	Ditto.	
Ditto	123	Cycle bells (defective)	Ditto.	
Ditto	917	Pieces ties (defective)	Ditto.	
Ditto	244	Bottles (defective)	Ditto.	
Ditto	A quantity of bottles (defective).	Ditto.	
Ditto	A quantity of undershirts (defective).	Ditto.	
Ditto	A quantity of loose inkpots (defective).	Ditto.	
Ditto	A quantity of cycle accessories (defective)	Ditto.	
Ditto	480	Bales fibre	SS. "Clan Macmillan."	Lying at the land south of No. 20 Berth office, K. P. Dock.
Ditto	A quantity of loose fibre.	...	
<i>Unidentified goods of jetties</i>						
No mark	1	Piece socket	...	From Police.
Ditto	10	Pairs dhooties	...	Ditto.
Ditto	10	Pieces pocket knives	...	Ditto.
Ditto	1	Packet slate pencil	...	Ditto.
Ditto	1	Piece undershirt (torn)	...	Ditto.
Ditto	1	Piece spade	...	Ditto.
Ditto	20	Soda water bottles (one broken).	...	Ditto.
Ditto	8	Seers betelnuts	...	Ditto.
Ditto	About one pouch almonds.	...	Ditto.
Hall and Anderson or nil...	2	Pairs canvas shoes (rubber sole).	...	Ditto.
No mark	2	Tins condensed milk	...	Ditto.
Ditto	11	Cut pieces longcloth	...	Ditto.
Ditto	9	Boxes matches	...	Ditto.
Ditto	About 1/2 pouch black pepper.	...	Ditto.
Ditto	About 1/2 pouch sago	...	Ditto.
Ditto	10	Pairs dhooties	...	Ditto.
Ditto	1	Tin heavy cut cigarettes (not original).	...	Ditto.
Ditto	About one pouch gowries.	...	Ditto.

Date of landing.	Marks.	Number.	Quantity.	Description.	Name of steamer.	Remarks.
<i>Unidentified goods of jetties—consolid.</i>						
	No mark ...	...	1	Bottle Ferri Sulph Pur.	.....	From Police.
	Ditto ...	...	1	Piece brass ...	.....	Ditto.
	Ditto ...	...	1	Tin apicot ...	.....	Ditto.
	Ditto ...	...	1	Tin salmon ...	.....	Ditto.
	Ditto ...	...	1	Bale blanket (defective.)	.....	From F. W. H.
	Ditto ...	...	1	Case coloured cotton piece-goods (broken).	.....	Ditto.
	Ditto ...	...	1	Piece spelter ...	.....	Ditto.
	Ditto ...	...	5	Bags merchandise (defective).		
	Ditto ...	...	1	Drum merchandise (defective).		
	Ditto ...	...	1	Box merchandise (broken).		
	Ditto ...	...	1	Cask merchandise (broken).		
	Ditto ...	...	10	Bags merchandise.		
	Ditto ...	...	...	A quantity of loose paper.		
	Ditto ...	...	...	A quantity of loose straw-boards.		
	Ditto ...	...	...	A quantity of hardware.		
	Ditto ...	...	...	A quantity of scrap iron.		
	Ditto ...	...	...	A quantity of screws.		
	Ditto ...	...	...	A quantity of enamelled ware.		
	Ditto ...	...	...	A quantity of sundries.		
	Ditto ...	...	10	Pieces angles (bent and rusty).		
	Ditto ...	...	6	Pieces iron pipe (bent and rusty).		
<i>Cargo from Kidderpore Docks.</i>						
1919.						
Oct 30	A D C in a diamond ...	...	1	Case merchandise (defective).	SS. "Madras."	
" 30	No mark ...	...	2	Cases merchandise (1 broken, 1 empty.)	Ditto.	
<i>Withdrawn from last two sales.</i>						
1919.						
Apr. 25	M H or Nil ...	...	483	Bundles sheet iron ...	SS. "Chaksang"	
" 15	SH ...	...	120	Pieces Sheet Iron ...	Ditto.	

LAND SALE NOTICE.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz, the 12th January 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share —

Tansa No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
314	Ph. Batitaki, mahal Phulcheri.	Rs. A. P. 1,608 3 0	....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 only. The following manuas will be sold— Mausa— Bibititaki. Abhya Mukundapur. Astidanger. Daja. Bhatbarh. Bhuyan. Bhojpur. Chhatrabetya. Dahuka. Dangarpura. Dasagram. Durgachak. Dharmachak. Elagerha. Erhaidanger. Phulbheri. Garhgarha chak. Gurhi. Gobinda chak. Gobindapur. Gopal barh. Jamarla. Joti. Kalenkibota. Karanji. Salikachak. Kusarpura. Katal. Khagra-bhetil. Khanderbheri. Khurrai. Lakhanda. Madhubarh. Mahamad chak. Mohasandil chak. Moongha. Mukundapur hat. Palasidakhin. Radha Mohan chak. Ram chak. Ramdangar. Saidani. Simulya. Sirachak. Suriha. Soudhar chak. Sriobandanpore. Tapala. Tala. Teladiba. Tricothampur. 9 a. 11 gds 1 kt. 1 dt. share each of the above manuas will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Srimatya Ramani Moni Das, guardian of Amulya Chandra Jais and another, minors.	Rs. A. P. 984 3 3	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 78 3 3	Rs. A. P.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 18, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 15th March 1920 at 12 A.M., for arrears of revenue defaulted during the kist ending the 26th December 1919 and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7, and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share—

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
41	Th. Satkania, tf. Abul Fazel.	643 3 7	Whole ...	.....	Abdul Wahed Khan and others.	.....	391 7 8	.....
396	Th. Town and Sitakandi, tf. Bakshali.	935 14 0	Share ...	Residuary share with extent of interest, 10a. 4p. 17kta. will be sold.	Jakemall Chandhuri and others.	606 2 0	.....	272 12 9
476	Th. Hathasari, Raosan, Paliya Town and Paliok-chori, tf. Brindaban Chandhuri.	2,456 9 7	Do. ...	Residuary share with an extent of interest 6a. will be sold.	Himangshu Nimal Rai and others.	962 8 6	.....	466 12 9
943	Th. Raosah, tf. Pather-sing.	9,365 3 0	Whole ..	.....	Mrs. Mathuria Debbya for minor son Raj Narayan Hasari.	.....	295 7 6	.....
1148	Th. Satkania, tf. manso Hartna, bt. tf. Mangat Ram Hasari.	692 12 0	Do. ...	.....	Md. Latu Bah dder ...	.....	238 0 2	.....
1238	Th. Paliya, Hathasari, Raosan and Town, tf. Ima Aup.	2,365 15 8	Share ..	Residuary share with an extent of interest, 10 as. 8 p. will be sold.	Hamdhan Chondhuri and others.	1,506 6 10	.....	389 14 6
1242	Th. Satkania, Banakhal, Paliya O. S. Auwara, tf. Imambakhna.	697 6 6	Whole ...	.....	Abdul Raup Khan and another.	.....	318 11 10	.....
1749	Th. Paliya and Satkania, tf. Muhammad Ali and Roostun Ali.	2,463 3 6	Share ...	Residuary share with an extent of interest 6 as. will be sold.	Dhirendra Lal Gupta for self and for Sachindra Kumar Gupta and others.	1,306 3 4	.....	591 13 10
1472	Ditto ...	2,463 3 6	Do. ...	Share No. 2 Upendra Lal Gupta and others to the extent of interest 6 as. will be sold.	Upendra Lal Gupta self and for Swamika Shekar Gupta and others.	1,306 3 4	.....	591 13 9
1924	Th. Satkania, Mirswari, Hathasari, Paliya, Raosan, Town Rangonia, Banakhal and Sitakandi, tf. Md. Arshad Syed.	942 8 0	Whole ...	.....	Bidhu Bhawan Rai and others.	.....	210 2 0	.....
20175	Th. Ramoo, M. Mithachori, tk. Md. Kaloo and Kamari.	618 3 6	Do. ...	.....	Sarada Kripa Lala ...	.....	236 12 2	.....
22941	Th. Chakaria, M. Dulahara Waimi, tk. Kushi Chandra Sen, son of late Deot Das Sen, of Gairala.	1,055 3 0	Do. ...	.....	Asgar Ali Sikdar and others.	.....	362 11 6	.....

Notice of Sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XIV of 1859, read with Act VII (B. C.) of 1868 and Act II (B. C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk, within the Cox's Bazar khas mehal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919 :—

No. of tenure.	Name of mauza, thana and mahal.	Name of talukdar.	SADAR JAMA.		AMOUNT OF ARREARS FOR WHICH THE TENURE IS TO BE SOLD.		
			Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
159 3	Thana Teknaf, mauza Teknaf, Noabad taluk Fateh Chowdhuri.	Srinati Khema Chowdhuri and Srimati Nhabaksh Chowdhuri, daughter of Thaw Chowdhuri of Teknaf.	1,374 1 2	58 15 0	428 11 0	33 8 0	462 3 0
309 5	Thana Teknaf, mauza Longurbli, Noabad taluk Thaw Chowdhuri.	Doitto	708 0 0	44 4 6	300 0 0	16 2 4	216 3 4
60-64	Thana Ramoo, mauza Patih Masuakhali, Noabad taluk Kar Mohammad.	Chandra Kumar Palit, son of Gobardhan Palit, of Sarta.	910 3 0	85 10 3	570 11 6	50 0 0	521 4 6
73-101	Thana Ramoo, mauza Patih Masuakhali, Noabad taluk Samed Ali.	Nur Muhammad, son of Harban Ali Chowdhuri, of Patih Masuakhali.	901 2 0	101 0 6	289 7 0	32 11 8	322 2 8
90-122	Thana Ramoo, mauza Kharulla, Noabad taluk Bakshi Ali.	Wazed Ali Chowdhuri, Sher Ali Chowdhuri, sons of, and Srimati Robinareson Chowdhuri, daughter of Mohabat Ali Chowdhuri of Jaldi, thana Benikhal.	688 9 0	44 0 9	380 5 6	37 11 6	218 1 0
303 304	Thana Chakaria, mauza Baraitali, Noabad taluk Ali Mohammad.	Sarada Kripa Lala, son of Prashari Lala, of Papadia.	4,559 12 0	383 2 2	439 16 0	107 2 0	1,247 2 0
303 307	Thana Chakaria, mauza Harbhag, Noabad taluk Mobarok Ali.	Sher Ali Khan, son of Ajamala Khan, of Harbhag.	929 14 0	85 9 0	222 8 0	31 0 0	368 8 0
303 308	Thana Chakaria, mauza Harbhag, Noabad taluk Lal Mohamed.	Nural Huda Khan, Shamsul Huda Khan, minor son of Srimati Joydeb Khatun, Srimati Terhas Khatun, minor daughter of Sultan Amir Ali Khan, guardianship of his uncle Soleman Khan, son of Ajamala Khan, of Harbhag, and another.	1,486 14 0	155 1 6	185 14 0	35 5 9	211 3 9

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Notice of Sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6 of Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluks within the Satkania khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919 :—

Number.	Name of mauza, thana and mahal.	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA.		AMOUNT OF ARREARS FOR WHICH THE TENURE IS TO BE SOLD.		
			Rent.	Cesses.	Rent.	Cesses.	Total.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
403	Thana Banekhal, mauza Pulchari, mahal Noabad, taluk Mobarakali and Eakab Ali.	Keramat Ali Chowdhury, son of Anowar Ali Chowdhury, of Pulchari and Sherat Khan of Harbhag.	2,122 0 0	482 0 6	781 4 0	115 8 6	302 12 6
5415 4796	Thana Satkania, mauza Baralatin, mahal Noabad, taluk Lal Md. Daroga.	Sarada Kripa Lala and Gritja Kripa Lala, sons of Pran Hari Lala, of Papadia.	1,023 12 0	144 0 9	85 12 0	38 0 3	121 12 3
5674 5069	Thana Satkania, mauza Pahar-chanda, mahal Noabad, taluk Nilmani.	Srimati Sibabli Chowdhury, wife of Abdul Bari Khan and Abdul Rouf Khan, of Garangia, Jagat Chandra Bhattacharji of Chanchera.	661 10 0	109 1 0	407 4 3	65 2 6	473 6 9
5229 5617	Thana Satkania, mauza Charamba, mahal Noabad, taluk Kalkinker.	Kallas Chandra Chowdhury, Purna Chandra Chowdhury, sons of Ram Saran Chowdhury and Pran Hari Chowdhury of Charamba.	1,963 12 0	147 10 3	478 4 6	26 14 6	515 3 0

Chittagong, 28th January 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.O.) of 1868 and Act II (B.G.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluks within the Sadar khas mahal in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 16th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 25th December 1919:—

Serial No.	Number of taluk	Name of taluk with its situation	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA		ARRARS		
				Rent	Cess	Rent.	Cess	Total
1	486 2-164	Thana Town mouza Bakolia, taluk Ahmad Ali.	Munshi Mosharaf Ali and Abdul Aziz and others	Rs. A. P. 1,784 4	Rs. A. P. 223 9 6	Rs. A. P. 7 5 2	Rs. A. P. 53 12 2	Rs. A. P. 60 1 8
2	4830 2-884 886	Thana Mirsarai, mauza Joppa-bajor, taluk Aminullah.	Prasanna Kumar Kay and Kail Kumar and others.	693 2	106 12 6	47 12 0	0 0 0	65 3 6
3	4872 2-876	Thana Patichahary, mauza Jga-khola, taluk Eyerall Khan.	Sm. Lattia Khatun Chowdhurani.	2,478 12	232 12 6	619 8 0	57 10 8	676 2 6

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

Notice of sale for arrear of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B. C.) of 1868, Act-II (B. J.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within the Patisa khas mahal in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 16th day of March 1920 for arrear of rent and cess remaining unpaid on 26th December 1919

Number of taluks	Name of tenure with situation	Name of proprietor.	ANNUAL JAMA.		ARRARS.		
			Rent.	Cess	Rent	Cess.	Total
1 6748 6749 899	Thana Patisa, mouza Dhopa-ohari, taluk Keramat Ali and Kamalpur.	Khanasam Juharsj son of Barrang Chalepur of Boudarban	Rs. A. P. 844 0 0	Rs. A. P. 177 8 0	Rs. A. P. 211 0 0	Rs. A. P. 44 6 0	Rs. A. P. 255 6 0

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.O.) of 1868 and Act II (B. C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within Roaman khas mahal in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 25th December 1919.

Serial No.	Number of taluk	Name of taluk with its situation.	Name of proprietor	SADAR JAMA.		ARRARS		
				Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess	Total.
1	4440 2-155	Akua Debipur, Kadamtali thana, Rangpur mahal, Noabad taluk Kalinda Barua.	Rupen Chandra Ray and others.	Rs. A. P. 612 12 0	Rs. A. P. 51 2 2	Rs. A. P. 240 2 0	Rs. A. P. 12 12 6	Rs. A. P. 663 16 6

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land no longer required by Government situated along the Ranaghat-Khulna Eastern Bengal Railway, in the district of Jessore, will be put up to sale at 12-30 o'clock on Friday, the 9th of April 1920, corresponding with the 27th Chaitra, 1326 B. S., at Bongaon subdivisional office.

The purchasers of the several plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavation on the land nearer than fifteen feet from the railway boundary or to plough the land nearer than three feet from the same.
- 2nd—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale reckoning the date of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.
- 4th—The plots of land will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders.
- 5th—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Commissioner confirming the sale.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situated	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAM AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					P. K. C.	Acres in decimals.	Reasons for exclusion.	Acres in decimals.		
1	Jessore...	Pargana Jay-pur, mauza Chhagharia	21 to 22	South ...	4 16 3	1.59	...	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 3. South—By Khetra Nath Ray Choudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
2	Do. ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	27 4 8	9.2	...	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land, Khetra Nath Ray Choudhury's land, Rajendra Nath Ghose's land, Kishibhar Madak's jumbo garden, Khetra Nath Ray Choudhury's jack fruit garden, Kishibhar Madak's land, Narayan Biswas' land. South—By Satin Mondal's land, Khetra Nath Ray Choudhury's land, Kishibhar Madak's land, Rajendra Nath Ghose's land, Kishibhar Madak's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 3. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 1.
3	Do. ...	Ditto ...	23 to 24	Do. ...	22 5 4	7.27	...	...	...	North—By Narayan Biswas' land, Bholanath Bardar's land, Mahim Bardar's land, Panchagan Chatterji's plantain garden, Bhuben Mondal's land, Narayan Mondal's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4. South—By Khetra Nath Ray Choudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2.
4	Do. ...	Ditto ...	24 to 25	Do. ...	24 15 8	8.24	...	...	...	North—By Hamal Ray Choudhury's land, Khetra Nath Ray Choudhury's land, Adhar Biswas' land, Mahanath Ghose's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 5. South—By Kati Mandal's land, Narayan Mandal's land, Adhar Mondal's land, Khatib Bardar's land, Mohim Bardar's land, Khetra Nath Ray Choudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
5	Do. ...	Ditto ...	25 to 26	Do. ...	14 0 1	4.63	...	...	...	North—By Mahanath Ray Ghose's land, Sarada Chandra Ray Choudhury's land. East—By the Koldia river. South—By Jogendra Ghose's land, Bhim Bardar's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
6	Do. ...	Pargana Mul-gbar, mauza Perojpur.	26 to 27	Do. ...	7 15 1	2.46	...	...	...	North—By Fakir Chand Kapali's land, Kedar Mondal's land, Fakir Chand Bardar's land, Khetra Mondal's land, Jadedal Khansama's land and the river Koldia. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7. South—By Jadedal Khondkar's land, Akad Mondal's land, Rajen Mondal's land, Jadedal Khondkar's land, Fakir Chand Kapali's land. West—By the river Koldia.
7	Do. ...	Ditto ...	27 to 28	Do. ...	24 6 9	8.04	...	...	...	North—By Mothum Mohan Biswas' land, Fakir Chand Bardar's land, Jadedal Khansama's land, Fakir Chand Bardar's land, Kati Farmanah's land, Kedar Kapali's land, Akad Mondal's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8. South—By Jadedal Khansama's land, Kati Farmanah's land, Akad Mondal's land, Kati Farmanah's land, Fakir Chand Kapali's land, Kedar Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8.

Consecutive No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN SIGHSAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot	Boundaries of lot
					H. K. C.	Acres in decimals.	Reasons for exclusion	Acres in decimals.		
8	Jessore.	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Fecijpur	22 to 24	South	21 16 3	7.84				North—By Nur Mohammad's bamboo garden, Sah dalli Khanama's land, Kalim Sah Fakir's land Fakir Ohsud Sardar's land and bhagar East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2 South—By Fakir Ohsud Nayali's land, Karim Baksa Baha's land Jibudali Khondker's land and Petrapole Haor West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7
9	Do	Do	22 to 23	Do	7 9 11	2.84				North—By Bhuvan Bhowan's land East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 10. South—By Haran Mondal's land, Nur Muhammad Mondal's land West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8 North—By Haran Mondal's land Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land South—By Nur Mohammad Mondal's land, Haran Mondal's land West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 9
10	Do	Pargana Mulghar mauza Petrapole	22 to 23	Do	9 17 3	3.26				

Jessore, the 3rd February 1921

J. K. BISWAS, for Collector

Abstract Statement of Audited Accounts of the Hindu Family Annuity Fund for the year 1918-19.

Receipts	Amount	Disbursements	Amount
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
General subscription ...	39 513 12 6	Annuities ...	46,589 1 0
Interest ...	44,014 3 1	Expenses of management ...	9,822 3 3
Miscellaneous receipts ...	65 9 1	Furniture ...	123 6 0
Government of India for amount withdrawn for expenditure and investment	93,000 0 0	Deposits ...	54 7 8
Deposits ...	109 11 9	Deposit abatement ...	36 12 0
Employee's security deposit ...	0 0 4	Relief ...	8,663 1 3
Advances recoverable ...	.....	Special relief ...	2,526 2 8
Opening balance on 1st April 1918	370 1 3	Government of India for deposit ...	85,475 2 10
		Government securities purchased ...	30,000 0 0
		Interest on employee's security deposit in excess.	.....
		Closing balance on 31st March 1919	983 1 8
Total ...	1,77,073 6 0	Total ...	1,77,073 6 0

Published agreeably to rule 98.

HARADHAN BASU, Secretary

Examined and found correct.

SHAMA CHARAN MUKHERJI } Auditors.
UMA CHARAN GHOSH }

Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

(384--1)

THE SEERAMPORE-BALLY ELECTRIC LICENCE, 1920.

AN application for the grant of a licence under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, to supply electrical energy to the area described in the draft licence set forth below has been submitted to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department by Messrs Nursing Sahay Mudun Gopal, at No. 12, Portuguese Church Street, Calcutta.

The latest date on which representatives in regard to this application will be received, will be the 30th of April 1920.

The following is a copy of the draft licence :—

DRAFT LICENCE.

Signature of applicant,—(Sd.) Nursing Sahay Mudun Gopal.

Address of applicant,—12, Portuguese Church Street, Calcutta.

Licence for the supply of energy granted by the Government of Bengal under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910.

Licensee is hereby granted to Babus Jannunadas, Gokuldas, Girdhardas, Gwalidas, carrying on business in partnership under the name and style of Nursing Sahay Mudun Gopal to supply electric energy in the area with the powers and upon the terms and conditions all specified below :—

Short Title.

1. This licence may be cited as "The Seerampore-Bally Electric Licence, 1920."

Interpretation.

2. The several words, terms, and expressions to which by the Indian Electricity Act 1910, or by the rules thereunder meanings are assigned, shall have in this licence the same respective meanings, provided that in this licence :—

(1) The Act shall mean the Indian Electricity Act, 1910.

(2) The expression "The Licensees" shall mean and include the said Nursing Sahay Mudun Gopal and their permitted assigns and

(3) The expression "deposited Map" shall mean the plan of the area of supply hereinafter specified which has been deposited with Government in pursuance of the Rules under the Act, which plan is signed for the purpose of identification by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department and by the Applicants under the name and style of Nursing Sahay Mudun Gopal.

Security.

3. The period within which under clause 1(b) of the Schedule to the Act, the Licensees shall deposit or secure such sum as therein mentioned and the sum so to be deposited or secured shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Government under that clause, be three months after the notification of this Licence and Rs. 5,000 (Rupees Five thousand only) respectively.

Area of supply.

4. The area above referred to within which the supply of energy is authorized by this licence (the area of supply under the Act) is the whole of the area bounded as follows :—

North—By French Chaudernagore,

South—By Mali Panghara Lane, Jallapara Road,

East—By the Hooghly River.

West—By E. I. R. Line and by the Grand Trunk Road from the level crossing near Balidyabati Railway Station up to the junction of Charackdanga Lane, Chillakhana Road, Trenching Ground Road and again by E. I. R. Line.

The said area is shown bounded by a red line on the deposited Map.

5. Limits within which the supply of energy is to be compulsory.

(1) The works to be executed to the satisfaction of the Government under clause IV of the Schedule of the Act are all such Works, in the Public Streets, as per list appended within the Municipal boundaries of Seerampore, Bally and Uttarpara.

(2) If the Licensees fail to comply with the provision of sub-clause (1) the Licence may be revoked.

6. Limits of price to be charged in respect of the supply of energy.

The prices to be charged by the Licensees for energy supplied by them shall not exceed the following maximum, namely :—

Rs. 0-8-0 a Unit (1000 Watt-hours) combined Flat rate for Lights & Fans Rs. 0-2-6 a Unit (1000 Watt-hours) for Motors up to 4 H. P., & Rs. 0-3-6 a Unit (1000 Watt-hours) for Motors above 4 H. P.

Purchase of undertaking.

7. (1) The option of purchase given by section 7, sub-section (1) of the Act shall not be exercisable on the expiration of 50 years from the date of the notification of this Licence and on the expiration of every subsequent period of 20 years. The percentage of the value to be determined in accordance with and for the purpose of section 7 (1) of the Act of the lands, buildings, works, materials and plant of the Licensees then mentioned to be added under the second proviso of that sub-section to such value on account of compulsory purchase shall be 20 per cent.

(2) In accordance with section 3, sub-section (2), clause (d) (iv) of the Act, it is hereby declared that the generating station to be used in connection with the undertaking shall form part of the undertaking for the purpose of purchase under section 5 or section 7.

Every local authority, company or person desirous of making any representation with reference to the application to the Local Government may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Local Government in the Public Works Department within three months of the date of issue of this newspaper containing the first advertisement.

List of Public Streets.

Serampore—

Baroda Prasad Dey Street.
Bazar Lane.
Bhagtrathi Lane.
Burning Ghat Lane.
Beniapara Lane.
Borobagan Lane.
College Street.
Chondhuripara Lane.
Chakrabarty Lane (1st).
Chatterjee Lane.
Chapel Street.
Cemetery Lane.
Bhattacharjee Lane.
Charakdunga Road.
Dey Street.
Dostey Lane.
Gowkhana Road.
Gautzer Street.
Gossami para Street.
High Street.
Hospital Lane.
Kasi Doctor's Lane.
Kasitola Lane.
Lower Strand Road.
Khatra Mohan Sha Street.
Mukherjee Lane.
Mallickpara Road.
Newgate Street.
Punchanantola Lane.
Potuapara Lane.
Popham Street.
Queen Street (including Ferry Ghat Lane).
Raja Kisori Lal Gossami Street.
Raj Mahendra Chandra Lahiri Bahadur Street.
Rathorpara Lane.
Ryland Road (Pucca).
Raj Ghat Lane.
Thakurdas Babu Street.
Thakurbati Street.
Tantipara Lane.
Upper Strand Road.
Grand Trunk Road.

Chatra.

Bazar Road.
Badamtola Street.
Boroutan Lane.
Barnipara Road.
Chowdhuripara Lane.
Chakrabarty Lane.
Dutta Para Lane.
Dharmotola Lane.
Ghose Para Lane.
Jellia Para Lane.
Kumarpara Road.
Lahiri Para Street.
Musalmen Para Road.
Panchanan Chakrabarty Lane.

Mahesh—

Basupara Lane.
Distillery Lane.
Dinobandhu Lane.
Johannagore Road.
Jagannath Ghat Lane.
Khatir Bazar Road.
Napit Para Lane.

Ryland Road
Sodgope Para Lane.
Sibtola Lane.
Tantipara Lane. (Mahesh.)

Bally—

Station Road.
Chaitalpara Lane.
Madhob Mukerjee Lane.
Panchanantola Road.
Ghosalpara Lane.
Gangulipara Lane.
Radhanath Banerjee Lane.
Dingshai Para Lane.
Goswami Para Lane.
Kamar Para Lane.
Paddo Babu's Lane.
Lala Babu's Shire Lane.
Ram Lochan Shire Lane.
Hiralal Babu's Lane.
Part of Joya Babu's Lane.
Banerjee Para Street.
Sarkel Para Lane.
Kailash Banerjee Lane.
Krishto Chatterjee Lane.
Dawnagachi Lane.
Pattack Para Lane.
Part of Acharjapara Lane.
Part of Tarka Sidhanto Lane.
Chakrobarty Ghat Lane.
Kakeswartolla Lane.
Dharmotolla Road.
Pal Ghat Lane.
Girish Ghose Road.
Karuna Ponceur Lane.
Amrita Nath Nath's Lane.

Uttarpara—

Chatterjee Street.
Bejoy Kissen Street.
Chowdhuripara Street.
Raj Kissen Street.
Charakdanga Road.
Dring Road.
Maidan Road.
Eden Road.
Lawrence Road.
Joy Kissen Street.
Ramnidhi Chatterji Lane.
Purahitpara Lane.
Ramhori Roy Lane.
Munshipara Lane.
Banerjipara Street.
Bazar Lane.
Dispensary Lane.
Dispensary Bye-Lane.
Chaukighata Street.
Talpukur Street.
Thakurmahasay Lane.
Mondle Street.
Circular Road.
Sibtola Street.
Joysankar Lane.
College Lane.
Chak Lane.
Govt. School Lane.
Bholadom Ghat Lane.
Joykissen Ghat Street.
Grand Trunk Road.

Calcutta, the 21st January 1920.

Advertisement of Sale.

Number of execution case.	Names of parties.	Claim	Date fixed for sale.	Description of estate.	Amount of revenue payable.	Share of whole.	Approximate value.
3084 of 1919	Nagendra Kumar Sarbadhikari, Birendra Kumar Sarbadhikari, Bhikendra Kumar Sarbadhikari, Harendra Kumar Sarbadhikari, Rukhminini Dasi, Bhupendra Kumar Sarbadhikari, Prasad Sarbadhikari, minor Nanda Prasad Sarbadhikari, gun dhan Bhupendra Kumar Sarbadhikari, Jyoti Prasad Sarbadhikari, Atran Prasad Sarbadhikari, Nalini Prasad Sarbadhikari, Manmatha Prasad Sarbadhikari, Anil Prasad Sarbadhikari, minor guardian Nalini Prasad Sarbadhikari, Debendra Prasad Sarbadhikari, Surendra Prasad Sarbadhikari, verma Munchi Md Kasem Ali, Munchi Md Naimuddin Ahmad, Munchi Md Fazel Rahman, Belwar Bibi, Totol Hossain.	Rs. A P. 366 3 9	8th March 1920.	Lot No. 1, pargana Murragach, thana Diamond Harbour, mauza Gouripur, tansi No. 1330. Lot No. 2, pargana Gharh, thana Diamond Harbour, mauza Dourak, tansi No. 122.	Lot No. 1, Rs. 11-5 Lot No. 3 (in 16 ac. share) Rs. 506, 14 ac 17 gds	Lot No. 1, half share. Lot No. 2, 1a. 8 gds. 3 ka. 6 lbs and 8 jobs.	Lot No. 1, Rs. 24. Lot No. 2, Rs. 24.

Diamond Harbour, the 3rd February 1920.

K. B. GHOSH, Munsif.
(404—1)

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

SUIT No 582 of 1919.

In the Court of the Munsiff of Akbarpur, district Fyzabad (Oudh).

Gulraj, son of Jewan Ram, of Taula, plaintiff *versus* Ram Narain and Bhagawandas, defendants

To Ram Narain and Bhagawandas, sons of unknown, residing at Choona Bhatti, district Jalpaiguri.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for Rs. 366 7-3 you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions on the 4th day of March 1920, at 10 o'clock in the noon, to answer the claim, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce on that day all the witnesses upon whose evidence and all the documents upon which you intend to rely in support of your defence. Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 4th day of February 1920

DURGAS DASS MUKHERJI,
Munsif, Munsif's Court.
(405—1)

Insolvency Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that dividends as stated below are payable on approved and substantiated claims in the following insolvent's estates—

Estate Kissenal and Isma-rilal ...	1st dividend at Rs. 2 4 per cent.
Estate Robert Vernon Rodgers ...	1st dividend at Rs. 24 per cent.
Estate Edward Thomas Palmer ...	1st dividend at Rs. 15 per cent.
Estate Fergus Geary MacArthur ...	1st dividend at Rs. 40 per cent.
Estate Chuni Lal Deb alias Nirendra Krishna Deb and another ...	1st dividend at Rs. 19 per cent.

Estate Henry Joseph Chaves ... 1st dividend at Rs. 12-8 per cent.

Estate Haridass Singhee and Co. ... 1st dividend at Rs. 10 per cent.

Estate Jotindra Dey and others ... 1st dividend at Rs. 5-8 per cent.

G. M. FALKNER, Official Assignee.
Calcutta, the 5th February 1920. (378—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Bakarganj.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 15 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the creditors that one Aminaddi, son of late Angar Chowkidar, and Nijamaddi, son of Aminaddi, of Patterchar, police-station Muladi, district Bakarganj, have applied to this Court to be adjudicated insolvents and that 27th February next has been fixed for hearing the petition and for examination of the petitioners.

M. C. GHOSH, District Judge.
Barisal, the 4th February 1920.

(381—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Birbhum.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 22 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Gopewar Saha, son of late Gayanath Saha, of Jhilli, Chouki Rampurhat, district Birbhum, applicant in the above case, was adjudged an insolvent by this Court on the 17th January 1920.

P. C. DA, District Judge.
Suri, the 5th February 1920. (416—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the Deputy Commissioner at Darjeeling.

CASE No. 2 of 1920.

Kalman Newar, of Tukda Cantonment, insolvent.
WHEREAS the abovenamed insolvent presented a petition to this Court praying to be adjudicated an insolvent, the Court has fixed the 16th February 1920 for the hearing of the said petition.

N. K. ROY, for Deputy Commissioner.
Darjeeling, the 4th February 1920. (385—1—325)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the Deputy Commissioner at Darjeeling.

CASE No. 1 of 1920.

Dhanman Bhutia of Kali Tea Estate, insolvent.

WHEREAS the abovenamed insolvent presented a petition to this Court praying to be adjudicated an insolvent and the court has fixed the 16th February 1920 for the hearing of the said petition.

N. RAY, for Deputy Commr.

Darjeeling, the 6th February 1920. (441-1-334)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 59 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 25th November 1919, filed by Abdur Rahman, son of late Anjad Ali Bhunyan, of Shaikhali, police-station Mirsarai, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his petition and hearing his pleader it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 31st day of January 1920.

W. A. SEATON, District Judge.
(373-1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 61 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 3rd December 1919, filed by Ray Mehan Basak, son of Abhoy Charan Basak, 2, Ram Kinkor Basak, son of Kali Charan Basak, of Betagi, police-station Rangania, and on the application of the debtors themselves and on reading this petition and hearing their pleader it is ordered that the debtors be and the said debtors are hereby adjudged insolvents. Babu Khirode Chandra Das, pleader, is appointed Receiver.

Dated this 31st day of January 1920.

W. A. SEATON, District Judge.
(374-1)**In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 12 of 1920.

PASARADDIN NASYA, son of Jinar Nasya, deceased, resident of Maharajpur, police-station Kotwali, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 3rd day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 6th February 1920. (386-1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 13 of 1920.

PROSANYA KUMAR SARKER, son of Gopal Chandra Sarker, deceased, resident of Aladipur, police-station Fulbari, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 6th day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 6th February 1920. (387-1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASES Nos. 47 AND 48 OF 1919.

SHABRATO MAHOMED, son of Bakabulla Sarker, and Bakabulla Sarker, son of Gandhua Mall, deceased, residents of Sashwa, police-station Kotwali, district Dinajpur, were adjudicated insolvents on the 7th day of January 1920.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 6th February 1920. (417-1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 63 of 1919.

ASHU MAMUD SARKER, son of Aji Sheikh, deceased, resident of Hashimpur, police-station Chirkhunder, district Dinajpur, was adjudicated an insolvent on the 8th day of January 1920.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 6th February 1920. (418-1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 73 of 1919.

HAR GOBINDA SARKER, son of Dhukun Sarker, deceased, resident of Bhadrari, police-station Bochaganj, district Dinajpur, was adjudicated an insolvent on the 7th day of January 1920.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

The 6th February 1920. (420-1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 53 of 1919.

MIA BAKAS SARKER, son of Bedany Mondal, deceased, resident of chak Narangi, police-station Kotwali, district Dinajpur, was adjudicated an insolvent on the 5th day of January 1920.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 7th February 1920. (438-1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 57 of 1919.

GANPAT RAM, son of Nakchedi Ram, deceased, resident of Narahi, police station Narahi, district Balia, at present resident of Nitpur, police-station Porsha, district Dinajpur, was adjudicated an insolvent on the 12th day of January 1920.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 7th February 1920. (439-1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Faridpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 68 of 1919.

TAKE notice that Rajendra Kumar Podder, son of late Chandradhar Podder, of Panchesar, police-station Sitikar, district Faridpur, has applied to this Court to be declared insolvent and that 23rd February 1920 has been fixed for hearing his application.

Dated the 2nd February 1920.

D. CHAKRABARTI, District Judge.
(356-1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Faridpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 70 of 1919.

TAKE notice that Aminuddi, son of late Kasir, of Dhulgram, police-station Kalkuri, district Faridpur, has applied to this Court to be declared insolvent and that 26th February 1920 has been fixed for hearing his application.

Dated the 2nd February 1920.

D. CHAKRABARTI, District Judge.
(357—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Faridpur.

INSOLVENCY CASES Nos. 71, 72 AND 73 OF 1919.

TAKE notice that Glandia Kumar Mandal, Behari Mandal, and Raj Kumar Mandal, sons of late Patik Mandal of Banugram, police-station Muksudpur, district Faridpur, have applied to this Court to be declared insolvent and that 27th February 1920 has been fixed for hearing their applications.

Dated the 2nd February 1920.

D. CHAKRABARTI, District Judge.
(358—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Faridpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 1 of 1920.

TAKE notice that Siram Baragi, son of late Dukhiram Baragi, of Bhuterbari police-station Kotowalpur, district Faridpur, has applied to this Court to be declared insolvent and that 14th February 1920 has been fixed for hearing his application.

Dated the 2nd February 1920.

D. CHAKRABARTI, District Judge.
(359—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Annada Prosad Karar, son of late Srinibas Karar, of Mahes, thana Serampore, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 78 of 1919 and that the 27th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MULLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 10th January 1920. (95—1—320)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 52 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Dil Mahammad Pauria, son of late Selabi Mea Pauria, of Rishra, thana Serampore, district Hooghly, was on the 5th December 1919 adjudged an insolvent. The 20th February 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule of creditors and debts and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

S. C. MULLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 10th January 1920. (96—1—319)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Rameswar Kole, son of Benemadhab Kole, of Adan, thana Chanditola, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 72 of 1919 and that the 27th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MULLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 10th January 1920. (97—1—321).

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Sreekantha Nath Bag, son of late Kallas Chandra Bag, of Raspur, thana Ainta district Hooghly, has been admitted by this court as No. 48 of 1919 and that the 13th day of February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

H. M. VERTON, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 25th June 1919. (1601—1—317)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Kaileswar Shah, son of late Dilchan Shah, of 28, Rameswar Malia's Lane thana Howrah, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 13 of 1920 and that the 24th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCER, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 31st January 1920. (360—1—330)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Panchoo Bishar, son of late Magan Bishar, of Shubpur, thana Shubpur, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 11 of 1920 and that the 25th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCER, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 31st January 1920 (361—1—327)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Shashi Bhuhan Parhui, son of late Gosai Dass Parhui, of Kanpur, thana Ainta, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 4 of 1920, and that the 23rd February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCER, Additional District Judge.
Howrah, the 23rd January 1920. (264—1—314)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Mulfan Mallik, son of late Golam Mallik, of Baushe, thana Uluberhia, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 5 of 1920, and that the 23rd February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCER, Additional District Judge.
Howrah, the 23rd January 1920, (265—1—313)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Bhushan Chandra Golui and Nagendra Nath Golui, son of Kirtibash Golui, of 94, Kharat Road, Howrah, thana Howrah, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 14 of 1920 and that the 28th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCER, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 4th February 1920. (386—1—331)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (3) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Bhagbat Malik, son of late Kali Kumar Malik, of Sahaslik, thana Amta, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 182 of 1919 and that the 27th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCER, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 4th February 1920. (397—1—328)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 57 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Adhar Chandra Karmakar, son of late Mahendra Nath Karmakar, of Domjur, thana Domjur, district Hooghly, was on the 28th November 1919 adjudged an insolvent. The 28th February 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCER, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 4th February 1920 (398—1—329)

In the Court of the District Judge of Jalpaiguri.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 10 of 1920.

GAZAL DAS, son of Kaitu Das, deceased, resident of Mandadari, police station Rajganj, district Jalpaiguri, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 31st day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Jalpaiguri.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 3rd February 1920. (365—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Jalpaiguri.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 11 of 1920.

NIMDAS BEHARA, son of Faguna Behara, deceased, resident of Jorepakuri, police-station Moynaguri, district Jalpaiguri, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 31st day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Jalpaiguri.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 3rd February 1920. (366—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Jalpaiguri.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 100 of 1919.

HAZI MAMUD, son of Jang Mahomed, resident of Baulbari, police-station Moynaguri, district Jalpaiguri, was adjudicated an insolvent on the 28th day of January 1920.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

The 6th February 1920. (419—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Jalpaiguri.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 92 of 1919.

DHAN MAHOMED, son of Nisabow Mahomed, resident of Baradighi Saufeli, police-station Matelli, district Jalpaiguri, was adjudicated an insolvent on the 28th day of January 1920.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 7th February 1920. (440—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 6 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Kanja Kishore Shil, son of the late Katooram Shil, of Goraund, police-station Barhatta, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 6th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.

Mymensingh, the 6th February 1920. (406—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 54 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 3rd September 1919, filed by Dinabandhu De, son of late Sri Nath De, of Sukjarah, pargana Silda, thana Himpui, debtor, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading an affidavit in support of the petition for insolvency and hearing Babu Abinash Ch. Banerjee, pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Notice is hereby given that the 6th March 1920 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors. They must prove their debts on that day.

Dated this 29th day of January 1920

M. YUSUF, District Judge

(310—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 34 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 10th June 1919, filed by Bhuvan Chandra Mukherjee, son of late Mohesh Chandra Mukherjee, of Gobindapur, pargana Baroda, thana Ghatal, district Midnapore, debtor, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading an affidavit in support of the petition for insolvency, and hearing Babu Khagendra Nath Banerjee, pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Notice is hereby given that the 18th March 1920, has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors and that they must prove their debts on that date.

Dated the 3rd day of February 1920.

M. YUSUF, District Judge.

(382—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 44 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 25th July 1919, filed by Bara Khetra Mohan Sow, son of late Lochan Sow, of Simulya, pargana Bhuiyamuta, thana Bhagadampur, district Midnapore, debtor, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading an affidavit in support of the petition for insolvency, and hearing Babu Surja Kumar Mazumdar, pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Notice is hereby given that the 6th March 1920 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors and they must prove their debts on that date.

Dated this 3rd day of February 1920.

M. YUSUF, District Judge.

(383—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 10 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 48 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 14th August 1919, filed by Lal Mohan Jana, son of late (Tanga Narain Jana, of Srikanta Gajan, pargana and thana Moyua, district Midnapore, debtor, and on the application of the above debtor himself and on reading an affidavit in support of the petition for insolvency, and hearing Babu Hari Gopal Bosa, pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Notice is hereby given that the 13th March 1920 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors and that they must prove their debts on that date.

M. Yousuf, District Judge.

Dated this 4th day of February 1920. (402—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Nadia.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 10 of 1920.

Petitioner, Easin Mandal.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Easin Mandal, of Depara, police-station Kotowali, district Nadia, has been admitted by this Court as No. 10 of 1920 and that 28th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.

Krishnagar, the 6th February 1920. (401—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 78 of 1919.

WHEREAS Bahij Pramanik, son of Pananilla Pramanik, of Jalalpur, police-station Sahajadpur, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 10th November 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 23rd March 1920, for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI, Addl. District Judge

Pabna, the 4th February 1920. (423—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 79 of 1919.

WHEREAS Anath Pramanik, son of Taju Pramanik, of Jalalpur, police-station Sahajadpur, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 10th November 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 23rd March 1920, for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI, Addl. District Judge:

Pabna, the 4th February 1920. (424—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 80 of 1919.

WHEREAS Sagar Molla, son of late Sakur Mamud Molla, of Jalalpur, police-station Sahajadpur, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 10th November 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 23rd March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI,
Addl. District Judge.

Pabna, the 4th February 1920. (425—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 81 of 1919.

WHEREAS Mahernulla Barker, son of Sadeu Akanda, of Jaykrishnapore, police-station Serajganj, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 10th November 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 23rd March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI,
Addl. District Judge.

Pabna, the 4th February 1920. (426—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 82 of 1919.

WHEREAS Sadhu Khan, son of late Jadu Khan, of Kankinamari, police-station Sahajadpur, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition dated the 10th November 1919 to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 23rd March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI, Addl. District Judge.

Pabna, the 4th February 1920. (427—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 85 of 1919

WHEREAS Narendia Nath Podder, son of Atul Chandra Podder, of Sharatia, police-station Serajganj, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition dated the 12th November 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 23rd March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI, Addl. District Judge.

Pabna, the 4th February 1920. (428—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra,

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 110 of 1919.

WHEREAS Somer Mandal, son of Subtulla Mandal, of Baniaganti, police-station Ullapara, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 17th December 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 23rd March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI, Addl. District Judge.

Pabna, the 4th February 1920. (429—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 111 of 1919.

WHEREAS Ketab Mandal, son of Isab Mandal, of Baniaganti, police-station Ullapara, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 17th December 1919, to be declared an insolvent this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 23rd March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI, Addl. District Judge.

Pabna, the 4th February 1920. (430—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 113 of 1919.**

WHEREAS Gopal Pramanik, son of Golak Pramanik, of Bhagabari, police-station Belkuchi, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 19th December 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 29th March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI, Addl. District Judge in charge.
Pabna, the 4th February 1920. (431—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 114 of 1919.**

WHEREAS Khoda Baks' Sarker, son of Baju Sarker, of Dhaleswar, police-station Ullapara, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 20th December 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 29th March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI, Addl. District Judge in charge.
Pabna, the 4th February 1920. (432—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 115 of 1919.**

WHEREAS Jogendranath Poddar, son of Atal Chandra Poddar, of Sarafa, police-station Sahajadpur, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 20th December 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 29th March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI, Addl. District Judge.
Pabna, the 4th February 1920. (433—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 116 of 1919.**

WHEREAS Kedarnath Dutt, son of Iswar Chandra Dutt, of Selharisha, police-station Ullapara, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 23rd December 1919, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 29th March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI, Addl. District Judge in charge.
Pabna, the 4th March 1920. (434—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 1 of 1920.**

WHEREAS Dost Mandal, son of Dinu Mandal, of char Delsa, police-station Sahajadpur, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 2nd January 1920, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 30th March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI, Addl. District Judge.
Pabna, the 5th February 1920. (435—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 2 of 1920.**

WHEREAS Bajut Mandal, son of Dinu Mandal, of char Delsa, police-station Sahajadpur, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 2nd January 1920, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 30th March 1920, for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI, Addl. District Judge.
Pabna, the 5th February 1920. (436—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 11 of 1920.**

WHEREAS Tufanulla Sarker, of Dinar Padmanat, police-station Serajganj, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition dated the 28th January 1920, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 6th March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATTERJI, Addl. District Judge.
Pabna, the 5th February 1920. (437—1)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

[Section 43 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Rajshahi.****INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 43 of 1919.****(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)**

WHEREAS Amin Sarker, son of late Gazi Sarker, of Joynagar, police-station Nator, district Rajshahi, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 25th August of 1919, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 14th day of February 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, Offg. District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 11th November 1919. (2395—1—323)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Rajshahi.****INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 34 of 1919.**

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 5th June 1919, filed by Ashak Shekh, son of late Durgati Shekh, of Mirerchak, police-station Englishbazar, district Malda, and on hearing his pleader the said debtor was adjudged insolvent 3rd January 1920.

Dated this 20th day of January 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
(214—1—312)

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR
DISCHARGE.**

[Section 44 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Rajshahi.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 60 of 1918.**

Amara Saha, son of late Kokan Saha, of Alaipur, police-station Nator, district Rajshahi, applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 14th day of February 1920, at 10 o'clock, for hearing the application.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, 20th January 1920. (216—1—311)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE

[Section 44 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 68 of 1918.

(1) Tofarali Shekh, (2) Jahan Ali Shekh, sons of late Shekh Haliu, of Ramsimul, police-station Harischandrapur, district Malda, applicants.

TAKE notice that the above named insolvents have applied at the Court for their discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 6th day of March 1920, at 10 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Dated this 21st day of November 1919.

H. GRAHAM, Offg. District Judge.
(2489—1—318)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

[Section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 54 of 1919.

WHEREAS (1) Samaddi Shekh, (2) Daru Shekh, sons of late Unedali Shekh, of Kendua, police-station Kharba, district Malda, have applied to this Court by a petition, dated 20th November 1919, to be declared insolvents under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all their creditors that the Court has fixed the 21st day of February 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtors. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, Offg. District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 26th November 1919.
(2488—1—322)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

[Section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 41 of 1919.

(1) Abdul Jabbar Biswas, (2) Merajatulla Mandal, (3) Sher Mahammad Mandal, (4) Akamattulla Mandal, (5) A-adali Biswas, sons of late Suberaj Mandal, (6) Herajatulla Biswas, (7) Ahammad Ali Mandal, sons of Elahibaksa Mandal (8) Sha Mahammad Mandal, son of late Sadagar Mandal, of Dadanchak, police-station Sihganj, district Malda, have applied to this Court by a petition, dated 8th August 1919, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all their creditors that the Court has fixed the 14th day of February 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, Offg. District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 2nd December 1919 (2502—1—324)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 58 of 1919.

WHEREAS Hirani Bewa, widow of late Kedu Mandal, of Chakrampur, police-station Nator, district Rajshahi, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 14th November of 1919, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this

is to give notice to all their creditors that the Court has fixed the 14th February 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge
Rajshahi, the 20th January 1920. (215—1—310)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 98 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

SAMIRUDDIN, son of late Rajan Sheikh, of Shadiu, police-station Kownia, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 31st day of January 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 8th February 1920. (367—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 99 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

TAKI MAMUD, son of late Fakir daptary, of Hara-Gobinda, police-station Pirgachia, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 31st day of January 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 2nd February 1920. (368—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 11 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor Atulyah son of late Jatu Sheikh, of Binnarayan, police-station Kownia, in Rangpur, for being adjudged an insolvent, the 28th day of February 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 3rd February 1920. (369—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 128 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

DHAJIR MAMUD, son of late Phani Mamud, of Raghunath Brahmattar, known as Kholarpur, police-station Kurigram, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 5th day of February 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 7th February 1920. (410—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 129 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

GHEGHEHU NANYA, son of late Bashak Nanya of Chibinal, police-station Kurigram, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 4th day of February 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 7th February 1920. (411—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 130 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

NOOR TELL, son of late Piya Mistry, of Khamar Bauldal, police-station Hatibandha, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 6th day of February 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 7th February 1920. (412—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 12 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor Niyamat Mamiud son of late Kaje Sheikh, of Shimulbari, police-station, Fulbari in Rangpur for being adjudged an insolvent, the 8th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 7th February 1920. (413—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 13 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor Amiruddin Korani, son of late Hajir Mamud Sarkar, of Bara-Dumuria, police-station Kishoreganj in Rangpur for being adjudged an insolvent, the 8th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 7th February 1920. (414—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 14 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor Hagura Sheikh, son of late Pacha Sheikh, of Bir-Narayan, police-station Pirgachha in Rangpur for being adjudged an insolvent, the 6th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 7th February 1920. (415—1)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Pargannas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 268 of 1919.

Bepin Behari Mondal, of Bibipur, thana Basirhat, applicant.

To Sikkrisna Biswas, of 107, Belgachia, thana Ultadangi, and others, creditors.

ON the 24th day of November 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of March 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 15th January 1920. (235—1—344)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Pargannas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 214 of 1919.

Adhar Chandra Haldar of Sikkurbali, thana Baruipur, 24-Pargannas, applicant.

To Amrita Lal Chakraverty of Sikkurbali, thana Baruipur, 24-Pargannas, and others, creditors.

ON the 22nd day of September 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of March 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 21st January 1920. (236—1—336)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Pargannas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 263 of 1919.

Lal Mahammad Khan of Titagarh, thana Titagarh, 24-Pargannas, applicant.

To Hamidan Bibi of Titagarh, thana Titagarh, 24-Pargannas and others, creditors.

ON the 28th day of November 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of March 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 21st January 1920. (237—1—337)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Pargannas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 264 of 1919.

Hari Charan Shaha, of Bakulbagan, Kiddirpur, thana Watganj, applicant.

To Radharani Dassi, of 79, Municipal Market, Calcutta, and others, creditors.

ON the 28th day of November 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of March 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 21st January 1920. (238—1—338)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Pargannas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 276 of 1919.

Debi Methor, of Sata Baba Lane, thana Entally, 24-Pargannas, applicant.

To Golap Khan Kabuli, of 23, Badhaostagar Lane, thana Entally, and others, creditors.

ON the 27th day of November 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 15th day of March 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 21st January 1920. (239—1—339)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of
24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 277 of 1919.

Aewini Kumar Basu, of 28, Monoharpukur 1st Lane,
thana Tollygunj, applicant.

To Bhitaraj Saha, of 107, Monoharpukur Road, thana
Tollygunj, and others, creditors.

ON the 27th day of November 1919 it was ordered
that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard
on the 15th day of March 1920 and that the said
applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that
date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 21st January 1920. (240-1-340)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of
24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 280 of 1919.

Shaikh Yakub, of Titagarh, thana Titagarh, 24-Par-
ganas, applicant.

To Shaikh Idoo, of Babanpur, thana Barrackpur,
24-Parganas, and others, creditors.

ON the 28th day of November 1919 it was ordered
that the matter of the petition of the applicant be
heard on the 15th day of March 1920 and that the
said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court
on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 21st January 1920. (241-1-341)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of
24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 281 of 1919.

Srinanta Sen, of Gaipur, thana Howrah, at present of
89, Bartola Street, Calcutta, applicant.

To Sarat Chandra Rakshit, of 181, Darmahata Street,
Calcutta, and others, creditors.

ON the 28th day of November 1919 it was ordered
that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard
on the 15th day of March 1920 and that the said
applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that
date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 21st January 1920. (242-1-342)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of
24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 282 of 1919.

Ekal Khan, of Titagarh, thana Titagarh, 24-Parganas,
applicant.

To Fikowar Singh, of Titagarh, thana Titagarh,
24-Parganas, and others, creditors.

ON the 28th day of November 1919 it was ordered
that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard
on the 15th day of March 1920 and that the said
applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that
date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 21st January 1920. (243-1-343)

ANIYA KUMAR DAS GUPTA intends to be
admitted as a vakil of the High Court.

(181-4-245)

ABINASH CH. SARKAR, Pleader, Jessore, intends to
be admitted as a Vakil of the High Court. (157-4-229)

ASHUTOSH GHOSE, B.L., intends to be admitted
as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (143-4-218)

ATUL KRISHNA DUTT, B.L., intends to be admitted
as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (400-4-385)

BENODE LAL MUKHERJI intends to be enrolled
as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta.

(189-4-222)

CHARU CHANDRA CHOWDHURI intends to be
enrolled as a Vakil of the Calcutta High Court.

(164-4-234)

GORA CHAND SEN intends to be enrolled as a
Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (351-4-303)

HEMANGANATH GOSWAMI, B.L., Pleader
intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the High Court.

(350-4-304)

HEM PRASAD MAITRA, B.L., intends to be admit-
ted as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta.

(142-4-212)

HIRALAL GANGULI, M.A., B.L., intends to be
enrolled as a vakil of the High Court.

(180-4-257)

JATISCHANDRA DAS, B.L., intends to be admitted
as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta.

(110-4-208)

JOGENDRA NATH KHAN, M.A., B.L., intends to be
admitted as a vakil of the High Court, Calcutta.

(193-4-263)

MANINDRA NATH GHOSE, M.A., B.L., intends to
be admitted as a Vakil of the Calcutta High Court.

(160-4-225)

MR. NRIPENDRA NARAYAN BOY, M.A., B.L.,
intends to be admitted as a Vakil, High Court, Calcutta.

(109-4-216)

MR. SATYENDRA KISOR GHOSE, M.A., B.L.,
intends to be enrolled as a Vakil, Calcutta High Court.

(80-4-211)

NARENDRA MOHON BOY CHOUDEHURY, B.L.,
intends to be enrolled as a Vakil, High Court, Calcutta.

(140-4-218)

NANDA LAL DAS, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled
as a Vakil of the High Court.

(343-4-326)

PROBODH CHANDRA BOSE, B.L., intends to be
enrolled as a vakil of the High Court.

(233-4-256)

PROBODH KEMAR DUTT, B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil in the High Court at Calcutta.

(165-4-232)

RAKHALDAS CHATTERJEE, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil in the High Court, Calcutta.

(278-4-316)

SACHINDRA NATH BANDOPADHYA intends to be admitted as a vakil of the Calcutta High Court.

(209-4)

SAILAJARANJAN RAY, M.Sc., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil of the Calcutta High Court.

(210-4-277)

SAJANI KANTA NAG, B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the Calcutta High Court.

(163-4-233)

SATINDRANATH RAY CHAUDHURY, Pleader, Alipore, intends to be admitted as a vakil, High Court.

(208-4-259)

SATYAPRIYA BANERJEE, M.A., B.L., intends to be admitted as a vakil, Calcutta High Court.

(211-4)

SIBARAM MUKHERJEE intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta.

(159-4-224)

SUBHAMOY DUTT, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta.

(146-4-214)

TARANI KANTA BANERJEE, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil of the High Court, Calcutta.

(249-4-315)

THE HON'BLE SYED M. SAADULLA intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta.

(105-4-207)

**Office of the Superintending Engineer,
Eastern Circle, Dacca.**

WANTED a Probationer Estimator and a Probationer Draftsman, with subsistence allowances of Rs. 35 and Rs. 25 per mensem, respectively, for the Eastern Circle, Public Works Department. None need apply who have not obtained the Sub-Overseer or higher Engineering certificates after passing through the College or Engineering Schools of Bengal.

Applications with copies of testimonials should reach the undersigned not later than the 16th February 1920.

B. G. GWYHER,

Superintending Engineer Eastern Circle.

Dacca, the 29th January 1920.

Notice.

WANTED a tauni navis on Rs. 60 per mensem for the Howrah Collectorate from the 1st April 1920. None need apply who has no experience of the revenue work of a collectorate. Preference will be given to a candidate with special experience of the Tauni Department.

Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 10th March 1920.

J. G. DRUMMOND, Collector.

Howrah District Office, the 31st January 1920.

Notice.

APPLICATIONS with copies of diplomas and other testimonials for the post of a first class District Health Officer on Rs. 300-20-500 on approved service and travelling allowance at the rate admissible under the Civil Service Regulations will be received by the undersigned up to the 28th February 1920. None need apply who does not possess a registrable medical qualification and a recognised diploma in public health including D. P. H. of the Calcutta University. Preference will be given to a Graduate of the Calcutta Medical College holding the above diplomas. Information as to age, past services if any, and residence or native village of the candidate should be stated in the application. The selected candidate will have to be on probation for at least six months and will be required to join on 1st April 1920. Candidate should be accustomed in riding and biking.

J. MOZOOMDER, Chairman, District Board.

Jessore, the 28th January 1920.

(250-4)

Notice.

WANTED a District Health Officer by the District Board of Rajshahi on a monthly salary of Rs. 300, rising to Rs. 500 by annual increment of Rs. 20 plus travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations. Applicants must possess a registrable medical qualification and recognized diploma of public health, including the diploma of the public health of the Calcutta University. The applications with certificate and testimonials should reach the undersigned in sealed covers by the 28th February 1920. The successful candidate will be on probation for one year and will have to join on the 1st April 1920.

EMADUDDIN AHMAD, Vice-Chairman,
District Board.

Rajshahi, the 30th January 1920.

(421-3)

Notice.

WANTED a second class Health Officer for this District Board on a salary of Rs. 150-10-300 per month with travelling allowance according to the Civil Service Regulations. None need apply who does not possess a registrable medical qualification and recognised Diploma of Public Health including the Diploma of Public Health of the Calcutta University. Applications with certificates and testimonials, stating age, should reach the undersigned on or before the 29th February 1920. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year and will have to join on the 1st of April 1920.

H. G. BLUMFIELD, Chairman, District Board.

Dinajpur, the 6th February 1920.

(422-3)

Wanted.

A District Health Officer (Second Class) by the District Board of Pabna, on a monthly salary of Rs. 150-10-300, plus travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations. Applicants must possess a registrable medical qualifications and a recognized diploma of public health, including the D.P.H. of the Calcutta University under Government Rules.

Applications with necessary certificates and testimonials should reach the undersigned in sealed covers by the 7th March 1920. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year and will have to join on the 1st April 1920.

S. C. SAN,
Chairman, District Board, Pabna.

Pabna, the 6th February 1920.

(407-3)

WANTED by the Asansol Mines Board of Health a first grade Sanitary Inspector on Rs. 100 rising by annual increments of Rs. 10 to Rs. 150 with suitable house and bicycle allowance. The applicant should be a passed Sub-Overseer and a Sanitary Inspector. The selected candidate should be on probation for six months. Application will be received by the Chairman, Asansol Mines Board of Health, Asansol, up to 20th February 1920.

A CLARKE, Vice-Chairman,
Asansol Mines Board of Health.

Asansol, the 31st January 1920. (364—2)

WANTED an overseer for the District Board of Rajshahi on a monthly salary of Rs 50 rising to Rs 60 by biennial increment of Rs 2 plus travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations rates up to a maximum of Rs. 40 a month. None need apply who is not a qualified upper subordinate and does not possess experience. The selected candidate will be on probation for six months and on confirmation will have to guarantee that he will stick to the post for at least two years.

EMADUDDIN AHMAD, Vice-Chairman.

Rajshahi, the 23rd January 1920. (248—2)

Notice.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the next ordinary examination of candidates for Certificates of Competency as Engineers and Engine-drivers of Inland Steam and Motor Vessels, under Act, I of 1917, will be held at Chittagong on Monday, the 1st March 1920.

Applications to be permitted to go up for examination for any of the above grade certificates must be made at the Port Office, Chittagong, not later than three days prior to the date of examination, the candidate producing their certificates and testimonials and paying the fees.

H. M. K. MOILLIET, Commander, R.I.M.,
Port Officer, Chittagong.

Chittagong, the 29th January 1920. (375—1)

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Gaya District Board.

SEALED tenders on printed forms are invited for the construction of masonry walls, piers, and approaches only at present for a girder bridge of 18 spans of 100 feet each over the Phalgoo River at Gaya and will be received by the District Engineer on or before the 7th March 1920 after which no tender will be accepted.

2. Forms of tender with necessary drawings and specifications can be obtained from the District Engineer's Office, Gaya, personally between the office hours 1 P.M. to 4 P.M. or by writing direct, on payment of Rs. 10.

F. MAYNARD, District Engineer.

Gaya, the 3rd February 1920. (376—2)

Road Cess Notification.

IT is hereby notified for general information that under section 46 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, the District Board of the 24-Pargannas, at their special meeting held on the 19th December 1919, resolved that the road cess for the year 1920-21, in the district of the 24-Pargannas, be levied at the maximum rate of six pies in the rupee on the annual value of all lands, &c.

RENEBOCASE LAW, Chairman, District Board.
Alipore, the 30th January 1920. (409—3)

Road Cess notification.

THE District Board of Murshidabad, at a special meeting held on the 28th January 1920, resolved to levy road cess for the year 1920-21 at the maximum rate of six pies in the rupee on the annual value of lands, &c.

BOIKUNT NATH SEN, Chairman.

Berhampore, the 29th January 1920. (362—2)

Notice.

THE Directors have made the following changes in the Bank's European Establishment:—

Mr. K. M. MacDonald, M.C., to act as Agent at Lahore Branch, as from the 25th January 1920, vice Mr. C. C. Lumley, granted leave.

Mr. K. Chappell to be agent at Patna Branch, as from the 25th January 1920, vice Mr. L. R. W. Mackenzie, transferred to Head Office.

Mr. H. A. Page to be Sub-Agent at Secunderabad Sub-Agency, as from the 28th January 1920, vice Mr. B. W. Vane Peroy, granted leave.

Mr. F. G. Davis to be Agent at Park Street Branch, as from the 18th January 1920, vice Mr. K. Chappell, transferred.

By order of the Directors,

N. H. Y. WARREN,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, the 2nd February 1920.

(370—1)

NOTICE.

Board of Revenue, Bengal.

WHEREAS the Court of Wards, Bengal, has, under section 6 (e) of Act IX (B.C.) of 1879, as amended by Act V (B.C.) of 1915, declared on his own application that Babu Satya Priya Ghosal of Bhukalash, in the district of the 24-Pargannas, known as the proprietor of the Bhukalash Estate No. III, in the district of Bakarganj, is a disqualified proprietor and that it is expedient in the public interest that his estate should be managed by the Court of Wards; and

Whereas under sections 7 and 35 of the said Act, the said Court has assumed charge of the property of the said Babu Satya Priya Ghosal.

Notice is hereby given, (1) under sub-section (1), section 10A of the said Act, as amended by Eastern Bengal and Assam Court of Wards Act III of 1907, that all creditors having claims against the said proprietor or his immovable property lying within the district of Bakarganj are required to submit the same in writing to the Court of Wards at the office of the Board of Revenue, Bengal, in Calcutta, within six months from the date of publication of this notice, and creditors are also hereby warned that claims not submitted as required by this clause of this notice are liable to be deemed to have been duly discharged.

(2) Under sub-section (1), section 10A of the said Act, as amended by Bengal Court of Wards Act I of 1906, that all creditors having claims against the said proprietor or his immovable property lying within the districts of the 24-Pargannas and Khulna are required to submit the same in writing to the Court of Wards at the office of the Board of Revenue, Bengal, in Calcutta, within six months from the date of publication of this notice. And creditors are also hereby warned that claims not submitted as required by this clause of this notice are liable to be deemed to have ceased to carry any interest from the date of the expiry of the period aforesaid.

By order of the Board of Revenue, Bengal,

J. A. V. HOBEN,

Officiating Secretary.

Calcutta, the 6th February 1920.

(402—3)

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT. Notice.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the following Magrahat channels will be closed to traffic temporarily for silt clearance for three months from the 11th March to 10th June 1920.

	From	To
1. Joynagar khal	{ Daljce Pargana molla. Medon- ...	Joynagar Pargana Barid-hati.
2. Daljce khal	{ Daljce Pargana molla. Medon- ...	Dhonpota. Pargana Medon-molla
3. Magrahat connecting khal	{ Dhonpota Pargana molla. Medon- ...	Magrahat. Pargana Murgachha
4. Dhonpota khal	{ Dhonpota Pargana molla. Medon- ...	Barachira. Pargana Medon-molla

F. A. A. COWLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Calcutta, the 9th February 1920.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified for the information of the friends and the persons interested in the maintenance and preservation of the following monuments in the cemetery in the town of Faridpur (Bengal) that they have been so damaged as not to admit of repair and that steps may be taken by them within six months from the date of this notice for their renovation if they consider it desirable.

Particulars of the graves.

Plot No	Name of deceased.	Description of monument
Grave No. 3.	William Thomas Burt.	A monument of brick-work, size 6' x 5' x 1'. Inscription :— Sacred to the memory of William Thomas Burt, died on May 11th, 1831. Aged 1 year 17 days.
Grave No. 13.	Not known	Monument of brick-work, size 6' x 8' x 1'. Inscription :—Nil.

J. N. ROY, District Magistrate.

Faridpur, the 4th February 1920.

Notice.

THE Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund which is provisionally managed and assisted by Government has for its object the provision of monthly pensions for the maintenance of the widows and children of subscribers and in open, with certain exceptions, to all active and pensioned members of the Uncovenanted Service of Government (except those serving under the Government of Bombay), and to Local Fund servants earning pensions from Government. Some of the special features of the Fund are—(1) that widowed daughters incapable of remarriage or children labouring under such mental or bodily infirmities as incapacitate them from earning their livelihood or preclude the possibility of marriage (in case of a daughter) are admitted to its benefits; and (2) that subscribers to the Widows' and Daughters' branches are entitled to a refund of 20 per cent. of the premia paid, should the nominees predecease them after five years' of admission. The Fund is now of ten years' standing and has a balance of over three and-a-half lakhs with Government on four per cent. interest. For forms of applications and rules of the Fund apply to the Comptroller, India Treasuries, Imperial Secretariat Buildings, Calcutta.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases tried in this Court during the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back before 31st March 1920

A. N. MUHAMMAD ALI,

Municipal Magistrate (2nd Court).

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases in the Court of the Municipal Magistrate, Calcutta, in the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back by the parties who filed them before 31st March 1920.

N. N. GUPTA,

Presidency and Municipal Magistrate.

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Destroyed.

THE allotment certificate No. 421-B of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 1,000 originally issued in the name of Khetshidas Jaluram, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been destroyed, notice is hereby given that the payment of the above allotment certificate and the interest thereupon has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned security.

Name of advertiser—Khetshidas Jaluram.

Residence—P. O. Mohimaganj (Rangpur).

(162—3—258)

Lost or Stolen.

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos. 293623 and 293624 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 each, originally standing in the name of Gosthabihari Kar, and Government Promissory Notes Nos. 259893 and 259894 for Rs. 1,000 each and No. 258828 for Rs. 500 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865, standing in the name of Sib Prasad Kar, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Names of the Advertisers { GOMTHA BIHARI KAR.
SIVA PRANAD KAR.

Residence—Dinajpur.

(2307—3—302)

Lohaputti Coal Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of Lohaputti Coal Company, Limited, held on 28th January 1920, a special resolution was passed that the Company be voluntarily liquidated and re-floated into a new company, and that Mr. W. F. Walke be appointed liquidator.

ROLFE, MORRIS & Co., Managing Agents.

Calcutta, the 2nd February 1920. (355—1—332)

Lohaputti Coal Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Lohaputti Colliery Co., Ltd., having gone into voluntary liquidation, a meeting of creditors of the said Company will be held on Friday, the 20th February 1920, at 4-30 p.m., at 3-1, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta. Your presence is solicited.

WILLIAM F. WALKER, Liquidator
(Lohaputti Coal Co. Ltd., in liquidation).

Calcutta, the 4th February 1920 (379—1)

The Bengal Provincial Co-operative Federation, Limited.**NOTIFICATION.**

IT is hereby notified for information that the second general meeting of the Bengal Provincial Co-operative Federation, Limited, will be held on Sunday, the 29th February 1920.

Time—Noon.

Place—6, Daores Lane, Calcutta.

Business—

- (1) To elect a Board of Directors for the year.
- (2) To consider the Annual Report, Accounts and Balance Sheet
- (3) If profits admit to declare a dividend
- (4) To fix the maximum amount of borrowings by the Federation for the ensuing year.
- (5) To transact such other business as may be laid before the meeting by the Board of Directors.
- (6) To consider such other subjects as may be introduced with the permission of the majority of the meeting.

J. T. DONOVAN, Chairman,
Bengal Provincial Co-operative Federation, Limited.

The 9th February 1920. (442—1)

NOTICE.**Estate : Thomas Lindsay, deceased.**

PURSUANT to section 820 of Act X of 1885 and section 42 of Act XXVIII of 1886 (both of the Legislative Council of India) notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Thomas Lindsay, late of Rajnandgaon in the Central Provinces, an assistant in the employ of the Bengal-Nagpur Cotton Mills, Limited, and who died at the Presidency General Hospital in Calcutta on the 14th April 1919, are hereby required on or before the 29th day of February 1920 to submit full particulars of such claims supported by vouchers or other evidence to the undersigned to whom Letters of Administration with copy of the Will of the deceased annexed were granted on the 9th December 1919 (and issued dated the 19th December 1919) by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal. Dated at No. 4, Bankshall Street, Calcutta, this 14th day of January 1920.

K. CAMPBELL,

J. B. BACKHOUSE,

Administrators to the Estate of

Thomas Lindsay, deceased.

Calcutta, the 16th January 1920 (111—3—256)

Notice.

The next annual stock-taking of the Indian Law Reports kept at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot will commence on the 1st April, 1920. All issues of the said reports from the said Depot to subscribers and officials will be suspended during that month.

J. F. GRAHAM,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

LEGISLATIVE DEPT.,

BOOK DEPÔT BRANCH ;

The 8th December, 1919.

POST OFFICE.**Despatch of Sea-Borne Mails.**

MAILS FOR—	Day or date of closing of mails.	LATEST HOURS OF POSTING AT THE G. P. O.			
		UNREGISTERED LETTERS AND PARCELS.		REGISTERED LETTERS AND PARCELS.	
		Without late fee.	With late fee.*	Without late fee.	With late fee.*
United Kingdom, Europe, Aden, Egypt, East and West Africa and America	Saturday Feb. 14 ...	P.M. 6-0	P.M. 7-0	P.M. 5-0	P.M. 5-30
Ceylon	Daily ...	4-0	4-30	3-30	4-0
Straits Settlements, French Indo-China, Federated Malay States, Philippine Islands, Netherlands India, Siam, China and Japan per SS. "Japan"	Feb. 14 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
Burma	" 12 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
Port Blair (via Rangoon)	" 14 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0

NOTE.—The latest date and hour for booking Money Orders and Parcels for the United Kingdom and foreign countries with which mail communication exists is 4 P.M. and 5-30 P.M. respectively, on Friday.

* The late fee is 4 annas for each registered or unregistered article of the Letter Mail to any place in the countries named above except for Aden, Burma, Ceylon and Port Blair, the late fee for which is 1 anna for unregistered articles and 2 annas for registered articles. Letters are accepted with late fee only on occasions when a direct mail is closed by the Calcutta G. P. O. for Foreign Countries.

When there is no direct mail from Calcutta, correspondence for South Africa and Mauritius posted up to 4-0 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. is despatched to Bombay for transmission by the first available steamer.

Calcutta G. P. O., the 9th February 1920.

C. D. RAY, Offg. Presidency Post Master.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE OF SANSKRIT MANUSCRIPTS.

PARTS I, II, and III of a Descriptive Catalogue of the Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Sanskrit College, prepared by Pandit Hrishikosh Sastri and Babu Siva Chandra Gu, M.A., B.L., of that College are offered to the public for sale. The Catalogue having to be completed in 23 parts, the price of each part is 12 annas a copy exclusive of postage. Copies can be obtained from the Principal of the Sanskrit College Calcutta.

SULPHATE OF QUININE**SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE,
RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.**

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Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, Bihar, Punjab, and Assam on indents countersigned by the Civil Surgeon, and Missionaries for **bona fide** public purposes. It is not sold to private firms or the general public.

Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ grain tablets and **Cinchonidine** are sold to Government officers and the general public, and is obtainable at the Principal Druggists in Calcutta.

Quinoidine (Pure Amorphous Alkaloid), and **Residual Alkaloid** (Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid) which contains about 40 per cent. Pure Amorphous Alkaloid, are sold to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. Residual Alkaloid is supplied in 1-lb., 5-lb., and 10-lb. boxes.

Terms.—Strictly cash in advance or V. P. P. transit charges must accompany all orders. Postage stamps are not accepted in lieu of cash.

Supplies—Are dependent on stock in hand at time of order.

Rates from 16th May 1919 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs and above in one delivery	...	...	Rs. 24 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs., but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	" 25 "
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	" 26 "

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For quantities of not less than 6 lbs in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	" 12 "

Supplied in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., and 1-lb. boxes.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	" 6 "

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CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantities less than 6 lbs.	...	...	" 7 "

Supplied in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	" 7 "

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GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

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From whom a General Catalogue of all Government Publications may be obtained gratis.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.

EUROPE.

Constable & Co., 10, Orange Street, Leicester Square, London, W. C.
 Egan Paul, Trench, Trübner & Co., 68-74, Carter Lane, E. C., and 25, Museum Street, London, W. C.
 Bernard Quaritch, 11, Grafton Street, New Bond Street, London, W.
 P. S. King & Sons, 2 & 4, Great Smith Street, Westminster, London, S. W.
 H. S. King & Co., 65, Cornhill, E. C., and 9, Pall Mall, London, W.
 Grindlay & Co., 54, Parliament Street, London, S. W.

Luzac & Co., 46, Great Russell Street, London, W. C.
 W. Thacker & Co., 2, Oread Lane, London, E. C.
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 Deighton Bell & Co., Ltd., Cambridge.
 Oliver & Boyd, Tweeddale Court, Edinburgh.
 E. Ponsonby, Ltd., 116, Grafton Street, Dublin.
 Ernest Leroux, 28, Rue Bonaparte, Paris.
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 The Indian School Supply Depot, 309, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta, and 226, Nawabpur, Dacca.
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 Rai M. C. Saicar Bahadur & Sons, 90-92A, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
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 S. C. Talukdar, Proprietor, Students & Co, Cooch Behar.
 A. M. & J. Ferguson, Ceylon.
 Manager, Educational Book Depôts, Nagpur and Jabbul-pore.*
 Manager of the Imperial Book Depot, 63, Chandney Chank Street, Delhi.*
 Manager, "The Agra Medical Hall and Co-operative Association, Ltd." (Successors to A. John & Co, Agra).
 Supdt., Basel Mission Book and Tract Depository, Mangalore.*
 P. Varadachary & Co., Madras.*
 H. Liddell, Printer, etc., 7, South Road, Allahabad.*
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 D. C. Anand & Sons, Peshawar.*
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*Agents for the sale of Legislative Department publications only.

NOTE.—Books and Acts required for private use must be purchased. Applications should be accompanied by a remittance, unless it is wished that the book should be sent by value payable post, in which case, besides the ordinary postage, an additional charge is made for registration and commission. Books and Acts required for the public service should be obtained through the Local Government to whom the applicant is subordinate. Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Department of the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

(The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.)

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

ACTS.

1919.

XXVII—Idemnity, in Urdu and Hindi. Pies 8 (1a.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

IMPERIAL RECORD DEPARTMENT.

Calendar of Persian Correspondence : Being letters which passed between some of the Company's servants and Indian Rulers and Notables.—Vol. III, 1770—2. Super-royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 8-2 (8a.) *

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FOREST BRANCH

- Annual Return of Statistics relating to Forest Administration in British India for the year 1917-18.** Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 12 (1a.)
- Forest Bulletin No. 39 of 1919—Note on Hailong Timber.** *Dipterocarpus pilosus*, Roxb. Super-royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 4 (1a.)
- Indian Forest Records, Volume VII. Part VI.**—Note on the mechanical strength and seasoning properties of *Shorea robusta*, (Sal) Timber. Super-royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 8 (1a.)
- Indian Forest Records, Volume VII, Part VII.**—The Life History of the Toon Shoot and Fruit Borer, *Hypsipyla robusta*, Moore *Lepidoptera*; *Pyralide*, *Phyritina* with suggestions for its control. Super royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-4 (2a.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

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FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

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FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

- Report on the Operations of the Currency Department, the Movement of Funds and on the Resource Operations of the Government of India for the year 1918-19.** Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 12 (2a.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS

- Accounts relating to the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for December 1919 (No. 9 of 1919-20).** Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 1-4 (2a.)
- Cotton Press Return Nos. 5 and 7 of 1919-20.**—Return showing the quantity of Cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories, and of Cotton received in the Spinning Mills in India, in the half months ending the 30th November and 15th December 1919, together with progressive totals from 1st September 1919. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p) each.
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- Joint Stock Companies, October 1919.** Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p)
- Monthly Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in Indian Mills (November 1919), No. 8 of 1919-20.** Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 2 (1a.)
- Return showing the Imports into, and Exports from, Chief Ports of Wheat, Jute, Cotton and Rice, for the weeks ending 3rd and 10th January 1920.** Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p) each.
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- Railways in India—Administration Report for the year 1918-19, Volume I (Report)** Foolscap. Limp. Rs. 1-8 (4a.)
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1918.

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1919.

- XII.—Poison, in Urdu and Hindi. Pies 3 (1a.)
- XIV.—President Fund (Amendment), in Urdu and Hindi. Pies 3 (1a.)

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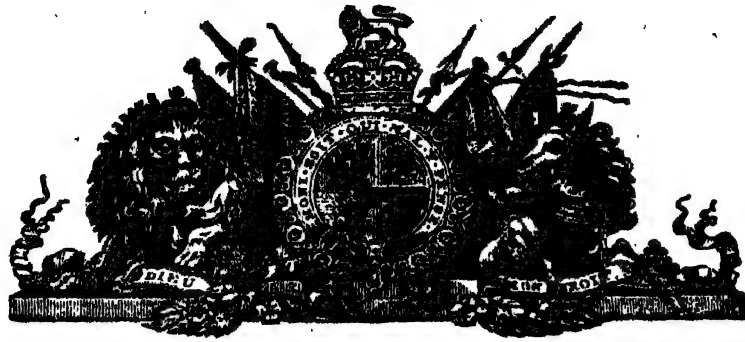
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NOTICE.

Advertisements, Notices, etc., intended for insertion in this Part of the Gazette cannot be received after noon on Monday.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1920.

PART IV.

Bills introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented or to be presented in that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 129L., dated the 5th February, 1920.—The following Report of the Select Committee, which was presented to the Bengal Legislative Council on the 3rd February, 1920 (with the Bill, as introduced in Council, annexed), is hereby published for general information :—

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE EASTERN FRONTIER RIFLES (BENGAL BATTALION) BILL, 1920.

WE, the undersigned Members of the Select Committee, to which the

Papers No. 1.—(1) Letter, dated the 5th December, 1919, from the Secretary, Bengal Chamber of Commerce.

(2) Letter No. 5365J., dated the 8th December, 1919, from the Offg. Commissioner, Dacca Division.

(3) Letter, dated the 13th December, 1919, from the Honorary Secretary, British Indian Association.

(4) Letter, dated the 18th December, 1919, from the Honorary Secretary, Bengal Presidency Moslem League.

(5) Letter No. 11679F. F. 579, dated the 18th December, 1919, from the

Inspector-General of Police, Bengal.

(6) Letter, dated the 18th December, 1919, from the Secretary, European Association.

(7) Letter, dated the 19th December, 1919, from the Honorary Secretary, Bengal Landholders' Association.

(8) Letter, dated the 20th December, 1919, from the Secretary, Calcutta Trades Association.

(9) Letter No. 3770J., dated the 23rd December, 1919, from the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.

(10) Letter No. 363 T. J. G., dated the 26th December, 1919, from the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.

Paper No. 2.—Letter, dated the 9th January, 1920, from the Secretary, Indian Association.

Bill to amend the law relating to the Regulation of the Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion) was referred, have considered the Bill and the papers noted in the margin, and have the honour to submit this, our Report, with the Bill annexed hereto.

We do not consider that any changes are necessary, and we recommend that the Bill, as introduced in the Council, be passed.

H. WHEELER, *Member-in-charge*

H. L. STEPHENSON.

C. J. STEVENSON-MOORE.

G. N. ROY.

M. ASHRAF ALI.

ABUL KASEM.

SIV NARAYAN MUKHARJI.

KISHORI MOHAN CHAUDHURI.

J. F. GRAHAM,

*Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal and
Secy. to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

CALCUTTA ;

The 17th January, 1920.

**THE EASTERN FRONTIER RIFLES (BENGAL BATTALION)
BILL, 1920.**

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12. Power of Local Government to make rules.

THE SCHEDULE.

THE EASTERN FRONTIER RIFLES (BENGAL BATTALION) BILL, 1920.

A

BILL

*to amend the law relating to the Regulation of the
Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion).*

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to the maintenance of discipline among riflemen ;

And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained under section 79, sub-section (2), of the Government of India Act, 1915, to the passing of this Act ;

S. & G. Geo.
V, c. 61.

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title, local
extent and com-
mencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion) Act, 1920 ;

1.] Cf. 1912, s.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal ; and

(3) It shall come into force on such day as the Local Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, direct.

Repeal.

2. The Eastern Bengal and Assam Military Police Act, 1912, is hereby repealed.

E. B. and A.
Act III of
1912.

Definitions.

3. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

[Cf. 1912,
s. 8.]

(1) “active service” means service at outposts or against hostile tribes or other persons in the field ;

(2) “Commandant” or “Assistant Commandant” means a person appointed by the Local Government to be a Commandant or an Assistant Commandant of the Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion), hereinafter referred to as the battalion ;

(3) “District Magistrate” includes a Deputy Commissioner and the Superintendent of the Chittagong Hill-tracts ;

(4) “rifleman” means a police-officer appointed under section 7 of the Police Act, 1861, who has signed the statement in the Schedule to this Act in accordance with the provisions of this Act, and includes a Military Police-officer appointed under the Bengal Military Police Act, 1892, or the Assam Military Police Regulation, 1890, or the Eastern Bengal and Assam Military Police Act, 1912 ;

V of 1861.

V of 1892.
Regulation
IV of 1890.
E. B. and A.
Act III of
1912.

The Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion)
Bill, 1920.

(Clauses 4—6.)

(5) "superior officer" means, in relation to any rifleman,—

(a) any officer of a higher class than, or of a higher grade in the same class as, himself, and

(b) any Assistant Commandant, Commandant or District Magistrate;

(6) the expressions "reason to believe", "criminal force", "assault", "fraudulently" and "voluntarily causing hurt" have the meanings assigned to them respectively in the Indian Penal Code.

Act XLV of 1860

Appointment and discharge

4. (1) Before a police-officer appointed under section 7 of the Police Act, 1861, is enrolled under this Act, the statement in the Schedule shall be read and, if necessary, explained, to him, in the presence of a Magistrate, Commandant or Assistant Commandant, and shall be signed by him in acknowledgment of its having been so read to him.

[C] 1912,
[4] V of 1861

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 9 of the Police Act, 1861, a rifleman shall not be entitled to be discharged except in accordance with the terms of the statement which he has signed under this Act.

Classes and rank of riflemen.

5. There may be all or any of the following classes of riflemen, who shall take rank in the order mentioned, namely:—

[C] 1912,
[5]

- (i) Subadars-Major,
- (ii) Subadars,
- (iii) Jamadars,
- (iv) Havildars-Major,
- (v) Havildars,
- (vi) Naiks,
- (vii) Buglers and sipahis,

and such grades in each class as the Local Government may, from time to time, direct.

Heinous offences

6. A rifleman who—

[C] 1912,
[6]

- (a) begins, excites, causes or joins in any mutiny or sedition, or, being present at any mutiny or sedition, does not use his utmost endeavours to suppress it, or, knowing or having reason to believe in the existence, of any mutiny or sedition, does not without delay give information thereof to his Commanding or other superior officer; or
- (b) uses, or attempts to use, criminal force to, or commits an assault on, his superior officer, knowing or having reason to believe him to be such, whether on or off duty; or
- (c) shamefully abandons or delivers up any garrison, fortress, post or guard which is committed to his charge or which it is his duty to defend; or

The Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion)
Bill, 1920.

(Clause 7.)

- (d) in the presence of an enemy or of any person in arms against whom it is his duty to act, shamefully casts away his arms or his ammunition, or intentionally uses words or any other means to induce any other rifleman to abstain from acting against the enemy, or any such person, or to discourage such officer from acting against the enemy or such person, or who otherwise misbehaves; or
- (e) directly or indirectly holds* correspondence with, or communicates intelligence to, or assists, or relieves, any enemy or person in arms against the State, or omits to discover immediately to his Commanding or other superior officer any such correspondence or communications coming to his knowledge; or
- (f) directly or indirectly assists or relieves with money, victuals or ammunition, or knowingly harbours or protects, any enemy or person in arms against the State; or

who, while on active service,—

- (g) disobeys the lawful command of his superior officer; or
- (h) deserts or attempts to desert the service; or
- (i) being a sentry, sleeps at his post, or quits it without being regularly relieved or without leave; or
- (j) without authority leaves his Commanding Officer, or his post or party, to go in search of plunder; or
- (k) quits his guard, picquet, party or patrol without being regularly relieved or without leave; or
- (l) uses criminal force to, or commits an assault on, any person bringing provisions or other necessaries to camp or quarters, or forces a safeguard, or without authority breaks into any house or any other place for plunder, or plunders, destroys or damages any property of any kind; or
- (m) intentionally causes or spreads a false alarm in action, camp, garrison or quarters;

shall be punished with transportation for life, or with imprisonment which may extend to fourteen years to which a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees may be added, or with a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Other offences,
 including acts
 prejudicial to
 good order and
 discipline.

7. A rifleman who—

[G. 1912
 a. 7.]

- (a) is in a state of intoxication when on or detailed for any duty, or on parade, or on the line of march; or
- (b) strikes, or forces or attempts to force, any sentry; or

The Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion)
Bill, 1920.

(Clause 7.)

- (c) being in command of a guard, picquet or patrol, refuses to receive any prisoner duly committed to his charge, or, whether in such command or not, releases any prisoner without proper authority or negligently suffers any prisoner to escape; or
- (d) being deputed to any guard, picquet or patrol, quits it without being regularly relieved or without leave; or
- (e) being in command of a guard, picquet or patrol, permits gambling or other behaviour prejudicial to good order and discipline; or
- (f) being under arrest or in confinement, leaves his arrest or confinement before he is set at liberty by proper authority; or
- (g) is grossly insubordinate or insolent to his superior officer in the execution of his office; or
- (h) refuses to superintend or assist in the making of any field work or other military work of any description ordered to be made either in quarters or in the field; or
- (i) strikes or otherwise ill-uses any rifleman subordinate to him in rank or position; or
- (j) being in command at any post or on the march and receiving a complaint that any one under his command has beaten or otherwise maltreated or oppressed any person, or has committed any riot or trespass, fails, on proof of the truth of the complaint, to have due reparation made as far as possible to the injured person and to report the case to the proper authority; or
- (k) designedly or through neglect injures or loses or fraudulently or without due authority disposes of his arms, clothes, tools, equipment, ammunition, accoutrements or other necessities, or any such articles entrusted to him or belonging to any other person; or
- (l) malingers, feigns or produces disease or infirmity in himself, or intentionally delays his cure or aggravates his disease or infirmity; or
- (m) with intent to render himself or any other person unfit for service, voluntarily causes hurt to himself or any other person; or
- (n) commits extortion, or without proper authority exacts from any person carriage, portage or provisions; or
- (o) designedly or through neglect kills, injures, makes away with, ill-treats or loses his horse, or any animal used in the public service; or

The Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion)
Bill, 1920.

(Clauses 8, 9.)

who, while not on active service,—

- (p) disobeys the lawful command of his superior officer; or
- (q) plunders, destroys or damages any property of any kind; or
- (r) being a sentry, sleeps at his post or quits it without being regularly relieved or without leave; or
- (s) deserts or attempts to desert the service; or
- (t) neglects to obey any battalion or other orders, or commits any act or omission prejudicial to good order and discipline, such act or omission not constituting an offence under the Indian Penal Code or any other Act in force in Bengal,

Act XLV of 1860

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or with both.

Minor offences and punishments

8. (1) A District Magistrate or a Commandant, or, subject to the control of the Commandant, an Assistant Commandant, and, subject to the same control, an officer not below the rank of a *Jamadar* commanding a separate detachment or an outpost or in temporary command of the battalion at the head-quarters of a district during the absence of the District Magistrate, Commandant and Assistant Commandant, may, without a formal trial, award to any bugler or *sipahi* who is subject to his authority, any of the following punishments for the commission of any petty offence against discipline, which is not otherwise provided for in this Act, or which is not of a sufficiently serious nature to call for a prosecution before a Criminal Court, that is to say—

Act 1912, 8

- (a) imprisonment to the extent of seven days in the quarter-guard or such other place as may be considered suitable, with forfeiture of pay and allowances during its continuance;
- (b) punishment drill, extra guard, fatigue or other duty, not exceeding thirty days in duration, with or without confinement to lines;
- (c) forfeiture of pay and allowances for a period not exceeding one month.

(2) Any of these punishments may be awarded separately or in combination with any one or more of the others.

Manner of imprisonment.

9. Any rifleman sentenced under this Act to imprisonment for a period not exceeding three months shall, when he is also dismissed from the police force, be imprisoned in the nearest or such other jail as the Local Government may, by general or special order, direct, but, when he is not also dismissed from that force, he may, if the convicting court or the District Magistrate so directs, be confined in the quarter-guard or such other place as the court or Magistrate may consider suitable.

Act 1912, 9

*The Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion)
Bill, 1920.*

(Clauses 10—12.)

Powers of Com-
mandants and
Assistant Com-
mandants for
inquiring into
offences under
this and other
Acts.

10. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Police Act, 1861, or in any other enactment for the time being in force, the Local Government may invest any Commandant or Assistant Commandant with the powers of a Magistrate of any class for the purpose of inquiring into or trying any offence committed by a rifleman and punishable under the Police Act, 1861, or this Act, and any offence committed by a rifleman against the person or property of another rifleman and punishable under any section of the Indian Penal Code or of any other Act in force in Bengal.

[Cf. 1912, s.
10.]
V of 1861.

Act XLV of
1860.

Privileges of
Commandants
and Assistant
Commandants.

11. A Commandant or Assistant Commandant shall be entitled to all the privileges which a police-officer has under sections 42 and 43 of the Police Act, 1861, section 125 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, and under any other enactment for the time being in force; and shall, subject to such rules as the Local Government may from time to time make in this behalf, exercise all the powers of a District Superintendent of Police within the meaning of the Police Act, 1861.

[Cf. 1912,
s. 11.]
V of 1861.
I of 1872.

Power of Local
Government to
make rules.

12. The Local Government may, as regards the battalion, make such orders and rules, consistent with this Act, as they think expedient, relative to the several matters respecting which the Inspector-General of Police, with the approval of the Local Government, may, as regards the police force, frame orders and rules under section 12 of the Police Act, 1861.

[Cf. 1912,
s. 12.]

V of 1861

*The Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion)
Bill, 1920.*

(*The Schedule.*)

THE SCHEDULE.

STATEMENT.

(*See sections 3 and 4.*)

After you have served for three years in the Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion), you may, at any time when not on active service, apply for your discharge, through the officer to whom you may be subordinate, to a Commandant of the battalion, or to the Magistrate of the district in which you may be serving: and you will be granted your discharge after two months from the date of your application, unless your discharge would cause the vacancies in the battalion to exceed one-tenth of the sanctioned strength; in that case you must remain until this objection is waived by competent authority or removed. But when on active service you have no claim to a discharge and you must remain and do your duty until the necessity for retaining you in the battalion ceases, when you may make your application in the manner hereinbefore prescribed. In the event of your re-enlistment after you have been discharged, you will have no claim to reckon for pension or any other purpose your service previous to your discharge.

Signature of officer in
acknowledgment of
the above having
been read to him.

A. B.

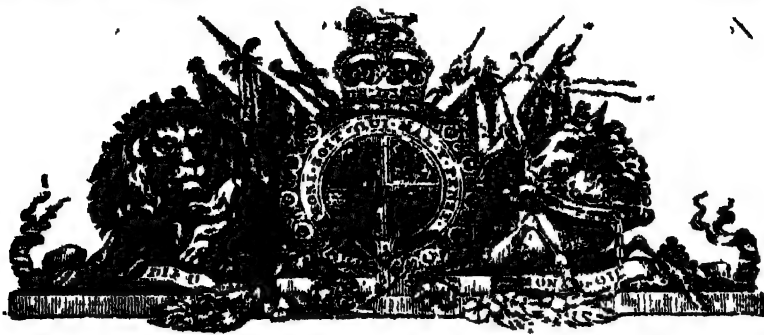
Signed in my presence
after I had ascertain-
ed that A. B. under-
stood the purport of
what he signed.

C. D.

*Magistrate, Command-
ant or Assistant Com-
mandant.*

J. F. GRAHAM,

*Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1920.

SUPPLEMENT.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Final Report on the Cotton Crops of Bengal, 1919-20.

(NOTE.—On an average of the five years ending 1917-18, the area under the Cotton Crops in Bengal has represented some 0·3 per cent. of the total area under Cotton in India).

The "early" crop is chiefly grown in the Chittagong Hill Tracts, in the State of Hill Tippera and, to a small extent, in other districts. The "late" crop is unimportant and is mainly grown in Bankura and Midnapore.

Character of the season.—Since the issue of the third forecast, the dry weather has been generally favourable to the late crop. The early crop which suffered considerably from excessive rain at the time of maturity has not fared well specially in the State of Hill Tippera, where the outturn is reported to have further decreased owing to bad effects of the rain in September and October. On the whole the season may be regarded as fair for the late crop but unfavourable for the early crop.

Area sown.—The total area sown with the early crop is returned at 66,693 acres and that with the late crop 2,159 acres against 70,786 and 2,203 acres, respectively, in the corresponding forecast of last year.

Outturn.—The estimated outturn of the early crop is returned at 23,613 bales this year against 30,908 bales in the corresponding forecast of last year. The outturn of the late crop is estimated at 999 bales this year against 737 bales for last year.

DACCA,

The 6th February 1920.

ROBERT S. FINLOW,

Offg. Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

APPENDIX.

Final Report on the Cotton Crops of Bengal, 1919-20.

DISTRICT.	AREA (IN ACRES)—						YIELD (IN BATES) OF 400 LBS. EACH—						Date at which the harvesting of the crops was begun this year.	Remarks by District Officers.		
	Of current year's crop (1919-20).	Of previous year's crop (1918-19).	Average of preceding—	Percentage by which column 3 exceeds (+) or is less than (-) area in—		Of current year, i.e., of area in column 2.	Of previous year, i.e., of area in column 4.	Average of preceding—	Percentage by which column 7 exceeds (+) or is less than (-) area in—							
				Column 3.	Column 4.				Column 6.	Column 9.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13				
			5 yrs.	10 yrs.	5 yrs.	10 yrs.		5 yrs.	10 yrs.	5 yrs.	10 yrs.					
BENGAL SINDH.	Bankura—												(1)			
	Early ...	700	600	547	40.	+17	+28	+73	350	140	276	307		+94	+37	+69	Middle of October
	Late ...	1,400*	1,400*	1,400	1,400	...	...	...	875	665	1,078	1,080	+52	-19	-20	Not yet commenced
	Midnapore—												(2)			
	Early ...	800	1,000*	1,516	1,548	-60	-47	-60	40	88	114	128		-55	-63	-69	November ...
	Late ...	300	700	660	608	-57	-55	-51	19	49	50	43	-61	-62	-56	Will begin by the end of March next.
Mymensingh—													(3)			
	Early ...	22	22	20	20
	Late ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
COMILLAS.	Chittagong Hill Tracts—												(4)			
	Early ...	46,000	51,000	55,400	42,450	-10	-16	+8	19,550	27,540	19,622	15,664		-29	-0'4	+25	November ...
	Late ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
	Hill Tippera—												(5)			
	Early ...	18,563	18,687	21,294	24,517	+11	-13	-24	3,527	2,932	4,342	4,471		+20	-17	-21	Middle of October to 1st week of November.
	Late ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Total—																
	Early ...	66,084	69,889	79,757	68,963	-5	-17	-4	28,487	20,760	24,261	20,470	-24	-3	+15	
	Late ...	1,700	2,100	2,060	2,008	-19	-17	-15	894	714	1,128	1,14	+25	-21	-22	
Total for other Bengal districts which have started cultivation since last year—																
	Early ...	(b) 606	(a) 897	...	...	...	...	...	126	145	...	...	...	...	...	(6)
	Late ...	459	103	...	...	...	...	...	105	22	...	...	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL—																
	Early ...	66,698	70,786	...	...	...	...	...	28,613	20,905	...	...	...	...	...
	Late ...	2,159	2,203	...	...	...	...	...	999	737	...	...	...	...	...

(a) For Nadia, Birbhum, Hooghly, Rangpur, Bogra, Malda, Dacca, Bakarganj, Chittagong, Tippera and Noakhali.

(b) For Nadia, Murshidabad, Jessore, Khulna, Burdwan, Birbhum, Hooghly, Bogra, Malda, Tippera and Noakhali.

* Conventional area.

(1) The weather has been favourable especially for the high lands. The date of harvesting of the early crop was normal.

(2) The condition of the crops has not been good owing to excessive rain.

(3) The weather has been generally fair and the condition of the crop is good.

(4) The weather and general condition of the crop have been fair, the date of harvesting was normal.

(5) Though unfavourable at the outset, the weather was favourable to the crop subsequently, but the rain in September and October proved to have a 'bad' effect on the output. The general condition is fair and the date of harvesting was normal.

(6) In Burdwan, the weather has not been favourable. Elsewhere it has been favourable and the present condition of the crops is fair. In Khulna, the plants have all been destroyed by the cyclone in September.

Vital statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 10th January 1920.

Districts.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1911.		BIRTHS REGISTERED.	DEATHS REGISTERED.										Total, all causes.		
			Male.	Female.		Total.	Number registered (excluding still births).	Still born number registered.	Cholera	Small-pox.	Plague	Fever.	Dysentery and diarrhoea	Respira- tory diseases	Injuries	Other causes.	Number	Total.
Howrah ...	1	Howrah ...	114,929	64,560	179,389	88	9	7	5	...	43	26	35	2	45	94	70	164
24-Parganas	2	Maniktala ...	31,735	22,032	53,767	21	Figures not yet received.	3	9	...	5	3	13	...	12	26	18	44
	3	Bhatpara ...	34,739	15,675	50,414	14	...	...	1	...	7	...	1	...	1	7	3	10
Calcutta ...	4	Calcutta ...	607,674	288,393	896,067	398	26	12	124	...	92	77	284	9	292	487	403	890
Dacca ...	5	Dacca ...	63,091	43,460	108,551	97	2	3	...	...	41	5	5	1	31	51	35	86

* Including deaths from influenza.

v B.—As the weekly statement has been introduced from the 10th January 1920 according to Government of Bengal, Municipal Department letter No 12585 An, dated the 20th December 1919, the figures for the column "Total of corresponding week of the previous year" are not available and therefore this column is omitted from the statement.

CHAS. A. BENTLEY,
Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 6th February 1920.

**List of prices of articles of food at Calcutta for the week ending
Saturday, the 7th February 1920.**

Name of article.	WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND.		RETAIL PRICE PER SEER.	
	From—	To—	From—	To—
Rice—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balam, coarse	7 14 0	9 0 0	0 3 3	0 3 6
„ medium	9 8 0	10 12 0	0 4 3	0 4 6
Patnai, coarse	7 4 0	8 2 0	0 3 3	0 3 6
„ medium	8 4 0	9 0 0	0 3 6	0 3 9
Nagra, coarse	7 12 0	8 6 0	0 3 3	0 3 6
„ medium	8 8 0	9 10 0	0 3 6	0 3 9
Dudhkalma	9 3 0	9 5 0	0 3 6	.....
Rangoon Boiled	.....	.....	0 3 3	.....
Kajla	6 6 0	6 12 0	0 3 0	.....
Wheat, Dudhia	7 14 0	.....	.....	.....
„ Gangajali	.....	.....	.....	.....
„ Jamali	7 8 0	.....	.....	.....
Gram, Patnai (whole)	9 0 0	.....	0 3 6	0 3 9
„ dal	11 0 0	.....	0 4 0	0 5 0
Mung „ (Hari)	12 4 0	.....	0 6 0	.....
„ „ (Krishna)	11 4 0	.....	0 5 0	.....
Arhar „	11 8 0	.....	0 4 0	0 5 0
Masur „ (split)	7 12 0	.....	0 3 6	0 3 9
„ „ (Khanri)	11 0 0	11 8 0	0 5 0	.....
Kalai „	9 8 0	9 12 0	0 3 0	0 4 0
Salt	3 2 0	3 5 0	0 1 6	0 1 9
Sugar (Brown Java)	25 8 0	27 8 0	0 10 6	0 11 3
Gur, Bheli	10 0 0	.....	0 5 6	.....
„ Bhursut	12 0 0	12 8 0	0 6 0	0 6 6
„ Date	9 0 0	9 8 0	0 4 0	0 4 6
Milk	11 0 0	13 0 0	0 3 0	0 5 0
Mustard oil	33 8 0	.....	0 15 0	1 1 0
Flour (country)	7 1 0	.....	0 3 6	0 4 6
Atta, No. 3	9 4 0	.....	0 3 6	0 4 6
Suji	9 10 0	.....	0 4 6	0 5 6
Ghee (Bhadwa, Matki, etc.)	102 8 0	.....	2 12 0	.....
„ (Patiram, Khurja, Ruto, Etwa, better kind, etc.)	94 0 0	95 0 0	2 8 0	.....
„ (Lalli, Etwa, Sagar, etc.)	86 0 0	87 0 0	2 4 0	.....
Maize	5 4 0	5 12 0	.....	.....
Potatoes	2 12 0	3 6 0	0 1 3	0 1 9
Patal	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brinjal	1 2 0	.....	0 1 0	0 1 6
Onion	2 12 0	.....	0 1 6	0 2 0
Fish, Rahu	22 0 0	25 0 0	0 10 0	0 14 0
Mutton (2nd class)	.....	.....	0 10 0	.....
Beef (2nd and 3rd classes)	.....	.....	0 3 0	0 3 6

N.B.—This is an abstract of prices at the following markets :—

Wholesale—Chetla Hat, Rankrishnapur Hat, Sealdah Fish and Milk Markets, Posta Bazar.

Retail—Sir Stuart Hogg Market, Orphaungunge Market, Sobha Bazar, Nutun Bazar, Raja Babu's Bazar, Bow Bazar, Karaya Bazar, Taltolla Bazar, Mallick Bazar, Jogen Babu's Bazar.

S. C. GHOSH,
for President, Advisory Food Committee.

CALCUTTA, the 9th February 1920.

Statement showing the gauge-readings at Dacca Water-works Station on the river Buriganga for the week ending the 17th January 1920.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 5 P.M.	Remarks
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1920.							
11th Jan.	53.3	14-50	54.6	10-0	52.4	53.66	F. T. at 10-10, and F. 1. at 15-5.
12th "	53.2	15-20	54.0	11-0	52.3	53.5	F. T. at 11-20, and E. 1. at 15-40.
13th "	53.3	16-15	53.7	12-10	52.0	53.3	F. T. at 12-20, and E. 1. at 14-22.
14th "	53.3	7-20	53.6	13-20	51.8	52.9	E. T. at 7-30, and F. 7 at 13-32.
15th "	53.2	8-5	53.6	14-30	51.6	52.6	E. T. at 8-18, and F. 1. at 14-40.
16th "	53.0	9-0	53.5	15-40	51.5	52.0	F. T. at 9-15, and F. 1. at 15-55.
17th "	52.8	0-55	53.65	17-0	51.4	51.4	M. T. at 10-15, and F. T. at 17-16.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

27th August	1906	70.5	Taken at high tide
5th September	1909	...	...	...	67.86
10th August	1910	...	...	...	69.86
1st "	1911	...	...	...	68.46
18th "	1912	...	...	...	67.16
31st "	1915	...	...	...	69.7
18th "	1916	...	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	67.1	Taken at low tide
31st "	1918	...	...	...	69.12
28rd February	1907	...	...	...	51.06
18th "	1908	...	...	...	51.06
12th March	1912	...	...	...	51.06
6th "	1911	...	...	...	50.60
22nd February	1916	...	...	...	50.30
16th "	1916	...	...	...	50.60
3rd March	1917	...	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	...	51.40

DACCA,
The 18th January 1920.

W. J. KERR,
Executive Engineer, Dacca Division.

Statement showing the gauge-readings at Dacca Water-works Station on the river Buriganga for the week ending the 24th January 1920.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 5 P.M.	Remarks
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1920							
18th Jan.	52.7	10-40	53.5	17-40	51.42	51.6	E. T. at 10-52 and F. 1. at 17-46.
19th "	52.6	11-20	53.5	...	...	51.8	E. T. at 11-35
20th "	52.54	12-10	53.5	...	...	52.2	E. T. at 12-20
21st "	52.2	13-0	53.8	6-40	52.1	52.4	F. T. at 6-46 and E. T. 12-12.
22nd "	52.3	13-20	53.8	7-25	52.18	52.3	F. T. at 7-40 and E. T. 12-46.
23rd "	52.2	14-5	53.8	8-10	52.1	52.2	F. T. at 8-20 and E. T. 14-36.
24th "	52.5	14-55	53.7	9-0	52.2	52.12	F. T. at 9-18 and E. T. 16-12.

Notable high and low water levels of previous years.

27th August	1906	70.5	Taken at high tide
5th September	1909	...	...	...	67.86
10th August	1910	...	...	...	69.86
1st "	1911	...	...	...	68.46
18th "	1912	...	...	...	67.16
31st "	1915	...	...	...	69.7
18th "	1916	...	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	67.1	Taken at low tide
31st "	1918	...	...	...	69.12
28rd February	1907	...	...	...	51.06
18th "	1908	...	...	...	51.06
12th March	1912	...	...	...	51.06
6th "	1914	...	...	...	50.60
22nd February	1916	...	...	...	50.30
16th "	1916	...	...	...	50.60
3rd March	1917	...	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	...	51.40

DACCA,
The 25th January 1920.

W. J. KERR,
Executive Engineer, Dacca Division.

Statement of Weekly Gauge-readings on the River Ganges at Rampur-Boalia for the week ending the 31st January 1920.

Date	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero-minus, sign for those below zero	Height of surface above mean sea-level according to P. W. D. datum (a)	Height of surface above mean sea-level on the same date last year according to P. W. D. datum.	Remarks.
1920					
25th January ...	8 A.M.	Zero of gauge is at mean sea level.	38 10	36 91	P. W. D. datum, 6.25 feet above Kidderpur old dock sill. B. M. on College step 64.93
26th " ...	8 "		38 00	36 91	
27th " ...	8 "		38 00	36 86	
28th " ...	8 "		38 00	36 86	
29th " ...	8 "		37 90	36 86	
30th " ...	8 "		37 90	36 91	
31st " ...	8 "		37 85	36 96	

		Old value		According to P. W. D. datum
The previous year	Highest water-level	..	61 29 on 18th September 1919	.. 62 80
Ditto	Lowest	..	38 51 on 8th May 1919	.. 35 01
Record	Highest	..	69 25 on 26th August 1879	.. 64 44
Do	Ditto	..	69 08 on 9th September 1885	.. 64 27
Do	Ditto	..	66 88 on 25th August 1906	.. 63 47
Do	Ditto	..	68 21 on 26th August 1890	.. 63 40
Do	Lowest	..	37 63 on 26th April 1884	.. 32 42
Do	Ditto	..	38 18 on 14th 15th April 1888	.. 33 32
Do	Ditto	..	39 02 on 21st-22nd April 1897	.. 34 21
Do	Ditto	..	39 28 on 6th-7th May 1908	.. 34 47

N B—The gauge-readings commenced from 1st August 1887

BOALIA.
The 31st January 1920.

M. SEN GUPTA,
Executive Engineer, Rajshahi Divn.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending 31st January 1920.

Month and date	Hour	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge	Height of surface above mean sea-level	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year.	Remarks
1920.					
25th January ..	7 P.M.	6.9	6.9	6.8	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench mark for the gauge is on a pucca pillar between the passenger ghât and Chhandpur ghât. Its reduced level is 26.84.
26th " ...	7 "	6.9	6.9	6.7	
27th " ...	7 "	6.7	6.7	6.5	
28th " ...	7 "	6.5	6.5	6.3	
29th " ...	7 "	6.4	6.4	6.3	
30th " ...	7 "	6.2	6.2	6.4	
31st " ..	7 "	6.1	6.1	6.5	

The previous year	..	Highest water level	..	23.7 on 15th September 1919
Ditto	..	Lowest	..	6.1 on 21st February 1919
Record (H F in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	..	Highest	..	25.75 on 28th August 1906.
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	..	Ditto	..	25.74 on 20th and 21st August 1898
Record (H F in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	..	Ditto	..	25.66 on 11th to 17th and 31st August and on 1st to 3rd September 1889
Record (H F in Brahmaputra only)	..	Ditto	..	25.66 on 31st July 1900
Do	..	Lowest	..	1.0 on 8th February 1914
Do	..	Ditto	..	2.43 on 18th March 1906
Do	..	Ditto	..	2.91 on 21st to 24th February and 8th to 9th March 1884
Do	..	Ditto	..	3.16 on 9th to 11th March 1886.
Do	..	Ditto	..	3.16 on 16th, 17th and 29th to 31st March 1901

N B—The gauge reading commenced from 3rd October 1909

FARIDPUR,
The 3rd February 1920.

R. K. GHOSH,
for Subdivisional Officer, P. W. D., Faridpur.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE OFFICIAL YEAR 1919-20.

Area leased for Irrigation up to end of December 1919.

Circle.	District.	Canal.	DETAILS OF AREAS LEASED.											RAINFALL, 1919-20.		RAINFALL, 1918-19.					
			Estimated full discharge.	Average discharge in month.	Discharge utilized.	Approximate area of land irrigated during the year up to the end of the month.	Approximate area of land under irrigation up to the same date last year.	SEASON LEASES.					Grand Total.	Inches.	During month.	Up to end of month.	Inches.	During month.	Up to end of month.		
								Long-term leases.	Short.	Adm.	Engageable.	Hot-weather.								Total.	
S. W. Circle.	{	{	Midnapore ...	...	...	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Grand Total.	Inches.	During month.	Up to end of month.	Inches.	During month.	Up to end of month.
	Howrah ...	Tidal Reaches, Ranges I and II.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{	{	{	Total Midnapore Canal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{	{	{	Total of the corresponding period last year.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{	{	{	Eden Canal	...	...	1,000	...	...	20,112	19,909	18,780	1,055	54	22	...	1,131	19,911	...	57-17	...	58-65
{	{	{	Total of the corresponding period last year.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{	{	{	GRAND TOTAL	...	...	...	107,183	98,991	94,941	13,064	54	22	...	...	...	13,140	108,081	...	...	...	...
{	{	{	GRAND TOTAL OF THE CORRESPONDING PERIOD OF LAST YEAR.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	92,190	9,202	96	15	...	9,313	101,503	...	...	...	...

*Of which 3,345 acres are single watering.

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt of Bengal.CALCUTTA,
The 10th February 1920.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Olden and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 7th February 1920, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

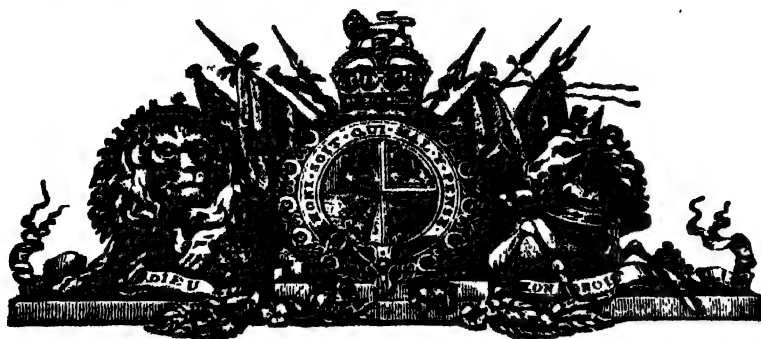
Nature of Cargo.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 7TH FEBRUARY 1920.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 8TH FEBRUARY 1919.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy ...	858	216,279	3,758	1,830	414,500	6,890
Jute ...	111	49,800	666	48	22,645	270
Firewood ...	59	31,400	455	45	37,275	548
Other articles ...	801	207,179	2,290	1,003	228,043	2,745
Total ...	1,829	504,658	7,169	2,926	702,463	10,453
Empty boats and rafts ...	655	...	1,505	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL ...	2,484	504,658	8,674	2,926	702,463	10,453

Mds.
55,712½
36,067½

* Weight by canal measurement
† Ditto ditto

CALCUTTA,
The 10th February 1920.

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1920.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Governor of Bengal in Council, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

No. 1664A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 1415A.—The 10th February 1920.—Babu Jyotish Chandra Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Dacca

Dacca.
District.

No. 1448A.—The 10th February 1920.—Babu Ashutosh Chatarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, **Dacca,** is transferred to the headquarters station of the **Tippera** district.

No. 1481A.—The 11th February 1920.—In supersession of the orders contained in the notification of this Government **Khulna.** No. 1416A., dated the 9th February 1920, Mr. Dasharathi Datta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Khulna, is appointed temporarily to act as Magistrate and Collector of that district.

No. 1598A.—The 16th February 1920.—Mr. A. DeC. Williams, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, **Murshidabad,** is appointed to have charge of the Asansol subdivision of the **Burdwan** district.

No. 1626A.—The 16th February 1920.—In modification of the orders contained in the notification of this Government **Jessore.** No. 531A., dated the 15th January 1920, Babu Satyendra Nath Das, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Jessore district.

No. 1628A.—The 16th February 1920.—Babu Jitendra Chandra Mazumdar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, **Jessore,** is transferred to the headquarters station of the **Khulna** district.

POLICE.—*No. 1570A.—The 14th February 1920.*—Mr. James Shevlin, an Inspector of the Calcutta Police, is appointed to act, **Calcutta.** until further orders, as an Assistant Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, with effect from the 24th December 1919.

No. 1639A.—The 17th February 1920.—Maulvi Abdur Rashid Khan, probationary Deputy Superintendent of Police, **Pabna,** is transferred to the headquarters station of the **24-Parganas** district.

No. 1652A.—The 17th February 1920.—Mr. F. Roddis, officiating Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, Bengal, is appointed to act as Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. R. Clarke, C.I.E., or until further orders.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—*No. 1525A.—The 12th February 1920.*—Mr. A. H. Kemm, I.C.S., was on combined leave for four months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, with effect from the 8th April 1919, additional privilege leave for four days, and special leave for the remaining period, under article 316 of the Regulations.

No. 1630A.—The 16th February 1920.—Mr. S. G. Hart, I.C.S., officiating Additional Commissioner of the **Dacca and Presy. Divns.** Divisions, is allowed combined leave for seven months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months and one day, with effect from the 6th

March 1920, or the amount due on any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, additional privilege leave for two days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period, under article 308 (b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 1643A.—The 17th February 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 6th January 1920, Mr. J. G. Drummond, I.C.S., is allowed combined leave from the 8th February 1920 to the 16th October 1920, inclusive, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, additional privilege leave for one month and eighteen days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period, under article 308 (b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

POLICE.—*No. 1640A.—The 17th February 1920.*—Mr. R. Clarke, C.I.E., Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is allowed combined leave for seven months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for one month and twenty-six days, with effect from the 1st March 1920, additional privilege leave for twenty-two days, under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, or the amount due on any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period, under article 308 (b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

JAILS.—*No. 1568A.—The 14th February 1920.*—Mr. M. Leach, Deputy Superintendent, Dacca Central Jail, is allowed combined leave for eighteen months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, with effect from the 1st March 1920, or the amount due on any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, additional privilege leave for three months, and furlough for the remaining period, under article 338 of the Regulations.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

APPORTIONMENT ORDER.

No. 998L.R.—The 10th February 1920.—Under section 114 of the Bengal Tenancy Act (Act VIII of 1885) the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the cost of the survey and the preparation of a record-of-rights in respect of the lands comprised in estate Enayetpur mahal bearing tauzi No. 60 in the district of Malda undertaken under Government notification No. 1717T.R., dated the 4th November 1915, shall be borne by the landlords and tenants in the manner specified below:—

The balance of the total cost remaining after recovery has been made in the said manner shall be borne by the applicant at whose instance the proceedings were undertaken, and his co-sharers or their representatives in interest in addition to what may be payable by them according to this apportionment order as landlords.

1. A rate of fourteen annas shall be levied per acre of which raiyats and persons holding non-agricultural tenancies shall pay annas $4\frac{1}{2}$ per acre, and the landlords of all grades together including the proprietors annas $9\frac{1}{2}$ per acre according to the following rules.

2. Landlords shall pay the raiyats' share for lands in their khas possession and raiyats shall pay the full raiyati share for lands sublet as well as for those in their khas possession.

3. As between the different grades of landlords, the landlords' share shall be apportioned thus:—

- (a) Permanent tenureholders, whose rent or rate of rent is fixed in perpetuity, shall pay the whole of the landlords' share;
- (b) other permanent tenureholders and temporary tenureholders, whose lease has over fifteen years to run, shall pay three-fourths;
- (c) temporary tenureholders, whose lease has fifteen years to run, shall pay 15-16ths of the share they would pay in accordance with (b) above, if they were permanent tenureholders, and so on proportionately according to the number of years of the lease to run. The remainder shall be paid by their landlords;
- (d) temporary tenureholders, who do not hold on a lease or for a fixed term shall pay half of the landlords' share. The other half shall be paid by their landlord.

Explanation.—The calculation shall be made from the lowest grade of landlords immediately above the raiyat. The period for which the lease of the tenure or under-tenure is to run is to be reckoned in each case from the close of the agricultural year 1325 B.S.

4. Rent-free holders, whether of the degree of raiyat or landlord shall pay the whole of the landlords' share for their lands.

5. Under-raiyats shall pay at the rate of four annas a tenancy.

6. The following minimum charges shall be adopted:—

- (a) the minimum charge shall be the charge for one acre;
- (b) for broken areas over one acre there shall be no charge for the broken portion, if less than half an acre; but if the broken portion be half an acre or upwards it shall be taken as a full acre;
- (c) broken parts of an anna shall be treated as an anna.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1747 For.—The 14th February 1920.—Under the provisions of section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878 (VII of 1878), the Governor in Council declares that it is proposed to constitute as Reserved Forest the lands situated within the boundaries described below:—

District	...	...	Darjeeling.
Thana	...	...	Rungli Rungliot.
Name of Forest	...	...	Pubong Extension to Takdah Reserve.
Approximate area	...	...	150 acres.

Boundaries.

North—The Takdah Reserve.

East—Rungli Rungliot Tea Estate.

South—Pubong Tea Estate.

West—A demarcated line starting from Takdah Forest Reserve boundary pillar No. 112 at an angle of $76\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ for 41 feet, then at an angle of $150\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ for 717 feet, then at an angle of $156\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ for 245 feet, then at an angle of 151° for 340 feet, then at an angle of $152\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ for 242 feet, then at an angle of $134\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ for 324 feet, then at an angle of $141\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ for 484 feet, then at an angle of $116\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ for 617 feet, then at an angle of 108° for 882 feet, until it meets the boundary of the Pubong Tea Estate.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling, to be the Forest Settlement Officer, who will, under the provisions of chapter II of the Indian Forest Act, enquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in or over any land comprised within the boundaries specified above.

The Governor in Council is also pleased, under section 16 of the Indian Forest Act, to appoint the Commissioner of Rajshahi Division to hear appeals from the decisions of the Forest Settlement Officer as above.

No. 1615 L.R.—The 12th February 1920.—With reference to rule 7 of the rules issued by the Government of India with their Resolution No. 7552--7581-121, dated the 15th September 1913, for regulating the grant by Local Governments of licenses to prospect for minerals and the grant of mining leases in British India, it is hereby certified that Mr. F. H. Alderson of Bankura is approved by the Government of Bengal as a fit and proper person to whom such licenses or leases can be granted in the Presidency of Bengal.

Certificate of approval.

2. Under rule 8 of the aforesaid rules this certificate will expire at midnight on the 31st of December 1920.

No. 1695 L.R.—The 13th February 1920.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Babu Suresh Chandra Ghosh, Probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, is authorised to discharge, in the

Tipperra and Noakhali.

districts of Tipperra and Noakhali, the functions of a Revenue officer under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer under Chapter VI, Part I, of the rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act in respect of the aforesaid areas.

No. 1750 L.R.—The 14th February 1920.—Whereas the Governor in Council by an order No. 6929 L.R., dated the 25th August 1919, published at page 1326, Part I. of the *Calcutta*

Midnapore.

Gazette, of the 27th August 1919, notified for general information that the estimate of the probable expenses to be incurred in respect of the repairs, maintenance and works connected therewith of the Bistupur Embankment, in the district of Midnapore, for a period of twenty years commencing from the 1st April 1918, amounts, at the rate of Rs. 7,500 per annum, to Rs. 1,50,000:

And whereas as required by section 63 of the Bengal Embankment Act 1882 (Act II of 1882), this estimate was locally published from the 22nd September 1919 to the 11th October 1919, with a general notice calling on all persons interested to prefer to the Collector of Midnapore any objections they might think proper against such amount being fixed as the total sum payable:

And whereas the Collector of Midnapore has reported that no objections have been preferred thereto, the Governor in Council is pleased, under section 63 of the Bengal Embankment Act, 1882 (Act II of 1882), to fix the estimated amount of Rs. 1,50,000 as the sum payable during the period of twenty years, commencing from the 1st April 1918, by the zamindars of the estates benefited by such repairs, maintenance and works.

No. 1841L.R.—The 16th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (b) of clause 7 of section 3 of the **Mymensingh.** Land Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act VII of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to adopt the villages lying within the administrative units of the Mymensingh district as surveyed and recorded under the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in accordance with notification No. 2787R., dated the 8th December 1908, as defining mauzas for the purposes of that clause in that district.

No. 1852L.R.—The 17th February 1920.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), Mr. Nrisinha Ranjan Mukharji, Deputy Collector, **24-Parganas.** is appointed to discharge, in the district of the 24-Parganas, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights.

He is also vested with the powers of an Assistant Settlement Officer under Chapter VI, Part I, of the Rules under the Bengal Tenancy Act in respect of the aforesaid area.

No. 1854L.A.—The 17th February 1920.—Babu Satamanyu Mukharji, Deputy Collector, Midnapore Sadar, is vested with the **Midnapore.** powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that district.

No. 1850Jug.—The 17th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by the Bengal Districts Act, 1864 (Bengal Act IV of 1864), and in modification of so much of Home Department notification No. 4397, dated the 13th July 1863, published at page 2016 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, as relates to the common boundary between zillas Nadia and the 24-Parganas, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the villages specified in the following schedule which were hitherto included in the zilla of Nadia shall be included in the zilla of the 24-Parganas, and the common boundary between the two zillas shall be a line following the northern boundaries of these villages :—

Schedule.

Names of villages.	General jurisdiction list number of thana Chakdah.		
Jaunpur	132
Paladaha	133

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1804 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for widening the Grand Trunk Road, Salkia, in the village of Salkia, pargana Paikan, zilla Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .025 of an acre, bounded on the—

Howrah.

North—By the land of Uttam Chandra Ghosh,

East—By the lands of Uttam Chandra Ghosh and Subal Chandra Chandra,

South—By the land of Subal Chandra Chandra,

West—By the Grand Trunk Road.

is required within the aforesaid village of Salkia.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Covenanted Deputy Collector of Howrah.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1807 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of the 24-Parganas, for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of Ichapur khal, in the villages of Talati, Mathurapur, Babanpur, Khoyrapur and Nababganj, parganas Habilishabar, Arsha and Calcutta, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 54.4452 acres, commencing from chainage marked 0.00 from the villages Talati and Mathurapur, in the plan ending at chainage 145.00 at villages Nababganj and Khoyrapur with an uniform width of 171 feet passing through the villages of Talati, Mathurapur, Babanpur, Khoyrapur and Nababganj, is required within the aforesaid villages of Talati, Mathurapur, Babanpur, Khoyrapur and Nababganj.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Circular and Eastern Canals Division, as well as in that of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Alipore.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1810 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Corporation of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz., for widening Ballygunj Circular Road at premises No. 35, Ballygunj Circular Road, in the village of Gurcha, pargana • Dihi Panchannagram, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the

above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1531 acre, bounded on the—

PLOT No. A.

North, East and West—By Ballygunj Circular Road.

South—By the remaining portion of premises No. 35, Ballygunj Circular Road.

PLOT No. B.

North—By Ballygunj Circular Road.

East, South and West—By the remaining portion of premises No. 35, Ballygunj Circular Road.

PLOT No. C.

North, East and West—By Ballygunj Circular Road.

South—By the remaining portion of premises No. 35, Ballygunj Circular Road.

is required within the aforesaid village of Gurcha.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1813 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the Konnagore outpost compound, in the village of Konnagore, pargana Boro, zilla Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 101 of an acre, bounded on the—

PLOT "A":

North and West—By the lands of Lalit Kumar, Mohit Kumar, Sarat Kumar and Amarnath Dev,

South—By the Konnagore outpost compound,

East—By the Grade Trunk Road,

PLOT "B":

North and West—By the lands of Lalit Kumar, Mohit Kumar, Sarat Kumar and Amarnath Dev,

South and East—By the Konnagore outpost compound,

are required within the aforesaid village of Konnagore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Hooghly.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1816 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening some portion of Amligola road in Dacca town, in the mahalla of Amligola, parganas Ibrahimpur, Makimabad and Jahangirnagar, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose four pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, '0268 of an acre, bounded on the—

BLOCK No. I :

North—By the Daltibazar lane and the remaining portion of the house of Kailash Chandra Shaha,

East—By the remaining portion of the house of Kailash Chandra Shaha and municipal *mehtars*' passage,

South—By the Amligola road,

West—By the Daltibazar lane.

BLOCK No. II :

North—By the remaining portion of the house of Indra Mohan Gope,

East—By the municipal lane,

South—By the Amligola road,

West—By the house of Akshoy Kumar Shaha,

BLOCK No. III :

North—By the Amligola road,

East—By the Kazi Rezuddin road,

South and West—By the remaining portion of the house of Gagan Chandra Gope,

BLOCK No. IV :

North—By the Amligola road,

East—By the municipal *ghat* lane,

South and West—By the remaining portion of the house of Girish Chandra Das.

are required within the aforesaid mahalla of Amligola.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1819 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Midnapore.

Midnapore for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a rest house

in the villages of Khulneswari and Dakhin-Charai-Khia, pargana Majnamutha, zilla Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, '48 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the District Board road (No. 12),

East—By the lands of Sankar Sow and Durga Prasad Paria,

South—By the paddy lands of Chintamoni Das and others,

West—By the *grambhery* of Khulneswari,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Khulneswari and Dakhin-Charai-Khia.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act 1 of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Contai.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1822 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for opening a drain at Alamgunj, Dacca, in the mahalla of Alamgunj, pargana Makinabad, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, '0072 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the remaining portion of the land of Piar Baksha,

East—By the municipal outlet,

South—By the house of Elahi Baksha,

West—By the municipal lane.

is required within the aforesaid mahalla of Alamgunj.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1825 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Tippera for a public purpose, viz., for the re-excavation of a tank in the village of Shabazpur, pargana Sarail, zilla Tippera, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1'172 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the burial ground and Sukur Mahamed's land,

East—By the lands of Sukur Mahamed, Nezu, Moulvi Jamaladdy and Nasaraddy,

South—By the lands of Badaraddy and Shiraj,

West—By the lands of Azgarali, Rebanaddy and Velu Mea,

is required within the aforesaid village of Shabazpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Tippera.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1828 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Corporation of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz., for widening Nimtolla Ghat Street to the prescribed road line at No. 19, Nimtolla Ghat Street, in the town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, '0146 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and East—By Nimtolla Ghat Street,

South—By the remaining portion of premises No. 19, Nimtolla Ghat Street,

• *West*—By 18-1, Nimtolla Ghat Street,

is required within the aforesaid town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, No. 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1831 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Corporation of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz., for widening out Nandan Lane to 30 feet, in the village of Bhawanipur, pargana Dihi Panchannagram, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land measuring, more or less, '0292 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the remaining portion of premises No. 13, Russa Road, north,

East—By Russa Road, north,

South—By Russa Road, north,

West—By premises No. 14, Russa Road, north, and the remaining portion of premises No. 13, Russa Road, north,

is required within the aforesaid village of Bhawanipur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, No. 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1834 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken

24-Parganas.

by Government at the expense of the District Board of the 24-Parganas for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of Nowee channel, in the villages of Kharibere, Metegacha, Dewrah, Rajbari, Jajirah, Chandigari, Ganganagar, Saharah, Parulia, Chandipur, Gootchra, Penera, Taldhara, Kapasia, Ahira, Mallikpur, Jamtagor, Chaur, Shaimana, Jalsuka, Rasidpur, Sarhati, Tababari and Berabari, pargana Anarpur, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 270·0444 acres, commencing from chainage marked 5·000 from the village Kharibere in the plan, ending at chainage 95·800 at village Berabari, with a width varying from 72 feet to 276 feet, passing through villages of Kharibere, Metegacha, Dewrah, Rajbari, Jajirah, Chandigari, Ganganagar, Saharah, Parulia, Chandipur, Gootchra, Penera, Taldhara, Kapasia, Ahira, Mallikpur, Jamtagor, Chaur, Shaimana, Jalsuka, Rasidpur, Sarhati, Tababari and Berabari, is required within the aforesaid villages of Kharibere, Metegacha, Dewrah, Rajbari, Jajirah, Chandigari, Ganganagar, Saharah, Parulia, Chandipur, Gootchra, Penera, Taldhara, Kapasia, Ahira, Mallikpur, Jamtagor, Chaur, Shaimana, Jalsuka, Rasidpur, Sarhati, Tababari and Berabari.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Alipore, 24-Parganas, and in that of the Executive Engineer, Circular and Eastern Canals Division.

M. C. MCALPIN.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1838 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken

Calcutta.

by Government at the expense of the Corporation of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of Sir Stuart Hogg Market on the north of Karabardan Lane, in the town of Calcutta, pargana Dihi Panchannagram, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 5514 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By premises Nos. 10, 11, 14-5, 14-6, and 15, Market Street,

East—By premises Nos. 14-3, 14-4, and 14-5 Market Street, Free School Street and Karabardan Lane.

South—By Karabardan Lane.

West—By corporation land and premises No. 14-6 Market Street,

is required within the aforesaid town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, No. 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1847 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the I. C. High School at Baliati, in the village of Baliati, pargana Durgapur, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 9·43 acres, bounded on the—

Dacca.

North—By the dry *khal*,

East—By the Local Board road,

South—By the remaining portion of the land of Syama Charan Karmaker, lands of Syama Charan Karmaker and Banka Saha,

West—By the road and dry *khal*.

is required within the aforesaid village of Baliati.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Manikganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1844 L.A.—The 16th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for widening the Pichaboni khal, in the villages of Chhata Padmapur (pargana Bhograi), Paikbar (pargana Bhograi), Katmundi (pargana Bhograi), Maithuna Paikbar (pargana Bhograi), Mandarpur (pargana Bhograi), Silampur (pargana Majumutha), Tetul Tala (pargana Bhograi), Uttarkalyanpur (pargana Dakshinmal), Routara (pargana Dakshinmal), Badalpur (pargana Sariefabad), Ghol (pargana Bhograi), Uttarsitala (pargana Kalindibalisai), in the Contai subdivision of the district of Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a stretch of land measuring, more or less, 115·49 acres, comprising in part or whole of the settlement plots noted below, is required within the aforesaid villages :—

Midnapore.

CHHATA PADMAPUR.

Nos. 554 (whole), 556 (whole), 555 (whole), 1875, 557, 573, 1868, 574, 577, 578, 583, 633 (whole), 634 (whole), 614, 635 (whole), 632 (whole), 584, 629, 630, 631, 1189, 1188, 1187, 1181, 1180, 1836, 1164, 1163, 1162, 1161, 1160, 1139, 1138, 1137, 290, 288, 289, 2042 (whole), 2041 (whole), 2040 (whole), 2039 (whole), 2038 (whole), 2037 (whole), 2036 (whole), 2035 (whole), 2034 (whole), 2033 (whole), 2032 (whole), 2031 (whole), 2030 (whole), 2029 (whole), 2028 (whole), 2027 (whole), 2025, 2026 (whole), 326, 325, 324, 322, 1881, 316, 313, 312, 307, 306, 300, 299, 297, 296, 294, 293, 291, 399, 400, 146, 145, 144, 2009 (whole), 2010 (whole), 2011 (whole), 2012 (whole), 2013 (whole), 2014 (whole), 2015 (whole), 2016 (whole), 2017 (whole), 2018 (whole), 84 (whole), 2019 (whole), 2020 (whole), 2021 (whole), 2022 (whole), 2023 (whole), 2024 (whole), 825, 21, 22, 23, 25, 24 (whole), 26, 63, 64, 1880, 67 (whole), 68, 76 (whole), 74, 75, 77 (whole), 78, 79, 83, 2052, 85, 86, 87, 88, 133, 134, 136 and 138.

PAIKBAR.

Nos. 1, 2, 3 (whole), 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 (whole), 13, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 273, 28, 29, 224, 30, 147, 148, 149 and 151.

KATMUNDI.

Nos. 454(whole), 385(whole), 101, 386, 476, 105, 452, 455(whole), 451, 101, 102, 459, 371, 458(whole), 460(whole), 100(whole), 98, 99(whole), 97, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 475, 205, 474, 428(whole), 207, 472(whole), 206, 208(whole), 209, 339, 274, 275, 394, 361, 77, 395, 420,(whole), 364(whole), 365/398, 365, 210, 96(whole), 468(whole).

MAITHUNA PAIKBAR.

Nos. 45/96, 45, 46(whole), 17, 47/108, 48 and 71.

MANDARPUR.

Nos. 385, 19, 20, 21, 29 and 18.

SILAMPUR.

Nos. 1, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 17, 4, 18, 11, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 53, 54(whole), 56, 58, 55 and 59.

TETUL TALA.

Nos. 1099, 1092, 1098, (whole plot) 1091, 1090, 844, 848, 1045 and 813.

UTTARKALYANPUR.

Nos. 2(whole), 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11(whole), 12 and 15.

ROUTARA.

Nos. 1 (whole), 2, 3 (whole), 4, 5 (whole), 6 (whole), 7 (whole), 13 (whole), 8 (whole), 9 (whole), 10 (whole), 11 and 12.

BADALPUR.

Nos. 1, 6, 10, 11, 14, 15, 19 (whole), 18, 20, 21 (whole), 22, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34 (whole), 35 (whole), 36, 39 (whole), 38, 40, 41, 43, 47, 48, 49, 50, 54, 33, 55, 58, 59 (whole), 60, 64 (whole), 63, 65 (whole), 69 (whole), 68, 70 (whole), 71, 73, 201 (whole), 202 (whole), 205 (whole), 206 (whole), 208, 207 (whole), 238, 240, 241/343, 241, 242, 243, 244 (whole), 245 (whole), 246 (whole), 324, 228, 247 (whole), 305, 306, 307, 248 (whole), 254 (whole), 255 (whole), 326, 265, 266, 268 and 267.

GHOL.

Nos. 458 (whole), 459, 761 (whole), 457, 760 (whole), 456, 759 (whole), 449 (whole), 450, 451, 448 (whole) and 758 (whole).

UTTARSITALA.

Nos. 475 (whole), 3, 2 (whole), 4, 18, 19, 20, 21 (whole), 22, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37 (whole), 40 (whole), 430, 38, 429, 39, 489, 492, 431 and 41.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act 1 of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Contai.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1856 L.A.—The 17th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Improvement Trust for a public purpose, viz. for a rehousing scheme (the model

dwelling site at No. 20, Karbala Tank Lane), in the town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1.4265 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the remaining portion of premises No. 20, Karbala Tank Lane, and premises No. 19, Karbala Tank Lane,

East—By premises No. 147, Circular Road (Upper), and premises Nos. 16 and 19, Karbala Tank Lane, and Karbala Tank Lane,

South—By premises No. 19, Karbala Tank Lane, and Karbala Tank Lane,

West—By Pyara Bagan Street,

is required within the aforesaid town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, No. 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1646 Regn.—The 12th February 1920.—The following promotions and confirmations are sanctioned in the grades of Sub-Registrars:—

Promoted substantively to the first grade.

Babu Jatindra Nath Mukharji with effect from the 24th December 1918, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Qadir, retired.

Promoted substantively to the second grade.

Babu Ananda Lal Gangali with effect from the 24th December 1919, *vice* Babu Jatindra Nath Mukharji, promoted to the first grade.

Promoted substantively to the third grade.

Babu Ambika Charan Sen with effect from the 27th October 1919, *vice* Babu Juanendra Nath Guha, deceased.

Maulvi Ghulam Arab Ali Khan with effect from the 24th December 1919, *vice* Babu Ananda Lal Gangali, promoted to the second grade.

Confirmed in the fourth grade.

Maulvi Abdul Lari with effect from the 27th October 1919, *vice* Babu Ambika Charan Sen, promoted to the third grade.

Babu Sachindra Nath Ghosh with effect from the 24th December 1919, *vice* Maulvi Ghulam Arab Ali Khan, promoted to the third grade.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to the fourth grade.

Babu Bhupendra Nath Gupta with effect from the 27th October 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Bari, confirmed in the fourth grade.

Maulvi Mahbubar Rahman with effect from the 15th November 1919, consequent on the creation of an appointment substantive *pro tempore* in the fourth grade on account of the opening of the Joint Sub-Registry office at Narainganj experimentally for six months.

Babu Nripendra Kumar Ghosh with effect from the 24th December 1919, *vice* Babu Sachindra Nath Ghosh, confirmed in the fourth grade.

The following Probationers who have passed the Departmental Examination held on the 17th and 18th November 1919 are promoted to the fifth grade :—

1. Maulvi Khundkar Abu Muhammad Fazlul Karim.
2. „ Abul Khair Asadulla.
3. „ A. S. M. Abdul Baqui.
4. Babu Phanindra Kumar Mitra.
5. „ Bholanath Bhattacharji.
6. Maulvi Sheikh Nakitullah.
7. „ Muhammad Afzal.
8. „ Muhammad Reazuddin.
9. Babu Nirmal Chandra Mazumdar.
10. „ Ananga Mohan Ray.
11. Maulvi Muhammad Yasin.
12. „ Anwar Ali.
13. „ Gholam Kasem.
14. „ Gholam Hussain.

No. 1642 Regn.—The 12th February 1920.—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 7 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), the Governor in Council is pleased to establish as an experimental measure for one year from the 1st March 1920 an office at Comilla, in the district of Tippera, to be styled the office of the second Joint Sub-Registrar of Tippera, having concurrent jurisdiction with the Sadar office.

Tippera.

No. 1755 Regn.—The 14th February 1920.—Under the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 7 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), the Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the permanent retention of the office of the Second Joint Sub-Registrar of Howrah in the district of Howrah having concurrent jurisdiction with the Sadar office at Howrah.

Howrah.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 353 Edu.—The 12th February 1920.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Bengal Government Engineering College at Sibpur, hitherto known as the “Civil Engineering College, Sibpur,” is now designated “The Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur”.

Howrah.

No. 355 Edu.—The 12th February 1920.—Mr. W. E. Griffith is appointed to act as Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, with effect from the 2nd January 1920, *vice* Mr. H. E. Stapleton, on special duty.

Dacca.

No. 37 Eccle.—The 12th February 1920.—The Reverend H. O. Penley, Chaplain of Barrackpore, is appointed to be Chaplain of St. James' Church, Calcutta, with effect from the 2nd February 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may take over charge of his duties.

No. 40 Eccle.—The 12th February 1920.—The following notification of the Government of the Punjab is published for general information.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 2663 General, dated Lahore the 28th January 1920.

NOTIFICATION—By the Government of the Punjab, Revenue Department.

THE services of the Reverend E. W. P. Keeling, Chaplain of Sabathu, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 1st February 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may relinquish charge of his duties at Sabathu.

No. 42 Eccle.—The 12th February 1920.—The Reverend E. W. P. Keeling, a Chaplain on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, on his transfer from the Punjab, is appointed to be Chaplain of St. Thomas' Church, Calcutta, with effect from the 11th February 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may take over charge of his duties.

No. 45 Eccle.—The 12th February 1920.—The services of the Reverend E. J. Young, Chaplain of St. Thomas' Church, Calcutta, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 11th February 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved of his duties.

No. 49 Eccl.—The 12th February 1920.—The Reverend P. Higham, Chaplain of Dum-Dum, is appointed to be Chaplain of 24-Parganas. Barrackpur, in addition to his own duties as Chaplain of Dum-Dum, with effect from the 2nd February 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may take over charge of his duties.

No. 52 Eccl.—The 14th February 1920.—The following notification of the Government of India, Department of Education (Ecclesiastical) is republished for general information.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 1, dated Delhi, the 2nd January 1920.

NOTIFICATION—By the Government of India, Department of Education (Ecclesiastical).

The Reverend Percy Erskine Lee has been appointed to be a Chaplain on probation on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 414 S.R.—The 11th February 1920.—Babu Tarini Charan Sarkar, Sub-Inspector of Excise and Salt, Midnapore, acted as an Inspector of Excise and Salt from the 6th to 13th January 1920, *vice* Mr. P. M. Pogose on leave.

No. 2584 Mis.—The 12th February 1920.—In continuation of Notification No. 326 Mis., dated the 10th January 1920, the following two candidates are also declared to have passed the supplementary examination held in November 1919 for clerkships in the lower division of the clerical service of this Secretariat:—

- (1) Babu Dinesh Chandra Das Gupta.
- (2) „ Robindra Nath Roy.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 342 Medl.—The 16th February 1920.—On return from military duty
Calcutta. 1st class Military Assistant Surgeon L. McCurtis is appointed to be Apothecary at the Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, with effect from the 1st February 1920.

No. 344 Medl.—The 16th February 1920.—On return from military duty
Jessore. 1st class Military Assistant Surgeon S. J. V. Fox, Civil Surgeon, is posted to Jessore, with effect from the afternoon of the 31st January 1920.

No. 346 Medl.—The 16th February 1920.—Khan Bahadur Maulvi Shaikh Ilahi Buksh, Civil Surgeon, is transferred from Jessore
Jessore.
Malda. to Malda, with effect from the afternoon of the 10th February 1920.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 360 Medl.—The 16th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (ii) of section 69B of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and clause (k) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendments in the rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, published under notification No. 138-T.-Medl., dated the 7th June 1915, at pages 1052—1066 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 9th idem, as subsequently modified, namely:—

For clauses (i) and (ii) of rule 50 substitute the following:—

“50. (i) Qualified compounders employed in classes I, II and III dispensaries will draw pay at the rate of Rs. 20 per mensem, rising by annual increments of Re. 1 to Rs. 30 a month.”

“50. (ii) In selected cases the pay may, with the approval of the Surgeon-General in the case of class III institutions, and with the sanction of Government in the case of classes I and II institutions, be fixed at any other rate subject to a maximum of Rs. 35, provided that if it be incremental it shall ordinarily rise by annual increments of Re. 1 to the maximum of Rs. 35.”

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1665A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1624A.—The 16th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

(a) to confer upon Maulvi Mubarak Ali Chaudhuri the powers of a
Malda. Magistrate of the third class, in the district
 of Malda, for a period of three years from
 the 21th February 1920, and

(b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Sadar bench in the said district.

POWERS.

No. 1451A.—The 10th February 1920.—Babu Jyotish Chandra Sen,
Dacca. Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this
 date, been posted to the headquarters station of the
 Dacca district, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class
 and with power under section 110 of the Code of Criminal Procedure. He
 is also vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in
 section 260 of the Code.

No. 1453A.—The 10th February 1920.—In exercise of the power con-
Dacca. ferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of
 Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is
 pleased to empower Babu Jyotish Chandra Sen, a Magistrate of the first
 class in the district of Dacca, to order, at the time of passing sentence of
 imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the
 residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be
 notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

No. 1486A.—The 12th February 1920.—Babu Mahendra Nath Kundu,
Midnapore. Deputy Magistrate, Midnapore, is vested with powers,
 under sections 190 (1) (c) and 524 of the Code of Criminal
 Procedure.

No. 1535A.—The 12th February 1920.—Babu Khirad Lal Mukharji,
Hooghly. Deputy Magistrate, Hooghly, is vested, under section
 407 (2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, with power
 to hear appeals from the decision of the Magistrates of the second and third
 classes.

No. 1590A.—The 16th February 1920.—In exercise of the power con-
Darjeeling. ferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of
 Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is
 pleased to empower Babu Hiran Lal Mukharji, a Magistrate of the first class,
 in the district of Darjeeling, to order, at the time of passing sentence of
 imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the resi-
 dence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as
 provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

No. 1592A.—The 16th February 1920.—In exercise of the power con-
Dinajpur. ferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of
 Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is
 pleased to empower Maulvi Abdul Majid (No. III), a Magistrate of the first
 class, in the district of Dinajpur, to order, at the time of passing sentence
 of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the
 residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified
 as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

No. 1596A.—The 16th February 1920.—Mr. A. deC. Williams, I.C.S.,
Murshidabad. Assistant Magistrate, Murshidabad, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 1637A.—The 17th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Maulvi Ifazuddin Ahmad the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Bakarganj, for a period of three years from the 23rd February 1920, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Dakshin Shabazpur subdivision of the said district.

No. 1656A.—The 17th February 1920.—Mr. F. Roddis, officiating
Calcutta. Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, Bengal, who has, under the orders of this date, been appointed to act as a Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is appointed, under the provisions of section 23 of Act V of 1898, to act as a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the town of Calcutta.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 757J.—The 16th February 1920.—Babu Girija Bhusan Sen, munsif, who is now acting as Subordinate Judge, Faridpur, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Hooghly, to be ordinarily stationed at Amta.
Faridpur.
Hooghly.

No. 760J.—The 16th February 1920.—Babu Rama Prasad Maitra, munsif of Amta, in the district of Hooghly, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional Subordinate Judge, Chittagong.
Hooghly.
Chittagong.

No. 763J.—The 16th February 1920.—Babu Jyotirindra Narayan Bagehi, B.L., who recently acted as a munsif at Habiganj, in the district of Sylhet, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of Faridpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Goalundo.
Faridpur.

No. 765J.—The 16th February 1920.—Maulvi Paziruddin Ahmad, munsif of Goalundo, in the district of Faridpur, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Rangpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Gaibandha, and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Gaibandha munsif.
Faridpur.
Rangpur.

No. 768J.—The 16th February 1920.—Babu Narendra Nath Ghosh, munsif of Gaibandha, in the district of Rangpur, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge, Faridpur, *vice* Mr. Iradatulla.
Rangpur.
Faridpur.

No. 773J.—The 17th February 1920.—Babu Gyanendra Mohan Das, munsif, now acting as Additional Subordinate Judge, Sylhet, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge, Birbhum, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Chatterji, No. I, about to retire.
Birbhum.

LEAVE.

No. 630J.—The 31st January 1920.—Maulvi Saiyid-ur Rahman, munsif of Hooghly, is allowed leave till the 15th January 1920, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 7th November 1919.
Hooghly.

No. 687J.—The 14th February 1920.—Babu Nagendra Nath Ghosh, Subordinate Judge of Bakarganj, is allowed leave up to the 14th February 1920 (inclusive), under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave already granted to him under the orders of the 19th January 1920 and the 5th February 1920.

Bakarganj.

POWERS.

No. 690J.—The 14th February 1920.—Babu Thakur Das Banarji, munsif of Vishnupur, in the district of Bankura, is vested with the functions of a District Court, under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of Vishnupur munsifi.

Bankura.

G. N. ROY,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 731J.—The 16th February 1920—For the proviso to clause (b) of rule 27, sub-rule (2), published under notification No. 4700J., dated the 10th November 1919, at page 1779, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th idem, read as follows:—

“Provided also that where in any estate the realisations did not exceed Rs. 500 per half year by way of corpus, there should be no audit charge debitable to such estate or account.”

No. 733J.—The 16th February 1920.—For the proviso to clause (b) of rule 22, published under notification No. 4701J., dated the 10th November 1919, at page 1780, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th idem, read as follows:—

“Provided also that where in any trust the realisations did not exceed Rs. 500 per half year by way of corpus, there should be no audit charge debitable to such trust or account.”

No. 735J.—The 16th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 13 of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the villages of Jaunpur and Paladaha, jurisdiction lists Nos. 132 and 133, respectively, shall henceforth be excluded from the local limits of the Ranaghat munsifi, in the district of Nadia, and shall be included within the local limits of the Barasat munsifi, in the district of the 24-Parganas.

Nadia.

24-Parganas.

G. N. ROY,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

POLICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 620P.J.—The 12th February 1920.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Governor of Bengal in Council has been pleased to direct that the Kaorgan police-station in the Dacca district shall henceforth be designated the Tezgaon police-station.

Dacca.

No. 648J.—The 12th February 1920.—The following draft of amendments which, in exercise of the power conferred by section 11 of the Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1914 (VIII of 1914), read with section 21 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897), the Governor in Council proposes to make in the rules

Calcutta.
Howrah.

regulating the use of motor vehicles in Calcutta (including suburbs) and the Municipality of Howrah (published under Political Department notification No. 4095P., dated the 1st April 1915, on pages 1—25 of the *Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary* of the same date), is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

11. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 31st March 1920, and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned with regard thereto before that date will be duly considered.

Draft amendments.

(1) After rule 2 in Part IV of the said Rules (Motor-Cabs—"Taxis") *insert* the following as a new rule:—

"2A. The following measurements and requirements for a motor-cab should be adhered to:—

CHASSIS, WHEEL-BASE.—Should in all cases be so proportioned that skidding or other improper movements shall be as far as possible avoided.

If it is found that a motor-cab skids unduly or cannot be held under proper control, the Commissioner may serve a notice on the proprietor not to use the vehicle, and may refuse to license the vehicle again until the defects have been remedied.

CHASSIS, SPRINGS.—The springs of the chassis must be properly hung, and must be of sufficient strength and flexibility to meet all likely contingencies. Those springs carrying the load must be attached to, or bear upon the back axle, as near to the wheels as possible; the distance between the outsides of the rear springs shall not be less than 40 inches. The front springs must be as wide apart as possible, but not less than 26 inches from outside to outside.

BODY.—

Height.—Inside, from the top of the seat cushions to the hood at the lowest part, or, where the wind-screens are attached to the hood frame, must not be less than 40 inches.

Width.—Inside at any point must not be less than 40 inches.

BODY, LANDAUETTE OR OPEN TOURING PATTERN.—

Height.—Inside from the top of the seat cushions to the hood at the lowest part must not be less than 40 inches.

Width.—Minimum must not be less than 40 inches.

Width of doorway must not be less than 21 inches and the door must be so constructed that it opens to the fullest extent and causes no inconvenience to passengers.

Width.—Where the cab is provided with front and back seats the measurement between the front edges of the cushions must not be less than 19 inches.

Width of front seat.—Not less than 14 inches, and of back seat not less than 16 inches.

The total overall length of the chassis and body must in no case exceed 14 feet, nor the extreme breadth be greater than 5 feet 9 inches.

Horse power.—Maximum 20 horse power.

Cushions.—All cushions must be provided with clean cushion covers.

Paint.—The paint must be clean and of a uniform colour and must be properly varnished.

Hood.—The hood must be of the 'one-man' pattern."

(2) For rule 6A in Part IV of the said Rules (Motor-Cabs—"Taxis") *substitute* the following:—

"6A—No person other than the actual driver shall be employed on a taxi-cab as an attendant or otherwise."

No. 746 P.J.—The 16th February 1920.—The Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the establishment of an investigating centre at Bijpur in the district of the 24-Parganas.

2. In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included within the Naihati police-station in the district of the 24-Parganas, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare the said investigating centre to be a police-station and to include in it the villages specified in the following Schedule :—

Schedule.

Names of villages.	General jurisdiction list number of thana Naihati.	Names of villages.	General jurisdiction list number of thana Naihati.
Gangabati or Mobarak-pur	1	Malancha	29
Kanchrapara	2	Jamunabati	31
Malliker Bag	3	Nanna	32
Bahir Bag	4	Bijnai	33
Bijpur	5	Dariala	37
Nandanbati	6	Dharampur	38
Chakla	7	Chak Patti Kappa	39
Madhabbati	8	Joyrambati	40
Jitai	9	Srotribati	41
Balibhara	10	Kampa	42
Iswarinagar	11	Patti Kappa	43
Khasbati	12	Nakdaha	44
Krishnagar or Kamdeb-nagar	13	Naubila	45
Kalikapur	14	Palashi	46
Bhandarkola	15	Siddheswarbati	47
Barulia	16	Rambhadrapur	48
Kona	17	Srikrishnabati	49
Durgapur	18	Balarambati	50
Rampur	25	Patti Daibagyanagar	51
Gopinathpur	26	Chak Daibagyanagar	52
Biseshwarbati	27	Majpara, Digbola, Kundupara	53
Malancha	28	Sauragachi	54

No. 747 P.J.—The 16th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Chakdah police-station in the district of Nadia, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the villages specified in the following Schedule which have hitherto been included in that police-station, shall be included in the police-station Bijpur in the district of the 24-Parganas :—

Schedule.

Names of villages.	General Jurisdiction list number of thana Chakdah.
Jaunpur	132
Paladaha	133

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JAILS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 748 P.J.—The 16th February 1920.—Mr. G. Sircar, Vakil, High Court, Calcutta, is appointed to be a non-official visitor of the Juvenile Jail and of the New Central Jail at Alipore.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The 14th February 1920.

No. 17 Marine.—Under section 28 (1) of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1883 (V of 1883), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, it is notified for general information that the following clause relative to the definition of the term “cold weather” is added to the foot-note of the scale of provisions for lascars published under this Government notification No. 42 Marine, dated the 7th April 1919, as amended by notification No. 119 Marine, dated the 20th September 1919.

“Cold weather” should be defined as follows :—

- (a) in the Northern Hemisphere during the months, October to March inclusive; and north of latitude 20° N in the China Sea and Pacific Ocean, the Persian Gulf, the Mediterranean and Black Seas, and north of 30° N in the Atlantic, and
- (b) in the Southern Hemisphere during the months, May to September, inclusive, and south of 30° S.

C. B. BAYLEY,

Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 14th February 1920.

No. 18 Marine.—The following draft of amendment which, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Governor in Council proposes to make in the rules under section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, for regulating the importation, possession and transport of carbide of calcium in Bengal, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 18th March 1920, and any objections or suggestions with regard thereto, which are received by the undersigned before that date, will be duly considered :—

Draft Amendment.

After rule 3 in Part I of the said rules, the following shall be inserted as rule 3A :—

“The contents of vessels containing carbide of calcium which are not packed as required by rule 3 or which are broken or defective will be liable to be drowned in deep water in the harbour at the expense of the consignee under instructions from the Collector of Customs.”

C. B. BAYLEY,

Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 17th February 1920.

No. 19 Marine—Notification.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1859 (I of 1859), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased to make, in supersession of the previous rules on the subject, the following rules for the conduct of examinations for Masters and Mates of Foreign-going ships and Home-trade ships and as to the qualifications to be required.

2. Notification No. 113 Marine, dated the 14th November 1910, as subsequently amended, is hereby cancelled.

C. B. BAYLEY,

Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE EXAMINATION OF MASTERS AND MATES.

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL RULES.

1. **Authority for Regulations.**—These regulations are issued in pursuance of Act I of 1859, as amended by Act V of 1883.

By sections 9 and 10 of that Act provision is made for holding examinations for the grant of certificates of competency and power is given to the Local Government with the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council to make rules for the conduct of such examinations and the qualifications of the applicants.

In accordance with section 13 of the same Act no foreign-going ship* or home-trade ship* of a burthen exceeding 300 tons is allowed to go to sea from any port in India, unless the master and one officer besides the master have obtained and possess valid and appropriate certificates either of competency or service under that Act or under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, and whoever, having been engaged to serve as Master or Mate, goes to sea as afore said as such Master or Mate, without being at the time entitled to and possessed of such a certificate, and whoever employs any person as such Master or Mate without ascertaining that he is at the time entitled to and possessed of such certificate is, for each such offence, liable to a penalty of Rs. 500.

2. **Time and place of examinations.**—The times and places at which examinations are held are shown in Appendix A.

3. **How to apply.**—Candidates for examination must fill up a form of application (Form Exn. 2) at the Port Office. The form, properly filled in, together with the candidate's testimonials and discharges, must be lodged with the Port Officer, Calcutta, not later than the day before the day of examination; and the candidate must conform to any regulations in this respect which may be laid down by the Local Government. The discharges and testimonials should be handed in, together with the form of application, as many days as possible before the date of the examination which the candidate desires to attend. In the absence of the necessary verification the candidate cannot be examined.

The Examiner should be particularly careful to ascertain that there are no gaps in the candidate's service which are not properly accounted for, before he is allowed up for examination.

4. **How to apply in special cases.**—In cases where a candidate is in doubt whether his service complies with the Regulations, and wishes to submit his case for special consideration, all certificates, discharges, and testimonials, together with the form of application* properly filled in, should be submitted to the Port Officer. If necessary, the officer will, after seeing that all the required information is clearly set forth in the papers, forward them with his observations to the Local Government for decision.

5. **Inquiries.**—All other inquiries regarding examinations should be made and dealt with in the same way. The point on which information is sought should be clearly stated, and certificates, discharges, testimonials, etc., should be forwarded when they are material to the inquiry.

* "Foreign-going ship" includes every ship employed in trading between any port of the territories which are or may become vested in His Majesty by the Statutes 21 and 22, Vic., C. 106, entitled "An Act for the Better Government of India," and any port or place not in the said territories, nor on the Continent of India, nor in the Straits Settlements, nor in the Island of Ceylon; and "Home Trade Ship" includes every ship employed in trading between any ports of the said territories, or between any port of the said territories and any port or place on the Continent of India or in the Straits Settlements or in the Island of Ceylon.

6. Nature of service determined by actual position on board ship.—Sea service, in the foreign or home trade, cannot be regarded as qualifying for examination for certificates of competency unless it can be verified by reference to the articles of the ship on which it was performed, e.g., service claimed by testimonial or otherwise to have been as Mate when the actual rating as shown by the articles was only that of boatswain or other petty officer will not be accepted where officer's service is required. Where service as First (or Second) Mate is required to qualify for examination the candidate must actually have held the executive position next (or next but one) to the Master.

Candidates who represent themselves as having served in a higher capacity than that actually held in the ship render themselves liable to prosecution.

In this connection examiners should remember that it has been a common practice for officers to be rated on ship's articles as "Second Mate," although in reality they were only Third or Fourth Mates and acted in one of those positions on board ship.

In every case where a candidate for a Master's certificate of competency claims service as Second Mate, he should be requested to make a declaration in Divn. H of the Form Exn. 2*, to the effect that during his service as Second Mate he had only one officer over him, or if more than one, that a Third and Fourth Mate were also carried.

If the service claimed is as "auxiliary Second Mate" the candidate should be required to state the number of officers serving in a junior capacity.

A candidate with First Mate's service should make a declaration that he was the senior officer under the Master, or if not, he must comply with the requirements of rule 83, as it has been found that in some cases the Second Mate has been signed on the articles as First Mate, the proper First Mate being called chief officer simply for examination purposes.

It must be clearly understood that the amount of service laid down in the Regulations for each grade of certificate of competency is the absolute minimum that can be accepted, and unless a candidate can show the full amount he must in no case be allowed up for examination.

7. Age.—Should any doubt exist as to the age of a candidate he will be required to produce a certificate of birth.

8. Testimonials required.—Testimonials to character, including sobriety, and to experience and ability, on board ship for at least the last twelve months of sea service preceding the date of application to be examined, will be required of all candidates, and without producing them no person will be examined.

9. Penalty for misconduct.—Candidates who have neglected to join their vessels after having signed articles, or who have deserted their vessels after having joined, or who have been found guilty of gross misconduct on board, will be required to produce satisfactory proofs of two years' subsequent service and good conduct at sea, unless the Local Government, after having investigated the matter, should see fit to reduce the time.

10. Deafness and other physical and mental disabilities.—If during the progress of the examination the examiner finds that a candidate is afflicted with deafness, with an impediment in his speech, or with some other physical or mental infirmity, and he is satisfied upon further investigation that the degree of deafness or of the impediment or other infirmity is such as to render the candidate incompetent to discharge the ordinary duties of a Mate or Master at sea, he should not allow the candidate to complete his examination and should return his examination fee; but every case in which this action is taken must be reported to the Port Officer.

If the candidate subsequently produces a medical certificate to the effect that his hearing, speech, or physical or mental condition has improved or is normal, the Port Officer will take into consideration the question of allowing the candidate to sit again for examination.

11. Foreigners must know English.—Foreigners must prove to the satisfaction of the examiners that they can speak and write the English language sufficiently well to perform the duties required of them on board a British vessel. If a candidate fails for ignorance of the English language he will not be re-examined until after a lapse of six months. In the case of candidates for Home Trade certificates, the certificates of Asiatics who may not be able to speak English shall be endorsed to the effect that they are valid only for vessels manned and officered entirely by Asiatics.

12. Issue of certificate.—If the candidate passes he will receive a form (Form Exn. 16) authorising the Port Officer to whom it is addressed to issue the certificate. It is, therefore, important that the port at which the certificate is to be issued should be the same on both the form Exn. 16 and the Form Exn. 2. If circumstances should make any alteration necessary, the examiner should see that it is made in both forms, otherwise delay in the issue of the certificate may be caused.

13. Service found to be insufficient.—If after a candidate has passed the examination it is discovered on further investigation that his services are insufficient to entitle him to receive a certificate of the grade for which he has passed, the certificate will not be granted to him; but if the Local Government is satisfied that the error in the calculation of the candidate's services did not occur through any fault or wilful

*Form Exn. 2, which can be obtained at Port Office.

misrepresentation on his part, he may either have the fee returned to him or have it placed to his credit. Should his services entitle him to a certificate of a lower grade it may be granted to him, and the difference, if any, between the fee paid by him for the superior certificate and the fee payable for the inferior certificate will be returned to him or placed to his credit. The superior certificate will not be granted until the candidate has performed the amount of service in which he was deficient, and has been re-examined in all the subjects, unless the Local Government see fit to dispense with the re-examination.

14. Failure in Examination.—In all cases of failure the candidate must be examined anew. If a candidate fails in Seamanship he will not be re-examined until after a lapse of six months. Whether the whole or part of this period must be served at sea must depend upon the subjects in Seamanship in which the candidate failed, but the amount of further sea service to be required will be left to the discretion of the examiner.

15. Examiner's Report.—The examiner, in making his report on the Form Exn. 14, should state what amount, if any, of further sea service the candidate must perform, and he should also insert this information in the Form Exn. 2.

16. Failure in Navigation.—If a candidate fails three times in Navigation within three months, he will not be re-examined until after a lapse of three months from the date of the last failure.

17. Candidates failing may be examined for certificate of lower grade.—If a candidate fails in his examination for an Ordinary certificate, and the subjects in which he has failed are not included in the syllabus prescribed for a certificate of a lower grade, he may, if he so desires, be examined for the lower grade certificate without further formal application or payment of fee, but he will be required to complete the whole of the work prescribed for such lower grade.

No part, however, of the fee he has paid will be returned to him, and on presenting himself, when qualified, for re-examination for the higher certificate, he will be required to pay again the full fee for the examinations.

18. Failure in Seamanship.—If a candidate fails in Seamanship so far as regards the management of square-rigged sailing vessels, in his examination for an Ordinary certificate, he may, if qualified as to service, without further formal application or further payment of fee, proceed with the examination for a certificate of competency for foreign-going steamships, or for fore and aft rigged vessels.

19. Fee always paid first.—Candidates for examination, in making their application on Form Exn. 2, will be required to pay the examination fee before any step is taken in the way of inquiring into their services or testing their qualifications. If the candidate is found not to be eligible the fee will either be returned to him or placed to his credit until he is eligible.

20. Where to pay fees.—The fee for examination must be paid to the Port Office. If a candidate offers a gratuity to any officer of the Department, he will be regarded as having committed an act of misconduct, and will be rejected, and not allowed to be again examined for twelve months either at the port where the offence was committed, or at any other port.

21. Fee not returned on failure.—If a candidate fails to pass the examination no part of the fee will be returned to him.

22. Table of fees.—The fees are as follows:—

FOR FOREIGN-GOING SHIPS.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Second Mate	15	0	0

First or Only Mate—

If previously possessing an inferior certificate, either granted by the Board of Trade, or by the Government of a British possession under Order in Council ...	7	8	0
If not	15	0	0

Master	30	0	0
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Where a candidate is in possession of a certificate for fore and aft rigged vessels, and requires an Ordinary or a Steamship certificate of the same grade; or where a candidate is in possession of a Steamship certificate, and requires an Ordinary certificate of the same grade ... Half the usual fee.

Where a candidate is in possession of a Colonial certificate for foreign-going ships, not granted under Order in Council; or of a provisional certificate of qualification obtained after examination on board one of His Majesty's ships; and requires a colonial certificate issued by the Government of Bengal of same grade; for first attempt ... No fee.

Every subsequent attempt ... Usual fee.

FOR HOME TRADE SHIPS.

						Rs.	A.	P.
Mate	...	...	...	...	...	7	8	0
Masters	...	...	...	...	...	15	0	0

VOLUNTARY EXAMINATIONS.

Voluntary examination in Steam	...	...	...	...	...	15	0	0
Voluntary examination in Compass Deviation	...	...	...	...	...	15	0	0
Voluntary examination in Signalling ; if taken at the same time as the examination for a certificate of competency	No fee.		
If taken at any other time	15	0	0

FOR YACHTS.

Master	30	0	0
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NOTE.—No abatement will be made in the fee charged to a candidate for a certificate for foreign-going ships in consequence of his possessing a Master's or Mate's certificate for home-trade passenger ships.

23. Copy of Lost Certificate.—An applicant for a certified copy of a lost Certificate either of Competency or Service, must fill in a form of application, Exn. 23, giving the particulars required, and hand it to the Port Officer of Calcutta. A declaration as to the circumstances in which the certificate was lost must be made by the applicant before the Port Officer who will forward a certified copy of the lost certificate to the applicant.

24. First Aid to the Injured.—(a) Every candidate for a Certificate of Competency of any grade as Master or Mate will be required to produce a certificate issued by the St. John's Ambulance Association, the St. Andrew's Ambulance Association, the St. Patrick's Ambulance Association, the British Red Cross Society, the London County Council, the Glamorgan County Council, the Leith Technical College or other approved body or by a Medical Officer of one of His Majesty's ships, to the effect that he has passed examination in First Aid to the injured.

(b) The certificate must be an adult certificate, i.e., obtained by the candidate when sixteen years of age or more, and (except in the circumstances indicated in rule 129) the examination for it must have been passed not more than three years before the date of the examination for the certificate of competency. Certificates issued by the St. John's Ambulance Association more than three years before the examination for a certificate of competency will, however, be accepted, provided that, at the expiration of three years since its issue, the certificate has attached to it the "Voucher" or "Label" of the Association certifying that the holder has passed re-examination in First Aid.

(c) If a candidate does not possess such a certificate of proficiency in First Aid he should apply some time before he wishes to sit for examination for a certificate as Master or Mate to the local secretary of one of the approved Associations, who will inform him of the available facilities for the instruction and examination of candidates in First Aid. A list of the names and addresses of the local secretaries of the Associations is given in Appendix C.

(d) Besides the courses of instruction which are provided on shore at the ports in the United Kingdom, at which examinations for certificates as Master and Mate are held, courses of instruction given by qualified surgeons on board merchant vessels will be accepted by the St. John's Ambulance Association as qualifying the candidate for examination for their certificate of proficiency in First Aid, provided the surgeon certifies that he has followed the syllabus of instruction laid down by the Association.

(e) The St. Andrew's Ambulance Association will also accept instruction by a ship's surgeon on board ship as qualifying a candidate for examination for their certificate of proficiency in First Aid, provided their syllabus is followed. In this case the candidate must previously have enrolled and obtained an attendance card, by applying to the local secretary of the Association, or to the head office at 176, West Regent Street, Glasgow.

(f) It will not be necessary for the candidate for a certificate as Master or Mate in all cases to produce the formal certificate of proficiency in First Aid issued by the Associations. In order to prevent delay in proceeding with the examination for the certificate as Master or Mate and in the issue of the certificate to successful candidates, the special

Mercantile Marine linen Certificate issued by the St. John's Ambulance Association and duly signed by the Lecturer, the Surgeon Examiner, and the Association's local representative, or, in Scotland, a certificate signed by the Local Examiner of the St. Andrew's Ambulance Association, to the effect that the candidate has passed the examination for a Certificate of proficiency, may be accepted as showing that the candidate possesses the required knowledge of First Aid.

25. Sight Tests.—(a) Every candidate for a certificate of competency must pass the prescribed sight tests before a certificate can be issued to him. If circumstances render it necessary for him to proceed with the examination in navigation and seamanship before undergoing the sight tests, he should be informed that the examination in navigation and seamanship will be cancelled in the event of his failure to pass either of the sight tests.

(b) **Form vision test.**—Every candidate for a certificate must pass the form vision test. If he obtained a certificate of competency before January 1st, 1914, he will only be required to possess half normal vision using both eyes together. Otherwise he must pass a higher standard, viz., normal vision using both eyes or either eye separately.

Any candidate who has obtained his first certificate under these conditions may obtain his higher certificates, provided that he has normal vision using both eyes or either eye separately.

Detailed information with regard to the conduct of the examination and the standards required is contained in Appendix I.

(c) **Colour vision test.**—Every candidate must undergo the colour vision test on every occasion on which he presents himself for examination for his first certificate of competency; but, if he then passes, he will not be required to undergo the colour vision tests on any subsequent occasion.

No person who holds a certificate of competency should be examined in colour vision.

(d) A candidate who fails to pass the prescribed form vision test may present himself for re-examination at intervals of three months. A candidate who fails to pass the colour vision test cannot be re-examined. In the case of a candidate who is referred for further examination the Port Officer will make arrangements for a special examination. It is also open to any candidate who is adjudged to have failed in the colour vision test to appeal to the Local Government, who may, if they think fit, remit the case to a special body of examiners for decision.

(e) The Local Government will repay, at a rate which will be notified to the candidate, the travelling expenses of any candidate who is referred for further examination, as well as the travelling expenses of any candidate who, having appealed against failure, is reported by the Special Examiners to have passed. No payment whatever will be made towards the expenses of candidates who, upon their own application, are examined by the Special Examiners, and are reported by them to have failed, unless the Local Government consider that the particular circumstances of the case justify such payment.

(f) When a candidate fails to pass the colour vision test, the Examiner will point out to him the conditions under which he can appeal. Appeals are to be made through the Port Officer, and forwarded to Local Government with the Examiner's remarks.

(g) Only Examiners who have themselves passed the colour vision tests are to undertake the local examinations.

(h) The fee paid for examination for a certificate of competency includes the fee of one rupee for examination in form and colour vision, and if the candidate fails to pass those tests, this fee will, with the exception of one rupee, be returned to him.

(i) No additional fee will be charged to any candidate referred for special examination, or for the special examination allowed to a candidate who appeals against failure. If, however, a candidate, who has been reported by the Special Examiners as having failed, is still dissatisfied, it will be open to him, if he so desires, to present himself for a second special examination on payment of a fee of rupees seventy-five, provided that he brings with him a friend to witness the examination.

This second examination will, however, be entirely voluntary, and will form no part of the examination for a certificate of competency. The Local Government will, however, give consideration to the result of such examination in determining whether a certificate shall be granted.

The sight tests are open to all persons serving or intending to serve in the Mercantile Marine or in fishing vessels, and all such persons recommended to take the earliest opportunity of ascertaining whether their vision is such as to qualify them for service in that profession. Any such person, if desirous of undergoing the tests, must make application to the Port Officer, on the Form Exn. 2a, and must pay a fee of one rupee.

This fee will be payable on each occasion on which a candidate is examined.

CHAPTER II.

QUALIFICATIONS REQUIRED FOR THE VARIOUS GRADES.*

[Certificates for Foreign going Ships, or Ordinary Certificates.]

26. **Square-rigged service required.**—A candidate for an Ordinary certificate of any grade who has not previously held an Ordinary certificate of a lower grade must prove that he has served 12 months in the Foreign trade, or 18 months in the Home or Coasting trade, in a square-rigged sailing vessel.

27. **Value of Ordinary Certificates.**—Ordinary certificates will entitle the holders to go to sea as Mates or Masters of any vessel, sailing or steam.

28. **Second Mate.**—A candidate must be not less than eighteen years of age, and must have served four years at sea.

29. **Second Mate, Ordinary Navigation.**—A candidate for a Second Mate's certificate will be required—

- (a) To write a legible hand and spell correctly. For the purpose of testing his ability the candidate will be required to write a short essay on some suitable subject.
- (b) To show a competent knowledge of the first five rules of arithmetic and the use of logarithms.
- (c) To answer questions on elementary plane trigonometry.
- (d) To work a day's work complete, correcting the courses for leeway, deviation and variation.
- (e) To find the latitude by the meridian altitude of the sun
- (f) To work any practical problem in parallel sailing
- (g) To find the true course and distance from one given position to another by Mercator's method; also the compass course, the variation and deviation being given.
- (h) To find the true amplitude of the sun and the error of the compass therefrom; also the deviation, the variation being given.
- (i) To find the longitude by chronometer from altitude of the sun by the usual methods, computing the daily rate of chronometer from errors observed, when required; also to find the true azimuth of the sun, and the error of the compass; and the deviation, the variation being given
- (j) To find the true azimuth of the sun by the "Time Azimuth" tables; the error of the compass; also the deviation, the variation being given.

NOTE.—The candidate will be required to give a figure and explanation for each problem worked and give a written explanation of any of the terms used in navigation or nautical astronomy that may be asked.

- (k) To find on a chart or plan the course or courses to steer and the distance or distances from one given position to another; to find the ship's position together with the set and drift (if any) on the chart or plan from cross-bearings of two objects; to find the ship's position from two bearings of the same object, the course and distance run between taking the bearings being given, making due allowance for a given tide or current; also, the distance of the ship from the object or any given position at the time of taking the second bearing; to find on a chart or plan the course to steer by compass in order to counteract the effect of a given tide or current, and find the distance the ship will make good towards a given point in a given time; to fix a ship's position on a chart or plan by horizontal sextant angles, using a station pointer; and to work out practically the correction to apply to soundings taken at a given time and place to compare with the depth marked on the chart; and give a method of finding approximately the time of high water at any given place without the aid of the Admiralty or other Tide Tables.

* These qualifications are shown in a tabular form in Appendix J.

He will be examined orally in the following subjects :—

- (f) The Morse and British movable semaphore alphabets, the International Code of Signals, and the British Signal Manual. He will be required to attain a minimum speed of 8 words a minute in semaphore and 5 words a minute in Morse flashing and flag waving. (See Appendix D.)
- (m) The use and adjustments of the sextant, read off and on the arc, and the mode of finding the index error by both horizon and sun.
- (n) The construction, use and principle of the barometer, thermometer and hydrometer. Also the use and care of a chronometer.
- (o) Weights and measures.
- (p) The markings, signs and abbreviations on Admiralty charts or plans
- (q) The General Notices published in the Board of Trade Summary of Notices to Mariners.
- (r) Elementary questions on the main parts of a ship's construction.

30. Second Mate, Ordinary Seamanship.—He must understand and give satisfactory answers on the following subjects :—

- (a) The standing and running rigging of ships.
- (b) Bending, unbending, setting, reefing, taking in, and furling sail.
- (c) Sending masts and yards up and down, etc
- (d) Management of a ship when under canvas.
- (e) Management of ships' boats in heavy weather.
- (f) Dunnaging and stowwiff cargo, etc.
- (g) The Rule of the Road as regards both steamers and sailing vessels, their regulation lights and fog and sound signals.
- (h) The signals of distress, and the signals to be made by ships wanting a pilot, and the liabilities and penalties incurred by the misuse of these signals.
- (i) The marking and use of the lead and log lines. Also care and use of sounding machines and mechanical logs.
- (j) The use and management of the rocket apparatus in the event of a vessel being stranded.
- (k) Any questions appertaining to the duties of a Second Mate that the Examiner may think necessary to ask.
- (l) Also questions on the additional subjects which are specified in the rules of examination for Second Mates' certificates of competency for foreign-going steamships. (See rule 43.)

31. Mate, Ordinary Only.—A candidate must be not less than nineteen years of age, and have served five years at sea.

32. First Mate, Ordinary.*—A candidate must be not less than nineteen years of age, and have served five years at sea, of which—

- (a) One year must have been in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate of a foreign-going vessel whilst holding a Second Mate's certificate for foreign-going vessels,
if his service was as Third or Fourth Mate proof will be required that he had during the whole year *charge of a watch* (see rule 82);
- (b) or one year and a half must have been in a capacity not lower than Only Mate in a home-trade or coasting vessel whilst holding a Second Mate's certificate for foreign-going vessels, or a Mate's certificate for home trade passenger ships;
- (c) or one year must have been as Pilot with a First Class Pilot's Certificate (see rule 79).

* For convenience of calculation the service required is stated in a tabular form in Appendix J

33. Mate, Ordinary: Navigation.—In addition to the work for the Second Mate's certificate, a candidate for the Only or First Mate's certificate will be required—

- (a) To answer questions on right-angled spherical trigonometry.
- (b) To compute the time at which a given star will be on the observer's meridian. [Occasionally by inspection.]
- (c) To determine what bright stars will be within a certain hour-angle from the observer's meridian, above the pole and above the horizon, at any given time; also the hour angle, east or west, of each of the stars, and whether they are to the north or south of the observer's zenith when passing the meridian.
- (d) To compute the approximate meridian altitude of a star, for setting the sextant.
- (e) To find the latitude from the meridian altitude of a star.
- (f) To find the longitude by chronometer by altitude of a star.
- (g) To find the true azimuth of a star by the "Time Azimuth" tables, and get the deviation therefrom.
- (h) To find the latitude by ex-meridian altitude of the sun or a star.
- (i) To find the line of position and the true bearing of the sun, and the ship's position, by Sumner's method by projection.

NOTE.—The candidate will be required to give a figure and explanation for each problem worked, and give a written explanation of any of the terms used in navigation or nautical astronomy that may be asked.

- (j) To answer certain questions on meteorology.

He will be examined orally in the following subjects :—

- (k) How to keep a ship's log book.
- (l) How to calculate the capacity of a given bunker or hold.
- (m) How to calculate a freight and its commissions.
- (n) The measurement and equipment of ship's life-boats and number of persons allowed to be carried in each class of boat.
- (o) Testing of life-buoys and life-belts.
- (p) The screening of ship's side lights.
- (q) More advanced questions on the main part of a ship's construction and general use.

34. Mate, Ordinary: Seamanship.—In addition to the qualifications required for a Second Mate's certificate, an Only or First Mate will be required to show a knowledge of the following subjects :—

- (a) Shifting large spars, rigging sheers, taking lower masts in and out.
- (b) How to moor and unmoor ship; to keep a clear anchor; and to carry out an anchor.
- (c) How to manage a ship in stormy weather, and to cast a ship on a lee shore.
- (d) How to secure the masts in the event of accident to the bowsprit.
- (e) How to rig purchases for getting heavy weights, anchors, machinery, etc. in or out.
- (f) How to dispose various kinds of cargo and weights in a stiff and in a tender vessel.
- (g) The ventilation of holds, and the stowage of explosives.
- (h) The stowage of grain cargoes.
- (i) How to rig a sea anchor, and what means to employ to keep a vessel, disabled or unmanageable, out of the trough of the sea, and lessen her lee drift.
- (j) How to get a cast of the deep sea lead in heavy weather.
- (k) Accidents, and how to deal with them.
- (l) Any other questions appertaining to the duties of an Only or First Mate which the Examiner may think necessary to ask.
- (m) Also questions on the additional subjects which are specified in the rules of examination for Only and First Mate's certificates of competency for foreign-going steamships. (*See rule 47.*)

35. Master, Ordinary: Navigation.—A candidate must be not less than twenty-one years of age.

- (a) he must have served six years at sea, of which one year must have been in a capacity not lower than Only Mate of a foreign-going vessel, whilst holding a certificate not lower than an Only Mate's certificate for foreign-going vessels, provided that, if this service as officer was not performed whilst holding a First Mate's certificate for foreign-going vessels, the candidate will also be required to prove the officer's service prescribed for that grade (rule 32);
- (b) or, he must have served six years at sea, of which one year and a half must have been in a capacity not lower than Only Mate of a home trade or coasting vessel whilst holding a certificate not lower than an Only Mate's certificate for foreign-going vessels, provided that, if this service as officer was not performed whilst holding a First Mate's certificate for foreign-going vessels, the candidate will also be required to prove the officer's service prescribed for that grade (rule 32);
- (c) or, he must have served six and a half years at sea, one year of which must have been in a capacity not lower than Second Mate of a foreign-going vessel whilst holding a First Mate's certificate for foreign-going vessels, provided that, if this service as Second Mate was performed under an additional or auxiliary First Mate it will only be accepted if a Third or Fourth Mate were also carried, and one year and a half not lower than Third or Fourth Mate of a foreign-going vessel *in charge of a watch* whilst holding a Second Mate's certificate for foreign-going vessels (*see* rule 6);
- (d) or, he must have served nine years at sea in the Home or Coasting trade; of which three years must have been as Master, or one year as Master and three years in a capacity not lower than that of Mate, provided that, in either case, he has served in such capacity for not less than one year with a Second Mate's certificate for foreign-going vessels or a Master's certificate for home trade passenger ships.

36. Master, Ordinary: Navigation.—A candidate for an Ordinary Master's certificate will, in addition to the work prescribed for the grades of Second and First Mate that may be given him by the Examiner, be required:—

- (a) To write an essay on some technical subject
- (b) To find the latitude by the altitude of the Polar star at any time.
- (c) To find the latitude by the meridian altitude of the moon.

NOTE.—The candidate will be required to give a figure and explanation for each problem worked, and give a written explanation of any of the terms used in navigation or nautical astronomy that may be asked.

- (d) To find the magnetic bearing of any fixed object when at sea or at anchor from bearings of the object taken with the ship's head on equidistant compass points, and to compute the deviation therefrom; to construct a deviation curve upon a Napier's diagram which will be furnished by the Examiner, and show that he understands its practical application, to give satisfactory written and oral answers to certain practical questions as to the effect of the ship's iron upon the compasses, and the method of determining the deviation, and show how to compensate the deviation by magnets and soft iron by the aid of Beall's Compass Deviascope.
- (e) Questions on ship construction and naval architecture and a few elementary questions on stability.

He will be examined orally in the following subjects:—

- (1) The law as to the engagement and discharge and management of the crew, and the entries to be made in the official log.
- (2) How to prevent and check an outbreak of scurvy on board ship.
- (3) The law as to load-line marks, and the entries and reports to be made respecting them.
- (4) Invoices, charter party, bills of lading, Lloyd's agent, nature of bottomry, bills of exchange, surveys, averages, etc.
- (5) The prevailing winds and currents of the globe.
- (6) The trade routes.
- (7) Tides.

37. Master, Ordinary: Seamanship.—In addition to the qualifications required for the grades of Second and First Mate, an Ordinary Master will be required to show a knowledge of the following subjects:—

- (a) Construction of jury rudders for both wooden and iron vessels, also rafts.
- (b) Resources for the preservation of the ship's crew in the event of wreck.
- (c) Management of ship in heavy weather.
- (d) Rescuing the crew of a disabled vessel.

The requirements of education the service required is stated in a tabular form in Appendix J

- (e) Steps to be taken when a ship is on her beam ends, or in any danger, or in difficulty, or disabled or unmanageable and on a lee shore.
- (f) Heaving a keel out.
- (g) How to proceed when placing a ship in dry dock, and directing repairs, and when putting into port in distress with damage to cargo and ship.
- (h) Any other question appertaining to the management of a ship which the examiner may think it necessary to ask.
- (i) Also questions on the additional subjects which are specified in the rules of Examination for Masters' certificates of competency for foreign-going steamships. (See rule 50.)

38. Special Regulations relating to the examination of Masters and Mates to apply only where the candidate has served an apprenticeship in an approved sea-going training ship, with a view to promotion in the service of the Company to which the training ship is attached.—(1) The training ship must be a sea-going cargo-carrying square-rigged sailing vessel, and the course of study and practical training which the cadets receive must be approved by the Local Government.

At the end of four years' service in the training ship the cadet will be qualified for examination for a certificate as Second Mate provided (a) he can produce a testimonial to the effect that both his conduct and his ability have given satisfaction during the whole period, and (b) that he has served *at sea* for not less than four-fifths of the time, that is to say, has not spent more than one-fifth of the time in home ports, *cf.* rule 99.

If the cadet has served previously for two years in either the "Conway" or the "Worcester" training ship, this time will be allowed to count as one year's qualifying service (*cf.* rule 95), and he will be required to serve for 3 years only in the Company's training ship before he can be allowed up for examination for a certificate as Second Mate (ordinary).

(2) A candidate who has served for four (or three) years on the training ship may be allowed up for examination for a certificate as First Mate (ordinary) when he has served, whilst holding a certificate as Second Mate, for two years as junior bridge-keeping officer of the watch upon vessels of the Company satisfying certain requirements [see sub-rule (4)]. The words "junior bridge-keeping officer" must be interpreted as meaning the junior of two bridge-keeping officers. Where three officers are on the bridge together, the service of the third does not fall within the scope of the Special Regulations, and his service cannot be accepted as qualifying. All cases where cadets, to whom these special regulations apply, subsequently present themselves for examination for First Mate or Master must be referred to the Port Officer so that their real position on board vessels of the Company satisfying the requirements of this rule may be verified by reference to the official logs before they are accepted as eligible for examination.

(3) A candidate who has obtained a certificate as First Mate in the above way may be allowed up for examination for a certificate as Master (ordinary) when he has served for eighteen months whilst holding the Certificate as First Mate, as a senior watch-keeping officer upon vessels of the Company satisfying the same requirements [see sub-rule (4)].

If the candidate has served for eighteen months as senior of the junior officers, *i.e.*, the officer next below the junior of the officers in full charge of the watch whilst holding the certificate as First Mate, he may be allowed up for examination for a certificate as Master (ordinary) on the understanding that the certificate as Master would not be issued to him until he had completed twelve months' service as a senior watch-keeping officer, the service in both cases to be performed on vessels satisfying the same requirements [see sub-rule (4)].

(4) The special regulations (sub-rules 2 and 3) in regard to the acceptance of service as qualifying for the examinations for certificates as First Mate and Master shall apply only when the service is performed in the specified capacities upon ocean-going steamers of not less than 8,000 tons gross, making an average speed of 15 knots or upwards and carrying a crew of not less than 130 men, including at least five deck officers beside the Master.

39. Fore and aft certificates.—Certificates for the grades of Second Mate, Only Mate, First Mate, and Master of fore and aft rigged vessels will be issued to candidates who have not complied with the regulation which requires them to have served at least one year in square-rigged sailing vessels, or who prove in course of examination that they are ignorant of the management of square-rigged ships. In other respects the qualifications for examination for such certificates are the same as for Ordinary certificates.

The examinations for the grades of Second Mate, Only Mate, First Mate, and Master of fore and aft rigged vessels, will be precisely the same as for the Ordinary certificates, excepting that in seamanship a knowledge of the management of square-rigged vessels is not required.

A certificate for fore and aft rigged vessels will not entitle the possessor to act in any case in which a certificate for square-rigged vessels is required. Amongst square-rigged vessels are classed full-rigged ships, barques, brigs, barquentines, brigantines, and ships carrying square sails.

...possessing a certificate for fore and aft rigged vessels, and desiring to be examined for an Ordinary certificate must prove that he has served at sea at least one year in a square-rigged sailing vessel, unless he has previously held an Ordinary certificate of a lower grade.

40. Steamship Certificates.—Certificates applying only to steamships are issued to candidates who are either unable to comply with the regulation which requires them to have passed one year in square-rigged sailing vessels or who prove in course of examination that they are ignorant of the management of square-rigged sailing vessels. All the qualifying service prescribed for these certificates may have been performed in steamships.

These certificates will entitle the holders to go to sea as Masters or Mates of foreign-going steamships, but will not entitle them to go to sea as Masters or Mates of foreign-going sailing ships.

There will be no distinction in these certificates between fore and aft rigged steamships and square-rigged steamships.

41. Second Mate, Steamships.—The qualifications as to age and service are the same as for an Ordinary Second Mate's certificate (*see* rule 28), excepting that the whole of the service may have been performed in steamships and that no service in square-rigged sailing vessels is required.

42. Second Mate, Steamships : Navigation.—The examination in navigation for a Second Mate's certificate for foreign-going steamships will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Ordinary Second Mate's certificate.

43. Second Mate, Steamships : Seamanship.—The candidate must understand and be able to give satisfactory answers on the following subjects :—

- (a) The standing and running rigging of steamships.
- (b) Bending, unbending, setting, taking in, and furling sail.
- (c) Sending masts and yards up and down, etc.
- (d) Seeing everything in readiness and clear for getting under way, and the precautions to be then observed with regard to steering gear and connections, engines, propeller, etc.
- (e) Care and usage of mechanical logs and sounding machines.
- (f) Management of ships' boats in heavy weather.
- (g) Dunnaging and stowing cargo, etc.
- (h) The Rule of the Road as regards both steamers and sailing vessels, their regulation lights and fog and sound signals.
- (i) Signals of distress, and signals to be made by ships wanting a pilot, and the liabilities and penalties incurred by the misuse of these signals.
- (j) The marking and use of the ordinary lead and log lines.
- (k) The construction, use, and action of the sluices, and of the water-ballast tanks.
- (l) Engine-room and other telegraphs used on board ship, and deck appliances generally.
- (m) Use and management of the rocket apparatus in the event of a vessel being stranded.
- (n) Any other questions appertaining to the duties of the Second Mate of a steamship which the Examiner may think necessary to ask.

44. Only Mate, Steamships.—The qualifications as to age and service are the same as for an Only Mate's Ordinary certificate (*see* rule 31), excepting that the whole of the service may have been performed in steamships and no service in square-rigged vessels is required.

45. First Mate, Steamships.—The qualifications as to age and service are the same as for a First Mate's Ordinary certificate (*see* rule 32), excepting that the whole of the service may have been in steamships, and that no service in square-rigged vessels is required.

46. Mate, Steamships : Navigation.—The examination in navigation for an Only or First Mate's certificate for foreign-going steamships will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Ordinary First Mate's certificate (*see* rule 34).

47. Mate, Steamships : Seamanship.—In addition to the qualifications required for a Second Mate's certificate, an Only or First Mate will be required to show a knowledge of the following subjects :—

- (a) Shifting large spars; rigging sheers; and taking lower masts in and out.
- (b) How to moor and unmoor ship; keep a clear anchor; and carry out an anchor.
- (c) Management of a steamship in stormy weather.
- (d) How to rig purchases for getting heavy weights, anchors, machinery, etc., in and out.

- (e) How to dispose various kinds of cargo and weights in a ship and in a smaller vessel.
- (f) Ventilation of holds, and the stowage of explosives.
- (g) Stowage of grain cargoes.
- (h) The effects of the screw race upon the rudder; and the effect produced on the direction of the head of the ship by going [ahead] [astern] with a [right] [left] handed screw when the rudder is [ported] [starboarded]; also, the effect of twin screws under the same conditions, and when going ahead with one and reversing the other, etc., etc.
- (i) How to rig a sea anchor, and what means to employ to keep a steamer, with her machinery disabled, out of the trough of the sea, and to lessen her lee drift.
- (j) How to turn a steamship short round.
- (k) How to get a cast of the deep sea lead in heavy weather.
- (l) Any other questions appertaining to the duties of a First Mate of a steamship which the Examiner may think necessary to put to him.

48. **Master, Steamships.**—The qualifications as to age and service are the same as for a Master's Ordinary certificate for a foreign-going ship (see rule 35), excepting that the whole of the service may have been performed in steamships, and that no service in square-rigged vessels is required (see also rule 128.)

49. **Master, Steamships: Navigation.**—The examination in navigation for a Master's certificate for foreign-going steamships will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Ordinary Master's certificate (see rule 36).

50. **Master, Steamships: Seamanship.**—In addition to the qualifications required for the grades of Second and First Mate, a Master will be required to show a knowledge of the following subjects:—

- (a) Construction of rudders and jury rudders suitable for screw steamships.
- (b) The preservation of the ship's crew in the event of wreck.
- (c) Management of steamships in heavy weather.
- (d) Rescuing the crew of a disabled ship.
- (e) Steps to be taken when a vessel is on her beam ends, or disabled and on a lee shore.
- (f) How to use steam appliances in the event of fire.
- (g) Economy in coal consumption.
- (h) The best arrangement for towing vessels under different circumstances.
- (i) Placing ship in dry dock; directing repairs; and the mode of procedure when putting into port in distress with damage to cargo and ship.
- (j) Any other questions appertaining to the management of a steamship which the Examiner may think it necessary to put to him.

51. **Steamship certificates, how changed.**—A candidate possessing a certificate for foreign-going steamships, and desiring to be examined for an Ordinary certificate, must prove that he has served at sea at least one year in a square-rigged sailing vessel, unless he has previously held an Ordinary certificate of a lower grade.

52. **Mate, Home Trade.**—A candidate must be not less than nineteen years of age, and have served four years at sea.

53. **Mate, Home Trade Steamship: Navigation.**—He must write a legible hand and spell correctly, and understand the first five rules of arithmetic, both simple and compound. He must be able to take a bearing by compass, be conversant with the use of a Mercator's Chart, and be able to find, on a chart or plan, the course or courses to steer and the distance or distances from one given position to another; to find the ship's position, together with the set and drift (if any) on a chart or plan from cross bearings of two objects; to find the ship's position from two bearings of the same or different objects, the course and distance run between taking the bearings being given, making due allowance for a given tide or current; also the distance of the ship from the objects at any given position at the time of taking the second bearing; to find on a chart or plan the course to steer by compass in order to counteract the effect of a given tide or current and to find the distance the ship will make good towards a given point in a certain time, and to work out practically the correction to apply to soundings taken at a given time and place, to compare with the depth marked on the chart; also, to fix the ship's position by horizontal sextant angles, using a station pointer for plotting it on the chart or plan, etc., and give a method of finding approximately the time of high water at any given place without the aid of the Admiralty or other Tide Tables. He will also be required to explain orally the markings, signs and abbreviations on Admiralty charts and plans, the use of the sextant, to be able to observe with it, to read off the arc, and to find the index error by the horizon. He will also be required to exhibit a minimum speed of eight words a minute in semaphore and five words a minute in Morse flashing and flag waving, and to have a good working knowledge of the International Code of Signals and British Signal Manual.

54. Mate, Home Trade Steamship : Seamanship.—He must possess a thorough knowledge of the Rule of the Road as regards both steamers and sailing vessels, their regulation lights, and fog and sound signals. He must be able to describe the signals of distress, the signals to be made by ships wanting a pilot, and the liabilities and penalties incurred by the misuse of these signals : also the use and management of the rocket apparatus in the event of his vessel being stranded. He must be able to mark and use the lead log line, to moor and unmoor a vessel, and to manage a ship's boat in heavy weather, etc., etc. He must also understand the construction, use and action of the bulkhead sluices, the engine-room telegraph, etc., and to answer any other questions appertaining to the duties of the Mate of a home trade passenger ship which the Examiner may think proper to put to him.

55. Master, Home Trade Steamship.*†—A candidate must be not less than twenty-one years of age and have served five years at sea, of which—

- (a) One year must have been in a capacity not lower than that of Only Mate of a home trade or coasting vessel, whilst holding a Mate's certificate for home trade passenger ships, or a Second Mate's certificate for foreign-going vessels ;
- (b) *or*, two and a half years must have been in a capacity not lower than Second Mate of a home trade or coasting vessel *in charge of a watch*, whilst holding a Mate's certificate for home trade passenger ships, or a Second Mate's certificate for foreign-going vessels (*see* rule 82) ;
- (c) *or*, one year must have been as Pilot with a First Class pilot's certificate (*see* rule 79).

56. Master, Home Trade Steamship : Navigation.—In addition to the qualifications required of a Mate of a home trade passenger ship, a Master will be required to find the latitude by a meridian altitude of the sun, find compass corrections by Amplitude and Time Azimuth of the Sun, and to give written answers to certain practical questions on the subject of the deviation of the compass. (*See* also supplementary *viva voce* test, rule 123.)

57. Master, Home Trade Steamship : Seamanship.—In addition to the qualifications required of a Mate of a home trade passenger ship, a Master must understand how to sea anchor, and what means to apply to keep a steamship with machinery disabled out of the trough of the sea ; also how to get a cast of the lead in heavy weather, etc. He will be examined as to his resources for the preservation of the crew and passengers in the event of wreck, and the steps to be taken if his vessel is disabled and drifting towards a lee shore, and will be required to answer any other questions appertaining to the management of a home trade passenger ship which the Examiner may think necessary to put to him.

58. Yacht Certificates.—The examination for these certificates is purely voluntary, and is confined to persons who command their own British sea-going pleasure yachts. A Master of a yacht who is not also the sole owner, or who is under 21 years of age, is not eligible for examination.

Only one description of certificate will be issued, whether the yacht is foreign-going or cruises within the home trade limits.

The certificate will not entitle the holder to command any vessel except the pleasure yacht or yachts, of which he is at the time the sole owner.

Candidates are not required to have served any specified time afloat, as it is believed that their sea knowledge will be sufficiently tested by the examination they will have to pass in seamanship.

Testimonials of service need not be shown, but a candidate for examination will be required to produce a statutory declaration to the effect (1) that he is sole owner of the yacht ; (2) that the yacht is sea-going ; (3) that it is not to be used for trading purposes. He will also be required to fill up the form of application (Form Exn. 2), and pay the fee of Rs. 30 at the Port Office, as prescribed in rule 3.

In all other respects, except that the candidate will not be required to produce a "First Aid" certificate, the regulations relating to examinations of Masters of foreign-going ships will apply in these cases.

59. Yacht Master : Navigation.—The examination in navigation for a Yacht Master's certificate will be precisely the same as that prescribed for an Ordinary Master's certificate, except that in the civil duties of a shipmaster the Master of a yacht will only be expected to possess a knowledge of what he is required to do by the Merchant Shipping Act.

60. Yacht Master : Seamanship.—He must give satisfactory answers as to his knowledge of making and taking in sail, and as to the management of a yacht under canvas in moderate and in stormy weather. He must have a thorough knowledge of the Rule of the Road as regards both steamers and sailing vessels, their regulation lights, and fog and sound signals, and be able to describe the signals of distress, and the signals to be made by ships wanting a pilot, and the liabilities and penalties incurred by the misuse of these signals. He must also understand the use and management of the

* For convenience of calculation the service required is stated in a tabular form in Appendix J

† *See* also rule 124.

rocket apparatus in the event of his vessel being stranded. He must be able to mark and use the lead and log lines; to cast a vessel on a lee shore; to moor and unmoor a ship; to keep a clear anchor, and to carry out an anchor. He must know how to keep his vessel out of the trough of the sea in the event of accident; how to rig rafts and jury rudders, etc.; and what steps to take if his vessel is disabled or unmanageable and drifting towards a lee shore. He will also be examined as to his resources for the preservation of the crew in the event of wreck. He must also possess a knowledge of the measures he should adopt for preventing and checking an outbreak of scurvy on board; and be prepared to answer any other questions relating to the management of a yacht, either steam or sailing, which the Examiner may ask.

61. Provisional Certificates.—Provisional certificates for foreign-going ships or for foreign-going steamships, according to the candidate's qualifications, are granted on the conditions stated below to any officer of the Mercantile Marine who may require such a certificate to qualify him for appointment to or promotion in the Royal Naval Reserve. These Certificates are only issued for Royal Naval Reserve purposes, and do not authorise the holders to go to sea as First Mate or Master.

Candidates for these certificates must apply to the Port Officer, Calcutta, fill up the form of application (Exn. 2) and pay the usual fee. They must produce their First or Second Mate's certificates of competency, and an authority from the Local Government before they can be examined. This authority should be obtained through the Port Officer.

62. Provisional Certificates, First Mate.—Provisional certificates as First Mate are granted to candidates who can prove that they have served five years at sea, and that during one year of this period they have served in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate while holding a Second Mate's certificate. They must pass the usual examination for First Mate and pay the usual fee. The provisional certificate is exchangeable for the full certificate as First Mate, without further payment or examination, on production to the Port Officer of satisfactory proofs that the holder has served at sea not less than 12 months in a foreign going vessel in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate, and that during the whole of that period he has been in regular charge of a watch and in possession of a certificate of competency as Second Mate.

63. Provisional Certificates, Master.—Provisional certificates as Master are granted to candidates who can prove not less than six and a half years' service at sea, and who pass the usual examination for Master and pay the usual fee. Of this service two and a half years must have been served in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate of an ocean-going steamship, during the last 12 months of which the candidate must have been in possession of a full certificate as First Mate. These certificates will be exchanged for the full certificate as Master without further payment or examination, on production to the Port Officer of satisfactory proofs that the holder has served at sea not less than two and a half years in a foreign-going vessel in charge of a watch in a capacity not lower than Fourth Mate, and that during 12 months of this period he has served as Second Mate while in possession of a full certificate of competency as First Mate.

64. Voluntary Examination in Compass Deviation.—Any person holding a certificate of any grade in the foreign or home trade or as Master of his own pleasure yacht, who wishes to pass a voluntary examination in compass deviation, can at any time be examined upon filling up the usual form of application, and paying to the Port Officer the fee of Rs. 15. If the candidate passes the examination a note to that effect will be made upon his certificate.

65. Voluntary Examination in Signalling.—The examination in Signalling as prescribed for candidates for the Extra Master's certificate is open as a voluntary examination to all persons holding, or who have passed for, or who are candidates for, a certificate of competency of any grade.

If the candidate passes, the fact with the date and place of passing will be recorded upon his certificate of competency.

Candidates may be examined at any port where Ordinary examinations are held upon filling up the form of application (Exn. 2) and paying the fee of Rs. 15. (See Appendix D.)

No fee, however, will be charged for this examination if it is taken at the same time as that at which a candidate is examined for any certificate of competency.

66. Voluntary Examination in Steam.—These examinations are provided for the purpose of giving Masters and Mates who are possessed of certificates of competency an opportunity of undergoing a voluntary examination as to their practical knowledge of the use and working of the steam engine. They are conducted under the superintendence of the Port Officer at such times as he may appoint for the purpose.

The examination is open to any person who holds a Certificate of any grade in the foreign or home trade or as Master of his own pleasure yacht. Full particulars of the examination are given in Appendix H.

67. Examination in Steam: how to apply.—Candidates should fill up the form of application (Form Exn. 2) at the Port Office, pay the fee of Rs. 15 and deposit their certificates and testimonials with the Port Officer, who will inform them when and where to attend to be examined. The usual testimonials for sobriety and good conduct for at least the last 18 months preceding the date of application to be examined must be produced.

68. Examination in Steam : endorsement of certificate.—If the candidate passes, form Exn. 15, together with a written report of the examination, should be sent to the Port Officer and the candidate's certificate, together with the form Exn. 2, will be sent to the Local Government; the words "Certified to have passed in Steam," with the date and place of examination, will then be entered on the certificate and its duplicate, and the certificate will be sent to the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office at the port named in the form Exn. 2, and will be delivered to the candidate in the usual manner.

The endorsement of a Master's or Mate's Certificate for "Steam" does not, however, imply that he is qualified to perform the duties of an Engineer.

69. Examination in Steam : failure.—If the candidate fails to pass his Certificate will be returned to him at once, but he may not present himself for re-examination until the expiration of three months from the date of failure.

70. Certificates of Service.—A person who has attained the rank of Lieutenant, sub-lieutenant, navigating lieutenant, or navigating sub-lieutenant in His Majesty's Navy or of Lieutenant in His Majesty's Royal Indian Marine Service, is entitled to a certificate of service as Master of a foreign-going ship without examination. This certificate will not entitle the holder to go to sea as Master or Mate of a home trade ship.

Certificate of service will be issued by the Board of Trade only. Applications for certificates of service of the Royal Indian Marine must be made on a printed form, Exn. 18, which will be supplied free of charge on application to the Director of the Royal Indian Marine.

Applicants on duty in India should submit their claims to the Director for transmission to the Government of India and the India office. Officers on leave in England should submit their claims to the India office on the printed form which may be obtained from that office.

Applications for certificates of service by officers of the Royal Navy on the active list must be made through their commanding officers, and applications from officers of the Royal Navy on half-pay must be made to the Secretary of the Admiralty, who in either case will forward the application to the Board of Trade.

71. Ambulance Certificates and Government Awards.—An officer in the Mercantile Marine who holds a certificate of proficiency in First Aid to the Injured from the St. John's or St. Andrew's Ambulance Association or some equivalent certificate, can have the fact endorsed on his certificate of competency provided the latter was issued before April 1st, 1908, if the two certificates are forwarded to the President of the Board of Examiners.

Recipients of Government awards can also have the fact stamped on their certificates of competency, if they submit evidence of the award together with their certificate in a similar manner.

CHAPTER III.

RULES FOR ESTIMATING SEA SERVICE.

72. Sea service.—In these Regulations sea service is reckoned from the commencement to the termination of the voyage. The certificates of discharge for service in the foreign trade will generally be accepted as proof of sea service, but certificates of discharge for service in the home or coasting trade must always be sent to the Port Officer for verification. Port Officer and Examiners will be careful to see that these discharges have not been in any way tampered with, and will report any suspicious case to the Local Government.

For all certificates of competency as Master or Mate in the Mercantile Marine, the qualifying service usually required is service performed in ordinary trading vessels. While the Regulations provide for the acceptance in part of certain kinds of non-trading service (e.g., that performed in fishing-boats, yachts, pilot vessels, etc.), non-trading service not specially provided for in the Regulations cannot be accepted as qualifying service unless it has been submitted to the Local Government and their sanction obtained.

73. Sea service for foreign-going certificates.—For foreign-going certificates the term "sea service" means, unless otherwise stated, service performed in foreign-going vessels. (But see rule 130.)

74. Officers' service : Home Trade.—Service in a lower grade than First or Only Mate in the home or coasting trade will not be recognized as officers' service towards qualifying a candidate for examination for a foreign-going certificate.

75. Service in Home Trade.—For Home Trade Passenger ship certificates service in the home or coasting trade is regarded as equivalent to service in the foreign trade; but for Foreign-going certificates it is regarded as only equivalent to two-thirds of the time spent in the foreign trade, except in the case of Indian coasting voyages extending beyond a distance of 500 miles from the port of departure in vessels commanded by Masters holding foreign-going certificates, when such service will count as foreign voyages, and will be reckoned as full time; but the time spent in the port of departure or home port will not be allowed to count. In all cases the length of service is deemed to commence on the date of sailing from the port of departure or home port and to end on the date of arrival at the home port. Such service must be vouched for in the Form laid down in Appendix N.

76. Certificate, meaning of.—By the word "certificate" is meant a certificate of competency granted by the Board of Trade under the Merchant Shipping Acts, or by the Government of a British self-governing Dominion, Colony, or Possession, under an Order in Council issued in pursuance of the Merchant Shipping Acts.

A list of the Colonial certificates referred to will be found in Appendix M. They are of the same force as the corresponding certificates granted by the Board of Trade.

77. Colonial local certificates.—The holder of a Colonial certificate for foreign-going ships *not* granted under the Merchant Shipping Acts who desires to be examined for an Imperial certificate of the same grade, must prove that he has performed the amount of service required by these Regulations to entitle him to hold such a certificate. He must also produce satisfactory testimonials as to character for at least the last 12 months of sea service preceding his application to be examined.

78. Foreign-going certificates.—Where a foreign-going certificate is required in order to qualify a candidate for examination, the certificate may be either an Ordinary certificate, or a certificate for fore-and-aft rigged vessels, or a certificate for foreign-going steamships.

79. Pilot defined.—The term "pilot" in these Regulations (*see* rules 32 and 55) means a pilot who is employed in general pilotage, and holds a first class pilot's certificate from some competent authority authorising him to pilot vessels outside harbour and partially smooth water limits. A Hooghly Master Pilot is for the purpose of this rule to be considered as a first class pilot.

80. Officer's service.—Officer's service to be recognised as qualifying for purposes of examination must be performed with the requisite certificate as specified in Appendix J. The officer's service performed by men who have been duly promoted during the course of a voyage (*see* rule 84) or who, in consequence of serving in vessels plying between ports abroad, have been unable to obtain the necessary certificates, may, however, be recognised, provided that it is in other respects satisfactory.

81. Foreign officers.—Foreign officers who wish to apply for a British certificate of competency must in all cases have performed their qualifying officer's service with the requisite British certificate. The service may have been performed in foreign vessels if the candidate can produce satisfactory testimonials as to conduct and character, and is able to prove that the service has been in the required capacities, and that during the period of service he has held a British certificate of competency of the grade required by the Regulations (*see* rule 85).

82. In charge of a watch.—When service in charge of a watch in either the foreign or home trade is specified in the Regulations, candidates for certificates of competency as First Mate must be able to prove that during eight months at least of their service they have kept full regular watch *during the whole voyage, i.e., from port to port*, which, if in the foreign trade, must amount to not less than 8 hours of each 24 hours' service. Where a candidate can prove eight months of such full service, service performed in cases where watches were doubled at any time during the voyage will be accepted as equivalent to half the same period of full watch-keeping service. No amount of occasional service will, by itself, be accepted as qualifying service. Candidates for certificates of competency as Master will be required to have served during the whole of the time specified by the Regulations, in full charge of a watch, and no service performed under the system of double watches, except as the senior officer, will be accepted as qualifying service for a certificate of this grade. Great care must be exercised by the Examiners and others in regard to such service, and unless the candidate produces a clear and satisfactory testimonial specially setting forth the above facts, from the Master or owner of the vessel in which the service was performed, it must not be accepted.

83. Additional Mates.—Service as additional or auxiliary First or Second Mates, in large foreign-going vessels, when, in both cases, Third and Fourth Mates are also carried, will count as First Mate's or Second Mate's service, as the case may be, provided that the candidate was entered on the articles in one of these capacities, and that he produces the necessary certificate (*see* rule 82) showing that he was in charge of a watch or watches during the whole time claimed. (*See also* rule 6.)

84. Promotion during voyage.—Whenever a man has, from any cause, been regularly promoted on the occurrence of a vacancy in the course of the voyage from the rank in which he first shipped, and such promotion, with the ground on which it has been made, is properly entered in the articles and in the Official Log Book, he will receive credit for his service in the higher grade for the period subsequent to his promotion.

85. Evidence as to service in foreign vessels.—The testimonials of service of foreigners and of British officers and seamen serving in foreign vessels, which cannot be verified by the Port Officer, must be confirmed either by the Consul of the country to which the ship in which the candidate served belonged or by some other recognised official authority of that country, or by the testimony of some credible person on the spot having personal knowledge of the facts required to be established. The production, however, of such proofs will not of necessity be deemed sufficient. Each case will be decided on its own merits, and if the sufficiency of the proofs given appears to be in doubt, it must be referred to the Government for decision.

86. Auxiliary screw ships.—Service in auxiliary screw whaling ships and in vessels with auxiliary steam power, which use their screws only in calms or during light winds, is considered as service performed in sailing vessels.

87. Excursion steamers.—In the case of excursion steamers only such service as can be proved to have been performed at sea will be accepted.

88. Service as carpenter, sailmaker, cook, steward, etc.—Candidates whose service has been performed in capacities other than apprentice, midshipman, cadet, ordinary seaman or able seaman—e.g., men who have served as carpenter, or sailmaker, or as cook in small vessels where cooking is only a part of a man's duty—will be required to satisfy the Port Officer that they have during the whole time claimed performed deck duties in addition to their own particular work, and that they have a good knowledge of seamanship. These facts may possibly be proved by the production of satisfactory certificates from the Masters with whom the candidate has served; but such service will only be accepted as equivalent to two-thirds of the time served as ordinary deck hand. Failing satisfactory evidence, the applicant will be required to perform additional service in the capacity of seaman. Service as cook (under other conditions than the above), or as steward, purser, or wireless operator will not be accepted.

89. Service as seaman or as wireless operator.—If a candidate has been engaged on articles of agreement as seaman or in any seamen rating and has served both as a seaman and as a wireless operator, the service may be counted as qualifying service in full.

If a candidate has been engaged on articles of agreement as a wireless operator and has served as such, one quarter of the service up to a maximum of twelve months may be counted as qualifying service.

90. Service in fishing or pilot vessels.—Service performed exclusively in trawlers and other deep sea-fishing vessels, or in pilot vessels, will not qualify a candidate for examination. He must in addition prove the following service:—

- (a) For a Foreign-going certificate, service for at least 18 months in an ordinary trading vessel in the foreign trade, or the equivalent period, 27 months, in the home or coasting trade.
- (b) For a Home Trade Passenger ship certificate, service for at least twelve months in an ordinary trading vessel in the foreign, home, or coasting trade.

91. Service in yachts.—Service in pleasure yachts will be accepted as qualifying service under the following conditions:—

- (a) It must in all cases be verified by satisfactory proofs, which must set forth clearly and in detail the nature and duration of the service claimed; and it must be distinctly understood that only actual sea service will be accepted, and that service in harbour or port is inadmissible.
- (b) Service in foreign-going yachts will be accepted in full; and service performed within home trade limits in sailing yachts of not less than 50 tons net register or in steam yachts of not less than 80 tons gross register will be accepted in the proportion stated in rule 75; but candidates must also show (1) for a Foreign-going certificate, service for at least 18 months in an ordinary trading vessel in the foreign trade, or for the equivalent period, 27 months, in an ordinary trading vessel in the home or coasting trade; (2) for a Home Trade Passenger-ship certificate, service for at least 12 months in an ordinary trading vessel in the foreign, home, or coasting trade.
- (c) Service within home trade limits in sailing yachts of 20 tons net register, or in steam yachts of 40 tons gross register, will be accepted towards qualifying a candidate for a foreign-going certificate as equivalent to half the same time served in the foreign trade, but no amount of such service shall count as more than two years' service in the foreign trade, and no such service shall count as officers' service to qualify candidates for foreign-going certificates.
- (d) Service within home trade limits in sailing yachts of not less than 20 tons net register, or in steam yachts of not less than 40 tons gross register, will be accepted at the ordinary rate as qualifying service for Home Trade Passenger Ship certificates, but candidates must prove that they have in addition served for at least 12 months in an ordinary trading vessel in the foreign, home, or coasting trade.
- (e) Service within home trade limits in sailing yachts of less than 20 tons net register, or in steam yachts of less than 40 tons gross register, will not be accepted as qualifying service for any class of certificate.

92. Service in tugs, War Department vessels, etc.—Service performed in tugs employed in Channel service or outside partially smooth water limits (see Appendix L) may be accepted as sea service for the purpose of qualifying a candidate for a Mate's or Master's certificate for home trade passenger ships only.

Service performed in War Department vessels employed outside partially smooth water limits (*see* rule 95) may be accepted as sea-service to qualify a candidate for a Mate's or Master's certificate for home trade passenger ships only. This service cannot be accepted towards qualifying a candidate for a Foreign-going certificate, unless there should be some very exceptional circumstances, when the case, together with all the candidate's papers, should be submitted to the Port Officer for his consideration.

93. Service in dredgers.—Service in steam hopper barges may, subject to the provisions of rule 95, be allowed to count towards qualifying a candidate for a Mate's certificate of competency for home trade passenger ships, provided the candidate can prove at least two years' service in an ordinary trading vessel in either the home, coasting, or foreign trade. Service in these steam hoppers will not be accepted as officer's service towards qualifying a candidate for a Master's certificate.

94. Service in lightships or engine-room.—Service in lightships or in an engine-room will not be accepted as sea service.

95. Service on rivers.—Service performed on rivers, no matter of what size, and service performed within smooth or partially smooth water limits (*see* Appendix L), will not be accepted.

Where any doubt whatever exists on this point, the candidate will be required to produce a certificate from the Master or owner of the vessel in which the service was performed, before the service can be accepted.

96. Training ships.—Time served on board a training ship will be allowed to count as equivalent to one-half the same time spent in service at sea, up to a limit of two years (*i.e.*, no length of service will be allowed to count as more than one year at sea), provided that the candidate can produce a certificate from the Committee or Captain Superintendent that he has conducted himself creditably and passed a good examination in seamanship so far as it is practised in the training ship, as well as in other matters down to the time of his leaving the ship. Training ship service will not be regarded as equivalent to service in square-rigged vessels.

97. School for nautical training.—Time spent at a school for Nautical Training conducted on premises ashore may be allowed to count in some proportion, not exceeding one-half, as service at sea provided that—

(a) the school is in receipt of a grant from the Board of Education under the Regulations for Schools of Nautical Training;

(b) after an inspection by one of their officers the Board of Trade are satisfied that the school gives a training that justifies time spent there being reckoned as part of the necessary qualifying time for a certificate of competency;

(c) the candidate produces a satisfactory certificate as regards conduct and proficiency from the authorities of the school on leaving it.

The proportion in which time spent at a school conducted on premises ashore will be accepted as qualifying under the above provisions will be decided after inspection by one of the Board's officers, but time spent at the school will never be counted as equivalent to more than one-half of the same time spent at sea, nor will it in any circumstances be taken as equivalent to more than one year at sea.

98. Apprentices.—The *whole* of the time claimed under indentures of apprenticeship will be accepted as actual sea service to qualify under rule 28 for a Second Mate's certificate, provided (a) that the indentures have not been cancelled through some fault of the candidate, but are endorsed by the owner or Master to whom he was bound to the effect that he has performed his service faithfully during the time he remained as apprentice; and (b) that the candidate has served at sea four-fifths of the time claimed, that is to say, has not spent more than one-fifth of the time in home ports.

In cases where an apprentice is qualified for examination before the expiration of his indentures, *e.g.*, where he has had training ship or other sea service prior to being bound, which, together with his actual time as apprentice, makes up the required four years, or where his indentures are for a period of more than four years, a letter from the owner or Master will be accepted in place of the endorsement referred to above.

In the event of the candidate being short of the required four-fifths of the time claimed as apprentice out of the United Kingdom, he will be required to show sufficient additional sea service, either as seaman or junior officer, to make up the four-fifths of the time claimed.

99. Midshipmen and cadets.—The *whole* of the time served as midshipman or cadet under indentures will also be accepted subject to the *same* conditions as those laid down for apprentices; and the same will be the case even when not bound by indentures, provided that the service as midshipman or cadet has been continuous, and that on the date of the termination of the period of service claimed in this capacity the candidate

was on articles of agreement, and that he is able to comply with the requirements laid down in the matter of serving or making up the four-fifths period at sea during the time claimed.

100. Lighthouse tenders.—Service performed in the sea-going steam vessels of the Trinity House, of the Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses, or of the Commissioners of Irish Lights, or in Irish and Scotch Fishery Cruisers, will be accepted as sea service for the purpose of qualifying a candidate for examination for a home trade passenger ship certificate; but for a foreign-going certificate a candidate must show in addition to this service calculated in accordance with rule 75 at least twelve months in an ordinary trading vessel. In order to qualify a candidate for an Ordinary certificate, this twelve months must have been performed in a square-rigged sailing vessel (see rule 26).

101. Service in Royal Navy.—Officers of the Royal Navy are at liberty to apply for certificates of service and to be examined for certificates of competency in the Mercantile Marine, but the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have directed that the applications of officers on the active list should be made through their commanding officers, and that the applications of officers on half-pay should be made to the Secretary of the Admiralty, who, in either case, will forward the application to the Board of Trade. In the case of Royal Indian Marine officers, applications for certificates of service should be made on a printed form Exn. 18, which will be supplied free of charge on application to the Director of the Royal Indian Marine. Applicants on duty in India should submit their claims to the Director for transmission to the Government of India and the India Office. Officers on leave in England should submit their claims to the India Office on the printed form which may be obtained from that office.

The conditions on which certificates of service are issued are stated in rule 70.

102. Qualifications required of Naval and Indian Marine Officers.—Officers of the Royal Navy or of the Royal Indian Marine who wish to be examined for certificates of competency in the Mercantile Marine will be required to prove the following service; and if an officer wishes to obtain the Ordinary certificate for foreign-going ships he must prove that at least twelve months of this required period was served under sail alone:—

- (a) For second Mate. The officer must prove four years' service at sea, or that he has attained the rank of acting sub-lieutenant.
- (b) For only Mate. Five years' service at sea.
- (c) For First Mate or Master. The officer must prove that he has attained the rank of sub-lieutenant in the Royal Navy, or of lieutenant in the Royal Indian Marine.

103. Service in Royal Naval Reserve.—Lieutenants, sub-lieutenants, and acting sub-lieutenants of the Royal Naval Reserve who perform sea service on board His Majesty's ships will, if accompanied by a good report, be allowed to count such service as if it had been performed in foreign-going merchant ships, and the service will rank according to the certificate of competency held by the candidate at the time. (See also rule 131.)

The time spent in Periodical Training in the Royal Naval Reserve on board sea-going vessels of the Royal Navy, if accompanied by a good report, will be accepted in full, but in the case of Midshipmen, will not count as Officer's service. In the case of service in Harbour ships of the Royal or Colonial Navies, only one half of the time will be accepted as sea service, and no such service must amount to more than one-fourth of the time required for the particular grade of Certificate applied for.

CHAPTER IV.

CONDUCT OF THE EXAMINATIONS.

104. The examinations will begin at 10 a.m. on each day. A regular luncheon interval will be given each day between 1 p.m. and 2 p.m., the *vis à voce* and practical parts of the examination being taken at such times as may be convenient. The time allotted for each written part of the examination for each grade of certificate will be as follows:—

SECOND MATE.—Paper on Navigation and Nautical Astronomy, 3 hours; Nautical Astronomy and Trigonometry, 2 hours; Chart work, 3 hours; Essay, 1 hour.

FIRST OR ONLY MATE.—Paper on Navigation and Nautical Astronomy, 3 hours; Nautical Astronomy and Trigonometry, 2 hours; Chart work, 3 hours; Sumner problem, 2 hours; Meteorology paper, 1½ hours.

MASTER.—Paper on Navigation and Nautical Astronomy, 3 hours; Nautical Astronomy and Trigonometry, 2 hours; Chart work, 3 hours; Meteorology paper, 1½ hours; Compass Deviation, 1½ hours; Naval Architecture, 1½ hours; Essay, 2 hours.

HOME TRADE MATE.—Arithmetic paper, 2 hours; Chart work, 3 hours.

HOME TRADE MASTER.—Arithmetic paper, 2 hours; Chart work, 3 hours; Nautical Astronomy and Deviation questions, 3 hours.

105. Candidates to be punctual.—Candidates are required to appear at the examination room punctually at the time appointed.

106. Loose paper and books removed.—Before commencing the examination the tables or desks must be cleared of all scraps of paper or books that are not used in the examination.

107. No strangers admitted.—No person will be allowed in the room during the examination, other than those whose duties require them to be present. No instructors will be allowed on the premises.

108. Books and papers strictly forbidden.—Candidates are prohibited from bringing into the examination room books or papers of any kind whatever. The slightest infringement of this rule will subject the offender to all the penalties of a failure, and he will not be allowed to present himself for re-examination for a period of three months.

109. All work to be shown.—No candidate will be allowed to work out his problems on waste paper, or to write on the blotting paper supplied for his use in the examination. Violation of this rule will subject the candidate to all the penalties of a failure.

A sheet of blotting paper should be issued to each candidate with the first examination paper, and it must be returned to the Examiner when the last paper is completed each day. The Examiner will be careful to see that the blotting paper has not been used by the candidate in solving his problems, or for conveying information to other candidates.

110. Instruments are provided.—All instruments necessary for use in the examinations are supplied by the Local Government.

111. Leaving room or building.—No candidate may leave the examination room without permission and without giving up the paper on which he is engaged. Under no circumstances will a candidate be allowed to leave the building while the examination is proceeding. Violation of this rule will subject the candidate to all the penalties of a failure.

112. Copying, &c., to be prevented.—Candidates should be so placed as to prevent one copying from the other, and no communication whatever between the candidates should be allowed.

113. Penalty for Copying, &c.—In the event of any candidate being discovered referring to any book or paper, or copying from another, or affording any assistance or giving any information to another, or communicating in any way with another, during the time of examination, or copying any part of the problems for the purpose of taking them out of the examination rooms he will subject himself to all the penalties of a failure, and will not be allowed to be examined for a period of six months.

A candidate guilty of a second offence will not be allowed to be examined until 12 months have elapsed.

114. Injury to books.—If a candidate defaces, blots, writes in, or otherwise injures any book or form belonging to the Local Government, the papers will be retained until he has replaced the damaged book or document. He will not be allowed to remove the damaged book or document, and will be subjected to all the penalties of a failure.

115. Silence.—Perfect silence is to be preserved in the examination room.

116. Penalty for breach of rules.—Any candidate violating any of the regulations, or being guilty of insolence to the Examiner, or of disorderly or improper conduct in or about the room, will render himself liable to the postponement of his examination, or, if he has passed, to the detention of his certificate for such period as the Local Government may direct.

117. Examination papers : how to be dealt with.—The examination papers of candidates must in all cases be sent to the Port Officer for his approval, together with the report of the examination on the Forms Exn. 14 and Exn. 34.

118. Examination in Navigation.—The whole of the written portion of the examination will be taken on the marks system. The candidate will be furnished with sheets of the blank ruled paper (Exn. 30) which is supplied for the purpose, with instructions that he is to work or write only on one side of the paper, and to answer in a clear and legible hand each of the questions on the paper, and to commence each answer by writing down the number of the question to which it relates in the margin. Marks will be allotted for each question, and candidates will be required to obtain 75 per cent. of the total marks in order to pass for an Ordinary Certificate. Papers will not be handed back to candidates for correction.

119. Compass deviation.—In answering questions on the tentative method of compass adjustment, the candidate will be tested by Beall's Compass Deviascope.

120. Barometer, tides, &c.—The examination on the barometer, thermometer, and hydrometer, prevailing winds and currents of the globe, trade routes, and tides, will be conducted orally, and the questions asked by the examiner, which will be constantly varied, will be confined to and based on the information given in the text-books mentioned in Appendix K; candidates will be required to have a fair and intelligent knowledge of the contents of those books.

121. Sextant.—Particular attention should be paid to the sextant, the examination in which will be conducted orally and practically. Every candidate will be required to measure both vertical and horizontal angles, and will be examined practically as to his knowledge of the adjustments and the use of the various screws; he must be able to read correctly on and off the arc, and must also be able to find the index error both by the horizon and by the sun.

122. Corrections by tables.—The corrections by inspection of tables given in some of the works on navigation, *e.g.*, Tables IX, XI and XXI, in Norie's Epitome, will not be allowed; every correction must appear on the papers of the candidates.

123. Degree of precision required.—Degree of precision required in the solution of the problems:—

(a) Candidates are expected to work their problems to the nearest half-minute of arc and to the nearest second in time.

(b) In interpolating for the correct deviation to be applied in solving the chart questions, it will usually be sufficient if the candidate works throughout with the nearest degree of deviation taken from the deviation card; and even in cases where the deviations may vary but little, the nearest half degree used throughout will be sufficiently precise. It is not necessary that the candidate should waste his time in solving the course to odd minutes, as is sometimes done.

(c) In calculating the correction to apply to soundings the candidate is not required to work to the exact inch, as is sometimes done. It will be sufficient if he brings his answer within half a foot or so of a precise result.

124. Candidates may use own method.—Candidates will be allowed to work out the various problems according to any method they have been accustomed to use.

125. Supplementary viva voce.—Candidates will be examined orally as to their knowledge of all their written and worked papers.

126. No candidate to be examined twice in a week.—A candidate will not be allowed to undergo examination twice in the same week, unless, under very special and urgent circumstances, the Examiner should see fit to relax this rule. In that case a special set of problems should be supplied to the candidate.

CHAPTER V.

TEMPORARY MODIFICATIONS IN THE REGULATIONS DUE TO WAR CONDITIONS.

127. Examination of Enemy Aliens.—So long as the war lasts no subject of an Enemy State will be allowed to present himself for examination for a certificate of competency in the Mercantile Marine or the Sea-fishing Service.

128. Candidates for Masters' certificates to produce evidence of nationality.—During the war no man may be examined for a certificate of competency as Master, of foreign-going ships or Master (Home Trade) unless (a) he is a British subject and (b) at the time of his birth each of his parents was a British subject by birth or by naturalisation.

In order to prove that he complies with these conditions every candidate for any of the certificates named must produce to the Examiner his own birth certificate and the birth certificate or certificate of naturalisation of each of his parents. These documents should be lodged with the Examiner at least a week before the day on which the candidate wishes to present himself for examination.

This requirement does not apply to any officer who has been granted a commission in the Royal Naval Reserve since March, 1911, or in the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve since February 1916.

If in any case there is any doubt whether the candidate complies with the above requirements, the local Examiner will refer the matter to the Principal Examiner.

129. First Aid Certificates.—A First Aid certificate which, though otherwise valid, is more than three years old will be accepted during the war if the holder has been prevented from renewing it by reason of the exigencies of the war service.

130. Service under the Admiralty.—All service afloat during the war in His Majesty's ships or in auxiliary supply ships or any other ships in attendance on the Fleet

will be accepted in full (subject to the ordinary conditions as laid down in the Regulations) as qualifying sea service for the purposes of the Government's examinations of Masters and Mates.

The Local Government cannot undertake to accept the whole or any definite proportion of service in the Royal Naval Reserve, which is *not* qualifying service in accordance with the Regulations, but they will be prepared to consider sympathetically an application for examination from a candidate who has been prevented by his service in the Royal Naval Reserve from complying fully with the requirements. This may be taken as applying, *e.g.*, to service with a First or Second Mate's certificate but in a rank below that of Acting Sub-Lieutenant.

131. Service in the Royal Naval Reserve: Antedating Certificates.—The Board of Trade have been in communication with the Admiralty with regard to the case of men serving in the Royal Naval Reserve during the war who are prevented by the exigencies of the Service from presenting themselves for examination on completion of the period of qualifying service required by the Regulations. Arrangements have been made whereby if such a person passes the examination for a certificate of competency at a time not remote from the conclusion of hostilities, he may have his certificate antedated to the date on which the period of qualifying service was completed; and service performed after that date, if eligible, will be accepted as qualifying for a higher certificate. No certificate, however, will be antedated to a date prior to that on which the candidate was called out for Active Service.

132. Service in transports: Antedating Certificates.—The arrangements indicated in rule 131 may be extended on certain conditions to men serving in vessels under Admiralty orders who are not in the Royal Naval Reserve. Such persons on applying for their certificates to be antedated will be required to produce a certificate signed or countersigned by the proper authority, showing that they were prevented by the exigencies of the service from presenting themselves for examination on completion of the period of qualifying service required by the Regulations.

For the purposes of the Regulations the proper authority will be :—

- (a) In the case of men serving in His Majesty's commissioned ships, the Commanding Officer.
- (b) In the case of men serving on requisitioned ship or ships employed on Admiralty service, the Director of Transports and Shipping.
- (c) In the case of men serving on ships employed in the service of the Government of India, the Director of the Royal Indian Marine in Bombay and the Captain Superintendent of the Government Dockyard, at Kidderpore, in Bengal.

133. Service in the Army.—The Local Government is anxious that, so far as it is reasonably possible, seamen or apprentices who are at the present time serving in the Army should not be hindered in their ordinary profession; but the Local Government cannot, in the absence of any indication of the probable duration of the war, give a definite undertaking with regard to the extent to which such service could be accepted as part of the service required to qualify for certificates of competency in the Mercantile Marine. The Local Government must have regard to the essential condition that their certificates must testify to actual competency, but they will be prepared in due course to consider sympathetically any application to be examined by a candidate who has been prevented from complying fully with the Regulations owing to his service in the Army.

134. Service under an Auxiliary First Mate.—With reference to rule 35 (c) of the Regulations, the Local Government will accept service as Second Mate while holding a First Mate's foreign-going certificate and performed during the war under an additional or auxiliary First Mate as qualifying service for a Master's certificate, provided that a Third Mate is also carried, and the requirement that there shall be a Fourth Mate will, for the time being, not be insisted upon.

135. Officers and Seamen interned Abroad.—Time spent by officers and seamen interned abroad in attending organised lectures or classes of instruction will be accepted, subject to the following conditions, in lieu of a portion of the qualifying sea service required to qualify them for examination of a certificate of competency :—

- (a) If nine hours a week are spent in attending lectures or classes, five weeks spent in this way will be accepted in lieu of one week's sea service. If eleven hours a week are spent in this way, four weeks will be accepted as one week's sea service. In no circumstances can a remission of more than three months' sea service be made.
- (b) The lectures must form part of a definite course of study bearing on the candidate's profession.
- (c) The candidate must produce a certificate, signed by the Lecturer or by some other recognised officer of the camp, that he has attended regularly and has profited by the instruction given. If possible the candidate should also produce his note books. It is suggested that the extent to which a student has profited should be ascertained by periodical examinations.

The subjects of study which are likely to be of value may be inferred from the syllabus for each grade of certificate given in the Regulations. The course of study need not, however, be confined to the actual subjects or questions specified in the syllabus and should embrace work more advanced and thorough than that necessary to meet the bare requirements of the examinations.

APPENDIX A.

EXAMINATION DAYS ;			MASTERS' AND MATES' CERTIFICATES
Places.			For Masters and Mates.
Aberdeen	...	...	2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Belfast	...	...	1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
Bristol	...	...	1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
Cardiff	...	...	1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
Dublin	...	...	2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Dundee	...	...	1st, 3rd and 5th Tuesday in each month.
Glasgow	...	...	1st, 3rd and 5th Tuesday in each month.
Greenock	...	...	2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Hartlepool, West	...	...	4th Tuesday in each month.
Hull	...	...	2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Leith	...	...	2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Liverpool	...	...	Monday in each week.
London	...	...	Monday in each week. Examination in steam held on Friday in each week.
Newport, Mon.	...	...	2nd Tuesday in each month.
Plymouth	...	...	2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
Shields, South	...	...	1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
Southampton	...	...	1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
Sunderland	...	...	2nd and 5th Tuesday in each month.
Swansea	...	...	4th Tuesday in each month.
Calcutta	...	...	1st Monday in January, April, July and October and 2nd Monday in February, May, August and November.

N.B.—The examination days and the ports at which examinations are held are liable to be changed, and candidates are advised to ascertain the actual date of examination from the Superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office, or the local Examiner of Masters and Mates.

APPENDIX B.

PORTS WHERE EXAMINATIONS IN THE SIGHT TESTS ARE HELD.

The Sight Tests can only be conducted in a good light, and it will often be impossible for candidates to have their sight tested later than two o'clock in the afternoon in the winter months (September to March inclusive), or even earlier on dull or foggy days. Where definite hours are mentioned in the following list of ports candidates can only be tested within those hours ; at all ports candidates should attend as early in the morning as practicable :—

- Aberdeen.—Monday before the 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
- Belfast.—Monday before the 1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
- Bristol.—Monday before the 1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
- Cardiff.—Any Monday between 10 A.M. and 11 A.M.
- Dublin.—Monday before the 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
- Dundee.—Monday before the 1st, 3rd and 5th Tuesday in each month.
- Glasgow.—Any day between 10 A.M. and noon.
- Greenock.—Monday before the 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month, between 10 A.M. and noon.
- Grimsby.—Monday before the 1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
- Hartlepool (West).—Monday before the 4th Tuesday in each month.
- Hull.—Any day.
- Leith.—Monday before the 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
- Liverpool.—Every Thursday, Friday and Saturday.
- London (Dock Street, E.).—Every Friday and Saturday.
- London (133, E. India Dock Road, Poplar, E. 14).—Any day between 10 A.M. and noon.
- London (Tilbury, Essex).—Every Thursday and Friday between 10 A.M. and noon.
- London (Victoria Docks, E. 16).—Any day.
- Manchester (Salford).—Any day.
- Newport.—Any Monday at 10 A.M.
- Plymouth.—Monday before the 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month.
- Southampton.—Every Monday and other days by special arrangement.
- South Shields.—Monday before the 1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.
- Sunderland.—Monday before the 2nd and 5th Tuesday in each month.
- Swansea.—Any Monday at 10 A.M.
- Calcutta.—Any day.

APPENDIX C.

(See Rule 24.)

REPRESENTATIVES OF ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION.

England, Wales, Ireland and Bengal.

- AVONMOUTH.—Dr. R. Rolfe, Roseneath, Avonmouth.
 BELFAST.—Dr. R. W. Leslie, St. Helen's, Strandtown, Belfast.
 BLYTH.—Dr. Manners, Waterloo House, Blyth.
 BRISTOL.—A. St. J. Burroughs, Esq., 23, Bridge Street, Bristol.
 CARDIFF and SWANSEA.—H. Lewis, Esq., 61, Cathedral Road, Cardiff.
 CORK.—Dr. E. W. Allsom, 12, St. Patrick's Place, Cork; Dr. J. Booth, 89, South Mall, Cork; and
 A. E. Craddy, Esq., Superintendent, Mercantile Marine Office, Cork.
 DEVONPORT.—R. J. Finall, Esq., Town Clerk's Office, Devonport.
 DOVER.—R. E. Knocker, Esq., Castle Hill House, Dover.
 DUBLIN.—Dr. J. Dallas Pratt, 19, Lower Fitzwilliam Square, Dublin.
 GRAVESEND.—The Secretary, Technical Institute, Gravesend.
 GRIMSBY.—A. H. Ely, Esq., Holm Hill School.
 HULL.—Dr. A. W. Scott, Newland, Hull.
 LIVERPOOL.—J. Roberts, Esq., 6, Wellington Buildings, 42, South Castle Street, Liverpool.
 MERSEY MISSION.—The Rev. Canon Lambert, Mersey Mission to Seamen Institute, Hanover
 Street, Liverpool.
 LONDON DOCKS.—Dr. Godding, Missions to Seamen Institute, Poplar, E.
 MANCHESTER.—L. M. Brown, Esq., 17, Cooper Street, Manchester.
 MIDDLESBROUGH.—E. C. Smith, Esq., 5, Royal Exchange, Middlesbrough.
 NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE.—F. D. Fenwick, Esq., Milbourn House, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
 NEWPORT (MON.).—A. G. Fudge, Esq., 7, Clytha Square, Newport, Mon.
 PLYMOUTH.—P. S. Snell, Esq., 14, Old Town Street, Plymouth.
 PORTSMOUTH.—F. S. Coward, Esq., The Woodlands, 80, Laburnum Grove, Portsmouth.
 RAMSGATE.—Major-General G. T. Brown, C.B., King's Gate Cottage, St. Petersgate, Ramsgate.
 N. SHIELDS.—E. P. Martin, Esq., 24, Spring Terrace, Chirton, N. Shields.
 S. SHIELDS.—J. Page, Esq., Waterloo Chambers, 67, King Street, S. Shields.
 SOUTHAMPTON.—Colonel G. E. Twiss, 8, St. John's Station Road, Sholing, Hants.
 SUNDERLAND.—T. J. French, Esq., 12, Dale Terrace, Fulwell, Sunderland.
 TENBY.—Dr. Charles Mathias, Tenby.
 WEST HARTLEPOOL.—W. Nightingale Hall, Esq., Maltby House, St. Paul's Road, West Hartlepool.
 WEYMOUTH.—Dr. G. G. Morrice, 17, Royal Terrace, Weymouth.
 WHITBY.—The Rev. H. Haslop, Missions to Seamen Institute, Whitby.
 YARMOUTH.—B. Peart, Esq., 28, South Quay, Great Yarmouth.
 CALCUTTA.—Dr. C. H. Elmes, 9-4, Middleton Row.

REPRESENTATIVES OF ST. ANDREW'S AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION.

Scotland.

- ABERDEEN.—William Smith, Esq., Secretary, Local Committee, St. Andrew's Ambulance Association,
 201, Union Street, Aberdeen.
 GLASGOW AND DUNDEE.—Lieut.-Col. H. J. Barnes, General Secretary, Head Office, St. Andrew's
 Ambulance Association, 176, West Regent Street, Glasgow.
 GREENOCK.—R. A. Clapperton-Stewart, Esq., Secretary, Local Committee, St. Andrew's Ambulance
 Association, 2, Church Place, Greenock.
 LEITH.—Alex. Morrison, Esq., Secretary, Executive Committee, St. Andrew's Ambulance Association,
 16, South Charlotte Street, Edinburgh.

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE ST. PATRICK'S AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION.

Ireland.

- DUBLIN.—Lieut.-Col. Adye Curran, M.E., F.R.C.S.I., Esker House, Upper Rathmines, Dublin.
 „ Charles Preston Ball, Esq., M.D., 62, Merion Road, Dublin.
 „ Andrew Charles, Esq., F.R.C.S.I., 64, Harcourt Street, Dublin.
 „ J. H. Davys, Esq., L.R.C.P. & S.I., 20, Westland Row, Dublin.
 „ Lieut.-Col. Johnson, R.A.M.C., 8, Vesey Place, Kingstown, Dublin.
 „ Edward Magennis, Esq., J.P., M.D., Governor of Apothecaries' Hall, 37, Harcourt Street,
 Dublin.
 „ R. Percy McDonell, Esq., F.R.C.S.I., 20, Lower Leeson Street, Dublin.

APPENDIX D.

(See Rule 29 and 65.)

EXAMINATION IN SIGNALLING.

The examination in Signalling should in all cases and for all grades commence with an examination in the International Code and be followed by an examination in the British Signal Manual, including Morse Flashing, Flag-waving and Semaphore.

International Code.—Examiners are recommended to frame the examination in the International Code of Signals, upon the instructions and illustrations given at the commencement of Parts I and II of the Signal Book. The information there given will be found sufficient to indicate all the characteristics of the Code.

By the form of the hoist, an observer can at sight understand the nature of any signal he sees flying; the examination should, therefore, tend to elicit a clear knowledge of all the distinctive features of the Code.

With this object in view, the Examiners should question the candidates as to the distinguishing forms of the respective hoists, which will be indicated according as a burgee, a pennant, or a square flag is uppermost, and also with regard to the number of flags, and the position of the Code flag when used in the hoist; making the 1, 2, 3 and 4 flag signals with the flags supplied for the purpose, and varying the signals made, showing 2 and 3 flag signals, with and without the Code flag included, or a Geographical or a Vocabulary signal, the name of a merchant ship or of a ship of war.

As the two latter signals would not be found in the Signal Book, the candidate should know where to find them and how to look them out.

The candidate should:—(a) Be able to read a signal at sight, so far as to name the flags composing the hoist. (b) Know the use of the Code pennant and of the penants C and D, "Yes" and "No," also of the two burgees A and B, and the square flags S and P, and the flags used to indicate cholera, plague, etc., on board, and the quarantine flag. (c) Be required to signal some word or words not included in the vocabulary of the Code either by letters or by the Spelling Table (page 516) or both. (d) Have a knowledge of the Distant Signals, and of their object, and the different modes of signalling therewith. (e) Know the special Morse signals indicated by certain letters as given on page 550. (f) Have a good knowledge of the Distress Signals and understand the penalty which may be incurred by their improper use.

The International Code is used on board His Majesty's ships, and it has been adopted by all the principal Maritime Powers for their public as well as merchant ships.

British Signal Manual.—Candidates will be expected to know the meaning of any or all of the single flag signals given therein, and the significations of the Pilot Jack when incorporated in a hoist. They should also be required to make or read from the Pilot Jack table a hoist given by the Examiner. Candidates need not be expected to commit the Pilot Jack table to memory, but there should be no hesitation whatever in making or reading a signal. They should also know how to recognise any of the Special Signals given at the end of the British Signal Manual.

Morse Flashing Flagwaving and Semaphore.—Candidates for the voluntary examination in signalling will be required to attain a minimum speed of 12 words a minute in semaphore, 10 words a minute in Morse flashing and 6 words a minute in Morse flagwaving (the average length of a word being taken as 5 letters).

Candidates for other certificates will only be required to attain a speed of 5 words a minute in Morse flashing and flagwaving and 8 words a minute in Semaphore.

In the ordinary examination, it will be sufficient if in Morse flashing a candidate is given a test card and a spelling message of 10 words, in Morse flagwaving a spelling message of 10 words, and in Semaphore a spelling message of 25 words.

In the voluntary examination in signalling, the Semaphore test will be a spelling message of 50 words.

The Morse flashing and flagwaving test will be a test message (see British Signal Manual), followed by a spelling message of 25 words.

The candidate must attain a degree of accuracy of at least 90 per cent. both in making and reading in each method, i.e., Flashing, Flagwaving and Semaphore.

In the examination in Morse flashing and flagwaving the candidate should be first required to make a test message, followed by a spelling message of 25 words. The Examiner should then make a test message, followed by a spelling message of 25 words to be read by the candidate.

The same procedure must be observed in the Semaphore examination, except that, as a test message is not given, the candidate will be required to make a spelling message of 50 words and then to read a message of 50 words made by the Examiner. The Semaphore messages may be made either by hand flags or mechanical Semaphore, or both at the discretion of the Examiner.

In the Morse flashing and flagwaving examination, marks will be allotted for the test message in the proportion of 50-78 of a mark for each correct letter (see table at back of test cards), and for the spelling message 2 marks for each correct word or group of figures. The candidate must for a pass gain an aggregate of at least 90 per cent. of the maximum marks in both spelling and test messages.

In the Semaphore examination 2 marks will be allotted for each correct word and 90 per cent. of the maximum must be obtained for a pass.

The spelling message is left to the discretion of the Examiner, and may be a passage from any book or newspaper in English. When the passage contains figures and the candidate does not choose to spell them out, the Examiner should see that the proper signs are made before and after the figures.

The message as read by the candidate should be taken down by another candidate where possible, otherwise by a clerk, or other person according as the Examiner may deem expedient.

Candidates should be thoroughly tested in the various signs and the procedure of calling up, sending and answering a signal, as laid down in the British Signal Manual, and this course should always be strictly adhered to.

Particular attention should be paid by Examiners to the accurate spacing of the Morse signs, and to the intervals between letters and words, both in flashing and flagwaving, and also to the correct making of the Semaphore signs. Any attempted increase of speed at the expense of accuracy should be discouraged.

The block letter test and spelling message as read by the candidate should be forwarded on the Form Exn. 19a, together with the percentage of marks allotted and report on the Form Exn. 19b to the Principal Examiner, with any remarks the Examiner may have to add with respect to the examination.

Note.—The International Code of Signals with the Signal Letters of British Ships, is prepared by the Registrar-General of Shipping and Seamen, and may be obtained of the publishers, Messrs. Spottiswoode, Ballantyne & Co., 1, New Street Square, London, E.C.4, and the principal booksellers at the various ports, price 6s.

The Official Mercantile Navy List and Maritime Directory may be obtained in like manner, price 12s.

The British Signal Manual may be obtained through any book-seller, or directly from His Majesty's Stationery Office at any of the addresses given on the title page of these Regulations, price 6d.

APPENDIX E.

REGULATIONS FOR PREVENTING COLLISIONS AT SEA.

1. ORDER IN COUNCIL OF OCTOBER 13, 1910.

SCHEDULE 1.

Preliminary.

These Rules shall be followed by all vessels upon the high seas and in all waters connected therewith, navigable by sea-going vessels.

In the following Rules every steam vessel which is under sail and not under steam is to be considered a sailing vessel, and every vessel under steam, whether under sail or not, is to be considered a steam vessel.

The word "steam vessel" shall include any vessel propelled by machinery.

A vessel is "under way" within the meaning of these Rules, when she is not at anchor, or made fast to the shore or aground.

Rules concerning lights, etc.

The word "visible" in these Rules, when applied to lights, shall mean visible on a dark night with a clear atmosphere.

Article 1. The rules concerning lights shall be complied with in all weathers from sunset to sunrise, and during such time no other lights which may be mistaken for the prescribed lights shall be exhibited.

Article 2. A steam vessel when under way shall carry :—

- (a) On or in front of the foremast, or if a vessel without a foremast, then in the fore part of the vessel, at a height above the hull, of not less than 20 feet, and if the breadth of the vessel exceeds 20 feet, then at a height above the hull not less than such breadth, so, however, that the light need not be carried at a greater height above the hull than 40 feet, a bright white light, so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 20 points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light 10 points on each side of the vessel, viz., from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on either side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 5 miles.
- (b) On the starboard side a green light so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 2 miles.
- (c) On the port side a red light so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on the port side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 2 miles.
- (d) The said green and red side lights shall be fitted with in-board screens projecting at least 3 feet forward from the light, so as to prevent these lights from being seen across the bow.
- (e) A steam vessel when under way may carry an additional white light similar in construction to the light mentioned in subdivision (a). These two lights shall be so placed in line with the keel that one shall be at least 15 feet higher than the other, and in such a position with reference to each other that the lower light shall be forward of the upper one. The vertical distance between these lights shall be less than the horizontal distance.

Article 3. A steam vessel when towing another vessel shall, in addition to her side-lights, carry two bright white lights in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, and when towing more than one vessel shall carry an additional bright white light 6 feet above or below such lights, if the length of the tow, measuring from the stern of the towing vessel to the stern of the last vessel towed, exceeds 600 feet. Each of these lights shall be of the same construction and character, and shall be carried in the same position as the white light mentioned in Article 2 (a), except the additional light, which may be carried at a height of not less than 14 feet above the hull.

Such steam vessel may carry a small white light abaft the funnel or aftermast for the vessel towed to steer by, but such light shall not be visible forward of the beam.

Article 4. (a) A vessel which from any accident is not under command shall carry at the same height as the white light mentioned in Article 2 (a), where they can best be seen, and, if a steam vessel, in lieu of that light, two red lights, in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, and of such a character as to be visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least 2 miles; and shall by day carry in a vertical line one over the other not less than 6 feet apart, where they can best be seen, two black balls or shapes each 2 feet in diameter.

(b) A vessel employed in laying or in picking up a telegraph cable shall carry in the same position as the white light mentioned in Article 2 (a), and if a steam vessel, in lieu of that light, three lights in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart. The highest and lowest of these lights shall be red, and the middle light shall be white, and they shall be of such a character as to be visible all round the horizon, at a distance of at least 2 miles. By day she shall carry in a vertical line one over the other, not less than 6 feet apart, where they can best be seen, three shapes not less than 2 feet in diameter, of which the highest and lowest shall be globular in shape and red in colour, and the middle one diamond in shape and white.

(c) The vessel referred to in this Article when not making way through the water, shall not carry the side lights, but when making way shall carry them.

(d) The lights and shapes required to be shown by this Article are to be taken by other vessels as signals that the vessel showing them is not under command and cannot therefore get out of the way.

These signals are not signals of vessels in distress and requiring assistance. Such signals are contained in Article 81.

Article 5. A sailing vessel under way, and any vessel being towed, shall carry the same lights as are prescribed by Article 2 for a steam vessel under way, with the exception of the white lights mentioned therein, which they shall never carry.

Article 6. Whenever, as in the case of small vessels under way during bad weather, the green and red side-lights cannot be fixed, these lights shall be kept at hand lighted and ready for use; and shall, on the approach of or to other vessels, be exhibited on their respective sides in sufficient time to prevent collision, in such manner as to make them most visible, and so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side, nor, if practicable, more than 2 points abaft the beam on their respective sides.

To make the use of these portable lights more certain and easy, the lanterns containing them shall each be painted outside with the colour of the light they respectively contain, and shall be provided with proper screens.

Article 7. Steam vessels of less than 40, and vessels under oars or sails of less than 20 tons gross tonnage, respectively, and rowing boats, when under way, shall not be obliged to carry the lights mentioned in Article 2 (a), (b) and (c), but if they do not carry them they shall be provided with the following lights:—

1. Steam vessels of less than 40 tons shall carry:—

(a) In the forepart of the vessel, or on or in front of the funnel, where it can best be seen, and at a height above the gunwale of not less than 9 feet, a bright white light constructed and fixed as prescribed in Article 2 (a), and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 2 miles.

(b) Green and red side-lights constructed and fixed as prescribed in Article 2 (b) and (c) and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least 1 mile, or a combined lantern showing a green light and a red light from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on their respective sides. Such lantern shall be carried not less than 3 feet below the white light.

2. Small steamboats, such as are carried by sea-going vessels, may carry the white light at a less height than 9 feet above the gunwale, but it shall be carried above the combined lantern, mentioned in subdivision 1 (b).

3. Vessels under oars or sails, of less than 20 tons, shall have ready at hand a lantern with a green glass on one side and a red glass on the other, which, on the approach of or to other vessels, shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

4. Rowing boats, whether under oars or sail, shall have ready at hand a lantern showing a white light, which shall be temporarily exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision.

The vessels referred to in this Article shall not be obliged to carry the lights prescribed by Article 4 (a), and Article 11, last paragraph.

Article 8. Pilot-vessels, when engaged on their station on pilotage duty, shall not show the lights required for other vessels, but shall carry a white light at the masthead, visible all round the horizon, and shall also exhibit a flare-up light or flare-up lights at short intervals, which shall never exceed fifteen minutes.

On the near approach of or to other vessels they shall have their side-lights lighted, ready for use, and shall flash or show them at short intervals, to indicate the direction in which they are heading, but the green light shall not be shown on the port side, nor the red light on the starboard side.

A pilot-vessel of such a class as to be obliged to go alongside of a vessel to put a pilot on board, may show the white light instead of carrying it at the masthead, and may, instead of the coloured lights above mentioned, have at hand ready for use a lantern with a green glass on the one side and a red glass on the other, to be used as prescribed above.

A steam pilot-vessel exclusively employed for the service of pilots licensed or certified by any pilotage authority or the Committee of any pilotage district, when engaged on her station on pilotage duty and not at anchor, shall, in addition to the lights required for all pilot boats, carry at a distance of eight feet below her white masthead light a red light visible all round the horizon and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night with a clear atmosphere at a distance of at least two miles, and also the coloured side-lights required to be carried by vessels when under way.

When engaged on her station on pilotage duty and at anchor she shall carry, in addition to the lights required for all pilot boats, the red light above mentioned, but not the coloured side-lights.

Pilot-vessels, when not engaged on their station on pilotage duty, shall carry lights similar to those of other vessels of their tonnage.

Article 9.*† Fishing-vessels and fishing-boats, when under way and when not required by this Article to carry or show the lights hereinafter specified, shall carry or show the lights prescribed for vessels of their tonnage under way.

(a) Open boats, by which it is to be understood boats not protected from the entry of sea water by means of a continuous deck, when engaged in any fishing at night with outlying tackle extending not more than 150 feet horizontally from the boat into the seaway, shall carry one all-round white light.

Open boats, when fishing at night, with outlying tackle extending more than 150 feet horizontally from the boat into the seaway, shall carry one all round white light, and in addition, on approaching or being approached by other vessels, shall show a second white light at least 3 feet below the first light and at a horizontal distance of at least 5 feet away from it in the direction in which the outlying tackle is attached.

(b)† Vessels and boats, except open boats as defined in subdivision (a), when fishing with drift-nets, shall, so long as the nets are wholly or partly in the water, carry two white lights where they can best be seen. Such lights shall be placed so that the vertical distance between them shall be not less than 6 feet, and not more than 15 feet, and so that the horizontal distance between them, measured in a line with the keel, shall be not less than 5 feet and not more than 10 feet. The lower of these two lights shall be in the direction of the nets, and both of them shall be of such a character as to show all round the horizon, and to be visible at a distance of not less than 3 miles.

* This article does not apply to Chinese or Siamese vessels.

† The expression "Mediterranean Sea" contained in sub-sections (b) and (c) of this Article includes the Black Sea and the other adjacent inland seas in communication with it.

† Dutch vessels and boats when engaged in the "kol" or handline, fishing will carry the lights prescribed for vessels fishing with drift-nets.

Within the Mediterranean Sea and in the seas bordering the coasts of Japan and Korea* sailing fishing vessels of less than 20 tons gross tonnage shall not be obliged to carry the lower of these two lights; should they, however, not carry it, they shall show in the same position (in the direction of the net or gear) a white light, visible at a distance of not less than one sea mile, on the approach of or to other vessels.

(c) Vessels and boats, except open boats as defined in subdivision (a), when line-fishing with their lines out and attached to or hauling their lines, and when not at anchor or stationary within the meaning of subdivision (k), shall carry the same lights as vessels fishing with drift-nets. When shooting lines, or fishing with towing lines, they shall carry the lights prescribed for a steam or sailing vessel under way, respectively.

Within the Mediterranean Sea and in the seas bordering the coasts of Japan and Korea* sailing fishing vessels of less than 20 tons gross tonnage shall not be obliged to carry the lower of these two lights; should they, however, not carry it, they shall show in the same position (in the direction of the lines) a white light, visible at a distance of not less than one sea mile, on the approach of or to other vessels.

(d) Vessels, when engaged in trawling, by which is meant the dragging of an apparatus along the bottom of the sea—

1. If steam vessels, shall carry, in the same position as the white light mentioned in Article 2 (a) a tricoloured lantern so constructed and fixed as to show a white light from right ahead to two points on each bow, and a green light and a red light over an arc of the horizon from two points on each bow to two points abaft the beam on the starboard and port sides, respectively; and not less than 6 nor more than 12 feet below the tricoloured lantern a white light in a lantern, so constructed as to show a clear, uniform and unbroken light all round the horizon.
2. If sailing vessels, shall carry a white light in a lantern, so constructed as to show a clear, uniform and unbroken light all round the horizon, and shall also, on the approach of or to other vessels, show where it can best be seen a white flare-up light or torch in sufficient time to prevent collision.

All lights mentioned in subdivision (d) 1 and 2 shall be visible at a distance of at least 2 miles.

(e) Oyster dredgers and other vessels fishing with dredge-nets shall carry and show the same lights as trawlers.

(f) Fishing-vessels and fishing-boats may at any time use a flare-up light in addition to the lights which they are by this Article required to carry and show, and they may also use working lights.

(g) Every fishing-vessel and every fishing-boat under 150 feet in length, when at anchor, shall exhibit a white light visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least one mile.

Every fishing-vessel of 150 feet in length or upwards, when at anchor, shall exhibit a white light visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least one mile, and shall exhibit a second light as provided for vessels of such length by Article 11.

Should any such vessel, whether under 150 feet in length, or of 150 feet in length or upwards, be attached to a net or other fishing gear, she shall on the approach of other vessels show an additional white light at least 3 feet below the anchor light, and at a horizontal distance of at least 5 feet away from it in the direction of the net or gear.

(h) If a vessel or boat when fishing becomes stationary in consequence of her gear getting fast to a rock or other obstruction, she shall in daytime haul down the day-signal required by subdivision (k); at night show the light or lights prescribed for a vessel at anchor; and during fog, mist, falling snow, or heavy rain-storms make the signal prescribed for a vessel at anchor. [See subdivision (d), and the last paragraph of Article 15.]

(i) In fog, mist, falling snow, or heavy rain-storms, drift-net vessels attached to their nets, and vessels when trawling, dredging, or fishing with any kind of dredge-net, and vessels line-fishing with their lines out, shall, if of 20 tons gross tonnage or upwards, respectively, at intervals of not more than one minute make a blast; in steam vessels, with the whistle or siren, and if sailing vessels, with the fog-horn; each blast to be followed by ringing the bell. Fishing vessels and boats of less than 20 tons gross tonnage shall not be obliged to give the abovementioned signals; but if they do not, they shall make some other efficient sound signal at intervals of not more than one minute.

(k) All vessels or boats fishing with nets or lines or trawls, when under way, shall in daytime indicate their occupation, to an approaching vessel by displaying a basket or other efficient signal where it can best be seen. If vessels or boats at anchor have their gear out, they shall, on the approach of other vessels, show the same signal on the side on which those vessels can pass.

The vessels required by this Article to carry or show the lights hereinbefore specified shall not be obliged to carry the lights prescribed by Article 4(a), and the last paragraph of Article 11.

Article 10. A vessel which is being overtaken by another shall show from her stern to such last-mentioned vessel a white light or a flare-up light.

The white light required to be shown by this Article may be fixed and carried in a lantern, but in such case the lantern shall be so constructed, fitted, and screened that it shall throw an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 12 points of the compass, viz., for 6 points from right aft on each side of the vessel, so as to be visible at a distance of at least 1 mile. Such light shall be carried as nearly as practicable on the same level as the side-lights.

Article 11. A vessel under 150 feet in length, when at anchor, shall carry forward, where it can best be seen, but at a height not exceeding 20 feet above the hull, a white light in a lantern so constructed as to show a clear, uniform and unbroken light visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least 1 mile.

A vessel of 150 feet or upwards in length, when at anchor, shall carry in the forward part of the vessel, at a height of not less than 20, and not exceeding 40, feet above the hull, one such light, and at or near the stern of the vessel, and at such a height that it shall be not less than 15 feet lower than the forward light, another such light.

The length of the vessel shall be deemed to be the length appearing in her certificate of registry.

A vessel aground in or near a fairway shall carry the above light or lights and the two red lights prescribed by Article 4 (a).

Article 12. Every vessel may, if necessary in order to attract attention, in addition to the lights which she is by these Rules required to carry, show a flare-up light or use any detonating signal that can not be mistaken for a distress signal.

* Also, as regards Russian vessels, in the seas (excluding the Baltic) bordering the coasts of Russia.

Article 13. Nothing in these Rules shall interfere with the operation of any special rules made by the Government of any nation with respect to additional station and signal lights for two or more ships of war or for vessels sailing under convoy, or with the exhibition of recognition signals adopted by shipowners, which have been authorized by their respective Governments and duly registered and published.

Article 14. A steam vessel proceeding under sail only, but having her funnel up, shall carry in daytime, forward, where it can best be seen, one black ball or shape 2 feet in diameter.

Sound-signals for Fog, etc.

Article 15. All signals prescribed by this Article for vessels under way shall be given :

1. By "steam vessels" on the whistle or siren.
2. By "sailing vessels and vessels towed" on the fog-horn.

The words "prolonged blast" used in this Article shall mean a blast of from 4 to 6 seconds' duration. A steam vessel shall be provided with an efficient whistle or siren, sounded by steam or some substitute for steam, so placed that the sound may not be intercepted by any obstruction, and with an efficient fog-horn, to be sounded by mechanical means, and also with an efficient bell.* A sailing vessel of 20 tons gross tonnage or upwards shall be provided with a similar fog-horn and bell.

In fog, mist, falling snow, or heavy rain-storms, whether by day or night, the signals described in this Article shall be used as follows, viz. :—

- (a) A steam vessel having way upon her, shall sound, at intervals of not more than 2 minutes, a prolonged blast.
- (b) A steam vessel under way, but stopped and having no way upon her, shall sound, at intervals of not more than 2 minutes, two prolonged blasts, with an interval of about 1 second between them.
- (c) A sailing vessel under way shall sound, at intervals of not more than 1 minute, when on the starboard tack one blast, when on the port tack two blasts in succession, and when with the wind abaft the beam three blasts in succession.
- (d) A vessel, when at anchor, shall, at intervals of not more than 1 minute, ring the bell rapidly for about 5 seconds.
- (e) A vessel, when towing a vessel employed in laying or in picking up a telegraph cable, and a vessel under way, which is unable to get out of the way of an approaching vessel through being not under command, or unable to manœuvre as required by these Rules, shall, instead of the signals prescribed in subdivisions (a) and (c) of this Article, at intervals of not more than 2 minutes, sound ~~three~~ blasts in succession, viz. : one prolonged blast followed by two short blasts. A vessel towed may give this signal and she shall not give any other.

Sailing vessels and boats of less than 20 tons gross tonnage shall not be obliged to give the above-mentioned signals, but if they do not, they shall make some other efficient sound-signals at intervals of not more than 1 minute.†

Speed of ships to be Moderate in Fog, etc.

Article 16. Every vessel shall, in a fog, mist, falling snow, or heavy rain-storms, go at a moderate speed, having careful regard to the existing circumstances and conditions.

A steam vessel hearing, apparently forward of her beam, the fog-signal of a vessel the position of which is not ascertained, shall, so far as the circumstances of the case admit, stop her engines, and then navigate with caution until danger of collision is over.

STEERING AND SAILING RULES.

Preliminary—Risk of Collision.

Risk of collision can, when circumstances permit, be ascertained by carefully watching the compass bearing of an approaching vessel. If the bearing does not appreciably change, such risk should be deemed to exist.

Article 17. When two sailing vessels are approaching one another, so as to involve risk of collision, one of them shall keep out of the way of the other, as follows, viz. :—

- (a) A vessel which is running free shall keep out of the way of a vessel which is close-hauled.
- (b) A vessel which is close-hauled on the port tack shall keep out of the way of a vessel which is close-hauled on the starboard tack.
- (c) When both are running free, with the wind on different sides, the vessel which has the wind on the port side shall keep out of the way of the other.
- (d) When both are running free, with the wind on the same side, the vessel which is to windward shall keep out of the way of the vessel which is to leeward.
- (e) A vessel which has the wind aft shall keep out of the way of the other vessel.

Article 18. When two steam vessels are meeting end on, or nearly end on, so as to involve risk of collision, each shall alter her course to starboard, so that each may pass on the port side of the other.

This Article only applies to cases where vessels are meeting end on, or nearly end on, in such a manner as to involve risk of collision, and does not apply to two vessels which must, if both keep on their respective courses, pass clear of each other.

* In all cases where the rules require a bell to be used a drum may be substituted on board Turkish vessels, or a gong where such articles are used on board small sea-going vessels.

† Dutch steam pilot-vessels, when engaged on their station on pilotage duty in fog, mist, falling snow, or heavy rain-storms are required to make at intervals of 2 minutes at most one long blast with the siren, followed after 1 second by a long blast with the steam whistle and again after 1 second by a long blast on the siren. When not engaged on their station on pilotage duty, they make the same signals as other steamships.

The only cases to which it does apply are when each of the two vessels is end on, or nearly end on, to the other; in other words, to cases in which, by day, each vessel sees the masts of the other in a line, or nearly in a line, with her own; and, by night, to cases to which each vessel is in such a position as to see both the side-lights of the other.

It does not apply, by day, to cases in which a vessel sees another ahead crossing her own course; or by night, to cases where the red light of one vessel is opposed to the red light of the other, or where the green light of one vessel is opposed to the green light of the other, or where a red light without a green light, or a green light without a red light, is seen ahead, or where both green and red lights are seen anywhere but ahead.

Article 19. When two steam vessels are crossing, so as to involve risk of collision, the vessel which has the other on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.

Article 20. When a steam vessel and a sailing vessel are proceeding in such directions as to involve risk of collision, the steam vessel shall keep out of the way of the sailing vessel.

Article 21. Where by any of these Rules one of two vessels is to keep out of the way, the other shall keep her course and speed.

Note.—When, in consequence of thick weather or other causes, such vessel finds herself so close that collision cannot be avoided by the action of the giving-way vessel alone, she also shall take such action as will best aid to avert collision. (See Articles 27 and 29.)

Article 22. Every vessel which is directed by these Rules to keep out of the way of another vessel shall, if the circumstances of the case admit, avoid crossing ahead of the other.

Article 23. Every steam vessel which is directed by these Rules to keep out of the way of another vessel shall, on approaching her, if necessary, slacken her speed or stop or reverse.

Article 24. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Rules, every vessel, overtaking any other, shall keep out of the way of the overtaken vessel.

Every vessel coming up with another vessel from any direction more than two points abaft her beam, i.e., in such a position, with reference to the vessel which she is overtaking that at night she would be unable to see either of that vessel's side-lights, shall be deemed to be an overtaking vessel; and no subsequent alteration of the bearing between the two vessels shall make the overtaking vessel a crossing vessel within the meaning of these Rules, or relieve her of the duty of keeping clear of the overtaken vessel until she is finally past and clear.

As by day the overtaking vessel cannot always know with certainty whether she is forward or abaft this direction from the other vessel, she should, if in doubt, assume that she is an overtaking vessel and keep out of the way.

Article 25. In narrow channels every steam vessel shall, when it is safe and practicable, keep to that side of the fairway or mid-channel which lies on the starboard side of such vessel.

Article 26. Sailing vessels under way shall keep out of the way of sailing vessels or boats fishing with nets, or lines, or trawls. This Rule shall not give to any vessel or boat engaged in fishing the right of obstructing a fairway used by vessels other than fishing vessels or boats.

Article 27. In obeying and construing these Rules, due regard shall be had to all dangers of navigation and collision, and to any special circumstances which may render a departure from the above Rules necessary in order to avoid immediate danger.

Sound Signals for Vessels in Sight of one Another.

Article 28. The words "short blast" used in this Article shall mean a blast of about one second's duration.

When vessels are in sight of one another, a steam vessel under way, in taking any course authorised or required by these Rules, shall indicate that course by the following signals on her whistle or siren, viz.:—

One short blast to mean, "I am directing my course to starboard."

Two short blasts to mean, "I am directing my course to port."

Three short blasts to mean, "My engines are going full speed astern."

No Vessels under any circumstances to neglect proper Precautions.

Article 29. Nothing in these Rules shall exonerate any vessel, or the owner, or master, or crew thereof, from the consequences of any neglect to carry lights or signals, or of any neglect to keep a proper look-out, or of the neglect of any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seamen, or by the special circumstances of the case.

Reservation of Rules for Harbours and Inland Navigation.

Article 30. Nothing in these Rules shall interfere with the operation of a special rule, duly made by local authority, relative to the navigation of any harbour, river, or inland waters.

*Distress Signals.**

Article 31. When a vessel is in distress and requires assistance from other vessels or from the shore, the following shall be the signals to be used or displayed by her, either together or separately, viz.:—

In the daytime—

1. A gun or other explosive signal fired at intervals of about a minute.
2. The International Code signal of distress indicated by NC.
3. †The distant signal, consisting of a square flag, having either above or below it a ball or any thing resembling a ball.
4. A continuous sounding with any fog-signal apparatus.

*If a master of a vessel uses or displays, or causes or permits any person under his authority to use or display, any of those signals of distress, except in the case of a vessel being in distress, he shall be liable to pay compensation for any labour undertaken, risk incurred, or loss sustained in consequence of that signal having been supposed to be a signal of distress, and that compensation may, without prejudice to any other remedy, be recovered in the same manner in which salvage is recoverable [Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, section 484 (2).]

†A further distress signal is provided in the International Code of Signals. It is a distant signal consisting of a code point upwards, having either above it or below it a ball, or anything resembling a ball. This signal has not been sanctioned by Order in Council under the provisions of section 436 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894.

At night—

1. A gun or other explosive signal fired at intervals of about a minute.
2. Flames on the vessel (as from a burning tar-barrel, oil-barrel, etc.).
3. Rockets or shells, throwing stars of any colour or description, fired one at a time, at short intervals.
4. A continuous sounding with any fog-signal apparatus.

AIDS TO MEMORY in four verses, by the late MR. THOMAS GRAY, C.B.

1. *Two Steam Ships meeting.*

**When both side lights you see ahead—
Port your helm and show your RED.**

2. *Two Steam Ships passing.*

**GREEN to GREEN—or, RED to RED—
Perfect safety—Go ahead!**

3. *Two Steam Ships crossing.*

Note.—This is the position of greatest danger: there is nothing for it but good look-out, caution and judgment.

**If to your starboard RED appear,
It is your duty to keep clear;
To act as judgment says is proper:—
To Port—or Starboard—Back,—or, Stop her.**

**But when upon your Port is seen
A Steamer's Starboard Light of GREEN
There's not so much for you to do,
For GREEN to Port keeps clear of you.**

4. *All Ships must keep a good look-out, and Steam Ships must stop and go astern, if necessary.*

**Both in safety and in doubt
Always keep a good look-out;
In danger, with no room to turn,
Ease her, stop her, go astern.**

APPENDIX F.

SIGNALS TO BE MADE BY SHIP WANTING A PILOT.

In the daytime.—The following signals, numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4, when used or displayed together or separately, shall be deemed to be signals for a pilot in the daytime, viz.:—

1. To be hoisted at the fore, the Union Jack, having round it a white border, one-fifth of the breadth of the flag; or
2. The International Code pilotage signal indicated by PT.
3. The International Code Flag S, with or without the Code Pennant over it.
4. The distant signal, consisting of a cone point upwards, having above it two balls or shapes resembling balls.

At night.—The following signals, numbered 1 and 2, when used or displayed together or separately, shall be deemed to be signals for a pilot at night viz.:—

1. The pyrotechnic light, commonly known as a blue light, every fifteen minutes; or
2. A bright white light, flashed or shown at short or frequent intervals just above the bulwarks, for about a minute at a time.

If a master of a vessel uses or displays, or causes or permits any person under his authority to use or display, any of the pilot signals for any other purpose than that of summoning a pilot, or uses or causes or permits any person under his authority to use any other signal for a pilot, he shall for each offence be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds. [Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, section 615 (3).]

APPENDIX G.**DEVIATION OF THE COMPASS.**

FOR MASTERS' CERTIFICATES FOR HOME TRADE PASSENGER SHIPS.

The candidate must answer in writing, on paper given him by the Examiner, all the following questions, numbering his answers to correspond with the numbers of the questions:—

1. When taking a Meridian Altitude, how do you know when the sun is on the Meridian; or in other words, when it is noon?
2. How does the sun bear (*true and magnetic*) when on the meridian of an observer in these latitudes (Home Trade Limits)?
3. What do you mean by deviation of the Compass, and how is it caused?

4. Having determined the deviation, how do you know when it is easterly and when westerly ?
5. Supposing the sun when on the meridian bore by your Compass _____ what would be the deviation of that Compass for the direction of the ship's head at the time, the variation given on the Chart being _____ ?
6. How could you find the deviation of your Compass when in port, or when sailing along a coast ?
7. Name some suitable terrestrial objects by which you could readily obtain the deviation of your Compass.
8. The bearing of two objects when in a line with each other was found on the Chart to be _____ magnetic ; but when brought in a line on board they bore _____ by your Compass ; required the deviation of your Compass for the direction of the ship's head at the time ?
9. What means are there for checking the deviation of your Compass by night ?
10. Supposing the North Star (*Polaris*) bore _____ by your Compass, what would be the deviation (approximately) of that Compass for the direction of the ship's head at the time, supposing the variation given on the Chart to be _____ ?
11. Do you expect the deviation to change ? If so, state under what circumstances.
12. What is meant by the variation of the Compass, and what is the cause of it ?

APPENDIX H.

(See Rule 66.)

EXAMINATION OF A MASTER OR MATE IN STEAM.

The examination is for the most part *visu voce*, and extends to a general knowledge of the practical use and working of steam engines and boilers, and of the various valves, fittings, and pieces of machinery connected with them and of the way in which electric lighting is carried out on board ship.

Candidates must :—

- (a) Know the names and understand the uses of the various parts of engines and boilers, and their connecting pipes, valves, cocks, etc.
- (b) Have a thorough grasp of the construction of the steam engine and boiler, to enable them to understand the nature and importance of any defect which may be reported to them by the Chief Engineer.
- (c) Have a looking-on knowledge of what the principal repairs about engines, boilers and pipes are, and how these repairs are accomplished.
- (d) Be able to form an independent opinion as to a breakdown, and the consequent propriety or impropriety of proceeding under steam with temporarily repaired or defective machinery.
- (e) Understand how to estimate approximately the reduction of fuel required for reduced speed, and be able to satisfy themselves as to the sufficiency of the coal on board for the voyage.
- (f) Have an intelligent grasp of the general run of pipes and connections in the engine-room, the working of cocks, the opening and closing of cocks and valves, and know how mistakes of importance may be made and how best to guard against such mistakes.
- (g) Be capable of being left in charge of the feeding of a set of boilers, understand the working of the water gauge, and be able to guard against being misled by false indications of the gauge glass.
- (h) Understand the operations of blowing down and surfacing, the reasons for such practices and the danger which may result from the neglect of them in certain circumstances.

A Master or Mate presenting himself for examination in Steam must be understood to have made up for his want of practical experience by reading about the steam engine. He ought, therefore, to show that he intelligently understands the rationale of its action. Under this head he should be able to state approximately the quantity of heat required in the formation of steam, the relation of "latent" heat to "sensible" heat, how much steam can be raised by the combustion of one pound of coal, what horse-power measure is, what indicated horse-power is, what is the action of the slide valve, the course of the steam through the engine, the advantage of working expansively, and how the expansive action is shown by the indicator diagram.

He should know the uses of the various parts of the engines and dynamos used for electric lighting, and how they and the cables are fitted in the hull ; how wires are jointed, insulated and cased ; why it is desirable that they should be led along places which are dry and accessible ; what "short circuiting" is and what are the causes which produce it ; what is its danger in coal bunkers and petroleum-carrying steamers ; what are the uses of switches and cut-outs, and why it is so important to prevent short circuiting taking place.

Candidates will be required to give written answers to sixteen out of twenty questions taken from the Elementary Questions (printed in Appendix C of the Regulations relating to the Examination of Engineers : Exn. 1a) given on the sheets marked "Steam," or questions similar to these. These questions will be altered from time to time without notice. The twenty questions will not be difficult, theoretical, or book questions, but such as any man of ordinary capacity who has a fair amount of practical knowledge of the use of working of the steam-engine ought to answer.

Examiners will require all candidates to fill up a form, Exn. 15b and they will forward it to the Chief Examiner of Engineers with the report of the examination.

Masters and Mates may cancel questions A, B and C, but they should fill up the form for questions D, E, F and G, as evidence of their practical knowledge.

If a candidate refers to any book, paper or memorandum, or obtains information from another candidate or any other person during the examination, he will be treated as having failed, will forfeit his fee, and will not be allowed to be re-examined for a period of six months.

The Examiners will report, in the case of failure, the nature of the question or questions that decided the failure, or the point in the management of the engines or boilers in which the candidate was deficient.

Applicants for the voluntary examination need not necessarily have served on board steamships; all that is required is that they shall have a practical knowledge of the use and working of the steam engine.

Practical knowledge is best gained in the engine-room; and the examination of an officer who does not produce official evidence of service in steamships, and of experience of engines, must necessarily be more searching than in the case of one who produces evidence of such service and experience.

The answers to the Elementary Questions are frequently given by candidates as learned by rote from a book. Candidates should, therefore, be asked such *viva voce* questions as will necessitate answers in different words, so as to discover whether they have the root of the matter in them.

A large part of the *viva voce* examination should be conducted on board a steamer, preferably one with which the candidate is unacquainted. He should be told to look about and try to find out the arrangement of the machinery without assistance, and the Examiner should be in the engine-room to see that this independent examination is properly carried out. When the candidate reports that he thinks he knows the arrangement, the Examiner will question him on the uses of the parts, get him to point out the different cylinders, pumps, valves, condenser, etc.; also the dynamo, its field magnets, armature, commutators, brushes cables, etc. The candidate must show that he understands the run of the pipes in the bilges, not necessarily that he has gone over every one of them, but he ought to be directed to trace, at least, one important range of pipes, and to thoroughly satisfy the Examiner that he could be safely trusted to manipulate the valves or cocks in connection therewith. It will not often be practicable for the candidate actually to work engines under steam, but he must satisfy the Examiner that he knows how to do so, and that he is aware of the precautions to be taken in regard to water in the cylinders, etc. It is most important that a candidate should show that, in the event of an accident depriving him of the assistance of Engineers, he knows what to do to safely take his vessel to an anchorage, or to stop the engines and proceed under sail alone.

The examination of a Mate in steam is the same as that of a Master. The knowledge required has no reference to the Mate's position.

The Mate may be examined, but such examination implies that the Mate may one day be a Master, when the possession of the knowledge will be an advantage to him in the discharge of his duties.

APPENDIX I.

(See Rule 25.)

• • SIGHT TESTS.

Details as to the conduct of the tests.

These tests must be conducted under the strict personal supervision of the Examiner. A careful record must be kept of all mistakes made by the candidate both in the form vision test and in the colour vision test.

Examiner must keep a record of all candidates passed by him for reference when required.

I.—FORM VISION TEST.

1. **Form vision test to be passed first.**—The first test which the candidate is required to undergo is the test for form vision, and until he has passed this test he must not be allowed to proceed further with the examination.

2. **Apparatus used.**—The form vision test to be used for all candidates is that conducted on Snellen's principle by means of sheets of letters.

3. **Object of the test.**—The object of the form vision test is to determine whether the candidate can reach a sufficient standard of visual acuteness, or, in other words, to find out whether his eye sight is good or bad.

4. **Standard of vision required.**—Every candidate for a first certificate of competency will be required to possess normal vision. With the exceptions indicated below (see paragraph 8), every candidate for a second or higher certificate will be required to possess normal vision.

"Normal vision" is defined, for the purpose of these Regulations, as ability to read correctly nine of the twelve letters in the sixth line and eight of the fifteen letters in the seventh line of a test sheet placed in a good light at a distance of 16 feet from the eye.

The candidate will have the option of using either eye separately or both eyes together.

5. **Spectacles not allowed.**—During the examination for form vision candidates must not be allowed to use spectacles or glasses of any kind, or any other artificial aid to vision.

6. **Method of testing.**—The test sheets should be hung on the wall, in a good light, but not in direct sunlight, at a height of five or six feet from the ground. The candidate should be placed at a distance of exactly 16 feet from the sheets, and exactly opposite them. This distance should be carefully measured, and should never in any circumstances be varied.

One of the sheets should then be exposed, and the candidate should be asked to read the letters on each sheet, beginning at the top and going downwards. Any mistakes which he makes should be carefully noted. If then it is found that he has read correctly at least nine letters in the sixth line and eight letters in the seventh line of a sheet, the candidate may be considered to have normal vision, and should be marked "passed" in the appropriate column of the form of application (Exn. 2 or Exn. 2A, as the case may be).

7. **Passing or failure.**—If at the conclusion of the test the candidate is found to reach the required standard, he may be considered to have passed, and the Examiner should proceed to test him for colour vision. If the candidate fails to reach the standard required for the certificate entered for, he should be tested with at least four sheets, and the Examiner should fill in a Form, Exn. 17b, and should forward it, with any remarks he may wish to make, to the Principal Examiner for his instructions as to whether the candidate is to be regarded as passing or as failing in form vision.

8. **Lower standard required in certain cases.**—Candidates who are in possession of certificates obtained before January 1st, 1914, may be regarded as passing in form vision if they can read correctly with both eyes at least five of the eight letters in the fifth line of a test sheet.

9. **Tests to be varied.**—The Examiner should take care, by varying the order of the test sheets and by every other means in his power, to guard against the possibility of any deception on the part of the candidate.

10. Result of examination to be reported.—The result of every examination in form vision should be reported, in the case of a candidate for a certificate of competency, to Government on Form Exn. 2, and to the Port Officer on Form Exn. 14; and, in the case of a candidate for the sight tests only, to Government on Form Exn. 2 A.

II.—COLOUR VISION TEST.

11. Apparatus.—A special lantern and a mirror have been provided for this test. The lantern should be placed directly in front of the mirror, so that the front part of the lantern is exactly ten feet from the mirror. Care should be taken that the lantern is properly placed, that is to say, the lights reflected in the mirror must show clearly when viewed through the rectangular aperture on the left of the lantern. The Examiner should always satisfy himself that these conditions are fulfilled before commencing the examination.

12. Darkness adaptation.—It is essential that a candidate should be kept in a room which is either completely or partially darkened for at least a quarter of an hour before he is requested to undergo this test.

Before the examination commences the Examiner must satisfy himself that the room in which it is conducted is so darkened as to exclude all daylight.

13. Method of testing.—The lantern supplied for the examination is so constructed as to allow one large or two small lights to be visible, and is fitted with 12 glasses of three colours—red, white and green. At the commencement of the examination the Examiner should show to the candidate a series of lights through the large aperture, and should require him to name the colours as they appear to him. Care should be taken in showing the white light to emphasise the fact that the light is not a pure white. If a candidate makes a mistake of calling this light "red" a proper red light should be shown immediately after and the candidate's attention directed to the difference between the two.

After a series of lights through the large aperture has been shown, the Examiner should make a complete circuit with the two small apertures, requiring the candidate to name the colours of each set of two lights from left to right. To prevent any possibility of the order in which the lights are arranged from being learnt, the Examiner should at least twice in each circuit go back a varying number of colours.

A record of any mistakes made with either the large aperture or the two smaller apertures should be kept on Form Exn. 17c in accordance with the instructions thereon.

14. Passing or failure.—If a candidate with either the large aperture or the two smaller apertures of the lantern mistakes red for green or green for red, he should be considered to have "failed" in Colour Vision.

If the only mistake made by the candidate with the lantern, is to call the white light "red," and if after his attention has been specially directed to the difference between the two he makes no further mistake of this nature, he should be considered to have passed in Colour Vision.

If a candidate makes any other mistake with the lantern, i.e., if he calls white "red" repeatedly or red "white" at all, or confuses green and white, his case should be reported to the Port Officer and he should be told that the decision as to whether he is passed or failed, or a further examination is necessary will be communicated to him in due course. Pending the receipt of the Port Officer's instructions such a candidate should only be allowed to proceed with the remainder of the examination for a certificate of competency on the express understanding that the latter examination will be cancelled in the event of failure in the Sight Tests.

15. Further examination and appeals.—If in the cases covered by the preceding paragraph the Port Officer decides that a further examination is necessary, arrangements will be made for a special examination to be held and the third class travelling expenses necessarily incurred by a candidate in attending such an examination will be paid by the Government together with a subsistence allowance at a rate which will be notified to the candidate, but which will not in any circumstances exceed Rs. 5 for each day necessarily occupied in attending the examination. In these cases the above expenses will be paid whatever may be the result of the final examination.

If, however, on the report of the Examiner the Port Officer decides that the nature of the mistakes made shows conclusively that a candidate is so colour blind as to be unfit to hold a certificate, the candidate shall be considered to have failed.

In cases where, upon the report of the Examiner, a candidate is failed by the Port Officer, as well as in the cases covered by paragraph 14, Government will be prepared to allow a candidate who is dissatisfied with this decision to appeal for a special examination, but Government will not pay the travelling expenses of any such candidate unless he is reported by the Special Examiners conducting the appeal examination to have passed.

III.—REPORTS.

16. The result of every test in form or colour vision should be reported to the Government on the Form Exn. 2, and to the Port Officer on the Form Exn. 14, when the candidate is up for examination for a certificate of competency; and to the Government on the Form, Exn. 2A, when the candidate is up for examination in vision only.

All cases of failure should also be reported to the Port Officer on Form Exn. 17b, to which should be attached Form Exn. 17c, containing the record of any mistakes made with the lantern.

Every report relating to such an examination must be signed by the Examiner who conducted the examination.

APPENDIX J.

TABLE SHOWING THE REQUIREMENTS AS TO SEA SERVICE NECESSARY TO QUALIFY FOR EXAMINATION FOR CERTIFICATES OF COMPETENCY.

Note.

A candidate for an Ordinary certificate of any grade who has not previously held an Ordinary certificate of a lower grade must prove that he has served twelve months in the foreign trade or eighteen months in the home or coasting trade in a square-rigged sailing vessel.

Where foreign-going certificates are required to be held to qualify candidates for examination, they may be either the Ordinary certificates, or those for fore and aft rigged vessels, or for foreign-going steamships.

It must be clearly understood that the amount of service laid down in the Regulations for each grade of certificate of competency is the absolute minimum that can be accepted, and unless a candidate can show the full amount he must in no case be allowed up for examination.

Rank.	Minimum Age.	Total Sea Service (Years).	Officer's Service in Merchant Vessels.		
			Years.	Lowest capacity.	Lowest certificate required.
ORDINARY CERTIFICATES FOR FOREIGN-GOING SHIPS.					
2nd Mate	18	4	.....	No officer's service required	None.
Only Mate	18	5	.....	No officer's service required	None.
1st Mate	19	5	1	3rd or 4th Mate in foreign trade in charge of watch.	2nd Mate foreign-going.
				Or	
			1½	Only Mate in home or coasting trade	2nd Mate foreign-going, or home trade Mate.
				Or	
			1	Pilot with 1st Class pilot's certificate	None.
Master	20	6	1	Only Mate in foreign trade	Only Mate foreign-going.
				Or	
			1½	Only Mate in home or coasting trade	Ditto.
				And in addition, unless the above service was performed with a First Mate's Foreign-going certificate, he will also be required to prove one of the following services prescribed for that grade.	
			1	3rd or 4th Mate in foreign trade in charge of watch.	2nd Mate foreign-going.
				Or	
			1½	Only Mate in home or coasting trade	2nd Mate foreign-going or home trade Mate.
				Or	
			1	Pilot with 1st class pilot's certificate	None.
				OR HE MUST HAVE SERVED.	
		6½	1	2nd Mate in foreign trade	1st Mate foreign-going.
				(Provided that, if this service as 2nd Mate was performed under an Additional or Auxiliary 1st Mate, it will only be accepted if a 3rd and 4th Mate were also carried.)	
				And in addition.	
			1½	3rd or 4th Mate in foreign trade in charge of watch.	2nd ditto.
				OR HE MUST HAVE SERVED	
		9*	3	Master in home or coasting trade	2nd Mate foreign-going or Master home trade for one year of such service.
				Or	
			1	Master in home or coasting trade	Ditto.
			3	Mate in home or coasting trade	

CERTIFICATES FOR FOREIGN-GOING FORE AND AFT RIGGED VESSELS.

2nd Mate ... } Same as for ordinary certificates; except that no service in square-rigged sailing vessels is required.
Only Mate ... }
1st Mate ... }
Master ... }

CERTIFICATES FOR FOREIGN-GOING STEAMSHIPS.

2nd Mate ... } Same as for ordinary certificates; except that the whole of the service may have been performed in a steamship and that
Only Mate ... } no service in square-rigged sailing vessels is required.
1st Mate ... }
Master ... }

CERTIFICATES FOR HOME TRADE PASSENGER SHIPS.					
Mate	19	4	.....	No Officer's service required	None.
Master	21	5	1	Only Mate	Mate home trade or 2nd Mate foreign-going.
				Or	
			2½	2nd Mate in charge of watch	Mate home trade or 2nd Mate foreign-going.
				Or	
			1	As pilot with 1st class pilot's certificate	None.

* If all the service was in home or coasting trade.

APPENDIX K.

(See Rule 120.)

TEXT-BOOKS TO BE USED IN THE EXAMINATIONS.

For Naval Architecture.—“The Modern Practice of Shipbuilding in Iron and Steel,” by Samuel J. P. Thearle. Published by William Collins, Sons & Co. Price Eleven Shillings and Threepence nett.

“Ship Construction and Calculations,” by George Nicol. Published by James Brown & Sons, 52-56, Darnley Street, Pollokshields, E. Price Ten Shillings and Sixpence.

For Stability.—“Ship Stability and Trim,” by Percy Hillhouse. Published by Gieve’s Publishing Co. (John Hogg), 13, Paternoster Row, London, E.C. Price Ten Shillings and Sixpence.

For Deviation of the Compass.—The “Admiralty Manual for the Deviations of the Compass,” to be obtained through any bookseller, or directly from His Majesty’s Stationery Office at any of the addresses given on the title page of these Regulations; or Edward Ponsonby, 116, Grafton Street, Dublin. Price Three Shillings.

“The Elementary Manual for the Deviations of the Compass in Iron Ships,” by E. W. Creak, published by J. D. Potter, 145, Minories, London, E. 1. Price Six Shillings and Sixpence.

For Meteorology, including Barometer, Thermometer and Hydrometer.—“A Barometer Manual for the use of Seamen; with an Appendix on the Thermometer, Hygrometer and Hydrometer” (issued by the authority of the Meteorological Council). Price One Shilling. And “The Seaman’s Handbook on Meteorology.” Price Two Shillings. To be purchased through any bookseller, or directly from His Majesty’s Stationery Office at any of the addresses given on the title page of these Regulations; or Edward Ponsonby, 116, Grafton Street, Dublin.

For Prevailing Winds and Currents of the Globe.—“The Principal Winds and Currents of the Globe, etc.,” compiled from the various Admiralty Sailing Directions, Weather Charts, etc., by Captain Robert Jackson, R.N., and to be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from Simpkin, Marshall and Company, Paternoster Row, London; or Henry Lewis, 114, High Street, Portsmouth. Price One Shilling.

For Trade Routes.—“Ocean Passages,” compiled from the various Admiralty Sailing Directions by Captain Robert Jackson, R.N., and to be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from Simpkin, Marshall and Company, Paternoster Row, London; or Henry Lewis, 114, High Street, Portsmouth. Price One Shilling.

For Tides.—“Tide Tables for the British and Irish Ports,” published annually by the Admiralty, and to be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from J. D. Potter, 145, Minories, E., and 11, King Street, Tower Hill, E. Price Two Shillings.

For Signalling.—The “British Signal Manual” may be obtained through any bookseller, or directly from H.M. Stationery Office at any of the addresses given on the title page of these Regulations; or Edward Ponsonby, 116, Grafton Street, Dublin. Price Sixpence.

For Elementary Science.—“General Elementary Science,” by W. Briggs. Published by the University Tutorial Press. Price Three Shillings and Sixpence.

Intending candidates are advised to procure these books to take to sea with them, so that they may study them during their leisure hours.

Instruments.—The Barometer (Kew pattern Marine Barometer), Thermometer and Hydrometer used in the examinations will be precisely similar to those supplied to shipmasters by the Meteorological Office for making observations on board ship.

APPENDIX L.

(See Rules 92 and 95.)

TABLE SHOWING THE RIVER OR SMOOTH WATER, THE PARTIALLY SMOOTH WATER, AND THE EXCURSION LIMITS OF THE VARIOUS PORTS

Name of Port.	Smooth Water Limits.	Partially Smooth Water Limits.	Excursion Limits.
DISTRICT OF THE EASTERN COAST OF SCOTLAND.			
Inverness	Within a line from Fort George to Chanonry Point to Fort William.	Nil	Loosemouth or Dunrobin.
Banff	Nil	Nil	Peterhead or Lossiemouth.
Peterhead	Nil	Nil	Aberdeen or Banff.
Aberdeen	Inside the Harbour	Nil	Peterhead or Montrose.
Montrose	Nil	Nil	Dundee or Aberdeen.
Dundee	Within a line from Dundee and Newport Ferry.	Within a line from Broughty Castle to Tay-port.	Montrose or Leith.
Queensferry	Above the Forth Bridge	Within a line from Kirkcaldy to Portobello	Berwick-on-Tweed or Dundee.
Leith	Nil	Within a line from Kirkcaldy to Portobello	Ditto.
DISTRICT OF THE NORTH-EASTERN COAST OF SCOTLAND.			
Berwick-on-Tweed	Spittal Point	Nil	North Berwick or Newcastle.
Amble	Amble Bar	Nil	St. Abb's Head or Middlesbrough.
Blyth	Inside the Pier Heads	Nil	Berwick-on-Tweed or Whitby.
Newcastle, North and South Shields	Inside the Tyne Pier Heads	Nil	Berwick-on-Tweed or Scarborough.
Sunderland	Inside the Sunderland Pier Heads	Nil	Ditto.
Seaham	Nil	Nil	Ditto.
Hartlepool, East	Hartlepool Bar	Nil	Amble or Bridlington.
Do, West	Nil	Nil	Ditto.
Stockton	Fourth Buoy	Nil	Ditto.
Whitby	Inside the Whitby Pier Heads	Nil	Bridlington or Newcastle.

Name of Port.	Smooth Water Limits.	Partially Smooth Water Limits.	Excursion Limits.
DISTRICT OF THE EASTERN COAST OF ENGLAND.			
Searborough	Nil	Nil	Newcastle or Hull.
Hull	In Winter, within a line from Whitten Ness to Brough. In Summer, above Hull and New Holland	In Winter, within a line from New Holland for Paull. In Summer, within a line from Cleethorpes Pier to Patrington Church.	Lynn or Searborough.
Goolse	Same as Hull	In Winter, within a line from New Holland to Paull. In Summer, within a line from Cleethorpes Pier to Patrington Church.	Lynn or Searborough.
Gainsborough, Lincoln, Nottingham, York.	Same as Hull	In Winter, within a line from New Holland to Paull. In Summer, within a line from Cleethorpes Pier to Patrington Church.	Spurn Point or Donna Hook.
Grimaby	Nil	In Winter, nil In Summer, within a line from Cleethorpes Pier to Patrington Church.	Lynn or Searborough.
Boston	Inside the New Cut	Nil	Cromer or Hull.
LONDON DISTRICT.			
Wishoech	Inside Wishoech Out	Nil	Cromer or Hull.
King's Lynn	Inside Lynn Out	Nil	Ditto.
Norwich or Yarmouth.	On all the inland navigation from Norwich to inside the piers at Yarmouth or Lowestoft.	Within a line from the S. W. Bernard Buoy to the North Coole Buoy inside the Banks.	Cromer or Walton-on-the-Naze.
Lowestoft	Same as Norwich or Yarmouth	Ditto.	Ditto
Harwich or Ipswich	Inside Langward Fort	Within a line from Walton-on-the-Naze to Langward Fort.	London or Yarmouth.
Malden	Within a line from West Mersea Point to Bradwell Point at the mouth of the River Blackwater.	Nil	Nil.
Burnham-on-the-Crouch.	Within a line from Hollywell Point to Foulness Point.	Within a line from Clacton Pier to Horne Bay Pier.	Dover or Harwich.
London	Gravesend	Vessels navigating the North side of the Thames. For vessels of approved construction and of not less than 10 knots speed—within a line from the Girdler Lightship to the North-east Gunfleet Buoy and thence to Walton-on-the-Naze. For other vessels—within a line from Clacton Pier to Horne Bay Pier. Vessels navigating the South side of the Thames. Within a line from Southend Pier to the Girdler Lightship and from the Girdler Lightship to Foroness. Within a line from Clacton Pier to Horne Bay Pier.	Ditto.
Rochester	Sheerness and Whitstable inside Sheppey	Nil	Ditto.
Dover	Nil	Nil	Newhaven or Sheerness.
Folkestone	Nil	Nil	Ditto.
Newhaven	Nil	Nil	Portsmouth or Dover.
Littlehampton	Above Littlehampton Pier	Nil	Poole or Bye.
Langston and Chichester.	From a line drawn from the north point of Cumbriaud Fort to Gunner Point across the entrance of Langston Harbour to a line drawn from the East Saltern to the Watch House; across the mouth of Chichester Harbour.	Nil	Nil.
Portsmouth	For inland navigation only. Inside Portsmouth Harbour	St. Helens and the Needles within the Isle of Wight and to Langston Harbour. For small launches not carrying boats. In Summer, a line from Basing Harbour to Langston Harbour inside the Isle of Wight to Hurst Castle; in Winter, Spithead.	Newhaven or Weymouth.
Southampton	Cadnet Castle	Ditto	Ditto.
Cowes	Between East and West Cowes within the River Medina.	Nil	Nil.
Christchurch	Within the Bar	Nil	Nil.
Poole	Inside the Harbour	Nil	Weymouth or the Nab.
Weymouth	Nil	Portland Harbour	Portsmouth or the Start.
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST OF ENGLAND DISTRICT.			
Exeter	Inside the Bar	Nil	Weymouth or Plymouth.
Taigmouth	Within the Harbour	Nil	Ditto.
Torquay	Nil	Nil	Ditto.
Dartmouth	River Dart	Nil	Ditto.
Plymouth	Within a line from the inside of Drake's Island to Mount Batten Pier. The River Yealm within a line from Warren Point to Miffery Point.	Within a line from Owsand to Breakwater and Breakwater to Staddon Pier.	Exeter or the Lizard.
Fowey	Inside the Harbor	Nil	Falmouth or Plymouth.
Par	Nil	Nil	Ditto.
Falmouth	A line from Zane Point to Pendennis Point	In Winter, nil; in Summer within a line from Nare Point to St. Anthony's Point during daylight and in fine weather only.	Start Point or Penzance.
Penzance	Nil	Nil	Falmouth or St. Ives.
St. Ives	Nil	Nil	Padstow or Penzance.
Padstow	Padstow Harbour, above a line from Gun Point to Brae Hill.	Within a line from Stepper Point to Trebetherick Point.	St. Ives or Barnstaple including Lundy Island.
Barnstaple	Inside the Bar	Nil	Padstow or Bridgwater, including Lundy Island.
SOUTH WALES DISTRICT.			
Bridgwater	Inside Start Point	Within the Bar	Ilfracombe or Swansea
Bristol	Within a line from Avonmouth Pier to Wharf Point.	In Winter, nil In Summer, within a line from Barry Dock Pier to St. Ephim, thence to Bream Down. In Winter, -for tenders to ocean-going steamers- to Klux Road and not below Walton Bay, during fine weather only.	Ditto.

Name of Port.	Smooth Water Limits.	Partially Smooth Water Limits.	Excursion Limits.
SOUTH WALES DISTRICT—contd.			
Gloucester ...	River Severn or Avon to Sharpness Point via Gloucester Canal.	In Winter, nil In Summer, within a line from Barry Dock Pier to Steepholm, thence to Bream Down.	Watchet or Barry Dock.
Chopstow ...	River Wye above Chopstow	Same as Gloucester	Nil.
Cardiff ...	Within a line from Lowwater Pier Head to the Lifeboat House near Penarth Dock entrance.	In Winter, nil In Summer, within a line from Barry Dock Pier to Steepholm, thence to Bream Down.	Terby or Ilfracombe.
Barry Dock	Inside Dock	Same as Gloucester	Milford or Ilfracombe.
Neath ...	Inside the Bar	Nil	Barnstaple or Milford.
Swansea ...	Nil	Nil	Ditto
Milford ...	Within a line from Haggerstone Beach to Angle Point.	Within a line from South Hook Point to Thorn Island.	including Lundy Island.
Fishguard ...	Nil	For tenders to ocean-going steamers within a radius of three miles from the end of the break water in Fishguard Harbour.	Swansea or Cardigan.
Cardigan ...	Inside the Bar	Nil	Barmouth or Tenby.
Barmouth ...	Inside Barmouth Ferry	Nil	Portmadoc or Milford.
			Cardigan or Baidsey Island.

LIVERPOOL DISTRICT.

Portmadoc ...	Inside the Bar Buoy	Nil	Cardigan or Carnarvon.
Holyhead ...	Inside the Breakwater	Nil	Liverpool or Portmadoc or round the Island of Anglesea.
Carnarvon ...	Menal Straits to Aber Menai or Beaumaris	Menal Straits, from Carnarvon Bar to Puffin Island.	Ditto.
Conway ...	Within a line from Mussel Hill to Tremlyd Point.	Nil	Ditto.
Chester ...	River Dee, not below Connah's Quay	Inside the West Hoyle Bank	Barrow, Holyhead, or Carnarvon.
Liverpool ...	The Rock Lighthouse	In Winter, nil In Summer, within a line from Formby Point to Hilbro' Point. Special limit for tenders to ocean-going steamers—within a radius of 2½ miles of Formby Lightship—during fine weather only. The Bell Buoy and Bar Lightship for tugs taking passengers from ships outside the Bar.	Ditto.
Preston ...	Lytham	Within a line from South port or Blackpool inside the Banks.	Llandudno or Barrow.
Fleetwood ...	Within a line from Low Light to Knornd Pier. Within Fleetwood Harbour, for tugs plying as tenders to Belfast and Isle of Man steamers.	Nil	Whitehaven or Liverpool.
Lancaster ...	Within a line from Sunderland Point to Chapel Point.	Nil	Ditto.
Morecambe Bay ...	Special limit for tenders to Belfast and Isle of Man steamers within a radius of three miles of Heysham Piers.	In Winter, nil In Summer, from Heysham to Sunderland Point and to Morecambe and Grange.	Ditto.
Bowness ...	Anywhere on the Lakes	Nil	Nil.
Barrow ...	Inside Walney Island	Nil	Whitehaven or Liverpool.
Douglas ...	From Battery Pier to Victoria Pier	Nil	Round the Island.
Whitehaven ...	Nil	Nil	Barrow or Carlisle.
Carlisle ...	Above Port Carlisle	Within a line from Southerness to Silloth...	Whitehaven or Port Whithorn.

DISTRICT OF THE WESTERN COAST OF SCOTLAND.

Dumfries ...	Inside Ard Point and Glenhaven Point	Within a line from Southerness to Silloth	Wigtown or Whitehaven.
Wigtown ...	Nil	Nil	Stranraer or Dumfries.
Stranraer ...	Inside Cairn Ryan	Loch Ryan, within a line from Kinnaird Point to Millen Point.	Wigtown or Greenock.
Ayr ...	Inside the Bar	Nil	Stranraer or Glasgow.
Ardrossan ...	Nil	Nil	Ditto.
Glasgow ...	In Winter, within a line from Cleck Light-house to Brunce Pier. In Summer, within a line from Bogany Point, Isle of Bute, to Skelmorlie Castle and Ardnamont Point inside the Kyles of Bute.	Within a line from Skipness to Fairlie Head round the Island of Bute.	Stranraer or Campbeltown.
Campbeltown ...	Inside the Harbour but not outside Davaul Island.	Nil	Glasgow only.
Oban ...	Nil	Inside the Island of Kerrera to Dunstaffnage Point.	Orisan, Tobermory, or Fort William.
Ballachulish ...	Within Loch Leven and not outside Peter Straits.	Nil	Nil.
Fort William ...	On the Canal to Inverness	Nil	Orisan or Tobermory.
Kyle ...	Nil	Through Loch Aish to the Head of Loch Duich.	Nil.

IRELAND.

Belfast ...	Within a line from Hollywood to Macedon Point.	In Winter, nil In Summer, within a line from Carrickfergus to Bangor. A special limit for tenders to ocean steamers only within a radius of 2 miles from Carrickfergus during fine weather.	Rathlin Island or Killybegh.
Carlingford Lough ...	Within a line from Greenore to Greencastle Point.	Nil	Drogheda or Strangford Lough.
Drogheda ...	Within a line from Creek Point to Burrow Point.	Nil	Dublin or Warren Point.
Dublin ...	Inside the Pier Heads	In Winter, nil In Summer, within a line from Dalkey Island to Bailey Point.	Carlingford Lough.
			Drogheda or Arklow.

Name of Port.	Smooth Water Limits.	Partially Smooth Water Limits.	Recreation Limits.
IRELAND— <i>continued</i> .			
Wexford	Inside Ely House	Within a line from Haven Point to Rosslare Point	Arklow or Waterford.
Waterford	Passage	In Summer, within a line from Dunmore to Hook Point. In Winter, within a line from Geneva Barrack to Duncannon Light.	Wexford or Youghal.
Youghal	Within a line from Ferry Point to Green Park.	Nil	Waterford or Kinsale.
Dork	Within a line from Camden to Carlisle Fort.	Nil A special limit for tenders to ocean steamers only, within a radius of 3 miles from Rothes Point during fine weather.	Dunagavan or Galley Head.
Bantry Bay	Inside Bear Island; Inside Whiddy Island, Glengariff Harbour; Inside Corrid Point.	Nil	Galley Head or Valencia Harbour.
Limerick	Foynes	Within a line from Scattery Lighthouse to Carrig Island.	Loop Head or Kilmore Head.
Salway	Lough Corrib	Within a line from Black Rock Beacon to Kileolgan Light.	Kilkeennan or Lisannon Bays inside the Arran Isles.
Sligo	The Western extreme of Oyster Island	Within a line from Raghly Point to Black Rock Point.	Don gal or Ballina.
Keshkitten	Lough Erne	Nil	Nil.
Dunegal	Inside the Bar	Nil	Sligo or Rathlin O'Birne Island.
Lough Swilly	Within a line from Buncrana to Muckarnish Point.	Within a line from Dunree Head to Port Saloon.	Portrush or Tory Island.
Londonderry	Within a line from Magilligan Point to Greenacree.	Nil A special limit for tenders to ocean steamers only, within a radius of 3 miles from Innishowen Lighthouse during fine weather.	Buncrana in Lough Swilly or Rathlin Island.

APPENDIX M.

(See Rule 76.)

List of Colonial Certificates issued under Order in Council which are of the same force as those granted by the Board of Trade.

Colony.	CERTIFICATES.		Date of original Order in Council.	Date from which Order in Council takes effect.
	By whom granted in Colony.	Description.		
Victoria	* Marine Board	Master; 1st Mate; Only Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st class Engineer; 2nd class Engineer.	30 Mar. 1871	4 Jan. 1870.
Canada	Minister of Marine and Fisheries.	Master; 1st Mate; Only Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st class Engineer; 2nd class Engineer	19 Aug. 1871 10 Nov. 1886	19 Aug. 1871 1 Jan. 1887.
New Zealand	Marine Department	Ditto ditto	9 Aug. 1872	1 May 1872.
New South Wales	† Department of Navigation.	Master; 1st Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st class Engineer; 2nd class Engineer.	30 „ 1878	18 June 1872.
South Australia	Marine Board	Master; 1st Mate; Only Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st class Engineer; 2nd class Engineer.	12 May 1874	12 May 1874.
Tasmania	Governor	Ditto ditto	12 Feb. 1876	1 April 1876.
Bengal	Lieutenant-Governor	Ditto ditto	27 June 1876	27 June 1876.
Newfoundland	Governor	Master; 1st Mate; Only Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st class Engineer; 2nd class Engineer	14 May 1877 19 July 1910	14 May 1877. 19 July 1910
Bombay	Ditto	Ditto ditto	11 „ 1877	11 „ 1877.
Queensland	Marine Board	Master; 1st Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st class Engineer; 2nd class Engineer.	26 Mar. 1878	1 Oct. 1877
Hong-Kong	Governor	Master; 1st Mate; Only Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st class Engineer; 2nd class Engineer.	31 Dec. 1888	1 Jan. 1884.
Straits Settlements	Ditto	Master; 1st Mate; 2nd Mate; 1st class Engineer; 2nd class Engineer	1 May 1890 1 „ 1890	1 June 1890. 1 Aug. 1888.

* The Steam Navigation Board was superseded by the Marine Board on the 31st December 1888. See Order in Council of the 23rd November 1893.

† The Marine Board was superseded by the Department of Navigation on the 17th March 1900.

NOTE.—The Orders in Council giving Imperial validity to certificates of competency issued in Malta and Mauritius were revoked by an Order in Council dated the 18th August 1916.

SUBORDINATE CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 1666A.

No. 1471A.—The 10th February 1920.—Babu Rajendra Nath Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, Khulna, is transferred to the Alipur subdivision of the Jalpaiguri district.
Khulna.
Jalpaiguri.

No. 1474A.—The 10th February 1920.—Maulvi Abul Khair Sirajul Islam Zahid, Sub-Deputy Collector, Faridpur, is transferred to the Presidency Division.
Faridpur.
Presy. Divn.

This cancels the orders of the 31st January 1920 transferring the Sub-Deputy Collector to the Rajshahi Division.

No. 1511A.—The 12th February 1920.—Babu Mati Chand Pradhan, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Kalimpong, Darjeeling, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.
Darjeeling.

No. 1519A.—The 12th February 1920.—Babu Bijay Krishna Sen, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Burdwan Division. He is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.
Burdwan Divn.

No. 1530A.—The 12th February 1920.—Babu Hari Charan Banarji, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Munshiganj subdivision of the Dacca district.
Dacca.

No. 1543A.—The 12th February 1920.—Babu Anath Bandhu Ray, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted to the headquarters station of the 24-Parganas district, on being relieved of his employment on cyclone relief work in Faridpur.
24-Parganas.
Faridpur.
Faridpur.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 70.—The 12th February 1920.—Babu Radha Ranjan Ray, Sub-Registrar of Nawabganj, in the district of Malda, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 21st January 1920.
Malda.

No. 71.—The 12th February 1920.—Babu Ananga Mohan Ray, Probationer of Calcutta, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Nawabganj, in the district of Malda, with effect from the afternoon of the 21st January 1920, *vice* Babu Radha Ranjan Ray, on leave.
Calcutta.
Malda.

No. 72.—The 12th February 1920.—Maulvi Abul Khair Asadulla, Probationer of Oomilla, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Bancharampur, in the district of Tippera, with effect from the afternoon of the 2nd January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Shariful Islam, on leave.
Tippera.
of Tippera.
Maulvi Shariful Islam, on leave.

No. 73.—The 12th February 1920.—Babu Sarada Prasanna Majumdar, Sub-Registrar of Banskhali, in the district of Chittagong, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Gunabati, in the district of Tippera, with effect from the 2nd January 1920.

No. 74.—The 12th February 1920.—Maulvi Fazlur Rahman, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Chittagong, acted as Sub-Registrar of Amtoli, in the district of Bakarganj from the afternoon of the 4th January 1920 to 8th January 1920. *vice* Maulvi Ibrahim Ali, on leave.

No. 75.—The 12th February 1920.—Maulvi Abdul Karim Khilji, Probationer of Bankura, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Raipur in the same district, with effect from the 22nd January 1920, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Kirtibas Basu to act as District Sub-Registrar of Bankura.

No. 76.—The 12th February 1920.—Maulvi Ismail Mollah, officiating Sub-Registrar of Radhaballav, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave for fifteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations in extension of the leave granted to him in Notification No. 533, dated the 10th December 1919.

No. 77.—The 13th February 1920.—Maulvi Muhammad Qumaruzzaman, Sub-Registrar of Bharatpur, in the district of Murshidabad, is allowed additional privilege leave for two months under the Government of India, Financial Department order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, in extension of the leave granted to him in Notification No. 483, dated the 1st November 1919.

No. 78.—The 13th February 1920.—Babu Nirmal Chandra Majumdar, Probationer of Burdwan, is allowed leave on medical certificate under rule (1) to article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th January 1920.

No. 79.—The 13th February 1920.—Maulvi Abdus Samad Khan, Sub-Registrar, grade II, under orders of transfer to Kukrahati in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave on medical certificate for one month, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in Notification No. 18, dated the 10th January 1920.

No. 80.—The 16th February 1920.—Babu Saurindra Nath Ray Chaudhuri is granted leave for nineteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 17, dated the 10th January 1920, and leave on medical certificate for twelve days, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in combination with the privilege leave.

No. 81.—The 17th February 1920.—Maulvi Meher Ali Mallik, Sub-Registrar of Gopalpurbazar, in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 7th January 1920.

No. 82.—The 17th February 1920.—Maulvi Shaikh Nakitullah, probationer of Khulna, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Gopalpurbazar, in the district of Jessore, with effect from the afternoon of the 7th January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Meher Ali Mallik, on leave.

No. 83.—The 17th February 1920.—Maulvi Saiyid Abdul Ghani, Sub-Registrar of Muradnagar, in the district of Tippera, under suspension, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Satkania, in the district of Chittagong, with effect from the 29th January 1920.

No. 84.—The 17th February 1920.—Maulvi A. K. M. Mokrambillah Chaudhuri, Sub-Registrar of Sonbagh, in the district of Noakhali. Noakhali, is allowed leave for thirteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 25, dated the 17th January 1920, and leave on medical certificate for eighteen days, under article 336 of the same Regulations, in combination with the privilege leave.

No. 85.—The 17th February 1920.—Maulvi Fazlur Rahman, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Chittagong, acted as Sub-Registrar of Satkania, in the same district, on the 28th January 1920, *vice* Babu Kausik Lal Ray, on leave.

No. 86.—The 17th February 1920.—Babu Sudhangsu Bhushan Ray, probationer, Calcutta, is allowed leave for twenty days, under article 242 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 19th February 1920.

A. ISLAM.

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2542, dated Calcutta, the 12th February 1920.—Civil Surgeon Sk. Elahi Baksh made over charge of the Jessore Jail to Civil Surgeon S. J. Fox on the afternoon of the 31st January 1920.

F. S. C. THOMPSON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

CIVIL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2152, dated Calcutta, the 9th February 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Dhruba Mohan Chatterji did supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, from the 24th January 1920 to 3rd February 1920, both days inclusive.

No. 2211, dated Calcutta, the 10th February 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Srish Mohan Sarkar did supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, from the 22nd January 1920 to the 2nd February 1920, both days inclusive.

No. 2213, dated Calcutta, the 10th February 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Srish Mohan Sarkar is placed on general duty at Malda, with effect from the 4th February 1920, until further orders.

No. 2215, dated Calcutta, the 10th February 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Probhas Chandra Banarji is placed on general duty at Diamond Harbour, with effect from the 3rd February 1920, until further orders.

No. 2314, dated Calcutta, the 11th February 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Jatindra Sankar Roy is granted privilege leave for fifteen days, under article 242(a) of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the two months' privilege leave already granted to him in this Department notifications noted in the margin.

No. 10226, dated the 1st November 1919.

No. 1189, dated the 20th January 1920.

No. 2347, dated Calcutta, the 12th February 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Dhruba Mohan Chatterji is placed on general duty at Rajshahi with effect from the 4th February 1920, until further orders.

No. 2492, dated Calcutta, the 13th February 1920.—Third grade Assistant Surgeon Hemendra Nath Chatarji did general duty at Kishoreganj, in the Mymensingh district, on the 5th and 6th February 1920.

No. 2574, dated Calcutta, the 16th February 1920.—First grade Assistant Surgeon Basanta Kumar Bhaumik is granted privilege leave for six weeks, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 3rd February 1920.

W. H. B. ROBINSON,
Surgeon-Genl. with the Govt. of Bengal.

TREASURY NOTICE.

MOULVI LEHAZUDDIN AHAMED, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jalpaiguri, has been placed in the executive charge of Jalpaiguri treasury, with effect from the forenoon of the 24th January 1920, in place of Babu Jogendra Lal Nandy, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

F. W. STRONG, *Deputy Commissioner.*

JALPAIGURI TREASURY, *the 24th January 1920.*

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

CIVIL.

The 10th February 1920.

No. 1122A.—Babu Netai Charan Ghosh, officiating Subordinate Judge of Khulna, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500 within the local limits of the Sadar Munsifi of Khulna.

The 12th February 1920.

No. 1186A.—Babu Girija Bhusan Sen, munsif of Amta, in the district of Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a court up to the value of Rs. 250, within the local limits of the Amta munsifi.

No. 1192A.—Babu Narendra Nath Ghosh, officiating Subordinate Judge of Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 500, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Faridpur.

No. 1193A.—Maulvi Paziruddin Ahmed, munsif of Gaibandha, in the district of Rangpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Gaibandha munsifi.

The 13th February 1920.

No. 1189A.—Babu Upendra Chandra Majumdar, additional munsif of Satkania, now employed at Patiya, in the district of Chittagong, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50, within the local limits of the Patiya munsifi.

By order of the High Court,

A. A. PATTERSON,

Offg. Registrar.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

The 11th February 1920.

THE Hon'ble the Chief Justice has granted Mr. W. A. Bonnaud, Clerk of the Crown, leave on medical certificate for one year, under article 655, rule 4 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 20th February 1920 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same, and his Lordship has appointed Mr. O. Moses, Barrister-at-Law, to act as Clerk of the Crown for Mr. W. A. Bonnaud, during the absence of the latter.

By order of the High Court,

J. H. HECHLE,

Registrar.

General letter No. 6, dated Calcutta, the 31st January 1920.

From—A. A. PATTERSON, Esq., I.C.S., Offg. Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, Appellate Side.

To—The District Judges of Bakerganj, Bankura, Birbhum, Burdwan, Chittagong, Dacca, Dinajpur, Faridpur, Hooghly, Jessore, Khulna, Midnapore, Murshidabad, Mymensingh, Nadia, Noulkhal, Pabna-Bogra, Rajshahi, Rangpur, Sylhet, Tippera and the 24-Parganas; the Judge of the Assam Valley Districts, the Additional District Judges, the 24-Parganas, Bakerganj, Sylhet, Tippera and Chittagong, Jessore-Khulna, Dacca, Midnapore-Burdwan, Mymensingh, Faridpur, Hooghly (Howrah); and the 2nd Additional District Judges, Mymensingh and the 24-Parganas.

HIGH COURT
ENGLISH
DEPARTMENT

[Civl.]

IN continuation of the Court's General Letter No. 12, dated the 7th August 1919, I am directed to state, for your information and for communication to the courts subordinate to you, that the name of Babu Jitendra Nath Roy,* mentioned in the Court's General Letter No. 7, dated the 5th April 1918, has been restored to the Roll of Vakils of this Court at his own request.

* Serial No 245, Roll No 25 of 1914

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 10th February 1920.

No. 146A.—Babu Nogendra Lal Chowdhury, assistant master of the Dacca Normal School, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act as Assistant Superintendent of the institution on the pay of his own grade, with the usual duty allowance of the Assistant Superintendent, *vice* Babu Atul Chandra Banerjee, on deputation.

No. 147A.—Babu Harish Chandra Das is appointed to act as assistant master, Dacca Normal School, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joined the appointment, *vice* Babu Nogendra Lal Chowdhury.

No. 148A.—Babu Mohini Mohan Sanyal, M.A., is appointed to act temporarily as assistant master in the Rajshahi Collegiate School, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joined his appointment, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Surendra Mohan Chowdhury, or until further orders.

No. 149A.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chakrabarty, B.Sc., now officiating assistant master, Jalpaiguri Zilla School, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed on probation for one year to be assistant master in the same school and in the same grade, *vice* Babu Dwijendra Mohan Sen, on deputation.

No. 150A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned in the interests of the public service:—

(1) Babu Mahitosh Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gangajalghati circle, district Bankura (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kalna circle, district Burdwan, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Bijaynath Mukherjee, transferred.

(2) Babu Bijaynath Mukherjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kalna circle, district Burdwan (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Galsi circle, in the same district, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Sadananda Roy, transferred.

(3) Babu Sadananda Roy, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Galsi circle, district Burdwan (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Amarshi circle, district Midnapore, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Nilmani Mukherjee, transferred.

(4) Babu Nilmani Mukherjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Amarshi circle, district Midnapore (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Khatra circle, in the district of Bankura, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Kesav Chandra Chatterjee, transferred.

(5) Babu Kesav Chandra Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Khatra circle, district Bankura (class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Singur circle, district Hooghly, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Paresnath Bose, transferred.

(6) Babu Paresnath Bose, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Singur circle, district Hooghly (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Jamalpur circle, district Burdwan, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Adharchandra Chatterjee, transferred.

(7) Babu Adharchandra Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Jamalpur circle, district Burdwan (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Asansol circle, in the same district, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Kali Kinkar Mukherjee, transferred.

(8) Babu Kali Kinkar Mukherjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Asansol circle, district Burdwan (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Garbetta circle, district Midnapore, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Upendra Nath Chatterjee.

(9) Babu Upendra Nath Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Garbetta circle, district Midnapore (class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sonamukhi circle, district Bankura, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Bhattacharjee, transferred.

(10) Babu Surendra Nath Bhattacharjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sonamukhi circle, district Bankura, now acting as headmaster, Bankura Gurm-Training School (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gopiballavpur circle, district Midnapore, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Kedar Nath Bhattacharjee, transferred.

He will, however, continue to act in the latter appointment, until further orders.

(11) Babu Kedar Nath Bhattacharjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gopiballavpur circle, district Midnapore (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gangajalghati circle, district Bankura, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Mahitosh Chatterjee, transferred.

No. 161A.—Maulvi Muhammad Ismail, B.A., appointed to act as an assistant master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, and in the Subordinate Educational Service on Rs. 35 a month, was granted leave, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, from the 20th December 1919 to 3rd January 1920, both the days inclusive.

No. 152A.—Babu Jatindra Nath Mukherjee, II, assistant master, Hindu School (class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service), is granted additional privilege leave for four weeks in terms of Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1680.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, in extension of the leave already sanctioned under this office notification No. 41A, dated the 8th January 1920, and the existing acting arrangement for the performance of his duties is allowed to continue.

The 12th February 1920.

No. 153A.—Babu Jatindra Mohon Mukherjee, an assistant master (drawing master), Hooghly Collegiate School, in class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service, was absent on leave, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, for one day, viz., 19th January 1920.

No. 154A.—Babu Kalikinkar Mukherjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Asansol circle, in the district of Burdwan (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is granted leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for fifteen days, with effect from 18th February 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

He is also permitted, under article 220 of the Civil Service Regulations, to affix the Doljatra holiday, viz., the 4th March 1920, to his leave.

No. 155A.—Babu Krishnapada Chakravartty, an inspecting pandit under the District Board of Burdwan, is appointed, subject to the consent of the Chairman, District Board, to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Asansol circle, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, *vice* Babu Kali Kinkar Mukherji, on leave.

No. 156A.—Babu Kiron Chandra Dutta, B.A., is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Sadar, Nadia district, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, on an allowance of Rs. 50 a month, with effect from the date on which he joins his appointment, *vice* Maulvi Shaik Sujan, on deputation, or until further orders.

This cancels this office notification No. 564A., dated the 20th December 1919, appointing Babu Bhupendra Nath Sarkar, B.A., to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Sadar, Nadia, and in class VIII, in place of Maulvi Shaik Sujan, on deputation.

No. 157A.—Babu Jogendra Nath Chakravarty, assistant master (head pandit), Comilla Zilla School, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted leave, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, for nineteen days, with effect from the 9th January 1920.

No. 158A.—Babu Rajendra Nath Manee is appointed to act temporarily as assistant master (head pandit), Comilla Zilla School, on an allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Jogendra Nath Chakravarty, on leave.

No. 159A.—Babu Dwijendra Nath Neogi, B.A., officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Bakarganj, in class III of the Subordinate Educational Service, is allowed privilege leave for twenty-one days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 4th February 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 160A.—Babu Bidhu Bhusan Das Gupta, an assistant master, Dacca Collegiate School, in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is allowed leave for one month and twenty-three days, under article 271 (i) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 3rd February 1920 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 161A.—Babu Niraja Shankar Bhattacharyya, B.Sc., is appointed temporarily to act as an assistant master, Dacca Collegiate School, on an allowance of Rs. 35 a month, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins, *vice* Babu Bidhu Bhusan Das Gupta.

No. 162A.—Babu Jatindra Mohan Sinha, a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Birbhum (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as a Deputy Inspector of Schools in the same district, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Maulvi Daliluddin Ahmad, on deputation.

No. 163A.—Babu Jagdeo Misra, B.A., is appointed to act temporarily as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gopiballavpur circle, in the district of Midnapore, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Bhattacharjee, on deputation, or until further orders.

No. 164A.—Babu Anukul Chandra Basu, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Alipore circle, in the district of the 24-Parganas (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is allowed leave of absence, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for thirty days, with effect from the 9th February 1920, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 165A.—Maulvi Md. Samed Ali, M.A., is declared to have acted as an assistant master, Dacca Madrasah, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, from 18th July to 11th August 1919, both the days inclusive, *vice* Maulvi Md. Abdul Gani, discharged.

No. 166A.—Maulvi A. H. Sayeedullah, B.A., is appointed temporarily to be an assistant master, Dacca Madrasah, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 16th August 1919, *vice* Maulvi Md. Abdul Gani, discharged.

No. 167A.—Maulvi Bazlar Rahaman, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Barasat circle, in the district of the 24-Parganas (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is allowed privilege leave for two months, viz., ordinary privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for one month, and special privilege leave, under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1680 S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, for the remaining period, in extension of the ordinary privilege leave for two months already granted to him under this office notification No. 377A., dated the 20th October 1919.

No. 168A.—Babu Radhikananda Ray, B.Sc., who for some time acted as laboratory assistant in both the Physical and Chemical Laboratories, is appointed to act temporarily as laboratory assistant in the Physical Laboratory of this College, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 16th January 1920, *vice* Babu Kalipada Ghosh, on deputation.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

PROVINCIAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 7th February 1920.

No. 14P.—Babu Bidhu Bhushan Datta, Demonstrator in Chemistry, Presidency College, in class VI of the Provincial Educational Service, is granted privilege leave for seventeen days, viz., eight days on full pay, under article 274 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the balance on half pay, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 7th January 1920.

No. 15P.—Babu Atul Chandra Banerjee, Assistant Superintendent, Dacca Normal School, in class I of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act as Superintendent, Dacca Normal School, and in the Provincial Educational Service, *vice* Rai Sahib Devendra Kumar Roy, on deputation.

The 10th February 1920.

No. 16P.—In partial modification of this office notification No. 1384, dated the 22nd December 1919, Babu Radha Nath Chatterjee, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Midnapore, is appointed substantively on promotion for one year, with effect from the 7th September 1919, to be an Assistant Inspector of Schools in the Chittagong Division, *vice* Babu Mati Lal Das, transferred, and in class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service, *vice* Dr. D. N. Mullik, promoted to the Indian Educational Service,

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE AND SALT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 58Exc.—The 10th February 1920.—Babu Surendra Kumar Das Gupta, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Hooghly, is transferred to Burdwan.

No. 59Exc.—The 16th February 1920.—Mr. P. M. Pogose, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Midnapore, is granted an extension of leave, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, up to the 24th January 1920, in continuation of the leave already granted to him in this office notification No. 56Exc., dated the 3rd February 1920.

S. C. MOOKERJEE,

Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 39M.—It is hereby notified for general information that Wednesday the 7th April 1920, is fixed as the date for holding a by-election in Ward No. V of the Jangipur Municipality, in the district of Murshidabad, to elect a Commissioner for that Ward in place of Babu Indra Chandra Mukharji, deceased.

MD. F. KAZIM, *Personal Assistant, for Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 10th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 40M.—It is hereby notified for general information that Saturday, the 10th April 1920, is fixed as the date for holding a fresh by-election under rule 25 of the Election Rules in Ward No. III of the Meherpur Municipality, in the district of Nadia, to elect a Commissioner for that Ward.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 16th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 41M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, at the by-election held on the 17th January 1920, in Ward No. III of the Chakdah Municipality, in the district of Nadia, Babu Jogesh Chandra Mitra was duly elected to be a Commissioner for that Ward, in place of Babu Gajendra Nath Chatarji, deceased.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 16th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 43 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1911 of 1885, as amended, Babu Sadhan Chandra Ganguli has been appointed to be a member of Ward No. I of the Udaynarayanpur Union Committee in the district of Howrah, *vice Babu Manasram Ganguli, deceased.*

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 9th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 43 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended, Babu Satish Chandra Ghosh has been appointed to be a member of Ward No. I of the Uluberia Union Committee in the district of Howrah, *vice* Babu Sanat Kumar Ghosh, deceased.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 9th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 679J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 7 of the Bengal Local Self Government Act (III of 1885), the following gentlemen have been duly elected members of the District Board of Mymensingh by the Local Boards noted against their names :—

Sadar	...	{	1. Maulvi Shahabuddin Ahmed, B.L.
			2. " Afazuddin Ahmed, B.A.
			3. " Khandakar Abdul Halim, B.L.
Netrakona	...	{	1. Babu Kamini Mohan Biswas M.A., B.L.
			2. " Basanta Kumar Ain, B.L.
Kishoreganj	...	{	1. Khan Bahadur Maulvi Muhammad Ismail, B.L.
			2. Maulvi Abdul Wadud Choudhury, B.L.
Jamalpur	...	{	1. Maulvi Fazlal Haque.
			2. " Ainuddin Ahmed, Pleader.
Tangail	...	{	1. Maulvi Syed Ahmad Hossain Choudhury.
			2. Babu Sasadhar Ghosh, B.L.
			3. Maulvi Golam Ahmed Siddiki.

2. Under section 7 of the said Act the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the said District Board :—

1. The Civil Surgeon, Mymensingh
2. The District Deputy Inspector of Schools
3. Babu Srimanta Kumar Das Gupta, Subdivisional Officer, Tangail.
4. Khan Bahadur Naziruddin Ahmed, Subdivisional Officer, Jamalpur.
5. Babu Niranjan Roy, Subdivisional Officer, Netrakona.
6. Maulvi Abu Ali Muhammad Choudhury, Subdivisional Officer, Sadar South.
7. Rai Charu Chandra Choudhury Bahadur
8. Rai Chandra Kishore Kar Bahadur.
9. Babu Gopi Nath Chakrabarty.
10. Maulvi Abdur Rahim Khan Choudhury.
11. Babu Surendra Prosad Lahiry Choudhury.
12. " Umesh Chandra Chakladar.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 9th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 94L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 23 of the dispensary rules, the following gentlemen have been appointed to be members of the committee for the management of the dispensary at Bonggaon, in the district of Jessore :—

1. Munshi Sefatulla Sarcar, *vice* Maulvi Afsaruddin Ahmed, deceased.
2. Babu Ashutosh Mukherji, *vice* Babu Dharnidhar Bhattacharji, deceased.
3. " Jatindra Narayan Chaudhury, *vice* Babu Charu Chandra Mukherji, resigned.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 10th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 611.C.T.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, Munshi Mahatabuddin Sarkar has been appointed to be a member of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Pirganj, in the district of Dinajpur, *vice* Munshi Khairat Ali Sarkar, resigned.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., CAMP DINAJPUR, *the 14th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 673J.—It is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers delegated to me by Bengal Government notification No. 3403 L.S.-G., dated the 1st December 1904, I do hereby direct, under section 6, clause (b) of the Bengal Ferries Act, 1 of 1885, that the private ferry at Harikhali with Ponchananpur *ghat* over Harikhali *khal* on Ponchananpur and Netrakona-Amtala Local Board road in the district of Mymensingh shall be taken possession of and declared to be a public ferry.

2. In exercise of the powers delegated to me by Bengal Government notification No. 2171 L.S.-G., dated the 12th January 1905, I direct, under section 35 of the aforesaid Act, that the said ferry shall be managed by the District Board of Mymensingh, and that all proceeds of the ferry and all fines levied and compensation received under the said Act, in respect thereof, shall be paid in to the district fund of Mymensingh with effect from the date of this notification.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 9th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been appointed as members of the Committee for the management of the Government High School at Jessore under rule 3 of the rules for the Managing Committees of Government High Schools:—

- | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. The District Magistrate | President. |
| 2. The Headmaster of the school ... | Vice-President and Secretary. |
| 3. Babu Jatindra Kumar Biswas,
M.A., Sadar Subdivisional Officer | Official member. |
| 4. Maulvi Abdul Khaleq, B.A., Assistant
Headmaster ... | Representative of the teaching
staff. |
| 5. Babu Mahendra Nath Sen, B.L. ... | } Representatives of the parents
and guardians of the school
pupils. |
| 6. Maulvi Kafiluddin Ahmed ... | |

E. M. MANNOCH, *District Magistrate.*

JESSORE, *the 9th February 1920.*

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES,
BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1756.—The 14th February 1919.—The accompanying Finance Statements of Provincial and Central Co-operative Banks in the Presidency of Bengal, for the quarter ending the 31st December 1919, are published for general information.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

CENTRAL
Quarterly
PART

LIABILITIES AND QUASI-LIABILITIES.

Name of Bank.	OUTSIDE THE MOVEMENT.					WITHIN THE MOVEMENT.						
	Deposits, fixed, current or savings bank, by non-members or by members in an individual capacity.	Debentures.	Overdrafts from outside banks, e.g., Presidency or Joint Stock.	Other items.	Fixed deposits or loans received from Societies or Central Banks or Provincial Bank.	Drawn portion of cash credit with Provincial Bank.	Savings Bank or current accounts held in favour of Societies or Central Banks.	Reserve Fund of Bank itself.	Paid-up share capital.	Other items.	Undrawn liabilities, e.g., cash credit accounts guaranteed by the Provincial Bank to Central Banks or to Societies and by Central Banks to other Central Banks or Societies.	
											To cover deposits.	For loan transaction.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
I.—PROVINCIAL BANK.												
The Bengal Provincial Co-operative Federation, Ltd. ...	Rs. 14,12,068	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. 1,48,908	Rs. ...	Rs. 5,34,483	Rs. 6,712	Rs. 2,16,440	Rs. 31,859	Rs. 36,000	Rs. ...
II.—CENTRAL BANKS.												
<i>Calcutta.</i>												
Central Co-operative Antimalarial Society, Ltd. ...	...	...	...	14,352	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>District Birbhum.</i>												
Hampurhat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	1,32,216	...	...	...	77,550	...	...	3,146	26,940	6,355	...	...
Birbhum Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	23,020	...	...	...	80	...	...	346	16,975	...	...	...
<i>District Midnapore.</i>												
Midnapore Central Co-operative Bank, L.L. ...	1,06,170	...	...	3,246	585	...	...	6,600	27,300	26,254	...	...
Khelari-Balarampur Union, Ltd. ...	31,144	...	...	61	20,917	...	...	2,214	8,460	4,756	...	...
Balebaria Union Bank, Ltd. ...	2,652	...	...	263	34,367	...	...	2,650	8,190	7,787	...	...
Tamluk Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	14,860	...	...	...	5,900	...	...	...	2,380	...	...	...
<i>District Burdwan.</i>												
Burdwan Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	9,200	...	...	...	438	...	...	597	24,726	5,000	...	...
<i>District Howrah.</i>												
Howrah Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	10,840	...	...	...	...	...	...	126	4,810	75	...	...
Uluberia Co-operative Union Bank, Ltd. ...	5,660	...	...	...	82	...	...	...	945	...	...	...
<i>District Hooghly.</i>												
Hooghly Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,105	...	...	...
<i>District Bankura.</i>												
Bankura District Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd. ...	6,545	...	...	2,917	10,000	...	...	...	6,742	494	...	...
<i>District 24-Parganas.</i>												
Taki Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	1,37,011	...	...	546	244	...	2,013	6,691	16,570	16,450	5,000	...
Co-operative Milk Societies Union, Ltd. ...	5,900	...	...	...	6,388	16,188	...	...	1,100	...	...	...
Nitma Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd. ...	4,886	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	560	...	...	...
<i>District Nadia.</i>												
Nadia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	3,48,600	...	...	...	898	...	103	3,405	26,100	1,982	...	...
Krakhia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	20,888	...	...	...	17,258	...	...	350	7,828	339	...	...
Meherpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	9,646	...	...	...	74,446	...	...	695	6,068	...	...	...
<i>District Jessore.</i>												
Jessore Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	1,27,916	...	19	185	1,300	...	...	4,011	24,175	5,113	...	...
<i>District Khulna.</i>												
Baruli Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	68,037	...	...	...	4,370	...	5	4,601	7,860	6,076	...	...
Khulna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	69,946	...	...	...	...	...	...	631	17,006	80	...	...
Bagerhat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	10,096	...	...	...	9,000	...	...	...	4,515	...	...	...
<i>District Mirshidabad.</i>												
Jangipor Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	71,199	...	...	...	...	...	15	2,220	12,306	277	...	...
Berhampur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	1,22,091	...	...	1,678	81	...	...	1,500	21,340	4,601	...	...
Lalbagh Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	16,427	...	...	...	7,300	...	...	...	4,168	...	...	...
<i>District Dacca.</i>												
Dacca Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	2,11,078	...	...	...	24,184	...	...	12,626	26,226	16,129	...	...
Bikrampur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	30,666	...	...	...	28,900	...	...	687	12,400	...	...	...
Manikganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	1,500	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	1,628	...	...	...
<i>District Mymensingh.</i>												
Mymensingh Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	2,48,746	...	...	...	20,641	...	21	4,766	22,300	9,322	...	...
Jamshyn Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	1,74,864	...	619	...	24,701	...	6,864	14,647	27,706	20,426	...	...
Tanmali Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	1,18,119	...	...	...	21,600	...	...	2,624	14,500	9,412	...	...
Kishorganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	20,720	...	...	...	10,155	...	...	476	2,408	...	...	...

THANKS.

Finance Statement

[illegible]

PART I

Name of Bank.	LIABILITIES AND QUASI-LIABILITIES.											
	OUTSIDE THE MOVEMENT.					WITHIN THE MOVEMENT.						
	Deposits, fixed, current or savings bank, by non-members or by members in an individual capacity.	Debentures.	Overdrafts from outside banks, e.g., Presidency or Joint Stock.	Other items.	Fixed deposits or loans received from Societies, or Central Banks or Provincial Banks.	Drawn portion of cash credits with Provincial Bank.	Savings Bank or current accounts held in favour of Societies of Central Banks.	Reserve fund of bank itself.	Paid-up share capital.	Other items.	Total.	
											Rs.	Paise.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
II.—CENTRAL BANKS—contd.												
<i>District Faridpur.</i>												
Faridpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	4,79,920	4,350	...	1,315	544	...	1,755	26,400	20,546	12,325	...	...
Madaripur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,52,928	...	...	...	51,770	...	580	26,000	53,755	35,145	...	...
Gopalganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,45,899	...	...	...	66,845	...	...	5,747	20,250	12,496	...	...
Goswami Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,63,705	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,005	25,125	2,355	...	...
<i>District Amtarganj.</i>												
Barisal Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,97,488	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,474	26,285	2,155	...	...
Patuakhali Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	19,885	...	...	...	5,500	...	...	455	2,450	...	...	...
Rupnagar Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	17,322	...	...	...	2,10,427	...	...	303	23,400	...	...	...
<i>District Chittagong.</i>												
Chittagong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	22,042	...	...	...	25,900	...	...	2,042	25,875	...	...	...
<i>District Noakhali.</i>												
Feni Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	75,521	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,300	13,245	4,968	...	...
Noakhali Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	5,055	...	...	...	25,900	...	...	515	5,220	...	...	...
<i>District Tippera.</i>												
Cumilla Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,09,162	...	...	2,897	269	...	5,441	16,125	63,565	12,395	...	...
Chandpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,75,170	...	...	...	27,100	...	...	2,800	20,900	5,735	...	...
Brahmanbaria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,65,525	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,612	25,200	10,067	...	...
<i>District Rajshahi.</i>												
Natore Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	23,820	...	...	...	25,500	...	...	626	10,225	915	...	...
Rajshahi Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	17,426	...	...	...	25,512	...	2,000	55	5,325	...	...	...
Naogaon Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	...	...	...	25,500	...	...	...	11,526	...	...	...
<i>District Rangpur.</i>												
Gaibandha Central Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd.	1,21,697	...	...	24	23,325	...	...	5,737	22,575	20,525	...	2,112
Kurigram Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	16,425	...	...	...	22,000	...	...	950	1,410	1,117	...	...
Nitphamari Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	64,461	...	...	...	47,875	...	...	1,014	22,215	1,071	...	...
Rangpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,13,672	...	...	...	18,25	...	...	1,225	22,725	2,424	...	...
<i>District Bogra.</i>												
Bogra Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,26,585	...	...	...	72,400	...	...	2,591	24,455	2,505	...	...
<i>District Pabna.</i>												
Pabna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	7,51,555	...	...	...	7,500	...	14,345	24,000	1,14,225	1,25,000	22,000	...
Ullapara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	10,325	...	...	...	116	25,947	...	2,005	11,025	4,125	...	...
Serajganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	65,425	...	...	...	16,945	...	...	1,060	12,425	...	...	...
Shahadpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,215	...	...	...	...	...	...	87	2,755	14,725	...	...
<i>District Dinajpur.</i>												
Balutghat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	26,100	...	...	...	20,000	...	...	1,045	12,325	...	...	...
<i>District Darjeeling.</i>												
Darjeeling Central Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd.	5,715	...	...	352	25,871	...	...	264	12,221	1,527	...	...
Kalinpong Central Union Bank, Ltd.	57,445	...	...	...	1,12,000	...	...	14,000	24,000	2,224	...	...
Peding Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	14,900	...	...	...	22,225	...	...	7,500	20,000	2,224	...	...
<i>District Jalpaiguri.</i>												
Jalpaiguri Central Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd.	5,521	...	...	...	2,725	...	...	...	1,525	...	...	...
<i>District Malda.</i>												
Malda Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	42,147	...	...	...	5,000	...	...	225	11,725	225	...	...
TOTAL CENTRAL BANKS	58,15,014	4,520	437	49,422	16,12,125	22,727	22,724	2,55,125	12,27,215	1,25,215	22,000	2,112
TOTAL PROVINCIAL AND CENTRAL BANKS	72,25,577	4,520	437	55,422	17,01,005	22,727	22,724	2,55,125	12,27,215	1,25,215	22,000	2,112
TOTAL PREVIOUS QUARTER	70,15,711	7,420	10,445	21,224	17,22,225	...	2,22,215	2,22,215	12,27,215	1,25,215	22,000	2,112

ASSETS AND QUASI-ASSETS.																
OUTSIDE THE MOVEMENT.							WITHIN THE MOVEMENT.						RATES OF INTEREST ON WHICH MONEY IS USUALLY—			
Cash in hand and in various banks.	Government securities.	Post Office Savings Bank deposits.	Other investments of a liquid nature in public securities.	Undrawn balances of assured cash credits.		Loans to Agricultural Societies.	Loans to non-Agricultural Societies.	Loans or deposits due to the Central Bank by the Provincial Bank or other Central Banks.	Loans and deposits due to Provincial Bank.	Unrealized share-capital.	Other investments inside the movement.	Net profit of past year.	Unborrowed.		Last dividend declared.	
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	
90,183	44,175	30,245	5,118	...	...	2,34,168	1,40,613	...	...	60,545	1,29,541	7,523	2, 3½, 5, 6½, 7, 7½, and 8	10½, 12½, and 13	5½
5,989	40,000	2,436	...	...	...	3,40,450	2,800	...	...	52,765	50,707	16,791	5½, 6, 6½, 7, and 7½	11½ and 12	5½
4,054	7,300	712	...	...	...	2,39,674	3,784	8,328	...	5,790	10,780	2,654	5½, 6½, 7, 7½, and 8	10½	7½
4,036	...	36,569	...	...	...	1,24,589	1,100	4½, 7½	...	35,125	...	2,702	7, 6½, 6½, 6, and 3	10½	7
15,337	7,125	12,582	...	20,000	...	1,13,520	375	1,00,437	...	71,415	...	6,120	2, 4, 6 and 6½	7½ and 10½	6½	
100	...	6,002	...	...	...	18,410	880	...	...	5,340	...	581	7½ and 6	12½	5½
2,755	...	...	...	...	...	2,20,067	20,100	...	...	32,900	...	324	10½ and 7½	12½	...
81	...	9,408	...	...	...	1,14,783	18,126	...	...	25,875	9,422	2,968	6½ and 7½	10½	9½
15	...	5,044	...	...	...	70,857	900	...	...	50,315	...	1,687	6½, 7, 7½ and 8	10½	7½
2,121	...	2,073	...	...	...	32,136	...	...	...	10,930	2,908	1,892	2½	12½	7½
17,072	12,580	22,343	2,080	...	...	1,97,426	...	...	...	62,845	44,816	2,782	5½, 5½, 6½, 6½, 7, and 7½	10½	9½
12,312	...	12,401	...	...	...	2,05,466	...	...	...	30,900	30,000	4,446	4½, 6½, 7 and 7½	10½	6½
5,681	8,075	14,680	...	...	...	2,51,092	3,078	...	...	45,250	...	2,319	2½ to 5	10½ to 16	7½
2,722	...	440	...	...	...	79,306	1,900	102	...	1,225	5,610	1,164	6, 7 and 7½	10½	7½
2,700	...	6,553	...	...	...	44,163	...	41,855	...	20,967	...	505	5½, 6½, 6, 7, and 7½	10½	...
681	...	...	...	...	...	95,945	1,082	...	...	15,712	...	...	7½	10½	...
10,545	30,000	1,070	...	...	...	1,48,675	...	...	...	22,575	47,069	4,580	6, 6½, 7, 7½ and 8	10½	7½
4,584	...	5,422	...	...	...	37,612	...	7,000	...	11,620	...	818	7½	10½	6½
12,227	2,000	6,002	...	...	...	94,707	...	141	...	2,835	4,800	1,895	4½, 5, 6½, 7 and 7½	10½	6½
1,555	28	10,008	...	...	...	1,84,344	...	28,072	...	25,195	14,257	2,481	5½, 6, 6½, 7, 7½, 8, 8½ and 9	12	10
24,225	2,386	19,612	17,078	...	...	1,30,457	122	...	...	24,455	6,675	2,904	6 to 8	10½	10½
2,225	50,000	168	10,147	...	25,000	2,12,587	11,501	...	...	1,22,184	22,782	24,849	7½, 6½, 6, 6½, and 8½	10½	6½
1,121	300	...	...	...	...	87,226	...	...	...	11,803	4,050	1,372	6½, 6½, 7 and 7½	12½	9½
2,222	...	...	...	...	...	1,12,194	2,054	...	...	20,514	...	915	5, 5½, 6, 6½, 7, and 7½	10½	8
24	...	1,300	...	...	...	15,185	...	...	...	7,495	...	122	7½	10½	...
129	210	2,224	898	...	...	54,546	...	...	...	13,422	2,085	1,225	6, 6, 7, 7½ and 8	10½	6½
1,222	775	...	...	...	...	47,871	15,069	...	...	13,009	8,100	...	6 and 7½	9½	...
2,222	10,222	...	...	...	...	1,81,888	...	...	...	10,222	10,222	2,084	5½, 6½, 6½, 7, and 7½	10	9½
222	...	...	...	...	...	77,122	...	...	...	...	128	...	7½, 7½, 8½, 8½, 4½, and 6½	10	9½
2,222	...	...	...	...	...	11,990	...	...	...	1,800	...	...	7, 7½, 7½, 7½	10½	...
2,222	...	2,042	500	...	...	52,997	...	...	...	20,120	...	795	4½, 6½, 7 and 7½	10½	6½
2,222	2,222	2,222	74,222	24,122	24,500	67,05,274	2,02,110	2,22,122	...	12,22,000	2,24,222	1,70,772	...	...	...
2,222	2,222	2,222	4,22,472	2,22,122	25,000	22,02,572	2,74,110	2,22,122	22,02,221	22,01,222	2,24,222	1,24,172	...	...	...
2,222	7,22,222	2,22,222	122,000	2,02,122	25,000	22,57,222	1,22,000	2,02,222	12,01,122	22,22,222	4,27,422	2,00,022	...	...	...

* Preference.

1. Ordinary.

PART II.

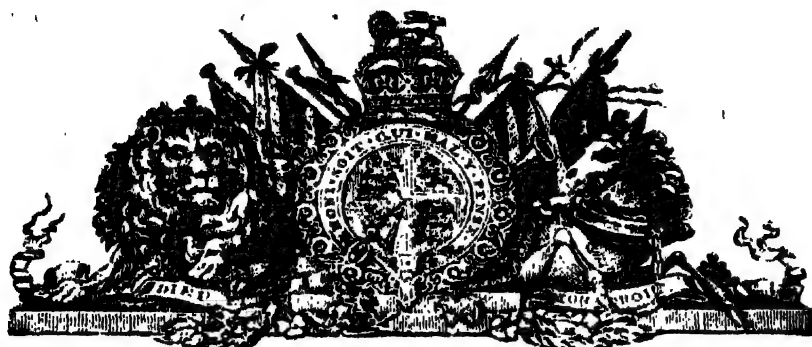
Name of Bank.	DEPOSITS OR DEBITURES OF THE KIND DEALT WITH IN COLUMNS 2 AND 3 OF PART I.						REPAYMENT OF LOANS IN FOUR YEARS.		
	On cur- rent or savings bank account.	Deposits for not more than three months.	OTHER DEPOSITS AND DEBITURES FALLING DUE—				Estimated—		Amount in advance months preceding present quarter.
			In twelve months from commence- ment of present quarter.	In next twelve months.	In twelve months following.	In subse- quent years.	In twelve months from commence- ment of present quarter.	In next twelve months.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
I.—PROVINCIAL BANK.									
Bengal Provincial Co-operative Federation, Ltd. ...	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	5,00,825	2,17,770	2,91,718	2,02,367	5,52,170	2,26,862	11,34,136
II.—CENTRAL BANK.									
<i>Calcutta.</i>									
The Central Co-operative Anti-Malarial Society, Ltd. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>District Birbhum.</i>									
Rampurhat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	50,651	21,500	42,098	8,000	5,07,951	460	1,24,738
Birbhum Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	33,025	...	...	...	56,017	11,277	7,348
<i>District Midnapore.</i>									
Midnapore Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	55,259	3,010	21,590	16,817	...	64,863	27,108	64,608
Kholar Balarampur Union, Ltd. ...	...	400	1,016	10,682	8,818	10,238	20,300	12,060	20,168
Belebera Union Bank, Ltd. ...	...	7,663	...	...	...	...	10,687	6,400	46,717
Tamluk Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	4,350	2,710	7,000	400	...	4,575	5,125	114
<i>District Burdwan.</i>									
Burdwan Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	...	1,800	7,500	...	18,546	6,828	6,727
<i>District Howrah.</i>									
Howrah Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	550	...	10,250	...	5,420	5,420	256
Uttarpara Co-operative Union Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	3,180	...	2,300	...	3,250	2,250	...
<i>District Hooghly.</i>									
Hooghly Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	625	400	176
<i>District Bankura.</i>									
Bankura District Co-operative Industrial Union, Ltd. ...	...	...	6,546	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>District 24 Parganas.</i>									
Taki Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	3,462	...	69,319	4,477	1,466	49,375	98,465	39,320	28,804
Co-operative Milk Societies Union Ltd. ...	...	5,900	...	...	...	...	7,188	...	...
Nimta Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd. ...	...	...	...	...	...	4,286	...	...	...
<i>District Nadia.</i>									
Nadia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	54,726	75,929	64,787	47,146	40,000	40,000	1,21,577
Kushtia Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	17,866	1,759	508	426	15,000	15,000	35,796
Mahespur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	16	...	...	...	...	5,550	27,490	24,928	6,521
<i>District Jessore.</i>									
Jessore Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	1,764	...	11,390	44,206	6,879	71,780	1,06,980	10,399	21,224
<i>District Khulna.</i>									
Rarui Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	16,310	...	20,790	24,127	...	18,000	29,890	17,669	21,224
Khulna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	1,680	...	10,472	32,329	...	25,481	21,876	29,612	24,007
Bagerhat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	...	6,120	1,300	2,445	3,410	4,500	5,250
<i>District Murshidabad.</i>									
Jangipur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	9,490	...	25,202	8,681	21,492	6,022	24,720	25,792	2,592
Berhampur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	199	20,726	43,629	49,190	7,264	63,426	27,264	21,000
Lalbag Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	864	11,112	4,965	...	...	8,061	2,461	2,200
<i>District Dacca.</i>									
Dacca Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	14,446	...	20,012	26,804	29,242	12,062	1,72,225	1,04,200	1,12,000
Bikrampur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	19,190	2,575	2,450	6,423	45,000	10,000	20,000
Maulkhanj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	1,800	...	...	...	4,262	...	323
<i>District Mymensingh.</i>									
Mymensingh Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	27,425	29,744	1,09,129	21,262	27,000	21,262	25,000
Jamalpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	340	...	17,540	11,200	3,000	1,24,754	22,725	22,725	17,210
Tangail Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	2,300	...	7,094	27,008	...	26,000	27,000	2,700	21,200
Shahabganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	12,444	17,381	...	...	27,000	22,200	25,000

Name of Bank	DEPOSITS OR DEBENTURES OF THE KIND SHOWN WITH IN COLUMNS 2 AND 3 OF PART I.						REPAYMENT OF LOANS BY SOCIETIES.		
	On cur- rent or savings bank account.	Deposits for not more than three months.	OTHER DEPOSITS AND DEBENTURES VALUING DUE—				ESTIMATED—		Actual in twelve months preceding present quarter.
			In twelve months from commence- ment of present quarter.	In next twelve months	In twelve months following	In subse- quent years.	In twelve months from commence- ment of present quarter.	In next twelve months.	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
II.—CENTRAL BANKS—continued									
<i>District Faridpur.</i>									
Faridpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	1,08,307	...	1,84,068	24,948	88,822	78,718	1,68,810	1,16,798	69,034
Maderipur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. . .	81,004	...	1,03,777	1,19,398	18,651	24,900	9,09,087	1,10,881	28,384
Gogalganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	5,433	...	22,548	88,088	4,738	28,081	60,000	40,000	70,014
Goulundo Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. . .	68,968	...	88,807	18,755	28,721	18,897	44,948	28,282	30,149
<i>District Saharunpur.</i>									
Saharunpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	8,982	22,948	1,85,241	1,01,018	...	...	1,18,000	88,358	1,28,789
Patnakhali Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. . .	...	...	5,210	1,000	...	12,775	7,707	7,880	6,178
Akhepura Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. . .	...	...	12,322	...	...	...	21,646	78,181	28,988
<i>District Chittagong.</i>									
Chittagong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	...	40,618	70,800	21,980	...	22,804	17,682	66,100
<i>District Noakhali.</i>									
Band Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	...	84,548	8,000	2,700	12,876	13,088	20,000	25,381
Noakhali Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	...	2,768	2,800	...	...	9,200	480	2,820
<i>District Pargana.</i>									
Comilla Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. . .	51,809	...	1,04,803	20,002	22,724	1,965	27,500	28,000	1,31,986
Chandpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. . .	...	...	80,808	40,822	28,910	87,122	78,000	80,000	78,584
Brahmanbaria Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	18,780	202	47,224	79,828	72,202	80,520	98,248	29,400	50,450
<i>District Rajshahi.</i>									
Natore Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	...	9,400	6,500	4,100	8,850	37,841	24,863	11,708
Rajshahi Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. . .	...	...	...	...	...	17,428	20,000	18,000	10,241
Naogaon Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82,248	14,751	41,218
<i>District Rangpur.</i>									
Gaibandha Central Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd.	26,281	...	17,000	6,700	...	81,748	40,000	30,000	18,819
Kushtgram Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	...	...	14,428	...	2,000	6,257	2,982	2,982	8,177
Nijbamari Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	27,214	...	8,448	10,700	7,108	11,000	60,082	2,261	23,784
Rangpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. . .	9,802	...	28,724	8,800	22,540	17,749	91,494	88,708	84,941
<i>District Bogra.</i>									
Bogra Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	...	22,724	26,888	81,189	18,910	87,700	42,048	26,462
<i>District Pabna.</i>									
Pabna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. . .	1,82,918	...	1,87,124	2,02,758	98,870	1,71,211	76,274	29,688	20,462
Uthpara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. . .	...	...	7,282	...	489	2,728	29,278	12,891	17,882
Mirajganj Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	...	480	52,467	2,378	...	120	75,418	28,972	69,180
Shahmadpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. .	1,800	...	...	...	18	...	12,887	2,788	9,238
<i>District Dinajpur.</i>									
Belurghat Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. . .	...	...	9,000	15,900	...	1,200	48,002	9,182	7,088
<i>District Darjeeling.</i>									
Darjeeling Central Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd.	...	...	2,548	1,160	...	...	12,264	12,228	4,209
Khatibpore Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. ...	12,289	...	48,208	15,274	9,888	4,808	20,000	28,000	28,618
Peding ...	...	...	11,000	800	2,800	...	16,422	10,422	...
<i>District Jalpaiguri.</i>									
Jalpaiguri Central Co-operative Bank & Union, Ltd.	...	...	...	...	...	8,231	1,220	4,789	3,000
<i>District Malda.</i>									
Malda Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd. . .	...	...	10,288	8,227	24,225	...	20,614	16,688	12,798
Grand Total of Central Banks	6,22,229	1,07,228	17,87,251	18,18,408	8,27,268	11,20,427	20,61,222	16,18,078	20,97,608
Total of all Banks	6,22,229	1,07,228	20,96,784	18,86,178	12,89,538	12,32,064	40,04,982	14,52,742	22,86,944

Name of Bank	Statement of Assets of Societies Estimated in three quarters in twelve months from commencement of present quarter (Column 6 of Part II).				Statement of Liabilities of Societies Estimated in three quarters in twelve months from commencement of present quarter (Column 6 of Part II).			
	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
District Bankers—contd.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
District Bankers								
Bahadur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	16,942	40,280	48,400	89,639	78,000	20,000	8,000	18,000
Bahadur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.		2,010	1,232	2,310	91,584	7,797		
Bahadur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.				3,700				
District Chittagong								
Chittagong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	9,280	7,772	8,119	15,431	10,800	8,675	8,836	8,693
District Moulvibazar								
Moulvibazar Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	28,300	8,000	1,245	8,000	10,000	2,000	1,035	1,000
Moulvibazar Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	498	256	512	1,702	4,000	427	2,040	2,872
District Tippera								
Comilla Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	11,894	6,472	66,894	17,522	35,000	5,000	34,800	37,500
Chandpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,587	18,704	7,845	11,789	7,000	1,000	42,000	25,000
Bishnupur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	10,192	18,446	16,840	4,690	61,688			43,262
District Rajshahi								
Natore Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	4,000	2,400	1,880	220	18,881	12,818		5,050
Rajshahi Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.					5,300	3,000		15,000
Barisal Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.					10,882	53,710	8,790	11,862
District Rangpur								
Gaibandha Central Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd.	18,800	1,000	200	100	2,000			20,000
Surma Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	2,500	2,925	8,000	8,000	2,000	1,100	2,000	1,167
Nilphamari Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,401	2,445	2,800	1,809	23,550	8,680		30,843
Rangpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	11,984	16,925	8,792	2,482	20,115	14,195	20,266	6,520
District Bogra								
Bogra Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	19,556	5,641	2,158	8,229	22,000	8,204	20,000	26,402
District Pabna								
Pabna Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	24,676	21,776	21,084	78,659	9,675	1,485	2,800	21,214
Uttara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	7,255				2,157			28,219
Barisal Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	11,718	26,205	4,089	10,520	1,904		626	72,841
Rangpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.								12,897
District Dinajpur								
Dinajpur Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	5,000		2,000	2,000	42,819	1,985	500	
District Darjeeling								
Darjeeling Central Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd.	7,518	598	900	1,069	5,279	3,326	2,506	1,928
Kalimpong Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.		12,662	7,120	14,981	8,000	4,000	8,000	10,000
Pedong				11,000	6,910	3,000	2,806	4,607
District Jalpaiguri								
Jalpaiguri Central Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd.					427		902	
District Malda								
Malda Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	1,178	2,250	2,800	2,100	2,674	7,540	645	8,715
TOTAL CENTRAL BANKS	4,12,442	3,94,822	4,22,982	5,54,724	12,00,620	4,22,494	4,22,617	7,84,745
TOTAL PROVINCIAL AND CENTRAL BANKS	4,55,218	4,22,025	4,22,025	5,50,749	12,05,294	7,29,808	4,22,494	8,22,312

J. T. DONOVAN,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1920.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Education, published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* dated the 31st January 1920, is republished for general information.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 99.

Delhi, the 27th January 1920.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Report of the Calcutta University Commission, 1917—1919, Volumes I—V, and the Volumes of Evidence.

I.—The Calcutta University Commission and the object of the present Resolution

1. The Calcutta University Commission was appointed with a view to a full examination of the system of university teaching in Bengal, and in order that the best advice might be obtained upon the method of co-ordinating the machinery of that institution and the instruction which it imparts more fully to the needs of modern life. With these ends in view the Commission was constituted with a strict regard to the necessity of invoking the highest available academic talent. The report which it has produced will, it is believed, rank among the most important and authoritative of educational documents. The Government of India desire to take this opportunity of recording their high appreciation of the manner in which Sir Michael Sadler and his colleagues have performed their difficult and intricate functions.

2. The Commission interpreted (and rightly interpreted) its terms of reference in the widest possible sense. Its report travels over many subjects and many branches of education which are not confined to university instruction but have an important bearing thereon. The immediate object of the Commissioners' labours was the University of Calcutta, and though they visited collectively or singly many places in India which are not within the jurisdiction of that

University, the opinions which they have expressed and the recommendations which they have made have reference primarily to Bengal and to the University of Calcutta. The object of the present Resolution is two-fold. *First*, it is intended to acquaint the public in Bengal with the intentions of the Government of India as regards early legislation for the reconstitution of the University of Calcutta. *Second*, it is thought that an expression of views by the Government of India on certain points connected with the report may not be without use in provinces other than Bengal. For, though it is fully recognised that conditions elsewhere differ widely from those in that Presidency and though the Government of India have naturally no desire to thrust upon other local Governments and other universities schemes which result from an investigation of affairs in Bengal and in Calcutta, nevertheless some of the recommendations made by the Commission are likely to be found valuable for wider application and it is understood that already in some other provinces movements are on foot for some re-organisation of the local systems.

II.—*Criticisms made by the Commission.*

3. The Commissioners have laid emphasis upon those elements in the educational system of Bengal which have produced satisfactory results in the past and give promise of healthy development in the future. But they have also, as indeed their task demanded of them, sought out the weaker elements, analysed defects and suggested remedies. In the following paragraphs certain points are noted which formed the subject of the Commission's criticism and which appear to the Government of India to call for special and urgent treatment.

4. Sound instruction in the secondary stage is the foundation upon which both university and more strictly vocational education must necessarily rest. But the Commission has recorded the fact that just when Bengal is more than ever eager for higher education, and when the economic needs and intellectual aspirations of the Presidency call for the best that can be given, the training which the high schools offer not only fails as a rule to provide for modern requirements in point of scientific and other knowledge but is actually deteriorating in quality. The schools are too narrowly concerned with preparing boys for matriculation—the goal to which almost all their teaching is designed to lead. Yet they are attended by large numbers of boys who have no special fitness for an academic training and who leave school without qualifying themselves for it; and preparation for the university is not the only purpose which the secondary schools have to serve in a modern State. Still more serious is their lack of influence upon the character of pupils. Some of the correspondents who answered the Commission's questionnaire regard the schools as failing in the formation of character and in conveying to the boy's mind a clear apprehension of an ideal of duty. "Pressed further home", write the Commissioners, "the charge amounts to even more than this: it implies that the schools have no spiritual life which touches a boy's inner nature, no corporate unity which appeals to and can sustain his affectionate loyalty, no moral or intellectual flame which may kindle his emotions"; and, while admitting admirable exceptions, they state that it must be acknowledged that in these respects the work of the schools as a whole is bleak and barren.

5. The Commissioners were accordingly led to examine the two dominating factors which influence high school organisation in Bengal—the matriculation examination and the method of recognition. They found that the matriculation examination conducted by the University of Calcutta (which is the largest examination of its kind in the world) is far from enjoying general approval; that eleven out of every twelve of the witnesses who dealt with this point expressed dissatisfaction with it as a test even for entering the University; and that it allows a very considerable number of ill-educated candidates to pass. Furthermore, the schools are cramped by it. For they endeavour to perform what the rules of the examination prescribe; to enable their pupils to pass has become their dominant aim; and the pressure which forces them to concentrate upon this narrow purpose is great. The Commissioners comment upon the perverted and uninspiring view of higher

education which is thus produced. They write, "at the very time when the instinct of the people is turning its hopes towards education, the work actually done in the schools is suffering from a blight which spreads so quickly as to threaten public and private hopes with disappointment. The desire for education, though it springs from needs which good schools alone can satisfy, is perverted into a demand for what a school must deteriorate in consenting to give. But the pressure is irresistible, and the schools in yielding to it are spoiled. Nor is this the whole of the loss. The profession of teaching becomes less and less attractive to able and generous minds because, as the generally accepted view of education grows meaner and narrower, a teacher has the less opportunity of realising in his work the purpose which alone lifts his calling from a despised trade to one of the noblest of professions."

6. The Commission refers to the Indian Universities Act of 1904, the Resolution of the Government of India No. 600 of August 11, 1906, and the body of regulations thereby sanctioned. Under those regulations the recognition or non-recognition of a school is the act of the University, and the functions of the Department of Public Instruction or the person nominated by the Syndicate to report on the claims of schools are limited to placing before the University the information requisite to enable that body to exercise its controlling authority. The Commission states that the University proceeded in right earnest to discharge this new and heavy responsibility. But the powers of the University are far from being as efficacious in practice as they appear to be on paper; and owing to adverse circumstances, "the plan devised in 1904 and zealously put into effect by the University during the more favourable conditions which at first prevailed, has evidently broken down."

7. Coming next to the colleges, the Commission observes that the majority of successful candidates at the matriculation examination proceed to university courses. Since the school course does not give a 'sound general education,' the colleges find imposed upon them the obligation of making good the deficiencies of the schools. "With about half of their students," says the Commission, "the colleges never get beyond the stage of school work. Many students drop out before they reach the end of the intermediate course." "There is probably no other country in the world" proceeds the Report, "in which it is the case that so large a proportion of those who enter upon a degree course in a university fail to proceed to its natural conclusion, but stop at a half-way house. This would seem to indicate, in the first place, that the relation between the matriculation and intermediate standards is ill-adjusted; but still more remarkable, it would seem to show that, in the view of the boys and their parents and the public, the first two years of the university course are regarded as forming a distinct stage by themselves, a supplement to the high school course, while the intermediate examination is regarded as a natural stopping-place." The Commission further remarks on the reduction at this stage of the choice of subjects, the absence of guidance to students regarding their choice, and the failure to provide for any introduction to vocational training such as is needed by that half of the students who will pass direct into various occupations after the intermediate stage. On turning to the methods of instruction, the Commission finds that the inadequacy of the system becomes still more patent. The classes are almost invariably far too large. The tradition of lecturing is deeply implanted. The methods suitable for university students are applied to those who have not yet undergone a satisfactory school course.

In dealing with the undergraduate work of the colleges, the Commissioners state that the outstanding fact indicated in the replies to their questionnaire is that "dissatisfaction with the existing system is all but universal, and is in most cases both deep and poignant." They consider that one of the primary causes of the inefficiency of the colleges is their isolation. They are 'pocket universities,' compelled to provide the whole of the education which their students require and generally too poor to supply the equipment necessary for university work. The privately-managed colleges maintain one teacher for about every 40 students, and the poverty of the pay given in these institutions is all the more striking by reason of the contrast with the better paid professors of Government colleges. Instruction

competent. While its control has been ineffective in the vitally important functions of securing efficient teaching, in other matters it is too rigid, its general influence over the work of the colleges is described as unhealthy and it has achieved a dead uniformity of curriculum unknown, the Commissioners believe, elsewhere in the world, certainly outside India.

13. The Commission devoted much attention to the relations of the University with Government. It considered that the continuance of the arrangement whereby the Government of India controls the University at a distance of 1,000 miles leads to inconveniences. But, while the control should be transferred to the Government of Bengal, the Government of India can continue to perform an invaluable function by defining the aims of educational policy, by giving advice and assistance to local Governments and to universities, by acting as an impartial arbiter in cases of dispute, by protecting disregarded interests, by supplying organised information regarding local developments, by obtaining the service of scholars from other countries, by co-ordinating the work of various universities, and by guarding against needless duplication. The provincial Department of Public Instruction which would in future deal with the University is hampered by a narrow definition of its functions and by the character of its relations with the Secretariat and with the University itself. It is necessary to co-ordinate the activities of that Department with other Departments which deal with special spheres of education, to appoint the Director a Secretary to Government; and to recognise that on the Department rests primarily the responsibility for a sound system of school training—a responsibility which, owing to insufficiency of funds and division of functions with the University, it has no power to fulfil. The University in its turn should be responsible for the character of the training given to its students and for the efficient and economical expenditure of its resources. At the same time, here also, Government cannot abdicate its responsibilities, as trustees for the highest interests of the nation; for ensuring that the highest training grounds of the nation, its universities, are adequately fulfilling their functions, and that the University is so organised as to be able to perform its proper functions; for regulating the conditions of admission to professions essential for the public welfare; and for providing that the youths of the country receive the kind of training needed to prepare them for the general needs of the country.

III.—Action proposed on the main recommendations of the Commission.

14. The brief summary of certain portions of the report which has been made above is not to be taken as fully representing the present condition of affairs in Bengal, still less in India as a whole. The extraction of passages or opinions from a report of this nature is apt to be slightly misleading. The Government of India desire it to be understood that, while they agree with the criticisms passed by the Commission, they are also fully in accord with that body in acknowledging the great services which the establishment of western education and the activities of the University of Calcutta have performed in the past. The affiliating and the examining university is now regarded by many high authorities as radically faulty. But it is difficult to see what other organisation could in the middle of the last century have been set up in Bengal or elsewhere in India for the expansion and co-ordination of higher learning. The legislation of 1904 recognised teaching as a proper function of the Indian universities. But it was difficult to devise a workable scheme for the performance of this function in face of the wide area affected, the competing claims of colleges and the necessity of safeguarding the interest of various institutions. The isolated and self-contained character of the colleges rendered impossible the exercise by the University of that control over teaching and the appointment of teachers which is requisite and forced the central body to use its influence through the promulgation of rigid rules and syllabuses which were calculated to stifle individual and original effort. These difficulties were enhanced as the number of colleges grew and in recent years have rapidly increased owing to the large number of students who have sought university instruction. Furthermore, the growing demand has called into existence a number of institutions markedly unequal in the matter of staffing, in the nature of

Reasons for the shortcomings discovered by the Commission

instruction afforded, in equipment and in the supervision which they can exercise over students. It is little wonder that an institution which for many years usefully served the requirements of higher education in Bengal has under the rapid changes of recent times found difficulty in coping adequately with functions which have become unwieldy and in fulfilling demands made upon it by a new and swiftly changing order of things.

15. Again the preceding section of this Resolution has dealt only with certain of the explorations made by the Commission, because a full comprehension of these points is necessary for the appreciation of the legislative changes which, in the opinion of the Commission, it is necessary to make in order that the University of Calcutta may more effectively fulfil its functions. The report ranges over many subjects regarding which nothing has here been said. The education of women and girls; the special educational needs of Musalmans, of Europeans and Anglo-Indians, and of the backward classes; the medium of instruction; Oriental studies; legal, medical, engineering and mining, agricultural and technological instruction; the training of teachers and other cognate matters are dealt with in the report. The object of the succeeding paragraph is to concentrate attention upon those particular points of criticism which have direct bearing upon the University of Calcutta and with which any legislation affecting that institution will have to deal.

16. The main lessons taught by this report, the lessons on which the Government of India consider that the earliest attention may usefully be concentrated, are the following:—

(i) High schools lack proper supervision, and, intent on preparing their pupils for the matriculation examination, fail to give that breadth of training which the developments of the country and new avenues of employment demand.

(ii) The matriculation examination in Bengal provides an insufficient test of fitness to pursue university courses and by its rigidity and narrow scope reacts unwholesomely upon the instruction and the activities of the schools.

(iii) The intermediate section of university education attempts to deal by university methods with large bodies of ill-prepared students and should be frankly recognised as a part of school education, relegated to separate institutions, apart from the university organisation, and placed under a body duly co-related with the Department of Public Instruction.

(iv) The system of affiliated colleges, though defective according to modern requirements and modern ideals, will long remain a necessary part of university organisation in Bengal. But its inconveniences may be mitigated by the establishment of a strong central teaching body, the incorporation (as occasion arises) of unitary universities, such as that proposed for Dacca, a modification of the administrative machinery which will admit of fuller representation of local interests, and supervision of different classes of institutions by several appropriately constituted authorities.

(v) The administrative arrangements of the University of Calcutta call for alteration, notably in the direction of creating an academic body, appointing a whole-time Vice-Chancellor and transferring the interests of the University to the care of the Government of Bengal.

These points represent but a small part of the result of the Commission's investigations. But they are the matters which the Government of India regard themselves, the local Government and the universities most urgently called upon to consider.

17. The Government of India therefore commend these matters to the consideration of local Governments and universities. They commend also the many suggestions which the Commission has made on the more strictly academic side of high school and university education. They leave it to the local Governments to take such action as they think fit regarding the most important recommendations of the Commission, namely, the separation of intermediate from collegiate education and the placing of it, together with secondary education, under some suitably constituted body on the lines of the Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education in the report—so constituted as to represent various interests and so related to the Departments of Public Instruction as to obviate any undue abrogation of the responsibility of Government for the adequacy of school training. They leave also to the consideration of local

Governments such administrative questions as the changes suggested in the general organisation of teaching and inspecting staffs, the future control of government schools and colleges, etc. But it is necessary that the Government of India take early action regarding those recommendations which directly affect the University of Calcutta, since that University forms the immediate subject of the Commission's investigations and (until the measure, which the Government of India now propose, passes into law) remains the special care of the Governor-General in Council and of the Governor-General as Chancellor. Here also the administrative matters, including the future organization of secondary and intermediate education in separation from the University, will appropriately be decided by the Government of Bengal. The concern of the Government of India is the passage of the legislative measures requisite for giving effect to the main recommendations of the Commission regarding the reconstitution of the University of Calcutta and the incorporation of the University of Dacca. The second of these proposals is intended to set up a new type of university in Bengal which may possibly be the precursor of other universities of a similar nature in that Presidency and elsewhere, and to relieve the University of Calcutta of some small portion of the heavy burden which it now sustains. The legislation to that end has already been introduced in the Imperial Legislative Council. As regards the University of Calcutta it is the intention of the Government of India to publish and place before the Imperial Legislative Council a measure based on the lines indicated in the remaining portion of this Resolution. The Government of India propose to publish the text of the Bill as soon as possible. But they have decided to precede it by the present Resolution in order that no time may be lost in acquainting the public with the main features of the measure contemplated. The proposals set forth in the following section, which will form the basis of the Bill, have been discussed with the Government of Bengal, who are in accord with the Government of India regarding the suitability of the action contemplated.

17.—*The Reconstitution of the University of Calcutta.*

18. The Commission first applied itself to the complex and difficult task of setting up a Teaching University in Calcutta, which should embrace those colleges of the city which are capable of providing true university instruction. Of the existing system of post-graduate instruction it remarked that it is unhealthy that any sharp line of division should be drawn between the higher and the lower teaching of a university and that it is equally disadvantageous that a system of more advanced instruction should be built up at the expense of undergraduate teaching, which is the foundation of nearly all advanced work. The problem would be almost insoluble were it not that, under the arrangement proposed for the intermediate classes, the number of students in Art colleges will be reduced to about 4,000 and is unlikely to expand within a reasonable period beyond 6,000, to whom must be added the 1,500 post-graduate students. Even so, the problem is difficult enough and is complicated by the fact that the idea of instruction in colleges largely independent of the central body is deeply rooted and cannot be disregarded.

19. The Commission considered and rejected various schemes which were placed before it with a view to the foundation of a teaching organization.

Incidentally (though this scheme had as its object the improvement of the conditions of student life almost more than that of teaching organization) it may be mentioned that the Commission devotes a chapter to the question whether it is desirable to remove the University and its colleges to some place outside Calcutta where more spacious accommodation and improvement of the physical, moral and intellectual conditions under which the students live are possible. It is obvious that many difficulties which the Commission has discovered would be solved by some such action. This proposal found many warm supporters among the correspondents and witnesses. On the other hand, there were witnesses who urged the undesirability of academic seclusion, the healthiness of Calcutta, the difficulty which would be experienced by the poorer students in a fully residential university, the value of home influences, etc. The Commission observes that the aggregation of university buildings and colleges round College

Square has already proceeded so far as to make that part of Calcutta a university quarter. The situation of this group is central and convenient for the city as a whole and though there are some important exceptions, few of the existing institutions are so far removed from this group as to make inter-collegiate relations impossible. The Government of India fully appreciate the advantages which would be derived from the location of the University in a more open site. But, apart from the considerations put forward by the Commission in favour of the retention of present arrangements, it is felt that the expense of such removal, which would be infinitely greater than the mere re-erection of buildings, and the delays and difficulties involved probably render any such scheme full of great difficulties.

20. It is admitted by the Commission in dealing with these various proposals that the unitary form a university is in the abstract the most advantageous form of uni-

(ii) The Synthesis.

versity organisation. But the conditions appeared to dictate a multi-collegiate system. The Commissioners therefore advocate a teaching university of a new type, not exactly corresponding to any now existing, to be achieved through what they term a synthesis of the University and its colleges. Under this scheme the University will be really responsible for the character of the teaching given in its name. The prestige and importance of the colleges will be increased and only those colleges will be permitted to participate which can show an efficiency equal to the fulfilment of the conditions to be laid down. Those colleges in Calcutta which cannot fulfil such conditions will be treated as temporarily affiliated, but will not participate in the privileges of the Teaching University.

21. The colleges which participate in this scheme would be the incorporated colleges maintained by the University itself and the constituent colleges, i.e., such of the colleges in Calcutta as are able to take a part in

(iv) Incorporated and constituent colleges.

university teaching. These institutions would have to fulfil certain conditions. They must free themselves from the incubus of intermediate classes at the earliest possible moment. Admissions must not be made beyond a maximum of 1,000 students. The proportion of college teachers to students should be one to twenty-five though it is admitted that a proportion of one to fifteen or twenty would be more reasonable. No whole-time teachers should be paid less than Rs. 125 a month, nor any head of a department of teaching less than Rs. 300. Suitable buildings for teaching and residential accommodation for students must be provided. Each college should be under a properly constituted governing body and should have a teachers' council.

22. The University itself would not compete with its colleges but would supplement their resources, providing instruction in those subjects where the colleges cannot supply it and teachers of high distinction in the more ordinary subjects of undergraduate work, maintaining a central library, etc. It would appoint its own teachers and recognise college teachers for the imparting of instruction in its name. It would organise instruction so as to prevent overlapping. It would continue to exercise its present functions, but materially modified. For the definition of curricula would be mainly in the hands of teachers of the University and its colleges and the examination system would be less rigid and would follow rather than dictate the teaching. "In short", say the Commissioners, "under a new and happier system, the University ought not to stand merely in the relation of a task-master to its constituent colleges. It ought to assist and strengthen them. It can do this in part by giving guidance and advice, and by encouraging its best men to take a deeper interest in college work; in part by providing instruction, such as the colleges could not themselves provide, which can be used by their students in part by giving recognition and emoluments to the best college teachers and so helping the colleges to retain good men on their staffs".

(v) The functions of the University.

(vi) Conditions of teaching.

23. Under these new arrangements, it is desirable that a student spend three years at colleges reading for the B. A. or B. Sc.—though it may be impossible to enforce this at once in the case of pass students; and graduates should proceed to the Master's degree after another one or two years, according as they have taken an honours or a pass school. A radical departure is required from the system of instruction now in vogue. The excessive emphasis now laid upon attendance at lectures must cease, and the importance

(b) The Executive Council would be a small body, entrusted with financial and administrative duties and with considerable legislative powers, but not concerned with the details of purely academic business.

(c) The Academic Council would be the supreme body in academic matters and the final authority for most of the ordinary academic business, and would consist mainly of university and college teachers.

There would be other bodies, such as the *Mufassal* Board, the Board of Women's Education, the Muslim Advisory Committee and certain standing committees.

With a view to the initiation of the new order of things, a small Executive Commission, appointed by the Governor-General in Council, should be appointed immediately after the passing of the Act. It would make arrangements with colleges, draft the Statutes, classifying the constituent and university colleges, appoint a provisional committee to deal with secondary and intermediate education, constitute a provisional Academic Council, consider financial arrangements and perform other important duties.

33. The Commission found that the existing legislation which governs

(iv) University legislation

the activities of the universities is unduly rigid.

It accordingly proposed that, while an Act should be passed in the Imperial Legislative Council repealing the Act of 1857 and, so far as it concerns this University, the Act of 1904, and defining in very general terms the powers and the constitution of the University, the terms of this Act should be elaborated in a number of Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations. The first Statutes would be scheduled to the Act, but would be capable of amendment by the Court, subject to approval by the Governor of Bengal in Council. Among other things, the first conferment of any university privileges on any institution in Bengal should be through Statute. The Ordinances would govern the daily work of the University, would be made by the Executive Council, though initiated as regards purely academic matters by the Academic Council, and would be subject to the veto of the Chancellor. The Regulations would deal with minor matters and their framing would be entrusted to the various bodies of the University concerned with the matters with which they deal.

34. Such, generally expressed and exclusive of many matters which,

Criticisms on the Report.

though less essential for the carrying out of the scheme, are nevertheless of considerable importance, are the proposals of the Commission regarding the University of Calcutta. The Government of India accept them as probably embodying the most feasible scheme which is compatible with existing conditions and which at the same time gives promise of healthy development in the future. The legislative measure embodying the Commission's proposals, which it is intended to place before the Imperial Legislative Council, will, it is hoped, not depart in essential respects from the provisions set forth in the report and only summarised in the broadest lines in this Resolution. The Government of India, however, observe that two members of the Commission were not in entire agreement regarding certain aspects of the proposals and that criticisms have been put forward in other quarters—some to the effect that the changes suggested are too radical, others to the effect that still more drastic alterations are required. It is, therefore, to be understood that, while the forthcoming legislation will embody the essential outlines of the Commission's scheme, there may be room for differences in detail, dictated by administrative considerations or by public criticism.

35. In particular, the Government of India consider that the treatment

Views of the Government of India on the classification of colleges

proposed for temporarily affiliated colleges may, in practice, lead to difficulty. If the new organization in Calcutta is really to assume the

functions of an efficient teaching organization, it will be hazardous to permit the continued existence in Calcutta of a class of institutions insufficiently equipped for participation in the Teaching University and calculated by their proximity to depress the standards which such a University should maintain. If on full consideration these apprehensions are found to be well based, it will be necessary to devise means for dealing with such colleges in a more expeditious manner than that contemplated by the Commission.

and it will probably prove most satisfactory if the Executive Commission is instructed at an early date to class those colleges which hold out no prospect of fulfilling the conditions of constituent colleges as intermediate institutions which would be definitely separated from the University and placed under the Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education.

The case is different with the *mufassal* colleges, which serve a useful purpose by providing higher education near to the homes of many students and by preventing those students from further augmenting the already overcrowded state of Calcutta colleges. It is, therefore, suggested that provision should be made for renewing the affiliation on present lines of those *mufassal* colleges which cannot immediately be classed either as University or as intermediate colleges.

The Commission apparently contemplated that the separation of intermediate from college classes, which forms the main pivot of their proposals, should not take immediate effect in temporarily affiliated and *mufassal* colleges. The case of the former kind of college has already been treated. But as regards *mufassal* colleges, while the degree courses continue to be allowed for some time even in those institutions which cannot definitely be classed as University colleges, it appears to the Government of India to be important that they should rid themselves from the commencement of the presence of intermediate students—a condition which should apply to all institutions connected with the University, save women's colleges.

36. The following points indicate the manner in which the questions mentioned in the preceding paragraph may, in the opinion of the Government of India, suitably be treated. They also indicate certain other deviations from the detailed proposals of the Commission which it may be found desirable to include in the Bill.

Suggested deviations from the Commission's recommendations.

(i) *Powers of the Chancellor*.—The Chancellor may in some cases be substituted for the Government of Bengal as a sanctioning authority, *e.g.*, as the sanctioning authority as regards Statutes. This change, as in the Dacca Bill, would be made in order to emphasise the personal relation of the Chancellor with the University.

The Chancellor may also be given, as in the Dacca Bill, the power of suspension of operation of an Ordinance which he deems likely to be cancelled by the Court or disallowed by himself.

(ii) *The Court*.—The number of members of the Court may be slightly changed by specifying the number of members to be nominated by the Chancellor, by allowing the Chief Commissioner of Assam to appoint members to represent Assam, by including the Chairmen of the Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education and the Muslim Advisory Committee, by reducing the number of Vice-Chancellors of other Universities and the number of representatives assigned to associations contributing not less than Rs. 5,000, by omitting the representatives of faculties, of governing bodies of colleges and temporarily (until those institutions take fuller shape) of intermediate colleges and secondary schools, and by confining the membership of donors of Rs. 10,000 to five years. These changes would slightly reduce the size of the Court, prevent overlapping in its membership and add a few desirable elements.

(iii) *The Executive Council*.—The constitution of the Executive Council may be slightly modified, mainly by the substitution of two Deans of Faculties elected by the Academic Council and two appointed teachers elected by the same body for the three university teachers who, the Commission proposed, should be elected by the Academic Council.

Power may be given to the Executive Council in all financial matters within the limits of the budget, also supervisory control subject to certain safeguards over the framing, etc., of new Regulations.

(iv) *The Academic Council*.—The constitution of the Academic Council may be slightly modified, mainly by some reduction in the representation of recognised teachers and the Board of Secondary and Intermediate Education and by leaving indefinite the number of representatives of vocational faculties.

It is suggested that it may be empowered to constitute sub-committees or, if it thinks fit, an Executive Committee, and to appoint external, as well as internal, examiners, subject perhaps to the retention by the Executive Council of the duty of appointing committees in consultation with the

Academic Council, to moderate examination questions and to report results to the Executive Council.

(v) *Faculties*.—It is suggested that the membership of these bodies be limited. The Deans should probably be the Chairmen.

(vi) *Temporarily affiliated colleges*.—These should be mentioned only in the transitory provisions and it should be the duty of the Executive Commission, before its dissolution, to class them either as incorporated or constituent colleges, or as intermediate colleges.

(vii) *Conditions of recognition for temporarily affiliated and mufassal colleges*.—The prescription of conditions may be left to the Executive Commission. But, save in the case of women's colleges, the continuance of intermediate and of degree classes in one and the same institution should not be permitted after the date on which the Act comes into force.

(viii) *Appointments*.—The appointment of the teaching staff will be the work partly of selection committees of the University sitting in India and partly that of some organisation which will be able to arrange for recruiting in the United Kingdom. Two departures from the Commission's report are proposed :—

(a) The nominations of the selection committee may be sent direct to the Executive Council and not confidentially through the Academic Council, since to do so would be to court undesirable discussion and possibly personal intrigue.

(b) Cases may arise where a selection committee in England will not prove either the best or a necessary instrument for nomination, and where the Secretary of State could select without the aid of a committee. But this course should not be adopted unless the Chancellor reports to the Secretary of State that exceptional circumstances exists justifying it.

(ix) *Admission*.—Provision should be made as in the Dacca Bill requiring the approval of the Government of India to the acceptance of other examinations as equivalent to the intermediate and degree examinations or to any other tests which are to be recognised as the minimum qualification admitting to the courses of the University. This seems to be desirable because such examinations will not be confined to Bengal and because the whole question of admission to universities must be dealt with by some central authority if confusion and undue competition are to be avoided. Moreover, lack of uniformity in these matters is liable to prove embarrassing to Indian students proceeding to England.

(x) *Territorial jurisdiction*.—It is desirable that the Bill should contain a clause generally similar to section 27 of the Indian Universities Act, VIII 1904. The limits of the teaching organisation should also be laid down ; and it is proposed to express them as co-terminous with municipal Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Municipal Act, III of 1899.

(xi) *Extinction of privileges*.—It seems necessary to provide for the extinction of all privileges conferred under the existing Act with a view to their re-conferment at the discretion of the Executive Commission.

(xii) *The Executive Commission*.—The Executive Commission will be limited to seven members so as to become a more workable body ; and the representation of the Government of Bengal will be fixed at two members.

Certain other deviations are suggested. These are generally of minor importance. They refer mainly to the procedure following an enquiry by the Visitor or appeals from aggrieved communities, the position of the Treasurer, the provision for certain teachers to appear as private candidates, the inclusion of a new body called the Board of Co-ordination to make the most effective use of the teaching facilities and accommodation, provision for permitting a women's college to attain the rank of a constituent college. Some other unimportant changes will probably figure in the Bill ; and it may be found desirable to express in the Bill itself the proportion and method of Muhammadan representation in the larger bodies, viz., the Court, the Executive Council and the Academic Council.

37. The Government of India propose to place before the Imperial

Action contemplated.

Legislative Council a Bill embodying the main proposals of the Commission with the deviations indicated above. They do not at the present stage commit themselves as regards these deviations or the detailed provisions of the measure. They trust that the Senate of the University of Calcutta and such other bodies as are closely concerned with the questions at issue will forward their opinions

at a very early stage through His Excellency the Rector or the Government of Bengal, as the case may be, in such time as to permit of the publication of the Bill by the end of April 1920.

V.—Conclusion.

38. The Government of India are well aware that the proposals of the Commission may excite apprehensions in the minds of some. Vested interests may suspect that they are threatened, the sentiments which have grown round the University as it exists may feel themselves touched. But the scheme which the Commission has framed shows due consideration in all these matters. It is necessary to recognise the task of public instruction in all its branches as an important trust laid upon Government and upon the nation in which, while violence to personal interest should where possible be avoided, the greatest good of the majority must prevail. The traditions and the affections which cling round a time-honoured institution will only be strengthened by its development; for progress with the times must now, more than ever, be the watchword in education and the Commission has amply shown that the system in Bengal calls for re-adjustment to suit changing circumstances. It is not pretended that the realisation of the Commission's proposals will be an easy matter. Funds will be required, high administrative ability will have to be called into play, apprehensions will have to be allayed and the claims of conflicting interests adjudicated. The Government of India are assured that there is at the present moment in Bengal a strong and genuine aspiration for improved methods in the higher branches of instruction. They feel therefore that they can confidently look for the assistance and co-operation of the educated classes in carrying out the high and difficult enterprise on which the Commission has invited them to embark. They believe that these changes, if successfully achieved, will lead to a better order of things, remove any taint of inefficiency and furnish Bengal with a body of educated youth competent to further her interests in intellectual, administrative and industrial activities.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of the above Resolution be forwarded for information to

The Government of India,
Ditto Bombay.
Ditto Bengal.
Ditto the United Provinces
Ditto the Punjab.
Ditto Burma.
Ditto Bihar and Orissa
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner,
Central Provinces.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner,
Assam.
The Chief Commissioner of Coorg.

The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and
Agent to the Governor-General, North-
west Frontier Province.
The Chief Commissioner of Delhi.
The Home Department.
The Foreign and Political Department.
The Finance Department
The Department of Revenue and Agri-
culture.
The Department of Commerce and
Industry.
The Public Works Department.
The Indian Munitions Board.

information to
the local Govern-
ments and Ad-
ministrations and
the Departments
of the Govern-
ment of India
noted on the
margin and to the
Registrar, Cal-
cutta University (through His Excellency the Rector).

Ordered, also, that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

H. SHARP,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 14th February 1920, is republished for general information.

G. N. ROY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL. —

Delhi, the 12th February 1920.

No. 314.—The following revised rules approved by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the 2nd December 1919, consolidating and amending the rules fixing the salaries, allowances, furloughs, retiring pensions and (where necessary) expenses for equipment and voyage of the Chief Justices

and other Judges of the several Indian High Courts are published for general information :—

INDIAN HIGH COURTS.

Rules fixing the Salaries, Allowances, Furloughs, Retiring Pensions, and (where necessary) Expenses for equipment and Voyage of the Chief Justices and other Judges.

1. In these rules, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context—

“Acting Chief Justice” means a Judge appointed under section 105 of Statute 5 & 6 Geo. V, cap. 61, to perform the duties of Chief Justice of a High Court.

“Acting Judge” means a person appointed under the said section 105 to act as a Judge of a High Court.

“Additional Judge” means a person appointed by the Governor-General of India in Council under section 101, sub-section 2 (1) of Statute 5 & 6 Geo. V, cap. 61, to act as additional Judge of a High Court.

“Judge” includes a Chief Justice and Acting Chief Justice, and an Acting Judge and an Additional Judge, except where the contrary is expressed.

“Actual Service” includes :—

- (a) Time spent by a Judge on duty as Judge or in the performance of such other functions as he may be directed to discharge by the Governor-General of India in Council;
- (b) Time spent by a Judge on privilege or subsidiary leave;
- (c) Duty authorised vacations (provided that the Judge is not absent on furlough or on extraordinary leave under Rule 26).

Section I.—Salaries.

2. The Chief Justice, or Acting Chief Justice of the High Court at Calcutta shall be paid a salary at the rate of Rs. 72,000 per annum.

3. The Chief Justice, or Acting Chief Justice, of the High Courts at Madras, Bombay, Allahabad, Patna and Lahore, respectively, shall be paid a salary at the rate of Rs. 60,000 per annum.

4. A Judge or Acting Judge, of the High Courts at Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Allahabad, Patna and Lahore, respectively, shall be paid a salary at the rate of Rs. 48,000 per annum.

5. Every Judge shall be allowed to draw, in addition to his salary, any exchange compensation allowance which may be sanctioned for public servants generally, subject always to the conditions and limitations prescribed in the rules relating to such allowance.

Section II.—Leave.

6. One year's furlough shall be placed to the credit of each Judge after the completion of the fourth, eighth and twelfth years of actual service: provided that the aggregate amount of all furlough which can, during the whole period of his service, be granted to a Judge shall not exceed three years: provided further that the maximum amount of furlough which may be taken at any one time is 15 months.

7. Except under Rules 9 and 11, no furlough shall be granted until at credit under Rule 6. But any Judge already in the service of the Government at the time of being appointed to the High Court, who, when so appointed, had at his credit, under the rules applicable to the branch of the service to which he belonged, furlough without medical certificate may be granted furlough for a term not exceeding the amount so at his credit: provided that such furlough shall not be taken until the completion of two years' actual service in the High Court, and shall not exceed one year.

8. Except under Rules 9 and 11 furlough shall not be granted until after the completion of three years' actual service from the date of the last return from furlough or from extraordinary leave.

9. Under medical certificate, furlough may be granted before it is at credit under rule 6, and although three years' actual service may not have been completed since the last return from furlough or from extraordinary leave.

10. A Judge on long leave in Europe must, if the leave was granted or has been extended on account of ill-health, whether it be technically leave on medical certificate or not, satisfy the Medical Board at the India Office as to his fitness to return to duty. Ordinarily, he must attend at the India Office for examination by the Board, but, in special cases, particularly if he be residing at a distance of more than 60 miles from London, a certificate, in a form to be obtained from the India Office, from two medical practitioners, may be accepted. On the required evidence of fitness being furnished, the Judge will receive from the India Office permission to return to India.

11. On urgent private affairs, furlough may be granted to a Judge before it is at credit under rule 6, and although three years of actual service have not been completed since the last return from furlough or extraordinary leave: provided that furlough under this rule shall not exceed six months, and shall be granted only once during the whole period of a Judge's service.

12. Furlough taken in India shall be reckoned from the date on which the Judge quits his office to the date of his resuming duty. Furlough taken out of India shall be reckoned from the date of embarkation at the port of departure from India to the date of debarkation on return to India, except in a case falling under rule 21.

13. If furlough be taken partly in India and partly out of India, the commencement and termination of the furlough shall be respectively determined under the provisions of rule 12, according as the furlough begins or ends in or out of India.

14. For the interval between the date of quitting his office and the commencement of furlough out of India and between the termination of furlough out of India and resuming his office, a Judge may be allowed a subsidiary leave not ordinarily exceeding 30 days, which in special cases may be extended.

15. A Judge, when on furlough, shall receive allowances, payable monthly at the rate of Rs. 1,111 $\frac{1}{2}$ a month, if the furlough be taken in India, and at the rate of 1,000 $\frac{1}{2}$ a year, if the furlough be taken out of India, and payment be made in England. A Judge, when on subsidiary leave, shall receive allowances at the rate of Rs. 1,111 $\frac{1}{2}$ a month.

16. Except under medical certificate, the number of furloughs to be granted at any one time and the grant of furlough to individual Judges, shall be subject to and limited by the exigencies of the service, which exigencies shall be determined exclusively by the authority with whom rests the question of granting the furlough.

17. Applications for furlough not supported by medical certificate shall be granted usually in the following order:—

The Judge who has the greatest amount of furlough to his credit under rule 6 shall have the preference. If two or more applicants are on an equality in this respect, preference shall be given to the applicant whose actual service in a High Court is longest, reckoning in the case of a Judge who has not taken furlough or extraordinary leave, from the date of the commencement of his service in the High Court, and in the case of a Judge who has taken furlough or subsidiary, or extraordinary leave from the date of his last return from such furlough or extraordinary leave. If two or more applicants are equal in both the above-mentioned respects, the preference shall be given to the senior in the Court.

18. Subject to the exigencies of the public service, a Judge who has completed 11 months' continuous duty, including the vacation, may take privilege leave for one month in each year, but except as provided in clause (a), his salary will cease during such leave. A Judge may not take privilege leave in instalments or more than a month at a time; and, except as provided in clause (b), privilege leave may not be combined with vacation.

(a) A Judge who has been detained on duty as Vacation Judge may provided that he has not in the meantime had any furlough or leave of any kind, during his next subsequent privilege leave, draw his salary for any period not exceeding one month in the whole, by which his vacation may by reason of his being on duty have fallen short of one month.

(b) Once in three years, and not oftner, privilege leave may be prefixed or affixed to the vacation.

19. Every Judge applying for privilege leave must sign a declaration that he intends to return to duty on the expiration of the leave applied for, and that he has no intention of resigning his office or retiring from the service or taking leave of any kind within three months after his return to duty. Such declaration shall not be held absolutely to debar the person making it from applying for permission to resign his office or to retire from the service, or to take leave within three months after his return to duty; but every such application must be accompanied by an explanation of the special circumstances under which it is made, and it shall be in the absolute discretion of the Government to grant or withhold the permission sought.

20. Privilege leave may be prefixed but not affixed to furlough.

21. Applications for leave shall in all cases be submitted in such manner as the Government shall from time to time prescribe.

22. No substantive appointment shall be vacated merely by reason of leave being granted under the rules.

23. If a Judge overstays any leave, he shall forfeit all salary during the time of his remaining so absent; and if he overstays his leave for more than one week, his office shall be liable to be declared vacant. But a Judge on leave (other than leave under rule 18) is not obliged to return to duty on an authorised holiday, unless another officer is officiating as Judge in consequence of his absence.

24. A Judge may be allowed to combine vacation on full pay with leave as shown in (a) and (b) below, provided that no acting allowance is sanctioned or additional expense is incurred by the State in consequence of his absence during the vacation:—

(A) Where the vacation of the High Court consists of one period, a Judge may be allowed to combine vacation on full pay with leave, either at the beginning or end thereof but not both.

(B) Where the annual long vacation is not continuous, but is divided into two separate portions, a Judge may be allowed either:—

(a) To combine one part of a vacation on full pay with leave, either at the beginning or end thereof, but not both; or

(b) To combine both parts of one annual vacation on full pay with leave for the intervening period.

25. No leave except privilege leave and leave subsidiary to furlough shall count as service for pension.

26. If the Government in its discretion deems it necessary, in any special instance, to grant to any Judge leave of absence which is not expressly provided for in the foregoing rules, such leave shall be without pay; provided always that in no case shall such leave exceed six months, or be granted more than once in the whole course of the Judge's service.

Section III.—Pension.

27. Subject to the proviso hereinafter set out, a Judge of a High Court shall receive, according to the length of his actual service, a pension corresponding to the rates specified in the table that follows:—

Length of actual Service	If service includes service as Chief Justice					Judge who is not a member of the Indian Civil Service.	Judge who is a member of the Indian Civil Service.
	Not less than 2½ years		Not less than 2½ years but less than 2½ years				
	As Chief Justice Calcutta High Court.	As Chief Justice in any other High Court.	As Chief Justice Calcutta High Court (when previous service has been as Chief Justice in other High Courts).	As Chief Justice, Calcutta High Court (when previous service has been as Puisne Judge).	As Chief Justice in any other High Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
(a) 2½ years but less than 5½ years	900	750	800	700	450	600	100
(b) 5½ years but less than 10 years	1,075	900	950	850	550	700	150
(c) 10 years but less than 15 years	1,450	1,300	1,350	1,150	1,050	850	150
(d) 15 years and over	1,800	1,600	1,650	1,400	1,300	1,100	200

Provided that no Judge shall receive such pension who has not attained the age of 60 years, unless he either retires on medical certificate or has had an actual service of at least 11½ years.

28. Except in the case of a member of the Indian Civil Service, a Judge receiving a pension under the preceding rules will not be entitled to any other pension or retiring allowance.

29. When a Judge, who at the time of his appointment to a High Court was a member of one of the Government Services in India, is permitted to retire without a pension under the preceding rules, he shall receive such a pension as he might receive under the rules applicable to the branch of the service to which he belonged when so appointed, reckoning the period of his service as a Judge of a High Court towards service for that pension.

30. If a Judge who, at the time of his appointment to a High Court was a member of one of the Government Services in India, is permitted to retire after six years and nine months of actual service as Judge, he shall have the option of taking his pension or retiring allowance either under these rules or under the rules applicable to the branch of the service to which he belonged when appointed.

31. The words "a member of one of the Government Services in India" in rules 29 and 30 include an acting member, and for the purpose of these rules acting service in the appointment held at the time of appointment as a Judge of the High Court shall be regarded as substantive.

32. In the event of the appointment to be a Judge of a High Court of a retired Judge who is in receipt of a pension under the preceding rules, the Secretary of State in Council shall decide in each case whether his salary shall be reduced by the amount of such pension, or by any part of such amount.

33. No Judge, selected from the Indian Civil Service, shall receive any pension under these rules unless he shall have fully complied with all the rules and regulations in force for the time being as to payments to be made by him as a member of the Indian Civil Service on account of the provision for his own pension or retiring allowance, and for pensions to his wife and children.

34. If a Judge is transferred from one High Court to another, the period he has served in each Court shall count towards his qualification for pension.

35. A Judge appointed under Statute 5 and 6 Geo. V, Chapter 61, section 105, to perform the duties of Chief Justice is not a Chief Justice within the meaning of these rules as to pension; provided that, if such Judge be afterwards appointed to be a Chief Justice, the period during which he performed the duties of Chief Justice as aforesaid shall count as service for pension according to the table in rule 27; provided also that the period during which a Judge performs (under Statute 5 and 6 Geo. V, Chapter 61, section 105) the duties of Chief Justice of the High Court at Calcutta shall not count towards pension at a rate exceeding 1,500/ a year, unless such Judge is subsequently appointed to the office of Chief Justice of the said High Court at Calcutta.

36. The above rules shall apply to every Judge now holding office, as well as to those who may be hereafter appointed.

Section IV.—Expenses for Equipment and Voyage.

37. For the purpose of defraying the expenses of equipment and voyage from Europe on first appointment, there shall be allowed—

To a Chief Justice or Judge of any High Court, 300*l*.

But no such allowance shall be made to any person who, being in India, is appointed to the office of Chief Justice or Judge, or who, having been in India, is in Europe at the time of his appointment with the intention of returning to India.

H. D. CRAIK,

Offg. Addl. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 14th February 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CIVIL AVIATION.

Delhi, the 14th February 1920.

No. 117-C.A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Aircraft Act, 1911 (XVII of 1911), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Commerce and Industry Department No. 69-C.A., dated the 31st January 1920, the Governor General is pleased to prohibit the navigation of all aircraft over the areas specified in the Schedule hereto annexed.

SCHEDULE.

PROHIBITED AREAS.

Places.

- (1) All territory lying trans-Indus except—
 - (a) *Peshawar district*.—An area bounded on the east by the river Indus (right bank) from its junction with the river Kabul (but excluding Attock and the Attock railway bridge) to its point of exit from the hills; on the south by a line running parallel to the North-Western Railway to Badliher; on the west by a line running through Oharsadda to Dargai; and on the north by a line following the Machai Canal to the Indus. The Indus (right bank) to be crossed at any point between its exit from the hills and a point five miles above Attock railway bridge.
 - (b) *Deraijat*.—The country within a ten-mile radius of Dera Ismail Khan; the Indus to be crossed within that radius.
 - (c) *Baluchistan*.—A "corridor" 20 miles wide from Sukkur (exclusive) to Quetta following the general line of the North-Western Railway. The Indus (right bank) to be crossed between its junction with the Sind Wah and a point five miles above Sukkur railway bridge.
 - (d) *Sind*.—The triangular area enclosed between the Karachi-Kotri Railway and the River Indus (right bank) below Kotri; the Indus to be crossed anywhere southward of a point five miles below Kotri railway bridge.
 - (e) *Mekran*.—A corridor 20 miles wide along the Mekran Coast.
- (2) All territory lying within 3 miles of the Arsenal at Quetta.
- (3) All territory lying within 5 miles of the lighthouse at Manora (near Karachi).
- (4) All territory lying within 3 miles of the Arsenals at :—
 - (i) Rawalpiudi.
 - (ii) Ferozepore.
- (5) All territory lying within 1 mile of Viceregal Lodge, Delhi.
- (6) All territory lying within 3 miles of—
 - (i) The Arsenal at Kirkee;
 - (ii) The south point of Colaba promontory (Bombay).
- (7) The Kidderpore docks (Calcutta).
- (8) The site of the New King George's docks (Calcutta).
- (9) The jetties (Calcutta).
- (10) The River Hooghly between the Botanical Gardens and Howrah Bridge (Calcutta).
- (11) The petroleum depôt at Budge Budge.
- (12) The powder magazine at Moyapore.

(13) All territory lying within 3 miles of Fort Chingri Khal (near Diamond Harbour, Calcutta).

(14) All territory lying within 7 miles of the Syriam Pagoda, Rangoon.

(15) The oil refineries at Syriam on the Pegu River (Burma).

(16) The oil refineries at Seikkyi on the Rangoon River (Burma).

(17) The oil refineries at Thilawa on the Rangoon River (Burma).

(18) The Singu and Yenangyaung oilfields in the Magwe district bounded on the west by the Irrawaddy River and on the east by an imaginary line 3 miles to the east and parallel to a line drawn from Singu to Sadaing, both being on the Irrawaddy River (Burma).

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

The 14th February 1920.

No. 1167-D.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 7 (I) of the Cotton Duties Act, 1896 (II of 1896), and in supersession of the notification in this department No. 1632-D., dated the 22nd February 1919, the Governor General in Council is pleased to fix, for the descriptions of cotton goods hereunder specified, tariff values as follows, with effect from the 1st March 1920:—

Grey goods, plain or bordered

	Tariff value per lb.		
	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Chadars and bedsheets, plain, or having only borders not over $\frac{1}{4}$ "	1	10	0
2. Dangari and Khadi cloth	1	7	0
3. Dhuties, cholas, dupattas, lungis, and gumchas plain, or having only borders not over $\frac{1}{4}$ "	1	12	6
4. Dhuties, cholas, dupattas, lungis and gumchas having only borders over $\frac{1}{4}$ " but not over $\frac{1}{2}$ "	2	0	0
5. Dhuties, cholas, dupattas, lungis, and gumchas having only borders over $\frac{1}{2}$ " but not over 2"	2	2	6
6. Domestics, T cloths, shirtings, longcloth, sheetings, having borders not over $\frac{1}{4}$ "	1	12	0
7. Drills and jeans, plain	1	9	6
8. Fents	1	4	0
9. Patals and saris with headings over 4" wide and only coloured borders not over $\frac{1}{4}$ "	2	2	6
10. Printers, sadlapat and bhagavad	1	9	0
11. Shirtings, twilled, unbleached	1	12	0
12. Tent, sail, commissariat and double threaded cloth (dosuti)	1	7	0
13. Zanzibar cloth	1	12	0

Provided that for calendered grey goods 3 pices shall be added to the above values.

Figured or coloured goods.

	Tariff value per lb.		
	Rs.	A.	P.
14. Bedcovers, twilled sheets, quilts, and table cloths with borders not over $\frac{1}{4}$ "	1	15	0
15. Bedcovers, quilts, table-cloths, twilled or plain weave sheets, and chadars, coloured warp or weft	2	0	0
16. Bedcovers, quilts, table-cloths, twilled or plain weave sheets, and chadars, coloured warp and weft	2	1	6
17. Bed ticking, plain or drilled	1	13	0
18. Check gumchas and check cholas	2	0	0*
19. Cholis and saris (coloured)	2	4	0
20. Cotton tweed, commonly called hunting cloth, plain or striped, including leheria, Thana susi, Thana drill, Thana twill, and Thana check	1	13	0

				Tariff value per lb.		
				Rs.	A.	P.
21.	Drills, striped	...	...	1	11	6
22.	" checked	...	...	1	12	6
23.	" dyed	...	...	1	13	6
24.	English patterned checks, trouserings and coatings	...	...	2	2	3
25.	Fancy dobby pattern checks, coloured warp and weft	...	...	2	4	0
26.	Fents	...	...	1	6	0
27.	Flannel pattern susi and dobby susi, grey weft	...	...	1	14	0
28.	Flannel pattern susi and dobby susi, coloured weft	...	...	1	15	0
29.	Lungis, coloured	...	...	2	0	0
30.	Lungis, grey with coloured stripes and borders	...	...	1	13	0
31.	Napkins, grey	...	...	1	14	0
32.	" bleached	...	...	2	2	0
33.	Shirtings twilled, bleached	...	...	2	0	0
34.	Susi, check, English, grey ground	...	...	2	4	0
35.	" checks, ordinary, grey ground	...	...	2	0	0
36.	" " " coloured warp or weft	...	...	2	2	0
37.	" checksheets, ordinary grey ground	...	...	2	0	0
38.	" ordinary, coloured stripes, grey ground	...	...	1	12	0
39.	" " " weft	...	...	1	14	0
40.	Tent cloth, blue and red	...	...	1	14	0
41.	" " khaki	...	...	1	14	0
42.	Towels, Turkish grey	...	...	2	0	0
43.	" " bleached	...	...	2	4	0
44.	" honeycomb and other sorts, grey	...	...	1	13	0
45.	" " bleached	...	...	2	1	0
46.	Zephyr cloth	...	...	1	14	0
47.	" striped and checked	...	...	2	0	0

Provided that any goods specified in the foregoing lists shall, when woven with borders of silk, be assessed to duty *ad valorem*.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

**The 14th February 1920.*

No. 1109-D.—The following extract from the "Board of Trade Journal," dated the 8th January 1920, is published for general information:—

GOVERNMENT NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

EXPORT SECTION.

Alteration to Export Prohibitions.

The Board of Trade (Licensing Section) announce that the present heading "Coal Tar, all products obtainable from and derivatives thereof, etc.," on List "A," has been deleted, and the following substituted:—

- (a) Coal tar, all products obtainable therefrom and derivatives thereof, whether actually so obtained or derived from other sources (including all mixtures and preparations containing such products and derivatives), suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes or explosives.

EMIGRATION.

The 14th February 1920.

No. 1222-D.—In pursuance of section 116-A, sub-section (4) of the Assam Labour and Emigration Act, 1901, as amended by the Assam Labour and Emigration (Amendment) Act, 1915, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to approve, with effect from the 2nd January 1920, of the election of Mr. A. J. G. Cresswell to be a member of the Assam Labour Board as a representative of the Surma Valley Branch of the Indian Tea Association, *vice* Mr. J. Henderson, resigned,

A. H. LAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 14th February 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Delhi, the 13th February 1920.

No. 278.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

<i>Captains to be Majors.</i>			
•	•	•	•
•	James Alfred Shorten, M.B.	•	} Dated 1st February 1920.
•	Reginald Broughton Lloyd, M.B.	•	
•	•	•	

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

3rd Calcutta Light Horse.

No. 298.—Second Lieutenant W. R. Cornik is permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to resign his commission. Dated 12th June 1919.

44th Calcutta Scottish.

No. 299.—The undermentioned gentlemen are permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to resign their commissions:—

Captain Sir F. Carter. Dated 28th October 1919.
Major J. S. McDonald. Dated 22nd November 1919.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 14th February 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

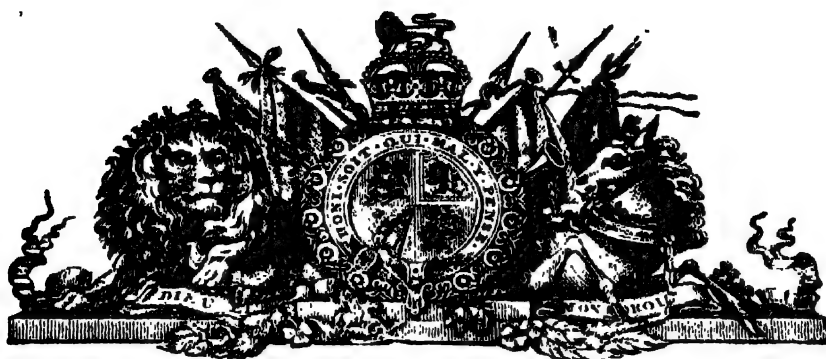
MEDICAL.

Delhi, the 10th February 1920.

No. 125.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. H. Leicester, M.D., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., is appointed permanently as Professor of Midwifery, Medical College, and Obstetric Physician and Surgeon of the Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, with effect from the afternoon of the 5th September 1919.

The Home Department notification No. 469, dated the 19th September 1919, is hereby cancelled

H. D. CRAIK,
Offg. Addl. Secretary to the Govt. of India.



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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1920.

PART IB.

Orders by the Governor of Bengal in Council.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 372M.—*The 16th February 1920.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 9-A of the Bengal Municipal **Mymensingh.** Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to exclude from the Netrokona Municipality, in the district of Mymensingh, a local area named as village Saljan, the boundaries of which are as follows :—

North—Mauzas Dighjan and Purba Uluati,

East—Mauza Medhi.

South—Part of a *halat* (plot 297), land of Bochan Sheik (plot 305), a *halat* (plot 310), land of Sadir Mamud and others (plot 306), part of the Durgapur Local Board road (plot 304), and the jote land of Mohesh Chandra Chaudhuri (plots Nos. 284 and 1025) of mauza Pukhira.

West—Mauza Purba Uluati.

2. The boundaries of the Netrokona Municipality, after the exclusion of the said area, will be as follows :—

North—The lands of Sadir Mamud and others, plots Nos. 298, 299, 307, 285, and parts of plots Nos. 297 and 304 of Saljan, a *para* or hamlet of village Pukhira, revenue survey No. 1217.

East—Mauzas Medhi (revenue survey No. 1218), Rampur (revenue survey No. 1808), Baluakhali (revenue survey No. 1219), Gobindapur (revenue survey No. 1781), Faridpur (revenue survey No. 1787), and Panchampur (revenue survey No. 1786).

South—Mauzas Dharia (revenue survey No. 1780), Khatib Nogua (revenue survey No. 1222), Balai Nogua (revenue survey No. 1223), Kurpar (revenue survey Nos. 1228, 1229), Hosenpur (revenue survey Nos. 1226, 1227) and Baragara Gopalpur (revenue survey No. 1195).

West—Baragara Gopalpur (revenue survey No. 1195), Chhotagara (revenue survey No. 1196), Borshikura (revenue survey No. 1197), Mamudpur (revenue survey No. 1216), Bhataipara (revenue survey No. 1215) and Purba Uluati (revenue survey No. 1214).

No. 357M.—The 14th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Ben. Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Jainagar Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, under section 23(2) of that Act, electing Babu Nakuleswar Bose to be Chairman of that Municipality.

No. 374M.—The 16th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Baidyabati Municipality, in the district of Hooghly :—

Mr. John Low.

Babu Chandi Charan Kundu.

Babu Debendra Nath Mukharji.

Maulvi Saiyid Shujaat Ali.

No. 375L.S.-G.—The 6th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 29A (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to reappoint the District Magistrate of Noakhali to be Chairman of the District Board of Noakhali.

No. 376L.S.-G.—The 6th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 29A (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to reappoint the District Magistrate of Chittagong to be Chairman of the District Board of Chittagong.

No. 391L.S.-G.—The 6th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 29A (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to reappoint the District Magistrate of Tippera to be Chairman of the District Board of Tippera.

No. 394L.S.-G.—The 6th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 29A (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to reappoint the District Magistrate of Dacca to be Chairman of the District Board of Dacca.

No. 399L.S.-G.—The 6th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 29A (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to reappoint the District Magistrate of Mymensingh to be Chairman of the District Board of Mymensingh.

No. 400L.S.-G.—The 6th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 29A (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to reappoint the District Magistrate of Faridpur to be Chairman of the District Board of Faridpur.

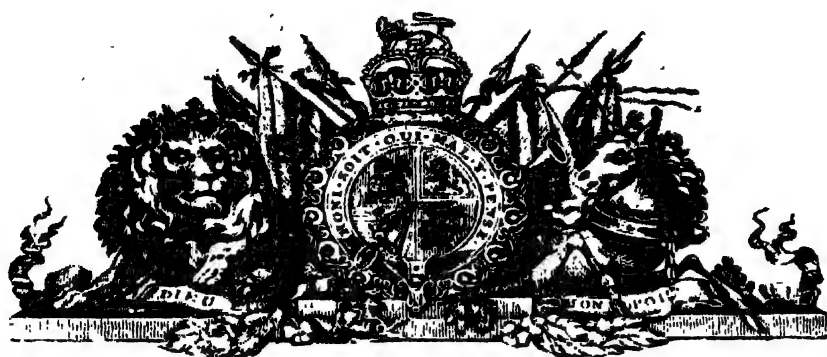
No. 401L.S.-G.—The 6th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 29A (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to reappoint the District Magistrate of Birbhum to be Chairman of the District Board of Birbhum.

No. 407L.S.-G.—The 6th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 29A (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to reappoint the District Magistrate of Bankura to be Chairman of the District Board of Bankura.

No. 408 L.S.-G.—The 6th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 29A (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to reappoint the District Magistrate of Hooghly to be Chairman of the District Board of Hooghly.

No. 409 L.S.-G.—The 6th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 29A (2) of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to reappoint the District Magistrate of Howrah to be Chairman of the District Board of Howrah.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1920.

PART IC.

Educational Notices.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS, CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

NAMES of Munshis qualified to teach Urdu can be had on application to the undersigned. A complete list is published in the *Gazette of India* Part II.

O. F. JENKINS,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA, the 31st October 1916.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

THE theoretical portions of the Final M. B. and the Preliminary Scientific Examinations in April 1920 will be held on Wednesday, the 7th April 1920 and following days.

Applications and fees for admission to the aforesaid examinations should reach the office of the Controller on or before the 3rd March 1920.

The theoretical portion of the First M. B. Examination will be held on Monday, the 19th April 1920 and following days.

Applications and fees for admission to the above examination should reach the office of the Controller on or before the 15th March 1920.

The oral and practical examination of the Final M. B. and Preliminary Scientific M. B. Examinations will commence from the 17th March, and of the First M. B. Examination from the 29th March 1920.

The examination for the Diploma in Public Health will be held on Monday, the 3rd May 1920 and following days.

Applications and fees for admission to the examination should reach the office of the Controller on or before the 2nd March 1920.

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 9th February 1920.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.**NOTICE.**

It is hereby announced for general information that Dr. Khastagir's High English School, Chittagong, has been created a centre for the Matriculation Examination, 1920, for the female candidates of the Chittagong Division.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate,

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 9th February 1920.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.**NOTIFICATION.**

THE following pieces from the Bible Selections, Part III, have been prescribed for the B. A. Examination, 1921 :—

Selections from the Bible (published by the University), Part III, pages 31-57, 88-90, 96-97, 100-101, 114-115, 118-119, 121-123, 146-148, 168-173, 195-198, 204-206, 212-215, 226-229, 241-242, 250-252.

N.B.—Students are expected to possess a general acquaintance with the Introduction, in so far as it relates to the Old Testament.

J. C. GHOSH, *Registrar.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 14th February 1920.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.**NOTIFICATION.**

THE undermentioned candidate has been admitted to the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy. The subject of the thesis submitted to and approved by the Board of Examiners is stated against his name :—

Name of candidate.	Subject of thesis.
Radhakamal Mukhopadhyay, M.A.	Some aspects of Indian Rural Economics.

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 9th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

PETERSON, JOHN, and D'SILVER, MERVYN BERTRAM, candidates from the Calcutta Free School, who were awarded Senior Elementary Scholarships of Rs. 12 a month on the results of the Supplementary Class Final Examination held in November 1919, having left the school, the undermentioned candidates, who stand next in order of merit, are hereby awarded scholarships of Rs. 12 a month, with effect from 1st January 1920, subject to the condition that satisfactory proof of age is furnished that the candidates were under 17 years on 31st December 1919 :—

Order of merit.	Roll No.	Name.	School.
9	3	James, Alfred Arthur	Calcutta Free, Boys'.
12	1	Braidwood, Harry	Catholic Male Orphanage, Calcutta.

A. MERCER,

Inspector of European Schools, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 14th February 1920.

FINAL EXAMINATIONS OF NORMAL SCHOOLS, SESSION 1919.

THE undermentioned candidates have passed the Final Departmental Examinations of Normal Schools in the Dacca, Chittagong and Rajshahi Divisions, held in December 1919 :—

TWO YEARS' COURSE.

Roll No.	Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of School.
First Division.			
(Arranged in order of merit.)			
		Y. M. D.	
1 (Dac.)	Abdul Aziz	... 18 0 0	Dacca Normal.
12 (Chit.)	Kar, Chandra Kumar	... 19 4 0	Chittagong Normal
15 (Dac.)	Das, Kali Mohan	... 19 0 0	Dacca Normal.

Second Division.

3	Abdul Gafoor	... 20 0 0	Dacca Normal.
4	Abdul Hafiz	... 23 7 0	Ditto.
5	Abdul Jalil	... 20 0 0	Ditto.
6	Abdul Karim, No. I	... 18 0 0	Ditto.
7	Abdul Karim, No. II	... 22 0 0	Ditto.
9	Alauddin Ahmed	... 18 0 0	Ditto.
11	Banik, Sashi Bhushan	... 20 0 0	Ditto.
12	Biswas, Annada Charan	... 18 2 0	Ditto.
14	Das, Aswini Kumar	... 19 9 0	Ditto.
16	Datta, Akshay Kumar	... 21 0 0	Ditto.
17	„ Fatik Chandra	... 22 0 0	Ditto.
21	Dhar, Revati Mohan	... 18 0 0	Ditto.
22	Guha, Abani Mohan	... 19 5 0	Ditto.
23	Kalimuddin Mir	... 19 0 0	Ditto.
27	Muhabbar Rahman	... 18 0 0	Ditto.
30	Muhammad Hosain	... 18 0 0	Ditto.
38	Samser Ali	... 19 0 0	Ditto.
39	Sayed Ahmed Khan	... 19 0 0	Ditto.
41	Sheik Hosain Ali	... 19 0 0	Ditto.
44	Taibuddin	... 18 0 0	Ditto.
7	Asad-ullah Bhuiyan	... 21 9 2	Chittagong Normal.
8	Bagala Prasanna Pal	... 18 11 18	Ditto.
10	Basanta Kumar Nath	... 20 0 26	Ditto.
17	Jagat Bandhu Nath, I	... 18 10 0	Ditto.
18	Jagat Bandhu Nath, II	... 18 4 0	Ditto.
24	Praneswar De	... 19 2 23	Ditto.
4	Das, Hare Narayan	... 17 9 0	Rangpur Normal.
8	Khan, Riazuddin	... 19 0 0	Ditto.
9	Mandal, Raichuddin	... 18 10 0	Ditto.
12	Muhammad Abdur Rahman	... 20 0 0	Ditto.
14	„ Kaitumuddin	... 17 10 0	Ditto.
17	Pal, Radhakanta	... 18 2 0	Ditto.

Third Division.

10	Amir Hosain	... 20 0 0	Dacca Normal.
18	Datta Biswas, Rasik Chandra	... 22 0 0	Ditto.
24	Kamaluddin	... 19 0 0	Ditto.
33	Muhammad Sultan	... 20 0 0	Ditto.
1	Abdul Ali Biswas	... 17 1 25	Chittagong Normal.
2	Abdul Hakim	... 19 0 2	Ditto.
4	Aftab-uddin	... 19 6 0	Ditto.
6	Arunodoy Nath Chaudhury	... 23 8 0	Ditto.

Roll No.	Name of candidate.	Age.	Name of School.
		Y. M. D.	
9	Baikuntha Bihari Saha	20 0 18	Chittagong Normal.
14	Fattahar Rahman	18 0 0	Ditto
16	Habibar Rahman	23 11 5	Ditto.
22	Mahendra Lal Das	20 0 6	Ditto.
26	Sarada Charan Lodh	18 3 7	Ditto.
29	Syad Ali	25 8 15	Ditto.
10	Mandal, Riazuddin	21 6 0	Rangpur Normal.
15	Muhammad Kasiruddin	18 10 0	Ditto.
19	Pramanik, Nasimuddin	17 10 0	Ditto.
23	Sheikh Abdul Kader	18 4 0	Ditto.

TEACHERS' CLASS.**Second Division.**

3	Chakraverty, Kulachandra	29 2 0	Dacca Normal.
4	" Satish Chandra	27 10 0	Ditto.
5	Chowdhury, Bepin Behari	23 0 0	Ditto.
6	Das, Anandachandra	28 0 0	Ditto.
9	Kaiser Ahmed	25 0 0	Ditto.
12	Muhammad Bazlal Haque	27 0 0	Ditto.
14	Muhammad Julbhash, Sahitya-ratna	28 0 0	Ditto.
3	Devendra Kumar Datta	23 5 4	Chittagong Normal.
8	Rohini Kanta Sarkar	28 10 28	Ditto.

Third Division.

8	Ghosh, Revati Mohan	27 0 0	Dacca Normal.
4	Jatindralal Das	23 9 0	Chittagong Normal.

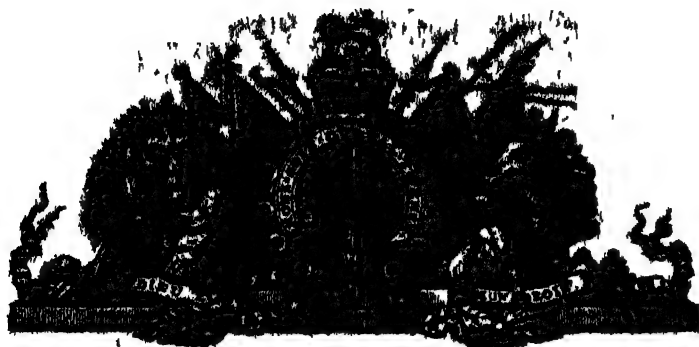
H. A. STARK,

*Offg. Principal, Training College, Dacca.***EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.****NOTIFICATION.***Award of Endowed Prizes for Muhammadans, 1919.*

Serial No.	Name.	School.	Prize.	Value.
				Rs.
1	Md. Anwar Hossain	Calcutta Madrasah	Prince Jehan Kader Mirza Bahadur's Ripon Prize	20
2	Ejaz Hossain	Ditto	Nawab Zainul Abedin Khan Bahadur's Ripon Prize	20
3	Md. Abul Hossain	Ditto	Muhammadan Literary Society's Ripon Prize	20
	Ali Ahmad Khan	Ditto	Ditto ditto	20
	Md. Siddique	Ditto	Sahibzada Muhammad Rahimuddin's Ripon Prize	20
4	Md. Nazirul Hossain	Ditto	Ditto ditto	20
5	M. Fazal Ahmad	Ditto	Moulvi Kassim Ariff's Ripon Prize	20
6	Md. Ayub Khan	Ditto	Moulvi Syed Aley Ahmed's Ripon Prize	20
7	Shaikh Shamsur Ahmad	Ditto	Sahibzada Muhammad Nasiruddin Hyder's Ripon Prize	12
8	Zafar Salim	Ditto	Mirza Abdul Karim Shirazee's Ripon Prize	12
9	Md. Akkas Ali Khan	Rajshahi Collegiate School.	Muhammadan Defence Association's Shamsul Alam Memorial Prize	10

W. W. HORNEILL,

*Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.*CALCUTTA ;
The 11th February, 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1920.

PART II.

Advertisements.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz. the 12th March 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Nadia will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tanai No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5125	Baganabad, pargana Baganabad.	Rs. A. P.	No	Annas 3 pie 8 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Devendra Narayan Sinha.	Rs. A. P. 3,373 15 0	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 375 0 0	Attached under order of Sub-Judge of Krishnagar in his money execution case No. 5 of 1917.

Krishnagar, the 18th February 1920.

M. N. BHATTACHARJI. for Collector.

NOTIFICATION.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 3 and 18, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 12th January 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
214	Ph. Batitaki mahal Phulcheri.	Rs. A. P. 1,602 3 0	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 only. The following manzams will be sold— Manzams— Bibhatitaki. Abhaya Mukundapur. Astidanger. Daja. Bhatbarh. Bhuyan. Bhojpur. Chhatrisbetya. Dahuka. Dangarpura. Dangaram. Durgachak. Dharmachak. Eageria. Erhaidanger. Phulbheri. Gargaria chak. Gurhi. Gobinda chak. Gobindapur. Gopal barh. Jamarla. Joti. Kalaunkichota. Laranji. Kalikachak. Kunarpore. Katali. Khagra-bheri. Khandabheri. Khurmat. Lakhanla. Madhubari. Mahamad chak. Mohamandi chak. Mowag. Mukundapur hat. Palsidakhla. Radha Mohan chak. Ram chak. Ramdangar. Saibani. Simulya. Siruchak. Suriha. Sonadhar chak. Srichandanjora. Tapala. Tala. Talsitha. Trilochanpur. Note: 11 gds 1 kt. 1 dt. share each of the above manzams will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Srimatya Ramani Moni Das, guardian of Amulya Chandra Jena and another, minors.	Rs. A. P. 554 3 2	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 78 3 2	Rs. A. P.

NOTIFICATION A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 15th March 1920 at 12 A. M., for arrears of revenue defaulted during the kist ending the 26th December 1919 and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share—

Tand No	Name of mahal and pargana.	Radar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the radar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
41	Th. Sathania, of Abul Fatai.	543 3 7	Whole	.	Abdul Wahed Khan and others	.	391 7 6	...
294	Th. Town and Sitakund, of Bakshali.	985 14 0	Share	Residuary share with extent of interest 10s 4p. 17kts. will be sold	Jakirali Chaudhuri and others	604 3 0	..	374 12 9
478	Th. Hathasari, Raoson, Paliya Town and Fathkha L. W. Brindaban Chaudhuri	2,468 9 7	Do	Residuary share with an extent of interest 6s will be sold.	Hijmangshu Bimal Rai and others	912 8 6		406 12 9
943	Th. Raoson, of. Fathkha.	2,368 5 0	Whole	..	Sm. Mathuria Debja for minor son Haj Narayan Hazari	..	395 7 6	
1143	Th. Sathania, of mauza Harina, of of Manget Ram Hazari	692 12 0	Do	..	Md. Latu Bahaddar		236 0 2	
1224	Th. Paliya, Hathasari, Raoson and Town of Ines Aup	2,165 15 8	Share	Residuary share with an extent of interest 10 as 8 p will be sold	Ramdhon Choudhuri and others	1,508 8 10	.	289 14 8
1242	Th. Sathania Bankhall Paliya O. R. Agwara, of. Imambakha.	697 0 6	Whole	..	Abdul Raup Khan and another		316 11 10	
1749	Th. Paliya and Sathania, of Muhammad Ali and Restum Ali	2,482 2 6	Share	Residuary share with an extent of interest 8 as will be sold	Dhirendra Lal Gupta for self and for Suchindra Kumar Gupta and others	1,206 3 4		391 12 100
1679	Ditto	2,482 2 6	Do.	Share No 3 Upendra Lal Gupta and others to the extent of interest 8 as. will be sold	Upendra Lal Gupta self and for Ramanka the kar Gupta and others	1,206 3 4	..	391 12 9
1974	Th. Sathania, Mirawari, Hathasari, Paliya, Raoson, Town Bagonia, Bankhall and Sitakunda, of. Md. Arifud Dyd.	942 5 0	Whole	.	Bidhu Bhawan Rai and others	..	310 5 0	.
30175	Th. Haroon, of. Mithasari, of. Md. Kalso and Kameali.	516 5 6	Do.	..	Sarada Kripa Lala	..	236 12 2	..
33941	Th. Chakaria, M. Imambakha, of. Md. Kalso and Kameali.	1,035 2 0	Do.	..	Asgar Ali Sirdar and others.	..	362 11 6	.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Faridpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920 at 11 A.M. for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the proceeds due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the proceeds due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
230	Fardhash Hattar pargana Hasimnagar.	Rs. A. P. 2,652 7 0	Whole		Surendra Nath Saha and others.	..	Rs. A. P. 113 7 5	Rs. A. P. ..
2499	Kamindari Thakur Das, Ram Das Goswami, pargana Nalair.	42,633 7 4	No	Residuary or separate account No. 2 to the extent of 6 annas share of the estate. The following shares of the above estate are excluded from sale— Separate account No. 1, 5 annas share Ditto " 3, 2 " " Ditto " 4, 3 " " Separate account No. 4 to the extent of 3 annas share of the estate The following shares of the above estate are excluded from sale— Residuary or separate account No. 3, 6 annas share. Separate account No. 1, 6 annas share Ditto " 3, 2 " "	Norandra Krishna Chakraverty as bail of goddess Bhupaneswari (Debi), Subalinga Shaligram, Chandra Bhatia and others. Jogendra Nath Saha Chaudhury and others.	15,987 8 9	..	2,203 11 11
2436	Ditto	43,433 7 4	No			5,329 2 11	..	384 8 10
6448	Tampur, pargana Jalipar.	960 0 0	Whole	..	Mamur Howladar and others.	..	935 0 0	..

B. K. Ghosh, for Collector.

Faridpur, the 12th February 1920.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Hughli, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920 at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the proceeds due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the proceeds due from it.
155	Mallick Hatt, pargana Boro	Rs. A. P. 5,926 12 0	Nil ..	See 194th. ..	Ashutosh Gosain and 4 others.	Rs. A. P. 777 0 4	Rs. A. P. 24	Rs. A. P. 38 8 9
4699	Kalupukuria pargana Jahansabad	12,515 0 0	Do	See 184th. In 1/4 share of entire estate except manna Kalupukuria, Deokhande and Mamudpore.	Nagendra Nath Roy and 3 others.	1,708 2 13	Do	88 7 8

Hughli Collectorate, the 14th February 1920.

K. L. Moogham, for Collector.

Notice of Sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 5, Act XIV of 1859 read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk, within the Cox's Bazar khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 13th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919:—

No. of taluk.	Name of mauza, thana and mahal.	Name of talukdar.	SADAR JAMA.		AMOUNT OF ARREARS FOR WHICH THE TENURE IS TO BE SOLD.		
			Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
152-3	Thana Teknaf, mauza Teknaf, Noabad taluk Ratch Chowdhuri.	Srimati Khema Chowdhuri and Srimati Nhabek Chowdhuri, daughter of Thaw Chowdhuri of Teknaf.	1,974 1 3	88 15 0	438 11 0	23 8 0	462 3 0
200-5	Thana Teknaf, mauza Langurbil, Noabad taluk Thaw Chowdhuri.	Ditto	798 0 0	44 4 8	200 0 0	16 2 4	718 2 4
23-24	Thana Ramoo, mauza Patil Masakhali, Noabad taluk Har Mohammed.	Chandra Kumar Patil, son of Gohardhan Patil, of Serte.	910 5 0	55 10 3	570 11 6	50 9 0	621 4 6
72-303	Thana Ramoo, mauza Patil Masakhali, Noabad taluk Sameh Ali.	Nur Muhammad, son of Harban Ali Chowdhuri, of Patil Masakhali.	901 2 0	101 0 8	289 7 0	32 11 6	322 2 6
90-124	Thana Ramoo, mauza Kharlia, Noabad taluk Bahau Ali.	Wasid Ali Chowdhuri, Sher Ali Chowdhuri, sons of, and Srimati Rohimanesa Chowdhuri, daughter of Mohabat Ali Chowdhuri of Jaldi, thana Bonkhali.	285 5 0	44 6 9	230 5 6	37 11 6	268 1 0
302-303-306	Thana Chakaria, mauza Barailah, Noabad taluk Ali Mohamed.	Sarada Kripa Lala, son of Prachari Lala, of Papadia.	1,359 12 0	383 2 3	439 15 0	187 3 0	1,327 2 0
303-307	Thana Chakaria, mauza Harbhau, Noabad taluk Mohar Ali.	Sher Ali Khan, son of Ajamala Khan, of Harbhau.	329 14 0	65 9 0	322 8 0	31 0 0	353 8 0
304-308	Thana Chakaria, mauza Harbhau, Noabad taluk Lal Mohamed.	Nuralunda Khan, Shamsol Huda Khan, minor son of Srimati Joydeb Khatun, Srimati Terhas Khatun, minor daughter of Sultan Amir Ali Khan, guardianship of his uncle Solomon Khan, son of Ajamala Khan, of Harbhau, and another.	1,486 14 0	155 1 8	185 14 0	25 5 9	211 3 8

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Notice of Sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6 of Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluks within the Satkania khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919:—

Number.	Name of mauza, thana and mahal.	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA.		AMOUNT OF ARREARS FOR WHICH THE TENURE IS TO BE SOLD.		
			Rent.	Cesses.	Rent.	Cesses.	Total.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
2-203	Thana Bonkhali, mauza Puthari, mahal Noabad taluk Mohar Ali and Bara Ali.	Kuramat Ali Chowdhury, son of Anwar Ali Chowdhury, of Puthari and Sherat Khan of Harbhau.	3,125 0 0	483 0 8	781 4 0	175 8 4	856 12 8
2112-204	Thana Satkania, mauza Barabain, mahal Noabad taluk Lal Mohar.	Sarada Kripa Lala and Girda Kripa Lala, sons of Pran Hari Lala, of Papadia.	1,063 12 0	144 9 0	35 18 0	36 0 3	121 15 3
2074-208	Thana Satkania, mauza Paharbanda, mahal Noabad taluk Mohar.	Srimati Bhadi Chowdhuri, wife of Abdul Bari Khan and Abdul Hoss Khan, of Garanga, Jagat Chandra Bhattacharya of Onubara.	851 10 0	169 1 0	407 4 3	36 2 6	475 4 9
2080-209	Thana Satkania, mauza Chauramba, mahal Noabad taluk Kalkingar.	Kalua Chandra Chowdhury, Purna Chandra Chowdhury, sons of Ram Soren Chowdhury and Pran Hari Chowdhury of Chauramba.	1,008 12 0	147 10 1	478 4 4	55 10 6	513 3 0

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within the Sadar khas mahal in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 16th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919 —

Serial No.	Number of taluk	Name of taluk with its situation	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA		ARREAR.		
				Rent	Cess	Rent	Cess	Total
				Rs. A.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	456 27184	Thana Town mauza Bakalia, taluk Ahmad Ali	Munshi Mocharaf Ali and Abdul Aziz and others	1,765 4	333 9 8	7 5 3	59 12 9	60 1 5
2	4530 33994 386	Thana Mirsarai, mauza Joyput-bajoor, taluk Aminullah	Prasanna Kumar Kar and Kail Kumar and others.	693 2	100 12 6	47 12 0	0 8 4	48 5 8
3	4573 33876	Thana Patleokhery mauza Juskhola, taluk Ryeiali Khan	Sm Labifa Khatun Chowdhurani	2 473 12	331 12 8	618 8 0	57 10 8	676 2 6

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 26th January 1920

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868, Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within the Paliya khas mahal in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 16th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cess remaining unpaid on 26th December 1919.

Number of taluks	Name of tenure with situation	Name of proprietor.	ANNUAL JAMA.		ARREAR.		
			Rent	Cess	Rent	Cess	Total
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1 6748 6749 399	Thana Paliya, mauza Dhopa-chari, taluk Keramat Ali and Kamalapur.	Khangapur Jubaraj, son of Bangang Chalapuru of Banderbag	964 0 0	177 8 0	211 0 0	44 8 0	255 8 0

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within Roazau khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 25th December 1919.

Serial No.	Number of taluk	Name of taluk with its situation	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA		ARREAR.		
				Rent.	Cess	Rent.	Cess	Total.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	4440 31699	Mauza Dobipur, Kodamtali thana, Roazau mahal, Noabad taluk Kalinda Barua	Ramesh Charan Roy and others.	612 12 9	61 2 2	340 2 0	19 12 8	399 35 4

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong the 28th January 1920.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land no longer required by Government situated along the Ranaghat-Khulna Eastern Bengal Railway, in the district of Jessore, will be put up to sale at 12-30 o'clock on Friday, the 9th of April 1920, corresponding with the 27th Chaitra, 1326 B. S., at Bongabu subdivisional office.

The purchasers of the several plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavation on the land nearer than fifteen feet from the railway boundary or to plough the land nearer than three feet from the same.

2nd—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.

3rd—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale reckoning the date of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

4th—The plots of land will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders.

5th—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Commissioner confirming the sale.

Consecutive No.	Name of Subplot.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situated.	situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. G.	Acres in decimals.	Reasons for exclusion.	Acres in decimals.		
1	Jessore...	Pargana Jaypur, mauza Chhagharia	21 to 22	South ...	4 16 3	1'59	...	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2. South—By Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
2	Do. ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	20 1 6	2'41	..	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Rajendra Nath Ghose's land, Bishbar Madak's bamboo garden, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's jack fruit garden, Bishbar Madak's land, Narayan Biswas' land. South—By Natus Mondal's land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Bishbar Madak's land, Rajendra Nath Ghose's land, Matilal Ray Chaudhury's land, Bishbar Madak's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 1.
3	Do. ...	Ditto ...	23 to 24	Do. ...	28 5 4	7'37	...	...	...	North—By Narayan Biswas' land, Bhola Nath Bardar's land, Mahim Bardar's land, Parganah Chatterji's plantain garden, Bhutan Mondal's land, Narayan Mondal's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4. South—By Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2.
4	Do. ...	Ditto ...	24 to 25	Do. ...	24 18 8	8'24	...	...	...	North—By Kamal Ray Chaudhury's land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Adhar Biswas' land, Mahabul Ghose's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 5. South—By Kali Mandal's land, Narayan Mondal's land, Adhar Mondal's land, Keshab Bardar's land, Mahim Bardar's land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
5	Do. ...	Ditto ...	25 to 26	Do. ...	14 0 1	4'63	...	...	...	North—By Mahim Lal Ghose's land, Narada (Naran Ray Chaudhury's land. East—By the Kodra river. South—By Jogendra Ghose's land, Bhim Bardar's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
6	Do. ...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Korojpur.	26 to 27	Do. ...	7 16 1	2'68	...	...	...	North—By Fakir Chand Kapali's land, Kader Mondal's land, Fakir Chand Sarda's land, Kibar Mondal's land, Jadedul Khanama's land and the river Kodra. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7. South—By Jadedul Khondkar's land, Ahad Mondal's land, Sajjan Mondal's land, Jadedul Khondkar's land, Fakir Chand Kapali's land. West—By the river Kodra.
7	Do. ...	Ditto ...	27 to 28	Do. ...	24 6 6	2'04	...	...	...	North—By Mathura Mohan Biswas' land, Fakir Chand Bardar's land, Jadedul Khanama's land, Fakir Chand Bardar's land, Natu Paramanik's land, Kedar Kapali's land, Ahad Mondal's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8. South—By Jadedul Khanama's land, Kaddi-uddy Mondal's land, Ahad Mondal's land, Natu Paramanik's land, Fakir Chand Kapali's land, Kedar Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 6.

Consolidative lot No.	Name of district	Pargana and manor.	Number of mile on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN HIGHER AND IN ACRES.		LAND'S ENCLOSURE, FINE LINE, BOUNDARY, BACK, & C.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot
					B. & C.	Acres in decimal.	Reasons for enclosure.	Acres in decimal.		
	Jessore...	Pargana Mulghar, manor Petoypur.	22 to 23	South ...	31 18 3	7.24	---	---	---	North--By Nur Muhammad's bamboo garden, Jadedul Khannam's land, Karim Sah Fakir's land, Fakir Chand Sarda's land and khajur. East--By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2. South--By Fakir Chand Kapali's land, Karim Sahab's land, Jadedul Khannam's land and Petoypur Bazar. West--By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7. North--By Babbar Bhowar's land. East--By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 10. South--By Harin Mondal's land, Nur Muhammad Mondal's land. West--By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 6. North--By Harin Mondal's land, Eastern Bengal Railway land. East--By Eastern Bengal Railway land. South--By Nur Muhammad Mondal's land, Harin Mondal's land. West--By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2.
9	Do ..	Ditto ..	22 to 23	Do. ...	7 10 11	2.64	---	---	---	North--By Babbar Bhowar's land. East--By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 10. South--By Harin Mondal's land, Nur Muhammad Mondal's land. West--By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 6. North--By Harin Mondal's land, Eastern Bengal Railway land. East--By Eastern Bengal Railway land. South--By Nur Muhammad Mondal's land, Harin Mondal's land. West--By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2.
10	Do. ...	Pargana Mulghar, manor Petoypur.	22 to 23	Do. ...	9 17 3	3.26	---	---	---	North--By Harin Mondal's land, Eastern Bengal Railway land. East--By Eastern Bengal Railway land. South--By Nur Muhammad Mondal's land, Harin Mondal's land. West--By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2.

Jessore, the 8th February 1920.

J. K. BINWAS, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Nadia will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Taxal number	Name of mahal and pargana	Radar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the radar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
491	Radipur, pargana Rajpur.	Rs. A. P.	No	1 s and 18 gds 1 c and 1 kranti. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Deb Kumar, Deb, executor to the estate of Purna Chandra Mondal and Tarak Deb Deb, mother, on behalf of Kali Das Pal and others, minors	Rs. A. P. 3,048 15 3	Rs. A. P. ---	Rs. A. P. 108 10 0
491	Ditto	---	No	1 s 6 gds 3 c and 3 kranti. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	1. Deb Kumar, Deb, executor to the estate of Purna Chandra Mondal. 2. Harin Chandra Mondal and others.	1,661 18 10	---	29 18 7
871	Nadapur, pargana Sahadul.	926 0 0	Whole	---	Siva Sundari Dasgupta	---	249 0 0	---

M. N. BHATTACHARYA, for Collector.

Krishnagar, the 13th February 1920.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 10th February 1920.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
		Rs.	A P.			Rs.	A P.
Capital paid up	...	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities	...	7,59,14,115	0 0
Reserve Fund	... Rs. 2,00,00,000	0 0		Other authorised Investments	...	1,33,16,800	0 0
Transfer to special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, below	...	1,75,00,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	...	13,16,56,106	15 7
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	...	25,09,000	0 0	Accounts of credit on ditto	ditto	5,06,55,777	0 7
Public deposits at Head Office	... Rs. 5,99,07,158	1 6		Bills discounted and purchased	...	3,31,17,874	11 10
Ditto ditto at Branches	...	1,36,12,389	0 5	Balances with other Banks	...	65,81,170	0 11
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	29,75,52,529	8 1	Bullion	...	29,01,511	5 9
Bank Post Bills, etc.	...	19,10,086	8 8	Dead Stock	...	14,073	11 1
Sundries	...	43,67,805	14 8	Stamps	...	10,98,368	8 11
		42,35,79,899	1 6	Sundries	...	22,59,86,120	6 8
						87,53,778	10 10
						42,35,74,899	1 6

* Includes Sova & ½ Sova; value Rs 3,85,147 8 0

† Do do do ,, 5,17,276 0 0

Rs 9,02,422 8 0

Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent

Percentage 25 14

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 12th February 1920.R. E. BELL,
for Chief AccountantBy order of the Directors,
N. H. Y. WARRAN,
Secretary and Treasurer
(478-1)

The Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta.

IT is notified under section 118 of the Calcutta Port Act, III of 1890, and sections 55 and 56 of the Railway Act, IX of 1890, that the following consignment of bamboos, if not removed within 15 days, on payment of all charges due, will be sold by public auction —

WEIGHT.		Where lying.	Wagon No.	Invoice No.	Railway receipt No.	Date.	Station from—	Station to—	Bonded.	Consignee
Maunds.	Pers.									
500 approximate.	...	Local goods shed, Kidderpore Docks	3643 3806	48	39881	4th September 1919.	Calcutta	Kidderpore Docks.	Goods Supervisor, Calcutta.	L. & Lances- tor & Co.

T. J. McLOUGHLIN, Traffic Manager, Port Commissioners.

Calcutta, the 10th February 1920.

(447-1)

Sheriff's Sale Proclamation.

TO be peremptorily sold pursuant to an order of High Court at Calcutta in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction made in Suit No. 235 of 1915 and Appeal Case No. 37 of 1915 wherein Binodan Das is the plaintiff and Shumati Sobhala Dassi and another are the defendants and dated 23rd day of July 1917 by the Sheriff of Calcutta in his sale-room in the Court House on Friday the 12th day of March 1920 at 12 o'clock. All that undivided half part or share belonging to the estate of Ashutosh Pal deceased of and in all that partly two-storied house situate at and being premises No. 54 Bonomali Sircar Street in Sutanooty in Calcutta with land measuring about two and a half cottahs and bounded on the east by the dwelling house of Ramandas Pal on the west and north by Bonomali Sircar Street and on the south by a blind lane leading to Bonomali Sircar Street and all that undivided half share belonging to the estate of Ashutosh Pal deceased of and in all that two-storied house and premises together with land whereon the same is erected being No. 71 Ram Kanto Bose Street in Sutanooty in Calcutta measuring about seven cottahs more or less and bounded on the east by the house of Tialakhya Nath Palit on the west by the vacant land belonging to Monoranjan Mookerjee on the south by Ram Kanto Bose Street and on the north by a filled up municipal drain. The amount for the recovery of which the above property is to be sold is Rs. 12,099-8-0 being the decretal amount together with interest thereon at 6 per cent per annum from 26th day of January 1915 until realization besides subsequent costs of execution of the said decree which has not yet been taxed.

From the searches made in the office of the Registrar of Assurances for 64 years up to 1919 it appears that there has been no encumbrance affecting the half share of Ashutosh Kumar Pal in the said estate of Ashutosh Pal deceased.

The conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the Sheriff of Calcutta or at the office of Babu Khageshwar Nath De, Attorney for the plaintiff, and will be produced at the sale.

N. B.—It appears that one Russick Lall Sadhukhan, subsequent to the attachment in this suit, obtained an *ex parte* decree in suit No. 1233 of 1914 against Nanda Lal Pal and Gocoolmoni Dassi and sold the premises No. 71 Ram Kanto Bose Street, in Calcutta to one Lakhymoni Dassi by a conveyance registered in Book 1, Vol. 64, pages 42 to 53 being serial No. 683 of 1917.

A. D. PICKFORD, Sheriff.

K. N. De, Attorney for the plaintiff.

High Court, Sheriff's Office, 10th February 1920.

(445—1)

Sheriff's Sale Proclamation.

TO be peremptorily sold, pursuant to an order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction made in execution of a decree of the said Court, dated the 10th day of July 1919, in suit No. 1203 of 1919, and dated the 26th day of August 1919, wherein Moorbidhur Aiden was the plaintiff and Ekeowriellal Bischoyee was the defendant by the Sheriff of Calcutta in his sale-room on the ground floor of the High Court by public auction, on Friday, the 12th day of March 1920, at 12 o'clock noon, the undermentioned property belonging to the said defendant Ekeowriellal Bischoyee.

Lot No. 1.—All that the tilled-huts, hereditaments and premises together with the piece or parcel of land or ground thereunto belonging and on part whereof the same is erected and built containing by estimation 3 cottahs be the same a little more or less situate lying at and being premises No. 7, Gour Laha Street, in Sutanooty in the North Division of the town of Calcutta, and bounded on the north by the dwelling-house of Sarat Chandra Chatterjee, on the east by the dwelling-house of Gokul Behary Halder, on the west by Gour Laha Street and on the south by the dwelling-house of Sreemitty Raj-Bajeswar Dasse with the exception of a Shiva's temple which is standing on the north-west corner of the said land together with pucca

payments on all sides thereof except on the south. The judgment-debtor Ekeowriellal Bischoyee in 1905 purchased the said property from Hrishikesh Halder by an indenture of conveyance dated the 19th day of April 1905. It was agreed between the parties thereof that the said Ekeowriellal Bischoyee the judgment-debtor should whenever requested, close up the door of the said Shiva's temple and open another door at his own costs on the west and the purchaser, his heirs and assigns should have the right to erect pucca walls or other structures against the southern and eastern walls of the said temple.

The amount for the recovery of which the above property is sold is Rs. 2,800 with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from the 10th day of July 1919 and until realisation and the costs as directed by the decree together with the costs of execution.

From searches made in the office of the Registrar of Assurances it appears that there are no encumbrances affecting the said property of the judgment-debtor.

The conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the Sheriff of Calcutta on any day before the sale and will be produced at the sale.

A. D. PICKFORD, Sheriff.

M. N. Mitra, Attorney for the plaintiff.

* High Court, Sheriff's office, the 10th February 1920.

(446—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 56 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 5th November 1919, filed by Nazmat Ali, son of Rahamat Shaha, deceased, of Faradabad, police station Hathazari, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his petition and hearing his pleader it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Babu Khirude Chandra Das, pleader, is appointed receiver.

Dated this 7th day of February 1920.

W. A. SEATON, District Judge.

(473—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 15 of 1920.

CHAUDHURY MAHOMED, son of Hajat Mahomed, deceased, resident of Bhelajan, police-station Thakurgaon, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 11th day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 11th February 1920.

(486—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 18 of 1920.

KASIMUDDIN BARKER, son of Rasool Barker, deceased, resident of Janabar, police-station Banskhal, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 15th day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 18th February 1920.

(494—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 16 of 1920.

ISHAK LAL HAZRA, son of Puré Ram Hazra, deceased, resident of Mádarganj, police-station Thakurgain, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 13th day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 18th February 1920. (496—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 63 of 1919

NOTICE is hereby given that Magan Chamar, son of late Fejoo Chamar of Rishra, thana Serampore, district Hooghly, was on the 16th January 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 20th February 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule of creditors and debts and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

S. C. MALIK, District Judge,

Chinnura, the 30th January 1919 (303—1—361)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 38 of 1919

NOTICE is hereby given that Shauk Ajmuddin, son of late Khan Mohammed, of Kantalbom, thana Arambag, district Hooghly, was on the 28th January 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 20th February 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule of creditors and debts and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

S. C. MALIK, District Judge,

Chinnura, the 30th January 1920. (204—1—362)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 46 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Jaggeswar Ghosh, son of late Kulachand Ghosh, of Jhorehat, thana Sankrail, district Hooghly, was on the 30th August 1919 adjudged an insolvent. The 25th February 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCEN, Addl District Judge.

Howrah, the 22nd December 1919 (2693—1—360)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Hari Charan Das, son of late Gurni Prasad Das, of Dhuberhe, thana Shyampur, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 16 of 1920, and that the 2nd March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCEN, Addl District Judge.

Howrah, the 7th February 1920. (450—1—366)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Purna Chandra Ghosh, son of late Brigharan Ghosh, of 19, Moti Ghosh's Lane, thana Howrah, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 17 of 1920, and that the 2nd March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCEN, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 7th February 1920. (451—1—365)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Jeggendra Nath Das, son of Hari Charan Das of 21, Jelaiparia 2nd Bye Lane, thana Golabati, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 20 of 1920, and that the 3rd March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCEN, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 9th February 1920 (159—1—363)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Sheikh Hakim, son of late Masuhr Miya, of Kiyukur, thana Shyampur, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 18 of 1920, and that the 3rd March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCEN, Addl District Judge.

Howrah the 9th February 1920. (460—1—364)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Indra Narayan Dasy, son of late Shibu Charan Dasy, of Chascha Bauria, thana Uluberia, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 19 of 1920, and that the 2nd March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCEN, Addl District Judge.

Howrah, the 10th February 1920. (472—1—359)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 97 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Palakdhary Chamar, son of late Mohib Chamar, of Howrah, Sarbigha, Metharpuria, thana Golabati, district Hooghly, was on the 4th February 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 3rd March 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCEN, Addl District Judge.

Howrah, the 11th February 1920 (489—1—367)

In the Court of the District Judge of Jalpaiguri.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 14 of 1920.

RAFI alias AFI MAHOMED, son of Nehaldi Mahomed, deceased, resident of Jotobansi Baugram, police-station Boda, district Jalpaiguri, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 31st day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Jalpaiguri.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 10th February 1920. (479—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Jalpaiguri.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 17 of 1920.

RAM CHARAN BEHARA, son of Banoo Behara, deceased resident of Joreyakuri, police-station Moynaguri, district Jalpaiguri, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 31st day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Jalpaiguri.

S. K. GHOSH for District Judge.

Jalpaiguri, the 13th February 1920. (495—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act,
III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Midnapore.**

INSOLVENCY APPLICATIONS Nos. 49, 50 AND 51
OF 1919 (ANALOGOUS).

PURSUANT to petitions, dated 15th August 1919, filed by—(1) Lakhi Kanto Bera, (2) Mohendra Nath Bera, (3) Baburam Bera, sons of late Haradhou Bera, of Gope-Mahal, pargana Baroda, thana Ghatal, district Midnapore, debtors, and on the applications of the above debtors themselves and on reading affidavits in support of the petitions for insolvency and hearing Babu Mohini Mohan Das, pleader, it is ordered that the debtors be and the said debtors are hereby adjudged insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that the 13th March 1920 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors, and that they must prove their debts on that date.

Dated this 9th day of February 1920.

M. YUSUF, District Judge.
(477—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Midnapore.**

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 66 OF 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 21st November 1919, against G. O. Bowman, Sub-Signal Inspector, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Kharagpur, residing at Loco-Quarters No. 221, Kharagpur, district Midnapore, debtor, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading an affidavit in support of the petition for insolvency, and hearing Babu Nalini Behari Roy, pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Notice is hereby given that the 13th March 1920 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors, and that they must prove their debts on that date.

Dated this 12th day of February 1920.

M. YUSUF, District Judge.
(488—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Mymensingh.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 35 OF 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 25th November 1919, filed by Pirao Shekh alias Pirao Munshi, son of the late Bangao Shekh, of Baksha, police-station Ghatal, district Mymensingh, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 7th day of February 1920.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
(455—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Mymensingh.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 1 OF 1920.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 7th January 1920 filed by Shekh Sadak, son of the late Shekh Madhu, of Shehara, police-station Kotwali, district Mymensingh, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 7th day of February 1920.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
(474—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Nadia.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 46 OF 1919.

Petitioner Meajan Shekh.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Meajan Shekh, of Matari, police-station Kaliganj, district Nadia, has been admitted by this Court as No. 46 of 1919, and that 6th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.
Krishnagar, the 9th February 1920. (456—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Nadia.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 48 OF 1919.

Petitioner Bhupati Bagdi.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Bhupati Bagdi, of Taugi, police-station Krishnaganj, district Nadia, has been admitted by this Court as No. 48 of 1919, and that 6th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.
Krishnagar, the 9th February 1920. (457—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Nadia.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 51 OF 1919.

Petitioner Samir Malitha.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Samir Malitha, of Ghoramara, police-station Doulatpur, district Nadia, has been admitted by this Court as No. 51 of 1919, and that 6th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.
Krishnagar, the 9th February 1920. (458—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Nadia.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 7 OF 1920.

Petitioner, Haran Maudal.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Haran Mandal, of Ghoga, police-station Doulatpur, district Nadia, has been admitted by this Court as No. 7 of 1920, and that 21st February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.
Krishnagar, the 11th February 1920. (480—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Nadia.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 12 OF 1920.

Petitioner, Karim Khan.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Karim Khan, of Panditpur, police-station Kotowali, district Nadia, has been admitted by this Court as No. 12 of 1920, and that 6th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.
Krishnagar, the 11th February 1920. (481—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Nadia.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 13 of 1920.****Petitioner, Makim Khan.**

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Makim Khan, of Panditpur, police-station Kotowali, district Nadia, has been admitted by this Court as No. 13 of 1920, and that 6th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.

Krishnagar, the 11th February 1920. (482—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.*[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]***In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.****INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 8 of 1919.**

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 21st January 1919, filed by the debtors (1) Lal Mahammad Shekh, son of Dhiru Shekh, and (2) Dhiru Shekh, son of late Mahammad Shekh, of Dangi, police-station Hariachan-drapur, district Malda, and on hearing their pleader, the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent on 24th May 1919.

Dated this 1st day of November 1919.

H. GRAHAM, Offg. District Judge:

(2349—1—369)

ANIYA KUMAR DAS GUPTA intends to be admitted as a vakil of the High Court.

(181—4—245)

ATUL KRISHNA DUTT, B.L., intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (400—4—335)

GORA CHAND SEN intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (351—4—303)

HEMANGANATH GOSWAMI, B.L., Pleader intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the High Court.

(350—4—304)

HIRALAL GANGULI, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil of the High Court.

(180—4—257)

JOGENDRA NATH KHAN, M.A., B.L., intends to be admitted as a vakil of the High Court, Calcutta.

(193—4—263)

NANDA LAL DAS, B.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court.

(363—4—326)

PRABODH CHANDRA BOSE, B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil of the High Court.

(232—4—264)

RAKHALDAS CHATTERJEE, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil in the High Court, Calcutta.

(278—4—316)

SACHINDRA NATH BANDOPADHYA intends to be admitted as a vakil of the Calcutta High Court.

(209—4)

SALLAJARANJAN RAY, M.Sc., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil of the Calcutta High Court.

(210—4—277)

SATINDRANATH RAY CHAUDHURY, Pleader, Alipore, intends to be admitted as a vakil, High Court.

(208—4—259)

SATYAPRIYA BANERJEE, M.A., B.L., intends to be admitted as a vakil, Calcutta High Court.

(311—4)

TARANI KANTA BANERJEE, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil of the High Court, Calcutta.

(249—4—315)

Notice.

WANTED a tauzi davis on Rs. 60 per mensem for the Howrah Collectorate from the 1st April 1920. None need apply who has no experience of the revenue work of a collectorate. Preference will be given to a candidate with special experience of the Tauzi Department.

Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 10th March 1920.

J. G. DRUMMOND, Collector.

Howrah District Office, the 31st January 1920.

Notice.

APPLICATIONS with copies of diplomas and other testimonials for the post of a first class District Health Officer on Rs. 300—20—500 on approved service and travelling allowance at the rate admissible under the Civil Service Regulations will be received by the undersigned up to the 28th February 1920. None need apply who does not possess a registrable medical qualification and a recognised diploma in public health including D. P. H. of the Calcutta University. Preference will be given to a Graduate of the Calcutta Medical College holding the above diplomas. Information as to age, past services if any, and residence or native village of the candidate should be stated in the application. The selected candidate will have to be on probation for at least six months and will be required to join on 1st April 1920. Candidate should be accustomed in riding and biking.

J. MOZOOMDER, Chairman, District Board.

Jessore, the 28th January 1920.

(250—4)

Notice.

WANTED a District Health Officer by the District Board of Rajshahi on a monthly salary of Rs. 300, rising to Rs. 500 by annual increment of Rs. 20 plus travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations. Applicants must possess a registrable medical qualification and recognized diploma of public health, including the diploma of the public health of the Calcutta University. The applications with certificate and testimonials should reach the undersigned in sealed covers by the 28th February 1920. The successful candidate will be on probation for one year and will have to join on the 1st April 1920.

EMADUDDIN AHMAD, Vice-Chairman, District Board.

Rajshahi, the 30th January 1920.

(421—3)

Notice.

WANTED a second class Health Officer for this District Board on a salary of Rs. 150—10—300 per month with travelling allowance according to the Civil Service Regulations. None need apply who does not possess a registrable medical qualification and recognised Diploma of Public Health including the Diploma of Public Health of the Calcutta University. Applications with certificates and testimonials, stating age, should reach the undersigned on or before the 29th February 1920. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year and will have to join on the 1st of April 1920.

H. G. BLONFELD, Chairman, District Board.
Dinajpur, the 6th February 1920. (422—3)

Wanted.

A District Health Officer (Second Class) by the District Board of Pabna, on a monthly salary of Rs. 150—5—300, plus travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations. Applicants must possess a registrable medical qualifications and a recognised diploma of public health, including the D.P.H. of the Calcutta University under Government Rules.

Applications with necessary certificates and testimonials should reach the undersigned in sealed covers by the 7th March 1920. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year and will have to join on the 1st April 1920.

S. C. SEN,
Chairman, District Board, Pabna.
Pabna, the 6th February 1920. (407—3)

WANTED by the Asansol Mines Board of Health a first grade Sanitary Inspector on Rs. 100 rising by annual increments of Rs. 10 to Rs. 150 with suitable house and bicycle allowance. The applicant should be a passed Sub-Overseer and a Sanitary Inspector. The selected candidate should be on probation for six months. Application will be received by the Chairman, Asansol Mines Board of Health, Asansol, up to 20th February 1920.

A CLARKE, Vice-Chairman,
Asansol Mines Board of Health.
Asansol, the 31st January 1920. (364—2)

WANTED an experienced Draftsman and Estimator for District Engineer's office, Khulna, on Rs. 30—1—60. A passed Upper Subordinate will have preference. Applications will be received by the undersigned up to the 2nd proximo.

D. DUTT, Chairman, District Board.
Khulna, the 13th February 1920. (487—2)

WANTED at once one Supervisor on Rs. 150—10—200 plus travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations. Must be a B. E. with 5 years' experience in Roads, Buildings and Bridges. Applications, with copies of testimonials, will be received up to 27th February 1920.

I. S. BHATTACHARJI, District Engineer.
Hazaribagh, the 10th February 1920. (476—1)

Office of the District Board, Noakhali.

NOTICE.

WANTED a second class Health Officer for the Noakhali District Board, on a salary of Rs 150 plus fixed travelling allowance of Rs. 50 per month. None need apply who is not qualified under the rules. Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 25th February 1920. The selected candidate shall have to join his appointment on the 1st April 1920.

ABDUR RASCHID KHAN, Vice-Chairman.
Noakhali, the 9th February 1920. (475—2)

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Gaya District Board.

SEALED tenders on printed forms are invited for the construction of masonry walls, piers, and approaches only at present for a girder bridge of 18 spans of 100 feet each over the Phalgoo River at Gaya and will be received by the District Engineer on or before the 7th March 1920 after which no tender will be accepted.

2. Forms of tender with necessary drawings and specifications can be obtained from the District Engineer's Office, Gaya, personally between the office hours 1 P.M. to 4 P.M. or by writing direct, on payment of Rs. 10.

F. MAYNARD, District Engineer.
Gaya, the 3rd February 1920. (376—2)

Road Cess Notification.

IT is hereby notified for general information that under section 46 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B. C.) of 1885, the District Board of the 24 Parganas, at their special meeting held on the 19th December 1919, resolved that the road cess for the year 1920-21, in the district of the 24-Parganas, be levied at the maximum rate of six pies in the rupee on the annual value of all lands, &c.

RESHERCASE LAW, Chairman, District Board.
Alipore, the 30th January 1920. (409—3)

Road Cess notification.

THE District Board of Murshidabad, at a special meeting held on the 28th January 1920, resolved to levy road cess for the year 1920-21 at the maximum rate of six pies in the rupee on the annual value of lands, etc.

BOJLUNT NATH SEN, Chairman.
Berhampore, the 29th January 1920. (362—2)

Road Cess Notification.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the District Board of Bankura at a special meeting held on the 2nd February 1920 decided to levy road cess in the district at the maximum rate of six pies on the annual value of lands and mines during the ensuing financial year 1920-21.

BANA CHARAN RAY, Vice-Chairman.
Bankura, the 13th February 1920. (486—1)

Road Cess Notification.

THE District Board of Khulna at a special meeting held on the 31st January 1920 resolved to levy road cess in the district at the maximum rate of six pies in the rupee on the annual value of lands, etc., during the year 1920-21.

A. L. RAHA, Vice-Chairman.
Khulna, the 12th February 1920. (488—1)

Road Cess Notification.

THE District Board of Jalpaiguri at a special meeting held on the 4th February 1920 resolved to levy road cess in the district for the financial year 1920-21 at the maximum rate of six pies in the rupee on the annual value of lands.

K. BANERJEE, Vice-Chairman.
Jalpaiguri, the 11th February 1920. (484—2)

Road Cess Notification.

THE District Board of Dinajpur at their special meeting held on the 20th December 1919 resolved to levy the road cess in the district for the ensuing financial year (1920-21) at the maximum rate of six pies in the rupee on the annual value of lands, etc.

J. CHAKRAVARTY, Vice-Chairman.
Dinajpur, the 12th February 1920. (497—1)

NOTICE.

Board of Revenue, Bengal.

WHEREAS the Court of Wards, Bengal, has, under section 6 (e) of Act IX (B.C.) of 1879, as amended by Act V (B.C.) of 1915, declared on his own application that Babu Satya Priya Ghosal of Bhukailash, in the district of the 24-Parganas, known as the proprietor of the Bhukailash Estate No. III, in the district of Bakarganj, is a disqualified proprietor and that it is expedient in the public interest that his estate should be managed by the Court of Wards; and

Whereas under sections 7 and 35 of the said Act, the said Court has assumed charge of the property of the said Babu Satya Priya Ghosal.

Notice is hereby given, (1) under sub-section (1), section 10A of the said Act, as amended by Eastern Bengal and Assam Court of Wards Act III of 1907, that all creditors having claims against the said proprietor or his immovable property lying within the district of Bakarganj are required to submit the same in writing to the Court of Wards at the office of the Board of Revenue, Bengal, in Calcutta, within six months from the date of publication of this notice, and creditors are also hereby warned that claims not submitted as required by this clause of this notice are liable to be deemed to have been duly discharged.

(2) Under sub-section (i), section 10A of the said Act, as amended by Bengal Court of Wards Act I of 1906, that all creditors having claims against the said proprietor or his immovable property lying within the districts of the 24-Parganas and Khulna are required to submit the same in writing to the Court of Wards at the office of the Board of Revenue, Bengal, in Calcutta, within six months from the date of publication of this notice. And creditors are also hereby warned that claims not submitted as required by this clause of this notice are liable to be deemed to have ceased to carry any interest from the date of the expiry of the period aforesaid.

By order of the Board of Revenue, Bengal,

J. D. V. HONGE,

Officiating Secretary.

Calcutta, the 6th February 1920.

(403—3)

Notice.

IT is hereby notified for the information of the friends and the persons interested in the maintenance and preservation of the following monuments in the cemetery in the town of Faridpur (Bengal) that they have been so damaged as not to admit of repair and that steps may be taken by them within six months from the date of this notice for their renovation if they consider it desirable.

Particulars of the graves.

Plot No.	Name of deceased.	Description of monuments.
Grave No. 8.	William Thomas Burt.	A monument of brick-work, size 6' x 5' x 1'. Inscription:— Sacred to the memory of William Thomas Burt, died on May 11th, 1891. Aged 1 year 17 days.
Grave No. 12.	Not known.	Monument of brick-work, size 6' x 4' x 1'. Inscription:—Nil.

J. N. ROY, District Magistrate.

Faridpur, the 4th February 1920.

Notice.

THE Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund which is provisionally managed and assisted by Government has for its object the provision of monthly pensions for the maintenance of the widows and children of subscribers and is open, with certain exceptions, to all active and pensioned members of the Uncovenanted Service of Government (except those serving under the Government of Bombay), and to Local Fund servants earning pensions from Government. Some of the special features of the Fund are—(1) that widowed daughters incapable of remarriage or children labouring under such mental or bodily infirmities as incapacitate them from earning their livelihood or preclude the possibility of marriage (in case of a daughter) are admitted to its benefits; and (2) that subscribers to the Widows' and Daughters' branches are entitled to a refund of 30 per cent. of the premia paid, should the nominees predecease them after five years' of admission. The Fund is now of ten years' standing and has a balance of over three and-a-half lakhs with Government on four per cent. interest. For forms of applications and rules of the Fund apply to the Comptroller, India Treasuries, Imperial Secretariat Buildings, Calcutta.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases tried in this Court during the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back before 31st March 1920.

A. N. MUHAMMAD ALI,

Municipal Magistrate (2nd Court).

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases in the Court of the Municipal Magistrate, Calcutta, in the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back by the parties who filed them before 31st March 1920.

N. N. GUPTA,

Presidency and Municipal Magistrate.

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Custom House Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that if the duty, interest warehouse rent and all charges be not paid, within ten days from the date of this notice on 8 cases sherry-

marked



ex. SS. "Chinkoa" from London

Calcutta

bonded by Messrs. Frank Newell & Co. in the warehouse of the Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association, the goods will be sold by public auction under the provisions of section 119 of the Sea Customs Act.

A. H. LLOYD, Offg. Collector of Customs.

Calcutta, the 16th February 1920.

(500—2)

Corrigendum.

In line 5 of the **Serampore-Daily Electric License, 1920**, which has been published in page 192, Part II, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th February 1920, for "representatives", read "representations".

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 298802 of the 4 per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of Del Nath Sreemance and last endorsed to Tarak Nath Dutt, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—Tarak Nath Dutt.

Residence—5 & 6, Mirzaffar Lane, Calcutta.
(443—3—370)

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 109243 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-1 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of Prosad Das Boral & Bros., and last endorsed to Shaila Bala Debi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the advertiser—SHAILA BALA DEBI.

Residence—1-3, Ahiritola 1st Lane, Calcutta.
(453—3—368)

Lost or Stolen.

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos. 298623 and 298624 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 each, originally standing in the name of Gosthabihari Kar, and Government Promissory Notes Nos. 259393 and 259394 for Rs. 1,000 each and No. 258828 for Rs. 500 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865, standing in the name of Sib Prosad Kar, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Names of the Advertisers { GOSTHA BIHARI KAR.
SIVA PRASAD KAR.

Residence—Dinajpur.
(2307—3—302)

Stolen.

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos. 167313 for Rs. 100, and 167308 for Rs. 1,000 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43 originally standing in the name of B. K. Dotivala, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—B. K. Dotivala.

Residence—5, Dharamtola Street, Calcutta.
(380—3—345)

**In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), and
In the matter of the Marwarri Co., Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the expiration of three months from date, the name of the Marwarri Company, Limited, will, unless cause is shown to the contrary, be struck off the Register, and the Company will be dissolved.

W. STATHER HALE, Registrar of Companies,
under Act VII of 1913.
Calcutta, the 16th February 1920.

**In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), and
In the matter of the Jupiter Hosiery and Trading Company, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the expiration of three months from date, the name of the Jupiter Hosiery and Trading Company, Limited, will, unless cause is shown to the contrary, be struck off the Register, and the Company will be dissolved.

W. STATHER HALE, Registrar of Companies,
under Act VII of 1913.
Calcutta, the 16th February 1920.

**In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), and
In the matter of Messrs. Sirkor Brothers, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the expiration of three months from date, the name of Messrs. Sirkor Brothers, Limited, will, unless cause is shown to the contrary, be struck off the Register, and the company will be dissolved.

W. STATHER HALE, Registrar of Companies,
under Act VII of 1913.
Calcutta, the 16th February 1920.

**In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), and
In the matter of Griffiths Telegram Company, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the name of Griffiths Telegram Company, Limited, has this day been struck off the Register and that the Company is dissolved.

W. STATHER HALE, Registrar of Companies,
under Act VII of 1913.
Calcutta, the 16th February 1920.

**In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913) and
In the matter of Hotel Majestic, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the name of Hotel Majestic, Limited, has this day been struck off the Register, and that the Company is dissolved.

W. STATHER HALE, Registrar of Companies,
under Act VII of 1913.
Calcutta, the 16th February 1920.

Notice.

The next annual stock-taking of the Indian Law Reports kept at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot will commence on the 1st April, 1920. All issues of the said reports from the said Depot to subscribers and officials will be suspended during that month.

J. F. GRAHAM,
Sery. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

LEGISLATIVE DEPT.,
BOOK DEPÔT BRANCH;
The 8th December, 1919.

POST OFFICE.

Despatch of Sea-Borne Mails.

MAILS FOR—	Day or date of closing of mails.	LATEST HOURS OF POSTING AT THE G. P. O.			
		UNREGISTERED LETTERS AND PACKETS.		REGISTERED LETTERS AND PACKETS.	
		Without late fee.	With late fee.*	Without late fee.	With late fee.*
United Kingdom, Europe, Aden, Egypt, East and West Africa and America	Thursday Feb. 26 ...	P.M. 6-0	P.M. 7-0	P.M. 5-0	P.M. 5-30
Ceylon	Daily ...	4-0	4-30	3-30	4-0
Straits Settlements, French Indo-China, Federated Malay States, Philippine Islands, Netherlands India, Siam, China and Japan per SS. "Japan"	Feb. 17 ...	3-30	4-0	3-0	3-30
Burma	,, 18 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
Port Blair (Direct)	,, 24 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0

NOTE.—The latest date and hour for booking Money Orders and Parcels for the United Kingdom and foreign countries with which mail communication exists is 4 P.M. and 5-30 P.M., respectively, on Wednesday, the 25th February.

* The late fee is 4 annas for each registered or unregistered article of the Letter Mail to any place in the countries named above except for Aden, Burma, Ceylon and Port Blair, the late fee for which is ½ anna for unregistered articles and 2 annas for registered articles. Letters are accepted with late fee only on occasions when a direct mail is closed by the Calcutta G. P. O. for Foreign Countries.

When there is no direct mail from Calcutta, correspondence for South Africa and Mauritius posted up to 5-0 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. is despatched to Bombay for transmission by the first available steamer.

Calcutta G. P. O., the 16th February 1920.

C. D. RAY, Offg. Presidency Post Master.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE OF SANSKRIT MANUSCRIPTS.

PARTS I, II, and III of a Descriptive Catalogue of the Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Sanskrit College, prepared by Pandit Hrishikesh Basal and Mahesh Chandra Gai, M.A., B.L., of that College are offered to the public for sale. The Catalogue having to be completed in 28 parts, the price of each part is 12 annas a copy exclusive of postage. Copies can be obtained from the Principal of the Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

SULPHATE OF QUININE

SULPHATE OF CINCINONIDINE, CINCINONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.

MANUFACTURED AT

THE BENGAL GOVERNMENT CINCINONA PLANTATION.

OBTAINABLE FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

ALL articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids.

Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, Bihar, Punjab, and Assam on indents countersigned by the Civil Surgeon, and Missionaries for bona fide public purposes. It is not sold to private firms or the general public.

Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and $8\frac{1}{2}$ grain tablets and **Cinchonidine** are sold to Government officers and the general public, and is obtainable at the Principal Druggists in Calcutta.

Quinoidine (Pure Amorphous Alkaloid), and **Residual Alkaloid** (Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid) which contains about 40 per cent. Pure Amorphous Alkaloid, are sold to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. Residual Alkaloid is supplied in 1-lb., 5-lb., and 10-lb. boxes.

Terms.—Strictly cash in advance or V. P. P. transit charges must accompany all orders. Postage stamps are not accepted in lieu of cash.

Supplies.—Are dependent on stock in hand at time of order.

Rates from 16th May 1919 are as follows:—

" SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs and above in one delivery	...	Rs. 24 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs., but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	...	" 25 "
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	...	" 26 "
Supplied in 1-oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 1-lb., 4-lb., and $6\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. tins		

SULPHATE OF CINCINONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	...	" 12 "
Supplied in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.		

CINCINONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	...	" 6 "
Supplied in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.		

CINCINONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantities less than 6 lbs.	...	" 7 "
Supplied in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.		

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

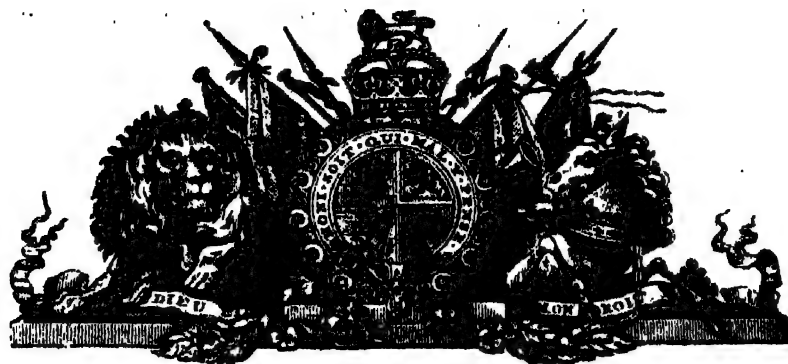
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs in one delivery	...	Rs. 4 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	" 7 "
Supplied in 1-lb. box		

Quinoidine in non-tablet form and Residual Alkaloids.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

NOTICE.

Advertisements, Notices, etc., intended for insertion in this Part of the Gazette cannot be received after noon on Monday.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1920.

PART IVA.

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council assembled under the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1915.

THE Council met in the Council Chamber at Government House, Calcutta, on Tuesday, the 3rd February, 1920, at 11 A.M.

Present :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE LAWRENCE JOHN LUMLEY DUNDAS,
EARL OF RONALDSHAY, G.C.I.E., *Governor of the Presidency of
Fort William in Bengal, presiding.*

The Hon'ble SIR HENRY WHEELER, K.C.I.E., C.S.I.

The Hon'ble MR. J. G. CUMMING, C.S.I., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble SIR CHARLES STEVENSON-MOORE, K.C.I.E., C.V.O.

The Hon'ble MR. H. L. STEPHENSON, C.S.I., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble MAJOR-GENERAL W. H. B. ROBINSON, C.B., I.M.S.

The Hon'ble MR. F. J. MONAHAN.

The Hon'ble MR. L. S. S. O'MALLEY, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble MR. G. N. ROY.

The Hon'ble MR. A. MARR.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. C. McALPIN.

The Hon'ble Mr. F. A. A. COWLEY, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. W. HORNELL, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. F. PAYNE.

The Hon'ble KHAN BAHADUR MAULVI AMINUL ISLAM.

The Hon'ble Mr. S. W. GOODE.

The Hon'ble HAITISHAM-UL-MULK RAIS-UD-DAULA AMIR-UL-OMRAH NAWAB
SIR ASIF QADR SAIYID WASIF 'ALI MIRZA KHAN BAHADUR
MAHABAT JANG, K.C.S.I., K.C.V.O., Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad.

The Hon'ble SIR RAJENDRA NATH MOOKERJEE, K.C.I.E.

The Hon'ble SIR NILRATAN SARKAR, Kt.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. H. H. ARDEN-WOOD, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble RAJA HRISHIKESH LAHA, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. CATHCART.

The Hon'ble Mr. PROVASH CHUNDER MITTER, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble BABU SIV NARAYAN MUKHARJI.

The Hon'ble KUMAR SHIB SHEKHARESWAR RAY.

The Hon'ble BABU BROJENDRA KISHOR RAY CHAUDHURI.

The Hon'ble Mr. ARUN CHANDRA SINGHA.

The Hon'ble SIR DEBA PRASAD SARBADHIKARI, Kt., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble RAI DEBENDER CHUNDER GHOSE BAHADUR.

The Hon'ble RAI RADHA CHARAN PAL BAHADUR.

The Hon'ble Mr. R. M. WATSON SMYTH.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. O. GRAZEBROOK, C.B.E.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. H. PHELPS.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. R. A. IRWIN, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble DR. ABDULLA-AL-MAMUN SUHRAWARDY.

The Hon'ble MAULVI ABUL KASEM.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. ASHRAF ALI KHAN CHAUDHURI.

The Hon'ble MAULVI A. K. FAZL-UL-HAQ.

The Hon'ble KHAN SAHIB AMAN ALI.

The Hon'ble BABU BHABENDRA CHANDRA RAY.

The Hon'ble RAI SRI NATH RAY BAHADUR.

The Hon'ble BABU AKHIL CHANDRA DATTA.

The Hon'ble RAI MAHENDRA CHANDRA MITRA BAHADUR.

The Hon'ble BABU SURENDRA NATH RAY.

The Hon'ble BABU KISHORI MOHAN CHAUDHURI.

Questions and Answers.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 1.

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.

The Hon'ble Mr. Catheart and the Hon'ble Mr. Grazebrook made an oath of their allegiance to the Crown.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 2.

STARRED QUESTIONS.

The following questions which had been starred were put and answered :—

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—

*1.

(a) Are the Government aware that the teachers of the Lower Primary and Upper Primary Schools in the district of Rajshahi are put to hardship on account of the unnecessarily long delay which occurs in paying their stipends regularly every month?

Payment of stipends of teachers in Lower Primary and Upper Primary Sch

(b) Is this the case in other districts of Bengal?

(c) Under what system are the stipends now paid?

(d) How many primary schools are under the control and supervision of each Sub-Inspector of Schools, and what control and supervision do the district boards exercise over these schools?

(e) Is there any reason why stipends could not be paid by the Sub-Inspectors directly on the bills submitted to them by the teachers within the first week of every month?

(f) Are all the Sub-Inspectors of Primary Schools bound to act under the direction and control of Deputy Inspectors of Schools?

(g) If so, in what particular matters are the Sub-Inspectors subordinate to the district boards?

(h) Is there any reason why the district boards should not have their own Sub-Inspectors to act under their direct control and supervision?

(i) Is any inconvenience felt under the present system of what appears to be duality of control over the Sub-Inspectors?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

(a) The answer is in the negative. Stipends in the Rajshahi district are paid quarterly to teachers of all Upper Primary and Lower Primary Schools, except the Board Primary Schools, in which they are paid monthly. The payment of stipends is delayed occasionally in the first quarter of the financial year, when the rates of stipends are revised.

(b) The procedure is the same in other districts of Bengal. No specific complaint regarding delay in payment has been received.

(c) Bills for stipends are drawn by Sub-Inspectors of Schools each quarter, and submitted to the District Board. The bills, when passed by the District Board, are presented through the treasury to the post office with money orders for the amounts due.

Questions and Answers.

(d) A Sub-Inspector has on the average about 200 Primary Schools under his supervision. The Hon'ble Member is referred to rule 12 of the educational rules issued by Government under clauses (j) and (q) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act regarding Primary Schools directly managed and maintained by a Board, viz.:—

Subject to the general control of the Department, the Board shall have with regard to these schools the following powers in addition to those conferred on it by section 62 of the Act:—

- (1) of deciding where new schools shall be opened, and the manner in which accommodation for them shall be provided. But no such school shall be opened without the sanction of the Director of Public Instruction, to be obtained through the Inspector;
- (2) of transferring or closing existing schools;
- (3) of fixing the class and the standard of instruction of every such school: the selection to be made from classes and standards recognized by the Department;
- (4) of fixing, subject to such limitations as may be from time to time prescribed by the Department, the rate of monthly admission and re-admission fees to be paid by pupils in every such school.

In schools directly managed by the District Boards the teachers are appointed, transferred or removed by the Boards. The Education Department prescribes a curriculum and issues a list of approved books, while the inspecting officers are officers of the Department and not of the Boards; but the Department exercises no direct control over the distribution of grants by the Boards, and the latter dispose of the recommendations of the inspecting officers and may increase or reduce the grants to aided schools.

(e) Since Sub-Inspectors of Schools do not control District Board money, they cannot pay stipends direct on the bills presented by the teachers. A further objection to the system of monthly payment would be the increase of work which would be thrown on the Sub-Inspectors, District Boards and post-offices, while each teacher *guru* would lose an anna monthly as the money order commission is deducted from stipends.

(f) The answer is in the affirmative.

(g) The relations of Sub-Inspectors of Schools to the Chairman of a District Board are defined by the following rules:—

(a) Sub-Inspectors of Schools are under the direct control of the Education Department, but at the same time they are required to work in co-operation with District Boards. They must, therefore, loyally carry out the orders of the Chairman of a District Board. In the case of any difficulty or doubt arising on this subject the matter may be referred to the Director of Public Instruction through the Inspector of Schools.

(b) The Chairman of a District Board may suspend a Sub-Inspector in anticipation of departmental approval. In that case he should, as soon as practicable, submit a report on the case to the Inspector of Schools.

(c) The Chairman of a District Board may transfer a Sub-Inspector within his district, with the concurrence of the Inspector of Schools. In special cases in which urgent action is required, the Chairman may transfer a Sub-Inspector, without reference to the Inspector, but in that case he should send information without delay to the Inspector.

Questions and Answers.

- (d) The Inspector will transfer Sub-Inspectors from one district to another within his division after consulting the Chairman of the District Boards.
- (e) Diaries and travelling allowance bills of Sub-Inspectors will be submitted to the Inspector of Schools through the Deputy Inspector and Chairman of the District Board. Diaries should be submitted in duplicate if the Chairman of the District Board desires to retain a copy.
- (f) Character rolls of Sub-Inspectors should be submitted by the Deputy Inspector to the Inspector of Schools through the Chairman of the District Board.

(h) The reasons for which the present system was instituted are explained in Government Circular No. 23, dated the 6th April, 1905, of which a copy is laid on the table.

(i) The answer is in the negative."

Circular No. 23, dated Calcutta, the 6th April 1905, referred to in the answer to question No. 1 (starred) asked at the meeting of Council on 3rd February 1920.

FROM—H. W. C. CAENDUFF, ESQ., C.I.E., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department,

TO—All Commissioners of Divisions.

I am directed to address you regarding the position occupied by Sub-Inspectors of Schools in relation to middle and primary education, and to communicate the following observations and orders of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor on the subject.

2. The Government of India have placed at the disposal of this Government a further annual special grant of Rs. 10,00,000 for the development of primary education in Bengal. It is proposed to expend this amount on the improvement of the primary education of Muhammadans, on the establishment of rural primary schools, on the construction of buildings for primary schools, and on the strengthening of the subordinate inspecting staff of the Province; and District Boards will chiefly be benefited by, and interested in, the expenditure. As you are aware, for years past the subordinate inspecting staff has proved to be inadequate, and the necessity for strengthening and improving it has been emphasised of recent years by the action taken in the direction of reducing the number of public examinations, insisting more upon examinations *in situ*, and generally raising educational standards. The need will be felt still more now that it is proposed to carry out further educational reforms for which the Government of India have given the special grant above referred to.

3. It is, therefore, proposed to sanction without delay the appointment of a number of additional Sub-Inspectors of Schools, and this at once raises the question how the existing subordinate inspecting staff should be dealt with. In their Resolution No. 199—211, dated the 11th March 1904, the Government of India have pointed out that the inspecting staff is the means whereby general supervision over tuitional matters may be exercised, and that the Government should look to inspecting officers for guidance and advice as to its methods; while in the same Resolution it is explained that, in withdrawing from direct management, it is essential that the Government should retain a general control by means of efficient inspection. Local bodies may, no doubt, well be entrusted with the direct management of schools; but the State ought, on the one hand, to set up a standard of its own, and on the other, to ascertain through inspection how far that standard is being attained.

4. Such a responsibility will be effectively discharged only if the State employs and depends upon officers of its own, and obviously this cannot be done unless the Sub-Inspectors hitherto employed under District Boards are transferred to, and placed under, the direct control of the Education Department. The arrangement which prevails in Bengal not only differs from that adopted elsewhere in India, but is also at variance with that in vogue in England; and, as has just been intimated in the budget speech of the Financial Secretary in the Bengal Legislative Council, it has been decided upon these grounds, as also in the interests of the Sub-Inspectors immediately concerned, (a) to re-transfer to the Service as soon as possible the existing body of Sub-Inspectors who were at one time Government servants, and (b), with the consent of the District Boards, which will, without doubt, readily be accorded, in view of the large additional

Questions and Answers.

grants which they may expect to receive, to convert into Government servants such Sub-Inspectors as have been appointed by the Boards. It will be necessary to make a small financial adjustment with the Boards to meet these altered circumstances by reducing the grant for primary education to the extent necessary to meet the salaries and allowances of the Sub-Inspectors so absorbed in the Education Department, and to grade the entire staff in one cadre. I am to request that this decision may be communicated without delay to all District Boards, in consultation with whom the Director of Public Instruction will be requested to work out the necessary details.

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—

***II.**

Erosion of the
town of Pabna
by the river
Padma.

(a) Is it a fact that representations have been made from time to time to the Government by the inhabitants of the town of Pabna about the erosion of the Padma and the threatened destruction of the town?

(b) Have the Government ascertained the extent of damage to the town of Pabna already caused by the Padma?

(c) Have the Government taken any steps, or if they have not, are the Government considering the desirability of taking immediate steps for the protection of the town from any further ravages by the Padma?

(d) If the answers to clause (c) are in the negative, will the Government be pleased to state the reasons for their inactivity in this matter?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

“(a) Yes.

(b) The town itself has not suffered damage at present; but encroachment has been made on certain hamlets and agricultural land in the neighbourhood of the town. The extent of the encroachment has been ascertained.

(c) Government have decided to construct a short length of protective revetment at a point on the river bank a little distance above the town which, it is hoped, may have the effect of diverting the main current of the river outwards on the southern bank and thereby cause scour on that side and avert the erosive tendency of the river opposite the town.

The proposed work is estimated to cost Rs. 2,60,000; and it is intended to complete the revetment before the coming flood season.

(d) The question does not arise.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—

***III.**

Recommendations of the Public Services Commission in regard to Deputy Superintendents of Police.

Will the Government be pleased to state whether the recommendations of the Public Services Commission with regard to Deputy Superintendents of Police are likely to be given effect to at an early date?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

“The Bengal Government have submitted to the Government of India their views on the recommendations of the Public Services Commission relating to Deputy Superintendents of Police. The orders of the Secretary of State, who will determine what action should be taken, are awaited.”

Questions and Answers.

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—

***IV.**

(a) Is it a fact that the District Board and Municipal accounts are now audited by a system known as test audit, i.e. accounts of any 4 months are audited, and that this is even done within a time limited by the department? Audit system of District Board and Municipal accounts.

(b) Is it a fact that the system of thorough auditing prevailed only a few years ago?

(c) Will the Government be pleased to state what are the reasons for this change in the audit system?

(d) Are the Government aware of an opinion that has been expressed that this system of test audit cannot give thoroughness which is essential in District Board and Municipal accounts?

(e) Are the Government considering the desirability of reintroducing the system of thorough audit?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

(a) to (e) Government are fully alive to the necessity for a thorough audit of the accounts of District Boards and Municipalities in order to detect and check laxity of supervision, dishonesty on the part of their executive staff and neglect of statutory rules as well as embezzlements and misappropriation of money. The accounts of these local bodies are audited for the whole year, but since 1916 there has been a test audit of payment vouchers for only four months of the year. The change was made as with the existing staff it was found to be impossible to audit the vouchers for the whole twelve months without work falling into arrears. A stringent test audit of vouchers is an efficient method of audit and has certain advantages over a full routine audit. No complaints have been made by the local bodies against the system and the efficiency of audit has not been impaired.

By the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur:—

***V.**

(a) Has the attention of the Government been drawn to the following paragraph which appeared in a letter from Sir Leonard Rogers in the issue of the Scientific Journal "Nature" of the 25th September last? Experiments on patients in hospital.

"With one exception, the cases in which I tried the gum solution were rather below the average severity, as is commonly the case in the rainy season, when the trial took place; yet several were lost which I should have expected to have recovered under hypertonic salines. Still more striking was the fact that instead of the great relief often resulting in sleep before the hypertonic saline injection is finished, the gum solutions were followed by increasing distress, difficulty of breathing, and cyanosis which soon compelled me to abandon their use. In view of the shortness of my trial, I decided not to publish my results at once, in the hope that others might be more successful; but I have now learned that my friend, Lieutenant-Colonel A. Leventon, I.M.S., has extensively tried gum solutions in accordance with Professor Bayliss's method at the Campbell Medical School Hospital, Calcutta, where well over one thousand cases have been treated in the first half of this year and Lieutenant-Colonel A. Leventon has authorised me to state, with various strengths of the purest gum arabic up to 7 per cent. his results have been in entire agreement with mine, and he has also had to abandon the method. He, too, noted the same distress and cyanosis which I saw, and the unexpected loss of not very serious cases under the treatment, clearly indicating that gum solutions do not meet the physiological needs of cholera cases."

Questions and Answers.

(b) Will the Government be pleased to state how many lives were actually lost through the experiments referred to above?

(c) Are the Government aware that there is an apprehension in the public mind that deaths are caused through risky experiments being performed on the patients in hospitals?

(d) Will the Government be pleased to state what steps, if any, they have in contemplation to prevent a repetition of such dangerous and risky experiments?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

“(a) to (d) The attention of Government has been drawn to the letter in question, which was quoted in an anonymous communication to a non-medical journal, with the apparent intention of conveying an entirely erroneous impression as to the facts.

The particular treatment referred to was proved by an eminent English physiologist, Professor W. M. Bayliss, D.Sc., F.R.S., to be of life-saving value in cases of shock due to loss of blood, and its trial in cholera cases was recommended by him in the medical press. It was tried by Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Leonard Rogers, in addition to the hypertonic saline treatment associated with his name (which has yielded such admirable results) in seven cases, and by Lieutenant-Colonel Leventon in five. Of these twelve cases, two were practically moribund on admission; of the remainder, two are described as ‘of more than average severity,’ six as ‘much collapsed,’ and two as ‘very severe.’ Of these ten cases, four were saved and six ended fatally. It is incorrect to insinuate that the mortality was enhanced by the adoption of Professor Bayliss’ treatment. The latter was a failure in the sense that it did not lead to an additional saving of life over and above that attributable to the hypertonic treatment alone.

The insinuation in the letter in question to the effect that lives are wantonly sacrificed in hospitals which people avoid as places to which they only go to die, is entirely disproved by the ever increasing attendance of patients and the wonderful results which have been attained in the reduction of mortality from certain diseases, conspicuously cholera. The insinuation is grossly unfair to the devoted labours of many of the medical officers of Government.

It is not proposed to take any further action in the matter.”

By the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur:—***VI.**

Hackney
riage
ement.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state the number of hackney-carriages registered since the removal of the Hackney-carriage Department from the Calcutta Corporation to the Commissioner of Police?

(b) What was the number of registrations when the department was under the control of the Corporation?

(c) Are the Government aware of the shortage of hackney-carriages in the town?

(d) Will the Government be pleased to state the number of hackney-carriages which have ceased to exist, and the number which have been discontinued since the transfer of the Hackney-carriage Department to the Police?

Questions and Answers.

(e) Are the Government aware of the fact that the Corporation used to depute two Inspectors of hackney-carriages daily—one to Howrah and another to Sealdah Station—to assist the public in securing carriages?

(f) Will the Government be pleased to state whether this practice is still continued? If not, why not?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

(a) The number of hackney carriages registered from the 15th July, 1919, when the Department was taken over by the Commissioner of Police, to the 21st January, 1920, is 1,561, viz.—

1st class	...	...	...	...	306
2nd class	...	...	...	...	862
3rd class	...	...	...	...	393

(b) The number was 2,708 on the 15th July, 1919, viz.—

1st class	...	...	...	...	373
2nd class	...	...	...	...	1,426
3rd class	...	...	...	...	909

(c) Yes. Many hackney carriages which were found unfit for public use are now under repairs.

(d) Licenses issued by the Corporation of Calcutta under the old Act ceased to be in force after the 30th September, 1919. Precise information as to the number which have been discontinued since the transfer of the control to the police cannot be given until the present registration is completed. From the 15th July, 1919, to the 30th July, 1919, thirty-nine licenses were cancelled.

(e) Yes.

(f) The new Act is not at present in force in the town of Howrah. The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is unable at present to depute an officer to Sealdah from his limited staff."

By the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur:—

***VII.**

(a) Is it a fact that a time scale of pay has recently been introduced in the Lower Division of the Bengal Secretariat?

(b) What are the maximum and minimum rates of pay and the rate of increment per annum?

(c) Has the pay of each clerk been fixed according to the number of years he has been in the service of Government?

(d) Is it a fact that many clerks have not benefited under this time scale as their past services have not been counted so as to enable them to have the full benefit of the scheme?

(e) Is it a fact that a time scale of pay has recently been sanctioned in the Lower Grade for the Accounts Offices, viz., the offices of the Accountant-General, Bengal; Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs; and Deputy Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs?

(f) If so, will the Government be pleased to state what are the rates of pay sanctioned in these offices and their maximum limit of increment ordinarily?

Increase of the scale of pay of the lower division clerks of the Secretariat.

*Questions and Answers.***Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—**

" (a) The proposition of a railway to connect Jessore with Faridpur is engaging the attention of the Railway Board under the Government of India. It is understood that construction is not contemplated at present.

(b) Yes.

(c) Yes.

(d) No decision has yet been made in regard to the location of the terminus of either route. The town of Faridpur is, however, at no great distance from the river Padma.

(e), (f), (h) and (i) The actual alignment on either route has not yet been settled; so that the allegations contained in these questions cannot be said to be facts.

(g) There is a steamer service in the neighbourhood of the markets named.

(j) Preliminary inquiries have been made and the information obtained has been communicated to the Government of India, with whom the matter now rests."

UNSTARRED QUESTIONS.

(Answers to which were laid on the table.)

By the Hon'ble Mr. H. R. A. Irwin: —

1.

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lera in the
districts
Northern
al.

(a) Are the Government aware of the serious and fatal epidemic of cholera which occurred in the tea districts of Northern Bengal, especially in the Darjeeling Terai, during April, May and June last?

(b) Will the Government be pleased to state whether any steps have been taken, in anticipation of the probable recrudescence of the disease during the next hot weather, when conditions are favourable for its propagation, to cope with and isolate it as far as possible?

(c) If not, will the Government be pleased to say whether they are considering the desirability of directing that the same shall be undertaken under the supervision of the Sanitary Commissioner of the province?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley: —

" (a) The answer is in the affirmative

(b) and (c) Copies of various notes on the prevention of cholera were circulated through the agency of the Darjeeling and Duars Planters' Associations to the managers of the tea gardens in the affected areas. Arrangements are being made by the Sanitary Commissioner for keeping in stock a supply of cholera vaccine for issue to the tea gardens on receipt of requisitions from them, and copies of the instructions for its use have been circulated."

By the Hon'ble Mr. H. R. A. Irwin:—

2.

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dition of
among.

(a) Has the attention of the Government been drawn to the insanitary conditions prevalent in the town of Kurseong testified to by the reports of Dr. C. A. Bentley, Sanitary Commissioner of Bengal, the late Dr. E. V. Dixon, late Civil Medical Officer, Kurseong, and Mr. J. A. L. Swan, I.C.S.,

Questions and Answers.

Deputy Commissioner of the district, and verified in the annual reports of the municipality for years past?

(b) Will the Government be pleased to state—

- (i) what steps are being taken to place the town in a more sanitary condition;
- (ii) what reply, if any, has been given to the proposals of the late Chairman, Mr. R B Addis, for the improvement of the town,
- (iii) what reply, if any, has been given to the request of the Commissioners for a grant from provincial funds to meet the expenses attendant on the appointment of a special sanitary officer for at least three years?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley: —

“(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) (i) Government have sanctioned a sewerage project for the town of Kurseong, and have given a grant of Rs 50,000 and a loan of Rs 30,000 towards the execution of the scheme. The work has been undertaken by the Sanitary Engineer and is in progress.

“(ii) The proposals of the late Chairman, Mr R B Addis, for the improvement of the town have been recently submitted to Government and are now under consideration.

“(iii) No proposal to that effect has been received by Government. It is understood that the Commissioner has pointed out to the Municipality that before such an officer can be entertained it is necessary that Part XI-B of the Bengal Municipal Act should be extended to the municipality. The Commissioner has accordingly requested the Municipal Commissioners to submit a proposal to extend Part XI B of the Bengal Municipal Act to the municipality.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:— •

3.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table a statement showing:— Girls' schools in Bengal.

- (i) all the girls' schools which now exist in Bengal in the district and subdivisional headquarters,
- (ii) the year in which they were started,
- (iii) the status of the schools (i.e., whether they teach up to Middle English or Matriculation standard),
- (iv) the number of girls on the roll, and
- (v) the amount of Government grant to each school?

(b) Will the Government be pleased to state the names of the district headquarter, which have no High School for girls?

(c) Are the Government considering the desirability of founding High English Schools for girls in those districts in which there are no such schools?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

“(a) A statement is laid on the library table

(b) There are high schools for girls at four of the district headquarters, viz., Dacca, Chittagong, Mymensingh and Darjeeling

Questions and Answers.

(c) When the enrolment of a girls' middle school at a district headquarters where there is no high school is sufficient to justify such a step, Government are prepared to consider sympathetically the question of raising its status to that of a high school."

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

4.

Evening classes at the coal-fields.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state the following particulars relating to "the evening classes at the coal-fields" referred to in reply to unstarred question No. 17 of the meeting of the 19th November, 1919:—

- (i) the number of such classes,
- (ii) the names of places where they are held,
- (iii) the course of instruction imparted,
- (iv) the number of teachers employed,
- (v) the qualifications of such teachers,
- (vi) the number of persons receiving instruction, and
- (vii) the total amount of money spent in the current year for such classes?

(b) What improvement, if any, do the Government contemplate making in these classes?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

"(a) (i) and (iii) There are two grades of evening classes, viz:—

(A) for English-knowing employes in the coal mines. The instruction is designed to prepare them for appearing at the colliery managers' examination (2nd class) which is conducted by a Board under the presidency of the Chief Inspector of Mines in India.

(B) for vernacular-speaking men employed in mines. The instruction is of a simple character and no definite syllabus is prescribed; the course is designed for sirdars and overmen hoping to become permit holders.

(ii) Classes of grade A are held at three centres in Bengal, viz., Deshergarh, Raniganj and Jamuria. Classes of grade B are held at two centres in Bengal, viz., Kalipahari and Charanpur.

(iv) Two teachers are employed in Bengal.

(v) Grade A classes are at present taught by a part time local lecturer, who is the manager of a large colliery.

Grade B classes are taught by the Instructor in Mine Surveying of the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.

(vi) The numbers enrolled during the last session were:—

Grade A	...	...	...	203
Grade B	...	...	...	37

It is not possible to give definite figures for the current session, as new students are constantly being enrolled.

(vii) The provision for these classes in the current year's budget is as follows:—

				Rs.
Grade A	...	...	...	8,000
Grade B	...	...	...	565

As the classes are still proceeding, an exact statement of the expenditure involved up to date cannot be given.

Questions and Answers.

(b) The improvements contemplated in these classes are on the lines recommended in 1914 by a Committee under the presidency of Sir D. J. MacPherson. A copy of the report of this Committee is laid on the library table."

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

5.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state what is the scheme now under the consideration of the Government for improved accommodation for Sibpur College?

Improved accommodation for Sibpur College.

(b) What amount has been actually allotted or is proposed to be allotted for the execution of the scheme?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

"(a) The scheme contemplates the acquisition and reclamation of land and the erection of new buildings for college purposes which will enable additional accommodation to be provided for the students and staff. The new buildings contemplated include a new barrack for Anglo-Indian students, an assembly and examination hall, an extension of the electro-technical laboratory, new cook-rooms, godowns and cooly lines

"(b) It is proposed to make an allotment of 2 lakhs for the purpose in 1920-21."

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

6.

Will the Government be pleased to state who are the proprietors of—

Proprietors of certain estates.

(1) the Meenglas Tea Estate in the district of Jalpaiguri.

(2) the Singaran-Toposi Collieries in the district of Burdwan, and

(3) the Banka Valley in the district of Burdwan?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

"(1) The Meenglas Tea Company, Limited.

(2) The Singaran Colliery belongs to the Singaran Coal Syndicate; the North Singaran Colliery belongs to Babu S. Chowdhury of Raniganj; and the Toposi Colliery is owned by the Bansra Coal Company, Limited.

(3) The Banka passes through several villages owned by the following proprietors:—

1. The Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan.
2. Babu Kirti Chandra Dan.
3. Babu Biswa Nath Tewari.
4. Dil Dey Debi.
5. Mahammad Abdus Samad.
6. Durges Nandini Debi.
7. The State of the late Raj Krishna Singh.
8. Saha Ali Mohammad.
9. Syed Mohammad Mohammad.
10. Chandra Sekhar Zemindari Company Limited.
11. Babu Nritya Gopal Sing.
12. Babu Akshoy Kumar Pal.
13. Babu Siba Das Chaudhury.
14. G. P. Militus, Esq.

Questions and Answers.

15. Syed Makbul Elahi.
 16. Abdul Ohid Bara.
 17. Babu Panchanan Nandi.
 18. Nanda Lal Bhaduri
 19. Babu Dina Bandhu Nandi "

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

7.

Expenditure by
 district boards
 on certain
 objects

Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table a statement showing what percentage of the total income of each district board in Bengal has been spent during the last five years on —

- (a) medical relief,
 (b) roads
 (c) khals,
 (d) tanks and wells, and
 (e) primary education?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

" Statements giving the information asked for under heads (a), (b) and (e) are laid on the table. It is regretted that it is not possible to furnish similar information in regard to heads (c) and (d) as statistics of the expenditure under those heads are not available "

Statement referred to in the Answer to Question No. 7 (unstated)

A.

Percentage of District Board income spent on General Medical Establishments and hospitals and dispensaries

DISTRICT BOARD	1914 15	1915 16.	1916 17	1917 18	1918 19.
Burdwan ...	5.5	7.1	4.8	5.6	5.4
Birbhum ...	9.9	6.3	17.3	7.4	9.1
Bankura ...	4.8	2.2	2.5	4.9	4.4
Midnapore ...	3.2	4.1	3.9	4.6	3.5
Hooghly ...	7.6	8.1	10.3	10.4	12.3
Howrah ...	5.2	7.8	6.2	6.8	7.2
24-Parganas ...	3.0	3.2	4.0	4.5	4.4
Nadia ...	5.0	6.9	6.4	4.6	5.8
Murshidabad ...	5.2	5.4	5.2	6.0	8.7
Jessore ...	5.2	6.4	5.2	5.6	5.9
Khulna ...	6.2	8.8	9.1	8.8	8.8
Dacca ...	14.7	12.0	13.5	12.1	12.8
Mymensingh ...	3.5	8.4	5.3	5.9	8.2
Faridpur ...	4.7	5.0	4.3	5.7	5.1
Bakarganj ...	8.7	7.3	7.7	7.7	7.8
Chittagong ...	6.5	8.4	6.8	6.7	6.1

Questions and Answers.

DISTRICT BOARD.			1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.
Tippera	...	...	6.3	4.9	4.6	5.4	5.6
Noakhali	...	...	5.1	6.2	5.9	7.0	8.6
Rajshahi	...	...	4.2	4.5	4.8	4.0	5.1
Dinajpur	...	...	5.1	3.7	3.4	4.1	4.3
Jalpaiguri	...	...	3.6	3.0	2.9	3.9	3.1
Rangpur	...	...	11.3	7.3	7.5	10.5	11.4
Bogra	...	...	4.7	6.3	7.3	7.4	8.9
Pabna	...	...	3.4	3.4	2.7	3.8	3.9
Malda	...	...	6.5	8.0	7.0	9.5	8.7

Statement referred to in the Answer to Question No. 7 (unstarred).

Percentage of District Board income spent on communications.

DISTRICT BOARD.			1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.
Burdwan	...	...	51.7	58.9	55.7	48.0	39.8
Birbhum	...	...	47.3	35.8	36.4	36.7	29.9
Bankura	...	...	37.0	13.9	15.4	28.4	27.3
Midnapore	...	...	39.1	46.6	53.3	47.5	51.8
Hooghly	...	...	43.6	47.9	42.2	40.9	36.4
Howrah	...	...	56.1	61.5	49.1	45.0	42.5
24 Parganas	...	...	47.3	70.3	67.8	37.1	30.0
Nadia	...	...	64.2	50.5	46.2	34.8	31.6
Murshidabad	...	...	62.3	46.1	45.2	43.4	31.4
Jessore	...	...	59.5	56.7	32.0	24.5	22.5
Khulna	...	...	38.7	51.4	40.2	39.8	36.6
Dacca	...	...	34.7	31.1	36.6	28.1	29.8
Mymensingh	...	...	51.0	59.8	54.2	49.5	39.3
Faridpur	...	...	38.0	29.8	42.8	27.2	29.0
Bakarganj	...	...	55.4	44.1	39.9	49.8	31.5
Chittagong	...	...	56.6	69.7	57.9	42.2	41.9
Tippera	...	...	28.5	30.9	24.7	25.5	31.0
Noakhali	...	...	37.2	50.1	30.2	30.1	34.7
Rajshahi	...	...	50.2	43.9	36.9	41.2	35.5
Dinajpur	...	...	50.0	56.0	53.0	46.4	32.0
Jalpaiguri	...	...	62.6	61.7	50.9	64.1	49.1

Questions and Answers.

DISTRICT BOARD.	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19
Rangpur	48.1	41.7	36.8	30.7	26.8
Bogra	38.6	27.9	27.8	35.7	31.0
Pabna	34.8	50.6	32.7	23.8	33.5
Malda	58.1	47.9	37.7	39.3	34.9

Statement referred to in the Answer to Question No. 7 (unstarred).

C.

Percentage of District Board income spent on Primary Education.

DISTRICT BOARD.	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19
Burdwan	6.2	11.3	9.2	9.8	10.0
Birbhum	8.0	12.2	16.9	16.7	20.0
Bankura	23.5	10.4	12.8	25.9	28.3
Midnapore	11.8	20.8	27.2	25.0	25.0
Hooghly	7.6	12.6	13.4	14.5	15.7
Howrah	12.1	24.3	16.6	17.2	19.1
24-Parganas	9.5	11.6	9.9	11.2	11.6
Nadia	12.2	15.0	16.9	19.3	11.2
Murshidabad	7.8	15.0	14.7	17.5	17.9
Jessore	10.4	21.4	16.2	9.3	15.0
Khulna	10.8	12.6	13.7	9.9	15.4
Dacca	31.8	25.4	27.3	26.4	28.8
Mymensingh	20.0	19.1	20.6	20.5	23.9
Faridpur	39.7	27.8	28.0	23.6	27.5
Bakarganj	18.8	17.8	17.6	18.9	20.5
Chittagong	16.4	18.4	18.7	20.6	25.1
Tippera	23.4	22.1	23.7	26.0	29.4
Noakhali	29.4	25.2	19.0	23.6	29.8
Rajshahi	17.6	25.2	21.5	7.7	24.2
Dinajpur	17.2	24.7	22.0	17.9	34.7
Jalpaiguri	20.3	19.5	18.3	20.0	17.4
Rangpur	23.1	25.9	23.0	22.9	23.2
Bogra	24.4	24.1	25.4	26.2	29.8
Pabna	22.2	20.6	23.5	21.0	28.0
Malda	17.5	17.8	17.4	20.6	20.8

*Questions and Answers.***By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—****8.**

Will the Government be pleased to state the following particulars about the Joint Technical Board, namely:—

The Joint Technical Board

- (a) the history of its formation, i.e., the facts and circumstances leading to its formation;
- (b) the ordinary functions of the Board;
- (c) the names of the members of the Board; and
- (d) the remuneration or emolument of the members?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

“(a) Prior to the formation of the Joint Technical Examination Board, the overseer and sub-overseer examinations of the Apprentice Department of the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, were conducted by members of the staff of that College, and until 1902 all institutions in the old provinces of Bengal and Eastern Bengal and Assam teaching up to the overseer or sub-overseer standards took these examinations. In the year 1902 the Bihar School of Engineering was given permission to conduct its own examinations independently of the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur. The certificates, awarded to successful students of the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, and of all the technical schools affiliated to it, were signed by the Principal of the Sibpur College, while those awarded to successful students of the Bihar School of Engineering were signed by the Principal of the Patna College and countersigned by the Director of Public Instruction. Thus overseer and sub-overseer certificates were awarded on the results of two different sets of examinations, controlled by two practically independent bodies, viz., the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, and the Bihar School of Engineering. It was considered desirable that the certificates should represent similar qualifications throughout the two provinces and this result could not be attained unless the examinations were controlled by a single authority. It was also felt that technical education had outgrown the then system of examinations and that the latter should be improved. In these circumstances the Board was first constituted in 1908.

(b) The functions of the Board are,—

- (i) to control the overseer and sub-overseer examinations in Bengal and Bihar and Orissa, and such other examinations as may from time to time be placed under the control of the Board.
- (ii) to notify the results of these examinations to the respective Governments and also to the institutions affiliated to the Board.
- (iii) to appoint examiners for these examinations.
- (iv) to receive and consider the reports of examiners.
- (v) to issue to candidates successful at these examinations certificates signed by the President of the Board and also to issue practical training course certificates to those candidates who have completed recognised courses of practical training to the satisfaction of the Board; and
- (vi) to advise Government with reference to the syllabuses of studies to be followed in the classes preparing for examinations conducted by the Board.

(c) The members of the Board are—

Ex-officio President.

1, Chief Engineer, Roads and Buildings Branch, Public Works Department, Bengal.

*Questions and Answers.**Ex-officio Members.*

2. Superintending Engineer, Eastern Circle.
3. Principal, Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
4. Principal, Bihar School of Engineering.
5. Head Master, Dacca School of Engineering
6. Superintending Engineer, Sone Circle, Arrah

Ex-officio Secretary.

7. Superintendent of Industries and Inspector of Technical and Industrial Institutions, Bengal.

(d) The members receive no remuneration or emoluments for their duties in connection with the Board "

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

9.

Post of
Assistant
Surgeon,
Narayanganj
Victoria
Hospital.

(a) Is it a fact that it has been proposed to abolish the post of Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Narayanganj Victoria Hospital?

(b) Are the Government aware that the people of Narayanganj are very strongly against the proposed abolition?

(c) Are the Government considering the desirability of dropping the proposal?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Mar:—

" (a) There is no proposal before Government for the abolition of the post of assistant surgeon at Narayanganj. An application was submitted by the Secretary, European Doctor's Fund, Narayanganj, to the Surgeon-General (through the Civil Surgeon of Dacca) to the effect that the European doctor maintained by private subscriptions might be appointed to the charge of the Narayanganj hospital and jail in place of the assistant surgeon. The municipality has been asked to express their opinion regarding the proposal.

(b) A copy of a resolution adopted at a meeting of the Bar Association, Narayanganj, protesting against the abolition of the post of assistant surgeon has been received.

(c) Government are awaiting the opinion of the Narayanganj municipality."

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

10.

The Subordinate
Civil Service.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state what action has been taken for the improvement of the pay and prospects and terms and conditions of service of the Subordinate Civil Service in Bengal in accordance with the resolution moved by the Hon'ble Babu S. N. Ray and agreed to by Government in this Council on the 4th July, 1919?

(b) Has any scheme been formulated regarding the pay and the conditions of promotion relating to the above service?

Questions and Answers.

(c) Will the Government be pleased to state whether they are prepared to invite public opinion and the opinion of the members of the service concerned on any scheme which has been or may be formulated for the Subordinate Civil Service as has been done in the case of the Provincial Services in Bengal?

(d) Have the Government considered the recommendations in the report on the Indian Constitutional Reforms regarding the Subordinate Services to which the attention of this Council was drawn by the Hon'ble Babu S. N. Ray in his resolution on the 4th July, 1919?

(e) If not, have the Government any such proposals now under consideration in connection with the improvement of the Subordinate Civil Service in Bengal?

(f) If the amalgamation of the Subordinate Civil Service with the Provincial Executive Service be not considered practicable by Government now, will the Government be pleased to state whether they intend to consider the recommendations of the Public Services Commission on the subject of the pay of the services manned by graduates, having in view the observations made by the Hon'ble Mr. Kerr in his reply to the resolution moved by the Hon'ble Babu S. N. Ray?

(g) Will the Government be pleased to state whether they have considered the question of the introduction of a time scale pay for the Subordinate Civil Service, as referred to by the Hon'ble Mr. Kerr in reply to the resolution mentioned above?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

"(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) The orders of the Government of India regarding the future recruitment, emoluments and conditions of service of the Provincial Civil Service have not yet been received, and the general position is still as stated by the Hon'ble Mr. Kerr in his speech on the resolution referred to namely, that no substantial investigation of the problem of the future of the Subordinate Civil Service can be taken up until the orders regarding the service to which it is ancillary have been received. Government have, however, in the meantime undertaken a preliminary review of the problem, and are now engaged in formulating such conclusions as are possible regarding the future recruitment work and emoluments of the Subordinate Civil Service. Commissioners and heads of departments, at their conference in October last, furnished Government with their views on several leading points that were referred to them; a more detailed examination is now in process, and further action will be decided upon on its completion. Full consideration will be given to all relevant recommendations contained in the report of the Public Services Commission and the report on Indian Constitutional Reforms."

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

11.

With reference to the assurance given by the Hon'ble Mr. Kerr to this Council on the 4th July, 1919, that the question of promotion from the Subordinate Service to the Provincial Service was already under the consideration of Government and that the matter would be taken up almost immediately, will the Government be pleased to state what action has been taken in this connection?

The Subordinate Civil Service.

*Questions and Answers.***Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—**

“ Shortly after the date of the speech referred to, the local Government submitted to the Government of India their proposals regarding the future recruitment of the Provincial Civil Service. These included a proposal as to the proportion of recruitment which should be made by promotion from the Subordinate Civil Service.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

The Subordinate
Civil Service.

12.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state the present qualifications for the promotion of an officer of the Subordinate Civil Service to the Provincial Service?

(b) Will the same qualifications apply in future?

(c) Will the Government be pleased to state the principle on which an officer of a comparatively lower grade in the Subordinate Service is promoted to the higher service in supersession of the officers of the higher grades?

(d) Upon what principle were the promotions made during the last 3 years?

(e) Is there any age bar to promotion from the Subordinate to the Provincial Service?

(f) If so, will the Government be pleased to lay on the table a statement showing the names of officers in the Subordinate Civil Service with their present grades, who have been considered ineligible for promotion owing to such bar, from the year 1916 to 1919, year by year?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

“(a) There are no prescribed qualifications. Officers are selected for promotion on a review of the general merits of their work and of the likelihood of their usefulness in the higher service.

(b) No decision as to future rules has yet been arrived at.

(c) The answer is contained in the answer to (a) above.

(d) On the principle stated in the answer to (a) above.

(e) Yes. Rule 6 of the rules for the recruitment of the executive branch of the Provincial Civil Service lays down that an officer nominated for appointment by promotion from another branch of Government service should not ordinarily exceed the age of 40.

(f) Government do not consider it is in the public interest to lay such a statement on the table.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

Promotion of
Deputy
Magistrates
vested with
District powers.

Will the Government be pleased to state whether the instructions issued in their letter No. 3885 A., dated Calcutta, the 8th August, 1911 (published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 16th April, 1919), to Commissioners of

Questions and Answers.

Divisions on the subject of promotion of Sub-Deputy Magistrates vested with 1st class powers to the rank of Deputy Magistrate and Collector within the next 2 or 3 years from the time of their investment with such powers, have been acted upon?

(b) If so, will the Government be pleased to state whether all the Sub-Deputy Magistrates vested with 1st class powers from the year 1911 to 1917 have been promoted?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

“(a) The instructions referred to were acted upon until conditions arising out of the war necessitated the investing with 1st class powers of a larger number of Sub-Deputy Magistrates. A reference is invited to the answer given by the Hon'ble Mr. Kerr to unstarred question No. 7 at the meeting of the Council held on the 3rd April, 1919.

(b) All the Sub-Deputy Magistrates vested with 1st class powers from the year 1911 to 1917 have not been promoted.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

14.

Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table:—

- (i) a statement showing the names of the Sub-Deputy Magistrates vested with 1st class powers, their places of posting, and the work on which they were employed in the two preceding years (1918 and 1919);
- (ii) a statement, year by year, showing the number of criminal cases tried and committed to the Court of Sessions, with the number of witnesses examined by the Sub-Deputy Magistrates with 1st class powers at the stations to which they were posted, in the two years mentioned above;
- (iii) a statement, year by year, showing the number of criminal cases tried and committed to the Court of Sessions, with the number of witnesses examined by the Subdivisional Officers of those subdivisions to which Sub-Deputy Magistrates with 1st class powers were also posted, in the two years mentioned above?

Names, etc., of
Sub-Deputy
Magistrates
vested with 1st
class powers.

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

“(i), (ii) and (iii) A statement showing the names of Sub-Deputy Magistrates now possessing 1st class powers and the stations to which they are at present posted is laid on the table. The further statements asked for would take a considerable time to procure (in consultation with local officers), and it does not appear that their usefulness would justify the trouble involved in their compilation. Government do not therefore propose to furnish these statements.”

Questions and Answers.

Statement referred to in the Answer to Question No. 14 (unstarred) of the meeting of the 3rd February 1920.

No.	Names of Sub-Deputy Magistrates possessing first class powers.	Station to which posted.
1	Babu Sharat Chandra Chatterjee ...	Sirajganj, Pabna.
2	„ Birendra Kumar Basu ...	Pirojpur, Bakarganj.
3	„ Harish Chandra Sarkar ...	Barrackpore, 24-Parganas.
4	Maulvi Ahmad Ali ...	Birbhum.
5	Babu Radhika Mohan Basak ...	(On leave).
6	„ Atul Bihari Gosain ...	Burdwan.
7	„ Prakash Chandra Dutt ...	Asansol, Burdwan.
8	„ Amulya Krishna Dutt ...	Tamluk, Midnapore.
9	„ Rajendra Lal Acharji ...	Dacca (transferred temporarily to Patuakhali).
10	Maulvi A. F. M. Muhammad Mahmud ...	Khulna.
11	Babu Hari Charan Banerji ...	Alipur, Jalpaiguri (on leave).
12	„ Upendra Mohan Basu ...	Bogra.
13	„ Bankim Bihari Mitra ...	(On leave).
14	Mr. A. J. L. Mitra ...	Serampore, Hooghly.
15	Babu Manindra Nath Basu ...	Naogaon, Rajshahi.
16	„ Tarapada Bhattacharji ...	Burdwan.
17	Maulvi Muhammad Ibrahim ...	Magura, Jessore.
18	Babu Surendra Mohan Mitra ...	Dacca.
19	„ Kali Chandra Mukharji ...	Patuakhali, Bakarganj.
20	„ Kamini Mohan Das Gupta ...	Bagerhat, Khulna.
21	„ Rebati Raman Barua ...	Noakhali.
22	„ Phani Husan Chakrabatti ...	Howrah.
23	„ Suresh Chandra Nandi ...	Calcutta.
24	„ Narendra Narayan Chakrabatti ...	Tippera.
25	Maulvi Muhammad Yahya ...	Chittagong.
26	„ Jamiluddin Ahmad ...	Nadia.

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

15.

Export of cattle
side

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state whether any cattle have been exported out of Bengal during the last five years?

Questions and Answers.

(b), If so—

(i) by whom,

(ii) to what countries,

(iii) for what purpose, and

(iv) to what extent?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

“(a) Cattle have been exported from Calcutta during the last 5 years. It is not known whether any of these came from Bengal or not. The breeds preferred in the Brazilian trade come from Gir and Gujarat.

(b) (i) The principal exporters are Joakim Nahapiet and Company and the Straits Live Stock Company.

(ii) A statement is laid on the table.

(iii) It is understood that they are exported for breeding purposes.

(iv) See answer to (ii).”

Statement referred to in the Answer to Question No. 15 (unstarred) of the meeting of the 3rd February, 1920, showing the number of cattle exported from Calcutta to Foreign Countries during the years from 1914-15 to 1919-20 (April to December).

	1914-15	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19	1919-20 (April to December).
	No	No.	No	No	No	No.
Straits Settlements ...	287	335	634	160	268	256
Mauritius ...	...	...	14	...	...	...
Fiji Islands ...	...	...	4	...	...	...
Brazil ...	...	...	115	90	258	102
Sumatra ...	...	...	...	119	...	204
Java ...	...	...	...	6	...	10
Philippines ...	...	...	...	...	700	80
Maldives ...	1	4	...	...	...	...
British West India Islands ...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Austria-Hungary ...	4	...	...	...	...	...
France ...	...	...	...	...	...	90
Total ...	293	339	757	375	1,226	742

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE,

The 22nd January 1920.

C. H. JOSEPH,

Superintendent,
Statistical Department.

A. BURRUP,

Assistant Collector for
Statistics.**By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—****16.**

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state whether milk, butter, ghee and meat (preserved and unpreserved) have been exported out of Bengal during the last five years?

Export of milk,
butter, ghee and
meat outside
Bengal

(b) If so, to what countries and to what extent?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

“(a) No milk has been exported. Preserved meat has been exported to a small extent, but figures have not been kept. Butter and Ghee have been exported.

(b) Two statements are laid on the table.”

Questions and Answers.

Statement referred to in the Answer to Question No. 16 (unstarred) of the meeting of 3rd February 1920, shewing the quantities of "Ghee" exported from the Presidency Bengal in each official year from 1914-15 to 1919-20 (April to December).

Countries to which exported.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	April to December 1919-20
	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.
United Kingdom	50,098	62,810	42,244	13,067	.....	13,4
Maldives	6,832	12,964	2,992	7,046	4,928	.....
Ceylon	29,768	13,396	20,611	22,719	7,405	3,8
Straits Settlements	1,892,735	1,964,683	1,692,262	1,361,432	929,726	608,6
Federated Malay States	15,764	16,067	6,970	.....	.....	.....
Hong Kong	313,436	199,737	196,402	246,063	165,083	166,4
British Borneo ... ..	.....	.....	.....	7,675	4,100	.....
Egypt ... ..	.....	8,340	10,386	100,450	123,118	22,4
Cape Colony	48,311	40,960	16,265	128,175	13,844	1
Natal	247,455	185,716	85,502	274,042	205,314	70,4
Transvaal ... ..	.....	.....	.....	9,384	.....	.....
Rhodesia ... ..	.....	.....	.....	410	.....	.....
Mauritius and Dependencies	208,593	224,998	217,670	234,741	39,070	122,
British West India Islands	89,346	153,035	231,467	47,510	203,153	.....
British Guiana	156,363	185,869	235,950	16,426	112,634	36,
New South Wales	19,710	62,358	27,923	1,971	6,112	1,
Fiji Islands	177,986	111,575	251,223	204,429	167,436	77,
New Zealand ... ..	.....	4,107	.....	.....	.....	.....
Philippines ... ..	.....	.....	.....	2,762	8,010	4,
Sumatra	1,982	8,170	.....	.....	.....	.....
Java	21,856	20,406	21,308	17,427	54,498	52,
Celebes, etc ... ..	.....	.....	1,971	.....	.....	.....
Siam	67,092	63,080	72,636	38,387	18,295	27
China	68,189	80,271	190,286	130,469	69,076	49
Japan	202	904	1,162	6,150	4,196	.....
Portuguese East Africa	5,600	3,489	1,441	26,044	52,230	...
Dutch Guiana	5,494	6,899	5,663	.....	7,878	...
Madagascar ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	410	...
Total	3,428,772	3,594,284	3,342,535	2,896,769	2,196,458	1,25

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE,

The 22nd January 1920.

C. W. JOSEPH,

Superintendent,
Statistical Department.

A. BURRUP,

Assistant Collector for
Statistics.

Questions and Answers.

Statement referred to in the Answer to Question No. 16 (unstarred) of the meeting of the 3rd February, 1920, showing the quantities of butter exported from the Presidency of Bengal in each official year from 1914-15 to 1918-19 and nine months of 1919-20.

Countries to which exported.	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19	Nine months of 1919-20
	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.
United Kingdom ...	...	...	...	...	...	48
Straits Settlements ...	4,460	344	698	2,600	61	...
Hong Kong ...	26	.	12	...	10,362	...
Mauritius ...	...	..	...	3,780	...	...
Belgium ...	...	...	...	..	...	56
Java ...	...	200	...	..	...	...
Total ...	4,486	584	710	6,380	10,423	104

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE,

The 22nd January 1920.

C. H. JOSEPH,

Superintendent,
Statistical Department.

A. BURRUP.

Assistant Collector for
Statistics.

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

17.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state how many Indians have been appointed to the Preventive Service since 1910, when the department was thrown open to Indians by the Secretary of State? Appointment of Indians to the Preventive Service.

(b) Is it a fact that only one Indian has been appointed as Preventive Officer, and that also very recently?

(c) Is it also a fact that a number of Indians, including some members of the Bengali Regiment, have applied for appointment in the Preventive Department?

(d) Is it also a fact that the Collector of Customs has informed them that he will wait to see how the one Indian who has been appointed acquits himself before he appoints any more Indians?

(e) Will the Government be pleased to state the reasons why the orders of the Secretary of State have not been given effect to in this connection?

(f) Are the Government considering the desirability of formulating a definite scheme to ensure that the orders of the Secretary of State passed in this behalf in 1910 will be given effect to?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

(a) Two, both recently.

(b) See reply to (a).

(c) Yes.

Questions and Answers.

(d) The Collector of Customs recollects making no such statement. There are, however, good grounds for watching the results of these recent appointments.

(e) and (f) This depends altogether on whether, when vacancies occur, applications are received from Indians with the necessary qualifications. In future all vacancies in the Preventive Service will be advertised in the principal Calcutta newspapers."

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

18.

Bengal officers
and Articles
202 (c) and 375
of the Civil
Service
Regulations.

(a) Is the service of a probationary or officiating Sub-Deputy Collector taken into consideration in counting the period of two years mentioned in articles 202 (c) and 375 of the Civil Service Regulations?

(b) Is it a fact that the three conditions mentioned in the said articles were imposed on the analogy of the rules regulating cases of Police Probationers and temporary and officiating Assistant Superintendents of Police?

(c) Is it a fact that the first two of the above mentioned three conditions do not now apply to the Police Probationers and temporary and officiating Assistant Superintendents of Police?

(d) Is it a fact that the temporary Kanungos in the Settlement Department count their service towards leave and pension from the date of their appointment if they are subsequently promoted to be Sub Deputy Collectors and Deputy Collectors?

(e) Are the Government considering the desirability of moving the Government of India to dispense with the first two conditions of articles 202 (c) and 375 of the Civil Service Regulations so far as they apply to Bengal officers?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

"(a) The answer is in the affirmative

(b) The concession allowed in 1886 to temporary and officiating Assistant Superintendents of Police of counting their service towards leave and pension, provided that they have passed their examinations and served two years in the department, was extended in 1899 to members of the Provincial Executive Service, and in 1914 to the Subordinate Executive Service.

(c) In the altered conditions of the Police service Articles 202 (c) and 375 no longer apply to it.

(d) The answer is in the affirmative.

(e) The question is under consideration with regard to the Provincial Executive Service in connection with the recommendations of the Public Services Commission."

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

19.

Release of
political
prisoners.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state whether all the political offenders in Bengal, including those detained under the Defence of India Act and Bengal Regulation III of 1818, have been released in accordance with His Gracious Majesty's Royal Proclamation?

(b) If not, will the Government be pleased to publish a list giving the names and number of those who are still under detention?

*Questions and Answers.***Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—**

" (a) The Hon'ble Member is referred to the answer to question No. 41.

(b) Government are not prepared to publish the names of the persons still in detention."

By the Hon'ble Babu Brejendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri: -**20.**

(a) Is it a fact that there are two hostels of the Dacca College—one the Dacca College Hostel, the other the Secretariat Hindu Hostel? Dacca College Hostels.

(b) Is it a fact that there was a distinct understanding between the Government and the College authorities that no student would be forced to live in the Secretariat Hostel so long as there was a vacancy in the main hostel?

(c) Will the Government be pleased to state how many seats were vacant at the beginning of the last session (i.e., July 1918), in the two hostels, how the seats were filled up, and how many seats were vacant throughout the last session, separately, in each of the two hostels?

(d) Is it a fact that some students were compelled to join the Secretariat Hostel?

(e) Is it a fact that the students in the main hostel were not required to pay seat-rents previous to August, 1918?

(f) Is it a fact that Mr. F. C. Turner, Principal of the College, has imposed seat-rents in the main hostel?

(g) Will the Government be pleased to state whether such seat rents have been sanctioned by the Government? If so, from what date was such sanction given?

(h) Is it a fact that the seat-rents have been realized since July 1918? If the sanction of the Government was given later than that date, will the Government be pleased to state on what authority the Principal enforced the realization of these payments?

(i) Is it a fact that the same Principal, Mr. F. C. Turner, realized the college fee at the rate of Rs. 9 without the sanction of the Government last year and that the money had to be refunded?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

" (a) In addition to the two hostels mentioned, there is a Muhammanadan hostel in the Eastern Bengal and Assam Secretariat buildings.

(b) The answer is in the negative.

(c) The number of vacancies was as follows:—

				July, 1918.	Throughout the Session
College Hostel	...	...	...	17	3
Hindu Hostel	...	...	...	77	38

The vacancies were filled by students newly joining the college

(d) The answer is in the affirmative.

(e) The answer is in the affirmative.

(f), (g) and (h) With the consent of the Divisional Commissioner, who is the President of the Governing Body of the College, the Principal has been realizing seat rents from September 1918 in anticipation of Government

Questions and Answers.

sanction. The matter has been referred to Government and is under their consideration.

(i) The Governing Body of the Dacca College made proposals in April, 1918, that the ordinary fee of the College should be raised from Rs. 6 to Rs 9 per mensem, with effect from the beginning of the session, and that 20 per cent of the admissions should be made at the concession rate of Rs. 3 per mensem. When the admissions were made, no reply had been received to the letter embodying these proposals, and students who were admitted paid at the rate of Rs. 9 on the distinct understanding that the balance of Rs 3 would be returned to them if Government did not accept the proposal of the Governing Body. Rupees 3 was accordingly refunded on receipt of orders from Government disapproving of the proposal."

By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:--

21.

Will the Government be pleased to make a statement showing the number of primary schools in each of the estates under the Court of Wards and also in the Maharaja Tagore's estates under Government?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

"A statement is placed on the table showing the number of primary schools in each of the estates under the Court of Wards, which are in receipt of a grant or contribution from the estates. The rest of the question concerns the private affairs of a private individual, which do not affect the public, and Government are not prepared to make public information about them."

Statement referred to in the answer to question No. 21 (unstarred) showing the number of primary schools in each of the estates under the Court of Wards which are in receipt of grants or contribution from the estates.

District	Name of Estate	Number of primary schools.
Midnapore	Pachetgarh	10
Ditto	Jhargram	18
Hooghly	Boinchee B. L. Mukharji Trust Estate.	13
24-Parganas	Gobardanga	2
24-Parganas and Jessore	Janbazar No. I.	18
Murshidabad	Kasimbazar Ward	13
Khulna	Syedpur Trust	27
Dacca	Nawab Family estates	2
Do.	Rhawal	61
Mymensingh	Santosh six annas	1
Bakarganj	Dakshin Shahabaspur	4
Ditto	Deb Nath Datta	1
Ditto	Khantakhali	1
Chittagong	Raj Kissen Banarji	8
Ditto	Ram Ratan Tewari	1
Ditto	Salamat Ali Khan	3
Tippera	Kasimbazar (Sarakil)	17
Noakhali	Kalitara Sen Gupta	1
Dinaajpur	Churaman	25
Ditto	H. C. Boral	2
Ditto	J. C. Boral	2
Ditto	Janbazar No. II.	20
Ditto	Majdiha	1
Rangpur	Kasimbazar Ward	2

Primary schools under the Court of Wards.

*Questions and Answers.***By the Hon'ble Babu Brejendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—****22.**

(a) Will the Government be pleased to publish a report on the sanitary condition of the Manikganj subdivision and the steps taken to improve it, in continuation of the report which has been published as Appendix "G" to the Proceedings of the Council, dated 14th March, 1918?

Sanitary condition of Manikganj, Tangail and other areas in the Dacca Division

(b) Will the Government be pleased to publish a similar report in regard to the Tangail subdivision, and other insanitary areas within the Dacca division?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

"(a) and (b) A report on the sanitary condition of the Tangail subdivision is laid on the library table. Government regret that the staff at their disposal is not sufficient to enable a complete sanitary survey to be made of the Manikganj subdivision and other insanitary areas in the Dacca Division."

By the Hon'ble Babu Brejendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—**23.**

Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table an account of the work done by the Director of Industries since his appointment, particularly in the following directions:—

Work done by the Director of Industries.

- (i) carrying on a survey of the industrial resources and possibilities of Bengal;
- (ii) guiding the industrial enterprises started after the cessation of the war by giving them information and advice,
- (iii) encouraging the manufacture by demonstration and pioneering of those articles that were being imported from Germany and Austria before the war?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

"A copy of the Administration Report of the Director of Industries is placed on the library table."

By the Hon'ble Babu Brejendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—**24.**

(a) Will the Government be pleased to say whether the Director of Industries was also the Controller of Munitions and the Meteorologist of Bengal till the end of the last calendar year?

The Director of Industries

(b) How much was he drawing as salary in the different capacities?

(c) How much has been spent for the Department of Industries up to the end of 1919?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

"(a) The Director of Industries, Bengal, is *ex-officio* the Controller of Munitions of the province. In April 1919, when Mr. J. C. K. Peterson, the Director of Industries, went on leave, Mr. D. B. Meek, who had been the Assistant Controller of Munitions and who had been allowed to retain his previous appointment as the Meteorologist of Calcutta, was appointed as

Questions and Answers.

Officiating Director of Industries and Controller of Munitions, Bengal, up to the end of the last calendar year. Mr. Meek was allowed to work as the Meteorologist in addition to his double functions of Director of Industries and Controller of Munitions.

(b) The pay of the Director of Industries, Bengal, was Rs. 2,800 per month. Mr. Meek used to get the following salaries:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Pay as Assistant Controller of Munitions ...	900	0	0
Acting allowance as Officiating Director of Industries, Bengal ...	1,066	10	8
As Meteorologist, Calcutta ...	410	0	0
As Controller of Munitions ...	Nil		

(c) A sum of Rs. 42,661 has been spent on the Department of Industries up to the end of 1919."

By the Hon'ble Babu Brijendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—

25.

Carrying out of the recommendations of the Indian Industrial Commission.

Will the Government be pleased to state which of the recommendations of the Indian Industrial Commission the Director of Industries intends to carry out in the immediate future and what arrangements have been or are going to be made for the purpose?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

"The Director of Industries has submitted certain proposals, which are now under the consideration of Government, but there are various points still unsettled."

By the Hon'ble Babu Brijendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—

26.

The Director of Industries

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state whether it is a fact that Mr J. C. K. Peterson, I.C.S., was appointed Director of Industries in 1918 and took leave shortly after for a year and that he subsequently resigned and joined service under a private Company?

(b) Is it also a fact that Mr. D. B. Meek, formerly Professor of Physics in the Presidency College, Calcutta, who was Assistant Controller of Munitions, became Controller of Munitions and Officiating Director of Industries and remained all the time the Meteorologist of Calcutta?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

"(a) Yes.

(b) Yes."

By the Hon'ble Babu Brijendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—

27.

Text-books in this Government Zilla Schools in the Presidency and Bardwan Divisions.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state whether it is a fact that the text-books in the Government Zilla Schools of the Presidency and Bardwan divisions are different?

(b) If so, why?

(c) Are the Government considering the desirability of prescribing a uniform standard at least for those two divisions pending the proposed unification of curricula and revision of text-book rules throughout the province?

*Questions and Answers.***Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—**

“(a) and (b) Head masters of secondary schools have been authorized by Government to select and prescribe text-books from the approved list. No uniformity of standard as regards text-books is, therefore, possible.

(c) The answer is in the negative.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—

28.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state after inquiry the reason why the up and down Narainganj to Goalundo Express steamers do not touch at Kamalghat (Munshiganj) which is the headquarters station of an important subdivision like Munshiganj?

Steamer
connection with
Kamalghat
(Munshiganj).

(b) Is it a fact that these steamers pass by the ghat?

(c) Are the Government aware that these steamers stop at Bhagyakul and Rajbari which are not so important as Munshiganj?

(d) Are the Government aware that inconvenience is felt by the inhabitants and officers of Munshiganj in this matter and that great delay takes place also in receiving and despatching the mail bags?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

“(a) Government are informed that the Express up and down Narainganj-Goalundo steamers do not touch at Kamalghat (Munshiganj) because if this were done it would probably involve the missing of the connection with the Mail trains at either end.

(b) Yes.”

(c) The Up Express steamer does not at present call at Bhagyakul for want of time. The Down Express does stop, but this practice may have to be discontinued at any time, for the above reason. Passenger traffic is heavier at Bhagyakul than at Munshiganj.

(d) Government are aware that inconvenience is caused to the inhabitants of Munshiganj by the present arrangement, and that the mails have to leave earlier and to arrive later than would otherwise be the case.

The Steamer Companies will be asked to consider the question.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—

29.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state whether it is a fact that a time scale of pay has been introduced in the Bengal Secretariat for the lower division clerks from 1st October, 1919?

Scale of pay
of the lower
division clerks
in the Bengal
Secretariat.

(b) What are the minimum and maximum rates of pay under the new scheme and the rate of increment?

(c) How many years' service will a clerk have now to put in to entitle him to Rs. 100 per mensem?

(d) Is it not a fact that many clerks have been adversely affected by the new scale as they will not be allowed to count their past services towards increment?

(e) Are the Government taking any steps to mitigate the hardships caused by this division?

Questions and Answers.

(f) Is it not a fact that the lower division clerks memorialised for a minimum of Rs. 50 and a maximum of Rs. 200 and also asked for a house rent allowance of 25 per cent. of pay or house accommodation on a deduction of 10 per cent. of pay.

(g) Has the scale of pay of the lower division clerks been revised in the offices of the Accountant-General, Bengal, Controller of Currency, Controller, India Treasuries, Accountant-General, Post and Telegraphs, Deputy Accountant-General, Post and Telegraphs?

(h) What are the minimum and maximum rates of pay and increment under the new scale introduced in these offices?

(i) Will the Government be pleased to say whether the work in those offices is considered to be superior to that of the Secretariat?

(j) Are the Government aware that the Government of India has addressed a Despatch to the Secretary of State recommending sanction to a time scale of pay of Rs. 100—8—300 for the lower division clerks in the India Secretariat?

(k) Have the Government considered whether the clerks will be able to meet the cost of living under the new scale of pay now sanctioned?

(l) Is it a fact that a rule has recently been made stopping direct recruitment of outsiders in the upper division of the Secretariat till all the deserving lower grade assistants who entered the Secretariat before 1st April 1910 are promoted to that grade?

(m) If so, has any deviation been made from this rule subsequently?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

"(a), (b), (d), (e) (g), (h) and (i) The Hon'ble Member is referred to the replies given to similar questions asked to-day by the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.

(c) 17 years' service will bring a clerk to Rs. 101 a month, unless stopped previously at the efficiency bar, which has been fixed at Rs. 100 for clerks already employed in the Secretariat prior to the revision of pay and at Rs. 80 for others.

(f) Yes.

(j) No

(k) This was taken into consideration in revising the pay.

(l) Yes, though the rule affecting Muhammadan recruitment has not been waived; neither has the rule which permits the recruitment of outsiders when otherwise a post cannot be suitably filled.

(m) No. Unless in the special cases referred to above."

By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kisher Ray Chaudhuri:—

30.

Appointment of
Indians to
the Preventive
Service.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to refer to the reply given to my question at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 18th December, 1919, regarding appointments to the Customs Preventive Service, and say whether applications were invited from suitable Indians by advertisement in the newspapers?

(b) If not, are the Government considering the desirability of directing that this should be done in the case of future appointments?

*Questions and Answers.***Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—**

“(a) No.

“(b) Government have requested the Collector of Customs, Calcutta, to advertise in future all vacancies in the Customs Preventive Service.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—

31.

“(a) How many Inspectors of Factories and Boiler Inspectors are there under the Government of Bengal and how many of them are Indians?”

Inspectors of
Factories and
Boiler
Inspectors under
Government.

“(b) Are vacancies in these posts for Indians advertised in the newspapers?”

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

FACTORY DEPARTMENT.

“(a) There are four Inspectors of Factories (one temporary) for the three provinces of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and Assam, none of whom is an Indian.

“(b) All vacancies are advertised in the newspapers.

BOILER DEPARTMENT.

“(a) There are eight Boiler Inspectors, none of whom is an Indian, for the provinces of Bengal and Bihar and Orissa.

“(b) Vacancies have not hitherto been advertised in the newspapers.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—

32.

“Will the Government be pleased to make a statement showing the number of motor accidents in Calcutta during the last 5 years?”

Motor accidents
in Calcutta.**Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—**

“The statistics are kept for persons hurt, not of ‘accidents;’ a statement giving details of the former is laid on the table. The figures for 1919 are given subject to further check.”

*Statement referred to in the Answer to Council Question No. 32 (unstarred)
of the 3rd February, 1920.*

		Injured.	Killed.	Total.
1915	...	361	28	= 389
1916	...	386	47	= 433
1917	...	475	36	= 511
1918	...	561	42	= 603
1919	...	661	75	= 736

By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—

33.

“Will the Government be pleased to state whether the time scale of pay recommended by the Public Services Commission for the Provincial Civil Service (Executive) will be given effect to within the next one or two years?”

Time scale of
pay of the
Provincial
Civil Service.

*Questions and Answers.***Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—**

"In submitting their views on the recommendations of the Public Services Commission regarding the Provincial Civil (Executive) Service, the Government of Bengal have suggested a specific time-scale of pay for the service. The orders of the Government of India on the subject are awaited, and further action will depend on the date of their receipt."

By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—**34.**

Block in certain
of the grades
of Deputy
Collectors.

(a) Has the attention of the Government been drawn to the block in the grades of Deputy Collectors drawing salaries of Rs. 500, 400 and 300 a month?

(b) Is it a fact that officers in these grades have been drawing the same salary for over 7 to 8 years?

(c) To relieve the situation, are the Government considering the desirability of giving temporary promotion to Deputy Collectors when they are appointed to act in the place of a Deputy Magistrate who has been appointed to the post of officiating District Magistrate or officiating Additional Magistrate?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

"(a) and (b) Government are aware that several officers in the grades of Deputy Collectors mentioned have been drawing the same salary for seven or eight years in succession.

(c) The Government of Bengal have recommended the introduction of a specific time-scale of pay for Deputy Collectors. The orders of the Government of India are awaited and it is not proposed to adopt in the meantime the measure suggested."

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—**35.**

Certain statistics
in regard to
the Presidency,
Dacca and
Rajshahi
Colleges.

Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table a comparative statement for the Presidency, Dacca and Rajshahi colleges supplying the information noted below, for the last 10 years, namely:—

- (a) number of students Hindu and Muhammadan on the 31st March of the preceding official year;
- (b) number of students reading in the I.A., I.Sc., B.A., B.Sc., M.A., M.Sc., and B.L. classes and the results in the University Examinations;
- (c) number of teachers in different services for each of the subjects taught;
- (d) expenditure per head for each student and the Government share of the same;
- (e) the income derived from tuition fee, the endowment, local contribution and Government grant; and
- (f) the expenditure on class and hostel accommodation for Hindus, Muhammadans, teaching staff, and accommodation for libraries and other miscellaneous matters?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

"Statements are laid on the library table."

Questions and Answers.

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—

36.

(a) Is it a fact that constables in the Bengal Police are in receipt of a salary of Rs. 10 to 13 only per month?

Pay of constables of the Bengal Police.

(b) Are the Government aware that ordinary day labourers nowadays get at least annas eight a day as wages, i.e., Rs. 15 a month?

(c) Are the Government considering the advisability of increasing the salary of constables?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

“(a) The constables of the unarmed branch draw pay at the rates of Rs. 10 to Rs. 13 per mensem, but those of the armed branch get one rupee more.

(b) Yes, in certain circumstances.

(c) Sanction has just been received to an increase in the form of an enhanced grain compensation allowance.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—

37.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state whether it is a fact that head constables in the Bengal Police commence their service with a starting salary of Rs. 17-8 per month?

Initial pay of head constables of the Bengal Police.

(b) Is it a fact that head constables in the Bengal Police are now generally recruited from the *bhadralog* class?

(c) Are the Government aware that Rs. 17-8 is considered insufficient nowadays to maintain even a small family among the *bhadralog* classes?

(d) Are the Government considering the desirability of revising the scale of pay of the head constables so as to make the starting salary to be at least Rs. 30 per month?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

“(a) Yes.

(b) Ordinarily head constables are promoted from the ranks, but, as men with sufficient literary and other qualifications are not available in adequate numbers in the rank of constables, outsiders possessing such qualifications are also recruited as head constables in the unarmed branch.

(c) and (d) A proposal to raise the initial pay of the head constables in the unarmed branch to Rs. 25 a month, is under the consideration of Government.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—

38.

(a) Are the Government considering the desirability of revising the scale of pay and allowances of the Sub-Inspectors and Inspectors of Police in Bengal?

Pay and allowances of Sub-Inspectors and Inspectors of Police.

(b) Is it a fact that an officiating Inspector in the Bengal Police get less salary than a first grade Sub-Inspector?

(c) If so, are the Government considering the desirability of remedying this grievance?

*Questions and Answers.***Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—**

“(a) The answer is in the negative.

(b) and (c) Generally Sub-Inspectors of the 2nd and 3rd grades are appointed to act as Inspectors, in which capacity they get more pay than a first grade Sub-Inspector.”

By the Hon'ble Maulvi A. K. Fazl-ul-Haq:—

39.

Use of the title
“Hon'ble” by
Members of the
Legislative
Council.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state the authority under which the members of Legislative Councils are entitled to prefix the title “Hon'ble” to their names?

(b) Is it not a fact that this authority confers on the said members a right under the Statute to prefix the said title to their names?

(c) Will the Government be pleased to state the full legal rights of members as regards the use of the said title to their names?

(d) Is it not a fact that the title “Hon'ble” as prefixed to the names of members of Legislative Councils is a title *recognized* by Government so long as the membership continues?

(e) If so, will the Government be pleased to state whether members of the Legislative Council are not exempted, during the term of their membership, from taking out licences under the Arms Act on the ground that they hold a title recognized by Government?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

“(a) to (e) The title of ‘Hon'ble,’ which is in use by members of the Legislative Council, is a mere courtesy title and is not prescribed or regulated by any law. It therefore follows that it confers no legal status on the holder, and in the circumstances a member of Council is not exempt from taking out a license under the Arms Act simply for the reason that he is, by courtesy, styled ‘Hon'ble’ while he is a member of the Legislative Council. In paragraph 234 of the Joint Report on the Reforms Scheme it is proposed that the prefix ‘Hon'ble’ shall be abandoned.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray:—

40.

Release of
political
prisoners

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state the number of political prisoners who have been released after the gracious message of the 23rd December last of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor?

(b) Will the Government be pleased to state how many political prisoners are still undergoing imprisonment or are undergoing a sentence of transportation or are detained under the Defence of India Act?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

“(a) and (b) The Hon'ble Member is referred to the answer to question No. 41. As regards persons still undergoing sentences of imprisonment or transportation, the number convicted of the offences against the State which are defined in Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code is 6. In addition to these, 46 persons, believed to be members of a revolutionary conspiracy, are undergoing imprisonment or transportation for other offences.”

*Questions and Answers.***By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—****41.**

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state the number of persons who were under detention in Bengal, under Bengal Regulation III of 1818, the Defence of India Act or other war measures, on the date of the recent Royal Proclamation?

Release of political prisoners.

(b) How many of these persons under each head have since been released, and what action is going to be taken with regard to the others and when?

(c) What is the total number of persons released from detention prior to the Royal Proclamation and how many of them have been so released on their undertaking to be of good behaviour or on other similar terms?

(d) With regard to these latter, are the conditions or restrictions imposed on them going to be removed in pursuance of the Royal Proclamation? If so, when?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

(a) On the date of the recent Royal Proclamation the number of persons in detention owing to their participation in revolutionary conspiracy in Bengal was as follows:—

Under Bengal Regulation III of 1818	...	64
Under the Defence of India Act	...	208
Under the Ingress into India Ordinance	...	1

(b) Ten of the persons detained under Regulation III have been released. The cases of the remainder are under consideration. In the Royal Proclamation His Excellency the Viceroy was directed to exercise the Royal clemency in the fullest measure which in his judgment was compatible with the public safety. It is necessary, therefore, that the merits of each case shall be scrutinised individually, and this is now being done.

All persons detained under the Defence of India Act and the Ingress Ordinance have been released.

(c) The total number of persons released from detention prior to the Royal Proclamation was 915, of whom 892 were released on security.

(d) It is not proposed to cancel the securities already given by persons released prior to the Royal Proclamation. These sureties constitute no restriction on any law-abiding citizen. Such persons released are subject to no other conditions or restrictions."

By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—**42.**

(a) Do the Government anticipate any improvement in the general rice position of Bengal this year over that of last year?

The rice position in Bengal.

(b) Have the Government any idea as to the sufficiency or otherwise of the present stock of rice in Bengal for purposes of domestic consumption till the next harvest?

(c) What are the present stocks of Burma rice, controlled and uncontrolled, in the various districts of Bengal and at what average rates do they sell now?

Questions and Answers.

(d) What is the present average price of rice of the ordinary quality at the headquarters of each district and how does it compare with the respective prices that ruled during the corresponding periods of each of the last five years?

(e) Is any tendency of a rise in the price of rice noticeable at present?

(f) If so, how far is it due to natural causes?

(g) Are the Government in a position to state as to how far, if at all, stocks of rice are being acquired by speculators for holding them up?

(h) Are the Government considering the desirability of deputing special officers for making early inquiries into this matter at every important mart and of issuing instructions to the Subdivisional and Circle Officers and Panchayets generally to watch the movements of rice and other developments in connection therewith, and keep Government regularly informed about the same?

(i) Is there any truth in the statement that in several places forward sales of rice were made and standing crops disposed of at the instance of speculators this year?

(j) If so, was any such system in vogue in the rice trade ever before?

(k) Have the Government any approximate idea as to the extent to which the rice trade of Bengal has fallen into the hands of Marwaris during these two years?

(l) What steps (if any) are the Government taking to prevent "profiteering" in rice this year?

(m) Will the Government be pleased to state whether any restriction still exists in transporting rice from one province to another, for the purpose of sale or otherwise, by railway?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

"(a) The rice outturn for the year 1919-20 of the Provinces of Bihar and Orissa, Bengal and Assam, is estimated at over five million tons above that of the previous year. This includes an excess of nearly one million tons in the Presidency of Bengal. The total rice outturn for 1919-20 of India and Burma may be estimated at over 34 million tons against a corresponding figure of nearly 24 million tons for the year 1918-19. Government, therefore, anticipate a very considerable improvement as regards stocks.

(b) The present stock of rice in Bengal, including the balance of standing crops remaining uncut, is ample for the purposes of domestic consumption till the next harvest. The estimate of the outturn of rice for the year 1919-20 amounts to over eight million tons.

(c) A statement is laid on the table, showing the stocks and prices of controlled Burma rice. There are no stocks of uncontrolled Burma rice.

(d) A statement is laid on the table.

(e) The average price of common rice as shown in the *Calcutta Gazette* rose 0.65, 1.6 and 2.2 per cent. in the week ending the 8th January, 15th January and 22nd January, respectively.

Questions and Answers.

(f) Fluctuations are not uncommon in January. Until therefore Government know whether the rise is permanent or temporary, they are not in a position to say that it is due to any unusual causes.

(g) Only a few District Officers state that such speculation exists. But the general tendency in the present year appears to be for the cultivator and persons who obtain rice by way of rent or in return for loans to hold on more strongly to their stocks than they have done in the past. On the other hand, where stocks have been acquired in any quantities by large traders, they have been acquired for sale in deficit districts and in the hope that free movements of food stocks would be allowed to other provinces and abroad.

(h) Apart from the Director of Civil Supplies, who is in constant touch with the situation, a gazetted officer was appointed some time ago in each district to carry out the duties of District Economic Intelligence Officer and has standing instructions to cover the activities which the Hon'ble Member recommends.

(i) Almost all the District Officers report that there is no truth in the statement. It is presumed that the Hon'ble Member is not referring to ordinary mahajani loans granted on the security of the crop.

(j) The question does not arise.

(k) In the periods under reference Marwaris have extended their operations in varying proportions as buyers in the larger mufassal centres; they have also widened their activities in the Calcutta rice trade. No estimate can be given of the extent to which the rice trade in Bengal has come into their hands during these years.

(l) Government have taken measures with the intention of securing that the movements of rice both to other provinces and abroad are restricted by means of control.

(m) Transport of rice from one province to another by railway is still controlled."

A.

Statement referred to in the answer to question No. 42 (unstarred) showing the stocks of controlled Burma rice in the various districts of Bengal and the average rates at which they now sell.

Districts.	Maunds.	Prices per maund.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Nadia	... 140	6	4	5
Jessore	... 3,000	6	10	8
Khulna	... 4,500	5	11	5
Hooghly	... 180	7	3	1
Darjeeling	... 1,500	7	9	11
Dacca	... 29,000	6	6	5
Mymensingh	... 10,000	6	4	5
Faridpur	... 5,500	6	6	5
Chittagong	... 1,000	6	2	6
Tippera	... 2,500	6	15	4

Questions and Answers.

B.

Statement referred to in the answer to Question No 42 (unstarred) of the price of the ordinary quality of Bengal rice in the 3rd week of the months January 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919 and 1920 at the headquarters of districts.

NAME OF DISTRICT.	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.	1920.
	Per maund.	Per maund.	Per maund.	Per maund.	Per maund.	Per maund.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
24-Parganas ...	5 5 4	5 0 0	5 0 0	3 12 3	5 9 10	7 4 4
Nadia ...	4 8 1	5 6 1	4 0 0	3 10 2	5 5 4	8 0 0
Murshidabad ...	4 9 2	4 11 4	4 3 4	3 1 3	5 8 3	7 4 4
Jessore ...	5 0 0	5 11 5	5 0 0	4 0 0	5 0 0	6 10 8
Khulna ...	5 0 0	4 7 1	4 7 1	3 1 3	5 0 0	6 15 4
Burdwan ...	4 11 4	5 11 5	4 0 0	3 10 2	5 11 5	7 4 4
Birbhum ...	4 13 7	4 11 4	3 10 2	3 5 4	5 11 5	6 2 6
Bankura ...	4 3 4	5 0 0	3 12 11	3 1 3	5 5 4	6 10 8
Midnapore ...	4 13 7	4 9 8	3 15 7	2 15 8	5 3 3	6 10 8
Hoochly ...	5 0 0	5 11 5	4 11 4	3 10 2	5 11 5	8 6 9
Howrah ...	5 14 10	6 2 6	5 11 5	4 3 4	6 4 5	8 0 0
Rajshahi ...	5 5 4	5 11 5	4 11 4	4 0 0	5 7 6	6 10 8
Dinajpur ...	4 12 5	5 9 1	4 2 11	3 0 6	5 5 4	6 10 8
Jalpaiguri ...	5 0 0	4 7 1	4 9 2	3 10 2	5 5 4	7 4 4
Darjeeling ...	5 5 4	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 5 4	8 6 9
Rangpur ...	5 11 5	5 0 0	5 0 0	3 12 11	5 0 0	6 10 8
Bogra ...	5 14 10	4 11 4	4 0 0	2 15 5	4 13 7	6 7 5
Pabna ...	5 5 4	5 8 3	5 1 3	3 0 4	5 5 4	7 1 9
Malda ...	5 5 4	4 11 4	4 0 0	3 5 4	5 14 10	6 6 5
Dacca ...	5 14 10	5 5 4	5 0 0	3 3 2	5 2 7	6 10 8
Mymensingh ...	5 11 5	.....	5 8 3	3 7 8	5 5 4	6 10 8
Faridpur ...	5 2 7	5 5 4	5 0 0	3 5 4	5 11 5	7 4 4
Bakarganj ...	6 6 5	4 11 4	5 0 0	3 5 4	5 0 0	6 10 8
Chittagong ...	4 11 4	4 7 1	4 7 1	3 7 8	5 0 0	6 2 6
Tippera ...	5 2 7	5 3 11	4 11 4	3 1 3	5 0 0	6 7 5
Noakhali ...	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 7 1	3 10 2	4 11 4	6 10 8
Chittagong Hill Tracts	5 0 0	4 7 1	5 0 0	4 7 1	5 0 0	7 4 4

Questions and Answers.

By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—

43.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state the details of the special scheme for the relief of *bhadralag* sufferers from the last cyclone in Bengal and the manner of its working?

Relief of the *bhadralag* sufferers from the recent cyclone.

(b) What amount has been spent under this scheme in each subdivision, and after what lapse of time from the date of the cyclone was relief under the said scheme first available in the respective subdivisional areas?

(c) What amounts have Government spent up to date for the relief of sufferers from the last cyclone in Bengal by way of gratuity and loan, respectively, and how much of the same has been obtained from the Government of India either in the shape of loans or special grants?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

“(a) to (c) The information required by the Hon'ble Member is being compiled and will be included in the final report on the operations for the relief of the distress caused by the cyclone which will be published in due course.”

By the Hon'ble Sir Deba Prasad Sarbadhikari:—

44.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state whether orders of the Secretary of State on the recommendations of the Public Services Commission relating to the Educational Services have been received by the Government of Bengal?

Recommendations of the Public Services Commission in regard to the Educational Services.

(b) If the answer to (a) be in the affirmative, will the Government be pleased to state—

(i) whether the proposal of the Commission to combine the Indian Educational Service and the Provincial Educational Service into a single service divided into two classes has been sanctioned;

(ii) whether in future recruitment for the Indian Educational Service (or class I) is to be made partly in India by promotion of deserving officers of the Provincial Educational Service (or class II) and if so, to what extent;

(iii) whether an incremental scale of pay will be introduced in place of the existing grade system in the Provincial Educational Service; and

(iv) from what date Government intend to give effect to the orders of the Secretary of State on the reorganization of the Provincial Educational Service?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

“(a) The Secretary of State's orders on some of the recommendations of the Public Services Commission have been received. A copy of a *communiqué* issued by the Government of India on the subject is laid on the table.

(b) (i) The superior branches of the Educational Services will be organized in two divisions, the higher branch being styled the Indian Educational Service, while the service which the Commission proposed to call Class II will be styled the Bengal Educational Service or generally, for convenience of reference, the Provincial Educational Service.

*Questions and Answers.***B.**

Statement referred to in the answer to Question No 42 (unstarred) of the price of the ordinary quality of Bengal rice in the 3rd week of the months January 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919 and 1920 at the headquarters of districts.

NAME OF DISTRICT.	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.	1920.
	Per maund.	Per maund.	Per maund.	Per maund.	Per maund.	Per maund.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
24-Parganas ...	5 5 4	5 0 0	5 0 0	3 12 3	5 9 10	7 4 4
Nadia ...	4 8 1	5 6 1	4 0 0	3 10 2	5 5 4	8 0 0
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Bankura ...	4 3 4	5 0 0	3 12 11	3 1 3	5 5 4	6 10 8
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Rangpur ...	5 11 5	5 0 0	5 0 0	3 12 11	5 0 0	6 10 8
Bogra ...	5 14 10	4 11 4	4 0 0	2 15 5	4 13 7	6 7 5
Pabna ...	5 5 4	5 8 3	5 1 3	3 0 4	5 5 4	7 1 9
Malda ...	5 5 4	4 11 4	4 0 0	3 5 4	5 14 10	6 6 5
Dacca ...	5 14 10	5 5 4	5 0 0	3 3 2	5 2 7	6 10 8
Mymensingh ...	5 11 5	5 8 3	3 7 8	5 5 4	6 10 8
Faridpur ...	5 2 7	5 5 4	5 0 0	3 5 4	5 11 5	7 4 4
Bakarganj ...	6 6 5	4 11 4	5 0 0	3 5 4	5 0 0	6 10 8
Chittagong ...	4 11 4	4 7 1	4 7 1	3 7 8	5 0 0	6 2 6
Tippera ...	5 2 7	5 3 11	4 11 4	3 1 3	5 0 0	6 7 5
Noakhali ...	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 7 1	3 10 2	4 11 4	6 10 8
Chittagong Hill Tracts	5 0 0	4 7 1	5 0 0	4 7 1	5 0 0	7 4 4

*Questions and Answers.***By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—****43.**

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state the details of the special scheme for the relief of *bhadralog* sufferers from the last cyclone in Bengal and the manner of its working?

Relief of the
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(b) What amount has been spent under this scheme in each subdivision, and after what lapse of time from the date of the cyclone was relief under the said scheme first available in the respective subdivisional areas?

(c) What amounts have Government spent up to date for the relief of sufferers from the last cyclone in Bengal by way of gratuity and loan, respectively, and how much of the same has been obtained from the Government of India either in the shape of loans or special grants?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

“(a) to (c) The information required by the Hon'ble Member is being compiled and will be included in the final report on the operations for the relief of the distress caused by the cyclone which will be published in due course.”

By the Hon'ble Sir Deba Prasad Sarbadhikari:—**44.**

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state whether orders of the Secretary of State on the recommendations of the Public Services Commission relating to the Educational Services have been received by the Government of Bengal?

Recommendations
of the Public
Services
Commission in
regard to the
Educational
Services.

(b) If the answer to (a) be in the affirmative, will the Government be pleased to state—

(i) whether the proposal of the Commission to combine the Indian Educational Service and the Provincial Educational Service into a single service divided into two classes has been sanctioned;

(ii) whether in future recruitment for the Indian Educational Service (or class I) is to be made partly in India by promotion of deserving officers of the Provincial Educational Service (or class II) and if so, to what extent;

(iii) whether an incremental scale of pay will be introduced in place of the existing grade system in the Provincial Educational Service; and

(iv) from what date Government intend to give effect to the orders of the Secretary of State on the reorganization of the Provincial Educational Service?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

“(a) The Secretary of State's orders on some of the recommendations of the Public Services Commission have been received. A copy of a *communiqué* issued by the Government of India on the subject is laid on the table.

(b) (i) The superior branches of the Educational Services will be organized in two divisions, the higher branch being styled the Indian Educational Service, while the service which the Commission proposed to call Class II will be styled the Bengal Educational Service or generally, for convenience of reference, the Provincial Educational Service.

Questions and Answers.

(ii) Officers of the Provincial Educational Service will be eligible for promotion to the Indian Educational Service. As qualified Indian candidates become available, it is proposed to work up to a proportion of 50 per cent. of Indian officers in the Indian Educational Service; this will be the average for the whole of India and variations will be permitted in different provinces. It is proposed to transfer to the Indian Educational Service such posts as will always have to be filled by officers of superior attainments, and this will involve the promotion to the Indian Educational Service of their incumbents; but no proportion has been fixed for the posts which should be filled by promotion from the Provincial Educational Service.

(iii) It has been decided that the Provincial Educational Service should carry a minimum pay of Rs. 250 and a maximum pay of Rs. 800 a month. The Government of Bengal will settle the grading.

(iv) Both the services will be divided into administrative, collegiate and special branches, and it will be necessary to allocate posts to each branch, as well as to decide what posts should be included in the Indian Educational Service and Provincial Educational Service. The proposals of this Government for the reclassification of posts to the Indian Educational Service and the transfer of their incumbents to that service will have to be submitted to the Government of India, and it is at present impossible to state the date on which the reorganization will come into effect.

Communique referred to in the Answer to Question No. 44 (unstarred) of the 3rd February, 1920.

INDIAN EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.**COMMUNIQUE AS TO PAY, LEAVE AND PENSION.**

1. The Secretary of State for India announces that the following revised rates of pay for the Indian Educational Service have been approved. They will take effect from 1st December 1919:—

2. Time Scale.

Year of Service	Age	Pay.	Overseas Allowance for Officers of non-Indian Domicile. Rupees per Mensem.	Total of Pay and Overseas Allowance.
1st	25	400	150	550
2nd	26	450	150	600
3rd	27	500	150	650
4th	28	550	150	700
5th	29	600	150	750
6th	30	600	200	800
7th	31	650	200	850
8th	32	700	200	900
9th	33	750	250	1,000
10th	34	800	250	1,050
11th	35	850	250	1,100
12th	36	900	250	1,150
13th	37	950	250	1,200
14th	38	1,000	250	1,250
15th	39	1,000	250	1,250
16th	40	1,050	250	1,300
17th	41	1,100	250	1,350
18th	42	1,150	250	1,400
19th	43	1,200	250	1,450
20th	44	1,250	250	1,500

Questions and Answers.

Selection posts :—	Pay		Overseas Allowance for Officers of non-Indian Domicile	Total of Pay and Overseas Allowance
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
For 15 per cent. of cadre	1,250		250	1,500
	1,300		250	1,550
	1,350		250	1,600
	1,400		250	1,650
	1,450		250	1,700
	1,500		250	1,750
For 5 per cent. of cadre	1,550		250	1,800
	1,650		250	1,900
	1,750		250	2,000

3. In applying the above scale to future entrants, both initial salary and date of increments will be determined by age. 25 years of age has been taken as the normal starting point for the scale, and the initial pay in the case of candidates over 25 at the time of appointment will ordinarily be Rs. 50 a month higher for each year above that age. A candidate appointed under the age of 25 will receive the minimum pay of the scale (Rs. 400), plus overseas allowance if qualified for it, until his 26th birthday, and a candidate appointed at or over 25 years of age will qualify for increment on attaining his next birthday after joining his appointment irrespective of the length of his service. Seniority will, as at present, reckon from the date of taking up appointment. The overseas allowance will be issuable only to officers of non-Indian domicile.

4. As regards existing members of the Service, the above scale will be applied as an ordinary time scale by years of service (as indicated in column I in the scale); but any officers who are at present drawing higher pay than their years of service would warrant (*i.e.*, officers who have entered the Service on higher initial pay than usual by reason of special qualifications) will retain their advantage.

5. In addition to the pay and overseas allowance above stated, each Principal of a College will receive an allowance of Rs. 150 a month and one Principal in each Province selected by the Local Government will receive an allowance of Rs. 250 a month.

6. The pay of Directors of Public Instruction will be as follows :—

Province.			Pay.
			Rs.
Madras	...	...	2,500—100—3,000
Bombay	...	...
Bengal	...	...
United Provinces	...	...	2,250—100—2,750
Punjab	...	...
Burma	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	2,000—100—2,500
Central Provinces	...	...
Assam	...	...	1,500—100—2,000
North-West Frontier Province	...	...	1,500

These rates will apply in the case of all incumbents, whether recruited in England or in India. Directors in Assam and in the North-West Frontier Province, if in a selection post, will receive the pay of that post, including overseas allowance, plus a local allowance of Rs. 250 in the case of Assam, and Rs. 150 in the case of the North-West Frontier Province, if the total thus arrived at would exceed the amounts stated above.

7. The revised scale as a whole represents a substantial increase on the rates at present in force as well as on those recommended by the Royal Commission on the Public Services in India.

8. Apart from the increase of pay, important improvements in regard to leave and pensions have been sanctioned.

Leave.—Various restrictions on the grant of leave have been abolished, or modified, and an officer will now be permitted, within certain limits, to exchange a portion of leave on half average salary for half the amount on full average salary. Privilege leave may now be accumulated up to four months.

Pensions.—Subject to the right of Government to retain an officer in the Service until completion of 30 years' service, or attainment of the age of 55, he will henceforth be permitted to retire, if he so desires, after 25 years' qualifying service, on a

Questions and Answers.

pension ordinarily amounting to Rs. 5,000. For longer service the pensions will ordinarily be—

	Rs.		Rs.
26 years	... 5,200	29 years	... 5,800
27 "	... 5,400	30 "	... 6,000
28 "	... 5,600		

For specially efficient service in certain high appointments additional pensions may be granted up to maxima of Rs. 1,500 or Rs. 2,500. These additional pensions will be conditional, *inter alia*, on the officer having rendered total qualifying service of 28 years. It will thus be possible for an officer in certain circumstances to attain to a maximum pension of Rs. 7,500 or Rs. 8,500.

9. The new scale of pay will apply to male officers of the Indian Educational Service only. The question of the Women's Educational Service is being considered separately.

23rd December 1919.

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

45.

(a) Are the Government aware that no lights are provided in trains running between Bandel and Naihati during the small hours of the morning, and that passengers find the greatest difficulty in getting into the train and finding accommodation in dark compartments?

(b) Are the Government considering the desirability of taking steps for the removal of this grievance?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

" (a) No. The East Indian Railway Administration report that the Naihati Branch service of trains begins running from Bandel at 5-32 A.M. and ceases at 23-10 hours each day. Six roof lamps are provided in the carriages and these are lighted in the early morning and at night.

(b) 'The question does not arise "

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

46.

(a) Are the Government aware that more than the allotted number of passengers are generally put into the inter-class compartments (both male and female) in all the trains running from and to Howrah?

(b) Is it not a fact that it not infrequently happens that so many passengers are pressed into one compartment that they cannot obtain even standing accommodation?

(c) Are the Government considering the desirability of taking steps for the removal of this grievance?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

" (a) The East Indian and Bengal-Nagpur Railway Administrations report that the number of inter-class passengers travelling to and from Howrah is not usually in excess of the number for whom carriages are provided.

The President's address.

(b) There are occasions when without warning a number of inter-class passengers, in excess of the accommodation usually provided and found sufficient, desire to travel by and insist in entering the inter-class compartments of a particular train. Overcrowding on these occasions cannot at short notice be avoided without inconvenience to inter and other classes of passengers.

Overcrowding is not encouraged and is checked by the Railway Administrations as far as possible.

(c) The Railway Administrations are aware of the inconvenience due to overcrowding of compartments and are considering means for relieving the same in cases where it can be foreseen."

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 3.

The Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson laid on the table a statement* containing the information promised in his reply to question No. 12 (unstarred) asked at the Council meeting on the 19th November, 1919.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

His Excellency the President said:—

"Gentlemen, since this Council last met the Reforms Bill has become the Reforms Act and we are therefore now started upon a road involving constitutional changes of great magnitude. Under these circumstances, it will be clear to everybody that between the actual passage of the Bill into law which has recently taken place and the putting into operation of its provisions, a considerable period must elapse during which much spade work has to be done. For reasons which will be apparent before I sit down, I propose to mention quite briefly some of the chief matters which will have to be considered and in respect of which decisions will have to be come to before the provisions of the Reforms Act can actually be put into operation. These questions may roughly be said to fall under four main heads. In the first place, there is the constitution of three different chambers—the Provincial Legislative Council, the Legislative Assembly and the Council of State—and it will devolve upon us to frame a franchise which will be applicable to each of these three bodies. Under the second head comes the machinery which we shall have to create for carrying out the election to these bodies. Then under head three comes the rearrangement of the machinery of Government which will be necessary as the result of the introduction of the system which has come to be known as diarchy under which the functions of Government will be allocated to and discharged by two separate bodies. Lastly, we shall have to consider the preparation of Rules under the Act for giving effect to the decisions which are arrived at with regard to the main questions to which I have already referred, and also Rules to regulate the procedure of the new Councils

The Joint Committee of the two Houses of Parliament have made certain recommendations in their Report which will have the effect of modifying the constitution of the Provincial Legislative Council which was proposed by the

* Not published in these proceedings.

The President's address.

Franchise Committee. For example, they have instructed us to arrange for an increase in rural representation as compared with urban representation. They have also instructed us to endeavour to arrange for the representation of urban, wage-earning classes and they have suggested that, in some Provinces at any rate, the question of giving greater representation to those classes which are generally known as the depressed classes should be undertaken and one or two other minor readjustments made which may affect, possibly, the representation in the Council of landlords and the European community. All these questions will immediately come under the consideration of Government and until decisions have been arrived at on these particular points the constitution of the Provincial Legislative Council cannot be described as final. With regard to the Legislative Council and the Council of State, the Government of India have already made provisional allotments of elective seats in each of these bodies to the various provinces and they have invited an expression of opinion on the suitability of their proposals.

Then with regard to the question of the franchise. The question of the franchise to these two bodies, namely, the Legislative Assembly and the Council of State, is one which will require very careful consideration and indeed is one of no small difficulty. The Joint Committee have issued an instruction that representation to these two bodies is to be obtained by direct election. The problem, therefore, which we have to face is that of devising a franchise for the electors to each of these two Chambers which will furnish an electorate appropriate both in status and in numbers. Then with regard to our Legislative Council in Bengal, the preparation of an electoral roll will be an undertaking of great magnitude. The census qualification which will give the franchise to the cultivating class goes outside the scope of any of our up-to-date official records, and we shall have to invite the co-operation of village officials in drawing up our election rolls. The printing of the rolls themselves will present a problem which is by no means an easy one and we shall have to try and find a convenient procedure for dealing with objections and for the correction of electoral rolls before they are finally published. A Bill to prevent corrupt practices at the elections and to provide for the disposal of electoral petitions will also have to be considered.

The machinery itself for carrying out these elections will also call for careful consideration. That, I think, will be obvious to everybody when I remind you that the number of voters at elections which have been held up to the present time under the existing system have not aggregated more than twelve thousand whereas we anticipate that the number of electors all told with whom we shall have to deal when the Reforms Scheme comes into operation will be approximately a million and a half. This large number of electors, together with the fact that elections to the three separate Chambers will have to take place almost simultaneously, will obviously impose a very severe strain upon the officials who are responsible for carrying the elections through. It will necessitate the organisation of all our resources in this respect as well as the simplification and perfection as far as possible of what may be described as the mechanical means of carrying the elections through. We shall have to give much consideration to the question of the advisability of trying to introduce a system of election by ballot in preference to the ordinary open recording of votes. We shall also have to consider the difficulties which must necessarily arise when we have a large electorate consisting to a great extent of illiterate peasants and the difficulties arising out of the identification of voters and the prevention of impersonation; and we shall have to consider also the question of the number of polling stations and of the number of recording officers required to carry the elections through in as short a time as possible.

*The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Bill.**Sir Henry Wheeler.*

Then, of course, there are a number of Rules which will have to be drafted to deal with many questions besides those to which I have referred. The Reforms Act, as you are no doubt aware, leaves the completion of some of its main provisions to Rules and Regulations and all these Rules and Regulations will have to be carefully considered and decisions arrived at with regard to them before it is possible to hold a general election. The Government have not allowed the grass to grow under their feet. They have already taken these questions in hand. We have deputed a special officer to devote his whole time and attention to assisting us in solving these main problems. But we fully realise that all these questions are matters which are necessarily of considerable interest to the general public and in particular to that part of the public which at the present time plays a part in public life; and we are anxious, therefore, to consult, so far as that is possible, representatives of the public before coming to final decisions upon these questions.

It is quite obvious, I think, that if the provisions of the Reforms Act are to be brought into operation within any reasonable period it would be quite impossible for us to adopt the ordinary procedure of circulating this vast number of detailed questions to individuals and public bodies for their opinion. We all know how long it takes to obtain the considered opinion of public bodies on any matter and were we to endeavour to obtain the advice of the public in that way I am afraid that the first general election under the Reforms Act would be in some danger of being postponed to the Greek Kalends.

But I think there is another way in which we may be able to obtain the assistance of the public and that is through their representatives in this Chamber, and what I suggest is this, that the non-official members of this Council should nominate from among themselves a small body who would be prepared to give us advice upon all these questions as we submit them to them. Such a Committee would have to be more or less in perpetual session, that is to say they would have to be easily accessible to us and would have to be in a position to consider the questions we submit to them with as little delay as possible. If this suggestion meets with the approval of the Council, I would suggest that at the conclusion of to-day's proceedings the non-official members should proceed to create such a body. They will no doubt desire that all the main interests represented in this Council should find representation on such a Committee. At the same time I would suggest that subject to that important consideration the Committee should not be larger than necessary. The questions which the Committee will have to consider will be numerous and in some cases will be surrounded by matters of detail, and the smaller and more business-like the Committee, therefore, the greater chance will they have of assisting Government without undue delay. On the assumption that you will be prepared to consider this proposal I intend to ask Sir Henry Wheeler to take the chair at the conclusion of our proceedings to-day when you can informally discuss my suggestion and in the event of its meeting with your approval proceed to elect such a Committee as I have proposed."

LEGISLATIVE BUSINESS.**LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 4.****THE BENGAL CRUELTY TO ANIMALS BILL, 1919.**

The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler moved that the Report of the Select Committee on the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Bill, 1919, be taken into consideration.

The motion was put and agreed to.

*The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Bill.**Sir Henry Wheeler ; Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur.***LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 5.**

The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler moved that the clauses of the Bill be considered for settlement in the form recommended by the Select Committee.

The motion was put and agreed to.

AMENDMENTS

TO

THE BENGAL CRUELTY TO ANIMALS BILL, 1919.

(APPENDIX TO THE LIST OF BUSINESS.)

Amendment No. 1.*Clause 1.*

The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler moved^{ed} that for the figures "1919," at the end of sub-clause (1) of clause 1, the figures "1920" be substituted.

The motion was put and agreed to.

Amendment No. 2.*Clause 7 (now clause 6).*

The Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur moved that after the word "it," in line 7 of clause 7 (now clause 6), the following be inserted, namely :—

"who has knowledge that *phuka* operations are being performed on the animal."

He said—

"My Lord, I have asked for this amendment in view of the fact that an owner of the cow or other milch animal and any person in possession of or control over it ought not to be convicted when he has no knowledge that the operation was being done on the animal. To say the least, in order to constitute an offence, there must be at least the knowledge connecting the act with the effect. If the owner does not know that the operation of *phuka* on the animal is to be done or is being done, he ought not be punished. I leave this matter for the decision of the Council."

The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler said :—

"My Lord, I cannot advise the Council to accept this amendment, which, if adopted, would practically frustrate the intention with which we made this addition to the previously existing section. It will be remembered that in three clauses of the Bill we sought originally to impose an additional

*The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Bill.**Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur.*

obligation on owners and persons in control of animals for the prevention of certain forms of offence. In clause 6 (now clause 5) the owner or the person in control was made responsible to a certain degree in the matter of overloading, in clause 7 (now clause 6) in the matter of *phuka* and in clause 11 in the matter of using an unfit animal. That liability was absolute in the Bill as originally drafted. When opinions were received on the Bill, we found that there were a certain number of people who thought that we were treating owners, etc., rather hardly, and therefore in the Select Committee we limited the liability, that is to say, we only made the owner, etc., responsible if he failed to exercise reasonable care and supervision in so far as clauses 6 (now clause 5) and 11 (now clause 10) were concerned. But we did not make a similar change in clause 7 (now clause 6), because we thought that an owner could reasonably be required to take precautions to ensure that *phuka* was not practised. If it was, it must necessarily go on under his eyes, and it is up to him to see that his servants or whoever is in charge are not guilty of that offence. That was the view of the Select Committee, and I personally adhere to it. If the amendment is adopted, the whole utility of the clause is impaired, while the amendment goes far further than even the alterations which we made in clauses 6 (now clause 5) and 11 (now clause 10). We there said that an owner, etc., should only be liable if he failed to exercise reasonable care and supervision. The amendment would exempt the owner if he did not know what was going on, and unless we actually caught him present at the operation (in which event we probably would not require the extended liability at all) he could always say that he did not know what was happening and would thus get off, since it would be very difficult to prove the contrary."

The Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur said:—

• "My Lord, the principle of the amendment is very clear. The owner of an animal is not present at the time when the *phuka* operation goes on, and if he has no knowledge, I submit respectfully that he ought not to be criminally prosecuted, convicted or punished. It is a well-known principle of criminal law that the party to be punished must have knowledge of the thing for which he is charged. Looking into the scope of the whole Bill it appears that this has not been lost sight of. If the argument is to be that the owner is to exercise reasonable diligence in such matters, my submission is that when the punishment is a subject matter of consideration is it not necessary that the party to be punished had knowledge of the act for which he is being punished? That is the view, my Lord, which I have taken and for which I press this matter for the decision of this Council."

The motion was then put and lost.

Amendment No. 3.*Clause 8 (now clause 7).*

The Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur moved that after the word "class," at the end of the proviso to clause 8 (now clause 7), the following be added, namely:—

"or for any *bonâ fide* scientific purpose or for the preparation of any medicinal drug."

*The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Bill.**Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur ; Sir Henry Wheeler.*

He said—

My Lord, Hon'ble Members may be aware that live goats are buried in the earth and medicines are prepared from the meat such as *Brehat Chagladye Greto*, *Brehat Aswagandhe Greto*, *Amrito Pras Greto*, *Brehat Satabord Greto*, *Brinhal Greto*, and medicinal oil such as Mahamastoila, Gopal oil, etc. These medicines cure many diseases. The preparations of these medicines in the above manner are prescribed in the famous Ayurvedic books *Vhaisaya Ratnabali*, *Chorok Dutta*, *Chorok Sonhita*, *Susorata Sonhita* and other books which are said to be three thousand years old. And as a matter of fact these medicines are found to be highly efficacious in many diseases and the Government ought not to put a stop to it by introducing an Act which would penalise people who prepare these medicinal drugs."

The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler said :—

"Sir, clause 8 (now clause 7) of the Bill is the clause which deals with the killing of an animal in an unnecessarily cruel manner, with a proviso saving the killing of an animal in a manner required by religion, religious rites or usage. That proviso follows section 11 of Act XI of 1890, and it has been found sufficient to protect any person acting *bonâ fide* from unnecessary prosecution ; it could be argued, therefore, that it will prove sufficient even without the addition which the Hon'ble Member now proposes, namely, to provide safeguards for those who kill an animal for any *bonâ fide* scientific purpose or for the preparation of any medicinal drug. That safeguard was not inserted before, and no harm has resulted from its absence. It is arguable, however, that we should definitely exempt cases in which the life of an animal is taken, say, in the course of experiments with inoculation or, as I also understand, in the preparation of certain drugs used in indigenous medicine by the killing of animals in a way which would strike the ordinary person as cruel. We have no objection to inserting the amendment in the Bill."

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Amendment No. 4.*Clause 9.*

The Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur moved that after the word "manner," in line 3 of clause 9 (now clause 8), the following be inserted, namely :—

"so as to constitute an offence under section 8 (now section 7)."

He said—

"My Lord, this amendment is necessary. This is a section which provides a penalty for being in possession of the skin of a goat killed with unnecessary cruelty. Reference ought to be made in this clause to the proviso to clause 8 (now clause 7). And I think the addition of

*The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Bill.**Sir Henry Wheeler; Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur.*

those words supplies an omission. If the killing in certain circumstances is not to be regarded as an offence, possession of the skin of a goat so killed should not be an offence."

The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler said :—

"Here again, Sir, the amendment is perhaps more theoretically arguable than practically obligatory. The clause in the Bill is a repetition of a section in an existing Act, XIV of 1917, which has worked all right. But in the reference to 'an unnecessarily cruel manner' we do mean 'unnecessarily cruel' in the sense that those words are used in clause 8 (now clause 7), and as the amendment only proposes to make that clear, we have no objection to accepting it."

The motion was then put and agreed to.

Amendment No. 5.

Clause 23 (now clause 22).

The Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur moved that for the word "Magistrate" at the end of sub-clause (2) of clause 23 (now clause 22), the following be substituted, namely :—

"nearest Magistrate competent to pass the maximum punishment prescribed under this Act."

He said—

"My Lord, these words are necessary because the word 'Magistrate' as put in the clause is vague. It may be necessary in some cases to inflict the maximum punishment, and if in that case the animal is produced before a Magistrate who under the Criminal Procedure Code is not vested with power to inflict such maximum punishment, the object of the Act would be frustrated. The mere insertion of the word 'Magistrate' will not prevent a man from taking the animal to a third class Magistrate whereas the proposed substitution would have the effect of compelling the production of a man before a Magistrate who is competent to punish the accused adequately."

The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler said :—

"Sir, we are not prepared to accept this amendment partly because we regard it as unnecessary, and partly because it introduces a limitation which is in some ways undesirable. The clause in question is that which enables a veterinary inspector to seize an animal which is unfit and either to send it to an infirmary, or, if he considers a prosecution is necessary, or the owner so elects, to direct a prosecution and produce the animal before a Magistrate. What the amendment really means is that that Magistrate must be a second class Magistrate. Ordinarily the animal would doubtless be produced before a Magistrate of the second class, but there is no reason why it should not be produced before a Magistrate of a lower class, and according to the Code of Criminal Procedure, third class Magistrates can also take cognizance of an offence although it may be triable only by a Magistrate of a higher class. The sending of the animal to the infirmary in accordance with clause 24 (now clause 23) need not, again, necessarily be done by a Magistrate of the second class, although, as I have said, ordinarily it will be so done. Therefore, I think the amendment is unnecessary, and I would deprecate its adoption."

*The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Bill.**Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur ; Sir Henry Wheeler.***The Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur said :—**

"My Lord, as the Bill shows the word 'magistrate' is mentioned and nothing more than that. Then the question is that the accused is to be brought before a magistrate. It is not here a case of recording a confession that the accused is to be brought before any magistrate. The point is that the magistrate must be a competent magistrate. He is brought before a magistrate of the third class and then it is found that such a magistrate has no power to take up the case which is brought before him. The accused is put to great difficulty, and he is brought before another magistrate who is competent to take up the case. So in order to avoid all these difficulties I consider that my amendment should be accepted."

The motion was then put and lost.

AMENDMENT No. 6.**Clause 25 (now clause 24).**

The Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur moved that the words "but the owner shall not be liable to make any payment in excess of the proceeds of the sale," in lines 4 and 5 of sub-clause (4) of clause 25 (now clause 24), be omitted.

He said :—

"My Lord, I think it would not be proper to retain these words. Take for instance a case in which an animal worth Rs. 25 is kept in the infirmary for a sufficient length of time so as to entail an expenditure of, say, Rs. 30 or Rs. 40. In that case, if we retain the above words in the clause, the owner cannot be compelled to pay more than Rs. 25. I suggest that the excess amount should also be realized from the owner."

The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler said :—

"Sir, after the solicitude which the Hon'ble Member showed for the rights of owners in connection with another clause, I am rather surprised that he should try to whittle away a degree of protection to an owner which the Bill extends. In certain eventualities an animal is taken to an infirmary; it is there treated and fees become payable. If the owner refuses or neglects to pay, or if he refuses to remove the animal, the animal may be sold, and what the Bill says is that the owner in that event shall not be liable to pay on account of infirmary fees, more than the price which the animal may fetch at auction. To this extent it is therefore a protection to the owner. Personally I do not mind much if that protection is taken away, but I think the amendment will not commend itself to the majority and, in that view, I would not accept it."

The Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur said :—

"In coming forward to criticise the provisions of a Bill we always take both sides of the question into consideration. We think it necessary to put forward before the Council what would be the consequence of a concrete case and with that view, my Lord, I have come to the Council with such an amendment. I am very thankful to Sir Henry Wheeler for reminding me that I had great solicitude for the owner in putting forward another amendment, but at the same time I submit that when a Bill is drafted and is brought

*The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Bill; Resolutions.**Sir Henry Wheeler; the President.*

before the Council all shades of the question have to be discussed, and I have put forward a concrete instance"

The motion was then put and lost.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 6.

The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler moved that the Secretary be directed to renumber the clauses and sub-clauses of the Bill in consecutive order and to make corresponding alterations in all cross references thereto.

The motion was put and agreed to.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 7.

The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler moved that the Bill, as settled in Council, be passed.

The motion was put and agreed to.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 8.**THE EASTERN FRONTIER RIFLES (BENGAL BATTALION) BILL, 1920.**

The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler presented the Report of the Select Committee on the Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion) Bill, 1920.

He said :—

"My Lord, assuming the soundness of the reasons for making the changes in nomenclature which I explained when the Bill was introduced, the Bill itself becomes one of making consequential verbal amendments. In that view it was regarded by the Select Committee, and it will be observed that we, therefore, propose that the Bill be passed as introduced."

RESOLUTIONS.**LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 9.**

His Excellency the President said :—

"Hon'ble Members will observe that items Nos. 9-17, inclusive, deal with matters which, I think, should be decided by non-official Members of the Council and I, therefore, propose to ask the official Members of the Council to leave the decisions upon these resolutions to their non-official colleagues.

"I would, however, point out to the Hon'ble Member in whose name No. 16 stands, namely, the Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray, that the first part of his proposed resolution¹ is covered by item No. 9, namely, the resolution standing in the name of the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur. In these circumstances it will not be in order for the Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray to move his resolution, but if he desires to do so, he will of course speak upon item No. 9."

¹ The first part of the resolution was as follows :—

"This Council recommends to the Governor in Council that the grateful thanks of the non-official Members of this Council be conveyed (1) to His Majesty the King-Emperor for His gracious message of the 23rd December last."

*Resolutions.**Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.*

The Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur moved the following resolution :—

"This Council recommends to the Governor in Council that a message expressing the loyal and dutiful homage of the people of this Presidency be respectfully conveyed to His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor, and that the profound gratitude of the people be conveyed to His Majesty for His gracious Proclamation of the 23rd December last and for giving His Royal assent to the Government of India Bill passed by Parliament, and also for His Royal condescension in announcing his intention to depute His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to visit India as His Majesty's representative for the purpose of inaugurating the new constitution; and this Council tenders its respectful assurance to His Majesty the King-Emperor that His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales will receive a most cordial and enthusiastic welcome from the people of this Presidency."

He said :—

"The Royal Proclamation of our Gracious Sovereign has stirred the hearts of our people to their inmost depths. The remarkable unanimity and spontaneous outburst of joy and gratitude with which the Proclamation has been received throughout the length and breadth of the country is an index of the love and attachment of the people to the Throne. There is in it a true ring of sincerity, of deep and abiding sympathy, love and solicitude for the advancement of India which has appealed to the imagination of the teeming millions under His Majesty's sway and has cemented the bond of union and strengthened the ties between India and England. King George before he ascended the throne had manifested on every possible occasion his sincere desire to promote the happiness and contentment of the people of India, which has found expressions at different times, and we believe that the change in the angle of vision of His Majesty's Government is not a little due to the influence and example of His Gracious Majesty.

The Proclamation of His Majesty is not a conventional pronouncement. In giving his seal of assent to the Government of India Act, he has declared in no uncertain voice that India is now set firmly and definitely on the road to responsible government, which is indeed the legitimate aspiration of the people. He sympathizes with their aspirations and rejoices that they are now about to be fulfilled. He exhorts both his people and his officers to make the great measure a success. Democratic institutions are not alien to the genius of our race because no other nation on the face of the earth differing so widely from the British people in race, language and literature, in history and traditions has been able to assimilate the best elements of western culture and knowledge and western ideals of civic and political life as we, the inheritors of an ancient culture and civilization which are to this day objects of admiration to the world. The activity and onward march of intellectual life of the people under British rule, which have met with Royal approbation, are apparent in every direction. Whether in the domain of law and literature, science or medicine, religion or morals, politics or the public services, we have produced men who are deemed a credit to any country in the world. I may be pardoned for indulging in a legitimate pride in saying that the genius of Bengal, in spite of our controversies and criticisms and apparent dissensions will rise to the height of the occasion and prove its fitness not only in the sphere of administration but also in the region of Parliamentary government. We realize that a grave responsibility is devolving on us. The time for discussion of the adequacy or inadequacy of the reforms has passed away. It is now our duty to concentrate our energies and put forth our abilities in a true spirit of patriotism to ensure its success and to justify our claims to a quicker march to the goal of complete responsible government.

*Resolutions.**Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.*

The party spirit, which is now so rife amongst us, is in every country concomitant of popular government and active public life. The spirit of rivalry in the service of our common motherland proceeds from the patriotic desire of us all to offer our best services to our people. I appeal to our countrymen not to forget in the heat of party warfare that the success of the reforms upon which His Imperial Majesty has set his heart is a matter of national honour with us and we should all do our best to vindicate that honour. In the field of sanitation, education, industrial and agricultural development, there is unlimited work for us all, and if every educated Indian does his little bit in the furtherance of his country's interests, regardless of individual political views, I feel sure that our national government will be fruitful of benefits to the country at large. The eyes of the whole world are upon us and we shall be judged as to our capacity to govern ourselves by our success or failure. It is possible, nay it is more than likely, that we may make mistakes in the beginning, but I am quite confident that the sympathy and co-operation of the members of the Civil Service who have reared this ground fabric of administration will not be withheld from us. I hope and trust that His Majesty's exhortations will be loyally acted upon. It is British connection, British influence and British example that have made India vibrate with the pulsation of a new life. What Macaulay longed for in the exuberance of his imagination and with a legitimate sense of pride in the beneficence of British rule has been realized to-day. The destinies of India have been so moulded by the kindly hand of Britain that Indians are now declared fit to be endowed with responsible government, and the authors of this measure have taken the precaution so to frame it as to enable the Indians to attain by light of experience and practical work the full measure of self-government within a measurable distance of time. Amongst our countrymen, there are some who consider that a larger measure of self-government ought to have been conceded from the very beginning, while a section of the European community consider that too much has been conceded. Everyone is entitled to his own opinion, and we should not grudge honest differences. But as the Act is now the law of the land, in all loyalty to the King and the constitution, and following His Majesty's wise counsel, let us now banish all bitterness from our mind. The controversy is at an end. The time for practical work has now come. Let us set ourselves to work, heart within and God overhead and achieve the consummation of full and responsible government so devoutly to be wished for. Now is the time for all parties to unite and seriously to consider what steps should be taken to press upon the Committee appointed to adjust the financial relations between the Imperial and Provincial Governments, the needs of the country and the necessity for a liberal financial adjustment in order to enable our newly-constituted Provincial Government so to administer the affairs of the Presidency as in the words of His Majesty will contribute to the greater happiness and well-being of the masses.

A momentous change is taking place. King George is the presiding genius at this period of transition. To him the millions of India whatever their divergent views in politics may be, with one acclaim offer their hearts' homage for his love, confidence and trust in them and for his sympathetic and wise guidance at this glorious epoch in the history of our country. He is enthroned in the hearts of us all and may he long rule over us.

The amnesty graciously granted by His Majesty has restored the bright sunshine of happiness in many a home, and loyal India feels profoundly grateful to him. It should be the endeavour of every person to cherish this mark of Royal favour by co-operating in the maintenance of peaceful, orderly and progressive Government as desired by His Majesty.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to announce that he would depute his dear son, the Prince of Wales, to inaugurate the new constitution.

*Resolutions.**Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.*

There is a chorus of welcome awaiting him from all parts of India. His Royal Highness comes here as the representative of our Sovereign charged with a great mission and the people of Bengal, who are ever foremost in according the most loyal and enthusiastic welcome to the Princes of the blood Royal, will tender their hearts' homage to him on that unique occasion."

The Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray said :—

"My Lord, the whole country is grateful to His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor for the very gracious Proclamation of the 23rd December last. It has touched the inmost feelings of our heart. At a time when the whole of India, no matter whether extremists, moderates or nationalists, Hindus, Muhammadans, Sikhs or Pathans, were agitated and convulsed by the disclosures of the incidents in the Punjab, the Royal Proclamation came as a balm to heal the wound. It is therefore with a loyal heart that we offer our devoted thanks for the kind message of sympathy and encouragement with which that Proclamation is replete and which shows the warmth of feeling and sincerity of heart of His Imperial Majesty.

There are three announcements in the Proclamation—(i) the passing of the Government of India Act ; (ii) the Amnesty to political prisoners, and (iii) the proposal for the constitution of a Council of Princes.

As regards the Government of India Act, the Proclamation makes note of one most important fact and makes one very important announcement. It states, 'there is one gift which yet remains and without which the progress of a country cannot be consummated—the right of her people to direct her affairs and safeguard her interests The control of her domestic concerns is a burden which India may legitimately aspire to taking upon her own shoulders.' It is for the first time that this announcement is made and steps taken to put us on the threshold of what may lead to responsible government.

My Lord, there are moments when sovereigns do the right thing and in fact capture the imagination of their subjects by showing their sympathy with their aspirations. India is a loyal country. Indians are by nature grateful, loyal and devoted to their ruler ; Indians are touched by the slightest acts of sympathy. It is therefore no wonder that His Majesty's Proclamation has had the effect of pacifying and soothing those who were discontented. If in the year 1911 His Imperial Majesty while in India held out words of hope, by the Proclamation of December last and by giving his Royal assent to the Government of India Act, he has partially fulfilled our hopes. The solemn declaration made by His Minister, I mean the Right Hon'ble Mr. Montagu, on the 20th August 1917 has been to some extent carried out. I believe that the policy of His Majesty's Government, as notified in the said declaration of the 20th August, that of increasing association of Indians in every branch of administration and the gradual development of self-governing institutions with a view to the progressive realization of responsible government in India as an integral part of the British Empire, will be fulfilled by the new Reforms Act. I do not say that we have reached the goal of our ambition and that we are to rest satisfied with what we have got. But I believe with many of my distinguished countrymen that the reforms will enable us to advance further towards our goal, that the reforms will be a stepping-stone to responsible government, and to use the words of the Royal Proclamation 'there now lies before us a definite step on the road to responsible government.'

Educated Indians who form the backbone of Indian society will ever remain true and loyal to the British Government. They know full well that it is the British Government which has raised them to the level of a

*Resolutions.**Dr. Subrawardy.*

progressive people, and that the safety and welfare of the country depends on the supremacy of the British Government. It may be that there will be agitation in the country for larger powers than the present Act gives us before the statutory period of ten years has expired, but that will not be unusual—I would even go further and say that it will be not unreasonable. My Lord, you cannot command the surging waves of the sea and say unto them ‘thus far shalt thou go and no further and here shalt thy proud waves be staid.’ A new spirit has dawned upon the country—why, it has dawned upon the world. The new idea of Nationality has caught hold of the educated mind in this country and has convulsed society here and in the Continent of Europe. Phenomenal rise of Japan in the Far East and the destruction of the military autocracies—even of the Holy Roman Empire in the west like a house of cards—have given an electric shock to the old-world ideas and beliefs. It is not necessary for me to point out or to reiterate that the new Act is a step towards responsible government. The trusted leaders of the people, sincere friends and well-wishers of India are unanimous in that opinion. Captain Ormsby-Gore, one of the members of the Joint Committee of Parliament, says, ‘There is a new conception of Empire, and India’s march towards the status of a self-governing dominion, away from the status of a Dependency, has begun.’ We, therefore, welcome the measure and convey to His Imperial Majesty our heartfelt gratitude for having given his Royal assent to it.

The Proclamation gives amnesty to political prisoners and His Majesty’s words cannot fail to give rise to sincere feelings of gratitude, not only to the public but to the political prisoners themselves. It is needless to say that the Reforms Act without the amnesty would have fallen flat on the country. His Majesty says, ‘It is my earnest desire at this time that so far as possible any trace of bitterness between my people and those who are responsible for my government should be obliterated. Let those who in their eagerness for political progress have broken the law in the past respect it in the future. Let it become possible for those who are charged with the maintenance of peaceful and orderly government to forget extravagances they have had to curb. A new era is opening. Let it begin with a common determination among my people and my officers to work together for a common purpose.’ We hope and trust that those to whom these words have been addressed will carry them out in the spirit in which they are intended.

By the Proclamation, His Imperial Majesty has given assent to the establishment of a Chamber of Princes. Though we on this side of India are not very much interested in these Indian States, still the establishment of a Chamber of Princes has a political significance for the whole of India. To me personally it is highly gratifying as I advocated the establishment of such a chamber so far back as the year 1888 in my ‘History of the Native States of India.’ On the 1st January 1877 on the historic plain of Delhi a ‘Council of the Empire’ was created. It was stated on that memorable occasion that the object of establishing this Imperial Council was to associate the Indian Princes with the Government of the Empire in a manner honourable to themselves and advantageous to the public interests. The Council has remained a paper Council ever since. A Council of this nature is urgently needed to place the relations between the Paramount Power and its great feudatories on an altogether new, superior and better footing. By their loyal and devoted services during the war they have established their claims to have a chamber of their own, and His Imperial Majesty has in justice to their services given them a chamber to which they were entitled.”

The Hon’ble Dr. Subrawardy said :—

“My Lord, I rise to give my wholehearted support to the resolution moved by my friend the Hon’ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.

*Resolutions.**Dr. Sukrawardy.*

My Lord, any Royal Proclamation issued at any time by any sovereign for the welfare of his people is bound to fire their imagination and enthusiasm and awaken in their breasts sentiments of the deepest loyalty and of profound gratitude, and, my Lord, former rulers of this historic country in ages gone by have signified on historic and memorable occasions by the promulgation of Charters and Proclamations their sentiments of love and affection for their people. But the Proclamation of His Imperial Majesty George V stands pre-eminent by the circumstances and occasion of its promulgation and the character of its contents above all the Charters and Proclamations of the world. It stands unique amongst the literature of its kind. I venture to say that one will seek in vain in the archives of the world for a royal document which can bear comparison with the Proclamation of the King-Emperor in the nobility of its sentiments, the loftiness of its ideals and the generous policy of government foreshadowed for the future. When I say this, I do not forget the edicts of Asoka, the *firmans* of Firoze Shah and the institutes of Jehangir, edicts, charters and institutes issued by sovereigns imbued with high and humane ideals for the welfare of their subjects. Nor do I forget the great Charters of English History. The Proclamation, my Lord, has been described as the Magna Charta of India. But we should remember that it is not a charter wrung from a sovereign in a moment of panic or under pressure of adverse circumstances. It is a Proclamation promulgated after careful consideration and due deliberation by the mightiest Emperor of the world—the only Emperor in the West—to his subjects in the East, in the plenitude of his power, in the height of his glory, by the Head of an Empire which has emerged victorious and triumphant from a world-wide war which has overturned the thrones of Tsars and Kaisers and of lesser kings. As to its character and contents, the Proclamation embodies the loftiest ideals of statesmanship and kingship expressed in noble language. My Lord, the Proclamation is characterised as a message of hope and inspiration. It is undoubtedly a message of hope, but it is much more. Let us pause for a moment and analyze its contents. It recounts the measures passed by Parliament for the better government of India culminating with the Act which has now become law. It reminds us of the sentiments of affection and devotion towards India of His Majesty and His predecessors and of the Royal Proclamations issued by them. It tells us how the desire after political responsibility has resulted from the British contact with India and how the beginnings of responsible government were laid many years ago and how the scope has been extended stage by stage till now there lies before us a definite step on the road to responsible government. It points out the need of mutual forbearance between all sections and races of the people of India and for co-operation for the common good in sinking unessential differences. It further announces the exercise of the Royal clemency to political offenders.

Now the announcement of the 20th August has been vindicated, the Reforms Act is an accomplished fact. The Royal clemency has been exercised by the Viceroy on behalf of His Majesty in the fullest measure. Thus the Proclamation is not merely a pledge, a promise, a pious hope, it is the fulfilment of a promise, the redemption of a pledge, the realization of our hope. The Sovereign has demonstrated his sovereignty in a just and generous manner. It is now for the subjects to give proofs of their allegiance. A solemn and sacred obligation is laid on our shoulders. Let not our gratitude and loyalty end with the mere effervescence of words. Let us prove by deeds the depth and intensity of our loyalty. My Lord, I frankly confess that I was amongst those who were not in love with many features of the Reforms Scheme. In this very Council Chamber I voiced the dissatisfaction of the Moslem community at the place accorded to them under the Montagu-Chelmsford Report. But now that the Act is passed and the Sovereign bids us to observe mutual

Resolutions.

Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri; Maulvi Abul Kasem.

for the success of this great experiment, let the voice of dissent be hushed. Time was when difference of race and religion might have been urged as an obstacle in the way of cordial co-operation. The greatest and mightiest of Moslem monarchs dreamt the dream of building up an Indian nation, and strove hard both by example and precept for the realization of his dream. He lived to see his dream shattered and died of a broken heart. The hapless Prince Dara, who dared dream the dream of his illustrious grandfather, had to pay with his blood the penalty of his boldness and broad-minded sympathy with the Hindus.

But now, despite the holocausts of Arrah and Katarpur the air resounds with the cry of Hindu-Moslem unity. The urnest and ferment born of the impact of Britain and India is seeking to find rest in the formation of an Indian nation. But let not the nationalists forget that the India of to-day is not the India of Hindus and Moslems alone, but it is the India of Hindus, Moslems and Christians. Let the inheritors of the civilization and culture of Asoka and Vikramaditya, of Akbar and Shah Jehan. Hindus and Moslems rise to the height of the occasion and united in a bond of indissoluble brotherhood work in unison, harmony and cordial co-operation with the great British people, the greatest friends of freedom, the members of the freest empire in the world. Let the Britisher also realize his share in the creation of the desire in Indian minds for political freedom and let him not look upon Indian political leaders as his enemies.

My Lord, with understanding and sympathy and cordial co-operation the Zion of our hope and the Mecca of our aspirations will be reached in no distant future and Britishers will be proud of their Indian fellow-citizens and partners in the great British Commonwealth and Indians will proudly declare themselves as the citizens of an Empire wider and vaster than that of the Romans, and say, 'We are the citizens of the British Empire'."

The Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri said :—

"My Lord, I rise not to add anything to what has been so ably moved by my friend the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur, and the previous speakers, but I think it my duty as a representative of the people as well as in my private capacity to associate myself wholeheartedly in an expression of homage—loyal and dutiful homage—to His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor for the gracious Proclamation of the 23rd December last and in our respectful assurance to His Majesty the King-Emperor that His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales will receive a most cordial and enthusiastic welcome from us. With these expressions of loyalty, I wholeheartedly support what has been said by the hon'ble mover and the previous speakers."

The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem said :—

"My Lord, I rise to join my humble voice to the expression of gratitude and loyalty to His Majesty the King-Emperor. There may be differences of opinion about the system of administration carried on in this country or the manner in which government is carried on here, but so far as Indians are concerned—and by Indians I mean all sections of the community, whether nationalists or not, whether Hindus or Muhamminadans—we are at least one in our devotion to the person of His Majesty and the Throne of England. I think that so far as the Indian people are concerned their loyalty to the

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Throne, which is also the Throne of India, is not less sincere and less heartfelt than that of the people of Great Britain themselves, and that whenever we have to find fault with the administration we have done it with the knowledge that our criticism would reach the foot of the Throne and that redress would come from His Majesty. Besides the feeling of loyalty which exists in the heart of the people I might add that any member of the House of the late Queen Victoria would always command the affectionate regard and respect from the people of India and as His Majesty King George has not only maintained the reputation of his illustrious house but has also enhanced it by his sympathy with the people of this country, I can assure your Excellency's Government that we will not be wanting in lending our co-operation and help to his desire to make the Reforms Act a success. I join in the hope that the members of the Government will also lend us a helping hand. Mutual co-operation of the people and Government is necessary so that His Majesty's wishes may be fulfilled. With these words I beg to associate myself in the motion which is now before the house."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter said :—

"My Lord, I am desired by my colleagues, including the landowning interest in this house, to join my voice to what has been said with regard to the resolution moved by my hon'ble friend Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur. In doing so I desire to state one aspect of the question which has been overlooked. We Indians are sincerely and wholeheartedly of opinion that the salvation of India lies in her continuing to be a part of the British Empire. Even those who are perhaps at times the bitterest critics of British administration in India, even they are fully convinced and are sincere in their conviction that the salvation of India lies in association with and as a partner of the British Empire. But, my Lord, at times in the heat of controversy people forget and it is natural, inevitable for them to forget, that in order to cement the bond of union between England and India that the agitation and bitterness which found a place in the past must cease to have any place in view of the coming reforms, because we must remember that England is the head of the Empire of which India aspires to be a great partner, and I have no doubt that as our reformed Council meets and begin to discuss the practical problems of the country and as Indians themselves take up responsibilities in the new Councils, they will realize the importance of the move. At the same time I have no doubt that my European fellow-citizens in the reformed Councils will begin to take a real and abiding interest in the practical political problems of India. They will try as much as we Indians will try in creating a more contented India and in creating an India which will be one of the ablest partners in this Empire. My Lord, originally I did not intend to speak on this resolution, but as I have been asked by my colleagues, who represent the landholding interest in this Council, I cannot do better than join my voice in support of this resolution."

The Hon'ble Mr. Watson-Smyth said :—

"On behalf of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce I rise to support this resolution. I cordially associate myself and those whom I represent with the expression of loyal and respectful homage to His Majesty the King-Emperor. We also join in the expression of gratitude to His Majesty for announcing his intention to depute His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to visit India as His Majesty's representative for the purpose of inaugurating the new constitution, and we join in tendering our respectful assurance that His Royal Highness will receive a most cordial and enthusiastic welcome from the people of this

*Resolutions.**Mr. Watson-Smyth.*

Presidency. I further wish to associate myself with that part of the resolution which conveys the gratitude of the people to His Majesty for having given his Royal assent to the Government of India Bill passed by Parliament, but in doing so I must remind this Council, without in any way wishing to strike a discordant note, that it rests with us all to turn this Government of India Bill into something for which we can truly be thankful.—It may, however, be easily otherwise. It is a great experiment. At the moment it may be said that it is trembling in the balance and the scale may easily be turned—even a hair may turn it—so that this Bill may become not a blessing, but the reverse. In supporting this resolution I do not intend to use the ordinary platitudes. In my opinion the time has come—and this is a suitable opportunity—for the British mercantile community to put their cards on the table and to state definitely what their attitude is to be with regard to this Bill. It is well-known—and I hasten to admit it—that we were of opinion that these reforms, although we agree to a certain extent with the principle, went too fast and too far. We thought and we still think that the time was not ripe for the introduction into India of a form of government on western democratic lines, and that the franchise difficulty was so great that any form of elected government to be really representative of the will of the people was a practical impossibility. These were not conclusions hastily arrived at, but were the results of much thought and consideration, and I would that we could say that we had had a fair hearing when the measure was being discussed, but this is not so. When the Joint Committee of the two Houses sat in London representatives of every form of opinion were not only invited but also assisted to give evidence, but the great Chambers of Commerce of India were not invited. When we persistently urged our claim to be heard, permission was given at the eleventh hour under conditions which made it impossible for us to appear. All this, however, is past history. By the vote of Parliament and by the will of the Sovereign this Bill has become law, and now, without recrimination and with no illwill, we enter the next stage—a much more difficult stage—that of carrying these reforms into effect. Any clever man can invent a scheme of reforms, but reforms mean that part of the community gets less, and other parts of the community get more than they got before. Consequently it takes the goodwill and co-operation, and specially the goodwill of the whole nation to make any scheme of reform a success. It has been said that these reforms are for India and for Indians and that we British have no place in them, and we can hardly blame any one for thinking so after the way in which the commercial community were more or less ignored in the report on which this Reform Bill was based. Those who are known as extremists go further and say that the British merchants have no right to expect any place under the reforms because they only exploit India for their own gain and with no real interest or stake in the country. I can only describe this as being a wilful and wicked misstatement. It is true—and I admit it—that most of us carry on our work here buoyed up with the hope of spending the autumn of our days in the land where we were born, but our work still goes on. We succeeded to what our fathers did before us and leave our sons behind to carry on the work, and if it is asked what this work has been and what it has meant to India, I only ask the enquirer to look round—to look to modern industrial India which we, the British merchants, have made and developed, assisted by the Government and sheltered by the great *Pax Britannica* under which there is security for life and property such as India never knew before we came here. I would remind you, however, and I lay great stress on this—that the merchant came first and the other things followed afterwards, and if you withdraw the merchant all the rest will go too. I think we are all glad to notice that there have been signs recently of Indians recognizing this. At a recent meeting one of India's great orators made an eloquent claim for partnership in the great British Empire, and I cannot do better than adapt his words to our claim for partnership in India. I

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Babu Akhil Chandra Datta; Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur.

say, therefore, to my Indian friends that India is yours, by birth, but it is ours by adoption. There are, however, two classes of Indians to deal with, and I will call them—to use the jargon of to-day—extremists and moderates. As to the extremists, if there are any here I do not know, but I hope that my words will go beyond the walls of this room—to the extremists I say that we will have no dealings with you as long as you maintain your present attitude and your present views. We feel that you are antagonistic to us and that we must look to ourselves and protect ourselves, and this we are well able to do. But to the moderates I say stretch out your hand and we will take it. Ask for our co-operation and you shall have it and you and we will then tackle this problem of reforms and turn the Bill into something for which thanks are really due—something to the great benefit of the people and to the lasting good of this mighty Empire of India which is both yours and ours."

The Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta said :—

My Lord, I rise to support this resolution and I do it most wholeheartedly. I do not desire to make any lengthy speech or to mar the effect of this solemn resolution by discussing any controversial matters as I am afraid my friend, the hon'ble gentleman who has just spoken, has done. But there is one thing about which I must speak. It is His Majesty the King-Emperor's wish and commandment that there should be most cordial co-operation between officials and people, between Europeans and Indians, to make the new constitution a success. I have no right to speak on behalf of the officials, nor have I any right to speak on behalf of the Europeans. But I have a right to speak on behalf of the people and in doing so I may assure your Lordship, I may assure the officials, I may assure the Europeans, including the last speaker, that so far as it lies in the people they will most enthusiastically respond to that exhortation of the King-Emperor to co-operate wholeheartedly to make the reforms a success. Whatever may be said by other people, I know my people and I am perfectly satisfied that the whole country is determined to co-operate most loyally. I am not aware of any people in this Presidency in whom there is any desire of obstruction. The real attitude of the whole people is one of co-operation, of absolute and wholehearted co-operation and not one of obstruction. I make mention of this specially for the reason because I know and I feel there is a certain misconception in certain quarters about the attitude of the people with respect to the reforms. There is certainly a controversy as to whether the reforms are considered adequate or not, but apart from that question what I was going to say, my Lord, is that there is a certain misconception in some quarters that the feeling of those people according to whom the reforms are not adequate is that there should be no co-operation and the attitude is one of opposition. So far as I know I am in a position to assure your Lordship that there is no desire in any quarter whatsoever of obstruction. With these words I beg to associate myself with this resolution."

The Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur said :—

My Lord, I beg to support the resolution of the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Charan Pal Bahadur wholeheartedly.

The resolution includes a vote of thanks for the Royal message for the Royal assent to the Reforms Act and for the announcement of the coming visit of the Prince of Wales to India. I associate myself with the sentiment of the resolution. My Lord, the Proclamation of His Majesty the King-Emperor of India, has placed Indians from every hamlet, village town and city in debt immense, of endless gratitude to him. The Proclamation has enhanced feelings of loyalty to the British Throne. Is there an Indian who is not moved by the loving words and noble sentiments

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Mr. Irwin; Mr. Phelps; the President; Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.

conveyed to the loyal subjects of His Majesty? The golden cable which binds the King-Emperor with India is the secret sympathy for their just and legitimate aspirations—

It is secret sympathy
That silvery tie that silken lined
From heart to heart and mind to mind
In united soul can bind.

Every word in the Proclamation breathes sympathy for the Indians.

The Royal assent to the India Reforms Act has given an opportunity for an outburst of loyalty to the Throne of the King-Emperor. Exceptions are taken in some quarter to the wording of the resolution, but the idea of loyalty and firm attachment to the person of His Majesty is deep rooted in the country.

Standing in the Council Chamber we ought in a matter of this kind to forget the difference we attach to mere words or what we owe to a party. The officials and non-officials must be in perfect unanimity and be enthusiastic in their homage to him and give vent to their feelings of reverence and affection for a monarch so mighty in war, so glorious in victory and so resolute in bringing about peace to the world. The Reforms Act has secured for us to some extent a recognition of our legal right to self-government. I do not like to discuss whether our hopes and sentiments have been fully realized or not. That is a controversial point. In proposing a vote of thanks in the Council Chamber we ought to show our profound loyalty to His Majesty. The announcement of the intended visit of the Prince of Wales has also filled our hearts with joy. The Hindus and Muhammadans have great regard for their kings. To merely gaze on his face is regarded as a virtue by the Hindus."

The Hon'ble Mr. Irwin said :—

"My Lord, on behalf of the tea-planting industry, which I have the honour to represent in this Council, I beg to give my loyal and wholehearted support to this resolution."

The Hon'ble Mr. Phelps said :—

"My Lord, the excellent sentiments expressed in this resolution are so obvious that I have not come prepared to make a speech in support of it. But I find that representatives of different communities have expressed their opinions and even my hon'ble friend of the Chamber of Commerce has made a speech expressing the opinion of the body he represents. In view of that I feel that if I do not say a word on behalf of the association which I have the honour to represent I may possibly be misunderstood. Regarding the Reforms Scheme, with my 30 years' experience and work in the municipality, principally with Indians, I have been conscious for a long time that I am in close sympathy with some of my colleagues. I have been shouting for co-operation for the last 25 years, and I rejoice to find that some of my European friends who almost bitterly opposed the Reforms Scheme have come round to my opinion, and I have very much pleasure in supporting the resolution in this Council."

The Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur having risen from his seat—

The President said :—

"Is it your intention to speak again by way of reply? No body has spoken against your resolution."

The Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur said :—

"Yes, I should like to make a few observations, my Lord, on a particular point."

*Resolutions.**The President; Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.***The President said :—**

"The object of an hon'ble mover making a second speech is that he may reply to criticisms which have been made, but in this instance no criticisms have been made. Therefore the Hon'ble Member has nothing to reply to. But if the Hon'ble Member wishes to rise to a point of order, I am willing to hear him."

The Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur said :—

"I wish to speak on one point, my Lord, in the Hon'ble Mr. Watson-Smyth's speech."

The President said :—

"If the hon'ble mover thinks that there is a point in the Hon'ble Mr. Smyth's speech that he should reply to, I am prepared to hear him."

The Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur said :—

"One interesting feature in the debate on this resolution is that it has been received in a wholehearted and loyal manner by all sections of the community."

"Then, my Lord, we have got the support and sympathy of the European community. But there are one or two observations in the speech of the Hon'ble Mr. Watson-Smyth with which I would deal with your Excellency's permission. My Lord, he said that a certain section of my community, if I followed him aright, did not want the co-operation of the European community. My Lord, for my part and speaking with considerable experience of the past history of the country, there is not much difference between extremists and moderates. I can assure your Excellency that the foremost leaders of the moderate party were some 15 or 20 years back the foremost extremists of the day, and whatever version may be put upon the opinions expressed by the different parties, one and all of my countrymen are devotedly loyal and attached to the British Crown, and they truly believe that their salvation lies in the British connection. With reference to Mr. Smyth's remark, I may be permitted to use the old saying, 'Do unto others as you wish to be done by.' Unfortunately, there have been many occasions when the European community in this country have not been very sympathetic with the aspirations of the people. My Lord, the days of Lord Ripon are still in our memory, and therefore there might be in some places reciprocity of ungenerous feelings. My friend will admit that it is due to a certain extent to the way in which my countrymen have been treated by some section of the European community in the past. We cannot forget the role played by Mr. Keswick, the uncrowned king of opposition, and his party and latterly by the party represented by my esteemed friend Mr. Morgan at the present day on behalf of the European Defence Association, which is now called the European Association. Nevertheless we have been working harmoniously with the European community in all matters affecting the minor details of administration, i.e., in municipal affairs and other things. As the remarks of the Hon'ble Mr. Watson-Smyth may create an impression in the public mind that a section of my countrymen are opposed to the association of the Europeans, I think it necessary to make this statement."

The motion was then put and agreed to.

*Resolutions.**Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.***LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEMS Nos. 10—18.****His Excellency the President said :—**

"I would point out to the Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray that the second part of item No. 16—the resolution standing in his name—is substantially the same as item No. 10. There is, however, this difference that the Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray would add to the list of those to be thanked—the British Parliament. In these circumstances, while it is not open to the Hon'ble Member to move his motion as a separate resolution, it is open to him if he desires to move an amendment to item No. 10 with a view to including the British Parliament in the list of those to be thanked."

The Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur moved the following resolution :—

"This Council recommends to the Governor in Council that its warmest congratulations be conveyed to His Majesty's Government and to the Right Hon'ble Mr. E. S. Montagu, the Secretary of State for India, and the Right Hon'ble Lord Sinha of Raipur, the Under-Secretary of State for India, on the successful passage of the Government of India Bill through the two Houses of Parliament, which measure the Council regards as a definite and substantial step towards the progressive realization of responsible government."

He said :—

"My Lord, I do not think I need make a long speech, but I may say in a few words that I do not think we will increase the volume of popular gratitude which we all feel for His Majesty's Government, the Right Hon'ble Mr. Montagu, the Secretary of State for India, and the Right Hon'ble Lord Sinha, if I make a lengthy speech. Our gratitude is well-known and it has been expressed in several places and on more than one occasion. All I need say is this : that His Majesty's Government have earned the undying gratitude of the teeming millions of this vast country by the sympathy which they have shown in accepting the views of their responsible advisers in conceding this measure of self-government. To Mr. Montagu I may say this that he is the gentleman who has been piloting this measure through all its stormy stages, amidst obloquy and misrepresentations and the shafts of calumny which were unable to pierce him. In the midst of all these distractions he has manfully and courageously rebutted the attacks which have been made upon his high statesmanship and with his fertile resourcefulness and wonderful powers of persuasion he has been able to carry this Bill and to induce the democracy of England to enact it as the law of the land and also to obtain the Royal assent. When I remember what Mr. Montagu has done I may say that his features and we all liked his fine stature, are engraved in the heart of every person in this Empire and, therefore, I need not add any more adjectives to express our feelings of gratitude."

As regards Lord Sinha, I may say I am an Indian and he is an Indian. I need hardly say that he has merited our gratitude and enhanced our pride and self-esteem because he has shown that an Indian is quite capable of standing shoulder to shoulder with the eminent British statesmen in your country. He has obtained the exalted rank of a Peer of the British realm; he has obtained the high encomiums of the

The second part of the resolution was as follows :—

"This Council recommends to the Governor in Council that the grateful thanks of the non-official Members of this Council be conveyed—

(2) To the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, Mr. Montagu, and to the British Parliament for their kind exertions to pass the Government of India Act.

*Resolutions.**Babu Surendra Nath Ray.*

press and the people of England and in both Houses of Parliament. It is a fact of which we are proud; we are proud that Lord Sinha is our countryman. I have, therefore, moved my resolution of thanks first to His Majesty's Government, secondly to the Right Hon'ble Mr. Montagu (the much abused person of the present day) and thirdly to Lord Sinha, my own beloved countryman. My resolution only relates to those who have been piloting this measure through the Parliament and had direct connection with it."

The Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray said :—

"My Lord, I move the amendment that the words 'the British Parliament' be inserted after the words 'Under-Secretary of State for India' in the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur's resolution.

I do not want to enter into the controversial question as to whether the reforms are definite and substantial. I only wished to support the resolution with a plain and simple amendment.

I need hardly say that through the unremitting exertions of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State, Mr. Montagu, India has got the present Reforms Act. That he has laid India under a deep debt of gratitude by all that he has done on behalf of India will probably be admitted by people of all shades of opinion. Ever since the declaration of the 20th August 1917 he has not been silent for a single day. He came out to India at the risk of his life at a time when the Mediterranean Sea was bristling with submarines and sinking of steamers was a thing of every-day occurrence. He examined the situation in India first-hand and made definite proposals in consultation with His Excellency the Viceroy. Those who like myself had the honour of private interview with him and of discussing questions of public interest with him will be able to testify how anxious he was to gather facts and to go to the root of questions. He was in full sympathy with the political aspirations of the Indians. Whether in India or in England he worked hard and with a single minded purpose to elevate the political status of the Indians.

India expected every son of hers to do his duty at this critical time and Mr. Montagu found in the Right Hon'ble Lord Sinha and Mr. Bhupendra Nath Bose two of her worthy sons—two coadjutors to help him in his noble and laudable efforts and to whom also our best thanks are due.

Amidst volume of calumny and ridicule, Mr. Montagu had the courage to keep his mind clear of all such abuses and march on steadily without swerving from the object in view, viz., political advancement of India, in spite of the attempts of many who intended to wreck the entire scheme. Mr. Montagu's political wisdom and sagacity have enabled him to bring the scheme through both Houses of Parliament with distinguished success. Justice to whom justice is due should and must be the guiding principle of every honest mind. If, therefore, any one is entitled to the sincere and heartfelt gratitude of a whole nation and to whom our best thanks should be conveyed, it is the Right Hon'ble Mr. Montagu. I am sure when at no distant date India is in possession of full responsible government, the fame of the Right Hon'ble Mr. Montagu will shine like aurora in the bright sky of India and his name will be cherished with grateful remembrance throughout the length and breadth of the land.

To both Houses of Parliament our sincere thanks are due and we pray that they may be conveyed. The amount of interest which the generality of the Members of Parliament evince in matters Indian is generally not very cheering. They have many questions of interest to engage their attention. It is therefore a matter of congratulation to the people of India that Mr. Montagu had not only not the least difficulty but had the support of the Mother of Parliaments in his endeavours to pilot the Bill.

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The President Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur; Maulvi A. K. Fazl-ul-Haq.

My Lord, to you personally and to your Lordship's Government the thanks of the entire community are due for the wholehearted support which your Lordship has given to the scheme from the very beginning. It was your Lordship's desire from the very outset to support the scheme so that the people may have a fair trial in self-government. Your Lordship wanted to see that the people of this country should be properly initiated in the art of government, that they should not be mere critics of government measures but should be actual administrators, and with that view your Lordship helped as much as it was possible to support the measure. Without such support it would have not been possible for the Secretary of State to have carried through this Bill in the teeth of opposition of some of the other Provincial Governors.

My Lord, I hope and trust every member of this house will join with me in supporting the resolution."

ITEM No. 10.

His Excellency the President said :—

"The amendment now before the Council is—To insert after the words 'Under Secretary of State for India' in line 4 of item No. 10 the following words, namely, 'and to the British Parliament'. The Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur, as the member in charge of the original motion, is entitled to speak on the amendment if he desires to do so."

The Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur said :—

"My Lord, I accept the amendment."

The amendment was then put and agreed to.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 11.

The Hon'ble Maulvi A. K. Fazl-ul-Haq moved, by way of amendment, that in the resolution of the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur (item No. 10) the words after the word "Parliament" beginning with the word "which" up to the end of the sentence be omitted.

He said :—

"My Lord, I hope my friend, the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur, will be pleased to hear that I agree generally with what he has said in support of the resolution, not because I recede from my original intention of pressing the amendment which stands in my name but because I feel that much of the speech delivered by him is wholly irrelevant to the point at issue. My hon'ble friend will recognize that so far as his recommendations to convey the respectful congratulations of this Council to His Majesty's Government is concerned, or to convey our thanks to the Secretary of State or to Lord Sinha is concerned, we are in perfect agreement, but the only matter in which I join issue with him is as regards the advisability of putting in his resolution a phrase which I respectfully submit is of a highly controversial character. When my friend reads his speech in print in the pages of the *Calcutta Gazette* he will find that he has not said a single word in support of the position he has taken in bringing forward for discussion in this Council a question about which he knows there is such a feeling in this country. Now, my Lord, I feel very deeply, and, I say, with some regret, that

*Resolutions.**Maulvi A. K. Fazl-ul-Haq.*

my hon'ble friend should have practically forced me to take up a position which I very much deplore—to have compelled me to raise a discordant note when I feel that nothing but harmony should have characterised the proceedings of this Council. My Lord, I will not pause to discuss the desirability or the necessity of giving certificates where none are needed, but I hope my friend will realize that there is such a thing as loyalty to a party, and when a question arises for discussion about which a particular party holds definite views it is impossible to expect that that question can be allowed by a member of that party to pass unchallenged. I do not for a moment ask anyone present in this house to discuss and decide the question whether the reforms do or do not constitute a substantial step towards responsible government. I will not make a confession, but I may even admit that the opinion of the majority of the party which I represent does not commend itself to me, but, my Lord, once that decision is taken and so long as I have not severed myself from that party, I think it would be disloyalty to them if I did not object to the incorporation of these words about which I know the majority of my party feels very strongly.

My Lord, I fully realize that the gracious words of His Majesty the King-Emperor have not only inaugurated a new era but have enjoined upon all His Majesty's subjects the solemn duty of co-operating with one another with a view to produce that serene and calm atmosphere in which alone the new reforms can be made a success. I fully realize that at a moment like this when we are on the threshold of a great experiment—an experiment pregnant with vital consequences to my own country—it would be absolutely suicidal, not to say unpatriotic, to say or to do anything which may hamper the efforts of all concerned to make these reforms a success. I have explained my position that if these words were not added to the resolution I would not only have voted for the resolution but I would have most gladly said whatever I could have said in support of the resolution, but I cannot, as I have expressed, in loyalty to my party, allow the resolution to pass in the form in which it stands. It may be asked that if I really feel that the voice of dissension ought to be hushed, why is it that I am raising this discordant note? If I am asked that question I will try to answer it in a few words. My friend is aware, and I think the majority of the members of this Council must be aware, that ever since the Montagu-Chelmsford Report on the Indian Constitutional Reforms was published there was a bitter controversy as to whether these reforms do or do not constitute a substantial step towards responsible government. I am not going into the details of the matter and I need not enter into a question of a political complexion, but I will say this much that the acceptance or non-acceptance of the word substantial as applied to the reforms is really the line of cleavage between those who adhere to the Congress and those who secede from it. Now, my Lord, that controversy could only have been relevant or had any meaning till the Act was passed and after that Act has been passed it is absolutely irrelevant to the main issue now before us to pause and consider whether those who said that this was a substantial step were correct or whether the others were correct. Therefore, my Lord, I consider that it is wholly useless and fully irrelevant to the issue before us and before the country to raise once again a dissension which we hope has been set at rest by trying to raise an issue which cannot but be of a controversial character.

Lastly, my Lord, whether the reforms are or are not a substantial step towards responsible government ought to be left to time and experience. There are those who think that these are substantial steps but others, who also have a right to speak with authority (I mean a certain section of the European community), say that in the present circumstances of the country a great deal too much has been given. There are others also who think much more

*Resolutions.**Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.*

should have been given. I think it should be left for time to show and for Indians to justify whether the reforms are a substantial step or something more should be given. Why stop and quarrel over words and bring into the discussion in this Council matter of a controversial character? Let us offer our heartfelt thanks to those who are responsible for these reforms and let us unite and co-operate to make the reforms a success. Let us show that we are fit for them and by our fitness for more reforms show that these reforms are inadequate.

I do not wish to take up the time of this Council as I hope I have explained my position to the hon'ble mover. Although I move this amendment I do not say that possibly these reforms are not a substantial step towards responsible government, but what I say is this that I cannot allow this resolution as it has been worded by my friend to be passed in this Council without a challenge. I regret that my friend should have so worded his resolution as to bring it within the sphere of controversy. With these few words I beg to move the amendment."

The Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur said :—

"My Lord, I must say that I am very much struck by the speech of my hon'ble friend. I have said already in my previous observations that we all recognize the fact that there is a difference of opinion as to the adequacy or inadequacy of the privileges that have been granted to us. But, my Lord, at the same time I must confess that there is a large volume of public opinion which supports the view that I have taken. The fact why I have not touched on the second part of my motion is this, because I know very well that it is useless on my part to make a long speech to convince some of my friends on my left that it is a definite and substantial step towards the progressive realization of responsible government. But I have said, my Lord, that we respect differences of opinion, and on the present occasion in order to secure harmony and having regard to the pledge given by my hon'ble friend which I believe represents in a large measure the voice of the party he belongs to, and in order to secure co-operation to make this measure a success, I for my part am quite prepared with the approval of this house to accept an amendment that the word 'substantial' be omitted from the resolution, in order to bring about unanimity. But as regards the word 'definite,' I do not think that my hon'ble friend would quarrel about it. We all know that this Council consists of representatives of different shades of opinion and it is therefore necessary that a resolution of this sort should be unanimous, and if that will satisfy my hon'ble friend, I am quite prepared to accept it."

His Excellency the President said :—

"Both the original motion and the amendment are now before the Council, and it is open to any Hon'ble Member to speak on either of these motions. I presume there will be some Hon'ble Members who desire to speak on the original motion. I propose that we now adjourn the meeting until half past two."

(The Council here adjourned for lunch.)

(The Council reassembled after lunch at 2-30 p.m.)

The Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur said :—

"My Lord, as there is no unanimity on the subject, I regret I cannot accept my hon'ble friend's amendment as I said I would."

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Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri; Maulvi Abul Kasem; Rai Srinath Ray Bahadur.

The Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri said :—

"My Lord, the Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray has made one reservation. In his resolution he was not much concerned about what appears in the last sentence of this resolution. My Lord, if we are to congratulate certain persons we must congratulate them for something and what is that something? My hon'ble friend, Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq, says that because he belongs to a party which thinks that the reforms are not sufficient therefore he should oppose the resolution. I cannot follow that reasoning, my Lord. That the Act has done something substantial is an admitted fact. We should all try to successfully work it out. That is why we should say something more than what is stated in the resolution. The Act no doubt is not yet complete. The rules are not yet framed and placed before the public. We do not yet know how far the measure is likely to work out in detail. But we have confidence in Mr. Montagu and we are proud of Lord Sinha, the present Under-Secretary of State, and we know full well that they will do their utmost in making the rules satisfactory.

If the words were not there in the resolution I would not have troubled to insert them. But when the words appear there I think we cannot omit them. In the country of course there is some difference of opinion as to whether the reforms are substantial or not, but we are all unanimous in offering our congratulations to the framers of the Act. In that view I support the retention of the words in the resolution."

The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem said :—

"My Lord, I rise to support the amendment of my hon'ble friend, the Hon'ble Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq. In doing so I have only to say that although we do not agree to the opinion that the Reforms Act is a definite and substantial step towards responsible government, I for one and the party to which I belong do not forget that credit is due to Mr. Montagu for having this Act passed through the Houses of Parliament and for the great trouble and interest that he has taken in the matter. We are grateful to him, we offer him our thanks and also his colleagues and those who were associated with him in this matter. From the nature of the severe cross-examination to which I was put by Mr. Montagu I can say this much that he takes a deep interest in the people of India and that he is very much concerned in their welfare. We also know full well that he had to fight against great difficulties in bringing about a great change like the one that he has brought about. But all the same the country is divided in their opinion as to whether these reforms are substantial or not, and I think we the members of this Council who represent various interests and various political opinions—all shades of political opinion—think that it would have been advisable if the Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray's resolution could have been moved so that we could come to an unanimous decision. The Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray advisedly did not bring forward those three words 'substantial and definite' because he knew that that would raise a discussion and would be controversial. At the same time the hon'ble mover of this resolution advisedly put in those words because he wanted to get a definite opinion from this Council. Situated as I am I would oppose this resolution not only because my party has declared that these reforms are not substantial and definite but also because personally I am rather doubtful about whether the reforms are substantial and definite. Therefore I support the amendment moved by my friend the Hon'ble Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq."

The Hon'ble Ray Srinath Rai Bahadur said :—

"My Lord, I consider the Government of India Act is a definite and substantial step towards responsible government. The tests of responsible Government are, firstly, that the powers of control should be vested in the

*Resolutions.**Dr. Suhrawardy.*

people and, secondly, that the ministers who actually administer should be removable by the legislature which is composed of the representatives of the people.

"The Act, so far as the Provincial Government is concerned, satisfies both the tests in the matter of transferred subjects. Out of a Council, say of 125, 70 per cent. will be elected Members and not more than 20 per cent. will be official Members. So the elective majority in the Provincial Council is substantial. Again the ministers will be such elected Members as possess the confidence of the house. This provision, though not finding place in the Act, will be regulated by convention as is done in England and the Dominions. The Members here shall, in accordance with this convention, hold office so long as they can command a majority in the Council and they shall quit office when they will forfeit such confidence.

"It is, therefore, clear that the essentials of responsible government are going to be satisfied as far as the transferred subjects are concerned: and the transferred subjects comprise Education, Sanitation, Local Self-Government and Industries—subjects which concern the vital well-being of the people. Even in the case of reserved subjects the control of the Legislative Council is tangible, though indirect. My remarks, however, do not apply to the Central Government. There the legislature has got some sort of control, though it is not of a definite character. It would have been more satisfactory and more in accord with popular aspiration if some sort of responsibility had been introduced in the Central Government. But still taking a general view of the provisions of the Act I cannot but characterize the Reforms Act as a definite and substantial step towards responsible government. I have, therefore, no hesitation in supporting the resolution of my hon'ble friend Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur."

The Hon'ble Dr. Suhrawardy said :—

"My Lord, I rise to support the resolution moved by my hon'ble friend Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur, and I oppose the amendment moved by the Hon'ble Maulvi A. K. Fazl-ul-Haq. My reasons for opposing the amendment are shortly these.

"If I understood my hon'ble friend Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq aright he moved the amendment not because he himself does not believe that the reforms constituted a definite and substantial step in the progressive realization of responsible government but because he belongs to a party and that party has declared that the reforms do not constitute a definite and substantial step towards the progressive realization of responsible government and that the country has been divided over that question. The chief grounds for his complaint seems to be that he has been compelled by the hon'ble mover of the resolution to make a confession of faith. That of course he is not willing to make. It is limited to his party. If the resolution had stood without these words then he would not have had any objection to support the resolution. Practically he admits that Mr. Montagu and Lord Sinha and the Houses of Parliament deserve the grateful thanks of this house. That is practically admitting that the reforms are substantial and constitute a definite step towards the progressive realization of responsible government. I ask why should we offer our thanks to Mr. Montagu and Lord Sinha if the reforms do not constitute a definite and substantial step towards responsible government. I would like to invite the attention of the house in general and my hon'ble friend Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq in particular—but I find his seat vacant—that in this very house on the 14th November, 1918, a resolution was moved to this effect to which my hon'ble friend was a party. The resolution was carried unanimously, and it was to the effect that the constitutional reforms proposed by the Viceroy and the Secretary of State were a genuine effort and a definite advance towards the progressive realization of responsible government in India. Now I ask the hon'ble member whether

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the Reforms Act falls short of the proposals foreshadowed in the Montagu-Chelmsford Report, with reference to which my hon'ble friend along with others agreed that they were a genuine effort and a definite advance towards responsible government.' Furthermore, I should like to invite the attention of the house to the Royal Proclamation itself and particularly the attention of the hon'ble mover of the amendment and other gentlemen who have given notice of similar amendments. The Royal Proclamation says—

'The Act which has now become law entrusts elected representatives of the people with a definite share in Government and points the way to full responsible Government hereafter.'

If not in so many words, by implication the Royal Proclamation about which we have just passed a resolution in this house, also declares the Act to be a definite step and entrusts the elected representatives of the people with a definite share in Government and points the way to full representative Government hereafter. In other words, by implication it says that it is a substantial and definite step towards the progressive realization of responsible government. My hon'ble friend has referred to his loyalty to a party, and he says that whatever his own opinion may be it is out of loyalty to his party that he has moved this amendment. I should like to remind the hon'ble mover and his supporters that there is another and a higher loyalty which is referred to in the Royal Proclamation itself and that is that true patriotism transcends party and communal interests, and I appeal for the sinking of unessential differences for the common good. These, my Lord, are my reasons for opposing the amendment."

The Hon'ble Rai Debender Chunder Ghose Bahadur said :—

"My Lord, I do not belong to the party to which the Hon'ble Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq belongs and speaking for myself I do believe that the measure which has been passed by the Parliament and has got the Royal assent is a definite and substantial step towards the progressive realization of responsible government. At the same time I cannot conceal the feeling that the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur has made a tactical blunder in adding these words to the main words of his resolution. The effect is that there cannot possibly be an unanimity in the passing of this resolution. I very much regret that he forgot the rule as regards proceeding upon the line of least resistance. What is to be gained by the vote of a divided house on this point? We are not required to decide this point, and it is hardly to be expected that the eloquence of my hon'ble friend to my left would be powerful enough to convert those Members who are of a different opinion to his own. Therefore it would have been better if these words had been originally left out. I very much sympathize with the admirable speech of Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq and the sentiment conveyed in it. He has told us that it is useless to have this point discussed in this house at a time like this. It had its use when the Bill was not passed and the country was not required to give an expression of its opinion on the measure. Therefore as I have said it was want of wisdom to introduce these words in a resolution of this nature. At the same time as my hon'ble friend has made up his mind not to accept Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq's amendment, I am in duty bound to support him with my vote, specially as I sincerely feel that this Act is a definite and substantial step towards the progressive realization of responsible government. That is my position."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter said :—

"I very much wish that the time of this Council were not taken up by the addition of this adjectival clause. The clause being there we are bound to consider it. The reason which prompted my hon'ble friend Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq to oppose it is that he belongs to a party which thinks that the reforms are neither substantial nor definite, and belonging to that party he could not

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support the resolution as it stood. That reason, my Lord, equally applies to me. I belong to a party which is distinctly committed to the view that the reforms, such as they are, are substantial and definite. But, my Lord, apart from party consideration, I venture to think and all right-thinking men will agree with me that reasons of a more substantial nature than party considerations will support the resolution as it stands. My hon'ble friend said that he belonged to a party and when speaking on item No. 9 he spoke in terms with which I entirely agree—but that party has said that it is necessary for all Indians or for the matter of that every one interested in India to make the reforms a success.

If we want to make the reforms a success, are we likely to make it successful if we approach the question in a halting spirit? Do you venture to think that you will make it a success if you honestly and truly believe that they are not substantial and definite? If we think that they are not so, it would be our duty to say so. But on an examination it will be found as the Hon'ble Rai Sri Nath Ray Bahadur has cogently proved that the reforms are substantial and definite. Now if the steps are substantial and definite and if we want to make the reforms a success, should we try to whittle down the beneficial effect of the reforms by sticking out for a party and only for a party? If behind the limitation of his party sounder reasons existed, I would certainly have appreciated the attitude of the Hon'ble Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq. The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem has said that the Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray's amendment avoids the question. But a little consideration will show that after a resolution like item No. 10 a resolution like Babu Surendra Nath Ray's would not serve the purpose. If that was the only resolution which held the field then perhaps this question would not have arisen. But the question has arisen and now if we accept Babu Surendra Nath Ray's resolution it would mean that we do not accept this very important clause in item No. 10. My Lord, in passing the resolution in item No. 9 unanimously we have all accepted the words of wisdom appearing in the King's Proclamation. The Hon'ble Dr. Suhrawardy has already drawn the attention of the house to those sentences where His Majesty in words of wisdom calls upon all sections of the community to make the interests of the country more supreme than the considerations of party politics. I now appeal—perhaps my appeal would fall on deaf ears—but I would still appeal to the Hon'ble Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq and the Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem to give effect to those words of wisdom which they themselves have loyally accepted in the previous resolution."

The amendment being put a division was taken with the following result :—

Ayes—3.

The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem.
 " " A. K. Fazl-ul-Haq.
 " " Babu Akhil Chandra Datta.

Noes—24.

The Hon'ble Sir Rajendra Nath Mookerjee, K.C.I.E.
 " " Niranjan Sarkar, Kt.
 " " Mr. W. H. H. Arden-Wood, C.I.E.
 " " Raja Hrishikesh Laha, C.I.E.
 " " Mr. M. Oathcart.
 " " Provash Chander Mitter, C.I.E.
 " " Babu Siv Narayan Mukharji.
 " " Kumar Shib Shekharswar Ray.
 " " Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri.
 " " Mr. Arun Chandra Singha.
 " " Sir Deba Prasad Sarbadhikari, Kt., C.I.E.
 " " Rai Debender Chunder Ghose Bahadur.
 " " Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.
 " " Mr. R. M. Watson-Smyth.
 " " W. O. Grazebrook.
 " " W. H. Phelps.
 " " H. B. A. Irwin, C.I.E.
 " " Dr. Abdulla-ul-Mamun Suhrawardy.
 " " Khan Sahib Aman Ali.
 " " Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray.
 " " Rai Sri Nath Ray Bahadur.
 " " Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur.
 " " Babu Surendra Nath Ray.
 " " Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri.

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The following members abstained from voting :—

The Hon'ble	Sir Henry Wheeler, K.C.I.E., C.S.I.
" "	Mr. J. G. Cumming, C.S.I., C.I.E.
" "	" W. H. L. Stephenson, C.S.I., C.I.E.
" "	Sir Charles Stevenson-Moore, K.C.I.E., C.V.O.
" "	Major-General W. H. B. Robinson, C.B., I.M.S.
" "	Mr. F. J. Monahan.
" "	" L. S. S. O'Malley, C.I.E.
" "	" G. N. Roy.
" "	" A. Marr.
" "	" M. C. McAlpin.
" "	" F. A. A. Cowley, C.I.E.
" "	" C. F. Payne.
" "	Khan Bahadur Maulvi Amin-ul-Islam.
" "	Mr. S. W. Goode.
" "	" W. W. Hornell, C.I.E.

The following members were absent :—

The Hon'ble	Sir Bijay Chand Mahtab, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., I.O.M., Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan.
" "	Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad.
" "	Mr. Amin-ur-Rahman.
" "	" G. A. Bayley.
" "	" M. Ashraf Ali Khan Chaudhury.
" "	" Altaf Ali.
" "	Babu Mahendra Nath Ray, C.I.E.
" "	Mr. K. B. Dutt.
" "	Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar.

The Ayes being 3 and the Noes 24 the motion was lost.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEMS Nos. 12 and 13.

The Hon'ble Maulvi A. K. Fazl-ul-Haq said :—

"Having lost my first amendment the next amendment standing in my name is that the words 'definite and substantial' in the resolution moved by the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur be omitted. My Lord, I can well understand what the fate of this amendment will be and so I will not press it, especially in view of the fact that I shall move the next amendment. With your Excellency's permission I beg to withdraw this amendment."

His Excellency the President said :—

"This amendment stands also in the name of another Hon'ble Member. Does he wish to move it?"

The Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta said :—

"My Lord, I wish to move this amendment. Nothing has happened since I gave notice of this amendment to change my opinion and attitude. It may be right or wrong, but there is no reason why I should not press it before the house. I beg therefore to move that the words 'definite and substantial' be omitted from the resolution (item No. 10). Now, my Lord, it goes without saying that by the very fact that I have obtained your Lordship's permission to move this amendment it necessarily follows that I have hearty sympathy with the main resolution. Subject to this amendment, the rest of the resolution has my hearty sympathy and support. Now I am the last

*Resolutions.**Babu Akhil Chandra Datta.*

person to support anything halfheartedly because I believe that congratulations are really due to Mr. Montagu and for that reason I support this resolution. My Lord, just for my own satisfaction I made it a point during the last Congress days to consult and inquire of all the gentlemen who formed the members of the different bodies who had been to England in connection with the reforms question as to their opinion about the part played by Mr. Montagu in connection with the passage of this Bill through the two Houses of Parliament. I am glad to be able to say that the universal testimony of all these gentlemen was that Mr. Montagu sincerely did his level best to have the reforms passed by the Parliament. I should say that there are those among these gentlemen who are decidedly of opinion—rightly or wrongly that is another matter—that the reforms are inadequate. But so far as Mr. Montagu is concerned he did his utmost. That being the position, I support the main resolution, and I do so most wholeheartedly.

Then, my Lord, about this amendment. It has been said by two Hon'ble Members that we have already carried resolution No. 9, and therefore we have committed ourselves to a certain position. It has been said that having already accepted unanimously resolution No. 9, it is not for us to say that the reforms are not a definite and substantial step towards the progressive realization of responsible government. My answer to this contention is this. We wanted 16 annas, but we have got, say, 12 or 8 or 6 annas, whatever it may be: we have got a portion, not the whole of it, and because we do not get the whole of it, does it follow that we should not be grateful for it, remembering at the same time that what we have got is a decided advance over the existing constitution? The reforms may not be all that we wanted, but none the less it is a reform. It will introduce a very great improvement in the existing constitution of our Council and Government. Now as to this, as far as I am aware, there is absolutely no difference of opinion. The whole country is of this opinion, namely, that what we have got, if not satisfactory, is certainly a distinct advance over the existing state of things. It has been said by some Hon'ble Members on this side that there is a large volume of opinion in the country that this is a definite and substantial step towards the progressive realization of responsible government. But whether the volume of this opinion is large or not—is very controversial and need not be raised. But on the other hand, can it be seriously disputed that there is a very large volume of opinion that the reforms are not adequate and that they are not a substantial step towards the progressive realization of responsible government? I am not talking for the moment whether they are right or wrong. This opinion, my Lord, is shared by the vast majority of the people in this country. Apart from the question as to which opinion is right or wrong, I might go further and submit this proposition without any fear of contradiction in this house, namely, that there are some men in favour of the view that it is not a substantial step and others who are in favour of the view that it is a substantial step. That being the position, I would not discuss the matter on its merits because this question has already been discussed both in and outside the Council, on platforms and in the press, ever since the day on which the Joint Report of Montagu-Chelmsford was published. Therefore the question arises whether the opinion that it is a definite and substantial step can be expressed from this house. This leads, my Lord, to the question of our position in this Council. Insignificant as I am, if I speak here at all, I speak as a representative of the people for I know the opinion of a humble man like myself does not count for anything. The question, therefore, arises whether I can honestly say in this house as a representative of the people that it is a definite and substantial step towards the progressive realization of responsible government, knowing full well that the vast majority of the people are not of that opinion. So in giving a vote on this question I must look to the

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opinion of my constituency, not to my own opinion. In that view of the matter I submit I would be untrue to my constituency if I support the resolution as it stands. I appeal to your Lordship and to those gentlemen who differ from my views to take our position into their consideration before forming any opinion about us.

It has been said by one gentleman that we have given our thanks for the Proclamation and the Proclamation also says that the Bill, which has now become law, will lead to a substantial step towards responsible government. I beg to submit that the word 'substantial' does not occur in the Proclamation, but quite apart from that, so far as the Proclamation goes, I for one would be most unwilling to quarrel with its terms. It is too sacred to be taken into task on that account.

Then there is one other argument which has been advanced by the Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter, that to make the reforms a success you must proceed in a spirit of appreciation, and he has also referred to the terms of the Proclamation. I accept that sentiment most wholeheartedly. The people are quite willing to co-operate out of respect for the wishes of the King-Emperor and also out of desire to do good to the country, in spite of the opinion that the reforms granted to them are not quite adequate, and that is their real attitude.

I think that all controversial matters, if possible, should be avoided and should not be introduced in the Council on a question like this."

The motion was then put and lost.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 14.

The Hon'ble Maulvi A. K. Fazl-ul-Haq then moved the following amendment:—

"If motions Nos. 11 and 12 be not carried, that the words 'and substantial' in the said resolution (item No. 10) be omitted."

He said:—

My Lord, in moving the first amendment which stood in my name I suggested to my friend Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur to take the resolution out of the sphere of controversy by omitting the words beginning with the word 'which' up to the end of the sentence. That amendment has been discussed and has not been accepted. My second amendment has also been lost, and I now suggest to my friend who moved that resolution and to all the members in this house that the words 'and substantial' only be omitted so that there may be an unanimous resolution of this Council that the reforms do constitute a definite step towards responsible government.

My Lord, I am sorry I was late in attending the Council after the adjournment, but I understand a good deal has been said with reference to what fell from me in support of the amendment which I moved this morning. I had not the privilege of listening to what has been said, but I gather that one of my friends has levelled against me a charge (not definite but indefinite) of inconsistency. It has been said, I am told, that having accepted the Royal Proclamation I could not in all fairness object to the phrase at the end of the resolution as proposed by Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur, and that my opposition to the words, 'and substantial' being added to the resolution is really inconsistent with the support which I have given to the resolution which immediately preceded the one now under discussion. A reply has been given by my friend the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta and I need not go over the same ground again. I shall only add that so far as the Royal Proclamation is concerned it is, as my friend has already pointed out, too sacred a document

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to be lightly discussed, and even if His Majesty the King-Emperor were to have expressed something in the document which we had previously taken objection to, it would not be open to us to say that we do not accept the words of the Royal Proclamation. We must bow to the Royal message and we must bow to the Royal Proclamation, but what I do say is this : that it is open to each and everyone of us to explain the position which we take not merely in this Council but outside it with regard to questions of a public character. ●

Now, my Lord, it has been suggested that we are disregarding the Royal mandate for co-operation and for setting at rest all controversy and dissension by opposing the insertion of the words, apparently of an innocent character. I confess I do not appreciate the force of this argument. Since I got notice of this resolution I gave notice of this amendment, and my hon'ble friend Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur and others who agree with him in the view that he has expressed could at once find out that those expressions at the end of the resolution did not meet with universal approval in this house. If that is so, why insist on having it when there are persons who do not agree with it? Are we, who are opposing this phrase, really starting a controversy or are they, who set the ball rolling, starting it? It is not I who gave notice of this amendment but it is he who gave notice of this resolution. It may be that he forgot for a moment that there was a difference of opinion, but once he could find that a difference of opinion still existed why did he take up that old question again and why did he revive a controversy which we hoped had been hushed? Then, my Lord, as regards this difference of opinion about the reforms themselves I was at one time of opinion that these reforms might be substantial without being adequate, but I do not know if I took a correct view; I often felt that the reforms might be both substantial and adequate. I thought that substantial is merely a question of degree and when a grant is more than a moiety, I would, ordinarily speaking, consider it substantial, but whether it is adequate or not has reference to surrounding circumstances. My friend the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta has spoken of demanding 16 annas and a few annas being given. It may be that in the peculiar circumstances of the country 5 annas is considered quite substantial, but no one would say that it was adequate; similarly 10 annas may be regarded in certain circumstances as adequate. Therefore it is after all quarrelling over words. We have quarrelled over words so long, and I do not think any useful purpose would be served by our quarrelling over them again at present, but if you raise a controversy I fear I must oppose it.

My Lord, 'definite' is a word which would not be accepted by the party to which I belong, namely, the Indian National Congress. Whether that attitude is right or wrong I cannot say but for the sake of harmony and of making this resolution unanimous I for one am prepared to accept that the reforms do constitute a definite step towards the progressive realization of responsible government, although I stick to my amendment that the words 'and substantial' be omitted and that the word 'definite' be allowed to stand. There will then be the certificate that is wanted and there will then be the further certificate that these reforms are a definite step towards responsible government. If the certificate is really given I would ask that it be given in that particular form, but I will not be a party to a certificate which adds the words 'definite and substantial' in recognition of the reforms.

My Lord, I hope I have made my position clear. There is one remark which I am told has been made in this house. That in speaking of the loyalty to a party I have really forgotten that there is loyalty to others also. I do not know what that remark means. It may be that loyalty to truth or loyalty to one's own conviction must be superior to loyalty to a party. My

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Lord, in the profession to which I belong I sometimes feel in arguing a case before a court that the view taken by the presiding Judge is wrong (that is my own personal conviction), but so long as the judgment is not delivered I stick to that view and press it for his acceptance, but once the judgment is delivered I forget my own view and accept the view of the court. I am not prepared to press my personal view, but since the majority of my party think, for reasons which need not be discussed here, that the words 'and substantial' should not be added to any declaration as to the character of these reforms, I think it my duty to stick to that decision and to support it. That is what I mean by loyalty to my party and that is why I oppose the insertion of the words 'and substantial' proposed to be added by the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.

As regards the word 'definite' I have no such objection. I think there will be no harm if that word is allowed to remain. With these few words I beg to move my amendment."

The Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray said :—

"My Lord, it is with no intention of belittling the Reform Act that I have given notice of an identical amendment which now becomes unnecessary for me to move. My objection is limited to the description of the measure as 'substantial.' I venture to think, firstly, that it is controversial, secondly, that it is unnecessary, and thirdly, that it is premature. I fully appreciate the sympathetic efforts of the Secretary of State to place us on the sure road to responsible Government and should have been happy if the present resolution could be passed without a dissident voice. Indeed the value of such a thanksgiving message as we propose to send to-day depends upon the unanimity of opinion behind it. It is not expedient, therefore, to tempt controversy in such an occasion. I think that the characterisation of the reform as substantial is unnecessary and can serve nothing but an academic purpose. The bill embodying the reform has been passed into law and it will not serve any useful purpose now to raise disputations over this matter. At the instance of that sturdy moderate leader, the Hon'ble Mr. Chintamani, the United Provinces Legislative Council has unanimously adopted a resolution in which no such testimonial has been sought to be affixed to the Government of India Act, but, what is of greater practical importance, an assurance has been given of co-operation of all the communities in the working of the reforms. But, my Lord, in any view of the matter it is yet too early to make a pronouncement that the instalment of reforms that we are getting are of a substantial character. To my mind the Act provides a skeleton constitution with a good deal to be filled in by way of important details by rules, about which we know nothing as yet. So much again is left to convention which will take some time to grow, and to the instrument of instructions and no hasty opinion should be offered before a fair trial has been given to the new measure. A good deal of its success will be determined, among other things, by the amount of good-will and sympathy that it can succeed in securing from the European community, official and non-official, which has so long looked at it with anything but friendly eyes. Moreover, with all our efforts to make the reforms a success, it may be discovered that the new-fangled system of 'dyarchy' is unworkable in practice, and the Council of State is clogging the wheel of progress. Taking a nearer, though perhaps a parochial view, I think that the financial position of Bengal under the reforms is anything but encouraging. And unless Lord Meston's Committee can dispel our fears by a favourable adjustment of Bengal's financial relations with the Central Government, we may look upon the present instalment of reform as far too dear. On all these considerations, I desire to support this amendment."

*Resolutions.**Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray.*

The amendment being put a division was taken with the following result :—

Ayes—4.

The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul-Kasem.
 " " Maulvi A. K. Fazl-ul-Haq.
 " " Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray.
 " " Babu Akhil Chandra Datta.

Noes—28.

The Hon'ble Sir Rajendra Nath Moskerjee, K.C.I.E.
 " " Sir Nibratan Sarker, Kt.
 " " Mr. W. H. H. Arden-Wood, C.I.E.
 " " Raja Hrishikesh Laha, C.I.E.
 " " Mr. M. Catcart.
 " " Mr. Provash Chunder Mitter, C.I.E.
 " " Babu Siv Narayan Mukherji.
 " " Kumar Shib Shekhareswar Ray.
 " " Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri.
 " " Mr. Arun Chandra Singha.
 " " Sir Deba Prasad Sarbadhikari, Kt., C.I.E.
 " " Rai Debender Chunder Ghose Bahadur.
 " " Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.
 " " Mr. B. M. Watson-Smyth.
 " " Mr. W. O. Grazebrook.
 " " Mr. W. H. Phelps.
 " " Mr. H. R. A. Irwin, C.I.E.
 " " D. Abdulla-al-Mamun Suhrawardy.
 " " Khan Sahib Aman Ali.
 " " Rai Sri Nath Ray Bahadur.
 " " Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur.
 " " Babu Surendra Nath Ray.
 " " Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri.

The following members abstained from voting :—

The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler, K.C.I.E., C.S.I.
 " " Mr. J. G. Cumming, C.S.I., C.I.E.
 " " Mr. Stephenson, C.S.I., C.I.E.
 " " Sir Charles Stevenson-Moore, K.C.I.E., C.V.O.
 " " Major-General W. H. B. Robinson, C.B., I.M.S.
 " " Mr. F. J. Monahan.
 " " Mr. L. S. S. O'Malley, C.I.E.
 " " Mr. G. N. Roy.
 " " Mr. A. Marr.
 " " Mr. M. C. McAlpin.
 " " Mr. F. A. A. Cowley, C.I.E.
 " " Mr. W. W. Hornell, C.I.E.
 " " Mr. C. F. Payne.
 " " Khan Bahadur Maulvi Amin-ul-Islam.
 " " Mr. S. W. Goode.

The following members were absent :—

The Hon'ble Sir Bijay Chand Mahtab, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., L.O.M.,
 Maharajahdiraja Bahadur of Burdwan.
 " " Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad.
 " " Mr. G. A. Bayley.
 " " Mr. M. Ashraf Ali Khan Chaudhuri.
 " " Mr. Altaf Ali.
 " " Babu Mahendra Nath Ray, C.I.E.
 " " Mr. K. B. Dutt.
 " " Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar.
 " " Mr. Aminur Rahaman.

The Ayes being 4 and the Noes 28 the motion was lost.

*Resolutions.**Mr. Arden-Wood; Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhury.*

The original motion of the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur was then put in the following form and agreed to :—

This Council recommends to the Governor in Council that its warmest congratulations be conveyed to His Majesty's Government and to the Right Hon'ble Mr. E. S. Montagu, the Secretary of State for India, and the Right Hon'ble Lord Sinha of Raipur, the Under-Secretary of State for India, and the British Parliament on the successful passage of the Government of India Bill through the two Houses of Parliament, which measure the Council regards as a definite and substantial step towards the progressive realization of responsible Government.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 17.

The Hon'ble Mr. Arden-Wood moved the following resolution :—

This Council recommends to the Governor in Council that the hearty thanks of this Council be conveyed to His Excellency the Viceroy for his generous and practical sympathy with Indian political aspirations, as shown more specially by the open-mindedness and impartiality with which His Excellency furthered the inquiries precedent to the framing of the Government of India Act, 1919.

He said :—

"My Lord, the resolution that stands in my name, and which I have now the honour to move, is intended to be simply complementary, in the strict sense of the word, to resolution 10. And I am sure that it would detract materially from the pleasure felt by the distinguished personages who are mentioned in the resolution proposed by the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur, if His Excellency the Viceroy were not, on the same occasion, if not in the same resolution, associated with those thanks and congratulations.

Apart from all other considerations, there can be no doubt that without the good-will of His Excellency the Viceroy it would have been impossible to institute and carry out the inquiries necessary to enable the Government of India Bill to be framed, presented to Parliament, and passed into law, in the year 1919. It was with much satisfaction, after I had submitted my resolution, that I read the just tribute paid to His Excellency the Viceroy by Lord Sinha upon his arrival in Bombay. That speech made clear, what some have apparently overlooked or forgotten, that the very beginning of the action on the part of British Government, which culminated in the Government of India Bill, was due, and due only, to Lord Chelmsford. I feel sure that it is unnecessary for me to spend time in commending my resolution to this Council. The qualities specified in my resolution, the generous and practical sympathy with Indian political aspirations, the open-mindedness and impartiality, which His Excellency the Viceroy has displayed in such an eminent degree in his dealings with this difficult question, are well known to the members of this Council. I confidently commend my resolution for their acceptance."

The Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhury said :—

"My Lord, to my mind the resolution seems to be rather premature. As it is when the question has been raised I would not of course oppose it, but I wish to make it clear that it is rather in anticipation of the successful working of the measure in its entirety, I mean after the framing of the rules, that this

Resolutions.

Mr. Irwin ; Kumar Shib Shekhareswar Ray ; Rai Debender Chunder Ghose Bahadur ;

message of thanks should have been conveyed to the Viceroy. Whatever may be our differences in other respects—and I should say that there are differences in other matters—in this particular matter we know that His Excellency has rendered great services. For that we should be thankful to him. The rules have not been framed yet, and although we know that the Viceroy will be sympathetic we must also remember that he is surrounded by a strong bureaucratic influence, and I do not know how far the framing of the rules would be successfully carried out. It is because of this that, as in the case of the previous resolution, we cannot endorse it without reservation. As I have said before, I do not oppose the resolution, but I wish to make it clear that it should be done rather in anticipation of the successful working out of the matter."

The Hon'ble Mr. Irwin said :—

"My Lord, I wish to associate myself with this resolution and accord it my whole-hearted and loyal support."

The Hon'ble Kumar Shib Shekhareswar Ray said :—

"It is with both pride and pleasure that I rise to support the resolution moved by the Hon'ble Mr. Arden-Wood. There might be various incidental and providential causes which have led to these reforms, but, my Lord, it cannot be gainsaid that His Excellency the Viceroy was one of the first persons on the official side to take up the question of the present reforms seriously. We have seen the report which he drew up jointly with Mr. Montagu on the Indian reforms. It clearly proves to anyone who has taken the trouble of going through it, how impartially and sympathetically he has dealt with such a difficult and complicated subject as the Indian Constitutional Reforms. It is true that the Government of India despatch of the 5th March was disappointing to some extent to a large number of his admirers. But we have also heard what Lord Sinha said on landing at Bombay about the work of the Viceroy in connection with the reforms. After that statement I can hardly imagine that there is any room to doubt the great service which has been rendered by His Excellency to this country. My Lord, I whole-heartedly support the resolution."

The Hon'ble Rai Debender Chunder Ghose Bahadur said :—

"My Lord, I wish to associate myself with the Hon'ble Mr. Arden-Wood in his resolution conveying thanks to His Excellency Lord Chelmsford. It is perhaps not proper for a member in my position to say anything on this point but for the fact that the Viceroy has been most unjustly maligned. True he has not been able to support the cause of the people consistently throughout his career, but it must not be forgotten that one of the first acts he did immediately on coming out to India was to take up the question of political reform, and later on were it not for his sending a telegram to the Secretary of State in the early part of December last or the latter end of November, it would have been difficult for the ministry to have the Reform Bill passed through the House of Lords because there were a few influential Peers who had been of a hesitating mind about this Bill, and but for this telegram of the Viceroy saying that he wanted the Reform Bill to be passed as soon as possible, it would have been very difficult to have the Bill passed so soon. It is very unkind and uncharitable of our people to forget the immense services done by Lord Chelmsford in this connection because of some matters connected with the keeping of peace in another Province. That is all I have to put before the Council."

*Resolutions.**Babu Akhil Chandra Datta.***The Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta** said :—

"My Lord, it is a matter of profound regret to me personally that I find myself in a position to oppose this resolution. In doing so I shall again ask your Lordship in all humility to consider our position. The whole question to me is whether this is a resolution which is acceptable to the people of the country. That is the sole test and there is no other test. It is a resolution which seeks to express the hearty thanks to His Excellency the Viceroy for his generous and practical sympathy with Indian political aspirations, and therefore I should think that in the fitness of things that opinion should be expressed by an Indian. It would have come with better grace from Indians. I do not however for a moment say that if Indians fail to do their duty it is not competent to a European to do it. But if a European wants to do it he must do it on behalf of Indians, and therefore he must look at the matter from the stand-point of Indians. It was for Mr. Arden-Wood to consider whether from the Indian stand-point this is a resolution which ought to have been moved. In the light of this principle let us examine the position as to how this matter stands. My Lord, if we did not know the opinion of the Indians on this question and if this opinion was never expressed then certainly the matter would have stood on a different footing. But we do know the view of the Indians. That opinion was expressed in different platforms from different representative bodies. So far as I am aware, I am aware of three public bodies which represent the Indian opinion, namely, the Indian National Congress, the All-India Moslem League and the Moderate Conference. So far as Indian opinion is concerned, I feel I am justified in looking to these three bodies for an expression of opinion. Let us see therefore, my Lord, what is the opinion of these three bodies. So far as the Indian National Congress is concerned we know what it is: I shall not dilate. We know also the opinion expressed simultaneously the other day by the All-India Moslem League, but, my Lord, it is said in some quarters that these two bodies are extremist organisations. I do not know if that is the right view. In any case I do know this, extremists or moderates, they are certainly the mouthpiece of the Indian nation. That is the verdict of impartial observers and critics. That is the verdict even expressed only the other day by the *Indian Daily News*. But apart from that let me concede and concede only for argument's sake that the Indian National Congress and the All-India Moslem League are two perverse bodies. Let us therefore see what is the opinion of the Moderate Conference. I think the views of the Moderate Conference find more favour with some people in this house than the views of these two bodies. We know what their opinion is. We know that a resolution was passed the other day expressing the gratitude of the Moderate Conference—of the people as represented by the Moderate Conference, to Mr. Montagu and Lord Sinha for these reforms. But I know that a resolution similar to that before us was not passed even by the Moderate Conference. I am certainly aware of the fact that one or two individual gentlemen—members of the Moderate Conference—might have said things of this description in their speeches; I know the views of the Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Banarjee, the views he has given expression to the other day in the Imperial Council, but I am also aware that Babu Surendra Nath Banerjee notwithstanding there was no such resolution passed by the Moderate Conference. Apart from this Indian opinion I think it is a matter of common knowledge that even a section of the British press is in favour of a recommendation by no means complimentary to Lord Chelmsford. The question therefore arises on whose behalf are we expressing these hearty thanks. If we are to do it for ourselves in our individual capacity that would be another matter. But if we are to do it in our representative capacity, then I am afraid this resolution is not backed by those on whose behalf these thanks are sought to be expressed. My Lord, I cannot go into details, but I should like to emphasise that my position is a *bona fide* one. I am aware

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Dr. Suhrawardy; The President; Babu Akhil Chandra Datta.

of the views of gentlemen who are almost enamoured of these reforms. Take the case of men of the position of Mr. Bomanjee of Bombay. He is well known as a staunch supporter of Mrs. Besant even in her present day politics. Mr. Bomanjee's attitude towards the reforms is that it is a definite and substantial step towards the realisation of responsible Government. In fact it would be no exaggeration to say that Mr. Montagu is the idol of Mr. Bomanjee. That being his attitude with respect to the reforms it would be interesting to know what his attitude is with respect to His Excellency the Viceroy. And that attitude is well known. So, my Lord, the whole position is that if Indian opinion is to be consulted at all, I am afraid this resolution cannot be accepted. It is a very very delicate matter and a very unpleasant duty to do and therefore I shall not dilate. I shall only say that the Indian people think that in view of the reply, amongst other things, of His Excellency the Viceroy to the press deputation, in view of the fact that measures have been passed in the teeth of universal opposition of the Indians, the people do feel that there is nothing much to be grateful for to His Excellency the Viceroy.

The Hon'ble Dr. Suhrawardy (interrupting) said :—

"May I rise to a point of order, Sir? Are we discussing the services of the Viceroy in connection with the Reforms Act or other measures?"

The President said :—

"The motion before the House is a proposal to extend the thanks of the Council to the Viceroy for his generous and practical sympathy with Indian political aspirations. It is fairly wide ground."

The Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta said :—

"My Hon'ble friend's interruption leads me to the terms of this resolution, and I find that the terms are very comprehensive. It is 'generous and practical sympathy' with Indian political aspirations, but no practical illustration of it has been mentioned. There is another matter on which I think I should be failing in my duty if I did not express the feelings of the people of this country, I mean the incident which has happened in the Punjab. On these grounds people think that this resolution cannot be accepted by them. I therefore find myself compelled to oppose this resolution, and I do it with the utmost reluctance."

The Hon'ble Dr. Suhrawardy said :—

"My Lord, I rise to support the resolution moved by my hon'ble friend Mr. Arden-Wood. As I read the resolution I understand that it refers to the services of the Viceroy specially with regard to His Excellency's labours in connection with the Reforms Act. The resolution reads that the hearty thanks of this Council be conveyed to His Excellency the Viceroy for his generous and practical sympathy with Indian political aspirations. My Lord, my hon'ble friend to my right has opposed the resolution. I am quite at a loss to understand exactly the reasons for his opposing this resolution. I do not know whether it is based on His Excellency's Punjab policy or whether he is unwilling to support the resolution even without reference to the unfortunate incident in the Punjab. I also regret to find that my friend the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri has declared this resolution to be rather premature. At this juncture a familiar phrase of my friend the Hon'ble Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq comes to my memory, that if human memory is short official memory is shorter. So far as the labours of His Excellency with reference to the Reforms Act are concerned I would like to repeat that phrase of the Hon'ble Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq with a slight variation—'If human memory is short non-official memory is shorter.' I would like to invite the

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attention of this House once again to the resolution moved by the Hon'ble Rai Debender Chunder Ghose Bahadur on the 14th November, 1918, which ran thus :—

'This Council is of opinion that the constitutional reforms proposals, laid before this country and the Parliament in England, by His Excellency the Viceroy and the Secretary of State for India, are a genuine effort and a definite advance towards the progressive realisation of responsible Government in India.'

I find that my friends the Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem and Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri were a party to the resolution when it was unanimously passed in this Council. My Lord, I do not wish to take up the time of this Council. All I wish to say is this, that I am very glad to associate myself with the words of my friend the Hon'ble Mr. Arden-Wood who moved this resolution."

The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem said :—

"My Lord, I regret it very much that this resolution has been brought forward for discussion in this Council. The Hon'ble mover is aware that there is a good deal of difference of opinion about Lord Chelmsford's generous sympathy with Indian political aspirations and his rule of India, but whatever may be our differences His Excellency is the representative of our Sovereign in this country and as such is entitled to respect and honour and it is very unfortunate that his conduct should be discussed in a Provincial Legislative Council. A large section of the people are of opinion that His Excellency does not sympathize with our political aspirations and that is evidenced by the fact that no Indian member of this Council thought it proper to bring forward a resolution like this and it was reserved for a member of the European community to do so. I have great respect for the Hon'ble Mr. Arden-Wood as a scholar and an educationist but I have never seen that he has interested himself in Indian politics or expressed his sympathy with our aspirations nor had he any means of knowing Indian public opinion. Still he has gone out of his way to ask this Council to offer its thanks to Lord Chelmsford for his sympathies with Indian political aspirations and has forced us to raise an unseemly controversy in this Council. My Lord, many public bodies in this country have expressed their opinion on the Reform Act and about those who have had a hand in it, but so far as I have been able to ascertain from newspaper reports none has as yet ventured to mention Lord Chelmsford's name in this connection.

The Hon'ble Rai Debender Chunder Ghose Bahadur interrupting said :—

"Mr. Arden-Wood is not a member of the Corporation."

The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem continued :—

"At any rate the Corporation did pass a resolution in which the name of Lord Chelmsford was not mentioned. True it is that if Lord Chelmsford had violently opposed the reforms even the British Cabinet could not have passed the Act, because the British people always put a great value on the opinion of the man on the spot, but I have never heard that thanks are offered for not obstructing a thing and to agree to a proposal is quite different from supporting it or sympathizing with its object. The Government of India despatches to which Lord Chelmsford was a party lends weight to the opinion that His Excellency was not favourably inclined towards the changes brought about and the opinion expressed about his share in this matter by Indians is quite contrary to what we are asked to—

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subscribe. His Excellency's rule of India has also been bitterly criticised by my country men and however unpleasant it may be, I feel it my duty to protest against such a resolution being passed. Because if I do not I will be betraying a trust and would not be able to face my constituents.

We cannot forget that His Excellency Lord Chelmsford is responsible directly or indirectly for many unpleasant incidents in this country and that we believe that His Excellency gave only his passive support to the Reform proposals, and he did so because he felt that the exigencies of the situation demanded it. His Excellency has never shown any active sympathy, much less a generous one, with Indian political aspirations and the Government of which His Excellency is the head has earned a reputation for repressive measures and unsympathetic administration. A vote of thanks in the terms of the resolution would be uncalled for and against the opinion and wishes of the people whom we represent, and I therefore strongly oppose the acceptance of this resolution by the Council."

The motion was then put and agreed to.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 18.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. R. A. Irwin to move the following resolution :—

This Council recommends to the Governor in Council that legislation be introduced, at an early date, rendering it compulsory on all proprietors of factories, whose average daily labour force, whether employed in, about, or in connection with, such factory, exceeds, for a period of three months, fifty persons, to provide such sanitary conveniences and appliances, in addition to medical supervision and treatment, as may be adequate for the number of labourers employed and as may be approved, from time to time, by the Government Sanitary Department.

He said :—

"My Lord, this is, I believe, the fourth resolution I have had the honour of proposing in this Council, all of which have had the same object in view, viz., the improvement in sanitation and health of the poorer classes in this Province, and though you may not approve of or sanction the course I have suggested, of one thing I am confident and that is, that I have Your Excellency's personal sympathy and approval of the *object*, even if you disapprove of the means to bring it about.

For if there is one thing more than another by which your name will be honoured and respected long after you have left India, it will be the solicitude which you have always displayed in the endeavour to stamp out disease, alleviate suffering and decrease mortality, amongst the millions of people under your rule.

I, myself, take a very keen interest in the sanitation and health of the poorer classes, who are helpless to do anything for themselves. I have had this resolution in my mind for several months, and have postponed giving notice of it, in the hope of getting it embodied in the proposed Bengal Public Health Bill, the provisions of which, through Your Excellency's kind permission, I have had an opportunity of studying.

However, my time of retirement has come and this is the last Council at which I shall have the honour of being present and, I therefore resolved to bring the matter before Government in the hope that it may be thought worthy of embodiment in the Bill, when it is introduced, at some later date.

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Were I speaking to your Lordship and one or two more here present I should be content to stop here as you know more of the general aspects of the subject than I do, but I am speaking as well to Hon'ble Members of this Council and in a way to the public generally, of whom the great majority have probably not studied the question, and I venture to think it may possibly be useful to state my experience, such as it is. I would, however, commend all those who take any interest in the well-being of their fellow-creatures to study the pamphlet issued from the Bengal Secretariat Press entitled 'A speech and letter on Hookworm Disease in Bengal by His Excellency the Governor of Bengal,' and I venture to say that it will considerably startle those who were not previously acquainted with the facts it discloses—It only takes about half an hour or less to read and must prove interesting to all.

As regards myself I must preface my remarks by saying that my own personal experience has been gained almost entirely amongst the agricultural labourers, principally Nepalese in the Darjeeling district, with whom I have been intimately associated for the last forty-five years.

I have not the least doubt that, as a race, they have been steadily deteriorating, physically speaking, and this deterioration must continue more and more rapidly as the years go by, unless something can be done to arrest it.

A mother who is debilitated by disease and consequently not earning sufficient to nourish her own body much less that of a coming infant, cannot possibly produce strong healthy offspring, and therefore the deterioration in physique, of the whole race, previously referred to, must steadily continue, and get worse in each successive generation unless this most difficult problem is faced and successfully tackled.

I am aware that this is a very serious allegation to make, and in saying it I am not stating my own individual opinion only, I have asked many of the senior planters in the district their opinions and they have each one confirmed what I say without exception.

So much so is this the case that, whereas formerly managers of tea factories, situated at a distance from the Railway, in most cases at a lower elevation, were accustomed to pack their tea in full chests weighing from 110 to 160 lbs. gross and had no difficulty in getting them carried eight or ten miles uphill, for years past now have been obliged to resort to smaller sized packages rarely weighing more than 100 lbs. gross and even these it is sometimes very difficult to get carried.

My Lord, I am convinced that hookworm is the cause of this undoubted physical deterioration, and it is to combat and eradicate this evil that my resolution is intended.

I am convinced that hookworm is indirectly responsible for a very large proportion of the mortality in the Province, which is at present ascribed to other diseases—a person becomes infected with hookworm, gets rapidly debilitated, is then incapable of performing a fair day's work for a fair living wages and consequently does not earn sufficient to nourish his body, he contracts malaria, dysentery or some other disease and falls a victim to it and is registered as dying of it, whereas the original cause was hookworm and but for it he would have been strong enough to contend with and throw off the subsequently contracted illness.

To those who know nothing of the matter, the percentage of the lower classes especially those who are accustomed to go about with bare feet will seem almost incredible.

I have referred more especially to the agricultural labourers of the Darjeeling district, as it is they who come under my own immediate observation, but the investigations carried out during the past few years, especially

*Resolutions.**Mr. Irwin.*

lately by Dr. R. G. Griffin in the planting districts of Northern Bengal and Dr. Richard McVail in the Jute Mill area round Calcutta, go to prove that there is very little difference, in the incidence of infection amongst the poorer classes, between the hills, the submontane or purely plains areas.

The figures arrived at by both Dr. Griffin and Dr. McVail show that the terribly high percentage of from 70 per cent. to even, in some parts, 90 per cent. of the lower classes are infected with this disease.

Accepting the figures stated in your Lordship's speech above referred to, viz., 80 per cent., to think that four out of every five of the unfortunate people with whom one comes in daily contact, are infected with this dread disease and having their life's blood and vitality literally sapped out of them appears to me appalling and calls for the most stringent measures in order to stamp it out.

Much is being done to cure hookworm and much suffering is thereby being averted, but curing the disease only, if I may say so, is more or less in the nature of pouring water into a sieve, if, directly the patient is cured and sets foot outside his door, he becomes re-infected.

Until the germs of the disease can be eradicated from the soil, it will continue to thrive and spread, and the only means of eradicating it from the soil is to stop the source of pollution by the compulsory construction of latrines and insistence on their use.

I have been told that if latrines are erected, it will be impossible to get coolies to use them, but has not the same argument been used in connection with almost every innovation ever introduced? That it *will* be difficult at first, I acknowledge, but that it will be impossible I emphatically deny, and I am confident that with gentle pressure and persuasion combined, the desired result will eventually, if gradually, be obtained.

As an instance of this I may say that when only a few years ago the treatment for the cure of hookworm which is by no means pleasant was first introduced amongst tea garden coolies, it was very difficult indeed to persuade them to submit themselves to it; however on those estates that persisted the coolies have begun to recognise the efficacy of it and now come voluntarily and willingly to ask for it.

I think that everyone will agree that labour is the one vital factor, more than any other, which will affect the prosperity of this country in the future, by it we shall stand or fall, what we should aim at is for each individual labourer to increase his production thereby incidentally increasing his own earnings and prosperity, but how can this be effected, if what I aver is a fact, viz., that the physique of the labourer is deteriorating.

It is I think an undoubted fact that the demand for labour, not only in India but all over the world, is steadily increasing.

Here in India one cannot open one's daily paper without seeing the announcement of new industrial companies being floated day after day, each one of which means increased competition for labour, and the only means by which it can be satisfied will be by increased efficiency and increased production whereby two labourers may do the work and earn the wages of three.

The benefits arising from efficient sanitation are being more and more recognized, and are receiving more and more attention from individuals year after year, but in this case, almost more than most, the efforts of a large majority can be rendered nugatory by the passive inactivity of a small minority.

*Resolutions.**Mr. Irwin; Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri.*

In your address to the representatives of the various District Boards of Bengal at a meeting held at Government House, Calcutta, on Thursday, December 4th, your Lordship is reported to have said :—

'Disease can be successfully fought only by scientifically organised effort and scientifically organised effort has hitherto, I regret to say, been conspicuous chiefly by its absence in Bengal ;' again 'It is clear that we shall have radically to recast our machinery before we can hope to obtain really big results ;' further on again 'And these agents must not only be given the responsibility for carrying out such measures but must be armed with such powers as will enable them to give effect to them.'

I could with benefit quote further, but I fear I have already trespassed too long on the patience of the Council and must therefore abstain.

Without combination and 'scientifically organised effort' but above all unless 'armed with such powers as will enable them to give effect to them,' i.e., measures to combat disease it is hopeless to expect to stamp out disease—combination and scientifically organised effort can only be efficient if supported by legislative compulsion. In every community there will always be black sheep—passive resisters.

I have above emphasized the beneficial results which the introduction and use of latrines may confidently be expected to have on hookworm only, as I consider it to be almost if not quite the most formidable disease with which we have to contend on account of its insidious and eventually, if gradually, fatal nature.

But more rapid and apparent beneficial results will undoubtedly accrue in the case of dirt-borne and fly-borne diseases, such as cholera, dysentery, etc., which are credited with a far larger percentage of mortality than hookworm, the fatal nature of which is only just beginning to be recognised by the majority on account, as I have previously said, of its insidiousness.

Should this resolution be accepted and given effect to, I, myself, as an employer of labour, will be considerably affected, but on the grounds of humanity alone, I would welcome the tax it would impose upon me whilst eventually the benefit accruing will undoubtedly be reaped from a more healthy and consequently efficient and contented labour force if not by me then by my successors.

As I have previously said, my Lord, this is the last Council meeting I shall have the honour of attending, and I trust my resolution may be accepted and given effect to by Government, and that as I believe will be the case, benefit will arise for the people amongst whom I have lived so long."

The Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri said :—

"My Lord, I fully support the views expressed in this resolution by my hon'ble friend Mr. Irwin. He has made it abundantly clear that something is urgently necessary for these labouring classes. Your Excellency's study of the hookworm disease has also, I hope, made it abundantly clear that the special attention of the Sanitary Department should be drawn to the health and comfort of the labouring classes. With the rise of the prices of the necessities of life it has become very difficult for them, without special help either from employers or from Government, to take care of themselves. I fully support the views expressed by the Hon'ble Mr. Irwin, and I hope that Government will do something for their redress."

*Resolutions.**Mr. O'Malley.***The Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley said :—**

“ My Lord, I must congratulate the Hon'ble Mover on his zeal for sanitary progress, but I fear that in his anxiety to preach the gospel of public health reform he has not been careful to enquire whether Government has not to any extent forestalled him by taking the measures he advocates. The resolution is framed on general lines. The Hon'ble Member urges that Government should undertake legislation making it compulsory on all proprietors of factories to provide adequate sanitary conveniences and appliances for their employes in addition to medical supervision and treatment. I am afraid that the Hon'ble Member has not been able to consult the Factories Act, or the rules under it. If he will refer to the Act he will find it lays down that every factory shall be provided with sufficient and suitable latrine accommodation. It further provides that every factory shall be kept clean, and free from effluvia arising from any drain, privy or other nuisance, and that in every factory there shall be maintained a sufficient and suitable supply of water fit for drinking for the use of the persons employed in the factory. Electrical generating or transforming stations, indigo, tea and coffee factories are not included in the category of factories under the Act, but the Act applies to all other factories. It was passed in 1911, and the Hon'ble Member, if I may be permitted to say so, is a day too late for the fair. The mills have up-to-date latrine systems which are being extended and improved from day to day, and mill managers constantly refer to the Sanitary Commissioner for advice about them. The working of septic tank latrines is under the control of the Sanitary Commissioner, and he has ~~also~~ been appointed an additional Inspector of Factories, so that he may be in a position to deal with the sanitary arrangements of factories of all classes. He inspects as often as he can and brings to the notice of the Inspector of Factories any defects which require to be remedied so that the Inspector may take executive action.

The tea gardens and tea garden factories to which the Hon'ble Mover has specially referred are excluded from the scope of the Factories Act, and Government are aware of the need for combined action among tea gardens in order to improve their sanitary arrangements. Many have not got up-to-date latrine systems, and hookworm plays havoc among the coolies. Dr. Griffin, who has been recently making enquiries in connection with hookworm, reports :—

“ The adoption of latrines by the hill people is feasible and presents few difficulties, and they as a whole appear to appreciate the use of them. But the question of getting Madeshia labour, mainly Santals and Oraons, who form the bulk of the labour in the Duars, to adopt these measures, has to be cautiously and carefully considered. Treatment for hookworm and other intestine parasitical disease is now universally carried on in the Duars on the European estates, and with education given to the people in the necessity of the use of latrine, I consider, and it is also the opinion of the senior Medical Officers and planners, that eventually they will come into line. It has been pointed out to me that if a single garden in a district only adopts these measures, that labour will tend to leave the garden, but that if a group of estates does so they will accept the universal adoption.”

Under conditions such as these it is desirable to strengthen the hands of the more progressive planters and to ensure uniformity of action throughout the whole area. Otherwise whatever sanitary precautions may be taken by one manager they may be nullified by the apathy, neglect or inaction of another ; in these circumstances some central authority is required to bring all into line. Government therefore are disposed to regard sympathetically proposals designed to affect a general all round improvement, and they are ready to consider the desirability of introducing legislation on the subject.

*Resolutions.**Mr. O'Malley.*

I may mention here that the question of legislation for the tea gardens in the Duars came up some years ago. A special committee called the Duars Committee presided over by the Hon'ble Mr. Monahan was appointed to enquire into the sanitary and economic conditions under which tea garden coolies live in the Duars and to advise Government what remedial measures, if any, should be undertaken. Their conclusions were briefly that the economic conditions of the coolies were satisfactory, but that action should be taken to improve the medical and sanitary arrangements as well as the system of vital statistics. The committee thought that the employers would be ready of their own initiative to improve the medical and sanitary arrangements; and the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, agreeing with this view, considered that legislation was necessary only to prescribe registers and returns which would ensure a reliable record of vital occurrences in the tea gardens. They prepared a Bill accordingly, which passed into law as the Jalpaiguri Labour Act of 1912. At the same time in order that Government should be kept informed of the progress made by the estates in carrying out the recommendations of the Duars Committee with regard to sanitation, water-supply, medical arrangements, etc., it was arranged that the Civil Surgeon should observe and report on the extent to which those recommendations were carried out. The Civil Surgeon submits an annual report on the condition of the labour force and of the working of the Act, but it has been found impossible for him to inspect all the gardens regularly and our information is at present not as complete as we could desire. The special officer employed on the anti-hookworm campaign has been asked to submit a report as to the arrangements made for water-supply, conservancy and the prevention of infectious diseases, in the places he has visited, but his report has not yet been received. In the meantime the Duars Planters' Association has been consulted as to what arrangements can be made. The Association wishes to have a more thorough system and is in favour of a whole-time officer being appointed to advise upon, to direct and, if necessary, to control measures for the improvement of sanitation in the Duars tea gardens, as well as to engage in experiment and research; and it advocates the establishment of an advisory committee of planters and medical men to assist him. The matter is at present under discussion with the Sanitary Commissioner.

The question of legislation will require careful consideration. The Indian Tea Association, the Darjeeling Planters' Association and the Duars Planters' Association should be consulted about such matters as the creation of a central sanitary authority and the financing of it, as, for instance, by means of a special levy on tea gardens and possibly on village areas outside their limits. It should be considered whether it is preferable to deal with the matter as a part of a public health Bill for the whole province or by means of special legislation such as the Bengal Mining Settlements Act of 1912, by which the Mines Board of Health was created. I may be permitted to mention that a public health Bill has been drafted by my friend Mr. Goode, and it contains provisions which would go far in the direction contemplated by the resolution. As regards the Mining Settlements Act, that measure was a piece of special legislation which was introduced only after other possible measures under other Acts had been tried and had failed. The solution was found in the creation of the Mines Board of Health which contains representatives of the interests concerned and has jurisdiction over landowners as well as over coal mine owners. The Board exercises general sanitary control over the mining settlement, and it meets the cost of its services by means of a local levy from those directly interested. In dealing with the problem of the coal mines Government had the willing and helpful co-operation of the Indian Mining Association, and similarly if a measure is to be brought forward for the tea garden areas Government would naturally desire to have the sympathy and support of the Indian Tea Association and of the Planters' Associations.

*Resolutions.**Mr. O'Malley ; Mr. Irwin.*

I now turn to the question of medical supervision and treatment. Our latest report for the Duars states :—

'There are 8 European doctors with British qualifications in medical charge of the 93 gardens under European management. Besides this, two registered and well-qualified Indian doctors with Calcutta University degrees, have been appointed this year to supervise the medical arrangements of two large groups of gardens under Indian management. These groups consist of 8 gardens in the Eastern Duars and 8 gardens in the Alipore-Duars. Therefore, no less than 109 out of the 129 gardens are now under proper medical supervision.' The Civil Surgeons goes on to say—'The great majority of the Doctor Babus in charge of the dispensaries are still unregistered men of inferior qualifications, but matters are much improved by the increase of proper supervision and this should lead to a better control of epidemic disease.'

In Darjeeling there are tea garden doctors but the number of qualified men both among them and among the compounders is not at present adequate. The provision of compulsory medical supervision and treatment by each tea garden would, however, go further even than the Mining Settlements Act.

As for the mills, the largest employers of labour, the Factories Act does not provide for medical supervision and treatment, but they make excellent arrangements in their own interests. The merchant princes of Calcutta are alive to the fact that it pays to keep their employes well and to look after their bodily welfare. Most have a residential medical staff consisting of qualified Indian doctors, with university degrees, of the Assistant Surgeon class in addition to European consulting medical officers. Many also have well-found dispensaries; some, in fact, are splendid institutions, such as those of the Gouripore Mill at Naihati and the Alliance Mills at Bhatpara. I could wish that the Hon'ble Mover could, on his retirement, make a tour among the mills on the banks of Hooghly. I venture to say he would have his eyes opened and that he would be astonished at the provision made for the health of the employes.

Apart from the large mills Government are well aware of the necessity for looking after industrial hygiene, particularly when so many small factories are springing up. They realize that industrial hygiene is a matter for careful investigation by the public health staff and that the present industrial development must be carefully watched in order to prevent the creation of sanitary abuses such as followed industrial expansion in Europe. The present system of factory inspection does not give all the information necessary and on this account it is proposed to appoint a specially selected Deputy Sanitary Commissioner with a special staff to carry out an investigation in the coming year.

This explanation of the existing law of what is being already done and of the proposals for the future will I trust, assure the Hon'ble Mover that the matter is receiving and will continue to receive the careful attention of Government, and I suggest that it is therefore unnecessary for him to press his resolution."

The Hon'ble Mr. Irwin said :—

"My Lord, perhaps my resolution is somewhat badly worded. I am perfectly aware that almost every factory I know of provides medical supervision and treatment, but I wanted that in addition to it they should provide certain sanitary conveniences and appliances. When the Hon'ble Member goes on to say that I am too late for the fair, I do not quite follow him.

*Resolutions.**Mr. Irwin; The President.*

In one breath he says that the Factories Act provides for what I am advocating and in the next he says that Tea Factories for which I am principally speaking are excluded from the provisions of the Act. Therefore, I wish to draw the attention to that with a view to having tea gardens included in the provisions of the Bengal Public Health Bill, which I understand is now under the consideration of Government. However, having drawn attention to the matter I am quite content to leave it to the consideration of Government when drafting the Bengal Public Health Bill."

The President said :—

"Does the Hon'ble Member wish to withdraw his resolution?"

The Hon'ble Mr. Irwin said :—

"Yes, Sir."

The motion was then, by leave of the President, withdrawn.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 19.

The Hon'ble Mr. Irwin moved the following resolution :—

This Council recommends to the Governor in Council the importance in the interests of the trade, not only of this Province, but of the whole Empire, of expediting the proposed extension of the broad gauge system of the Eastern Bengal Railway from Santahar to Niliguri, and that the Government do move the Imperial Government to give effect to the proposal at an early date.

He said :—

My Lord, "I do not propose to take up the valuable time of this Council with a long speech elaborating the various arguments in favour of the object of this resolution. To those who have travelled over the line and know anything about the matter, the handicap, which the break of gauge imposes on traffic of all descriptions, must be so self-evident that further evidence is surely not required to convince them of the importance of eliminating it with the least possible delay.

When I first came out to this country the Eastern Bengal State Railway was comparatively speaking a very short line, and there was no Railway in existence on the north bank of the Ganges; subsequently the Northern Bengal State Railway, as the northern section of the Eastern Bengal State Railway was then styled, was constructed with the metre gauge, and I am probably the only European still in this country who was present when the first train ran into Niliguri in, if I remember right, the autumn of 1878.

Nearly a quarter of a century later in 1902, I took a leading part in organising and then presiding at a mass meeting held in Darjeeling, to which the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, the Indian Tea Association and the Calcutta Trades' Association sent representatives, to urge upon Government the enormous importance to the trade of the Province of connecting the northern and southern portions by a bridge over the Ganges.

The meeting was a large and most representative one, and copies of the proceedings were sent to His Excellency the then Viceroy and to the Secretary of State for India, and I think it is not too much to claim that it turned the scale in favour of the immediate construction of what is now known as the Hardinge Bridge.

*Resolutions.**Mr. Irwin.*

Twelve years later on, I think, 4th March 1914, I had the pleasure of being present when His Excellency Lord Hardinge opened the bridge, and I crossed it in the first passenger train and also in the first ordinary mail which ran over it.

It is not therefore perhaps altogether inappropriate that I should have the honour of urging upon Your Excellency the great importance of eliminating the break of gauge on the main line and extending the broad gauge system right through to Siliguri.

At the time of the meeting above referred to held to urge upon Government the construction of the bridge. I believe I am correct in saying that it was taken for granted by almost everyone that the construction of the earthwork, widening of the bridges and laying of the broad gauge line would proceed simultaneously with the making of the bridge, and had it been then understood that the immediate construction of the bridge only was contemplated and that the extension of the broad gauge was to be indefinitely postponed, it would then have been the subject of very strong representation to Government.

Without the uniformity of gauge throughout the main line system the construction of the bridge alone leaves the work only half carried through, and it requires the completion of the broad gauge to put the coping stone on the whole.

For years after the opening of the Hardinge Bridge, in fact, I believe, during the first three years of the great War, work was actually being carried on with the broad gauge extension, but I think I am right in saying that during the last two years it has remained entirely in abeyance.

To refer briefly to the arguments in favour of the speedy elimination of the break of gauge I would mention the following as amongst the most important :—

First—the extra expense curtailed by transshipment of goods and passengers ;

Secondly—the legitimate damage to goods which is unavoidable when they have to be transferred from one wagon to another ;

Thirdly—the illegitimate damage incurred from not only petty pilfering but from wholesale robbery which is very difficult to detect and impossible wholly to prevent ;

Fourthly—the delay which the transshipment necessarily entails both on passengers and goods ; and

Fifthly—the impetus that would undoubtedly be given to trade.

It appears to me that it is hardly necessary to say anything in support of the above arguments, the very mention of them alone to my mind carries conviction but as regards—

First—I may say that in these days of strenuous trade competition manufacturers and agriculturists are compelled to cut down and curtail expenditure to the very lowest ebb if they are to compete successfully in the markets of the world with similar articles from other quarters of the globe ;

*Resolutions.**Mr. Irwin.*

Secondly—as regards legitimate damage I need hardly point out that a certain amount of damage must occur in removing heavy articles from one vehicle to another, which would be avoided if they went right through in the original truck. The damage done is unavoidable, and if the loss falls upon the railway the management must necessarily provide for it by charging a higher tariff than would otherwise be necessary, so that the loss must eventually, in any case, fall upon the owner of the goods, thus raising his cost of production ;

Thirdly—to take loss from theft ; only those who are heavy importers or exporters over the line and the railway staff and police are aware of the facilities which the transshipment of goods afford to wholesale robbery. It must necessarily occur that goods in course of transshipment must lay sometimes days or even weeks on end at Santahar awaiting trucks, and train thieves avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded only too readily ; bags of grain are cut open, several seers abstracted from each bag and the incision carefully stitched up again—tins of oil are pierced and the whole of the contents drained off into another receptacle, so that many tins out of a consignment are delivered empty and the consignment being at 'owners' risk' the whole loss falls on the owner ; and as for coal the loss amounts in some cases to a very large percentage of the whole, but is never altogether absent ;

Fourthly—As regards delay in transit not to speak of the loss of interest on the proceeds of the sale of a large consignment of goods occasioned by delay in bringing them to the market there is the much more serious delay often incurred by produce losing a good market when the special article in question is at a premium and having to be sold possibly when the market is glutted. That both railways and producers realise this is proved by the fact that special express goods trains are constantly run for which higher rates of transit are charged which producers evidently avail themselves of or the trains would not be scheduled, thus proving that merchants are fully alive to the serious loss which the delay of a few days, such as often occurs from a block of goods at Santahar, may occasion ;

Fifthly—to refer to the impetus likely to be given to trade in Northern Bengal, I have it on the authority of an influential railway official of long experience and high standing that to quote his own words 'there are prospects of rapidly increasing traffic and this increase will be much more rapid when the great obstruction of the break of gauge at Santahar is removed.'

On the increased comfort to passengers, from the highest to the lowest, when one can get into the train at Sealdah at 10 o'clock at night and awake at 6 o'clock next morning at Siliguri, I need not dilate. I can only earnestly regret that I shall not be here to participate. Your Excellency in common with the rest of us, Darjeeling passengers, realises no doubt the difference that it would mean.

In conclusion, my Lord, I would point out that this resolution, if accepted, commits Government to nothing, it merely asseverates the importance of the matter and asks that the Imperial Government will give its serious consideration if or directly funds are available. I therefore trust that Your Excellency's Government will not reject my petition."

Resolutions.

*Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri; Rai Debender Chunder Ghose Bahadur ;
Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.*

The Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri said :—

"My Lord, in this connection I may be permitted to point out that there is another line which is of more urgent interest than the opening of a broad gauge line up to Siliguri—I mean the connection of the Godagari line with the Ishurdi line. Last year in the Imperial Council in reply to a question by the Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi it was stated that the line from Ishurdi to Nachole *via* Rampur-Boalia, was decided upon, but it could not be taken in hand for want of funds. That line would tap the jute and paddy-growing parts of Barind to a great extent, and it would also make the line from Katihar to Godagiri a paying one. As far as my information goes that line has not been working well and the ferry arrangement at Godagari for transshipment of goods has been abolished. When it has been conceded by the Imperial Government and the survey is complete and the estimated cost has also been published in the *India Gazette*, I beg most humbly to submit to Your Excellency that this line should not also be lost sight of, and I submit that before anything is done for broadening the gauge of the line between Santahar and Siliguri this line should be taken up. In connection with the broad gauge line one thing should be borne in mind. The line from Bogra to the Assam line and that from Parbatipur to the Assam line are all metre gauge lines. They should also be broadened in order that full benefit of the extension might be derived in the matter of the extension of trade and commerce. I beg to submit that the Government should bear this in mind when broadening the gauge between Santahar and Siliguri."

The Hon'ble Rai Debender Chunder Ghose Bahadur said :—

"My Lord, it is not necessary for me to say much upon the necessity of altering the gauge of this section of the railway. All that can be said on this point has been put before the Council by the Hon'ble Mr. Irwin, but he did not refer to the discomforts of the passengers at first but said something about it later on. I should like to put in a word or two from the point of view of passengers. It may be that the making of the bridge at Paksey has done some good to the owner of goods. I do not know if the making of the bridge without the broad gauge line from Santahar to Siliguri has been of any advantage to passengers. I used to enjoy the steamer trip across the river lasting about an hour, but now I have to get up at 11 o'clock at night to change trains at Santahar. If I had any voice in the determination of this question years ago I should certainly have said that unless you broaden the gauge up to Siliguri it is no use making a bridge. It seems that people are not getting the full benefit of the enormous expenditure which was incurred in bridging the river Padma. I know that the Bengal Government have no control over the matter, but it is the concern of the Imperial Government to act on the advice of the Railway Board. It may be that the war has retarded the carrying out of the original idea, but I think it would not be out of place if we are to ask the Bengal Government to move in the matter and get the Imperial Government to attend to our wants and to complete what must have been the original idea."

The Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur said :—

"My Lord, I rise to support the resolution which has been moved, but I do not wish to traverse the ground which has already been traversed by my hon'ble friend the mover. But there is one matter I would like to mention with Your Excellency's permission and that is this. My Lord, this the last meeting of a Council where we have the pleasure of associating with

*Resolutions.**The President ; Mr. Cumming.*

Mr. Irwin. Mr. Irwin has spent over 45 years in this country and we all know, specially those who have been associated with him in this Council, the deep interest he takes in the welfare of the country and the well-being of the people."

The President said :—

"Order! Order! The Hon'ble Member really cannot go on like this when speaking on this motion. That would be travelling too far outside the line on which this motion is framed and which deals with the Santahar-Siliguri Railway. He must confine his remarks to the motion, much though I regret having to stop him."

The Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur resumed his seat.

The Hon'ble Mr. Cumming said :—

"The Hon'ble Mover has given an interesting account of the development of railway communications in Northern Bengal. The future of such railway communications has been the subject of very careful consideration by the Local Government, the Railway Board under the Government of India and the Secretary of State. The main line of development that has been accepted in principle is that the west and east communication should be on the metre gauge and the north and south communication on the broad gauge. It is of course well-known that the present break of gauge on the north and south line is at Santahar, and the Hon'ble Mr. Irwin in his resolution desires that the broad gauge system should be extended from Santahar to Siliguri. Now it is the case that the project of such an extension was supported by the Local Government in 1915 and again by the Railway Board under the Government of India in 1916; and in view of such support I am in a position to say on the present occasion that the Bengal Government accept the resolution to this extent that they are prepared to send a copy of the proceedings of the present debate to the Railway Board.

The last pronouncement on the subject was that of the Secretary of State in 1917. It was in the following terms. The Secretary of State accepted in principle the conversion of the section from Santahar to Parbatipur to the broad gauge. As regards the line from Parbatipur to Siliguri, the Secretary of State did not deny that the conversion of this length of line from metre gauge to the broad gauge was a desirable object. He thought that the eventual extension of the broad gauge to Siliguri was a work which should be kept in view, to be proceeded with when financial conditions permitted; but he did not think that it could be regarded as comparable in point of urgency with many other railway improvements for which funds would be needed after the end of the war, and, having regard to the difficulty which was likely to be found for some years in providing sufficient money for pressing railway requirements, he doubted whether for a long period it would be justifiable to appropriate funds to the work in question.

That was the decision of the Secretary of State in 1917. Since then the war has happily ended; and the views of the Railway Board on the conclusion of hostilities are contained in an answer to a question in the Imperial Council given on the 1st March 1919. On that occasion the President of the Railway Board said that the construction of lines to be financed by Government must depend on the provision of funds, and that in view of the urgent requirements of open lines the money available for new construction is likely to be limited for some little time to come. Today the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri has submitted an alternative proposal for priority of treatment as regards funds. The project to which he refers, namely, the communication from the north of the Hardinge Bridge to the vicinity of Godagari

*Resolutions.**Mr. Irwin; Kumar Shib Shekhareswar Ray.*

has been accepted in principle by the Government of India; but, as he has stated, an intimation has already been given that the project must await the provision of funds.

These are the facts, Sir, and I admit that from the point of view of the Bengal Government the position as regards the north and south line is not satisfactory. The Bengal Government consider that an extension of the broad gauge simply as far as Parbatipur is an insufficient sequel to the construction of the Hardinge Bridge. In this connection, however, it must be remembered that there is a matter for congratulation or consolation. The possibilities which were placed before the Secretary of State were the extension of the broad gauge for the whole line from Santahar to Siliguri and the doubling of the metre gauge from Santahar to Parbatipur. It may be considered a matter for congratulation that the Secretary of State in his decision was at any rate not in favour of the second alternative, namely, the doubling of the metre gauge from Santahar northwards. If this decision had been made, it might have been a serious obstacle—possibly an obstacle for all time—against any subsequent development of the broad gauge on the northern section of Eastern Bengal Railway. As I have already stated, Government are prepared to accept the resolution as it stands to this extent that a copy of the proceedings will be forwarded to the Railway Board under the Government of India."

The Hon'ble Mr. Irwin said :—

"My Lord, in view of the assurance given by the Hon'ble Mr. Cumming I am quite content to let the matter rest, but at the same time I should like to point out that many lakhs of rupees were spent at Santahar on buildings, etc., which, when the broad gauge is extended, as I imagine, eventually to Siliguri, will be wasted. I am afraid that when the broad gauge is extended up to Parbatipur there will again be an unnecessary waste of public money on buildings, etc., which would be useless in course of time."

The motion was then put and agreed to.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 20

The Hon'ble Kumar Shib Shekhareswar Ray moved the following resolution :—

This Council recommends to the Governor in Council that immediate protective works be undertaken to save the town of Pabna from further erosion by the river Padma.

He said :—

"My Lord, I am sorry that I have to bring such a purely local matter before the House in the form of a resolution. I should say at the outset that apathy and inactivity on the part of Your Excellency's Government are alone responsible for my action. I cannot but admire the patience and perseverance of the people of Pabna with which they have made repeated representations to Your Excellency's Government in this connection, but I am constrained to state that the Government hardly took any serious notice of their prayer. I am told that the Government even did not think it necessary to acknowledge receipt of the various memorials that have been submitted to the Government. The people of Pabna whom I have the honour and privilege to represent in this Council, as a last resort, have asked me to have the matter discussed in the Council, hoping against hope that thereby the wheels of the

*Resolutions.**Kumar Shib Shekhareswar Ray.*

Government might be set in motion. From the procedure the people of Pabna have so long followed in this connection, I might hope that the facts of the case are well-known not only to Your Excellency's Government but also to Your Excellency personally. However for the benefit of the House, I think I should give a brief history of the case.

Pabna is a pretty big town beautifully laid out and is the headquarters station of the district which is called after it. It is considered as one of the healthiest places in the district and has, therefore, been a favourite resort of the people from the interior who have settled there and constructed substantial buildings. It has a first grade college and a well-equipped technical institute, several schools, a model agricultural farm and one of the wealthiest central co-operative banks. A big trade in jute is carried on there and the town has a growing prosperous population. A small stream passes through the town and the great river Padma, until lately, flowed at a distance of about 3 miles from the town. Some sixty years back this river flowed by the town itself, but when it changed its course, a high sandy char was formed and intervened between the town and the Padma. This char was subsequently inhabited by agricultural population. Everything went on peacefully till 1916, when the river suddenly changed its course again and began to engulf the char. The people of the locality, who are well conversant with the vagaries of the Padma, naturally got alarmed and moved the authorities to take timely action for the safety of the town. But the river was yet far away from the town and the authorities paid no heed to their apprehension. During the rains in 1918, when Your Excellency graced the town with a visit, the river had made further encroachments and had in fact swallowed up the whole of the char and also a populous portion of the town itself and actually threatened the Government Circuit House built at a great cost. The people of Pabna were quite frightened by this time, and in their address of welcome to Your Excellency, they brought the fact to Your Excellency's notice. They said—

'We apprehend that unless some precautionary measures be adopted at the close of the present rains, the civil station itself will be in danger of being diluviated during the next rains.'

Your Excellency in reply was pleased to say—

'The Chief Engineer in the Irrigation Department has already inspected the scene of the erosion during the present year. He informs me that the river has gone back to the old channel which it occupied sixty years ago, and he does not expect that further serious erosion will take place. At the same time he proposes to keep the position under careful observation with a view to taking such measures as may be found possible, should the necessity arise.'

It was a great assurance coming as it did from Your Excellency's lips, and the people of Pabna went away satisfied that their home and hearth were safe and that Your Excellency as promise-bound, to quote Your Excellency's own words, would take such measures as may be found possible, should the necessity arise. But, my Lord, the experts who in turn had assured Your Excellency that no further serious erosion would take place, had counted without their host. Soon after Your Excellency left Pabna, the river made further inroads and went far beyond its old bed, washing away in its course the circuit house itself and several other pucca buildings. However, the assurance that Your Excellency had given to the people kept up their spirits all through the rains. But when the cold weather set in, still they found no tangible sign of official concern in the matter, they thought that perhaps it was a case of 'out of sight out of mind' with Your Excellency, and

*Resolutions.**Kumar Shri Shakharewar Ray.*

in January, 1919, they sent up a memorial to Your Excellency, in which they set out their case in detail and prayed for protection. My Lord, this memorial must have got entangled in the huge mass of red-tapes in the Secretariat as no reply was vouchsafed nor does it appear that any steps were taken to the knowledge of the people. Then when one of my colleagues had actually sent in notice of a question on the subject to the Secretary of this Council it appears that for the first time after Your Excellency's assurance the authorities began to take any interest in the matter and the place was visited by our official colleague sitting opposite, the Hon'ble the Chief Engineer. He was too late. The river was too full at that time and it was evidently impossible for him to come to any decision as to the protective measures to be undertaken. All the same, a deputation of leading townsmen waited on him. A prominent member of the deputation who saw me afterwards said that he could not make out the attitude of the Chief Engineer. It, however, was apparent to the deputation that the matter had not received any serious attention till then. The statement that the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley made before the House in reply to the question already referred to by me, also makes it clear that in spite of Your Excellency's assurance a year back, the matter had not been properly investigated by the authorities concerned nor any schemes had been prepared by them. Mr. Cowley then stated :—

It is not possible to state with certainty to what further extent erosion will continue, but it is possible that the houses occupied by the Collector and the Superintendent of Police may have to be vacated. The position was inspected by the Chief Engineer in the Irrigation Department on the 19th August; it is under the careful observation of the local officers of the Public Works Department; and a further inspection will be made by the Chief Engineer when the river level falls sufficiently. Any project for the permanent protection of the town and Government buildings is likely to cost a very large sum of money; a full report will, however, be submitted to Government with the recommendations of the Chief Engineer of the Public Works Department as soon as the river level falls sufficiently to enable a more thorough inspection to be made.

The people of Pabna in despair submitted another memorial to Your Excellency on the 25th August last. I shall quote a few extracts from this memorial. They would speak for themselves.

'This is the third year since the Padma river which remained hitherto at a safe distance has begun its ravages on the town of Pabna. In the first year of its attack a large *char* known as Char-Sadipur as well as a portion of the Ichamati river, a branch of the Padma, flowing in a winding course south and west of the town, was swallowed up in the course of a few weeks during the rains, and also some portion of the Municipal town known as Ramchandrapur, Dewangunge and Sadhupara, etc. But we regret to submit that last year the erosion was so rapid that a great portion of the town was washed away together with the Government Circuit House buildings to the south of the Collector's bungalow. Hundreds of towns people were made homeless and many valuable gardens and orchards were destroyed.

'This year the Padma has begun its ravages with tremendous fury, with the result that the fell river is now within 100 yards from the Collector's bungalow and about 400 yards from the Civil Court buildings.

'Judging from the daily rate of its erosion it is likely to wash away the small strip of land, that is the remaining portion of Ramchandrapur, Dewangunge, and Sadhupara, etc., and will also swallow up the remaining southern

*Resolutions.**Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri; Mr. Cumming.*

part of the Ichamati, in which case not only hundreds of houses will be washed away, but the Collector's bungalow, the District and Sessions Judge's bungalow, the Civil Court and Collectorate buildings, the Pabna Institution, the Mission House, the Elliot Bonomali Technical School, the District Board and the Municipal Office buildings, in fact the whole Civil Station of Pabna together with the Church and many valuable and private buildings and houses will collapse under the rush and fury of the river.'

My Lord, no reply has as yet been sent to this memorial.

In January last I was again informed that there were still no signs of any protective measures being undertaken. As a result I have been pressed to bring forward this resolution before the House. My Lord, this is a very serious matter. It involves the very existence of a prosperous town. The river not only threatens the loss of property both public and private worth more than 80 lakhs of rupees, but also renders a large number of people within a small area liable to be deprived of their ancestral homes. The feelings of the people there are naturally very strong over the subject. It touches both their purse and sentiment. I can hardly imagine that the Government do not realise the gravity of the situation. My Lord, now is the time for undertaking protective works. The river level is now sufficiently low and we have still five months left to push on with the works. I pray, my Lord, that no further time be allowed to be wasted. I appeal on behalf of the people of Pabna that immediate and adequate steps be taken to save the town from further erosion by the Padma."

The Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri said :—

"My Lord, I join in this appeal. Last year when I was informed of it I telegraphed to Government and I was assured that the needful would be done, but nothing was done. I also asked one or two questions on the subject, and from the replies given this morning I learn that a sum of Rs. 2,60,000 has been provided for the immediate protection of the town. As the circumstances are, the sum provided is not adequate, as the cost of revetting a mile is probably not less than 6 lakhs of rupees. There is an apprehension in the minds of the Pabna people that their fate is doomed and the headquarters station will be removed to somewhere else and that nothing will be seriously done for the protection of the town. I am glad that attention has been drawn to the subject and something has already been provided, and I believe that if more funds are required they will be provided. The protection of the town is a necessity, and the people as well as Government will suffer a heavy loss if the town is washed away. If the headquarters station is removed to somewhere else that will also be another misfortune to the people of Pabna. I therefore join in this appeal and hope that for the protection of Pabna all that can be done will be done without delay."

The Hon'ble Mr. Cumming said :—

"My Lord, I can understand the feeling of alarm of the people of Pabna regarding the gradual encroachment of the Padma river on their town; but I repudiate absolutely the suggestion which the Hon'ble Mover has seen fit to make that this matter has not been seriously treated. I do not think that the Hon'ble Mover has been properly informed. He has also made the assumption that because the local people see that nothing is being done locally therefore nothing at all is being done. There is also the tacit assumption that Government are responsible for the protection of private land on the banks of these big rivers. Government do see fit on occasion to take measures of protection; but Government cannot accept any such responsibility as the Hon'ble Mover indicates."

*Resolutions.**Rai Debender Chunder Ghose Bahadur.*

Now, Sir, I wish to say that in view of the fact that action has already been taken on the lines suggested in the resolution, Government are prepared to accept the resolution. The lines on which action has been taken are contained in the answer which was given at this morning's sitting; and with Your Excellency's permission I shall read the relevant portion.

Government have decided to construct a short length of protective revetment at a point on the river bank a little distance above the town, which, it is hoped, may have the effect of diverting the main current of the river outwards on the southern bank and thereby cause scour on that side and avert the erosive tendency of the river opposite the town.

'The proposed work is estimated to cost Rs. 2,60,000; and it is intended to complete the revetment before the coming flood season.'

That being so, Sir, it is incorrect to state, as has been stated in a pamphlet, which was circulated to the press this morning, but a copy of which has so far not been sent to Government, that it is the intention of Government to leave Pabna to its fate and to build a new headquarters for this district elsewhere. Such a rumour is entirely without foundation.

I should like to add that the two Chief Engineers as well as the local engineers have visited the place, both during the monsoon period and after the monsoon period; and I have personally inspected the conditions in the month of October last. On that occasion the attitude of the local people was not at all on the line which the Hon'ble Mover has thought fit to adopt. They thoroughly understood what the Chief Engineer had said to them; and they understood the position. As stated already, the resolution is accepted because action has already been taken to carry it into effect, namely, it has been decided that before the next monsoon a revetment will be erected to the west of the town, which, it is hoped, will have the effect which has been described in the answer to the question this morning."

The Hon'ble Rai Debender Chunder Ghose Bahadur said :—

"My Lord, I have not that special knowledge which the Hon'ble Kumar Shib Shekhareswar Ray and the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri have in the matter, but I have been supplied with certain facts and I confess that I am surprised at the repudiation of the obligation of the Government to protect the banks of the river Padma because it will result in the protection of private property—if I have understood Mr. Cumming rightly. I take it that the result will be as stated, but it is not to be expected that when a calamity of this magnitude threatens private property on the banks of a big river that the property owner is expected to protect his property with revetments of a magnitude which is equal to resist the force of the waters of the river. In an important matter like this Government should take the work in hand, but still as owners of property will be considerably benefited they should also pay towards the cost of the undertaking. That is all that the Government can properly say. But to say that they have no responsibility in the matter is an unjustifiable proposition. I am glad to hear, however, that Government do not stick to their theory of non-obligation and are really trying to erect protective works by next monsoon. It has been suggested to me that the erosion of the river towards the town of Padma was due partly to the building of a bridge some miles down and to the training works higher up necessary for the stability of the bridge. The suggestion has, I think, some force. If you restrict the course of the river on one point the water will go to another point and break through land either on the northern or on the southern side. That has happened in other cases and it may not be unusual that it has happened in this case also owing to the construction of the Hardinge Bridge. If that be so, then the obligation of the Government is quite clear. If the

*Resolutions.**Kumar Shib Shekhareswar Ray; Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur.*

works of the Government have resulted in the injury of private property—I am not of course expressing a legal opinion—it seems that the property owners have a just claim on the Government for coming to their rescue and in helping them against future calamities. Therefore, I support this resolution."

The Hon'ble Kumar Shib Shekhareswar Ray said :—

"My Lord, I am much obliged for the acceptance of the resolution by the Government. The people of Pabna will undoubtedly be much relieved to learn that the Government have at last been roused to activity. I am sorry if any of the statements made in my speech are incorrect, but I should point out that they are entirely based on information received from most reliable sources. My Lord, I gather from the statement made by the Hon'ble Mr. Cumming that a sum of Rs. 2,60,000 is proposed to be spent on the protective works at present. But a leading citizen of Pabna who is present here to-day tells me that sufficient work cannot be done with this sum. He says that the protective revetment should be at least one mile in length. I therefore hope that the whole thing will receive proper and adequate consideration in the light of experiences gained during the next rains."

The motion was put and agreed to.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 21.

The Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur moved the following resolution :—

"This Council recommends to the Governor in Council that steps be taken forthwith to improve the pay and prospects of Government subordinates and other ministerial officers in various departments under the Government of Bengal, with a view to give them immediate relief from the grave economic conditions prevailing at the present time.

He said :—

"My Lord, the resolution which I beg to move is a very important one. I have been asked by the people of this Province to press this resolution for the judgment of the Council. In one form or the other the subject has come to the notice of Government. If I do plead for the subordinates who are in the service of Government, I do so under a conviction that Government must consider the justice of their claim to higher salaries than what they now get. For various reason the Government subordinates are feeling great difficulty in making two ends meet. The average price of principal food-stuffs in India has been ascertained (*vide* the report of the Food-stuffs Commission). In the year 1900 it was 116; in 1910-13, 105; in 1914-17, 124; in 1918, 136; in 1919, 235. I am talking about the index numbers average of 1900-1909-10. No doubt India escaped lightly in the first three years of the war. Compare the average price of food-stuffs in 1919 with that of 1900. Really, without any comment, it must be said that the present price has risen very high. It has not only pressed very hardly upon the poorer classes and on people on small fixed incomes in the town, but the effect of them has been felt by every section of the community. This is admitted by the Commissioner in his report.

My Lord, in 1909 a circular was issued by Sir Henry Wheeler, when he was Secretary to the Government of Bengal, dated 23rd December, containing certain arrangements for the improvement of the pay of ministerial officers in the offices of the Divisional Commissioners and District and Subdivisional

Resolutions.

Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur.

offices based upon a report of the Ministerial Officers Salaries Committees (Volumes I and II). The subordinates of Government are thankful to Government for an appreciable increase of their salaries in the year 1909.

In March last I brought a resolution, in which I asked Government to increase the pay of the clerks. I submitted a tabular statement showing how other Provincial Governments increased their clerks' salaries.

I would solicit a reference to the rules published at pages 1812-1815, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th November 1919, laying down certain regulations for the appointments in the clerical services of the Bengal Secretariat, from which it will be seen that a system of time-scale has been introduced, so far as the staff of the Lower Division is concerned. While this measure has given some relief to a large number of ill-paid assistants, it is most unfortunate that no steps have been formulated to improve the deplorable condition of other low-paid assistants in other offices. If the Lower Division staff deserves such recognition at the hands of Government, surely it is the duty of Government to consider the claims of innumerable ill-paid assistants whose pitiable condition in view of the present economic stress beggars all description. In view of the war conditions several mercantile and commercial firms, the Railway authorities, including the State-owned Eastern Bengal Railway, have given substantial increments to their assistants, but no recognition has been shown to the dire distress of the poorly-paid subordinate officers of Government in various departments. While thanking Government for the grant of war allowance to the whole-time Government servants up to a certain limit (5 per cent. of their pay to those drawing up to Rs. 50) yet this help is like a drop in the ocean.

My Lord, in the offices of the Accountant-General, Bengal, Comptroller-General, India Treasuries, and the account offices under the Postal Department under the Government of India, a time-scale pay has been sanctioned and introduced by substantially improving the position of the assistants in these offices. If the offices under the Government of India, located in Calcutta, could be remodelled in this way does it not appear reasonable and proper to improve the condition of those officers subordinate to the local Government and located in Calcutta?

I put an interpellation on the 19th November last in the Council to ascertain whether Government are inclined to make an inquiry on the lines indicated by the Salaries Committee in Madras. The existence of economic conditions in this country predicates the serious necessity of the consideration of this matter. I entertain the idea that Government will be in a position to grapple with this important demand of their subordinates. They are discontented with the small salaries allowed to them, while they toil day and night to cope with the work entrusted to them. It is for the Government to formulate settled rules for the increase of the salaries of all officers, including the menials. It is my business here to-day to bring this fact to the notice of the Council so that Hon'ble Members may recommend to Government to allow substantial increase to the salaries of their subordinate staff.

My Lord, Sir Henry Wheeler told us in September last in the Council : 'It is perfectly impossible for this Government with the best intentions in the world to save their servants from the effects which are common over so wide an area.' In another part of his speech he observed 'We have given relief to the extent of Rs. 4 lakhs ; the full scheme, if carried out, will cost us about 17 lakhs.' If I am told why this matter of the increase of the pay of Government subordinates is brought to the Council again and again I would draw attention to the answer to my interpellation in this Council on the 19th November by the Hon'ble Mr. Payne. He said : 'The question of assimilating the pay of ministerial officers in Eastern and Western Bengal is under consideration. Beyond this, no general inquiry is at present contemplated and in

Resolutions.

Maulvi Abul Kasem ; Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri ; Sir Henry Wheeler.

the existing abnormal economical resources of the province, the time for such an inquiry is scarcely opportune.

My Lord, I am led to think that the existence of the abnormal economical condition argues the absolute necessity of improving the pay of Government subordinates. The average price of the chief food-stuffs has gone up to a high figure. There is dire distress in this quarter and is there no way to afford them relief? These men cannot purchase food and cloth; they cannot properly maintain their family; yet they serve Government and no other master. They pay high rents for the houses where they lodge.

I am sensible of the fact that there is a strain on the finances of the Government.

My Lord, is it impossible to provide something for the benefit of those people for whose cause I am pleading before the Council to-day? My Lord, I find that there is an increase of pay in the Civil Service, the Educational and Engineering Departments of Government. The other day I learnt that it was difficult to get the service of a police constable on a salary of Rs. 10. Is there no money for the dumb lowly paid subordinates of Government? Cannot Government formulate a time-scale rule in all offices subordinate to Government? The entire increment will then not be paid in one year. It will be no doubt an additional burden on the finances of Government, but it is a burden which a sympathetic Government should be called upon to bear in view of the economic conditions brought about by the war.

"My Lord, I repeat that the practical part of my resolution is the introduction of a time-scale in all offices subordinate to Government."

The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem said :—

"My Lord, as it is late in the evening I do not wish to detain the Council but I simply wish to support the resolution."

The Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri said :—

"I also do not wish to detain the Council, but I join wholeheartedly in the piteous appeal of the ministerial officers."

The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler said :—

"My Lord, I also will follow the example of the previous speakers and be as brief as possible at this hour of the day.

First of all I invite the attention of the Council to the extraordinarily wide nature of this resolution which proposes to recommend an improvement in the pay and prospects of Government subordinates and other ministerial officers in various offices, which, if it means anything at all, practically means that we should take up the revision of the pay at least of everybody who is not within the category ordinarily known as gazetted officers, and the Council would do well carefully to consider the magnitude of that proposal before they endorse it.

This resolution is not a new one. It is an echo of the three resolutions which we had in Dacca in August last, which were preceded by a similar resolution in March 1919, which again, in its turn, was preceded by a resolution in August 1918. Therefore all the arguments that are available are fairly well known to the Council, and my answer to-night will necessarily be very much by way of repetition.

Our main reason on previous occasions, and on this occasion also, for demurring to the acceptance of the resolution is not that it does not propose

*Resolutions.**Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur.*

in a very large measure what we have done, and what we are doing, constantly as different cases arise, but because, as interpreted by previous speakers and as it would be interpreted by anybody who looks at it, the resolution apparently would require us, in view of the fact that the cost of living has gone up, forthwith by a stroke of the pen to enhance the pay of all our non-gazetted employees by something approaching a percentage equal to the rise in the cost of living, and that is a step which it is not practical politics for us to take. We are perfectly well aware that prices have risen, and nobody can fail to be aware of it, when they now press so heavily on us all. But, as I have said on previous occasions, that is a hardship from which we cannot relieve our employees altogether, more specially our clerical employees. It must be evident to everybody—it is not true of India alone—that with the wide diffusion of elementary education in the world at present a clerical career is bound to be one of the worst-paid careers that any man can take up, and the clerical service cannot expect the same emoluments as a successful merchant or a professional man can earn. Clerks deliberately take up a career in which the prospects are poor. Nothing we can do can alter that fact.

We have again the repetition of the old statement that mercantile firms have done much for their clerical staffs while Government have done nothing. That is not the case. We gave relief on a large scale to our menials involving an expenditure of 4 lakhs of rupees a year; we gave relief to clerks on pay below Rs 50, which involves an expenditure of Rs. 3½ lakhs; we have just improved the prospects in the lower division of the Secretariat; we have got a further scheme before the Government of India affecting menials, which (taken with what we have already done) would amount to some Rs. 17 lakhs, and we are contemplating the raising of the pay of head constables, as also of the clerical staff of the Registration Department. This is merely to mention some larger schemes, but there are, of course, in addition the usual isolated instances of raising a pay here and a pay there. We have, therefore, done a good deal according to our resources and according to the relative urgency of different cases. There are indeed many other claims upon us which are equally, if not more, urgent, and which are pressed in this Council with equal persistence. How many times do we hear about the need of raising the pay of teachers in primary schools? How many times do we hear about the case of the sub-deputy collectors, the case of munsiffs and sub-judges, and in fact of nearly every cadre in Government service? Therefore, Sir, our objection to this resolution is that it cannot be interpreted in any other way than that of urging us to take action on more general lines than it is practicable for us to do. What we can do in individual cases we are doing and will continue to do."

The Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mittra Bahadur said :—

"My Lord, I have listened to the speech of Sir Henry Wheeler and I am disappointed. I find that there is no chance for the Government subordinates to get an increased pay. On three occasions the matter was brought to the notice of the Council; money is forthcoming for other officers in other departments, but for these people, the subordinates of Government, there is no money. That is news, Sir, which has disheartened me. We know the condition of the country and the Council will agree with me that these subordinates are in a very distressed condition. In view of the want of food and clothes all over the country—all over the world—is there to be no relief for these poor men working night and day? That is a point which pressed upon me, and I thought it necessary to bring it to the notice of the Council and Government. But if no money is available, what can be done? Let these poor clerks and subordinates work and work; they have got no other masters to serve and Government have shown no sympathy. What are they to do?"

*Resolutions.**Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur.*

I have done my duty, I have brought it to the notice of the Council and I submit that it is highly necessary that some relief should be afforded to these people. That is all that I have to say."

The motion being proposed a division was taken with the following result :—

*Ayes—13**Noes—22.*

The Hon'ble Babu Siv Narayan Mukharji	The Hon'ble Sir Henry Wheeler K C I E, C S I
" " Kumar Shub Sheklarewar Ray	" " Mr. J. G. Cumming, C S I, C I E
" " Babu Bijendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri	" " Sir Charles Stevenson Moore, K C I E, C. V O
" " Sir Doba Prasad Sarbadhikari, K T, C I E	" " Mr H L Stephenson, C S I, C I E
" " Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur	" " Major General W ^m H. B. Robinson, C B, I. M. S.
" " Dr Abdulla al Maimun Suhrawardy	" " Mr F J Monahan
" " Maulvi Abul Kasem	" " Mr L S S O'Malley, C. I. E
" " Maulvi A K Fazl ul Huq	" " Mr G N Roy.
" " Khan Sahib Aman Ali	" " Mr. A. Marr
" " Rai Sri Nath Ray Bahadur	" " Mr M. C McAlpin
" " Babu Akhil Chandra Datta	" " Mr F A A Cowley
" " Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur	" " Mr W W Hornell C. I. E
" " Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri	" " Khan Bahadur Maulvi Aminul Islam
	" " Mr. S W Goode.
	" " Sir Rajendra Nath Mookerjee, K C I E
	" " Sir Nidhan Sarker, K T.
	" " Mr M Cathcart
	" " Rai Debendra Chunder Ghose Bahadur.
	" " Mr W O Grazebrook
	" " Mr W H Phelps
	" " Mr H. R A Irwin C I E
	" " Babu Surendra Nath Ray

The following members abstained from voting .—

The Hon'ble Mr. Proyash Chunder Mitter, C I. E.

" " Mr. Arun Chandra Singha.

The following members were absent :—

The Hon'ble Sir Bijay Chand Mahtab, K.C.S.I. K.C.I.E., I O. A.
Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan

" " Mr. () F. Payne.
" " Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad.
" " Mr. W. H. H. Aiden-Wood, C.I.E.
" " Mr. Aminur Rahman.
" " Raja Hrishikesh Laha, C.I.E.
" " Mr. R. M. Watson-Smyth.
" " Mr. G. A. Baylley.
" " Mr. M. Ashraf Ali Khan Chaudhuri.
" " Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray.
" " Mr. Altaf Ali.
" " Babu Mahendra Nath Ray, C.I.E.
" " Mr. K. B. Dutt
" " Babu Ambica Charan Majumdar.

The Ayes being 13 and the Noes 22, the motion was lost.

Adjournment.

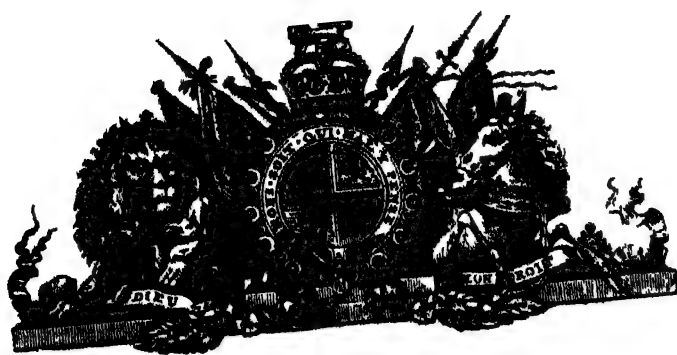
The Council was adjourned to Friday, the 5th March, 1920, at 11 A.M., at Government House, Calcutta.

J. F. GRAHAM,

*Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal and Secy. to the
Bengal Legislative Council.*

CALCUTTA,

The 16th March, 1920.



APPENDIX TO
The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1920.

BENGAL LIBRARY
CATALOGUE OF BOOKS

REGISTERED IN THE PRESIDENCY OF BENGAL

DURING THE

QUARTER ENDING THE 30TH SEPTEMBER 1919.

**BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September, 1919.**

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ASSAMESE—DRAMA.		
2	Dhaniram Datta. —উৰ্বসী উদ্ধার। [Urvasi Uddhar. Deliverance of Urvasi (a name). A mythological drama.] Pages 1, 1, 1, 132. Published by Nabinchandra Bhattacharyya, Aitghariyá, Kamrup, Assam. 1919. [20th August, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas.	Saratasi Ráy, New Artistic Press, 1A, Rankissen Das Lane, Calcutta.	500
	ASSAMESE—FICTION.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
1	ববিহ্ব ক্রুচ । [Rabinothhan Krucho. Robinson Crusoe. The adventures of Robinson Crusoe in Assamese.] Translated by Benudhar Sarma and Girindra Chandra Nath. Pages 2, 75. Published by Hariprasád Nath, Goalpara, Assam. [16th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Illustrated. (T.) Price, 14 annas.	Upendranath Das, Samya Press, 6, College Square, Calcutta.	500
	ASSAMESE—HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY).		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
5	আসাম-ভূগোল । [Asam Bhugol. Geography of Assam for children.] Compiled by Sivanath Bhattacharyya. Pages 68 with a map of Assam. Published by the compiler, Debrugarh, Assam. 1919. [21st July, 1919.] 12°. 15th edition. Price, 3 annas.	Upendranath Das, Samya Press, 6, College Square, Calcutta.	2,000
6	Jnanranjan Mitra. —অদর্শ ভূ-পরিচয়। [Adarsa Bhuparichay. Model Geography. A school geography.] Pages 1, 3, 224. Published by Nagendra Kumar Ráy, City Library, Dacca. 1325 sál or 1918-19 A.D. [9th April, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. Illustrated. Price, 14 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250
	ASSAMESE—LANGUAGE.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
10	Basu, B.C., (Rai Bahadur), and A. Majid (B.A., LL.B.). —নিম্ন প্রাথমিক পাঠ্য। প্রথম ভাগ। [Nimna Práimeri Páth. Pátham Bhág. Assamese Lower Primary Reader. Book I.] Pages 137. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1918. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. New edition. Illustrated. Price, 8 annas.	Jyotish Chandra Ghosh, Cotton Press, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	5,000
11	Book II. Pages 2, 173. 1918. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. New edition. Illustrated. Price, 9 annas.	Ditto ...	5,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages published and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ASSAMESE—LANGUAGE—concl'd.		
	<i>Educational—concl'd.</i>		
12	Panindranath Gogoi. —লৰা-শিক্ষা। অগছোৱা। [Lara-Sikshā. Agohovā. An alphabetical primer. Part I.] Pages 32. Published by Nandesvar Chakravarti, Dibrugarh, Assam. 1919. [13th September, 1919.] 12°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna 3 pies.	Upendranath Das, Samya Press, 6, College Square, Calcutta.	10,000
13	— মাজছোৱা। [Majchhovā. Middle Part. An Assamese primer.] Pages 32. Published by Nandesvar Chakravarti, Dibrugarh, Assam. 1919. [11th August, 1919.] 12°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna 3 pies.	Ditto ...	5,000
	ASSAMESE—MISCELLANEOUS.		
5	Sinha Datta Dev Adhikari. —গীতি-মালিকা। [Giti-Mālikā. Garland of Songs—Miscellaneous songs.] Pages 22. Published by the author, Gauhati, Assam. 1919. [8th August 1919.] 32°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	U. N. Das, Samya Press, 6, College Square, Calcutta.	400
	ASSAMESE—POETRY.		
6	Jamunesvari Saikia. —অৰুণ। [Arun. The Sun. A collection of short poems on a variety of subjects.] Pages 2, 1, 36. Published by the authoress, Golaghat, Assam. [11th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 6 annas.	U. N. Das, Samya Press, 6, College Square, Calcutta.	500
	ASSAMESE—RELIGION.		
1	বাইবেল শাস্ত্রে যীশু খ্রীষ্টের বিষয়ে কি শিক্ষা দিয়ে ? [Baibel Sastro Yisū Khrishtara Vishaye Ki Siksha Diye ? What the Bible Teaches of Jesus Christ ?] Pages 76. Published by O. L. Swanson, Golaghat, Assam. 1919. [25th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Rev. Percy Knight, Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	400
	ASSAMESE—SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL).		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
3	অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ ক্ষেত্ৰ জ্যামিতি। [Asamiya Bhasar Kshetra Jyamiti. Euclid's Elements of Geometry in Assamese. Book I with notes and exercises.] Compiled by Sakhawāt Ali. Pages 2, 3, 100. Published by Sivanāth Bhattacharyya, Dibrugarh, Assam. 1919. [15th August, 1919.] 8°. 12th edition. Price, 10 annas.	U. N. Das, Samya Press, 6, College Square, Calcutta.	2,000

**BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September, 1919—continued.**

1	2	3	4
Serial No	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure; number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	ASSAMESE—SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL)—concl'd.		
4	Educational—concl'd. Harendranath Bhattacharyya. —সুখাঙ্কর নমুনা যদিও। [Subhankar, Sahaj Dharapat. Simple Arith- metical Tables according to Subhankar's system.] Pages 30. Published by the author, Kihabari, Assam. 1919. [21st July, 1919.] 12°. 8th edition. Price, 1 anna 3 pies.	U. N. Das, Sainya Press, 6, College Square, Calcutta.	2,000
	BENGALI—ART.		
22	Rabindranath Tagore and Dinendranath Tagore. —কতকি। [Ketaki (name of a flower) A collection of songs with their notation by Dinendranath Tagore.] Pages 1, 1, 67. Published by Chintamani Ghosh, 22, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 s&l or 1919- 20 A.D. [18th August, 1919] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Jagadananda Ray, Santiniketan Press, Bolpur, Birbhum.	1,000
23	Educational— চিত্র কার্য। প্রথম ভাগ। [Chitra Adarsa, Pra- tham Bhag. Model Pictures Part I A book in drawing for standards I and II.] Pages 24 Published by J. N. Sarma, 105, Chitpur Road, Calcutta. [26th Sep- tember, 1919] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> Price, 3 annas.	Chandi Charan Gupta, Kammodi Press, 51-A, Bhuban Mohan Sarkar Lane, Calcutta.	3,000
24	Pyarimohan De. —চিত্র শিক্ষা বই। প্রথম খণ্ড। [Adarsa Chitra Sakshá Pratham Khanda Model Drawing Book. Part I.] Pages 8 Published by the City Library, Dacca. 1919, [24th May, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> Price, 2 annas.	Gopal Chandra De, Hena Press, Lakshmi- bazar, Dacca.	25
25	_____. Part II Pages 8 1919 [24th May, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas.	Ditto ...	25
26	_____. Part III Pages 8. 1919. [24th May, 1919] 8°. 1st edition <i>Illustrated</i> Price, 2 annas.	Ditto ...	25
27	_____. Part IV. Pages 8. 1919. [24th May, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> Price, 2 annas.	Ditto ...	25
28	_____. Part V. Pages 8 1919. [24th May, 1919] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas.	Ditto ...	25
29	_____. Part VI Pages 12 1919. [24th May, 1919] 8° 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas.	Ditto ...	25

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—ART—concl'd.		
	<i>Educational—concl'd</i>		
30	Sitanath Basak. —আদর্শ চিত্র। ১নং ক। [Adarsa Chitra. One Nam. Ka. Model Pictures No. 1. Ka. A book on drawing for children.] Pages 8. Published by B. C. Basak, Albert Library, Dacca. 1919. [24th April, 1919.] 8°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	5,000
31	_____. No. 1. Kha. Pages 8. 1919 [24th April, 1919.] 8°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	Ditto	5,000
32	_____. No. 2. Pages 8. 1919. [29th April, 1919.] 8°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	Ditto	5,000
33	_____. No. 3. Pages 8. 1919. [27th April, 1919.] 8°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	Ditto	5,000
34	_____. No. 4. Pages 8. 1919. [29th April, 1919.] 8°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	Ditto	5,000
35	_____. No. 5. Pages 8. 1919. [25th April, 1919.] 8°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	Ditto	5,000
36	_____. No. 6. Pages 8. 1919. [25th April, 1919.] 8°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	Ditto	5,000
37	Syamohandra Datta. —আদর্শ লেখা। দ্বিতীয় ভাগ। [Adarsa Lekha. Dvitiya Bhāg. Model Hand-writing. Part II.] Pages 32. Published by the author, 34, Bangla Bazar, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918/19 A.D. [11th April, 1919.] Obl. New edition. Price, 1 anna 3 pies.	Ditto	5,000
	BENGALI—BIOGRAPHY.		
24	Abdul Aziz Khan. —মহর্ষি হজরত খাজা কুতুবউদ্দীন বখ্‌তিয়ার কাকী(র) এর জীবন চরিত। [Maharshi Hajrat Khājā Kutubuddin Bakhtiyār Kākī (Rah) Er Jīvan Charit. Biography of Saintly Hajrat Khaja Kutubuddin Bakhtiyār Kākī.] Pages 2, 154. Published by the author, Ibrahimpur, Manikganj, Dacca. 1326 sāl or 1919/20 A.D. [8th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-6.	Hemchandra Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mechlhubazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1 Serial No.	2 Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the name is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	3 Printer and place of Printing.	4 Number of copies.
BENGALI—BIOGRAPHY—contd.			
25	<p>Amarchandra Datta.—আনন্দ [মহান বসু]। [Ananda Mohan Basu. A brief life of Ananda Mohan Basu.] Pages 43. Published by Devendra Nath Bhattacharyya, 65, College Street, Calcutta. 1919 [3rd July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 3 annas.</p>	Devendra Nath De, Svarna Press, 107, Meehuabazar Street, Calcutta.	2,000
26	<p>Amulyakrishna Ghosh.—অমূল্য কৃষ্ণ গোস্বামী। [Jag] Oyasintan A brief life of George Washington.] Pages 66. Published by Devendranath Bhattacharyya, 65, College Street, Calcutta. 1919 [14th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 3 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	2,000
27	<p>Jogeschandra Mukherji.—যজ্ঞেশ্বর মুখোপাধ্যায়। [Mahatma Gandhi. The great man Gandhi (a name). Life and views of M. K. Gandhi.] Pages 2, 7, 197. Published by the author, Panitras, Howrah. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A. D. [10th August, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Re 1-4.</p> <p>1st edition noticed in entry No. 34 at page 4 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1918.]</p>	Hrishikes Ghosh, Rudra Printing Works, 15, Simla Street, Calcutta.	1,000
28	<p>Kuladananda Brahmachari.—কুলদানন্দ ব্রহ্মচারী। প্রথম খণ্ড। [Sri Sri Sadguru Sanga. Pratham Khanda. The Society of a Good Religious Preceptor. Part I. A Diary of Vijay Krishna Goswami from 1293-1296 B.S.] Pages 13, 196, 2. Published by Mahananda Nandi, 20, Darmahatá Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [28th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Re. 1-8.</p>	Purna Chandra Das, Kuntalin Press, 61, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	2,000
29	<p>Mohammad Mansur Ali.—মহম্মদ মাসুদ আলী। [Sati Rahimá. The Virtuous Rahima. Life of Rahima, the devoted wife of the prophet Ayub.] Pages 3, 13, 85. Published by M. Nasiruddin, 285-9, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [3rd June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, ...</p>	Krishnachaitanya Das, Beauty Press, 242-1, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	1,000
30	<p>মহাত্মা বাবা গম্ভীরনাথজী। [Mahatma Baba Gambhirnathji.] Life of Saintly Baba Gambhirnath of Jammu in Kashmir.] Compiled by Saradákanta Banerji, B.A. Pages 1, 34. Published by Debkumar Ray Chaudhuri, Puri. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [4th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 4 annas.</p>	Purna Chandra Das, Kuntalin Press, 61, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
31	<p>Mahendra Matloohohanna (orack brained).—মহেন্দ্র মটলুহোহানা। [Jagadguru Mahá-Mahá-Prabhu-Jagadbandhu. Life of Lord Jagadbandhu, the Guru of the World, a living Vaishnava saint of Faridpur.] Pages 2, 502. Published by Dr. Umacharan Dey Ray, Faridpur. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [20th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st editon. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Rs. 2.</p>	Hemchandra Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Meehuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,200

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number, of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—BIOGRAPHY—<i>contd.</i>		
32	Manilal Ganguli. —ভারতীয় বিদুষী। [Bharatiya Vidushi. Learned Women of India. Stories of some of the learned women of India.] Pages 3, 3, 64. Published by the author, 22, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1325 sál or 1918 19 A.D. [18th June, 1919] 16°. 5th edition Price, 10 annas. [4th edition noticed in entry No. 27 at page 6 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1915.]	Kalachand Dalal, Kantik Press, 22, Sukea Street, Calcutta.	1,000
33	Manmatha Nath Ghosh, (M.A. F.S.S., F.R.E.S.) —হেম চন্দ্র। প্রথম খণ্ড। [Hem Chandra (a name). Pratham Khanda. Life of the well known Bengali poet Hem Chandra Banerji. Part I. From 1838 to 1875.] Pages 8, 4, 350. Published by Haridas Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919 20 A.D. [5th July, 1919] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> Price, Rs. 2.	Sital Chandra Bhattacharyya, Manasi Press, 14A, Ramtani Basu Lane, Calcutta.	500
34	নারী রত্ন। [Nariratna Jewel of a woman. A brief life of Nagendrabala, a deceased Kayastha lady.] Pages 1, 115. Published by Sasanta Kumar Ghosh, 52, Ramkanta Basu Street, Calcutta. [17th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> Price, 6 annas.	Adhar Chandra Das, Sri Gauranga Press, 71-1, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta	1,000
35	Nava Krishna Ghosh. —প্যারীচরণ সরকার। [Pyari Charan Sarker. A brief life of the late Pyaricharan Sarker.] Pages 36. Published by Devendranath Bhattacharyya, 65, College Street, Calcutta. 1919. [4th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 3 annas.	Dwijendra Nath De, Svarna Press, 107, Meelhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	2,000
36	Pramathanath Basu, (M.A., B.L.) —স্বামী বিবেকানন্দ। প্রথম খণ্ড। [Svami Vivekananda. Pratham Khanda. Life of Svami Vivekananda. Part I.] Pages 17, 1, 178. Published by Prakas Chandra Basu, 19, Sankharipara Road, Bhawanipur, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [22nd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Rs. 1.	Kula Chandra De, Satraprachar Press, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	1,250
37	Part II. Page 2, 2, 179-394. [10th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Rs. 1.	Ditto	1,250
38	Rajani Kanta Gupta. —চরিত কথ। [Charit Katha. Biographical topics. Contains short lives of Ram Mohan Ray, Jagannath Tarkapanchanan, Ram Kamal Sen, David Hare and Miss Sara Martin with an introduction containing a brief life of the author.] Pages 10, 2, 112. Published by Mohini Kanta Gupta, 28-16, Akhil Mistri Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [28th June, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Rs. 1. [Previous edition noticed in entry No. 5086 at pages 18-19 of the catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1886.]	Ditto	1,000

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—BIOGRAPHY—concl'd.		
39	রাধকুমার চরিত। [Ramkumar Charit. Life of Ram Kumar. A biography of a Bengali poet of Sylhet (1831—1902.)] Pages 6, 134, 2. Published by Baidyanath De, Sarasvati Library, Silchar. [5th July, 1919.] 16 ^o 1st edition Price, 12 annas.	Rakhal Chandra Mitra, Visvakosha Press, 9 Visvakosha Lane, Calcutta.	500
40	Saradananda, Svami.—স্বামীসারদানন্দ (মোলাপ্রসঙ্গ) গুরুভাব-উত্তরার্ধ। [Sri Sri Ramkrishna Lalaprasanga. Gurubhav-Uttarardha. Topics about the life of Sri Sri Ramkrishna as Spiritual Guide. Part II. Gives an account of the spiritual life of Ramkrishna Paramhansa.] Pages 3, 22, 328. Published by Svami Vivekarananda, 1, Mukherji Lane, Calcutta. 1325 sal or 1918-19 A. D. [19th July, 1919] 16 ^o 2nd edition. Price, Re. 1-8. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 1091 at page 40 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December 1911.]	Sureshchandra Mazumdar, Sri Gauranga Press, 71-1, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	1,000
41	Sarat Chandra Chakravarti.—সত্য নাগ মহাশয়। [Sadha Nag Mahasay (a name). Biography of Durga Charan Nag, a saintly Hindu of Eastern Bengal, born 1846, died 1899.] Pages 1, 172. Published by Brahmachari Ganendranath, 1, Mukherji Lane, Calcutta 1325 sal or 1918-19 A. D. [16th July, 1919.] 16 ^o . 3rd edition Illustrated Price, 12 annas. [2nd edition noticed in entry No. 32 at page 7 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending 30th September 1915.]	Ditto	1,000
42	Sisir Kumar Ghosh.—সিঁথিবিষয় নিমাই চরিত। চতুর্থ খণ্ড। [Sri Amiya Nimai Charit. Chaturtha Khanda. Nectar of the Life of Nimai (Chaitanya). Part IV. Life of Sri Chaitanya.] Page 5, 1, 10, 278. Published by the printer, 19 20, Bag-bazar Street, Calcutta. 1326 sal or 1919-20 A. D. [25th August, 1919.] 16 ^o . 4th edition. Price, Re. 1. [Part III noticed in entry No. 625 at page 6 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1910 and 3rd edition noticed in entry No. 625 at page 6 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September 1910.]	Taritkanti Biswas, Patrika Press, 19-20, Bag-bazar Street, Calcutta.	2,000
	BENGALI—DRAMA.		
21	Amarendranath Datta.—কীর্ত্তন। [Srikrishna. An opera on the sports of Srikrishna at Brindavan.] Pages 1, 52. Published by Satyendra Kumar Sil, 111, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. 1326 sal or 1919-20 A. D. [18th September, 1919.] 16 ^o . 1st edition. Price, 6 annas.	Purnachandra Chakravarti, Vidyoday Press, 8-2, Kasi Ghosh Lane, Calcutta.	600

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition, and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—DRAMA.—<i>contd.</i>		
22	Amritalal Basu. —অমৃতলাল [Harischandra. (a name.) A mythological drama.] Pages 2, 168. Published by Haridas Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A. D. [10th August, 1919]. 16°. 4th edition. Price, 10 annas. [Previous editions not traceable.]	Bihari Lal Nath, Emerald Printing Works, 9, Nanda Kumar Chaudhuri 2nd Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
23	Anukulabala Devi. —অনুলাল [Vinápáni. (A name.) A drama based on a folk tale.] Pages 1, 2, 155. Published by Niradbaran Das, 70, Kalutola Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [25th July, 1919]. 12°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Dinnanath Dev. Dhanvantari Steam Machine Press, 70, Kalutola Street, Calcutta.	200
24	Apareschandra Mukherji. —অপারেশ চন্দ্র [Dumukho Sáp. The two mouthed Serpent. A social farce adapted from William Congreve's comedy "The Double Dealer."] Pages 1, 91. Published by Haridas Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [20th August, 1919]. 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Radhasyam Das, Victoria Press, 2, Gobaragan Street, Calcutta.	1,000
25	Baradaprāsanna Das Gupta. —বরদা প্রসন্ন কুমার [Míar Kumari. The Maid of Egypt. An historical drama based on an English work and depicting the manners and customs of ancient Egypt.] Pages 1, 1, 133. Published by Haridas Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [5th July, 1919]. 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Lakshminarayan Das, L. N. Press, 96, Raja Nabakissen Street, Calcutta.	1,000
26	Bholanath Ray. —ভল্লনাথ [Prithivi. The Earth. A mythological drama.] Pages 1, 3, 2, 280. Published by Kanailai Sil, 105, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [1st July, 1919]. 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8.	M. N. Ghosh, Ghosh Machine Press, 38, Shrinarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
27	Girishchandra Ghosh. —গিরিশ চন্দ্র [Tapoval. The power derived from Penance. A mythological drama.] Pages 1, 184. Published by Surendranath Ghosh, 13, Bosepara Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [15th August, 1919]. 16°. 3rd edition. Price, Re. 1. [Previous edition noticed in entry No. 17 at page 7 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1912.]	Manmathanath Das, Union Press, 67 9, Baram De Street, Calcutta.	1,000
28	Panchkadi Chatterji. —পঞ্চকাদী [Pardesi. Foreigner. A humorous drama based on a love story.] Pages 1, 1, 68. Published by the printer, 57-9, Baram De Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [22nd July, 1919]. 16°. 2nd edition. Price, 8 annas. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 7 at page 8 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919.]	Ditto	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—DRAMA.—conclud.		
29	Satyacharan Chakravarti. —সত্যচরণ চক্রবর্তী [Bhaktir Dore. The Band of Devotion. A religious play for children.] Pages 32. Published by Asutosh Dhar, 50-1 and 39-1, College Street, Calcutta. 1325 sál or 1918-19 A.D. [7th April, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas 6 pies. [2nd edition noticed in entry No. 49 at page 8 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1916.]	Rebatimohan Das, Asutosh Press, Dacca.	1,250
30	Satyanarayan Mukherji. —সত্যনাথ মুখার্জী [Raol Viplav. An affray in which the Raols were concerned. An historical drama relating to the reconquest of Mewar by the Raols from the hands of the usurper Raghunath.] Pages 1, 1, 109. Published by Satipati Bhattacharyya, 220, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1325 sál or 1918-19 A.D. [11th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1.	Hemchandra Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mechnuabazar Street, Calcutta.	500
	BENGALI—FICTION.		
57	Akshay Kumar Sarkar, (M.A.) —অক্ষয় কুমার সরকার [Adrishta Lipi. The Writing of Fate. A domestic story presenting ideal characters in a Hindu family.] Pages 1, 249. Published by Jyotishchandra Mukherji, 1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [25th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2.	Sitalchandra Bhattacharyya, Manasi Press, 14A, Ramtanu Basu Lane, Calcutta.	500
58	Anilchandra Mukherji, (M.A., B.L.) —অনিলচন্দ্র মুখার্জী [Niyati Gati. Course of Destiny. A domestic story.] Pages 1, 238. Published by Satipati Bhattacharyya, 220, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [11th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2.	Mihirchandra Ghosh, New Sarasvati Press, 25 A, Mechnuabazar Street, Calcutta.	600
59	Asutosh Bhattacharyya. —সুভদ্রাচরণ [Sitánath. (A name.) A novel depicting an ideal selfless character devoted to benevolent work.] Pages 1, 304. Published by the printer, Manasi Press, 14A, Ramtanu Basu Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [23rd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1-12.	Sitalchandra Bhattacharyya, Manasi Press, 14A, Ramtanu Basu Lane, Calcutta.	500
60	Asutosh Das Gupta Mahalanabis. —সুভদ্রাচরণ দাস গুপ্তা মহালানবিস [Sarala. (A name.) A social story alleged to be based on some real incidents.] Pages 3, 226. Published by the author, 214, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [20th August, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2.	Santakumar Chatterji, Bani Press, 12-1, Chorebagan Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
61	Azhar Ali, (Khondkar). —আজহার আলী [Hámida. (A name.) A domestic story.] Pages 1, 254. Published by Mohamad Mobarak Ali, 5A, College Square, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [5th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1-8.	Hem Chandra Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mechnuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919.—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, numbers of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—FICTION—contd.		
62	Chandiocharan Jas. —পূর্ণাঙ্গিনী। [Purnāṅginī. Reconciliation. A social story.] Pages 150. Published by Adhar Chandra Chakravarti, 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [26th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-4.	Chandi Charan Gupta, Kaumudi Press, 15A, Bhubanmohan Sarker Lane, Calcutta.	1,250
63	Charu Chandra Banerji. —চৌরকাঁটা। [Chorkāṭā. A species of grass having spiked ears which enter in one's clothes and stick there. A story of the redemption of a thief by means of affection.] Pages 168. Published by Sudhir Chandra Sarkar. B.A., 90-2A, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [1st August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8.	Binodbihari De, Modern Printing House, 26, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	1,000
64	দার্দানেলিসের কয়েদী। [Dardāneliser Kayedī. The Prisoner of Dardanelles. A detective story.] Edited by Dinendra Kumar Ray. Pages 2, 141. Published by the printer, 14A, Ramtannu Bose Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [15th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-4.	Sital Chandra Bhattacharyya, Mauasi Press, 14A, Ramtannu Bose Lane, Calcutta.	1,250
65	Dinendra Kumar Ray. —রঙ্গবিলাসিনী। [Rangabilāsinī. The Actress. A fictitious story describing how the crown prince of a country formed a plot and brought about the subversion of the monarchy and the establishment of a republic in his country.] Pages 300. Published by Sati Chandra Mukherji, 166, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. [28th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Purna Chandra Mukherji, Basumatī Electric Machine Press, 166, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
66	Gurudas Sarkar, (M.A.) —পারিনাম। [Parinām. The End. A story giving a picture of the official career and social and domestic life of a Bengali Christian.] Pages 159. Published by Haridas Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [26th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Biharilal Nath, Emerald Printing Works, 9, Nandakumar Chaudhuri 2nd Lane, Calcutta.	2,000
67	Haraprasad Banerji —অনাদ্রিত। [Anādrītā. Neglected. A domestic story.] Pages 155. Published by Barendra Nath Ghosh, 204, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [26th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-4.	Kul Chandra De, Sastraprachar Press, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	500
68	বিসর্জন। [Visarjjan. Sacrifice. A domestic story.] Pages 189. Published by Barendra Nath Ghosh, 204, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [25th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8.	Santa Kumar Chatterji, Basi Press, 12-1, Chorbagan Lane, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—FICTION—contd.		
69	Harisadhan Mukherji —নীলা বেগম। [Nila Begum. (A name.) A novel describing some love affairs of the court of Emperor Shah Jehan.] Pages 192. Published by Haridas Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [16th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8.	Santa Kumar Chatterji, Bani Press, 12-1, Chorbagan Lane, Calcutta.	500
70	Hemohandra Chatterji —বৌদিদি ও সপাতনী। [Baudidi O Sapatni. Elder brother's wife and Co-wife. Two short stories.] Pages 1, 78. Published by Basanta Kumar Chatterji, B.A., 24, Brindaban Mallik Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [22nd July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas.	K. M. Helal, Crescent Printing Works, 58, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta	625
71	Hemendra Kumar Ray —বনের আল্পনা। [Jaler Alpana. Painting with Water. A love story picturing the devotion and self denial of a Hindu girl.] Pages 1, 181. Published by Haridas Chatterjee, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [16th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8.	Beharilal Nath, Emerald Printing Works, 9, Nanda Kumar Chandhuri 2nd Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
72	Hemendra Prasad Ghosh —দক্ষ হৃদয়। [Dakṣa Hṛdaya. Afflicted Heart. A domestic story.] Pages 255. Published by Haridas Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [6th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-4.	Radha Syam Das, Victoria Press, 2, Goabagan Street, Calcutta.	1,000
73	Jadunath Bhattacharyya —স্ত্রী। [Stri. Wife. A domestic story.] Pages 1, 209. Published by the author, Magura, Jessore. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [28th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8.	Hemchandra Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
74	Jatindranath Pal —যুগের আলোক। [Yuger Alo. Light of the Age. A domestic novel.] Pages 2, 194. Published by Sisir Kumar Mitra, B.A., Sisir Publishing House, College Street Market, Calcutta. [2nd September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2.	Lakshminarayan Das, L. N. Press, 96, Raja Nabakissen Street, Calcutta.	1,000
75	Jogendranath Gupta —পল্লীরানী। [Pallirāni. Queen of the Village. A domestic story.] Pages 137. Published by Haridas Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [30th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Biharilal Nath, Emerald Printing Works, 9, Nanda Kumar Chandhuri 2nd Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
76	Kshetramohan Ghosh —বিষ-দৃষ্টি। [Visha-drishti. Malignant Look. A domestic story.] Pages 318. Published by Narendran Kumar Sil, 178, Nimu Goswami Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [25th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-12.	S. K. Sil, Sil Press, 338, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—FICTION—contd.		
77	Kahirodprasad Vidyavinod, (M.A.)—কাহিরোদপ্রসাদ [Nārāyaṇi. (A name.) A novel based on a story about the quarrel of the Raja of Amantapur in Chota Nagpur with the British Government.] Pages 313. Published by Radhacharan Chatterji, 2, Old Court House Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [15th June, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. Price, Rs. 2. [Previous edition not traceable.]	Saratchandra Chakravarti, Kalika Press, 21, Nanda Kumar Chaudhuri Road Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
78	Manilal Ganguli.—বালিল গঙ্গুলি [Jāpāni Pīānos Japanese Toy Balloon. A collection of stories adapted from Japanese folk tales.] Pages 1, 1, 1, 85. Published by the author, 22, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [2nd September, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas. [4th edition noticed in entry No. 14 at page 13 of the catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1915.]	Kalachand Dālāl, Kantik Press, 22, Sukea Street, Calcutta.	1,000
79	মস্তক দান। [Mastak^{dan} Dan. Sacrifice of the Head. A detective story.] Edited by Mallidar. Pages 131. Published by J. Mallik, London Library, Lindsay Mansions, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [30th July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Cloth, Re. 1-4, Paper Re. 1.	Saradaprasad Mandal, Sri Ram Press, 162, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	500
80	Mohammad Lutfar Rahman.—মুহম্মদ লুফার রহমান। Patha-hārā. One who has lost his way. A social novel condensing the vices prevalent in the present Hindu and Mahomedan societies of Bengali] Pages 209. Published by Mohammad Solomon Khan, 29, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [29th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-4.	Hemchandra Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
81	Mohammad Yassin.—মহম্মদ য়াসিন। [Svargodyān Garden of Heaven. A domestic story abounding in illicit love incidents.] Pages 1, 349. Published by Mohammad Moharak Ali, 5-A, College Square, Calcutta. [9th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2.	Ditto ...	1,000
82	Mojammai Huque.—মোজাম্মাই হুকে। [Hatemtai. (A name.) The story of prince Hatem.] Pages 1, 2, 140. Published by A. Ahnād, B.A., 3, College Square, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [14th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Re. 1.	Subodh Chandra Sarkar, Surya Press, 33, Gauribere Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
83	Nagendranath Bhattacharyya.—নগেন্দ্রনাথ। [Satinath. (A name.) A domestic story.] Pages 65. Published by Satipati Bhattacharyya, 220, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [8th August, 1919.] 16°. New edition. Price, 12 annas.	Mihirchandra Ghosh, New Sarasvati Press, 25A, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	3,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—FICTION—contd.		
84	Nagendranath Thakur. —বড়-ছোট। [Bada-Chhota. The great though humble man. A social story.] Pages 211. Published by Visvesvar Bhattacharyya, 45, Nandaram Sen Street, Calcutta. [2nd July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2.	Kulachandra De, Sastraprachar Press, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	600
85	একাল সেকাল। [Ekál Sekál. The Present and the Past. A social novel giving preference to Hindu ideals of marriage and conjugal relations.] Pages 283. Published by Visvesvar Tagore, 45, Nandaram Sen Street, Calcutta. [15th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2-8.	Purnachandra Chakravarti, Vidyoday Press, 8-2, Kasi Ghosh Lane, Calcutta.	626
86	Narayanohandra Bhattacharyya. —বিলাত ফেরত। [Bilát-Pherat. England-returned. A social novel] Pages 1, 206. Published by J. N. Bose, 29, Durga Charan Mitra Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [12th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1-8.	Kulachandra De, Sastraprachar Press, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
87	ঘর জামাই। [Ghar Jamai. A son-in-law living permanently with his father-in-law's family. A social novel.] Pages 110. Published by Satischandra Mitra, 12, Narikelbagan Lane, Calcutta. [20th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1.	Balaichandra Das, Lakshmibilas Press, 12, Narikelbagan Lane, Calcutta.	1,200
88	Navakrishna Ghosh. —স্নেহের দান। [Sneher Dán. Affection's Gift. A social story.] Pages 265. Published by Barendranath Ghosh, 204, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [13th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2.	Purnachandra Chakravarti, Vidyoday Press, 8-2, Kasi Ghosh Lane, Calcutta.	1,050
89	নিরুপমা পুরস্কার। তৃতীয় বর্ষ। [Nirupama-Purnaskar. Tṛtiya Varsha. Nirupama-Prizes. 3rd year. A collection of stories advertising the hair oil 'Nirupamá,' the writers of which have been awarded prizes.] Pages 1, 4, 131. Published by Jitendranath Banerji, 43, Strand Road, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [22nd September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. For free distribution. [2nd year noticed in entry No. 162 at page 10 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1918.]	Hemchandra Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
90	Nityakrishna Basu. —ভবানী। [Bhaváni. (A name.) A collection of short stories.] Pages 127. Published by Haridas Chatterjee, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [12th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Biharilal Nath, Emerald Printing Works, 9, Nandakumar Chandhuri 2nd Lane, Calcutta.	2,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—FICTION—contd.		
91	Rabindra Nath Basu. —বসু (রবীন্দ্র)। [Matridevi. The mother looked upon as a goddess. A collection of short stories.] Pages 1, 163. Published by S. K. Bagchi, 61, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [18th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8.	Kula Chandra De, Sautraprachar Press, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	650
92	Romanized Edition of Bankim Chandra's Radharani (The). [Intended for European Ladies] Edited by Niharan Chandra Chatterji. Pages 1, 46. Published by the editor, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. 1919. [8th September, 1919.] 16°. New edition. Price, Re. 2-8.	B. K. Das, Wellington Printing Works, 10, Haladhar Bardhan Lane, Calcutta.	500
93	Santa Devi and Sita Devi. —সত্যদেবী (উদ্যানলতা)। Garden Creeper. A social novel.] Pages 355. Published by Ramananda Chatterji, 210-3-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [9th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 2.	Abinas Chandra Mandal, Siddhesvar Press, 11, Jadunath Sen Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
94	Sarojranjan Banerji, (M.A.). —সরোজরঞ্জন বসু। [Sonár Padma. Golden Lotus. A collection of short stories upholding old Hindu religious, social and domestic customs.] Pages 1, 160. Published by Haridas Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [3rd August, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, 8 annas. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 64 at page 13 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1917.]	Radhasyam Das, Victoria Press, 2, Goabagan Street, Calcutta.	1,000
95	Sasadhar Datta. —সসদহর দত্ত। [Aruná. (A name). A social story.] Pages 2, 197. Published by Abinas Chandra Nandi, 15A, British India Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [8th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8.	Saradamasad Mandal, Sri Ram Press, 162, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	500
96	Satya Charan Chakravarti. —সত্যচরণ চক্রবর্তী। [Dogohart. (A name.) A story of the heroism and faithfulness of a friend and servant.] Pages 130. Published by Devendra Nath Bhattacharyya, 65, College Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [9th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Illustrated. Price, 12 annas.	Dvijendra Nath De, Svarna Press, 107, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
97	Saudamini Gupta. —সৌদামিনী গুপ্তা। [Nárir Bhágyachitra. Dvitiya Khanda. Pictures of Woman's Fortunes. Part II. Two social stories.] Pages 2, 94. Published by Dr. Nripendra Chandra Ray, Nawabpur, Dacca. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [20th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 10 annas.	Ambikacharan Sarkar, Jalnabi Press, 238, Nawabpur, Dacca.	500
	[Part I not traceable.]		

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Seria/ No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—FICTION—contd.		
98	<p>শোণিত তৃষা । [Sonita Trisha. Thirst for Blood. A detective story giving an insight into the nature of the doings of the Italian Bolsheviks.] Edited by Dinendra Kumar Ray. Pages 4, 144. Published by the printer, 14A, Ramtannu Bose Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20A.D. [28th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1-4.</p>	Sitalachandra Bhattacharyya, Manasi Press, 14A, Ramtannu Bose Lane, Calcutta.	1,250
99	<p>স্রীকৃষ্ণা বানার্জী.—অশান্তি । [Asanti. Disquiet. A domestic story] Pages 5, 125. Published by Manohar Chandra Basu, 6B, Bhim Ghosh Lane, Calcutta. [27th April, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 8 annas.</p>	Nrisinha Prasad Basu, Kohinoor Printing Works, 6 (3A), Brindaban Bose Lane, Calcutta.	400
100	<p>স্রীপতিমোহন গোস্বামী.—অভিসার । [Abtisār. A love tryst. A love story.] Pages 109. Published by S. K. Bagchi, 61, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20A.D. [26th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1-4.</p>	Kulachandra De, Sastraprachar Press, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	650
101	<p>সুধীর কুমার চৌধুরী, (B.A.)—ব্রাহ্মের প্রেম । [Rāhur Prem. Demon's Love. A collection of short stories.] Pages 1, 182. Published by Ramanath Das, 1-1, Harinchan Ray Lane, Calcutta. [25th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1.</p>	Hemchandra Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mechuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
102	<p>সুরেন্দ্র মোহন ভট্টাচার্য্য.—নারী-হালি । [Nāri-hālī. Woman's Office. A social novel exposing the evil customs of Hindu society in Bengal.] Pages 155. Published by Satishchandra Sil, 105, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. 1325 sál or 1918-19A.D. [4th July, 1919.] 12°. 3rd edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1.</p> <p>[2nd edition noticed in entry No. 68 at page 14 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1917.]</p>	Haridas Chongdar, United Press, 33, Ninnu Goswami Lane, Calcutta.	10
103	<p>পাষাণী । [Pāshānī. The Stone-hearted Woman. A love story.] Pages 146. Published by S. C. Pal and G. B. Datta, 114, Ahiritola Street, Calcutta. [18th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1.</p>	Purna Chandra Chakravarti, Vidyoday Press, 8-2, Kasi Ghosh Lane, Calcutta.	1,012
104	<p>বৈরাগীর হাট । [Vairāgīr Hāt. (Name of a place.) An historical novel depicting the downfall of Nawab Sirajuddowla and of Mahammadan rule in Bengal] Pages 203. Published by Pranesh Chandra Ghosh, 125A, Maniktala Street, Calcutta. [5th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1-8.</p>	Krishna Chaitanya Das, Beauty Press, 242-1, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	1,250
105	<p>বনদেবী । [Vanadevi. (A name). A love story.] Pages 156. Published by Nutbihari Majumdar, 106, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [14th August, 1919.] 16°. New edition. <i>Illustrated</i>.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1-4.</p>	Purna Chandra Chakravarti, Vidyoday Press, 8-2, Kasi Ghosh Lane, Calcutta.	1,012

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—FICTION—contd.		
106	Sures Chandra Sinha (Kumar Bahadur).— [Manjula. Lovely. A collection of seven short stories.] Pages 1, 4, 188. Published by Asutosh Dhar, 50-1 and 59-1, College Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [15th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Rebati Mohan Das, Asutosh Press, Dacca.	1,250
107	Suruchibala Ray.—সুখ স্মৃতি। [Mamma Smriti. Cherished Remembrances. A collection of short stories.] Pages 1, 180. Published by Amulya Krishna Ghosh, B.L., 15, Narikelbagan Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [18th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Balai Chandra Das, Lakshminilal Press, 12, Narikelbagan Lane, Calcutta.	500
108	Syud Abu Mohammad Ismail Hosain Siraji.— সুইউদ্দিন। [Nuruddin. (A name.) A love story.] Pages 119. Published by Mohammad Solomon Khan, 29, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [19th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Hem Chandra Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mecklenburgh Street, Calcutta.	1,000
109	টলষ্টয়ের গল্প। [Tolstayer Galpa. Stories from Tolstoi. A Bengali version of some of the short stories of Count Tolstoi.] Translated by Durgamohan Mukherjee, n.a. Pages 2, 106. Published by Jyotishchandra Mukherjee, 1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [23rd June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (T.) Price, Re. 1.	Kalachand Dhal, Kantik Press, 22, Soken Street, Calcutta.	550
110	Trilokyanath Mukherji.—ফোকলা দিগম্বর। [Phokla Digambar. Toothless Digambar (a name.) A love story.] Pages 1, 180. Published by the printer, 38-2, Bhawanicharan Datta Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [22nd September, 1919.] 12°. 2nd edition. Price, Re. 1. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 1265 at pages 6-7 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1901.] Educational—	Natabar Chakravarti, Bangabasi Electro-Machine Press, 3-2, Bhawanicharan Datta Street, Calcutta.	2,000
111	Bhaktilata Ghosh.—হেলেদেব বঙ্কিম। দেবী চৌধুরানী। [Chheleder Bankim. Devi Chaudhurani. Children's Bankim. Devi Chaudhurani. The story of Bankim Chandra Chatterji's "Devi Chaudhurani" briefly told in simple Bengali prose for children.] Pages 48. Published by Amulyakrishna Ghosh, 15, Narikelbagan Lane, Calcutta. [30th July 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Kartikachandra Basu, "C. Ray & Sons" Press, 100, Garpur Road, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and place.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—FICTION—contd.		
	Educational—contd.		
112	Bhaktilata Ghosh. —ছেলেদের বন্ধি। দুর্গেশ বন্দিনী। [Chheleder Bankim. Durgeshandini. Children's Bankim. Chieftain's Daughter. The story of Bankimchandra Chatterji's "Durgeshandini" briefly told in simple Bengali prose for children.] Pages 48. Published by Amulya-krishna (Ghosh), 15, Narikelbagan Lane, Calcutta. [25th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i>	Kartikchandra Basu, U. Ray & Sons' Press, 100, Garpar Road, Calcutta.	500
	Price, 4 annas.		
113	Chowdhury, L. P., (Rev.) —ফুলের সাজি। [Phuler Saji. The Basket of Flowers. An adaptation of Christoph von Schmid's "The Basket of Flowers." A story intended for children, depicting the triumph of virtue and the defeat of sin.] Pages 2, 191. Published by the Christian Tract and Book Society, 23, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta. 1919. [25th July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition.	J. N. Datta, New Indian Press, 3, Duff Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	Price, 6 annas.		
114	Kuladaranjan Ray. —ছেলেদের বন্ধি সিংহাসন। [Chheleder Vatri Sinhasan. Children's Thirty-two Thrones. The story of Vatri Sinhasan in simple Bengali prose for children.] Pages 1, 131. Published by U. Ray & Sons, 100, Garpar Road, Calcutta. 1325 sál or 1918-19 A.D. [7th May, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i>	Kartikchandra Basu, for U. Ray & Sons, Printers, 100, Garpar Road, Calcutta.	1,000
	Price, 8 annas.		
115	ল্যাম্বস্, টেন্স কুমার গোস্বামীর এর বঙ্গানুবাদ। [Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare or Vanganuvad. Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare translated into Bengali. First Series.] Translated by Bholanath Saha, M.A. Pages 2, 1, 143. Published by Upendra Nath Das, 3-1, College Street, Calcutta. [28th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (T.)	H. C. Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, Calcutta.	1,000
	Price, 10 annas.		
116	Pasupati Chatterji and Bimalaranjan Chatterji. —ছেলেদের মেঘপীর। টেম্পেট। [Chheleder Shakespeare. Tempest. Children's Shakespeare. Tempest. The story of Shakespeare's "Tempest" in simple Bengali prose for children.] Pages 29. Published by Pasupati Chatterji and Jugalkisor Kundu, 15-1, Ratan Sarkar Garden Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A. D. [10th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.	Sasibhushan Mukherji, Sulabh Press, 84, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	1,000
	Price, 3 annas.		
117	Ramanath Das. —ঠাকুরমার গল্প। প্রথম খণ্ড। [Thakur-mar Galpa. Pratham Khand. Grand-mother's Tales. Part I. Folk tales for children.] Pages 1, 92. Published by Satischandra Sil, 105, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A. D. [22nd July, 1919.] 12°. 7th edition.	Haridas Chongdar, United Press, 33, Nimu Goswami Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
	Price, 10 annas.		

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1 Serial No.	2 Author and title, brief subject including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, also, edition and price.	3 Printer and place of Printing.	4 Number of copies.
BENGALI—FICTION—conclud.			
<i>Educational—conclud.</i>			
118	Rebatimohan Sen. —বসন্ত কবিতা। [Nala-Damayanti (two names). A mythological story intended for children.] Pages 2, 136. Published by Devendranath Bhattacharyya, 65, College Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A. D. [25th August, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Re. 1-8.	Dvijendranath De, Svarna Press, 107, Mechuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
119	Santa Devi. —সন্তা দেবী। [Hukkānuyā. The jackal's howl. Animal stories.] Pages 1, 67. Published by Ramananda Chatterji, 210-3-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [26th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Kartikchandra Bose for U. Ray & Sons, Printers, 100, Garpar Road, Calcutta.	1,000
120	Sita Devi. —সীতা দেবী। [Ajāb Des. The Wonderful Country. A fable for children based on an American story.] Pages 110. Published by Ramananda Chatterji, 210-3-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [26th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 12 annas.	Ditto ...	1,000
121	Sivaratn Mitra. —সীতারতন মিত্র। [Sānjer Kathā. Stories told during the evening hours. Nursery tales.] Pages 75. Published by Asutosh Dhar, 39-1 and 50-1, College Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [8th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	R. M. Das, Asutosh Press, Dacca.	1,000
122	Sukhalata Rao. —সুখলতা রাও। [Aro Galpā. More Stories. Stories based on foreign folk tales for children.] Pages 1, 116. Published by U. Ray & Sons, 100, Garpar Road, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [30th July, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	U. Ray & Sons, 100, Garpar Road, Calcutta.	1,000
123	Upendranath Bhattacharyya. —উপেন্দ্রনাথ বসু। [A Shipload of Laughter. A collection of tales for children.] Pages 2, 36. Published by Devendranath Bhattacharyya, 65, College Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [9th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas.	Dvijendra Nath De, Svarna Press, 107, Mechuabazar Street, Calcutta.	2,000
BENGALI—HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY.)			
56	Kumudini Basu, (B.A.) —কুমুদিনী বসু। [Sikher Balidān. Self sacrifice of the Sikhs. A collection of short stories of the Sikh Gurus who sacrificed their lives for their religion during the Mogul period of Indian history.] Pages 2, 37. Published by Sachindra Prasad Basu, 6, College Square, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [8th August, 1919.] 12°. 5th edition. Price, 4 annas. [4th edition noticed in entry No. 502 at page 14 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1907.]	Kartik Chandra Basu, Standard Drug Press, 45, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obvious, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, data given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication—size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
BENGALI—HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY)—contd.			
<i>Educational—</i>			
57	<p>Hariram Dhar, (B.A.).—বাংলা প্রেসিডেন্সির মৌখিক ভূগোল। [Bāngalā Presidensir Maukhik Bhugol Orāl Geography of the Bengal Presidency.] Pages 1, 59. Published by the author, Popular Library, Pātmatuli, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [10th April, 1919.] 16°. 15th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p>Price, 4 annas.</p>	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca	3,000
58	<p>Jnanada Kisor Chaudhuri and Jogesha Chatterji, (B.A.).—নবল আদর্শ ভারত ইতিহাস। [Saral Adarsa Bhārat-Itihās. Simple Model History of India.] Pages 1, 2, 136. Published by Nepal Chandra Nath, 107, Purba Dorja Road, Dacca. 1919. [13th June, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p>Price, 9 annas.</p>	Gopal Chandra De, Hena Press, Dacca.	1,250
59	<p>Jnanranjan Mitra.—আদর্শ ভূগোল। [Adarsa Bhu-Parichay. Model Geography.] Pages 3, 6, 90. Published by Nagendra Kumar Ray, City Library, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A. D. [10th April, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p>Price, 7 annas 6 ples.</p>	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	2,250
60	<p>Kalprasanna Datta, (B.A.).—বালকদিগের ভারত ইতিহাস। [Bālakdiger Bhārat-Itihās. History of India for children.] Pages 2, 142. Published by Dhirendra Kumar Ray, 27, Faridabad, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A. D. [12th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 9 annas.</p>	Ditto. ...	1,250
61	<p>Manmatha Mohan Basu, (M. A.).—বালকপাঠ্য ভারতবর্ষ ইতিহাস, দ্বিতীয় ভাগ। [Balak Pāthya, Bhāratvarsher Itihās. Dvitiya Bhag. History of India for children Part II.] Pages 4, 220. Published by the printer for B Banerji & Co., 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A. D. [29th June 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p>Price, 12 annas.</p>	K. C. Datta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	3,000
62	<p>Niranjan Sen, (B. A.).—ভারতের ইতিহাস। [Bhārater Itihās. History of India.] Pages 1, 1, 2, 164. Published by Khagendra Chandra Sen, Student's Store, Panditsār, Faridpur. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A. D. [9th April 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p>Price, 11 annas.</p>	Rebati Mohan Das, Amto-sh Press, Dacca.	1,000

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY)—conclud.		
	<i>Educational—conclud.</i>		
63	Nrisinha Chandra Mukherji, (M. A.).—ভারতবর্ষের ইতিহাস। প্রথম ভাগ। [Bharatvarsher Itihās. Pratham Bhāg. History of India. Part I.] Pages 2, 210. Published by the printer for B. Banerji & Co., 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1324 sāl or 1917-18 A. D. [30th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 10 annas.	K. C. Datta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	2,000
64	Rajendra Kumar Ghosh.—মৌখিক ভূগোল পাঠ্য। [Maukhik Bhugol Pāth. Oral Geographical Reader.] Pages 1, 58. Published by Pramatha Nath Ghosh, Victoria Library, Dacca. 1918. [1st June 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	Gopalchandra De, Hena Press, Dacca.	2,000
65	Surendra Nath Guha, (B.A.) and Manoranjan Datta.—বাকরগঞ্জের ভূগোল। [Bākarganjer Bhugol. Geography of the Bakarganj district.] Pages 24. Published by Joanada Kisor Chaudhuri, 50-1, Mahājanpur, Dacca. [5th June, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, 1 anna 6 pies.	Ditto ...	1,250
	BENGALI—LANGUAGE.		
381	Kaliprasanna Vidyasagar, (Rai Bahadur, C.I.E.).—নিবৃত্ত চিন্তা। [Nibhrita-Chintā. Thoughts in Solitude. A collection of essays.] Pages 2, 1, 168. Published by Gopinohan Datta, Students' Library, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [10th April, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. Price, Rs. 1-4. [4th edition noticed in entry No. 894 at page 42 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1914.]	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250
382	Abdul Jabbar Shaikh).—ইসলামী-বাল্যশিক্ষা। [Islami Bālyasika. An alphabetical primer for Muhammadan children.] Pages 2, 36. Published by the author, Gaphargāon, Mymensingh. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [5th June, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	Saikh Ansar Ali, East Bengal Printing and Publishing House, Dacca.	2,250
383	Abdul Majid (Dewan) and Bimalnath Chakladar, (B.A.).—সুসিক্ষা। [Susikshā. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 4, 98. Published by Kailaschandra Acharyya, Model Library, Mymensingh. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [16th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 7 annas.	Radhaballabh Basak, Nārāyan Machine Press, Dacca.	50

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—LANGUAGE—contd.		
	<i>Educational—contd.</i>		
384	Abdur Rauf, A. K. M. —মকতব বাণী। [Maktab Bāya Path. An alphabetical primer for Muhammadan children.] Pages 32. Published by the author, New Library, Mymensingh. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [15th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 1 anna 6 pies.	Ramchandra Awanta, Lily Press, Mymensingh	1,000
385	Abinav Chandra Basu. —মানব চরিত্র। [Mānav Charitra. A Bengali reader.] Edited by Satis Kumar Banerji, M.A. Pages 8, 135. Published by S. K. Banerji, M.A., 55, Harrison Road, Calcutta. [8th July, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. Price, 8 annas.	B. C. Das, Lakshmi-bilās Press, 12, Narikel Bāgan Lane, Calcutta.	2,200
386	Akshay Kumar Datta-Gupta, (Kaviratna, M.A.) —নবসন্দর্ভ। [Nava-Sandarbhā. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 1, 76. Published by Asutosh Dhar, 50-1, College Street, Calcutta. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [10th April, 1919.] 16°. 10th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas.	Revati Mohan Das, Asutosh Press, Dacca.	1,000
387	—নূতন প্রসঙ্গ। [Nutan Prasanga. A Bengali reader.] Pages 2, 200. Published by Satis Chandra Ray, 165, Milford Road, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [6th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas.	Ditto	2,250
388	All Akbar Khan, (B.A.) —আদর্শ বালিকা রীতি। [Adarśa Bālikā Rīdār. A Bengali reader for Muhammadan girls.] Pages 1, 1, 64. Published by Maulvi Altaf Ali Khan, Daulatpur, Tippera. 1919. [14th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 5 annas.	Hari Charan Rakshit, Bharat Mihir Press, 25, Ray Bagan Street, Calcutta.	250
389	Altaf Ali. —চরুকথা। [Charukathā. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 101. Published by Ray and Ahmad Brothers, Rajganj, Comilla. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [24th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Gopal Chandra De, Hena Press, Lakshmi-bazar, Dacca.	1,250
390	Amena Khatun. —রত্ন-কান। [Ratna Kanā. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 1, 2, 58. Published by Pravbat Chandra Basu, Ray Gupta & Co., Patuatuli, Dacca. 1919. [11th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 5 annas.	Radhaballabh Basak, Narayan Machine Press, Nawabpur, Dacca.	100

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

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Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—LANGUAGE—contd.		
	<i>Educational—contd.</i>		
391	Amirunnessa. —সচিত্র শিখপাঠ। প্রথমভাগ। [Sachitra Shikha-path Pratham Bhāg. An alphabetical primer. Part I.] Pages 48. Published by Maulvi Abdul Samād, 154, Walter Road, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [16th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas 3 pias.	Gopal Chandra De, Hena Press, Lakshmi-bazar, Dacca.	34
392	Asutosh Nag. —নীতি মঞ্জরী বোধিনী। [Niti-Manjari Bodhini. A key.] Pages 23. Published by the printer, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [13th April, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Subodh Chandra Pal, Basudev Printing Works, Dacca.	1,000
393	Barada Kanta Majumdar. —শিশুরচন-ব্যাকরণ। প্রথম ভাগ। [Sisuranjan-Vyākaran. Pratham Bhāg. An elementary Bengali Grammar. Part I.] Pages 2, 60. Published by Hariram Dhar, B.A. Popular Library, Dacca. 1919. [17th April, 1919.] 16°. 11th edition. Price, 4 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam-Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250
394	Bhanu Chandra Das. —চরু সাহিত্য বোধিনী। Chāru Sāhitya Bodhini. A key.] Pages 72. Published by the author, 62, Juginagar, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [7th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Ananta Kumar Basu, Bijaya Press, Pātua-tuli, Dacca	1,000
395	— জন মঞ্জরী বোধিনী। [Jnān Manjari Bodhini. A key.] Pages 72. Published by the author, 62, Juginagar, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [19th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Ditto	1,000
396	— জন মুকুল বোধিনী। [Jnān Mukul Bodhini. A key.] Pages 43. Published by the author, 62, Juginagar, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [12th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Ditto	1,000
397	— সরল কথা বোধিনী। [Saraḷ-Kathā Bodhini. A key.] Pages 60. Published by the author, 62, Juginagar Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [11th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Shaikh Toajuddin Miān, Madhusudan Press, 62, Juginagar, Dacca.	1,000
398	Bishabati Sen. —অঞ্জন। [Anjan. A Bengali reader.] Pages 1, 2, 98. Published by Chittaranjan Das, B.A., 2, Mirātār Lane, Dacca. 1919. [22nd April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 7 annas.	Shaikh Anwar Ali, East Bengal Printing and Publishing House, Dacca.	1,250

**BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.**

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is common, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, also, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—LANGUAGE—contd.		
	<i>Educational—contd.</i>		
399	Charu Chandra Guha. —নীতি-সোপান। [Niti-Sopān. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 1, 2, 176. Published by the printer, Wari Printing Works, Dacca. [16th May, 1919.] 16°. New edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 6 annas.	J. M. Das, Wari Printing Works, Dacca	50
400	Devendra Nath Ghosh, (M.A.). —সদভাব। [Sadbhāv. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 64. Published by Syām Chandra Datta, Santosh Library, Dacca. 1919. [16th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 4 annas.	Rādhāballabh Basak, Nārāyan Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250
401	দ্বিতীয় ভাগ প্রাথমিক শিক্ষার হুচাক ব্যাখ্যা। [Dvitiya Bhag Prathamik Sikshar Suoharu Vyakhya. A key.] Pages 48. Published by S. C. Basu, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta. [15th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 5 annas.	Tarini Charan Biswas, New Bengal Press, 66-67, College Street Calcutta.	4,000
402	Emdad Ali (Syud). —সাহিত্য-কান। [Sāhitya-Kanā. A Bengali reader.] Pages 1, 48. Published by Prānballabh Basak, B.T., 223, Nababpur, Dacca. 1326 sal or 1919 20 A.D. [29th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 4 annas.	Shaikh Ansar Ali, East Bengal Printing and Publishing House, Dacca.	25
403	সাহিত্য কুসুম। [Sāhitya Kusum. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 4, 161. Published by Nalini Kumar Datta, 8, Armanitolā, Dacca. 1919. [22nd April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 7 annas.	Ditto	1,250
404	Ganeshchandra Chatterji. —চারু-হার। [Chāru-Hār. A Bengali primary reader.] Pages 1, 43. Published by Sarat Chandra Datta & Sons, Cotton Library, Bangala Bazar, Dacca. 1919. [28th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 3 annas.	Rādhāballabh Basak, Nārāyan Machine Press, Nababpur, Dacca.	2,250
405	Girishchandra Chakravarti, (B.A.). —সাহিত্য-সংগ্রহ। [Sāhitya-Sangraha. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 214. Published by Prabhat Chandra Basu, Ray Gupta & Co., Dacca. 1325 sal or 1918-19 A.D. [4th April, 1919.] 16°. 7th edition. Price, 10 annas.	Jatindra Mohan Das, Wari Printing Works, Dacca.	1,250
406	Haranath Ghosh. —অমিয়া কথা। [Amiya Kathā. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 60. Published by Pramathā Nath Ghosh, Victoria Library, Dacca. 1326 sal or 1919-20 A.D. [14th July, 1919.] 16°. 8th edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 3 annas 6 pies.	Gopalchandra De, Hena Press, Lakshminibazar, Dacca.	6,250

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

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	BENGALI—LANGUAGE—contd.		
	Educational—contd.		
407	Harendra Chandra Sarkar. —বালিকা বিনোদিনী বোধিনী। [Bālikā Vinodini Bodhini. A key.] Pages 56. Published by the author, Annadā Bhāndār, Patuatuli, Dacca 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [14th April, 1919.] 12°. New edition. Price, 12 annas.	A. K. Basu, Bijayā Press, Patnatuli, Dacca.	1,000
408	প্রথম ভাগ বালিকা-পাঠ বোধিনী। [Pratham Bhag Bāngalā-Pāth Bodhini. A key.] Pages 32. Published by the author, Annadā Bhāndār, Patuatuli, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [16th April, 1919.] 12°. New edition. Price, Re. 1.	Ditto	1,000
409	সাহিত্য-চন্দ্রিকা বোধিনী। [Sāhitya Chandrikā Bodhini. A key.] Pages 120. Published by the author, Annadā Bhāndār, Patuatuli, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [5th April, 1919.] 12°. New edition. Price, Re. 1-8.	Ditto	1,000
410	সাহিত্য বিকাশ বোধিনী। [Sāhitya Vikas Bodhini. A key.] Pages 74. Published by the author, Annadā Bhāndār, Patuatuli, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [17th April, 1919.] 16°. New edition. Price, Re. 1.	Ditto	1,000
411	Haridhan Kavya-Vyakarantirtha and Kalniath Kar. —নীতি মুকুল। [Niti Mukul. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 84. Published by Jogesh Chandra Basu, 68, Patnatuli, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [2nd June, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 5 annas.	Gopal Chandra De, Hena Press, Dacca.	1,000
412	Hariram Dha , (B.A.)—বাল্য বিনোদ। [Bālya Vinod. A Bengali primary reader.] Pages 1, 48. Published by the author, Popular Library, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [11th April, 1919.] 16°. 7th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	S. A. Guany, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	3,000
413	প্রবন্ধ কুসুম। [Prabandha Kusum. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 154. Published by the author, Popular Library, Dacca. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [27th April, 1919.] 16°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Radhuballabh Basak, Nārāyan Machine Press, Nababpur, Dacca.	50

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
BENGALI—LANGUAGE—contd.			
<i>Educational—contd.</i>			
414	Himansu Mohan Sen, (Kavyavinod). —কবি-বিশ্ব। [Nitikathā Bodhini. A key.] Pages 94. Published by the printer, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [13th April, 1919.] 12°. 2nd edition. Price, Re. 1.	S. C. Pal, Basudeb Printing Works, Dacca.	1,000
415	Hiranbala Gupta. —হরিন বসু। [Jhān Manjari. A reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 2, 71. Published by Nagendra Kumār Ray, City Library, Dacca. 1919. [26th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250
416	Iavar Chandra Vidyasagar. —বাবু পরিচয়। প্রথম ভাগ। [Varṇa Parichay. Pratham Bhāg. An Alphabetical primer. Part I.] Pages 2, 51. Published by Prabodh Chandra Majumdar, 22-5, Jhamapukur Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [6th August 1919.] 12°. Receiver's edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> (R). Price, 1 anna 6 pies.	A. T. Majumdar, B. P. M.'s Press, 22-5, Jhamapukur Lane, Calcutta.	2,000
417	Jagachohandra Sen, (B.A.). —গাছীচন্দ্র-বিশ্ব। প্রথম ভাগ। [Sāhitya Sikshā. Pratham Star. A Bengali reader. Part I.] Pages 4, 121. Published by Praphulla Kumār Ray, 27, Faridābād, Dacca. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [26th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 9 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,050
418	Jagadananda Ray. —জগদানন্দ রায়। [Sukumar-Pāth. A Bengali reader.] Pages 2, 90. Published by Nagendra Kumār Ray, City Library, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [6th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas.	Revati Mohan Dās, Asutosh Press, Dacca.	100
419	Jaladhar Sen. —জলধর সেন। [Pratham Sikshā. An Alphabetical primer.] Pages 46. Published by B. Banerji & Co., 25, Cornwallis Street and 54, College Street, Calcutta. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [16th July, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. (Revised). <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna 8 pies.	K. C. Datta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	10,000
420	— [Sisubodh. Pratham Bhāg. A Bengali primary reader. Part I.] Pages 32. Published by B. Banerji & Co., 25, Cornwallis Street and 54, College Street, Calcutta. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [24th July, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. (Revised). <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna 8 pies.	Ditto	10,000
421	— Part II. Pages 1, 50. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [23rd July, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. (Revised). <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas.	Ditto	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

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Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher, and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
BENGALI—LANGUAGE—contd.			
<i>Educational—contd.</i>			
422	Jaladhar Sen. —[জলদার সেন] [Sisubodh. Tri- tiya Bhag. A Bengali primary reader. Part III.] Pages 1, 65. Published by B. Banerji & Co., 25, Cornwallis Street and 54, College Street, Calcutta. 1325 sāl or 1918- 19 A.D. [22nd July, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. (Revised.) <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 3 annas.	K. C. Datta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	5,000
423	Jogendrabandhu Majumdar. —[জগদ্বন্ধু মজুমদার] [Hiran- Nār. A Bengali reader.]. Pages 1, 80. Published by Anāthbandhu Majumdar, 43, Kagjitoia Lane, Dacca. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [28th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas.	Radhaballabh Basak, Narayan Machine Press, Nawabpur, Dacca.	250
424	Jogendra Nath Gupta. —[জগদ্বন্ধু গুপ্ত] [Balyabodh. A Bengali primary reader.] Pages 2, 1, 57. Published by B. C. Basak, Albert Library, Nawabpur, Dacca. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [18th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas.	Radhaballabh Basak, Narayan Machine Press, Nawabpur, Dacca.	1,250
425	Joges Chandra Chakravarti. —[জগদ্বন্ধু চক্রবর্তী] [Sopān A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 1, 2, 90. Published by B. C. Basak, Albert Library, Dacca. 1919 [25th May, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	5,000
426	Kail Bhushan Mukherji. —[কালভূষণ মুখার্জী] [Balikā- Toshni. A Bengali reader for girls.] Pages 1, 2, 73. Published by Nagendra Kumar Ray, City Library, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [9th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas.	Gopal Chandra De, Press, Dacca.	1,250
427	Kail Mohan Sarma Adhikari, (B.A.). —[কলিমোহন সর্মা অধিকারী] [Sūniti Sopān. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 1, 1, 58. Published by Hem Chandra Sen Gupta, Mahim-Sarātan Library, Patuatuli, Dacca. 1919. [27th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 5 annas.	Radhaballabh Basak, Narayan Machine Press, Nawabpur, Dacca.	50
428	Kamakhyā Charan Kavyaratna. —[কামাক্ষী চরণ কাব্যরত্ন] [Chāru-Sahitya. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 1, 2, 89. Published by Nrisinha Narayan Chakra- varti, 6, Patuatuli, Dacca. [8th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 5 annas.	B. M. De, Santi Press, Kaviraj Lane, Dacca.	500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

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	BENGALI—LANGUAGE—contd.		
	<i>Educational—contd.</i>		
420	Kamala Nandi. —কমলা নন্দী [Kalyán Path. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 2, 116. Published by Dines Chandra Datta, Amiya Library, Dacca. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [30th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Ramani Mohan De, Gaudaria Press, Dacca.	250
430	Khorsed Ali Khan, (B.A.) —খরশেদ আলী খান [Sabodh Path. A Bengali reader] Pages 2, 55. Published by the author, Mymensingh. 1919. [29th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas.	Shaikh Ansar Ali, East Bengal Printing and Publishing House, Dacca.	25
431	Kehitla Chandra Niyogi, (M.A.) —কেহিলা চন্দ্র নিয়োগী [Komal Path. A Bengali reader] Pages 1, 70. Published by Rajendra Kumar Ray, 27, Pharasganj, Dacca. 1326 sál or 1918-19 A.D. [11th April, 1919.] 16°. 6th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 3 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	6,250
432	Kusalnath Ganguli, (B.A., B.T.) —কুশল নাথ গঙ্গুলী [Nutan Sahitya. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 1, 3, 3, 164. Published by Jagatla Chandra Ghosh, B.A., Presidency Library, Dacca. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [15th July 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Gopal Chandra Das, Hena Press, Lakshmi-bazar, Dacca.	300
433	মধ্য বাঙ্গালী সাহিত্য। [Madhya Bangāla Sahitya. Middle Vernacular Literature. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Compiled by Joges Chandra Guha, B.A. Pages 1, 2, 104, 40, 44. Published by Hemendra Nath Ghosh, 74, Mirjamanar Deuri, Dacca. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [25th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 10 annas.	Ditto ...	50
434	Mahammad Abdul Bari. —মহম্মদ আব্দুল বারী [Sisu Sopan. An alphabetical primer.] Pages 38. Published by the author, Hatibanda, Mymensingh. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [4th May, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	2,250
435	Mohohhena Khatun. —মহম্মদ খাতুন [Sahaj Path. A Bengali reader.] Pages 2, 52. Published by Mahammad Abdulla, 30, Naudatal Datta Lane, Dacca. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [10th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	50

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BENGALI—LANGUAGE—contd.			
<i>Educational—contd.</i>			
436	Muhammad Abdur Rajjak Khan. —মুহম্মদ-রাজজ খান। [Sahitya Prasun. A Bengali reader.] Pages 2, 46. Published by Brindāban Chandra Basak, Albert Library, Dacca. 1919. [23rd April, 1919.] 16°. Revised edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 3 annas.	Radhāballabh Basak, Narāyan Machine Press, Dacca.	25
437	Munindranath Ray, (B.A.). —মুন্ডরনাথ রায়। [Sukumar Path. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 88. Published by the author, Victoria Medical Hall, Mymensingh. 1919. [20th May, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 7 annas.	Ditto ...	250
438	Narendra Chandra Basu. —নারায়ণ-বসু। [Sahitya Manjari. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 84. Published by Sailendra Nath Ghosh, Urdhu, Dacca. 1918. [4th June, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 5 annas.	Gopal Chandra De, Hena Press, Dacca.	2,000
439	Narendranath Majumdar. —নরেন্দ্রনাথ মজুমদার। [Saisav-Sabachār. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 1, 45. Published by the author, Research House, Mymensingh. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [27th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 3 annas 6 pies.	Radhāballabh Basak, Narāyan Machine Press, Nababpur, Dacca.	50
440	..... ঠাকুর-সোপান। [Saisav-Sopān. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 89. Published by the author, Research House, Mymensingh. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [27th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 7 annas.	Ditto ...	50
441	Parasnath Mahalanabish. —পারস্য নাথ। [Bālyā-Sakha. An alphabetical primer.] Pages 36. Published by the author, Panchasar, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [12th April, 1919.] 16°. 8th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna 6 pies.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	3,000
442 প্রথমিক শিক্ষা। [Nimna Prathamik Sikshā. A Bengali primary reader.] Pages 2, 80. Published by Syamchandra Datta, Santosh Library, Dacca. 1919. [15th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas.	Radhāballabh Basak, Narāyan Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250

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BENGALI—LANGUAGE—contd.			
<i>Educational—contd.</i>			
443	প্রবন্ধ মাল্য। [Prabandha-Mālā. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry with notes.] Compiled by Unesh-chandra Bhattacharyya, M.A., B.L. Pages 4, 2, 215. Published by Hemchandra Biswas, M.A. Nabápur, Dacca. 1325 sál or 1918-19 A. D. [15th June, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, 12 annas.	Gopal Chandra De, Hena Press, Lakshmi Bazar, Dacca.	1,250
444	Prasannakumar Chakravarti and Joges-Chandra Chakravarti, M.A.—ব্যাকরণ প্রবেশ। [Vyākaran Praves. An Elementary Bengali Grammar.] Pages 74. Published by K. C. Sen, Student's Store, Panditsar, Faridpur. 1919. [25th June 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, 5 annas.	Revati Mohan Das, Asutosh Press, Dacca.	1,050
445	Prasanna Kumar Nyayratna Bhattacharyya. —আত্মবোধ ব্যাকরণ। [Asubodh Vyākaran. An elementary Bengali Grammar.] Pages 1, 48. Published by the author, Brahmanbaria, Tipperah. 1325 sál or 1918-19 A.D. [7th April, 1919.] 16°. 6th edition. (Revised). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	250
446	প্রথমভাগ প্রাথমিক শিক্ষার সুচারু ব্যাখ্যা। [Pratham Bhag Prathamik Sikshar Sucharu Vyakhya. A key.] Pages 24. Published by S. C. Basu, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta. [8th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Tarini Charan Biswas, New Bengal Press, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta.	3,000
447	প্রথমভাগ সাহিত্য পুস্তকের সুচারু ব্যাখ্যা। Pratham Bhag Sahitya Pustaker Sucharu Vyakhya. A key.] Pages 20. Published by S. C. Basu, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta. [5th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Ditto ...	3,000
448	প্রথমভাগ শিশুবোধের সুচারু ব্যাখ্যা। [Pratham Bhag Sisubodher Sucharu Vyakhya. A key.] Pages 24. Published by S. C. Basu, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Ditto ...	3,000
449	Pratibha Nag, (B.A.)—নির্মল পাঠ। [Nirmal Páth. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 1, 2, 137. Published by Praphulla Kumar Ray, 27, Faridabad, Dacca. 1919. [15th May, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 7 annas 6 pies.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	5,250

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—LANGUAGE—contd.		
	<i>Educational—contd.</i>		
450	Pratibha Nag, (B.A.).—বিমল পাঠ। [Vimal Pāth. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 70. Published by Nagendra Kumar Ray, City Library, Dacca. 1919. [7th June, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. <i>Illustrated</i> Price, 5 annas.	Gopal Chandra De, Hena Press, Lakshmi-bazar, Dacca.	6,050
451	Purnachandra Bhattacharyya.—দীপ্ত। [Sitā. (A name). The well-known story of the Rāmāyana intended for children.] Pages 1, 81. Published by Asutosh Dhar, 39-1 and 50-1, College Street, Calcutta. 1325 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [8th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> Price, 8 annas.	Revati Mohan Das, Asutosh Press, Dacca.	1,250
452	Pyari Mohan Datta.—সাহিত্য কলিকা। [Sahitya-Kalika. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 1, 4, 92. Published by the author, Wari, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [16th April, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated</i> Price, 7 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250
453	Rabindra Nath Sen.—জন সূদা। [Juan-sudha. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 1, 2, 125. Published by Nagendra Kumar Ray, City Library, Dacca. 1919. [18th April, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated</i> Price, 9 annas.	Ditto ...	1,250
454	Radhaballabh Datta.—কোমল কথা বোধিনী। [Komal Katha Bodhini. A key.] Pages 32. Published by the author, Mogaltuli, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [10th April, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	S. C. Pal, Basudeb Printing Works, Dacca	1,000
455	নব সাহিত্যপাঠ বোধিনী। প্রথম ভাগ। [Nava Sahitya Path Bodhini. Pratham Bhag. A key. Part I.] Pages 32. Published by the author, Mogaltuli, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [9th April, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	1,500
456	প্রিয়পাঠ বোধিনী। [Priyapath Bodhini. A key.] Pages 86. Published by the author, Mogaltuli, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [12th April, 1919.] 12°. 2nd edition. Price, Re. 1.	Ditto ...	1,000
457	Rajballabh Datta.—অমিয়া কথা বোধিনী। [Amiya-Kathā Bodhini. A key.] Pages 32. Published by Radhaballabh Datta, Mogaltuli, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [13th April, 1919.] 12°. 3rd edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	1,000

**BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.**

1 Serial No.	2 Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page, with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	3 Printer and place of printing.	4 Number of copies.
BENGALI—LANGUAGE—contd.			
<i>Educational—contd.</i>			
458	Rajballabh Datta. —পারিতোষ বোধিনী। [Paritosh Bodhini. A key.] Pages 52. Published by Radhaballabh Datta, Mogaltuli, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [13th April, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	S. C. Pal, Basudeb Printing Works, Dacca.	1,500
459	Rajendralal Acharyya. —ছোট কথ। [Chhota Kathā. A Bengali reader.] Pages 2, 63. Published by Nirendra Kumar Ray, 27, Faridabad, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [22nd April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 5 annas.	Shaikh Ansar Ali, East, Bengal Printing and Publishing House, Dacca.	1,250
460	হোম হার। [Homa-Hār. A Bengali reader.] Pages 2, 71. Published by Nirendra Kumar Ray, 27, Faridabad, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [22nd April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas.	Ditto ...	1,250
461	মঞ্জরী। [Manjari. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 145. Published by Dbirendra Kumar Ray, 27, Faridabad, Dacca. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [22nd June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 9 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250
462	সার্থী। [Sāthī. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 66. Published by Dbirendra Kumar Ray, 27, Faridabad, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [8th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 5 annas.	Gopal Chandra De, Hemā Press, Lakshi- bazar, Dacca.	1,250
463	Ramanimohan Bhattacharyya, (Kavyatīrtha Vidyālakar.) —ব্যাকরণ-সোপান। [Vyākaran-Sopān. A Bengali Grammar.] Pages 3, 5, 228. Published by G. M. Datta, Students' Library, Dacca. 1919. [14th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 14 annas.	Ditto ...	1,250
464	Ram Sundar Ghosh. —নুতন বাল্য শিক্ষা। [Nutan Bālya Sikshā. An Alphabetical primer.] Pages 40. Published by Radhaballabh Datta, Mogaltuli, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [10th April, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna 6 pies.	S. C. Pal, Basudeb Printing Works, Dacca.	10,000
465	Ranajit Sen Gupta and Joges Chandra Sen Majumdar, (M.A.) —জ্ঞান-সন্দর্ভ। [Jñān-Sandarbhā. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 4, 2, 148. Published by Khagendra Chandra Sen, Students' Store, Panditār, Faridpur. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [10th June, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, 10 annas.	Revati Mohan Das, Asu- tosh Press, Dacca.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, also, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—LANGUAGE—contd.		
	<i>Educational—contd.</i>		
466	Rasbihari Basu, (M.A.).—নীতি-পুষ্প। [Niti-Pushpa. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 2, 92, 32. Published by Hem Chandra Sen-Gupta, Mahim-Sanatan Library, Patuátuli, Dacca. 1919. [29th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Shaikh Anser Ali, East Bengal Printing and Publishing House, Dacca.	25
467	Rasikohandra Das, (Vidyandhi, Kavyaratna).—ভাষাশিক্ষা অভিধান। [Bhāshāsikshā Abhidhān. A Bengali Dictionary intended for students.] Pages 388. Published by Brindaban Chandra Basak, Albert Library, Dacca. 1919. [22nd April, 1919.] 16°. New edition. Price, 12 annas.	Radhballabh Basak, Narayan Machine Press, Dacca.	500
468	নীতি শিক্ষা। [Niti Siksha. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 1, 68. Published by Brindaban Chandra Basak, Albert Library, Dacca. 1919. [22nd April, 1919.] 16°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	25
469	Rasik Chandra Basu.—কনক মাল্য। প্রথম ভাগ। [Kanak Mālā. Pratham Bhāg. A Bengali primary reader.] Pages 1, 48. Published by Jagadisa Chandra Ghosh, B.A., Presidency Library, Dacca. 1919. [15th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 3 annas 6 pies.	Ditto	250
470	প্রাথমিক সাহিত্য। দ্বিতীয় ভাগ। [Pratham Sahitya. Dvitiya Bhag. A Bengali reader. Part II.] Pages 1, 2, 122. Published by Nadinchand Basak, 13, Bangla Bazar, Dacca. 1919. [15th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Ditto	200
471	Saradaprasanna Das, (M.A.).—সচিত্র বর্ণপরিচয়। [Sachitra Varna Parichay. An alphabetical primer.] Pages 32. Published by the author, Presidency College, Calcutta. 1919. [21st July, 1919.] 16°. 8th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna 3 pies.	Upendranath Bhattacharyya, Hare Press, 46, Bechu Chatterji Street, Calcutta.	3,000
472	Sarajubala Devi.—বিনোদ-পাথ। [Vinod-Pāth. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 67. Published by the printer, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [18th May, 1919.] 16°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas.	J. M. Das, Wari Printing Works, Dacca.	50
473	Brimanta Sarkar, (B.T.).—নবজ্যোতিঃ। [Navajyotih. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 2, 222. Published by Brindaban Chandra Basak, Albert Library, Nababpur, Dacca. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [11th May, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 12 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title; brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—LANGUAGE—contd.		
	<i>Educational—contd.</i>		
474	Sunitibala Sarkar. —বর্ণমালা। [Varnamālā. An alphabetical primer.] Pages 54. Published by Jatindra Mohan Sarkar, Goālmari, Baḍabāḍi, Tipperah. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [19th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas.	Radhaballabha Basak, Narayan Machine Press, Nabahpur, Dacca.	125
475	Surabala Devi. —সহজ পাঠ। [Sahaj Pāth. A Bengali reader.] Pages 1, 52. Published by Satischandra Biswas, Standard Library, Dacca. 1919. [6th June, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 3 annas 6 pies.	Gopal Chandra Das, Hena Press, Lakshmi-bazar, Dacca.	2,250
476	Surendra Mohan Basu. —সৈশব সাধি। [Saisav-Sāthi. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 1, 2, 97. Published by Narendra Mohan Bose, Bogra. 1919. [12th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas.	Ditto ...	400
477	Surendrasasi Gupta. —ব্রতের দেশ। প্রথম ভাগ। [Barapher Des. Pratham Bhāg. The Land of Ice. Part 1. The story of the discovery of the lands in the Frigid Zone, intended for children.] Pages 2, 77. Published by the author, 93, Mechinabazar Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [25th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Kalachand Dālāl, Kantik Press, 22, Sakea Street, Calcutta.	1,000
478	Sures Chandra Ghosh, (B.A.). —সুনিতি-পাঠ। [Suniti Pāth. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry.] Pages 2, 156. Published by Khagendra Kumar Ray, 26, Bangla Bazar, Dacca. 1919. [23rd April, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas 3 pies.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	3,250
479	Suryyakumar Adhikari, (B.A.). —বর্ণমালা ও বাণ্যম লিপি। [Varnamālā O Bāṇin Sikshā. An alphabetical primer.] Pages 36. Published by B. Banerji & Co., 25, Cornwallis Street and 54, College Street, Calcutta. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [30th June, 1919.] 16°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna 3 pies.	K. C. Datta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	5,000
480	Susila Sundari Ghosh. —অধুনিক বাণ্যম লিপি। [Adhunik Bāṇyasikshā. An alphabetical primer.] Pages 2, 34. Published by Syam Chandra Dutta, Santosh Library, Dacca. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [3rd May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna 9 pies.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	2,250

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—LANGUAGE—concl'd.		
	<i>Educational—concl'd.</i>		
481	Svarna Kumari Devi. —সচিত্র বর্ণবোধ। প্রথম ও দ্বিতীয় ভাগ। [Sachitra Varnabodh. Pratham O Dvitiya Bhāg. An alphabetical primer, Parts I and II (together).] Pages 1, 32. Published by the printer, 22, Sukea Street, Calcutta. 1919. [2nd July, 1919.] 16°. 7th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna 6 pies.	Kalschand Dālāl, Kāntik Press, 22, Sukea Street, Calcutta.	1,000
482	তৃতীয় ভাগ সাহিত্য পুস্তকের সূচক ব্যাখ্যা। [Tritiya Bhāg Sahitya Pustaker Sucharu Vyakhya. A key.] Pages 51. Published by S. C. Basu, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta. [21st June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Tarini Charan Biswas, New Bengal Press, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta.	3,000
483	Upendra Kisor Ray Chaudhuri. —ছেলেদের রামায়ণ। [Chheleder Rāmāyana. The story of the Ramayana in Bengali prose for children.] Pages 165. Published by U. Ray and Sons, 100, Garpār Road, Calcutta. [31st July, 1919.] 16°. 11th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Kāntik Chandra Basu, 100, Garpār Road, Calcutta	2,500
	BENGALI—LAW.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
2	Janaki Ballabh Bhowas. —কৃষিবিস্তারের প্রকৃতি ও বন্ধন। বিধি। [Kuebbihārer Prajāvatya O Bandobasta Vidhi. The Tenancy and Settlement Procedure of Coochbhar.] Pages 38. Published by Bijay Kumar Mitra of Sanyal & Co., 25, Raybagan Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [30th August, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. Price, 5 annas.	Hari Charan Rakshit, Bhārat Mihir Press, 25, Ray Bagan Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	BENGALI—MEDICINE.		
13	Chandra Sekhar Kali, (L.M.S.). —ব্রহ্ম ওষধি-সংগ্রহ। [Vrihat Olānthā-Sanhitā. A comprehensive Treatise on Cholera.] Pages 578. Published by S. S. Kali, 150, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [12th September, 1919.] 16°. 11th edition. Price, Rs. 4-8. [10th edition noticed in entry No. 205 at page 38 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1914.]	Kulachandra De, Sastra-prachar Press, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
14	নিদান। [Nidan. Etiology. Bengali translation of the well-known Ayurvedic work by Madhav Kar treating of causes of diseases.] Translated by Kaivraj Devendra Nath Sen and Kaviraj Upendra Nath Sen. Pages 1, 2, 145. Published by the translators, 70, Kalutola Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [3rd September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (T.) Price, 8 annas.	Dinanath Dev, Dhanvantari Steam Machine Press, 70, Kalutola Street, Calcutta.	500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies
BENGALI—MISCELLANEOUS.			
79	বগুড়া ব্যাঙ্কিং ও ট্রেডিং কোং লিমিটেড। মেমোরেন্ডাম। [Memorandum of Association of the Bogra Banking & Trading Co., Ltd.] Pages 6. Published by the printer Bogra 1919 [29th July 1919] 8° 1st edition For free distribution	Shankh Jamir Uddin, Ray Press, Bogra.	200
80	বাঁকুড়া কৃষি পঞ্জিকা। সন ১৩২৬ সাল। [Bankura Krishi-Panjika. San 1326 sal. (Calendar of the Bankura District Agricultural Association 1919-20)] Pages 3, 2 2, 121 48. Published by the Bankura District Agricultural Association Bankura 1326 sal or 1919 20 A D [26th June, 1919] 8° 1st edition For free distribution [Year 1326 sal noticed in entry No. 86 at page 30 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September 1918]	Santalumar Chatterji, Ban Press 12-1 Chyrebagan Lane, Calcutta	2,000
81	Dhanapattnath Das, (M.A., B.L.) - ভাটপট্টন্যাথ দাস। সত্য। হিন্দু সমাজের বর্তমান অবস্থা। [Bharatiya Satyagnan Sabhā Hindu Samajer Varttaman Avasthā Indian Rationa- listic Society. Present state of the Hindu Society. Supple- ment to Bulletin No. 4] Pages 36. Published by S Wajid Ali, Bar at Law, 29 Ripon Street Calcutta [11th October 1919] 8° 1st edition Price, 1 anna.	S. C. Chaudhuri Phoenix Printing Works 29 Kalidās Singha Lane, Calcutta	250
82	Dwijendralal Ray. - দ্বিজেন্দ্রলাল রায়। [Gan. Songs. A collec- tion of songs by the author] Pages 16 267. Published by Haridas Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta 1326 sal or 1919 20 A D [8th August, 1919] 16° 3rd edition Price, Rs. 2. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 148 at page 24 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1915.]	Bihari Lal Nath, Emerald Printing Works, 9, Nanda Kumar Chau- dhuri 2nd Lane, Calcutta	1,000
83	Govindadas Maulik. - গবিন্দদাস মৌলিক। [Muttina Vedanā Pain of the inmost soul. Author's lamentations on the death of his grandson] Pages 1, 84, 2. Published by the author, Kābarikola Patna 1976 sak or 1919 20 A D [1st September 1919] 16° 1st edition Price, 10 annas.	Prahladchandra Das, Gupta Press, 221, Cornwallis Street Calcutta	550
84	Jitendranath Ray. - জিতেন্দ্রনাথ রায়। [Pravritti Marga Active or Worldly Life. A discourse intended to denounce the evil social customs in vogue in Hindu society] Pages 6, 267. Published by the printer, 10, Syama Charan De Street, Calcutta 1326 sal or 1919 20 A D. [4th August, 1919] 8° 1st edition Price, Rs. 2-6.	Upendranath Ray, Mahes Press, 10, Syama Charan De Street, Calcutta.	1,000

GOVERNMENT LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing	Number of copies.
BENGALI—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.			
85	<p>Kshirodohandra Ray Chaudhuri.—স্বর্গদত্ত। [Adarśa-Grihi. Ideal Householder. Instruction to householders.] Pages 8, 63 4. Published by Devendranath Bhattacharyya, 65, College Street, Calcutta 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [30th July, 1919.] 16° 2nd edition.</p> <p>Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[1st edition noticed in entry No. 513 at page 13 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1907]</p>	Devendranath De, Svarna Press, 107, Mechhuabazar Street Calcutta.	1,000
86	<p>মেমোরেন্ডাম ও আর্টিকেলস অব এসোসিয়েশন। দি তা:পুর্ টি কোম্পানী লিমিটেড। [Memorandum</p> <p>O Articles Ab Esosiyasan. Di Taripur Ti Kempani Limited. Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Taripur Tea Company, Limited] Pages 42 Published by the Company, Jalpaiguri [27th August, 1919] 8° 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, ...</p>	Jatindranath Majumdar, Royal Printing Works, Limited, Jalpaiguri	100
87	<p>Mohammad Lutfar Rahman.—উন্নত জীবন। [Unnata Jiyah Elevated Life Points out the means of becoming great and of elevating ones position, with numerous instances from the lives of great men] Pages 98 Published by Momuddin Hossain, 10 Serang Lane, Calcutta 1326 sāl or 1919 20 A.D. [9th August, 1919] 16° 1st edition</p> <p>Price, 8 annas.</p>	Hemchandra Bhattacharyya, Metcalf Printing Works, 34, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta	1,000
88	<p>Mohanimohan Basu.—বৈবাহিক। [Bacharik Affec-tion's Blessings. Authors advice to his daughter and son in-law at the time of their marriage] Pages 4, 44 Published by Sasankamohan Basu, Bardī, Dacca. 1326 sāl or 1919 20 A.D. [19th July, 1919.] 16° 1st edition</p> <p>Price, ...</p>	Rebatimohan Das, Ashu-tosh Press, Dacca	800
89	<p>প্রতিষ্ঠা পত্র ও নিয়মাবলী। মানিকগঞ্জ ট্রেডিং এণ্ড ব্যাংকিং কোম্পানী লিমিটেড। [Pratisthapatra</p> <p>O Niyamavali Manikganj Trading and Vyanking Kompany, Limited. Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Manikganj Trading & Banking Company, Limited] Pages 44 Published by Unn-chandra Sen, Manikganj [9th May, 1919] 16°. New edition.</p> <p>Price, ...</p>	Ambikacharan Sarkar, Jahnabi Press, 63, Nawabpur, Dacca	200
90	<p>প্রবচন সংগ্রহ। [Pravachan Sangraha. A collec-tion of pathy sayings] Pages 12. Published by Dyaraka-nath Ghosh, 84, Creek Row, Calcutta 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [24th May, 1919] 16°. 2nd edition. Revised</p> <p>Price, 6 pias.</p> <p>[1st edition not traceable]</p>	Kartikchandra Basu, T. Ray & Sons' Press, 100, Garpar Road, Calcutta	2 000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
BENGALI—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.			
91	<p>Pulakeshchandra Sinha.—বিধান গীতিমালা। [Vidhān Gitimālā. Vidhān songs. A collection of miscellaneous Nava Vidhān songs.] Pages 2, 46, 2. Published by the printer, 1A, Ramkissen Das Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [3rd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 8 annas.</p>	Saratkasi Ray, New Artistic Press, 1A, Ramkissen Das Lane, Calcutta.	250
92	<p>Purnananda Jogasrami.—বৃদ্ধের বচন। [Vridhdher Vachan. Sayings of an Old Man. Instruction from the Hindu Sūtras regarding eating, drinking, evacuation of the bowels, bathing, etc.] Pages 12, 13, 153. Published by the author, 6-100, Lalighat, Gudar Math, Benares City. [1st September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Re. 1.</p>	Surendranath Chandra, Pratibha Press, 211A, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,100
93	<p>Rasikranjan Ghosh.—অপব্যয় ব্যবসা। [Alpavyaye Vyavasa. Trade with a small capital.] Pages 2, 4, 74. Published by the author, Srinagar, Kashmir. 1919. [10th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 12 annas.</p>	Purnachandra Das, Kuntalin Press, 61, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,100
94	<p>রেকর্ড সঙ্গীত। প্রথম ভাগ। [Record Sangit. Pratham Bhag. Gramophone Record Songs. Part I.] Pages 12, 74. Published by Pasupati Basu, 91-2, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [28th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, { Paper Re. 1. Cloth Re. 1-8.</p>	Kapilechandra Neogi, Nababibhakar Press, 91-2, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	500
95	<p>Sarojnath Ghosh.—জার্মানির গোপনীয় বিভাগ। [Jarmanianir Guptachar Vibhag. Germany's Spy Department. An account of the German spy system and military preparations as given by Dr. Graves, lately a spy in the service of Germany.] Pages 2, 224. Published by Satischandra Mukherji, 166, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. [3rd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Re. 1-4.</p>	Purnachandra Mukherji, Basumati Electric Machine Press, 166, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
96	<p>Syud Abu Mohammad Ismail Hossain Siraji.—স্ত্রী-শিক্ষা। [Stri-Siksha. Female Education. A speech on the necessity of the education of Muhammadan females.] Pages 1, 75. Published by Bazlar Rahman Chaudhuri, Tippera. [3rd July, 1919.] 16°. Enlarged edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 2 annas.</p> <p>[Previous edition noticed in entry No. 136 at page 21 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1908.]</p>	Krishna Chaitanya Das, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
97	<p>_____ তুর্কী নারী-জীবন। [Turki Nari-Jivan. Life led by Turkish Women.] Pages 42. Published by Bazlar Rahman Chaudhuri, Tippera. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [30th June, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[First edition not traceable.]</p>	Ditto	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
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	BENGALI—MISCELLANEOUS —contd.		
98	থিয়েটার সঙ্গীত । [Thiyetar Sangit. Theatre Songs.] Compiled by Adharchandra Chakravarti. Pages 270. Published by the compiler, 105, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [23rd August, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1.	Nanilal Ghosh, Hindu Press, 61, Abiritola Street, Calcutta.	2,500
99	Visvapati Chaudhuri.—অর্ঘ্য । [Arghya. Offering.] Songs and addresses in memory of the late Jādumani Devi and the late Raja Sir Saurindramohan Tagore, two experts in music.] Pages 4, 27, 1. Published by B. Mukherji, 67-9, Balaram De Street, Calcutta. [16th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	M. N. Das, Union Press, 67-9, Balaram De Street, Calcutta.	500
100	Vivekananda, Svami.—বর্তমান ভারত । [Varttaman Bhārat. India of the Present Day.] A discourse on the shifting of the centre of sovereign power in India from the earliest times to the present day.] Pages 1, 4, 43. Published by Svami Visvesvarananda, 1, Mukherji Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [27th July, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. Price, 6 annas. [4th edition noticed in entry No. 135 at page 34 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1915.]	Sureshchandra Majumdar, Sri Ganranga Press, 71-1, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	1,000
101	বিবেক বাণী । [Viveka-Vani. Voice of Viveka (Swami Vivekananda). Teachings of Svāmi Vivekananda.] Pages 2, 2, 68. Published by Brahmachari Ganendranath, 1, Mukherji, Lane, Calcutta. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [22nd July, 1919.] 32°. 3rd edition. Price, 2 annas. [Previous edition noticed in entry No. 25 at page 44 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1917.]	Ditto ...	1,000
102	Educational— Abinashchandra Chakravarti.—সংস্কৃত । [Sat Prasangha. Wholesome Topics. Essays on various subjects.] Pages 1, 2, 154. Published by Macmillan & Co., 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [16th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 10 annas.	K. C. Neogi, Nababibhakar Press, 91-2, Mechlatabazar Street, Calcutta.	100
103	আলোক । প্রথম খণ্ড । [Alok. Pratham Khanda. Light Part I. A collection of essays and poems by students.] Pages 25. Published by Abinashchandra Das, Kurumgram, Birbhum. [20th July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Abinashchandra Das, Das Press, Kurumgram, Birbhum.	200

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject; including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
	<i>Educational—contd.</i>		
104	Sharatchandra Chaudhuri, (B.A.)—শরৎচন্দ্র চৌধুরী। [Sairav-Svasthya Sahāy. Lessons on preservation of health for children.] Pages 4, 50. Published by Nagendra Kumar Ray, City Library, Dacca. 1325 sal or 1918-19 A.D. [10th April, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, 3 annas 6 pies.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	6,250
105	Chowdhury, P., (Capt., M.B., I.M.S.)—গাওঁহাৰু-বাৰু-মৌকি। [Gārhashtya-Svāsthya-Niti. Tṛitiya-Bhāg. "Domestic Hygiene and Village Sanitation." Part III.] Pages 2, 88. Published by B. C. Basak, Albert Library, Dacca. 1919. [12th May, 1919] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas 6 pies.	Ditto ...	5,000
106	Jnanendranath Haldar.—জ্ঞানেন্দ্রনাথ হালদার। Jhikmike Bai. [Glittering Book. A Pictorial Reading book for children.] Pages 80. Published by G. N. Haldar, 86, College Street, Calcutta. 1919. [28th July, 1919.] 8°. New edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 10 annas.	K. C. Niyogi, Nababibhakar Press, 91-2, Mechuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1100
107	Naliniranjan Sen Gupta, (M. D.)—বাল্য শিক্ষা। [Svāsthya Sikshā. Instruction in Hygiene.] Pages 93. Published by Asutosh Dhar, 39-1, College Street, Calcutta. [6th April, 1919.] 16°. Revised edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas.	Rebatimohan Das, Asutosh Press, Dacca.	100
108	Nrisinhaachandra Mukerjee, (M. A.)—শিউ-শিক্ষা। [শিউ লিখন প্রণালী।] [Shiū Sikshā Likhan Prānalī. How to write letters. For children.] Pages 54. Published by B. Banerji and Co., 25, Cornwallis Street and 54, College Street, Calcutta. 1325 sal or 1918-19 A. D. [17th July, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. Price, 3 annas.	K. C. Dutta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	2,000
109	Phanibhushan Ghosh.—রাজভক্তি। [Rajabhakti. Loyalty. Instruction in loyalty and duties of subjects to their Sovereign in the form of a dialogue.] Pages 1, 30. Published by Satkariachandra Ghosh, B. A., 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [30th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 1 anna 6 pies.	Balaichandra Das, Lakshminibilas Press, 12, Narikelbagan Lane, Calcutta.	1000
110	প্রিয় পয়গম্বরের প্রবন্ধ। [Priya Paygamberer Priya Katha Pleasant words of the Beloved Prophet. A Bengali translation of about five hundred moral sayings of Mahammad, selected from the Mishkat Sharif]. Translated by Khan Bahadur Taslimuddin Ahmad, B. L. Pages 2, 114. Published by R. Rahman, 4, Elliott Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sal or 1919-20 A. D. [26th July, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. (T.) Price, 3 annas.	Subodh chandra Sarkar, Surjya Press, 33, Gauribore Lane, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

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Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—MISCELLANEOUS.—concl'd.		
	<i>Educational—concl'd.</i>		
111	Sheikh Abdul Jabbar. —আবদুল জব্বার শিক্কা। [Adarsa Nutan Patra-Dalil Sikshā. Instruction in letter writing and writing of deeds.] Pages 1 140. Published by Nagendra Kumar Ray, City Publishing House, Faridabad, Dacca. 1919. [14th April, 1919.] 16°. 7th edition. Price, 7 annas 6 pies.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250
112	শিশুবোধক। [Sisubodhak. Children's Instructor. Contains the Bengali alphabet, rules of spelling, Arithmetical tables, poems, mythological stories in verse, hymns, model letters, etc. for children.] Compiled by Tarachand Sinha. Pages 2, 80. Published by the compiler, 82, Ahiritola Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [30th July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas.	Kedarnath Sen, M. D. Press, 12, Gopikrishna Pal Lane, Calcutta.	5,000
113	Viveśvar Das, (B.A.) —বিবেশ্বর দাস শিক্কা। প্রথম ভাগ। [Vastu Upalakshe Sikshā. Pratham Bhāg. Instruction by object lessons. Part I.] Pages 4, 106. Published by K. C. Datta, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [13th July, 1919.] 16°. 10th edition. Price, 5 annas.	K. C. Datta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	2,000
	BENGALI—PHILOSOPHY.		
1	Charu Chandra Sinha, (M.A.) —যমোদিত্তসিংহ। [Mand- Vijnān. A treatise on Psychology in Bengali.] Pages 10, 19, 438. Published by Haridas Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [15th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 3.	Bihari Lal Nath, Emerald Printing Works, 9, Nanda Kumar Chaudhuri, 2nd Lane, Calcutta.	500
2	Pramathanath Mukherji. —স্বাভাবিক মন্ত্র বা যন্ত্র। [Svābhāvik Savda Vā Mantra. Natural name or mantra. A paper based on a lecture entitled "Natural Name" delivered by Sir John Woodroffe, being an attempt at a scientific investigation into the origin of Vedic and other mantras of Hindu Sastra.] Pages 1, 72. Published by Rabindra Nath Chakravarti, 46, Muraripukur Road, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [15th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Ditto ...	500
	BENGALI—POETRY.		
47	Abdul Ghaffar. —কয়েক কঁটা জঁঝিল। [Kayek-Phontā Ankhijal. A few drops of tears. A collection of love poems.] Pages 8. Published by Abdul Quasem, Bankura. 1919. [2nd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, ...	B. B. De, 26, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	500

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	BENGALI—POETRY—contd.		
48	Ambika Charan Mandal. —মন্ডল চরিত্র গদ্য। [Manoram Bhādu Sangit. Beautiful Bhādu songs Street literature.] Pages 11. Published by the author, Indpur, Bankura. 1326 sāl 1919-20 A.D. [28th August, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 6 pies.	Rajaram Bhattacharyya Mukerji Press, Bankura.	1,000
49	Shubhan Mohan Chatterji. —শুভম-মোহন-চট্টোপাধ্যায়। [Khān-dav Dāhan Kāvya. A poem on the burning of the Khandava forest. A mythological poem.] Pages 112. Published by the author, 10-10, Nepal Bhattacharji Street, Kalighat, Calcutta. [11th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Haridas Ganguli, Akshay Press, 126, Kalighat Road, Kalighat, Calcutta.	500
50	Jatindra Nath Pal. —বিজয় হাঙ্গল। [Biyer Hāsi. Merry Laughter at Wedding. Poems on the details of Hindu marriage.] Pages 91. Published by Dharendra Nath Bose, 29, Durga Charan Mitter Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [28th July, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. Illustrated. Price, Re. 1. [1st edition noticed in entry 1330 at pages No. 39 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1913.]	Kula Chandra De, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
51	Jogendra Nath Chatterji. —জগদীশ চট্টোপাধ্যায়। [Javar Stotra. Hymns to God.] Pages 2, 16. Published by the author, Barisal. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [29th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Pranballabh Chakravarti, Srinath Press, Nayabazar, Dacca.	1,000
52	Karunamay Kar. —করুণা ময়। [Padya Guchchha. A Bunch of Poems. A collection of short miscellaneous poems.] Pages 1, 38. Published by the printer, 4, Telkalghat Road, Howrah. [25th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition Price, ...	Jugal Krishna Sinha, Karmayoga Press, 4, Telkalghat Road, Howrah.	500
53	Khondkar Momtaz Ali Islami. —ইসলাম রসুল। [Islam Raujan. A book to please Islam. Poems on religious and social matters of Islam.] Pages 31. Published by Munshi Mahammad Yusuf Ali, Nadia. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [7th September, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	Sasi Bhushan Mukherji, Sulabh Press, 84, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	1,000
54	Madhab Chandra Sarat. —মাধব চন্দ্র গীতি-সার। [Prānāram Bhādur Giti Kāvya. Pleasant Bhādu Songs.] Pages 12. Published by Kanai Chandra Datta, Chyabasa. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [1st September, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 6 pies.	Rajaram Bhattacharyya, Mukherji Press, Bankura.	1,000

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	BENGALI—POETRY—contd.		
55	Pramed Chaudhuri. —তুলি [Tuli. A painter's brush. A collection of short poems.] Pages 38. Published by the author, Singdha, Mymensingh. 1919. [13th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ram Chandra Ananta, Lily Press, Mymensingh.	100
56	Rajsundari Rai Gupta. —ব্রজ ব্রজ বানী [Vanger Vrata Vāni. A collection of stories in verse relating to religious vows] Pages 6, 159. Published by the authoress, Sherpur, Mymensingh. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [25th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas.	Radhaballabh Basak, Narayan Machine Press, Nowabpur, Dacca.	1,000
57	Sarat Chandra Dev, Kavi Kaumudi. —ব্রিটিশ রাজার জয় [British Rājār Jay, etc. Victory of the British King, etc. Street literature on the British Victory in the Great War.] Pages 9. Published by Rajendra Lal Ghose, 6-2, Tagore Castle Road, Calcutta. [28th July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 3 ples.	Bipin Bihari Indra, Jaydev Printing Works, 6-2, Tagore Castle Road, Calcutta.	4,000
58	Shalikh Mohammad Shahadatullah. —জাম জাম ফোয়ারা [Jam Jam Phoyārā. The Jam Jam Fountain. Poems written on the occasion of the Mahomedan Id festivals.] Pages 2, 20. Published by the author, Jama-gram, Jalpaiguri. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [3rd September 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Upendra Nath Das, Samya Press, 6, College Square, Calcutta.	1,000
59	Shalikh Mohammad Yusuf Ali. —এসলাম তরী [Islam Tari. The Boat of Islam. A collection of poems lamenting the degraded condition of the Muhammadans and calling upon them to improve it.] Pages 1, 48. Published by Munshi Afazuddin Ahmed, 337-2, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. [1st August, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	B. B. Indra, Jaydev Printing Works, 6-2, Tagore Castle Road, Calcutta.	1,000
60	Haris Chandra Mitra. —কবিতা কোষিকী প্রথম ভাগ [Kavitā Kaumudī. Pratham Bhāg. A poetical reader. Part I.] Pages 32. Published by Nirendra Kumar Ray, 27, Faridabad, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [10th April, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. Price, 2 annas 3 ples.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250
61	Karunamayī Davi and Krishna Prasanna Pal. —সিঁপু পদ্য [Siṇṇu Padya. A collection of poems for children.] Pages 2, 40. Published by Habul Chandra Nath and Asutosh Nandi, 28 and 133, Canning Street, Calcutta. 1919. [20th July, 1919.] 8°. 5th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 3 annas.	Hari Charan Rakshit, Bharat Mihir Press, 25, Ray Bagat Street, Calcutta.	2,000

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Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—POETRY—concl'd.		
	<i>Educational—concl'd.</i>		
62	কবিতা পাঠ। ২য় ভাগ। [Kavita Path. Part II. A Poetical reader.] Pages 64. Compiled by Surendra Chandra Samajpati. Published by the compiler, 2-1, Ramdhan Mitra Lane, Calcutta. [16th July, 1919.] 16°. 8th edition.	B. B. De. Modern Printing House, 26, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	Price, 5 annas.		
63	Manomohan Basu.—মদন মল্লিক। প্রথম ভাগ। [Padya Málá. Part I. A collection of poems for children.] Pages 2, 38. Published by Kesab Chandra Bhattacharya Chaudhuri, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta 1326 sal or 1919-20. A.D. [4th September 1919.] 8°. 52nd edition. Illustrated.	C. C. Gupta, Kaumudi Press, 15-A, Bhuvan Mohan Sarkar Lane, Calcutta.	5,000
	Price, 2 annas 6 pies.		
64	Michael Madhusudan Datta.—মৈত্রেয়্য মদনদাস। [Meghnád Vadh Kāvya. A mythological poem with a short life of the author. Edited with explanatory notes in English by Debendra Nath Bhattacharyya.] Pages 10, 372. Published by the editor, 65, College Street, Calcutta. 1326 sal or 1919-20 A.D. [13th September, 1919.] 24°. 2nd edition. (R.)	Dvijendra Nath De, 107, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,200
	Price, Rs. 1.		
65	Phani Bhushan Ghosh.—ফানী ভূষণ গোস্বামী। [Bālya Sangit. A collection of poems for children.] Pages 2, 44. Published by Rames Chandra Ray, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1325 sal or 1918-19 A.D. [2nd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.	Balai Chandra Das, Lakshminilas Press, 12, Narikel Bagan Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
	Price, 3 annas.		
66	Santosh Kumar Mukherji, Vidyabhushan, M.R.A.S., and Ramani Ranjan Sen-Gupta, Vidyavinod, M.R.A.S.—সন্তোষ কুমার মুখার্জী। [Adarsa Kavita Málá. A model poetical reader.] Pages 2, 10, 9, 123. Published by J. Basak, 94, Malitola, Dacca. 1919. [29th April, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.	Shaikh Anwar Ali, East Bengal Printing and Publishing House, Dacca.	1,250
	Price, 10 annas.		
67	Suelli Ranjan Sarkar.—সুল্লী রঞ্জন সরকার। [Kindergarten Kavita. A collection of Kindergarten poems.] Pages 38. Published by the author, 25-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [3rd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Illustrated.	Balai Chandra Das, Lakshminilas Press, 12, Narikelbagan Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
	Price, 2 annas 6 pies.		

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—POLITICS.		
1	Phanindranath Ray and Amarendranath Ray. —ব্রিটিশ রাষ্ট্রনীতি। [British Rashtraniti. British Policy. Deals with the history of the British Parliament, British administrative policy and the system of the Indian administration.] Pages 2, 71. Published by Indubhushan Ray, 8, Asutosh De Lane, Calcutta. [4th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Chandicharan Gupta, Kaumudi Press, 15A, Bhubanmohan Sarkar Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
	BENGALI—RELIGION.		
84	Achalananda Svami. —অচল-উক্তি। [Achal-Ukti. Sayings of Achal (the author). Religious instruction for Hindus.] Pages 1, 3, 103. Published by Narendranath Saha, Ichhapur, Nawabganj, 24-Parganas. [25th July, 1919.] 32°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Saradaprasad Mandal, Sri Ram Press, 162, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,025
85	আদি পুস্তক ও যাত্রা পুস্তক। [Adipustak O Jatra-pustak. Genesis and Exodus in Bengali.] Pages 141, 56. Published by the British and Foreign Bible Society, 23, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta. 1919. [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 14th edition. Price, 1 anna. [Previous editions not traceable.]	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	3,000
86	Arunprakas Banerji, (M.A.) —জীবন বোধের পরিচয়। [Jivan Veder Parichay. Introduction to Jivan Veda, an autobiographical account of the religious life of Kesav Chandra Sen.] Pages 1, 44. Published by Jamini Kanta Kuar, 3, Rama Nath Majumdar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [15th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	K. P. Nath, Mongalganj Mission Press, 3, Rama Nath Majumdar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
87	Bengal Sunday School Union Leaflet for 17th August 1919. —[A Christian leaflet.] Pages 2. Published by B. S. S. Union, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna for 20 copies.	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	4,400
88	24th August, 1919. Pages 2. [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna for 20 copies.	Ditto	4,400
89	31st August, 1919. Pages 2. [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna for 20 copies.	Ditto	4,400
90	7th September, 1919. Pages 2. [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 1 anna for 20 copies.	Ditto	4,400

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

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BENGALI—RELIGION—contd.			
91	Bengal Sunday School Union Leaflet for 14th September 1919. —[A Christian leaflet.] Pages 2. Published by B. S. S. Union, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 1 anna for 20 copies.	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	4,400
92	21st September, 1919. Pages 2. [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 1 anna for 20 copies.	Ditto ...	4,400
93	28th September, 1919. Pages 2. [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 1 anna for 20 copies.	Ditto ...	4,400
94	5th October, 1919. Pages 2. [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 1 anna for 20 copies.	Ditto ...	4,400
95	Bidhubhushan Sarkar. —বিদ্যুৎবন্ধু [Visva Bandhu Friend of the Universe. Describes the divine character of Chaitanya and his teachings.] Pages 64. Published by Nagendra Nath Sen, Barisal. 1919 [28th May, 1919.] 16°. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 4 annas.	Pranballabh Chakravarty, Sreenath Press, Dacca.	500
96	Brajendrakumar Ray. —ব্রজেন্দ্র কুমার রায় ও ব্রজেন্দ্র কথন বা পাঁচালী [Sri Sri Satya Narayan O Sri Sri Satir Vrata Katha Va Panchali. A collection of religious stories in Bengali verse.] Page 39. Published by the author, Rajshahi. 1326 B.S. or 1919-20 A.D. [10th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Kasimuddin Tamoghna Rajshahi.	1,000
97	গুরু মহাত্মা। [Guru-Mahatmya. Matthew in Bengali verse.] Pages 160. Published by the Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. 1919. [26th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . (T). Price, 1 anna.	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	10,000
98	Haridas Basu. —সদগুরু ও সত্যন ভব। সদগুরু। [Sad-Guru-O-Sadhan Tattva, Part I. The True Spiritual Guide and The Truths about Devotional Practice. Life and work of Vijaykrishna Goswami and their connection with the Vaishnava religion.] Pages 316. Published by Aghor Nath Chatterjee, Belpur. 1919. [3rd September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8.	Upendra Nath Basu, Samya Press, 6, College Square, Calcutta.	1,000
99	Harischandra Mukherji. —দীন সার্ব। [Myself, a devoted Servant. A Hindu religious dissertation.] Pages 2, 8, 52, 2... Published by Prabhakar Mukherji, 4, Ram Mohan Mukherji Lane, Sibpur, Howrah. [28th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Hemchandra Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 54, Mechua-bazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title; brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era,—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
BENGALI—RELIGION—contd.			
100	<p>ইব্রীম ধর্ম । [Ibriya Dharma. Hebrew Religion. A history of Judaism.] Compiled by Jnanendramohan Das. Pages 2, 116. Published by Sudhindranath Basu, M.A., Panini Karyyalay, Allahabad. [30th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas.</p>	<p>Pulinbihari Das, Deraki- nandan Press, 86, Maniktala Street, and Saratsasi Ray, New Artistic Press, 1A, Ranikissen Das Lane, Calcutta.</p>	1,000
101	<p>বেতর ফুল পুষ্প । [Jesur Keshudra Pushpa. Little Flower of Jesus. A short account of Sister Teresa] Pages 34. Published by the Catholic Mission, Dacca. 1919. [12th June, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, ... [Previous edition not traceable.]</p>	<p>Gopal Chandra De, Hena Press, Dacca.</p>	500
102	<p>Jogendra Kaviraj. —নব্যযুগের ন্যায়ম। [Navyayuger Sādhana. Religious practices of the New Age. Religious teachings of Jagadbandhu, a saint of Faridpur.] Pages 1, 132. Published by the author, Rajburi, Faridpur. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [29th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.</p>	<p>Hemchandra Bhatta- charyya, 34, Meebhua- bazar Street, Calcutta.</p>	1,000
103	<p>Jogindranath Chatterji. —তরকেশ্বর-মহাত্ম্য গীতাবলী বা তরকেশ্বর সঙ্গীত । [Taraknath Mahatmya Gītavali Vā Tarakesvar Sangit. Songs in praise of god Tarakesvar.] Pages 45. Published by Sasadhar Mukherji, Hooghly. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [15th September, 1919.] 12°. 5th edition. Price, 5 annas. [Previous edition noticed in entry No. 64 at page 42 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1918.]</p>	<p>Prabhat Chandra Das, Gupta Press, 221, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.</p>	2,000
104	<p>Kalliprasad Sarkar. —আত্ম-গীতি । [Atma-Giti. Songs about one's own self. A collection of spiritual songs.] Pages 101. Published by S. Chakraborty, 92, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [4th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, nil.</p>	<p>S. Chakraborty, Indian Art School Press, 92, Bowbazar Street, Cal- cutta.</p>	100
105	<p>Kavikarna. —বিদ্যাদহার পদ্য । [Vidyādhār Pāḍya.] Story of Vidyādhār (a name). A story in Bengali verse in glorification of the god Satyanārāyaṇ, in Uriyā charac- ter.] Pages 24. Published by Manilal Maharaj, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [5th September, 1919.] 12°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 2 annas 6 pias. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 79 at page 63 of the Cata- logue for the quarter ending June, 1915.]</p>	<p>M.L. Mahārājā, Utkal Press, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta.</p>	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
BENGALI—RELIGION—contd.			
106	<p>Kshitindranath Tagore.—ঈশ্বরের কথা। [Utterances of the Soul. Devotional effusions.] Pages 4, 96. Published by Harisankar Mukherji, 6-1, Dvarakanath Tagore Lane, Calcutta. [7th August, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 6 annas.</p> <p>[1st edition noticed in entry No. 140 at page 44 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1915.]</p>	Ranagopal Chakravarti, Adi Brahma Samaj Press, 55, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	250
107	<p>Mahammad Amin Ulla.—পরলোক দর্শন। [Paralok Darsan. A Visit to the Next World. A Mahomedan religious story about spiritualism.] Pages 4, 121. Published by M. Fazlar Rahman, 108-3, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta. [3rd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Re. 1.</p>	Hemohandra Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
108	<p>প্রভু যীশুখ্রীষ্টের আনন্দ কাহিনী। [Prabhu Yisu Khrishtar Anandakahini. The Glad Tidings of Lord Jesus Christ in Bengali.] Pages 4, 97. Published by the Bible Translation Society, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. 1919. [18th July, 1919.] 8°. 22nd edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 3 pias.</p> <p>[21st edition noticed in entry No. 27 at page 78 of the catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1918.]</p>	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	15,000
109	<p>Purnananda Yogeswami.—পারের যাত্রী বা ভব পেন্সনর। [Pärer Jarri Vā Bhava Pensioner. An intending passenger for crossing over or World's Pensioner. Shows how a man can get salvation through his spiritual guide.] Pages 126. Published by the author, 6-100 Lalighat, Benaras City. 1919. [22nd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 12 annas.</p>	Surendranath Chandra, Pratiba Press, 211-A, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	550
110	<p>Saratohandra Chakravarti.—স্বামি শিষ্য সংবাদ। পূর্বকণ্ড। [Svāmi Śiṣya Samvād. Pūrvakāṇḍa. Conversation of the Svami (Vivekananda) with his disciple. First Part. Religious teachings of Svami Vivekananda.] Pages 10, 216. Published by Svami Vivekavarānanda, 1, Mukherji Lane, Calcutta. [22nd July, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 14 annas.</p> <p>[Previous edition noticed in entry No. 1112 at page 49 of the catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1918.]</p>	Sureschandra Majumdar, Sri Gauranga Press, 71-1, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	1,000
111	<p>Savitri Devi.—ভক্তি উপহার। [Bhakti Upahār. Devotional Offering. A collection of prayers.] Pages 1, 24. Published by B. K. Gupta, 82, Harrison Road, Calcutta. [16th July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. For free distribution.</p>	A. T. Datta, Kusumika Press, 47, Maniktala Street, Calcutta.	300

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—RELIGION—concl'd.		
112	<p>তারকেস্বর মাহাত্ম্য গীতাবলী বা তারকেস্বর সঙ্গীত। [Tarakesvar Mahatmya Gitavali Va Tarakesvar Sangit. Songs addressed to god Tarakesvar or Siva.] Pages 12. Published by Nibaran Chandra Smriti-tirtha, Tarakesvar, Hooghly. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [2nd September, 1919.] 12°. 6th edition.</p> <p>Price, 1 anna 3 ples.</p> <p>[Previous edition noticed in entry No. 63 at page 52 of the catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1917.]</p>	Sukhmay Mitra, New Aryya Mission Press, 9, Sihanarayan Dās Lane, Calcutta.	2,000
113	<p>Vivekananda, Svami.—ভক্তি যোগ। [Bhakti Yoga. Communion with God through Faith.] Pages 109. Published by Svami Visweswarananda, 1, Mukherjee Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [30th August, 1919.] 8°. 7th edition.</p> <p>Price, 10 annas.</p> <p>[Previous edition noticed in entry No. 54 at page 40 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1914.]</p>	Kapil Chandra Neogi, Navabibhakar Press, 91-2, Mochhua Bazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
114	<p>জ্ঞান যোগ। [Jñānyoga. Contemplation as the principal means of acquiring true or spiritual knowledge.] Pages 444. Published by Svami Visvesvaradanda, 1, Mukherji Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [26th July, 1919.] 16°. 6th edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1-4.</p> <p>[4th edition noticed in entry No. 657 at page 47 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1914.]</p> <p>Educational—</p>	Sures Chandra Majumdar, Sri Gauranga Press, 71-1, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	1,000
115	<p>Rajanikanta Chatterji.—উপাসনা। [Upasana. Prayer. A collection of religious poems and hymns for children.] Pages 1, 2, 32. Published by Bibhutibhusan Chatterji, Bhadrapur, Birbhum. [20th July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>BENGALI—SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL).</p> <p>Educational—</p>	Kulachandra De, Sastraprachar Press, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	600
12	<p>Abhinav Chandra Gupta, (M.A.)—গণিত সার। [Ganit Sār. An Arithmetic for lower classes]. Pages 174. Published by B. M. De, Dacca. 1919. [14th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 8 annas.</p>	B. M. De, Santi Press, Dacca.	50

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL).—<i>contd.</i>		
	<i>Educational—contd.</i>		
43	Acutosh Basu, (M.Sc.) and Pullachandra Basu, (M.A.).—গণিত বিকাশ। প্রথম ভাগ। [Ganit Vikās. Pratham Bhāg. Arithmetic for Schools. Part I.] Pages 315. Published by Nageendra Kumar Ray, City Library, Dacca. 1919. [26th April, 1919.] 16°. 7th edition. Price, 8 annas 6 pies.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	3,250
44	Brajabihari Goswami, (B.A.).—গণিত মুকুল। [Ganit Mukul. An elementary Arithmetic.] Pages 162. Published by Pranee Kumar Das, Chikniser, Mulkhanagar, Dacca. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [18th May, 1919.] 16°. New edition. Price, 8 annas.	Radhaballabh Basak, Narayana Machine Press, Dacca.	10
45	Gauri Sankar De, (M.A.).—আধুনিক জ্যামিতি। [Adhunik Jyāmiti. Modern Geometry.] Pages 160. Published by B. Banerjee & Co., 25, Cornwallis Street, and 54, College Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [15th July, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. Price, 7 annas.	K. C. Dutta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	5,000
46	সরল গণিতাঙ্কুর। তৃতীয় ভাগ। [Saraḷ Ganitāṅkur. Trītiya Bhāg. An elementary Arithmetic. Part III. For standards V and VI.] Pages 224. Published by B. Banerjee & Co., 25, Cornwallis Street and 54, College Street, Calcutta. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [28th August, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. Price, 10 annas.	Ditto	6,000
47	সরল গণিতাঙ্কুর। তৃতীয় ভাগ। উত্তর খণ্ড। [Saraḷ Ganitāṅkur. Part III. Standards V and VI. Answers.] Pages 17. Published by B. Banerjee & Co., 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [12th September, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Revised. Price, 2 annas.	Ditto	6,000
48	Guha, R. R., (L. C. E.).—পরিমাপ বিদ্যা। [Parimān-Sikṣā. A Textbook of Surveying.] Pages 96. Published by Virvaraman Guha, B.L., Gandaria, Dacca. [30th May, 1919.] 8°. 8th edition. Price, Rs. 1.	Ramanimohan De, Gandaria Press, Dacca.	600
49	Jadab Chandra Chakravarti, (M.A.).—নূতন সরল গণিত। প্রথম ভাগ। [Nutan Saraḷ Patiganit. Pratham Bhāg. New Easy Arithmetic. Part I.] Pages 260. Published by B. Banerjee & Co., 25, Cornwallis Street and 54, College Street, Calcutta. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [28th June, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. Price, 10 annas.	K. C. Datta, Victoria Printing Works, 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	10,000

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title. Brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI—SCIENCE—(METHEMATICAL)—contd.		
	<i>Educational—contd.</i>		
50	Jadab Chandra Chakravarti, (M.A.).—সরল গণিত। [Saral Sisu Ganit. Elementary Arithmetic.] Pages 146. Published by B. Banerjee & Co., 25, Cornwallis Street and 54, College Street, Calcutta. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [20th July, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 5 annas.	K. C. Datta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	10,000
51	Jogendra Chandra Bhaumik, (B.A.).—সচিত্র গণিত। [Sachitra' Sisu Ganit. Pictorial Arithmetical Primer for Children.] Pages 154. Published by Dines Chandra Datta, Amiya Library, Dacca. 1919. [16th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 9 annas.	Radhaballabhi Basak, Narayan Machine Press, Dacca.	250
52	Khurshed Ali Khan, (B.A.).—সিহুবোধ পাঠ্যগণিত। [Sisubodh Patiganit. Easy Arithmetic for Boys.] Pages 110, 24. Published by Upendra Chandra De, Dacca. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [27th April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Ditto ...	100
53	Majed Baksh (Kazi).—গণিত শিক্ষা। [Ganit Siksha. An Arithmetical Primer.] Pages 2, 138. Published by Birendra Nath Sinha Chaudhuri, Dacca. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [14th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Gopal Chandra De, Hena Press, Dacca.	75
54	Paras Nath Bose, (M.Sc.).—গণিত-কুসুম। [Ganit Kusum. An Elementary Arithmetic.] Pages 232. Published by the author, 26, Banglabazar, Dacca. 1919. [18th April, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. Price, 9 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	5,250
55	Prasanna Kumar Sen, (B.A.).—গণিত-কুসুম। [Ganit Kusum. An elementary Arithmetic.] Pages 194. Published by Hariram Dhar, B.A., Popular Library, Dacca. 1919. [15th April, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. Price, 6 annas 3 pies.	Ditto ...	10,000
56	Priyadarshanjan Ray, (M.A.).—সহজ পাঠ্যগণিত। সহজ গণিতের ভাগ। [Sahaj Patiganit. Pratham O Dvitiya Bhāg. Easy Arithmetic, Parts I and II.] Pages 200. Published by B. C. Basak, Albert Library, Dacca. 1919. [24th April, 1919.] 8°. Revised edition. Price, 8 annas.	J. M. Das, Wari Printing Works, Dacca.	2,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication also, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
BENGALI—SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL)—conclud.			
<i>Educational—conclud.</i>			
57	Rajani Kanta De. —পিতৃ পাঠ্যগণিত। [Sisu Patiganit. Boys' Arithmetic.] Pages 211. Published by Prafulla Kumar Ray, 61, Farashganj, Dacca. 1325 sál or 1918-19 A.D. [12th April, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. Price, 7 annas 6 ples.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	5,250
58	Subalohandra Mitra. —সরল ধারাপাত। [Sara! Dhára-pát. Easy Arithmetical Tables.] Pages 68. Published by S. C. Bose, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta. [25th June, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. Price, 2 annas.	Tarini Charan Biswas, New Bengal Press, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta.	5,000
59	Udalohand Ghorai. —কুমার শক্তি বিকাশ পাঠ্যগণিত। [Kumar Sakti Vikas Patiganit. Elementary Arithmetic.] Pages 30. Published by the author, 4, Akhil Mistri Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [20th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	B. K. Das, Wellington Printing Works, 10, Haladhar Bardhan Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
BENGALI—SCIENCE (NATURAL AND OTHER.)			
5	রেশম শিল্পের উন্নতি কল্পে তুতভুক রেশম কীট জাতি সহজে পল্লীকার্যে বিভিন্ন বিবরণী। [Rasam Silper Unnati Kalpe Tunt Bhuk Resam Kit Jati Sambandhe Parikshar Dvitiya Vivaraní. An account of the examination of silk worm feeding on Mulberry leaves for the improvement of silk cultivation in Bengal. Based on the editor's English Bulletin No. 74.] Edited by Manmatha Nath De. Pages 40. Published by the Agricultural Research Institute, Pusa. 1919. [21st June, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas.	Rev. P. Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	500
6	Satya Ranjan Sarkar. —নিম্ন প্রাথমিক ভূবিদ্যা। [Nimna Prathamik Bhuvidyá. Elementary Physical Geography for Lower Primary Schools.] Pages 84. Published by Snail Ranjan Sarkar, 25-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [9th July, 1919.] 8°. 4th edition. Price, 6 annas.	Balai Chandra Das, Lakshminivas Press, 12, Narikel Bagan Lane Calcutta.	1,000
BENGALI—TRAVELS AND VOYAGES.			
1	Rabindranath Tagore. —জাপান যাত্রী। [Japan Játri. The Traveller to Japan. An account of Sir Rabindranath Tagore's voyage to and travels in Japan.] Pages 119. Published by Chintamani Ghose, 22, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [21st July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Jagadananda Ray, Santi-Niketan Press, Bolpur, Birbhum.	1,000
2	Rampada Banerji. —শিলং পাহাড়। [Shillong Pahad. The Shillong Hill. The author's account of his experiences in Shillong.] Pages 238. Published by Haripada Banerji, 40, Garanhata Street, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [28th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Re. 1-8.	Haripada Banerji, Rammay Printing Works, 3, Garanhata Bye Lane, Calcutta.	2,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
ENGLISH—ART.			
11	Conetable, L. G. (M.A., A.M.I.C.E., F.I.G.C.M.)— Ta Deum in D Major. [Songs with notations.] Pages 23. Published by Bevan & Co, 41 Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. [25th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	100
12	Cresser, William. —Fancies for the Pianoforte. Set 2. [Notations of three songs.] Pages 4. Published by the printer, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. [1st September, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1.	Ditto ...	1,000
[Set 1 noticed in entry No. 1 at page 73 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919.]			
ENGLISH—BIOGRAPHY.			
5	Sivanath Sastri, (Pandit, M.A.)— Men I have seen. [The author's personal reminiscences of seven great men of Bengal.] Pages 220. Published by Ramananda Chatterji, M.A., 210-3-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1919. [19th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Maulvi K. M. Hilal, Crescent Printing Works, 58, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	1,000
ENGLISH—DRAMA.			
4	Mother's Prayer. [A drama in one Act by Sir Rabindranath Tagore. Translated from the original Bengali by the author.] Pages 6. Published by R. Chatterji, 210-3-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1919. [10th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (T.) Price, nil.	A. C. Sarkar, Brahmo Mission Press, 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	50
5	Post Office, The. [An allegorical drama in two Acts by Rabindranath Tagore. Translated from the original Bengali by Debabrata Mukherji.] Pages 88. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta 1919. [25th July, 1919.] 16°. Indian edition. (T.) Price, ...	Upendra Nath Bhattacharyya, Hare Press, 46, Bechu Chatterji Street, Calcutta.	5,000
6	Rabindra Nath Tagore. —Chitra. [A lyrical drama in one Act, based on a story from the Mahabharata.] Pages 59. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Bow-bazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [8th August, 1919.] 16°. Indian edition. Price, ...	Ditto ...	5,000
<i>Educational—</i>			
7	Shakespeare's King Henry V. —[Edited with introduction and notes by Professor J. L. Banerjee, M.A.] Pages 44, 177, 167. Published by Satyendra Nath Das, B.A., of Banerjee, Das & Co, Cornwallis Buildings, Calcutta. 1919. [20th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2.	Manmatha Nath Ghosh, Ghosh Machine Press, 38, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	2,000
ENGLISH—FICTION.			
3	Kapalkundala. [An English translation of Bankim Chandra Chatterji's novel "Kapalkundala." Translated by D. N. Ghose. Pages 153. Published by K. M. Bagchi, 19, Guloo Ostagar Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [20th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (T.) Price, Rs. 1-6.	Kishorimohan Bagchi, India Directory Press, 38-1, Musjidbari Street, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1 Serial No.	2 Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the press—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	3 Printer and place of printing.	4 Number of copies.
ENGLISH—FICTION—concl'd.			
<i>Educational—</i>			
4	Wonder Book (A.) —[An abridged edition of Nathaniel Hawthorne's "Wonder Book."] Edited with introduction, notes and exercises in Grammar and Composition by F. R. Tomlinson, B.A. (Cantab.), I.E.S. Pages 160, 16. Published by Brij Lal Puri, B.A., LL.B., Lahore. 1919. [15th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (R).	P. C. Das, Kuntalin Press, 61, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	5,000
Price, Re. 1.			
ENGLISH—HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY).			
24	Harit Krishna Deb, (M.A.) —Asoka's Dhammalipis. [Religious inscriptions of Asoka.] Pages 15. Published by the author, 8, Raja Navakrishna Street, Calcutta. 1919 [29th May, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition.	S. B. Chakravarti, Temple Press, 1, Sib Sankar Mallik Lane, Syampukur, Calcutta.	250
Price, ...			
25	Jadunath Sarkar, (M.A., I.E.S.) —Shivaji and His Times. [A critical study of Shivaji's life and character with a contemporary history of India.] Pages 508. Published by S. C. Sarkar, 90-2, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1919. [30th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.	Purna Chandra Das, Kuntalin Press, 61 Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
Price, Rs. 4.			
<i>Educational—</i>			
26	Basu, A. K. (B.A.) — ^[A] An Introduction to the Study of Geography. Pages 64, 3. Published by the author, 67, Chaulpati Road, Bhowanipur, Calcutta. 1919. [11th August, 1919.] 16°. New edition.	B. K. Das, Wellington Printing Works, 10, Haladhar Bardhan Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
Price, 10 annas.			
27	Bhandarkar, D. R. (M.A., F.A.S.B.) —Lectures on the Ancient History of India. [The Carmichael lectures, 1918, on the period from 650 to 325 B.C., delivered in February, 1918.] Pages 218. Published by the Calcutta University, Senate House, Calcutta. 1919. [28th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.	Atul Chandra Bhattacharjee, Calcutta University Press, Senate House, Calcutta.	1,000
Price, ...			
28	MarSDen, E. (B.A.) —History of India for junior classes. Pages 247. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Rowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [9th September, 1919.] 16°. Revised edition.	B. K. Das, Wellington Printing Works, 10, Haladhar Bardhan Lane, Calcutta.	15,000
Price, Re. 1.			
ENGLISH—LANGUAGE.			
<i>Educational—</i>			
59	Akshay Kumar Mazumdar. —Junior English Reader, [with notes]. Pages 6, 179. Published by Praphulla Kumar Ray, 75, Faridabad, Dacca. 1919. [22nd May, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250
Price, 12 annas.			

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
ENGLISH—LANGUAGE—contd.			
<i>Educational—contd.</i>			
60	Annotated English Translation of Urdu Roz-marra or "Every-day Urdu." [The Text-book for the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani] Translated by Lt.-Col. D. C. Phillott, M.A., Ph.D., F.A.S.B. Pages 6, 61, 37, 18. Published by the Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. 1919. [10th June, 1919.] 8°. 3rd edition.	Rev. P. Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	2,000
Price, Rs. 4-11.			
61	Atul Chandra Sen, (M.A., B.L.) and Satis Chandra Sen. —How to Write Substances. [With lessons in story-building and expansion of passages.] Pages 1, 253. Published by the printer, 10, Syama Charan De Street, Calcutta. 1919. [10th August, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Revised.	Upendra Nath Ray, Mahes Press, 10, Syama Charan De Street, Calcutta.	1,000
Price, 14 annas.			
62	Atul Chandra Sen, (M.A., B.L.) and Satis Chandra Sen. —School Essays & Letters. Pages 1, 6, 311. Published by the printer, 10, Syamacharan De Street, Calcutta. 1919 [7th August, 1919.] 16°. 11th edition.	Idem	3,000
Price, Re. 1-2.			
63	Banerjee, (M.A., B.L.) —Notes on Poetical Selections. Pages 82. Published by P. Ghosh, 77 1, College Street, Calcutta. [20th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.	M. C. Chakravarti, College Press, 117-1, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,250
Price, 12 annas.			
64	Binodebihari Banerjee, (M.A.) —Easy English Readings. [With notes and exercises.] Pages 1, 2 102. Published by Binabatosh Sen, 72, Nawabpur, Dacca. 1919. [17th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i>	Shaikh Ansar Ali, East Bengal Printing and Publishing House, Dacca.	1,250
Price, 10 annas.			
65	Bose, K., (M.A.) —An Analysis of Macaulay's History of England. Chapter I [Containing Introduction, Questions with their Answers, Explanations and Appendix.] Pages 1-48, 33-52. Published by the printer, 10, Syama Charan De Street, Calcutta. 1919. [15th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.	Upendranath Ray, Mahes Press, 10, Syama Charan De Street, Calcutta.	1,000
Price, 6 annas.			
66	Burke's speech on Conciliation with America. [Containing Introduction, Analysis, Notes and Questions with Answers.] Edited by Jitendralal Banerjee, M.A. Pages 1, 35, 88, 13, 174. Published by Satyendranath Das, M.A., of Banerjee, Das & Co., Cornwallis Buildings, Calcutta. 1919. [3rd August, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition.	D. C. Chakravarti, Kalyani Press, 18, Phakirchand Mitra Street, Calcutta.	1,250
Price, Re. 1-12.			
67	Chatterji, H., (B.A.) —The Golden Treasury of English Grammar and Composition. Edited by H. S. Chatterji, M.A. Pages 423. Published by J. C. Ghosh, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1919. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.	J. C. Ghosh, Cotton Press, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	2,000
Price, Re. 1-4.			

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued:

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
ENGLISH—LANGUAGE—contd.			
<i>Educational—contd.</i>			
68	Chatterjee, J., (B.A.) —The Standard Reader. Book I. Pages 32. Published by Jnanada Kisor Chaudhuri, Standard Publishing Firm, Bangalabazar, Dacca. [14th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas.	Rudhaballabh Basak, Naryan Machine Press, Dacca.	25
69	Chatterjee, S.C., (M.A.) —Analysis of Macaulay's History of England. Pages 75. Published by Dines Chandra Chatterji, M.A., 48-1, Harrison Road, Calcutta. [20th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Manmatha Nath Ghosh, Ghosh Machine Press, 38, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	2,100
70	Das, P. K., (M.A.) —A Manual of Rhetoric and Prosody. Pages 1, 124, 2. Published by the author, Mymensing. [9th June, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, 14 annas.	Dvijendra Nath De, Svarna Press, 107, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
71	Harendra Krishna Sarkar, (M.A.) — Notes on Palgrave's Golden Treasury. Book IV. Part I. Pages 88. Published by Krishna Kisor Ghosh, Gorabazar, Berhampore. [24th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-12.	D. N. Pande, Minerva Printing Works, 56, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	1,000
72	Helps to the Study of Gray's Poems. —[With Introduction, notes, etc.] Pages 69. Published by Saroj Kumar Sen, M.L., of Sen, Ray & Co., Cornwallis Buildings, Calcutta. 1919 [15th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 6 annas.	Sadhu Churan Das, Rasik Law Printing Works, 21, Kenderdine Lane, Calcutta.	2,200
73	Ivar Chandra Chakravarti, (B.A.) —A Practical Guide to English Composition. Pages 8, 160. Published by the printer for B. Banerji & Co., 203 2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1918 [12th July, 1919.] 16°. 12th edition. (Revised and enlarged) Price, 10 annas.	K. C. Datta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	3,000
74	Lahiri's Select English Readings. [Prose.] Pages 12, 429. Published by the printer for S. K. Lahiri & Co., 57 Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1918. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, Re. 1-4.	J. C. Ghosh, Cotton Press, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	3,000
75	Llewelyn Tipping, (M.A.) —A First English Grammar and Composition. Pages, 2, 1, 70. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [11th September, 1919.] 16°. Reprint. Price, 4 annas.	Upendra Nath Bhattacharyya, Hare Press, 46, Bechu Chatterji Street, Calcutta.	10,000
76	Llewelyn Tipping, (M.A., Cantab.) —Third Standard English Reader. Pages 6, 48. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1919 [19th September, 1919.] 16°. Reprint. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 3 annas.	Ditto ...	15,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
ENGLISH—LANGUAGE—contd.			
<i>Educational—contd.</i>			
77	Macaulay's History of England. Chapter I. [With introduction and notes.] Edited by Jitendralal Banerji, M.A. Pages 1, 24, 158, 389. Published by Khalil Ahmed, 15, College Square, Calcutta [28th July, 1919]. 16°. 2nd edition. Thoroughly revised. (R). Price, Rs. 2-8.	S. C. Majumdar, Sri Gauranga Press, 71-1, Mirzapore Street, Calcutta.	1,000
78	_____. [Text with introduction, notes, etc.] Edited by M. Sen, M.A. Pages 19, 26, 135, 144. Published by S. K. Sen, B.A., Cornwallis Buildings, Calcutta. [8th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (R) Price Rs. 2-4.	H. C. Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mechhua Bazar Street, Calcutta.	1,500
79	Macmillan's Bengal Readers. Reader I. Pages 48. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [5th August, 1919.] 16°. Reprint. <i>Illustrated</i> Price, 4 annas.	Uppendra Nath Bhattacharyya, Hare Press, 46, Becho Chatterji Street, Calcutta.	15,000
80	Macmillan's Bengal Readers. Reader II. Pages 100. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [4th September, 1919.] 16°. Reprint. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 6 annas.	Ditto	10,000
81	Macmillan's English Prose Selections. Pages 7, 217. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta [6th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, Rs. 1.	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	5,000
82	Mukherjee, L. (M.A.).—Analysis of Macaulay's History of England. Chapter I. [With introduction, questions and answers, explanations and critical notes.] Pages 86, 2. Published by R. Munshi and B. Chatterjee, 18A, Amherst Row, Calcutta. [25th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Haricharan Rakshit, Bharat Mihir Press, 25, Ray Bagan Street, Calcutta.	2,000
83	Mustafi, M., (B.A.).—Matriculation Essays and Letters. Pages 2, 4, 12, 372. Published by the printer for B. Banerji & Co., 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1919. [10th September, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. Revised. Price, Rs. 1.	K. C. Datta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	2,000
84	Nesfield, J. C., (M.A.).—Idiom, Grammar, and Synthesis. English Grammar Series. Book IV. Pages 7, 5-471. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [18th June, 1919.] 16°. 37th edition. Price, Rs. 2-8.	Radhasyam Das, Victoria Press, 2, Goabagan Street, Calcutta.	20,000
85	Paradise Lost. Book I. [One day Preparation Series. Critical notes, analysis etc.] Pages 2, 85. Published by S. K. Mitra, B.A., Sisir Publishing House, College Street Market, Calcutta. 1919. [2nd September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	J. N. Sen, B.A., Vidya-day Press, 8-2, Kani Ghosh Lane, Calcutta.	1,000

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief-subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page, with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
ENGLISH—LANGUAGE—concl'd.			
<i>Educational—concl'd.</i>			
86	Prose Selections. Pages 10, 549. Published by the University of Calcutta, Senate House, Calcutta. 1919. [16th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.	Atulchandra Bhattacharyya, Calcutta University Press, Senate House, Calcutta.	10,000
Price, Rs. 2-8.			
87	Rasamay Mitra, (M.A.) —Readings from Smiles (with notes). Pages 251, 29. Published by the printer for B. Banerji & Co., 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1919. [18th July, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Revised.	K. C. Datta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	3,000
Price, Rs. 1-8.			
88	Royal English Reader for Indian Schools (The). Edited by Miss E. C. Anthony. Pages 2, 5, 92. Published by J. Ghosh, B.A., and H. Seyoon, 13, Bangalahazar, Dacca. 1919. [14th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i>	Radhaballabh Basak, Narayan Machine Press, Dacca.	225
Price, 8 annas.			
89	Scott's Ivanhoe. [School edition with introduction and notes.] Edited by S. Bhattacharyya, B.T., and S. Sirkar, B.T. Pages 1, 10, 266. Published by B. C. Basak, Albert Library, Dacca. 1919. [28th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250
Price, Rs. 1-4.			
90	Selections from W. Irving. Pages 6, 325. Published by the University of Calcutta. 1919. [16th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.	Atul Chandra Bhattacharyya, Calcutta University Press, Senate House, Calcutta.	5,000
Price, Rs. 1-4.			
ENGLISH—LAW.			
30	Bagchi, D. N., (M.A., B.L.) —The Utbandi Lands—Their nature and legal incidents. [A paper by the author on behalf of the Nadia district zamindars' conference, with the opinion of T. C. P. Gibbons, Advocate-General of Bengal, on it.] Pages 6, 34. Published by the author, High Court, Calcutta. 1919. [26th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.	Upendranath Bhattacharyya, Hare Press, 46, Bechu Chatterji Street, Calcutta.	500
Price, ...			
31	Ghosh, A. (B.A., B.L.) —The Laws of Improvements and Acquisition in Calcutta. [With complete commentaries and forms.] Pages 168. Published by B. L. De; 9, Syama Charan De Street, Calcutta. 1919. [2nd September, 1919.] 8°.	G. B. De, Oriental Printing Works, 327, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	1,000
Price, Rs. 4.			
32	Nolini Kanta Mukerji, (M.A., B.L.) and Haradhan Chatterjee, (B.L.) —The Usurious Loans Act. [Act No. X of 1918, with notes.] Pages 110. Published by T. D. Kerr, 9, Hastings Street, Calcutta. 1919. [25th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.	D. C. Kerr, Valmiki Press, 3, Halder Lane, Bowbazar, Calcutta.	500
Price, Rs. 2.			

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
ENGLISH—LAW—contd.			
33	Woodroffe, Sir John George, (M.A., B.C.L.)—The Law relating to Receivers in British India. [Tagore Law Lectures, 1897.] Pages 15, 317. Published by Thacker, Spink & Co., 3, Esplanade, East, Calcutta. 1919. [30th July, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. Price, Rs. 12. [Previous edition noticed in entry No. 165 at page 50 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1910.]	Thacker, Spink & Co., Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, 6, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
Educational—			
34	Ajoy C. Dutt (B.A., Oxon., Barrister-at-Law).—Lectures on the Law of Real Property. Pages 167, 8. Published by K. C. Das Gupta, 54 B, College Street, Calcutta. 1919. [16th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2.	Sarada Prasad Das, Weekly Notes Printing Works, 3, Hastings Street, Calcutta.	1,000
35	Bagchi, S. C.—Syllabus of Lectures on Equity for B. L. Students. Pages 50. Published by the Calcutta University. [22nd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Sukhamoy Mitra, The New Arya Mission Press, 9, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	1,200
36	Dutt, A., (B.A., Barrister-at-Law).—The Law of Real Property for B. L. Students. Pages 181. Published by Rai M. C. Sarkar Bahadur & Sons, 90-2A, Harrison Road, Calcutta, 1919. [21st July, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. Price, Rs. 1-8.	Nitya Charan Das, The Elm Press, 63, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	1,200
37	Notes on Registration. Pages 32. Published by S. C. Sarkar of Rai M. C. Sarkar Bahadur & Sons, 90-2A, Harrison Road, Calcutta. [21st July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 6 annas.	B. B. Dey, The Modern Printing House, 26, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	1,000
38	Principles of Jurisprudence. Pages 210, 22. Published by A. N. Chatterjee, 3, Pratap Chatterjee Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [29th July, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. Price, Rs. 1-8.	Ditto ...	1,000
39	Synopsis of Lectures on Criminal Law. Pages 39. Published by the University Law College, Calcutta. [14th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Dhrubesvar Bhatta-charjee, The Arya Press, 29-1, Girls Mukherjee Road, Bhawanipur, Calcutta.	1,000
40	Synopsis of Lectures on Hindu Law. Part I. Pages 32. Published by the Calcutta University. [23rd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Sukhamoy Mitra, The New Arya Mission Press, 9, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH—LAW—concl'd.		
	<i>Educational—concl'd.</i>		
41	Synopsis of Lectures on Mahomedan Law for B.L. Students. Pages 36. Published by the University Law College, Calcutta [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.	Manmatha Nath Das, Union Press, 67-9, Balaaram De Street, Calcutta.	1,200
	Price, ...		
	ENGLISH—MEDICINE.		
3	Jatindranath Maltra, (M.B.).—Influenza and Eye. [A thesis for the M. D. Examination, Calcutta University, 1919.] Pages 2, 3, 4. Published by the author, 68A, Beadon Street, Calcutta. 1919. [29th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i>	H. Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Meehhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	25
	Price, ...		
4	Nagendra Nath Sen Gupta, (Kavira).—The Ayurvedic System of Medicine. Vol. 1. [An exposition, in English, of Hindu medicine as occurring in ancient and modern Sanskrit works.] Pages 16, 29, 17-54, 408. Published by the author, 18-1 and 19, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta. 1919. [27th June, 1919.] 8°. 3rd edition. Revised and improved.	Bimala Charan Chakravarti, Nagendra Steam Printing Works, 17, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	1,500
	Price, Rs. 4.		
	[Previous edition noticed in entry No. 321 at page 40 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1909.]		
	ENGLISH—MISCELLANEOUS.		
113	Appreciation of the Recruiting Work of 2nd Lieutenant K. C. Nag. (M.B.E., B.A., Barrister-at-Law). Pages 19. Published by 2nd Lieutenant K. C. Nag, M.B.E., B.A., Barrister-at-Law, Mymensingh. [20th June, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition.	K. Gupta, Sen Brothers' Printing Works, Mymensingh.	100
	Price, ...		
114	Articles of Association of the Indian Drugs, Limited. Pages 16. Published by the printer, 45, Amburst Street, Calcutta. [10th August, 1919.] Folio, 1st edition.	K. C. Sose, Standard Drug Press, 45, Amburst Street, Calcutta.	150
	Price, ...		
115	Asquith, H. H., (Right Hon'ble, F.R.S., D.C.L., LL.D.).—Occasional Addresses 1893-1916. Pages 4, 161. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [22nd July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (R.)	K. C. Niyogi, Nababibhakar Press, 91-2, Meehhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	5,000
	Price, Rs. 3.		
116	Bald, Claud.—Drainage for Plantations. [A practical hand-book.] Pages 1, 2, 57. Published by the printer, 3, Esplanade, East, Calcutta. 1919. [22nd July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i>	Thacker, Spink & Co., Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, 6, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.	1,500
	Price, Rs. 2.		
117	Bengal Literary Conference and Exhibition, Howrah, (The) 1919. Exhibition Section. Report. Pages 23, 4. Published by the printer, Howrah. [10th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.	N. N. Pal Chaudhuri, Visvaduta Press, Howrah.	500
	Price ...		

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
118	Bye-Laws for the Sherpur Municipality. Pages 23. Published by the Chairman, Sherpur Municipality. 1919. [18th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Kedareswar Gupta, Sen Press, Mymensingh.	50
119	Cree, A. —All About Oil for Engineers. [A handbook of practical information on the composition, use of and testing of lubricants.] Pages 9, 263. Published by the printers, 3, Esplanade, East, Calcutta. 1919. [25th July, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Rs. 4-8. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 23 at page 79 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1915.]	Thacker, Spink & Co., Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, 6, Mangoe, Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
120	Crescent Moon (The). [A collection of prose translations from the original Bangla of the child-poems by Rabindra Nath Tagore.] Translated by the author. Pages 4, 82. Published by Macmillan & Co., Limited, 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [1st September 1919.] 16°. 1st edition (T) Price, Re. 1.	K. C. Niyogi, Nababibhakar Press, 91-2, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	5,000
121	Directory of Graduates of the University of the Punjab. [Up to and including the year 1914.] Pages 1, 1, 124. Published by the University of Lahore, Lahore. 1919. [9th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	500
122	Everybody's Letter-Writer. Compiled and edited by H. M. G., M.A., revised and enlarged by W. T. Webb, M.A. Pages 4, 358. Published by the printer, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. 6th edition. Price, Re. 1-6. [5th edition noticed in entry No. 261 at page 88 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1914.]	J. C. Ghosh, Cotton Press, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	1,000
123	Fruit Experiment Station, Quetta. Bulletin No. 2. Some Improvements in the Packing and Transport of Fruit in India. By Albert Howard, C.I.E., M.A., and Gabrielle L. C. Howard, M.A. Pages 1, 22. Published from Pusa. 1919. [15th August, 1919.] 4°. 3rd edition. <i>Illustrated</i> Price, 6 annas. [2nd edition noticed in entry No. 81 at page 44 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1915.]	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	500

**BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.**

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
124	Fruit Experiment Station, Quetta. Bulletin No. 4. The Saving of Irrigation Water in Wheat Growing. By Albert Howard, C.I.E., M.A., and Gabrielle L. C. Howard, M.A. Pages 1, 1, 22. Published by A. Howard, Quetta. 1919. [13th September, 1919. 4°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas.	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	500
	[1st edition noticed in entry No. 83 at page 44 of the Cata- logue for the quarter ending December, 1915.]		
125	Government of India Reports, 1918-19: Edited by H. N. Mitra, M.A., B.L. Pages 2, 200. Published by N. N. Mitra, Annual Register Office, Sibpur, Calcutta. 1919. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Jyotishchandra Ghosh, Cotton Press, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	1,000
126	Good-Luck Programme with Tips and Results. Calcutta Monsoon Meeting. [Second day, Saturday, 26th July, 1919.] Pages 12. Published by B. K. Biswas, 6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Balaicharan Das, Temple Printing Works, 6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	1,000
127	[Third day, Saturday, 2nd August, 1919] Pages 12. [2nd August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Ditto ...	1,000
128	Hamilton, C. J., (M.A.)—The Trade Relations between England and India (1600-1896). Pages 4, 1, 263. Pub- lished by the printers, 3, Esplanade East, Calcutta. 1919 [22nd July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 5.	Thacker, Spink & Co., Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, 6, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.	1,500
129	India in Parliament and Abroad, 1917-1919. [A record of proceedings on Indian affairs in both Houses of the British Parliament, and a collection of speeches and writings on India in England, America, the dominions, etc.] Edited by H. N. Mitra, M.A., B.L. Pages 16, 147, 105. Published by N. N. Mitra, Annual Register office, Sibpur, Calcutta. 1919. [18th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1-12.	Jitendranath Sen, B.A., Vidyodaya Press, 8-2, Kasi Ghosh Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
130	Indian Annual Register, 1919 (The). [An annual digest of all public activities—political, social, industrial, educational, etc., in and concerning India.] Edited by H. N. Mitra, M.A., B.L. Pages 10, 164, 16, 147, 105, 2, 160, 160A-160F, 161-200, 152, 89, 46. Published by N. N. Mitra, Annual Register Office, Sibpur, Calcutta. 1919. [12th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 5.	Ditto ...	1,000
131	Indian Horse Notes. [An epitome of useful infor- mation arranged for easy reference and specially adapted for officers and country residents. By Major C—] Pages 1, 1, 1, 105. Published by the printers, 3, Esplanade East, Calcutta. 1919. [22nd September, 1919.] 16°. 7th edition. Price, Rs. 2-8.	Thacker, Spink & Co., Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, 6, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.	3,000
	[6th edition noticed in entry No. 55 at page 54 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1912.]		

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1 Serial No.	2 Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	3 Printer and place of printing.	4 Number of copies.
ENGLISH—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.			
132	Irons, M. V. —Needle-work and cooking exhibition, March 10th, 1919. Report of the Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle. Pages 10. Published by the authoress, office of the Inspectress of Schools, Dacca. [28th March, 1919.] 1st edition. Price, ...	A. C. Sarkar, Jahnabi Press, 63, Nawabpur, Dacca.	1,000
133	Jaharlal Das, (L.M.S.). —A Manual of Conservancy. [With an introduction by Chas. A. Bentley, M.B. (Edin.), D.F.H., D.T.M. & H. (Camb.).] Pages 13, 187. Published by Butterworth & Co. (India), Ltd., 6, Hastings Street, Calcutta. 1919 [8th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Rs. 5-10.	K. C. Niyogi, Nababibhakar Press, 91-2, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
134	"Juju." —My Autobiography. [A fictitious autobiography.] Pages 2, 92. Published by S. N. Bose, 24, Rajabagan Junction Road, Calcutta. [20th January, 1919.] 12°. 2nd edition. Price, 8 annas. [1st edition not traceable.]	R. C. Bhattacharyya, Banerji Press, 2, Maharani Svarnamoyi Road, Calcutta	1,000
135	Knox, Jas. —Cubical Calculator. [Gives the cubic capacities of jute and cotton bales, tea and oil in cases, also goat-skins, both cases and bales.] Pages 1, 211. Published by the printers, 3, Esplanade East, Calcutta. 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 7-8.	Thacker, Spink & Co., Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, 6 Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.	2,000
136	Last Message from the late Bishop of Calcutta to Soldiers in India (A). Pages 8. [4th September, 1919.] Oblong. 1st edition Price, ...	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	10,000
137	Manindra Chandra Sinha, (Kumar, M.B.E.). —Writings and Speeches of Kumar Manindra Chandra Sinha, M.B.E., of Paikpara and Kandi Raj. [On miscellaneous subjects with an introduction by H. W. B. Moreno.] Pages 167, 130, 9. Published by the printer, 12, Wellesley Street, Calcutta. [2nd August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	H. W. B. Moreno, Central Press, 12, Wellesley Street, Calcutta.	125
138	Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Aurora Match Factory, Limited. Pages 2, 31. Published by the Directors, the Aurora Match Factory, Limited, Jalpaiguri. [24th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	J. N. Majumdar, Royal Printing Works, Ltd., Jalpaiguri.	150
139	Mookerjee, S.C. —Snapshots. [A collection of miscellaneous humorous poems, topical sketches and parodies.] Pages 2, 37. Published by S. C. Sarkar, B.A., 90-2, Harrison Road, Calcutta, [5th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1.	B. B. De, Modern Printing House, 26, Amberst Street, Calcutta.	500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1 Serial No.	2 Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	3 Printer and place of Printing.	4 Number of copies.
	ENGLISH—MISCELLANEOUS—<i>contd.</i>		
140	Moreno, H. W. B., (B.A., Ph. D., M.R.A.S.).— The Paikpara Raj and Kandi Raj [An account of the Paikpara and Kandi Raj family of Bengal with a recommendation that the present Kumar may be made a Raja by the Government.] Pages 59, 2. Published by the author, 12, Wellesley Street, Calcutta. [19th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, ...	H. W. B. Moreno, Central Press, 12, Wellesley Street, Calcutta.	* 125
141	Official Race Book of the Royal Calcutta Turf Club (The). Calcutta Monsoon Meeting, 1919. First day, Saturday 19th July. Pages 30. Published by Arthur Fawcett, 49, Theatre Road, Calcutta. [19th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition Price, 8 annas.	C. V. Smith, City Press, 9, Strand Road, Calcutta.	3,800
142	_____. [Second day, Saturday, 26th July, 1919.] Pages 35 [26th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	3,200
143	_____. [Third day, Saturday, 2nd August, 1919.] Pages 36. [2nd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	3,000
144	_____. [Fourth day, Saturday, 9th August, 1919.] Pages 37. [9th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	3,200
145	_____. [Fifth day, Saturday, 16th August, 1919.] Pages 43. [16th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	3,300
146	_____. [First extra meeting, Monday, 18th August, 1919.] Pages 44. [18th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	3,500
147	_____. [Second extra meeting, Saturday, 23rd August, 1919.] Pages 46. [23rd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	3,200
148	_____. [Third extra meeting, Saturday, 30th August, 1919.] Pages 48. [30th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	3,200
149	_____. [Fourth extra meeting, Saturday, 6th September, 1919.] Pages 30. [6th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	3,200
150	Oxnam, G. Bromley, (M.A., S.T.B.).— In Days of Social Reconstruction. [The Christian Solution of Present Day Problems, Principles, Procedure, Programme.] Pages 14. Published by the Association Press, 5, Russell Street, Calcutta. 1919. [13th September, 1919.] Oblong. 1st edition. Price, nil.	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
151	Pearson's Race Programme Book, with Previous Results and Tips. Calcutta Monsoon Meeting, 1919. First Meeting. First day, Saturday, 19th July, 1919. Pages 14. Published by the printer, 16A, British Indian Street, Calcutta. [19th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	S. C. Datta, 16A, British Indian Street, Calcutta.	50
152	[Second day, Saturday, 26th July, 1919.] Pages 20. [26th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	50
153	[Second extra meeting, Saturday, 23rd August, 1919] Pages 28. [23rd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	50
154	[Third extra meeting, Saturday, 30th August, 1919] Pages 30. [30th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	50
155	[Fourth extra meeting, Saturday, 6th September, 1919.] Pages 32. [6th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	32
156	[Fifth extra meeting, Saturday, 13th September, 1919.] Pages 36. [13th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	35
157	Punjab Disturbances. [Reprint of extracts from the "Indian Mirror" of Calcutta on the Punjab disturbances.] Pages 19. Published from the "Indian Mirror" Office, 55, Creek Row, Calcutta. [8th September, 1919.] 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	N. Mukherji, Gupta Mukherji & Co.'s Press, 1, Wellington Square, Calcutta.	4,200
158	Rabindranath Tagore. —The Trial of the Horse. [An allegory. Reprinted from the "Modern Review" for August, 1919.] Pages 7. Published by R. Chatterji, 210 3-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [14th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, ...	A. C. Sarkar, Brahma Mission Press, 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	24
159	Racing Guide. [Programme with Tips and Results. Calcutta Monsoon, First Meeting. First day, Saturday, 19th July, 1919.] Pages 8. Published by F. N. Niyogi, 9, Niyogipukur Bye-Lane, Calcutta. [19th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Surendranath Chandra, Pratibha Press, 211-A, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,500
160	[Second day, Saturday, 26th July, 1919.] Pages 16. [26th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	1,500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
161	Racing Guide. [Programme with Tip, and Results. Calcutta Monsoon. First Meeting. Third day, Saturday, 2nd August, 1919.] Pages 16. Published by F. N. Niyogi, 9, Niyogipukur Bye-lane, Calcutta. [2nd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition Price, 4 annas.	Surendranath Chandra, Pratibha Press, 211-A, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,500
162	_____. [Fourth day, Saturday, 9th August, 1919.] Pages 16. [9th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,500
163	_____. [Fifth day, Saturday, 16th August, 1919.] Pages 18. [16th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,500
164	_____. [First Extra Meeting, Monday, 18th August, 1919.] Pages 20. [18th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,750
165	_____. [Second Extra Meeting, Saturday, 23rd August, 1919.] Pages 20. [23rd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,750
166	_____. [Third Extra Meeting, Saturday, 30th August, 1919.] Pages 23. [30th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,900
167	_____. [Fourth Extra Meeting, Saturday, 6th September, 1919.] Pages 22. [6th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,900
168	_____. [Fifth Extra Meeting, Saturday, 13th September, 1919.] Pages 24. [13th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,900
169	Report of the Non-Official Commission of the Calcutta Disturbances (1918). Pages 91. Published by N. C. Sen, Bar-at-Law, 10, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta. 1919. [14th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	S. C. Majumdar, Sri Gauranga Press, 71-1, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	1,000
170	Sailendra Krishna Deb. —The Vedic Age. [A monograph.] Pages 6. Published by the author, 9, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta. 1919. [22nd August, 1919.] 8°. New edition. Price, 6 pias.	B. K. Das, Wellington Printing Works, 10, Haladhar Bardhan Lane, Calcutta.	200
171	Statement of Looms required to make 1 lakh bags (Twills and D. W's.) against Available Working Days. Compiled by W. R. M. Pages 31. Published by the printers, 3, Esplanade East, Calcutta. 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Not for sale.</i>	Thacker, Spink & Co., Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, 6, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.	500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the size of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
172	Tanknath Chaudhuri. —Presidential Address at the Anniversary Meeting of the Bhagalpur Maithil Students' Associations. Pages 15. 1919. [15th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Manmathanath Das, Union Press, 67-9, Balaram De Street, Calcutta.	1,000
173	Telegraph Code. —[Private Code for Gunny (Burlaps) and Bags.] Pages 62. Published by F. T. Chester, 44, Ripon Street, Calcutta [25th July, 1919.] Folio. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 16.	Traill & Co., Ltd., 20, British Indian Street, Calcutta.	100
174	_____. [Private Burlaps (Hessian cloth) and bags.] Pages 62. [25th July, 1919.] Folio. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 16.	Ditto ...	100
175	Vivekananda (The Svami) —Complete Works of the Svami Vivekananda. Part III]. Pages 3, 461. Published by Svami Prajnananda, Prabuddha Bharata Office, Mayavati, Almora. 1918. [15th July, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Revised. Price Rs. 2-8. [Part II noticed in entry No. 22 at page 58 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	S. C. Majumdar, Sri Gauranga Press, 71-1, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta	1,000
176	_____. Part IV. Pages 2, 449. Published by Svami Madhavananda, Prabuddha Bharata Office, Mayavati, Almora. 1919. [11th August, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Revised. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Rs. 2-8.	Ditto ...	2,000
177	_____. Part V. Pages 2, 439. 1919. [30th August, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Revised. Price, Rs. 2-12.	Ditto ...	2,000
178	"Winter" Race Book and Programme with Splendid Tips (Thō). Calcutta Monsoon Meeting, 1919 First Meeting. First day, Saturday, 19th July, 1919. Pages 14. Published by the printer, 16A, British Indian Street, Calcutta. [19th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	S. C. Datta. 16A, British Indian Street, Calcutta.	700
179	_____. Second day, Saturday, 26th July, 1919. [26th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	500
180	_____. Third day, Saturday, 2nd August, 1919 [2nd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	500
181	_____. Fourth day, Saturday, 9th August, 1919. [9th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1 Serial No.	2 Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, & date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	3 Printer and place of Printing.	4 Number of copies.
ENGLISH—MISCELLANEOUS—concl'd.			
182	"Winter" Race Book and Programme with Splendid Tips (The). Calcutta Monsoon Meeting, 1919. First Meeting, Fifth day, Saturday, 16th August, 1919. Pages 14. Published by the printer, 16A, British Indian Street, Calcutta. [16th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	S. C. Datta, 16A, British Indian Street, Calcutta.	500
183	_____. * First extra meeting, Monday, 18th August, 1919. [18th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	500
184	_____. Second extra meeting, Saturday, 23rd August, 1919. [23rd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	500
185	_____. Third extra meeting, Saturday, 30th August, 1919. [30th August 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	500
186	_____. Fourth extra meeting, Saturday, 6th September, 1919. [6th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	700
187	_____. Fifth extra meeting, Saturday, 13th September, 1919. [13th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	500
ENGLISH—PHILOSOPHY.			
8	Dandoy, G. (S. J.). —An Essay on the Doctrine of the Unreality of the World in the Advaita. [Reprinted from the Catholic Herald of India.] Pages 65. Published by A. Rome, 3 and 4, Portuguese Church Street, Calcutta. 1919. [7th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	A. Rome, Catholic Orphan Press, 4, Portuguese Church Street, Calcutta.	500
9	Vivekananda (Swami). —Thoughts on Vedanta. Pages 76. Published by Swami Visweswarananda, 1, Mookherji Lane, Calcutta. 1918. [20th July, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, 10 annas. [Previous edition noticed in entry No. 237 at pages 50 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1908.] <i>Educational—</i>	S. C. Majumdar, Sri Gauranga Press, 71-1, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	1,000
10	Banerjee, A. (M.A.). —A Synopsis of Psychology. [Adapted to the B. A. syllabus.] Pages 224. Published by J. C. Ghose, 56, College Street, Calcutta 1919. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. 6th edition. Price, Re. 1-5.	J. C. Ghose, Cotton Press, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	1,000

**BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.**

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition, and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH—PHILOSOPHY—concl'd.		
	<i>Educational—concl'd</i>		
11	Banerjee, A. L., (M.A.) —Elementary Course of Ethics. [With University Questions and Answers.] Pages 200. 28. Published by Upendra Nath Bhattacharjee, Literary Book Depot, Cornwallis Buildings, Calcutta. 1918. [8th July, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Revised and Enlarged. Price, Rs. 1-4.	H. C. Bhattacharjee, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mechhua Bazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
12	Phanibhushan Chatterjee, (M.A., B.L.) —Out- lines of General Philosophy. [Adapted to the require- ments of B. A. students.] Pages 316. Published by N. L. Chatterjee, 37, Madhu Ray Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [22nd September, 1919.] 8°. 3rd edition. Price, Rs. 2-8.	N. L. Chatterji, Indian Press, 37, Madhu Ray Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
13	Principles of Ethics. Pages 295. Published by N. L. Chatterji, 37, Madhu Ray Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [30th June, 1919.] 8°. 6th edition. Price, Rs. 2-8.	Ditto ...	1,000
	ENGLISH—POETRY.		
17	Delighton, Thomas. —Mountain Echoes. [A collection of poems.] Pages 39. Published by Thacker, Spink & Co., 3, Esplanade, East, Calcutta. 1919. [15th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1-8.	Thacker, Spink & Co. Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, 6, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta	300
18	Children's Treasury of Lyrical Poetry, Part I, (The). [Selected and arranged with notes by F. T. Palgrave.] Pages 164. Published by Macmillan & Co., Calcutta. 1919. [24th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R.) Price, ...	R. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	5,000
19	Gray's Poems. Edited with introduction, notes, etc., by A. L. Banerji, M.A. Pages 160. Published by Upendra Chandra Bhattacharyya, Cornwallis Buildings, Calcutta. 1919. [15th July, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. (R.) Price, Rs. 1-4.	J. N. Sen, B.A., Vidya daya Press, 8-2, Kashi Ghose Lane, Calcutta.	2,000
20	[With introduction, notes, etc.] Edited by S. C. Sarkar, M.A. Pages 143. Published by H. Sarkar, Dacca. 1919. [2nd April, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (R.) Price, 12 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra S. M. Press, Dacca.	1,250
21	[University selections for 1920 and 1921, with introduction, etc.] Edited by Chandra Nath Mitra, M.A., and Ganendra Nath Basu Mullick, M.A. Pages 133. Published by D. N. Mitra, 168, Upper Circular Road, Cal- cutta. [4th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (R.) Price, 14 annas.	Mannatha Nath Das, Union Press, 67-9, Balaram De Street, Calcutta.	1,000
22	[With introduction and notes.] Edited by S. C. Chatterjee, M.A. Pages 128. Published by Dines Chandra Chatterjee, M.A., 48-1, Harrison Road, Cal- cutta. [12th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (R.) Price, 12 annas.	M. N. Ghosh, Ghosh Machine Press, 38, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	1,100

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christ era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH—POETRY—contd.		
	<i>Educational—contd.</i>		
23	Gray's Poems. [University Selections for 1920. With introduction, text, paraphrases, explanatory notes, etc.] Edited by J. L. Banerjee, M.A. Pages 147. Published by Satyendra Nath Das, B.A., Cornwallis Buildings, Calcutta. 1919. [15th July, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. (R.) Price, Rs. 1-4.	M. N. Ghosh. Ghosh Machine Press, 38, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	3,000
24	Indian Schools Book of Verse, Part II (The). [Selected and arranged by E. Stokes.] Pages 132. Published by Longmans, Green & Co., 6, Old Court House Street, Calcutta. 1919. [28th July, 1919.] 8°. New impression. Price, ...	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road Calcutta.	4,000
25	Lahiri's Select English Readings: Poetry. [Selected, adapted and arranged for the use of higher and middle classes.] Pages 383. Published by J. C. Ghosh, 56, College Street, Calcutta. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. Price, Rs. 1-4.	J. C. Ghose, Cotton Press, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	3,000
26	Milton. Comus. [Students' Variorum edition. With introduction, marginal analysis, full paraphrase, etc.] Edited by Phanindra Krishna Bose, M.A. Pages 124. Published by Sachindra Lal Mitra, 199, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [3rd September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (R.) Price, Rs. 1-8.	S. K. Chatterjee, Bani Press, 12-1, Chorbagan Lane, Calcutta.	1,100
27	Palgrave. Golden Treasury, Book IV. [With additional poems.] Pages 200. Published by J. N. Bhattacharyya, 37, Garpar Road, Calcutta. 1919. [15th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (R.) Price, 12 annas.	S. C. Majumdar, Sri Gauranga Press, 71-1, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	1,000
28	[With additional poems.] Edited with introduction, notes, etc., by Jitendralal Banerjee, M.A. Pages 194, 5. Published by Satyendra Nath Das, B.A., Cornwallis Buildings, Calcutta. 1919. [23rd June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (R.) Price, Rs. 2-4.	Sadhu Charan Das, Rasik Law Printing Works, 21, Kenderdine Lane, Calcutta.	2,000
29	Poems of Gray. [Text with introduction, notes, University questions and answers.] Edited by S. C. Mitter, M.A. Pages 185. Published by Kedar Nath Bose, B.A., 28-4, Akhil Mistry Lane, Calcutta. [16th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (R.) Price, Rs. 1.	Sarveswar Bhattacharyya, Buckland Press, 28, Baitakhana Road, Calcutta.	1,000
30	Poetical Selections. Pages 527. Published by the Calcutta University, Senate House, Calcutta. 1919. [28th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2-8.	Atul Chandra Bhattacharyya, Calcutta University Press, Senate House, Calcutta.	10,000
31	Poetical Selections. Part III. Edited by J. F. Campbell, M.A. (Oxon.) Pages 2, 61. Published by S. K. Malik, 18, Bhuban Mohan Sarkar Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [12th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	K. G. Niyogi, Naba-bibhakar Press, 91-2, Machhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,200

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919.—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH—POETRY—conclud.		
	<i>Educational—conclud.</i>		
32	Tennyson's Passing of Arthur. —[With introduction, critical questions, etc.] Pages 94. Published by S. N. Mukharjee, 159A, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [15th July, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, 12 annas.	K. D. Mitter, Herald Printing Works, 159A, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,250
	ENGLISH—RELIGION.		
23	Gupte, B. A. (Rai Bahadur, F. Z.S.). —Hindu Holi days and Ceremonials. [With dissertations on origin, folklore and symbols.] Pages 4, 15, 26, 285, and 16 plates. Published by the printers, 3, Esplanade East, Calcutta. 1919. [22nd September, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Revised. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Rs. 8. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 28 at page 36 of the catalogue for the quarter ending December 1916.]	Thacker, Spink & Co., Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, 6, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
24	Mahabharata (The), Vol. I, Part I. [English Translation of the Mahabharata of Krishna Dwaipāyana Vyasa by Pratap Chandra Ray, C.I.E., Adi Parva, Sections I to I.IV.] Pages 1, 7, 1, 1-106. Published by J. N. Bose, 29, Durga Charan Mitra Street, Calcutta. 1919. [20th June, 1919.] 8°. New edition. (T.) Price, Rs. 1. [Previous edition noticed in entry No. 422 at pages 48-49 of the catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1883.]	S. K. Chatterji, Bani Press, 12 1, Chore Bagan Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
25	Our Father. Part VI. [Devotions from the Holy Bible and The Book of Common Prayer, arranged after the manner of The Lord's Prayer.] Compiled by the Oxford Mission, Calcutta. Pages 1, 1, 5, 179. Published by the printer, 61, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. [24th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Purna Chandra Das, Kuntalin Press, 61, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
26	Peace ! Glorious Peace ! [A leaflet on the spiritual lesson taught by the Peace.] Pages 4. Published by Rev. J. Takle, Brahmaubaria, Tippera. [16th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	1,500
27	Vivekananda, Swami. —Karma-Yoga. [Eight lectures delivered by Swami Vivekananda at New York in 1894-95, showing how man can attain his goal by doing his duties in life.] Pages 2, 161. Published by Swami Visweswarananda, 1, Mukerjee Lane, Calcutta. 1918. [17th July, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. Price, 12 annas. [Previous edition noticed in entry No. 255 at page 33 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1907.]	S. C. Majumdar, Sri Gauranga Press, 71-1, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	1,000
28	_____. Pages 1, 92. Published by Swami Madhavananda, Mayavati, Almora. 1919. [17th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas.	Ditto ...	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1 Serial No.	2 Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	3 Printer and place of Printing.	4 Number of copies.
ENGLISH—RELIGION—concl'd.			
29	Vivekananda (Swami). —Realisation and Its Methods. [Lectures delivered by the author in America and other places.] Pages 2, 98. Published by Swami Visweswarananda, 1, Mukherji Lane, Calcutta. 1918. [22nd July, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, 10 annas. [Previous edition noticed in entry No. 251 at page 52 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1908.]	S. C. Majumdar, Sri Gauranga Press, 71-1, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	1,000
30	Religion of Love. Pages 1, 127. Published by Swami Visweswarananda, 1, Mukherjee Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [26th July, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. Price, 10 annas. [Previous edition noticed in entry No. 375 at page 62 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1914.]	Ditto ...	1,000
31	Words of the Master. [Selected precepts of Sri Ramkrishna.] Compiled by Swami Brahmaananda. Pages 2, 3, 173. Published by Swami Visweswarananda, 1, Mukherji Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [28th July, 1919.] 32°. 3rd edition. Price, 6 annas. [Previous edition noticed in entry No. 15 at page 56 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1917.]	Ditto ...	1,000
ENGLISH—SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL).			
<i>Educational—</i>			
16	Gauri Sankar Das, (M.A.). —Matriculation Geometry, both theoretical and practical. Books I-III. Pages 1, 1, 4, 344. Published by K. C. Datta, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1919. [3rd July, 1919.] 16°. 7th edition. Price, Re. 1-12.	K. C. Datta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	5,000
17	Indu Bhushan Brahmachari, (M.A.), and Chinta Haran Ray, (M.A.). —Intermediate Geometry. [For Intermediate Students of Indian Universities.] Pages 1, 1, 361-431. Published by J. C. Ghosh, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1919. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. New edition. Price, 8 annas.	J. C. Ghosh, Cotton Press, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	2,100
18	Satyabhushan Chanda, (B.Sc.). —A Senior Arithmetic. [For Matriculation Students.] Pages 1, 1, 1, 3, 110. Published by the author, 38, Panioty Lane, Dacca. 1919. [26th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 10 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH—SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL AND NATURAL).		
1	Journal of the Department of Science. Vol. I. Pages 3, 70, 208, 43, 4. Published by the University of Calcutta. 1919. [28th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	A. C. Bhattacharyya, Calcutta University Press, Senate House, Calcutta.	1,000
	ENGLISH—SCIENCE (NATURAL AND OTHER).		
2	Memoirs of the Indian Museum. Vol. VII, No. 2. [This number contains "Observations on the Shells of the Family Doliidae", by E. W. Vredenburg, B.L., B.Sc., F.G.S., etc.] Pages 145-190 with 8 plates. Published by the Director, Zoological Survey of India, Calcutta. 1919. [29th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Rs. 5-8.	Rev. P. Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	500
	Educational—		
3	Syllabus, comprising the Answers to Questions for the Chilean Nitrate Committee Agricultural Night Schools. Pages 9. Published by the printer, 1, Sibsankar Mallik Lane, Calcutta. [29th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, ...	S. B. Chakravarti, Temple Press, 1, Sibsankar Mallik Lane, Calcutta.	100
4	Harendra Nath Das, (M.A., M.D.).—Elements of Physiological Chemistry. [For medical students.] Pages 1, 1, 1, 71. Published by the author, 141, Amherst Street, Calcutta. 1919. [23rd August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2.	Sukhamay Mitra, New Arya Mission Press, 9, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	250
5	Jones, Lionel M., (B. Sc., etc.).—Introductory Chemistry for Intermediate Schools. Pages 2, 2, 196. Published by Macmillan & Co., Limited, Calcutta. 1919. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. New edition. Price, ...	Jyotish Chandra Ghosh, Cotton Press, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	3,000
6	Sathe, L. G.—Notes on Physics. Pages 63. Published by Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta. 1919. [2nd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. For private circulation only. Price, ...	Thacker, Spink & Co., Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, 6, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.	250
	ENGLISH—TRAVELS AND VOYAGES.		
1	Crump, Ashbrooke (Mrs.).—A Ride to Leh. [A description of the authoress' journey from Srinagar to Leh.] Pages 53. Published by the printers, 3, Esplanade East, Calcutta. 1919. [22nd September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Rs. 3.	Thacker, Spink & Co., Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, 6, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.	250
	GUJRATI—DRAMA.		
1	કેટલાક સંવાદો. [Ketalak Samvado. Contains selected pieces from ten Bengali dramas in Gujrati.] Edited by Champai Bittaldas Odeni. Pages 4, 104. Published by the editor, 102-4, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta. 1919. [22nd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Rs. 1.	A. S. Patele, Bombay Fine Art Printing Works, 26, Amratala Lane, Calcutta.	1,000

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	GUJRATI—MISCELLANEOUS.		
3	Aga Hasra Kashmiri (Munshi). —મધુર મુરલી નાટકના ગાયન. [Madhur Murali Nataknam Gāyan. Songs of the drama "Madhur Murali"] Pages 18. Published by J. F. Madan, 5, Dharmatola Street, Calcutta. [28th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	E. N. Kanga, Navroz Printing Works, 29-30, Ezra Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	HINDI—ART.		
1	Bhriḡunath Sarma (Munshi). —वंशी मङ्गरी। द्वितीय खण्ड । [Vansī Manjari. Dvitiya Khanda. Blossoms of the Flute. Part II. Instructions for playing on the harmonium with a collection of songs with their notations.] Pages 2, 4, 131. Published by Lala Ghr̥ḡumarayan Barma, 374, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. 1976 Samvat or 1919-20 A.D. [24th July, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, Re. 1. [Part I noticed in entry No. 65 at page 32 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1907, and 1st edition noticed in entry No. 1 at page 63 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1909.]	Ramlal Barma, Barman Press, 371, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	1,000
	HINDI—BIOGRAPHY.		
2	Gopalprasad Sarma. —श्रीहिता चरित्र । [Sri Hita Charitra. Life of Sri Hit. A brief life of Gosvāmi Srihit Harivansa Chandraji.] Pages 4, 2, 1, 4, 108. Published by Mulchand Lal Gosvāmi, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Baghazar, Calcutta. 1976 Samvat or 1919-20 A.D. [23rd June, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 12 annas.	Baidyanath Chakravarti, Sri Sri Rādhā Press, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Baghazar, Calcutta.	500
3	जिन्दत्त चरित्र । [Jindatta Charitra. Life of Jindatta, a Jaina. Translated into Hindi from the Sanskrit work of the same name.] Translated by Srital Jaina Kavyatirtha. Pages 6, 136. Published by Pannalal Baklival, 8, Mahendra Basu Lane, Calcutta. [8th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (T.) Price, 8 annas.	Srital Jaina, Jaina Siddhanta Prakasak Press, 8, Mahendra Basu Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
4	Thakur Jugai Kisor Narayan Sinha. —ठाकुर जिवनारायण सिंदजोश जीव-चरित । [Thākur Sivanārāyan Sinha Ji Kā Jivan-Charit. Life of late Thākur Sivanārāyan Sinha, Talukdar of Gaurā, district Rai Bareilly.] Pages 2, 44. Published by the author, Gaurā, Rai Bareilly. 1919. [7th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, ...	Rampratap Bhargav, Narsingh Press, 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	1,000

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	HINDI—FICTION.		
29	Bittai Das Kothari. —खुनी मामला। [Khuni Matula. A Murder Case. A detective story.] Pages 2, 88. Published by Haridas Vaidya trading as Haridas & Co., 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1919. [22nd July, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, 8 annas.	Rampratap Bhargav, Narsingh Press, 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	1,000
	[1st edition noticed in entry No. 1 at page 89 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1913.]		
30	देवी चौधरानी। [Devi-Chaudharani (a name). A Hindi translation of Rai Bankim Chandra Chatterji Bahadur's Bengali novel of the same name.] Translated by Haridas Vaidya. Pages 2, 286. Published by Haridas Vaidya, trading as Haridas & Co., 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1919. [5th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (T). Price, Rs. 1-8.	Ditto ...	1,000
31	Hari Krishna Jauhar. —भुगर्भकी यात्रा। [Bhugarbha Ki Sair. Pratham Pustak. A Journey under the Earth. Part I. A sensational story based upon Jules Verne's work "A journey into the interior of the Earth"] Pages 80. Published by the author, 64, Harrison Road, Calcutta. [14th September, 1919] 16°. 1st edition Price, 4 annas.	Hrishikesh Ghosh, Rudra Printing Works, 15, Simla Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
32	Nihalchand Barma. —मोतीमहल या लक्ष्मी देवी। खटवा नाम। [Motimahāl Yā Lakshmi Devi. Chhathvān Bhāg. The Pearl Palace or Lakshmi Devi (a name) Part VI. A romantic story.] Pages 96. Published by the author, 1, Narayanprasad Lane, Calcutta. 1975 Samvat or 1918-19 A.D. [20th August, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. Price, 10 annas.	Nihālchānd Barma, Durga Press, 74, Bartalā Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	[Part V noticed in entry No. 21 at page 61 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919, and 1st edition not traceable.]		
33	सावित्री सत्यवान। [Savitri-Satyavan. (Two names). A mythological story translated into Hindi from Surendra Mohan Ray's Bengali work "Savitri-Satyavan."] Translated by Navajādiklāl Srivāstāv. Pages 2, 2, 146. Published by Ram Lal Barmā, 371, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. 1976 Samvat or 1919-20 A.D. [10th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Illustrated. (T). Price, Rs. 2.	Ram Lal Barmā, Barmā Press, 371, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	2,000

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publishing and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	HINDI—FICTION—concl'd.		
34	<p>विराज-बहु । [Viraj-Bahu. (A name). A Hindi translation of Sarat Chandra Chatterji's Bengali novel of the same name.] Translated by Chandra Sekhar Pāthak. Pages 2, 182. Published by Haridas Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1976 Samvat or 1919-20 A.D. [15th September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (T.)</p> <p align="center">Price, Rs. 1-4.</p>	Hrishikesh Ghosh, Rudra Printing Works, 15, Simla Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	HINDI—HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY).		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
4	<p>Marsden, E., (B.A., F.R.G.S.) and Tejram, (M.A.)—जियोग्रेफी रीडर । नम्बर १ । [Gyogrephi Ridar Nambar 1. The Geography Reader. No. 1. A School Geography.] Pages 1, 48. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd, 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [28th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Illustrated.</p> <p align="center">Price, 3 annas.</p>	K. C. Niyogi, Nababibhakar Press, 91-2, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	5,000
	HINDI—LANGUAGE.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
9	<p>Ambikaprasad Bajpeyi.—हिन्दी की मूल । [Hindi Kaumudi. A Hindi Grammar.] Pages 2, 4, 144. Published by Pratap Narayan Bajpeyi, 30, Chāṣadhobāpārā Street, Calcutta. [16th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 8 annas.</p>	Nihalchand Batmar, Durga Press, 74, Bartala Street, Calcutta.	1,000
10	<p>पूर्वदेशीय कथाएं और कहानियां । श्रेणी ३ । अंक १ । राम और सीताका जन्म वनवास और अज्ञान । [Purvadesiya Kathaen Aur Kahaniyan. Sreni 3. Anka 1. Rama Aur Sita Ka Janma, Vanavas, Aur Bhraman. Eastern Fables, Grade III. No. 1. Birth, Exile and Wanderings of Rāma and Sitā.] Pages 82. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Illustrated.</p> <p align="center">Price, 4 annas.</p>	Jyotish Chandra Ghosh, Cotton Press, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	5,000
11	<p>पूर्वदेशीय कथाएं और कहानियां । श्रेणी ५ । अंक २ । बाल पक्षी की पन्द्रह कहानियां । [Purvadesiya Kathaen Aur Kahaniyan. Sreni 5. Anka 2. Baital Pachisi ki Pandrah Kahaniyan. Eastern Fables, Grade V. No 2. Fifteen tales from Baital Pachisi.] Pages 124. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd, Calcutta. [28th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Illustrated.</p> <p align="center">Price, 7 annas.</p>	Purna Chandra Das, Kuntalin Press, 61, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	5,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is given, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price	Printer and place of Printing	Number of copies
	HINDI—MEDICINE.		
1	होमियोपैथिक चिकित्सा-शिक्षा । [Homioopathik Chikitsa-Siksha. Instruction in Homoeopathic Treatment Translated from the Bengali work by Nisi Kanta Majumdar] Translated by Kalidatta Misra Pages 2, 6, 113 Published by N K Majumdar 247, Tipper Chitpur Road, Calcutta 1919 [28th August, 1919] 12° 3rd edition (1)	Pulinbaha Das, Devaki Mandan Press, 66, Maniktala Street, Calcutta	1,000
	Price, 8 annas.		
	[Previous editions not traceable]		
	HINDI—MISCELLANEOUS.		
25	आम्र हास्य कश्मीरी.—मधुर मुरली के गान । [Madhur Murali Ke Gane An epitome and songs of the drama 'Madhur Murali'] Pages 4 12 Published by J I Madan, 5, Dharmatala Street Calcutta [21st June, 1919] 16° 1st edition	Ramlal Barmā, Barman Press 571, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta	2,000
	Price, 4 annas.		
26	मधुर मुरली के गान । [Madhur Murali Ke Gane Hindi songs of the drama 'Madhur Murali' in Bengali character.] Pages 8 Published by J I Madan 5, Dharmatala Street Calcutta [18th July, 1919] 12° 1st edition	Ditto	1,000
	Price, 3 annas.		
27	बारहमासा संग्रह । [Barahmasa Sangraha. A collection of miscellaneous songs for twelve months Pages 58 Published by Nemi Chandra Jain 8, Mahendra Basu Lane, Syambazar, Calcutta [15th July 1919] 16° 1st edition	Sulal Jama Jaina Siddhanta Prakash Press, 8 Mahendra Basu Lane Syambazar, Calcutta	1,000
	Price, 4 annas.		
28	भीष्म नाटक के गायन, कार्यक्रम आदि । [Bhishma Natak ke Gayan, Karyyakram Adi. The programme and songs of the drama Bhishma] Pages 16 Published by Bholanath Barman, Hindi Natya Parishad, 83, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta 1919 [10th August, 1919] 16° 1st edition	Mahaviprasad Poddar, Banik Press 60, Muzapur Street, Calcutta	500
	Price, 3 annas.		
29	गणेशदत्ता सरमा गौड़.—भीम चरित । [Blum Charit. Life and Career of the warrior Bluma from the Mahabharata] Pages 3, 164 Published by Mahadev Prasad Seth, 12 Hari Sarkar Lane Calcutta 1975 samvat or 1918 19 A D [23rd June, 1919] 12° 1st edition	Mihir Chandra Ghosh, New Sarasvati Press, 25A, Meherbazar Street, Calcutta	1,000
	Price, 14 annas.		
30	Good-Luck. टिप समेत प्रोग्राम । [Good Luck Tip Samet Program Good Luck Tip Programme with tips Calcutta Monsoon Meeting, 5th day 16th August, 1919 A race guide] Pages 8 Published by Narendra Nath Basu, Barabazar, Calcutta [16th August, 1919] 8° 1st edition.	Akshay Kumar Goswami, B A, Har dingo Printing Works, 10 Gaor Mohan Mukherjee Street, Calcutta.	500
	Price, 4 annas.		
31	6th day, 18th August, 1919 Pages 8. [18th August, 1919] 8° 1st edition	Ditto	500
	Price, 4 annas.		

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the name is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	HINDI—MISCELLANEOUS—concl'd.		
32	Gopalprasad Sarma.—धर्मोद्वेग । [Bhramochchhe- dan Rooting out Misconceptions. A contradiction of the objections raised against the Sri Rādhāballabhīya Society of Brindāban.] Pages 1, 62. Published by Mulchand Lal Goswami, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Calcutta. 1976 samvat or 1919-20 A.D. [17th June, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Baidyanath Chakravarti, Sri Sri Radha Press, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Calcutta.	500
33	हिन्दी विश्वकोष । ७३-७५ खण्ड । [Hindi Visva- kosha. 73-75 Khanda. The Universal Lexicon in Hindi. Parts 73 to 75. A Hindi edition of the Bengali work of the same name by the compiler.] Compiled with the help of Hindi experts by Nagendra Nath Vasu, M.R.A.S. Pages 1-96. Published by Nagendranath Vasu and Visvanath Vasu, 9, Visvakosha Lane, Baghbazar, Calcutta. 1919. [3rd August, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-2. [Part 72 noticed in entry No. 17 at page 64 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Rakhachandra Mitra, Visvakosha Press, 9 Visvakosha Lane, Baghbazar, Calcutta.	1,000
34	जैन वनिता गायन । [Jaina Vanita Gayan. Songs of Jaina Women. Saṅgit Jaina Granthamālā. Vol. 1. Nos. 4 and 5. A collection of miscellaneous songs.] Edited by Mulchandra Gupta. Pages 32. Published by the editor, 91, Mahendra Basu Lane, Syambazar, Calcutta. Bir Samvat 2445 or 1919-20 A.D. [29th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Srilal Jain, Jaina Siddhanta Prakashak Press, 8, Mahendra Basu Lane, Syambazar, Calcutta.	1,000
35	Rampratap Bhargava.—बिर्बल की हाज़िर जवाबी और चतुर्गार । [Birbal Ki Hājir Jawābī Aur Chaturāī. Quickness of repatee and cleverness of Birbal (a name). A collection of short humorous stories attributed to Birbal, one of Akbar's courtiers.] Pages 144. Published by Haridas Vaidya trading as Haridas & Co., 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1919. [18th July, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 12 annas. [3rd edition noticed in entry No. 30 at page 39 of the Cata- logue for the quarter ending December, 1916.]	Rampratap Bhargava, Narsingh Press, 201, Harrison Road, Cal- cutta.	1,000
36	श्रीमद्देववरी विद्यालय की नियमावली । [Srimahesvari Vidyalay Ki Niyamavali. Rules of the Srimahes- vari School.] Pages 21. Published by Krishnagopal Vihāni, Srimahesvari Sabhā, Barabazar, Calcutta. 1919. [15th Sep- tember, 1919.] 12°. <i>For free distribution.</i>	H. Chatterji, Commer- cial Press, 148, Lower Chitpur Road, Cal- cutta.	500
37	वीर-बालक अभिमन्यु नाटकके गायन और संक्षिप्त विवरण । [Vir Balak Abhimanyu Natak Ki Gayan Aur Samkshipta Vivaran. [An epitome and songs of the drama "Vir Balak Abhimanyu."]] Pages 12. Pub- lished by the printer, 371, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. 1919. [15th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Ramlal Barmā, Barman Press, 371, Upper Chitpur Road, Cal- cutta.	1,000
38	उच्च शिक्षक सुद्ध । [Uchcha Sikshak Suhrid. The Senior Teachers' Manual.] Edited by Rai Bhagvati Sahay, M.A., B.L., F.C.U., I.E.S., I.S.O. Pages 2, 14, 479. Published by P. Mukhopadhyay and Sons, 46, Bechu Chatterji Street, Calcutta. 1919. [28th June, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, ...	Upendranath Bhatta- charyya, Hare Press, 46, Bechu Chatterji Street, Calcutta.	500

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Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	HINDI—POETRY.		
3	Gobarddhan Lal (Goswami). — प्रेम प्रकाश । [Prem Prakas. Manifestation of Love. A collection of short poems on a variety of subjects.] Pages 4, 3, 8, 97. Published by Mulchand Lal Goswami, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Baghbazar, Calcutta. 1976 Samvat or 1919-20 A.D. [27th June, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 10 annas.	Baidyanath Chakravarti Sri Sri Radha Press, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Baghbazar, Calcutta.	500
4	Matadin Sarma. — मोमाधोपुर दशावतार । [Sri Mādhopur Dasā Varnan. A descriptive poem about the condition of Mādhopur, a village in the state of Jaypur.] Pages 6. Published by the author, Madhopur, Jaypur. [13th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Nil.	Baidyanath Chakravarti, Sri Sri Radha Press, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Calcutta.	500
5	गौमाता का फुकार । [Sri Gomata Ka Phukar. The Crying of Cows. Verses said to be divinely written by the Goddess Kali against cow slaughter.] Pages 10. Published by Prahlad Ray Chavala, Lalmanihat, Rampur. 1919. [5th August, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 1 anna.	Akshay Kumar Goswami, B.A., Hardinge Printing Works, 10, Gaur Mohan Mukharji Street, Calcutta	2,000
	HINDI—RELIGION.		
12	Brindaban Das. — विमूक उद्धारन बेबी । [Vimukh Uddhāran Beli. A religious dialogue between a Vaishnava saint and an old woman in verse.] Pages 2, 18. Published by Goswami Mulchandlāl, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Syambazar, Calcutta [7th August, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 1 anna.	Baidyanath Chakravarti, Sri Sri Radha Press, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Calcutta.	500
13	धर्मपद । [Dharmmapada. Buddha's Moral Teachings. A Hindi translation of Pandit Jādab Sankar Bāvikar's Marathi work of the same name.] Translated by Ramchandra Raghunath Sarvate. Pages 3, 2, 112, 2. Published by Haridas Vaidya, trading as Haridas & Co., 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1919. [2nd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (T.) Price, 14 annas.	Rampratap Bhargava, Narsingh Press, 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	1,000
14	Gobardhan Lal (Goswami). — विलासिनी और कर्मठो बार । [Vilāsini Aur Karmmathī Bāi (two names). The triumph of life of devotion and piety and the punishment of a life addicted to pleasure and vice in after life illustrated.] Pages 3, 54. Published by Goswami Mulchand Lal, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Syambazar, Calcutta. [28th July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 6 annas.	Baidyanath Chakravarti, Sri Sri Radha Press, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Baghbazar, Calcutta.	500
15	गोपाल भजन माला । [Gopal Bhajan Mala. Garland of Bhajan Songs by Gopāl Sav. A collection of Jaina Bhajan songs.] Pages 115. Published by Rai Seth Puransav Bahadur, Seoni, C. P. [31st July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>For free distribution.</i>	Sital Jain, Jaina Siddhanta Prakasak Press, 8, Mahendra Basu Lane, Calcutta.	500

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Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the name is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	HINDI—RELIGION—concl'd.		
16	<p>वैन उपदेशो गायन । [Jaina Upadesi Gayan. Jaina religious initiation Songs. Sangit Jaina Granthamala. Part I. Nos. 2 & 3. (together)] Edited by Mulchandra Gupta. Pages 29-76. Published by the editor, 9-1, Mahendra Basu Lane, Calcutta. Bir Samvat 2444 or 1918-19 A.D. [23rd July 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 4 annas.</p>	Srifal Jain, Jaina Sid- dhanta Prakash Press, 8, Mahendra Basu Lane, Syambazar, Cal- cutta.	1,000
17	<p>जिनेंद्र गुण गायन । [Jinendra Guna Gayan. Songs in praise of Jinendra. A collection of Jaina Songs. Sangit Jaina Granthamala. No. 1.] Edited by Mulchandra Gupta. Pages 28. Published by the editor, 9-1, Mahendra Basu Lane, Syambazar, Calcutta. Bir Samvat 2445 or 1919-20 A.D. [14th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 3 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	1,000
18	<p>Jinesvar Das.—[जनेश्वरदास संवरदास] पद्य संग्रह । [Jinesvar Das. Padma Samgraha. Pratham Bhāg. A collection of songs by Jinesvar. Part I. A collection of Jaina Bhajan songs.] Pages 88. Published by Nemaichand Jaina, 8, Mahendra Basu Lane, Syambazar, Calcutta. Bir Samvat 2445 or 1919-20 A.D. [17th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 8 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	1,000
	HINDI— SCIENCE (MATHE- MATICAL)		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
2	<p>नवीन रेखागणित । पश्चिमी पुस्तक । [Navin Rekha-ganit. Pahlil Pustak. Hindi Geometry. Book I. Parts I and II. 'A Hindi translation of H. S. Hall, M.A., and F. H. Stevens, M.A.'s A School Geometry. Parts I and II.] Translated by Haranath Das, B.A. Pages 14, 205. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. [4th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (T.)</p> <p align="center">Price, 10 annas.</p>	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	7,500
	MUNDARI—RELIGION.		
1	<p>मार्क ओशकद सुकु कजि । [Mark Olakad Suku Kaji. The Gospel of St. Mark in Mundari.] Pages 53. Published by the British and Foreign Bible Society, 23, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta. 1919. [17th September, 1919.] 8°. 4th edition</p> <p align="center">Price, ...</p> <p>[Previous edition not traceable.]</p>	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	2,000
2	<p>मत्ती ओशकद सुकु कजि । [Mattl Ol Akad Suku Kaji. The Gospel of St. Mathew in Mundari.] Pages 80. Published by the British and Foreign Bible Society, 23, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta. 1919. [26th August, 1919.] 8°. 4th edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, ...</p> <p>[Previous edition not traceable.]</p>	Ditto ...	2,000

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1	2	3	4
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	MUSALMANI-BENGALI—FICTION.		
2	Fakir Mahammed, (Munshi).— আবুল হকী বড় সোনা ভান। [Asal Sahi Bada Sonavan. Story of Sonavan's love and fight.] Edited by Dr. Abdul Ghafor Siddiqui. Pages 21. Published by Munshi Habibur Rahman Siddiqui, 67, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta. 1326 sal or 1919-20 A.D. 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Munshi Rahim Buksh, Habibi Press, 64-3, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	5,000
	MUSALMANI-BENGALI—MISCELLANEOUS.		
2	Emdad Ali.— তরিকোল ইসলাম বা মোসলেম নীতি। ১ম খণ্ড। [Tarikol Islam va Moslem Niti. 1ma Khand. Rules of Islam or Moslem Morality. Part I.] Pages 92. Published by the author, Blandaria, Barisal. 1325 sal or 1918-19 A.D. [22nd August, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. Price, 7 annas. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 5 at page 61 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1917.]	Mahammad Golap Shah, Islamia Press, Barisal.	1,000
	MUSALMANI-BENGALI—RELIGION.		
3	ইঞ্জিল কেতাব। তেসরা হিস্সা। [Injil Ketab. Teshra Hissa. Luke in Mussalmani Bengali. Part III.] Pages 88. Published by the Bible Translation Society, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. [26th June, 1919.] 8°. 16th edition. (T.) Price, 3 pias. [Part II noticed in entry No. 9 at page 70 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1918.]	Rev. P. Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta	7,500
4	ইঞ্জিল কেতাব। চৌঠা হিস্সা। [Injil Ketab. Chautha Hissa. John in Mussalmani Bengali. Part IV.] Pages 68. Published by the Bible Translation Society, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. [16th August, 1919.] 8°. 18th edition. (T.) Price, 3 pias.	Ditto	10,000
5	Jamaluddin Ahmed (Munshi, Haji, Sun)--- হাজে বায়তুল্লা। [Hajje Baitullah. Pilgrimage to the House of God.] Pages 224. Published by Mahammad Abdur Rahim, Botlagari, Rangpur. 1326 sal or 1919-20 A.D. [27th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-4.	Kazi Mahammad Ibrahim, Islamia Press, Satraura, Dacca	1,000
	PERSIAN—LANGUAGE.		
	Educational—		
1	Tofazzal Hussain (Shaik).— نسخہ [Naskha-i-Insha-i-Mahmud. A booklet on letter-writing by letter-writer Mahmud.] Pages 32. Published by Jamshid Ahmad, 26, Metcalfe Lane, Calcutta. [20th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Quazi Abdul Muzafar Mowla Baksh Rizwan, Rezvani Press, 26, Metcalfe Lane, Calcutta.	250

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	SANSKRIT—MISCELLANEOUS.		
1	<p>राष्ट्रीय कुलकल्पद्रुमः । तृतीयः खण्डः । बन्ध्यावंशः । [Radhiya Kulakalpadrumah. Tṛtiya Khanda. Bandyavansah.] The Desire Yielding Tree of Rādhiya (Brahman) Families Part III. A genealogy of the Bandyā Family.] Compiled by Chandrakānta Ghatak, Vidyānidhi. Pages 1, 6, 328. Published by the compiler, Purāpura, Vikrampur, Dacca. 1326 sāl or 1919 20 A D. [16th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Rs. 3.</p> <p>[Part 2 noticed in entry No. 62 at page 112 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1913.]</p>	Bipin Chandra Barman, Sakti Press, Dacca.	1,000
	SANSKRIT—PHILOSOPHY.		
1	<p>आत्मतत्त्वविवेका । [Atmatattvavivekah (or Bauddhadhikara.) Fasc III.] A refutation of Buddhist Metaphysics by Udayanacharyya, with the commentaries of Sankara Misra, Bhagiratha Thakura, Raghunātha Tārkikāsiromani, Mathurānāth Tarkavāgisa, etc. Bibliotheca Indica. New Series. No. 1429.] Edited by Mahāmahopādhyāya Vinodyasavariprasad Dvivedin. Pages 129-224. Published by the Asiatic Society, 1, Park Street, Calcutta. 1919. [28th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, ...</p> <p>[Fasc II noticed in entry No. 46 at page 76 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1914.]</p>	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta	500
	SANSKRIT—POLITICS.		
1	<p>चाणक्य-राजनीति-शास्त्रम् । [Chanakya-Rajnitī-Sastram.] Political Science of Chanakya. With a foreword by Narendranath Law, M.A., B.L.] Edited by Lavara Chandra Sastri. Pages 3, 2, 67. Published by Saradaacharan Kavyavinod, 19, Nabin Kundu Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [25th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition (R.)</p> <p align="center">Price, 14 annas.</p>	Sukhamay Mitra, New Aryya Mission Press, 9, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta	150
	SANSKRIT—RELIGION.		
3	<p>अन्नपूर्णा-पूजा-पद्धतिः (३३) । [Annapurna-Puja-Paddhatih (Sri Sri).] Rituals of the worship of goddess Annapurnā.] Edited by Haripada Chatterji. Pages 61. Published by Devendranath Bhattacharyya, 65, College Street, Calcutta. [30th June 1919.] Printed on palm leaves. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 12 annas.</p>	Raj Kumar Ray, Paanapati Press, Kalyanpur, Howrah.	1,000
4	<p>बौधायन-ब्रौतसूत्रम् । [Baudhayana-Brautasutram. Vol. III. Fasc III.] A Sanskrit work on the Vedic literature. Bibliotheca Indica. New Series. No. 1428.] Edited by W. Caland, Utrecht. Pages 181-276. Published by the Asiatic Society, 1, Park Street, Calcutta. 1919. [24th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, ...</p> <p>[Vol. III. Fasc II noticed in entry No. 2 at page 64 of the Catalogue for the quarters ending June, 1918.]</p>	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	SANSKRIT—RELIGION—conclud.		
5	Hiralal Raha. —[संस्कृत वेदः । [Sanga Vedah. The Veda with its Angas. Hymns to certain Vedic gods.] Pages 46. Published by Kalikrishna Bhattacharyya, 32-5, Nayan Chand Datta Street, Calcutta. 1327 sul or 1919-20 A.D. [18th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Haricharan Rakshit, Bharat Mihir Press, 25, Ray Bagan Street, Calcutta	250
6	श्रीहित रूप रत्नमाला । [Srihit Rupa Ratnamala. Necklace of Jewels of Verses (in honour) of Srihit Hymns of praise to Srihit Harivansa, a Vaishnav saint.] Pages 16. Published by Goswami Mulchand Lal, 13, Mahendra Bose Lane, Calcutta. 1936 Samvat or 1919-20 A.D. [3rd August, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 1 anna.	Baidyanath Chakravarti, Sri Sri Radha Press, 13, Mahendra Bose Lane, Calcutta.	500
7	स्तव संग्रह । [Stava Sangraha. A collection of Hymns.] Compiled by Harisaran Pande. Pages 13. Published by the compiler, Jalpaiguri. [25th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Jatindranath Majumdar, Royal Printing Works, Jalpaiguri.	500
	URDU—LANGUAGE.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
6	اردو لٹریچر پھلا اسٹندرت پھلا کتاب [Urdu Literary Reader, Pehela Standard. Pehela Kitab Urdu Literary Reader. Standard I. First Book.] Edited by Macmillan & Co., Ltd. Pages 44. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta [28th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Illustrated. Price, 3 annas.	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	3,000
7	اردو روزمرہ [Urdu Rozmarra or every day Urdu Official Text book for the examination of military officers. Edited by Lt. Col. D. C. Phillott, M.A., Ph.D., F.A.S.B.] Pages 220. Published by the Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. [12th June, 1919.] 8°. 3rd edition. Price, Rs. 3	Ditto ...	2,000
	URDU—SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL.)		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
1	علم هندسہ کے تجرباتی اور عملی سبق [Elme Hindsa-Ke-Tajribate aur Ameli Subao. LESSONS IN Experimental and Practical Geometry. An Urdu edition of the work by Hall and Stevens.] Pages 3, 3, 167, 5. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta. [28th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 10 annas.	Ditto ...	3,000
	URDU—SCIENCE (NATURAL AND OTHER).		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
2	ہادی معلمان تعلیم مطرت [Hadi-e-Moallaman Tallim-e-Fitrat. A Handbook of Nature Study by J. H. Thickett.] Translated into Urdu by Hafiz Maulvi Muhammad Ainal Huda.] Pages 163. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta. [1st August, 1919.] 8°. New edition. Illustrated. (T.) Price, 14 annas.	B. K. Das, Wellington Printing Works, 10, Haladhar Bardhan Lane, Calcutta.	3,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Library of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, also, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
URDU—SCIENCE (NATURAL AND OTHER)—concl'd.			
<i>Educational—concl'd.</i>			
3	<p>ہادی مصلحین تعلیم فطرت [Hadi-e-Mosallamine Talim-e Fitrati. A Handbook of Nature Study Lessons for Teachers of Upper Primary classes, by J. H. Thickett. Translated into Urdu by Hafiz Maulvi Muhammad Ainnul Huda. Pages 147. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., Calcutta. [22nd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (T.)</p> <p align="center">Price, 14 annas.</p>	K. C. Neogi, Nababibhakar Press, 91-2, Meehanbazar Street, Calcutta.	3,000
URIYA—DRAMA.			
1	<p>କାଳି ଦାଳନ ବାସଙ୍ଗ [Kāli Dalan Dalan Suānga. A drama about subduing (the serpent) Kāliya by Srikrishna. A mythological drama in songs.] Pages 19. Published by Banamali Palhai, Kashati, Kothar, Balasore. 1919. [27th August, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> (R.)</p> <p align="center">Price, 2 annas.</p>	M. L. Maharana, Utkal Press, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta.	1,000
2	<p>କାନ୍ଦା ବାସଙ୍ଗ [Kānda Kānda Suānga. A drama on the Lankā Kānda of the Ramayana. A mythological Drama in Songs.] Pages 28. Published by Arjun Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [4th July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. (R.)</p> <p align="center">Price, 2 annas 6 pies.</p>	Ditto ...	1,000
URIYA—MISCELLANEOUS.			
3	<p>କାଳିକା ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା [Kalikata Varnana. Description of Calcutta in songs.] Pages 8. Published by Arjun Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [15th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 9 pies.</p>	M. L. Maharana, Utkal Press, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta.	1,000
4	<p>ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ର ବାସଙ୍ଗ [Upendra Bhanja Sangit. Songs by Upendra Bhanja Love Songs.] Pages 20. Published by Manilal Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [16th July, 1919.] 12°. 3rd edition. (R.)</p> <p align="center">Price, ...</p> <p>[2nd edition noticed in entry No. 4 at page 101 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1914.]</p>	Ditto ...	1,000
<i>Educational—</i>			
5	<p>ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ ପରିଚୟ (ସଚିତ୍ର) । ପ୍ରଥମ ଓ ଦ୍ଵିତୀୟ ଭାଗ । (ପ୍ରଥମକ ଅଙ୍କ-ଶିକ୍ଷା ସାହିତ) । [Varna Parichay (Sachitra). Pratham O Dvitiya Bhag. (Prathamik Anka Siksha Sahit).—An alphabetical primer with arithmetical tables. Parts I and II (together).] Pages 60. Published by Arjun Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [25th June, 1919.] 12°. 8th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p align="center">Price, 2 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
URIYA—POETRY.			
2	<p>Bhema Dhibara.—ସତ୍ୟ ଡିବି (ସତ୍ୟ) । [Sachitra Kapat Pāsā. False game of Dice with Illustrations. Verses on the dice play of Yndhisthira and Duryyodhana.] Pages 18. Published by Manilal Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [12th July, 1919.] 12°. 7th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> (R).</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 1 anna 3 pies.</p> <p>[6th edition noticed in entry No. 8 at page 65 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1917.]</p>	M. L. Maharana, Utkal Press, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta.	1,000
3	<p>ଚକ୍ରବର୍ତ୍ତୀ ରୋଦନ ଚଉତିଶ । [Kausalya Rodan <i>Chautisa</i>. Verses beginning with the thirty-four letters of the alphabet about the Weeping of Kausalyā. Lamentations for Rāma by his mother Kausalyā in Verse.] Pages 4. Published by Arjuna Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [15th July, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. (R).</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 6 pies.</p> <p>[1st edition noticed in entry No. 2 at page 100 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1913.]</p>	Ditto	1,000
4	<p>Ram Chandra.—ହନୁମନ୍ ଚଉତିଶ । [Hanumān Chautisa. Verses beginning with the thirty-four letters of the alphabet addressed to Hanumān (monkey god). Mythological poems from the Ramayana.] Pages 8. Published by Manilal Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [28th August, 1919.] 12°. 3rd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> (R).</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 1 anna 3 pies.</p> <p>[2nd edition noticed in entry No. 2 at page 89 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1917.]</p>	Ditto	1,000
URIYA—RELIGION			
9	<p>Balaram Das.—ବିରାଟ ଗିତ । [Virāt Gītā. Religious dialogue between Sri Krishna and Arjuna in verse.] Pages 32. Published by Manilal Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [15th September, 1919.] 12°. 2nd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> (R).</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 2 annas.</p> <p>[1st edition noticed in entry No. 34 at page 108 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1914.]</p>	Ditto	1,000
10	<p>ବ୍ରହ୍ମାଣ୍ଡ-ଭୂ ଗୋଳ । [Brahmānda-Bhugol. Geography of the Universe. Sri Krishna's explanation to Arjuna of the creation of the world.] Pages 68. Published by the printer, 51, Sankaritola, Calcutta. 1919. [3rd July, 1919.] 12°. 3rd edition. (R).</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 2 annas 6 pies.</p> <p>[2nd edition noticed in entry No. 3 at page 103 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1915.]</p>	Sarat Chandra Ray, Anglo-Sanskrit Press, 51, Sankaritola, Calcutta.	1,000

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure; number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	URIYA—RELIGION—concl'd.		
11	Madhusudan Tripathi. —ଉତ୍କଳ ଶକ୍ତି (୧୧୨) [Lakshman Sakti Bhed. Lakshman pierced by the weapon <i>Sakti</i> , in verse. Verses based on the Ramayana.] Pages 8. Published by Arjuna Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [8th September, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 1 anna 3 pies.	M. L. Maharana, Utkal Press, 8, St James Square, Calcutta.	1,000
12	ପଞ୍ଚାନନ ମୋକ୍ଷ । [Panchanan Mokṣa. Fair in honour of the god Panchanan (Siva). Poems in glorification of the god Siva.] Pages 12. Published by Arjun Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 1 anna 3 pies.	Ditto	1,000
13	Sadhu Charan Das Gupta. —ଅମୂଲ୍ୟ ଚଉବେଳ । [Amulya Chautisā. Verses beginning with the thirty-four letters of the alphabet. Religious songs.] Pages 8. Published by Gurn Charan Das Gupta, Patamundeī, Cuttack. 1919. [25th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 1 anna.	Ditto	1,000
	BILINGUAL BOOKS.		
	ARABIC AND BENGALI—LANGUAGE.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
2	Ahmed. —قواعد الحديث—দুইম অরবী কবিতা । [Quawayedul Jadid. Nutan Arbi Kaida. An Arabic primer.] Pages 16. Published by Munshi Mahammad Yakub, Kazirkhil, Noakhali. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [30th April, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	Kazi Mahammad Ibrahim, Islamia Press, Satrauza, Dacca.	1,000
	ARABIC AND BENGALI—RELIGION.		
2	Abdul Majid (Sheikh.) —নামাজ শিক্ষা । [Namaj Sikshā. How to say Namaj. Pages 58. Published by Kailas Chandra Acharjee, Model Library, Mymensingh. [14th May, 1919.] 8°. Revised edition. Price, 4 annas 6 pies.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,000
3	Amjad Ali. —নামাজ শিক্ষা বা স্বর্গীয় হার । [Namaj Sikshā vā Svargiya Hār. How to say Namaj or Heavenly Garland.] Pages 69. Published by Mahammad Abdul Hamid, Dacca. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [16th May, 1919.] 12°. 4th edition. Price, 2 annas. [Previous edition noticed in entry No. 7 at page 74 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1918.]	Hazi Sulaiman Ali, Islamia Press, Satrauza, Dacca	2,000

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1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	<p>ARABIC AND BENGALI—RELIGION—concl'd.</p> <p>4 কোরান শরীফ। Qoran Sharif. Part 27. The Holy Koran, with a Bengali translation.] Published by the Christian Literature Society for India, Bengal Branch. Pages 1029-1066. [19th August, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. (R).</p> <p>Price, 3 annas.</p> <p>[Part 26 noticed in entry No. 9 at page 75 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1917.]</p>	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	1,000
	<p>ARABIC AND MUSALMANI BENGALI—RELIGION.</p> <p>1 Abdul Ghafur Siddiqui.—হাতি বড় হেদায়েতুল উছলাম ও নোয়েত নামা। [Sahi Bara Hedayetul Islam O Niyet Nama. Mahomedan religious teachings.] Pages 18. Published by Munshi Abdul Fattah Siddique, 67, Mechhua Bazar Street, Calcutta. 1326 sal or 1919-20 A.D. [17th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 2 annas.</p>	Munshi Rahim Baksh, Habibi Press, 64-3, Mechhua Bazar Street, Calcutta.	5,100
	<p>ARABIC AND PERSIAN—LANGUAGE.</p> <p><i>Educational—</i></p> <p>1 Mahammad Khallur Rahman and Mahammad Aftabuddin.—تقديم الفراسة في شرح الديوان العباسي. [Tankihul Ferasa Fi Sharoh Ad Dewanul Hammasa. A guide book for students of Arabic.] Pages 224. Published by Ahnadhul Haque, Pataknagar, Chitragong. [28th April, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 2.</p>	Kazi Md. Ibrahim, Islamia Press, Satranza, Dacca.	1,000
	<p>ARABIC AND URDU—RELIGION.</p> <p>3 نہی روشنی والے مسلمان بھائی [Nai rowshniwale Musalman Bhal. Mahomedan brethren who have seen the New Light]. Compiled by Shaikh Rahimulla. Pages 16. Published by S. Rahimulla, 26, Metcalfe Lane, Calcutta. [18th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. For free distribution.</p>	Quazi A. M. Mowla Baksh, Rezwan, Press, 26, Metcalfe Lane, Calcutta.	500
	<p>ASSAMESE AND ENGLISH—LANGUAGE.</p> <p><i>Educational—</i></p> <p>1 Rohitaswa Saikia.—ইংৰাজী শিক্ষা। অগ্ৰহোবা। [Ingraji-Siksha. Agchhova. Child's First Book of Reading. Part I.] Pages 1, 13. Published by Nakulesvar Bhuyan, Lakshmi Agency, North Lakhimpur, Assam. 1919. [12th September, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Illustrated.</p> <p>Price, 1 anna 6 pies.</p>	U. N. Das, Samya Press, 6, College Square, Calcutta.	1,000

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1 Serial No.	2 Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	3 Printer and place of Printing.	4 Number of copies.
	<p>BENGALI AND ENGLISH—HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY).</p> <p><i>Educational—</i></p>		
3	<p>Sen P. K., (B.A.).—Globe Reader. [A short Geography of the Globe.] Pages 1, 28. Published by Hariram Dhar, B.A., Popular Library, Dacca. 1919. [18th April, 1919.] 16°. 12th edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 3 annas.</p>	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	2,000
	<p>BENGALI AND ENGLISH— LANGUAGE.</p> <p><i>Educational—</i></p>		
120	<p>Ashutosh Dev.—Notes on Stories from Chaucer. Pages 246. Published by the author, 22-5, Jhamapukur Lane, Calcutta. [30th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Rs. 2.</p>	A. T. Majumdar, B. P. M.'s Press, 22-5, Jhamapukur Lane, Calcutta.	500
121	<p>Banerjee, S.—Correct Method of Translation. [With practical hints on Composition.] Pages 8, 10, 148. Published by Hariram Dhar, B.A., Popular Library, Dacca. 1919 [24th April, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 10 annas.</p>	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca	3,000
122	<p>Brajendra Kumar Sen, (M.A.).—Initial Lessons in Translation. [From Bengali into English.] Pages 2, 172. Published B. C. Basu, Albert Library, Dacca. 1919 [20th May, 1919.] 16°. 10th edition. (Revised.)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 10 annas.</p>	Ditto	5,000
123	<p>Complete Key to Longman's New English Course, Primer. (A). Pages 32. Published by S. C. Basu, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta. [23rd January, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 5 annas.</p>	Tarini Charan Biswas, New Bengal Press, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta.	3,000
124	<p>Complete Key to Star of India Reader, IV (A). Pages 3, 259. Published by S. C. Basu, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta. [19th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Re. 1.</p>	Ditto	2,000
125	<p>Complete Key to the Star of India Readers, Book I. (A). Pages 54. Published by S. C. Basu, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta. [16th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 6 annas.</p>	Ditto	4,000
126	<p>Comprehensive Notes on Macmillan's New English Reader V. Pages 2, 284. Published by S. C. Basu, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta. [2nd August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Re. 1-8.</p>	Ditto	2,000
127	<p>Day, H. C.—Notes on Britain and Her Neighbours, Book I Pages 1, 123. Published by H. C. Majumdar, 23, Jhamapukur Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [4th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Re. 1-8.</p>	A. T. Majumdar, B. P. M.'s Press, 22-5 Jhamapukur Lane, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND ENGLISH— LANGUAGE—contd.		
	<i>Educational—contd.</i>		
128	Gaur Chandra Das. —The Practical Word-Book. [With translation and composition exercises.] Pages 1, 94. Published by Anukul Chandra Dhar, Popular Library, Dacca. 1919 [25th April, 1919.] 16°. 9th edition. Price, 4 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	2,000
129	Gopal Chandra Vidyaratna. —A complete key to L. Tipping's Third Standard English Reader. Pages 64. Published by the printer, 107, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [3rd September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition Price, 12 annas.	Dvijendra Nath De, Svarna Press, 107, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	2,000
130	Harimohan Chattarjee, (B.A.). —The First Primer. Pages 44. Published by Habul Chandra Nath and Anantosh Nandi trading as Nath, Nandi, & Co. 28 & 133, Canning Street, Calcutta. 1919. [20th August, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 3 annas.	Haricharan Rakshit, Bharat Mihir Press, 25, Raybagar Street, Calcutta	3,000
131	Krishna Chandra Roy. —Phrases and Idioms. Pages 3, 756. Published by J. C. Ghosh for S. K. Lahiri & Co., 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. 7th edition. Revised and enlarged. Price, Rs. 2-8.	J. C. Ghosh, Cotton Press, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	2,000
132	Madanmohan De Sarkar. —A Complete Key to Ivanhoe. Pages 130. Published by the author, Banagram Road, Dacca 1919. [27th April, 1919.] 16°. New edition. Price, Rs. 1-4.	Madan Mohan De Sarkar, Santosh Press, Banagram Road, Dacca.	1,000
133	Nil Kumar Chakravarti, (Rai Sahib, B.A.) and Durgaprasanna Ray Chaudhuri, (B.A.). —A Key to the Students' Treasury of Popular Poems. Pages 428. Published by Brajendra Nath Goswami, 47, Tautibazar, Dacca. [4th March, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1-8.	Biharilal Datta, Baikunthanath Press, Dacca.	1,000
134	Pain, I. P., (B.A.) and R. P. Chakravarti. —The Rudiments of English Grammar with Translation and Composition. Pages 1, 92. Published by U. N. Dhar, 58, Wellington Street, Calcutta. 1919. [29th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 5 annas.	Haricharan Rakshit, Bharat Mihir Press, 25, Ray Bagan Street, Calcutta.	1,100
135	Prasanna Kumar Sen, (B.A.). —Easy English Lessons or A Reader for Children. Pages 2, 60. Published by Hariram Dhar, B.A., Popular Library, Dacca. 1919. [14th April, 1919.] 16°. 9th edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas 3 pies.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	3,000
136	Matriculation Composition. Pages 11, 462. Published by Hariram Dhar, Popular Library, Dacca. 1919. [12th May, 1919.] 16°. 6th edition. Price, Rs. 1-10.	Ditto ...	2,250

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief suby. et., including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND ENGLISH— LANGUAGE—contd.		
	Educational—contd		
137	Rasamay Mitra, (M.A.) —Matriculation Translation and Re-translation. Part I. Pages 1, 2, 272. Published by the printer for B. Banerji & Co. 203 2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1919. [6th July, 1919.] 16°. 6th edition. (Revised.) Price, 12 annas.	K. C. Datta, Victoria Printing Works, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	5,000
138	সাহিত্য চয়ন । [Sahitya-Chayan. A Bengali reader in prose and poetry with notes in Bengali and English.] Compiled by Rames Chandra Chakravarti, B.A., and Atal bihari Goswami. Pages 1, 2, 191. Published by Pranes Kumar Dās, Chiknisār, Malkhannagar, Dacca 1326 and or 1919-20 A.D. [18th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas.	Radhaballabh Basak, Narayan Machine Press, Nawabpur, Dacca.	250
139	সাহিত্য-পারিজাত । [Sahitya-Parijat. A collection of prose and poetical pieces from the writings of eminent authors.] Compiled with notes and exercises by Upendra Nath Sen, B.A. Pages 2, 124. Published by J. Banerji, B.A., 31, Bakshibazar Road, Dacca. [12th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 10 annas.	B. M. De, Santi Press, Kaviraj Lane, Dacca.	500
140	Satis Chandra Banerjee, (M.A.) —A Key to English Poems for Indian Children. Part II. Pages 157. Published by Khagendra Chandra Sarkar, 9, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [10th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-4.	Manmatha Nath Das, Union Press, 67-9, Balaram De Street, Calcutta.	1,000
141	Scholar's English-Bengali Dictionary. Pages 1, 815. Published by Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 294, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. 1919. [15th September, 1919.] 16°. New edition. Price, Re. 1-4.	B. K. Das, Wellington Printing Works, 19, Haladhar Bardhan Lane, Calcutta.	3,000
142	Sen, N. C., (M.A.) Progressive Lessons in English Composition and Translation. Pages 1, 1, 2, 158. Published by Brindaban Chandra Basak, Albert Library, Dacca. 1919. [22nd April, 1919.] 16°. New edition. Price, 8 annas.	Radhaballabh Basak, Narayan Machine Press, Dacca.	25
143	Sen, P. K., (B.A.) Easy Lessons on Translation. Pages 1, 124. Published by Hariram Dhar, B.A., Popular Library, Dacca. 1919. [20th April, 1919.] 16°. 10th edition. Price, 8 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	3,000
144	Shyama Charan Ganguli. —New Word Book. [With Lessons on easy translation and conversation.] Pages 91. Published by S. K. Nath and G. C. Nath, 29, Canning Street, Calcutta. 1919. [5th June, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. Price, 5 annas.	Subodh Chandra Sarkar, Suryya Press, 33, Gauribere Lane, Calcutta.	2,000

BENGAL LIBRARY.—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND ENGLISH— LANGUAGE—concl'd.		
	<i>Educational—concl'd.</i>		
145	Singh, M. M. —A complete key to Macmillan's King Primer. Pages 36. Published by Mohini Mohan Singh, Bhutnath Library, Banglabazar, Dacca. 1919. [9th April, 1919.] 12°. 5th edition. Price, 8 annas.	A. K. Basu, Bijaya Press, Patuatuli, Dacca.	1,000
146	শিশু কণ্ঠহার । [Sisu Kantha Har. Necklace for Children. Synonyms of words based on the Amarkosha.] Pages 32. Published by Jogendranath Rakshit, 12, Haritakibagan Lane, Calcutta. [22nd June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Raj Kumar Ray, Pasupati Press, Kalyanpur, Howrah.	1,000
147	Sitanath Pal. —A Complete Key to Royal Primer. Pages 33. Published by the author, Raghunath Library, Mogaluli, Dacca. 1919. [5th May, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas.	Md. Ibrahim, Moslem Hitaishi Press, Mahutuli, Dacca.	1,000
148	Supai Chandra Mitra. —A Complete Key to Lethbridge and Sircar's First Book of Reading. Pages 71. Published by S. C. Basu, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta. [28th June, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 5 annas.	Tarini Charan Biswas, New Bengal Press, 66-67, College Street, Calcutta.	10,000
149	Tejendra Chandra Sen, (B.A., B.T.) —Practical Hints on Translation and Composition. Pages 3, 136. Published by Devendra Kumar Ray, 27, Faridabad, Dacca. 1919 [5th May, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 9 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	1,250
	BENGALI AND ENGLISH— MEDICINE.		
2	হোমিওপ্যাথিক মেডিসিনা মেডিকার রিপোর্টারি। সপ্তম সংখ্যা । [Homioptyathik Metiriya Medikar Repartari. Saptam Sankhya. Repertory of Homoeopathic Materia Medica. No. 7] Translated by N. N. Ghosh from the English work of J. T. Kent, M.D. Pages 437-516. Published by the translator, 114, Hargauj Road, Sarkia, Howrah. [22nd July, 1919.] 8° 1st edition. (T.) Price, 12 annas.	H. C. Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mechhua-bazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
3	_____. No. 8. Pages 517-596. [4th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (T.) Price, 12 annas.	Ditto	1,000
4	_____. No. 9. Pages 597-676. [19th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (T.) Price, 12 annas.	Ditto	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief-subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the <i>Chris. lan-ara</i> —date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND ENGLISH— MISCELLANEOUS.		
4	Sushil Kumar De, (M.A.) —History of Bengali Literature in the Nineteenth Century, 1800-1825. Pages 14, 1, 309. Published by the University of Calcutta, Senate House, Calcutta. 1919. [16th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 6.	Atul Chandra Bhattacharyya, Calcutta University Press, Senate House, Calcutta.	500
	<i>Educational—</i>		
5	Middle English Scholarship Papers. Pages 104. Published by Kalikananda Majila, C. M. S. School, Bardwan 1919. [23rd July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas.	Baidyanath Chakravarti, Sri Sri Radha Press, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Bagbazar, Calcutta.	1,000
	BENGALI AND ENGLISH—SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL).		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
15	Bholanath Saha, (M. Sc.) —Popular Arithmetic. Pages 2, 2, 300. Published by the author, 26, Bangsar, Dacca. 1919. [5th April, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. Price, Re. 1.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra Steam Machine Press, Dacca.	3,250
16	Sureschandra Ghosh, (B.A.) —সরল জ্যামিতি। [Saral Jyāmiti. Simple Geometry.] Pages 1, 63. Published by the author, 7, Zindabazar Lane, Dacca. 1919. [17th May, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. Price, 5 annas.	Shaikh Ansar Ali, East Bengal Printing and Publishing House, Dacca.	25
	BENGALI AND HINDI—LANGUAGE.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
1	Haridas Vaidya. —हिन्दी बंगला शिक्षा। द्वितीय भाग। [Hindi Banglā Sikshā. Dvitiya Bhāg. Instruction in Bengali through Hindi. Part II. A Bengali grammar.] Pages 2, 153. Published by Haridas Vaidya trading as Haridas & Co., 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1919. [12th July, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. Price, 12 annas.	Rampratap Bhargava, Narsingh Press, 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	2,000
	BENGALI AND HINDI—POETRY.		
1	মহাত্মা তুলসী দাস কৃত রামায়ণ। অযোধ্যা কাণ্ড। দ্বিতীয় খণ্ড। [Mahatma Tulsi Das Kṛita Ramayana. Ayodhya Kanda. Dvitiya Khandā. The Ramayana by Tulsi Das Ayodhya Kanda. Part II. The Hindi text of Tulsi Das's Rāmāyan in Bengali character with a Bengali metrical translation.] Edited and translated by Madanmohan Chaudhuri, B.L. Pages 2, 244. Published by the translator, Paruhā, Munbhum. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [20th August, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. (R.) Price, Re. 1-4.	Rakhalechandra Mitra, Visvakosha Press, 9, Visvakosha Lane, Bagbazar, Calcutta.	500
	[Part I noticed in entry No. 5 at page 86 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1914.]		

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	<p align="center">BENGALI AND SANSKRIT— DRAMA.</p> <p><i>Educational—</i></p>		
1	<p>उत्तररामचरितम्। [Uttara Rama Charitam. The well-known drama by Bhavabhuti with a commentary and a Bengali translation.] Edited by Haripada Chatterji. Pages 2, 4, 274, 4, 80. Published by the editor, Kalyanpur, Howrah. 1919. [27th June, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. (R.)</p> <p align="center">Price, Rs. 2.</p>	Raj Kumar Ray, Pasupati Press, Kalyanpur, Howrah.	600
	<p align="center">BENGALI AND SANSKRIT— MEDICINE.</p>		
1	<p>Bhuvaneshvar Gupta (Kaviraj).—द्रव्यगुण दर्पणम्। প্রথম ভাগঃ। [Dravyaguna-Darpanam. Prathama Bhāgah. The Mirror of the medicinal properties of Drugs Part I. Contains the medicinal properties of various drugs with an index.] Pages 1, 4, 17, 96. Published by the author, 64, Sinla Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [4th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1-8.</p>	Manmathanath Das, Union Press, 57-9, Balaram De Street, Calcutta.	1,000
2	<p>নিরূপ্য সংগ্রহঃ। প্রথম ভাগঃ। [Roga-Nirupa Sangraha. Prathama Bhāgah. A treatise on the Diagnosis of diseases according to the Ayurveda. Part I.] Pages 1, 6, 2, 52. Published by the author, 64, Sinla Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [26th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1.</p>	Ditto ...	1,000
3	<p>নিদানম্। [Nidanam. A well-known Ayurvedic medical work by Mādhav Kar, treating of the etiology of diseases. The text with the commentary of Vijay Rakshit and a Bengali translation.] Edited by Kaviraj Devendranath Sen Gupta and Kaviraj Upendranath Sen Gupta. Pages 4, 19, 6, 502. Published by the editors, 70, Kalutola Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [4th September, 1919.] 16°. 6th edition. Revised and enlarged. (R.)</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1-8.</p> <p>[5th edition noticed in entry No. 143 at page 86 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1912.]</p>	Dinanath Dev, Dhauvantari Press, 70, Kalutola Street, Calcutta.	2,000
4	<p>পাচন সংগ্রহ। [Pachan-Sangraha. A collection of recipes for Ayurvedic medicinal decoctions.] Compiled by Kaviraj Devendranath Sen and Upendranath Sen. Pages 4, 15, 1, 524. Published by the compilers, 70, Kalutola Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [17th July, 1919.] 16°. 8th edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 8 annas.</p> <p>[7th edition noticed in entry No. 109 at page 106 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1911.]</p>	Ditto ...	4,000

**BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.**

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page, with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT— MEDICINE—conclud.		
5	<p>Rampran Sarma.—ব্রহ্ম চিকিৎসাতত্ত্ব-বারিধি। [Vrihat Chikitsatattva-Varidhi The Ocean of the Truth of Medi- cal treatment. A treatise on Hindu medicine with various astrolological information.] Pages 1, 2, 10, 13, 270. Pub- lished by the author, Khurut Road, Howrah. 1326 aal or 1919-20 A.D. [20th September, 1919.] 8°. 6th edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Rs. 3-8.</p> <p>[Previous editions not traceable.]</p>	Jugal Krishna Sinha, Kurmayaoga Press, 4, Telkal Ghat Road, Howrah.	2,000
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT— MISCELLANEOUS.		
12	<p>Haripada Sastri, (M.A.)—ব্রাহ্মজাতির ইতিহাস। [Brāhman-Jātir Itihās. History of the Brahman Caste. Attempts to show that all Brahmanes are of mixed blood and maintains that inter-marriage in the descending order between different twice-born castes is not prohibited by the Hindu Sastras.] Pages 3, 28. Published by the author, 11, Jadunath Sen Lane, Calcutta. [16th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 4 annas.</p>	Abinash Chandra Mandal, Siddhesvar Press, 11, Jadunath Sen Lane, Calcutta.	500
13	<p>Nagendra Nath Vasu, (M.R.A.S.)—কায়স্থের বর্ণ নির্ণয়। [Kāyasther Varna-Nirṇay. Attempts to show that the Kāyasthas of North-Western India, like those of Bengal, are of Kshatriya origin and are descended from Chitra- gupta.] Pages 2, 2, 152. Published by the author, 9, Visvakosha Lane, Calcutta. 1326 aal or 1919-20 A.D. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 3rd edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1-8.</p> <p>[Previous edition noticed in entry No. 25 at page 126 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1914.]</p>	Rakhal Chandra Mitra, Visvakosha Press, 9, Visvakosha Lane, Calcutta.	500
14	<p>Umes Chandra Vidyaratna.—ভারতীয় সত্যজ্ঞান সমিতি। বিবাহ তত্ত্ব। [Bhāratīya Satyajñān Samhā. Vivāha-Tattva. Indian Rationalistic Society. Principles of Marriage.] Pages 15. Published by Wajid Ali, Bar-at-Law, 29, Ripon Street, Calcutta [28th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 6 pies.</p>	S. C. Chaudhuri, Phoenix Printing Works, 29, Kalidas Sinha Lane, Calcutta.	500
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT— PHILOSOPHY.		
4	<p>Harendra Chandra Chakravarti.—অবস্থা দর্শন। [Abhāva Darśan. Philosophy of Want. A philosophical essay on "Want."] Pages 6, 48. Published by the author, Mahanudpur, Faridpur. 1326 aal or 1919-20 A.D. [22nd September, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 6 annas.</p>	Dvijendranath De, Svarna Press, 107 Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT—RELIGION.		
42	Adinath Sinha Ray. —বিপদবারিনী ব্রতকথা। [Vipad- vārini Vratākathā. Story of the vow observed in honour of the goddess Vipadvārini (Durgā), with a hymn to the goddess and the method of worshipping her.] Pages 20. Published by the author, Mangalapota, Midna- pore. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [10th July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition.	Sarat Chandra Das, Universal Printing Works, 113, Upper Chitpur Road, Cal- cutta.	500
	Price, 4 annas.		
43	চৈতন্য চরিতামৃত (ত্রিভি) । [Chaitanya Charita- mr̥ita (Sri Sri). Nectar of the life of Sri Chaitanya. The well-known life of Sri Chaitanya by Krishnadas Kaviraj Gosvami.] Edited by Atulkrishna Gosvami. Pages 2, 2, 364. Published by the printer, 38-2, Bhowani Charan Datta Street, Calcutta. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [11th June, 1919.] 8°. 3rd edition. (R).	Natabar Chakravarti, Bangabasi Electro- Machine Press, 38-2, Bhowani Charan Datta Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	Price, Rs. 2.		
	[2nd edition noticed in entry No. 145 at page 124 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1914.]		
44	Dakshinaranjan Mitra Majumdar. —পূজার কথা। Pujār Kathā. Topics about the Pujā (Worship of the goddess Durgā). Traces the origin of the Durgā Pujā.] Pages 1, 2, 53. Published by Asantosh Dhar, 50-1, College Street, Calcutta. 1325 sāl or 1918-19 A.D. [27th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i>	Sandakisor Basak, Wilkin's Machine Press, 121, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	1,000
	Price, 8 annas.		
45	Durgacharan Rakshit. —নিরুত্তর পথ। Niyrittir Pathe. On the way to Emancipation of the Soul. A disertation on the six Hindu Philosophies.] Pages 1, 6, 81. Published by Subodhchandra Rakshit, 26, Cotton Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [12th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.	Kalachand Datta, Kantik Press, 22, Sukea Street, and Patitpavan Gupta, Metcalfe Press, 79, Baharam De Street, Calcutta.	500
	Price, 8 annas.		
46	Durgadas Lahiri. —বেদঃ। বৃত্তিকাঃ। ১। [Vedah. Bhumika Khandak. 1. The Vedas. Introductory Chapter. No. 1.] Pages 32. Published by the printer, Howrah, 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [23rd July, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition.	Dhirendranath Lahiri, Prithibir Printing Works, Howrah.	1,000
	Price, 4 annas.		
	[1st edition noticed in entry No. 18 at page 80 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]		
47	গায়ত্রী। [Gayatri. A Vedic mantra repeated by the twice-born Hindu at his daily-prayer. With the commen- taries of Sáyana and Sankara, Bengali translation of the text and an exposition in Bengali.] Edited by Prasanna narayan Chaudhuri. Pages 1, 28. Published by the printer, 10, Syamacharan De Street, Calcutta. [4th Septem- ber, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (R).	Upendranath Roy, Mahes Press, 10, Syamacharan De Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	Price, 4 annas.		

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT—RELIGION—contd.		
48	কল্কি পুরাণম্ । [Kalki Puranam. The text with a Bengali translation.] Edited by Panchanan Tarkaratna. Pages 1, 1, 2, 123. Published by the printer, 38-2, Bhawanicharan Datta Street, Calcutta. 1326 sal or 1919 20 A.D. [22nd September, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. (R). Price, Rs. 2. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 95 at page 60 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1908.]	Natabar Chakravarti, Bangabasi Electro-Machine Press, 38-2, Bhawanicharan Datta Street, Calcutta.	1,000
49	পদ্মপুরাণম্ । ব্রহ্মবিষয়ম্ । [Padmāpuranam. Bṛishti Khandam. The Padma Puran. The part dealing with Creation. The text with a Bengali translation by Tarakanta Devasarma Kavyatirtha.] Edited by Panchanan Tarkaratna. Pages 1, 1, 2, 814. Published by the printer, 38-2, Bhawanicharan Datta Street, Calcutta. 1326 sal or 1919-20 A.D. [12th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, Rs. 4.	Ditto ...	2,000
50	প্রতিপ প্রশ্নোত্তর । [Pratip Priya Nather Prasner Pratyuttar. Answers to the questions of Hostile Priyanath. Questions of one Priyanath Nandi attacking some tenets and customs of a certain Vaishnav sect and answers to them.] Compiled by Gaurgovinda Das Adhikari. Pages 3, 60. Published by Banamali Das, Daulatpur, Khulna. [1st July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price,	Jogendra Chandra Halder, Sribhagavat Press, Krishnagar.	500
51	সর্ববেদীয়-সন্ধ্যাবিধিঃ । [Sarvvavediya-Sandhya- vidhih. Method of performing the Sandhyā (daily morning, midday and evening prayers of the twice-born) according to the different Vedas with Bengali translations of the mantras.] Compiled by Rajkumar Bhattacharyya Kavyatirtha. Pages 5, 70. Published by the compiler, 62, Amherst Street, Calcutta. [7th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	Dvijendra Nath De, Svarna Press, 107, Mechuabazar Street, Calcutta.	5,000
52	শিবপূজা বিধি । [Sivapuja Vidhi. Method of worshipping the god Siva, with a hymn to the god and a Bengali metrical translation.] Compiled by Saradaprasad Vidyabhushan. Pages 31. Published by the compiler, 13, Javaf Thakur Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sal or 1919-20 A.D. [12th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Krishna Chaitanya Das, Beauty Press, 242-1, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	1,250
53	স্তোত্ররত্ন মালা । দ্বিতীয় ভাগ । [Stotraratnamala. Dvitiya Bhag. Necklace of Jewels of Hymns. Part II. Hymns to various Hindu gods and goddesses with Bengali translations.] Edited by Saradaprasad Vidyabhushan. Pages 144. Published by the printer, 242-1, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta. 1326 sal or 1919-20 A.D. [12th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 5 annas. [Part I noticed in entry No. 46 at page 84 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1918.]	Ditto ...	1,250

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT—RELIGION—contd.		
54	তন্ত্রসারঃ। পঞ্চম খণ্ডঃ। [Tantrasarah. Pancham Khanda. The Essence of the Tantras (by Krishnananda). Part V. The text with a commentary and a Bengali translation.] Compiled by Rasikimohan Chatterji. Pages 385-480. Published by Ramanimohan Chatterji, M.A., B.L., 12, Simla Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [14th September, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. Revised and enlarged. (R).	Surendra Nath Mukherji, Jyotiprakash Press, 12, Simla Street, Calcutta.	500
	Price, Rs. 12 for the complete work.		
	[Part IV noticed in entry No. 83 at page 76 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1917.]		
55	উপনিষদাবলী। প্রথম খণ্ডঃ। [Upanishadavali. Pratham Khanda. The Upanishads. Part 1. The texts with annotations and Bengali translations following the Sankar Bhāshya.] Edited by Haripada Chattarji. Pages 4, 1, 1, 377. Published by the editor, 12, Haritaki-bagan Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [20th August, 1919.] 32°. 1st edition. (R).	Rajkumar Ray, Pasupati Press, Kalyanpur, Howrah.	1,100
	Price, Rs. 1.		
56	বেদঃ। ঋগ্বেদ-সংহিতা। ১। [Vedah. Rīgveda-Samhita. 1. The Vedus. A collection of the hymns of the Rigveda. No. 1. The text with Sāyana's commentary, Bengali translations of the text and of Sāyana's commentary, an exposition in Bengali and annotations.] Edited by Durgadas Lahiri. Pages 32. Published by the printer, Howrah. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. (R).	Dhirendra Nath Lahiri, Prithibir Itihas Printing Works, Howrah.	1,000
	Price, 4 annas.		
	[1st edition noticed in entry No. 34 at page 83 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1909.]		
57	_____. No. 8. Pages 225-256. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [12th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R).	Ditto	1,000
	Price, 4 annas.		
	[No. 7 noticed in entry No. 40 at page 83 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]		
58	_____. No. 9. Pages 257-288. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [12th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R).	Ditto	1,000
	Price, 4 annas.		
59	_____. No. 10. Pages 289-320. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [12th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R).	Ditto	1,000
	Price, 4 annas.		
60	_____. No. 11. Pages 321-352. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [12th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R).	Ditto	1,000
	Price, 4 annas.		

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, also, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT—RELIGION—contd.		
61	বেদঃ। ঋগ্বেদ-সংহিতা। ১২। [Vedah. Rigveda-Samhita. 12. The Vedas. A collection of hymns of the Rigveda. No. 12. The text with Sāyana's commentary, Bengali translations of the text and of Sāyana's commentary, an exposition in Bengali and annotations.] Edited by Durgadas Lahiri. Pages 353-384. Published by the printer, Howrah. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [14th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Dhirendra Nath Lahiri, Prithibir Itihas Printing Works, Howrah.	1,000
62	_____. No. 13. Pages 385-416. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [14th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
63	_____. No. 14. Pages 417-448. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [14th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
64	_____. No. 15. Pages 449-480. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [14th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
65	_____. No. 16. Pages 481-512. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [4th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
66	_____. No. 17. Pages 512-544. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [4th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
67	_____. No. 18. Pages 545-576. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [4th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
68	_____. No. 19. Pages 577-608. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [4th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
69	_____. No. 20. Pages 609-640. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
70	_____. No. 21. Pages 641-672. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
71	_____. No. 22. Pages 673-704. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
72	_____. No. 23. Pages 705-736. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal for the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	* Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT—RELIGION—concl'd.		
73	বেদঃ। সায়নাচার্য্য কৃতাবেদানুক্রমণিকা। ১। [Vedah. Sayanacharyya-Krita Vedanukramanika. 1. The Vedas. Prefatory observations relating to the Vedas by Sāyanāchāryya. No. 1. The text with a commentary, a Bengali translation and an exposition in Bengali.] Edited by Durgadas Lahiri. Pages 32. Published by the printer, Howrah. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [20th August, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. (R). Price, 4 annas. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 31 at pages 82 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Dhirendranath Lahiri, Prithibir Itihās Printing Works, Howrah.	1,000
74	No. 2. Pages 33-64. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [20th August, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. (R). Price, 4 annas. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 32 at page 82 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Ditto	1,000
75	No. 3. Pages 65-96. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [22nd August, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. (R). Price, 4 annas. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 33 at page 82 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Ditto	1,000
76	ব্রহ্মদারণাকোপনিষদ্। অষ্টম খণ্ড। (একাদশ ভাগ)। [Vrihadaranyakopanishad. Ashtam Khanda. Ekadas Bhag. The Vrihadāranyaka Upanishat. Vol. VIII. Part XI. The text with Sankara's commentary, a Bengali translation of the text and of the commentary and annotations.] Edited by Durgacharan Sankhya Vedantatirtha. Pages 1377-1504. Published by Anilchandra Datta, 28-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919 20 A.D. [20th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, Re. 1-2. [Vol. VIII. Part - noticed in entry No. 52 at page 121 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1915. Pages 2 to 10. Not traceable.]	Mammathanath Das, Union Press, 67-9, Balaram De Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	BENGALI AND URIYA—LANGUAGE.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
1	বঙোতক প্রথম গ্রন্থ। [Bangotkal Pratham Siksha. An alphabetical primer in Bengali and Uriya.] Pages 20. Published by Manilal Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [30th June, 1919.] 12°. 4th edition. Price, 1 anna 6 pies.	M. L. Maharana, Utkal Press, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT—RELIGION—contd.		
61	বেদঃ। ঋগ্বেদ-সংহিতা। ১২। [Vedah. Rîgveda-Samhita. 12. The Vedas. A collection of hymns of the Rîgveda. No. 12. The text with Sayana's commentary, Bengali translations of the text and of Sayana's commentary, an exposition in Bengali and annotations.] Edited by Durgadas Lahiri. Pages 353-384. Published by the printer, Howrah. 1326 sâl or 1919-20 A.D. [14th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Dhirendra Nath Lahiri, Prithibir Itihâs Printing Works, Howrah.	1,000
62	_____. No. 13. Pages 385-416. 1326 sâl or 1919-20 A.D. [14th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
63	_____. No. 14. Pages 417-448. 1326 sâl or 1919-20 A.D. [14th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
64	_____. No. 15. Pages 449-480. 1326 sâl or 1919-20 A.D. [14th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
65	_____. No. 16. Pages 481-512. 1326 sâl or 1919-20 A.D. [4th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
66	_____. No. 17. Pages 512-544. 1326 sâl or 1919-20 A.D. [4th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
67	_____. No. 18. Pages 545-576. 1326 sâl or 1919-20 A.D. [4th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
68	_____. No. 19. Pages 577-608. 1326 sâl or 1919-20 A.D. [4th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
69	_____. No. 20. Pages 609-640. 1326 sâl or 1919-20 A.D. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
70	_____. No. 21. Pages 641-672. 1326 sâl or 1919-20 A.D. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
71	_____. No. 22. Pages 673-704. 1326 sâl or 1919-20 A.D. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
72	_____. No. 23. Pages 705-736. 1326 sâl or 1919-20 A.D. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal for the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT—RELIGION—concl'd.		
73	বেদ:। সায়ণাচার্য্য কৃতাবেদমুক্রমণিকা। ১। [Vedah. Sayanacharyya-Krita Vedanukramanika. 1. The Vedas. Prefatory observations relating to the Vedas by Sāyanāchāryya. No. 1. The text with a commentary, a Bengali translation and an exposition in Bengali.] Edited by Durgadas Lahiri. Pages 32. Published by the printer, Howrah. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [20th August, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. (R). Price, 4 annas. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 31 at page 82 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Dhirendranath Lahiri, Prithibir Itihās Printing Works, Howrah.	1,000
74	..... No. 2. Pages 33-64. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [20th August, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. (R). Price, 4 annas. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 32 at page 82 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Ditto	1,000
75	..... No. 3. Pages 65-96. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [22nd August, 1919.] 8°. 2nd edition. (R). Price, 4 annas. [1st edition noticed in entry No. 33 at page 82 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Ditto	1,000
76	ব্রহ্মদারণ্যকোপনিষদ্। অষ্টম খণ্ড। (একাদশ ভাগ)। [Vrihadaranyakopanishad. Ashtam Khanda. Ekadas Bhaḡ. The Vrihadāranyaka Upanishat. Vol. VIII. Part XI. The text with Sankara's commentary, a Bengali translation of the text and of the commentary and annotations.] Edited by Durgācharan Saukhyā Vedānta-tīrtha. Pages 1377 1504. Published by Anilchandra Datta, 28-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [20th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, Re. 1-2. [Vol. VIII. Part I noticed in entry No. 52 at page 121 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1915. Parts 2 to 10. Not traceable.]	Manmathanath Das, Union Press, 67-9, Baram De Street, Calcutta	1,000
	BENGALI AND URIYA—LANGUAGE.		
	Educational—		
1	বঙ্গোত্তর প্রথম বীজ। [Bangotkal Pratham Siksha. An alphabetical primer in Bengali and Uriya.] Pages 20. Published by Manilal Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [30th June, 1919.] 12°. 4th edition. Price, 1 anna 6 ples.	M. L. Maharana, Utkal Press, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued

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	ENGLISH AND HINDI—HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY).		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
1	Majumdar, B. K. (B.A.). —A Short History of England. Based on <i>Gardner, Ransome, etc.</i> with a Hindi translation by Pandit Ramdahan Misra and Pandit Gopinath Chandra. Pages 96. Published by the Granthamala Office, Bankipur. 1919. [5th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition Price, Rs. 1-4.	Mahabir Prasad Poddar, Banik Press, 60, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	ENGLISH AND HINDI—LANGUAGE.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
6	Gangadhar Banerji, (M.A.). —Elementary Lessons on English Composition in Hindi. Pages 6, 268. Published by the printer for S. K. Lahiri & Co., 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1919. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition (Revised and enlarged.) Price, 8 annas.	J. C. Ghosh, Cotton Press, 57, Harrison Road, Calcutta	2,500
7	Haridas Vaidya. —संग्रही शिक्षा। चौथा भाग। [Sangreji Siksha. Chautha Bhag. Instruction in English. Part IV. An English grammar with Hindi explanations and illustrations.] Pages 4, 1, 287. Published by Haridas Vaidya trading as Haridas & Co., 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1919. [15th July, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. Price, Rs. 1-8.	Rampratap Bhargava, Narasingh Press, 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	1,000
8	सरल अंग्रेजी शिक्षा। [Sara Angreji Siksha. Simple Instruction in English. An alphabetical primer.] Pages 7. Published by Kanhai Lal Bajrang Lal Jhunjhunvala, Raniganj. [30th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 9 ples.	Mahavirprasad Poddar, Banik Press, 60, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	ENGLISH AND HINDI—MISCELLANEOUS.		
1	लोक-रहस्य। [Lok-Rahasya. The Mysteries of Men. A Hindi translation of Rai Bankim Chandra Chatterji Bahadur's "Lok-Rahasya." Pages 1, 1, 1, 108. Published by the Hindi Pustak Agency, 126, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1976 samvat or 1919-20 A.D. [30th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition (T.) Price, 10 annas.	Mahavirprasad Poddar, Banik Press, 60, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	ENGLISH AND PALI—LANGUAGE.		
	<i>Educational.—</i>		
4	Asutosh Ghose (B.L.) and Mahendra Kumar Ghose, (M.A.). —Pali Translation and Composition. Part II. Pages 95. Published by Joga Jivan Ghosh, 25, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta. [27th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2.	D. C. Chakravarti, Katyani Press, 18-1, Fakir Chand Mitra Street, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

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Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH AND PANJABI—LANGUAGE.		
1	Salley, T. Grahame (Rev., M.A., B.D., M.R. A.S.) —An English-Panjabi Vocabulary of 5,500 words. Pages 14, 159. Published by the author, Gujrat. 1919. [11th July 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2-4.	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	600
	ENGLISH AND PERSIAN—LANGUAGE.		
6	Phillott, D. C. (Lieut.-Colonel, M.A., Ph.D., F.A.S.B.) —Higher Persian Grammar. [For the use of the Calcutta University showing differences between Afghan and modern Persian with notes] on Rhetoric. Pages 2, 6, 937. Published by the Calcutta University, Calcutta. [9th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	1,000
	<i>Educational—</i>		
7	Mafizuddin Ahmed. —A complete key to Farsi-ki-Dusri-kebab. Pages 148. Published by Abul Fazl Muhammad, Islamia Library, 22, Kumartuli, Dacca. 1919. [10th May, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. Revised. Price, 10 annas.	Md. Ibrahim, Moslem Hitaishi Press, Dacca.	2,000
8	Mufazzal Hussain. —A Handbook of Persian Grammar. Pages 210. Published by B. C. Basak, Albert Library, Dacca. 1919. [3rd June, 1919.] 16°. 5th edition. Revised. Price, Re. 1-4	S. A. Gunny, Alexandra S. M. Press, Dacca.	1,250
	ENGLISH AND SANSKRIT—HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY.)		
1	Hyderabad Archaeological Series, No. 4. Pakhal Inscription of the Reign of the Kakatiya Ganapatideva. Pages 2, 13. Published by His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad. 1919. [20th August, 1919] 4°. 1st edition. Price, ... [No. 3 noticed in entry No. 1. at page 84 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	500
	ENGLISH AND SANSKRIT—LANGUAGE.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
13	De, A. C., (B.A.) —Sanskrit Made Easy. Pages 1, 230. Published by the author, Jafarnagar, Chittagong 1919. [22nd September, 1919.] 16°. 4th edition. Revised and enlarged. Price, 12 annas.	Jitendra Nath Sen, B.A. Vidyodaya Press, -8-2, Kasi Ghosh Lane, Calcutta.	2,000

**BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.**

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH AND SANSKRIT—LAN- GUAGE—concid.		
	<i>Educational—concid.</i>		
14	Model Questions with answers on Mudra Rakshasa & Sisupal Badham. I—II. Pages 50, 5, 43. Published by Rames Chandra Sen, 48, Banianagar, Dacca. 1919. [27th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas.	Kula Chandra De, Sastruprachar Press, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane and Mahesvar Bhattacharyya, Bharat Mihir Press, 25, Ray- bagau Street, Cal- cutta.	1,000
	ENGLISH AND TIBETAN—LAN- GUAGE.		
1	Dawasamdip Kazi, Lama. —An English-Tibetan Dictionary. [Containing a vocabulary of approximately twenty thousand words with their Tibetan equivalents.] Pages 1, 4, 989. Published by the Calcutta University, Calcutta. 1919. [4th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Rev. Percy Knight Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	1,500
	ENGLISH AND TIBETAN—POETRY.		
2	ཤེ་རབ་དོང་བུ། [She-Rab Dong-Bu. Tree of Wisdom. A metrical translation in Tibetan (made about 11th century A.D.) of a Sanskrit ethical work entitled Prajna Danda written by Nagarjuna about 100 B.C. The Tibetan text with an English translation and notes.] Edited and translated by Major W. L. Campbell, C.I.E. Pages 2, 1, 132. Published by the Calcutta University. 1919. [14th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. (R). Price, ...	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	500
	ENGLISH AND URDU—LANGUAGE.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
6	Abdur Rasheed. —Junior Progressive Translation from Urdu into English. Part I. Pages 90. Published by the author, 11, Kalutola Street, Calcutta. [25th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	K. C. Neogi, Nababibha- kar Press, 91-2, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	ENGLISH AND YUNNANESE— LANGUAGE.		
1	Enriquez, C. M. (Captain, F.R.G.S.) —Colloquial Yunnanese. [A survey of the Yunnanese language as spoken on parts of the North-East Burmese Frontier.] Pages 100. Published by the printers, 3, Esplanade East, Calcutta. 1919. [2nd July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 8.	Thacker, Spink & Co., Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, 6, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.	250

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the press—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	HINDI AND PERSIAN—LANGUAGE.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
1	<p>गुलिस्तान अर्थात् नीति-पुष्पोद्यान । [Gulistan Arthat Niti-Pushpodyan. Gulistān or Flower Garden of Morals. A Hindi translation of Saikh Sādi's well-known Persian work "Gulistān" with the mottoes in original Persian.] Translated by Haridas Vaidya. Pages 1, 2, 1, 360, 2. Published by Haridas Vaidya, trading as Haridas & Co., 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 1919. [20th July, 1919.] 16°. 3rd edition. (T.)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, Rs. 2.</p>	Rampratap Bhargava, Narsingh Press, 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	2,000
	HINDI AND SANSKRIT—BIOGRAPHY.		
1	<p>उत्तरपुराण । [Uttarpuran. A Jaina religious work included in the Mahāpurāṇ by Śrīmad Guṇabhadraśāryya and containing the lives of various Jaina Saints. The Sanskrit text with a Hindi translation by Pandit Lalaram Jaina.] Pages 4, 760. Published by Pandit Lalaram Jaina, Mulharganj, Indore. 1975 samvat or 1918-19 A.D. [15th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. (R.)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, Rs. 10.</p>	Srilal Jaina, Jaina Siddhanta Prakash Press, 8, Mahendra Bose Lane, Calcutta.	750
	HINDI AND SANSKRIT—PHILOSOPHY.		
1	<p>तत्त्वार्थसार । [Tattvarthasara. A Jaina philosophical work by Śrīmat Amrita Chandra Suri. The text with a Hindi exposition by Pandit Vansadhar Sastri Nyayatirtha.] Pages 428. Published by Pannalal Jaina Baklibal, 8, Mahendra Bose Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [1st August, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. (R.)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, Rs. 4.</p>	Ditto ...	750
	SANSKRIT AND URIYA—MISCELLANEOUS.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
1	<p>ବୃହତ୍ ଚଣକ୍ୟ ଶ୍ଳୋକ । [Vrihat Chanakya Slokah. Wise sayings of Chanakya, with Uriya translations in verse.] Pages 22. Published by Arjun Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [9th July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. (R.)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, 2 annas.</p>	M. L. Maharana, Utkal Press, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta.	1,000
	SANSKRIT AND URIYA—POETRY.		
1	<p>ପ୍ରସ୍ତାବିନ୍ଧୁ । [Prastaba Sindhu. Sea of Discourse. Moral verses of Chanakya with their Uriya translations in verse.] Translated by Dina Krishna Das. Pages 95. Published by the printer, 51, Sankaritola, Calcutta. 1919. [10th July, 1919.] 12°. 4th edition. Illustrated. (R.)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, 5 annas.</p>	Sarat Chandra Ray, Anglo-Sanskrit Press, 51, Sankaritola, Calcutta.	1,000
	[3rd edition noticed in entry No. 1 at page 138 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1914.]		

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	SANSKRIT AND URIYA—POETRY— concl'd.		
2	<p>৫৭৯৫০ । [Prastaba Sindhu. Sea of Discourse. Moral verses of Chanakya with their Uriya translations in verse.] Translated by Dina Krishna Das. Pages 90. Published by Manilal Maharana, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta. 1919. [21st July, 1919.] 12°. 3rd edition. (R).</p> <p>Price, 5 annas.</p> <p>[2nd edition noticed in entry No. 4 at page 103 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1913.]</p>	M. L. Maharana, Utkal Press, 8, St. James Square, Calcutta.	1,000
	TRI-LINGUAL BOOKS.		
	ARABIC, BENGALI AND SANSKRIT—RELIGION.		
1	<p>Trailokyanath Chakravarti.—কোরান তত্ত্ব । [Koran Tattva. The Principles of the Koran. An attempt at harmonising the essential principles of the Hindu and Mahomedan religions.] Pages 2, 96, 8. Published by the author, Jalpaiguri. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [25th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 8 annas.</p>	Hariharan Rakshit, Bharat Mibir Press, 25, Ray Bagan Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	BENGALI, ENGLISH AND SANSKRIT—DRAMA.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
2	<p>রত্নাবলী । [Ratnavallí (a name). A Sanskrit drama by Sriharsha. The text with an introduction, Bengali and English translations, notes, University questions and answers, etc.] Edited by Jogendradas Chaudhuri, M.A. Pages 1, 10, 206, 22. Published by Satyendranath Das, B.A., Cornwallis Buildings, Calcutta. 1919. [8th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. (R).</p> <p>Price, Rs. 2.</p>	M. N. Ghosh, (Ghosh Machine Press, 38, Sibnarayan Das Lane, and Sadhucharan Das, Rasik Law Printing Works, 21, Kenderdine Lane, Calcutta.	1,100
3	<p>রত্নাবলী । [Ratnavallí. (A name). A Sanskrit drama by Sriharsha. The text, with an introduction, English and Bengali translations, Sanskrit commentary, annotations in English and Sanskrit, etc.] Edited by Srish Chandra Chakravarti, B.A. Pages 2, 36, 350. Published by D. N. Bhattacharyya, 65, College Street, Calcutta. 1919. [9th July, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. (R).</p> <p>Price, Rs. 2-8.</p>	D. N. De, Svarna Press, 107, Mechuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
	BENGALI, ENGLISH AND SANSKRIT—LANGUAGE.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
21	<p>Anilchandra Datta. বঙ্গভাষা-শিক্ষা । প্রথমোধ্যঃ । [Sanskrita-Siksha. Prathamobhāgah. Instruction in Sanskrit. Part I. A Sanskrit primer with hints on Sanskrit Grammar.] Pages 1, 1, 72. Published by Syamacharan Chakravarti, 28-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. 1840 sak or 1918-19 A.D. [12th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 5 annas.</p>	Taraprasanna Das-Gupta, Sanskrit Press, 124-2-1, Maniktala Street, Calcutta.	3,000

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Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the name is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing	Number of copies.
BENGALI, ENGLISH AND SANSKRIT—LANGUAGE—concl'd. <i>Educational—concl'd</i>			
22	Agutosh Sarkar, (B.A., B.T.). —An introduction to Sanskrit Grammar. Pages 2, 156, 8 Published by G. M. Datta, Students' Library, Dacca. 1919. [28th April, 1919] 16° 4th edition Price, 10 annas.	S. A. Gunny, Alexandria Steam Machine Press, Dacca	3,000
23	Mathuranath Mandal, (M.A.). —Sanskrit Translation Simplified Pages 2, 92 Published by the author, Salkia, Howrah 1919 [15th June, 1919] 16° 1st edition. Price, 9 annas.	Haricharan Rakshit, Bharat Mihir Press, 25, Raybagan Street, Calcutta	1,000
24	Rakhaldas Vidya-ratna. —A manual of Sanskrit Composition and Translation Pages 11, 2, 320 Published by the printer, 16, Haladhar Bardhan Lane, Calcutta 1919 [20th June, 1919] 16° 21st edition Price, Re. 1-4.	B. K. Das, Wellington Printing Works 10, Haladhar Bardhan Lane, Calcutta	5,000
25	Rameshchandra Kavvitchha. —Sankshipta Ramayana-Chandrika Part II [A key] Pages 127-546 Published by Dhanaujay Chatterji, 12, Haritaki Bagan Lane, Calcutta 1919 [14th August, 1919] 16° 1st edition Price, Re. 1 for Parts I and II together.	Rajkumar Ray, Pasupati Press, Kalyanpur, Howrah.	500
BENGALI, ENGLISH AND SANSKRIT—MISCELLANEOUS.			
6	Hariachandra Chakravarti. —ब्राह्म विजय। ब्राह्म विजय। [Bhanti Vijay Brahman Kanda Conquest of Error The Book of Brahmins. A short social history of the Brahmins of Bengal] Pages 14, 480 Published by the author, Andul Dulle, Howrah. 1325 sal or 1918 19 A D [10th September, 1919] 16° 2nd edition Price, Re. 2. [Previous edition noticed in entry No 188 at page 87 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1914]	Hrishikes Ghosh, Rudra Printing Works, 25 2A, Mechhuabazar, Street, Calcutta.	2,000
7	বানবৈশ্ব জাতি অশ্বকুমি বা প্রত্নতত্ত্ব বাবিসি। তৃতীয় ভাগ। [Manaver Adh Janma Shumi Va Pratna. tatva Varidhi. Trititya Bhag.] (Original Abode of Mankind or the Ocean of Archaeology Part III Attempts to show that Mongolia was the original home of the whole human race] Pages 16 490 Published by Anutosh Das, 32, Simla Street, Calcutta. 1326 sal or 1919-20 A D. [27th August, 1919] 8° 2nd edition Price, Re. 3. [Part III of 1st edition noticed in entry No 9 at page 134 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1913 Previous parts not received]	Amritalal Sarkar, Katyayani Press 39 1, Bhuberayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure number of pages publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies
	BENGALI, ENGLISH AND SANSKRIT—MISCELLANEOUS—concl'd.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
8	Matriculation University Examination Questions from 1910 to 1919. Pages 160. Published by the printer, 63, Beadon Street, Calcutta. [4th August, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition. Price, 10 annas.	Panchanan Das, Efm Press, 63, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	500
9	Ten years' Matriculation University Questions (1910—1919). Compiled by U C Bhattacharyya. Pages 244. Published by Upendra Chandra Bhattacharyya, Cornwallis Buildings, Calcutta. [21st July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 10 annas.	Sadhu Charan Das, Rank Law Printing Works, 21, Kenderdine Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
	BENGALI, ENGLISH AND SANSKRIT—POETRY.		
	<i>Educational—</i>		
3	शिशुपाल-वधम् । प्रथमः सर्गः । [Śiśupala-Vadham. Prathamah Sargah. The Slaying of Śiśupala Canto I. The wellknown poem by Māgha. The text with an introduction, Mallinatha's commentary, Bengali and English translations, notes, etc.] Edited by J. N. Kaviratna, B.A. Pages 4, 6, 17, 4, 238, 9. Published by the printer, 8-2, Kasi Ghosh Lane, Calcutta. 1919 [4th August, 1919.] 16°. 2nd edition. (R). Price, Rs. 1-8.	J. N. Sen, B.A., Vidyodaya Press 8-2, Kasi Ghosh Lane, and New Sarasvati Press, Calcutta.	1,000
	BENGALI, ENGLISH AND SANSKRIT—RELIGION.		
1	Dvijadas Datta. —বেদমাতা মানবমন্ডলের আদিম ধর্মমাতা । [Vedamātā-Mānavamandalar Adim Dharmamātā Mother Veda—the First God Mother of the Human Race. Attempts to show that the Vedas form the first sacred book, the source of all religious faiths, "Primeval Revelation" of the world.] Pages 2, 32. Published by the printer, 3, Ramanath Majumdar Street, Calcutta. [20th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	K. P. Nath, Mangalgaonj Mission Press, 3, Ramanath Majumdar Street Calcutta.	500
2	ऋग्वेद संहिता । तृतीय संख्या । [Rigveda Samhita. Tritiya Sankhya. The Rigveda Samhita No. 3. The text with the Sanskrit commentaries of Sayana and other commentators, the Bengali translation by Rameshchandra Datta, and a Sanskrit commentary and a Bengali and an English translation of the text by Uma Chandra Vidyaratna.] Pages 81-158. Published by Anant Das, 32, Simla Street, Calcutta. [18th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1.	Jitendra Nath Sen, B.A., Vidyodaya Press, 8-3, Kasi Ghosh Lane, Calcutta.	800
	[No. 1 noticed in entry No 11 at page 63 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1917.]		

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Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	<p>BENGALI, HINDI AND SANSKRIT—LANGUAGE.</p> <p><i>Educational—</i></p> <p>1 রচনানুবাদ শিক্ষা। [Rachananuvad Shiksha. Instruction in Composition and Translation.] Edited by Gurunath Vidyānidhi Bhattacharyya. Pages 11, 324. Published by Jānakināth Kāvyaśirṭha, 80, Gopinohan Datta Lane, Calcutta. 1326 sāl or 1919-20 A.D. [2nd July, 1919.] 12°. 5th edition.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, Rs. 1-8.</p> <p>BENGALI, SANSKRIT AND URIYA—RELIGION.</p> <p>1 ନିତ୍ୟକର୍ମ । ଶ୍ରୀକା ଭଗବତ । ଶ୍ରୀକୃଷ୍ଣଙ୍କ ଅଷ୍ଟୋତ୍ତରଶତ ନାମ । ମହାବ୍ରହ୍ମଣ୍ୟ ବଳନା ଓ ଦଶ ଅବତାର । [Nityakarma. Tika Bhagavat. Srikrishnan-kara Ashtottarasata Nama. Mahapurushanka Sandana O Dasa Avatar. Daily religious rites. Abridged Bhagavata. One hundred and eight names of Sri Krishna. Hymns to great sages and ten incarnations of Vishnu.] Pages 20. Published by the printer, 51, Sankaritola Lane, Calcutta. 1919. [19th August, 1919.] 12°. 5th edition. Illustrated. (R).</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, 1 anna 3 pies.</p> <p>[4th edition noticed in entry No. 1 at page 141 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1918.]—</p>	<p>M. N. Ghosh, Ghosh Machine Press, 38, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.</p> <p>Sarat Chandra Ray, Anglo Sanskrit Press, 51, Sankaritola Lane, Calcutta.</p>	<p>1,000</p> <p>1,000</p>
	<p>ENGLISH, PRAKRIT AND SANSKRIT—POETRY.</p> <p>1 प्राकृत-सुक्तरत्नावली। [Prakrita-Suktaratnamala.—Collection of ancient Prakrit popular poems, with Sanskrit equivalents and English translations.] Compiled by Purnachand Nahar, M.A., B.L., M.B.A.S. Pages 4, 2, 105, 7. Published by V. J. Joshi, Jaina Vividha Sahitya Sasthamala Office, Benares City. 1919. [30th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, 8 annas.</p>	<p>Mahabirprasad Podder, Banik Press, 60, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.</p>	<p>500</p>
	<p>QUADRI-LINGUAL BOOKS.</p> <p>ARABIC, BENGALI, ENGLISH AND URDU—MISCELLANEOUS.</p> <p><i>Educational—</i></p> <p>1 Junior Madrasah Examination Question Papers, 1917-19. Pages 52. Published by Kazi Abder Rashid, s.a., Provincial Library, Dacca. 1919. [29th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, 3 annas.</p>	<p>Kazi Mahamed Ibrahim, Islamia Press, Satra- uza, Dacca.</p>	<p>1,250</p>

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page (with the name of year when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, also, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
<p>BENGALI, BRAJABULI, MAITHILI AND SANSKRIT—POETRY.</p>			
1	<p>পদকল্পিত (পদ)। দ্বিতীয় খণ্ড। তৃতীয় শাখা। [Padakalpataru (Sri Sri). Dvitiya Khanda. Tṛtiya Sakha. The Desire-yielding Tree of Songs Vol II, Part III. Songs of various Vaishnav poets with different readings and notes.] Edited by Satish Chandra Ray, M.A. Pages 7, 456. Published by Itan Kamal Sinha, 243-1, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta 1925 cal or 1918-19 A.D. [2nd September, 1919.] 89. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1-12.</p> <p>[Part I noticed in entry No. 1 at page 149 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1916.]</p>	R. C. Mitra, Vivas- ksha Press, 9, Vasva- ksha Lane, Calcutta.	2,000
<p>BENGALI, ENGLISH, HINDI AND SANSKRIT—MISCELLANEOUS.</p>			
1	<p>Vivekananda (Svarat).—বিরবান। [Viravani Voice of the Hero The Bengali, English, Hindi and Sanskrit poems and songs composed by the author, with Bengali prose translation and notes on the Sanskrit poems, and metrical Bengali translations of some of the English poems.] Edited by Kiranchandra Datta, Pages 8, 2, 72. Published by the editor, 78-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. [25th August, 1919.] 160. 8th edition.</p> <p>Price, 5 annas.</p> <p>[Previous edition noticed in entry No. 22 at page 122 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending September, 1911.]</p>	Kapilchandra Neogi, Nababibhakar Press, 91, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	2,000
<p>UNI-LINGUAL PERIODICALS.</p>			
<p>ASSAMESE PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS.</p>			
3	<p>প্ৰভাত। [Prabhat. Morning. Vol. II. No. 3. Sum- mer number, 1841 sak. A quarterly organ of the Jorhat Normal School dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Pages 97-146. Published by Anandiram Das, Normal School, Jorhat, Assam. 1841 sak or 1919-20 A. D. [25th July, 1919.] 80. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 3 annas.</p> <p>[No. 2 noticed in entry No. 1 at page 90 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Haricharan Bekaht, Bharat Mibir Press, 25, Raybagun Street, Calcutta.	625

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Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ASSAMESE PERIODICALS—RELIGION.		
9	দীপ্তি । [Dipti. Refulgence. 5th year. No. 7. A monthly journal devoted to Christian religion.] Pages 25-29. Published by the American Baptist Mission, Gauhati, Assam. July, 1919. [3rd July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	375
	[No. 6 noticed in entry No. 7 at page 90 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]		
10	_____ No. 8. Pages 29-32. August, 1919. [29th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Ditto ...	375
11	_____ No. 9. Pages 33-36. September, 1919. [30th August, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Ditto ...	425
12	ইসলামি আখবাব । [Islami Akhbar. Islami Newspaper. 1st year. No. 2. A monthly journal devoted mainly to Muhammadan religion.] Pages 30-64. Published by M. U. Ahmed Parsiporia, Maskhoa Road, Gauhati, Assam. Jyashtha, 1326 sál or May-June, 1919. [9th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 3 yearly.	U. N. Das. Sámya Press, 6, College Square, Calcutta.	1,500
	[No. 1 noticed in entry No. 8 at Page 90 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]		
	BENGALI PERIODICALS—FICTION.		
7	গল্প লহরী । [Galsa Lahari. Waves of Stories. 7th year. No. 2. A monthly magazine publishing series of stories.] Edited by Jnanendra Nath Basu. Pages 61-120. Published by the editor, 29, Durga Charan Mitra Street, Calcutta. Jyashtha, 1326 sál or May-June, 1919. [3rd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2-8 yearly.	K. C. De, Sástraprachar Press, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	750
	[No. 1 noticed in entry No. 6 at page 91 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]		
8	_____ No. 3. Pages 121-180. Ashádh, 1326 sál or June-July, 1919. [5th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2-8 yearly.	Ditto ...	750
9	_____ No. 4. Pages 181-240. Srávan, 1326 sál or July-August, 1919. [6th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2-8 yearly.	Ditto ...	750

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS— MEDICINE.		
26	চিকিৎসা প্রকাশ । [Chikitsa Prakas. Light of Medical Treatment. 12th year. No. 2. A monthly journal devoted to Allopathy and Homoeopathy.] Edited by Dharendra Nath Halder. Pages 47-86. Published by the editor, Andulberia, Nadia. Jyaishtia, 1326 sál or May-June, 1919. [22nd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 6 annas. [No. 1 noticed in entry No. 17 at page 91 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Gobardhan Pan, Gobardhan Press, 269, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	1,000
27	_____ No. 3. Pages 87-120. Ashádhi, 1326 sál or June-July, 1919. [12th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 6 annas.	Ditto	1,000
28	হ্যানিম্যান । [Hyanimyan. Hahnemann. 2nd year. No. 3. A monthly journal devoted to Homoeopathy.] Edited by R. R. Ghosh, M.B. Pages 65-96. Published by S. K. Chandra Bhar, 129-1 Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. Srávan, 1326 sál or July-August, 1919. [15th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas. [No. 2 noticed in entry No. 20 at page 91 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Jatindra Nath Mandal, Pratibha Press, 211A, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
29	_____ No. 4. Pages 97-128. Bhádra 1326 sál or August-September, 1919. [13th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	500
30	_____ No. 5. Pages 129-160. Ásvin, 1326 sál or September-October, 1919. [13th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
31	প্রচারক । [Pracharak. Preacher. 3rd year. No. 3. A monthly magazine devoted to Homoeopathy.] Edited by A. C. Majumdar, L.M.S. Pages 49-72. Published by J. Chaudhuri, 129-11-A, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. March, 1919. [7th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas. [No. 2 noticed in entry No. 22 at page 92 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Baidya Nath Chakravarti, Sri Sri Radha Press, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Bagbazar, Calcutta.	350
32	_____ No. 4. Pages 73-102. April, 1919. [18th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Ditto	350
33	_____ Nos. 5 and 6 (together.) Pages 105-152. May and June, 1919. [18th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Ditto	400
34	_____ No. 7. Pages 153-179. July, 1919. [14th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Ditto	400

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	<p align="center">BENGALI PERIODICALS— MEDICINE—concl'd.</p>		
35	<p>স্বাস্থ্য সমাচার। [Svasthya-Samaohar. News of Health. 8th year. No. 3. A monthly magazine dealing with hygiene and medical treatment.] Edited by Kartik Chandra Basu, M.B. Pages 49-72. Published by the editor, 45, Amherst Street, Calcutta. Ashadh, 1326 sal or June-July, 1919. [12th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1.</p> <p>[No. 2 noticed in entry No. 25 at page 92 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Kartik Chandra Basu, Standard Drug Press, 45, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	3,000
36	<p>_____. No. 4. Pages 73-96. Sravan, 1326 sal or July-August, 1919. [18th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1.</p>	Ditto ...	3,000
37	<p>_____. No. 5. Pages 97-120. Bhadra, 1326 sal or August-September, 1919. [15th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1.</p>	Ditto ...	3,000
	<p align="center">BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS.</p>		
182	<p>আলোচনা। [Alochana. Review. 23rd year. No. 3. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects]. Edited by Jogendra Nath Chatterji. Pages 33-56. Published by the printer 4, Telkal Ghat Road, Howrah. Jyaishta, 1326 sal or May-June, 1919. [20th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Rs. 2 yearly.</p> <p>[No. 1 noticed in entry No. 72 at page 92 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Jugalkrishna Sinha, Karmayoga Press, 4, Telkal Ghat Road, Howrah.	500
183	<p>_____. No. 3. Pages 57-80. Ashadh, 1326 sal or June-July, 1919. [20th July 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Rs. 2 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	500
184	<p>_____. No. 4. Pages 81-104. Sravan, 1326 sal or July-August, 1919. [19th August 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Rs. 2 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	800
185	<p>_____. No. 5. Pages 105-127. Bhadra, 1326 sal or August-September, 1919. [23rd September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Rs. 2 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	800

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—continued.		
186	ভাণ্ডার। [Bhandar. Store-house. Vol I. No. 12. An organ of the Bengal Co-operative Organisation Society.] Edited by Tarakchandra Ray. Pages 36. Published by the Bengal Co-operative Organisation Society, 6, Ducre Lane, Calcutta. Ashadh, 1326 sal or June-July, 1919. [30th July 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas. [No. 11 noticed in entry No. 79 at page 93 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June 1919.]	N. Mukherji, Art Press, 1, Wellington Square, Calcutta.	3,400
187	Vol II. No. 1. Pages 21. Sravan, 1326 sal or July-August, 1919. [21st August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Ditto	3,400
188	ভারতবর্ষ। [Bharatvarsha. India. 7th year. Part I. No 2. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Jaladhar Sen. Pages 153-296. Published by Sudhansu Sekhar Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. Sravan, 1326 sal or July-August 1919. [14th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas. [No. 1 noticed in entry No. 82 at page 94 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June 1919.]	Bihari Lal Nath, Emerald Printing Works, 9, Nanda Kumar Chandhuri 2nd Lane, Calcutta.	7,000
189	No. 3. Pages 297-440. Bhadra, 1326 sal or August-September, 1919. [14th August 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Ditto	7,000
190	No. 4. Pages 441-584. Arvin, 1326 sal or September-October, 1919. [15th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Ditto	7,000
191	ভারতী। [Bharati. Goddess of Speech. 43rd year. No. 3. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Manilal Ganguli and Saurindra Mohan Mukherji. Pages 175-256. Published by the printer, 22, Sukea Street, Calcutta. Ashadh, 1326 sal or June-July, 1919. [18th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas. [No. 2 noticed in entry No. 84 at page 94 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Kala Chand Dalal, Kantik Press, 22, Sukea Street, Calcutta.	2,500
192	No. 4. Pages 259-338. Sravan, 1326 sal or July-August, 1919. [17th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	2,500
193	No. 5. Pages 341-420. Bhādra, 1326 sal or August-September, 1919. [18th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	2,500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book when the name is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
194	ধন্বন্তরি। [Dhanvantari. The Physician of Heaven. 4th year. No. 9. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Purna Chandra Gupta. Pages 257-288. Published by Jatindra Mohan Sen, B.L., 9, Syama Charan De Street, Calcutta. Ashādhi, 1326 sāl or June-July, 1919. [14th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas 6 pies. [No. 8 noticed in entry No. 88 at page 95 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Jatindra Mohan Sen, Kālīka Press, 21, Nanda Kumar Chaudhuri 2nd Lane, Calcutta	500
195	_____. No. 10. Pages 289-329. Śrāvan, 1326 sāl or July-August, 1919. [18th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	Ditto	500
196	হারানথ। [Haranath (a name). 1st year. No. 3. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Gagan Chandra Basu. Pages 33-48. Published by the editor, Cuttack. Bhādrā, 1326 sāl or August-September, 1919. [7th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas 6 pies. [Nos. 1 and 2 not received.]	R. C. Mitra, Visvakosha Press, 9, Visvakosha Lane, Bagbazar, Calcutta.	500
197	ইউনাইটেড ট্রেড গেজেট (দি)। [United Trade Gazette (Di). The United Trade Gazette. 10th year. No. 9. A monthly trade journal.] Edited by Narayan Krishna Goswami. Pages 65-72. Published by Sibsanu Saha, 46, Nimu Goswami Lane, Calcutta. January, 1919. [27th June, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly. [No. 8 noticed in entry No. 17 at page 137 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919.]	Haridas Chongdar, United Press, 33, Nimu Goswami Lane, Calcutta.	100
198	_____. No. 10. Pages 73-80. February, 1919. [27th June, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	Ditto	100
199	_____. No. 11. Pages 81-88. March, 1919. [27th June, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	Ditto	800
200	_____. No. 12. Pages 89-96. April, 1919. [9th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	Ditto	3,000
201	_____. 11th year. No. 1. Pages 1-8. May, 1919. [9th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	Ditto	3,000
202	_____. No. 2. Pages 9-16. June, 1919. [21st July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	Ditto	3,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—<i>contd.</i>		
203	জগজ্যোতিঃ। [Jagajjyotih. The Light of the World. 11th year. No. 10. A monthly organ of the Buddhist community devoted to the Buddhist religion and literature.] Edited by Samana Purnananda Swami and Benimadhav Barua, M.A., D.LITT. Pages 249-272. Published by Maharaj Mahajan, 1, Buddhist Temple Lane, Kapalitola, Calcutta. Chaitra, 1325 sál or March-April, 1919. [29th April, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas. [No. 9 noticed in entry No. 90 at page 95 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Abdul Goffur, New Britannia Press, 8, Kedarnath Datta Lane, Calcutta.	600
204	—————. No. 11. Pages 273-296. Baisakh, 1326 sál or April-May, 1919. [10th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Ditto ...	600
205	—————. No. 12. Pages 297-324. Jyaishttha, 1326 sál or May-June, 1919. [15th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Ganes Chandra Mandal, New Britannia Press, 8, Kedar Datta Lane, Calcutta.	750
206	—————. 12th year. Nos. 1 and 2 (together). Pages 1-32. Ashadh and Sravan, 1326 sál or June-August, 1919. [22nd August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Ditto ...	600
207	—————. No. 3. Pages 33-56. Bhádra, 1326 sál or August-September, 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 3 annas.	Ditto ...	600
208	জাহ্নবী। [Jahnnavi. The Ganges. 8th year. No. 11. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Jatindranath Pal. Pages 465-508. Published by N. C. Banerji, M.A., 61, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. Ashadh, 1326 sál or June-July, 1919. [14th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas. [No. 10 noticed in entry No. 93 at page 95 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	K. C. De, Sástra prachár Press, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	350
209	—————. No. 12. Pages 3, 513-572. Sravan, 1326 sál or July-August, 1919. [26th July 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	350
210	—————. 9th year. No. 1. Pages 1-48. Bhádra, 1326 sál or August-September, 1919. [29th August 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	600
211	—————. No. 2. Pages 49-110. Asvin, 1326 sál or September-October, 1919. [21st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	600

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
212	<p>কাজের লোক। [Kajer Lok. The Man of Business. New Series. Vol. XIII. No. 7. A monthly magazine dealing with agriculture, art, industry and manufacture.] Edited by S. P. Chatterji. Pages 97-112. Published by the editor, 2, Rajendra Datta Lane, Calcutta. July, 1919. [30th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[No. 6 noticed in entry No. 100 at page 96 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	S. P. Chatterji, New Sarasvati Press, 25A, Mechhuabazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
213	<p>_____. No. 8. Pages 113-128 August, 1919. [22nd August, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 4 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	1,000
214	<p>_____. No. 9. Pages 129-144. September, 1919. [7th September, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 4 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	1,000
115	<p>_____. No. 10. Pages 145-160. October, 1919. [20th September, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 4 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	1,000
216	<p>কায়স্থ পত্রিকা। [Kayastha Patrika. The Journal of the Kayastha Caste. New Series. Vol. X. No. 1. A monthly magazine of the Kayastha caste treating of caste questions.] Edited by Upendra Chandra Sastri. Pages 1-44, 4. Published by the Bangadesiya Kayastha Sabha, 89-1, Grey Street, Calcutta. Basakh, 1326 sal or April-May, 1919. [27th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 2 yearly.</p> <p>[Vol. IX, No. 12 noticed in entry No. 102 at page 96 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Gosthabihari Manna, Mitra Press, 45, Grey Street, Calcutta.	1,000
217	<p>_____. No. 2. Edited by Amulya Charan Ghosh Vidyabhusan. Pages 45-92. Jyaishta, 1326 sal or May-June, 1919. [21st July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 2 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	1,020
218	<p>_____. No. 3. Pages 93-132, 8. Ashadh, 1326 sal or June-July, 1919. [12th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 2 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	1,000
219	<p>_____. No. 4. Pages 133-64, 16. Sravan, 1326 sal or July-August, 1919. [25th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 2 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the name is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS— MISCELLANEOUS— contd.		
220	কৃষক । [Krishak. Cultivator. Vol. XX No. 2 A monthly magazine devoted to agriculture.] Edited by Nikunjabihari Datta, M.A. A.S. Pages 33-64. Published by Rāmachandra Pāl, 162, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. Jyāishtha, 1326 sāl or May-June, 1919. [23rd June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Illustrated. Price, 3 annas. [No. 1 noticed in entry No. 104 at page 97 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Sarada Prasad Mandal, Sri Ram Press, 162, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	600
221	— Nos. 3 and 4 (together). Pages 65-120. Ashādh and Srāvan, 1326 sāl or June-August, 1919. [10th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Illustrated. Price, 3 annas.	Ditto ...	600
222	মহিলা বান্ধব । [Mahila Bandhav. Woman's Friend. Vol. XXXV. No. 6. A monthly magazine intended mainly for women dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Miss K. A. Blair. Pages 11. Published by the Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. Jāne, 1919. [30th June, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, 6 ples.	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	970
223	— No. 7. Pages 11. July, 1919. [23rd July 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, 6 ples.	Ditto ...	1,000
224	— No. 8. Pages 11. August, 1919. [20th August, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, 6 ples.	Ditto ...	1,000
225	— No. 9. Pages 11. September, 1919. [18th September, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, 6 ples.	Ditto ...	1,000
226	মহিশ্য সমাজ । [Mahishya Samaj. The Mahishya Community. 9th year. No. 3. A monthly organ of the Mahishya caste.] Edited by Sevananda Bhārati. Pages 33-48. Published by Narendranath Das, 64, Police Hospital Road, Entah, Calcutta. Ashādh, 1326 sāl or June-July, 1919. [10th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 1 anna 6 ples. [Nos. 1 and 2 not received. 8th year, No. 12 noticed in entry No. 109 at page 97 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Narendra Nath Das, Lila Printing Works, 14, Madan Baral Lane, Bowbazar, Calcutta.	1,000
227	— No. 4. Pages 49-64. Srāvan, 1326 sāl or July-August, 1919. [15th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 1 anna 6 ples.	Ditto ...	1,000

**BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.**

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page, with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS— MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
228	<p>ফানক। [Malanoha. The Flower Garden. 6th year. No. 3. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Kaliprasanna Das Gupta. Pages 193-280. Published by the printer, 24, Strand Road, Calcutta. Ashādī, 1326 sāl or June-July, 1919. [27th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p align="center">Price, 5 annas.</p> <p>[No. 2 noticed in entry No. 111 at page 98 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Pramatha Nath Dās Gupta, Kamalā Print ing Works, 3, Kasi Mitra's Ghat Street, Calcutta.	1,500
229	<p>—————. No. 4. Pages 281-364. Śrāvan, 1326 sāl or July-August, 1919. [23rd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p align="center">Price, 5 annas.</p>	Ditto	1,500
230	<p>মানসী ও মর্ম্মবানী। [Manasi O Marmmavani. Born of the Mind and Utterances of the inmost Heart. 11th year. Part I. No. 5. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Maharaja Jagadindra Nath Ray and Prabhat Kumar Mukherji, Pages 449-560. Published by the printer, 14A, Rantann Basu Lane, Calcutta. Ashādī 1326 sāl or June-July, 1919. [25th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p align="center">Price, 6 annas.</p> <p>[No. 4 noticed in entry No. 114 at page 98 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Sitalchandra Bhatta- charyya, Manasi Press, 14A, Rantann Basu Lane, Calcutta.	6,000
231	<p>—————. No. 6. Pages 561-664. Śrāvan, 1326 sāl or July-August, 1919. [5th August 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p align="center">Price, 6 annas.</p>	Ditto	6,000
232	<p>—————. 11th year. Part II. No. 1. Pages 104. Bhadra, 1326 sāl or August-September, 1919. [25th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p align="center">Price, 6 annas.</p>	Ditto	6,000
233	<p>মুকুল। [Mukul. Blossom. 24th year. No. 1. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Labanyaprabha Sarkar. Pages 16. Published by the printer, 100, Garpar Road, Calcutta. Baisakh, 1326 sāl or April-May, 1919. [26th May, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.</p> <p>[23rd year, No. 12 noticed in entry No. 45 at page 141 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919.]</p>	Karonabindu Biswas, U. Ray & Sons' Press, 100, Garpar Road, Calcutta.	400
234	<p>—————. No. 2. Pages 17-32. Jyāishtha, 1326 sāl or May-June, 1919. [7th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.</p>	Ditto	400

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1 Serial No.	2 Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the titlepage with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	3 Printer and place of Printing.	4 Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS.—contd.		
235	<p>नन्दिनी। [Nandini. Daughter. 5th year. No. 3. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Asutosh Das Gupta Mahalanavisi. Pages 85-124. Published by the editor, 214, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. Ashadh, 1326 sal or June-July, 1919. [1st July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Illustrated.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 2-8 yearly.</p> <p>[No. 2 noticed in entry No. 116 at page 98 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	S. K. Chatterji, Vani Press, 12 1, Chorbagan Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
236	<p>_____ No. 4. Pages 125-164. Sravan, 1326 sal or July-August, 1919. [15th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Illustrated.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 2-8 yearly.</p>	Ditto	1,000
237	<p>नारायण। [Narayan. The God Vishnu. 5th year. Part II. No. 2. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Chittaranjan Das. Pages 87-168. Published by the printer, 166, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. Ashadh, 1326 sal or June-July, 1919. [2nd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 5 annas.</p> <p>[No. 1 noticed in entry No. 120 at page 99 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Purnachandra Mukherji, Basumati Press, 166, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,000
238	<p>_____ No. 3. Pages 169-254. Sravan, 1326 sal or July-August, 1919. [1st August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 5 annas.</p>	Ditto	1,000
239	<p>नव्याभारत। [Navyabharat. New India. Vol. XXXVII. No. 4. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Deviprasanna Ray Chaudhuri. Pages 145-192. Published by the editor, 210-4, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. Sravan, 1326 sal or July-August, 1919. [23rd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 8 annas.</p> <p>[No. 3 noticed in entry No. 126 at page 100 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Hari Charan De, Manika Press, 3-A, Radha Prasad Lane, Calcutta.	2,200
240	<p>_____ No. 5. Pages 193-240. Bhadra, 1326 sal or August-September, 1919. [23rd August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price 8 annas.</p>	Ditto	2,200
241	<p>_____ Nos. 6 and 7 (together). Pages 241-336. Aavin and Kārtik, 1326 sal or September-November, 1919. [25th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1.</p>	Ditto	2,200

**BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal for the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.**

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLA- NEOUS—contd.		
242	পল্লীবাণী। [Palli-Vani. Voice of the Village. 2nd year. No. 2. A monthly magazine dealing with miscella- neous subjects.] Edited by Bhojangaadhar Ráy Chaudhuri, M.A. N.L. Pages 49-92. Published by Jitendra Nath Ráy Chaudhuri, 68-5, Russa Road, North, Calcutta. Jyaishtia, 1326 sál or May-June, 1919. [2nd August, 1919] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas [No. 1 noticed in entry No. 128 at page 100 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Sital Chandra Bhatta- charyya, Manasi Press, 14-A, Ramtanu Basu Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
243	—————. No. 3. Pages 93-140. Ashádhi, 1326 sál or June-July, 1919. [2nd August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
244	—————. No. 4. Pages 141-188. Srávan, 1326 sál or July-August, 1919. [25th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
245	প্রজাপতি। [Prajapati. An epithet of the god Brahmá. 11th year. No. 2. A monthly magazine devoted mainly to social questions.] Edited by Jnánendranath Kumár. Pages 17-32. Published by the printer, 63, Nimalá Ghát Street, Calcutta. Jyaishtia 1326 sál or May-June, 1919. [2nd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2 yearly. [No. 1 noticed in entry No. 132 at page 100 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	J. N. Kumár, Karuna Press, 53, Baranasi Ghosh Street, Calcutta.	1,000
246	—————. No. 3. Pages 33-48. Ashádhi, 1326 sál or June-July, 1919. [12th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2 yearly.	Ditto	1,000
247	—————. No. 4. Pages 49-64. Srávan, 1326 sál or July-August, 1919. [3rd August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2 yearly.	Ditto	1,000
248	প্রবাহিনী। [Pravahini. Stream. 1st year. No. 3. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Panchkadi Banerji. Pages 129-194. Pub- lished by Satis Chandra Mitra, 12, Nárikel Bágán Lane, Calcutta. Paush, 1325 sál or December, 1918 to January, 1919. [29th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 annas. [No. 2 noticed in entry No. 332 at page 84 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1918.]	Balaichandra Dás, Lakehnuvilás Press, 12, Nárikel Bágán Lane, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
249	<p>প্রবাহিনী। [Pravahini. Stream. 1st year. No. 4. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Panchkadi Bauerji. Pages 195-258. Published by Satis Chandra Mitra, 12, Narikel Bāgān Lane, Calcutta. Māgh, 1325 sāl or January-February, 1919. [5th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 6 annas.</p>	Balaichandra Das, Lukshmivilās Press, 12, Nārikel Bāgān Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
250	<p>— Nos. 5 and 6 (together). Pages 259-348. Phālgun and Chaitra, 1325 sāl or February-April, 1919. [15th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p>Price, 12 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	1,000
251	<p>— 1st year. Part II. No. 1. Edited by Amarendranath Ray. Pages 80. Baisākh, 1326 sāl or April-May, 1919. [24th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 6 annas.</p>	Ditto ..	1,000
252	<p>প্রবাসী। [Pravasi. The Sojourner. Vol. XIX. Part I. No. 4. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Rāmananda Chatterji. Pages 309-404. Published by the printer, 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. Śrāvan, 1326 sāl or July-August, 1919. [18th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p>Price, 5 annas.</p> <p>[No. 3 noticed in entry No. 135 at page 101 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919]</p>	Abinashchandra Sarkar, Brahmo Mission Press, 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	6,000
253	<p>— No. 5. Pages 405-504. Bhādra, 1326 sāl or August-September, 1919. [20th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p>Price, 5 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	6,000
254	<p>— No. 6. Pages 505-600, 8. Āvin, 1326 sāl or September-October, 1919. [17th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p>Price, 5 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	6,000
255	<p>সবুজ পত্র। [Sabuj Patra. The Green Leaf. 6th year. No. 1. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Pramatha Chaudhury, M.A., Barrister-at-Law. Pages 1-68. Published by the editor, 3, Hastings Street, Calcutta. Baisākh, 1326 sāl or April-May, 1919. [25th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 2-6 yearly.</p> <p>[Nos. 11-12 of 5th year noticed in entry No. 137 at page 101 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Sarada Prasad Das, Weekly Notes, Printing Works, 3, Hastings Street, Calcutta.	1,000
256	<p>— No. 2. Pages 69-134. Jyāishtha, 1326 sāl or May-June, 1919. [16th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 2-6 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
257	সবুজ পত্র । [Sabu] Patra. The Green Leaf. 6th year. No. 3. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects] Edited by Pramatha Chaudhury, M.A., Barrister-at-Law. Pages 135-192. Published by the editor, 3, Hastings Street, Calcutta. Ashadh, 1326 sál or June-July, 1919. [10th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 2-6 yearly.	Sarada Prasad Das, Weekly Notes Printing Works, 3, Hastings Street, Calcutta.	1,000
258	সাহিত্য পরিষৎ পত্রিকা । [Sahitya Parishat] Patrika. The Journal of the Literary Association Sahitya Parishat. Vol. XXVI. No. 1. A quarterly journal devoted to literary and historical research.] Edited by Khagendra Nath Mitra, M.A. Pages 1-74, 79-94, 4. Published by Ram Kamal Sinha, 243-1, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [5th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas. [Vol. XXV No. 4 noticed in entry No. 140 at page 102 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	R. C. Mitra, Visvakosha Press, 9, Visvakosha Lane, Bagbazar, Calcutta.	2,750
259	_____ No. 2. Pages 75-140, 1-44, 1 6. 1326 sál or 1919-20 A.D. [5th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas.	Ditto ...	2,750
260	সাহিত্য সংবাদ । [Sahitya Samvad. Literary News. 8th year. Nos. 10 and 11 (together). A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects] Edited by Pramatha Nath Sanyal. Pages 429-540. Published by the printer, 2, Annada Prasad Banerjee Lane, Khirertola, Howrah. Baishakh-Jyaishta, 1326 sál or April-May-June, 1919. [8th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 3 yearly. [Nos. 8-9 noticed in entry No. 142 at page 102 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Dhirendra Nath Lahiri, Prithibir Itihās Printing Works, 2, Annada Prasad Banerjee Lane, Khirertola, Howrah.	1,150
261	_____ No. 12. Pages 541-584. Ashadh, 1326 sál or June-July, 1919. [8th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 3 yearly.	Ditto ...	1,150
262	_____ 9th year. No. 1. Pages 1-48. Sravan, 1326 sál or July-August, 1919. [6th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 3 yearly.	Ditto ...	1,150
263	_____ No. 2. Pages 49-96. Bhadra, 1326 sál or August-September, 1919. [12th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 3 yearly.	Ditto ...	1,150

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
264	সমাজ বন্ধু । [Samaj Bandhu. Friend of Society, 11th year. Nos. 9 and 10 (together). A monthly organ of the Mahishya caste.] Edited by Adhar Chandra Das. Pages 1-12. Published by the printer, 12-1, Chorbagan Lane, Calcutta. Ashadh and Sravan 1326 sál or June-August, 1919 [15th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price Re. 1-2 yearly. [11th year. Nos. 3 and 4 (together) noticed in entry No. 66 at page 144 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919. Nos. 5 to 8 not received.]	S. K. Chatterjee, Bani Press, 12-1, Chorbagan Lane, Calcutta.	300
265	_____. Nos. 11-12 (together). Pages 1-17. Bhadra and Asvin, 1326 sál or September-October, 1919. [11th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-2 yearly.	Ditto ...	300
266	সন্ডে স্কুল পত্রিকা । [Sandeshkul Patrika. Sunday School Advocate. July, 1919. A monthly magazine dealing with religious and other subjects.] Edited by Rev. J. P. Meik and M. K. Chakravarti. Pages 4. Published by Rev. D. H. Manley, 72, Corporation Street, Calcutta. [7th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. For free distribution. [For June 1919 noticed in entry No. 146 at page 103 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	N. Mukherji, Gupta & Co.'s Press, 1, Wellington Square, Calcutta.	250
267	_____. August, 1919. Pages 4. [4th August, 1919.] 4°. For free distribution	Ditto ...	250
268	_____. September, 1919. Pages 4. [4th September, 1919.] 4°. For free distribution.	Ditto ...	400
269	সন্দেশ । [Sandesh. A kind of sweetmeat. 7th year. No. 2. A monthly magazine for children.] Edited by Sukumar Roy, B.Sc. Pages 33-64. Published by the printer, 212, Sukea Street, Calcutta. Jyaishta, 1326 sál or May-June, 1919. [6th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas 6 pies. [No. 1 noticed in entry No. 149 at page 103 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Lalit Mohan Gupta, U. Roy & Sons' Press, 100, Garpar Road, Calcutta.	2,500
270	_____. No. 3. Pages 65-96. Ashadh, 1326 sál or June-July, 1919 [29th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas 6 pies.	Ditto ...	2,500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
271	সঙ্গীত । [Sangit. Prosa. 1st year. No. 1. A monthly magazine dealing with Philosophy, Literature, etc.] Pages 1-78. Published by M. Nasiruddin, 8, Zakaria Street, Calcutta. Agrahayan, 1325 sál or November-December, 1918. [2nd December, 1918.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 5 annas.	Priya Nath Das, Fine Art Printing Syndicate, 148, Baranashi Ghosh Street, Calcutta.	500
272	— No. 2. Pages 79-150. Pausa, 1325 sál or December, 1918-January, 1919. [31st December, 1918.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 5 annas.	Ditto ...	1,000
273	— No. 3. Pages 151-226. Magh, 1325 sál or January-February, 1919 [30th January, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 5 annas.	Ditto ...	1,000
274	— No. 4. Pages 227-302. Phalgun, 1325 sál or February-March, 1919. [28th February, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 5 annas.	Ditto ...	1,000
275	— No. 5. Pages 303-378. Chaitra, 1325 sál or March-April, 1919. [30th March, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 5 annas.	Ditto ...	1,000
276	— No. 6. Pages 379-456. Baisakh, 1326 sál or April-May, 1919. [29th April, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 5 annas.	Ditto ...	1,000
277	— No. 8. Pages 10, 531-606. Published by M. Nasir Uddin, 285 B, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. Ashadh 1326 sál or June-July, 1919. [7th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 5 annas.	T. C. Das, Cherry Press, Ltd., 93-1A, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,500
	[No 7 noticed in entry No. 150 at page 103 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]		
278	— No. 9. Pages 607-684. Sravan 1326 sál or July-August, 1919. [12th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 5 annas.	Ditto ...	1,500
279	— No. 10. Pages 685-754. Bhadra 1326 sál or August-September, 1919. [18th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, 5 annas.	Ditto ...	1,500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919.—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and Place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
280	<p>সুবর্ণ বানিক সমাচার । [Suvarna Bank Samachar. News of the Suvarna Bank Caste. 3rd year. No. 9. A monthly journal dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Nrisinhapada Datta, B.L. Pages 327-366. Published by the printer, 211A, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. Sravan, 1326 sál or July-August, 1919. [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p align="center">Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[No. 8 noticed in entry No. 154 at page 104 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Jatindra Nath Mondal, Protiva Press, 211A, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	800
281	<p>—————. No. 10. Pages 367-406. Bhádra, 1326 sál or August-September, 1919. [23rd August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p align="center">Price, 4 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	800
282	<p>তাম্বুলি পত্রিকা । [Tambuli Patrika. A journal of the Tambuli caste. 5th year. No. 5. A monthly organ of the Tambuli Sammilani Sabha, dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Jogendra Nath Sinha, B.L., and Rajendra Nath Sen, B.L. Pages 105-128. Published by the printer, 4, Telkal Ghat Road, Howrah. Baisakh, 1326 sál or April-May, 1919. [20th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1 yearly.</p> <p>[No. 4 noticed in entry No. 156 at page 104 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	J. K. Sinha, Karma-yoga Printing Works, 4, Telkal Ghat Road, Howrah.	600
283	<p>—————. No. 6. Pages 129-152. Jyaishtha, 1326 sál or May-June, 1919. [30th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	600
284	<p>—————. No. 7. Pages 153-176. Ashadh, 1326 sál or June-July, 1919. [15th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	600
285	<p>—————. No. 8. Pages 177-200. Sravan 1326 sál or July-August, 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	600
286	<p>তাম্বুলি সমাজ । [Tambuli Samaj]. The Tambuli Community. 17th year. Nos. 9-12 (together). A monthly organ of the Tambuli caste dealing with matters of caste interest.] Edited by Suros Chandra Pal. Pages 73-104. Published by the editor, 5, Visvakosha Lane, Calcutta. Pausa to Chaitra, 1325 sál or December, 1918, to April 1919. [10th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Re. 1 yearly.</p> <p>[Nos. 7 & 8 noticed in entry No. 78 at page 146 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March 1919.]</p>	S. C. Pal, Visvakosha Press, 9, Visvakosha Lane, Calcutta.	500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book when the name is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS – MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
287	তাম্বুলি সমাজ। [Tambuli Samaj]. The Tambuli Community. 18th year. Nos. 1-4 (together). A monthly organ of the Tambuli caste dealing with matters of caste interest.] Edited by Sures Chandra Pal. Pages 1-32. Published by the editor, 5, Viavakosha Lane, Calcutta. Baisakh to Sravan, 1326 sál or May to September, 1919. [18th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	S. C. Pal, Viavakosha Press, 9, Viavakosha Lane, Calcutta.	500
288	তিলি বান্ধব। [Tili Bandhav.] The Friend of the Tili caste. 1st year. No. 1. A monthly organ of the Tili caste dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Bahir Das Pal. Pages 1-24. Published by the editor, 1, Narasingha Datta Road, Kadamtala Bazar, Howrah. Baisakh, 1326 sál or April-May, 1919. [15th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	Bahir Das Pal, Karma-yoga Printing Works, 4, Telkal Ghat Road, Howrah.	1,000
289	_____. No. 2. Pages 25-48. Jyaishtha, 1326 sál or May-June, 1919. [25th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	Ditto	1,000
290	তিলির গৌরব। [Tilir Gaurab.] The Glory of the Tili caste. 2nd year. No. 5. A monthly organ of the Tili caste, dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Sasi Bhushan Kundu. Pages 97-120. Published by the editor, 283, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. Jyaishtha, 1326 sál or May-June, 1919. [26th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas. [No. 4 noticed in entry No. 159 at page 105 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Manmatha Nath Ghosh, Ghosh Machine Press, 38, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	500
291	_____. No. 6. Pages 121-144. Ashádñ, 1326 sál or June-July, 1919. [7th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Ditto	500
292	_____. No. 7. Pages 145-168. Sravan, 1326 sál or July-August, 1919. [2nd August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Ditto	500
293	তিলি সমাচার। [Tili Samachar.] News of the Tili caste. 1st year. Nos. 1-3 (together). A monthly organ of the Tili caste, dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Hriday Krishna Kundu, B.L. Pages 1-70. Published by the editor, 418, Grey Street, Calcutta. Baisakh to Ashádñ 1326 sál or April to July, 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-4 yearly.	Hriday Krishna Kundu, Albion Press, 5-1A, Noor Mahammad Sarkar Lane, Calcutta.	1,000

**BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued**

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title—brief subject including the age of the book where the same is obscure—number of pages—publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS— * MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
294	বৈষ্ণব সমাজ । [Vaishnava Sama]. The Vaishnava Community. Vol. III. Nos. 5 and 6 (together). A bi-monthly organ of the Vaishnavas, dealing with social and religious subjects.] Pages 61-84. Published by Surendra Mohan Adhikari, Elati, Hooghly. 1919. [16th July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 11 annas yearly. [Nos. 3 & 4 noticed in entry No. 16 at page 120 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending 30th June, 1918.]	J. N. De, Bani Press, 63, Nimitala Street, Calcutta.	400
295	Vol. IV. No. 1. Pages 1-36. 1919. [16th July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 11 annas yearly.	Ditto	400
296	বৈশ্য পত্রিকা । [Vaishya Patrika. A journal of the Vaishya Caste. 9th year. No. 10. A monthly organ of the Vaishya caste, dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Jogendra Nath De. Pages 233-256. Published by the editor, Jessore. Jyaisbtha 1326 sal or May-June, 1919. [11th June, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas. [No. 9 noticed in entry No. 162 at page 105 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Kali Prasanna Chatterji, Hindu Patrika Press, Jessore.	1,000
297	No. 11. Pages 257-280. Ashadh, 1326 sal or June-July, 1919. [11th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Ditto	1,000
298	No. 12. 6 Pages 281-304. Sravan, 1326 sal or July-August, 1919. [11th August, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Ditto	1,000
299	বামাবোধিনী । [Vamsabodhini. Instruction of Women. No. 667. A monthly magazine intended for females, dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Pages 333-360. Published by Santosh Kumar Dutta, 89, Anthony Bagan Lane, Calcutta. March, 1919. [27th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 164 at page 105 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Abinash Chandra Sarkar, Brahmo Mission Press, 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	400
300	No. 668. Pages 361-388. 4. April, 1919. [1st July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	400
301	No. 669. Pages 1-40. May, 1919. [14th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	500
302	No. 670. Pages 41-76. [June, 1919. [20th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	500
303	No. 671. Pages 77-104. [July, 1919. [14th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	400

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
304	<p>বঙ্গীয় মুসলমান সাহিত্য পত্রিকা। [Vangliya-Musallman-Sahitya Patrika. The Journal of Mahomedan Literature of Bengal. 2nd year. No. 2. A quarterly organ of the Bengal Mahomedan Literary Association, dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Mahammad Sahidulla, M.A. B.L., and Mahammad Mojammal Haque, B.A. Pages 89-178. Published by Mazaffar Ahmed, 32, College Street, Calcutta. Srāvan, 1326 sāl or July-August, 1919. [30th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 6 annas.</p> <p>[No. 1 noticed in entry No. 168 at page 106 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Dakshinaraman Chakravarti, Katyayani Press, 18-1, Phakir Chand Mitra Street, Calcutta.	2,200
305	<p>বিকাশ। [Vikaa. Manifestation. 1st year. No. 1. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Purna Chandra Biswas and Bijoy Krishna Das. Pages 1-16. Published by Sudhir Chandra Mitra, 55.2-1-2, Mechhua Bazar Street, Calcutta. Aavin, 1326 sāl or September-October, 1919. [18th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 2 annas.</p>	H. C. Bhattacharyya, Metcalfe Printing Works, 34, Mechhua Bazar Street, Calcutta.	200
306	<p>ব্যবসায়ী। [Vyavasayi. The Trader. 8th year. Nos. 3 and 4 (together). A monthly trade journal dealing with subjects of general interest.] Pages 17-32. Published by the printer, 100, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. Phālgun and Chaitra, 1326 sāl or February-April, 1919. [2nd August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.</p> <p>[Nos. 1 & 2 noticed in entry No. 174 at page 107 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Haripada Banerji, Ramamay Printing Works, 100, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	1,000
307	<p>Nos. 5 and 6 (together.) Pages 33-48. Baisakh and Jyaishta, 1326 sāl or April-June, 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	1,000
308	<p>যমুনা। [Yamuna (name of a river.) New Series. 2nd year. No. 2. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Jatindra Mohan Bagchi, B.A., and Phanindra Nath Pal, B.A. Pages 49-96. Published by P. N. Pal, 26-3, Scott Lane, Calcutta. Jyaishta, 1326 sāl or May-June, 1919. [6th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 3 annas 3 pias.</p> <p>[Previous number noticed in entry No. 176 at page 107 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	P. N. Pal, Suatraprachar Press, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	500
309	<p>No. 3. Pages 97-144. Ashadh, 1326 sāl or June-July, 1919. [7th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 3 annas 3 pias.</p>	Ditto ...	500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—concl'd.			
310	<p>যমুনা । [Yamuna (name of a river.) New Series. 2nd year. No. 4. A monthly magazine, dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Jatindra Mohan Bagchi, B.A., and Phanindra Nath Pal, B.A. Pages 145-192. Published by P. N. Pal, 26-3, Scott Lane, Calcutta. Śrāvan, 1326 sāl or July-August, 1919. [5th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 3 annas 3 pies.</p>	P. N. Pal, Santiprachar Press, 5, Chhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	500
311	<p>_____ No. 5. Pages 193-240. Bhādra, 1326 sāl or August-September, 1919. [9th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 3 annas 3 pies.</p>	Ditto	500
312	<p>যোগি-সখা । [Yogi-Sakha. Friend of the Yogi Caste. 16th year No. 2. A monthly organ of the Assam Banga Yogi Sammilani, dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Ambika Charan Nath, B.A. Pages 25-48. Published by Rukmini Kanta Nath, 21, Gauribere Lane Calcutta. Jyāishtha, 1326 sāl or May-June, 1919. [3rd June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Re. 1 yearly.</p> <p>[Previous number noticed in entry No. 181 at page 107 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Subodh Chandra Sarkar, Suryya Press, 83, Gauribere Lane, Calcutta	1,000
313	<p>_____ No. 3. Pages 49-72. Ashādh, 1326 sāl or June-July, 1919. [24th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Re. 1 yearly.</p>	Ditto	1,000
314	<p>_____ No. 4. Pages 73-104. Śrāvan, 1326 sāl or July-August, 1919. [28th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Re. 1 yearly.</p>	Ditto	1,000
BENGALI PERIODICALS—RELIGION.			
29	<p>শক্তি । [Shakti. Devotion. 17th year No. 8. A monthly journal dealing mainly with religious subjects.] Edited by Dines Chandra Bhattacharyya. Pages 141-164. Published by the editor, Jhorhat, Howrah. Chaitra, 1325 sāl or March-April, 1919. [2nd June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, Re. 1-2 yearly.</p> <p>[Previous Nos. 6 & 7 noticed in entry No. 16 at page 108 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Subodh Chandra Kunda, British Indian Printing Works, Salkia, Howrah.	400

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and place.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
BENGALI PERIODICALS—RELIGION—contd.			
30	পতাকা। [Pataka. Flag. 3rd year. No. 3. A quarterly Christian journal.] Edited by Rev A. C. Ghosh. Pages 1-8. Published by J. D. Ray, Barisal. July, 1919. [23rd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ... [Previous number noticed in entry No. 17 at page 108 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	350
31	সম্মিলনী। [Sammilani. Union. 13th year. No. 3. A monthly Christian journal.] Edited by N. J. Bose, M.A. Pages 41-60. Published by Rev. H. G. Banerji, 58, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. June, 1919. [11th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly. [No. 2 noticed in entry No. 20 at page 108 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	S. C. Bose, Great Eden Press, 6-B, Bhim Ghosh Lane, Calcutta.	250
32	_____. No. 4. Pages 61-80. July, 1919. [6th August, 1919] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	Ditto	250
33	_____. No. 5. Pages 81-100. August, 1919. [10th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	Ditto	250
34	সত্যধর্ম-প্রকাশিকা। [Satya Dharma-Prakashika. Expounder of True Religion. 1st year. No. 1. A monthly organ of the Buddhist community, dealing with religious subjects.] Edited by Dharmapal Sthavir and Aryyalankar Vikshu. Pages 1-8. Published by T. Bodhi Pal, 1, Buddhist Temple Lane, Calcutta. Ashāḍh, 1326 sāl or June-July, 1919. [18th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	G. C. Mandal, New Britannia Press, Calcutta.	1,000
35	স্নেহময়ী। [Snehamayi. Affectionate. 25th year. No. 7. A monthly magazine dealing mainly with religious subjects.] Edited by Amrita Lal Sarkar. Pages 12. Published by the Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. July, 1919. [23rd June, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 ples. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 22 at page 108 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919]	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	650
36	_____. No. 8. Pages 12. August, 1919. [25th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 ples.	Ditto	650
37	_____. No. 9. Pages 12. September, 1919. [26th August, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 6 ples.	Ditto	800

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1 Serial No.	2 Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	3 Printer and place of Printing.	4 Number of copies.
BENGALI PERIODICALS—RELIGION—contd.			
38	<p>তত্ত্ব বোধিনী পত্রিকা। [Tattvabodhini Patrika.</p> <p>A journal for the Exposition of Truth. No. 911. A monthly journal of the Adi Brahmo Samaj dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Satyendra Nath Tagore and Kshitindra Nath Tagore. Pages 57-88. Published by the printer, 55, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. Ashadh 1326 sál or June-July, 1919. [25th June, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[Previous number noticed in entry No. 25 at page 109 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending 30th June, 1919.]</p>	Ranagopal Chakravarti, Adi Brahmo Samaj Press, 55, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	400
39	<p>_____ No. 912. Pages 89-116. Sravan, 1326 sál or July-August, 1919. [29th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 4 annas.</p>	Ditto	400
40	<p>_____ No. 913. Pages 117-144. Bhádra, 1326 sál or August-September, 1919. [20th August, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 4 annas.</p>	Ditto	400
41	<p>তত্ত্বমঞ্জরী। [Tattvamanjari. Blossoms of Truth.</p> <p>23rd year. No. 3. A monthly organ of certain followers of Ram Krishna Paramahansa, devoted to religious topics.] Pages 63-94. Published by the printer, 6B, Bhim Ghosh Lane, Calcutta. Ashadh, 1326 sál or June-July, 1919. [9th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 2 annas.</p> <p>[Previous number noticed in entry No. 28 at page 109 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending 30th June, 1919.]</p>	S. C. Bose, Great Eden Press, 6B, Bhim Ghosh Lane, Calcutta.	1,900
42	<p>_____ No. 4. Pages 95-126. Sravan, 1326 sál or July-August, 1919. [5th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 2 annas.</p>	Ditto	1,000
43	<p>_____ No. 5. Pages 127-158. Bhadra, 1326 sál or August-September, 1919. [8th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 2 annas.</p>	Ditto	1,000
ENGLISH PERIODICALS—ART.			
5	<p>Gardener's Magazine (The). Vol. XXI. No. 3. [A monthly journal devoted to gardening, agriculture and the allied arts.] Edited by B. M. Roy. Pages 21-28. Published by the editor, 8, Gopal Nagar Road, Alipore, Calcutta. March, 1919. [6th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[No. 2 noticed in entry No. 4 at page 109 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending 30th June, 1919.]</p>	B. M. Roy, Hitaisi Press, 1-1, Kedar Nath Bose Lane, Bhowanipore, Calcutta.	300

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number or pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH PERIODICALS— ART—concl'd.		
6	Gardener's Magazine (The). Vol. XXI. No. 4. [A monthly journal devoted to gardening, agriculture and the allied arts.] Edited by B. M. Roy. Pages 29-36. Published by the editor 8, Gopal Nagar Road, Alipore, Calcutta. April, 1919. [1st July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	B. M. Roy, Hitaisi Press, 1-1, Kedar Nath Bose Lane, Bhowanipore, Calcutta.	300
7	_____. No. 5. Pages 37-48. May, 1919. [15th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	300
	ENGLISH PERIODICALS—HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY).		
4	Journal of the Punjab Historical Society. Vol. VII. No. 2. Pages 91-205. Published by the Punjab Historical Society, Lahore. 1919. [12th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, ... [Previous number noticed in entry No. 1 at page 104 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending 30th June, 1918.]	Rev. Percy Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	350
5	Journal of the United Provinces Historical Society (The). Vol. II. Part I. Pages 1-83. Published by the printer, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. June, 1919. [26th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 7. [Vol. I, Part II, noticed in entry No. 2 at page 109 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending 30th September, 1918.]	Ditto	250
	ENGLISH PERIODICALS—LAW.		
14	Calcutta Law Journal (The). Vol. XXIX. Index, Table of Cases, etc. [A fortnightly journal containing reviews, reports of cases, etc.] Pages 411-420, 1-23, 611-683. Published by Biraj Mohan Majumdar, M.A., B.L., 7, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta. 1919. [16th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ... [Vol. XXIX, No. 12, noticed in entry No. 13 at page 110 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Sukhamay Mitra, New Aryya Mission Press, 9, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	2,500
15	_____. Vol. XXX. No. 1. Edited by Haraprasad Chatterji M.A., B.L., and Anantosh Mukherji, M.A., B.L., Pages 2, 1-50. 1st July, 1919. [1st July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1.	Ditto	2,500
16	_____. No. 2. Pages 2, In—8n, 51-101. 16th July, 1919. [16th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1.	Ditto	2,500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, & date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price	Printer and place of Printing	Number of copies
ENGLISH PERIODICALS— LAW—concl'd.			
17	Calcutta Law Journal (The). Vol XXX. No 3 [A fortnightly journal containing reviews, reports of cases, etc.] Edited by Haraprasad Chatterji, M.A. B.L. and Asutosh Mukherjee, M.A. B.L., Pages 93-94, 1, 9n-14n, 101-144 Published by Biraj Mohan Majumdar, M.A. B.L. 7, Old Post Office Street Calcutta 1st August, 1919 [1st August, 1919] 8°. 1st edition.	Sukhamay Mitra, New Aryya Mission Press, 9, Shibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	2,500
	Price, Re. 1.		
18	No 4 Pages 1, 145-200. 16th August, 1919 [16th August, 1919] 8°. 1st edition	Ditto	2,500
	Price, Re. 1.		
19	No 5 Pages 15n-20n, 201-241. 1st September, 1919 [1st September, 1919] 8°. 1st edition	Ditto	2,500
	Price, Re. 1.		
20	No 6 Pages 1-241-288 16th September, 1919 [16th September 1919] 8°. 1st edition	Ditto	2,500
	Price, Re. 1.		
ENGLISH PERIODICALS— MEDICINE.			
31	Calcutta Journal of Medicine (The). Vol XXXVII. No 4 [A monthly journal of medicine and auxiliary sciences] Edited by Amrita Lal Sarkar L.M.S., F.C.S. Pages 133-146. Published by Sarat Chandra Roy, 51, Sankaritola, Calcutta April, 1919 [15th June, 1919] 8°. 1st edition	Sarat Chandra Roy, Anglo Sanskrit Press, 51, Sankaritola, Calcutta	60
	Price, Re. 1.		
	[Previous number noticed in entry No. 1 at page 152 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919]		
32	No 5 Pages 177-220. May, 1919. [28th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition	Ditto	60
	Price, Re. 1.		
33	No 6 Pages 221-264 June, 1919 [19th August, 1919] 8°. 1st edition	Ditto	60
	Price, Re. 1.		
34	Calcutta Medical Journal (The). Vol. XIII No. 8. [A monthly journal of the Calcutta Medical Club] Pages 213-234 Published by K. L. Ghoshal, 72 Harrison Road, Calcutta February, 1919 [10th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.	Hem Chandra Ray, Sathi Press, 29, Bailakkhana Road, Calcutta	500
	Price, 8 annas.		
	[Previous number noticed in entry No. 6 at page 152 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919]		
35	No. 9. Pages 239-262 March, 1919 [15th August, 1919] 8°. 1st edition	Ditto	500
	Price, 8 annas.		

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given in the title; age with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, else, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
ENGLISH PERIODICALS— MEDICINE—contd.			
36	Calcutta Medical Journal (The). Vol. XIII, No 10 [A monthly journal of the Calcutta Medical Club.] Pages 263-290. Published by K. L. Ghoshal, 72, Harrison Road, Calcutta. April, 1919. [19th August, 1919.] 8 ^o 1st edition Price, 8 annas.	Hem Chandra Ray, Nalini Press, 29, Baitakkhana Road, Calcutta.	500
37	_____ No 11. Pages 291-320. May, 1919 [25th August, 1919.] 8 ^o . 1st edition Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	500
38	_____ No 12. Pages 321-350. June, 1919. [31st August, 1919.] 8 ^o 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	500
39	_____ Vol. XIV No 1. Pages 1-28, 2. July, 1919 [7th September, 1919.] 8 ^o 1st edition Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	500
40	Health and Happiness. Vol. VII. No 6 [A monthly magazine devoted to Hygiene and Medical Science.] Edited by Kartik Chandra Bose, M.B. Pages 121-144. Published by the editor, 45, Amherst Street, Calcutta. June, 1919 [30th June 1919.] 8 ^o 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8 yearly. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 15 at page 110 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Kartik Chandra Bose, Standard Drug Press, 45, Amherst Street, Calcutta	1,500
41	_____ No 7. Pages 145-168. July, 1919 [26th July, 1919.] 8 ^o 1st edition Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.	Ditto ...	1,500
42	_____ No 8. Pages 169-192. August, 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 8 ^o 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.	Ditto ...	1,500
43	Indian Homoeopathic Review (The). Vol. XXVIII No 6 [A monthly journal of Homoeopathy and Collateral Sciences.] Edited by P. C. Majumdar, M.D., and J. N. Majumdar, M.D. Pages 121-144. Published by J. N. Majumdar, M.D. 203 I, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. June, 1919 [10th July, 1919.] 8 ^o 1st edition. Price, 8 annas. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 26 at page 111 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	N. L. Chatterji, Indian Press, 37, Madhu Ray Lane, Calcutta	250
44	_____ No 7. Pages 145-168. July, 1919. [28th August, 1919.] 8 ^o 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ..	250
45	_____ No 8. Pages 169-192. August, 1919. [22nd September, 1919.] 8 ^o . 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	250

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued

1 Serial No.	2 Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	3 Printer and place of Printing.	4 Number of copies.
ENGLISH PERIODICALS— LAW—concl'd.			
17	Calcutta Law Journal (The). Vol. XXX. No. 3. [A fortnightly journal containing reviews, reports of cases, etc.] Edited by Haraprasad Chatterji, M.A. B.L. and Asantosh Mukherjee, M.A. B.L., Pages 93-94, 1, 9a-14a, 101-144. Published by Biraj Mohan Majumdar, M.A. B.L., 7, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta. 1st August, 1919. [1st August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Sukhamay Mitra, New Aryya Mission Press, 9, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	2,500
18	_____. No. 4. Pages 1, 145-200. 16th August, 1919. [16th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Ditto ...	2,500
19	_____. No. 5. Pages 15a-20a, 201-241. 1st September, 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Ditto ...	2,500
20	_____. No. 6. Pages 1, 241-288. 16th September, 1919. [16th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Ditto ...	2,500
ENGLISH PERIODICALS— MEDICINE.			
31	Calcutta Journal of Medicine (The). Vol. XXXVII. No. 4. [A monthly journal of medicine and auxiliary sciences.] Edited by Amrita Lal Sarkar, L.M.S., F.R.C.S. Pages 133-146. Published by Sarat Chandra Roy, 51, Sankaritola, Calcutta. April, 1919. [15th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 1 at page 152 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919.]	Sarat Chandra Roy, Anglo-Sanskrit Press, 51, Sankaritola, Calcutta.	60
32	_____. No. 5. Pages 177-220. May, 1919. [28th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Ditto ...	60
33	_____. No. 6. Pages 221-264. June, 1919. [19th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Ditto ...	60
34	Calcutta Medical Journal (The). Vol. XIII. No. 8. [A monthly journal of the Calcutta Medical Club.] Pages 215-234. Published by K. L. Ghoshal, 72, Harrison Road, Calcutta. February, 1919. [10th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 6 at page 152 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919.]	Hem Chandra Ray, Sathi Press, 29, Baltakkhanna Road, Calcutta.	500
35	_____. No. 9. Pages 239-262. March, 1919. [15th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH PERIODICALS— MEDICINE—contd.		
36	Calcutta Medical Journal (The). Vol. XIII, No. 10. [A monthly journal of the Calcutta Medical Club.] Pages 263-290. Published by K. L. Ghoshal, 72, Harrison Road, Calcutta. April, 1919. [19th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Hem Chandra Ray, Sathi Press, 29, Baitakkhana Road, Calcutta.	500
37	_____. No. 11. Pages 291-320. May, 1919. [25th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	500
38	_____. No. 12. Pages 321-350. June, 1919. [31st August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	500
39	_____. Vol. XIV. No. 1. Pages 1-28, 2. July, 1919. [7th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	500
40	Health and Happiness. Vol. VII. No. 6. [A monthly magazine devoted to Hygiene and Medical Science.] Edited by Kartik Chandra Bose, M.B. Pages 121-144. Published by the editor, 45, Amherst Street, Calcutta. June, 1919. [30th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8 yearly. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 15 at page 110 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Kartik Chandra Bose, Standard Drug Press, 45, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	1,500
41	_____. No. 7. Pages 145-168. July, 1919. [26th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.	Ditto ...	1,500
42	_____. No. 8. Pages 169-192. August, 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.	Ditto ...	1,500
43	Indian Homoeopathic Review (The). Vol. XXVIII. No. 6. [A monthly journal of Homoeopathy and Collateral Sciences.] Edited by P. O. Majumdar, M.D., and J. N. Majumdar, M.D. Pages 121-144. Published by J. N. Majumdar, M.D., 203-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. June, 1919. [16th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 26 at page 111 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	N. L. Chatterji, Indian Press, 37, Madhu Ray Lane, Calcutta.	250
44	_____. No. 7. Pages 145-168. July, 1919. [28th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	250
45	_____. No. 8. Pages 169-192. August, 1919. [22nd September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	250

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH PERIODICALS— MEDICINE.—concl'd.		
46	Indian Medical Record. Vol. XXXIX. No. 7. [A monthly journal of Public Health and Tropical Medicine etc., devoted to the interests of the Medical Profession with a complete Government Medical Gazette of the Indian Empire.] Pages 121-140. Published by A. C. Bissharad, 2, Harakumar Tagore Square, Corporation Street, Calcutta. July 1919. [30th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 19 at page 111 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	J. C. Ghosh, Nely's Printing Works, 15A, British Indian Street, Calcutta.	500
47	_____. No. 8. Pages 141-160. August, 1919. [20th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	500
48	_____. No. 9. Pages 161-180. September, 1919. [15th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	500
49	M. S. Journal (The) Vol. XXII. No. 2. [A monthly Medico-Surgical journal of the Tropics.] Edited by S. K. Mullick, C.B.E., M.S. M.D. (Edin). Pages 17-32. Published by S. Majumdar, 18-1, Beadon Street, Calcutta. February, 1919. [5th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 5 yearly. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 30 at Page 112 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	K. G. Chakravarti, Girish Printing Works, 51-2-6, Sukea Street, Calcutta.	125
50	_____. No. 3. Pages 33-46. March, 1919. [15th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 5 yearly.	Ditto ...	125
51	_____. No. 4. Pages 49-64. April, 1919. [25th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 5 yearly.	Ditto ...	125
52	_____. No. 5. Pages 65-80. May, 1919. [1st July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 5 yearly.	Ditto ...	125
	ENGLISH PERIODICALS— MISCELLANEOUS.		
81	Bengal, Bihar and Orissa Co-operative Journal (The). Vol. V. No. 1. [A journal of the Co-operative Credit Society of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa issued every alternate month.] Edited by J. C. Coyajee, B.A. (Cantab) Pages 1, 1-62, 2. Published by the Bengal Co-operative Organisation Society, 6, Dacre's Lane, Calcutta. July, 1919. [2nd August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 3 yearly. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 44 at page 112 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending July, 1919.]	N. Mukerjee, B.A., Art Press, 1, Wellington Square, Calcutta.	600

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the name is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing	Number of copies.
ENGLISH PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.			
82	<p>Bengal Past and Present. Vol. XVI. Part II. Serial No. 32. [A journal of the Calcutta Historical Society.] Edited by W. K. Firminger. Pages 2, 105-226 and 2 plates. Published by S. C. Sanyal, Honorary Secretary, Calcutta Historical Society, 26, Shampukur Street, Calcutta. April-June, 1918 [1st July, 1919] 4°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, Rs. 5.</p> <p>[Previous number noticed in entry No. 3 at page 153 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919.]</p>	D. C. Keir, Valmiki Press, 3, Halder Lane, Calcutta.	250
83	<p>Bulletin of the Indian Rationalistic Society. Vol I. No. 2 [A monthly journal dealing mainly with the Science of Eugenics and other miscellaneous topics.] Edited by S. C. Mukerjee, J. C. Sinha, Wajid Ali and R. C. Maulik. Pages 17-32. Published by Wajid Ali, Barrister-at-Law, 29, Ripon Street, Calcutta. July, 1919 [1st July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, 2 annas.</p> <p>[Previous number noticed in entry No. 45 at page 113 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	S. C. Chandhuri, Phoenix Printing Works, 29, Kaldas Singher Lane, Calcutta	300
84	<p>_____ No. 3 Pages 33-56. August, 1919. [28th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, 2 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	300
85	<p>_____ No. 4 Pages 57-74. September, 1919 [13th August, 1919] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, 2 annas.</p>	S. C. Majumdar, Sri Gauranga Press, 71-1, Muzapur Street, Calcutta.	500
86	<p>Calcutta Review (The). No. 297. New Series. No. 27. [A quarterly journal dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by D. L. Monro. Pages 253-360. Published by the printer, 300, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. July, 1919. [24th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, Rs. 3-12.</p> <p>[Previous number noticed in entry No. 46 at page 113 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	D. L. Monro, Calcutta General Printing Co. Ltd., 300, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	350
87	<p>Century Review (The). Vol. V. No. 25 [An Anglo-Indian weekly recorder dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by H. W. B. Moreno. Pages 1-8. Published by the editor, 12, Wellesley Street, Calcutta. 2nd August, 1919. [2nd August, 1919.] Folio. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, 2 annas.</p> <p>[Previous number noticed in entry No. 59 at page 114 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	H. W. B. Moreno, Central Press, 12, Wellesley Street, Calcutta	200
88	<p>_____ No. 26. Pages 1-8. 23rd August, 1919. [23rd August, 1919.] Folio. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Price, 2 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	200

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
ENGLISH PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.			
89	<p>Collegian and Progress of India (The). Vol. XII. No. 1. [A fortnightly journal of Indian educational progress in all its branches.] Pages 1-32. Published by N. N. De, 33, Dixon Lane, Calcutta. July, 1919. [15th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[Vol. XI. Nos. 1 and 2 (together) noticed in entry No. 140 at page 75 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1918. Nos. 3 to 12 not received.]</p>	H. P. Ghosh, India Press, 24, Middle Road, Entally, Calcutta.	1,000
90	<p>_____. No. 2. Pages 33-64. July, 1919. [31st July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 4 annas.</p>	Ditto	1,000
91	<p>_____. No. 3. Pages 65-96, 1-24. August, 1919. [16th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 4 annas.</p>	Ditto	1,000
92	<p>Devajaya Review (The). Vol. II. Nos. 1 and 2 (together). A monthly journal devoted to religious, social, moral and educational progress of all communities.] Edited by Satindra Nath Ray Chowdhury, M.A., B.L. Pages 1-20. Published by the printer, 210-3-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. January and February, 1919 [20th January, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 8 annas.</p> <p>[Vol. I No. 2 noticed in entry No. 20 at page 155 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919. Later issues of Vol. I not published.]</p>	Brajendra Kumar Das Gupta, Bengal Art Printing, 1, Sircar Lane, Calcutta.	600
93	<p>_____. No. 6. Pages 79-94. June, 1919. [28th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[No. 5, noticed in entry No. 60 at page 114 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Brajendra Kumar Das Gupta, Kaumudi Press, 15A, Bhuvan Mohan Sircar Lane, Calcutta.	750
94	<p>_____. No. 7. Pages 95-110. July, 1919. [23rd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 4 annas.</p>	Brajendra Kumar Das Gupta, Bengal Art Printing, 1, Sircar Lane, Calcutta.	750
95	<p>_____. No. 8. Pages 111-126. August, 1919. [20th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 4 annas.</p>	Ditto	750
96	<p>Ex-soldier (The). Vol. IX. No. 6. [An official organ of the Ex Soldiers' Society of India and Burma.] Edited by T. F. Star. Pages 1-23. Published by the editor, 2-1, Leonard Road, Hastings. June, 1919. [3rd July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[Previous number noticed in entry No. 64 at page 114 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	N. Mukherjee, Gupta, Mukherji & Co.'s Press, 1, Wellington Square, Calcutta.	650

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the press—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.		
97	Ex-soldier (The). Vol. IX. No. 7. [An official organ of the Ex-Soldiers' Society of India and Burma.] Edited by T. Foster. Pages 1-24. Published by the editor, 2-1, Leonard Road, Hastings. July, 1919. [7th August, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	N. Mukherjee, Gupta, Mukherji & Co.'s Press, 1, Wellington Square, Calcutta.	650
98	_____. No. 8. Pages 1-24. August, 1919. [8th September, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	650
99	Indian Cycle and Motor Journal (The). Vol. V. No. 1. [A monthly journal.] Edited by S. K. Sen, B.A. Pages 1-62. Published by the printer, 115C, Amherst Street, Calcutta. June, 1919. [29th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 3 annas. [Vol. IV. No. 12. Noticed in entry No. 67 at page 115 of Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	A. Rahman, Acme Press, 115C, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	1,000
100	_____. No. 2. Pages 1-62. July, 1919. [15th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 3 annas.	Ditto ...	1,000
101	Indian Sports Journal (The). Vol. I. No. 2. [A monthly journal.] Edited by S. K. Sen, B.A. Pages 1-16. Published by M. Halder, 66, Bentinck Street, Calcutta. July, 1919. [28th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Rs. 2 yearly. [No. 1 noticed in entry No. 68 at page 115 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Ditto ...	1,000
102	Journal and Proceedings of the Asiatic Society of Bengal. New series. Vol. XV. 1919. No. 2. [A monthly journal.] Pages 81-105, I—LXXVI and 4 plates. Published by the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 1, Park Street, Calcutta. June, 1919. [30th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, ... [Previous number noticed in entry No. 1 at page 126 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Rev. P. Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	850
103	_____. No. 3. Pages 107-189. August, 1919. [20th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Ditto ...	800
104	Modern Review (The). Vol. XXVI. No. 1. [A monthly review and miscellany.] Edited by Ramananda Chatterjee. Pages 1-120. Published by the printer, 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. July, 1919. [1st July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 3 annas. [Vol. XXV, No. 6, noticed in entry No. 71 at page 115 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Abinash Chandra Sarkar, B. M. Press, 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	5,500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH PERIODICALS— MISCELLANEOUS— contd.		
105	Modern Review (The). Vol. XXVI. No. 2. [A monthly review and miscellany.] Edited by Ramananda Chatterjee. Pages 121-240. Published by the printer, 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. August, 1919. [1st August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Abinash Chandra Sarkar, B. M. Press, 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	5,500
106	_____. No. 3. Pages 241-352. September, 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, 8 annas.	Ditto ...	5,600
107	National Magazine (The). Vol. XXX. No. 6. [A monthly journal.] Edited by K. P. De. Pages 246-293. Published by the editor, 26, Kalidas Singhee Lane, Calcutta. June, 1919. [25th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 73 at page 5 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Sukhamay Mitra, New Aryya Mission Press, 9, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	500
108	_____. No. 7. Pages 294-341. July, 1919. [25th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Ditto ...	500
109	_____. No. 8. Pages 342-389. August, 1919. [27th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1.	Ditto ...	500
110	Presidency College Magazine (The). Vol. VI. No. 1. [Issued four times a year and dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Mahmood Hasan, B.A. Pages 1-55. Published by the editor, Presidency College, Calcutta. September, 1919. [18th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition Price, 10 annas. [Vol. V, No. 2, noticed in entry No. 74 at page 116 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919. Nos. 3 and 4 not received.]	Rev. P. Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	1,600
111	Racing Calendar (The). No. 7. [A fortnightly racing journal.] Edited by A. Fawcett. Pages 57-67. Published by Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta. 26th June, 1919. [26th June, 1919.] Folio. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 15 yearly. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 80 at page 46 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	C. V. Smith, City Press, 9, Strand Road, Calcutta.	200
112	_____. No. 8. Pages 68-76. 10th July, 1919. [10th July, 1919.] Folio. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 15 yearly.	Ditto ...	200
113	_____. No. 9. Pages 77-86. 24th July, 1919. [24th July, 1919.] Folio. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 15 yearly.	Ditto ...	200

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH PERIODICALS— MISCELLANEOUS—concl'd.		
114	Racing Calendar (The). No. 10 [A fortnightly racing journal.]—Edited by A. Fawcett. Pages 87-96. Published by Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta. 7th August, 1919. [7th August, 1919.] Folio. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 16 yearly.	C. V. Smith, City Press, 9, Strand Road, Calcutta.	200
115	_____. No. 11. Pages 97-108. 21st August, 1919. [21st August, 1919.] Folio. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 16 yearly.	Ditto	200
116	_____. No. 12. Pages 109-117. 4th September, 1919. [4th September, 1919.] Folio. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 16 yearly.	Ditto	200
	ENGLISH PERIODICALS— RELIGION.		
27	Assam Diocesan Magazine (The). Vol. III. No. 20. [A magazine devoted to Church news, issued four times a year.] Edited by Rev. Hugh T. Millett, B.A. Pages 63-96. Published by the printers, 20, British Indian Street, Calcutta. July, 1919. [7th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 12 annas. [No. 19 noticed in entry No. 15 at page 116 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Traill & Co., Ltd., 20, British Indian Street, Calcutta.	300
28	Calcutta Diocesan Record. Vol. VII. No. 4. [A quarterly magazine devoted to Church news.] Edited by Rev. C. J. Grimes. Pages 153-206. Published by the editor, St. Stephen's Parsonage, Kidderpore, Calcutta. July, 1919. [23rd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 16 at page 117 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	D. L. Monro, Edinburgh Press, 300, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	400
29	Indian Temperance Record and White Ribbon (The). Vol. XIII. No. 7. [A monthly journal of the Women's Christian Temperance Union.] Edited by W. D. Beal. Pages 97-112. Published by the Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. July, 1919. [28th June, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas. [No. 6 noticed in entry No. 19 at page 117 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Rev. P. Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	650
30	_____. No. 8. Pages 113-128. August, 1919. [30th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Ditto	650
31	_____. No. 9. Pages 129-144. September, 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, 2 annas.	Ditto	640

**BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued**

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obs. are, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH PERIODICALS— RELIGION—concl'd.		
32	Messenger (The). Vol. XVI. No. 5. [An organ of the Thoburn Methodist Episcopal Church and Kidderpore Methodist Episcopal Church.] Edited by Rev. G. Hender- son. Pages 1-12. Published by the editor, 151, Dharam- talla Street, Calcutta. June, 1919. [1st July, 1919] 4°. 1st edition. <i>For free distribution.</i> [Previous number noticed in entry No. 22 at page 117 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	N. Mukherjee, Gupta, Mukherjee & Co.'s Press, 1, Wellington Square, Calcutta.	400
33	Monthly News Letter. Vol. XXXIII. No. 7. [A monthly journal of the Baptist Missionary Society.] Edited by Rev T. W. Norledge. Pages 4. Published by the Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. July, 1919 [30th June, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, ... [No. 6 noticed in entry No. 25 at page 118 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Rev. P. Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	250
34	_____. No. 8. Pages 4. August, 1919. [30th July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Ditto ...	250
35	_____. No. 9. Pages 8. September, 1919. [2nd September, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Ditto ...	250
36	Our Flag. Vol. IV. No. 2 [A quarterly Christian journal dealing with religious subjects.] Edited by Rev. W. E. French, B.Sc. Pages 9-16. Published by the editor, Barisal. July, 1919. [2nd July, 1919] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ... [No. 1 noticed in entry No. 26 at page 118 of the Cata- logue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Ditto ...	250
37	Our Bond. Vol. XXV. No. 7. [A monthly Christian journal. Field News and Notes of the Australian and New Zealand Baptist Mission, in Bengal.] Edited by Rev. W. Barry. Pages 1-12. Published by the Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. July, 1919. [3rd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ... [Previous number noticed in entry No. 13 at page 159 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919. Nos. 4 to 6 not received.]	Ditto ...	600
38	_____. No. 8. Pages 1-8. August, 1919. [1st August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Ditto ...	600
39	_____. No. 9. Pages 1-8. September, 1919. [3rd September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Ditto ...	600

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book when the name is obscure, number of pages published and place of publication. Date given on the title page with the name of press when other than the Christian era—date of issue if on the press or of publication size edition and price	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
	ENGLISH PERIODICALS—SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL).		
3	Bulletin of the Calcutta Mathematical Society. Vol. X. No 1. 1918-19. [A journal of the Calcutta Mathematical Society.] Pages 1-61. Published by Atul Chandra Bhattacharyya, Senate House, Calcutta 1919. [16th August, 1919] 8 ^o 1st edition. Price, ... [Previous number noticed in entry No. 2 at page 118 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending 30th June, 1919.]	Atul Chandra Bhattacharyya, Calcutta University Press, Senate House, Calcutta.	350
	ENGLISH PERIODICALS—SCIENCE (NATURAL AND OTHER).		
8	Journal of the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur Mining Society (The) Vol. XIV No 1. Edited by A. V. Ethra; Pages 1-24. Published by the Mining Society for Civil Engineering College, Sibpur July, 1919. [22nd July, 1919.] 4 ^o . 1st edition <i>Illustrated</i> Price, 12 annas. [Previous number noticed in entry No. 4 at page 118 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June 1919.]	V. Smith, City Press 9 Strand Road, Calcutta.	175
9	Records of the Indian Museum. Vol. XVI Part V. [A journal of Indian Zoology.] Pages 305-394 and 7 plates. Published by the Director, Zoological Survey of India, Calcutta July, 1919 [25th July, 1919] 8 ^o 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> . Price, Rs. 2. [Part IV noticed in entry No. 6 at page 118 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending 30th June, 1919]	Rev. P. Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta	375
10	Vol. XVIII. Part I [Report on the Aquatic Fauna of Sistan, with subsidiary studies] Pages 1-82 and 11 plates. September, 1919. [11th September, 1919.] 8 ^o . 1st edition. <i>Illustrated</i> Price, Rs. 2.	Ditto ...	500
11	Scientific Horticulture. Vol. I No 1 [A monthly journal of Agriculture Horticulture, Botany and Gardening] Edited by N. C. Ghosh, M.A.S., etc. Pages 1-20. Published by the editor, 45, Grey Street, Calcutta. January, 1919 [10th August, 1919] 4 ^o . 1st edition. Price, Rs. 6 yearly.	Nabin Chandra Ghosh, Mitra Press, 45, Grey Street, Calcutta.	20,000
12	Nos. 2-4 (together) Pages 1-12. February-April, 1919. [10th August, 1919] 4 ^o . 1st edition. Price, Rs. 6 yearly.	Ditto ...	10,000
	GARO PERIODICALS—RELIGION.		
8	Achikni Ripeng. Vol. XXXIX. No. 7 [A monthly Christian journal.] Edited by Rev. M. C. Mason, D.D. Pages 49-56. Published by the Garo Mission, American Baptist Foreign Mission Society, Tura, Assam July, 1919. [25th June, 1919.] 4 ^o . 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1 yearly. [No. 6 noticed in entry No. 7 at page 119 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Rev. P. Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta	640

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.
GARO PERIODICALS—RELIGION— concl'd.			
9	Ashkni Ripeng. Vol. XXXIX. No. 8. [A monthly Christian journal.] Edited by Rev. M. C. Mason, D.D. Pages 57-64. Published by the Garo Mission, American Baptist Foreign Mission Society, Tura, Assam. August, 1919. [31st July, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	Rev. P. Knight, Baptist Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	540
10	_____. No. 9. Pages 65-72. September, 1919 [29th August, 1919.] 4°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i> Price, Re. 1 yearly.	Ditto	540
HINDI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS.			
1	महावर भानु उदय । [Mahavar Bhanu Uday.] Rising of the Sun of Mahavar Vaisya caste. Vol. I. No. 7. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Pages 24. Published by Ghasiram Gupta, 155-1, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta. June, 1919. [25th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas. [Previous numbers not traceable.]	Baidyanath Chakravarti, Sri Sri Radha Press, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Calcutta.	300
SANSKRIT PERIODICALS— MISCELLANEOUS.			
7	संस्कृत साहित्य परिषद् पत्रिका । [Sanskrita Sahitya Parishat Patrika.] The journal of the Literary Association "Sanskrita Sahitya Parishat." 1st year, No. 8. A monthly journal dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Ananta Krishna Sastri, Vedanta Visara d. Pages 36. Published by Janaki Nath Kavyatirtha, 12, Syambazar Bridge Road, Calcutta. Pausa, 1840 sak or December, 1918-January, 1919. [11th February, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas. [No. 7 noticed in entry No. 1 at page 161 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919.] _____. No. 12. Edited by Durgadharan Kavya-Sankhya-Vedantatirtha. Pages 36. Baisakh, 1841 sak or April-May, 1919. [2nd July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas. [No. 11 noticed in entry No. 5 at page 119 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Baidyanath Chakravarti, Radha Press, 13, Mahendra Basu Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
	_____. No. 12. Edited by Durgadharan Kavya-Sankhya-Vedantatirtha. Pages 36. Baisakh, 1841 sak or April-May, 1919. [2nd July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Manmathanath Ghosh, Ghosh Machine Press, 38, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	1,000
9	_____. 2nd year. No. 1. Pages 36. Jaysishtha, 1841 sak or May-June, 1919. [22nd July, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000
10	_____. No. 2. Pages 37-72. Ashadh, 1841 sak or June-July, 1919. [19th August, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	<p align="center">SANSKRIT PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—concl'd.</p>		
11	<p>विद्योदयः । [Vidyodayah. The Dawn of Learning. Vol. XLVII. Nos. 11 and 12 (together). A monthly journal dealing with literary subjects.] Edited by Bhavavibhuti-Vidyabhushan, M.A., and Bhavabhuti Vidyaratna. Pages 197-232, 97-104. Published by the printer, 9, Sivanarayan Das Lane, Calcutta. February and March, 1919. [25th June, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Rs. 2 yearly.</p> <p>[No. 10 noticed in entry No. 6 at page 120 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919]</p>	Sukharnay Mitra, New Aryya Mission Press, 9, Sivanarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	400
12	<p>—————. Vol. XLVIII. Nos. 1 to 3 (together) Pages 233-280, 103-114. April-June, 1919. [20th September, 1919.] 12°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, Rs. 2 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	400
	<p align="center">BI-LINGUAL PERIODICALS.</p>		
	<p align="center">ARABIC AND BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS.</p>		
12	<p>আহলে হাদিস । [Ahle Hadis. (Name of a Muhammadan sect.) Followers of Tradition. 4th year. No. 9 A monthly organ of the Ahle Hadis sect, dealing with religious, social and literary topics.] Edited by Muhammad Babar Ah. Pages 425-472. Published by the printer, 1, Marquis Lane, Calcutta. Jyaishtha, 1326 sal or May-June, 1919. [14th June, 1919] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 3 annas.</p> <p>[No. 8 noticed in entry No. 10 at page 119 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending 30th June, 1919]</p>	Haji Abdul Rahim, Mohammadi Press, 1, Marquis Lane, Calcutta.	500
13	<p>—————. No. 10. Pages 473-520. Ashadh, 1326 sal or June-July, 1919. [25th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 3 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	500
14	<p>—————. No. 11. Pages 521-568. Sravan, 1326 sal or July-August, 1919. [11th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 3 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	500
15	<p>الحق [Al Haque. The Truth. 1st year. Part I. A bi-monthly journal dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Masiruddin Ahmed. Pages 1-49. Published by the editor, Rangpur. Summer number. 1326 sal or 1919-20. [18th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 5 annas.</p>	H. M. Bashiruzzaman, Basheeri Press, 23-1, Tantibagan Lane, Calcutta.	1,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
ARABIC AND BENGALI PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—concl'd.			
16	الإسلام [Al-Islam. The Islam. Vol. IV. Nos. 11 and 12 (together.) [A monthly journal dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Pages 557-644. Published by Mohammad Mozaffaruddin, 29, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta. Phalgun and Chaitra, 1325 sal or February-April, 1919. [1st July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 8 annas.	Mohammad Akram Khan, Muhammad Press, 29, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	1,500
17	[No. 10 noticed in entry No. 11 at page 119 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending 30th June, 1919.] Vol. V. No. 1. Pages 1-56. Baisakh, 1326 sal or April-May, 1919. [11th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,500
18	No. 2. Pages 57-112. Jyaishtia, 1326 sal or May-June, 1919. [28th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,500
19	No. 3. Pages 113-168. Ashadh, 1326 sal or June-July, 1919. [26th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,500
20	No. 4. Pages 169-224. Sravan, 1326 sal or July-August, 1919. [10th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,500
21	No. 5. Pages 225-280. Bhadra, 1326 sal or August-September, 1919. [22nd September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	...
BENGALI AND ENGLISH PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS.			
20	Aurora. The Jagatballabhpur School Magazine. Vol. I. No. 1. [A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Sasanka Sekhar Majumder. Pages 29. Published by Sailendra Nath Bose, B.A., 29, Gulu Ostagar Lane, Calcutta. September, 1919. [24th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, ...	Jitendra Nath Sen, B.A., Vidyoday Press, 8-2, Kasi Ghosh Lane, Calcutta.	200
21	Bangabasi College Magazine. Vol. XVII. No. 4. [A magazine containing miscellaneous topics published every month except during College vacations.] Edited by G. C. Bose. Pages 49-84. Published by M. T. Bose, 25-1, Scott Lane, Calcutta. July, 1919. [22nd August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	M. C. Chakravarti, College Press, 147-1, Rowbazar Street, Calcutta.	2,000
22	[No. 3 noticed in entry No. 42 at page 112 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.] No. 5. Pages 85-102. August, 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	Ditto	2,000
23	No. 6. Pages 103-126. September, 1919. [18th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Re. 1 yearly.	Ditto	2,000

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book, where the title is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
BENGALI AND ENGLISH PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—concl'd.			
24	<p>Hare School Magazine (The). Vol. IV. No. 3. [A magazine published at irregular intervals dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Subal Chandra Chatterji. Pages 107-145, 1-32. Published by Prasun Ray Chaudhuri, Hare School, Calcutta. July, 1919. [28th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p>Price, Rs. 2-8 yearly.</p> <p>[No. 2 noticed in entry No. 12 at page 121 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	D. C. Chakravarti, Kalyani Press, 18-1, Fakir Chand Mitra Street, Calcutta	400
25	<p>Hindu School Magazine (The). Vol. IV No. 2. [A magazine published four times a year and dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Asok Nath Bhattacharyya and Radha Raman Ray. Pages 37-76. Published by Bijay Kumar Pal, 1-B, College Square, Calcutta, August, 1919. [30th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[Vol. III, No. 4 noticed in entry No. 5 at page 163 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919. Vol. IV, No. 1 not received.]</p>	Jatindra Nath Mandal, Pratibha Press, 211-A, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	400
26	<p>Hooghly College Magazine (The). Vol. I. No. 1. [A magazine published three times in the year and dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Pages 58. Published by Sasi Mohan Chakravarti, M.A., Hooghly College, Chinsurah. September, 1919. [18th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. <i>Illustrated.</i></p> <p>Price, 3 annas.</p>	Ditto ...	350
27	<p>Pirojpur Government H. E. School Magazine (The). Vol. I. No. 1. [A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Amulyaratan Mukherjee, B.A. Pages 16. Published by Nabio Chandra Ghosh, Pirojpur Government H. E. School, Pirojpur, Barisal. April, 1918. [10th June, 1918.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1 yearly.</p>	Bhupendra Nath Basu, Chaitanya Press, Bagerhat, Khulna.	225
28	<p>Nos. 2 and 3 (together). - Pages 17-47. May and June, 1918. [21st August, 1918.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	225
29	<p>No. 4. Pages 48-63. July, 1918. [10th August, 1918.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	225
30	<p>No. 5. Pages 64-79. August, 1918. [6th October, 1918.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	225
31	<p>No. 6. Pages 80-95. September, 1918. [8th October, 1918.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	225
32	<p>No. 12. Pages 173-188, 3. March, 1919. [1st June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Rs. 1 yearly.</p> <p>[No. 11 noticed in entry No. 17 at page 121 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Ditto ...	286

**BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.**

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT PERIODI- CALS—MEDICINE.		
7	आयुर्वेद [Ayurved. The Ayurveda. 3rd year No. 10. A monthly magazine dealing with the Ayurvedic system of medicine.] Edited by Kaviraj Biraja Charan Gupta, Kavi- bhushan, Jaminibhushan Ray, Kaviratna, M.A., M.B., and Satyacharan Sen Gupta, Kavarajan. Pages 361-400. Published by the printer 29, Fariapukur Street, Calcutta. Ashadh, 1326 sal or June-July, 1919. [2nd July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Hariprasanna Ray, Kaviratna, Sanskrita Press, 124-2-1, Manik- tala Street, Calcutta.	750
8	No. 11. Pages 401-440. Sravan, 1326 sal or July-August, 1919. [19th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	750
9	No. 12. Pages 441-476, 3. Bhāḍṛa, 1326 sal or August-September, 1919. [26th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	750
10	आयुर्वेद विकास [Ayurved Vikas. Manifestation of the Ayurveda. 7th year No. 1. A monthly magazine dealing with the Ayurvedic system of medicine.] Edited by Sudhansubhushan Sen, Kavyatirtha, Vachaspati. Pages 16. Published by the editor, 36-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. Baisakh, 1326 sal or April-May, 1919. [23rd August 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Sarbesvar Bhattachayya, Buckland Press, 28, Baitakhana Road, Calcutta.	250
11	No. 2. Pages 17-32. Jyāishtha, 1326 sal or May-June, 1919. [18th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto ...	250
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT PERIODI- CALS—MISCELLANEOUS.		
22	आर्यप्रभा [Aryya Prabha. Light of the Aryyas. 9th year. No. 7 and 8 (together). A monthly journal dealing with literary subjects and publishing serially standard Sans- krit works.] Edited by Kunjabihari Tarkasiddhanta Kavya- tirtha. Pages 97-112, 249-264, 113-127, 265-280. Pub- lished by the editor, Berobeltora, Manbhum. Kartik and Agrahayan, 1340 sak or October and December, 1918. [9th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1-8 yearly.	Kulachandra De, Sastri- prachar Press, 5, Udhidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	500
	[No. 6 noticed in entry No. 3 at page 154 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919.]		

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND SANASKRIT PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS.—contd.		
23	<p>আর্য্যপ্রভা । [Aryya Prabha. Light of the Aryyas. 9th year. Nos. 9 and 10 (together). A monthly journal dealing with literary subjects and publishing serially standard Sanskrit works.] Edited by Kunjabihari Tarkasiddhanta, Kavyatirtha. Pages 29-30, 131-144, 281-296, 145-160, 297-312. Published by the editor, Beroheltora, Manbhurn. Paus and Magh, 1840 sak or December, 1918, February, 1919. [11th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.</p>	Kulachandra De, Setra-prachar Press, 5, Chittidam Mudi Lane, Calcutta.	500
24	<p>..... Nos. 11 and 12 (together). Pages 161-176, 313-328, 177-192, 329-344. Phalgun and Chaitra, 1840 sak or February-April, 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.</p>	Ditto	500
25	<p>..... 10th year. No. 1. Pages 1-8, 345-368. Baisakh, 1841 sak or April-May, 1919. [3rd September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.</p>	Ditto	250
26	<p>..... Nos. 2 and 3 (together). Pages 9-16, 369-384, 17 24, 385-400. Jyaishta and Ashadh, 1841 sak or May-July, 1919. [19th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.</p>	Ditto	250
27	<p>ব্রাহ্মণ সমাজ । [Brahman Samaj]. The Brahman Community. 7th year. No. 10. A monthly magazine dealing with Hindu social and religious topics.] Edited by Basanta Kumar Tarkavidhi and Kumar Panchanan Mukerjee. Pages 385-426. Published by the printer, 87, Amherst Street, Calcutta. Ashadh, 1326 sal or May-June 1919. [1st August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 8 annas.</p> <p>[No. 9 noticed in entry No. 13 at page 123 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Basanta Kumar Tarkavidhi, Jyotish Prakash Press, 12, Simla Street, Calcutta.	750
28	<p>..... No. 11. Pages 427-468. Sravan, 1326 sal or June-July, 1919. [12th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 8 annas.</p>	Ditto	750
29	<p>মন্ডার-মাল্য । [Mandar-Mala. Garland of Mandar (name of the flower of a celestial tree of the same name) 5th year. No. 3. A monthly review and miscellany.] Edited by Umeschandra Vidyaratna. Pages 32. Published by the editor, 67, Simla Street, Calcutta. Kartik, 1324 sal or October-November, 1917. [2nd November, 1918.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[No. 2 noticed in entry No. 66 at page 144 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1917.]</p>	Manmatha Nath Ghosh, 38, Sibnarayan Das Lane and Hem Ch Ray, Satish Press, 29, Balihakkhana Road, Calcutta.	500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT PERIODICALS—MISCELLANEOUS—concl'd.		
30	मन्दार-माला । [Mandar-Mala. Garland of Mandar (name of the flower of a celestial tree of the same name). 6th year No. 4. A monthly review and miscellany.] Edited by Umeschandra Vidyaratna. Pages 32. Published by the editor, 2, Sarkar Bye Lane, Calcutta. Agrahāyan, 1324 sāl or November-December, 1917. 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Hem Ch. Ray, Sathi Press, 21-1, Patuatola Lane, Calcutta.	300
31	No. 5. Pages 32. Paus, 1324 sāl or December, 1917-January, 1918. [15th January, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Manmatha Nath Ghosh, 38, Sibnarayan Das Lane, and Hem Ch. Ray, Sathi Press, 21-1, Patuatola Lane, Calcutta.	500
32	No. 6. Pages 32. Magh, 1324 sāl or January-February, 1918. [10th February, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	...
33	No. 7. Pages 32. Phālgun, 1324 sāl or February-March, 1918. 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Hem Chandra Ray, Sathi Press, 29, Baitakkhana Road, Calcutta.	300
34	No. 9. Pages 32. Baisakh, 1325 sāl or April-May, 1918. [26th March, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas. [No. 8 noticed in entry No. 6 at page 165 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending March, 1919.]	Amrita Lal Sarkar, Kātyayani Press, 39-1, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta	500
35	উৎসব । [Utsav. Festival. 14th year. No. 2. A monthly magazine dealing with miscellaneous subjects.] Edited by Ramdayal Majumdar, M.A. Pages 41-80, 25-32. Published by Chhatresvar Chatterji, 162, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. Jyāishtha, 1326 sāl or May-June, 1919. [27th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas. [No. 1 noticed in entry No. 21 at page 124 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]	Saradaprasad Mandal, Sri Ram Press, 162, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	1,400
36	No. 3. Pages 81-112, 573-580, 33-40. Ashadh, 1326 sāl or June-July, 1919. [20th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,400
37	No. 4. 113-152 41-48. Śrāvan, 1326 sāl or July-August, 1919. [6th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	1,400
38	No. 5. Pages 153-184, 581-552, 49-56. Bhādra, 1326 sāl or August-September, 1919. [1st September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition. Price, 4 annas.	Ditto	400

**BENGALI LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency
of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.**

Serial Nos.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book, where and made to observe number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
BENGALI AND SANSKRIT PERIODI- CALS—RELIGION.			
24	<p>ধর্ম প্রচারক। [Dharma Pracharak. Preacher of Religion New series No. 3. A monthly magazine dealing with religious subjects.] Edited by Svami Daya- nanda. Pages 97-144. Published by the printer, 92, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. June, 1919. [5th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition <i>Illustrated</i>.</p> <p align="center">Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[No. 2 noticed in entry No. 13 at page 124 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Gopi Kanta Sen, Indian Art School, 92, Bow- bazar Street, Calcutta.	500
25	<p>_____ No 4. Pages 145-192 July, 1919 [7th August, 1919]. 8° 1st edition <i>Illustrated</i>.</p> <p align="center">Price, 4 annas.</p>	Ditto	500
26	<p>_____ No 5 Pages 193-248. August, 1919 [4th September, 1919] 8°. 1st edition <i>Illustrated</i>.</p> <p align="center">Price, 4 annas.</p>	Ditto	500
27	<p>গৌরাঙ্গ সেবক (ঐ)। [Sri Gauranga Sevak. Attendant of Sri Gauranga. 9th year. Nos. 1 and 2 (together). A monthly magazine devoted to Vaishnava religion.] Edited by Anulya Charan Vidyabhusan Pages 92, 4 Published by Aantosh Chatterji, 40-1A, Mahendra Goswami Lane, Calcutta. Phalgun and Chaitra 1325 sál or February-April, 1919 [20th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[4th year, No. 12 noticed in entry No 53 at page 111 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending December, 1915. Inter- mediate numbers not received]</p>	Sukhamay Mitra, New Arya Mission Press, 9, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	600
28	<p>হিন্দু-পত্রিকা। [Hindu Patrika. The Hindu Maga- zine. 26th year, No. 2. A monthly magazine devoted to Hindu religion, literature and science.] Edited by Jadunath Majumdar, M A., B.L. Pages 49-96. Published by the printer, Jessore. June, 1919 [11th June, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[No. 1 noticed in entry No. 18 at page 125 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Kalprasanna Chatterji, Hindu Patrika Press, Jessore.	1,200
29	<p>মিত্যধর্ম বা সর্বধর্মসমন্বয় (ঐঐ) [(SM SM)] Mityadharmna Va Sarvadharmna Saman- vay. Eternal Religion or the Harmonising of all Religions. 6th year. Nos. 5 and 6 (together) A monthly Hindu journal advocating the unification of all religions.] Edited by Upendra Nath Nag, L.M.S. Pages 65-96 Pub- lished by the editor, Mahanirvan Math, Kalighat, Calcutta. Jyeshtha and Ashadh, 1326 sál or May-July, 1919 [7th July, 1919.] 8° 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[No. 4 noticed in entry No. 18 at page 125 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Niradharan Das, Hita- vadi Press, 70, Kalu- tola Street, Calcutta.	500

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, also, edition and price.	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies.
	BENGALI AND SANSKRIT PERIODICALS—RELIGION—concl'd.		
30	<p>নিত্যধর্ম বা সর্বধর্মসম্বন্ধ (ত্রিভি)। [(Sri Sri)] Nityadharmma Va Sarvadharmma Saman-vay. Eternal Religion or the Harmonising of all Religions. 6th year. Nos. 7 and 8 (together). A monthly Hindu journal advocating the unification of all religions. Edited by Upendra Nath Nag, I.M.S. Pages 97-128. Published by the editor, Mahanirvan Math, Kalighat, Calcutta. Śrāvan and Bhādrā, 1326 sāl or July-September, 1919. [15th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, 4 annas.</p>	Niradbaran Das, Hita-vadi Press, 70, Kalu-tola Street, Calcutta.	500
1	<p>সজ্জন তোষনী (ত্রি)। [(Sri) Sajjan Toshani.] Com- forter of the Pious. 2nd year. Nos. 8 and 9 (together). A monthly journal devoted to Vaishnav religion. Edited by Siddhanta Sarasvati. Pages 205-264. Published by the editor, Mayapur Nadia. 432 Gauravda or 1918-19 A.D. [30th June, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1 yearly.</p> <p>[No. 7 noticed in entry No. 21 at page 125 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Jogendra Chandra Hāhār, Sri Bhagavat Press, Krishnagar	500
32	<p>— No. 10. Pages 265-292. 432 Gauravda or 1918-19 A.D. [12th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	500
33	<p>— Nos. 11 and 12 (together). Pages 293-340. 432 Gauravda or 1918-19 A.D. [28th July, 1919.] 16°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	500
34	<p>বৈষ্ণব সঙ্গিনী বা ভক্তিপ্রভা (ত্রিভি)। [(Sri Sri)] Valahnay Sangini Va Bhakti Prabha. Female Companion of the Vaishnavas or Light of Devotion. Vol XIV. Nos. 10 and 11 (together). A monthly journal devoted to Vaishnava religion. Edited by Madhusudan Das Adhikari. Pages 109-128 & 193-208. Published by the editor, Elati, Hooghly. Baisākh and Jyāishth, 1326 sāl or April-June 1919. [10th July, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.</p> <p>[No. 9 noticed in entry No. 23 at page 125 of the Catalogue for the quarter ending June, 1919.]</p>	Sukhamay Mitra, New Arya Mission Press, 9, Sibnarayan Das Lane, Calcutta.	400
35	<p>— No. 12. Pages 129-144, 209-216. Ashadh, 1326 sāl or June-July, 1919. [10th August, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	400
36	<p>— Vol XV. No. 1. Pages 1-16, 217-224. Śrāvan, 1326 sāl or July-August, 1919. [5th September, 1919.] 8°. 1st edition.</p> <p>Price, Re. 1-8 yearly.</p>	Ditto ...	400

BENGAL LIBRARY—Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919—continued.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject, including the age of the book where the page is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication date given on the title-page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication size, edition and price	Printer and place of Printing.	Number of copies
<p align="center">TRI-LINGUAL PERIODICALS.</p> <p align="center">BENGALI, ENGLISH AND SANSKRIT PERIODICALS—RELIGION.</p>			
1	<p>হিন্দু পত্রিকা। [Hindu Patrika. The Hindu Magazine. 26th year No 3 A monthly magazine devoted to Hindu religion literature, and science] Edited by Jadu Nath Majumdar, M A, B L Pages 97-144, 8. July, 1919. [11th July 1919] 8^o 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 4 annas.</p> <p>[No 2 noticed in entry No 28 at page 149 of this Catalogue]</p>	<p>Kaliprasanna Chatterji Hindu Patrika Press Jessore</p>	<p>1 200</p>
2	<p>— No 4 Pages 145 196 9-14 August, 1919. [11th August, 1919] 8^o. 1st edition.</p> <p align="center">Price, 4 annas.</p>	<p>Ditto</p>	<p>1,200</p>

The Catalogue of Books registered in the Presidency of Bengal during the quarter ending the 30th September 1919 consists of the following—

No	Language	Books—		Total	No.	Language	Books—		Total.
		Non-educational	Educational				Non-educational	Educational	
Uni-linguals.					Brought forward ... 597 326 723				
1	Assamese	4	9	13	Tri-linguals.				
2	Bengali	161	180	341	1	Arabic, Bengali and Sanskrit	1	...	1
3	English	105	71	176	2	Bengali, English and Sanskrit	4	10	14
4	Gurjari	2	...	2	3	Bengali, Hindi and Sanskrit	...	1	1
5	Hindi	84	6	90	4	Bengali, Sanskrit and Urdu	1	...	1
6	Mundari	2	...	2	5	English, Prakrit and Sanskrit	1	...	1
7	Muslimani-Bengali ...	5	...	5	Total Tri-linguals ... 7 11 18				
8	Persian .. ..	...	1	1	Quadri-linguals.				
9	Sanskrit	8	...	8	1	Arabic, Bengali, English and Urdu	...	1	1
10	Urdu ... ..	...	5	5	2	Bengali, Brajabali, Maithili and Sanskrit	1	...	1
11	Urdu	12	1	13	3	Bengali, English, Hindi and Sanskrit	1	...	1
Total Uni-linguals ... 838 273 601					Total Quadri-linguals ... 2 1 3				
Bi-linguals.					Uni-lingual Periodicals.				
1	Arabic and Bengali ..	3	1	4	1	Assamese Periodicals	6	...	6
2	Arabic and Muslimani Bengali	1	...	1	2	Bengali Periodicals	163	...	163
3	Arabic and Persian ...	...	1	1	3	English Periodicals	89	...	89
4	Arabic and Urdu	1	...	1	4	Garo Periodicals	3	...	3
5	Assamese and English ..	...	1	1	5	Hindi Periodicals	1	...	1
6	Bengali and English ..	4	84	88	6	Sanskrit Periodicals	6	...	6
7	Bengali and Hindi	1	1	2	Total Uni-lingual Periodicals 267 ... 267				
8	Bengali and Sanskrit ..	44	1	45	Bi-lingual Periodicals.				
9	Bengali and Urdu .. ..	...	1	1	1	Arabic and Bengali Periodicals	10	...	10
10	English and Hindi	1	4	5	2	Bengali and English Periodicals	18	...	18
11	English and Pali ... ..	...	1	1	3	Bengali and Sanskrit Periodicals	25	...	25
12	English and Panjabi ..	1	...	1	Total Bi-lingual Periodicals 53 ... 53				
13	English and Persian ...	1	2	3	Tri-lingual Periodicals.				
14	English and Sanskrit ..	1	2	3	1	Bengali, English and Sanskrit Periodicals	2	...	2
15	English and Tibetan ...	1	1	2	Total Tri-lingual Periodicals 2 ... 2				
16	English and Urdu .. ..	...	1	1	GRAND TOTAL OF BOOKS, ETC ... 780 326 1,071				
17	English and Yunnanese ..	1	...	1					
18	Hindi and Persian ... ..	...	1	1					
19	Hindi and Sanskrit ...	2	...	2					
20	Sanskrit and Urdu	2	1	3					
Total Bi-linguals .. 64 68 117									
Carried over ... 597 326 723									

MANMATHA NATH RUDEA,

*Librarian of the Bengal Library and
Keeper of the Catalogue of Books,
under section XVIII of Act XXV of 1867.*

CALCUTTA,
The 18th February 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1920.

SUPPLEMENT.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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MEASURES FOR DISCOURAGING PROFESSIONAL BEGGARY.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Police Branch.

CALCUTTA THE 10TH FEBRUARY 1920.

RESOLUTION—No. 588P.J.

On the 3rd July 1918 a resolution was moved in the Bengal Legislative Council by the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri, recommending that a committee should be appointed to consider the desirability of legislative action to discourage professional beggary in the different provincial municipalities. The resolution was withdrawn on the assurance that a preliminary enquiry would be made from those interested in the subject with a view to ascertaining some more definite data as to whether professional beggary was

assuming serious proportions, and as to the best lines of "grappling" with it. It was added that, if the results showed that there was room for further enquiry, it would be undertaken.

A general reference was accordingly made to those most likely to have knowledge of the question, and replies have now been received. Since their receipt some time has been lost in ascertaining whether it would be practicable to take a census, through the police, of the mendicant population of Calcutta, but it appears unlikely that, without an elaborate organisation, any sufficiently accurate results would be forthcoming, and with the regular census of 1921 impending it would seem sufficient to await the enumeration which will then be effected.

2. The general trend of opinion in the *mufassil* municipalities is to the effect that professional mendicancy has not increased in recent years, or as yet attained such dimensions as to justify any special remedial measures, and that view the local Government would be prepared to accept. The whole problem of effective organised effort to cope with the prevalence of begging is still novel in this country, as there is common agreement that the enforcement of such legal penal provisions as obtain has achieved but little. There is also general recognition of the difficulties which surround the question. Hence it will facilitate a solution to concentrate attention upon that area in which the matter has assumed most prominence and in which there are the greatest facilities for dealing with it. That area is, of course, Calcutta.

3. With few exceptions (though noticeably among them are the British Indian Association and the Commissioner of the Presidency Division), the weight of opinion is clearly to the effect that professional begging in Calcutta is on the increase, though a wish for more exact figures is expressed in more than one quarter. The difficulty of obtaining these at the moment has been already mentioned, but whatever the precise numerical total, the majority are agreed that it is sufficiently large to justify the taking of special action. Among the majority are to be found the Calcutta Corporation (which, in its turn made a fairly extended enquiry), the District Charitable Society, the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, the Trades Association, the Social Study Society, the Chief Presidency Magistrate and Commissioner Booth Tucker.

4. In the suggestion of remedies opinion has apparently been largely influenced by action taken recently in Bombay and Ceylon. A succinct account of this is given in a report of a special committee of the Corporation, from which the following quotation is made :

* The proposals which have been adopted by the Corporation of Bombay and have been submitted to Government are—

- (i) To establish a refuge, an infirmary and a work-house.
- (ii) To pass a Vagrancy Act applicable to particular areas in the first instance, but liable to extension to any area in the Presidency at the discretion of Government, and containing provisions—
 - (a) enabling the Magistrate to send a vagrant on second conviction to a work-house if he is able-bodied, or to an alms-house or an infirmary, if he is disabled ;
 - (b) exempting religious mendicants ;
 - (c) allotting a portion of the expenses of working the Act to the Bombay Corporation and other municipalities, the contribution of the former being determined on the same principles on which other municipalities are called upon to contribute towards poor relief from local rates. It is proposed that the cost of maintenance of foreign beggars should be borne by the district from which they hail.

* Under the Ceylon Vagrancy Ordinance, beggars are arrested by the police by whom they are brought before a Magistrate. If the Magistrate declares them to be vagrants, they are taken by the police to the house of detention which is under police control. The vagrants are here sorted and medically examined. Those who are feeble, sick and aged are passed on to the home for vagrants which is in charge of the Salvation Army. Those who are able-bodied are either sent to the tea estates and other places of employment (persons refusing to work being liable to imprisonment), or are made to sign an agreement to leave Ceylon and not to return for five years, and are removed from the island, if they fail to do so. The cost of the upkeep of the home for vagrants is borne

equally between the Colombo Municipal Council and the Ceylon Government. Other towns which send vagrants to the home pay the cost of their vagrants. Priests and pilgrims who are required to gather alms, or who are prohibited from working for their livelihood, by their religion or order or in the performance of any religious vow or obligation, are exempted from the operation of the Ordinance."

5. Following these lines there is practical unanimity (and to this extent only the British Indian Association also concurs) that an infirmary, home or refuge should be established for the disabled poor—the halt, the maimed and the blind, who are prevented by physical disability from earning a living and who are without friends or relatives to support them. Lepers would come within this category (though in their case there are additional reasons for preventing their association with the general community), but their treatment is under separate consideration and is best regarded as a special case.

There is also, seemingly, a general consensus of opinion (though some have dealt with the point in greater detail than others) that arrangements on the lines of industrial schools (either combined with or separate from the infirmary) are required for the reclaiming of beggar children, so that they can be taught some form of labour likely to enable them hereafter to maintain themselves.

As regards the able-bodied loafer who can work but will not work, there is agreement that he deserves more drastic treatment than he now gets, and the majority would give this in a house of detention or workhouse. The Corporation, looking to the many demands for labour that are available, thinks that (at any rate at first) it would suffice to penalise such men by enhancing the maximum term of imprisonment which may be awarded to them to six months, the theory being, presumably, that in the face of a deterrent punishment they would seek work of their own accord (with such assistance as the prison authorities may be able to give them).

For the aged, respectable poor, the Trades Association would favour an alms-house, but others, though referring, in some instances, to the case of *bhadralok* poverty, have not suggested any specific provision therefor.

6. To meet the cost of any such institution, three sources of revenue are mentioned, namely, grants from the State, contributions from the Corporation and private generosity, and to these recourse is suggested in varying degrees. Thus the British Indian Association would build a refuge by private effort, supplemented by Government, and have it maintained by the Government and the Corporation in equal proportions: the Trades Association regards the construction and up-keep of a refuge and workhouse as an obligation of the State, the Corporation maintaining an alms-house out of the proceeds of a poor rate. The Chamber of Commerce, though not finally committing themselves, seems to favour the Bombay scheme of dividing the cost between Government and the different municipalities concerned; the District Charitable Society advocates the division of the cost between Government and the Corporation, and the latter body, while accepting one-third of the expenditure, would leave the balance to the State, basing their recommendation on the relative proportion of strictly Calcutta poor and those who drift into the city from outside.

7. Such, in brief, is the upshot of the definite proposals which have reached the local Government, and in the opinion of the Governor in Council they point to the conclusion that some action in Calcutta is required; that developments should be effected gradually, making a beginning with the institutions most urgently required and being guided by the experience gained: and that, preferably, whatever the incidence of cost, the agency of management (other than of a workhouse, which seems to be primarily the affair of the police) should not be Governmental. (The Chamber of Commerce would entrust control to the Salvation Army.)

In this view, the Governor in Council would like to see a beginning made with a scheme for (1) an infirmary, and (2) an industrial school (either separately or in conjunction) leaving the rest to wait, and he proposes to appoint a committee to work out practical details on these lines. An appropriate constitution of such a committee would be three members nominated by the Corporation, one member (three in all) nominated each by the

Chamber of Commerce, the Trades Association and the British Indian Association, and three members selected by Government from those interested in philanthropic work. Government might also conveniently nominate a chairman, and the public bodies concerned will now be addressed on these lines.

The recent correspondence will afford a nucleus for the committee's deliberations, although in their further procedure they will be left a free hand.

The terms of reference to them would embrace the elaboration of practical proposals for dealing with the problem of professional mendicancy in Calcutta. While the present resolution may afford them some assistance in their proceedings, they need not consider themselves bound by it or confined within its *prima facie* conclusions. But in any report submitted the Governor in Council would like to find specific recommendations formulating—

- (a) the nature of any institutions to be started ;
- (b) their location, size and probable cost (capital and recurring) ;
- (c) the incidence of the expenditure involved (including in particular the question of contributions by outside local bodies) ;
- (d) the agency of control ;
- (e) the lines of legislation which may be required (if any). (A useful suggestion of the Calcutta Corporation contemplates the punishment of those who employ children to beg and live upon their earnings) ;
- (f) the treatment of religious mendicants (though there seems to be general agreement that these should be exempted, notwithstanding the risk of the unscrupulous falsely assuming this garb. The Corporation, on the other hand, think that as the religious mendicant ordinarily begs from house to house, he need not be exempted from any measures aimed at the suppression of street begging).

ORDER.—Ordered that the resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for general information, and that the different public bodies indicated above be addressed regarding the nomination of members to the committee suggested.

By Order of the Governor in Council,

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

**RESOLUTION ON THE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT REPORTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1919.**

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Land Revenue.

CALCUTTA, THE 13TH FEBRUARY, 1920.

RESOLUTION—No. 1719L.R.

READ—

The Survey and Settlement Reports for the year ending the 30th September, 1919.

DURING the year under review no new district was brought under survey, but settlement operations were commenced in the district of Nadia. Both the Survey and Settlement Departments continued to work with three parties in accordance with the curtailed programme temporarily adopted as a measure of economy during the war. Steps have, however, been already taken to revert to the full programme with four survey parties in the current year and consequently four settlement parties in the ensuing year.

2. The main programme of the Survey Department lay in the traverse survey of an area of 2,611 square miles in the districts of Bankura, Nadia and Jessore including the riverain areas of the district of Nadia and of the neighbouring portions of Hooghly, Burdwan, Murshidabad and the 24-Parganas down to the Jubilee Bridge at Naihati. One survey party dealt with an area of 777 square miles falling in thanas Gangajalghati, Bankura and Onda in the district of Bankura. Another survey party completed the traverse of 1,185 square miles in Nadia and the diara areas on the river Bhagirathi mentioned above. The third survey party traversed an area of 649 square miles in thanas Maheshpur, Bongaon, Gaihatta and Sarsa in the district of Jessore.

3. Eight hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred and twenty-six copies of maps were prepared during the year. Satisfactory progress was made in the production of large scale (4") jurisdiction maps in the districts of Noakhali, Tippora and Rajshahi, but the production of small scale jurisdiction maps generally requires acceleration. Progress was also made in the preparation of comparative maps in diara areas. The Survey Department had in hand a substantial programme of miscellaneous surveys and mapping comprising the survey of the Howrah Municipality and of scattered areas in various parts of the Presidency. A special demarcation of the Nadia rivers has been undertaken in connection with recent proposals for watching these rivers and their effect on the river Hooghly.

4. No district kanungoes were sent for training to the Government Survey School, near Comilla; but three candidates for such posts received their training in the school. The number of students admitted into the school was 51 against 28 in the preceding year.

5. Major settlement operations were in progress in the districts of Midnapore, Mymensingh, Rajshahi, Tippora, Noakhali, Jessore, Bankura and Nadia. Two settlement parties were fully employed in the districts of Jessore and Bankura; one settlement party was divided between the joint operations in the districts of Tippora and Noakhali and the operations in Nadia; in the remaining districts only the staff necessary for the concluding stages of a settlement was employed. Altogether 2,375 square miles were cadastrally surveyed as against 2,517 in the previous year. Records for 2,024 square miles were attested and final records for 2,098 square miles were prepared, against 1,676 and 3,142 square miles, respectively, in the previous year. Minor

operations were continued in the districts of Howrah, Hooghly, the 34 Parganas, Khulna, Mymensingh, Faridpur and Dinajpur; altogether records for about 31 square miles were finally published in these operations. The total area for which a record-of-rights has now been completed in this Presidency amounts to 32,132 square miles out of an area of about 55,960 square miles to which the Bengal Tenancy Act applies, that is to say, nearly one-half of that area.

6. In Midnapore the arrears of statistics, preparation of 16-inch maps and printing of records were all completed. Good progress was made in the main item of the year's programme which is the last stage of the operations, viz., the disposal of cases; only a comparatively small number of cases is now pending for disposal. The proceedings for the settlement of rents under section 112 of the Bengal Tenancy Act in pargana Silda were confirmed by the Government of India, and the new rents came into effect from the Amli year commencing on the 7th September, 1919. The settlement proceedings in this district are almost complete.

7. The principal items of work remaining in Mymensingh consisted of a few arrears of printing, computation and recovery and case-work. The programme of diara resumption proceedings covered nearly 418 new estates, of which 50 with a total land revenue demand of Rs. 13,082 were completed. With the exception of the balance of this programme the settlement work is practically finished in this district.

8. In the district of Rajshahi, progress in all stages, except that of case-work, was in advance of the programme. In the final stage of case-work the total number of tenancies dealt with under section 105 of the Bengal Tenancy Act was 40,730; the result was an increase of the rent of raiyats by 18 per cent. and of tenure-holders by 34 per cent. A heavy programme of diara resumption proceedings has protracted the final stages into the current settlement year.

9. Performance was well ahead of the programme in Tippera and Noakhali in all the stages subsequent to and including attestation, except in respect of recovery and case-work. The arrears in these two stages are due to the postponement of recovery in Brahmanbaria thana twice on account of floods and economic distress in that subdivision. The total area under resettlement of land revenue was 318 square miles.

10. In Jessore and Bankura, only the intermediate stages of the operations have been reached. The main items of the programme in Bankura were 968 square miles of attestation in the first block and 797 square miles of cadastral survey and field *bujharat* (field-to-field verification of the map and record) in the second block. Attestation was easily completed, but the programme in the second block, which also includes the industrial subdivision of Asansol in the district of Burdwan, was finished only after a severe struggle which told heavily upon the health and energy of the staff. The settlement staff were faced with both difficulties caused by outbreaks of fever and influenza and difficulties in securing labour. Steps were taken to resume all unresumed *ghatwali* lands in the district of Bankura.

11. In Jessore the programme comprised 656 square miles of cadastral survey and preliminary record-writing, 936 square miles of field *bujharat* and 812 square miles of attestation. This included arrears from the previous year. Apart from the notoriously unhealthy climate of the district the main difficulty of the work lay in its bulk; 16½ lakhs of plots were dealt with during field *bujharat* and 6½ lakhs of interests during attestation. In spite of these difficulties the whole programme was completed.

* 12. Settlement operations were commenced in the district of Nadia and the adjoining riverain areas. In this area too the staff had to combat with sickness. Altogether 953 square miles were surveyed in the year, of which 94 square miles lay on the west bank of the Bhagirathi. The area is remarkable for the large number of tenancies described in the landlords' records as *utbandi*. Preliminary enquiries were made into the incidents of these tenancies, and it was found that they comprised many different grades

and classes, all of which could not be real *utbandi*. The nature of these tenancies will be recorded during attestation in the current year. Government have recently had occasion to deal again with the principles on which such tenancies should be recorded, but they have found no justification for departing from the principles which were adopted in 1917 after much deliberation and consultation with the legal advisers of Government, including the then Advocate-General. The rules based on these principles, it may be observed, inflict no hardship on the landlord who is content to accept along with the conveniences of the *utbandi* system its attendant inconveniences.

13. In Mymensingh, Bankura and Nadia the expenditure was kept well within the sanctioned estimates, but the expenditure exceeded the estimates in other districts. In Midnapore the excess, which is due to the institution of a large number of cases, is more than compensated for by the excess in receipts. In Rajshahi the increase in expenditure was accounted for by the fact that performance was ahead of the programme. In Tippera-Noakhali the work done was also largely in excess of the sanctioned programme; on the total estimate a considerable saving is expected. On the other hand, in Jessore, the numbers of plots and interests were found to be so much in excess of what was anticipated that in this district it is expected that the original estimate for the whole operations will be largely exceeded. A fresh estimate has been called for.

14. Two schemes for the maintenance of records are in operation, viz., one in the Fatehsingh estate belonging to the Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad and the other introduced during the year in the 10-annas share of the Mathurapur estate in the district of Malda. In both estates the proprietors have been granted the privilege of collecting rents through the medium of the certificate procedure. The expenditure in these operations was within the sanctioned estimates; and the work, except for the unsatisfactory attendance of parties, proceeded smoothly and quickly.

15. The report of the Director of Land Records contains a gratifying account of the steady increase in the popularity of the settlement records and maps. No less than 14 lakhs of copies of *khatians* and nearly 17,000 copies of maps were sold to the public.

16. Mr. C. A. O'Donel held charge of the Bengal Survey Department until Major F. C. Hirst, I.A., returned from military duty and resumed charge of the Department on the 31st March, 1919. Mr. W. H. Nelson, I.C.S., officiated as Director of Land Records till the 5th November, 1918 and Mr. F. A. Sachse, I.C.S., was in charge of the Department for the rest of the year. The Governor in Council has much pleasure in acknowledging the services rendered by these officers. The good work of these officers and of those mentioned in the last two paragraphs of the survey and settlement reports will be noted.

ORDER.—Ordered that this Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and that a copy of it, together with copies of the two reports, be submitted to the Government of India.

By order of the Governor in Council,

M. C. McALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Third and Final Report on the Winter Rice Crop of Bengal,
1919-20.

(NOTE.—On an average of the five years ending 1917-18, the area under winter rice in Bengal has represented some 19·1 per cent. of the total area under rice in British India.)

Character of the Season.—The second forecast issued in December last included a review of weather conditions up to the end of October 1919. The rainfall in the middle of November, though somewhat retarding the harvesting of the early crop, proved beneficial to the late transplanted paddy. The subsequent dry weather has been favourable for harvesting.

Acresage.—The area figures are now returned at 15,606,100 acres, as against 15,551,400 in the second, and 15,895,800 in the final, forecast of last year. The increase of 54,700 acres over the figures of the second forecast is due mainly to the revision of estimates in Midnapore.

Outturn.—From the district returns appended, it will be seen that Bankura, Malda and Bakarganj report more than a normal crop, and Darjeeling a normal one. Sixteen districts report a crop between 92 and 80 per cent., and six between 75 and 67 per cent., while Chittagong Hill Tracts reports as low as 56 per cent. In Murshidabad, Jessore, Darjeeling, Rajshahi, Bogra, Bakarganj, Chittagong, Noakhali and the Chittagong Hill Tracts, a better crop has been harvested than was expected, when the second forecast was issued; but in Khulna, Hooghly, Howrah, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Pabna and Faridpur the outturn falls below the previous estimates. There has been no change in the remaining districts. On the basis of the above figures, the provincial outturn works out to 89 per cent. of the normal, against 72 per cent. in the final report for the last year.

Accepting 90 per cent. as a fair estimate for the province, the gross yield of cleaned grain from the winter rice crop, on the basis of a normal yield of $12\frac{1}{2}$ mds. per acre, amounts to 128,989,200 cwts., against 105,106,900 cwts. reported in the final forecast of last year. This is equivalent to an increase of about 23 per cent.

R. S. FINLOW,

Offg. Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Dacca,

The 12th February 1920.

APPENDIX I.

Third and Final Report on the Winter Rice Crop of Bengal, 1919-20.

District.	Estimated normal area under winter rice.	Estimated area under winter rice.		Estimated outturn as a percentage of the normal yield per unit of area.		Date by which the harvesting generally commenced this year, and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
		Last year (1918-19).	This year (1919-20).	Last year.	This year.		
	Acre ^s .	Acre ^s .	Acre ^s .				
24-Parganas ...	1,041,500	898,200	825,100	83	92	November. Normal.	Slight damage was done to the crop owing to excessive rainfall in the Sadir and Diamond Harbour subdivisions. Want of timely rainfall damaged the crop on high lands in Baraset subdivision. Unusual heavy rainfall in the Basirhat subdivision damaged to some extent the plants in the Sunderbans tracts owing to breaches in the embankments. Hence the outturn is below normal.
Nadia ...	138,600	135,600	130,100	88	67	November to December. Normal.	The increase in area sown is due to the favourable weather at the sowing time. The outturn is much below the normal owing to damage done by drought.
Murshidabad ...	351,400*	326,300	318,700	58	83	November. Normal.	Drought adversely affected the crop. The rainfall in November last, however, improved the situation somewhat.
Jessore ...	568,100	462,300	455,500	67	88	Doitto ...	The cyclone of September caused much damage to the crop in the Narail subdivision. Insect-pests affected the crop in Bongong and Magura subdivisions.
Khulna ...	826,200	784,100	703,900*	85	83	Doitto ...	The outturn has fallen below normal owing to the damage caused by the cyclone.
Burdwan ...	874,800	700,000	736,000	66	75	Middle of November to the beginning of December. Normal.	Insufficient rainfall in the latter part of September and in October considerably reduced the outturn of the late transplanted crop. The weather was not favourable except in Asansol and in parts of the Katwa subdivisions. The rainfall in November did some harm.
Birbhum ...	604,600	601,500	601,500	67	92	Beginning of December. Normal.	The weather was fairly good.
Bankura ...	510,800	520,000	525,000	62½	125	Second week of November. Normal.	Insufficient rainfall in the latter part of September and in October affected the crop on high lands in parts of the district. Abundant and seasonable rainfall in the earlier months did great good to the crop.
Midnapore ...	1,537,100	1,848,000	1,549,200*	60	83	First week of December. Normal.	Want of rainfall in October adversely affected the growth of crops.
Hooghly ...	276,700	198,800	206,400	73	70	Scrampur and Arambag—End of November. Early Sagar—December. Normal.	Insufficient rainfall affected the crop seriously. The outturn is much below the normal owing to long continued drought.
Howrah ...	125,200	114,400	119,500	79	88	Third week of November. Normal.	Want of rain in the latter part of the season adversely affected the outturn.
Rajshahi ...	697,800	620,000	658,300	53	93	Middle of December. Normal.	The outturn is below normal owing to insufficient rainfall at the sowing time.
Dinajpur ...	1,120,300	1,019,100	1,029,000	57½	80	Middle of November. Normal.	Owing to the weather being not favourable the outturn is below the normal.
Jalpaiguri ...	554,300*	497,400	* 417,500	65	75	First week of December. Normal.	The outturn is below the normal owing to unfavourable weather and want of sufficient rainfall at the time of transplantation. Some damage was done to the crop by drought.
Darjeeling ...	65,200	25,900	25,600*	92	100	Doitto ...	The weather was good on the whole.
Haugpur ...	222,300	674,000	600,000	69	75	End of November. Normal.	The outturn is much below normal owing to drought in August.
Bogra ...	303,000	450,000	447,000	44	90	Doitto ...	The weather was favourable up to the third week of October, but continued absence of rain since then has done injury to the late transplanted paddy. On account of low flood paddy on high lands in the eastern part of the district was damaged. The situation improved a little late in the season.
Pabna ...	568,000	520,000	332,500	50	80	First week of November. Normal.	Some damage was done by flood and the subsequent sudden falling down of water.
Maidp ...	326,900	320,000	308,000	60	117	Latter part of November. Normal.	The weather was favourable on the whole, though in some places crop suffered a little for want of rain in the latter part of October. More than normal outturn is expected.

* Revised.

**List of prices of articles of food at Calcutta for the week ending
Saturday, the 14th February 1920.**

Name of article.	WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND.		RETAIL PRICE PER SEER. *	
	From—	To—	From—	To—
Rice—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balam, coarse ...	7 8 0	8 8 0	0 3 0	0 3 6
„ medium ...	8 9 0	9 0 0	0 4 0	0 4 6
Patnai, coarse ...	7 12 0	8 4 0	0 2 6	0 3 0
„ medium ...	8 6 0	9 2 0	0 3 3	0 3 6
Nagra, coarse ...	7 12 0	8 8 0	0 3 0	0 3 3
„ medium ...	8 10 0	9 5 0	0 3 6	0 4 0
Dudhkalma ...	8 0 0	8 2 0	0 3 6	.....
Rangoon Boiled ...	.....	.....	0 3 0	0 3 3
Kajla ...	6 6 0	6 12 0	0 3 0	.....
Wheat, Dudhia ...	7 12 0	.....	.....	.....
„ Gangajali ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
„ Jamali ...	7 5 0	7 8 0	.....	.....
Gram, Patnai (whole) ...	8 12 0	9 2 0	0 3 6	0 4 0
„ dal ...	10 4 0	10 8 0	0 4 6	0 5 0
Mung „ (Hari) ...	12 0 0	12 8 0	0 6 0	0 8 0
„ „ (Krishna) ...	11 0 0	11 8 0	0 5 0	.....
Arhar „ ...	10 4 0	12 0 0	0 4 0	0 5 6
Masur „ (split) ...	6 12 0	8 0 0	0 3 3	0 3 9
„ „ (Khanri) ...	10 0 0	11 8 0	0 5 0	.....
Kalai „ ...	7 12 0	8 8 0	0 3 0	0 4 4
Salt ...	3 4 6	.....	0 1 6	0 1 9
Sugar (Brown Java) ...	24 8 0	26 0 0	0 10 6	0 11 6
Gur, Bheli ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
„ Bhursut ...	12 0 0	12 4 0	0 5 0	0 6 0
„ Date ...	9 0 0	9 8 0	0 3 0	0 5 0
Milk ...	11 0 0	13 0 0	0 3 0	0 5 0
Mustard oil ...	27 0 0	35 0 0	0 14 0	1 3 0
Flour (country) ...	9 2 0	9 6 0	0 3 0	0 4 6
Atta, No. 3 ...	7 4 0	.....	} 0 3 6	0 4 6
„ „ 2½ ...	7 8 0	.....	
„ „ B ...	10 2 0	.....	
Suji ...	9 8 0	10 0 0	0 4 6	0 5 0
Ghee (Bhadwa, Matki, etc.) ...	105 0 0	110 0 0	2 12 0	.....
„ (Patiram, Khurja, Ruto, Etwa, better kind, etc.) ...	100 0 0	102 0 0	2 9 0	.....
„ (Lalli, Etwa, Sagar, etc.) ...	95 0 0	97 0 0	2 8 0	.....
Maize ...	5 0 0	5 8 0	.....	.....
Potatoes ...	2 12 0	3 4 0	0 1 0	0 2 0
Patal ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brinjal ...	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 1 6	.....
Onion ...	2 4 0	4 0 0	0 1 0	0 1 9
Fish, Rahu ...	22 0 0	25 0 0	0 10 0	0 14 0
Mutton (2nd class) ...	.....	.....	0 10 0	.....
Beef (2nd and 3rd classes) ...	.....	.....	0 3 0	0 5 0

N.B.—This is an abstract of prices at the following markets :—

Wholesale—Chetla Hat, Ramkrishnapur Hat, Sealdah Fish and Milk Markets, Posta Bazar.

Retail—Sir Stuart Hogg Market, Orphanange Market, Sobha Bazar, Nutun Bazar, Raja Babu's Bazar, Bow Bazar, Taltolla Bazar, Jogu Babu's Bazar.

S. C. GHOSH,
for President, Advisory Food Committee.

CALCUTTA, the 14th February 1920.

Statement of the present and next preceding returns of rice, in the different districts of Bengal for the second half of January 1920.

District.	Paddy (BEST QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	4 5 0	4 5 0	3 5 0	2 12 0	2 0 0	4 0 0	2 4 0
Chitta Hill ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	4 5 0	4 4 0	3 4 0	2 2 0	2 12 0	3 12 0	2 3 0
Kalpa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bankura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ...	4 5 0	3 15 0	3 4 0	1 12 0	2 10 0	2 12 0	2 3 0
Chittagong ...	(c)	3 7 0	2 0 0	(c)	2 10 0	2 14 0	...
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	5 4 0	5 2 0	3 4 0	2 4 0	3 4 0	4 4 0	4 0 0
Narayanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Faizpur ...	4 5 0	4 1 5	3 5 0	1 12 0	2 10 0	3 0 0	3 5 3
Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur ...	4 5 0	4 5 0	2 5 0	1 12 0	2 14 0	3 2 0	3 0 0

District.	Paddy (COMMON QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	2 4 0	2 12 0	3 2 0	2 0 0
Chitta Hill ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	4 4 0	4 2 0	3 0 0	1 12 0	2 3 0	3 2 0	2 5 0
Kalpa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bankura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ...	4 2 0	3 12 0	2 15 0	1 5 0	2 7 0	2 3 0	2 5 0
Chittagong ...	4 0 0	(c)	2 0 0	(c)	2 5 0	2 12 0	2 11 0
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	4 2 0	4 4 0	3 0 0	1 12 0	2 12 0	3 4 0	3 4 0
Narayanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Faizpur ...	4 4 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	1 10 0	2 5 0	2 14 0	3 3 0
Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur ...	2 2 0	2 2 0	2 0 0	1 5 0	2 3 0	2 2 0	2 0 0

(c) No sale.

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, oil, etc., in the under-mentioned parts of Bengal for the second half of January 1920.

Mark.	RICE (BEST QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	8 8 0	9 8 0	8 0 0	6 8 0	7 0 0	7 12 0	7 8 0
Chetla Hat ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	8 0 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	8 4 0	8 0 0	8 8 0	8 8 0
Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ..	10 0 0	10 0 0	7 0 0	4 0 0	4 2 0 to 4 10 0	5 8 0	5 4 0
Chittagong ..	12 0 0	11 0 0	10 0 0	7 8 0	8 0 0	10 0 0	9 0 0
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	8 4 0	8 0 0	6 0 0	4 0 0	5 0 0	5 12 0	6 4 0
Narayanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Myrnsingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna ...	11 0 0	10 0 0	7 11 0	5 8 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	8 0 0
Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur ...	8 0 0	8 0 0	5 8 0	5 0 0	6 4 0	7 0 0	6 4 0

Mark.	RICE (COMMON QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	8 4 0	8 0 0	6 4 0	4 8 0	5 14 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
Chetla Hat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	7 0 0	6 12 0	6 0 0	3 6 0	4 0 0	4 12 0	5 0 0
Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ...	7 0 0	6 10 0	5 4 0	3 0 0	4 0 0	4 10 0	4 10 0
Chittagong ...	6 14 0	5 12 0	5 0 0	3 0 0	4 4 0	4 8 0	4 8 0
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	7 8 0	7 0 0	5 12 0	3 8 0	5 8 0	5 4 0	5 0 0
Narayanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Myrnsingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna ...	7 8 0	6 8 0	5 11 0	3 0 0	4 4 0	5 2 0	5 10 0
Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur ...	6 12 0	7 0 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	5 4 0	4 10 0	5 12 0

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned parts of Bengal for the second half of January 1920.

Mark.	WHEAT.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	5 0 0	5 0 0	7 4 0	5 8 0	4 12 0	5 2 0	6 8 0
Chitta Hat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	7 8 0	7 12 0	(a)	5 2 0	6 0 0	5 8 0	6 0 0
Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Baniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0
Chittagong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	5 0 0	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	...
Harayaganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fabna ...	7 0 0	6 11 0	...	3 8 0	4 0 0	...	4 14 0
Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bangpur ...	7 0 0	7 0 0	(a)	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 4 0	6 0 0

(a) Not in stock.

Mark.	KALAI DAL.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	5 8 0	5 8 0	10 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	4 0 0	5 2 0
Chitta Hat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	7 8 0	7 8 0	12 0 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	6 2 0	6 0 0
Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Baniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ...	5 0 0 to 10 0 0	5 8 0 to 10 8 0	10 8 0	5 12 0	5 8 0	4 6 0	4 8 0
Chittagong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	12 8 0	...	5 0 0	...	...	...	...
Harayaganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fabna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bangpur ...	10 8 0	10 0 0	9 8 0	7 0 0	7 8 0	6 8 0	...

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, etc., in the principal
mentioned marts of Bengal for the second half of January, 1918.

Marts	GRAM.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	8 4 0	7 8 0	8 0 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	8 12 0	4 9 0
Chota Hât	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	8 8 0	8 0 0	7 4 0	8 0 0	8 10 0	4 0 0	5 2 0
Kalna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raniganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 8 0	4 4 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	5 12 0
Chittagong	to 8 4 0	to 8 4 0	8 12 0	to 4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0
Chandpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	9 0 0	8 2 0	...	...	...	...	...
Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fabua	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sirajganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	8 0 0	7 8 0	8 8 0	8 4 0	7 4 0	7 0 0	5 0 0

Marts.	ARRAN DAL.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	51	52	53	54	55	56	57
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	9 8 0	9 8 0	7 12 0	8 0 0	8 4 0	8 12 0	8 4 0
Chota Hât	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	10 0 0	10 0 0	12 0 0	4 8 0	8 4 0	8 10 0	7 4 0
Kalna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raniganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore	11 0 0	11 0 0	9 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	7 8 0	...
Chittagong	to 12 0 0	to 12 0 0	to 11 0 0	to 8 0 0	8 0 0	7 0 0	7 8 0
Chandpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	11 0 0	10 8 0	10 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	7 8 0	7 8 0
Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fabua	12 8 0	12 8 0	9 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	7 8 0	8 0 0
Sirajganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	(a)	(a)	10 0 0	8 0 0	7 8 0	8 12 0	7 4 0

(a) Not available.

[illegible]

* Decrease is due to influx of new mustard into the market.

[illegible]

(n) Not in stock.

(a) Not available.

Prices current (retail) of food-grains, etc., in the Province of Bengal, for the second half of January 1920.

Division.	District and Market.	QUANTITY FOR SUPER IS SHELS OF MIGHTY TOLAS.														
		COMMON RICE.						KALAI DAL (Phaseolus radiatus).			ARHAR (DAL) OR TURK. CASIAN PEA (Cajanus indicus).			BALE.		
		Average.			Cheapest.			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.									
SUNDERLAND.	BARNEGUNG.	S. CH.	P. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.
	29 Sadar	4 8	4 8	5 4	5 8	5 8	5 8	2 12	2 12	4 0	2 12	2 12	3 8	3 0	3 0	3 4
	30 Shiguri	4 0	4 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	7 8	3 8	3 8	4 0	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	4 0	3 12
	BANGPUR.															
	31 Sadar	5 4	5 4	5 8	5 10	5 10	5 8	2 12	2 12	4 0	2 0	3 0	3 8	3 0	3 0	3 0
	32 Nijbamari	5 12	5 0	7 8	6 0	6 2	5 0	3 8	3 8	5 0	3 8	3 8	5 0	3 0	3 0	3 0
	33 Bogra—Batal	5 12	5 0	4 12	5 0	5 2	5 4	3 8	3 8	5 0	3 8	3 8	4 8	3 12	3 12	3 12
	PABNA.															
	34 Sadar	5 4	5 10	7 8	5 8	5 0	7 14	4 0	4 0	5 4	3 8	3 0	4 0	11 5*	11 5*	5 0
	35 Sirajganj	4 12	4 12	7 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	3 4	3 4	5 8	3 0	3 0	3 0
	MALDA.															
DUMKI.	36 Sadar	5 8	5 4	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 8	5 0	5 8	4 0	3 0	3 8	4 0	12 5*	12 0*	10 5
	37 Balga—Nawabganj	5 14	5 12	7 8	7 8	7 8	8 8	5 0	5 8	5 8	4 4	4 0		12 0*	12 0	12 0
	DACCA.															
	38 Sadar	5 2	5 12	7 0	5 8	5 4	7 8	3 8		4 8	3 8	4 0	4 0	10 0	10 0	10 0
	39 Munshir Hat (a)		5 10	7 0		5 10	7 10		(a)	(a)		3 12	(a)		10 0	5 0
	MYMENSINGH.															
	40 Nasirabad	5 3	5 0	5 8	5 10	5 10	7 8	4 0	4 0	5 0	4 0	4 0	5 0	3 8	3 0	3 0
	41 Newakona	5 0	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 4	7 8	4 4	4 8	5 0	3 8	3 8	5 8	10 0	10 0	5 8
	FARIDPUR.															
	42 Sadar	5 0	5 12	5 4	5 4	5 4	7 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 8	3 8	3 4	10 0	9 8	5 8
CHITTAGONG.	43 Rajbari	5 5	5 5	5 0	5 10	5 10	5 4	4 12	4 0	4 0	3 0	3 8	4 0	10 0	9 4	5 4
	BAHANGANG.															
	44 Barisal	5 12	5 14	7 8	5 8	5 8	7 10	5 0	5 0	5 5	3 8	3 8	4 0	10 0	10 0	5 0
	45 Pirojpur	5 8	5 12	7 0	5 12	5 14	7 0	4 8	4 0		(a)	(a)	4 0	3 0*	3 0	5 0
	TIPPERA.															
	46 Comilla	5 0	5 11	7 10	5 8	5 2	5 0	3 4	3 8	5 0	3 8	3 8	5 0	10 0	10 0	5 0
	47 Chendpur	5 0	5 14	5 8	5 12	7 0	5 2	3 8	3 8	5 8	3 8	3 0	5 4	3 4	3 4	3 1
	NOAKHALI.															
	48 Kustara Hat	5 8	5 0	7 12	5 0	5 0	5 0	3 8	3 8	5 0	3 4	3 4	5 0	3 0	3 0	3 0
	49 Feni Hat	5 8	5 12	5 12	5 0	7 2	5 7	3 4	4 10	5 0	(a)	(a)	(a)	3 8	3 8	3 8
CHITTAGONG.	BRITTASONG.															
	50 Sadar	5 8	5 8	5 0	5 8	7 0	5 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 12	3 12	3 8	11 0*	10 5*	10 0
	51 On's Bazar	5 8	5 8	10 0	(a)	(a)	10 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 4	3 4	4 0	3 0	3 0	3 0
	52 Chittagong Hill Tracts—Bangladesh.	5 8	5 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	5 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 0	3 0	4 0	3 0	3 0	3 0

* Karkatoh.

(b) Burma rice.

(c) Not available.

(d) Not required.

J. C. ROY,

for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA;

The 13th February 1920.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 5th February 1920.

Summary.—Light to moderate rain was general over the Province. It has greatly benefited the standing crops and facilitated the preparatory tillage for jute and other autumn crops in Eastern Bengal. Transplantation of summer paddy and harvesting of sugarcane, potatoes and early oilseeds are in progress. The average price of common rice has risen by 1·75 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall	PRICE OF COMMON RICE IN SEERS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	24-PARGANAS	Inches. 0·09	5½	5½	Harvesting of winter paddy and sugarcane still continues in Basirhat subdivision. Water is sufficient. Prospects of standing crops are good.
	Diamond Harbour.	Nil	5½	5½	
	Barrackpore	0·01	5	(n)	
	Barasat ...	0·22	5½	5½	
	Basirhat ...	0·18	6	6	
2	NADIA ...	0·41	{ 5½ 6½*	{ 5½ 6½*	Weather cloudy. Prospects of standing crops are favourable.
	Kushtia ...	0·52	5	5	
	Meherpur ...	0·97	6½	6½	
	Chuadanga...	1·54	{ 6 6½*	{ 6 6½*	
	Ranaghat ...	0·55	5	5	
3	MURSHIDABAD	0·38	5½†	6†	Prospects of standing crops are fairly good. Harvesting of winter rice is almost finished. Fodder is sufficient. No large import of rice; export continues.
	Lalbagh ...	0·36	5½†	6†	
	Jangipur ...	0·55	6½†	6†	
	Kandi ...	0·53	6½†	6†	
4	JESSORE ...	0·79	{ 6 6*	{ 6 6*	Standing crops are doing well. Harvesting of <i>aman</i> paddy is finished and that of <i>rabi</i> crops has commenced. No large import or export of rice. Fodder is sufficient.
	Jhenidab ...	0·62	5	6	
	Magura ...	1·00	5½	5½	
	Narail ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Bangaon ...	0·76	5	5½	
5	KHULNA ...	0·64	5½	5½	The recent rain will considerably help the preparation of lands. Harvesting of <i>aman</i> paddy is nearly finished. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ...	0·29	5½	4½	
	Bagerhat ...	1·22	{ 6 7*	{ 6 7*	

* Burma rice

† Coarse rice

(n) Not reported

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SERIES, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
6	BURDWAN ...	Inches. 0·46	5	5	Weather is cold and cloudy. Threshing of winter paddy and pressing of sugarcane are going on. Potatoes and other standing crops are doing well. Vegetable crops have been benefited by the recent rain. Export of rice is reported from Kalna.
	Asansol ...	0·15	6	6	
	Katwa ...	0·38	5½	5½	
	Kalna ...	0·30	4½	4½	
7	BIRBHUM	5½	5½	Weather cloudy. Threshing of winter paddy continues. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat...	0·60	6½	6	
8	BANKURA ...	0·33	6	6	Prospects of standing crops are good. Export of rice and paddy continues. Cattle-disease is reported from Khatra.
	Vishnupur...	0·86	6½	6½	
9	MIDNAPORE...	Nil	{ 5½ 6†	{ 5½ 6† }	Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are good. Fodder is sufficient.
	Ghatal ...	0·02	{ 5½ 5½†	{ 5½ 5½†	
	Tamluk ...	Nil	{ 5½ 6† 6½*	{ 5½ 5½†	
	Contai ...	Nil	{ 6½ 6½†	{ 6 6½†	
10	HOOGHLY ...	0·42	{ 4½ 5½*	{ 4½ 5½*	Effects of weather on the growth of the crops are favourable. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from thana Palba.
	Serampore ...	0·01	6	5½	
	Arambagh ...	0·30	5½	(n)	
11	HOWRAH ...	0·28	{ 4½ 6†	{ 5 6½† }	Weather rather warm for the season. Harvesting of sugarcane continues and that of <i>rabi</i> crops has commenced. Showers on the 4th instant have been beneficial to the vegetables. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.
	Ulubaria ...	Nil	5½	5½	
12	RAJSHAHI (RAMPUR-BOALIA).	0·77	6	6	Prospects of standing crops are favourable. Fodder is sufficient.
	Naogaon ...	0·75	6	6	
	Nator ...	4·49	6	6	
13	DINAJPUR ...	1·10	6	6	Weather rainy. The recent rainfall has been very beneficial to the <i>rabi</i> crops. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Prices of rice are rising. Fodder is sufficient.
	Thakurgaon	0·34	6	5½	
	Balurghat ...	1·08	6½	6½	
14	JALPAIGURI	·27	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient. The export of rice continues.
	Alipur ...	0·58	5	4½	

* Burma rice.

† Coarse rice.

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches			
15	DARJEELING	0.04	4½	4½	Potatoes are being harvested. Wheat and barley are progressing. Stock of rice is sufficient. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kurseong ...	0.20	{ 5½ 5½*	5½ 5½*	
	Siliguri ...	0.25	4½	5	
	Kalimpong...	...	5½	(n)	
16	RANGPUR ...	0.55	5½	6	Weather cloudy. Harvesting of mustard and potatoes is going on. Price of rice is rising. The recent rain is beneficial to the standing crops. Lands are being prepared for the <i>bhadoi</i> crops. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari	1.32	5½	5½	
	Kurigram ...	0.67	5½	5½	
	Gaibandha...	1.14	5½	5½	
17	BOGRA ...	0.87	5½	5½	Lands are being prepared for jute and <i>aus</i> paddy. Prospects of standing crops are fair.
18	PABNA ...	2.32	{ 5½ 5½†	5½ 5½†	The recent rain is expected to do much good to the standing crops. Fodder is sufficient. Rice market is gradually rising.
	Sirajganj ...	0.35	4½	4½	
19	MALDA ...	0.86	6	6	Harvesting of winter rice is finished, threshing going on. Transplantation of <i>boro</i> paddy continues. Rain has done much good to the <i>rabi</i> crops and mango. Fodder and water are sufficient.
20	COOCH BEHAR	0.70	6½	5½	Harvesting of <i>haimanti</i> paddy is nearly finished. Preparation of lands for <i>bitri</i> paddy continues. Prospects and condition of standing crops are favourable. Fodder and water are sufficient. Burma rice is not available.
21	DACCA ...	1.45	{ 5 5½*	5½	The recent showers have done much good to the standing spring crops and <i>boro</i> paddy. Ploughing operation is being greatly facilitated. Good outturn of <i>rabi</i> crops is expected. Cattle-disease is reported from Raipura thana and Rajanagar union. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj...	1.99	{ 4½ 6½*	5	
	Narayanganj	1.61	5½	5½	
	Munshiganj (a).	(n)	5½	5½	
22	MYMENSINGH	1.40	{ 5½ 5½*	5½ 5½*	Weather occasionally cloudy with some rain. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops and preparation of lands for <i>aus</i> paddy and jute are going on. Harvesting of sugarcane is almost finished. Prospects of crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Netrakona subdivision. Rice market is slowly rising. Export of rice is reported from Netrakona subdivision. Stock of Rangoon rice has diminished.
	Jamalpur ...	0.76	4½	4½	
	Tangail ...	0.10	4½	4½	
	Netrakona ...	1.36	5½	5½	
	Kishorganj...	2.64	{ 5 6½*	5 6*	

(n) Not reported.

* Burma rice.

† Coarse *aman*.

(a) Munshiganj being very near to Dacca and Narayanganj, its rainfall statistics are not quoted. To give information regarding the northern part of the district, rainfall figures for Kapasia thana are reported here.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
23	FARIDPUR ...	1.00	{ 5 5½*	5 6½*	The recent rain has been beneficial to the <i>rabi</i> crops and facilitated the ploughing operations. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder is sufficient.
	Goalundo ..	1.77	{ 5½ to 6 6½*	5½ 6½*	
	Madaripur ...	0.74	{ 5½ 6½*	5½ 6½*	
	Gopalganj (a)	0.42	{ 5 6*	5½ 6½*	
24	BAKARGANJ (BARISAL).	Nil	5½	5½	Fodder is sufficient. Prospects of standing crops are good.
	Pirojpur ...	0.76	5½	5½	
	Patuakhali ...	0.56	5½	5½	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	0.34	5½	5	
25	CHITTAGONG	0.60	{ 5½† 5½*	5½† 5½*	Prospects of standing crops are fair; the effects of recent showers on them are excellent. Cultivation of <i>rabi</i> crops is in progress. <i>Panga</i> salt is selling at 11 and 9 seers per rupee both at Sadar and Cox's Bazar respectively. Fodder is sufficient.
	Cox's Bazar	1.30	{ 5½† 5½*	6½† 6½*	
26	TIPPERA (COMILLA).	0.81	5½	5½	Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops is going on. Stock of rice is normal and its price is rising.
	Brahmanbaria.	1.04	5½‡	6‡	
	Chandpur ...	0.13	{ 5½ 5½*	6½ 5½*	
27	NOAKHALI	0.18	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops have improved by the recent rain. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from thanas Chhagalnaya and Pashuram.
	Feni ...	0.43	6	6	
28	CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.	1.08	6	7†	Weather cloudy. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.

(a) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.
 * Burma rice. † Local rice. ‡ New.

J. C. ROY,
 for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA, the 8th February 1920.

Vital statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of the Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 17th January 1920.

Division.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1911.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS REGISTERED.										
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still birth).	Still born number registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	Other causes.	Total, all causes.		
																Male.	Female.	Total.
Howrah ...	1	Howrah ...	114,829	64,560	179,389	92	21	1	4	...	38	22	39	1	69	99	75	174
{ 24-Parganas	2	Maniktala ...	31,735	22,032	53,767	16	1	...	11	...	11	3	22	...	23	36	34	70
	3	Bhatpara ...	34,739	15,675	50,414	11	...	...	1	...	2	1	1	1	1	4	3	7
Calcutta ...	4	Calcutta ...	607,674	288,393	896,067	369	28	17	185	...	96°	72	260°	9	284	497	426	923
Dacca ...	5	Dacca ...	63,091	45,460	108,551	62	1	3	...	...	33	3	6	...	25	42	28	70

* Including deaths from Infants.

N.B.—As the weekly statement has been introduced from the 10th January 1920 according to Government of Bengal, Municipal Department letter No. 12585A, dated the 26th December 1919, the figures for the column "Total of corresponding week of the previous year" are not available and therefore this column is omitted from the statement.

CALCUTTA,

The 13th February 1920.

CHAS. A. BENTLEY,

Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Statement showing the gauge-readings at Dacca Water-works Station on the river Buriganga for the week ending the 31st January 1920.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 6 P.M.	Remarks.
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1920.							
25th Jan.	52.8	15-20	53.7	9-30	52.22	52.4	F. T. at 9-42, and H. T. at 12-25.
26th "	52.6	15-50	53.64	10-5	51.8	52.68	F. T. at 10-30 and H. T. at 12.
27th "	52.4	16-25	53.6	10-40	51.6	52.9	F. T. at 10-55, and H. T. at 12-35.
28th "	52.5	17-10	53.5	11-20	51.5	53.2	F. T. at 11-35, and H. T. at 12-35.
29th "	52.6	17-48	53.4	21-10	51.4	53.0	F. T. at 12-32, and P. T. at 12.
30th "	52.8	...	...	13-0	51.4	52.8	F. T. at 12-30.
31st "	52.9	7-25	53.1	13-48	51.5	52.7	H. T. at 7-35, and P. T. at 14.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

27th August	1906	70.5	Taken at high tide
5th September	1909	...	...	...	67.86
10th August	1910	...	...	...	69.86
1st "	1911	...	...	...	68.46
18th "	1912	...	...	...	67.16
31st "	1915	...	...	...	69.7
18th "	1916	...	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	...	...	...	67.1
31st "	1918	69.12	Taken at low tide
23rd February	1907	...	...	...	51.06
18th "	1908	...	...	...	51.06
12th March	1912	...	...	...	51.06
6th "	1914	...	...	...	50.60
22nd February	1915	...	...	...	50.80
15th "	1916	...	...	...	50.60
8rd March	1917	...	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	...	51.40

DACCA,
The 13th February 1920.

ASHUTOSH GUHA,
Executive Engineer, Dacca Division.

Statement showing the gauge-readings at Dacca Water-works Station on the river Buriganga for the week ending the 7th February 1920.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 6 P.M.	Remarks.
		Time	Readings.	Time	Readings.		
1920							
1st Feb	52.8	8-46	53.1	14-35	51.6	52.78	H. T. at 9 and F. T. at 14-45.
2nd "	52.8	9-20	53.5	15-12	51.7	52.7	H. T. at 9-40 and F. T. at 15-25.
3rd "	52.9	10-18	53.8	16-0	52.0	52.8	H. T. at 10-35 and F. T. at 16-15.
4th "	53.0	11-0	54.1	16-50	52.2	53.0	H. T. at 11-15 and F. T. at 17.
5th "	53.2	11-50	54.2	17-30	52.42	53.2	H. T. at 12 and F. T. at 17-45.
6th "	53.2	12-30	54.0	6-30	52.6	53.4	F. T. at 6-35 and H. T. at 12-45.
7th "	53.1	13-15	53.8	7-25	52.8	53.3	F. T. at 7-40 and H. T. at 13-30.

Notable high and low water levels of previous years.

27th August	1906	70.5	Taken at high tide.
5th September	1909	...	...	...	67.86
10th August	1910	...	...	...	69.86
1st "	1911	...	...	...	68.46
18th "	1912	...	...	...	67.16
31st "	1915	...	...	...	69.7
18th "	1916	...	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	...	...	...	67.1
31st "	1918	69.12	Taken at low tide.
23rd February	1907	...	...	...	51.06
18th "	1908	...	...	...	51.06
12th March	1912	...	...	...	51.06
6th "	1914	...	...	...	50.60
22nd February	1915	...	...	...	50.80
15th "	1916	...	...	...	50.60
8rd March	1917	...	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	...	51.40

DACCA,
The 13th February 1920.

ASHUTOSH GUHA,
Executive Engineer, Dacca Division.

Statement of Weekly Gauge-readings on the River Ganges at Rampur-Boalia for the week ending the 7th February 1920.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero—minus sign for those below zero	Height of surface above mean sea-level according to P. W. D. datum	Height of surface above mean sea-level on the same date last year according to P. W. D. datum	Remarks
1920.					
1st February ...	8 A.M.	Zero of gauge is at mean sea level.	37 80	36 96	P. W. D. datum, 6.25 feet above Kidderpur old dock sill. B. M. on College step 64.93.
2nd " ...	8 "		37.75	36 96	
3rd " ...	8 "		37 70	37.01	
4th " ...	8 "		37 75	37.11	
5th " ...	8 "		37 70	37 31	
6th " ...	8 "		37 70	37.76	
7th " ...	8 "		37.70	38 51	

		Old value		According to P. W. D. datum
The previous year	Highest water-level	..	61 29 on 18th September 1919	.. 62 80
Ditto	Lowest "	..	33 51 on 8th May 1919	.. 35 01
Record	Highest "	..	69 25 on 26th August 1879	.. 64 44
Do	Ditto "	..	69 08 on 9th September 1885	.. 64 27
Do	Ditto "	..	68 30 on 26th August 1906	.. 63 47
Do	Ditto "	..	68 21 on 26th August 1890	.. 63 40
Do	Lowest "	..	37 63 on 25th April 1884	.. 32 82
Do	Ditto "	..	38 18 on 11th 15th April 1883	.. 33 82
Do	Ditto "	..	39 02 on 21st 22nd April 1897	.. 34 21
Do	Ditto "	..	39 28 on 6th-7th May 1908	.. 34 47

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from the 1st August 1887

BOALIA,
The 7th February 1920.

N. C. BISWAS,
for Executive Engineer, Rajshahi Divn.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending 7th February 1920.

Month and date	Hour	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge	Height of surface above mean sea-level	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year	Remarks
1920.					
1st February ...	7 A.M.	6 1	6 1	6.7	Zero is placed at mean sea-level The bench mark for the gauge is on a pucca pillar between the passenger ghât and Chandpur ghât Its reduced level is 26.84.
2nd " ...	7 "	6 3	6 3	6 8	
3rd " ...	7 "	6 4	6 4	6 9	
4th " ...	7 "	6.4	6 4	7 0	
5th " ...	7 "	6.4	6 4	7 0	
6th " ...	7 "	6 3	6 3	7 0	
7th " ...	7 "	6 3	6 3	7 0	

The previous year	..	Highest water-level	20 5 on 15th September 1919
Ditto	..	Lowest "	6 1 on 24th February 1919
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	..	Highest "	25 75 on 28th August 1906
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	..	Ditto "	25 74 on 20th and 21st August 1893
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	..	Ditto "	25 66 on 11th to 17th and 31st August 1884 and on 1st to 3rd September 1889
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra only)	..	Ditto "	26 66 on 31st July 1900
Do	..	Lowest "	1 0 on 8th February 1914
Do	..	Ditto "	2 42 on 18th March 1908
Do	..	Ditto "	2.91 on 21st to 24th February 1884 and 8th to 9th March 1884
Do	..	Ditto "	3 16 on 9th to 11th March 1885
Do	..	Ditto "	3 16 on 10th, 17th and 29th to 31st March 1901

N.B.—The gauge reading commenced from 3rd October 1909

FARIDPUR,
The 10th February 1920. R. K. GHOSE,
for Subdivisional Officer, P. W. D., Faridpur.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract Statement showing the approximate volume of Traffic and the Tollage on Canals in Bengal placed as Major Works and Minor Works and Navigation for the month of December 1919, as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year.

Canals		1919-20					
		WEIGHT OF CARGO		RAFTS		TOLLAGE	
		During the month.	To end of the month	During the month.	To end of the month	During the month.	To end of the month
		Tons.	Tons	No.	No.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Major Works							
Midnapore Canal ...	...	3,618	54,872	10,725	22,660	3,295	81,888
Hugh Tidal " ...	...	4,283	78,607	165	4,683	2,749	59,822
Total ...	...	7,901	133,479	10,890	27,343	6,044	91,155
II —Minor Works and Navigation.							
Calcutta and Eastern Canals ...	...	38,073	356,194	188	9,495	24,530	212,927
Tolly's Nala ...	...	15,065	147,095	8,700	120,827	5,352	50,732
Madaripur Bheel ...	...	123,735	1,074,150	502	12,438	25,985	248,078
Total ...	...	176,873	1,557,439	9,390	142,760	55,867	511,737
Magrahat Channels ...	...	7,956	53,134	...	400	2,791	19,579
Orissa Coast Canal ...	...	2,691	33,574	642	5,871	852	9,723
Nadia Rivers ...	...	3,011	36,208	...	570,643	1,254	9,812
GRAND TOTAL ...	...	190,581	1,680,355	10,032	719,674	60,764	551,851

Canals.		1918 19					
		WEIGHT OF CARGO		RAFTS		TOLLAGE	
		During the month	To end of the month	During the month	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.
		Tons.	Tons	No	No	Rs	Rs
I —Major Works.							
Midnapore Canal ...	...	5,124	67,180	5,230	11,651	3,088	39,047
Hugh Tidal " ...	...	4,581	59,587	181	1,518	3,055	51,124
Total ...	...	9,655	126,767	5,411	13,169	6,093	90,171
II —Minor Works and Navigation							
Calcutta and Eastern Canals ...	...	46,683	395,675	450	15,595	33,437	241,670
Tolly's Nala ..	...	16,244	164,963	7,800	57,872	6,849	61,022
Madaripur Bheel ...	...	104,737	1,257,708	599	10,843	23,493	283,184
Total ..	...	167,614	1,818,346	8,849	84,110	63,779	585,226
Magrahat Channels...	...	6,246	44,560	...	...	2,487	20,567
Orissa Coast Canal ...	...	2,022	29,573	68	8,038	788	10,823
Nadia Rivers ..	...	3,533	54,324	...	505,555	1,175	15,513
GRAND TOTAL ...	...	175,415	1,946,803	8,912	597,708	68,229	632,729

CALCUTTA,
The 17th February 1920.

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 14th February 1920, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

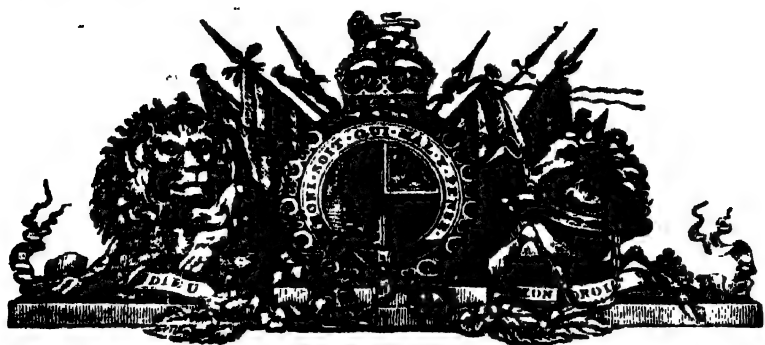
Nature of Cargo.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 14TH FEBRUARY 1920			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 14TH FEBRUARY 1919		
	Number of boats	Weight of cargo.	Tollage	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo	Tollage.
		Mds	Rs.		Mds.	Rs
Rice and paddy ..	690	230,74	4,007	1,249	367,109	5,962
Jute ..	96	44,872*	560	53	22,634†	283
Firewood ...	99	71,875	1,080	91	41,500	595
Other articles ...	711	199,644	2,393	761	192,982	2,404
Total ...	1,596	547,115	8,040	2,194	624,225	9,244
Empty boats and rafts ...	592	.	1,309	761	...	2,096
GRAND TOTAL ...	2,188	547,115	9,349	2,955	624,225	11,340

Mds

* Weight by canal measurement 51,100
† Ditto ditto 22,634

CALCUTTA,
The 17th February 1920.

G. J. ST. C. SLEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Governor of Bengal in Council, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

Tour Programme of

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL during February and March 1920.

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
February.	HOURS		
28th, Saturday ...	22-06	Leave Calcutta ...	By special train.
29th, Sunday ...	5-32	Arrive Goalundo.	

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
February.	HOURS.		
29th, Sunday ...	7-0	Leave Goalundo ...	By special steamer.
	16-0	Arrive Dacca.	
March.			
1st, Monday to 4th. Thursday.	.....	Halt at Dacca.	
5th, Friday ...	8-30	Leave Dacca ...	By special steamer.
	20-0	Arrive Goalundo.	
	21-15	Leave Goalundo ...	By special train.
6th, Saturday ...	7-30	Arrive Sealdah.	

NOTE.—(1) The party accompanying His Excellency will be—

Her Excellency the Countess of Ronaldshay.

Miss de Bathe.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. L. Stephenson, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., Offg. Chief Secretary.

Mr. W. R. Gourlay, C.I.E., I.C.S., Private Secretary.

Captain E. A. Haskett-Smith, Aide-de-Camp.

Captain C. B. Lyon, Aide-de-Camp.

Captain W. J. W. C. Barrow, Aide de-Camp.

(2) All letters and telegrams should be addressed to Governor's Camp, Bengal, *without the addition of the name of any post town.*

(3) All arrivals and departures will be private.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

CALCUTTA :

12th February 1920.

H. G. VAUX, MAJOR,

Military Secretary

to H. E. the Governor of Bengal.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

No. 1834 A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

Chittagong.
Noakhali.
GENERAL.—No. 1686 A.—*The 18th February 1920.*—The orders of the 28th January 1920, transferring Babu Binod Bihari Sarkar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong, to the headquarters station of the Noakhali district, are cancelled.

Chittagong.
Noakhali.
No. 1688 A.—*The 18th February 1920.*—Maulvi Mustafiz-ur-Rahman Khan, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Noakhali district.

No. 1754A.—The 20th February 1920.—Babu Nihar Ranjan Banarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Burdwan district.

No. 1774A.—The 21st February 1920.—Babu Nagendra Chandra Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Rangpur district.

No. 1777A.—The 21st February 1920.—Babu Satish Chandra Guha, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rangpur, is transferred to the Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district.

No. 1810A.—The 24th February 1920.—Mr. Mahima Nath Bhattacharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nadia, is appointed to act temporarily as Magistrate and Collector of that district.

POLICE.—No. 1691A.—The 19th February 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 30th January 1920, Mr. James Woolley, substantive *pro tempore* Assistant Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is confirmed in that appointment with effect from the 22nd August 1919.

No. 1765A.—The 21st February 1920.—In line 4 of notification No. 1570A, dated the 14th February 1920, published at page 288, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th idem, for “24th December 1919” read “24th January 1920.”

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 1682A.—The 18th February 1920.—Babu Surendra Nath Basu, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 18th February 1920 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1721A.—The 20th February 1920.—Maulvi Wali-ul-Islam, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for two months and ten days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 27th January 1920.

No. 1752A.—The 20th February 1920.—Babu Prabhodh Chandra Chatterji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Burdwan, is allowed leave for four months and twelve days, viz., privilege leave for two months and twelve days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 15th March 1920 or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, and additional privilege leave for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.F., dated the 24th February 1919.

No. 1759A.—The 20th February 1920.—Mr. Shashi Bhushan Banarji, officiating First Additional District and Sessions Judge, Mymensingh, was on privilege leave on full pay, under article 272 of the Civil Service Regulations, from the 4th February 1920 to the 14th February 1920, inclusive.

No. 1784A.—The 21st February 1920.—Mr. C. Bartley, I.C.S., has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough on medical certificate, for three months.

No. 1785A.—The 21st February 1920.—Mr. P. E. Cammiade, I.C.S., has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of commuted furlough for one month.

No. 1786A.—The 21st February 1920.—Mr. R. N. Reid, I.C.S., has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough on medical certificate for six months.

POLICE.—*No. 1814A.—The 24th February 1920.*—Rai Sahib Kunud Mohan Das Gupta, officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, Rangpur, is allowed leave for twenty-eight days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 30th January 1920.

No. 1819A.—The 24th February 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 25th October 1919, Mr. G. H. Mannooch, substantive *pro tempore* Superintendent of Police, is allowed combined leave from the 8th May 1919 to the 24th November 1919, inclusive, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months and three days, additional privilege leave for one month and nine days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period.

RESIGNATIONS.

LEGISLATIVE.—*No. 1707A.—The 19th February 1920.*—His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. Henry Raikes Alexander Irwin, C.I.E., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal.

No. 1748A.—The 20th February 1920.—His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1781A.—The 21st February 1920.—In supersession of the rules published in notification No. 6162A., dated the 24th November 1917, the following rules regarding the institution of examinations in the vernaculars for European ladies are published for general information. The rules will come into force from the date of this notification. The object of this examination is to encourage European ladies to acquire a better knowledge of the vernaculars of this province.

1. The examination will be held in the Hindustani and in the Bengali languages and will be conducted by the Board of Examiners, Calcutta.

2. The examination will be open to European ladies who are the wives, daughters, or sisters of gazetted officers of Government, both Civil and Military.

3. Successful candidates will be furnished with diplomas from the Examiners. Their names will be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

4. Examinations will be held half-yearly on the first Monday of March at Calcutta and on the last Monday in September at Darjeeling. The exact time and place of the examination will be notified by the Secretary, Board of Examiners, to intending candidates.

5. Candidates for examination should apply to the Under-Secretary, Appointment Department, Government of Bengal, at least a month before the date of examination.

6. The examination consists of two parts, one colloquial and the other, written in the vernacular script. The former is the "Ladies' Vernacular Examination—Colloquial" and the latter the "Ladies' Vernacular Examination—Written." The reward for passing each test is Rs. 100, but if the two parts are taken up together the candidate is eligible for a reward of Rs. 200 for passing both the tests. A candidate who passes in one test on one

occasion is permitted to earn a second reward by passing the other test on another occasion.

The colloquial part consists of—

- (i) *Viva voce* translation into the vernacular of English sentences, read out by the examiner.
- (ii) *Viva voce* translation into English of sentences in the vernacular, spoken or read out by an Indian.
- (iii) Conversation with an Indian in the vernacular on subjects mentioned by the examiner.

An aggregate of 75 per cent. of marks is required to pass.

The written part consists of—

- (i) Written translation into the vernacular of a paper of English sentences 1 hour.
- (ii) Written translation into English of a paper of sentences in the vernacular 1 ..

Sixty per cent. of marks in each paper is required to pass.

7. No text-books are prescribed for these examinations. The following works are recommended for the guidance of candidates in their studies. These can be obtained from Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta, and principal book-sellers:—

Hindustani—

For the “Ladies’ Vernacular Examination—Colloquial:”

- Abdul Hakim’s “Modern Colloquial Hindustani.” Price, Rs. 2.
- Colonel Phillot’s “Domestic Hindustani.” Price, Rs. 1-12.
- Thakardass Pahwa’s “Modern Hindustani Scholar or The Pucca Munshi.” Price, Rs. 10.

For the “Ladies’ Vernacular Examination—Written:”

- “Phul,” a child’s weekly magazine, published weekly by Maulvi Syed Mumtaz Ali, Railway Road, Lahore. Subscription yearly Rs. 3-8.
- Khowab-o-Khayal, Part II—Selections from the Rusam-i-Hind or Customs of India. Price, Rs. 3.
- Translation of the same. Price Rs. 4-11.

Bengali—

For the “Ladies’ Vernacular Examination—Colloquial”:

- (1) Any Easy Introduction to Colloquial Bengali (in Roman character), by J. A. Macdonald and H. K. Ganguli. Price Rs. 2.
- (2) Bengali Manual by G. F. Nicholl. Price Rs. 5-10.
- (3) A Manual of Bengali and Hindustani sentences (in Roman character), by Rai Sahib Nibaran Chandra Chatterjee. Price Rs. 2-8.
- (4) Radha Rani (a Romanised edition of a short novel of Bankim Chatterjee), by Rai Sahib Nibaran Chandra Chatterjee. Price Rs. 2-8. [Translations by D. C. Roy and by J. D. Anderson obtainable from principal booksellers.]

For the “Ladies’ Vernacular Examination—Written”:

- (1) Svarnalata (a domestic novel), by Taraknath Ganguli. Price Re. 1-8. [To be had of Messrs. Gurudas Chatterjee & Sons, Booksellers and Publishers, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. Translation by D. C. Roy, obtainable from principal book-sellers.]
- (2) Subha Vivaha (a book of typical colloquial). Price 12 annas. [To be had of Messrs. Gurudas Chatterjee & Sons, Booksellers and Publishers, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.]
- (3) Wenger’s Bengali Grammar, edited by G. H. Rouse, M.A. Price Rs. 4. Published by the Baptist Mission Press, Calcutta [To be had of Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta.]

8. Sample papers intended to serve as a guide to candidates may be obtained free of charge from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, No. 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

9. Below are given the names of munshis resident in Calcutta who have qualified by the Oriental Teachership Examinations to give instruction in Bengali and Hindustani. Candidates are recommended to apply to one of these for tuition as against teachers who have not so qualified themselves.

Qualified Urdu Teachers.

CALCUTTA—

- M. A. M. F. Wahhab, Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, 14, Zakaria Street.
 M. A. M. Ubaidur Rashid, B.A., 4, Korabardar Lane, P. O. Wellesley.
 M. Abdul Badi, 5, Ramsanker Roy Lane.
 M. Abdul Habib Khan, 12, Jamadar Khan Lane, Balligunge.
 M. Abdul Karim Nashtar, 8, Jamadar Khan Lane, Balligunge.
 M. Abdul Wajid, 106, Harrison Road.
 M. Akmal Ali Akmal, 25, Nur Ali Lane, P. O. Entally.
 M. Azherus Sadain, Teacher, Calcutta Madrasah, 138-1, Karaya Road.
 M. Azizun Nabi Khan, 27, Karaya Bazar Road, Balligunge.
 *M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A., 3, Elliot Lane.
 M. Badru-z-Zaman, 212-1, Linton Street.
 †M. Daliluddin Ahmed, 37, Karaya Bazar Road, Balligunge.
 M. Husain Mirza, 4-1, Collin Lane.
 †M. Mirza S. M. K. Sultan, B.A., M.F., 11, Colootolla Street.
 M. Mohd. Azam, 19, Tiljala 1st Lane, P. O. Balligunge.
 M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya Ibrat, 17-1, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Balligunge.
 M. Mohd. Israil Khan, 5, Doctor Karam Hossain Lane, Balligunge.
 M. Mohd. Muslim, 12, Damzen's Lane, Chinapara.
 M. Mohd. Quasim Khan, c/o H. A. Rahaman & Co., 44, Lower Chitpore Road.
 M. Mohd. Qurban Ali Asri, 7, Onrait 1st Lane, Entally P.O.
 M. Nyzamuddin, 12, Damzen's Lane, Chinapara.
 M. Rashiduddin Ahmed Khan, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O.
 M. Raza Ali Wahshat, M.B.A.S., 2-1-2, Tiljala 1st Lane, Balligunge.
 M. S. E. Haque, 69, Baker Hostel.
 M. S. M. Yunus, Baker Hostel, Calcutta Madrasah.
 M. Shahabuddin Ahmad Siddiqi, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O.
 M. Syed Abu Zafar, 36, European Asylum Lane.
 M. Syed Hamiduddin Ahmed, 17-C, Elliott Hostel, Wellesley Square, Calcutta.
 M. Syed Nawab Ali, 11, Colootolla Street.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Muktaram Row, Calcutta.

RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Teacher whose name is preceded by an asterisk (*) is considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (†) are out of India.

H. L. STEPHENSON.

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1827A.—The 24th February 1920.—With reference to notification No. 1707A, dated the 19th February 1920, and in pursuance of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal, the Governor is pleased to call upon the Tea Planting Community to elect, in accordance with the said Regulations and before the 12th day of April 1920, a person to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon'ble Mr. Henry Raikes Alexander Irwin. C.I.E.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1829A.—The 24th February 1920.—Whereas in pursuance of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal, the Governor has been pleased by notification No. 1827A, dated the 24th February 1920, to call upon the Tea Planting Community to elect, in accordance with the said Regulations, and before the 12th day of April 1920, a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon'ble Mr. Henry Raikes Alexander Irwin, C.I.E.;

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following orders under Schedule XI of the said Regulations, in modification of the orders issued in notification No. 2184A., dated the 18th March 1916, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd idem:—

ORDERS UNDER SCHEDULE XI.

PART I.

(1) *Rule 1 (1).*—All District Magistrates, all Subdivisional Magistrates, and all Sub-Registrars acting under the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), shall be Attesting officers.

(2) *Rule 1 (2).*—The Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division shall be the Returning Officer.

PART II.

(1) *Rule 6(4).*—Nomination papers of candidates shall be presented to an Attesting Officer for attestation at any time between the hours of 11 A.M. and 3 P.M. on or before the 6th March 1920.

(2) *Rule 8(1).*—The scrutiny of nomination papers of candidates shall be made at the office of the Returning Officer at 11 A.M. on the 16th March 1920.

(3) *Rule 9 (3).*—The Returning Officer shall send the voting paper to each elector on or before the 22nd March 1920.

(4) *Rule 9(4).*—Electors who desire to record their votes in the presence of an Attesting Officer shall do so on or before the 31st March 1920.

(5) *Rule 11(1).*—The Returning Officer shall attend at this office at 3 P.M., on the 10th April 1920, for the purpose of counting votes.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offy. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2002L.R.—The 23rd February 1920.—It is hereby notified that

Bankura.

No. 10772L.R., dated the 17th November 1914, published at page 2069, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th November 1914.

No. 10487L.R., dated the 12th September 1917, published at pages 1495-96, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th September 1917.

(Act VIII of 1885), in police-stations Raipur and Ranibandh, in the district of Bankura.

No. 2043L.R.—The 24th February 1920.—In exercise of the power

Faridpur.

conferred by sub-clause (b) of clause (7) of section 3 of the Land Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act VII of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to adopt the villages lying within the administrative units of the Faridpur district as surveyed and recorded under the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in accordance with notification No. 4891, dated the 20th December 1904, as defining mauzas for the purposes of that clause in that district.

No. 1949 L.A.—The 20th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 48(1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw

Calcutta.

from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 cottaks 3 chittaks and 30 square feet of standard measurement, equivalent to '0368 of an acre, being premises No. 5-1, Nakuleswartola Lane, and bounded as described below, which was included in the area notified for acquisition under declaration No. 1939 L.A., dated the 21st February 1916, published at pages 370—372, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd idem, and required by the Calcutta Improvement Trust for the street scheme known as scheme No. IV-A (Rossa Road extension), in Wards Nos. XXI and XXII of the Calcutta Municipality—

North—By a public drain,

East—By premises No. 31-1, Iswar Gangulee Lane,

South—By a portion of premises No. 34, Iswar Gangulee Lane,

West—By a portion of premises No. 6-1, Nakuleswartola Lane, and Nakuleswartola Lane.

No. 2045 Jur.—The 24th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 8 of the Code of

Darjeeling.

Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of notification No. 5582 P, dated the 1st March 1916, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the limits of the Kalimpong subdivision, in the district of Darjeeling, shall include the local areas of the following police-stations:—

Police-station.

No. and date of notification defining jurisdiction.

Kalimpong

... No. 845 P.J., dated the 23rd February 1920.

Gorubathan

... No. 1851 P.D., dated the 14th October 1908.

No. 1940 Agri.—The 20th February 1920.—Mr. J. T. Donovan, I.C.S., is allowed combined leave for seven months and nine days, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 79 C.S.R., dated the 23rd January 1920, for three months and seventeen days, with effect from the 8th March 1920, or the amount due on the date on which he may avail himself of it, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period, under article 308(b) of the Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1514 C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 1941 Agri.—The 20th February 1920.—Mr. M. Thorp, I.C.S., Deputy Registrar, Co-operative Societies, is appointed to act as Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Bengal, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. J. T. Donovan, I.C.S., or until further orders.

No. 1956 Agri.—The 20th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912 (II of 1912), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer on the Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal, all the powers of a Registrar under the said Act.

No. 2035 Agri.—The 21th February 1920.—Mr. Dibakar De, Deputy Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, first grade, and officiating Assistant Principal, Bengal Veterinary College, is allowed additional privilege leave for one month on full pay, with effect from the 20th February 1920, under articles 272 and 274 of the Civil Service Regulations, and Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168 C.S.R., dated the 21th February 1919, in extension of the privilege leave granted to him in notification No. 8918 Agri., dated the 26th November 1919.

Babu Sarendra Krishna Mitra, Deputy Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, second grade, and Lecturer, Bengal Veterinary College, will continue to act in the first grade and to hold charge of the current duties of the Assistant Principal of the College in addition to his own during the absence on leave of Mr. Dibakar De.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1977 L.A.—The 20th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government of the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for staff quarters at Rangpur, in the villages of Kismat Darsana, Sootrapur, Alumnagar and Arshadpur, parganas Kundi and Arshadpur, zilla Rangpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 3·686 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Kadir Bux, Rohim Bux, Jotindra Chakraburttty, Sukur Mamud, Tripura Sundari and Durlav,

East and South—By the railway land,

West—By the lands of Kadir Bux,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Kismat Darsana, Sootrapur, Alumnagar, and Ashadpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Rangpur.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1983 L.A.—The 21st February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Bakarganj for a public purpose, viz., for a tank at Bhandaria Bandar, in the village of Bhandaria, pargana Sadpur, zilla Bakarganj, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1·134 acres bounded on the—

North—By settlement plot No. 135 (a public road),

East—By settlement plot No. 134 belonging to Taripilla and the remaining portion of settlement plot No. 137 belonging to Ketabdi Jamadar,

South—By the remaining portions of settlement plots Nos. 137 and 138 belonging respectively to Ketabdi Jamadar and Ohajaddi Jamadar and others,

West—By settlement plots Nos. 342 and 375, being the *khas* lands of Rai Behari Lal Mitra Bahadur,

is required within the aforesaid village of Bhandaria.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Pirojpur.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1990 L.A.—The 23rd February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a charitable hospital at Nagarpur, in the village of Nagarpur, pargana Atia, zilla Mymensingh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 4·309 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the settlement plots Nos. 767 and 192—*khal*,

East—By the settlement plots Nos. 226, 329, 331, 332 and 333—lands of Brojolal Saha, Nanda Lal Saha, Nagendra Lal Saha, Kundeswari Saha, Satish Chandra Saha, Suresh Chandra Saha, Kshitish Chandra Saha, Naresh Chandra Saha, Shasanka Mohan Saha, Shalar Seik, Nayan Seik and Noai Seik,

South—By the settlement plots Nos. 322, 719, 323, 318 and 315—lands of Oli Seik, Alekjan Bibi, Sabed Seik, Gendu Seik, Jonabali Seik, Sonaulah Seik and *Khul*.

West—By the settlement plots Nos. 228, 298 and 264—*halat*.

is required within the aforesaid village of Nagarpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Mymensingh.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1993 L.A.—The 23rd February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chittagong District Board for a public purpose, viz., for re-alignment of Chandpur Road in mile 14, where the river Sangoo has encroached on the road, in the village of Barakhain, thana Patiya, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 5.58 acres, bounded on the—

North—By cadastral survey plot No. 5561,

East—By remaining portion of cadastral survey plots Nos. 5570, 5571, 5572, 5577, 5578, 5576, 5584, 5379, 5585, 5586, 5335, 5594, 5368, 5361, 5362, 5347, 5344, 5337, 5334, 5333, 5332, 5331, 5314, 5313, 5315, 5316, 6133, 4894, 4899, 4900, 4901, 4946, 4945, 4942, 4943, 4941, 4939, 4940, 4967, 4966, 4968, 4965, 4979, 5092, 5088, 5089, 5086, 5085, 5115, 5116, 5117, 5118, 5120, 5119, 5079 and 5080,

South—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 5440 and 5122.

West—By remaining portion of cadastral survey plots Nos. 5077, 5120, 5121, 5114, 5115, 5085, 5091, 5090, 5092, 5964, 5960, 5968, 4958, 4941, 4949, 4942, 4945, 4947, 4946, 4901, 4903, 6133, 5312, 5313, 5314, 5329, 5337, 5352, 5351, 5350, 5354, 5349, 5355, 5347, 5361, 5360, 5368, 5596, 5595, 5597, 5585, 5584, 5576, 5580, 5578, 5571, 5570 and 5937,

is required within the aforesaid village of Barakhain.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1996 L.A.—The 23rd February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a small investigating centre at Sadarpur, in the village of Satararasi, pargana Kasemnagar, zilla Faridpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 17 cottahs of standard measurement, equivalent to 28 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the land of Sadarpur police-station,

East—By the *halat*,

South—By the garden of Purna Chandra De and Sarat Chandra De,

West—By the District Board road,

is required within the aforesaid village of Satararasi.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Faridpur.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 1999 L.A.—The 23rd February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for protective works at Sarda, in the village of Goursurpur, pargana Lashkarpur, zilla Rajshahi, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .78 of an acre, being parts of settlement plots Nos. 506, 512, 514, 515, 516 and 518 and plots Nos. 517 and 513 of the records of rights of the above village Goursurpur, is required within the aforesaid village of Goursurpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Rajshahi.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

DECLARATION.

No. 2018 L.A.—The 23rd February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Howrah Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a drain in Bostompara Lane, in the village of Ramkrishtopur, pargana Boro, zilla Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .04 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the land and hut of Srimati Bhabo Sundary Dasi and Kabil Chandra Rajak,

East—By Bostompara Lane,

South—By Bostompara bye-lane and land of Babu Tarini Chandra Acherjee,

West—By the land of Tarini Chandra Acherjee and municipal kutchha drain,

is required within the aforesaid village of Ramkrishtopur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Covenanted Deputy Collector of Howrah.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2048 L.A.—The 24th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the establishment of an insolation camp and observation station at Calcutta, in the villages of Nadial and Dum Dum Panchpara, pargana Magura,

zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 52 acres, bounded on the—

North.—By the river Hooghly.

East.—By the Rajabagan ghat road and the Badartola road,

South.—By the land of the South Union Jute Mill, the Eastern Bengal Railway siding and the Badartola road,

West.—By the land of the South Union Jute Mill and the Eastern Bengal Railway siding,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Nadial and Dum Dum Panchpara.

The mosque and *darga* marked M and D in the plan and standing on this site are excluded from acquisition and a strip of land will be set apart for an approach road to the mosque and *darga* from the Badartola road.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, 2nd Calcutta Division.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CORRIGENDUM.

No. 2037 L.A.—The 24th February 1920.—For the boundaries of the land required for the construction of a police-station at Noakhali. Shonagazi, in the village of char Ganesh, pargana Jugidia, zilla Noakhali, declared for acquisition under declaration No. 1607 T.R., dated the 11th October 1919, published at page 1484, Part I, of the Calcutta Gazette of the 23rd idem, substitute:—

North—By the bank of a tank belonging to Dula Meah, Aslam Meah and others, and the land of Serajal Haq;

West—By District Board land and the District Board inspection bungalow,

South—By the roadside land of the District Board trunk road to Chittagong,

East—By the lands of Keramatali and Laskar Ali."

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION.

No. 1952 Regn.—The 20th February 1920.—Babu Hiranlal Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Darjeeling, is appointed to be Sadar Sub-Registrar of that district, with effect from the 31st October 1919, until further orders.

No. 1954 Regn.—The 20th February 1920.—Khan Sahib Abul Muzaffar Abdul Ali Khan, District Sub-Registrar of Faridpur, is granted privilege leave for twenty-three days, viz., ordinary privilege leave for ten days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and additional privilege leave for thirteen days, under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168 C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, in extension of the leave already granted.

No. 2010 Regn.—The 23rd February 1920.—The appointment of Babu S. K. Sirkar, son of Babu C. K. Sirkar, as a Probationer in the Registration Department, under notification No. 8676 Regn., dated the 18th November 1919, is cancelled.

No. 2012 Regn.—The 23rd February 1920.—Babu Nikunja Behari Sen Gupta, son of Babu Rash Behari Sen Gupta, is appointed to be a Probationer in the Registration Department.

His appointment is subject to the submission and acceptance of certificates of health and age.

No. 2020 Regn.—*The 24th February 1920.*—Babu Surendra Gopal Mitra, District Sub-Registrar of Jessore, is granted leave on medical certificate for one month and fifteen days, under article 836 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave already granted to him in Government notification No. 9773 Regn., dated the 23rd December 1919.

No. 2032 Regn.—*The 24th February 1920.*—The following Probationers in the Registration Department are posted to the stations mentioned opposite their names:—

Babu Bankim Chandra Chakrabatti	...	Mymensingh.
.. Bidha Bhusan Bhowmik	...	Rangpur.
.. Sasanka Sekhar Batabyal	...	Burdwan
.. Srinibash Sahu	...	Midnapore.
.. Promode Ranjan Baruya	...	Chittagong.
.. Sailendra Nath Mitra	...	Howrah.
Maulvi Saffar Rahman	...	Tippera.
.. Saiyid Dilwar Ali Mirza	...	Calcutta.
.. Seraful Haque Chaudhuri	...	Barisal.
.. Hakimuddin Ahmad	...	Chittagong.
.. Muhammad Bahadur Shah	...	Hooghly.
.. Muzammel Haque	...	Mymensingh.
.. Mokammel Sikdar	...	Faridpur
.. Saiyid Mohsen Ali	...	Burdwan
.. Mokhesur Rahman Chaudhuri	...	Pabna.
.. Saiyid Abul Motahar	...	Hooghly.
.. Abul Mozaffar Ashraf Ali	...	Comilla.
.. Maniruddin Ahmad	...	Do.
Babu Keshab Chandra Banarji	..	Alipore (24-Paraganas).

M. C. McALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1947 Regn.—*The 20th February 1920*—The following promotions are sanctioned in the grades of District Sub-Registrars:—

Promoted substantively pro tempore to the 1st grade.

Maulvi Gholam Nabi, with effect from the 16th January 1920, *vice* Thakur Sharat Chandra Singh, appointed to be a substantive *pro tempore* Inspector of Registration Offices.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to the 2nd grade

Babu Raj Kumar Basu, with effect from the 16th January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Gholam Nabi, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to the first grade.

Maulvi Rezaatullah, officiating District Sub-Registrar, is appointed to be a substantive *pro tempore* District Sub-Registrar, grade III, with effect from the 16th January 1920, *vice* Babu Raj Kumar Basu, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to the 2nd grade.

No. 2026 Regn.—*The 21th February 1920*—In pursuance of section 7, sub-section (1) of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), the Governor in Council is pleased to establish, as an experimental measure for one year from the 1st March 1920, an office at Kishoreganj, in the district of Mymensingh, to be styled the office of the second Joint Sub-Registrar of Kishoreganj having concurrent jurisdiction with the sub-registry office at that place.

No. 2028 Regn.—*The 24th February 1920.*—In pursuance of section 7, sub-section (1) of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), the Governor in Council is pleased to establish, as an experimental measure for one year from the 1st March 1920, an office at Madan, in the district of Mymensingh, to be styled the office of the Joint Sub-Registrar of Kendua, having concurrent jurisdiction with the sub registry office at that place.

No. 2005 Regn.—*The 23rd February 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Shaik Nesaruddin, Muhammadan Registrar of khajri, in the district of Midnapore, to act temporarily as a Muhammadan Registrar within police-stations Contal, Bahiri, Basudebpur and Ramnagar in the same district, in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Saiyid Shah Muhammad Abul Hasan, or until further orders.

No. 2006 Regn.—*The 23rd February 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis, Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Shaik Nesaruddin, Kazi of khajri, in the district of Midnapore, to act temporarily as the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-stations Contal, Bahiri, Basudobpur and Ramnagar in the same district, in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Saiyid Shah Muhammad Abul Hasan, or until further orders.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 428 Edn.—*The 24th February 1920.*—The services of Dr. E. R. Watson, Professor, Dacca College, in the Indian Educational Service, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, with effect from the 18th January 1920.

No. 60 Eccl.—*The 20th February 1920.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (XV of 1872), the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the Reverend George Fraser, Minister of the Presbyterian Church, Howrah, to solemnise marriages within the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal between persons one or both of whom is or are a Christian or Christians and to grant certificates of marriages in the same Presidency between persons who are Native Christians.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886 (VI of 1886), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Reverend George Fraser to be a Registrar of Births and Deaths within the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,

Secy. to the Govt of Bengal.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 3302 F.—*The 24th February 1920.*—Mr. A. J. Norton, Superintendent, Government Printing, Bengal, is allowed combined leave for eight months, with effect from the 5th March 1920, or any subsequent date from which he may avail himself of it, in terms of article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, viz., ordinary privilege leave for three months and five days, and additional privilege leave for one month and two days (or the amount due on the date of relief), under article 280 of the Civil Service Regulations and the orders contained in the Government of India, Finance Department, letter No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, respectively, and furlough on full average salary for the remaining period, under article 308(b) of the Civil Service Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 5307.F.—The 24th February 1920.—Mr. C. R. Battersby, Press and Forms Manager, Bengal, is appointed to act as Superintendent, Government Printing, Bengal, during the absence, on combined leave, of Mr. A. J. Norton.

No. 522S.R.—The 21st February 1920.—The following gentlemen are appointed temporarily to be Inspectors of Excise and Salt of the seventh grade :—

(1) Babu Gajendra Nath Kar, M.A., son of Babu Nandalal Kar (Midnapore).

(2) Babu Harabilas Mazumdar, M.A., son of Babu Rai Charan Mazumdar, (Faridpur).

No. 526S.R.—The 21st February 1920.—Babu Satish Chandra Roy, Probate Deputy Collector, Calcutta, is allowed leave for three months and eighteen days, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 3rd December 1919, viz. privilege leave for eighteen days, under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 24th December 1919, and additional privilege leave for the remaining period, under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919.

No. 535 S.R.—The 21st February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909 (Bengal Act V of 1909), as amended by the Bengal Excise (Amendment) Act, 1914 (Bengal Act VII of 1914), read with section 22 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 (Bengal Act I of 1899), the Governor in Council is pleased to make, with effect from the 1st April 1920, the following amendments in the table contained in paragraph 26 of Notification No. 596 S.R., dated the 30th March 1915, as subsequently amended :—

For the word “and” between the words “Jhargram” and “Salbani” under head “area” against Midnapore district *put* a comma, and after the word “Salbani” *add* the following :—

“and Keshpur and the portion of the Sadar thana bounded on the north by the metalled road from *Salika* to *Damuaghat*, on the east by the *Full-Sundari Khal* and on the south and west by the river *Kansabati*”.

No. 536 S.R.—The 21st February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 86 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909 (Bengal Act V of 1909), as amended by the Bengal Excise (Amendment) Act, 1914 (Bengal Act VII of 1914), read with section 22 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 (Bengal Act I of 1899), the Governor in Council is pleased to make, with effect from the 1st April 1920, the following amendments in the table under rule 246 of the rules published under Notification No. 601 S.R., dated the 30th March 1915, as subsequently amended :—

For the word “and” between the words “Jhargram” and “Salbani” under head “area” against Midnapore district *put* a comma, and after the word “Salbani” *add* the following :—

“and Keshpur and the portion of the Sadar thana bounded on the north by the metalled road from *Salika* to *Damuaghat*, on the east by the *Full-Sundari Khal* and on the south and east by the river *Kansabati*”.

No. 537S.R.—The 21st February 1920.—Mr. C. H. Crosse, Second Collector of Income-tax, Calcutta, is allowed combined leave for one year, viz., privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 2nd March 1920 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, additional privilege leave for two months and ten days, under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations.

A. MARR,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATION.**

No. 718Com.—The 23rd February 1920.—Mr. D. B. Mann, Inspector of Factories, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and Assam, with effect from the 18th February 1920.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 418Medl.—The 23rd February 1920.—On reversion from military duty, Lieut.-Col. A. C. MacGilchrist, I.M.S., is appointed to be Civil Surgeon of Jalpaiguri, with effect from the afternoon of the 7th February 1920.

No. 432Medl.—The 24th February 1920.—On return from military duty 1st class Military Assistant Surgeon A. B. Cornelius is appointed to be an Apothecary at the Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, with effect from the 13th February 1920.

No. 434Medl.—The 24th February 1920.—On being relieved of his duties as Apothecary, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, 1st class Military Assistant Surgeon A. Hobhouse held the post of the Assistant Apothecary of that institution from the 1st to the 10th February 1920, both days inclusive.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 391Medl.—The 19th February 1920.—Whereas upon the application and with concurrence of the late Babu Barada Prosad Basu, of Maju, in the district of Howrah (formerly in the district of Hooghly), certain funds and properties were vested by this Government notification No. 2486, dated the 16th July 1901, in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Bengal to be held by him and his successors as therein mentioned in accordance with the provisions made in that behalf in a scheme, particulars whereof were mentioned in the said notification, providing *inter alia* that any surplus which may remain of the annual interest, income and profits of the said trust properties after providing for the upkeep, maintenance and management of the Ram Narain Basu English School at Maju, as therein provided, shall be applied by the trustees to the extent of Rs. 10 per mensem in supplying homoeopathic treatment and medicines free of charges to the boys for the time being under tuition in the said school and to and among poor men resident in Maju and the adjoining villages; and whereas there is at present no separate location for the purpose of such free distribution of medicines and no furniture nor any stock of medicine:

And whereas the said sum of Rs. 10 is absolutely inadequate to meet the requirements of the growing number of students and poor residents for whom the free distribution of medicines was intended to be provided by the said Barada Prosad Basu:

And whereas Babu Naba Gopal Basu, son of the late Babu Madhu Sudan Basu, of Maju, being desirous of improving and supplementing the provisions for supply of medicine has undertaken to provide for the establishment

of a dispensary and its upkeep in the manner mentioned hereinafter, and whereas the said trustees accepted the offer:

Now it is hereby notified that the Governor of Bengal in Council in exercise of the powers conferred on him by sections 4 and 5 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 (Act VI of 1890) and upon the application and concurrence of Babu Naba Gopal Basu, son of the late Babu Madhu Sudan Basu, of Muju, hereby orders and directs that the Government promissory notes the particulars of which are contained in the first schedule hereunder written, and the lands, buildings and premises to be erected at a total cost not exceeding Rs. 1,000 to be paid by the donor, of which particulars are contained in the second schedule hereunder written shall, as from the date of the first publication of this notification vest and be thenceforth vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Bengal, to be held by him and his successors (subject to the provisions of the said Charitable Endowments Act, and the rules from time to time framed thereunder by the Governor-General in Council), upon trust for ever hereafter to permit the said premises in the said second schedule described to be used for the purpose of a homœopathic charitable dispensary established therein and called the "Bama Sundari Charitable Dispensary", and to receive the interest, income and profits of the said Government promissory notes and premises, respectively, when and as the same become due and payable, and from time to time to apply the same to the endowment and maintenance of the said "Bama Sundari Charitable Dispensary" in accordance with the provisions made in that behalf in a scheme of management particulars whereof are contained in the third schedule hereunder written. And it is hereby further notified that the said scheme, of which particulars are contained in the said third schedule hereunder written, shall come into operation on the vesting of the said Government promissory notes and premises in the said Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Bengal.

The first schedule above referred to.

			Rs.
1.	G. P. Note of 3½ p.c. loan of 1900-1901.	No. 228782 for	1,000
2.	Ditto	ditto No. 098273 for	1,000
3.	Ditto	ditto No. 098274 for	1,000
4.	Ditto	ditto No. 098275 for	1,000
5.	Ditto	ditto No. 132608 for	500
6.	Ditto	ditto No. 138042 for	500
Total			5,000

The second schedule above referred to.

A building consisting of one room and a verandah with Ranigunj tiles or other similar suitable materials to be erected on a plot of land to be set apart by the said trustees for the purpose within the said school compound, or if that is not available or any available plot of land to be provided by the said trustees in the immediate vicinity of the said school, together with the furniture and medicine.

The third schedule above referred to.

1. The endowment hereby created shall be called "The Madhu Sudan Basu Charitable Dispensary Fund" and shall be treated as auxiliary to "The Ram Narain Basu English School Fund" created under the said notification, and its object is and shall be the maintenance of the charitable dispensary to be established by the donor upon the premises mentioned in the second schedule above described, which dispensary shall be called "The Bama Sundari Dispensary" after the name of the mother of the said Barada Prosad Basu deceased and the said building shall be named "The Madhu Sudan Building" after the name of the donor's father.

2. That the trustees for the time being of the said "Ram Narain Basu English School Fund" and their successors in office shall also be the trustees of the said "Madhu Sudan Basu Charitable Dispensary Fund." The District Magistrate of Howrah for the time being, who is the president of the said "Ram Narain Basu English School Fund", shall be the administrator of the said "Madhu Sudan Basu Charitable Dispensary Fund."

3. The constitution, supervision, functions, duties and deliberating of the trustees of the "Madhu Sudan Basu Charitable Dispensary Fund" shall in all matters not expressly provided herein be regulated by the provisions contained in the scheme under which the said "Ram Narain Basu English School Fund" is administered so far as the same may be applicable to this fund, with the reservation that no part of the income or capital of the fund hereby created shall be spent except for the purpose of the dispensary and its upkeep and supply of medicine and medical aid to students of the said school and the people of the neighbourhood.

4. The facilities for treatment and distribution of medicine shall be extended to all classes of people who may seek such help from the said charitable dispensary.

5. The said homœopathic dispensary may at any time be converted into a suitable allopathic dispensary and hospital, and should sufficient funds and properties be endowed for such purpose, and suitable additions and alterations be made in the charitable dispensary to be hereby established, then the said trustees may in their discretion utilise and employ the fund hereby created for the purpose of the said hospital.

6. The medical practitioner in charge of the dispensary or assistant and other employes may be appointed and dismissed by the said trustees as they may in their discretion think fit.

7. The income of the said funds hereby created and the said sum of Rs. 10 per mensem allotted for the purpose in the said trust deed of the late Babu Barada Prosad Basu and sanctioned in the said scheme shall be remitted by the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments when and as received to the District Magistrate of Howrah or such person as he may appoint, and be paid over to the trustees or as they may direct to be applied towards the maintenance and upkeep of the said dispensary, and the said trustees shall pay all recurring charges, including the repairs of the said dispensary, salary or allowance of the medical practitioner, assistant or other employes attached to the said dispensary and the purchase of medicine and medical appliances and other costs and expenses as may be required for the upkeep of the said dispensary.

8. The trustees may receive donations and contributions towards the expense of the dispensary and shall apply the same as if part of the said income.

A. MARR,

Secy to the Govt. of Bengal

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1835A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1889A.—The 17th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Maulvi Wajihuddin Ahmad the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Rajshahi, for a period of three years from the 18th February 1920, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,

- (a) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

He is also vested with the power to try summarily the offences, mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 1701A.—The 19th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Nishapati Banarji the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Nadia, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Ranaghat bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1730A.—The 20th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Girindra Nath Banarji the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipal bench in the said district

No. 1732A.—The 20th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Manvi Abdul Qadir the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Bakarganj, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language

No. 1734A.—The 20th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Jessore, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Jhenida bench, in the said district—

Babu Sauresh Chandra Bakshi,

„ Jitendra Nath Maulik.

No. 1738A.—The 20th February 1920.—In line 5 of notification No. 8130A., dated the 22nd December 1919, published at page 1987, Part I. of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th idem. for “Babu Jogesh Chandra Sen” read “Babu Jogesh Charan Sen”.

No. 1801A.—The 23rd February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Mr. J. E. Ward the powers of a Magistrate of the third class in the district of Mymensingh for a period of three years from the date of this notification in respect to such cases as may be made over to him sitting at Sarishabari, within the limits of the Tangail subdivision of the said district.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 1736A.—The 20th February 1920—The Governor in Council accepts the resignations tendered by the gentlemen named below of their appointments as Honorary Magistrates of the Jhenida bench in the district of Jessore—

Babu Kedar Nath Bakshi.

„ Janaki Nath Ray.

No. 1797A.—The 23rd February 1920.—The Governor in Council accepts the resignation tendered by Mr. P. M. Duncan of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Barnagar bench in the district of the 24-Parganas.

POWERS.

No. 1667A.—The 17th February 1920—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Maulvi Mahmood Suhrawardy an Honorary Magistrate of the Sadar bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Midnapore, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench—

(a) in respect to cases brought before the said bench, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and

(b) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him, when sitting singly, within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district.

No. 1680A.—The 18th February 1920—Mr. Satyendra Nath Modak, I.C.S., officiating Joint Magistrate, Munshiganj, Dacca, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 1698A.—The 19th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Babu Jadab Chandra Chakrabarti, an Honorary Magistrate of the Sirajganj bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Pabna, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench—

(a) in respect of cases brought before the said bench, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and

(b) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him, when sitting singly, within the limits of the Sirajganj subdivision of the said district.

No. 1703A.—The 19th February 1920.—Mr. Thomas James Young Roxburgh, I.C.S., officiating Joint-Magistrate, Sirajganj, Pabna, is appointed under the provisions of section 22, Act V of 1898, to act as a Justice of the Peace within the territories subject to the administration of the Government of Bengal.

No. 1742A.—The 20th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Babu Prasanna Kumar Das, an Honorary Magistrate of the Rampurhat bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Birbhum, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench—

Birbhum.

(a) in respect to cases brought before the said bench, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and

(b) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him, when sitting singly, within the limits of the Rampurhat subdivision of the said district.

No. 1770A.—The 21st February 1920.—Maulvi Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate, Patuakhali, Bakarganj, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure. He is also vested with powers under section 133 of the Code.

Bakarganj.

No. 1772A.—The 21st February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Maulvi Ahmad, a Magistrate of the first class in the district of Bakarganj, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

Bakarganj.

No. 1799A.—The 23rd February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Maulvi Muazzam Ali Khan, a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Pabna, to order at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

Pabna.

No. 1821A.—The 24th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Abinash Chandra Banarji, a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Bakarganj, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

Bakarganj.

No. 1825A.—The 24th February 1920.—Babu Binod Bihari Das Gupta, substantive *pro tempore* Deputy Magistrate, Bakarganj, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

Bakarganj.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 805J.—The 20th February 1920.—Babu Bihari Lal Sarkar, munsif of Chandpur, in the district of Tippera, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Midnapore, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Srish Chandra Chaudhuri, or until further orders.

Tippera.

Midnapore.

No. 812J.—The 20th February 1920.—Maulvi Shahabuddin Ahmed, B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Tippera, to be ordinarily stationed at Chandpur, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Bihari Lal Sarkar, or until further orders.

Tippera.

No. 802J.—The 20th February 1920.—Mr. Satish Chandra Mitra, Barrister-at-Law, substantively *pro tempore* Registrar and Chief Ministerial Officer of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is confirmed in his present appointment.

No. 851J.—The 24th February 1920.—Babu Hem Chandra Sanyal, munsif of Narayanganj, in the district of Dacca, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Rangpur, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station.

No. 854J.—The 24th February 1920.—Babu Pratul Chandra Ray, officiating munsif of Rangpur, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of Dacca, to be ordinarily stationed at Narayanganj.

No. 857J.—The 24th February 1920.—Babu Surendra Chandra Basu, munsif of Nilphamari, now on deputation to Gaibandha, in the district of Rangpur, is appointed to be a munsif in the same district, to be ordinarily stationed at Gaibandha.

No. 859J.—The 24th February 1920.—Babu Brajendra Saran Sanyal, officiating munsif of Gaibandha, in the district of Rangpur, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the same district, to be ordinarily stationed at Nilphamari.

No. 861J.—The 24th February 1920.—Babu Jogesh Chandra Sen Gupta, munsif of Bhanga, in the district of Faridpur, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Mymensingh, to be ordinarily stationed at Kishoreganj, and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Kishoreganj munsifi.

No. 864J.—The 24th February 1920.—Babu Surendra Nath Sen, No. II, munsif of Kishoreganj, in the district of Mymensingh, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Faridpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Bhanga, and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Bhanga Munsifi.

LEAVE.

No. 809J.—The 20th February 1920.—Babu Srish Chandra Chaudhuri, Subordinate Judge, third Court, Midnapore, is allowed leave on medical certificate for two months, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of it.

No. 847J.—The 24th February 1920.—Babu Nagendra Nath Ghosh, Subordinate Judge of Bakarganj, is allowed leave up to the 28th February 1920 (inclusive), under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave already granted to him under orders of the 14th February 1920.

POWERS.

No. 845J.—The 24th February 1920.—Babu Phanindra Nath Mitra, munsif of Brahmanbaria, in the district of Tippera, is vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153(b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.

G. N. ROY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

POLICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 845 P.J.—The 23rd February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included within the Rangli-Rangliot police-station in the district of Darjeeling, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the villages specified in the following schedule which have hitherto been included in that police-station shall be included in the police-station Kalimpong in the same district :—

Schedule.

Name of village.	General jurisdiction list number of thana Darjeeling.
Tarjam Forest ...	} There are no jurisdiction list numbers attached to these villages.
Rangbi Busti ...	
Reang Busti ...	
Kalimpong Road Station ...	
Busti	
Teesta Bazar ...	
Mangwa Reserve Forest ...	
Riang Reserve Forest ...	
Berrik Reserve Forest ...	

No. 846 P.J.—The 23rd February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of so much of notification No. 2229 P., dated the 15th February 1917, published at page 269, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem, as relates to the area included within the Naraganti police-station in the district of Jessore, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the said police-station shall henceforth include in it the villages specified in the following Schedule, namely :—

Schedule.

Names of villages.	General jurisdiction list number of thana Barkalia.	Names of villages	General jurisdiction list number of thana Barkalia.
Gajbaria ...	26	Kalaberia ...	83
Nayanpur ...	27	Mankhali ...	84
Dumaria-Ramnagar ...	46	Bauisana ...	85
Keshabpur ...	47	Bil Aphar ..	86
Dumaria-Debdul ...	48	Jogania ...	87
Jaynagar ...	49	Sarashpur ...	88
Rampur ...	52	Gobardanga ...	89
Dulalganti ...	53	Kachaulanga ...	90
Naraganti ...	54	Pakhimara ...	91
Kamashia ...	55	Ballahati ...	92
Tebaria ...	56	Begadanga ...	93
Padma ...	57	Mulasri ...	94
Khamar ...	79	Obapail ...	95
Kandari ...	80	Char Singanti ...	...
Chalna ...	81	Char Astail ...	...
Loharganti ...	82		

No. 847 P.J.—The 23rd February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in supersession of notification No. 2230 P., dated the 15th February 1917, published at pages 269-70, Part-I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem, relating to the area included within the Kalia police-station in the district of Jessore, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the said police-station shall henceforth include in it the villages specified in the following Schedule, namely:—

Schedule.

Names of villages.	General jurisdiction list number of thana Barkalia.	Names of villages	General jurisdiction list number of thana Barkalia.
Jushala	...	Khasial	...
Suktagram	...	Tona	...
Mauli	...	Putimari	...
Kalagachi	...	Pakuria	...
Mahajan	...	Dhusahati	...
Chorkhali	...	Joka, Bil Joka	...
Suriganti	...	Mirzapur	...
Talberia	...	Chhota Kalia	...
Brahman Patna	...	Chandpur Bazar	...
Ghasiberia	...	Uthali	...
Gandhaberia	...	Bonda Narsingpur	...
Lakshmipur	...	Panchkahania	...
Baghberia	...	Kulsur Dalua	...
Tapasyadanga	...	Babupur	...
Telidanga	...	Maghabpasha	...
Bil Hachla	...	Bishnupur	...
Hachla, Patkalberia	...	Bhumbag	...
Babra	...	Ramanandapur	...
Urashi	...	Machandapur	...
Baruipara	...	Mandalgati	...
Kanchanpur	...	Silampur	...
Baghadanga	...	Narayanpur	...
Bar Kalia	...	Satrakhali	...
Baladanga	...	Chaltitala	...
Debipur	...	Bil Silampur	...
Shibanandapur	...		

No. 864 P.J.—The 23rd February 1920.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chakrabatti, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to be **Murshidabad.** Chaukidari Circle Officer and is posted to the Kandi subdivision of the Murshidabad district.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.

The 20th February 1920.

No. 2 M.P.I.—It is hereby notified for general information that a license described as "The Bhatpara Electric License, 1920," as set forth below, has been granted to Messrs. Begg, Dunlop & Company of Calcutta.

C. P. WALSH,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

THE BHATPARA ELECTRIC LICENSE, 1920.**License for the supply of energy granted by the Government of Bengal under the Indian Electricity Act (Act No. IX of 1910).**

LICENSE is hereby granted to Sir George Henry Sutherland, Charles William Tosh, Alfred Donald Pickford and Thomas Doubleday Wood, carrying on business in partnership under the name and style of Begg Dunlop & Co., at No. 2, Hare Street, Calcutta, to supply electrical energy in the area with the powers and upon the terms and conditions all specified below:—

Short title.

1. This license may be cited as "The Bhatpara Electric License, 1920."

Interpretation.

2. The several words, terms and expressions to which by the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, or by the rules thereunder meanings are assigned, shall have in this license the same respective meanings, provided that in this license—

- (1) the Act shall mean the Indian Electricity Act, 1910;
- (2) the expression "the Licensees" shall mean and include the said Sir George Henry Sutherland, Charles William Tosh, Alfred Donald Pickford and Thomas Doubleday Wood and their permitted assigns;
- (3) the expression "deposited map" shall mean the plan of the area of supply hereinafter specified which has been deposited with Government in pursuance of the rules under the Act, which plan is signed for the purpose of identification by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department, and by the applicants under the name and style of Begg Dunlop & Co.; and
- (4) the expression "unit" shall mean one kilowatt hour.

Security.

3. The period within which under clause 1 (a) of the schedule to the Act the Licensees shall show to the satisfaction of the Local Government that they are in a position fully and efficiently to discharge the duties and obligations of the license throughout the area of supply shall be three years and the period within which under clause 1 (b) of the same schedule the Licensees shall deposit or secure such sum as therein mentioned and the sum so to be deposited or secured shall, unless otherwise ordered by Government under that clause, be six months and Rs. 30,000, respectively.

Area of supply.

4. The area afove referred to within which the supply of energy is authorized by this license (the area of supply under the Act) is the whole of the area comprised in the Bhatpara, Kankinara, Jagatdal, Authpore and Mulajore divisions of the Bhatpara Municipality in the district of the 24-Pargannas, Bengal, the boundaries of which area are as follows:—

On the North—The northern boundary of the area of the Bhatpara Municipality.

On the East—The eastern boundary of the said Municipal area,

On the South—The southern boundary of the said Municipal area, and

On the West—The River Hooghly

which said area is delineated in the deposited map, the said boundaries thereof being thereon marked with a red colour.

5. This license shall extend to authorize the supply by the Licensees of energy—

- (a) to the public for direct consumption ;
- (b) to other licensees in bulk for distribution by them.

PROVIDED ALWAYS that the supply to be made hereunder to any one licensee or consumer shall not be less than 100,000 units per quarter-annum.

6. The prices to be charged by the Licensees for energy supplied by them shall not exceed the maximum of 2 annas per unit or, in the case of a method of charge approved by the Government in accordance with clause X of the schedule to the Act, such maximum as the Government may fix on approving the method.

7.(1) The option of purchase given by section 7, sub-section (1) of the Act, shall first be exerciseable on the expiration of 50 years from the date of the notification of this license and on the expiration of every subsequent period of twenty years and the terms of purchase shall be as specified in that sub-section. The percentage of the value to be determined in accordance with and for the purpose of section 7 (1) of the Act of the lands, buildings, works, materials and plant of the license therein mentioned to be added under the second proviso of that sub-section to such value, on account of compulsory purchase, shall be twenty per cent.

(2) In accordance with section 3, sub-section (2), clause (d)(ii) of the Act, it is hereby declared that the generating station to be used in connection with the undertaking shall form part of the undertaking for the purpose of purchase under section 5 or section 7.

8. In pursuance of section 3, sub-section (2), clause (f) of the Act, it is hereby expressly declared that clauses IV, V, VI, VII, VIII and XII and the provisos (numbered or described respectively as first, secondly and thirdly) of clause X of the schedule to the Act shall be excepted from incorporation in this license and clause IX of the same schedule shall for the purpose of such incorporation be deemed to be modified so far as necessary to empower the licensees to impose as a condition of the agreement to be entered into with any distributing licensee for the supply of energy in bulk for distribution that such Licensee shall not use the energy to be so supplied for the supply to any one consumer of more than 400,000 units per annum.

Dated Calcutta, the 20th February 1920.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The 17th February 1920.

No. 20 Marine.—Mr. J. H. Lindquist, Branch Pilot, is granted, under article 676 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 15th April 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

C. B. BAYLEY,

Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 19th February 1920.

No. 21 Marine.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 20 and 29 of the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917 (I of 1917), read with section 21 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendment in the rules regarding the appointment of Boards of Examiners for the examination of candidates desirous of obtaining certificates of competency as engineers or engine-drivers, published under notification No. 81 Marine, dated the 28th June 1915.

AMENDMENT.

For rule 1 substitute the following:—

“Engineers’ Examination.—The Board of Examiners for the examination of persons desirous of obtaining certificates of competency as engineers

of inland steam-vessels shall be composed of the First Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor to the Government of Bengal, Calcutta (President), and the Second Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor to the Government of Bengal, Calcutta."

C. B. BAYLEY,
Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 19th February 1920.

No. 22 Marine.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 68 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1880 (VII of 1880), and sections 26 and 36 of the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884 (VII of 1884) the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendments in the rules regarding the appointment of Boards of Examiners for the examination of candidates desirous of practising the profession of ship-surveyor or of obtaining certificates of competency as engineers or engine-drivers, published under notification No. 82 Marine, dated the 28th June 1915.

AMENDMENTS.

1. *For rule 2 substitute the following:—*

"Ship-Surveyors' Examination.—The Board of Examiners for the examination of persons desirous of practising the profession of ship-surveyor shall be composed of the Port Officer, Calcutta (President), the Constructor of the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, and the First Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor to the Government of Bengal, Calcutta."

2. *For rule 3 substitute the following:—*

"Engineers' Examination.—The Board of Examiners for the examination of persons desirous of obtaining certificates of competency as engine-drivers of steamships shall be composed of the First Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor to the Government of Bengal, Calcutta (President), and the 2nd Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor to the Government of Bengal, Calcutta."

C. B. BAYLEY,
Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 23rd February 1920.

No. 23 Marine.—Mr. E. W. Bently is appointed a Leadsman Apprentice to the Bengal Pilot Service with effect from the 13th December 1919.

C. B. BAYLEY,
Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 23rd February 1920.

No. 24 Marine.—Mr. G. T. Labey, 2nd Mate Leadsman, is promoted to the grade of 1st Mate Leadsman, with effect from the 9th January 1920.

C. B. BAYLEY,
Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 23rd February 1920.

No. 25 Marine.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under the provisions of section 16 of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890, Mr. F. C. Danger, of Messrs. Hoare, Miller and Company, has been elected a representative of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on the Calcutta Port Trust, *vice* the Hon'ble Mr. W. E. Crum, resigned.

C. B. BAYLEY,
Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

SUBORDINATE CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 1836A.

No. 1673A.—The 17th February 1920.—Babu Surendra Kumar Mitra, Sub-Deputy Collector and Chankidari Circle Officer, **Khulna.** Satkhira, Khulna, is allowed leave for two months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1677A.—The 17th February 1920.—Babu Jyoti Prasad Das, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Presidency Division.

No. 1718A.—The 20th February 1920.—The orders of the 12th February 1920, posting Babu Anath Bandhu Ray, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, to the headquarters station of the 24-Parganas district, are cancelled.

No. 1740A.—The 20th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct Maulvi Muhammad Hahdad, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Netrakona, Mymensingh, to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1808A.—The 24th February 1920.—Babu Kul Bahadur Pradhan, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on medical certificate for two months, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 7th February 1920.

No. 1816A.—The 24th February 1920.—Babu Sudhangon Shekhar Lahiri, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Bakarganj district, on being relieved of his temporary employment on Agricultural Loan Recovery work in Bankura.

No. 1823A.—The 24th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Birendra Kumar Basu, a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Bakarganj, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 87.—The 19th February 1920.—Babu Jitendra Kumar Banarji, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Dacca, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 28th January 1920, on being relieved of his officiating appointment as Sub-Registrar of Teota, in the same district.

No. 88.—The 19th February 1920.—Maulvi Mir Mufazzal Hussain, probationer, of Dacca, acted as Sub-Registrar of Teota, in the same district, from the 28th January 1920 to 5th February 1920, *vice* Babu Tripura Kanta Das, on leave.

No. 89.—The 21st February 1920.—Babu Ashutosh Mukharji, Sub-Registrar of Onda, in the district of Bankura, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Vishnupur, in the same district.

No. 90.—The 21st February 1920.—Babu Manmatha Krishna Ray, Sub-Registrar of Vishnupur, in the district of Bankura, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Saltora, in the same district.

No. 91.—The 23rd February 1920.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Ray, Sub-Registrar, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Rupganj in the district of Dacca.

No. 92.—The 23rd February 1920.—Babu Kiran Chandra Datta, Sub-Registrar of Rupganj, in the district of Dacca, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Laksam, in the district of Tippera.

A. ISLAM,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2829, dated Calcutta, the 17th February 1920.—Civil Surgeon R. S. Ashe made over charge of the Rajshahi Central Jail to Civil Surgeon Upendra Nath Roy Choudhuri, L.M.S., F.C.S. (London), on the afternoon of the 2nd February 1920.

No. 2892, dated Calcutta, the 18th February 1920.—Probationary Sub-Deputy Collector Choudhuri Abed Ali made over charge of the Malda Jail to Civil Surgeon Shaikh Elahi Baksh on the forenoon of the 11th February 1920.

No. 2981, dated Calcutta, the 20th February 1920.—Civil Surgeon R. G. Griffin made over charge of the Jalpaiguri Jail to Lt.-Col. A. C. MacGilchrist, I.M.S., on the afternoon of the 7th February 1920.

F. S. C. THOMPSON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.

Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

CIVIL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2742, dated Calcutta, the 17th February 1920.—Second grade Sub-Assistant Surgeons Bata Krishna Biswas and Hem Chandra Roy are promoted to the first grade, with effect from the 15th October 1919 and 21st January 1920, respectively.

No. 3048, dated Calcutta, the 21st February 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Krishnadhan Sinha is appointed temporarily to be additional Assistant Surgeon, Sambhu Nath Pundit Hospital, Bhowanipore, *vice* temporary Assistant Surgeon Prafulla Kumar Banarji.

No. 3051, dated Calcutta, the 21st February 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Prafulla Kumar Banarji, additional Assistant Surgeon, Sambhu Nath Pundit Hospital, Bhowanipore, is appointed temporarily to be Assistant Apothecary, Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta.

W. H. B. ROBINSON,

Surgeon-Genl. with the Govt. of Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

CIVIL.

The 20th February 1920.

No. 1391A.—Babu Hem Chandra Sanyal, Munsif of Rangpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Sadar munsifi of Rangpur.

No. 1412A.—Babu Jogesh Chandra Sen Gupta, Munsif of Kishoreganj, in the district of Mymensingh, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Kishoreganj munsifi.

No. 1413A.—Babu Surendra Nath Sen, No. II. Munsif of Bhanga, in the district of Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Bhanga munsifi.

By order of the High Court,

A. A. PATTERSON,
Offg. Registrar.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given under section VII, Act IX of 1887 (the Provincial Small Cause Court Act) for the months of April, May and June 1920, or until further orders, the Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Serampore and Howrah, and the 1st Subordinate Judge of Hooghly will hold his sittings as detailed below:—

1920				
	April.	May.	June.	
Hooghly	... 1st to 10th	1st to 11th	1st to 10th	..
Serampore	... 11th to 20th	12th to 20th	11th to 20th	
Howrah	... 21st to 30th	21st to 31st	21st to 30th	

[Sundays and holidays excepted.]

SARAT CHANDRA BASU, *Judge.*

SERAMPORE SMALL CAUSE COURT, *the 14th February 1920.*

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 12th February 1920.

No. 169A.—Babu Bipin Behari Chatterjee is confirmed in his officiating appointment as head master, Chittagong Collegiate School, and in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

The 17th February 1920.

No. 170A.—Mrs. Saraju Bala Das, assistant mistress, Vidyamoyee High School, in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service (under orders of transfer to Comilla), is granted leave, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 8th to the 23rd December 1919.

She is also permitted to affix the Christmas and the New Year's day holidays to her leave.

No. 171A.—Babu Devendra Chandra Biswas, assistant master, Vidyamoyee High School, on Rs. 30—1—50 per mensem, is appointed to act on Rs. 50 and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, *vice* Mrs. Saraju Bala Das on leave.

No. 172A.—In partial modification of this office notification No. 482, dated the 25th November 1919, Babu Hem Chandra Datta Gupta, Lecturer-Demonstrator in Chemistry, Krishnagar College (under orders of transfer to the Presidency College), and in class I of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted leave for sixteen days, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 2nd to the 17th January 1920, both days inclusive.

No. 173A.—Maulvi Tasiruddin Ahmed, L.T., officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Panchagar circle, Jalpaiguri, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Eastern circle, Bogra, on Rs. 50 a month, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Devendra Nath Das Gupta, or until further orders.

No. 174A.—Babu Jnan Ranjan Datta Gupta, M.A., an outsider, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Panchagar circle, Jalpaiguri, on Rs. 50 a month, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Khageswar Roy, or until further orders.

No. 175A.—Maulvi A. M. Muhammad Asad is confirmed in his present appointment as Lecturer in Arabic and Persian, Dacca College, and in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 9th November 1918.

No. 176A.—Babu Narendra Nath Chatterjee, Demonstrator of Physics, Chittagong College, in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to be Demonstrator of Physics in the Rajshahi College and in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from date he joins the appointment, *viz* Babu Heramba Nath Banerjee, deceased.

No. 177A.—Babu Durgagati Mazumdar, under orders of the transfer as head clerk, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted leave, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, for six months in extension of the leave already granted to him under this office notification No. 573A., dated the 23rd December 1919.

The officiating arrangement already made in his place is allowed to continue.

No. 178A.—Mrs. Nirupama Gomez, assistant mistress, Dr. Khastagir's High School for Girls, Chittagong, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted leave, under article 272 of the Civil Service Regulations, for twenty-one days, with effect from the 20th November 1919.

No. 179A.—Maulvi Muhammad Zobaidulla, B.A., son of late Maulvi Muhammad Ali Patwary, is confirmed in his present appointment as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chauddagran, Tippera, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 8th January 1918.

The 20th February 1920.

No. 180A.—Babu Parimal Kumar Ghose is confirmed in his present appointment as Lecturer in English, Dacca College, and in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 9th August 1918.

No. 181A.—Babu Nagendra Nath Basu, assistant master, Bhola Government High School, in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is allowed leave, under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, for nine months, with effect from the 14th October 1919, in combination of the privilege leave already granted him by the 'Principal, Training College, Dacca, in his notification, dated the 22nd July 1919.

The officiating arrangements made in the Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division's office notifications Nos. 199 and 200, dated the 26th June 1919, are allowed to continue.

No. 182A.—Babu Rajendra Lal Rai, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Nilphamari, Rangpur, in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, leave on medical certificate for two months in extension of the leave granted to him under this office notification No. 532A., dated the 8th December 1919.

The officiating arrangement already sanctioned for the conduct of the absentee's duties will continue until further orders.

No. 183A.—Maulvi Syed Abdus Satter, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Parbatipur circle, and now officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sadar circle, Dinajpur, in class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for fifteen days, with effect from the 3rd February 1920, or any subsequent date from which he may avail himself of it.

No. 184A.—Babu Kula Chandra Guha, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Raiganj, Dinajpur, is permitted to remain in charge of the Sadar circle, in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Syed Abdus Satter, or until further orders.

No. 185A.—Babu Jyotilall Dutta, assistant headmaster, Howrah Zilla School (class V of the Subordinate Educational Service), is granted leave, under articles 271 and 272 of the Civil Service Regulations, for one month and fifteen days, viz., one month under article 272 and the remaining period under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from 8th November 1919.

He retains a duty lien on his appointment.

No. 186A.—Babu Tulsi Das Banerjee, an assistant master, Howrah Zilla School (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as assistant headmaster of the same institution, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Jyotilall Dutta, on leave.

No. 187A.—This office notification No. 19A. of the 7th January 1920, granting privilege leave for fifteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, to Maulvi Muhammad Azimuddin Ahmad, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Nasirnagar, Tippera, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 2nd January 1920, is hereby cancelled.

No. 188A.—Babu Bepin Chandra Chakrabarty, assistant master, Chittagong Collegiate School, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted privilege leave, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months, with effect from the 5th March 1920.

No. 189A.—Babu Mahitosh Chatterjee, a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Bankura, under orders of transfer to Midnapore as an acting Deputy Inspector of Schools of that district (class VI, Subordinate Educational Service), is granted leave, under article 337 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months, with effect from the 19th December 1919.

No. 190A.—Maulvi Abdul Ghafur, B.A., is appointed temporarily as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kasba, Tippera, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, in the resulting vacancy caused by the transfer of Maulvi Muhammad Ali to the Dacca Madrasah.

No. 191A.—In partial modification of this office notification No. 35A., dated the 7th January 1920, Babu Jogendra Nath Bosu, B.A., B.T., Deputy Inspector of Schools, Goalundo, district Faridpur, is allowed privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 4th January 1920.

No. 192A.—Babu Atulya Chandra Sen, a Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Midnapore, on probation (substantive *pro tempore* in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service), was on leave, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, for one month and two days, with effect from the 20th November 1919.

No. 193A.—Babu Subodh Chandra Das, B.A., is appointed temporarily as a Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Bankura, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Jyotish Chandra Sikdar, on deputation, or until further orders.

W. W. HORNEILL,
Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

PROVINCIAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 19th February 1920.

No. 17P.—Miss Hiranmayee Sen, who was in terms of this office notification No. 53P., dated the 13th June 1919, appointed on probation for one year to be head mistress of the Bethune Collegiate School and in class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service, is allowed to continue in that post on probation for a further period of one year, with effect from 24th June 1920.

The 21st February 1920.

No. 18P.—Maulvi Ataul Hakim, officiating Professor, Chittagong College, in class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service, is granted, under articles 271 and 242(a) of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for nine days, with effect from the 2nd December 1919.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

**OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE AND SALT,
BENGAL.****NOTIFICATIONS.**

No. 60Exc.—*The 20th February 1920.*—Babu Sripati Mohan Gupta, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, is allowed extension of leave for fifteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in continuation of the leave already granted to him in this office notification No. 51Exc., dated the 12th January 1920.

No. 61Exc.—*The 20th February 1920.*—Babu Surendra Nath Sarkar, Inspector of Excise and Salt, 24-Parganas, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 6th February 1920.

S. C. MUKERJEE,

Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.**NOTIFICATION.**

BABU BEJOY, KRISHNA SEN, Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted to the Katwa subdivision of the district of Burdwan.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURAH, *the 17th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 82J.C.-T.—Maulvi Muzzam Ali Khan is appointed to be a non-official visitor of the Shazadpur sub-jail, in the district of Pabna, for a further period of two years from the date of the notification.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., CAMP DINAJPUR, *the 18th February*

1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 382 R.G.—Babu Nalini Ranjan Bose, Sub-Deputy Collector, Barasat, 24-Parganas, is allowed leave for six weeks, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 20th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 42 M.—It is hereby notified for general information that Saturday, the 10th April 1920, is fixed as the date for holding a by-election in ward No. III of the Moheshpur Municipality, in the district of Jessore, to elect a Commissioner for that ward in place of Babu Jahari Lal Dutt, resigned.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 17th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 842 J.—It is hereby notified for general information that the next general election of Commissioners of the Jhalakati Municipality, in the district of Bakarganj, will be held on the 10th April 1920.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 17th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 32 of the Election Rules made under clause (a) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, the 15th April 1920 has been fixed for holding a by-election of a member of the Netrakana local board, in the district of Mymensingh, for the Barhatta, Atpara and Khurshimul police-stations. The by-election will be held at Atpara, Barhatta and Mohanganj on the date noted above between 12 noon and 4 P.M.; the result of the by-election will be declared at Barhatta on the 16th April at 4 P.M.

W. S. HOPKYNs, *District Magistrate*.

MYMENSINGH MAGISTRACY, the 16th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 868 J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 25 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act (III of 1885), the following gentlemen have been duly elected to be the Chairmen of the respective Local Boards in the district of Faridpur, as noted against their names:—

Sadar	Local Board	...	Khan Sahib Maulvi Abdul Ghani.
Madaripur	" "	...	Babu Surendra Nath Biswas.
Gopalganj	" "	...	Maulvi Abdul Quader.
Goalundo	" "	...	Maulvi Alimazzaman Choudhury.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 20th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 804J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 43 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act (III of 1885), Babu Tripura Charan Mukherji is appointed to be a member of the Outshahi Union Committee, in the Munshiganj subdivision of the district of Dacca, *vice* Babu Kamini Kumar Ganguli, deceased.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, Dacca DIVN., Dacca, *the 16th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 95 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 43 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, as amended, Shaik Mobarak Hossein has been appointed to be a member of the Bowali Union Committee, in the Sadar subdivision of the 24-Parganas district, in the place of Munshi Baboojan Mullik, deceased.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 17th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 23 of the Manual of Rules for the management of Hospitals and Dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, Babu Hari Prasanna Sarkar has been appointed to be a member of the Managing Committee of the Bhauderhati Charitable Dispensary, in the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Sashi Bhusan Mallick, deceased.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 18th February 1920.*

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2248.—The 21st February 1920.—Whereas it has been proved to my satisfaction that the number of members of the Shajahanpur Gramya Dharma Bhandar (registered No. 80 of 1909-10), in the district of Faridpur, has been reduced to less than ten members and whereas it was a condition of the registration of the society under the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the number of members should be at least ten members.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by section 40 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And, further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint Moulvi Aziz Ahmed, Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Madaripur, to be Liquidator of the said society.

No. 2255.—The 21st February 1920.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Gangabarkandi Co-operative Bank (registered No. 331 of 1916), in the district of Nadia, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And, further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Nadia, to be Liquidator of the said society.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

Statement showing the quantity of Salt in Bonded Warehouses and afloat on the river Hooghly on the 15th day of February 1920, and transactions during the half-month from the 1st to the 15th February 1920.

Description of Salt.	In Sulkea Government golas.	Quantity afloat.	Total.	TRANSACTIONS DURING HALF-MONTH FROM THE 1ST TO THE 15TH FEBRUARY 1920, INCLUSIVE.			
				Quantity on which duty has been paid.	Manifested quantity arrived in the port of Calcutta.	Deliveries from ship-board for consumption and for inland bonded warehouses.	Deliveries from bonded warehouses for consumption and for inland bonded warehouses.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
United Kingdom— Liverpool and other Panga salt	76,864	4,017	80,881	84	20,417	...	81,922
Other European countries— Spanish salt ...	...	...	...	79,700	...	...	...
Hamburg and Bremen salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hamburg and Bremen rock salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Port Said salt ...	528,708	...	528,708	28,700	...	88,250	70,120
Aden and Red Sea— Aden salt ...	260,882	61,097	321,979	98,840	107,882	40,550	72,370
Salif salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salif rock salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rawayah salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Macarwah salt ...	171,716	...	171,716	28,550	2,790	1,700	80,544
Muscat and Persian Gulf— Muscat, Lingah and Hanjam salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto rock salt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
British India— Bombay salt...	322,916	80,760	408,676	46,451*	102,860	...	4,074
Madras salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coconada salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1,861,088	145,874	1,506,957	262,825	288,449	75,500	265,080

Written off during the half-month—

	Mds.
Wastage in Sulkea golas ...	1,775
Abandoned and destroyed ...	171

In Transit—

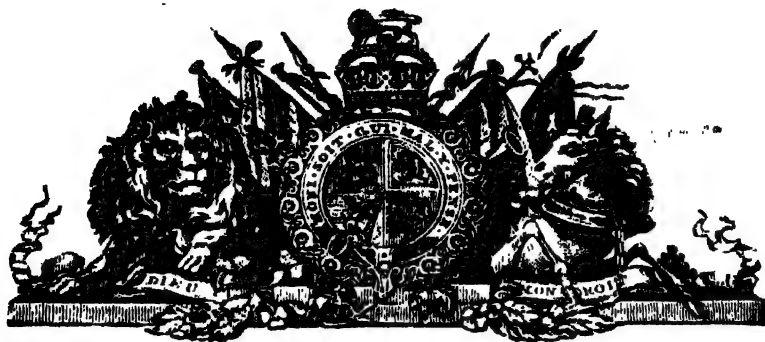
Liverpool salt ...	5,900
Aden salt ...	2,020
Bombay salt ...	20,920

* Out of this quantity duty on 46,260 mannds was paid at Bombay.

P. MOORE,

Asst. Collector of Customs for Imports.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 21st February 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1920.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notifications issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, and published in the *Gazette of India* dated 21st February 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

Delhi, the 21st February 1920.

No. 1370D.—The following Board of Trade list, dated the 16th January 1920, on the subject of prohibitions of export from the United Kingdom, is published for general information :—

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS LICENSING SECTION,
BOARD OF TRADE,
22, CARLISLE PLACE,
WESTMINSTER, S. W.-1.

LIST OF EXPORT PROHIBITED GOODS, &c., 16TH JANUARY 1920.

This list cancels all similar lists and supplements issued by the Export Licence Department prior to the above date.

List A and B.

List C.

Open General Licence for Exports—Appendix No. 1.

General Information with regard to Export Regulations to certain countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean.

Transshipment in the United Kingdom.

This consolidated "List of Export Prohibited Goods" is amended and issued fortnightly. Exporters who desire to have copies of each list posted to them during the current year can do so on payment of a registration fee of 2s. 6d. for one copy of each issue. Should more than one copy of each issue be required an additional payment should be made at the rate of 2d. per copy for each month up to the end of the current year.

Exporters, who desire to have their names placed on the register, should make application to the Stationery Clerk, Import and Export Licensing Section, enclosing Money Orders payable to the Import and Export Licensing Section Board of Trade.

Applications for licences and all correspondence should be addressed to :—

The Director, Import and Export Licensing Section,
Board of Trade,
22, Carlisle Place,
Westminster, S. W.-1.

List A and B.

List of goods the export of which is prohibited from the United Kingdom by Royal Proclamations or by order of Council.

A licence is required to export goods marked (A) to any destination abroad.

A licence is required to export goods marked (B) to any destination abroad, except British Possessions and Protectorates, to which goods marked (B) can be exported without licence, providing the goods are not transhipped at foreign ports.

- (B) Aeroplane engines and their component parts.
- (B) Aircraft, other than balloons, of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.
- Alumina, *see* Phosphate Rock.
- (A) Ammonia, sulphate of, and mixtures containing sulphate of ammonia.
- (A)* Animals, living, for food (other than horses).
- Apatites, *see* Phosphate Rock.
- (A) Apparatus which can be used for the storage or projection of compressed or liquefied gases, flame, acids or other destructive agents capable of use in warlike operations and their component parts.
- (A) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.
- (A) Armoured motor cars.
- (A) Arms, not being Fire-arms and their component parts.
- Bacon, *see* Meat.
- Banknotes, *see* Notes.
- (A) Barley, barley flour and barley meal.
- (A) Basic slag.
- (A) Bayonets and their component parts.
- (A) Boats and craft.
- Bran, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Bread.
- Brewers' grains, *see* Grains.
- Bullion, *see* Gold and Silver.
- (A) Butter.
- (A) Cakes and Meals (which may be used as forage or food for animals), the following:—
- Cotton seed cake and cotton seed meal.
- Husk meal.
- Linseed cake and meal.
- Maize germ meal.
- Maize meal and flour.
- (A) Calfskins.
- (A) Cannon and other ordnance, and their component parts.
- (A) Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.
- (A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and their component parts, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for the filling and repair of rifles and shot-gun cartridges.
- Castings, *see* Armour Plates.
- Cattle foods, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- Cattle foods, patent and proprietary, *see* Patent.
- Cattle Hides, *see* Hides.
- Caustic potash, *see* Potash.
- (A) Cheese.
- (A) Coal, except coal allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as bunker coal.
- (A) † Coal tar, all products obtainable therefrom and derivatives thereof whether actually so obtained or derived from other sources (including all mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives), suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes or explosives.
- (A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations.
- (A) Cocoa, raw.
- (A) Cod liver oil and preparations containing cod liver oil.
- Coin, *see* Gold, silver.
- (A) Coke and manufactured fuel.
- Combings, *see* Malt.
- Compound cakes and meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Confectionery manufactured wholly or partly of sugar.
- (C) Copra.
- Corn offals, *see* Offals.
- Cotton seed cake and cotton seed meal, *see* Cakes and Meal.
- Cows, bulls, etc., *see* Animals.
- Craft, *see* Boats.
- Culms, *see* Malt.
- (A) Dari.
- Distillers' grains, *see* Grains, etc.
- (B) Docks, floating, and their component parts.
- (A) Dried figs.
- Dyes and dye-stuffs, synthetic and intermediates for the manufacture thereof, *see* Coaltar, &c.
- (A) Eggs in shells.
- Engines, *see* Aeroplane.
- (A) Ergot of rye, and the liquid extract of ergot.
- (A) Explosives.
- Fats, edible, *see* Oils.
- (A) Figs, dried.
- (A) Fire-arms and their component parts.
- (A) Fish except the following—tinned, preserved or frozen fish, chinchards, sprats, herrings, crayfish, prawns and lobsters.
- (A) Salmon, tinned.
- (A) Flax, raw.
- Flour, *see* Barley, Maize, Rice, Rye, Wheat.
- Foodstuffs, *see* specific headings.
- Forage and food which may be used for animals, *see* specific headings as, e.g., Cakes; Hay; Oats, etc.
- (A) Forage, green.
- Fuel, manufactured, *see* Coke.
- (A) Fruit, dried, the following:—
- Figs.

* Application for licence to export livestock should be made on Application Form "L" copies of which can be obtained from the Stationery Clerk, Export Licence Department.

† The following proprietary dyes may, however, be exported without licence to all destinations with which trading is permitted:—

Dolly dyes	Drummer dyes.
Diamond dyes.	Dixon's home dyes.
Maypole dyes.	

- Raisins (except Californian seeded raisins).
Sultanas.
- (A) Fruit, preserved.
- (A) Game.
- (A) Gold, coin and bullion.
- (A) Grains, Brewers' and Distillers'.
- (A) Green forage.
- (A) Grenades and component parts thereof.
- (C) Ground nuts.
- (A) Guanos, except whale guano.
Guns, *see* Cannon, Fire-arms, Machine-guns.
- (A) Hay.
- (A) Hides, British and Irish, cattle.
Husk meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war or for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea.
- (A) Indigo, synthetic.
Jam, *see* Fruit, preserved.
- (A) Lard, except imitation (compound) lard and neutral lard.
- (A) Lime phosphate, *see* Phosphate Rock.
- (A) Linseed.
Linseed cake, and meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Livestock, *see* Animals.
- (A) Machine guns, mountings for machine guns, and component parts thereof.
- (A) Maize.
- (A) Maize germs.
Maize germ meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Maize meal and flour, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Malt dust, culms, sprouts or combings.
- (A) Manures, compound, containing either sulphate of ammonia, superphosphate of lime, or potash.
Marmalade, *see* Fruit preserved.
Meals, *see* Barley, Cakes, Rye, Wheat.
- (A) Meat of all kinds, except turtle meat, horse-flesh and except tinned or potted meat, other than tinned bacon and tinned ham.
Middlings, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (B) Milk, condensed or preserved.
Mill dust and screenings, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (B) Mines and their component parts.
- (A) Nicotine and its compounds.
* Notes of the Bank of France.
- (A) Notes, Russian rouble.
- (A) Oats.
Offals of corn and grain which may be used as food for animals, the following :—
- (A) Bran.
- (A) Middlings.
- (A) Mill dust and screenings.
- (A) Pollard.
- (A) Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
- (A) Sharps.
- (C) Oils and fats, edible, the following :—
Cocoanut oil,
Groundnut oil,
Palmkernel oil.
- Oil, cod liver, *see* Cod Liver Oil.
- (A) Onions.
- (A) Opium and its preparations.
- (A) Opium alkaloids and their salts and preparations.
Ordnance, *see* Cannon, Carriages.
- (C) Palm Kernels.
- (A) Phosphate rock, namely :—Apatites ;
Phosphates of lime and alumina.
Pistols, *see* Fire-arms.
Pollard, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing caustic potash.
- (A) Potash, muriate, sulphate and crude manurial potash salts, and mixtures containing any of these substances.
- (A) Potassium carbonate and mixtures containing potassium carbonate.
- (B) Potassium permanganate.
- (A) Potatoes.
- (A) Poultry.
Preserves, *see* Fruit, etc.
- (A) Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts.
- (A) Quinine sulphate.
- (A) Raisins (except Californian seeded raisins).
Rice meal (or bran) and dust, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Rice and rice flour.
Rifles, *see* Fire-arms.
Russian rouble notes, *see* Notes.
- (A) Rye, rye flour and meal.
Salmon, tinned, *see* Fish.
- (A) Sausages, except tinned sausages.
Screenings, *see* Offals of Corn.
Seeds, *see* Cereals mentioned by name.
- (A) Semolina.
Sharps, *see* Offals of Corn.
Sheep, *see* Animals.
- (A) Silver bullion, specie and British coin.
Skins, *see* Calf, Hides.
Spirits, *see* Whisky.
- (A) Sugar, cane and beet, *see also* Confectionery.
- (A) Sultanas.
- (A) Superphosphates.
- (A) Tea other than green tea.
- (B) Torpedoes and their component parts.
- (B) Torpedo tubes.
- (A) Uniform clothing, naval, military and Air Force.
Vegetables, *see* Onions ; Potatoes.
Venison, *see* Game.
- (A) Vessels.
- (A) Whalebone, raw.
- (A) Whale fins.
- (A) Wheat, wheat flour and wheat meal, and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing wheat, wheat flour, or wheat meal.
- (A) Whisky.
Wool and Woollen Goods :—
(*See also* Appendix No. 1 for camel hair, cashmere, alpaca and mohair.)
- (A) Wool tops and mixtures thereof.
- (A) Woollen and worsted yarn and mixtures thereof.
Yarns, *see* Wool.
- (A) Yeast.

* Notes of the Bank of France are prohibited to all destinations except to destinations in France.

LIST C.

LIST C comprises ALL GOODS not included in List A or B.

Goods on List C may be exported without licence to all destinations with which trading is allowed.

APPENDIX No. 1.

GENERAL LICENCES FOR EXPORT.

An open General Licence has been issued, permitting the exportation of the following goods (without application to the Export Licence Department) to all destinations except those foreign destinations to which goods on List C (*see* above) are prohibited from export.

Alpaca, and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
Bird seed.
Blanc-mange powder.
Cake mixture.
Camel hair, and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
Cashmere, and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
Cement for building and engineering purposes.
Chillies.
Cocoa and milk, coffee and milk, chocolate and milk, sweetened or unsweetened, in tins.
Custard powder.
Gloy.
Koffio.

Lactol.
Lactogol.
Mango chutney, tomato chutney, and tomato ketchup.
Marmite.
Minced meat and mince pies.
Mixtures and preparations containing not more than 10 per cent. aniline colour, not otherwise prohibited.
Mohair and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
Paisley flour.
Paint, other than gold paint.
"Phosto" animal food.
Pudding powder.
Puddings.
Restorine.
Vanilla custard.

SAMPLES.

An Open General Licence has been issued which permits the free export of all *bona-fide* samples of prohibited goods to all destinations with which trade is now permitted. Samples exported under this licence may be used only for genuine sample purposes, *i.e.*, for obtaining orders from foreign buyers, and may not be sold except with the written consent of the Export Licence Department, but such consent may be dispensed with when it is desired to sell the articles in the country of destination after they have fulfilled their purpose as samples. Exporters will be required to satisfy the Customs Authorities that the goods presented for export under this licence are *bona-fide* samples, and to make a declaration to that effect on the relative shipping documents.

This notice only applies to samples of goods which require licences for export to the particular destination concerned.

In addition, the consent of the Export Licence Department is not required for the sale of samples which, though within this scheme at the actual time they were exported, could be exported outside the scheme at the actual time of the proposed sale.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR COAL EXPORTS.

An Open General Licence has been issued, with effect from Thursday, 1st January 1920, permitting the export of coal, coke and manufactured fuel to all destinations abroad except Russia, Germany, Hungary, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria, subject always to the approval, previously obtained, of the Controller of Coal Mines or his duly authorised representative, and subject to shipment being made in a vessel approved by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise or their Officers.

The Customs Authorities will require pre-entry to be made in all cases; and at ports where there is a duly authorised local representative of the Controller of Coal Mines (*see* list below), the approval referred to above will be signified by his endorsement on the pre-entry form, which must be presented to him for the purpose before shipment.

Where shipment is proposed to be made from a port not included in the list given below, it will be necessary for application for the Controller's approval to be made to the Export Branch of the Coal Mines Department in London. Shipments from all ports in the United Kingdom to the destinations excluded from the purview of the general licence must still be covered by an export licence from the Coal Mines Department.

The following are the ports shipments from which will be covered by the local representative's endorsement on pre-entry :—

District.	Controller's Representative.
All Scottish ports	Mr. W. D. Fuller, 4, Dunlop Street, Glasgow.
From Amble to Middlesborough inclusive ...	Mr. W. R. Fisher, Guildhall Chambers, Quayside, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
Humber ports (Hull to Grimsby inclusive) ...	Mr. A. D. Upton, 120, Alfred Gelder Street, Hull.
Mersey ports	Mr. J. Melrandi, Dock Board Offices, Liverpool.
From Burry Port to Newport inclusive ...	Mr. L. R. Lewis, Cymric Buildings, Cardiff.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF INDUSTRIAL EXPLOSIVES, SMOOTH-BORE GUNS, AND MUNITIONS FOR USE THEREWITH.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export of industrial explosives, smooth-bore guns and munitions for use therewith, to the destinations given below, to which, therefore, exports may be made subject to the usual Customs formalities without applications for specific licences to the Export Licence Department :—

- British Possessions and Protectorates (*see note below*).
- French Possessions and Protectorates (*see note below*).
- United States of America.
- South America.
- Japan and Korea.
- Asiatic Russia.
- France, Belgium, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Italy, Serbia, Roumania, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Holland, and Switzerland.

In accordance with article 6, Chapter 2, of the "Arms Convention," all destinations in the prohibited areas set out in article 6 are excepted from this Open General Licence and will still require a specific export licence for all arms, ammunition and industrial explosives.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF AIRCRAFT, ETC.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export of the undermentioned goods to all destinations except Russia, Germany, Hungary, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria. Applications are no longer to be made to the Export Licence Department in respect of the export of these goods to countries other than those mentioned :—"Aeroplane engines and their component parts. Aircraft, other than balloons of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft"

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF PARCELS CONTAINING MISCELLANEOUS FOODSTUFFS.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export by parcel post of parcels containing miscellaneous foodstuffs (for the personal use of the addressee and *not* for trading purposes) to all destinations with which trading is allowed. Applications need, therefore, no longer be submitted to the Export Licence Department in respect of the export of such parcels by parcel post.

GENERAL INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO EXPORT REGULATIONS TO CERTAIN COUNTRIES IN EUROPE AND ON THE MEDITERRANEAN, ETC.

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Exporters are warned that there are import prohibitions in some foreign countries information regarding which can be obtained from the Department of Overseas Trade, 35, Old Queen Street, Westminster, S. W. 1, and 73, Basinghall Street, London, E. C. 2. The issue of an export licence implies no guarantee that the goods will be admitted into the country of destination.

Albania.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Alsace-Lorraine.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Arabia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Asia Minor (*see* Turkey).

Austria, Hungary.

Trade is now permitted with all portions of the late Austro-Hungarian Empire.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported *via* any available route.

Parcels will now be accepted by the Post Office for transmission to Austria (States of Upper and Lower Austria, Styria, Carinthia, Salzburg, Northern Tyrol, Vorarlberg and Liechtenstein, Trentino, Istria and Dalmatia).

For the portions of the late Austro-Hungarian Empire now incorporated in Italy, Czechoslovakia, Poland and Jugo-Slavia, *see* notes applicable to those countries.

Belgium.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Bulgaria.

Licences are required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Czechoslovakia (*including any portions of Silesia and Galicia allotted to Czechoslovakia*).

This territory consists, broadly speaking, of the former Austrian provinces of Bohemia and Moravia, and the northern part of Hungary-Slovakia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported *via* Hamburg and the Elbe, provided they are consigned to the Czechoslovak Government's Trade Office, Welserhaus 12, Schaarsteinwegstrücke, Hamburg, for further transshipment to the actual consignee in Czechoslovakia. Czechoslovak Import Licences should reach the Hamburg Office from the consignee previous to the shipment of goods. A duplicate set of shipping documents should be forwarded in advance to that office. Goods may also be exported *via* any other available route.

Denmark.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Estonia (principal port--Reval).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Finland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

France.

Licences for exports are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Germany.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Gift parcels sent by parcel post may enter Germany without import licence and also free from duty and taxes provided they do not contain more than 2 kilos (70 ozs.) of tobacco.

Greece.

Licences are only required for goods on List A or B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Holland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Italy.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route to Italy may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Jugo-Slavia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

There is no parcel post service at present, except to Dalmatia.

Lettland (Latvia) (principal port—Libau).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Applications to export goods on Lists A and B will be considered in the usual way.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Lithuania (principal port—Riga).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Applications to export goods on Lists A and B will be considered in the usual way.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Luxembourg.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Montenegro (*see* Jugo-Slavia).**Norway.**

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Palestine.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Poland (*including any portions of Silesia and Galicia allotted to Poland.*)

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Portugal.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Roumania.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Russia (Asiatic).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Russia (European).

(a) *Northern District—approached via Archangel or the Murman Coast.*

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

(b) *Southern District—approached via the Black Sea and Taganrog on the Sea of Azov.*

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

There is no parcel post service at present.

(c) *Other Districts.*

No licences are being granted at present.

Serbia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Spain.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Sweden.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Switzerland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Syria (as far north as a line from Alexandretta to Aleppo inclusive, and as far east as the Hedjaz railway inclusive).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

A Parcel Post Service is in operation as far north as Alexandretta, but not east of Aleppo.

Turkey (including Asia Minor).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Parcels for civilians in European Turkey (Constantinople) are accepted if they are addressed "Poste Restante, British Army Post Office, Constantinople," and parcels for civilians in Smyrna are accepted if they are addressed "Poste Restante, British Post Office, Smyrna."

URGENT ORDERS.

The Board of Trade, Import and Export Section, announces that, in collaboration with the Department of Overseas Trade, an arrangement has been made whereby firms receiving orders which require immediate acceptance may telegraph details of any such order to the Department of Overseas Trade in order to ascertain whether a licence will be granted for the export of the goods if the order is accepted.

In the event of an applicant being promised a licence he will be enabled to deal with the order straightaway with the knowledge that upon application being made in the proper form to the Export Licence Department the licence will be granted.

The telegrams should be addressed to "Orders, care of Advantage, Stock, London." They should give in each case in addition to the name and postal or telegraphic address of the applicant the quantity and description of the goods comprised in the order and the name and address of the ultimate consignee if the goods are destined for a neutral country. In the case of orders from Allied or British Territory or from Territory in the occupation of troops of the Associated Governments, the consignee need not be stated; and it will be sufficient merely to give the country of destination. A reply of 24 words (1-3) must be prepaid.

Applicants are requested in their own interest to confine their enquiries to orders needing a very urgent decision, since the fewer the enquiries the more promptly can answers be given.

Any subsequent correspondence that is necessary in connection with the telegraphic enquiries should be addressed to the Comptroller-General, Department of Overseas Trade (Export Facilities Section), 35, Old Queen Street, Westminster, S. W.-1.

TRANSHIPMENT IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The provisional approval of the Import and Export Section, Board of Trade, should be obtained before the following goods are brought to this country for transhipment :—

- Bacon, ham and lard of all kinds.
- Butter and cheese.
- Cereals on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.
- Animal feeding stuffs on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.
- Seeds, oils and fats on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

It is not now necessary to make application to the Collector of Customs at the transhipment ports on Form S.-90 for the transhipment of any goods except those specified in the following list :

- Foodstuffs for animal or human consumption which are on Section "A" or "B" of the list of prohibited exports (including tea and cocoa).
- Seeds, oils and fats on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.
- Synthetic dyestuffs.
- Ergot.
- Quinine sulphate.
- Caustic potash.
- Potassium carbonate.
- Wool-tops and mixtures thereof.
- Woollen and worsted yarn and mixtures thereof.

No. 1363-J.—The following extract from the "Board of Trade Journal," dated the 15th January 1920, is published for general information :—

GOVERNMENT NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

EXPORT SECTION.

CONDITION UNDER WHICH TRADING IS PERMISSIBLE WITH CERTAIN COUNTRIES.

The Board of Trade have issued the following instructions (Cmd. 512, price 1d.), dealing with trading conditions with certain countries as a result of the ratification of the Peace Treaty :—

The following notes on trading conditions as affected by the raising of the blockade, the authorisation of the resumption of trade with Germany and other countries, and the removal of United Kingdom import restrictions, are published for the information of British traders. These notes supersede those published in July and September last as Parliamentary Returns "Cmd. 274" and "Cmd. 350."

During the war it was necessary to prohibit all trading with the enemy, but the necessity for this prohibition has now ceased. It is no part of the policy of His Majesty's Government to discourage British traders from competing in the markets of the late enemy countries, and it is desirable that British traders should make every effort to secure a proper footing in Central Europe.

I.—GERMANY.

Exports.—Any goods may be sent to Germany without licence, except goods on Lists "A" and "B" of prohibited exports. Applications for export licences in respect of goods included in those Lists should be addressed to the Imports and Exports Licensing Section, 22, Carlisle Place, Westminster, S. W. 1.

Imports.—Any goods may be imported from Germany, and paid for, without licence except goods whose importation from all foreign countries is prohibited. The import prohibitions established during the war by means of Royal Proclamations issued under Section 43 of the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876, a list of which, so far as they remained in force after 1st September 1919, was published in Parliamentary Paper Cmd. 454, have been temporarily suspended pending either reversal of Mr. Justice Sankey's judgment or legislative action to secure powers to impose a limited number of restrictions. Importers, however, should clearly understand that, in the event of these

powers being conferred by Parliament, or in the event of the judgment being reversed on appeal, licences to import restricted goods will not be granted merely on the ground that the goods had been ordered between the date of the judgment and that of the re-establishment of the restrictions, but will be based solely on consideration of the reasonable requirements of the country.

Other transactions.—Other transactions of a commercial or financial nature with firms in Germany are permissible without further licence, provided they do not involve any of the following matters, namely :—

- (a) The payment or receipt of money arising out of pre-war transactions;
- (b) The delivery of or dealing with property held in this country for persons in Germany since before the outbreak of war;
- (c) The transfer of securities by or on behalf of a person in Germany;
- (d) The allotment or transfer of securities issued by a Company to or for the benefit of a German subject;
- (e) The transfer of any debt or other obligation due to a person in Germany, arising out of pre-war transactions.

It should, of course, be understood that, as regards the financing of transactions, traders must make the best arrangements they can, and, in the case of uncertainty as to the best mode of procedure, they should consult their bankers.

Money due to or property acquired by German nationals as a result of transactions entered into since the resumption of trade with Germany was authorised are not liable to sequestration in this country.

II.—TURKEY, BULGARIA AND THE TERRITORIES PREVIOUSLY INCLUDED IN THE AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN DOMINIONS.

The British regulations are the same as those set out above in the case of Germany except that the collection of debts owed by persons or firms in these territories is allowed.

III.—NORWAY, SWEDEN, DENMARK, HOLLAND AND SWITZERLAND.

It is no longer necessary to obtain certificates from Importing Associations in these countries, or to procure other forms of guarantee, or to consign goods to such Associations Export licences, for which application should be made to the Imports and Exports Licensing Section at the address given above, are required only for goods on Lists "A" and "B" of prohibited exports.

IV.—POLAND, FINLAND, ESTHONIA, LETTLAND, LITHUANIA.

So far as British regulations are concerned, there are no special restrictions on trade with these countries, but as in the case of other foreign countries, export licences are required for goods on Lists "A" and "B" and general prohibitions of import apply to these as to other countries.

Consular Certificates of Origin and Interest.—These certificates are no longer required for goods imported into this country.

Declarations of Ultimate Destination and Disclosure of Names of Consignees.—These declarations will no longer be required to be made in respect of exports from the United Kingdom, and disclosure of the name of the consignee on Bills of Lading or Shipping Manifests is unnecessary, except in a limited number of cases where the Imports and Exports Licensing Section may continue to specify on an export licence the name of the consignee.

NOTE.—The above statements deal only with such regulations as are in force in the United Kingdom. Traders should also have regard to the restrictions on imports and exports in operation in foreign countries. Information on this subject may be obtained from the Department of Overseas Trade, 35, Old Queen Street, Westminster, S.W.1. and 73, Basinghall Street, London, E.C.2, and is published from time to time, as received, in the "Board of Trade Journal."

POST OFFICE.

The 21st February 1920.

No. 1537D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 46 (2) (b) of the Indian Post Office Act (Act No. VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry; No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, as subsequently amended, namely :—

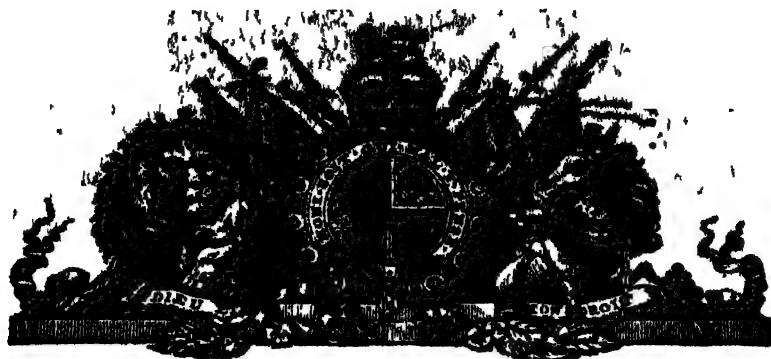
For rule 122 (2) of the said rules under the head *Foreign Money Orders*, the following shall be substituted :—

In the case of foreign sterling money orders, the rates of commission shall be the following, namely :—

On any sum not exceeding £10	... Rs. 0-6-0 per £1 or fraction of £1.
On any sum exceeding £10	... Rs. 0-8-0 per £1 or fraction of £1 in excess of £10.

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1920.

PART IB.

Orders by the Governor of Bengal in Council.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 472M.—*The 24th February 1920.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 8 (2) (d) and 62 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, III of 1899, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Colonel F. M. Leslie to be a Commissioner of the Corporation of Calcutta, *vice* Mr. Lionel Ingels, resigned.

No. 474M.—*The 24th February 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Lutfur Rahman to be a Commissioner of the Sakhira Municipality, in the district of Khulna, *vice* Maulvi Lutf Ahmed Khan Chowdhury, resigned.

No. 476M.—*The 24th February 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdul Bari to be a Commissioner of the Bhatpara Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Khan Bahadur Zahiruddin Ahmad, resigned.

No. 478M.—*The 24th February 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. K. Stewart to be a Commissioner of the Bhatpara Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Mr. G. Low, resigned.

No. 482M.—*The 24th February 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Brahmanbaria Municipality, in the district of Tippera:—

1. Babu Ananda Kishore Datta Roy.
2. Khan Bahadur Maulvi Abdul Rauf.
3. Babu Purna Chandra Chakrabarty.
4. Babu Surendra Nath Gupta.

No. 480M.—*The 24th February 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Jangipur Municipality, in the district of Murshidabad, under section 27 of that Act, electing Babu Bhajahari Nath to be the Chairman of that Municipality, *vice* Babu Lal Behari Das, resigned.

No. 443 L.S.G.—The 20th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the said Act shall come into force in the district of Hooghly on the 1st March 1920.

No. 442 L.S.G.—The 20th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), and after consideration of the views of the Hooghly District Board and the Sadar Local Board, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that thanas Balagarh, Pandua, Magra, Chinsura, Dhaniakhali, Dadpur and Polba in the Sadar subdivision, in the district of Hooghly, shall be divided into the following local areas and that every such local area shall be declared a union for the purposes of the Act:—

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Names of manas constituting a local area.
Hooghly	Hooghly Sadar.	Balagarh	Guptipara ...	Fatehpur ... 8
				Mirdanga ... 9
				Badhagachi ... 10
				Sultanpur ... 11
				Sultanpur Char ... 12
				Guptipara ... 13
				Guptipara Char ... 14
				Kristabati ... 15
				Kristabati Char ... 16
				Parashurampatti ... 17
				Krishnabati ... 18
				Krishnabati New Char ... 19
				Rampur Char ... 20
				Rampur ... 21
				Rasulpur ... 22
				Rasulpur Char ... 23
				Aida Kismat ... 24
				Guptipara 2nd portion ... 25
				Goalpara ... 26
Do. ...	Hooghly	Do. ...	Bakulia Dhobapara.	Nischintapur ... 4
				Ichapur ... 5
				Elampur ... 6
				Sayora ... 7
				Muragacha ... 29
				Tildauga ... 39
				Jitarpur ... 40
				Golaknathpur or Khetpur ... 41
				Bakulia ... 42
				Chhoto Nakua ... 43
				Jadupur or Bara Nakua ... 44
				Alisagaria ... 45
				Jote Narayan ... 46
				Durmashgari ... 47
				Gopalbati ... 48
				Kulipara ... 49
				Basuki ... 50
				Gangadharpur ... 51
				Inchura ... 52
				Demargacha ... 53
				Dhopapara ... 54

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Names of manbar constituting a local area.	
Hooghly...	Hooghly	Balagarh	Bakulia Dhobapara.	Matukpur ...	55
				Karina ...	57
				Bejpura ...	58
				Tearnai ...	66
Do. ...	Hooghly Sadar.	Do. ...	Somra ...	Kamardanga ...	27
				Digria ...	28
				Bahira ...	30
				Paigachi ...	31
				Abdulpur ...	32
				Sundalpur ...	33
				Bankipur ...	34
				Jashra ...	35
				Natagari ...	36
				Rajaipur ...	37
				Chandpur ...	38
				Mosora ...	67
				Dabipur ...	68
				Bilgachi ...	69
				Muragori ...	70
				Somra ...	71
				Balgari ...	72
				Bhelurgari ...	73
				Kolara ...	74
				Shukhoria ...	75
				Khurd Kolara ...	102
				Kampara ...	106
Do. ...	Do ...	Do ..	Sripur-Balagori.	Sripur Char ...	78
				Arazi Bhowani- pore ...	80
				Bhowanipur ...	81
				Sripur ...	82
				Chandra ...	83
				Barnipara ...	84
				Tamilpara ...	85
				Balagari ...	86
				Khurd Shah Mammadpur...	88
				Jirat ...	89
				Hasimpur ...	95
				Amadpur ...	96
				Baruipara ...	97
				Asanpur ...	98
				Patuli ...	99
				Mondukhola ...	100
				Baksagori or Bahadurpur	101
				Panchpara ...	103
				Karpura ...	104
				Basantapur ...	125
				Protappur ...	126
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Sija Kamalpur	Hathkanda ...	92
				Pranpur ...	93
				Gopalpur ...	94
				Dakchra ...	124

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of theas or police-station.	Name of union.	Name of manees constituting a local area.
Hooghly...	Hooghly Sadar.	Balagarh	Sija Kamalpur	Barail ... 127 Rukaspur ... 128 Baneswarpur ... 129 Muktarpur ... 130 Seja ... 131 Khamargachi ... 132 Daityapur ... 133 Panikhola ... 134 Gornai ... 135 Kamalpur ... 136 Suksagar ... 171 Parbatipur ... 172 Palta ... 173 Bori ... 174 Kalipur ... 175
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Mahipalpur...	Kailaspur ... 114 Goipara or Thoi- para ... 115 Salarpur ... 116 Kamarpara ... 117 Nonadanga ... 118 Dachakloi ... 147 Araj Itagarh ... 148 Sargaria or Raja- pur ... 149 Bhalki or Hijli ... 150 Mahipaipur ... 151 Kolagachi or Ba- hirpatti ... 152 Malancha ... 153 Itagarh ... 154
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Dumurdaha Nityananda- pur.	Arazi Aschitpur ... 137 Boga ... 138 Chandigachi ... 139 Mitrapur ... 140 Dadpur ... 141 Aschitpur ... 142 Damardaha ... 143 Simulia ... 144 Naricha ... 145 Sadbobangali ... 146 Gopalpur ... 161 Nityanandapur ... 162 Sherpur ... 163 Bahira ... 164 Ramnagar ... 165 Damardaha Char ... 166 Ramnagar Char ... 167 Nauasarai ... 168 Nauasarai Char ... 169 Raghunathpur Char ... 170

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Names of mauzas constituting a local area.	
Hooghly...	Hooghly	Balagarh	Ektarpur ...	Batua ...	56
				Mahammadpur ...	59
				Kalyansri ...	60
				Jagulia or Chak	
				Potagachi ...	61
				Ditto ...	62
				Hamjampur ...	63
				Dahar Tearnoi ...	64
				Mojdia ...	65
				Doarpara ...	105
				Sarinda ...	107
				Baleswar ...	108
				Ektarpur ...	109
				Masuria ...	110
				Banipukhar ...	111
				Dahia ...	112
				Jagulia ...	113
				Naupara ...	119
				Babla ...	120
				Kowgachee ...	121
				Basna ...	122
				Telinpara ...	123
Do. ...	Do. ...	Pandua ...	Berella Kochmali.	Hajipur ...	1
				Sripur and Gokul- danga ...	2
				Panpara ...	3
				Balagaria ...	4
				Kochmali ...	5
				Barella ...	6
				Raghunathpur or Telkopa ...	10
				Sadhat ...	11
				Chetua ...	12
				Amalmora ...	14
				Sadpara ...	18
				Nania ...	7
				Batke ...	8
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Batke-Boinchi	Momrejpur ...	9
				Bhopur ...	13
				Naryanpurdanga ...	15
				Inchara or Kari- pur ...	16
				Mulgram ...	17
				Malikpur ...	19
				Boinchi ...	20
				Bhuimohon ...	22
				Piragram ...	23
				Jamna ...	24
				Guhomi ...	25
Do. ...	Hooghly Sadar	Do. ...	Haral Daspur	Chima ...	63
				Basudebpur ...	64
				Hatni ...	65
				Durgampur ...	66
				Kalupukhuria ...	67
				Rampur or Dat- char ...	68
				Rampur or Tara- jol ...	69

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station	Name of union.	Names of manzas constituting a local areas.	
Hooghly...	Hooghly Sadar.	Pandua ...	Haral Daspur	Bargai ...	70
				Bilsara ...	71
				Sialgaria ...	72
				Haral or Subipur ...	73
				Sonatikri ...	74
				Daspur ...	77
				Sarhamongola ...	74-172
Do. ...	Hooghly	Do. ...	Rameswarpur	Navingram ...	75
			Gopalnagore	Kesabbati ...	76
				Aima ...	78
				Alasin ...	80
				Danpur ...	81
				Basatpur ...	82
				Chandpur ...	83
				Rameswarpur ...	84
				Prosadpur ...	94
				Aima Nababpur ...	99
				Gopalnagore ...	100
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Simlagori	Ranagori ...	49
			Bhitasin.	Chauhatpur ...	50
				Ranagori ...	51
				Bhitasin or	
				Bhagawanpur ...	52
				Ati ...	53
				Simliagari ...	54
				Chaphati ...	55
				Mathuranagore or	
				Gayara ...	56
				Uttarkhanda ...	57
				Sripur or Potba ...	58
				Joyra ...	59
				Ramnagore ...	60
				Talbona ...	61
				Atkula ...	62
				Guogool ...	79
				Katagoreh ...	101
				Patra ...	102
Do. ...	Hooghly Sadar.	Do. ...	Taragun-Panchpara.	Chaubera ...	21
				Sargaria ...	26
				Ballaldighi ...	27
				Niala ...	28
				Naopara ...	29
				Fatehpur ...	30
				Panchpara ...	31
				Tiargaon ...	32
				Sindua ...	33
				Magura ...	34
Do ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Pandua ...	Durgabati ...	39
				Thaipara ...	40
				Jagarnathpur ...	41
				Thakurbari ...	42
				Mahadebpur ...	43
				Elampore ...	44
				Tinna ...	45
				Purusathompore ...	46
				Dasghara ...	47

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Names of mazzas constituting a local area.
Hooghly	Hooghly Sadar.	Pandua ...	Pandua ...	Noar or Kulaipukur ... 48 Khirkhundi ... 115 Matukpur ... 116 Nomojgram ... 117 Kasba Pandua ... 118 Sripala ... 119 Daulatpur ... 120 Bagmaidan ... 121 Saibona ... 122 Kalisanda ... 123 Nawala ... 138
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Mondlai Jamgram.	Guntua or Prantalavpu ... 35 Nagardanga ... 36 Paupa ... 37 Bhatgaon ... 38 Barai ... 139 Molai or Krishnachandrapur ... 140 Rukni ... 141 Srirambati ... 142 Kanur ... 143 Semragari ... 144 Jamgram ... 145 Baikantapur ... 146 Balarampur ... 148
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Ilsoha Daspur.	Asua ... 147 Deopara or Bakshipur ... 149 Acharpara ... 150 Nandarampur or Achgari ... 151 Muktikri ... 152 Gopalbati ... 153 Naopara ... 154 Chaknoi ... 155 Baranashipur or Dasbur ... 156 Uchoba ... 157 Jangalpur ... 158 Ramkanupur or Golagari ... 162
Do. ...	Do. ..	Do. ...	Sikra Daspur	Tanba ... 137 Panchdeoli ... 159 Shikri ... 160 Chapta ... 161 Bagajuli ... 163 Haridaspur ... 165 Abira ... 164 Bechpara ... 166 Radhanagar ... 168 Sibrai ... 169 Dasdurun 1st ... 170 Ditto 2nd ... 167 Rudranagar or Paki ... 171

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Names of mauzas constituting a local area.	
Hooghly	Hooghly Sadar.	Pandua	Itachona-Khanyan.	Nesragari ...	124
				Muldi ...	125
				Mandaram ...	126
				Barasarsa ...	129
				Etachona ...	130
				Sakpur ...	131
				Makhaldi ...	132
				Gurjola ...	133
				Baliadanga ...	134
				Khonian ...	135
				Shamsundarpur ...	136
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Baloon Dhamasin.	Belun ...	98
				Bhoi para or	
				Biswanathpur ...	103
				Bhaiara ...	104
				Marsit ...	105
				Roshna ...	106
				Srinagar ...	107
				Daluagachi ...	108
				Bejpara Mahana-dirpatti ...	109
				Jogidanga ...	110
				Paikpara ...	111
				Rudrashanda ...	112
				Panchpara ...	113
				Chandrahati ...	114
				Dhamasin ...	127
				Chhoto Sarsa ...	128
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Jiar Dwarbasini.	Digha ...	85
				Darbasini ...	86
				Chahaka ...	87
				Kalyanpur ...	88
				Panujgarh ...	89
				Moirabari ...	90
				Ramtai ...	91
				Jair ...	92
				Narkalsanda ...	93
				Sachtara and	
				Rupaspur ...	95
				Slopur Mahana-darpatti ...	96
				Paikpara ...	97
Do. ...	Hooghly	Dhania-khali.	Gurbari ...	Arazi Sadarpur ...	1
				Jarur ...	2
				Harirampur ...	3
				Chauhatta ...	4
				Jagarnathpur ...	5
				Gurbari ...	6
				Mahammadpur ...	7
				Moheshgoreh ...	8
				Chopa Sudampur ...	9
				Ruprajpur ...	10
				Balidanga ...	11
				Khanpur ...	12
				Katgoreh ...	13
				Bangsipur ...	14
				Parbatipur ...	15

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union	Names of manas constituting a local area.
Hooghly	Hooghly	Dhanialkhali.	Gurbari ...	Baidyapur ... 16 Hridayrampur ... 17 Maharampur ... 18 Raghabinubati ... 19 Madhupur ... 25 Belgachia ... 26 Kharna ... 27 Chak Bibi ... 29
Do. ...	Do ...	Do. .	Gurope ...	Benathali ... 31 Sankarpur ... 32 Mallikpur ... 33 Satidaha ... 34 Gurup ... 35 Hasanpur ... 36 Kotulpur ... 37 Telakona ... 38 Bupura ... 39 Palasi ... 40 Cheragrai ... 45 Naharpur ... 46 Faridpur ... 47 Balde ... 48 Kansaripur ... 49 Chak Janak 2nd ... 72 Ditto ... 73 Dulfa ... 74 Narua ... 75 Dumaria ... 76
Do. ...	Do ...	Do . .	Bhastara ...	Bhastara ... 50 Ghosla ... 51 Gopinathpur ... 52 Sahapur ... 53 Barul ... 54 Samtaji ... 55 Akubpur ... 56 Gopikantapur ... 57 Sripur ... 58 Junkul ... 59 Abhirampur ... 60 Masuria ... 61 Fatehpur ... 62 Kumarpur ... 63 Alipur ... 64 Bhotar ... 65 Bhastara or Bangsipur ... 71 Dumaria ... 76
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do ...	Melki ...	Paramandapur or Munsipur ... 66 Achona or Sonarpara ... 67 Khajurda ... 68 Katagari ... 69 Durgapur ... 77 Basudebpur ... 78 Narayanpur ... 79 Katalgora ... 80 Milki Kutubpur ... 81

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Name of manas constituting a local area.
Hooghly...	Hooghly	Dhaniakhali.	Melki	Daipara ... 82 Jhuma ... 83 Danuara ... 86 Kamkunda ... 87 Bhabanipur ... 88 Kapasgari ... 89 Khajurdah ... 90 Boragari ... 91 Gopalpur ... 92 Sathuria ... 93 Bathangoreh ... 94 Khanpur ... 95 Majeran ... 218 Salukgoreh ... 219 Kanajoli ... 220 Shibpur ... 289 Hariagari ... 290
Do. ..	Do. ...	Do.	Dhaniakhali	Mukundapur ... 41 Lokabati ... 42 Bagdaha ... 43 Getagari ... 44 Osmanbati or Mahadipur ... 96 Mahamaya ... 97 Chitta ... 98 Parul ... 99 Mahammadpur ... 100 Konan ... 101 Chapabari ... 208 Gopalbati ... 209 Dhaniakhali ... 210 Ghanarajpur ... 211 Paisapatti or Mirzanagar ... 212 Bamanpara ... 213 Bhagabanpur ... 214 Rameswarbati ... 215 Rajendrabati ... 216 Jagarnathpur ... 222 Talbana ... 226 Jote Gobinda or Harinbati ... 227 Sultanpur chak ... 228
Do. ...	Do.	Do	Kankrakuli	Kasipur ... 20 Hajipur ... 21 Galgali ... 22 Petba ... 23 Kamalpur ... 24 Alla ... 102 Jadupur ... 103 Haripur ... 104 Simla ... 105 Mallikpur ... 106 Madhusudanpur ... 107 Malikapur ... 108 Abdalpur ... 161 Sitipalashi ... 177 Dipa ... 178 Kamalpur ... 179 Banpur ... 180

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Name of villages constituting a local area.	
Hooghly	Hooghly	Dhanialkhal.	Kankrakuli...	Ghanashyampur...	181
				Brindabanpur ...	182
				Jote Kamal ...	183
				Tegachia or	
				Bhabanipur Chak	184
				Kakrakuli ...	185
				Suratsingpur ...	186
				Jote Bhagabati ...	187
				Sikteh ...	189
				Sripatipur ...	201
				Khaspur ...	202
				Arjunpur ...	203
				Anantapur ...	204
				Gotepur ...	205
				Kalikapur ...	206
				Shamashpur ...	207
				Jayrambati ...	230
Do.	Do.	Do.	Dasghara ...	Shaora ...	109
				Gajipur or Rajipur ...	110
				Sirijpur ...	111
				Sankarpur ...	112
				Biswanathbati ...	113
				Madpur ...	114
				Srikrishnapur ...	115
				Gobindabati or	
				Dighre ...	116
				Ballabhpur or	
				Aglapur ...	117
				Dasghara ...	118
				Bajo Sbahapur ...	119
				Ganeshnagore ...	155
				Jote Durga ...	156
				Balampur ...	157
				Basantapur ...	158
				Salalpur ...	159
				Banpur ...	160
				Baispur ...	162
				Banpur or Khasbar ...	163
				Dedharah ...	164
				Nalthopa ...	165
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Parambua Shahbazar.	Shahbazar ...	120
				Srirampur ...	121
				Raghunandanbati or Nimdangi ...	123
				Baga Radhanagar ...	137
				Saknarah Part II ...	138
				Barna ...	139
				Chautara ...	140
				Jagarnathpur Part II ...	141
				Parambo Part II ...	142
				Jagarnathpur ...	143
				Bishnupur ...	144
				Abhirampur ...	145
				Parbatipur or	
				Sundarpur ...	146
				Gabindapur ...	147

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Names of villages constituting a local area.	
Hooghly...	Hooghly	Dhanialkhali.	Parambun Shahbazar.	Parambo ...	148
				Gopalpur ...	149
				Rautpur ...	150
				Sanknarah ...	151
				Deorah ...	152
				Beguna ...	153
				Naradba ...	154
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Gopinathpur	Mamudpur ...	122
				Gopinathpur ...	124
				Sitarampur or	
				Jamdihara ...	125
				Habibpur ...	126
				Madanmahanpur or Bhangamurah	127
				Nischintapur ...	128
				Jagaroohanpur or	
				Dharinapur ...	129
				Kalikapur ...	130
				Kamrul ...	131
				Jarah ...	132
				Narayanpur ...	133
				Kotalpur ...	134
				Chak Madan ...	135
				Essapur ...	136
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Bhanderhati	Nursinghati or	
				Shikni Chechoa ...	166
				Paikpara ...	167
				Nityanandabati or	
				Sharalparah ...	168
				Mirpur ...	169
				Chandpur ...	170
				Mitrapur ...	171
				Paramanandapur ...	172
				Kabilpur ...	173
				Deulparah ...	174
				Joyrambati or	
				Dhamaitipur ...	175
				Chandibati ...	176
				Jote Bhagabati	
				Part 2 ...	188
				Kanikar ...	190
				Dharmapur ...	191
				Durgaprasad ...	192
				Chiniyaguri ...	193
				Srikrishnabati ..	194
				Sherpur ...	195
				Srichandrapur or	
				Balibharah ...	196
				Mogulpur ...	197
				Bhandarhati ...	199
				Keshabpur ...	200
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Belmuri ...	Ramkrishnapur...	217
				Sarbanandapur or	
				Ballabhipur ...	221
				Ojhani or Rudrani	223
				Mallikpur ...	224
				Podparah ...	225
				Jayharipur ...	229

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Names of m. u. z. a. constituting a local area.	
Hooghly...	Hooghly	Dhanial-khali.	Belmuri ...	Ramkrishnapur ...	231
				Akilpur ...	232
				Krishnagar or	
				Kunailbanka ...	233
				Metial ...	234
				Fatehpur ...	235
				Debipur ...	236
				Mahadebbati or	
				Makhalpur ...	237
				Abhirampur ...	238
				Chandibati ...	239
				Matial Part 2 ...	240
				Meherpur with	
				Krishnanagar ...	252
				Nawaparah ...	253
				Ramchandrapur	
				with Krishna-	
				nagar ...	254
				Balarambati ...	255
				Bademolla ...	256
				Bahadurpur ...	257
				Bagnan Chaita-	
				nyabati ...	258
				Nayakhali Natun-	
				gram ...	287
				Baitabhipur or	
				Gobarara ...	288
				Jote Harananda ...	288
				Malikpur ...	356
				Ultapur ...	357
				Gopibati ...	358
				Radhaballabhpur	359
				Belmori or	
				Krishnarambati	361
				Kismat Belmori ...	362
				Khappur ...	363
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Mandra ...	Jaypur ...	198
				Ramgachi ...	241
				Mandra ...	242
				Jote Sangram ...	243
				Chalua ...	244
				Sandhanpur ...	245
				Bagjuli ...	246
				Basudebpur ...	247
				Tazpur ...	248
				Dhantikri ...	249
				Gangarampur ...	250
				Gauripur ...	251
				Katgarah ...	259
				Hariharpur or	
				Dhanendanga ...	260
				Manikpur ...	261
				Purandarpur ...	262
				Kanaipur ...	263
				Keshabpur ...	264
				Hatishala ...	265
				Bajitpur ...	266
				Nalitajol ...	267
				Hatempur ...	268
				Pannagachi Chak	271
				Pannagachi ...	272

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Names of mauzas constituting a local area.
Hooghly...	Hooghly	Dhanialkhali.	Mandra ...	Debipur or Porabazar ... 273 Jalkar Shaltidah or Jagatpur ... 274 Jote Mahesh ... 275 Lakhoriaparah ... 276 Parameswarpur ... 279
Do. ...	Do. ...	Dadpur	Satithan ...	Bakkeswar ... 84 Goghali ... 85 Kamrai ... 292 Rameswarpur ... 293 Durgadaspur ... 301 Baikunthapur ... 302 Amra ... 303 Dampur ... 304 Kuchpala or Baral-bati ... 305 Arazi Duragdas-pur ... 306 Arazi Jagarnath-pur ... 307 Nagbal ... 308 Sikteh ... 309 Satithan ... 310 Kagji Faridpur ... 311 Deghghari ... 312 Dhomarapur ... 313 Degholsar ... 314 Jagarnathpur ... 316 Nabagram ... 317 Masora ... 292-364
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Dadpur ...	Hodla ... 284 Aima ... 285 Somsahra ... 286 Sarkhola ... 291 Haral ... 294 Krishnapur ... 295 Srirampur ... 296 Katagari ... 297 Sikandarpur ... 298 Katnl ... 299 Chak Mamrajpatti or Anantapur ... 300 Poinan ... 315 Mogalpur ... 318 Khorsat ... 319 Gandhapur ... 320 Maheshpur ... 321 Rasulpur ... 322 Bhandargara ... 323 Basdarun ... 324 Khidirpur ... 325 Jampur ... 326 Tamila Abhirampur ... 342 Dadpur ... 343
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Makhalpur ...	Podarpur in ... Kakuria ... 269 Kakuria ... 270

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Name of manuss constituting a local area.	
Hooghly...	Hooghly	Dadpur ...	Makhalpur...	Haringaria ...	277
				Dhamua ...	278
				Jote Rameswar ...	280
				Sikta ...	281
				Makhalpur ...	282
				Kagnan ...	283
				Hashnan ...	327
				Alipur ...	328
				Purat ...	329
				Barsorab ...	330
				Ghatampur ...	331
				Isteh ...	332
				Badisteh ...	333
				Kanaipukhur ...	334
				Dhananjaypur or Jhauband ...	335
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Babnan ...	Berubari ...	360
				Ganeshpur ...	336
				Madhabpur ...	337
				Mahishdanga ...	338
				Bamanjol ...	339
				Gobindapur ...	340
				Gaia ...	341
				Bhabanipur ...	344
				Naduria ...	345
				Gunpala ...	346
				Mulgram ...	347
				Maheshpur ...	348
				Babnan ...	349
				Gokulpur ...	350
				Amaria ...	351
Do. ...	Do. ...	Polba ...	Mahanad ...	Kadipara ...	352
				Ati ...	353
				Nubasan ...	354
				Nagarpara ...	1
				Kagjipara ...	2
				Sitla ...	3
				Megsar ...	4
				Ghospur ...	5
				Ramnathpur ...	6
				Paranchpur ...	12
				Salukgoreh ...	13
				Kotalparah ...	14
				Dakshinpara ...	15
				Radhakantapatti ...	16
				Harmala ...	17
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Akna ...	Rahimpur ...	18
				Balichora ...	19
				Dadpur ...	20
				Katalia ...	21
				Patna Bhairabpur ...	22
				Sudarsan ...	25
				Krishnabati or Mereh ...	49
				Jote Kalidas ...	50
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Khajurtola ...	51
				Kasimgar ...	52
				Birpara ...	53
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Radhanagar ...	54

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thani or police-station.	Name of union.	Name of mauzas constituting a local area.
Hooghly.	Hooghly.	Polba ...	Akna ...	Madhubati ... 55 Basudebbati ... 56 Malipara ... 57 Hedoapota, 4th ... 58 Ekbalpur ... 59 Rahatpur ... 60 Sultangachi ... 61 Kapastikri ... 62 Jote Kalidas or Khai ... 63 Gopalnagar ... 64 Sonatikri ... 65 Akna ... 66 Tapanpur ... 67 Dalimba ... 68 Hedoapota 2nd ... 69 Thaipara ... 70 Mahadeor ... 71 Kanaipur ... 72 Prasadpur ... 73 Machimpur ... 74 Manipur ... 79
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Rajhat ...	Serampur ... 46 Jagatpur 2nd ... 48 Nilchita ... 75 Hoseinabad ... 76 Rajeswaripur ... 77 Dhuliara ... 78 Jagatpur, 1st ... 80 Sripatipur ... 81 Ditto ... 82 Arazi Jagatpur ... 83 Bhogachi ... 84 Panchgara ... 85 Nalbona ... 86 Banagara ... 87 Jhapa ... 88 Keosana ... 89 Balora ... 90 Tarabehari ... 91 Kalimpur ... 92 Bhatua ... 93 Chautara ... 94 Arazi Kolora ... 95 Rudra Naupara ... 96 Nandipur ... 97 Kolora ... 98 Ampala ... 101 Ohak Gotu ... 102 Bhaturia (Bon) ... 104 Rajakat (Rajhat)... 92-182 Kismat Jote Chandi ... 104-183
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Polba ...	Kasundipur ... 23 Sangrampur ... 24 Gaula ... 26 Arazi Bhutobati... 27 Goalpara ... 28 Bhutobati ... 29 Khatni ... 30

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Names of manees constituting a local area.	
Hooghly...	Hooghly	Polba ...	Polba ...	Sarangpur ...	31
				Jadupur ...	38
				Mirjapur ...	40
				Shalapur ...	41
				Rajapur (Pownan)	42
				Shoa ...	43
				Ochai ...	44
				Hajipur or Bel-ghara ...	45
				Polba ...	47
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Gossain-Malpara.	Bhusali ...	7
				Dathra ...	8
				Shomsanda ...	9
				Shomsara ...	10
				Arazi Shomsara ...	11
				Keshabpur ...	32
				Malipara ...	33
				Popai or Kasipur	34
				Dhonichpur ...	35
				Chanpala ...	36
				Gurerjala ...	37
				Mirkhila ...	39
				Hodilpur ...	123
				Balikukori ...	124
				Dewanpara ...	127
Do. ...	Do ...	Do. ...	Harit ...	Haripur ...	128
				Popai, 2nd ...	124-184
				Darui ...	121
				Esabpur ...	122
				Harit ...	125
				Khorori ...	126
				Beta ...	129
				Sarup ...	130
				Daulatpur ...	131
				Basu ...	132
				Pajipukhur ...	133
				Haripur or Modafat ...	134
				Chanda Jote	
				Krishna ...	135
				Badinan ...	136
				Nonadanga ...	137
				Mosra ...	138
				Narayanpara ...	139
				Babnan, 2nd portion ...	140
				Komdhara ...	141
				Belatpur ...	142
				Chak Mona-Rasia	143
				Khurigachi ...	144
				Payan ...	145
				Aima Haripur ..	146
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Amnan ...	Barun Naupara ...	105
				Kapasgoreh ...	106
				Arazi Jote Chandi	107
				Ramnagar ...	108
				Mamudpur ...	109
				Alinagar ...	110
				Arsapota or Shijia	111
				Dastampur ...	112

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Names of manzams constituting a local area.	
Hooghly...	Hooghly	Polba ...	Amnan ...	Ekdaleh ...	113
				Bhaturia ...	114
				Amnan ...	115
				Banslahi ...	116
				Aimakakar Bheri ...	117
				Bhaturia ...	118
				Purabjolarbheri ...	119
				Naupukhuria ...	120
				Dakatiar Bheri ...	147
				Kari Char Bheri ...	148
				Kachna ...	149
				Ughli ...	150
				Duber Bheri or Jalkar Gopinathpur ...	151
				Gurjoania ...	152
				Ranir Bheri ...	153
				Maheshwarbati ...	154
				Ramsaranpur ...	155
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Sugandhya...	Panchrukhi ...	99
				Purusottambati ...	100
				Gotu ...	103
				Binodpur ...	156
				Nandan Chak ...	157
				Nijampur ...	158
				Ranagacha ...	159
				Bahir Ranagacha ...	160
				Khairajole ...	161
				Dogachhia ...	162
				Dhum ...	163
				Narayanpara ...	164
				Chak Narayanpara ...	165
				Jadabpur ...	166
				Piradanga ...	167
				Jarura ...	168
				Aranga ...	169
				Dadpur ...	170
				Kamdebpur ...	171
				Patul ...	172
				Sugandha ...	173
				Mirpukhur ...	174
				Amarpur ...	175
				Jagarnathbati ...	176
				Mahespur ...	177
				Amdabaj ...	178
				Bhusnera ...	179
				Sankarbati ...	180
				Anantapur ...	181
Do. ...	Do. ...	Chinsura	Akha Debanandapur.	Hajipur ...	64
				Bag Babubag ...	65
				Bag Krishnapur ...	66
				Krishnapur ...	67
				Chandrapur ...	68
				Iswarbaha ...	73
				Debanandapur ...	74
				Manuspur ...	75
				HariGrapur ...	76
				Khandarpur ...	77
				Bhede ...	78

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Names of manees constituting a local area.	
Hooghly ..	Hooghly	Chinsura	Akha Debanandapur.	Kazidanga ...	79
				Serampur ...	80
				Naldanga ...	81
				Narayanpur ...	93
				Shyampur ...	94
				Kodalia ...	95
				Kanagoreh ...	96
				Akna ...	97
				Benabhaori ...	98
				Simla or Harishpur ...	99
				Arazi Debipur ...	100
				Chak Mircha ...	101
Do. ..	Do. ...	Magra ..	Magra	Jaykrishnabati ...	21
				Dadpur ...	22
				Demra ...	23
				Banipur ...	24
				Madhusudanpur ...	25
				Raghunathpur ...	26
				Jajirchar Madhusudanpur. ...	27
				Char Madhusudanpur ...	28
				Refaetpur ...	29
				Jatrasudi ...	30
				Baudapara ...	31
				Gaharpur ...	32
				Hajipur ...	33
				Jote Kalyan ...	34
				Raghabpur ...	35
				Baghati ...	37
				Sripur ...	38
				Ramkrishnabati... ..	39
				Ahmedghat 2nd ...	40
				Banipur ...	41
				Ahmedghata ...	42
				Kota ...	43
				Alikhoja or Shekpara ...	44
				Minajpur ...	45
				Gajghanta ..	46
				Mithapukhar ...	52
				Chak Bansberia ...	53
				Eklaspore ...	54
				Dnaramnagar ...	55
				Arazi Minajpur ...	56
				Dingalhat ...	57
				Namajgaon ...	58
				Chak Kalandar or Nalanda ...	59
				Heria ...	60
				Trisbigha ..	61
				Satgram ...	63
				Chhoti Khajura ..	69
				Bara Khajura ..	70
				Teghari ...	72
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. .	Digam Hoera	Haiara ...	1
				Gauarpota ..	2
				Rajipur ...	3

Name of District Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of Local Board in whose jurisdiction the union is constituted.	Name of thana or police-station.	Name of union.	Names of manees constituting a Local area.
Hooghly	Hooghly	Magra ...	Digsui Hoera	Chaparoi or Ray- pur ... 4 Madhupur or Gana ... 5 Talandu or Rani- pur ... 6 Taragaon Maha- debpur ... 7 Tahirpur ... 8 Fatehpur ... 9 Mahmudpur ... 10 Kabirhati ... 11 Rajarambati ... 12 Naksa ... 13 Bharatpur 1st ... 14 Hidoapota 1st ... 15 Purusottampur ... 16 Bharatpur 2nd ... 17 Hidoapota 3rd ... 18 Ahmedghata ... 19 Hasghura ... 20 Dahar Chaklai ... 119 Bagrai ... 120 Malancha ... 121 Digsui ... 122 Raipur ... 123 Sultanpur ... 124

2. In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act, the Governor in Council is pleased to establish union boards for each of the unions hereby declared and to fix 9 as the number of member of each union board.

3. In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 6 of the said Act, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that one-third of the members of each union board shall be appointed by the District Magistrate on the grounds that the electors are inexperienced and that such appointment is necessary for the due representations of minorities.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to the provisions of section 565 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, it is hereby notified that the General Committee of the Corporation propose to make an additional by-law, 37A, to the Theatre by-laws made under section 559 (52) of the said Act. Draft of the proposed by-law is published for information as follows:—

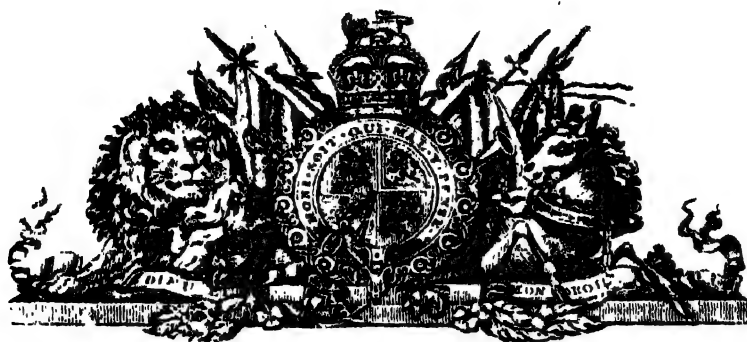
PROPOSED BY-LAW

“37A.—No naked lights of any kind whatsoever shall be used on the stage except with the previous special permission of the Chairman obtained for any particular occasion.”

Any person having any objection to the proposed by-law may submit the same so as to reach the undersigned on or before the 16th April 1920, after which date the matter will be further proceeded with.

J. C. MUKERJEA,
Secretary to the Corporation.

CENTRAL MUNICIPAL OFFICE, the 24th February 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1920.

PART IC.

Educational Notices.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS, CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

• NAMES of Munshis qualified to teach Urdu can be had on application to the undersigned. A complete list is published in the *Gazette of India* Part II. •

O. F. JENKINS.

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET,
CALCUTTA, the 31st October 1916.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1920.

PART II.

Advertisements.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz. the 12th March 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Nadia will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
8188 2	Begamabad, pargana Begamabad.	.....	No	Annas 2 pies 8 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Devendra Narayan Singha.	2,375 15 0	.....	375 0 0	Attached under order of Sub-Judge of Krishnagar in his money execution case No. 5 of 1917.

Krishnagar, the 25th February 1920.

M. N. BHATTACHARJ1, for Collector.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 18, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 12th January 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
214	Ph. Batitaki, mahal Phulcheri.	Rs. A. P. 1,609 3 0	.....	Residuary share excluding N. A. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 only. The following mauzas will be sold— Mauza— Sitiibatitaki. Abhaya Mukundapur. Antidauger. Baja. Bhatbari. Bhuyan. Bhojpur. Chhatrisbatya. Dahuka. Dangarpura. Dasagram. Durgachak. Dharmachak. Kagrine. Khaidangar. Phulcheri. Garugaria chak. Gurhi. Gobinda chak. Gobindapur. Gopal barh. Jamaris. Joti. Kalaunkichota. Karanji. Kalkachak. Kunarpore. Katali. Khagra-bheri. Khondarbhari. Khurmi. Lakhanda. Madhubarh. Mahamad chak. Mohanandi chak. Mogusa. Mukundapur hat. Palasidakhin. Radha Mohan chak. Ram chak. Ramdangar. Sulbani. Simulya. Siruchak. Suriha. Soudhar chak. Srichandrapore. Tapala. Tala. Talaitha. Trilochanpur. 9 as. 11 gds 1 kb. 1 dt. share each of the above mauzas will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Srimatya Ramani Moni Das, guardian of Amulya Chandra Jana and another, minors.	Rs. A. P. 954 3 2	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 73 2 3	Rs. A. P.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that, unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 28th March 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th June at 12 o'clock for the said arrears :—

N. B.—When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
314	Ph. Batitaki, m. Phulbhery.	Rs. A. P. 1,602 3 0	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 only. No. 11g. 1 kt. 1 dt. share of the following each of the mauzas will be sold :— Mauzas Sibbatitaki, Abhoyamukunda- pur, Astidangar, Boja, Bhatbari, Bhuyan, Bhojpur, Chatrisbotya, Dohuka, Dangarpura, Dasagram, Durgochak, Dharmachak, Ragerya, Esaidangar, Fulbhery, Garhgarhya- chak, Gurhi, Gobindachak, Gobinda- pur, Gopalbari, Jainaria, Joti, Kalankichhata, Karahi, Kalikachak, Knuarpur, Koral, Khagrabheri, Khandarbhery, Khursai, Lakshanda, Madhubari, Mahamedchak, Mahanandichak, Masaga, Mukundapurhat, Palasidakhin, Modhamshonechak, Ram- chak, Ramdangar, Saibani, Simulya, Seruchak, Suriha, Sanadharachak, Brichandanpur, Tapsia, Tala, Taladiha, Trilochanpur. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Ramani Mani Dasiguardian of Amulya Chandra Jana and another minor.	Rs. A. P. 954 3 2	.....	Rs. A. P. 828 5 0	.....
3246	Ph. Nabang, m. Mo'ar.	1,302 1 0	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. No. 1. 8a share of the estate will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Krishna Das Mondal and another.	651 0 6	.....	112 0 0	.....

Midnapore, the 17th February 1920.

A. W. Cook, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate and shares of estates in the district of Tippera will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 12 o'clock, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2690	Dafara Charipara mauza, ph. Bardakhat Mendi Pattant Taluq.	Rs. A. P. 1,76 8 7	Whole ...	.....	Nabin Chandra Bhadra	...	74 14 2	...
2703	Daulatpur Jowar, ph. Bardakhat Tape Kurikhal.	3,437 10 2	Do. ...	.....	Ebrahim Ali ...	...	1,145 13 10	...
2704	Dhanapali Khala Jowar, pn. Bardakhat.	2,616 0 0	Do. ...	.....	Ram Gopal De ...	...	230 11 6	...
2732	Tinchita Jowar, ph. Bardakhat.	940 3 9	Do. ...	.....	Jagabandhu Sur	...	411 4 11	...
2734	Tamptaputia Jowar, ph. Bardakhat.	2,839 3 6	Do. ...	.....	Bala Gad Dhula	...	236 9 10	...

Comilla, the 17th February 1920.

D. H. WARES, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Midnapore, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
213	Ph. Batitaki, m. Paigirya.	630 1 8	Entire	.....	Jatindra Behari Datta and others.	.....	16 5 6	.....
1014	Ph. Kosiiorah, m. Rajnagar.	1,100 12 6 (including Police).	.....	Residuary share, excluding S. A. Nos. 1 to 4. 11a, 5gd. 3a. 2kt. share of the estate will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chaudhuri Dwarka Nath Maity and others.	778 4 5 (including police.)	.....	10 10 0
9081	Ph. Protapbhan, m. Kotibari.	6,329 9 9	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 only. The following shares of the mauzas will be sold :— Mauza— A. Gads. Alladi chak 0 14 20 Adam chak 0 14 20 Anua 4 14 20 Bighanibar 4 14 20 Birahim chak 4 14 20 Boltchak 2 4 20 Bhairabbandi 0 14 20 Farid chak 5 9 20 Gangra 4 14 20 Gobardhanpur 2 4 20 Gobinda chak 2 4 20 Gokulpur 1 9 20 Gopal chak 2 4 20 Ghorasallya chak 2 4 20 Husen chak 5 9 20 Jamhar 5 9 20 Joki chak 0 14 20 Kankai 5 9 20 Kalka chak 5 9 20 Kasab chak 1 9 20 Kotebari 4 14 20 Kharan 1 9 20 Iachibbar 4 14 20 Narsingpur 1 9 20 Neyamtaiya 4 14 20 Oyad chak 5 9 20 Oudpur chak 1 9 20 Paschim Rai 5 9 20 Purumattampur 1 3 20 Raghunathpur 5 9 20 Rangl chak 5 9 20 Ramhar 4 14 20 Raja chak 1 9 20 Sat Sanda 0 14 20 Sultan chak 4 14 20 Taghori 0 14 20 Uttan 6 4 20 Krishnapur 1 9 20 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Choudhuri Radha Nath Pahari and others.	1,175 1 3	.....	281 2 11 (September 1919 and January 1920).
2427	Ph. Sahapur, m. Hasimpur.	1,013 16 6 (including police.)	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1 and 2 only. The following shares of the mauzas will be sold :— Mauza— A. Allagar Gourang 16 Regul 16 Chak Kumar 16 Hasimpur 16 Barnischinta 16 Nij Hasimpur 16 Turadighi 16 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Bhadataran Das and others.	708 8 10	.....	9 15

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate and shares of estates in the district of Dacca, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920, at 12 A.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tinzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
21	Pargana Durgapur, Ramkishore Bose.	Rs. A. P. 5,849 14 0	....	Residue hisya 2a. 14gds. 3kr. 7dl.	Jasada Lal Rai Chandhuri and others.	Rs. A. P. 1,316 15 2	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 256 5 5
31	Dirto ...	5,849 14 0	.....	S. A. No. 1, hisya 2a. 7gds. 3kr. 1kt. 17 dl. All shares other than those specified above will be excluded from sale. S. A. Nos. 2 to 15, 18 to 22 and 24, aggregating to 10a. 17gds. 3kr. 1kt. and 16dl.	Sachirani Chandhuri and others.	912 4 5	.....	350 5 5
564	Pargana Bhrampur, taluk Itam Kishore Bose.	779 0 3	.....	Residue hisya 11a. 5gds. All shares other than those specified above will be excluded from sale. S. A. Nos. 1 and 2 aggregating to 4a. 15gds. share.	Bhagabati Bisi and others.	596 5 1	.....	10 6 0
9089	Pargana Nasli, kt. Fokulati in char Krimaspura.	1,788 8 0	18 annas...	.....	Mr. K. B. Dutta, Receiver for Shudhir Chandra Das and other proprietors, settled from 1st April 1915 to 31st March 1920, 15 years.	.....	109 6 0	.....
10622	Pargana Sinduri, surplus to char Kataria.	2,304 0 0	16 ,, ...	.....	Surendra Krishna Dutta and Dvijendra Krishna Dutta.	.....	800 0 0	.....
10946	Surplus to mauza Bilkainata.	649 0 0	16 ,, ...	.....	Mr. F. W. Needham, Manager, Court of Wards Estate, Saraju Bala Debi and Bihabati Debi and others, settled from 1st April 1915 to 31st March 1920, 15 years.	.....	67 12 0	.....
13540	Pargana Nasli, parcel of land excluded from estate No. 10604.	564 8 0	16 ,, ...	.....	Bhupendra Chandra Chakraverty and others, settled from 1st April 1915 to 31st March 1920, 15 years.	.....	4 3 0	.....
15730	Deorah mahal char Rukhtour.	1,665 0 0	16 ,, ...	.....	Mr. F. W. Needham, Manager, Court of Wards for Saraju Bala Debi and others, and other proprietors, settled from November 1915 to March 1920, 15 years.	.....	60 0 0	.....
16037	Pargana Baradukhat, taluk Chandra Nat. Saha Bhowmik.	1,788 3 0	16 ,, ...	.....	Chandra Nath Saha Bhowmik and others.	.....	447 0 0	.....

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, read with section 11 of Act, VII (B.C.) of 1868, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Noakhali will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

N.B.—When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.		Khas Mahal Tenures.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1674	Nakhira, Tenure No. 1	14,517 14 0	Whole ...	.....	Monsam Hossain Choudhuri.	.....	Rent— 7,308 15 0 Cost— 475 15 0 7,734 14 0	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No. 1.	2,999 7 0	Do. ...	.....	Srimati Asmalenasa Choudhuran.	.....	Rent— 1,318 9 6 Cost— 65 0 0 1,391 9 6	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No. 24.	615 6 0	Do. ...	.....	Gagan Chandra Shikder and others.	.....	Rent— 271 3 0 Cost— 24 4 0 294 7 0	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No. 49.	502 9 0	Do. ...	.....	Renu Mee and others	.....	Rent— 304 7 0 Cost— 18 2 0 322 9 0	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No. 52.	1,132 11 0	Do. ...	.....	Ditto	.....	Rent— 480 2 0 Cost— 28 11 6 488 12 4	.....
1686	Char Alexandra, Tenure No. 1.	761 4 0	Do. ...	.....	Seesal Huq Mee and others.	.....	Rent— 509 4 0 Cost— 38 8 0 547 12 0	.....

Noakhali, the 16th February 1920.

R. M. DAS, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Jessore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 24th March 1920, at noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.		A. G. C. K.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
5041-1	Dihl Kurara pargana Rajpur.	.....	No.	15 3 1 1	Rai Kamalini Debysa and others.	885 12 0	.....	55 9 54

Jessore, the 17th February 1920.

J. C. MAJUMDAR, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Pabna will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 24th March 1920, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue :—

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tauzi number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	Debi Bhadrachhet, pargana Isfahani.	1,951 8 0	Whole ...	.....	Aghore Kumar Gango-padhya.	.....	364 0 9	.....
205	Chak Gobindapur, pargana Katermehal.	1,500 0 0	.....	* Residuary share 8 as, 1 gd. 3 c. 3 kg. 13½ til share of (1) Balakumar, (2) Durgaram Bakshi chak kismat, Pansha, (3) Goreswar kismat, (4) Ghoregram kismat, with chak Harirampur, 8 as. 16 gds. 3 c. 3 k. 13½ til of Gobindapur chak. 1 a. 13 gds. 1 c. 1 kg. 6½ til share of Shajual with chak Frankishua Bidhanta.	Suresh Chandra Lahiri and others.	602 12 0	.....	20 11 3
104	Pargana Islampur...	24,329 3 0 Police, 270 15 0	.....	* S. A. No. 2, 2 as. 13 gds. 1 c. 1 kt. share of the estate Arkandi, Atas-khandiar Bunan Purnajari state Narayanpur, Biswanathpur, Barkhanpur, Lakshimpur, Mukarimpur diara.	Devendra Narayan Singh.	4,054 12 3 Police, 45 3 0	.....	1,616 11 9 Police, 12 7 0
104	Ditto ...	24,329 3 0 Police, 270 15 0	.....	* S. A. No. 3, 2 as. 13 gds. 1 c. 1 kt. share of the estate.	Narendra Narayan Singha	4,054 12 3 Police, 45 3 0	.....	266 4 9
115	T. Bharrera, pargana Bazirmah Nazirpur.	916 15 0	.....	* Residuary share, 16 as. share of Jamna, Bhurara and Mahadebpur and Jote Khalsa.	Jahedali Khan and others.	662 7 0	.....	27 15 9

* All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.

Pabna, the 12th February 1920.

S. C. SEN, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Birbhum will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 12 A.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4	Seobhum, pargana Seobhum.	41,216 1 9	.....	Separate account No. 20, 4 gds. 1 c. 7 dautis, share of manza Raipm, Radhanagar, Jungia Chawpahari, and Jungikari Lalaganj, 1 gd. 3 c. 3 kgs. 5 lbs. share of manza Gobindapur, Bahadurganj, Nawabad, Maigora and Simulia chak and 4 as. share of Mohuti, Khatlapara, Abhirampur, Manasulpur, Narainpur, Miralim chak, Pirojpur, Khanpur, alias Anpur, Kasimnagar, Barulpur, chak Bahari and, Gayirdanga. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale.	Prmananda Singha and others.	704 15 11	.....	306 1 1
51	Purandarpur, pargana Purandarpur.	6,307 6 0	.....	Residuary share, 3 as. 10 gds., share of the whole estate except S. A. Nos. 1 to 6. All other shares and others than that specified will be excluded from sale.	Nritiva Gopal Bhatta-charya and others.	985 4 3	.....	39 5 7

Suri the 21st February 1920.

H. C. ROSE, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, read with section 11 of Act VII (B. C.) of 1868, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Noakhali will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 A.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue :—

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tauzi number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
14	Sundwip. Hisey 4a. 2g. 1k., Barap Bhabani Charani, pargana Sundwip.	Rs. A. P. 19,598 6 10	Share ...	Separate account No. 1, Hisey 2 a. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandra Sekher Datta Tewari and others.	2,424 12 5	.....	Land Revenue— 622 3 7 Cess— 693 3 0 1315 6 7
208	Suk Char, pargana Zastira	2,094 0 0	Whole ...	.....	Safulla as father guardian of Asiol Hing and others.	.....	Land revenue— 41 10 0 Cess— 500 1 3 541 11 3	.....
210	Niz Sundwip, pargana Sundwip.	22,436 0 0	Share ...	Separate account No. 1, Hisey 1 a. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandra Sekher Datta Tewari and others.	1,402 3 0	.....	Land Revenue— 408 2 6 Cess— 216 3 4 624 5 10
1882	Thak Muklad Sola suna.	1,095 4 0	Whole ...	.....	Bhim Senker Datta Tewari and others.	.....	Land revenue— 0 6 7 Cess— 7 13 1 8 2 8	.....

Noakhali, the 16th February 1920.

R. M. DAS, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Nadia will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tauzi number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
491 2	Sidipur, pargana Rajpur.	Rs. A. P.	No ...	2 a. 13 gds. 1 o. and 1 kranti. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Deb Kumari Das, executrix to the estate of Purna Chandra Mustafi and Tarak Das Das, mother, on behalf of Kali Das Lal and others, minors.	3,048 15 8	.....	182 10 8
491 6	Ditto ...	..	No ...	1 a. 6 gds. 2 o. 2 kranti. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	1. Deb Kumari Das, executrix to the estate of Purna Chandra Mustafi. 2. Sarat Chandra Mustafi and others.	1,521 15 10	.....	92 13 7
871	Nandapara, pargana Sahaulal.	976 0 0	Whole ...	.....	Siva Sundari Dasaya ...	.....	307 0 0	.....

Krishnagar, the 13th February 1920.

M. N. BHATTACHARJI, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Rangpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920, at 11 A.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

N.B.—When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Taxi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
42-1	Kazirhat, hieya annas, pargana Chakla Kazirhat.	10,435 6 4	No	One anna four pies share of the estate. Separate account No. 1. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Horimoti Debi, wife of Raj Kumar Ghoshal.	869 9 8	.....	224 13 9
42-4	Ditto	10,435 6 4	No	Two annas share of the estate with the exception of manzars :— (1) Pochapukur kismet. (2) Manthana kismet. Two annas share of manzars Pochapukur kismet and Manthana kismet. Separate account No. 4. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	1. Jnanoda Debi. 2. Mohammad Ansuallah Sha Chowdhuri. 3. Mohammad Rohimullah Sha Chowdhuri. 4. Mohammad Naimullah Sha Chowdhuri. 5. Mohammad Amirullah Sha Chowdhuri. 6. Mohammad Saritullah Sha Chowdhuri.	1,304 6 10	.....	309 3 3
42-5	Ditto	10,435 6 4	No	Eight pies share of the mahal. Separate account No. 5. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Lakshmi Sashi Debi, mother and guardian of Sotangini Debi, Shebait of Raghunath Bigraha.	584 13 0	.....	117 6 6
308	Bengla O'gyraha manza, pargana Peri Khalisha.	647 8 8	Whole estate.	16 annas share	1. Sarat Kamal Debys ... 2. Ananda Charan Roy. 3. Satish Chandra, Gopal Chandra and Kishish Chandra Roy. 4. Hriday Mohini Dasgupta and Satish Chandra Roy, guardians on behalf of Charu Chandra Roy and Profulla Chandra Roy. 5. Chandra Kishore Roy.	.....	45 9 4	.....

Rangpur, the 18th February 1920.

J. C. SEN, for Collector.

Notification of sale.

NOTICE is hereby given under Sections 6 and 13 of the Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of 24-Parganas, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which are realisable as arrears of land revenue

Taxi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.					Rs. A. P.	
366	Dehi Medan molla, pargana Medan molla.	1,398 1 0	Whole estate.	.....	Lotful Khatir and others.	...	396 5 0½	-
487	Abad Simulberia and others, Pargana Panchabali.	560 3 4	Do	.....	Abdur Rahman Khan	...	243 10 3	...

Alipore, the 21st February 1920

HEN CHANDRA CHATTERJI, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 15th March 1920 at 12 A.M., for arrears of revenue defaulted during the kist ending the 25th December 1919 and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share—

Tausl No	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadu Jaria of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadu jaria of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
41	Th. Sathania, Lt. Abdul Fazal.	643 3 7	Whole ...	.....	Abdul Wahed Khan and others.	.....	251 7 6	.....
296	Th. Town and Sitakund, Lt. Bakshali.	926 14 0	Share ...	Residuary share with extent of interest, 10s. 4p. 17kts. will be sold.	Jakerail Choudhuri and others.	608 3 0	.....	374 12 9
478	Th. Hathasari, Raosen, Paliya Town and Fatok-chori, Lt. Briudaban Choudhuri.	3,488 0 7	Do. ...	Residuary share with an extent of interest 6as. will be sold.	Himangshu Bimal Rai and others.	922 8 6	.....	666 12 9
963	Th. Raosen, Lt. Fathesing.	3,268 3 0	Whole ..	.....	Shri. Mathuria Debysa for minor son Raj Narayan Hazari.	.....	396 7 6	.....
1143	Th. Sathania, Lt. mausa Harina, Lt. Maugat Ram Hazari.	692 13 0	Do. ...	.....	Md. Latu Bahaddar ...	.....	338 0 2	.....
1238	Th. Paliya, Hathasari, Raosen and Town, Lt. Inas Aup.	2,365 18 8	Share ..	Residuary share with an extent of interest, 10 as. 8 p. will be sold.	Ramdhon Choudhuri and others.	1,808 8 10	.....	389-14 9
1343	Th. Sathania, Bandkhali, Paliya O. S., Auyara, Lt. Imambakha.	697 0 6	Whole ...	.....	Abdul Raup Khan and another.	.....	315 11 10	.....
1749	Th. Paliya and Sathania, Lt. Muhammad Ali and Rostum Ali.	3,483 3 6	Share ...	Residuary share with an extent of interest 6 as. will be sold.	Dhirendra Lal Gupta for self and for Sachindra Kumar Gupta and others.	1,806 3 4	.....	391 12 10
1479	Ditto	3,483 3 6	Do. ...	Share No. 3 Upendra Lal Gupta and others to the extent of interest 6 as. will be sold.	Upendra Lal Gupta self and for Sasanka Shekar Gupta and others.	1,806 3 4	.....	391 12 9
1934	Th. Sathania, Miruwari, Hathasari, Paliya, Raosen, Town Raugonia, Bandkhali and Sitakunda, Lt. Md. Arshad Syed.	942 8 0	Whole ...	.....	Bidhu Bhuan Rai and others.	.....	310 3 6	.....
20175	Th. Ramoo, M. Mitthachari, Lt. Md. Kaloo and Kamarii.	518 5 6	Do. ...	.....	Sarada Kripa Lala ...	.....	326 12 2	.....
23641	Th. Chakaria, M. Dulahara Kaloo, Lt. Kasbi Choudra S. N. son of late Daul Das Sen, of Gairala.	1,056 3 0	Do. ...	.....	Awar Ali Shikdar and others.	.....	342 11 6	.....

Chittagong, the 20th January 1920.

A. H. OLSON, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Faridpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920 at 11 A.M. for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
280	Panchash Hazari, pargana Kasimnagar.	Rs. A. P. 3,683 7 0	Whole ...	.....	Surendra Nath Saha and others.	.....	Rs. A. P. 115 7 0	.....
2486	Zamindari Thakur Das, Ram Das Goswami, pargana Bahadr.	Rs. A. P. 23,623 7 4	No ...	Residuary or separate account No. 2 to the extent of 6 annas share of the estate. The following shares of the above estate are excluded from sale— Separate account No. 1, 6 annas share Ditto " 3, 2 " " Ditto " 4, 3 " "	Norendra Krishna Chakraverty, co-heir of goddess Bhubaneswari Devi, Shibalinga Shikram, Chandra Bigraba and others.	Rs. A. P. 16,967 11 9	.....	Rs. A. P. 2,902 11 11
2426	Ditto ...	Rs. A. P. 23,623 7 4	No ...	Separate account No. 4 to the extent of 2 annas share of the estate. The following shares of the above estate are excluded from sale— Residuary or separate account No. 3, 6 annas share. Separate account No. 1, 6 annas share Ditto " 3, 2 " "	Jogendra Nath Saha Chaudhury and others.	Rs. A. P. 5,322 2 11	.....	Rs. A. P. 934 11 10
6468	Tasput, pargana Jalalpur.	Rs. A. P. 960 0 0	Whole	.....	Mosur Howladar and others.	.....	Rs. A. P. 226 0 0	.....

B. K. GHOSH, for Collector.

Faridpur, the 12th February 1920.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Hugli, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920 at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
193	Mallik Hat, pargana Boro.	Rs. A. P. 3,526 13 0	Nil ...	400. 18gds. ...	Ashutosh Ghosh and 4 others.	Rs. A. P. 777 0 4	Rs. A. P. Nil	Rs. A. P. 76 8 7
4089	Kalupkhuria, pargana Jehanabad.	Rs. A. P. 15,518 0 0	Do. ...	200. 18gds. 10. 1k. share of entire estate except mauza Kalupkhuria Debbanda and Mamedpur.	Nagendra Nath Roy and 3 others.	Rs. A. P. 1,708 3 11	Do. ...	Rs. A. P. 80 7 6

Hugli Collectorate, the 14th February 1920.

K. L. MOOKERJEE, for Collector.

Notice of Sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 8, Act XIV of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk, within the Cox's Bazar khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919:—

No. of tenure.	Name of mauza, thana and mahal.	Name of talukdar.	SADAR JAMA.		AMOUNT OF ARREARS FOR WHICH THE TENURE IS TO BE SOLD.		
			Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
159-2	Thana Teknaf, mauza Teknaf, Noabad taluk Fatch Chowdhuri.	Brimati Khema Chowdhuri and Brimati Nhabakob Chowdhuri, daughter of Thaw Chowdhuri of Teknaf.	Rs. A. P. 1,374 1 2	Rs. A. P. 88 10 0	Rs. A. P. 438 11 0	Rs. A. P. 22 8 0	Rs. A. P. 462 3 0
509-8	Thana Teknaf, mauza Lengurbil, Noabad taluk Thaw Chowdhuri.	Ditto	798 0 0	44 4 6	200 0 0	16 2 4	216 2 4
69-94	Thana Ramoo, mauza Patil Masukhall, Noabad taluk Ear Mohammad.	Chandra Kumar Patil, son of Gobardhan Patil, of Serta.	910 5 0	85 10 8	570 11 6	50 9 0	621 4 6
79-101	Thana Ramoo, mauza Patil Masukhall, Noabad taluk Samad Ali.	Nur Muhammad, son of Harban Ali Chowdhuri, of Patil Masukhall.	901 2 0	101 0 6	369 7 0	32 11 6	392 2 6
90-122	Thana Ramoo, mauza Kharulis, Noabad taluk Baksh Ali.	Wasad Ali Chowdhuri, Sher Ali Chowdhuri, sons of, and Srimati Bohimanssa Chowdhuri, daughter of Mohabat Ali Chowdhuri of Jaldi, thana Benikhall.	688 9 0	44 6 2	280 5 6	37 11 6	314 1 0
293-306	Thana Chakaria, mauza Baraitah, Noabad taluk Ali Mohamed.	Sarada Kripa Lala, son of Prachari Lala, of Papadia.	4,359 12 0	383 2 2	439 15 0	107 3 0	1,347 3 0
294-307	Thana Chakaria, mauza Harbhag, Noabad taluk Mobarak Ali.	Sher Ali Khan, son of Ajamala Khan, of Harbhag.	929 14 0	86 2 0	232 8 0	21 0 0	263 8 0
295-308	Thana Chakaria, mauza Harbhag, Noabad taluk Lal Mohamed.	Nural Huda Khan, Shamul Huda Khan, minor son of Srimati Joydeb Khatun, Srimati Torha Khatun, minor daughter of Sultan Amir Ali Khan, guardianship of his uncle Solomon Khan, son of Ajamala Khan, of Harbhag, and another.	1,486 14 0	155 1 8	185 14 0	25 5 9	211 3 9

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector. *

Notice of Sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6 of Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluks within the Satkania khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919:—

Number.	Name of mauza, thana and mahal.	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA.		AMOUNT OF ARREARS FOR WHICH THE TENURE IS TO BE SOLD.		
			Rent.	Cesses.	Rent.	Cesses.	Total.
8-403	Thana Benikhall, mauza Puichari, mahal Noabad, taluk Mobarakali and Baksh Ali.	Karamat Ali Chowdhury, son of Anwar Ali Chowdhury, of Puichari, and Sher Ali Khan of Harbhag.	Rs. A. P. 3,128 0 0	Rs. A. P. 442 10 8	Rs. A. P. 781 4 0	Rs. A. P. 115 8 6	Rs. A. P. 394 12 6
5415-4796	Thana Satkania, mauza Baraitah, mahal Noabad, taluk Lal Md. Daroga.	Sarada Kripa Lala and Girja Kripa Lala, sons of Pran Hari Lala, of Papadia.	1,062 12 0	144 0 0	85 12 0	36 0 2	121 12 2
5674-5669	Thana Satkania, mauza Paharchunda, mahal Noabad, taluk Nilman.	Srimati Biabibi Chowdhuri, wife of Abdul Bari Khan and Abdul Rouf Khan, of Garangia, Jagat Chandra Bhattacharji of Chanchara.	681 10 0	109 1 0	407 4 2	68 2 6	476 6 8
6239-5617	Thana Satkania, mauza Charamba, mahal Noabad, taluk Kalkinger.	Kalies Chandra Chowdhury, Pusma Chandra Chowdhury, sons of Ram Suran Chowdhury and Pran Hari Chowdhury of Charamba.	1,965 12 0	147 10 2	478 4 6	28 16 6	516 3 0

Chittagong, 28th January 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within the Sadar khas mahal in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 16th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919 :—

Serial No.	Number of taluk.	Name of taluk with its situation.	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA.		ARREARS.		
				Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
1	888 20184	Thana Town, mauza Bakalla, taluk Ahmad Ali.	Musahi Mosharaf Ali and Abdul Aziz and others.	Rs. A. P. 1,755 4	Rs. A. P. 228 9 8	Rs. A. P. 7 5 8	Rs. A. P. 52 12 3	Rs. A. P. 60 1 6
2	4680 22844 564	Thana Mirsaral, mauza Joypur-bajor, taluk Aminullah.	Prasanna Kumar Kar and Kail Kumar and others.	693 2	100 12 6	47 16 0.	0 6 6	43 5 6
3	4372 22878	Thana Paticokhery, mauza Jaskhole, taluk Syerah Khan.	Sin. Latifa Khatun Chowdhurani.	2,478 12	231 12 6	618 8 0	57 10 6	676 2 6

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B. C.) of 1868, Act II (B. C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within the Patiya khas mahal in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 16th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cess remaining unpaid on 26th December 1919.

Number of taluka.	Name of taluka with situation.	Name of proprietor.	ANNUAL JAMA.		ARREARS.		
			Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
1 6749 6749 292	Thana Patiya, mauza Dhopechari, taluk Keramat Ali and Kamalpur.	Khanzapura Jubaraj, son of Bangang Chalapurn of Banderban.	Rs. A. P. 844 0 0	Rs. A. P. 177 8 0	Rs. A. P. 211 0 0	Rs. A. P. 41 6 0	Rs. A. P. 258 6 0

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B. C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within Roazan khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 25th December 1919.

Serial No.	Number of taluk.	Name of taluk with its situation.	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA.		ARREARS.		
				Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
1	6440 21809	Mauza Debipur, Kodantali thana, Rauguni mahal, Noabad taluk Kalinda Barua.	Romek Charan Roy and others.	Rs. A. P. 612 12 9	Rs. A. P. 51 2 8	Rs. A. P. 240 3 0	Rs. A. P. 12 12 6	Rs. A. P. 352 15 6

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land no longer required by Government situated along the Ranaghat-Khulna Eastern Bengal Railway, in the district of Jessore, will be put up to sale at 12-30 o'clock on Friday, the 9th of April 1920, corresponding with the 27th Chaitra, 1326 B. S., at Bongaon subdivisional office.

The purchasers of the several plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavation on the land nearer than fifteen feet from the railway boundary or to plough the land nearer than three feet from the same.
- 2nd—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale reckoning the date of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.
- 4th—The plots of land will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders.
- 5th—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Commissioner confirming the sale.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. G.	Acres in decimals.	Reasons for exclusion.	Acres in decimals.		
1	Jessore...	Pargana Jaypur, mauza Oltagharia.	21 to 22	South ...	4 16 3	1.89	...	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2. South—By Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
2	Do. ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	39 1 6	9.61	...	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Rajendra Nath Ghose's land, Rishibar Madak's bamboo garden, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's jack fruit garden, Rishibar Madak's land, Narayan Biswas' land. South—By Satta Mondal's land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Rishibar Madak's land, Rajendra Nath Ghose's land, Mallal Ray Chaudhury's land, Rishibar Madak's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 3. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 1.
3	Do. ...	Ditto ...	24 to 25	Do. ...	32 5 4	7.37	...	...	...	North—By Narayan Biswas' land, Bhola Nath Sardar's land, Mahim Sardar's land, Panchanan Chatterji's plantain garden, Bhaban Mondal's land, Narayan Mondal's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4. South—By Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2.
4	Do. ...	Ditto ...	25 to 26	Do. ...	34 16 8	8.24	...	...	...	North—By Ramal Ray Chaudhury's land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Adhar Biswas' land, Mukhanlal Ghose's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 5. South—By Kali Mandal's land, Narayan Mandal's land, Adhar Mondal's land, Keshab Sardar's land, Mohim Sardar's land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
5	Do. ...	Ditto ...	26 to 27	Do. ...	14 0 1	4.63	...	...	...	North—By Mukham Lal Ghose's land, Sarada Chandra Ray Chaudhury's land. East—By the Kodla river. South—By Jogendra Ghose's land, Bhim Sardar's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
6	Do. ...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Parojpur.	27 to 28	Do. ...	7 16 1	2.58	...	...	...	North—By Fakir Chand Kapali's land, Kedar Mondal's land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Hiba Mondal's land, Jabedall Khansama's land and the river Kodla. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7. South—By Jabedall Khondkar's land, Abad Mondal's land, Sejan Mondal's land, Jabedall Khondkar's land, Fakir Chand Kapali's land. West—By the river Kodla.
7	Do. ...	Ditto ...	28 to 29	Do. ...	24 8 6	5.04	...	...	...	North—By Muthuram Mohan Biswas' land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Jabedall Khansama's land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Hiba Paramanik's land, Kedar Kapali's land, Abad Mondal's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8. South—By Jabedall Khansama's land, Fakir Chand Mondal's land, Abad Mondal's land, Hiba Paramanik's land, Fakir Chand Kapali's land, Kedar Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 6.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of miles on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM SAME LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. P.	Acres in decimals.	Reasons for exclusion.	Acres in decimals.		
8	Jessore...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Bero, pur.	22 to 23	South ...	9 18 3	7.24	...	...	...	North—By Nur Muhammad's bamboo garden, Jadedali Khansama's land, Karim Moh Fakir's land, Fakir Ohand Sardar's land and bhaqar. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 9. South—By Fakir Ohand Kapali's land, Karim Baksa Shah's land, Jadedali Khondkar's land and Potrapole Baor. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7.
9	Do ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	7 19 11	3.64	...	...	...	North—By Shubhan Biswas' land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 10. South—By Haran Mondal's land, Nur Muhammad Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8.
10	Do. ...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Potrapole.	22 to 23	Do. ...	9 17 3	3.20	...	...	.....	North—By Haran Mondal's land, Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land. South—By Nur Muhammad Mondal's land, Haran Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 9.

Jessore, the 3rd February 1920.

J. K. BISWAS, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the unmentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Burdwan will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands for January 1920 kist, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sider jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sider jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	Gidhagran, pargana Arsha.	Rs. A. P. 7,310 6 0	...	Residuary share 7as. 17gha. 8k. 1 danti is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Soudamul Das and others.	Rs. A. P. 3,604 5 0	Rs. A. P. ...	Rs. A. P. 4 14 2
21	Mahala, pargana Bapna.	11,677 0 0	...	Residuary share 13as. 16gha. 1k. 2 danti is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Madhub Lal Misra and others.	10,051 9 9	.....	941 8 4
78	Naxampur, etc., pargana Samarsahi.	1,139 6 8	Whole estate is to be sold.	.....	Brojendra Lal Das and others.	.....	251 4 4	.....
5170	Dahakalanga, pargana Sahabad.	6,421 15 3	...	Residuary share 8 annas is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Mon Mohol Das	3,210 15 3	.....	1,197 10 7

Burdwan, the 19th February 1920.

M. H. B. LETTSBINGS, Collector.

**Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of
Interest in London.**

Under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th February 1930.

Particulars.	3 per cent. of 1896-97.	2½ PER CENT. LOANS—					3 PER CENT.—	
		of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1863.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	Terminable Loan of 1915-16.	Conversion Loan of 1916-17.
Balance of 31st January 1920	24,99,490	77,98,900	3,55,98,800	1,41,78,300	50,25,300	15,43,800	8,400	40,07,700
ADD—								
Amount of Loan certificate transferred to stock in London ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by conversion under Notification No. 6201A., dated 3rd November 1908 to 2½ per cent. loan of 1900-01. ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	51,800	...	...
Amount enforced at Madras up to ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enforced at Bombay up to ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enforced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th February 1920 ... ..	...	...	1,000	...	...	29,000	...	...
Total ...	24,99,800	77,98,900	3,55,99,800	1,41,78,300	50,25,000	15,23,600	8,400	40,07,700
DEDUCT—								
Amount written off in the London Registers ...	83,100	1,59,200	19,58,000	2,69,500	1,99,100	87,700	...	...
Balance on 15th February 1920	24,14,700	76,39,700	3,43,39,700	1,39,09,800	48,26,800	15,25,000	8,400	40,07,700

Particulars.	INDIAN WAR LOAN—			SECOND INDIAN WAR LOAN—				Total.
	5 per cent. War Loan, 1920-27.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1920.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1922.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1921.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1923.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1925.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1926.	
Balance of 31st January 1920	80,350	21,750	9,79,525	923	1,200	13,400	7,62,750	7,24,82,800
ADD—								
Amount of Loan certificate transferred to stock in London ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by conversion under Notification No. 6201A., dated 3rd November 1906 to 5½ per cent. loan of 1907-01 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51,800
Amount encased at Madras up to C ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount encased at Bombay up to... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount encased at Calcutta between 1st and 15th February 1920 ... ..	...	...	...	2,050	...	...	900	22,250
Total ...	80,350	21,750	9,79,525	2,973	1,200	13,400	7,62,900	7,25,38,350
DEDUCT—								
Amount written off in the London Registers...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,000	20,63,500
Balance on 15th February 1920	80,350	21,750	9,79,525	2,973	1,200	13,400	7,59,900	7,04,74,850

NOTE.—From 9th June 1887 to 18th December 1910—Returned from India.				12,314	Lacs: re-transferred from London	12,117	Lacs.
"	18th December	" 31st	" " " " " "	"	" " " " " "	9	"
"	1st January 1920	" 15th January 1920	" " " " " "	"	" " " " " "	11	"
"	15th	" 31st	" " " " " "	"	" " " " " "	8	"
"	1st February	" 15th February	" " " " " "	1	" " " " " "	21	"
				12,515	Lacs.	12,165	Lacs

T. A. VOICE,
Superintendent.

N. H. MATHESON,
Offg. Secretary & Treasurer.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 19th February 1920.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 17th February 1920.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up	3,00,00,000	0 0
Reserve Fund	2,00,00,000	0 0
Transfer to special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, etc.	1,75,00,000	0 0
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	25,00,000	0 0
Public deposits at Head Office	7,42,64,106	1 9
Ditto ditto at Branches	1,66,11,071	1 7
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	28,91,11,729	7 2
Bank Post Bills, etc.	25,44,485	18 6
Sundries	42,88,008	2 6
	42,65,69,400	10 6

ASSETS.

	Rs.	A. P.
Government Securities	7,12,60,241	1 0
Other authorized Investments	1,33,44,880	0 0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	12,40,72,678	12 8
Accounts of credit on ditto	5,73,31,287	8 7
Bills discounted and purchased	8,93,12,863	2 7
Balances with other Banks	52,16,854	15 9
Bullion	28,91,589	0 0
Dead Stock	18,892	1 1
Stamps	7,88,455	8 0
Sundries	81,80,46,286	12 8
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	4,55,64,418	15 6
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	6,20,68,599	14 4
	10,76,33,118	13 10
	42,65,69,400	10 6

* Includes Govt. & Govt. value Rs. 3,84,882 8 0
 † Do do. do. " 5,17,522 8 0

Rs. 9,02,865 3 0

Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent.
 Percentage 27.84.

BANK OF BENGAL,
 Calcutta, 19th February 1920.

C. M. TALLACK,
 Chief Accountant.

By order of the Directors,
 N. H. MATTHESON,
 Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.
 (582-1)

Sheriff's Proclamation of Sale.

TO be preemptorily sold pursuant to the order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal dated the twenty eighth day of November 1919 and made in suit No. 115 of 1919 (wherein Kdulji Rustomji Mistri is the plaintiff and Jyotikona Bose Jyotnamoy Bose and Sudhamoy Bose are the defendants) by the Sheriff of Calcutta in his sale room at the Court House by public auction of Friday the 19th day of March 1920 at 12 o'clock noon the undermentioned properties belonging to the judgment debtors Jyotikona Bose, Jyotnamoy Bose and Sudhamoy Bose.

Lot No. 1. All that piece or parcel of rent free land containing by admeasurement 7 cottahs 7 chittaks and 20 sq. ft. now known as premises No. 10, Krishna Ram Bose's Street in Sutanuti in the Northern Division of the town of Calcutta and bounded on the North by premises No. 9, Krishnaram Bose's Street on the East by Krishnaram Bose's Street on the South by premises No. 11, Krishnaram Bose's Street and on the West partly by premises No. 5, Nayaratra Lane and partly by premises No. 6-A, Nayaratra Lane.

Lot No. 11. All that partly one-storied partly two-storied brick-built dwelling house together with the piece or parcel of rent free land thereunto belonging and on part whereof the same is erected and built containing by admeasurement 3 cottahs 2 chittaks and 9 sq. ft. now known as premises No. 194, Upper Circular Road in Sutanuti in the Northern Division of the town of Calcutta and bounded on the North by Upper Circular Road Bye Lane on the East partly by premises No. 193, Upper Circular Road partly by premises No. 194-1, Upper Circular Road and partly by Upper Circular Road Bye Lane on the South partly by premises No. 7, Kalachand Sanyal's Lane partly by premises No. 6, Kalachand Sanyal's Lane and partly by premises No. 193, Upper Circular Road and on the West by premises No. 195, Upper Circular Road.

So far as appears from a search made at the office of the Registrar of Assurances of Calcutta the following encumbrances are outstanding against the said properties namely:—

(a) Mortgage dated 20th February 1917, and made between Khirode Chunder Bose deceased, the father of the defendants' aunts abovesaid of the one part and Sir Jagadish Chunder Bose K.T., C.S.I., C.I.E., of the other part for Rs. 20,000 with interest thereon at 9 per

cent. per annum, payable monthly with quarterly rests relating to premises No. 194, Upper Circular Road Bye Lane and 10, Kristoram Bose's Street, and registered in Book I Vol. 52, pages 120 to 129, being No. 671 of 1917.

(b) Mortgage, dated 1st May 1917, and made between the said Khirode Chunder Bose of the one part and Rai Debendra Nath Bulluv Bahadur and others carrying on business under the name and style of P. G. and W. Shawoo of the other part for Rs. 7,700 with interest thereon at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum payable monthly with quarterly rests relating to premises No. 194, Upper Circular Road Bye Lane and 10, Kristoram Bose's Street and registered in Book I, Vol. 86, pages 4 to 15, being No. 1660 for 1917.

(c) Bengali mortgage, dated 13th August 1918, and executed by the defendants abovesaid in favour of Hari Mohun Choudhuri for Rs. 5,000 with interest thereon at 12 per cent per annum, relating to premises No. 194, Upper Circular Road and 10, Kristoram Bose's Street, and registered in Book I, Vol. 100, pages 189 to 193, being No. 3454 for 1918.

The above properties are also subject to an attachment by the Sheriff of Calcutta effected in execution of a decree of this Court, dated 28th August 1919, in suit No. 2065 of 1919 (wherein E. R. Mistri is the plaintiff and Jyotikona Bose and others are the defendants) for Rs. 2,738-4-3, with interest thereon at 6 per cent. per annum, from the said 28th August 1919 until realisation and costs on scale No. I with interest thereon at 6 per cent. per annum from the date of taxation until realisation.

The sum for the recovery of which the sale has been ordered is Rs. 12,690-2 with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum from 21st August 1919, until realisation and the costs of the application of the plaintiff which resulted in the said decree, dated 21st August 1919 and the costs of this suit subsequent to the decree in this suit, dated 27th July 1919.

The conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the Sheriff of Calcutta on the ground floor of the Court house on any day before the sale and will be produced at the sale

A. D. PICKFORD, Sheriff.

Kar Mehta & Co., Attorneys for judgment-creditor.

High Court Original Side, Calcutta, this 16th day of February 1920.

(504-1)

Sheriff's sale proclamation.

TO be peremptorily sold pursuant to an order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, dated the 12th day of July 1919, made in execution case No. 41 of 1919 (Bhupati Nath Bose *versus* Debendra Kumar Deb Mullick and another), by the Sheriff of Calcutta, in his sale-room, at the Court house by public auction on Friday, the 26th day of March 1920, at 12 o'clock noon the following property belonging to the defendants.

Lot No. 1.—The undivided one-third share of the defendants abovenamed in the premises No. 132-1, Amherst Street in the northern division of the town of Calcutta being block No. 2, holding No. 699, paying revenue of six annas and eleven pies being a two-storied building, bounded on the north by premises No. 132, Amherst Street, on the south by Bhuban Mohan Dhar Lane and Oriental Timber Trading Company's yard, on the east by Amherst Street and on the west by premises No. 20, Bhuban Mohan Dhar Lane. The sum for the recovery of which the sale has been ordered is Rs 975-7 besides the costs of this execution and costs of and incidental to the sale herein but the defendant has made a part payment of rupees one hundred.

It appears from a search made in the Registry Office that on the 27th of September 1919 the defendant Moumohan Deb Mullick executed a mortgage for Rs. 3,000 in respect of one-sixth share in the said premises in favour of one Heera Lal Botlra, of No. 24, Moirabatta Street, Calcutta, at an interest of 18 per cent. per annum with quarterly rests repayable on the 27th September 1922 and that on the 30th of September 1919, the said defendant Moumohan Deb Mullick executed a conveyance in favour of one Bepin Behary Ghose of Harinavi, thana Sonarpur, 24-Parganas, in respect of his one-sixth share in the said premises.

It further appears from the said search that on the 20th of October 1919 the defendant Debendra Kumar Deb Mullick executed a mortgage for Rs. 2,000 in respect of his one-sixth share in the said premises in favour of one Phani Bhusan Bhattacharji, of 41-1, Serpentine Lane, Calcutta, at an interest of 15 per cent. per annum with six monthly rests repayable on the 15th of October 1922.

The conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the Sheriff of Calcutta on the ground-floor of the Court-house on any day before the sale and will be produced at the time of the sale.

A. J. PICKFORD, Sheriff.

Akshay Kumar Rudra, Attorney for the Plaintiff.
High Court, Sheriff's Office, Calcutta, the 21st day of February 1920.

(545—1)

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal: In Insolvency.

No. 113 of 1917.

Re Simeon Carapiet Aratoon, *ex parte* the debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in this matter and that the same will be paid at this office on or after the 6th day of April 1920, except Saturday and Sunday.

G. M. FALKNER, Official Assignee.
Calcutta, the 16th February 1920. (508—1)

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in Insolvency.

No. 51 of 1915.

Re Trijogi Nath Dube and others, *ex parte* the debtors.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in this matter and that the same will be paid at this office on or after the 7th day of April 1920, except Saturday and Sunday.

G. M. FALKNER, Official Assignee.
Calcutta, the 19th February 1920. (533—1)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge of Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 3 of 1920.

WHEREAS Tarab Ali, son of Moudhar Ali Shaha, of Moyani, police-station Mirsarai, has applied to this Court by a petition dated 4th February of 1920 to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 6th day of March 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

W. A. SEATON, District Judge.
Chittagong, the 16th February 1920. (520—1)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge of Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 4 of 1920.

WHEREAS Atar Ali, son of late Chand Mia, of Sonara, police-station Paliya, has applied to this Court by a petition dated the 7th February of 1920 to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 6th day of March 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

W. A. SEATON, District Judge.
Chittagong, the 15th February 1920. (521—1)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge of Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 5 of 1920.

WHEREAS Nabadwip Chandra Paul, son of late Madan Mohan Paul, at present of Teribazar, Chittagong, has applied to this Court, by a petition dated the 6th February of 1920 to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 6th day of March 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

W. A. SEATON, District Judge.
Chittagong, the 16th February 1920. (522—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 58 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 21st November 1919, filed by (1) Har Chandra Sil, (2) Gurudas Sil, (3) Kali Kumer Sil, sons of Bholanath Sil, resident of Fatehnagar, thana Fatikcherry, and on the application of the debtors themselves and on reading their petition and hearing their pleader, it is ordered that the debtors be and the said debtors are hereby adjudged insolvent. Babu Khirode Chandra Das, pleader, appointed receiver.

Dated this 16th day of February 1920.
W. A. SEATON, District Judge. (544—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 19 of 1920.**

HILU MAHOMED, son of Abdulla Mahomed, deceased, resident of Lakshmipur, police-station Kaliaganj, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 17th day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

S. K. GHOSH, for District Judge.
Dinajpur, the 17th February 1920. (505—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 39 of 1919.**

RAHAMATULLA SHEIKH, son of Ujir Fakir, deceased, resident of Lakshmijote, police-station Birail, district Dinajpur, was adjudicated an insolvent on the 6th day of August 1919.

J. A. ROSS, District Judge.
Dinajpur, the 21st February 1920. (539—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Renti Jesoora son of late Fakir Jesoora, of Rishra, thana Serampore, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 70 of 1919 and that the 12th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 21st January 1920. (268—1—413)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Haridas Palita, son of late Jadu Nath Palita, of Kumardangi, thana Serampur, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 1 of 1920 and that the 12th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 21st January 1920. (269—1—412)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.**INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 61 of 1919.**

NOTICE is hereby given that Rahaman Mea, son of late Jhingoor Mea of Rishra, thana Serampore, district Hooghly, was on the 16th January 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 12th March 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule of creditors and debts and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 23rd January 1920. (270—1—410)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.**INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 54 of 1919.**

NOTICE is hereby given that Sobrati Mea, son of late Bhudha Mea, of Rishra, thana Serampore, district Hooghly, was on the 10th January 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 12th March 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule of creditors and debts and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 23rd January 1920. (271—1—411)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Tarini Choron Mondol, son of Roma Nath Mondol, of Sewrafully, thana Serampore, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 3 of 1920 and that the 27th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 11th February 1920. (470—1—408)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Joggeewar De, son of late Basu De, of Bolorambati, thana Singur, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 5 of 1920 and that the 12th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 11th February 1920. (471—1—409)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Behary Lal Sadhukhan, son of late Thakurdam Sadhukhan, of Khurut Kasuadey thana Shibpur, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 135 of 1919, and that the 1st March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. B. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 14th February 1920. (518—1—404)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 18 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.**INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 76 of 1919.**

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 22nd December 1919 filed by Parameswar Sow, son of late Ananda Sow, of Panchgachha, pargana Khariji Mandalghat, thana Daspur, district Midnapore, petitioner (debtor), and on the application of the above debtor himself, and on reading an affidavit in support of the petition for insolvency and hearing Babu Abinash Chandra Nandi, pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the 27th March 1920 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors, and that they must prove their debts on that date.

Dated this 17th day of February 1920.

M. YUSUF, District Judge.
(537—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Murshidabad.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 2 of 1920.**

(Act III of 1907.)

In the matter of Bhunda Khan, of Kamna Etharnagar, police-station Domkal, district Murshidabad.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the above named petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by order of this Court dated the 14th February 1920.

B. N. RAU, offg. District Judge.
Berhampore, the 17th February 1920. (513—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 9 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Syed Tafazzal Hussain, son of the late Syed Ekram Hussain, of Ghagrai, police-station Mrizapur, District Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 15th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

A. C. BANARJI, for District Judge.

Mymensingh, the 16th February 1920. (524—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 3 of 1920.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 12th January 1920, filed by Dhan Mamud Sheikh, son of the late Bhajan Sheikh, of Chadgaon, police-station Nalitabari, district Mymensingh, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 14th day of February 1920.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.

(538—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 10 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Abdul Jali Sheikh, son of late Jamir Sheikh, of Gauripur, police-station Nalitabari, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 20th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.

Mymensingh, the 21st February 1920. (543—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Nadia.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 11 of 1920.

Petitioner—Ahad Mandal.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Ahad Mandal, of Uzirpukuria, police-station Ranaghat, district Nadia, has been admitted by this Court as No. 11 of 1920 and that 28th February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.

Krishnagar, the 17th February 1920. (534—1)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 48 of 1919.

WHEREAS Kunjalal alias Nikunja Mistri, son of late Bidya Nath Karati, of Bara Saol, at present Par Saol, police-station Singra, district Rajshahi, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 27th October 1919, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 6th day of March 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor. Proof of all claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

Rajshahi, the 20th January 1920. (217—1—402)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE.

[Section 44 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 75 of 1918.

Srikanta Halder, son of late Lakshan Chandra Halder, of Chak Jote Doibaki, police-station Lalpur, district Rajshahi, applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 28th day of February 1920, at 10 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Dated this 29th day of January 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

(289—1—407)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 1 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

(1) Maniruddin Sarkar and (2) Keramat Sarkar, sons of late Paban Sarkar, of Kalamnagar, police-station Walia, district Rajshahi, petitioners debtors.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 6th day of March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtors and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

Rajshahi, the 3rd February 1920. (389—1—405)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 10 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

Jadu Gopal Das, son of late Nahin Chandra Das, of Nagharia, police-station Englishbazar, district Malda, petitioners debtor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 28th day of February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtor and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

Rajshahi, the 3rd February 1920. (390—1—398)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 11 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

(1) Jitu Mandal and (2) Chet Narayan Mandal, sons of late Dukher Mandal, of Boulia, police-station Kharba, district Malda, petitioners debtors.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 28th day of February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtors and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

Rajshahi, the 3rd February 1920. (391—1—399)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 60 of 1919.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

(1) Lai Mahammad Mandal, son of late Sahabdi Mandal, and (2) Bahimbakus Biswas, son of late Mahammad Biswas, of Rangpur, police-station Ratna, district Malda, petitioners-debtors.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 28th day of February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtors and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

Rajshahi, the 3rd February 1920 (392—1—396)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 59 of 1919.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

(1) Shekh Rahimbakus and (2) Shekh Liyakat, sons of late Shekh Jhatku, of Boirat, police-station Harishchandrapur, district Malda, petitioners-debtors.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

(Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 28th day of February 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtors and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

Rajshahi, the 3rd February 1920. (393—1—397)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE.

[Section 44 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 79 of 1918.

Mir Karimbakus, son of Kiyamat Haji, of Dadpur, police-station Kharba, district Malda, applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 6th day of March 1920, at 10 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Dated this 3rd day of February 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

(394—1—406)

NOTICE OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 18 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 51 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 5th November 1919, filed by the debtor Jiaruddin Biswas, son of late Goushi Biswas of Maharsajpur, police-station Shibganj, district Malda, and on hearing his pleader the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on 17th January 1920.

Rajshahi, the 5th day of February 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

(408—1—400).

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 109 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

NARAYAN CHANDRA DAS, son of late Bhasharam Das, of Sreepur, police station Sundarganj, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 16th day of February 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 17th February 1920. (516—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 111 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

LAKSHMI KANTA DAS, son of late Bhasharam Das, of Sreepur, police-station Sundarganj, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 12th day of February 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 17th February 1920. (507—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 15 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor Fakiruddin Ahammad, son of late Dilbar Ali, of Bhoge-Daburi, police-station Dimla, in Rangpur, for being adjudged an insolvent, the 9th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 17th February 1920. (508—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 16 of 1920.

PRESENT

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor, Naskar Mistry, son of late Naki Maumud Mistry, of Numagari, police-station Palashbari, in Rangpur, for being adjudged an insolvent, the 9th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 17th February 1920. (509—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 17 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor, Nahi Bakash Mea Saadagar, son of late Abdul Mean, of Shekondarpur, police-station Shekondarpur, in the district of Balia, at present of Mahiganj, police-station Kotwali, in Rangpur, for being adjudged an insolvent, the 9th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 17th February 1920. (510—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 18 of 1920.

PRESENT.

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor, Khoda Bakaah Mean Saodagar, son of late Abdul Mean, of Shekendarpur, police-station Shekendarpur, in the district of Balla, at present of Maliganj, police-station Kotwali, in Rangpur, for being adjudged an insolvent, the 10th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 17th February 1920. (511—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 19 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor, Bahar Mamud, son of late Pelku Feli, of Brahmottar, Balaubhuta, police-station Kurigram, in Rangpur, for being adjudged an insolvent, the 13th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 17th February 1920 (512—1)

NOTICE

In the Court of the District Judge of Tippera.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 19 of 1919

NOTICE is hereby given that Abdul Khafek, son of late Abdul Gani, residing at Gangchor Comilla, pargana Meherkul, police-station Kotowali, district Tippera, was, on the 13th day of February 1920, adjudicated an insolvent by this Court, under section 16 of Act III of 1907.

S. K. GHOSH, District Judge.
Comilla, the 16th February 1920. (529—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Tippera.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 18 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Abdul Gafur, son of late Abdul Gani, residing at Gangchor, Comilla, pargana Meherkul, police-station Kotowali, district Tippera, was, on the 13th day of February 1920, adjudicated an insolvent by this Court, under section 16 of Act III of 1907.

S. K. GHOSH, District Judge.
Comilla, the 16th February 1920. (530—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Tippera.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (8) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Akabaddi Patari, son of late Kcayaddi, resident of village Shuara alias Kaliara, pargana Tora, police-station Hajiganj, district Tippera, has been admitted by this Court as No. 2 of 1920 and that the 20th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing

S. K. GHOSH, District Judge.
Comilla, the 16th February 1920. (531—1)

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in Insolvency.

CASE No. 51 of 1914.

Re: Madhusudan, Shabataran and Bhimnath Nundy, Insolvents.

Es parte: Hriday Nath Dey, a creditor.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 12th day of March 1920 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as the matter can be heard, an application will be made before the Registrar in Insolvency on behalf of Hriday Nath Dey, a creditor of the abovenamed insolvents, for an order that the adjudication order made herein on the 19th day of February 1914 be annulled and that the Official Assignee be at liberty to pay to the petitioner out of the assets in his hands belonging to the insolvents, his costs of and incidental to this application.

Dated the 9th day of January 1920.

A. K. BANERJEE, Solicitor.
(277—1—416)

ATUL KRISHNA DUTT, B.L., intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (400—4—335)

GORA CHAND SEN intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (351—4—303)

HEMANGANATH GOSWAMI, B.L., Pleader intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the High Court. (350—4—304)

JOGENDRA NATH KHAN, M.A., B.L., intends to be admitted as a vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (193—4—263)

NANDA LAL DAS, B.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court. (363—4—326)

PROBODH CHANDRA BOSE, B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil of the High Court. (282—4—264)

RAKHALDAS CHATTERJEE, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil in the High Court, Calcutta. (278—4—316)

SAILAJARANJAN RAY, M.Sc., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil of the Calcutta High Court. (210—4—277)

TARANI KANTA BANERJEE, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (249—4—315)

Notice.

WANTED a tauni navis on Rs. 60 per mensem for the Howrah Collectorate from the 1st April 1920. None need apply who has no experience of the revenue work of a collectorate. Preference will be given to a candidate with special experience of the Tauni Department.

Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 10th March 1920

J. G. DAVIDSON, Collector

Howrah District Office, the 31st January 1920.

Wanted.

A **SHORTHAND AND CONFIDENTIAL CLERK** in the office of the Commissioner of Bardwan Division at Chinsura, on a monthly salary of Rs. 80—120 for six months with every chance of being made permanent at the end of this period if he is found successful. Apply stating age, educational qualifications with speed in shorthand and typewriting, previous experience in office work, if any, and enclosing copies of testimonials.

Applications will be received by the Personal Assistant to Commissioner up to 28th February 1920.

S. K. GANGULI, Personal Assistant.
Chinsura, the 18th February 1920.

Notice.

WANTED a second class Health Officer for the Birbhum District Board on a salary of Rs. 150—300 a month *plus* travelling allowance according to the Civil Service Regulations. None need apply who is not qualified under the rules. Applications will be received up to 15th March next. The selected candidate shall have to join his appointment on 1st April 1920.

G. S. DUTT, Chairman.
Suri, the 18th February 1920 (528—2)

Notice.

WANTED two Sub-Assistant Surgeons by the District Board of Faridpur, one for the Charitable Dispensary at Bandarkhola and the other for supernumerary duty, on a monthly salary of Rs. 35 rising to Rs. 75, subject to the rules regarding the increments and promotions framed by the Board. Applications, with copies of testimonials and diplomas, will be received by the undersigned up to the 10th March 1920. The selected candidates will have to join at once and will be confirmed after six months' probation. No travelling allowance will be given for joining the posts.

J. N. ROY, Chairman.
Faridpur, the 17th February 1920. (546—2)

WANTED two Sub-Assistant Surgeons, on a monthly pay of Rs. 40, rising to Rs. 80, for the new charitable dispensaries at Kumarganj and Kushmandi, under the Dinajpur District Board. None need apply who is not a registered medical practitioner. Preference will be given to those having experience in the work of District Board dispensaries. Applications with copies of certificates will be received by the undersigned up to the 5th March 1920.

J. CHAKRAVARTY,
Vice-Chairman, District Board.
Dinajpur, the 21st February 1920. (536—1)

WANTED by the District Board of Nadia a Sub-Assistant Surgeon for the Narayanpur Dispensary, on a salary of Rs. 30—2—80 per mensem. The minimum pay of the post may be increased on the incumbent having shown good work. None need apply who is not qualified under the rules.

The selected candidate will have to join at once. Applications with copies of certificates will be received by the undersigned up to the 1st of March 1920.

BISWAMSHAN RAY, Vice Chairman.
Kriahnagar, the 20th February 1920. (542—1)

Notice.

WANTED a Head Clerk and Accountant on Rs. 80 rising to Rs. 110 in eight instalments, for the District Board of Bogra. None need apply who is not qualified under the rules and has no experience in District Board accounts and correspondence. Applications, with copies of testimonials, will be received by the Chairman up to the 15th March 1920.

SYED RIYAZUDDIN QAZI, Vice-Chairman.
Bogra, the 18th February 1920. (527—1)

Notice.

APPLICATIONS with copies of diplomas and other testimonials for the post of a first class District Health Officer on Rs. 300—20—500 on approved service and travelling allowance at the rate admissible under the Civil Service Regulations will be received by the undersigned up to the 28th February 1920. None need apply who does not possess a registrable medical qualification and a recognised diploma in public health including D. P. H. of the Calcutta University. Preference will be given to a Graduate of the Calcutta Medical College holding the above diploma. Information as to age, past services if any, and residence or native village of the candidate should be stated in the application. The selected candidate will have to be on probation for at least six months and will be required to join on 1st April 1920. Candidate should be accustomed in riding and biking.

J. MOZOOMDER, Chairman, District Board.
Jessore, the 28th January, 1920. (250—4)

Notice.

WANTED a District Health Officer by the District Board of Rajshahi on a monthly salary of Rs. 300, rising to Rs. 500 by annual increment of Rs. 20 *plus* travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations. Applicants must possess a registrable medical qualification and recognised diploma of public health, including the diploma of the public health of the Calcutta University. The applications with certificate and testimonials should reach the undersigned in sealed covers by the 28th February 1920. The successful candidate will be on probation for one year and will have to join on the 1st April 1920.

EMADUDDIN AHMAD, Vice-Chairman,
District Board.
Rajshahi the 30th January 1920. (421—3)

Notice.

WANTED a second class Health Officer for this District Board on a salary of Rs. 150—10—300 per month with travelling allowance according to the Civil Service Regulations. None need apply who does not possess a registrable medical qualification and recognised Diploma of Public Health including the Diploma of Public Health of the Calcutta University. Applications with certificates and testimonials, stating age, should reach the undersigned on or before the 29th February 1920. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year and will have to join on the 1st of April 1921.

H. G. BLOMFIELD, Chairman, District Board.
Dinajpur, the 6th February 1920. (422—3)

Wanted.

A District Health Officer (Second Class) by the District Board of Pabna, on a monthly salary of Rs. 150—10—300, *plus* travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations. Applicants must possess a registrable medical qualifications and a recognised diploma of public health, including the D.P.H. of the Calcutta University under Government Rules.

Applications with necessary certificates and testimonials should reach the undersigned in sealed covers by the 7th March 1920. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year and will have to join on the 1st April 1920.

S. C. SEN,
Chairman, District Board, Pabna.
Pabna, the 6th February 1920

(407—3)

WANTED an experienced Draftsman and Estimator for District Engineer's office, Khulna, on Rs. 30—1—60. A passed Upper Subordinate will have preference. Applications will be received by the undersigned up to the 2nd proximo.

D. DUTT, Chairman, District Board.

Khulna, the 13th February 1920. (487—2)

Office of the District Board, Noakhali.

NOTICE.

WANTED a second class Health Officer for the Noakhali District Board, on a salary of Rs 150 plus fixed travelling allowance of Rs. 50 per month. None need apply who is not qualified under the rules. Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 25th February 1920. The selected candidate shall have to join his appointment on the 1st April 1920.

ABDUR RASCHID KHAN, Vice-Chairman.

Noakhali, the 9th February 1920 (475—2)

Road Cess Notification.

THE District Board of Tippera, at a special meeting held on the 19th January 1920, resolved to levy road cess for the year 1920-21 at the maximum rate of six pias in the rupee on the annual value of lands, &c.

S. A. JADAB Vice Chairman

Comilla, the 16th February 1920 (535—1)

Road Cess Notification.

THE District Board of Faridpur, at their special meeting held on the 7th February 1920, resolved that the road cess to be levied in the district during the next financial year, 1920-21, under section 46 of the Local Self-government Act be fixed at the maximum rate of six pias in the rupee on the annual value of the land, etc.

J. N. ROY, Chairman

Faridpur, the 13th February 1920 (502—1)

Road Cess Notification.

IT is hereby notified for general information that, under section 46 of Act III (B.C.) of 1885, the District Board of Bakarganj, at a special meeting held on the 11th February 1920, determined that as usual the road cess for the year 1920-21 shall be levied at the maximum rate, i.e., six pias per rupee, on the annual value of land, etc.

D. N. DUTT, Vice-Chairman

Barisal, the 16th February 1920. (523—1)

Road Cess Notification.

IT is hereby notified for general information that under section 46 of the Act III (B.C.) of 1885, the District Board of Bogra, at their special meeting held on the 11th February 1920, determined that as usual the road cess for the year 1920-21 shall be levied at the maximum rate, i.e., six pias in the rupee on the annual value of land, etc.

A. P. SEN, Chairman.

Bogra, the 16th February 1920. (517—1)

Road Cess Notification.

IT is hereby notified for general information that under section 46 of the Bengal Local Self-government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, the District Board of the 24 Parganas, at their special meeting held on the 19th December 1919, resolved that the road cess for the year 1920-21, in the district of the 24-Parganas, be levied at the maximum rate of six pias in the rupee on the annual value of all lands, &c.

REHBERG LAW, Chairman, District Board.

Alipore, the 30th January 1920. (409—3)

Road Cess Notification.

THE District Board of Jalpaiguri at a special meeting held on the 4th February 1920 resolved to levy road cess in the district for the financial year 1920-21 at the maximum rate of six pias in the rupee on the annual value of lands.

K. BANERJEE, Vice-Chairman.

Jalpaiguri, the 11th February 1920. (484—3)

NOTICE.

Board of Revenue, Bengal.

WHEREAS the Court of Wards, Bengal, has, under section 6 (c) of Act IX (B.C.) of 1879, as amended by Act V (B.C.) of 1915, declared on his own application that Babu Satya Priya Ghosal of Bhukalash, in the district of the 24-Parganas, known as the proprietor of the Bhukalash Estate No. III, in the district of Bakarganj, is a disqualified proprietor and that it is expedient in the public interest that his estate should be managed by the Court of Wards, and

Whereas under sections 7 and 85 of the said Act, the said Court has assumed charge of the property of the said Babu Satya Priya Ghosal.

Notice is hereby given, (1) under sub-section (1), section 10A of the said Act, as amended by Eastern Bengal and Assam Court of Wards Act III of 1907, that all creditors having claims against the said proprietor or his immovable property lying within the district of Bakarganj are required to submit the same in writing to the Court of Wards at the office of the Board of Revenue, Bengal, in Calcutta, within six months from the date of publication of this notice, and creditors are also hereby warned that claims not submitted as required by this clause of this notice are liable to be deemed to have been duly discharged.

(2) Under sub-section (1), section 10A of the said Act, as amended by Bengal Court of Wards Act I of 1906, that all creditors having claims against the said proprietor or his immovable property lying within the districts of the 24-Parganas and Khulna are required to submit the same in writing to the Court of Wards at the office of the Board of Revenue, Bengal, in Calcutta, within six months from the date of publication of this notice. And creditors are also hereby warned that claims not submitted as required by this clause of this notice are liable to be deemed to have ceased to carry any interest from the date of the expiry of the period aforesaid.

By order of the Board of Revenue, Bengal,

J. D. V. HONER,

Officiating Secretary.

Calcutta, the 6th February 1920. (408—8)

Notice.

THE Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund which is provisionally managed and assisted by Government has for its object the provision of monthly pensions for the maintenance of the widows and children of subscribers and is open, with certain exceptions, to all active and pensioned members of the Uncovenanted Service of Government (except those serving under the Government of Bombay), and to Local Fund servants earning pensions from Government. Some of the special features of the Fund are—(1) that widowed daughters incapable of remarriage or children labouring under such mental or bodily infirmities as incapacitate them from earning their livelihood or preclude the possibility of marriage (in case of a daughter) are admitted to its benefits; and (2) that subscribers to the Widows' and Daughters' branches are entitled to a refund of 80 per cent. of the premium paid, should the nominee predecease them after five years' of admission. The Fund is now of ten years' standing and has a balance of over three and a half lakhs with Government on four per cent. interest. For forms of applications and rules of the Fund apply to the Comptroller, India Treasuries, Imperial Secretariat Buildings, Calcutta.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified for the information of the friends and the persons interested in the maintenance and preservation of the following monuments in the cemetery in the town of Faridpur (Bengal) that they have been so damaged as not to admit of repair and that steps may be taken by them within six months from the date of this notice for their renovation if they consider it desirable.

Particulars of the graves.

Plot No.	Name of deceased.	Description of monuments.
Grave No. 3.	William Thomas Burt.	A monument of brick-work, size 6' x 5' x 1'. Inscription :— Sacred to the memory of William Thomas Burt, died on May 11th, 1831. Aged 1 year 17 days.
Grave No. 13.	Not known	Monument of brick-work, size 6' x 6' x 1'. Inscription :—Nil.

J. N. ROY, District Magistrate.

Faridpur, the 4th February 1920.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases tried in this Court during the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back before 31st March 1920.

A. N. MUHAMMAD ALI,

Municipal Magistrate (2nd Court).

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases in the Court of the Municipal Magistrate, Calcutta, in the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back by the parties who filed them before 31st March 1920.


N. N. GUPTA,

Presidency and Municipal Magistrate.

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Custom House Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that if the duty, interest warehouse rent and all charges be not paid within ten days from the date of this notice on 8 cases sherry

marked  ex. SS. "Chinkoa" from London

Calcutta bonded by Messrs. Frank Newell & Co. in the warehouse of the Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association, the goods will be sold by public auction under the provisions of section 119 of the Sea Customs Act.

A. H. LLOYN, Offg. Collector of Customs.

Calcutta, the 16th February 1920.

(500—2)

Howrah Municipality.

The Municipal Commissioners of Howrah at a meeting having previously given notice of their intention to define the general line of buildings on either side of Panchanan Chatterjee Lane, and no objection having been received within thirty days from the date of the publication of such notice, hereby define under section 350 (4) of the Calcutta Municipal Act, III B.C. of 1899, as in force in the town of Howrah, the general line of buildings in that lane in accordance with the plan approved by the Commissioners at their meeting held on the 30th January 1920.

M. N. ROY, Chairman.

Howrah, the 14th February 1920.

(526—1)

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 206916 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1866 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of Bhola Nath Ghosh, Administrator of Radhamoni Dassi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the advertiser—Bhola Nath Ghosh.

Residence—Nauli village, Sidhipassa P. O. (Khalwa).
(371—3—401)

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 298802 of the 4 per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of Deb Nath Sreemancee and last endorsed to Tarak Nath Dutt, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—Tarak Nath Dutt.

Residence—5 & 6, Mirza Ali Lane, Calcutta.

(443—3—370)

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 109243 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-1 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of P. osad Das Boral & Bros., and last endorsed to Shola Bala Debi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the advertiser—SHOLA BALA DEBI.

Residence—1-3, Ahiritola 1st Lane, Calcutta.

(453—3—368)

Stolen.

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos. 167313 for Rs. 100, and 167303 for Rs. 1,000 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43 originally standing in the name of B. K. Dotivala, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—B. K. Dotivala.

Residence—5, Dharamtola Street, Calcutta.

(380—3—345).

**In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, VII of 1913, and
in the matter of Wallace Stuart and Company, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition for the winding up of the above named Company by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal was on the 16th day of February 1920 presented to His Lordship Mr. Justice Buckland on behalf of Messrs. Budree Dass Khusiram, of No. 125, Cotton Street, in the town of Calcutta, a creditor of the said Company. And that the said petition is directed to be heard before His Lordship Mr. Justice Buckland on the 15th day of March 1920 and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same, by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

S. M. DUTT, Attorney for the Petitioners, Budree Dass Khusiram

No. 5, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Dated the 18th February 1920.

(501—1)

**OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF
FACTORIES, BENGAL.
Prosecution under the Indian Factories Act.**

BEFORE the Subdivisional Officer at Barrackpore, the proprietors of several Rice Mills within the 24-Parganas were prosecuted under the Indian Factories Act

and fines ranging from Rs. 20 to Rs. 50 were imposed for non-compliance with section 33 of the Act.

To whom it may concern.

In accordance with this Government, Commerce Department, notification No. 3233Com., dated the 25th August 1916, the provisions of the Indian Factories Act, 1911, will apply to every factory situated within the town of Calcutta and the districts of the 24-Parganas and Howrah, wherein not less than 20 persons are, on any day, simultaneously employed. It has been brought to the notice of this Department that, although the notification was issued in 1916, a large number of factories within the areas have not yet submitted their notices as required by section 33 of the Indian Factories Act.

In most cases, when called upon to explain why particular factories have not been registered, the occupier or manager has invariably pleaded ignorance of the requirements of the Indian Factories Act and of the notification quoted above.

It is notified for general information that if any factory be found unregistered which would, in accordance with notification No. 3233Com., dated 25th August 1916, be registered as a factory, the occupier and manager may be jointly and severally prosecuted for breach of section 33 of the Act.

D. B. MANN,

Offg. Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal.
Calcutta, the 21st February 1920.

Notice.

The next annual stock-taking of the Indian Law Reports kept at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot will commence on the 1st April, 1920. All issues of the said reports from the said Depot to subscribers and officials will be suspended during that month.

J. F. GRAHAM,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

LEGISLATIVE DEPT.,

BOOK DEPOT BRANCH;

The 8th December, 1919.

POST OFFICE.

Despatch of Sea-Borne Mails.

MAILS FOR—	Day or date of closing of mails.	LATEST HOURS OF POSTING AT THE G. P. O.			
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United Kingdom, Europe, Aden, Egypt, East and West Africa and America ...	Thursday ...	P.M. 6-0	P.M. 7-0	P.M. 5-0	P.M. 5-30
Ceylon ...	Daily ...	4-0	4-30	3-30	4-0
Straits Settlements, French Indo-China, Federated Malay States, Philippine Islands, Netherlands India, Siam, China and Japan per SS. "Nam Sang" ...	Feb. 26 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
Burma ...	" 25 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
Port Blair (Direct) ...	" 26 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0

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* The late fee is 4 annas for each registered or unregistered article of the Letter Mail to any place in the countries named above except for Aden, Burma, Ceylon and Port Blair, the late fee for which is ½ anna for unregistered articles and 2 annas for registered articles. Letters are accepted with late fee only on occasions when a direct mail is closed by the Calcutta G. P. O. for Foreign Countries.

When there is no direct mail from Calcutta, correspondence for South Africa and Mauritius posted up to 4-0 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. is despatched to Bombay and correspondence for Australia and New Zealand posted up to 4 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. to Colombo for transmission by the first available steamer.

Calcutta G. P. O., the 23rd February 1920.

C. D. RAZ, Offg. Presidency Post Master.

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any one of them ...	5 0	7 8	Appendix (Marine Notifications)	1 0	2 2
Part IC ...	3 0	4 12	Supplement ...	5 0	7 8
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 Act XXVII of 1919 [Companies Restriction, Bengal] in Bengal. 9 p. (5p.)

The Indian Census—, 1919, in Bengal. As. 5 (5p.)

The— to provide more effective control over the administration of Charitable and Religious Trusts, in Bengal. As. 13 (1a.)

The— further to amend the Workmen's Breach of Contract Act, in Bengal. As. 2 (1a.)

The Bengal Prevention of Adulteration—, 1919, in Bengal. Re. 1 (1a.)

A— to impose a duty on excess profits arising out of certain business, in Bengal. As. 2 (1a.)

A— to consolidate and amend the law relating the importation, possession and sale of poisons throughout British India, in Bengal. As. 6 (5p.)

A— further to amend the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, in Bengal. As. 2½ (5p.)

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meeting held on 19th November 1919. Re. 1-4 (2a.)

Miscellaneous Publications.

Agriculture—

Report on the operations of the Department of—, Bengal, 1918-19. Foolscap, limp, paper cover. Rs. 2 (2½ a)

Cinchona—

Annual Report of the Government— Plantations and Factory in Bengal, 1918-19. Foolscap, paper cover. As. 6 (1a.)

Education—

Report on the Survey of Primary—, Bengal, 1919. Foolscap, board cover. Rs. 2-10 (3a.)

Annual Report on the Progress of—, Burdwan Division, 1918-19. Foolscap, paper cover. Rs. 10 (4a.)

Annual Report on the Progress of—, Chittagong Division, 1918-19. Foolscap, paper cover. Rs. 10 (4a.)

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Annual Report on the Progress of—, Presidency Division, 1918-19. Foolscap, paper cover. Rs. 8-8 (4a.)

Fore—

Annual Report of the— Officers, Department, 1918-19. Foolscap, paper cover. As. 7 (1a.)

Stamp—

Statistical Returns of the— Department, Bengal, 1918-19. Foolscap, paper cover, As. 5 (1a.)

University—

Annual Report of the Bengal— College and of the Civil— Department, Bengal, for 1918-19. Foolscap, paper cover. As. 10 (1½ a)

Waste—

Report on—, Attached and Trust Estates in Bengal, 1918-19 (1325 B.S.). Foolscap, paper cover. Re. 1-6 (1½ a)

NEW PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BETWEEN 1st JULY AND 31st DECEMBER 1919.

Acts and Legislative Council Proceedings—

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meeting held on 7th April 1919. Re. 1-3. (2a.)

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meeting held on 8th April 1919. Re. 1. (1½ a.)

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meeting held on 9th April 1919. Re. 1. (1½ a.)

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meeting held on 3rd July 1919. Re. 1-4. (4a.)

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meeting held on 12th July 1919. As. 10. (2a.)

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meeting held on 12th August 1919. Rs. 1-8. (2a.)

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council for the meeting held on 1st September 1919. Rs. 1. (2a.)

Bengal Act VI of 1920 (The Bengal Drainage Act, 1920), as modified up to 1st July 1919. As. 8. (1a.)

Bengal Act V of 1919 (The Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919). As. 1. (1½a.)

Bengal Act VI of 1919 (Bengal Food Adulteration Act). As. 2. (1a.)

Bengal Act VII of 1919 [Calcutta and Suburban Police (Amendment) Act. As. 1. (5p.)

Bengal Act I of 1919 (Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act), as modified up to 15th September 1919. As. 3. (6p.)

Bengal Translations of the Bengal Act IV of 1919 (Bengal Primary Education Act). As. 8. (1a.)

Bengal Act III of 1920 (Bengal Local Self-Government Act), as modified up to 1st August 1919. As. 6. (2a.)

Miscellaneous Publications.

Accountants—

2nd grade—Examination Papers for 1919. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 4. (1a.)

Administration—

Report on the—of Bengal for the year 1917-18. Foolscap. Board, cloth. Rs. 4-8. (7a.)

Arboriculture—

Manual of—. Royal 8vo, paper cover. Rs. 1-6. (2½a.)

Assistant-Surgeons—

Graduation List of—in Bengal corrected up to 1st July 1919. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 13. (1½a.)

Budget Estimate—

Final issue of the Public Works Department—of Provincial Civil Works in Bengal Presidency for 1919-20. Foolscap. Rs. 3. (5a.)

Civil List—

For Bengal, corrected up to 1st October 1919. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 3. (3a.)

Classified List—

Public Works Department—and Distribution Return of Establishment, corrected up to 1st July 1919. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 4. (1½a.)

Companies—

Annual Report on the Administration of the Indian—Act, 1912, Provident Insurance Societies Act, Indian Life Assurance Companies Act, 1912, and Societies Registration Act, 1900, in Bengal for the year 1918-19. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 4. (2a.)

Co-operative Societies—

Proceedings of the tenth Provincial Conference of—in Bengal held at Calcutta on 15th and 17th February 1919. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 14. (3a.)

Crop Report—

Season and—of Bengal for the year 1918-19. Foolscap, stiff paper cover. Rs. 1-6. (1½a.)

Education—

Rules and Orders of the Bengal—Department, Fifth edition, 1917. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-8. (5a.)

Educational—

List of officers in the Subordinate—Service, Bengal, corrected up to 1st April 1919. Royal 8vo. Rs. 1-12. (2a.)

List of officers in the Lower Subordinate—Service, Bengal, corrected up to 1st July 1919. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 1. (2a.)

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE OF SANSKRIT MANUSCRIPTS.

PARTS I, II, and III of a Descriptive Catalogue of the Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Sanskrit College, prepared by Pandit Hrishikesh Sastri and Babu Nira Chandra Guh, M.A., B.L., of that College are offered to the public for sale. The Catalogue having to be completed in 23 parts, the price of each part is 12 annas a copy exclusive of postage. Copies can be obtained from the Principal of the Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

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Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta and Simla.
Messrs. Newman & Co., Calcutta.
Messrs. Higginbotham & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Thacker & Co., Ltd., Bombay.
Messrs. A. J. Combridge & Co., Bombay.
The Superintendent, American Baptist Mission Press, Rangoon.
Mrs. Radhabai Atmaran Sagoon, Bombay.
Messrs. R. Cambay & Co., Calcutta.
Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons, Proprietors of the Mufit-i-am Press, Lahore, Punjab.
Messrs. Thompson & Co., Madras.
Messrs. S. Murthy & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Gopal Narayan & Co., Bombay.
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Messrs. V. Kalyanarama Iyer & Co., Booksellers, etc., Madras.
Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala & Sons, Booksellers, Bombay.
Messrs. G. A. Natesan & Co., Madras.
The Indian School Supply Depot, 309, Bowbazar, Calcutta.
Mr. Ramnath Sunder, Bombay.
Messrs. A. M. and J. Ferguson, Ceylon.

Messrs. Temple & Co., Madras.
Babu S. O. Talukdar, Proprietor, Students & Co., Cooch Behar.
Messrs. Ramchandra Govind & Son, Booksellers and Publishers, Kalladevi, Bombay.
Messrs. Butterworth & Co. (India), Ltd., Calcutta.
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Rai M. C. Sarkar Bahadur & Sons, 90-2A, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
The Proprietor of the Nawal Kishore Press, Lucknow.
The Standard Literature Company, Limited, 13-1, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
Mr. G. N. Halder, Calcutta.
Messrs. Van & Co., Madras.
Messrs. A. H. Wheeler & Co., Allahabad, Calcutta and Bombay.
M. R. Ry. E. M. Gopalakrishna Kone, Madras.
Messrs. Rama Krishna & Sons, Anarkali Street, Lahore.
The Manager, "Hittavada," Nagpur.
The Young Men's Christian Association Press, Calcutta.
Messrs. Lal Chand & Sons, 76, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.
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Messrs. H. S. King & Co., 85, Cornhill, London, E. C.
Mr. B. H. Blackwell, 50-51, Broad Street, Oxford.
Messrs. Deighton Bell & Co., Ltd., Trinity Street, Cambridge.
Messrs. Luzac & Co., 46, Great Russell Street, London, W. C.
Messrs. Oliver and Boyd, Tweeddale Court, Edinburgh.
Messrs. E. Pousonby, Limited, 116, Grafton Street, Dublin.
Mr. T. Fisher Unwin, Limited, 1, Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C.
Messrs. William Wesley & Son, 28, Essex Street, Strand, London.

AGENTS ON THE CONTINENT.

Mr. Ernest Leroux, Rue Bonaparte, Paris, France.*

| Mr. Martinus Nijhoff, The Hague, Holland.

NOTICE—Books required for private use can be purchased. Applications should be accompanied by remittance in each case. All remittances on account of subscriptions to or prices of Gazettes, Indian Law Reports or other Government publications available for sale at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, or for cost of advertisements published in the Gazette should be made payable to the "Treasurer, Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta." Advice of such remittances, if separately sent, should be addressed to the "Accountant, Bengal Secretariat." All advertisements intended for publication in the Calcutta Gazette should be sent direct to the Superintendent, Government Printing, Bengal.

Books required for the Public Service should be obtained through the Heads of Departments.

The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.

NEW PUBLICATIONS ISSUED DURING CURRENT QUARTER.

Acts, Bills and Legislative Council Proceedings—

Bengal Act	V of 1919 [Bengal Village Self-Government] in Bengali.	As 5 (1a.)
Ditto	VI of 1919 [Bengal Food Adulteration] in Bengali.	As 6 (1a.)
Ditto	VII of 1919 [Calcutta and Suburban Police Amendment] in Bengali.	6 pias (6p.)
Act	XII of 1919 [Poisons] in Bengali.	As 3 (6p.)
Act	XV of 1919 [Calcutta High Court (Jurisdiction Limits)] in Bengali.	As 3 (1a.)
Act	XVII of 1919 [Land Acquisition (Amendment)] in Bengali.	9 pias (6p.)
Act	XX of 1919 [Indian Arms (Amendment)] in Bengali.	9 pias (6p.)

Expositional Service—

List of officers in the Lower Subordinate—Bengal, corrected up to 1st July 1919.
Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 1. (1½a.)

Emigration—

Report on—From the Port of Calcutta to British and Foreign Colonies, 1918.
Foolscap, Paper cover. As. 5. (1a.)

Factories—

Annual Report on the Working of the Indian—Act in Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and Assam for 1918. Foolscap. Rs. 1-8. (1½a.)

Fisheries—

Bulletin No. 14. Statistics of Fish Imported into Calcutta for the year ending 31st March 1919. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 8 (1a.)

Annual Report of the Department of—, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa for the quarter ending 31st March 1919. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 4. (1½a.)

Food Crops—

Price-List of staple—in the local areas of Bengal for 1918. Foolscap, stiff paper cover.
Rs. 1-12. (2a.)

Gardens—

Annual Report on the Royal Botanic Gardens and of the—in Calcutta and of the Lloyd Botanic—, Darjeeling, for 1918-19. Foolscap. A 1. (½a.)

Hooghly River—

Report on the—and its head waters, Volume I. Foolscap. Board, cloth. Rs. 6. (7a.)

Ditto ditto, „ II (maps and plates). Board, cloth, bound, Rs. 20-8. (10a.) (Out of stock.)

Hospitals and Dispensaries—

Report on the working of—in Bengal, under the Government of Bengal for the year 1918. Foolscap, stiff paper cover. Rs. 3-12. (8a.)

Income-tax—

Statistical Returns of the—Department, Bengal, 1918-19. Foolscap, paper cover
As. 6 (1a.)

Inspection—

A Manual of Rules and Questions for the—of Revenue officers in Districts, 1919. Royal 8vo. Board, paper cover. Rs. 1-6 (3a.)

Instruction—

Report on the Public—in Bengal for the year 1917-18. Board, paper cover. Rs. 1-8 (3a.)

Supplement to the Report on Public—in Bengal for the year 1917-18. Board, paper cover. As. 14. (1½a.)

Justice—

Administration Report on the—of the Bengal Presidency for the year 1918.
Board, paper cover. Rs. 3-12. (4a.)

Kanungoes—

Half-yearly graduated list of Settlement—corrected up to 31st May 1919. Foolscap, paper cover Rs. 1 8. (1½a.)

Land Revenue—

Annual Returns of the—in Bengal, with brief notes for the year 1918. Foolscap, paper cover. Rs. 1-6. (1½a.)

Partitions—

A Manual for the Guidance of Officers in the—of Estates, 1919. Royal 8vo. Board, paper cover. Rs. 1-10 (8a.)

Police—

Annual Report on the—Administration of the town of Calcutta and its suburbs for the year 1918. Foolscap, paper cover. Rs. 1-2. (1½a.)

Report on the—Administration in the Bengal Presidency for 1918. Foolscap, half paper. Rs. 1-9. (2a.)

Presidency College—

Annual Report of the—and attached institutions for the year ending the 31st March 1919. Foolscap, paper cover. Rs. 2. (8a.)

Press List—

—Series I of the Bengal Secretariat Record Room, Vol. V, 2nd January to 31st December 1776. Foolscap, stiff paper cover. Rs. 18. (8a.)

Records of the Government of Bengal—

The letter Copy Books of the Resident at the Durbar at Murshidabad, 1766-1770. Edited with introduction and notes by the Ven. Walter K. Firminger, M.A., B.D., Archdeacon of Calcutta. Foolscap, stiff paper cover. Rs. 8. (7a.)

Registration—

The—Manual, Bengal, 1919, Published 1919. Royal 8vo. Board, paper cover. Rs. 2 12 (5a.)

Register—

The Bengal—and Return Manual, 1919. Royal 8vo. Board, paper cover. Rs. 1 (3a.)

Sanitary Engineering—

Lectures on practical—. Published 1919. Foolscap, board. Rs. 3. (3a.)

Sanskrit College—

Annual Report on the—and the Collegiate School for the year 1918-19. Foolscap, paper cover. As. 8. (1a.)

Schools—

List of High—and Colleges in Bengal, corrected up to 31st December 1918. Foolscap, paper cover. As. 5. (1a.) (not in stock)

Septic Tanks—

Report of the Special Committee appointed to examine the working of the—Installations in Bengal. Foolscap, paper cover, Rs. 2 4. (2a.)

Sub-Assistant Surgeons—

Graduation list of—in Bengal corrected up to 1st July 1919. Super Royal 8vo Paper cover. Rs. 1-12 (1½a.)

Survey and Settlement—

Final Report on the—operations of the Mokimpur Estate, 1908-10 to 1915-16. Foolscap, stiff cover. Rs. 2. (1½a.)

Trade—

Report on the Maritims—of Bengal for the Official year 1918-19. Foolscap, paper cover. Rs. 1 (1½a.)

[Obtainable from the office of the Collector of Customs, Calcutta.]

Waste Lands—

Bengal—Manual, 1919. Royal 8vo. Board, paper cover. Rs. 1-11. (8½a.)

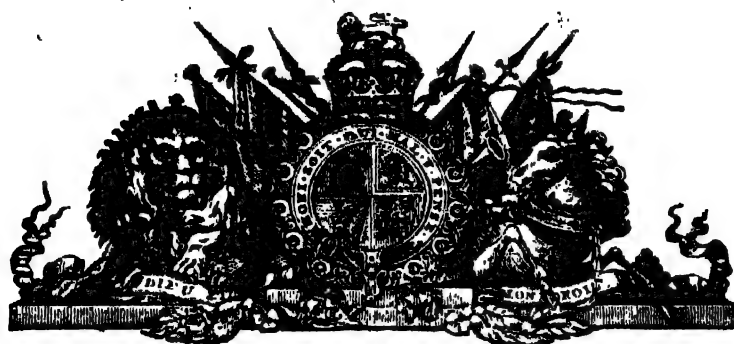
Works—

Public Works Department Distribution Return of officers and subordinates employed on local—in Bengal, corrected up to 1st April 1919. Royal 8vo. As. 2. (1a.)

[25-2-1920]

NOTICE.

Advertisements, Notices, etc., intended for insertion in this Part of the Gazette cannot be received after noon on Monday.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1920.

PART III.

Acts of the Bengal Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 193L., dated Calcutta, the 23rd February 1920.—The following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bengal, received the assent of His Excellency the Governor on the 5th February, 1920, and, having been assented to by His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General on the 13th *idem*, is hereby published for general information:—

BENGAL ACT No. I OF 1920.

THE BENGAL CRUELTY TO ANIMALS ACT, 1920.

CONTENTS.

Preliminary.

SECTION.

1. Short title, commencement and extent.
2. Repeal.
3. Definitions.

Offences.

4. Penalty for cruelty to animals and for sale of animals killed with unnecessary cruelty.
5. Penalty for overloading animals.
6. Penalty for practising *phuka*.
7. Penalty for killing animals with unnecessary cruelty.
8. Penalty for being in possession of the skin of a goat killed with unnecessary cruelty.
9. Presumptions as to possession of the skin of a goat.
10. Penalty for employing animals unfit for labour.
11. Penalty for baiting animals, or inciting them to fight.
12. Penalty for allowing diseased animals to go at large or to die in public places.

SECTION.

Weighbridges and Infirmaries.

13. Weighbridges.
14. Infirmaries.
15. Power of Local Government to appoint Veterinary Inspectors and weighbridge-officers.
16. Animal, etc., to be taken to weighbridge in case of overloading.
17. Excess load to be removed in cases of overloading.
18. Unfit animal to be taken to Veterinary Inspector.
19. Excess load to be treated as unclaimed property in certain circumstances.
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21. Production of animal for examination by Veterinary Inspector.
22. Examination of animals by Veterinary Inspector.
23. Power of Magistrate to send animal to infirmary.
24. Detention and cost of treatment of animals at infirmaries.
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Procedure.

26. Arrest of offenders.
27. Special power of search and seizure in respect of certain offences.
28. Search warrants.

Rules.

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Miscellaneous.

30. Delegation of powers.
31. Appointments made by local authority.
32. Limitation of time for prosecutions.
33. Persons appointed under section 15, 16, 18 or 21 to be public servants.
34. Indemnity.
35. Power of local authority to pay certain expenses.
36. Effect when Act is extended outside Calcutta.

THE BENGAL CRUELTY TO ANIMALS ACT, 1920 ;

*An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating
to the prevention of cruelty to animals in Bengal.*

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend
the law relating to the prevention of cruelty to
animals in Bengal ;

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Preliminary.

Short title, com-
mencement
extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1920.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Local Government may, by notification, direct.

(3) Except as otherwise hereinafter provided, this Act shall extend only to Calcutta ; but it may be extended by the Local Government, by notification, to any other town or place.

Repeal

2. (1) The following enactments, namely :—

(a) the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1869 ;

Ben. Act I
of 1869.

(b) the Bengal Cruelty to Animals (Arrest) Act, 1869 ; and

Ben. Act III
of 1869.

(c) the Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1900,

Ben. Act III
of 1900

shall be deemed to be repealed—

(i) in Calcutta, from the date of the commencement of this Act, and

(ii) in any other town or place to which this Act may hereafter be extended under section 1, sub-section (3), from the date of such extension.

(2) Such repeal shall not affect the validity of anything done or suffered, or of any obligation or liability which may have accrued, under any of the said Acts ; and all penalties incurred and other things duly done under any of the said Acts shall, so far as they are consistent with this Act, be deemed to have been respectively incurred or done hereunder.

(3) All proceedings pending under any of the said Acts, in Calcutta or in any other town or place, at the date when this Act comes into operation therein, shall be deemed to have been commenced under this Act.

*The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1920.**(Preliminary.—Offences.—sections 3-5.)*

Definitions.

3. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (1) “animal” means any domestic or captured animal;
- (2) “Calcutta” means the area described in Schedule I to the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899;
- (3) “the Corporation” means the Corporation of Calcutta; and
- (4) “notification” means a notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Ben. Act III
of 1899

Offences.

Penalty for cruelty to animals and for sale of animals killed with unnecessary cruelty.

4. If any person—

- (a) overdrives, cruelly or unnecessarily beats, or otherwise ill-treats any animal, or
- (b) binds, keeps or carries any animal in such a manner or position as to subject the animal to unnecessary pain or suffering, or
- (c) offers, exposes or has in his possession for sale any live animal which is suffering pain by reason of mutilation, starvation, thirst, overcrowding or other ill-treatment, or any dead animal which he has reason to believe to have been killed in an unnecessarily cruel manner,

he shall be punished for every such offence with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with both.

Penalty for overloading animals.

5. If any person overloads any animal he shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with both, and

- (1) if the owner of that animal, and
- (2) if any person who, as a trader, carrier or contractor, or who, in virtue of his employment by a trader, carrier or contractor, is in possession of that animal or in control over the loading of it,

permits such overloading, he shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section an owner or other person referred to in clauses (1) and (2) above shall be deemed to have permitted overloading if he shall have failed to exercise reasonable care and supervision in respect of the protection of the animal therefrom.

The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1920.

(Offences.—Sections 6-10.)

Penalty for practising *phuka*.

6. If any person performs upon any cow or other milch animal the operation called *phuka* he shall be punished with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with both, and the owner of the cow or other milch animal and any person in possession of or control over it shall be liable to the same punishment.

Penalty for killing animals with unnecessary cruelty.

7. If any person kills any animal in an unnecessarily cruel manner he shall be punished with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with both :

Provided that nothing in this section shall render it an offence to kill any animal in a manner required by the religion or religious rites and usages of any race, sect, tribe or class, or for any *bona fide* scientific purpose or for the preparation of any medicinal drug.

Penalty for being in possession of the skin of a goat killed with unnecessary cruelty.

8. If any person has in his possession the skin of a goat, and has reason to believe that the goat has been killed in an unnecessarily cruel manner so as to constitute an offence under section 7, he shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, or with imprisonment which may extend to three months, or with both, and the skin shall be confiscated.

Presumptions as to possession of the skin of a goat.

9. (1) If any person is charged with the offence of killing a goat contrary to the provisions of section 7, and it is proved that such person had in his possession, after the offence was alleged to have been committed, the skin of a goat with any part of the skin of the head attached thereto, it shall be presumed, until the contrary be proved, that such goat was killed in an unnecessarily cruel manner.

(2) If any person is charged with an offence against section 8, and it is proved that such person had in his possession, at the time of the alleged offence, the skin of a goat with any part of the skin of the head attached thereto, it shall be presumed, until the contrary be proved, that such goat was killed in an unnecessarily cruel manner, and that the person in possession of such skin had reason so to believe.

Penalty for employing animals unfit for labour

10. If any person employs in any work or labour any animal which by reason of any disease, infirmity, wound, sore or other cause is unfit to be so employed, he shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, and

(1) if the owner of that animal, and

(2) if any person who, as a trader, carrier or contractor, or who, in virtue of his employment by a trader, carrier or contractor, is in possession of that animal or in control over the employment of it,

permits such employment, he shall be liable to the same punishment.

The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1920.

(Offences.—Weighbridges and Infirmaries.—Sections 11-16.)

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section an owner or other person referred to in clauses (1) and (2) above shall be deemed to have permitted such employment if he shall have failed to exercise reasonable care and supervision in respect of the protection of the animal therefrom.

Penalty for baiting animals, or inciting them to fight.

11. If any person—

- (a) incites any animal to fight, or
- (b) baits any animal, or
- (c) aids or abets any one in such incitement or baiting,

he shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Penalty for allowing diseased animals to go at large or to die in public places.

12. If any person wilfully allows any animal of which he is the owner or of which he is in charge to go at large in any public place while the animal is affected with contagious or infectious disease, or without reasonable excuse, allows any diseased or disabled animal of which he is the owner or of which he is in charge to go at large or die in any public place, he shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

Weighbridges and Infirmaries.

Weighbridges.

13. (1) The Local Government may appoint the places at which weighbridges shall be established for the detection of cases of overloading of animals, and may also declare, by notification, the limits of the areas for which such weighbridges are established.

(2) The Local Government may erect weighbridges at the places so appointed, and may acquire, by purchase or otherwise, existing weighbridges erected by any person and maintain them for the purposes of sub-section (1).

Infirmaries.

14. The Local Government may, by general or special order, appoint places to be infirmaries for the treatment and care of animals in respect of which offences against this Act are believed to have been committed.

Power of Local Government to appoint Veterinary Inspectors and weighbridge-officers.

15. The Local Government may appoint such persons as they think fit,—

- (a) to be Veterinary Inspectors for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act, and may declare the areas within which such officers shall exercise their powers under this Act and the areas of which they shall be in charge;
- (b) to be weighbridge-officers, to have charge of any weighbridge or weighbridges established under section 13.

Animal, etc., to be taken to weighbridge in case of overloading.

16. Within the limits of any area for which a weighbridge has been established under section 13, any police-officer, or any other person duly authorized by the Local Government in this behalf, who has reason to believe that an offence against section 5 is being committed in respect of any animal, shall

*The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1920.**(Weighbridges and Infirmaries.—Sections 17-19.)*

seize and take it, together with its load and the person in charge of the animal, to such weighbridge, and shall cause the load to be weighed on the weighbridge in the presence of such person.

Excess load to be removed in cases of overloading.

17. (1) If the weighbridge-officer is not satisfied that an offence against section 5 has been committed, he shall inform the police-officer or person who seized the animal accordingly, and that officer or person shall forthwith release the animal and load.

(2) If the weighbridge-officer is satisfied that an offence against section 5 has been committed, he shall cause the excess load to be removed.

Unfit animal to be taken to Veterinary Inspector.

18. Any police-officer, or any other person duly authorized by the Local Government in this behalf, who has reason to believe that an offence against section 10 is being committed in respect of any animal, shall seize and take it, together with its load, if any, and the person in charge of the animal, to the weighbridge, if any, appointed for the area, within which such seizure is made, or, in the case of there being no weighbridge appointed for the area, to the nearest police-station, and shall remove the load forthwith and report the fact of such seizure to the Veterinary Inspector in charge of that area.

Excess load to be treated as unclaimed property in certain circumstances.

19. (1) Any excess load removed from an animal under section 17, sub-section (2), and any load which was being carried by an animal seized under section 18, and taken to the weighbridge, shall be kept by the weighbridge-officer, at the risk of the owner of such load, at the weighbridge, or at any other place appointed by the Local Government for this purpose, and, if not removed by the owner within forty-eight hours, it shall be made over by the weighbridge-officer to the police and removed to the nearest police-station.

(2) Any load which was being carried by an animal seized under section 18 and taken to a police-station, shall be kept by the officer in charge of the police-station, at the police-station, or at any other place appointed by the Local Government for this purpose. The said load shall be kept during the first forty-eight hours of such detention at the risk of the owner thereof, and he may remove the same during that period.

(3) The officer in charge of the police-station shall—

(a) in the case of any load removed to the police-station under sub-section (1), and

(b) in the case of any load referred to in sub-section (2), if not removed by the owner within forty-eight hours,

enter, in a register to be kept for the purpose, such particulars of the load as may be prescribed by rules made under section 29, and the load shall thereafter be returned to the person who proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Police that the same belongs to him, on payment of all costs incurred in the removal and detention of such load:

Provided that if the load, or any part thereof, consists of articles which are subject to speedy and natural decay, or consists of livestock, that load, or part

*The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1920.**(Weighbridges and Infirmaries.—Sections 20-24.)*

thereof, may forthwith be sold or otherwise disposed of under the orders of the Commissioner of Police in accordance with rules made under section 29; and the sale-proceeds, after deducting therefrom all expenses incurred in the removal, detention and sale of the entire load, shall be made over to the owner, on proof of his ownership, within six months from the date of entry in the register.

Disposal of sale-proceeds.

20. If within six months from the date of entry in the register no person satisfies the Commissioner of Police that he is the owner of the load, the Commissioner may cause it to be sold or otherwise disposed of in accordance with rules made under section 29, and the proceeds of the sale under this section, or of the sale under the proviso to sub-section (3) of section 19, after deducting therefrom all expenses, shall be applied in such manner as the Local Government may prescribe by rules made under section 29.

Production of animal for examination by Veterinary Inspector.

21. (1) Any police-officer, or any other person duly authorized by the Local Government in this behalf, who has reason to believe that an offence against this Act has been or is being committed in respect of any animal, may, if the circumstances so require, seize the animal and produce the same for examination by the Veterinary Inspector in charge of the area in which the animal is seized.

(2) The police-officer or person who seizes any animal under sub-section (1) may require the person in charge of the animal to accompany it to the place of examination.

Examination of animals by Veterinary Inspector.

22. (1) For the purposes of the examination of an animal sent to a Veterinary Inspector in accordance with the provisions of section 21, he may submit the animal to any test which the Local Government may prescribe by rules made under section 29.

(2) If, on such examination, the Veterinary Inspector is of opinion that the animal is unfit to be employed on the work or labour on which it was employed at the time of its seizure, he shall either send the animal for treatment and care to an infirmary appointed under section 14, and inform the owner of the animal of his having done so, or (if he considers that a prosecution is necessary, or if the owner of the animal so elects) direct the prosecution of the offender and produce the animal before the Magistrate.

Power of Magistrate to send animal to infirmary.

23. The Magistrate before whom a prosecution for any offence under this Act has been instituted may, if he thinks fit, direct that the animal, in respect of which the offence is alleged or proved to have been committed, shall be sent for treatment and care to an infirmary appointed under section 14.

Detention and cost of treatment of animals at infirmaries.

24. (1) When any animal has been sent to an infirmary in accordance with the provisions of section 22, sub-section (2), or of section 23, it shall be detained there until, in the opinion of the officer in charge of the infirmary, it is cured, or again fit for the work or labour on which it is the intention of the owner to employ it.

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(Weighbridges and Infirmarys.—Section 25.)

(2) The cost of the treatment, feeding and watering of the animal in the infirmary shall be payable by the owner of the animal, according to such scale of rates as the Local Government may prescribe.

(3) If the owner refuses or neglects to pay such cost, or to remove the animal within such time as the officer in charge of the infirmary may prescribe, that officer may direct that the animal be sold and the proceeds of the sale be applied to the payment of such cost.

(4) The surplus, if any, of the proceeds of the sale shall, on application to be made by the owner within two months after the date of the sale, be paid to him; but the owner shall not be liable to make any payment in excess of the proceeds of the sale.

(5) If no application is made by the owner for the surplus sale-proceeds within the period prescribed under sub-section (4), these proceeds shall be applied in such manner as the Local Government may prescribe by rules made under section 29.

(6) If an animal cannot be sold under sub-section (3) the officer in charge of the infirmary may dispose of it in such manner as the Local Government may prescribe by rules made under section 29.

Destruction
suffering or unfit
animals

25. (1) When any Magistrate, the Commissioner of Police, or any Deputy Commissioner of Police has reason to believe that an offence against this Act has been committed in respect of any animal, the Magistrate, Commissioner of Police or Deputy Commissioner of Police may direct the immediate destruction of the animal, if, in his opinion, its physical condition is such as to render such a direction proper.

(2) When any animal is sent to an infirmary in accordance with the provisions of section 22, sub-section (2), or of section 23, the officer in charge of the infirmary may direct the immediate destruction of the animal, if, in his opinion, its physical condition is such as to render such direction proper, or if he considers it to be permanently unfit for work by reason of old age or some incurable disease.

Provided that no order directing destruction shall be made in respect of any bull, bullock or cow which is unfit for work by reason only of old age.

(3) Any police-officer who finds any animal so diseased, or so severely injured, or in such a physical condition, that it cannot without cruelty be removed shall, if the owner is absent or refuses to consent to the destruction of the animal, at once summon the Veterinary Inspector in charge of the area in which the animal is found and, if the Veterinary Inspector certifies that the animal is mortally injured, or so severely injured, or so diseased, or in such a physical condition, that it is cruel to keep it alive, the police-officer may, without the consent of the owner, kill the animal or cause it to be killed.

*The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1920.**(Procedure.—Rules.—Sections 26-29.)**Procedure.*

Arrest of offenders.

26. (1) Any police-officer may arrest without a warrant any person committing in his view any offence against this Act, or any person against whom he has received credible information of having committed an offence against this Act, if the name and address of the accused person is unknown to the officer, and if such person, on demand, declines to give his name and address or gives a name and address which such officer has reason to believe to be false.

(2) When the true name and address of a person arrested under sub-section (1) have been ascertained, he shall be released on his executing a bond, with or without sureties, to appear before a Magistrate if so required:

Provided that if such person is not resident in British India, the bond shall be secured by a surety or sureties resident in British India.

(3) If the true name and address of such person is not ascertained within twenty-four hours from the time of arrest, or if he fails to execute the bond, or if so required, to furnish sufficient sureties, he shall forthwith be forwarded to the nearest Magistrate having jurisdiction.

Special power of search and seizure in respect of certain offences.

27. If a police-officer, not below the rank of Sub-Inspector, has reason to believe that an offence against section 7 in respect of a goat is being or is about to be, or has been, committed in any place, or that any person has in his possession the skin of a goat with any part of the skin of the head attached thereto, he may enter and search such place or any place in which he has reason to believe any such skin to be, and may seize any such skin and any article or thing used or intended to be used in the commission of such offence.

Search warrants

28. (1) If a Presidency Magistrate, a Magistrate of the first class, the Commissioner of Police, or a Deputy Commissioner of Police, upon information in writing and after such inquiry as he thinks necessary, has reason to believe that an offence against section 6, section 7 or section 10 is being or is about to be, or has been, committed in any place, he may, at any time by day or by night, without notice, either himself enter and search, or, by his warrant, authorize any police-officer above the rank of a constable to enter and search, the place.

(2) The provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, relating to searches under that Code shall, so far as those provisions can be made applicable, apply to a search made under sub-section (1) or under section 27.

Act V of 1920.

Rules.

Power of Local Government to make rules.

29. (1) The Local Government may, from time to time, make rules to carry out the purposes of this Act.

*The Bengal Cruelty to Animals Act, 1920.**(Miscellaneous.—Sections 30-34.)*

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, the Local Government may make rules—

- (a) prescribing the maximum weight of the loads to be carried on or drawn by animals;
- (b) for preventing the overcrowding of animals;
- (c) for regulating the use of tests and the manner of examination of animals;
- (d) prescribing the qualifications of persons to be appointed to be Veterinary Inspectors and weighbridge-officers;
- (e) prescribing the procedure to be followed after removal of a load under section 17, sub-section (2), or under section 18;
- (f) prescribing the particulars to be entered in the register maintained under section 19, sub-section (3);
- (g) prescribing such other forms or registers as may be required for carrying out the purposes of this Act;
- (h) for carrying out the provisions of the proviso to sub-section (3) of section 19 and of section 20 in regard to the disposal of loads;
- (i) prescribing the manner in which fines realized under this Act and sale-proceeds realized under section 20 and section 24, sub-section (5), shall be applied;
- (j) for carrying out the provisions of section 24, sub-section (6), in regard to the disposal of animals; and
- (k) for regulating the destruction of animals under section 25.

Miscellaneous.

Delegation of powers.

30. The Local Government may delegate, under such restrictions as they consider fit, any of the powers conferred upon them by sections 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 21 and 24, sub-section (2), of this Act to any person or local authority.

Appointments made by local authority.

31. Every appointment made by a local authority under section 15, in exercise of the power delegated to it under section 30, shall be deemed to be an appointment made under the Act by which such local authority is constituted.

Limitation of time for prosecutions.

32. A prosecution for an offence against this Act shall not be instituted after the expiration of three months from the date of the commission of such offence.

Persons appointed under section 15, 16, 18 or 21 to be public servants.

33. Every person appointed under section 15, 16, 18 or 21 shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code.

Indemnity.

34. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person who is, or who has been declared to be, a public servant within the meaning

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(Miscellaneous.—Sections 35, 36.)

of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code for anything which is, in good faith, done or intended to be done under this Act. Act XLV of 1920.

Power of local
authority to pay
certain expenses

35. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884, or the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885, the Corporation, the Commissioners of a Municipality or the District Board may provide from the funds at their disposal such sums as may be necessary for paying the expenses incidental to the exercise of any of the powers delegated to them under section 30.

Ben. Act IIA
of 1899,
Ben. Act III
of 1884,
Ben. Act VII
of 1885.

Effect when Act is
extended outside Cal-
cutta.

36. Whenever this Act is extended to any town or place outside Calcutta, under section 1, sub-section (3), the Local Government may, by notification, appoint persons, either by name or by official designation, to exercise and perform in such town or place the same powers and duties as are conferred or imposed by this Act on the Commissioner of Police.

J. F. GRAHAM,

*Secretary to the Government of Bengal and
Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

To be substituted for pages 59 to 62 of Part IVA of the Calcutta Gazette dated the 18th February, 1920.

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welfare of the country depends on It may be that there will be an the present Act gives us before, but that will not be unusual—be not unreasonable. My Lord, ho sea and say unto them 'Thus

far shalt thou go and no further and here shalt thy proud waves be staid.' A new spirit has dawned upon the country—why, it has dawned upon the world. The new idea of Nationality has caught hold of the educated mind in this country and has convulsed society here and in the Continent of Europe. Phenomenal rise of Japan in the Far East and the destruction of the military autocracies—even of the Holy Roman Empire in the west like a house of cards—have given an electric shock to the old-world ideas and beliefs. It is not necessary for me to point out or to reiterate that the new Act is a step towards responsible government. The trusted leaders of the people, sincere friends and well-wishers of India, are unanimous in that opinion. Captain Ormsby-Gore, one of the members of the Joint Committee of Parliament, says, 'There is a new conception of Empire, and India's march towards the status of a self-governing dominion, away from the status of a Dependency, has begun.' We, therefore, welcome the measure and convey to His Imperial Majesty our heartfelt gratitude for having given his Royal assent to it.

The Proclamation gives amnesty to political prisoners and His Majesty's words cannot fail to give rise to sincere feelings of gratitude, not only to the public but to the political prisoners themselves. It is needless to say that the Reforms Act without the amnesty would have fallen flat on the country. His Majesty says, 'It is my earnest desire at this time that so far as possible any trace of bitterness between my people and those who are responsible for my government should be obliterated. Let those who in their eagerness for political progress have broken the law in the past respect it in the future. Let it become possible for those who are charged with the maintenance of peaceful and orderly government to forget extravagances they have had to curb. A new era is opening. Let it begin with a common determination among my people and my officers to work together for a common purpose.' We hope and trust that those to whom these words have been addressed will carry them out in the spirit in which they are intended.

By the Proclamation, His Imperial Majesty has given assent to the establishment of a Chamber of Princes. Though we on this side of India are not very much interested in these Indian States, still the establishment of a Chamber of Princes has a political significance for the whole of India. To me personally it is highly gratifying as I advocated the establishment of such a chamber so far back as the year 1888 in my 'History of the Native States of India'. On the 1st January 1877 on the historic plain of Delhi a 'Council of the Empire' was created. It was stated on that memorable occasion that the object of establishing this Imperial Council was to associate the Indian Princes with the government of the Empire in a manner honourable to themselves and advantageous to the public interests. The Council has remained a paper Council ever since. A Council of this nature is urgently needed to place the relations between the Paramount Power and its great feudatories on an altogether new, superior and better footing. By their loyal and devoted services during the war they have established their claims to have a chamber of their own, and His Imperial Majesty has in justice to their services given them a chamber to which they were entitled."

The Hon'ble Dr. Suhrawardy said:—

"My Lord, I rise to give my wholehearted support to the resolution moved by my friend the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur.

*Resolutions.**Dr. Suhrawardy.*

My Lord, any Royal Proclamation issued at any time by any sovereign for the welfare of his people is bound to fire their imagination and enthusiasm and awaken in their breasts sentiments of the deepest loyalty and of profound gratitude, and, my Lord, former rulers of this historic country in ages gone by have signified on historic and memorable occasions by the promulgation of Charters and Proclamations their sentiments of love and affection for their people. But the Proclamation of His Imperial Majesty George V stands pre-eminent, by the circumstances and occasion of its promulgation and the character of its contents, above all the Charters and Proclamations of the world. It stands unique amongst the literature of its kind. I venture to say that one will seek in vain in the archives of the world for a royal document which can bear comparison with the Proclamation of the King-Emperor in the nobility of its sentiments, the loftiness of its ideals and the generous policy of government foreshadowed for the future. When I say this, I do not forget the edicts of Asoka, the *firmans* of Firoze Shah and the institutes of Jehangir, edicts, charters, and institutes issued by sovereigns imbued with high and humane ideals for the welfare of their subjects. Nor do I forget the great Charters of English History. The Proclamation, my Lord, has been described as the Magna Charta of India. But we should remember that it is not a charter wrung from a sovereign in a moment of panic or under pressure of adverse circumstances. It is a Proclamation promulgated after careful consideration and due deliberation by the mightiest Emperor of the world—the only Emperor in the West to-day—to his subjects in the East, in the plenitude of his power, in the height of his glory, by the Head of an Empire which has emerged victorious and triumphant from a world-wide war which has foundered empires and overturned the thrones of Tsars and Kaisers and of lesser kings. As to its character and contents, the Proclamation embodies the loftiest ideals of statesmanship and kingship expressed in noble language. My Lord, the Proclamation is characterised as a message of hope and inspiration. It is undoubtedly a message of hope, but it is much more. Let us pause for a moment and analyse its contents. It recounts the measures passed by Parliament for the better government of India culminating with the Act which has now become law. It reminds us of the sentiments of affection and devotion towards India of His Majesty and his predecessors and of the Royal Proclamations issued by them. It tells us how the desire after political responsibility has resulted from the British contact with India and how the beginnings of responsible government were laid many years ago and how the scope has been extended stage by stage till now there lies before us a definite step on the road to responsible government. It points out the need of mutual forbearance between all sections and races of the people of India and for co-operation for the common good in sinking unessential differences. It further announces the exercise of the Royal clemency to political offenders.

Now, My Lord, the announcement of the 20th August has been vindicated. The Reforms are an accomplished fact. The Royal clemency has been exercised by the Viceroy on behalf of His Majesty in the fullest measure. Thus the Proclamation is not merely a pledge, a promise, a pious hope, it is the fulfilment of a promise, the redemption of a pledge, the realisation of our hopes. The Sovereign has demonstrated his sovereignty in a just and generous manner. It is now for the subjects to give proofs of their allegiance. A solemn and sacred obligation is laid on our shoulders. Let not our gratitude and loyalty end with the mere effervescence of words. Let us prove by deeds the depth and intensity of our loyalty. My Lord, I frankly confess that I was amongst those who were not in love with many features of the Reforms Scheme. In this very Council Chamber I voiced the dissatisfaction of the Moslem community at the place accorded to them under the Montagu-Chelmsford Report. But now that the Act is passed and the Sovereign bids us to observe mutual

*Resolutions.**Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri; Maulvi Abul Kasem.*

forbearance for the success of this great experiment, let the voice of dissatisfaction and discontent be hushed in silence. Time was when difference of race and religion might have been urged as an obstacle in the way of cordial co-operation. The greatest and mightiest of Moslem monarchs dreamt the dream of building up an Indian nation, and strove hard both by example and precept for the realization of his dream. He lived to see his dream shattered and died of a broken heart. The hapless Prince Dara, who dared dream the dream of his illustrious grandfather, had to pay with his blood the penalty of his boldness and broadminded sympathy with the Hindus.

But now, despite the holocausts of Arrah and Katarnpur the air resounds with the cry of Hindu-Moslem unity. The unrest and ferment born of the impact of Britain and India is seeking to find rest in the formation of an Indian nation. But let not the nationalists forget that the India of to-day is not the India of Hindus and Moslems alone, but it is the India of Hindus, Moslems and Christians. Let the inheritors of the civilization and culture of Asoka and Vikramaditya, of Akbar and Shah Jehan—Hindus and Moslems—rise to the height of the occasion and united in a bond of indissoluble brotherhood work in unison, harmony and cordial co-operation with the great British people, the greatest friends of freedom, the members of the freest empire in the world. Let the Britisher also realise his share in the creation of the desire in Indian minds for political freedom and let him not look upon Indian political leaders as his enemies. In the words of the Urdu poet—

• یہ آپ لائیں ہیں مغرب سے سول آزادی بنائیں ایسی عمارت کہ پایدار رہے •

You yourselves have brought this flood of freedom from the West Lay, therefore, the foundation of your empire and the fabric of your constitution deep in the hearts of the people, so that they may endure for ever.

My Lord, with understanding and sympathy and cordial co-operation the Zion of our Hope and the Mecca of our Aspirations will be reached in no distant future and Britishers will be proud of their Indian fellow-citizens and partners in the great British Commonwealth, and Indians will proudly declare themselves as the citizens of an Empire wider and vaster than that of the Romans, and say, 'We are citizens of the British Empire'."

The Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri said :—

"My Lord, I rise not to add anything to what has been so ably moved by my friend the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur, and the previous speakers, but I think it my duty as a representative of the people as well as in my private capacity to associate myself wholeheartedly in an expression of homage—loyal and dutiful homage—to His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor for the gracious Proclamation of the 23rd December last and in our respectful assurance to His Majesty the King-Emperor that His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales will receive a most cordial and enthusiastic welcome from us. With these expressions of loyalty, I wholeheartedly support what has been said by the hon'ble mover and the previous speakers."

The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem said :—

"My Lord, I rise to join my humble voice to the expression of gratitude and loyalty to His Majesty the King-Emperor. There may be differences of opinion about the system of administration carried on in this country or the manner in which government is carried on here, but so far as Indians are concerned—and by Indians I mean all sections of the community, whether nationalists or not, whether Hindus or Muhammadans—we are at least one in our devotion to the person of His Majesty and the Throne of England. I claim that so far as the Indian people are concerned their loyalty to the

*Resolutions.**Mr. P. C. Mitter ; Mr. Watson-Smyth.*

Throne, which is also the Throne of India, is not less sincere and less heartfelt than that of the people of Great Britain themselves, and that whenever we have to find fault with the administration we have done it with the knowledge that our criticism would reach the foot of the Throne and that redress would come from His Majesty. Besides the feeling of loyalty which exists in the heart of the people I might add that any member of the House of the late Queen Victoria would always command the affectionate regard and respect from the people of India and as His Majesty King George has not only maintained the reputation of his illustrious house but has also enhanced it by his sympathy with the people of this country, I can assure your Excellency's Government that we will not be wanting in lending our co-operation and help to his desire to make the Reforms Act a success. I join in the hope that the members of the Government will also lend us a helping hand. Mutual co-operation of the people and Government is necessary so that His Majesty's wishes may be fulfilled. With these words I beg to associate myself in the motion which is now before the house."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. C. Mitter said :—

"My Lord, I am desired by my colleagues, including the landowning interest in this house, to join my voice to what has been said with regard to the resolution moved by my hon'ble friend Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur. In doing so I desire to state one aspect of the question which has been overlooked. We Indians are sincerely and wholeheartedly of opinion that the salvation of India lies in her continuing to be a part of the British Empire. Even those who are perhaps at times the bitterest critics of British administration in India, even they are fully convinced and are sincere in their conviction that the salvation of India lies in association with and as a partner of the British Empire. But, my Lord, at times in the heat of controversy people forget and it is natural, inevitable for them to forget, that in order to cement the bond of union between England and India that the agitation and bitterness which found a place in the past must cease to have any place in view of the coming reforms, because we must remember that England is the head of the Empire of which India aspires to be a great partner, and I have no doubt that as our reformed Council meets and begins to discuss the practical problems of the country and as Indians themselves take up responsibilities in the new Councils, they will realize the importance of the move. At the same time I have no doubt that my European fellow-citizens in the reformed Councils will begin to take a real and abiding interest in the practical political problems of India. They will try as much as we Indians will try in creating a more contented India and in creating an India which will be one of the ablest partners in this Empire. My Lord, originally I did not intend to speak on this resolution, but as I have been asked by my colleagues, who represent the landholding interest in this Council, I cannot do better than join my voice in support of this resolution."

The Hon'ble Mr. Watson-Smyth said :—

"On behalf of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce I rise to support this resolution. I cordially associate myself and those whom I represent with the expression of loyal and respectful homage to His Majesty the King-Emperor. We also join in the expression of gratitude to His Majesty for announcing his intention to depute His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to visit India as His Majesty's representative for the purpose of inaugurating the new constitution, and we join in tendering our respectful assurance that His Royal Highness will receive a most cordial and enthusiastic welcome from the people of this

Resolutions.

Dr. Suhrawardy; The President; Babu Akhil Chandra Datta.

of the views of gentlemen who are almost enamoured of these reforms. Take the case of men of the position of Mr Bomanjee of Bombay. He is well known as a staunch supporter of Mrs. Besant even in her present day politics. Mr. Bomanjee's attitude towards the reforms is that it is a definite and substantial step towards the realisation of responsible Government. In fact it would be no exaggeration to say that Mr. Montagu is the idol of Mr. Bomanjee. That being his attitude with respect to the reforms it would be interesting to know what his attitude is with respect to His Excellency the Viceroy. And that attitude is well known. So, my Lord, the whole position is that if Indian opinion is to be consulted at all, I am afraid this resolution cannot be accepted. It is a very very delicate matter and a very unpleasant duty to do and therefore I shall not dilate. I shall only say that the Indian people think that in view of the reply, amongst other things, of His Excellency the Viceroy to the press deputation, in view of the fact that measures have been passed in the teeth of universal opposition of the Indians, the people do feel that there is nothing much to be grateful for to His Excellency the Viceroy.

The Hon'ble Dr. Suhrawardy (interrupting) said :—

"May I rise to a point of order, Sir? Are we discussing the services^{at} of the Viceroy in connection with the Reforms Act or other measures?"

The President said :—

"The motion before the House is a proposal to extend the thanks of the Council to the Viceroy for his generous and practical sympathy with Indian political aspirations. It is fairly wide ground."

The Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta said :—

"My Hon'ble friend's interruption leads me to the terms of this resolution, and I find that the terms are very comprehensive. It is 'generous and practical sympathy' with Indian political aspirations, but no practical illustration of it has been mentioned. There is another matter on which I think I should be failing in my duty if I did not express the feelings of the people of this country, I mean the incident which has happened in the Punjab. On these grounds people think that this resolution cannot be accepted by them. I therefore find myself compelled to oppose this resolution, and I do it with the utmost reluctance."

The Hon'ble Dr. Suhrawardy said :—

"My Lord, I rise to support the resolution moved by my hon'ble friend Mr. Arden-Wood. As I read the resolution I understand that it refers to the services of the Viceroy specially with regard to His Excellency's labours in connection with the Reforms Act. The resolution reads that the hearty thanks of this Council be conveyed to His Excellency the Viceroy for his generous and practical sympathy with Indian political aspirations. My Lord, my hon'ble friend to my right has opposed the resolution. I am quite at a loss to understand exactly the reasons for his opposing this resolution. I do not know whether it is based on His Excellency's Punjab policy or whether he is unwilling to support the resolution even without reference to the unfortunate incident in the Punjab. I also regret to find that my friend the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri has declared this resolution to be rather premature. At this moment a favourite phrase of my friend the Hon'ble Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq comes to my mind, that if human memory is short official memory is shorter. So far as the labours of His Excellency with reference to the Reforms Act are concerned I would like to repeat that phrase of the Hon'ble Maulvi with a slight variation—'If human memory is short non-official memory is shorter.' I would like to invite the

*Resolutions.**Maulvi Abul Kasem; Rai Debender Chander Ghose Bahadur.*

attention of this House once again to the resolution moved by the Hon'ble Rai Debender Chander Ghose Bahadur on the 14th November, 1918, which ran thus :—

"This Council is of opinion that the constitutional reforms proposals, laid before this country and the Parliament in England, by His Excellency the Viceroy and the Secretary of State for India, are a genuine effort and a definite advance towards the progressive realisation of responsible Government in India, and also desires to record and offer its grateful thanks to His Excellency the Viceroy and the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India for their Reform proposals."

I find that my friends the Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem and Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri were a party to the resolution when it was unanimously passed in this Council. My Lord, I do not wish to take up the time of this Council. All I wish to say is this, that I am very glad to associate myself with the words of my friend the Hon'ble Mr. Arden-Wood who moved this resolution."

The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem said :—

"My Lord, I regret it very much that this resolution has been brought forward for discussion in this Council. The Hon'ble mover is aware that there is a good deal of difference of opinion about Lord Chelmsford's generous sympathy with Indian political aspirations and his rule of India, but whatever may be our differences His Excellency is the representative of our Sovereign in this country and as such is entitled to all respect and honour, and it is very unfortunate that his conduct should be discussed in a Provincial Legislative Council. A large section of the people are of opinion that His Excellency does not sympathize with our political aspirations and that is evidenced by the fact that no Indian member of this Council thought it proper to bring forward a resolution like this and it was reserved for a member of the European community to do so. I have great respect for the Hon'ble Mr. Arden-Wood as a scholar and an educationist but I have never seen that he has interested himself in Indian politics or expressed his sympathy with our aspirations nor had he any means of knowing Indian public opinion. Still he has gone out of his way to ask this Council to offer its thanks to Lord Chelmsford for his sympathies with Indian political aspirations and has forced us to raise an unseemly controversy in this Council. My Lord, many public bodies in this country have expressed their opinion on the Reform Act and about those who have had a hand in it, but so far as I have been able to ascertain from newspaper reports none has as yet ventured to mention Lord Chelmsford's name in this connection."

The Hon'ble Rai Debender Chander Ghose Bahadur interrupting said :—

"Mr. Arden-Wood is not a member of the Corporation."

The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem continued :—

"At any rate the Corporation did pass a resolution in which the name of Lord Chelmsford was not mentioned. True it is that if Lord Chelmsford had violently opposed the reforms even the British Cabinet could not have passed the Act, because the British people always put a great value on the opinion of the man on the spot, but I have never heard that thanks are offered for not obstructing a thing, and to agree to a proposal is quite different from supporting it or sympathizing with its object. The Government of India despatches to which Lord Chelmsford was a party laid weight to the opinion that His Excellency was not favourably inclined towards the changes brought about and the opinion expressed about his share in this matter by Indians is quite contrary to what we are asked to



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PART V.

Acts of the Indian Legislative Council assented to by the Governor General.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislative Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 11th February, 1920, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT NO. I OF 1920.

An Act further to amend the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884.

VII of 1884. WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. This Act may be called the Indian Steam-ships (Amendment) Act, 1920.
Short title.

VII of 1884. 2. Section 6 of the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884, is hereby repealed.
Repeal of section 6, Act VII of 1884.

VII of 1884. 3. After section 18 of the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—
Insertion of new section 14 in Act VII of 1884.

" 14. If a steam-ship on any voyage carries or attempts to carry passengers in contravention of section 4, or has on board or in any part thereof a number of
Penalty for carrying passengers in contravention of the Act.

passengers which is greater than the number set forth in the certificate of survey as the number of passengers which the steam-ship or the part thereof is, in the judgment of the surveyor, fit to carry on that voyage, the owner and the master shall each be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, and also with an additional fine not exceeding twenty rupees for every passenger above the number so set forth, or, if the fare of any passenger on board exceeds twenty rupees, not exceeding double the amount of the fares of all the passengers above the number so set forth, reckoned at the highest rate of fare payable by any passenger on board; and if the master or any other officer of any steam-ship which carries or attempts to carry passengers in contravention of section 4 is a licensed pilot, he shall be liable to have his license as a pilot suspended or cancelled for any period by the Local Government."

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislative Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 11th February, 1920, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. II OF 1920.

*An Act further to amend the Indian Army Act,
1911.*

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Army Act, 1911; It is hereby enacted VIII of 1911.
as follows :—

1. This Act may be called the Indian Army
Short title. (Amendment) Act, 1920.
2. In section 116 of the Indian Army Act, VIII of 1911, after the words 1911.
Amendment of sec- " becoming insane " the
tion 116, Act VIII following shall be added,
of 1911. namely :—

" or, who, being on active service, is officially reported missing :

Provided that, in the case of a person so reported missing, no action shall be taken under sub-sections (2) to (5), inclusive, of the said section, until one year has elapsed from the date of such report."

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislative Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 11th February, 1920, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. III OF 1920.

An Act to modify certain provisions of the United Provinces Town Improvement Act, 1919.

WHEREAS it is expedient to modify the provisions of the United Provinces Town Improvement Act, 1919, so as to provide in certain cases for an appeal to the High Court from the awards of the Tribunal constituted under that Act; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. This Act may be called the United Provinces Town Improvement (Appeals) Act, 1920

2. In this Act—

Definitions.

- (1) " High Court " means in Agra the High Court of Judicature at Allahabad, and in Oudh, the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Oudh; and

- (2) " Tribunal " has the same meaning as in the United Provinces Town Improvement Act, 1919.

3. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the United Provinces Town Improvement Act, 1919, and subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), an appeal shall lie to the High Court in any of the following cases, namely :—

- (a) where the decision is that of the President of the Tribunal sitting alone in pursuance of clause (b) of section 64 of the said Act;

- (b) where the decision is that of the Tribunal, and—

- (i) the President of the Tribunal grants a certificate that the case is a fit one for appeal, or

- (ii) the High Court grants special leave to appeal :

Provided that the High Court shall not grant such special leave unless the President has refused to grant a certificate under sub-clause (i) and the amount in dispute is not less than five thousand rupees.

(2) An appeal under clause (b) of sub-section (1) shall only lie on one or more of the following grounds, namely :—

- (i) the decision being contrary to law or to some usage having the force of law ;

- (ii) the decision having failed to determine some material issue of law or usage having the force of law ;

- (iii) a substantial error or defect in the procedure provided by the said Act which may possibly have produced error or defect in the decision of the case upon the merits.

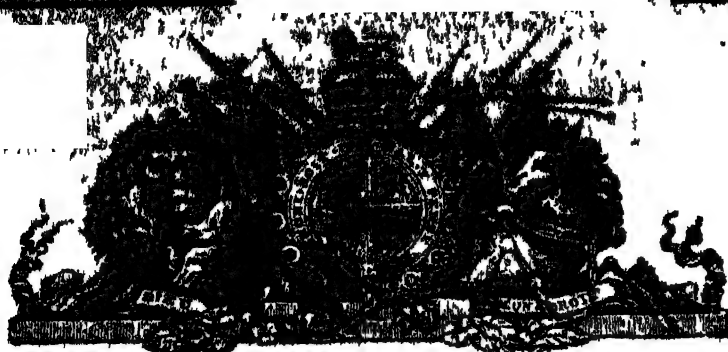
4. Subject to the provisions of section 3, the Procedure in such appeals. provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, with respect to appeals from original decrees shall, so far as may be, apply to appeals under this Act.

5. Every order passed by the High Court on appeal under this Act shall be enforced, on application, by a Court of Small Causes within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the award or order appealed against was made, as if it were a decree of that Court.

6. An appeal under section 3 shall be deemed to be an appeal under the Period of limitation Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, within the meaning of Article 156 of the First Schedule to the Indian Limitation Act, 1908.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.



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SUPPLEMENT.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[*Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.*]

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MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 484M.—The 24th February 1920.—The following papers are published for general information:—

- (1) Report of the Committee appointed to enquire into land values and rents in Calcutta, and
- (2) Letter No. 200R.C., dated the 21st February 1920, from the Hon'ble Raja Reshee Kesh Law, C.I.E., Rai Sahab Ramdeo Chokani, Mr. A. D. Pickford, the Revd. A. Gille, S.J., Mr. J. H. Randlett, Rai P. N. Mukharji Bahadur, Mr. F. C. French, C.S.I., I.C.S., Mr. A. deBois Shrobbree, Mr. J. A. Woodhead, I.C.S., and Mr. J. F. Graham, I.C.S.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO ENQUIRE INTO LAND VALUES AND RENTS IN CALCUTTA.

SUMMARY.

We present herewith our report. We were instructed—

- (1) to enquire into the remarkable enhancement in land values and house rents which has recently occurred in Calcutta;
- (2) to investigate the causes;
- (3) to define its extent and degree;
- (4) to examine the charge of profiteering against landlords, and
- (5) to suggest remedies if we considered it practicable to control or limit the rise in rents.

The report deals specifically with each of the above points, but it may be stated generally—

- (1) that we have been able to obtain comparatively little help by way of direct evidence;
- (2) that the rise in values and rents must be considered to be at least in part permanent, due to the readjustment in values consequent on the war,
- (3) that the greater rise is post-war in date;
- (4) that the only real remedy will be found in the immediate provision of additional housing accommodation, which necessitates the provision of new building sites forthwith;
- (5) that some temporary measure to deal with cases of hardship is desirable, and we propose the creation of an authority with power to extend the period of a notice to quit up to one year.

CHAPTER I.

General.

1 The Committee was appointed by the Governor in Council by Resolution No. 3554 M, dated the 30th September 1919. This resolution is reproduced below—

“ At the meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council held on the 3rd September 1919, the Hon'ble Mr. W. H. Phelps moved that the Governor in Council be recommended to appoint a Commission to enquire into the causes of excessive land values and high rents in Calcutta, and, if possible, to suggest remedies ” The resolution was accepted by Government and duly carried. The Governor in Council has accordingly directed that a Committee, representative of the various interests involved, should be appointed to enquire into the remarkable enhancement in land values and house rents which has recently occurred in Calcutta.

He desires that the causes of this enhancement may be investigated and its extent and degree defined, that the charge of “ profiteering ” made against landlords should be examined, and that, if in the opinion of the Committee it is desirable and practicable to control or limit the rise in rents, definite proposals in this behalf may be submitted for the consideration of Government at an early date.

2. The Committee was composed of the following members: -

- (1) The Hon'ble Mr. W. E. Crum, O.B.E., *Chairman*.
- (2) F. C. French, Esq., C.S.I., I.C.S.
- (3) The Hon'ble Raja Reshee Kesh Law, C.I.E.
- (4) The Hon'ble Mr. Abdur. Rahim.
- (5) Revd. A. Gille, A.J.
- (6) The Hon'ble Mr. W. H. Phelps.
- (7) A. de Bois Shrosbree, Esq.
- (8) Rai P. N. Mukharji Bahadur.
- (9) Rai Sahib Ramdeo Chokani.
- (10) J. H. Rundlett, Esq.
- (11) A. D. Pickford, Esq.
- (12) R. C. Bonnerjee, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.
- (13) J. F. Graham, Esq., I.C.S.
- (14) J. A. Woodhead, Esq., I.C.S., *Secretary*.

3. In November last we published an advertisement in the principal English and Indian newspapers (English and vernacular) inviting all persons desirous of giving evidence to communicate with the Secretary, from whom a form giving details of the main points on which information was required could be obtained. The advertisement is reproduced in Appendix I. We also drew up a form for distribution to tenants, asking for information as regards the increase in rents. These forms were supplied to all persons, who applied, and were also distributed by members of the Committee and local gentlemen. One thousand and ten of these forms were issued, but only 230 forms were returned duly filled in. This form is reproduced in Appendix II. Letters were at the same time addressed to the Calcutta Corporation, to the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, to the Commissioners of the Howrah and Suburban Municipalities, to representative public associations and to prominent landlords, requesting them to favour us with their opinions, and to state whether they or their representatives would be willing to give oral evidence before the Committee. This letter is reproduced in Appendix III; 367 copies of it were issued. We received written opinions from only 13 public bodies and associations and 33 private persons; 19 persons expressed their willingness to give oral evidence and we examined 10 witnesses. We held 18 meetings.

We wish to acknowledge our indebtedness to all those who have assisted us by furnishing us with written opinions or by giving evidence before us.

We desire to record our appreciation of the services of Mr. J. A. Woodhead, a member of the Committee who, in addition to his ordinary duties, acted as Secretary. In connection with the preparation of matter, the drafting of the report and in other ways Mr. Woodhead gave us very great assistance.

CHAPTER II.

The causes of the recent remarkable rise in land values and rents.

1. We are agreed that there has been a recent and remarkable rise in land values and rents in and around Calcutta and that the majority of the abnormal cases have taken place during the latter half of the year 1919. The rise has been preceded by an increase, which except for occasional halts due to exceptional causes, has been gradual and persistent over a long period of years. A similar rise has been experienced at about the same time in other

cities in India. The papers which we have obtained from Bangalore disclose the interesting fact that a rise very similar to the one with which we are dealing manifested itself in that city from about May 1919. Public attention has also been drawn to the recent increase in rents in the city of Madras. The situation in Bombay is indicated by the extension of the Bombay Rent Acts for a further period of two years. In England the Rent Act of 1915, purely a war measure passed for the duration of the war and six months after, has been extended to the year 1921, and dwelling-houses of a higher rental value have been brought under legislative control.

2. We consider the main causes of the rise are exceptional, not purely local in character, and beyond the general causes referred to in the next paragraph.

3. The causes which have operated in past years to produce a general rise—a rise so continuous as to warrant the theory of a 5 per cent. rise yearly in the value of land being frequently accepted as a standard by persons dealing in and valuing land—are, we believe, well known. They may be summarized as follows—a city growing in wealth and in health, and prevented from expanding beyond certain narrow and well-defined limits by the unhealthy character of the areas outside those limits, combined with a total lack of rapid and cheap communications. In the suburban municipalities malaria is prevalent, drainage is defective, the water-supply is inadequate, roads are few and bad, and the means of rapid communication with the centre of the city is for the greater part entirely absent. These disadvantages have almost entirely prevented a growing population from spreading out over the cheaper lands of the suburbs, with the inevitable result that the increased demand for buildings and land within the city has caused a gradual and continuous increase in the value of property, attended as it must be by an increase in rent. Further, the superior healthiness and attractions of the city, as compared with many of the mofussil districts, have led to immigration of the richer and leisured classes. We believe this immigration has also played a part in the increased demand for landed property within the city boundaries. The innate unwillingness of certain classes of the population to leave the area, in which their ancestors have lived for generations, and the immobility of certain classes of the population, while perhaps not major factors affecting the whole city, have undoubtedly contributed to high prices for landed property and high rents in the northern sections.

4. We now deal with the causes which acting upon the conditions briefly sketched in the last paragraph have resulted in the recent remarkable rise in land values and rents. Sections of the commercial population of Calcutta have amassed very large fortunes during the war, and during the years 1918 and 1919, particularly the latter, have invested very largely in landed property. Apparently many people are able to pay prices, on which the rents even after development cannot give an adequate return. Past history has proved that prices paid for land in Calcutta, which at the time were considered to be of a speculative character, have soon been overtaken by the market, and the so-called speculative buyer within a comparatively short period of years has been able to sell at a profit. This historical fact is well known to the persons who are now paying what appear to be high speculative prices; and this, combined with the large amount of free money and the indications of a commercial boom in Calcutta, has no doubt led to the payment of very high prices. The desire to invest in landed property has also an accumulative effect, the contagion spreads, and instead of the high prices being limited to property, which is capable of increasing very greatly in value in the near future, speculative prices are paid for any property coming on the market irrespective of its possibilities.

5. Another cause which appears prominently in the opinions we have received, and to which we also attach considerable importance, is the "commercial boom" in Calcutta after the armistice. Since the close of the war there has been considerable commercial activity in Calcutta and its neighbourhood. Several English firms have decided to open works in or

near Calcutta and the market has been flooded with company flotations. This has led to a sudden and largely increased demand for office property and land suitable for the erection of manufacturing plant, with the natural result of a sudden increase in the price of such property and land. This industrial activity has probably not only affected the price of land and property of this description but has, by leading people to believe that land in Calcutta will appreciate greatly in value during the next few years, been one of the causes which have resulted in a general increase.

6. We are advised that the population of Calcutta has probably increased considerably during the last few years, and particularly since the armistice. The industrial activity mentioned in the last paragraph must have been accompanied by an increase in the population. It is probable too that the fortunes made by certain classes of the commercial community during the war have attracted to Calcutta other members of those classes. The number of Japanese residents has increased to a considerable extent consequent on the increased volume of trade between India and Japan arising out of the war. Since the armistice there has, we believe, been a considerable influx of Europeans owing to the return of a number of former residents who left to serve with the forces, to the recruitment of the European staff for the new commercial ventures, and to the resumption of recruiting in old established firms. This increase in population has not, however, been accompanied by any corresponding increase in building operations. During the five years 1909-10 to 1913-14, 1,702 masonry buildings were sanctioned by the Calcutta Corporation, whereas, during the five years 1914-15 to 1918-19, practically the five years of the war, the number sanctioned was 1,628. Further, during these years, 1914-19, the Calcutta Improvement Trust demolished 643 masonry houses. During the war building operations were reduced to a minimum largely owing to the difficulty of obtaining certain materials and to their prohibitive price. It is, therefore, we think, evident that during the war the increase in the number of buildings was far below the normal pre-war average. In Calcutta the number of buildings has never been greatly in excess of the demand and the supply is now far short of the demand; a fact only too apparent to everybody who has been under the necessity of seeking accommodation. In the circumstances a sudden rise in the value of property and rents is not only not surprising but is inevitable.

7. The increased cost of building has also been suggested as one of the causes. It is still 50 per cent. higher than the pre-war figure, and appears to be likely to be permanent for some time to come. This must affect the price of property in the very much freer market which has existed since the termination of hostilities. The increased cost of repairs may also have had some effect on the rise in rents, but it is doubtful whether it has warranted any large increase in rent. If 10 per cent. of the rent be taken as a reasonable allowance for repairs, a 50 per cent. rise in the cost of repairs would only warrant a 5 per cent. rise in the rent. But the increase in rent has frequently been very much greater than this figure, and hence we are of opinion that the increase in the cost of repairs has only been one of the contributory minor causes.

8. A number of the opinions we have received emphasize the view that, if the Calcutta Improvement Trust had developed the suburbs, either before or in conjunction with the scheme for the improvement of the city itself, the recent remarkable rise in land values and rents would have been very much less pronounced. We are in entire agreement with this view. At the same time it has been pointed out to us that the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta were unable to carry through schemes for the development of the suburbs owing to causes beyond their control. So long ago as 1912, less than one year after the passing of the Calcutta Improvement Act, the Board of Trustees decided upon the development of Maniktala in order to provide for the expansion of the city. In May 1913 the Trustees applied to Government for the extension of the Act to the suburban municipalities. Government, acting on the opinion of the Advocate-General, replied that the proposed general extension was of doubtful legality. The Trustees then applied for the extension of the Act to the Maniktala Municipality, and

this was effected in February 1915. The Advocate-General had, in the meanwhile, given a second opinion to the effect, that the Trustees could not undertake drainage operations affecting the whole municipality in order to render an improvement scheme for a particular area effective. The Trust again approached the Government, who replied that the amendment of the Act was under consideration. Further correspondence ensued, and in December 1916 Government expressed the opinion, that as the drainage scheme for Manicktola was not directly connected with any improvement scheme in Calcutta it was not possible for the Trust to proceed with the execution of the scheme under the existing law. The Trust, however, decided to proceed with the preparation of an improvement scheme for Maniktala. This was submitted in June 1918 to Government, who in April 1919 sanctioned it, stating that, on a further examination of the question, they accepted the view that the Trust could undertake schemes in the suburbs, although such schemes were not connected with particular improvement schemes in Calcutta.

**Sale of surplus
land by auction**

9. The practice of the Calcutta Improvement Trust and the Calcutta Corporation of selling their surplus lands by auction has been severely criticised by many persons, who have suggested that it has been one of the main causes of the recent abnormal increase in land values and rents. We do not altogether agree with this view, but we are of opinion that it has been a contributory cause in so far as it has demonstrated the great possibilities of land development in Calcutta. It has proved that, if land is developed and put to its best possible use, its value is greatly increased, and it has, in consequence, induced investors to pay higher prices for land, which although undeveloped is yet capable of development. Some statistics relating to the disposal of land by the Improvement Trust have been furnished to us. Hitherto surplus land covering an area of about 468 bighas has been disposed of in connection with the various schemes. Of this area 78 bighas or about 18 per cent. have been sold by auction, the remainder having been disposed of by one or other of the following means:—

- (1) exemption, or sale at an agreed price to exempted owners of adjoining land;
- (2) sale at an agreed price in exercise of the right of pre-emption;
- (3) sale at special concession rates for re-instatement of owners dis-housed by the operations of the Trust;
- (4) sale by private treaty.

Of the 78 bighas sold by auction 45 bighas belonged to the first two schemes executed by the Trust. At that time owners hesitated to apply for exemption or pre-emption, as they were doubtful as to the fairness of the exemption fees or pre-emption prices. How opinion on this point has changed is illustrated by the Bhowanipore Improvement scheme, where up to date 221 bighas have been disposed of, of which only 3 bighas were sold by auction. We are informed that it is unlikely in future that so much as 5 per cent. of the surplus land will remain for disposal in the open market by the Improvement Trust, because at the present time exemption or the right of pre-emption is almost invariably claimed. Moreover, in cases where such claims are not substantiated it is the policy of the Trust to use the land—if suitable for re-housing persons displaced by the Trust—for purposes of re-instatement. We agree in the view that the auction system, even with its admitted disadvantages, is the only safe course which the Improvement Trust or the Calcutta Corporation can follow for the disposal of such land as remains for sale in the open market.

**General
increase in
prices.**

10. We are of opinion that the increase in the price of all articles of ordinary consumption, or, to express it in another manner, the depreciation in the purchasing power of money, has contributed to the rise in land values and rents. The index numbers of retail food prices as given by the Director of Statistics show that there has been a marked increase in the cost of living as compared with the period before the war, and further that the termination of hostilities instead of producing a fall in the prices of articles of food was

followed by a considerable further increase. The index numbers of retail food prices are quoted below:—

PORT.	AT THE END OF					
	July 1914 (pre-war level.)	August 1917.	August 1918	September 1918.	August 1919.	September 1919.
Bombay ...	100	119	148	164	197	193
Madras ...	100	111	128	145*	174	179
Karachi ...	100	121	143	143	181	173
Calcutta ...	100	119	124	131	151	154
Rangoon ...	100	102	124	132	149	142
Average (unweighted) ...	100	114	133	143	170	168

* Related to December 1918.

It would be easy to advance theories of doubtful soundness in regard to this point, but when the prices of the necessities of life are found to have increased 54 per cent. in the last five years, and it is seen that people generally have to pay more for everything than formerly, the temptation to the land-owner to adjust his income to his increased cost of living is no doubt a factor in his mind when fixing rents.

CHAPTER III.

The degree and extent of the rise in land values and rents.

1. We find as a fact that there is evidence of a considerable rise in the market price of land throughout the city and the suburbs, and that the rise has been specially marked in the commercial area, in the southern part of the city, and in the suburbs. The year 1918 experienced a considerable increase in the price of property in the Burra Bazar portion of the city, and this continued into the year 1919, when prices still higher were paid. In the remaining commercial portion of the town, the southern portion, and the suburbs signs of rising prices appeared shortly after the armistice, and during the year 1919 a large amount of property changed hands at prices considerably in excess of those prevailing in the years 1916 to 1918. The rise in values is clearly indicated by sale prices as well as by the demand for the Port Commissioners' land in Howrah and Kidderpore at rents twice or three times those demanded but not always obtained before the armistice.

The extent of the increase in land values.

2. It is impossible to give exact figures representing this remarkable rise, as sales vary considerably and the same or similar properties have been sold at divergent figures at short intervals. A rise of 50 per cent. is not uncommon, and in many cases the rise has been 100 per cent. and over. The rise has been particularly remarkable in the suburbs, where in some instances prices in 1919 were double or treble those prevailing in the years 1916-18.

The degree of the rise in land values.

3. In this connection we would point out that a certain amount of property has changed hands at obviously speculative prices in excess of the value which even the most optimistic views of development and demand would justify.

Speculative prices.

4. In coming to a conclusion as to the degree and extent of the rise in rent we have been met by the difficulty of obtaining reliable statistics on which to base an opinion. We have already outlined the steps taken to obtain all possible information, and have pointed out that of over 1,000 forms distributed to tenants less than 250 have been returned. Most of the forms returned have been received from European and Anglo-Indian tenants living in the area between Park Street and Bow Bazar. A certain number has also been received from the southern portion of the town beyond Park

The collection of rent statistics.

Street and from the commercial quarter, but very few relate to the northern residential quarter. The offer of the Committee to treat replies as confidential appears to have had no effect. We think it probable that a large number of tenants has been unwilling to complain owing to the fear that complaints would be followed by the landlords taking steps to eject them. It has been definitely stated that this was the case in Bombay and Rangoon. Similarly we have stated our method of approaching landlords and public bodies and associations, on which landlords are well represented, and have pointed out that while the majority of public bodies and associations have favoured us with written opinions, only 33 opinions have been received from private individuals.

The collection
of rent
statistics.

5. We carefully considered the advisability and feasibility of obtaining figures by other means, but came to the conclusion that with the time at our disposal and the staff which we could employ, it would be impossible to obtain further reliable information. All expert opinion agrees in the view that the collection of figures on any large scale would require legal sanction and a specially trained and well-paid staff for a considerable period. The position is complicated by the fact that a very large number of tenants, through fear of ejection, are unwilling to state the actual rent paid, and if pressed to do so are very liable to give incorrect figures. We have been struck during our enquiry by the fact that in spite of the publicity given to the subject there has been little response on the part of those interested or attempt to assist the Committee with definite information. In coming to a decision, therefore, we decided to rely upon the figures which we obtained in response to advertisements, and the forms distributed, and on the opinion of public bodies and private individuals, together with the opinions of our own members.

Conclusion as
to the rise in
rent

6. Our conclusion is that there is sufficient evidence to show that there has been a considerable general rise in rent throughout Calcutta, though different portions of the town have been affected in different degrees. In the northern residential part there is very little evidence to show that there has been an abnormal rise; in the southern and commercial portions of the town the rise appears to have been distinctly abnormal and in a considerable number of cases remarkable, the Anglo-Indian community being perhaps the worst sufferers.

CHAPTER IV.

Profiteering by Landlords.

We have been asked to examine the charge of profiteering by landlords. We have given this subject our very careful consideration, but have been unable to arrive at a satisfactory definition of the word "profiteering." In these circumstances we are not in a position to express an opinion on the general charge of profiteering by landlords. We may point out that under the provision of the existing law in India, increment in land value is the property of the land-owners. At the same time we would add that while unable to express an opinion on this question, many instances have been brought to our notice in which the existing dearth of accommodation has been used as a means of "squeezing" tenants unduly.

CHAPTER V.

Remedies of direct effect.

1. We are of opinion that the only permanent solution of the problem of inflated land values and high rents lies in (a) the rapid development of the suburbs, (b) the improvement of communications and the means of transport within the city proper and between the city and its suburbs. Other

measures, which have for their object the modification of the effect of the law of supply and demand, may bring temporary relief, but they will only serve to perpetuate and render more acute the present unsatisfactory conditions, unless they are accompanied by drastic action designed to provide at the earliest possible moment large areas of land, ready for an ever-increasing population. At the very outset, therefore, of this portion of our report we wish to lay the greatest possible stress upon what we believe to be the true remedy, namely, the provision of more accommodation. The benefits to be derived from the measures, which we shall recommend for the permanent solution of the present problem, will not however accrue immediately; some time must elapse between the inception of these measures and the relief which they will bring. Hence we suggest that, in order to relieve the hardship which is undoubtedly being experienced, direct and immediate action should be taken, which, while not interfering further than is absolutely necessary with the ordinary law of supply and demand or with the erection of new buildings, will yet afford relief during the period which will elapse before the radical remedies can take effect.

2. We are not of opinion that the enactment of a Rent Act on the lines of legislation in England, Bombay and Rangoon is advisable. Experience shows that as soon as attempts are made to control economic laws, it is impossible to restrict interference to a particular point. Even a minimum of control tends to produce conditions which create a demand for extensions not only in degree but in directions previously unthought of, until private enterprise in relation to the controlled article entirely disappears. Such control has been exercised in several countries during the war, but has been followed by the Government being obliged to go far beyond the fixing of maximum prices. They have been compelled to take charge of the entire available stocks of foodstuffs, to arrange for the purchase of supplies and for their distribution. The control of rents in England has been accompanied by Government undertaking on a very extensive scale, through municipal and local bodies, the erection of houses out of public funds. We cannot contemplate that Government or local bodies would be prepared to erect houses for the general public in Calcutta, and we regard this almost as a corollary of any proposal for a Rent Act.

A Rent Act inadvisable.

3. It has been suggested that a Rent Act which is applicable to new property, as well as to old, by preventing the house-owner from reaping all the benefit that he otherwise would, must interfere greatly with building operations—the very remedy which offers a permanent solution. We are in agreement with this view. Further, we are not satisfied that the exclusion of new buildings in accordance with the provisions of the latest English Act would have the effect of removing this objection. We have direct evidence that landlords would be deterred from building by the fear that similar control would be extended within a short time to such buildings.

The effect of a Rent Act on building operations.

4. We are also impressed by the difficulty of fixing "standard rents," a necessary feature of any Rent Act, and whatever standard may be fixed, either by the Act itself or by the decisions of a Rent Controller, there is a danger that the rents of all houses in Calcutta may be raised to that degree.

Standard rents

5. For these reasons we are opposed to a Rent Act if a measure on the following lines can be passed. We suggest that an Act should be passed immediately, appointing an authority to whom all parties under notice to quit and admitting their liability to ejectment could apply for an extension of the date by which they will have to vacate, or an extension of the period of the notice to quit. The Act should have retrospective effect to the date of this report. Under the present law a tenant who has no lease is entitled to 15 or 30 days' notice. So long as the present scarcity of houses continues, this short period allowed by the law for the vacation of premises causes great hardship to those who are ejected unconditionally or who cannot afford to pay the higher rent demanded. The constitution of an authority, other than the ordinary courts, which could grant time to those tenants who admit that they are by the ordinary law due to leave the premises, would give considerable relief to a large number of persons. The proceedings before the

Proposed legislation.

authority should be of a summary character. We would give this authority power to grant an extension up to one year, subject to the following right of appeal. No appeal should lie against the decision of this authority, unless the time granted be over six months, when the landlord should have the right of appeal to the courts.

We recommend that—

- (a) the Act should apply to all property except property under construction at the time of, or built after, the passing of the Act;
- (b) the Act should operate in the first instance for a period of three years, but should contain a provision empowering the Governor in Council to extend it by notification for a further period of two years;
- (c) the Act should extend to the areas falling within the boundaries of the Calcutta Corporation, the municipalities of Howrah, Maniktala, Cossipore-Chitpur, Tollygunge, Garden Reach, and the South Suburban Municipality.

CHAPTER VI.

Remedies of indirect effect.

General.

1. There is one point in connection with our enquiry in respect of which there is absolute unanimity, namely, the necessity of immediate steps being taken to provide for further housing accommodation. In practically every case it was urged by witnesses as well as by those who favoured us with written opinions, that action should be taken forthwith to open up the suburbs, and to provide healthy lands for building at the earliest possible date. The reason for this is obvious. At present Calcutta is largely in the position of an island, owing to the unhealthiness of the surrounding districts, and few people, unless they are forced to do so, will take the risk of disease and death which residence in the undrained and malarious area makes all too real. The necessity of suburban development has been urged by every competent authority for the last generation, and when the Improvement Trust came into existence after years of delay, it was thought that they were provided with ample powers and funds to deal with this vital work; but it has taken seven years more to ascertain that the Act authorizes them to carry out independent suburban development schemes.

Suburban development.

2. We reiterate our opinion that if it had been possible to push forward the work of suburban development at the beginning of the Trust operations, the present state of affairs would probably not have occurred. As it is we think that steps ought to be taken at once to overtake arrears and to provide for the future, and we regard the action that we recommend under this head as the most important and the most urgent of our proposals.

The Development Board.

3. The main point from all aspects is the early opening up of suburban lands so as to provide reasonably healthy sites for building. A Town Planning Act, the enactment of which we advocate in a later portion of our report, must operate slowly; such an Act cannot give immediate relief, because it must provide for a lengthy procedure preparatory to the commencement of the actual work of development, and the passage of any scheme through the stages preceding actual execution must necessarily take considerable time. Further, the very novelty of the principles underlying an Act based upon the pooling system, combined with the fact that such an Act largely depends upon the co-operation of owners with the local authority, would at the outset render progress slow. The Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta have the power to undertake schemes for the provision of building sites, but here again the commencement of work upon the ground is delayed by provisions in the Improvement Act similar to those in Town Planning Acts. We therefore consider that powers more drastic than those given by the Calcutta Improvement Act or a Town Planning Act are absolutely necessary, if any measure of immediate relief is to be obtained. We suggest that a body, which hereafter is referred to as

the "Development Board," should be created for the purpose of carrying out schemes for the provision of building sites, and that this authority should be untrammelled by the provisions already referred to. We would particularly urge that schemes initiated by this authority should not be subjected to the delay which is inevitable if they are published for criticism. It is also essential to success that the owners should not be given rights of exemption and pre-emption. We are aware that these rights are extremely popular, but we consider that the great urgency of obtaining immediate relief warrants some sacrifice of private rights for the general good. We would point out that the land to be dealt with by this authority will be for the most part sparsely populated and is at present used largely for garden and agricultural purposes, and that arguments for permitting exemption and pre-emption, which have considerable force in the case of residential property, do not apply to the circumstances under consideration. Further, the owners would receive the statutory allowance of 15 per cent. under the Land Acquisition Act.

4. Assuming that the Development Board is to be the authority for acquiring the land which we hold to be essential for the relief of the present situation, the next question that arises is where this land is to be and in what quantities should it be acquired. We think that if the remedy is to be effective, it is necessary that the areas should be chosen in and around the whole of the suburbs, and outside as well as within the present municipal boundary. We are not in a position to say what the actual areas should be, but we think that it is necessary for acquisition to be on a scale large enough to permit of the creation of more or less self-contained suburbs. This would probably mean in practice areas each approaching a thousand bighas or say half a square mile in extent. We propose that they should be chosen largely from the point of view of convenience of communications, particularly as they are intended for immediate occupation. We may, perhaps, without committing ourselves to any definite recommendations as regards locality, suggest that areas in Tollygunge, Ballygunge, Tiljala, the eastern half of Cossipore-Chitpur, Dum Dum, Howrah, and near to the more adjacent suburban stations on the railways serving Calcutta would all appear to be suitable for such operations.

Land which should be acquired for building sites by the Development Board.

5. It may be urged that before any of these lands can be of use in helping to solve the present difficulties, it would be necessary to drain them, and to provide sewerage schemes and water-supply. In part this is no doubt true, but we think it should be considered whether it is not possible to devise a temporary compromise between complete drainage and no drainage at all, and say some method of water-supply by means of artesian wells, so as to enable building operations to commence on the lands selected practically forthwith. What we have in mind is that the developing authority which acquires the lands should at once devise a lay-out for them, providing amply for open spaces and for main road communications in the future. The areas should then be staked out on this plan, and temporary surface drainage provided. At the same time some system of water-supply and of simple sewerage disposal should be installed, and then as much land as there was a demand for placed upon the market under suitable restrictions. These should provide stringently for the erection of buildings within a fixed period and for re-entry in case of default, and also should impose some limits as to the class of buildings which may be erected on each plot: otherwise the amenities of the whole could be imperilled by the action of one purchaser, who might erect a factory or some other unsuitable building if the lands were sold without restriction. The main point in this connection, however, is that the lands should be offered in such quantity as to satisfy the genuine demand for land on which houses can be erected, and this is the only limit, apart from financial considerations, which we would place on the amount of land that is to be acquired and offered.

Development of land by the Development Board.

6. It has been repeatedly proved by experience that areas of land in Calcutta can be acquired and developed by a local authority at a gross profit. The main reason for this is that the subdivision of property is usually conducted in a manner most unsuitable from the point of view of building purposes. In the comparatively few cases in which large areas have been

Finance.

held in one ownership their development has, we believe, always resulted in a substantial profit. We are convinced that the operations of the Development Board will in the same way pay for themselves in the end. We accordingly suggest that the Board should not be given any sources of income from taxation, but that it should be empowered to raise capital by means of loans. We cannot estimate the capital requirements of such a body; they must be large and might eventually amount to 2 crores of rupees. We think that this sum could be raised, particularly if a campaign were organised to that end. Interest on the loan should be guaranteed by Government, the Calcutta Corporation and the Calcutta Improvement Trust in equal shares, and the sinking fund could be suspended for the first five years. It is anticipated that by the end of that time the Board would be in a position to meet all loan charges from its own funds. The Board would also have some income almost from the outset, as it would be able to lease during development some of the land acquired to the previous owners or to other persons. Building plots would be put on the market as quickly as possible, and from the proceeds the Board would obtain funds for the payment of interest, for the development of fresh areas, and ultimately for the re-payment of capital.

acquisition of
land for
building
societies.

7. Another measure we recommend and to which we attach great importance is that Government should, under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, acquire land for bodies formed definitely for the provision of housing accommodation. This should be done on the recommendation of the Development Board, to whom all applications would be made. The only conditions we would impose would be--(i) the building society should guarantee the erection of a certain number of houses within fixed periods, and (ii) the reservation to Government of the right of re-entry on undeveloped land in case of default. Joint action between the Development Board and building societies would, of course, be possible.

proposals for a
co-ordinating
authority.

8. Several witnesses have laid great stress upon the necessity of the co-ordination of public bodies dealing with questions affecting communications and development, and the provision of some authority that will ensure that their proposals will be considered in the light of all the requirements of the future. We are in entire agreement with this view. The obstruction of the outlets leading to the suburbs at the northern and southern ends of the city by large railway yards is an example of the harm which can be caused by the absence of any co-ordinating authority. We are informed that at the present and for some time past a conference of public authorities, whose operations affect the city and its development, has been meeting monthly in Calcutta. This conference meets under the presidency of the Secretary to the Government in the Public Works Department and comprises representatives of the Railways, the Corporation, the Improvement Trust, the Port Commissioners, and the Suburban Municipalities. Although the proceedings of this body have been informal and attendance at it has been optional, it has, we understand, had a good effect in permitting the criticism of schemes at a stage which enables modifications to be made where such seem to be desirable in the general interest. It appears to us that this body should be given statutory recognition, should meet at stated intervals, and should have the power to require all schemes to be brought to its notice and to make recommendations to Government.

town
planning
act.

9. We understand that a Town Planning Act is under contemplation for Calcutta and its environs, and that such a measure would provide for the allocation of areas for particular purposes. We consider that such an Act properly administered would tend to the permanent solution of the housing problem, and we hope that it may be passed into law at an early date.

other
ameliorative
measures.

10. In addition to the main recommendations there is a number of ameliorative measures which would assist in some degree in the solution of the present difficulties, and would tend to prevent a similar state of affairs from arising in the future. We propose to mention these, together with the line of action which we think should be taken in regard to each.

11. It was brought to our notice that if the whole of the building lands within the city were fully developed, the amount of housing accommodation would be very considerably increased, even if allowance were made for a more generous provision of open spaces and roads. It was also suggested before us that there should be an increase of taxation on open lands, vacant spaces, and compounds within the more central areas. We doubt the wisdom of any attempt to force owners by penal taxation to cover such open spaces, while the provisions of the existing law are not fully utilised to that end. So long as residential houses receive in practice low valuation assessments, whatever may be the desirability from other points of view, one of the normal spurs to economic development and user is removed.

Development inside the city proper.

12. We think that the case of Government land calls for special consideration, particularly at the present time. We recommend to the serious attention of Government the desirability for a survey of the land in their hands, so that the possibility of utilising land such as that at Porabagan for buildings for their own servants or for offices may be fully considered. The question of the proper utilisation of the Strand Bank lands by the Port Commissioners is also a matter of great importance.

Open lands in the central areas.

13. If houses were provided for Government servants a certain measure of relief would be afforded to the present situation. This responsibility does not rest with Government alone. Certain firms have already begun to take steps for the housing of their assistants, and we think that this example should be widely followed. It is beyond contention that in this country the rise in salaries has been far less than in nearly all other parts of the world, and if the cost of living remains at a new level corresponding adjustments will have to be made to meet the situation. This can be partly effected by the provision of house accommodation, and in this matter firms can exercise a much greater power than individuals and to an even greater extent by co-operation. We recommend action in this matter to Government and to firms in the city.

Housing of employees.

14. It was suggested that all factories should be removed outside the central area, and the land thus vacated used for housing. It appears extremely doubtful whether such a proposal would afford any relief in the near future having regard to the vested interests concerned; while the cost to public funds of such removals, if compulsorily enforced, would be enormous. We understand this matter is receiving the attention of the Corporation, which appears to be the proper body to deal with it, and we would recommend to their consideration the desirability of not licensing any more factories in the central areas.

Removal of factories.

15. This suggestion falls under several heads, but none appears to cover steps likely to afford immediate relief. It is apparent throughout the whole city that there are considerable areas inadequately utilised by the existence of low *kutchra* or *pucca* buildings where overcrowding and rack-renting is inevitable if anything approaching a commercial return is to be obtained in the way of rent. A more open land market and measures designed for the improvement of title, possibly a measure of registration, might do much to effect improvement in time. It must be borne in mind, however, that low buildings and open spaces are frequently valuable ventilation areas, and if they become covered with high structures the provision of more public open spaces will be imperative.

Better utilisation of existing areas for buildings.

16. Another matter worthy of mention is the large areas which are being and have been taken up for educational and hospital purposes, as well as for public institutions and offices. We do not express any opinion in regard to the desirability or possibility of removing such institutions, as the University, from the centre of the town, but the necessity of developing at least an equal area in the suburbs for each area taken up in the city is one which we urge upon Government, with a view to this being imposed in every future case upon some competent authority.

Public institutions in the city.

17. In this connection we may also invite attention to the occupation of a large area by the Mint, which can only be described as extremely uneconomic and aggravating congestion. We urge immediate steps to remove it to a suburban site.

The Mint.

**The
"European"
quarter.**

18. The last comment we make in this section concerns the area "south of Park Street" with its unique compounds and general lay-out. The development of this upon the "flat" system is progressing, we think inevitably, and it behoves all who wish for open spaces around their houses to face the fact that, unless the suburban areas are opened up quickly, this type of residence will become extinct, except under old leases or on prohibitive rents.

**The extension
of the
Municipal area.**

19. One essential step towards the effective handling of the housing problem is the inclusion under one authority of the main part of the area that is occupied by persons who, for one reason or another, have to live in the city or in areas contiguous to it. We think this would be achieved to a desirable extent by the inclusion of Howrah and suburban municipalities within the jurisdiction of the Calcutta Corporation, and we accordingly recommend that this should be done at an early date.

**Communica-
tions.**

20. It is obvious that the development of the suburbs will be of little effect unless the present means of communication are very much extended, improved and cheapened. There are many indications that travelling to and from work is on the increase. We have no doubt that if there were better travelling facilities more people would be tempted at least to experiment in living in the outer districts, and it has to be remembered that the growth of commercial activity will tend to bring more people from the outlying districts to earn their living in the city. We are informed that the Improvement Trust has already laid down a system of main roads, which will afford communication from the outskirts of the present Corporation area to the centre of the town. It is obvious that all possible steps should be taken to push forward the construction of these, and at the same time to extend the system outwards through the areas which we have suggested for inclusion within the municipal limits. It is hardly necessary to point out in this connection the desirability of the execution of a scheme for the improvement of Howrah, which appears to us to be in fact an integral part of the city.

**The Import
Goods Sorting
Yard.**

21. We may here conveniently draw attention to the construction of huge railway yards across both the northern and southern ends of the town. In the south this has recently formed the subject matter of enquiry by Government, who have decided that in the interests of the port it is now too late for any change of plans to be made. In view of this decision it seems practically useless to suggest that any further consideration should be given to the matter, but we express the hope that the question of the necessary crossing will be considered in the light of the future, and that ample provision will be made for the inevitable increase in traffic.

**The Chitpore
Yard.**

22. So far as the north of the town is concerned, the obstruction is caused by the Chitpur Yard of the Eastern Bengal Railway. This has already put back the question of the improvement of the northern suburbs some years by completely closing one of the main outlets and making a bottleneck of the other by hopelessly inadequate bridges, cruelly steep in their approaches, and too weak for any but light traffic. We suggest that the question of the removal of the whole of this yard should receive the early consideration of Government with a view to its being established to the east of the main line, the future arrangements of the railway being made accordingly.

**Electrification
and
extension of
Railways.**

23. We have also considered the question of railways and have examined a proposal for railways round the city, partly overhead. The need for an extension of the suburban railway system, for its electrification, and for railway communication with the centre of the city are, we believe, too well known to require comment, and we understand these matters are receiving consideration at the present time. We are advised that there are no insuperable difficulties in the way of constructing tube railways in Calcutta, and if this be so, we think they would be far preferable to overhead railways, which are bound to be a noisy addition to already overcrowded streets and might possibly interfere with private amenities to an undue extent. The question of the electrification of existing suburban lines, say within 25 miles of the city, might well be considered in conjunction with the possibility of

tube railways. We do not feel competent to suggest definite routes, but a possible programme has been laid before us of a line leaving the surface somewhere near Agarpura, passing under Sealdah, Dalhousie Square, the river, Howrah and coming to the surface again on the way to Lillooah. Connections were proposed with this from the south suburban line of the Eastern Bengal Railway, and an additional route was suggested passing right down the centre of the north of the town, say Central Avenue, and proceeding south to and beyond Tollygunge. These proposals require expert examination, but some measures of this kind appear to be essential even if they result in a loss in working which might have to be guaranteed for a time. The immense benefit to the city might well, we think, justify special local taxation.

24 In regard to tramways and motor omnibuses, good roads are a necessary preliminary and we think that no more tramways should be laid in narrow streets. It is not for us to express an opinion as to the comparative advantages of these methods of traction, but we are impressed with the greater mobility of motor bus services in testing and opening new routes. The main point is that everything possible should be done to encourage the extension and cheapening of the present services. **Tramways and motor buses.**

25 The river steamer service is an important branch of the city and suburban communications, and we understand that this could be extended if more landing stage accommodation were available, particularly between Chandpal Ghat and Ahiritola Ghat. We recognise the difficulty of providing this so long as the present import arrangements continue, but we think this point should be borne in mind and action taken as soon as circumstances render it possible. **River Steamer Services.**

26. A proposal has been put before us for the provision of free ferry services directly across the river, one from Chandpal Ghat to Ramkrishnapore and one from near Sovabazar to the Howrah side of the river. Such services are common in other parts of the world, and it appears to us they offer an attractive and prompt solution of the question of further bridging the river. We are much impressed with this proposal and we recommend that it should be examined with a view to early execution. The costs of upkeep appear to us to be a legitimate charge upon the public funds. **Free ferries.**

27. Calcutta's position on a deltaic marsh makes it practically an island, and to its initial disadvantages in this respect must be added the fact that it has now become completely hemmed in by canals and railways, which have to be crossed by bridges for communication with the outer world. The matter would be serious enough if the authorities concerned had been compelled in the past to pay any attention to the inevitable growth of the town, and to the necessity of making such bridges, as they did construct, adequate even for a few years, but in practically every case we find the existing bridges ridiculously inadequate to present conditions without taking the future into consideration at all. Further isolation of the city should be strenuously opposed and the improvement of existing bridges should receive special and immediate attention. We desire to emphasize the urgent necessity of proceeding with the construction of the new Howrah bridge, which will be more adequate to traffic demands and will carry tramways. The inconvenience caused by the closing of the Kiuderpore bridge is too well known to call for comment. **Bridges.**

28. The delay in the final sanction of the Grand Trunk Canal scheme is hampering the preparation and execution of schemes for the development of Maniktala and the northern suburbs. We consider that the project and its consequences will be of material assistance in relieving congestion and helping the healthy expansion of the city. Moreover, it is essential that this scheme should be finally determined upon as soon as possible, as until the exact alignment is known development on the north and east of the town must be retarded. The canal will cross several important roads, and it is essential that the question of these crossings should be considered not only with reference to the requirements of to-day but also to those of the future. **Grand Trunk Canal.**

29. Projecting into the suburbs are wide areas of low-lying lands, marshes, and tanks which are capable of being raised, drained and filled, **Outer Suburban extension.**

and used for agriculture pending building development. Areas beyond the suburbs require similar treatment, and the question of garden suburbs in these outer areas can never become a practical one until some such steps are taken. We suggest that a special officer should be appointed at once to report and advise in this matter.

30. We feel that exception may be taken to some of the points we have raised on the ground that they are remote and have little bearing on the solution of present evils. We are not of this view, and if difficulties of practical working make the execution of such proposals a matter of years, these proposals are none the less urgent and they will wait and stand the longer as an advertisement of the result of past lack of foresight and indifference to the future. If this is not to be charged hereafter to the present day, it is essential that the whole question of the further extension of Calcutta should be examined *now* and steps taken to provide for its inevitable great expansion.

31. Finally we would urge on those who will be responsible for the consideration and possible adoption of the measures of amelioration proposed by us the extreme urgency of acting promptly and courageously.

We have made a number of recommendations, all of which will help, we believe, to improve the serious situation which has arisen. We wish, however, to emphasize the absolute necessity for—

- (1) the development of the suburbs,
- (2) the acquisition of land for building purposes.
- (3) the improvement of internal and external communications,

and to press on the Government of Bengal the importance of the most complete and drastic action.

The map of Calcutta and its surroundings demonstrates the force of our arguments more clearly than anything we can write, and we are satisfied, if these three recommendations are accepted, and action is taken regarding them without delay, that there is sufficient suitable land available in the immediate neighbourhood of Calcutta to relieve the existing congestion and to provide for any expansion that is likely to occur in the near future. Not only will the excessive prices lately paid for land prove unjustified but encouragement will be given to the erection of houses as sound investments, and thus the people of Calcutta will obtain house accommodation on terms strictly commensurate with the cost of providing such accommodation.

Half measures in an emergency such as exists to-day cannot succeed, and the problem before the Government of Bengal must be tackled in a spirit of determination in order to achieve with the greatest possible despatch those results which are without doubt of the most vital importance to the inhabitants of Calcutta.

President.

W. E. CRUM.

Members.

W. H. PHELPS.*

F. C. FRENCH.

RESHEE KESH LAW.

A. GILLE, S.J.

A. DE BOIS SHROSBREE.

P. N. MUKHARJI.

RAMDEO CHOKANI.

J. H. RUNDLETT.

A. D. PICKFORD.

R. C. BONNERJEE.

J. F. GRAHAM.

ABDUR RAHIM.

J. A. WOODHEAD.

* Signature subject to the note of dissent appended.

MINUTE BY THE HON'BLE Mr. W. H. PHELPS.

With some reluctance I have signed the report—not that I disagree with the recommendations which will take years to fructify, but that so little has been done for the real hardships suffered by present tenants by way of immediate and emergent relief.

In my original appeal in Council for the appointment of this Committee and during the sittings, I have urged that certain landlords are exploiting the Corporation and the tenants in a scandalous manner; but notwithstanding my iteration and re-iteration of this fact there is not the slightest allusion to it or to my proposals in the report.

The fact remains that so far as I have investigated these cases of preposterous demands for rent, which every one is aware of, the landlords are taking an undue advantage of the assessments holding good for six years by raising rents in a shameless manner, thus defrauding the Corporation on the one hand and “squeezing” the tenant on the other.

My voice in Committee was as of “one crying in the wilderness” and I could not get a proper hearing—consequently there was no discussion and no mention of my written representation in the report.

W. H. PHELPS.

APPENDIX I.

THE ADVERTISEMENT PUBLISHED IN THE LEADING NEWSPAPERS.

The Committee appointed by the Governor in Council to enquire into the remarkable enhancement in land values and house rents, which has recently occurred in Calcutta, has commenced its sittings. Any person desirous of giving evidence before the Committee is requested to communicate with the Secretary, from whom a form giving details of the main points on which information is required can be obtained. Replies marked confidential will be so treated by the Committee. Forms should be sent to the Secretary by the 3rd December.

J. A. WOODHEAD.
Secretary.

2, COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS,
CLIVE STREET, CALCUTTA,
The 8th November 1919.

APPENDIX II.

Form for Tenants.**CALCUTTA RENT ENQUIRY COMMITTEE.***Questions.**Answers.*

1. Name of tenant.
2. Address of premises occupied.
3. Are you the tenant of a house, a portion of a house or a room?
4. The number of rooms, excluding bath-room and closet.
5. Name of landlord or lessor.
6. Address of landlord or lessor.
7. (a) The rent paid in 1916.
(b) The rent paid in 1917.
(c) The rent paid in 1918.
(d) The rent paid in 1919.
(e) Has any further increase of rent been demanded? If so, state the increased rent demanded.
8. Was any *salami* paid in any of the years mentioned in question 7? If so, state the amounts and dates of payment.
9. Is any portion of the premises used for trade purposes? If so, what portion?
10. Particulars of the existing or previous lease, if any.
11. Remarks

Signature.....

Date.....19 ..

APPENDIX III.

2, COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS,
Calcutta,.....19 ..

DEAR SIR,

I have the honour to enquire if you would be willing to assist the Committee appointed by the Government of Bengal to enquire into the "Causes of excessive land values and high rents in Calcutta and, if possible, to suggest remedies" by furnishing information on the following lines:—

- (i) The extent of the rise in land values and house rents since 1916; concrete examples supporting any general conclusions will be particularly valuable.
- (ii) The extent of the area over which the rise in land values and house rents has taken place, i.e., is the increase limited to particular areas, or is it general over the whole of Calcutta?
- (iii) The causes of this enhancement in land values and house rents.
- (iv) The present cost of building and repairs as compared with pre-war rates.
- (v) Facts bearing on the "Charge of profiteering made against landlords."
- (vi) Is it both practical and desirable to control or limit the rise in rents by legislation?
- (vii) If it is considered practicable and desirable to control rents by legislation, definite proposals as to the form which this control should take.
- (viii) Are there in your opinion any means other than by legislative control, by which the enhancement of rents can be limited?

2. I would esteem it a favour if a note embodying the facts within your knowledge, your conclusions from those facts and your proposals as regards the extent and character of the control you may think desirable could be forwarded to me on or before the 1st December 1919. It would be of material assistance to the Committee if you would consent to give oral evidence. If you are willing to give evidence a time and date will be notified to you.

Yours faithfully,

J. A. WOODHEAD,

Secretary,

Calcutta Rent Enquiry Committee.

No. 200 R.C.

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL,

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

Dated Calcutta, the 21st February 1920.

SIR,

In the Report which we have submitted it will be noted that the Hon'ble Mr. W. H. Phelps has added a minute of dissent in which he alleges that he was not given an adequate hearing and that his proposals were not considered.

2. With regard to the second allegation, Mr. Phelps' proposals were discussed and he was asked to formulate them in a note, which was then considered by a special Sub-committee. The Sub-committee found themselves unable to recommend the acceptance of Mr. Phelps' proposals. This opinion was confirmed by the Committee. Mr. Phelps draws attention to the fact that his proposals are not mentioned in the Report. We need only say with regard to this that it is certainly not necessary, and frequently not desirable, that all proposals made to a Committee and negatived should form part of a Report.

3. We are of opinion that Mr. Phelps was given ample opportunity of expressing his views. We would also suggest that the minutes of the meeting--extracts from which are forwarded herewith--confirm this opinion.

4. The Hon'ble Mr. W. E. Crum, the Hon'ble Mr. Abdur Rahim and Mr. R. C. Bonnerjee are out of town and hence have had no opportunity of considering this matter.

We have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servants,

RESHEE KESH LAW.

RAMDEO CHOKANI.

A. D. PICKFORD.

A. GILLE, S.J.

J. H. RUNDLETT.

P. N. MUKHERJEE.

F. C. FRENCH.

A. DEBOIS SHROSBREE.

J. A. WOODHEAD.

J. F. GRAHAM.

Enclosures.—1. Extracts from the minutes of the meetings held on 16th, 19th, and 23rd January, 1920.

Extract from the proceedings of the seventh meeting of the Committee held on Friday, the 16th January 1920, at 3-30 P.M.

V. The next question taken up was the question of remedies and whether legislation was desirable.

Mr. Phelps said that legislation could be very cruel, but at the same time be felt that there should be some control. Rent should be based on assessment and it might be controlled in a simple way with due allowance for the normal rise in land values and the costs of repairs and buildings. His idea was not to appoint an outside Rent Controller like they had in Bombay, but to go upon the evidence afforded by the Assessment Book and to rely on the experience of the Assessor of the Calcutta Corporation. His idea was to give the tenants a court of appeal, the same as the landlords had hitherto enjoyed. If a landlord thought he was over-assessed he had a court of appeal in the Chairman who delegated his authority to the Vice-Chairman. These officers would investigate a particular case with the help of the Assessment Book and their decision would be based on officially recorded facts. Suppose the rent of a house which had been let for Rs. 200 was increased to Rs. 300 on the plea that a new assessment was being made. The tenant could appeal to the Chairman, the landlords would be asked to appear, the Assessment Book would be examined, and it would be for the landlord to justify the increase. Mr Phelps thought that that would be a very simple remedy and by adopting this they might be able to avoid legislation like the Bombay Rent Act, which operated very cruelly on the landlords. He recognised that as land values and the cost of building and repairs had risen, a certain reasonable rise in rents should be allowed. He thought that the Committee should be very careful in their recommendations about legislation and should take care to see that they did not discourage the building of new houses. He pointed out that the English Act of 1915 killed the building trade in England. If there was to be legislation, he hoped it would take the form of a simple amending Act. He would provide for re-assessment every year.

Extract from the proceedings of the eighth meeting of the Committee held on Monday, the 19th January 1920, at 4-30 P.M.

IV. The President invited discussion as to the desirability or otherwise of legislation, and if legislation were deemed to be necessary, as to the form it should take, and whether they should recommend the appointment of an Assessor to decide disputes between landlords and tenants.

Mr. Phelps was also asked to formulate his scheme (an outline of which was given at the last meeting) and to lay it before the Sub-committee.

Extracts from the proceedings of the tenth meeting of the Committee held on Friday, the 23rd January 1920, at 3 P.M.

I.

As regards Mr. Phelps' scheme the Committee considered it to be unworkable and decided not to recommend it. Mr. Phelps was the only dissentient voter on this matter.

MONTHLY WEATHER AND CROP REPORT OF BENGAL FOR JANUARY 1920.

I. Character of the Season.—There was practically no rainfall except some scattered showers in Jalpaiguri, Darjeeling, Dacca, Chittagong, Tippera, Noakhali and the Chittagong Hill Tracts. The usual rainfall statement is appended.

II. Progress of Agricultural Operations.—Reaping of winter paddy was completed and good progress was made with threshing. Preparatory tillage for the next autumn crops commenced. Transplanting of summer paddy, cutting and pressing of sugarcane, harvesting of potatoes, pulses and early oilseeds were also progressing.

III. State of Standing Crops.—The condition of standing crops was reported to be generally favourable.

IV. Prospects and Probable Outturn.—The prospects of standing crops were promising. Winter paddy yielded an outturn of 90 per cent.

V. Damage to Standing Crops.—The standing crops suffered no damage.

VI. Condition of Agricultural Stock.—The condition of live-stock was fair. Cattle-disease was found to be prevalent in parts of Murshidabad, Tippera, Noakhali and Jessore.

VII. Failure of Pasturage and Fodder.—The supply of fodder was sufficient all through the Province.

VIII. Prices of Food-grains.—During the second fortnight of the month under review the price of rice rose in eleven districts, fell in three and remained stationary in the rest, prices varying from 7 seers in Malda and the Chittagong Hill Tracts to 5 seers 5 chittaks in the 24-Parganas.

IX. Condition of Agricultural People.—The condition of the agricultural population was reported to be fairly satisfactory owing to the harvest of winter paddy crop.

R. S. FINLOW,

Offg. Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Dacca, the 14th February 1920.

Statement showing the normal and actual rainfall in each district during January 1920.

Division.	District	Normal district rainfall for the month of January.	Actual district rainfall for the month of January 1920.	Variation from the normal.	Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for the month of January.	Actual district rainfall for the month of January 1920.	Variation from the normal.
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.			Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
Presidency	24-Parganas	0.46	0	- 0.46	Rajshahi- comd.	Rangpur	0.27	Nil	- 0.27
	Caldcutta	0.37	Nil	- 0.37		Rogra	0.30	Nil	- 0.30
	Fulda	0.35	Nil	- 0.35		Pabna	0.10	Nil	- 0.10
	Murshidabad	0.37	Nil	- 0.37		Malda	0.39	Nil	- 0.39
	Jessore	0.44	Nil	- 0.44	Dacca	Dacca	0.36	0.13	- 0.23
	Khulna	0.54	Nil	- 0.54		Mymensingh	0.35	Nil	- 0.35
Burdwan	Burdwan	0.42	Nil	- 0.42		Faridpur	0.31	0	- 0.31
	Birbhum	0.40	Nil	- 0.40		Bakarganj	0.44	0	- 0.44
	Bankura	0.39	Nil	- 0.39	Chittagong	Chittagong	0.29	0.01	- 0.28
	Midnapore	0.31	Nil	- 0.31		Tippera	0.41	0.02	- 0.39
	Hoochly	0.38	0	- 0.38		Noakhali	0.28	0.01	- 0.27
	Howrah	0.46	Nil	- 0.46		Chittagong Hill Tracts	0.24	0.02	- 0.22
Rajshahi	Rajshahi	0.44	Nil	- 0.44		Cooch Behar	0.33	Nil	- 0.33
	Dinspur	0.28	Nil	- 0.28					
	Jalpaiguri	0.48	0.07	- 0.41					
	Darjeeling	0.63	0.08	- 0.55					

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED

DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
PRESIDENCY.	24-Parganas	Saugor Island...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Diamond Harbour.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Budge-Budge...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Canning Town...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Allpore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Barrackpore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dum-Dum...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Barasat...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Basirhat...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nadia	Ranaghat...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
PRESIDENCY.		Kishinagar...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ohudanga...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Meherpur...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kushtia...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Haridhata...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Murshidabad.	Saudi...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Berhampore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Lalbagh...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Azimganj...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jaungpur...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
PRESIDENCY.		Lalgaon...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Akrikan...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Paschim...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dumkai...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kallyanganj...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jessore	Nand...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jessore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jhanda...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Magura...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bongaon...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
PRESIDENCY.	Khulna	Satkhwa...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bugberhat...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Khulna...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kaliganj...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nakipur...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dumuria...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ranipal...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kalura...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Paikgachha...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mollahat...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
BURDWAN.	Burdwan	Morlaganj...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Tala...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Burdwan	Kalra...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Burdwan...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Katwa...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Assamul...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mankar...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mangalkot...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Hoyna...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Monteswar...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
BURDWAN.	Birbhum	Suri...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Hetampur...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kampurhat...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bolpur...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Murairai...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Lalpur...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bankura	Bankura...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Vishnupur...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mallara...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Khatra...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
BURDWAN.	Bankura	Indas...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kotulpur...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Onda...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ganga Jalghat...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Railpur...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sobanukhi...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Taldanga (Naranga)*...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Indpur...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Arora*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Barjora...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
BURDWAN.	Bankura	Shimlapal...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mejla...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sicomondpur...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pakelanga...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Uhatua*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Rautbandh...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Baltora...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Joypur...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ambikanagar*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Return not received.

EARLY CATHOLIC RECORDS IN

DIVISION	DISTRICT	Station	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
RAJ- SHAW.	Malda	Malda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chanchal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gand	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Shibpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dacca	Manikganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nawabganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mymensingh	Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Naraindi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Manikganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Joybazar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Fardpur	Kapada	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kishanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Asin (Fungai)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Satkhari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bahariganj	Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Satkhari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Satkhari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Satkhari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chittagong	Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tippera	Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Narail	Narail	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Narail	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Narail	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Narail	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chittagong Hill Tract.	Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Satkhari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Satkhari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Satkhari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hill Tippe- ra.	Agartala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Agartala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Agartala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Agartala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chittagong Hill Tract.	Dhaka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dhaka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dhaka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dhaka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hill Tippe- ra.	Agartala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Agartala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Agartala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Agartala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chittagong Hill Tract.	Dhaka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dhaka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dhaka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dhaka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

• **Journal 24** completed.

Dacca,
The 20th February 1920.

BENGAL FOR THE MONTH OF JANUARY 1920—continued.

[illegible]

(a) Not ascertained.

J. C. Roy,
for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS

For the week ending on the 12th February 1920.

Summary.—Excepting light showers in North Bengal moderate rainfall was general in the rest of the province. The rain has generally helped the ploughing operations for jute and other autumn crops and has been favourable to the standing spring crops. Harvesting of spring crops and pressing of sugarcane continue. The average price of common rice for the province has fallen by about 0·34 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN RUPEES, PER MUSE		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-PARGANAS	0·97	5	5½	Prospects of standing crops are good. There are no agricultural operations except in Basirhat. Water is sufficient.
	Diamond Harbour.	2·82	5½	5½	
	Barrackpore	(n)	(n)	5	
	Barasat ...	1·04	5½	5½	
	Basirhat ...	1·07	6	6	
2	NADIA ...	0·64	5½	5½	Weather cloudy. Prospects of standing crops are favourable.
	Kushtia ...	0·28	5	5	
	Meherpur ...	0·51	6	6½	
	Chuadanga ...	0·89	6½	6½	
	Ranaghat ...	0·43	5	5	
3	MURSHIDABAD	0·48	6	5½	Weather occasionally cloudy and chill. Prospects of standing crops are good. The recent rainfall has been generally beneficial to some of the <i>rabi</i> crops and has helped preparation of lands for <i>aus</i> crops. Fodder is sufficient. There is no large import. Export of rice continues moderately.
	Lalbagh ...	0·88	5½	5½	
	Jangipar ...	0·81	6½	6½	
	Kandi ...	0·32	6½	6½	
4	JESSORE ...	0·28	6	6	Standing crops are doing well. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops continues. No large import or export of rice. Fodder is sufficient.
	Jhenidah ...	1·02	5	5	
	Magura ...	0·54	5½	5½	
	Narail ...	1·10	5½	5½	
	Bangson ...	0·11	5	5	
5	KHULNA ...	0·89	5½	5½	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice is almost finished. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Sankaila ...	1·70	5½	5½	
	Bagerhat ...	1·02	6	7	

* Not reported.

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	RANGE OF COMMON RICE IN SERIES, PER RUPRE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches			
6	BURDWAN ...	1.85	5	5	Weather cold. Threshing of paddy, pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of potatoes are going on. Wheat and vegetables have been benefited by recent rainfall. Large export of rice is reported from Kalna.
	Asansol ...	0.36	6	6	
	Katwa ...	1.14	5½	5½	
	Kalna ...	1.80	4½	4½	
7	BIRBHUM ...	0.45	6	5½	Weather cool and occasionally cloudy. Threshing continues. Standing crops are doing fairly well. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat...	0.35	6½	6½	
8	BANKURA ...	1.07	6½	6	Prospects of standing crops are good. Export of rice and paddy continues.
	Vishnupur...	0.82	6½	6½	
9	MIDNAPORE	0.12	{ 5½ 6½ }	{ 5½ 6½ }	Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are good. Sowing of <i>til</i> continues. Fodder is sufficient.
	Ghatal ...	0.87	{ 5½ 5½† }	{ 5½ 5½† }	
	Tamluk ...	1.65	{ 5½ ³ 5½† 6½*	{ 5½ ³ 6½† 6½*	
	Contai ...	2.42	{ 6 6½† }	{ 6 6½† }	
10	HOOGHLY ...	0.41	{ 4½ 5½*	{ 4½ 5½*	
	Serampore ...	0.77	6*	6*	Effects of weather on the growth of the crops are favourable. Fodder is sufficient.
	Arambagh ...	(n)	(n)	5½	
11	HOWRAH ...	0.91	{ 4½ 5½† }	{ 4½ ¹ 6½† }	Weather cold. Harvesting of sugarcane and <i>rabi</i> crops continues. Lands are being prepared for jute. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Ulubaria ...	Nil	5½	5½	
12	RAJSHÁHI (RAMPUR- BOALIA).	0.19	5½	6	Prospects of standing crops are favourable. <i>Rabi</i> crops have been much benefited by recent rain. Fodder is sufficient.
	Naogaon ...	0.52	6	6	
	Nator ...	0.21	5½	6	
13	DINAJPUR ...	0.30	6	6	Weather very cold.
	Thakurgaon	0.18	6	6	
	Balurghat ...	0.38	5½ ³	6½ ³	
14	JALPAIGURI...	Nil	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Harvesting of potatoes and mustard is in progress. Export continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Alipur ...	0.04	5	5	

* Burma rice.

† Coarse rice.

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN ANNAS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches			
15	DARJEELING	Nil	4½	4½	Potatoes are being harvested. Wheat and barley are progressing well. Stocks of rice, fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kurseong ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Siliguri ...	0·02	4½	4½	
	Kalimpong...	Nil	5½	5½	
16	RANGPUR ...	0·21	5½	5½	Weather very cold. Harvesting of potatoes and mustard continues. Lands are being prepared for jute. Prospects of standing crops are good. Price of rice is stationary. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari	0·07	5½	5½	
	Kurigram ...	0·63	5½	5½	
	Gaibandha ...	0·56	5½	5½	
17	BOGRA ...	0·49	6	5½	Lands are being prepared for <i>aus</i> paddy and jute. Recent rain has done good to the standing crops.
18	PABNA ...	0·24	{ 5½ to 5½ }	5½	Market is stationary. Fodder is sufficient.
	Sirajganj ...	0·32	5	4½	
19	MAIDA ...	Nil	6	6	Threshing of winter paddy is nearly finished. Transplantation of <i>boro</i> paddy continues. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
20	COOCH BEHAR	0·94	6½	6½	Harvesting of <i>haimanti</i> paddy is nearly completed. Preparation of lands for <i>bitri</i> paddy and jute continues. Condition of standing crops is favourable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	DACCA ...	0·75	{ 5½ 5½ }	{ 5 5½ }	Weather chill and sunny. Harvesting of mustard continues. <i>Boro</i> paddy, spring crops and vegetables are doing very well under present weather conditions. Ploughing of lands for jute and <i>aus</i> paddy is proceeding. Water is sufficient.
	Manikganj ...	0·46	4½	{ 4½ 6½ }	
	Narayanganj	0·70	5½	5½	
	Munshiganj (a)	1·24	5½	5½	
22	MYMENSINGH	0·62	{ 4½ 5½ }	{ 5½ 5½ }	Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops, sugarcane and preparation of soil for <i>aus</i> paddy and jute are going on. Prospects of standing crops are good. Water and fodder are sufficient. A few cases of cattle disease reported from Kishoreganj. Rice market has fallen slightly. Some export of rice has been reported from Netrakona. Stock of country rice is adequate and of Burma rice diminished.
	Jamalpur ...	0·72	5	4½	
	Tangail ...	0·89	4½	4½	
	Netrakona ...	0·78	5½	5½	
	Kishoreganj...	0·59	{ 5½ 6½ }	{ 5 6½ }	

* Burma rice.

(a) Manikganj being very near to Dacca and Narayanganj, its rainfall statistics are not quoted. To give information regarding the northern part of the district, rainfall figures for Kapasia thana are reported here.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches			
23	FARIDPUR ...	0·47	{ 5 5½*	5 5½*	Ploughing of lands continues. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are hopeful. Fodder is sufficient.
	Goalundo ...	1·18	{ 5½ 6½*	5½ to 6 6½*	
	Madaripur ...	0·92	{ 5½ 6½*	5½ 6½*	
	Gopalganj(a)	0·26	{ 5 6½*	5 6*	
24	BAKARGANJ (BARISAL).	0·69	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder is sufficient.
	Pirojpur ...	1·34	5½	5½	
	Patuakhali ...	1·14	5½	5½	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	0·48	5	5½	
25	CHITTAGONG	0·85	{ 5½† 5½*	5½† 5½*	Prospects of standing <i>rabi</i> crops are good. Fodder is sufficient. <i>Panga</i> salt is selling at 11 and 9 seers per rupee at Sadar and Cox's Bazar, respectively.
	Cox's Bazar	0·46	{ 5½† 5½*	5½† 5½*	
26	TIPPERA (COMILLA).	2·17	6½	5½	Weather very cold. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops continues. Ploughing of lands and sowing of early <i>aus</i> paddy is in full swing. Price of rice is stationary.
	Brahmanbaria	0·58	5½	5½	
	Chandpur ...	0·56	{ 6½ 5½*	5½ 5½*	
27	NOAKHALI ...	0·22	5½	5½	Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops have improved by rainfall. Cattle-disease is reported from thanas Ohlagalnaya and Pashuram.
	Feni ...	0·45	6	6	
28	CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.	0·79	6	6	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.

(a) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.
 * Burma rice. † Local rice.

J. C. ROY.

for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA, the 15th February 1920.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 19th February 1920.

Summary.—Rainfall was light and scattered. Preparation of lands for autumn crops and harvesting of spring crops continue. Sowings of jute and autumn paddy have commenced in some districts. Standing crops are doing well. The average price of common rice has fallen by about 0·34 per cent. as compared with that of the preceding week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERs. PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	24-PARGANAS	Inches. 0·42	5	5	Harvesting of winter paddy and sugarcane still continues in Basirhat subdivision. Harvesting of sugarcane has begun in Baraset subdivision. Water is sufficient. Prospects of standing crops are good.
	Diamond Harbour.	(n)	(n)	5½	
	Barrackpore	(n)	(n)	(n)	
	Baraset ...	0·38	5½	5½	
	Basirhat ...	0·71	6	6	
2	NADIA ...	Nil	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Cattle-disease is reported from thana Chakdah
	Kushtia ...	0·21	5	5	
	Meherpur ...	0·12	5½	6	
	Chuadanga...	0·37	{ 6 6½ }	6½	
	Ranaghat ...	0·35	5	5	
3	MURSHIDABAD	Nil	6	6	Weather cloudy and cool in first part of the week. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder is sufficient. No large import of rice; export continues. Cattle-disease is reported from Nabagram in Lalbagh.
	Lalbagh ...	Nil	6	5½	
	Jangipur ...	Nil	6½	6½	
	Kandi ...	Nil	6½	6½ to 6½	
4	JESSORE ...	Nil	{ 6 6*	{ 6 6*	Standing crops are doing well. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops continues. No large import or export of rice. Fodder is sufficient.
	Jhenidah ...	1·74	5	5	
	Magura ...	0·94	5½	5½	
	Narail ...	0·70	5½	5½	
	Bangaon ...	0·30	4½	5	
5	KHULNA ...	0·58	5½	5½	Harvesting of <i>aman</i> paddy is finished. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ...	2·18	5½	5½	
	Bagerhat ...	Nil	{ 6 7*	{ 6 7*	

* Burma rice.

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE IN SEER, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
6	BURDWAN ...	Inches. Nil	5	5	Threshing of winter paddy is nearly finished. Pressing of sugarcane continues. Lands are being ploughed. Standing crops are doing well. Export of rice is reported from Kalna.
	Asansol ...	Nil	6	6	
	Katwa ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Kalna ...	Nil	4½	4½	
7	BIRBHUM ...	Nil	6	6	Threshing of winter paddy continues. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat...	Nil	6½	6½	
8	BANKURA ...	Nil	6½	6½	Prospects of standing crops are good. Export of rice and paddy continues.
	Vishnupur...	Nil	6½	6½	
9	MIDNAPORE...	Nil	{ 6½ 6½†	{ 5½ 6†	Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are good. Sowing of <i>til</i> continues. Fodder is sufficient.
	Ghatal ...	Nil	{ 5½ 6†	{ 5½ 5½†	
	Tamluk ...	Nil	{ 5½ 5½†	{ 5½ 6*	
	Contai ...	0.55	5½	{ 6 6½†	
10	HOOGHLY ...	0.17	5	{ 4½ 5½*	Effects of weather on the growth of the crops are favourable. Fodder is sufficient.
	Serampore ...	0.38	6	6	
	Arambagh ...	(n)	(n)	(n)	
11	HOWRAH ...	1.72	{ 4½ 5½†	{ 4½ 5½†	Weather cold. Harvesting of sugarcane and <i>rabi</i> crops continues. Rainfall has been beneficial to ploughing of lands and standing crops. Lands are being prepared for jute. Fodder is sufficient.
	Ulubaria ...	0.14	5½	5½	
12	RAJSHAHI (RAMPUR-BOALIA).	Nil	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops are favourable. Fodder is sufficient.
	Naogaon ...	Nil	6	6	
	Nator ...	Nil	5½	5½	
13	DINAJPUR ...	Nil	6	6	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Rice market is stationary. Fodder is sufficient.
	Thakurgaon	Nil	6	6	
	Balurghat ...	Nil	6½	5½	
14	JALPAIGURI	Nil	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient. Harvesting of potatoes and mustard is in progress.
	Alipur ...	Nil	5	5	

* Burma rice.

† Coarse rice.

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEER, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
15	DARJEELING	Inches.			
	Kurseong ...	0.29	5	4½	Sowing of winter potatoes is going on. Wheat and barley are progressing. Stock of rice is sufficient. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Siliguri ...	0.11	5½	5½	
	Kalimpong...	Nil	4½	4½	
		Nil	5½	5½	
16	RANGPUR ...	Nil	5½	5½	Harvesting of mustard and potatoes is going on. Prospects of standing crops are good. Lands are being prepared for the <i>bhadoi</i> crops. Sowings of jute and paddy in low lands have commenced in certain places. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle disease is reported from thana Nilphamari.
	Nilphamari	Nil	5½	5½	
	Kurigram ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Gaibandha ...	Nil	5½	5½	
17	BOGRA ...	Nil	6½	6	Lands are being prepared for jute and <i>aus</i> paddy. Sowings of jute have commenced at places.
18	PABNA ...	0.02	5½	5½	Fodder is sufficient. Rice market is stationary.
	Sirajganj ...	Nil	5	5	
19	MALDA ...	Nil	6	6	Threshing of winter rice is nearly finished. Transplantation of <i>boro</i> paddy continues. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
20	OOCH BEHAR	Nil	6½	6½	Preparation of lands for <i>bitri</i> paddy, jute and gathering of mustard seed are going on. Standing crops are doing well. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	DACCA ...	0.99	5½	{ 5½ 5½ }	Weather cold and moist. Condition and prospects of <i>boro</i> paddy and other spring crops are satisfactory. Sowing of <i>aus</i> paddy and planting of sugarcane are going on. Rice market shows a tendency to fall.
	Manikganj ...	0.83	(n)	4½	
	Narayanganj	0.99	5½	5½	
	Munshiganj (a).	0.42	5½	5½	
22	MYMENSINGH	0.02	{ 5 5½ }	{ 4½ 5½ }	Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops, sugarcane and preparation of lands for <i>aus</i> paddy and jute are going on. Prospects of crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. A few cases of cattle-disease are from Kishorganj subdivision. Rice market has fallen slightly. Stock of Rangoon rice has diminished.
	Jamalpur ...	Nil	5	5	
	Tangail ...	Nil	5½	4½	
	Netrakona ...	Nil	(n)	5½	
	Kishorganj...	Nil	5½	{ 5½ 6½ }	

(a) Not reported.

* Burma rice.

(a) Munshiganj being very near to Dacca and Narayanganj, its rainfall statistics are not quoted. To give information regarding the northern part of the district, rainfall figures for Kapasia thana are reported here.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
23	FARIDPUR ...	1.01	{ 5½ [*] 5½ [*] }	{ 5 5½ [*] }	Lands are being prepared for jute and paddy. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.
	Goalundo ..	1.52	{ 5½ [*] 6½ [*] }	{ 5½ [*] 6½ [*] }	
	Madaripur ...	1.75	{ 5½ [*] 6½ [*] }	{ 5½ [*] 6½ [*] }	
	Gopalganj (a)	0.19	{ 5 6½ [*] }	{ 5 6½ [*] }	
24	BAKARGANJ (BABISAL).	0.71	5	5½	Fodder is sufficient. Prospects of standing crops are good.
	Pirojpur ...	(n)	(n)	5½	
	Patuakhali ...	1.53	5½	5½	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	0.68	5	5	
25	CHITTAGONG	0.04	{ 5½† 5½ [*] }	{ 5½† 5½ [*] }	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fields are being prepared for early <i>aus</i> paddy. <i>Panga</i> salt is selling at 11 and 8 seers per rupee both at Sadar and Cox's Bazar, respectively. Fodder is sufficient.
	Cox's Bazar	0.56	5½†	{ 5½† 5½ [*] }	
26	TIPPERA (COMILLA).	0.30	5½	6½	Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops and ploughing of land and sowing of early <i>aus</i> are going on. Rinderpest is reported from Brahmanbaria subdivision. Stock of rice is normal.
	Brahmanbaria.	Nil	5½	5½	
	Chandpur ...	0.79	{ 5½ [*] 5½ [*] }	{ 6½ [*] 5½ [*] }	
27	NOAKHALI	0.38	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from thanas Chhagalnaya and Pashuram.
	Feni ...	0.08	6½ [*]	6	
28	CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.	Nil	6	6	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.

(a) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

* Burma rice.

† Local rice.

J. C. Roy,

for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA, the 23rd February 1920.

Final statement of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of the Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 24th January 1920.

District.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1911.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS REGISTERED										
			Male	Female	Total	Number registered (including still births).	Still born number registered	Obstetrical	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fetters	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Measles for children.	Injuries.	Other causes.	Total all causes.		
																Male.	Female.	Total.
Calcutta	1	Calcutta	607,674	288,393	896,067	403	23	23	169	...	94 ^a	76	257 ^c	11	305	491	443	934
Howrah	2	Howrah	114,829	64,560	179,389	77	22	3	10	...	34	30	55	2	68	116	86	202
Dacca	3	Dacca	63,091	45,460	108,551	76	3	2	...	...	30	2	2	...	17	32	21	53
24 Parganas	4	Manikgala	31,735	22,052	53,787	14	3	...	23	...	9	14	14	...	21	43	38	81
	5	Bhatpara	34,739	15,675	50,414	6	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	2	...	4	2	6

^a Including deaths from Influenza.

^c N.B.—As the weekly statement has been introduced from the 16th January 1920 according to Government of Bengal, Municipal Department, letter No 13485-1, dated the 30th December 1919, the figures for the column "Total of corresponding week of the previous year" are not available and therefore this column is omitted from the statement.

CALCUTTA,

The 19th. February 1920.

CHAS. A. BENTLEY.
Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, FEB. 25, 1920.

Vital Statistics of the Towns with a population of 10,000 and over

Districts.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1911			BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS		
			Male	Female	Total	Number registered (excluding still-births).	Still-born : number registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.
Burdwan	1	Burdwan	20,527	15,884	35,921	22	1	1	7	...
	2	Raniganj	8,417	7,080	15,497	...	1	..	...	...
	3	Asansol	12,486	9,433	21,919	23	2	...	...	...
Bankura	4	Bankura	12,156	11,297	23,453	40	...	...	...	...
	5	Vishnupur	10,025	10,453	20,478	38	...	...	1	...
	6	Sonamukhi	6,254	7,021	13,275	24	1	...	...	...
Midnapore	7	Midnapore	17,577	15,183	32,740	35	2	1	...	...
	8	Ghatal	6,216	5,848	12,064	24	2	6	..	...
	9	Hoochly and Chinsura.	15,817	13,099	28,916	67	...	1	..	...
Serampore	10	Serampore	19,639	12,439	32,078	69	4	3	4	...
	11	Bahra Konnagore	10,724	6,792	17,516	35	...	3	...	...
	12	Bardiyabati	...	...	16,131	40	...	...	2	..
Bhadreswar	13	Bhadreswar	...	...	13,441	28	...	3	4	...
	14	Chandpur	...	...	15,297	20	...	1	..	...
	15	Howrah	114,829	64,560	179,389	366	...	23	16	...
Bally	16	Bally	14,217	8,177	22,394	38	...	8	...	...
	17	Cossipore-Chitpur	30,793	17,385	48,178	87	3	3	..	...
	18	Maniktala	31,735	22,032	53,767	57	12	7	...	...
South Suburban	19	South Suburban	17,683	13,850	31,533	60	6	17	...	...
	20	Tollygunge	11,183	7,250	18,433	56	2	3	...	...
	21	Garden Reach	27,665	17,630	45,295	73	2	5	10	...
Budge-Budge	22	Budge-Budge	11,529	6,453	17,982	21	...	3	..	...
	23	Baranagar	14,982	10,913	25,895	52	3	...	1	...
	24	Kamarhati	11,243	6,772	18,015	29	...	...	...	...
Rajpur	25	Rajpur	5,762	5,845	11,607	27	...	5	...	...
	26	South Dum-Dum	7,760	5,114	12,874	20	...	1	...	...
	27	Barackpore	11,357	6,944	18,301	16	...	1	...	1
Panhati	28	Panhati	6,339	4,779	11,118	23	1	...	1	...
	29	North Barackpore	9,780	6,340	16,120	41	1	2	...	...
	30	Titagarh	31,225	13,945	45,171	40	5	...	...	...
Garulia	31	Garulia	7,876	3,704	11,580	11	...	1	...	...
	32	Naihati	11,685	6,584	18,219	27	...	...	4	...
	33	Bhatpara	14,730	15,675	30,414	42	...	1	1	...
Basirhat	34	Basirhat	9,517	8,814	18,331	48	...	23	...	...
	35	Baduria	7,058	6,622	13,680	28	...	1	1	...
	36	Calcutta	607,674	288,393	896,067	1,542	111	65	232	2
Krishnanagar	37	Krishnanagar	11,767	11,708	23,475	26	...	7	...	...
	38	Nadia or Nabadwip	5,821	6,859	12,480	21	...	1	...	...
	39	Santipur	12,186	14,517	26,703	48	1	1	...	...

of Bengal for the month of December 1919.

BENGAL.											No.	Towns.
Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory Affections.	Injuries, including suicide.	Other causes.	Total all causes.			Total of corresponding month of previous year.				
					Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.		
47	84	15	1	23	92	36	128	127	76	203	1	Burdwan.
16	1	1	1	4	14	9	23	39	25	64	2	Raniganj.
33	2	9	..	4	31	17	48	101	62	163	3	Asansol.
14	3	2	...	10	17	12	29	27	32	59	4	Bankura.
42	8	...	...	9	33	27	60	74	80	154	5	Vishnupur
22	...	4	...	3	12	17	29	58	64	122	6	Somanukni.
18	10	21	...	12	31	31	62	36	38	74	7	Midnapore.
35	13	8	...	...	30	32	62	34	37	71	8	Ghatal.
44	12	15	...	15	52	35	87	57	64	121	9	Hoochly and Chit- sur.
27	26	17	3	15	55	40	95	101	60	161	10	Serampore.
25	14	...	...	6	24	24	48	49	31	80	11	Rishra Komanagar
22	12	2	...	15	35	18	53	50	53	103	12	Baidyabati
28	8	3	...	8	25	29	54	12	19	31	13	Bhadreswar
26	1	1	...	1	21	9	30	26	14	40	14	Champain.
245	134	201	15	240	474	400	874	653	488	1,141	15	Howrah.
43	7	11	2	5	39	37	76	46	37	83	16	Bally
55	11	17	4	39	71	63	134	132	94	226	17	Cossipore-Chitpur
...	22	82	...	101	150	136	286	216	188	404	18	Maniktola.
37	13	30	...	16	62	51	113	49	48	97	19	South Suburban.
35	9	13	...	..	24	36	60	34	38	72	20	Tollygunge.
48	25	19	1	47	82	73	155	74	50	124	21	Garden Reach
9	6	1	1	3	18	5	23	24	27	51	22	Budge-Budge.
21	37	8	4	12	44	39	83	75	75	148	23	Baranagore.
15	9	2	...	6	20	12	32	49	23	65	24	Kamrhati
39	2	1	...	...	23	24	47	53	51	104	25	Rajpur
23	4	7	...	4	22	17	39	31	29	60	26	South Dum-Dum.
21	4	4	...	1	16	16	32	26	24	50	27	Barrackpore
9	5	7	...	12	20	14	34	26	36	62	28	Pamhati.
18	12	9	1	6	16	27	43	38	30	68	29	North Barrackpore.
36	3	4	...	2	59	36	95	114	64	178	30	Titaghat.
7	5	3	...	...	7	9	16	28	6	34	31	Garulia.
14	...	1	1	3	11	12	23	19	21	40	32	Nahata
25	1	2	...	10	20	20	40	54	32	86	33	Bhatpara
25	4	2	...	23	42	34	76	34	34	68	34	Baurhat
23	1	2	...	...	13	20	33	17	12	29	35	Baduria.
519	367	1,138	53	1,431	2,122	1,675	3,797	2,498	1,621	4,119	36	Calcutta
18	5	9	1	6	26	20	46	30	21	51	37	Krishnagar.
24	2	1	...	6	18	16	34	32	47	79	38	Nadia or Nabadwip.
47	1	17	2	20	33	58	91	72	75	147	39	Saundipar.

Vital Statistics of the Districts, excluding Towns with a population

Division.	No.	Districts.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1911.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS		
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number mailed (excluding still- born).	Still-born mailed or registered.	Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague.
Burdwan ...	1	Burdwan ...	728,894	736,140	1,465,034	3,008	83	218	31	...
	2	Birbhum ...	463,838	471,635	935,473	2,052	141	116	30	...
	3	Bankura ...	534,150	547,314	1,081,464	2,389	1	8	3	...
	4	Midnapore ...	1,386,821	1,389,476	2,776,297	6,797	311	766	79	...
	5	Hooghly and Seram- pore.	481,989	484,729	966,718	2,934	13	103	45	...
	6	Howrah ...	369,595	372,124	741,719	2,790	37	175	116	...
Presidency ...	7	24 Parganas ...	1,005,781	941,802	1,947,583	4,781	86	1,196	82	1
	8	Nadia ...	782,806	772,382	1,555,188	4,357	134	266	166	...
	9	Murshidabad ...	629,301	657,788	1,287,089	4,491	270	90	83	...
	10	Jessore ...	901,092	857,172	1,758,264	4,312	276	556	32	...
	11	Khulna ...	695,794	647,074	1,342,868	4,771	324	1,507	12	...
Rajshahi ...	12	Rajshahi ...	742,149	715,032	1,457,181	7,701	753	66	37	...
	13	Dinajpur ...	880,228	791,650	1,671,918	6,191	425	540	202	...
	14	Jalpaiguri ...	482,681	408,214	890,895	3,234	273	27	23	...
	15	Darjeeling ...	130,463	116,082	246,545	740	39	3	8	...
	16	Rangpur ...	1,244,208	1,124,693	2,368,901	9,587	790	282	156	...
	17	Bogra ...	502,525	481,041	983,567	3,443	186	41	117	...
	18	Pabna ...	740,299	684,236	1,394,535	5,759	442	85	98	...
	19	Mahla ...	479,728	446,787	966,515	3,733	129	233	58	...
Dacca ...	20	Dacca ...	1,395,861	1,428,114	2,823,975	18,454	809	740	287	...
	21	Mymensingh ...	2,274,431	2,136,477	4,410,908	18,472	1,145	493	382	...
	22	Faridpur ...	1,056,393	1,033,317	2,089,710	9,299	325	489	135	...
	23	Bakarganj ...	1,222,824	1,171,618	2,394,442	9,955	246	504	31	...
Chittagong ...	24	Chittagong ...	704,058	775,609	1,479,667	5,017	582	218	34	...
	25	Noakhali ...	645,898	656,192	1,302,090	6,738	470	301	36	...
	26	Tippera ...	1,208,642	1,163,792	2,372,434	10,107	805	534	121	...
	27	Chittagong Tracts.								Not under
Total of month for Bengal			21,660,558	21,050,530	42,711,088	156,107	9,049	9,697	2,354	1
Total of corresponding month of previous year			...	...	...	149,288	10,148	14,900	512	...
Increase + or decrease -			...	...	...	+6,819	-1,098	-5,203	+1,842	+1

REMARKS—1. The above table is compiled from returns collected by the thana police officers and submitted to this office by the to the actual.
 2. The vital statistics of municipalities with a population of less than 10,000 have been included in this statement with
 3. The birth and death ratios per 1,000 per annum have been omitted from the statement according to the Government

CALCUTTA,
 The 19th February 1920.

of 10,000 and over, of Bengal for the month of December 1919.

REGISTERED.											Number.	Districts.
Fever.	Dysen- tery and Diarrhoea.	Respira- tory diseases.	Injuries including suicide	Other causes.	Total all causes.			Total of corresponding month of previous year.				
					Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.		
6,148	81	36	37	671	3,539	3,683	7,222	7,478	7,862	15,340	1	Burdwan.
5,077	17	5	10	309	2,807	2,757	5,564	6,274	6,440	12,714	2	Birbhum.
2,625	34	20	10	473	1,655	1,518	3,173	6,229	6,150	12,379	3	Bankura.
10,313	150	32	56	1,648	6,487	6,557	13,044	8,324	7,889	16,213	4	Midnapore.
3,725	192	51	21	561	2,323	2,375	4,698	4,023	3,939	7,962	5	Hooghly and Se- rampore.
1,598	381	76	31	724	1,643	1,456	3,099	1,876	1,756	3,632	6	Howrah.
6,570	82	75	56	890	4,705	4,247	8,952	4,326	4,140	8,466	7	24-Parganas.
5,442	4	25	26	734	3,398	3,265	6,663	9,103	9,790	18,893	8	Nadia.
5,457	7	3	22	657	3,112	3,157	6,269	10,768	11,132	21,900	9	Murshidabad.
5,691	10	18	37	543	3,513	3,374	6,887	4,527	4,247	8,774	10	Jessore.
7,005	151	6	53	1,903	5,292	5,345	10,637	4,346	4,344	8,690	11	Khulna.
6,870	3	5	37	790	3,884	3,924	7,808	4,986	4,882	9,868	12	Rajshahi.
10,767	3	2	15	225	6,065	5,689	11,754	6,225	5,457	11,682	13	Dinajpur.
3,058	154	35	15	194	1,847	1,659	3,506	3,975	3,493	7,468	14	Jalpaiguri.
620	23	...	4	117	422	353	775	811	831	1,642	15	Darjeeling.
8,886	8	20	24	171	4,871	4,685	9,556	7,315	6,931	14,246	16	Rangpur.
3,069	20	8	17	279	1,767	1,784	3,551	1,643	1,691	3,334	17	Bogra.
3,742	5	6	13	204	2,107	2,046	4,153	5,376	5,439	10,815	18	Pabna.
5,148	1	1	12	571	3,195	2,829	6,024	5,263	5,058	10,321	19	Malda.
7,877	382	41	34	2,119	5,869	5,651	11,520	10,435	11,347	21,782	20	Dacca.
11,793	142	42	56	2,072	7,659	7,321	14,980	15,438	15,132	30,570	21	Mymensingh.
7,267	191	8	41	1,600	4,873	4,858	9,731	6,255	6,445	12,700	22	Faridpur.
9,378	79	26	71	2,821	6,563	6,347	12,910	10,382	10,548	20,930	23	Bakerganj.
7,006	22	1	29	202	3,569	3,943	7,512	3,445	3,566	7,011	24	Chittagong.
4,864	26	3	35	908	2,937	3,236	6,173	3,340	3,469	6,809	25	Nonkhali.
6,222	173	8	38	1,233	4,241	4,078	8,319	6,895	7,664	14,559	26	Tippera.
registration												Chittagong Hill Tracts.
156,203	2,341	562	803	22,619	98,343	96,137	194,480					
270,722	3,035	1,069	755	27,707	159,058	159,642	318,700	159,048	159,642	318,700		
- 114,518	- 694	- 507	+ 48	- 5,088	- 60,715	- 63,595	- 124,220					

Civil Surgeons. Taken as a whole the table possesses a relative value, although the figures for individual districts probably only approximate those of the respective districts as per Government of Bengal, Municipal Department, letter No. 1188an., dated the 8th February 1918. of India, Education Department, letter No. 93, dated the 26th March 1918.

CHARLES A. BENTLEY,
Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Statement of Weekly Gauge-readings on the River Ganges at Rampur-Boalia for the week ending the 14th February 1920.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero minus sign for those below zero.	Height of surface above mean sea-level according to P. W. D. datum.	Height of surface above mean sea-level on the same date last year according to P. W. D. datum.	Remarks.
1920.					
8th February ...	8 A.M.	Zero of gauge is at mean sea level.	37.70	38.96	P. W. D. datum, 6.25 feet above Kidderpur old dock sill. B. M. on College step 64.93.
9th " ...	8 "		37.70	39.11	
10th " ...	8 "		37.65	39.11	
11th " ...	8 "		37.65	38.96	
12th " ...	8 "		37.65	38.91	
13th " ...	8 "		37.60	38.71	
14th " ...	8 "		37.50	38.51	

			Old value.	According to P. W. D. datum
The previous year ...	Highest water-level	...	61.29 on 13th September 1919	62.80
Ditto ...	Lowest "	...	33.51 on 8th May 1919	35.01
Record ...	Highest "	...	69.25 on 26th August 1879	64.44
Do. ...	Ditto "	...	69.08 on 9th September 1885	64.27
Do. ...	Ditto "	...	68.30 on 25th August 1906	63.47
Do. ...	Ditto "	...	68.21 on 26th August 1890	63.40
Do. ...	Lowest "	...	37.68 on 25th April 1884	32.82
Do. ...	Ditto "	...	38.13 on 14th-15th April 1883	33.82
Do. ...	Ditto "	...	39.02 on 21st-22nd April 1897	34.21
Do. ...	Ditto "	...	39.28 on 6th-7th May 1908	34.47

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from the 1st August 1887.

BOALIA,
The 14th February 1920.

S. C. BHATTACHARJI,
Executive Engineer, Rajshahi Divn.

Statement of Weekly Gauge-readings on the River Ganges at Rampur-Boalia for the week ending the 21st February 1920.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero : minus sign for those below zero.	Height of surface above mean sea-level according to P. W. D. datum.(a)	Height of surface above mean sea-level on the same date last year according to P. W. D. datum.(a)	Remarks.
1920.					
15th February ...	8 A.M.	Zero of gauge is at mean sea level.	37.40	38.41	B. M. on College step corrected, 64.93.
16th " ...	8 "		37.40	38.26	
17th " ...	8 "		37.35	38.01	
18th " ...	8 "		37.30	37.86	
19th " ...	8 "		37.25	37.71	
20th " ...	8 "		37.25	37.61	
21st " ...	8 "		37.25	37.51	

(a) P. W. D. datum 6.25 feet above Kidderpore old dock sill.

			Old value.	According to P. W. D. datum.
The previous year ...	Highest water-level	...	61.29 on 13th September 1919	62.80
Ditto ...	Lowest "	...	33.51 on 8th May 1919	35.01
Record ...	Highest "	...	69.25 on 26th August 1879	64.44
Do. ...	Ditto "	...	69.08 on 9th September 1885	64.27
Do. ...	Ditto "	...	68.30 on 25th August 1906	63.47
Do. ...	Ditto "	...	68.21 on 26th August 1890	63.40
Do. ...	Lowest "	...	37.68 on 25th April 1884	32.82
Do. ...	Ditto "	...	38.13 on 14th-15th April 1883	33.82
Do. ...	Ditto "	...	39.02 on 21st-22nd April 1897	34.21
Do. ...	Ditto "	...	39.28 on 6th-7th May 1908	34.47

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from 1st August 1887.

BOALIA,
The 21st February 1920.

M. SEN GUPTA,
Executive Engineer, Rajshahi Divn.

Statement of weekly gauge-readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra for the week ending 14th February 1920.

Month and date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level.	Height of surface above or below level on same date last year.	Remarks.
1920.					
8th February	7 A.M.	6.5	6.5	7.0	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench mark for the gauge is on a pucoa pillar between the passenger ghât and Chandpur ghât.
9th "	7 "	6.4	6.4	7.0	
10th "	7 "	6.2	6.2	6.9	
11th "	7 "	6.0	6.0	6.9	
12th "	7 "	5.7	5.7	6.8	Its reduced level is 26.84
13th "	7 "	5.6	5.6	6.9	
14th "	7 "	5.7	5.7	6.9	

The previous year	...	Highest water-level	...	23.7 on 15th September 1919
Ditto	...	Lowest	...	6.1 on 24th February 1919
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Highest	...	25.75 on 28th August 1906
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto	...	25.74 on 20th and 21st August 1898
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto	...	25.66 on 11th to 17th and 31st August and on 1st to 3rd September 1889
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra only)	...	Ditto	...	25.66 on 31st July 1900
Do	...	Lowest	...	1.0 on 8th February 1914
Do	...	Ditto	...	2.42 on 18th March 1906
Do	...	Ditto	...	2.91 on 21st to 24th February and 8th to 9th March 1884
Do	...	Ditto	...	3.16 on 9th to 11th March 1885
Do	...	Ditto	...	3.16 on 16th, 17th and 29th to 31st March 1901

[N.B.—The gauge-reading commenced from 3rd October 1909.]

FARIDPUR, R. K. GHOSE,
The 22nd February 1920. for Subdivisional Officer, P. W. D., Faridpur.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending 21st February 1920.

Month and date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level.	Height of surface above or below level on same date last year.	Remarks.
1920.					
15th February...	7 A.M.	6.0	6.0	6.9	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench mark for the gauge is on a pucoa pillar between the passenger ghât and Chandpur ghât. Its reduced level is 26.84.
16th "	7 "	6.2	6.2	7.0	
17th "	7 "	6.3	6.3	7.0	
18th "	7 "	6.3	6.3	7.0	
19th "	7 "	6.3	6.3	7.0	
20th "	7 "	6.5	6.5	6.9	
21st "	7 "	6.7	6.7	6.8	

The previous year	...	Highest water-level	...	23.7 on 15th September 1919
Ditto	...	Lowest	...	6.1 on 24th February 1919
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Highest	...	25.75 on 28th August 1906
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto	...	25.74 on 20th and 21st August 1898
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto	...	25.66 on 11th to 17th and 31st August 1889 and on 1st to 3rd September 1889
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra only)	...	Ditto	...	25.66 on 31st July 1900
Do	...	Lowest	...	1.0 on 8th February 1914
Do	...	Ditto	...	2.42 on 18th March 1906
Do	...	Ditto	...	2.91 on 21st to 24th February 1884 and 8th to 9th March 1884
Do	...	Ditto	...	3.16 on 9th to 11th March 1885
Do	...	Ditto	...	3.16 on 16th, 17th and 29th to 31st March 1901

N.B.—The gauge reading commenced from 3rd October 1909

FARIDPUR, R. K. GHOSE,
The 22nd February 1920. for Subdivisional Officer, P. W. D., Faridpur.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 21st February 1920, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 21ST FEBRUARY 1920.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 21ST FEBRUARY 1919.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tonnage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tonnage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy ...	689	228,018	3,556	1,708	449,309	7,097
Jute ...	86	53,818*	580	64	38,549†	383
Pinewood ...	66	22,275	486	60	37,780	542
Other articles ...	781	231,699	2,519	832	212,085	2,751
Total ...	1,622	540,805	7,141	2,664	737,703	10,773
Empty boats and rafts ...	656	...	1,654	875	...	3,062
GRAND TOTAL ...	2,278	540,805	8,795	3,539	737,703	13,835

Mds.

* Weight by canal measurement 14,037
† 14,560

CALCUTTA,
The 24th February 1920.

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

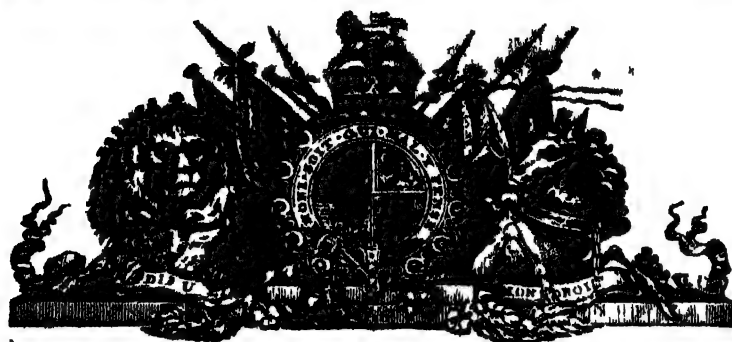
Statement of deaths ascertained to be due to starvation or to have been accelerated by privation for the quarter ending 31st December 1919.

Serial No.	District	Name.	Residence	Age.	Date	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Hooghly ...	Idnu Mia	Maulbhum district.	45	8th Oct. 1919	Death due to illness accelerated by privation. Died at Ranchi hospital.
2	24-Parganas	Khudi Bih	Dastura, p.s. Mograbat.	25	8th "	Death due to suicide. Her husband went away for work a few days before the occurrence, but did not send money to her for her maintenance and that of her children. The woman therefore committed suicide.

* Death due to starvation is under enquiry. The statements in respect of other districts are blank.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 24th February 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1920.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Governor of Bengal in Council, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

**Tour Programme of
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL
during February and March 1920.**

Date and day	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks
March.	HOURS.		
3rd, Wednesday, and 4th, Thursday.	.....	Halt at Dacca.	

Date and day.	Standard time.	Station.	Remarks.
March.	HOURS.		
5th, Friday ...	8-30	Leave Dacca ...	By special steamer.
	20-0	Arrive Goalundo.	
	21-15	Leave Goalundo ...	By special train.
6th, Saturday ...	7-30	Arrive Sealdah.	

NOTE.—(1) The party accompanying His Excellency will be—

Her Excellency the Countess of Ronaldshay.

Miss de Bathe.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. L. Stephenson, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., Offg. Chief Secretary.

Mr. W. R. Gourlay, C.I.E., I.C.S., Private Secretary.

Captain E. A. Haskett-Smith, Aide-de-Camp.

Captain C. B. Lyon, Aide-de-Camp.

Captain W. J. W. C. Barrow, Aide-de-Camp.

(2) All letters and telegrams should be addressed to Governor's Camp, Bengal, *without the addition of the name of any post town.*

(3) All arrivals and departures will be private.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

CALCUTTA:

12th February 1920.

H. G. VAUX, MAJOR,

Military Secretary

to H. E. the Governor of Bengal.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

No. 2049A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 1843A.—*The 24th February 1920.*—Mr. G. E. Lambourn, I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, Dacca, is appointed to be
Dacca. Magistrate and Collector, Birbhum.
Birbhum.

No. 1846A.—*The 24th February 1920.*—Mr. J. H. Lindsay, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, Dacca, is appointed to be
Dacca. Magistrate and Collector of that district.

No. 1877A.—*The 25th February 1920.*—Babu Karali Charan Gangali, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted
Midnapore. temporarily to the headquarters station of the Midnapore district on being relieved of his settlement duty in that district.

No. 1881A.—*The 25th February 1920.*—Mr. G. C. Sankey, I.C.S., is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to the third grade of District and Sessions Judges from the 8th November 1919 to the 30th November 1919, inclusive.

No. 1980A.—*The 28th February 1920.*—Rai Ramosh Chandra Datta Bahadur, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the
Dacca. Sadar subdivision of that district.

No. 1990A.—*The 28th February 1920.*—In modification of the orders contained in the notification of this Government, No. 1754A., dated the 20th February 1920, Babu Nihar Ranjan Banarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted
Rajshahi. to the headquarters station of the Rajshahi district.

No. 1994A.—The 28th February 1920.—Babu Dakshina Ranjan Ghosh, Rajshahi, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rajshahi, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Burdwan district.

POLICE.—No. 1910A.—The 26th February 1920.—Mr. Tunji Meerza, 24-Parganas, Additional Superintendent of Police, 24-Parganas, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Burdwan.

No. 1912A.—The 26th February 1920.—Maulvi 'Aziz-ul Haq Chaudhuri, Mymensingh, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Netrakona, Mymensingh, is appointed to act temporarily as Additional Superintendent of Police, 24-Parganas, and, under the provisions of section 1 of Act V of 1861, to perform the duties of a Superintendent of Police in that district.

No. 1961A.—The 27th February 1920.—Khan Bahadur Muhammad Khurshed, Assistant to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, Bengal, acted as Deputy Inspector-General of Police of that department from the 30th January 1920 to the 11th February 1920, inclusive.

No. 1963A.—The 27th February 1920.—The probationary Deputy Superintendents of Police, named below, are confirmed in the provincial police service with effect from the 2nd January 1920:—

Maulvi Habibur Rahaman. | Maulvi Abdur Rashid Khan.

No. 1965A.—The 27th February 1920.—The officiating Assistants to the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, named below, are confirmed in their appointments:—

Mr. H. Coates. | Mr. A. D. Gordon.

No. 2039A.—The 2nd March 1920.—Mr. D. M. C. Whitmore-Clarke, Bakarganj, Officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, Bakarganj, is appointed to act as Additional Superintendent of Police, Dacca.

No. 2041A.—The 2nd March 1920.—Mr. D. R. Hardwick, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Barrackpore, 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as Additional Superintendent of Police, Bakarganj.

JAILS.—No. 1853A.—The 25th February 1920.—Mr. Louis Esmond Texeira is appointed to act as Deputy Superintendent of the Dacca Central Jail during the absence, on leave, of Mr. M. Leach, or until further orders.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 1841A.—The 24th February 1920.—Mr. Garu Saday Dutt, I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, Birbhum, is allowed combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations for three months and one day with effect from the 10th March 1920 or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, additional privilege leave for nineteen days and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under article 308(b) of the Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1514 C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 1870A.—The 25th February 1920.—Mr. J. A. Milligan, I.C.S., is allowed combined leave for one year and three days, viz., privilege leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations for three months with effect from the 3rd March 1920 or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, additional privilege leave for one month, furlough on average salary for four months, and furlough on half average salary for the remaining period under article 308(b) of the Regulations.

No. 1974A.—The 28th February 1920.—Mr. H. Quinton, I.C.S., is allowed privilege leave in advance under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 5 C.S.R., dated the 9th January 1920, from the 24th November 1919 to the 26th November 1919, inclusive.

No. 1985A.—The 28th February 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 3rd April 1919, Mr. D. H. Lees, I.C.S., is allowed combined leave from the 6th April 1919 to the 20th November 1919, inclusive, viz., privilege leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations for three months, additional privilege leave for one month and fourteen days and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1514-C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 2025A.—The 2nd March 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 18th November 1919, Mr. Mohammad Yusuf, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, is allowed combined leave from the 6th May 1919 to the 21st November 1919, inclusive, viz., privilege leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations for three months, additional privilege leave for fourteen days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under article 308(b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1514 C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

POLICE.—*No. 1862A.—The 25th February 1920.*—Mr. G. C. Sturgis of the Indian Police Service is allowed furlough on average salary from the 30th October 1919 to the 26th November 1919, inclusive, under article 308(b) of the Civil Service Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1514 C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919, and No. 5C.S.R., dated the 9th January 1920, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 30th April 1919.

No. 1908A.—The 26th February 1920.—Mr. C. E. S. Fairweather, Superintendent of Police, Burdwan, is allowed combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations for two months and five days, additional privilege leave for one month and three days or the amount due on the date on which he may be relieved, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period. He is also allowed in continuation furlough on half average salary for four months under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

No. 2037A.—The 2nd March 1920.—Mr. L. N. Bavin, Officiating Additional Superintendent of Police, Dacca, is allowed combined leave for one year, viz., privilege leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations for three months with effect from the 2nd February 1920 or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, additional privilege leave for three months, furlough on average salary for four months under the Government of India, Finance Department, orders No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919, and No. 79C.S.R., dated the 23rd January 1920, and furlough on half average salary for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2000A.—The 28th February 1920.—With reference to notification No. 1748A., dated the 20th February 1920, and in pursuance of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal, the Governor is pleased to call upon the Municipal Commissioners of certain municipalities specified in schedule III to the said Regulations in the Dacca Division to elect, in accordance with the said Regulations and before the 13th April 1920, a person to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2002A.—The 28th February 1920.—Whereas in pursuance of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal, the Governor has been pleased by notification No. 2000A., dated the 28th February 1920, to call upon the Municipal Commissioners of certain municipalities specified in Schedule III to the said Regulations in the Dacca Division to elect, in accordance with the said Regulations and before the 13th day of April 1920, a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following orders under Schedule III to the said Regulations in modification of the orders issued in notification No. 2184A, dated the 18th March 1916, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd idem:—

Orders under Schedule III.

PART I.

(1) *Rule 1 (1).*—All District Magistrates shall be Attesting Officers.

(2) *Rule 1 (2).*—The Commissioner of the Dacca Division shall be the Returning Officer.

PART II.

(1) *Rule 6 (4).*—The nomination papers of candidates shall be presented to an Attesting Officer for attestation at any time between the hours of 11 A.M. and 3 P.M. on or before the 8th March 1920.

(2) *Rule 8 (1).*—The scrutiny of nomination papers of candidates shall be made at the office of the Returning Officer at 11 A.M. on the 16th March 1920.

(3) *Rule 10 (1).*—The Commissioners of each notified municipality who are desirous of recording their votes shall meet for the purpose at 11 A.M. on the 31st March 1920.

(4) *Rule 13 (1) and (8).*—The Returning Officer shall attend at his office at 11 A.M. on the 10th April 1920 for the purpose of examining voting papers and counting votes.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2239For.—The 1st March 1920.—Mr. Max Dalrymple, whose temporary appointment to the Indian Forest Service for two years on Rs. 600 per mensem has been sanctioned by the Government of India, is posted, as an attached officer, to the Kurseong Forest Division.

No. 2196L.R.—The 27th February 1920.—Under the provisions of section 3 (17) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), the undermentioned settlement kanungos are authorised to discharge, in the district of Bakarganj, the functions of a Revenue Officer, under Chapter X of that Act, so far as they relate to surveys and the preparation of records-of-rights:—

Bakarganj.

1. Babu Narendra Chandra Banarji.
2. „ Lalit Kumar Basu.
3. „ Janardan Sen Gupta.

No. 2198L.R.—The 27th February 1920.—Major F. C. Hirst, I.A., Director of Surveys, Bengal, is allowed combined leave for eight months, from the 15th April 1920, under article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, viz., ordinary privilege leave for three months and additional privilege leave for two months and three days (or the amount due on the date of relief) under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and

furlough on average salary for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1514C.S.R. dated the 29th December 1919. He is also granted furlough on half average salary for ten months more in continuation of the above leave, under article 308(b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2192 L.A.—The 27th February 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for residential buildings at Asansol, in the villages of Santa and Doshranapur, pargana Shergarh, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 36.23 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the polo ground, khas land of Messrs. Apcar & Co. and the village road.

East—By the land under acquisition for extension of the Civil Courts.

South—By the lands of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company,

West—By the land of Messrs. Apcar & Co. and the village road,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Santa and Doshranapur.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use, in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the Executive Engineer, Central Circle, Burdwan Division, Chinsurah.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2240 L.A.—The 1st March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Corporation of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz., for widening a portion of Dent Mission Road to the prescribed line, in the village of Ramchandrapur, pargana Magura, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .006 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the remaining portion of premises No. 23, Dent Mission Road,

East—By the remaining portion of No. 23, Dent Mission Road, and the Corporation land,

South and West—By Dent Mission Road,

is required within the aforesaid village of Ramchandrapur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector at No. 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2247 L.A.—The 1st March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for Union Committee road diversion at Fulchhari, in the village of Fulchhari, pargana Patiladaha, zilla Rangpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land measuring, more or less, 488 of an acre, bounded on the—

Rangpur.

PLOT A :

North—By the railway land,
East and West—By the lands of Bhupati Bhattacharjee, Jabannibas, Harihar and Hem Chandra Majumdar,
South—By the lands of Bhupati Bhattacharjee and Union Committee road,

PLOT B :

North—By the Union Committee road,
East—By the land of Bhupati Bhattacharjee,
South—By the railway land,
West—By the Middle English school compound,

are required within the aforesaid village of Fulchhari.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Rangpur.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2266 L.A.—The 1st March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Manikganj Union Committee for a public purpose, viz., for extension of the Muhammadan boarding at Manikganj, in the village of Dasara, pargana Rajnagar, tappa Arangabad Rajnagar, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 36 of an acre, bounded on the—

Dacca.

North—By the public road,
East—By the compound of Second Officer's residence (acquired land),
South—By the house of Allead Hossen,
West—By the compound of Muhammadan boarding,

are required within the aforesaid village of Dasara.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2282 L.A.—The 2nd March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a sub-registry office and quarters at Hasnabad, in the village of Laskarnagar, pargana Maibaty, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 4834 of an acre, bounded on the—

24-Parganas.

North—By the land of Roy Jatindra Nath Chowdhury and the drain land of the District Board road,
East—By the land of Kartik Chandra Ghose and Bhomer Shikari's khal,

South—By the drain land of the District Board road and Bhomer Shikari's khal,

West—By the drain land of the District Board road,

is required within the aforesaid village of Laskurnagar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Officer, Alipore, 24-Parganas.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2287 L.A.—The 2nd March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a landing stage for the ferry service in the village of Baranagore, pargana Calcutta, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, '0472 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the land belonging to Promotho Nath Mullick,

East—By Hara Kumar Tagore Strand,

South—By the land belonging to Nirranjan Saha and Hara Kumar Tagore Strand,

West—By the river Hooghly,

is required within the aforesaid village of Baranagore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta as well as in that of the Special Land Acquisition Officer, Alipore, 24-Parganas.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATA.

No. 2162 L.A.—The 27th February 1920.—In lines 5 and 16 of Declaration No. 8058 L.A., dated the 28th October 1919, published at pages 1693-94, Part I. of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 29th idem, in respect of the acquisition of land required by the Eastern Bengal Railway for diversion of line at mile 132-21 G on the Rangpur branch of the railway, in the district of Rangpur, for the word "Binodepur" read "Sutrapur."

No. 2291 L.R.—The 2nd March 1920.—In notification No. 978 L.R., dated the 29th January 1920, published at page 225: Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th idem, in line 6 for "Raniganj" read "Ramganj" and in line 7 for "Chhagalnia" read "Chhagalnaia."

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION.

No. 2293 Regn.—The 2nd March 1920.—Babu Probodh Chandra Chatarji, Sub-Registrar of Calcutta, is granted leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, up to the 31st March 1920 (inclusive), in extension of the leave already granted to him in Government notification No. 329 Regn., dated the 10th January 1920.

No 2295 Regn.—The 2nd March 1920.—Babu Kanai Lal Mitra, second Joint Sub-Registrar, Howrah Sadar, acted as District Sub-Registrar of that district from the 30th January to the 12th February 1920 (both days inclusive), *vice* Babu Nalin Chandra Chatarji, deceased.

M. C. MCALPIN.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2165 Regn.—The 27th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Abul Wajee Gholam Quddus temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-station Narsingdi, in the district of Dacca, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Abdul Latif, or until further orders.

No. 2166 Regn.—The 27th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazis Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Abul Wajee Gholam Quddus temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-station Narsingdi, in the district of Dacca, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Abdul Latif, or until further orders.

M. C. MCALPIN.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 455 Edn.—The 28th February 1920.—Maulvi Matloob Ahmad Khan Chaudhuri, Additional Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division, in class V of the Provincial Educational Service, is appointed to act, until further orders, in the Indian Educational Service as Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division, *vice* Rai Dr. Purnananda Chatarji Bahadur, retired.

No. 68 Eccl.—The 26th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (XV of 1872), the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the Reverend A. E. Myres, of the American Churches of God Missions at Bogra and Khanjanpur, to grant certificates of marriages within the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal between persons who are Native Christians, during the absence, on leave, of the Reverend H. W. Cover.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886 (VI of 1886), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Reverend A. E. Myres to be a Registrar of Births and Deaths for Bogra, during the absence, on leave, of the Reverend H. W. Cover.

No 71 Eccl.—The 1st March 1920.—The Reverend H. F. F. Williams, Chaplain of Lobong, is appointed to be Chaplain of Howrah, with effect from the 27th February 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may take over charge of his duties.

No. 74 Eccl.—The 1st March 1920.—The Reverend H. R. Holmes of the Church Missionary Society is appointed to act as Chaplain of Howrah with effect from the 12th February 1920, or the subsequent date on which he took over charge of his duties.

No. 194San.—The 1st March 1920.—Dr. C. H. Elmes, C.B.E., M.B., CH.B., is appointed substantively permanent to be Health Officer of the Port of Calcutta, with effect from the 26th November 1919.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 606S.R.—The 27th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2, sub-section (5) of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918 (VII of 1918), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Madhusudan Das, Deputy Collector, to exercise and perform the powers and duties conferred by the said Act on a Collector, within the Sadar subdivision of the district of Mymensingh.

No. 640S.R.—The 1st March 1920.—Babu Surendra Nath Ghose, Sub-Inspector of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, acted as an Inspector of Excise and Salt from the 6th to 20th February 1920, *vice* Babu Sripati Mohan Gupta on leave.

No. 643S.R.—The 2nd March 1920.—Babu Tarini Charan Sarkar, Sub-Inspector of Excise and Salt, Midnapore, acted as an Inspector of Excise and Salt from the 6th to 24th January 1920, *vice* Mr. P. M. Pogoson on leave.

This supersedes Notification No. 414S.R., dated the 11th February 1920.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 609S.R.—The 27th February 1920.—In the directions to regulate the export of opium by sea from Calcutta, published under Notification No. 293S.R., dated the 30th January 1920, at pages 228—230, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th February 1920, *substitute* the words "Jetty No. 1" for the words "Jetty No. 8" wherever they occur.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 828Com.—The 1st March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (7) of section 4 of the Indian Non-ferrous Metal Industry Act, 1918 (XVII of 1918), the Governor in Council is pleased to notify that a licence has been granted under sub-section (3) of that section to Messrs. David Sassoon & Co., Limited, Calcutta, to carry on the business of winning, extracting, smelting, dressing, refining or dealing by way of whole-sale trade in zinc, copper, tin, lead, nickel and aluminium, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 477 Medl.—The 1st March 1920.—Mr. J. H. Taylor, Professor of Dental Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, is allowed, under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, an extension of leave without allowances for one month, *i.e.*, up to the 31st December 1919, in continuation of the leave granted to him in this Department notification No. 831 Medl., dated the 11th March 1919.

No. 480 Medl.—The 1st March 1920.—Senior Assistant Surgeon Debendra Nath Hazra, officiating Civil Surgeon, Noakhali, is allowed privilege leave for six months, *viz.*, ordinary privilege leave for three months, under article 260, Civil Service Regulations, and additional privilege leave for the remaining period, under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1680 S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, with effect from the 1st March 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved of his duties.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 486 Medl.—The 2nd March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 28 of the Indian Lunacy Act, 1912 (IV of 1912), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Narain Das Mazumdar, L.M.S., to be a non-official visitor of the Central Lunatic Asylum, Berhampore, *vice* Babu Brojendra Nath Sen, L.M.S., deceased.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2050A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 1857A.—The 25th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Mr. Saiyid Ghulam Husain Shah the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Rangpur, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Lalmanirhat police-station in the said district, and
- (b) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Mr. Saiyid Ghulam Husain Shah is also vested, under section 190 (1) (a) and (b) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, with power to take cognizance of cases under section 34 of Act V of 1861, and under the Bengal Public Gambling Act, 1867 (Bengal Act 11 of 1867), occurring within that portion of Lalmanirhat to which the said Acts have been extended.

No. 1957A.—The 27th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Nilkanta Trivedi the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Murshidabad, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Kandi bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1969A.—The 27th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Abinash Chandra Sen Gupta the powers of a **Murshidabad.** Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Murshidabad, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Kandi bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2016A.—The 1st March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Radhika Mohan Goswami the powers of a **Rajshahi.** Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Rajshahi, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2019A.—The 1st March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Ashutosh Bhattacharji the powers of a **24-Parganas.** Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification,
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Bhatpara bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

POWERS.

No. 1859A.—The 25th February 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Babu Kashi Kanta Guha, an Honorary Magistrate of the Srinagar bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Dacca, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench—

- (a) in respect to cases brought before the said bench, within the **Dacca.** limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and
- (b) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him, when sitting singly, within the limits of the Munshiganj subdivision of the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1877A.—The 25th February 1920.—Babu Karali Charan Ganguli, **Midnapore.** Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the headquarters station of the Midnapore district, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 1888A.—The 25th February 1920.—Babu Manindra Bhushan Datta, **Mymensingh.** Deputy Magistrate, Mymensingh, is vested with powers under section 110 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 1890A.—The 25th February 1920.—Mr. E. A. Rampezotti, Deputy **Mymensingh.** Magistrate, Mymensingh, is vested with powers under section 110 of the Code of Criminal Procedure

No. 1882A.—The 25th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Mr. E. A. Rampezotti, a Magistrate of the first class in the district of Mymensingh, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

No. 1950A.—The 27th February 1920.—Babu Ambika Charan Datta, Deputy Magistrate, Scaldah, is vested with powers under sections 186, 190 (1)(c) and 524 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

No. 1958A.—The 27th February 1920.—Khan Bahadur Qamar-ud-din Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate, Bakarganj, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 1971A.—The 27th February 1920—In exercise of the power conferred by the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct Maulvi Mujib-ur-Rahaman, an Honorary Magistrate of the Kandi bench, in the district of Murshidabad, to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 1987A.—The 28th February 1920.—Babu Digendra Nath Shaha, Deputy Magistrate, Munshiganj, Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

No. 2014A.—The 1st March 1920.—Babu Jyotish Chandra Banarji, probationary Deputy Magistrate, Mymensingh, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 2035A.—The 2nd March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon Babu Rajendra Nath Sanyal, an Honorary Magistrate of the Balurghat bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Dinajpur, for the period during which he has been directed to sit as a member of the said bench—

(a) in respect to cases brought before the said bench, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and

(b) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him, when sitting singly, within the limits of the Balurghat subdivision of the said district.

H. I. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 949J.—The 27th February 1920.—Babu Gopal Das Ghosh, munsif of Alipore, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of the same district, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Upendra Nath Biswas, or until further orders.

No. 971J.—The 2nd March 1920.—Babu Durga Kanta Ray, Subordinate Judge of Pabna, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, who, in notification No. 385J., dated the 30th January 1920, was appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Bogra, in the same district, is confirmed in his present appointment.

LEAVE.

No. 946J.—The 27th February 1920.—Babu Upendra Nath Biswas, Subordinate Judge, 24-Parganas, is allowed leave for thirty days, with effect from the 24th February 1920, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 957J.—The 19th February 1920.—Babu Raimohan Karmakar, additional Munsif of Pabna, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is allowed leave for two months and eight days, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168 C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 20th November 1919.

G. N. ROY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

POLITICAL

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2716P.—The 2nd March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 12, sub-section (7) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), read with section 6 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. J. Peddie, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate, Dacca, to be Cantonment Magistrate for the Dacca Cantonment, with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, within the limits of the aforesaid cantonment.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POLICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 907P.J.—The 24th February 1920.—Babu Mahatap Chandra Ghosh, Sub-Deputy Collector, is appointed to be Chaukidari Circle Officer and is posted to the Serampore subdivision of the Hooghly district.

This cancels the orders contained in this Government notification No. 283P.J., dated the 17th January 1920.

No. 918P.J.—The 25th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Bengal Public Gambling Act, 1867 (Bengal Act II of 1867), the Governor in Council is pleased to extend all the sections of the said Act, except section 13 (which already applies), to the municipalities of (1) Kanchrapara, (2) Halisahar, (3) Naihati, (4) Bhatpara, (5) North Barrackpore, (6) Barrackpore, (7) South Barrackpore, (8) Titagarh, (9) Panihati, (10) South Dum-Dum, all of which lie within the Barrackpore subdivision of the district of the 24-Parganas, and also to the Cantonment area of Barrackpore and Dum-Dum in the said subdivision of the said district.

2. Notifications, dated 12th October 1871 and 2nd November 1871, published in the issues of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th October and 8th November 1871, respectively, and so much of notifications, dated the 10th November 1874 and 30th November 1889, published in the issues of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th November 1874 and 4th December 1889, respectively, as relate to the town of Bagjulla and the villages of Kamardanga, Nager Bazar, Ghugudanga and Belgachia in the South Dum-Dum Municipality, are hereby cancelled.

No. 958 P.J.—The 28th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 34 of the Police Act, 1861 (V of 1861), the Governor in Council is pleased to extend that section to the village of Thakurmanda together with the area included within mauza Kasba Manda (Jurisdiction List No. 310) and mauza Durgapur (Jurisdiction List No. 317, police-station Manda) within the Naogaon subdivision of the district of Rajshahi within the boundaries specified below:—

North—Chotipur and Bil Manda (mauzas).

East—Bil Manda, Bil Mahespur and Harakishor (mauzas).

South—Kukrail (mauza).

West—Brajaipur, Alalpur, Perial Bazeapti and Kukrail (mauzas).

No. 959 P.J.—The 28th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 16 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), as amended by the Indian Arms (Amendment) Act, 1919 (XX of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for carrying into effect the provisions of the aforesaid section.

Rules.

1. Any person depositing arms, ammunition or military stores with a licensed dealer in compliance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 16 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, shall immediately inform the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, and also, if he be not a resident of Calcutta, the Magistrate of the district in which he resides.

2. A dealer failing to dispose of an article so deposited within one year of the date of its deposit, shall deposit the same at the nearest police-station, provided that in exceptional cases the period of one year may be extended by the Local Government.

3. All articles deposited under sub-section (1) of section 16 of the Act and not returned or disposed of under sub-section (2) of the same section within a year of their deposit or within such further period as may be allowed under rule 2 shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

No. 1000 P.J.—The 2nd March 1920.—Babu Tarapada Bhattacharji, Sub Deputy Collector, Bankura, is appointed to be Chaukidari Circle Officer, in the district of Hooghly.

Bankura.
Hooghly.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

The 2nd March 1920.

No. 732 B.—Notification.—The following paper is published for general information:—

C. P. WALSH,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Report of the Committee appointed to advise on the selection of a site for a new Provincial Legislative Council Chamber.

By the local Government resolution No. 291 T.B., dated the 9th August 1919, we, the undersigned, were appointed members of a committee to advise on the selection of a site for a new Provincial Legislative Council Chamber. We have held four meetings and have also inspected various sites which from time to time have been suggested as suitable. We have now the honour to submit this our report.

2. The present Legislative Council contains 58 members, and the existing Chamber is barely adequate for their needs, while the accessory accommodation is very limited and the space available for the public and the press of a meagre description. In accordance with the First Schedule attached to the Government of India Act, 1919, the future Legislative Council of Bengal, will number 125, at least, though that number may be increased by rules made under section 7 (2) (a); there is also the possibility of the creation of a Second Chamber at some future date [cf. section 41 (2)]. The necessity of constructing a new building which will house the future provincial legislature is obvious, and in the resolution already cited we were enjoined to have regard to the following four considerations:—provision should be made not only for a Council Hall but for the requisite subsidiary rooms, etc.; the site and building should be worthy of the purpose to which they will be put and of the capital of the province, there should be room for expansion, while, lastly, the locality chosen should be easily accessible to all who will have occasion to use it. We have no hesitation in accepting these conclusions as the factors governing our choice, and we are particularly anxious that the opportunity should not be lost of erecting a structure thoroughly worthy of the occasion, for which a spacious and dignified site is essential. The Government of India Act ushers in momentous changes in the future government of the province, which will henceforth centre round the Council Chamber, it is meet that that Chamber should be housed in a manner which recognises the importance and high purpose of the functions which it will be expected to discharge, and which will in no wise suffer in comparison with the other edifices with which the city is adorned. It follows that, whatever scheme be adopted, considerable expenditure upon its execution is inevitable, and it would be a fatal mistake on grounds of strict economy to cramp and prejudice the prospects of the future. But the provincial resources are not limitless, and there is a point beyond which they cannot be strained, consistently with the interests of the many other calls upon them. We have consequently attached weight to the financial aspect of the different possibilities which we have examined.

3. Without the actual drawing out of plans no precise estimate of the space required for a particular building can, of course, be given, while any plan would again have to conform to the site selected, both as regards design and the degree of spaciousness which can be afforded, but we are advised by the Consulting Architect that, while, in a sense, the larger the area available the better, we should aim at a provision of not less than seven bighas, which might conveniently be increased to fourteen. Upon such a site accommodation could be found for a Council Hall to seat 150; division lobbies; private rooms for the Governor, Members of the Executive Council and Ministers, committee rooms (say, 3), accommodation for Secretaries and the staff of the Legislative Department, consultation and interview rooms (say, 2); a library (being also a reading and writing room), a smoking room and lounge; luncheon rooms (3 for Europeans, Hindus and Muhammadans respectively); a public gallery, a press gallery, retiring rooms and caretaker's quarters, together with a reasonable space for future extensions.

4. We proceed to note below various localities which we have considered in this connection, and to give, very briefly, our reasons for regarding them as unsuited for our present purpose.

(a) *Government House*—No convenient extensions on an adequate scale of the wing at present devoted to the use of the Legislative Council is feasible, and since the Governor in future will cease to be a member of the Legislative Council [cf. section 7 (i), Government of India Act, 1919] the old reason for associating the Legislative Council with Government House disappears. The whole of the existing Government House would be unnecessarily large for a Council Chamber, nor could it conveniently be adapted to that end without entire remodelling. On the other hand the residence is obviously required by the Governor, and no suitable alternative presents itself. To undertake the provision of a new Government House would clearly be merely the substitution of one problem for another.

(b) *The area owned by the Local Government at Porabazar between Chowringhee and the Presidency General Hospital, south of the Calcutta Club.*—This has the merit of giving ample accommodation and being already in the possession of the Bengal Government, but we are satisfied that it is situated at too great a distance from the business and northern residential quarters of the town, the High Court and the Secretariat, ever to be convenient for the new Council Chamber, even granting the increasing facilities of motor traffic. The majority of the members of the new Council will be busy men with other calls engrossing their time; the future Council sittings are certain to be more protracted than in the past: if the choice of members is not to be most unduly restricted they must be given every possible facility for combining their Council duties with their normal avocations, and the easy accessibility of the Council Chamber is clearly a most important desideratum.

(c) *Belvedere.*—Apart from the fact that the building is in the occupation of His Excellency the Viceroy, and could not conveniently be vacated, the objection of inaccessibility applies to it in an even more marked degree. In design, too, the residence is unsuitable.

(d) *The old Foreign and Military Secretariat in Esplanade East.*—This building belongs to the Imperial Government and is already full of its employés; the structure, again, could not be converted into a Council Chamber (for which, incidentally, it is unnecessarily large) without extensive demolitions and alterations, which, looking to the massive construction of the building, are greatly to be deprecated.

(e) *Premises Nos. 5 and 6, Government Place.*—These too belong to the Government of India. In themselves they would not afford sufficient space, and expensive fresh acquisitions would be required towards Fancy Lane on the north and down to Council House Street on the west. Even with these additions we do not believe that a satisfactory Council Chamber could be erected at this place. The frontage could not be sufficiently set back to gain dignity of aspect; it would be screened to the south by the trees of Government House grounds, while on the east it would be alongside the residential out-buildings of Government House which, while good specimens of domestic architecture, would harmonise but ill with a public building on a grand scale.

(f) *The Police Court in Bankshall Street, together with the opium godowns and Sailors' Home to the west of it.*—Even assuming that the existing buildings could be cleared away (the Police Court, at least, is almost overdue for demolition) the site would never permit of a satisfactory facade. The frontage on Bankshall Street would inevitably be poor, while the accumulation of carriages and motors at this spot would be a serious impediment to traffic.

(g) *The Custom House, combined (possibly) with the office of the Commissioner of the Presidency Division.*—The Custom House site is Imperial; taken alone it would not afford a sufficiently broad frontage to the east, and any building upon it would have to be squeezed in laterally from east to west in a mean and unimposing manner. To some extent this could be remedied were the Commissioner's office thrown into the frontage, but even then this would be bisected in an awkward manner by the north side of Dalhousie Square, while the destruction of a convenient and fairly modern public building (for which, in its turn, a substitute would be required) would be involved. We would have less diffidence in contemplating the demolition of the Custom House, firstly, because we understand that it has long been condemned as an unsatisfactory building, and secondly, an up-to-date office could be built on the balance of the site which could be made available if the present space was utilised to the utmost advantage. At present it is wasted in a manner which, looking to its value, cannot be held to be justifiable, and which, in any event, merits the serious consideration of Government, but apart from the objections which we have enumerated we do not think the situation itself is best suited for the purpose of a Council Chamber, and the traffic difficulties would greatly be intensified were it located here. It is known too by experience of what was once the old Bengal Council Chamber in Writers' Buildings that the north west corner of Dalhousie Square is excessively noisy.

(h) *Dalhousie Square East*.—Our attention was largely drawn to the possibilities of this site by the magnificent architectural treatment of Dalhousie Square which would be feasible were a public building of the first class erected on this side of it, making the square as a whole one of which any city might well be proud. The locality also is accessible in a marked degree. But we are doubtful whether so large an encroachment on the business area of the city is justifiable, while the cost would be almost prohibitive. The latest valuation we have seen of the site and buildings, etc., alone is in the neighbourhood of a crore of rupees, and we consider this objection to be insuperable.

(i) *The junction of Chowringhee Road and Central Avenue when remodelled by the Improvement Trust*.—This will undoubtedly afford a fine site for a public building when the project of the Central Avenue is completed, but it is likely to be terribly expensive, and it will inevitably be noisy, with a congestion of traffic rendered more serious by its use for the purpose of a Council Chamber. Its occupation in that way would, of course, encroach upon space which would otherwise be available to meet business needs. Moreover, the land will not be cleared for some time to come.

5. On the grounds shortly outlined we discard, therefore, the nine localities just mentioned, and, with the exceptions with which we will now deal, no other site has been suggested which seems sufficiently attractive to merit discussion of its possibilities. These exceptions are—

- (i) the Town Hall, (including the Imperial Legislative Department building, some eight bighas);
- (ii) The Victoria Memorial; and
- (iii) the area of the maidan to the north of the Eden Gardens running from Strand Road on the west to Government Place on the east;

and it is between these that it seems to us the choice must lie. As lending itself to imposing architectural treatment, as sufficiently spacious, as quiet and convenient from a traffic point of view, and as accessible, either the first or third site meets the requirements of the situation, and in these aspects there is not much, speaking broadly, to choose between them; the second possibility means the adaptation of an existing building which is approaching completion. The considerations which affect each choice are discussed below.

6. The history of the present Town Hall is a somewhat curious one, and the question of its relinquishment has been previously debated. A succinct account of the earlier history was given by the Bengal Government to the Government of India in a letter, dated the 28th March 1911, from which we quote:—

“The erection of the Town Hall was financed mainly from two sources, voluntary subscriptions and the proceeds of public lotteries which were established partly for this purpose and partly for the general improvement of the town of Calcutta, and these funds were further aided by contribution from Government. The cost of maintaining the building was borne by the Lottery Fund until 1849, when the charge was transferred to general revenues. In 1865 the question of making over the Town Hall to the Justices of the Peace for the town of Calcutta was first raised by this Government, and the Chairman of the Justices was addressed on the subject. It was proposed that the charge of the Town Hall, which till then had been in the hands of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, might with advantage be made over to the Justices for the use of the town, the cost of its improvement, repair, etc., being borne by the municipal funds, while the Justices would make such arrangements as would provide an income sufficient to meet the necessary expenses, while affording the public the free use of the Hall for all legitimate purposes. The Justices thereupon resolved to accept, on behalf of the town, the charge of the Town Hall, on condition that the proprietary right in and charge of the Hall and all buildings, out-offices and premises attached thereto, together with any furniture or other property contained therein, not being private property, should be made over to them, and that they should have the sole and uncontrolled management thereof.

“These conditions, however, were subsequently waived, as appears from this Government's letter No. 804, dated the 31st January 1866, to the Government of India, in which it was stated that the Justices had agreed to the proposal to transfer the Town Hall of Calcutta, and all the public property belonging to it, to the municipality, to be held by them as trustees for the town, on condition of their keeping it

in constant and thorough repair and maintaining it as a place of public resort and use. As the lower floor of the Town Hall was at that time occupied by the High Court, it was proposed that the Justices should take over the Hall on the understanding that, until other arrangements could be made, it would continue to be occupied by the Court on payment of a fair rent by Government to the municipality. These proposals were approved by the Government of India in the Home Department letter No. 1412, dated the 13th February 1866. The conditions on which the transfer of the Town Hall were sanctioned were communicated, in due course, to the Chairman of the Justices, and the Hall with all its appurtenances was transferred to the Calcutta municipality on those conditions on the 1st May 1866."

"In 1904, with reference to a proposal which had been made by one of the Municipal Commissioners to sell the Town Hall to Government and to utilise the proceeds for the erection of a new hall and theatre, the Chairman of the Corporation enquired of this Government whether, in the event of the Corporation agreeing to sell the Town Hall Government would purchase it, and, if so, at what price. In considering this matter, the question arose whether the Corporation had any saleable proprietary right in the Hall. The Legal Remembrancer, after discussing the case with the Advocate-General with reference to sections 7 and 556 of the Calcutta Municipal Act and the history of the building, gave the following opinion:—'The Corporation has no saleable interest in the property. It was transferred to the Justices—that is, charge was handed over—in 1866, to be held by the Justices in trust for the town on certain conditions. The proprietary rights remain with the Government, and the Town Hall never became the property of or vested in the Corporation. If the Corporation do not wish to remain in charge and management of the building, it is open to them to retransfer it to Government, but they cannot demand any price or sell the property. So far as the Government is concerned the Town Hall may not be an inalienable trust property, but the Corporation has no rights in it which they can sell.'

"The Legal Remembrancer's opinion was further invited on the question whether there was any legal objection to a building being erected on another site to take the place of the existing Town Hall, the present site being utilised by Government for some other purpose. After consulting the Advocate-General he gave the following opinion:—'There is no objection to the above proposal. The Corporation may hand back possession of the Town Hall to Government and provide a town hall elsewhere, and the Government might give a grant of money towards the construction of the new town hall. It should not be a sale.'

"The substance of these opinions was communicated to the Government of India and, in Mr. Mant's reply, dated the 23rd March 1905, it was stated that the Imperial Government did not require the Town Hall but they understood that the Corporation was bound to maintain it till the Government of India relieved them of the obligation. The Chairman was informed that the Corporation had no saleable interest in the property, the proprietary rights in which still vested in Government; that the Hall was not then required either by the Imperial or the Provincial Government, and that, if it were wanted for Government purposes, it was possible that the question of taking it over and making a grant towards the construction of a new Town Hall might be considered.

"Here the question rested until, in July 1905, the Government of India reopened it in connection with the provision of accommodation for the Imperial Library, and enquired whether the Corporation wished to surrender the present Town Hall, and, if so, on what terms. It was stated that, looking to the past history of the Town Hall, there seemed no doubt that the Corporation had no saleable interest in the building or in its site, their tenure of the building being conditional on their continuing to use it for the purposes for which it had theretofore been maintained; and that it was not unlikely that the Corporation might agree to give up the present Hall if they received some assistance from the Government of India to enable them to erect another.

"The proposal was referred to the Chairman, and was considered by a special committee and at meetings of the Corporation. It is significant that the legal opinion regarding the rights of Government in the Town Hall were not challenged by any member either of the committee or of the Corporation. On the other hand, at the meeting held on the 25th July 1906, the resolution of the special committee 'that the Town Hall be not sold' was not confirmed, and it was resolved 'that the Corporation should determine the terms on which they would give up to Government their rights in the existing Town Hall.' The proposal however was dropped, partly in view of more urgent requirements and partly because no suitable alternative site presented itself, and public opinion was not in favour of a new building.

"The rights of Government and the Corporation have again come under consideration in connection with the present question of providing permanent accommodation for the enlarged Legislative Councils at Calcutta. An enquiry was made from the Chairman as to the terms on which the Commissioners would be willing to transfer the Town Hall building and site to Government, their attention being again drawn to the original conditions of the transfer of the building to the Justices of the Peace and to the legal opinion that they had no saleable interest in the property, the proprietary rights in which still vested in Government. The matter was considered, on the 15th December 1909, by a Special Committee, who resolved to recommend to the Corporation that, without admitting the contention of Government that the Corporation had no

saleable interest in the property, and that the proprietary rights are vested in Government, the Corporation are willing to accept a sum of 10 lakhs and to make over the Town Hall to Government.' This proposal, however, was not accepted. The legal aspect of the question does not appear to have been seriously discussed at the meeting in which the recommendation of the Committee was submitted to the Corporation, but it may be noted that, at a meeting held on the 25th October 1910, Dr. C. Banks, one of the Municipal Commissioners, said that there was a question involved as to whose property the Town Hall really was, to which the acting Chairman replied that 'it belonged to the Corporation, the only question being whether their interest in it was saleable.' "

The final conclusions of the Corporation were embodied in a resolution passed at a meeting of the 23rd November 1910, which ran as follows:—

"That Government be informed that the only suitable site which the Corporation have been able to find is estimated to cost about Rs. 22 lakhs which, together with the cost of the building, would involve an expenditure of at least Rs. 30 lakhs. This figure appears to be prohibitive, and the Corporation therefore regret that they are unable to agree to the transfer of the Town Hall unless Government will provide a suitable site elsewhere, and also contribute substantially towards the cost of the new building."

In the light of subsequent developments and the removal of the Government of India to Delhi, the suggested transfer was not further pursued, and at this stage the question, at the moment, rests.

7. This Committee is clearly not in a position to reopen negotiations with the Corporation, but from the extract which we have reproduced we think it is clear that an amicable transfer of the present Town Hall to the local Government would not be effected without the payment of a sum which in 1910 was put at about Rs. 30 lakhs, and which, looking to the recent rise of land values, etc., is not likely to be less now, even if it was not more. At the same time there are considerations to which the Corporation would do well to attach weight in moderation of their expectations; as representing the local public they are keenly interested in the construction of a Council Chamber which will be a credit to the city, and it has long been recognised that the present Town Hall is not in a satisfactory condition. We understand that its proper repair is estimated to cost about Rs. 2 lakhs, while there can be little doubt that the interests of the town would be well served by the provision of a new and up-to-date building. Nevertheless the fact remains that the acquisition of the site for the purpose of a Council Chamber would be a costly business. There would also be other disadvantages attaching to it. The sooner work can be started on the new Council Chamber the better, even though it is clear that the completion of a new building before the enlarged Council comes into being is impracticable. But negotiations with the Corporation will take time, as also will the clearing of the site, even admitting that for a time Calcutta could be left without a Town Hall. If, as is possible, it might be necessary to include in the site the old Legislative Department building of the Government of India, a fresh complication would be introduced.

8. The history of the Victoria Memorial is within recent memory, but it will be convenient to quote the purpose of its erection in the authoritative words of those who promoted it. Thus in a memorandum by Lord Curzon, dated the 4th February 1901, the object in view was defined as:—

"The erection in Calcutta of a memorial building or hall, to be called by Her Majesty's name, and to constitute a National Gallery for all India, handing down to future generations the records, and trophies, and mementoes, of whatever has been great or remarkable in the past."

In the preamble to Act X of 1903 the building is described as "a memorial of the life and reign of Her late Majesty Victoria of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Empress of India," for which purpose "large sums of money have been subscribed by the Princes and People of India." The control of the building is vested in trustees appointed under this Act, who are charged (*inter alia*) with "the erection, maintenance and management of the Memorial, and the care and custody of the objects deposited therein." Statutory rules will govern the conditions under which the public shall have access thereto.

The utilisation of a portion of the Memorial as a Council Chamber was clearly not within the contemplation of those who first promulgated

the scheme and of those who contributed towards it. In such contributions the share of Bengal (Rs. 16 lakhs out of Rs. 56 lakhs) was considerable, but of the total it was only a little more than a quarter. It is obviously not within the power of anyone but the statutory trustees to permit the use of the building in a particular way, and the trustees are representative of interests other than those of Bengal, noticeably of the Chiefs and Nobles of India and the general body of subscribers. It is not, of course, for this Committee to approach the trustees, but even if the scheme is permissible within the terms of the statute, we imagine that they would be guided, among other things, by the wishes of the subscribers, and we note that in a leading Bombay journal a protest against the idea has already appeared. From this point of view, therefore, the feasibility of the scheme is at least doubtful.

The scheme itself, as it has been brought to our notice, presumes the occupation of the southern end of the Memorial on both floors, it being assumed that the remainder of the building will suffice for the housing of the collections already gathered together or to be accumulated in the future. On these lines there would be available a large hall of adequate size for the actual Council (its acoustic properties would require to be tested), though the galleries would never give convenient accommodation for the press and the public; apart from this there would be left for subsidiary purposes a spacious ante-room; (with some adaptation) some six rooms of different sizes (two large); and six small rooms in the corner towers, besides a certain amount of passage space. It necessarily follows that a building adapted for a purpose quite different from that for which it was built could never afford the conveniences of a building carefully designed to be a Council Chamber, and while the accommodation just specified would house the Legislative Council in a way, it would never be the best way. Neither, in space, would it give the accommodation which we have outlined in paragraph 3, and which would require therefore to be curtailed. Noticeably restaurants would not be a suitable adjunct to the Memorial nor could room be found for them; the alternative of locating them in the grounds is not free from disadvantages. We conclude, therefore, that this scheme would not afford a thoroughly satisfactory solution of the problem; it would always be a makeshift, and incidentally one which sacrifices the ideal of easy accessibility. It is not moreover a cheap makeshift, at least if the views of some who have advocated it are followed. By them it seems to be thought that the fact that the trustees are in need of funds (the deficit has been

¹ In the *Statesman* newspaper of the 1st February 1920.

publicly* stated to be "at least twelve lakhs," though we believe it to be more in the neighbourhood of eighteen lakhs) would be an inducement to them to allow the use of the Memorial in this way, should the local Government accept that liability. But we think it would be a mistake to pay so large a sum for a Chamber which could never in convenience equal one specially constructed even at a somewhat higher cost. No scheme which we can foresee will be free from difficulties, and it is best to adopt the solution which will at least yield the best results. The attractions of the idea of utilising the Memorial lie in the splendid external features of the building, and in the fact that it can be made ready for use within a far shorter time than any other. In this latter aspect the proposal may merit consideration as affording a temporary habitation for the Council, though for its permanent abode we would look elsewhere.

9. There remains the third site referred to above, and it is this which we would finally favour. It is naturally divisible into two portions; that to the west, on which the swimming bath and volunteer headquarters at present stand, and that to the east, opposite the Town Hall. Of the two, we prefer the latter; its utilisation would avoid the necessity of moving existing buildings, and we understand the provision of an equally convenient regimental headquarters would not be easy; moreover it would be further removed from the noises of the river and the trams, and therefore quieter. We recognise that the objection may be raised that we propose an unjustifiable encroachment on the maidan, and to this criticism we have given particular consideration as it would be much to be regretted should controversy

on this score arise. But there are facts to be remembered on the other side, and we would emphasise them in the hope that they will be dispassionately weighed. The corner is only technically a part of the maidan; it is separated from what is ordinarily understood by the term, and it is little used either for exercise or recreation; it is untidy and ill kept, and its defilements are mainly police drilling and syces grazing horses; the substitution of a building standing amid a well kept garden would still leave a fair amount of open space in a much improved condition.

From the point of view of the Council Chamber there are other incidental advantages, this site affords more room for convenient extensions than any other; it can be made available at short notice; it involves no demolition of existing buildings, and, above all, it will allow of expenditure being concentrated upon the building itself and not diverted to a very large extent to the provision of the site. The utilisation of the site will be contingent upon the assent of the Military authorities, but they will doubtless recognise that the conditions are exceptional.

We are aware that Calcutta sentiment is reluctant, and rightly so, to allow building upon the maidan, but we have endeavoured to show that in this particular instance there is much to be said on the other side, while if the city wishes to have a Council Chamber worthy of its dignity, some sacrifice is inevitable. We imagine that the weightiest factor in inducing this feeling of reluctance is the apprehension that if one encroachment is permitted others will follow, but the circumstances of the present case are eminently special, and no dangerous precedent should be created by its admission, apart from the fact that the veto of the Army Department upon the improper absorption of the maidan will always constitute a powerful safeguard.

10. After, therefore, to the best of our ability, weighing the various considerations which affect the different courses which might be adopted, we advise that the least objection attaches to the selection of the site on the maidan opposite the Town Hall, which in itself is conspicuously suited to the construction of a Council Chamber that the Presidency can hereafter regard with pride. We have not arrived at this conclusion without reluctance, as the preservation intact of the spaciousness of the maidan is to the interest of every citizen of Calcutta. But, apart from sentiment, we do not believe that our plan is, in fact, open to the objection that it impair the amenities of the maidan, and looking to the exceptionally important public purpose which is to be served, and the greater drawbacks attaching to other possible selections, we consider we are justified in recommending a course which, in ordinary circumstances, we should deprecate.

H WHEELER.

C F. PAYNE.

F. C. FRENCH

RAM DEO CHOKHANI.

R. CLARKE.

W. E CRUM.

HARIRAM GOENKA

A. K. FUZL-UL-HAQ.

C. F. HOOPER.

RISHEE CASE LAHA.

R. N. MOOKERJEE.

W. H. PHELPS.

A. RAHEEM.

DEVA PROSAD SARVADHIKARY.

NILRATAN SIRCAR.

1st March 1920.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

The 26th February 1920.

No. 5.—Notification.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 21 of the Bengal Embankment Act, 1882 (Bengal Act II of 1882), and in modification of notification No. 7, dated the 5th November 1917 (published at page 1741, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 7th idem), the Governor in Council is pleased to accept the resignation of Mr. H. R. Cheshire, Manager, Rydak Tea Estate, a member of the Embankment Committee for the district of Jalpaiguri.

2. The Governor in Council is further pleased to appoint Mr. A. S. MacAlister, of the Dindima Tea Estate, to be a member of the Embankment Committee, in the place of Mr. H. R. Cheshire, resigned.

F. A. A. COWLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The 26th February 1920.

No. 26 Marine.—Mr. C. F. Keys, Branch Pilot, is granted combined leave for six months, viz., privilege leave for seven days under article 676 (a), and extraordinary leave without allowance for the remaining period under articles 674 and 332, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 21st January 1920.

C. B. BAYLEY,
Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 26th February 1920.

No. 27 Marine.—Mr. F. H. A. Lendrum, Junior Master Pilot, is granted combined leave for six months, viz., ordinary privilege leave for two months and twenty-four days, under article 676 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, and additional privilege leave for one month and thirteen days, under Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and special leave on urgent private affairs for the remaining period under article 673 of the Regulations, with effect from the 10th February 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

C. B. BAYLEY,
Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 27th February 1920.

No. 28 Marine.—Mr. F. Lungley, Senior Master Pilot, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a Branch Pilot, with effect from the 11th February 1920.

C. B. BAYLEY,
Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CORRIGENDUM!

The 2nd March 1920.

No. 29 Mne.—For the word "engine-drivers" in the second and third lines of amendment 2 in notification No. 22Mne., dated the 19th February 1920, published at page 397, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 25th idem, substitute the word "engineers."

C. B. BAYLEY,
Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 1st March 1920.

No. 11.—Babu Bhupati Nath Sen Gupta, Overseer, Nadia Rivers Division, is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 4th January 1920.

F. A. A. COWLEY,
Chief Engineer, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 2051A.

No. 1873A.—*The 25th February 1920.*—Babu Birendra Lal Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Burdwan Division.

No. 2027A.—*The 2nd March 1920.*—In modification of the orders contained in the notification of this Government No. 1673A., dated the 17th February 1920, Babu Sourindra Kumar Mitra, Sub-Deputy Collector and Chaunkidari Circle Officer, Satkhira, Khulna, is allowed leave for three months, viz., privilege leave for one month and three days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 11th January 1920, and additional privilege leave for the remaining period, under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919.

No. 2031A.—*The 2nd March 1920.*—The orders of the 17th February 1920 posting Babu Jyoti Prasad Das, Sub-Deputy Collector, on leave, to the Presidency Division, are cancelled.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 93.—*The 26th February 1920*—Babu Sachindra Nath Mitra, Sub-Registrar, grade V, Alipore, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is attached, until further orders, to the Sadar registration office at Howrah, with effect from the 8th January 1920.

No. 94.—*The 28th February 1920.*—In line 2 of notification No. 16, dated the 10th January 1920, published at page 42 of the *Calcutta Gazette* dated the 14th January 1920, granting extension of ordinary privilege leave for one month and additional privilege leave for twenty-six days to Babu Suresh Chandra Ray, Second Joint Sub-Registrar of Bogra at Malda, for "Malda" read "Madla."

A. ISLAM,
Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3111, dated Calcutta, the 25th February 1920.—Civil Surgeon Basanta Kumar Bhowmik made over charge of the Malda Jail to probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, Chaudhuri Abid Ali, on the forenoon of the 3rd February 1920.

F. S. C. THOMPSON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,
Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

CIVIL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3202, dated Calcutta, the 25th February 1920.—Second grade Assistant Surgeon Rajendra Chandra Datta of the Madaripur subdivision and dispensary, Faridpur district, is granted privilege leave for two months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 2nd February 1920.

No. 3204, dated Calcutta, the 25th February 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Tinkari Acharji is appointed to act at the Madaripur subdivision and dispensary, Faridpur district, during the absence, on leave, of second grade Assistant Surgeon Rajendra Chandra Datta, or until further orders.

No. 3246, dated Calcutta, the 26th February 1920.—Second grade Assistant Surgeon Nripendra Kumar Basu, Teacher of Anatomy, Medical School, Dacca, is granted leave on private affairs for three months, under articles 233 and 337 of the Civil Service Regulations, in continuation of six months' privilege leave already granted to him.

No. 3297, dated Calcutta, the 27th February 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Jatindra Sankar Roy is appointed temporarily to the Police Hospital, Howrah, with effect from the 17th February 1920.

No. 3299, dated Calcutta, the 27th February 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Khagendra Narayan Ghosh, of the Police Hospital, Howrah, is granted privilege leave for two months, under article 242(a) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 17th February 1920.

W. H. B. ROBINSON,
Surgeon-Genl. with the Govt. of Bengal.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Act IX of 1887, that the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes at Dacca and Munshiganj will, in the months of April and May 1920, sit in the Courts on the undermentioned dates:—

Munshiganj	...	From the 6th April 1920 to the 12th April 1920 and from the 10th May 1920 to the 15th May 1920.
Dacca	...	The rest of the days of those months. (Sundays and holidays excepted.)

J. P. CHATTERJEE, *Judge.*

DACCA SMALL CAUSE COURT, *the 27th February 1920.*

NOTICE is hereby given under section VII, Act IX of 1887 (the Provincial Small Cause Court Act) for the months of April, May and June 1920, or until further orders, the Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Serampore and Howrah, and the 1st Subordinate Judge of Hooghly will hold his sittings as detailed below:—

		1920		
		April.	May.	June.
Hooghly	...	1st to 10th	1st to 11th	1st to 10th
Serampore	...	11th to 20th	12th to 20th	11th to 20th
Howrah	...	21st to 30th	21st to 31st	21st to 30th

[Sundays and holidays excepted.]

SARAT CHANDRA BASU, *Judge.*

SERAMPORE SMALL CAUSE COURT, *the 14th February 1920.*

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 24th February 1920.

No. 194A.—Babu Panchanan Bhattacharyya, M.A. (class I), son of Babu Bijoy Nath Bhattacharyya, is appointed, on probation for six months, to be an Assistant Master, Bethune Collegiate School, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 19th January 1920. *vice* Babu Basanta Kumar Banerjee, who was acting in place of Babu Girija Nath Mukerjee, resigned.

No. 195A.—Maulvi Syed Husain Ali, Head Master, Junior Section of the Arabic Department, Calcutta Madrasah, and in class III of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted leave, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, for 15 days, with effect from the 9th February 1920.

No. 196A.—Maulvi Mahtabuddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Tala Circle, district Khulna (on deputation to the David Hare Training College, Calcutta), and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted combined leave, under article 232 of the Civil Service Regulations, for four months, viz., privilege leave under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations for 24 days and leave on medical certificate under article 336 of the same regulations for the rest, with effect from the 22nd December 1919.

No. 197A.—Maulvi Khorsed Ali Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dulai Circle, Pabna, in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, leave for three days, with effect from the 20th April 1919.

No. 198A.—Babu Ravanewar Banerji, Head Master, Jessore Zilla School (class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service), is allowed leave of absence under article 272 of the Civil Service Regulations for one month, with effect from the 19th January 1920.

No. 199A.—Maulvi Abdul Khalique, B.A., Assistant Head Master, Jessore Zilla School (class V of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as Head Master of the same institution on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Ravanewar Banerji, on leave, or until further orders.

No. 200A.—Maulvi Syed Tajammal Hossain, B.A., B.T., an Assistant Master, Jessore Zilla School, on a salary of Rs. 60 a month outside the grades, is appointed to act as Assistant Head Master of the same school and in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Khalique, on deputation, or until further orders.

No. 201A.—The following arrangements have been sanctioned temporarily in the vacancy consequent on the transfer of Maulvi Muhammad Mozummel Hoque, an Assistant Master, Barrackpore Government School :—

(1) Maulvi Syed Ullah, B.A., acted as an Assistant Master, Barrackpore Government School, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service for five days, with effect from the 12th January 1920.

(2) Maulvi Syed Abdul Majid, B.A., acted in the same appointment and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service for three days, with effect from the 17th January 1920.

(3) Pending the arrival of Maulvi Md. Khalib Molla, B.A., who has been appointed to the same post on probation for one year, Maulvi Golam Mustafa, B.A., is appointed to act as an Assistant Master of the same school and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 21st January 1920.

No. 202A.—Babu Kedar Nath Bhattachariya, a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Midnapore (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is granted leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for one month, in extension of that granted to him in this office notification No. 291A., dated the 11th September 1919.

The arrangement made for the performance of the absentee's duties is allowed to continue.

No. 203A.—Babu Bhupendra Krishna Roy, B.A., is appointed temporarily as Assistant Master, Rangpur Zilla School, on Rs. 35 a month and in the Subordinate Educational Service during the absence, on leave, of Babu Basanta Kumar Das, or until further orders.

No. 204A.—Babu Gour Chandra Nath, B.A., son of Babu Abhoy Charan Nath, is appointed, on probation for one year, to be an Assistant Master of the Bhola Government High School and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 4th August 1919.

No. 205A.—In partial modification of this office memorandum dated the 8th January 1919, Babu Nagendra Nath Basu, Assistant Master of the Perozpur Government High School and in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is declared to have acted as Assistant Head Master of the school and on the pay of his own grade for the period from the 1st January to the 7th February 1919.

No. 206A.—An exchange of appointments is sanctioned in the interest of public service between—

- (1) Babu Poresh Nath Sen, Head Master, Baraset Government High School, in class III of the Subordinate Educational Service, and
- (2) Babu Chandra Kumar Ghosh, Assistant Head Master, Rangpur Zilla School, now Officiating Assistant Head Master, Comilla Zilla School, in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service.

No. 207A.—Babu Arunendra Nath Das Gupta, Assistant Foreman Instructor, Dacca School of Engineering, in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed, *sub. pro tem.*, as Foreman Instructor of the same school and in class II of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge, *vice* Mr. B. K. Evans, on deputation.

No. 208A.—This office notification No. 133A., dated the 4th February 1920, sanctioning an exchange of appointment between Maulvi Jamaluddin Ahmed (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), Arabic and Persian teacher of the Chittagong Collegiate School, and Maulvi Muhammad Elahdat Khan (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), Persian teacher of the Government High School, Darjeeling, is cancelled.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION—No. 1168Misc.

Calcutta, the 2nd March 1920.

THE price-lists of staple food-crops in the local areas of Bengal, prepared under section 39 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), for the period from 1st October to 31st December 1919, having been approved by the Board of Revenue, Bengal, are published for general information.

By order of the Board of Revenue, Bengal,

J. D. V. HODGE,

Offg. Secretary.

Price-list (retail) of Staple Food-crops in the local areas of Bengal, prepared under section 39 of the Bengal Tenancy Act (VIII of 1885), for three months from October to December 1919.

BURDWAN DIVISION.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
District.	Local areas.	Markets at which prices were taken.	Staple food-crop or crops.	Market days for the preparation of price-lists.	Quantities per rupee in seers of 80 tolas, Company's weight.			Average price for the quarter ending the 31st December 1919.
					October.	November.	December.	
					S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Burdwan.	Subdivision—Sadar	Burdwan Nutun-ganj.	Rice	Last day of every month	4 7	4 9	5 12	4 15
	Asansol	Raniganj	Do.	27th of every month	4 9	5 6	6 5	5 7
	Katwa	Katwa	Do.	Ditto	5 2	5 8	5 11	5 7
	Kalna	Kalna	Do.	28th of every month	4 5	4 9	4 0	4 4
Birbhum.	Sadar	Suri	Do.	Last day of every month	5 0	7 0	6 12	6 4
	Rampur Hat	Rampur Hat	Do.	Last Monday or Friday of every month.	5 0	6 0	6 0	5 11
Bankura.	Sadar	Bankura	Do.	Last day of every month	4 8	5 12	6 0	5 11
	Vishnupur	Vishnupur	Do.	Ditto	5 0	5 0	7 2	5 12
Midnapore.	Sadar	Colonelgola and School Bazar, town Midnapore.	Do.	Ditto	4 11	5 6	6 11	5 9
	Ghatal	Ghatal Municipal Market.	Do.	27th of every month	4 11	5 0	5 5	5 0
	Tamluk	Tamluk Bazar	Do.	Ditto	4 9	4 9	5 8	4 14
	Contai	Kandaula Bazar, town Contai.	Do.	Last market day, i.e. last Sunday or Thursday, which ever is nearer to the last day of every month.	5 4	4 12	7 8	5 13
Hooghly.	Sadar	Malik Kasim Hat, Hooghly.	Do.	Last Thursday of every month	4 5	4 10	5 0	4 10
	Serampore	Serampore	Do.	First or last Saturday of every month.	4 4	4 8	5 8	4 12
	Arambagh	Arambagh	Do.	Ditto ditto	5 12	5 4	6 6	5 13
	Howrah	Bamkristopur	Do.	Last day of every month	5 6	5 4	5 9	5 6
	Uluberia	Uluberia	Do.	Last Saturday of every month.	4 6	4 12	5 2	4 12

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

24-Parganas.	Subdivision—					S. c.	S. c.	S. c.	S. c.	
	Sadar	...	Chetla Hat	...	Rice	Last Wednesday of every month.	4 5	4 8	4 12	4 8
	Barasat and Barrackpore.		Barasat	...	Do.	Last market day which immediately precedes the last Saturday of every month.	4 7	5 0	5 11	5 1
	Diamond Har.		Macrahat	...	Do.	Ditto ditto	5 1	6 8	6 2	5 14
	Basirhat	...	Baduria	...	Do.	Second Tuesday of every month.	4 15	4 15	5 3	5 0

PRESIDENCY DIVISION—continued.

District.	Subdivision— Tahsil areas.	Markets at which prices were taken.	Staple food-crop or crops.	Market days for the preparation of price lists.	Quantities per rupee in terms of 80 tolas, Company's weight.			Average price for the quarter ending the 31st December 1919.
					October.	November.	December.	
					S. c.	S. c.	S. c.	S. c.
Nadia	Sadar	Goari	Rice	Last day of every month	5 5	5 5	5 14	5 8
	Ranaghat	Ranaghat	Do.	28th of every month	6 8	4 8	5 8	4 18
	Meherpur	Meherpur Kali-bazar.	Do.	Last Monday of every month	6 4	6 4	6 12	6 7
	Chudanga	Chudanga	Do.	Saturday immediately preceding the 28th of every month.	5 0	5 15	5 14	5 10
	Kuchtia	Bahadurkhali	Do.	28th of every month	4 12	5 0	5 4	5 0
Murshidabad	Sadar	Borhampore Khagra.	Do.	Ditto	4 14	5 4	6 5	5 8
	Lalbagh	Jiaganj	Do.	First Monday of every month	5 2	4 12	6 0	5 5
	Kandi	Kandi	Do.	The last market day before the 28th of every month.	5 4	5 4	6 8	5 11
	Jangipar	Raghunathganj	Do.	Ditto ditto	6 2	6 0	6 12	6 4
	Sadar	Jessore	Do.	Monday or Friday falling on or next before the last day of every month.	4 6	6 0	6 0	5 7
Jessore	Narail	Rupganj	Do.	Sunday or Thursday falling on or next before the 28th of every month, except February, in which the Monday or Friday falling on or next before the 26th.	5 10	6 3	5 11	5 13
	Magura	Magura	Do.	Thursday or Sunday falling on or next before the 28th of every month, except February, in which the Thursday falling on or next before the 26th.	5 0	7 0	5 4	5 12
	Jhenida	Jhenida	Do.	Ditto ditto	6 12	6 12	6 6	6 10
	Bongaon	Bongaon	Do.	Monday or Friday falling on or next before the 28th of every month, except February, in which the Monday or Friday falling on or next before the 26th.	5 11	4 3	5 11	5 3
Khulna	Sadar	Khulna Bazar (alias) Saheberhat).	Do.	Last market day of every month.	4 6	5 10	6 0	5 4
	Satkhira	Satkhira Bazar (alias) Pran-shire).	Do.	28th of every month, except February, when the price will be taken on the 26th.	4 10	4 13	5 5	4 15
	Bagerhat	Bagerhat	Do.	Sunday falling on or before the 28th of every month, except February, when the price will be taken on the Sunday falling on or before the 26th.	5 10	5 4	6 0	5 10

DACCA DIVISION.

					S. c.	S. c.	S. c.	S. c.
Dacca	Subdivision— Narayanganj	Narayanganj Bazar.	Rice	Last market day before the 13th of every month.	3 8	4 2	3 12	3 13
	Sadar	Dacca Town Imainganj Bazar.	Do.	Last market day of every month.	4 0	4 2	6 1	4 11
	Mandiganj	Dasora Bazar	Do.	Market day falling on or immediately before the 28th of every month.	4 0	4 2	6 0	4 11
	Munshiganj	Munshiganj	Do.	Last Sunday of every month	5 0	4 8	6 0	5 3

DACCA DIVISION—concluded.

District	Local areas.	Markets at which prices were taken	Staple food-crop or crops.	Market days for the preparation of price-lists.	Quantities per rupee in sets of 50 tolas. Company's weight.			Average price for the quarter ending the 31st December 1919.
					October.	November.	December.	
					S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Mymensingh	Subdivision— Jamalpur ...	Raunganj ...	Rice ...	Last market day of the 3rd week of every month	3 8	3 8	5 0	3 12
	Tangail ...	Kagmari ...	Do. ...	Ditto ditto ...	3 15	3 15	4 8	4 1
	Netrakona ...	Netrakona ...	Do ...	Ditto ditto ...	3 6	4 8	5 8	5 0
	Sadar ...	Mechinabazar ...	Do ...	Ditto ditto ...	4 0	5 0	5 12	4 14
Faridpur.	Kishoreganj ...	Kishoreganj ...	Do ...	Ditto ditto ...	4 4	4 4	6 12	6 3
	Sadar ...	Faridpur ...	Do ...	Last market day of every month	4 8	5 0	5 10	5 0
	Madanipur ...	Madanipur ...	Do ...	On the market day preceding the 28th of every month.	5 0	5 0	6 0	5 5
	Goalundo ...	Rajbari ...	Do ...	Ditto ditto ...	4 7	4 14	5 15	5 1
Bakarganj.	Gopalganj ...	Gopalganj ...	Do ...	Last market day of every month	4 0	5 0	6 8	5 3
	Patuakhali ...	Patuakhali ...	Do ...	Last market day preceding the last day of every month	4 5	4 0	6 0	4 12
	Pirojpur ...	Pirojpur ...	Do ...	Ditto ditto.	3 11	4 4	5 15	4 10
	Sadar ...	Barisal ...	Do ...	Last day of every month ...	4 0	4 0	6 6	4 12
	Dakshin Shahbazpur.	Bhola Hat ...	Do ...	Last market day preceding the last day of every month.	3 12	3 12	4 1	3 14

CHITTAGONG DIVISION.

					S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Tippera	Subdivision— Brahmanbaria ...	Brahmanbaria ...	Rice ...	Market day immediately preceding the 28th of every month	3 8	6 10	7 0	4 11
	Sadar ...	Rajganj Bazar, Comilla.	Do. ...	Last market day of every month	3 8	4 6	7 0	4 15
	Chandpur ...	Chandpur Old Bazar	Do ...	Market day immediately preceding the 28th of every month	5 5	5 3	6 10	5 14
No. isab.	Sadar ...	Kalitola Hat ...	Do. ...	Last market day of every month	4 15	4 10	5 10	5 6
	Feni ...	Feni Bazar ...	Do ...	Ditto ditto ...	4 5	5 12	6 12	5 10
Chittagong.	Sadar ...	Buxy Hat ...	Do. ...	Last Saturday of every month	5 0	6 8	6 8	6 0
	Cox's Bazar ...	Cox's Bazar ...	Do. ...	Friday immediately preceding the 26th or the 26th if that day happens to be a Friday	6 0	6 8	6 8	6 5

RAJSHAHI DIVISION

					S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Rajshahi.	Subdivision— Sadar ...	Saneb Bazar ...	Rice ...	Last day of every month ...	4 8	5 10	6 8	5 7
	Noagson ...	Noagson ...	Do ...	Ditto ditto ...	4 8	6 14	6 8	5 12
	Nator ...	Nator ...	Do ...	Ditto ditto ...	4 14	5 4	6 0	5 6
Minaipur.	Sadar ...	Railway Bazar Hat	Do ...	Last market day of every month	4 8	4 18	5 2	5 2
	Tha'urgaon ...	Lahirhat ...	Do ...	.....	5 0	5 5	7 8	5 14
	Balurghat ...	Balurghat ...	Do ...	.....	4 4	5 0	6 10	4 8
Jalpai-guri.	Alipur Duar ...	Alipur Duar ...	Do. ...	.....	4 0	4 8	5 8	4 11
	Sadar ...	Dinbazar ...	Do. ...	15th of every month ...	5 11	5 11	6 12	4 5

RAJSHAHI DIVISION—continued

District.	Local areas.	Markets at which prices were taken	Staple food crop or crops	Market days for the preparation of price lists	Quantities per rappee in seers of 80 tolas Company's weight.			Average price for the quarter ending the 31st December 1919.
					October	November	December	
	Subdivision—				S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Rangpur	Sadar	Nawabganj Chalia amad, Rangpur	Rice	Last Wednesday or Saturday whichever may be next to the last day of every month	4 0	5 0	5 8	4 15
	Nilphamari	Sigarmacha	Do.	Last Wednesday or Sunday, whichever may be close to the 29th of every month.	4 0	5 0	7 0	5 5
	Kurigram	Kurigram	Do.	Last Saturday or Tuesday next to the 29th of every month	4 8	1 0	5 8	5 11
	Gaibandha	Gaibandha Bazar	Do.	27th of every month	4 8	5 2	5 13	5 2
Bogra	District of Bogra	Kalitola Hat	Do.	Last Sunday of every month	4 15	5 12	6 6	5 11
Patna.	Subdivision—							
	Sadar	Patna Bazar	Do.	15th of every month	4 12	4 10	5 8	4 15
	Serajam	Fariapatil Serajam	Do.	Do.	4 0	4 0	4 12	4 4
Malda	District of Malda	Bahia Nawabganj	Do.	Second Wednesday of every month	6 0	5 5	7 3	6 2

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

BABU BIJOY KRISHNA SEN Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted to the Serampore subdivision of the district of Hooghly.

This cancels this office order dated the 18th February 1920, posting him to the Katwa subdivision of the Burdwan district.

J. N. GUPTA, Commissioner

COMMR.'S OFFICE BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 21st February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 833G.—Babu Nagendra Nath Dewan, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rangamati, is allowed privilege leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 17th February 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, Offg. Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 23rd February 1920

NOTIFICATION

No. 389 R.G.—Maulvi Abul Khair Seraj-ul Islam Zahid, Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted to Jhenuda, in the district of Jessore.

F. J. MONAHAN, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 27th February 1920

NOTIFICATION.

No. 97 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that Mr. A. F. M. Minhazuddin, B.A., has been appointed to be a member of the Salar union committee in the Kandi subdivision of the Murshidabad district, in the place of Babu Jaharmal, removed.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner*.

COMMR'S OFFICE, PRESY DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 24th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 51 M.C.P.—In this office notification No 155M., dated the 20th January 1920, published at page 216, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th idem, notifying the election and appointment of members of the Chatmohar Union Committee, in the district of Pabna, for the words "4. Babu Sristidhar Kundu" read "1. Babu Sush Chandra Kundu."

D. H. LIES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR'S. OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., CAMP BOGRA, the 25th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 57 M.C.T.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by section 112 of the Bengal Cess Act, IX of 1880, as amended by Act IV (B. C.) of 1910, I appoint Mr. Sydney Ernest Ansell as a member of the District Road Cess Committee, Darjeeling, *vice* Mr. J. G. D. Cruickshank, resigned.

D. H. LIES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., CAMP BOGRA, the 26th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 13 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended, Babu Hem Chandra Bachar has been appointed to be a member of the Nalpur Union Committee, in the district of Howrah, *vice* Babu Adhar Chandra Mondal, resigned.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner*.

COMMR'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 26th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 19 (a) of the Bengal Local Self Government Act, III of 1885, as amended, Babu Tamasha Ranjan Dutta, Circle Officer, Sadar, has been appointed to be a member of the Sadar Local Board, in the district of Midnapore, in place of Babu Satyesh Chandra Gupta, resigned.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner*.

COMMR. S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 26th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that Babu Rajendra Kumar Sen is appointed to be a member of the Bankura District Board, in place of Babu Lalit Krishna Biswas, resigned.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 26th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 98 L.S.-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20(b) of the Dispensary Rules, Dr. Tribhanga Mohan Sen, L.M.S., has been appointed to be a member of the committee for the management of the municipal charitable dispensary at Berhampore, in the district of Murshidabad, in place of Dr. Brojendra Nath Sen, deceased.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 24th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 93 L.C.T.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of Charitable Hospitals and Dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, Babu Surendra Nath Sarkar has been appointed to be a member of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Madla, in the district of Bogra, *vice* Babu Keshitendra Nath Sarkar, deceased.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., CAMP BOGRA, *the 25th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 23 of the Manual of Rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries under the supervision of the Government of Bengal, Babus Monmatha Nath Roy and Probodh Chandra Roy have been appointed to be members of the managing committee of the Dasghara charitable dispensary in the district of Hooghly, respectively, *vice* Babu Bipin Krishna Roy, deceased, and Babu Mohendra Nath Bose, resigned.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 25th February 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 923 G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the powers under section 6, clause (c) of the Bengal Ferries Act 1 of 1887, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by the Bengal Government notification No. 3403 L.S.-G., dated the 1st February 1904, the undersigned establishes a new public ferry over the Barabakia *khal* near Asgarah Sikdar's Bazar, in police-station Chakaria, in the district of Chittagong.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by Government of Bengal notification No. 217 L.S.-G. of the 12th January 1905, the undersigned also directs under section 35 of that Act that the said ferry be managed by the District Board of Chittagong and that all the proceeds of the ferry and the fines levied and compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof be paid into the District Fund of Chittagong, with effect from the 1st April 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Offy Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 27th February 1920*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 882G.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the powers under section 6, clause (c) of the Bengal Ferries Act, I of 1885, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by the Bengal Government notification No. 3403L.S.G., dated the 1st December 1904, the undersigned establishes a new public ferry to be known as "Mohendra Khal char Jabbar Ferry" between Mohendra Khal in thana Lakhipur and char Jabbar in thana Sudharam over the Megna river.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Government of Bengal notification No. 217L.S.G. of the 12th January 1905, the undersigned also directs under section 35 of that Act that the said ferry be managed by the District Board of Noakhali and that all the proceeds of the ferry and the fines levied and compensation received under the said Act in respect thereof be paid into the district fund of Noakhali, with effect from the date of this notification.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 25th February 1920.

**OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES,
BENGAL.**

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2549.—*The 1st March 1920.*—In modification of my previous orders as contained—

(1) in notification No. 6070, dated the 26th April 1918, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Nadia circle, as Liquidator of the Haulia Co-operative Society (registered No. 112 of 1914), in the district of Nadia, I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies in charge of the Meherpur circle, instead, as Liquidator of the said society,

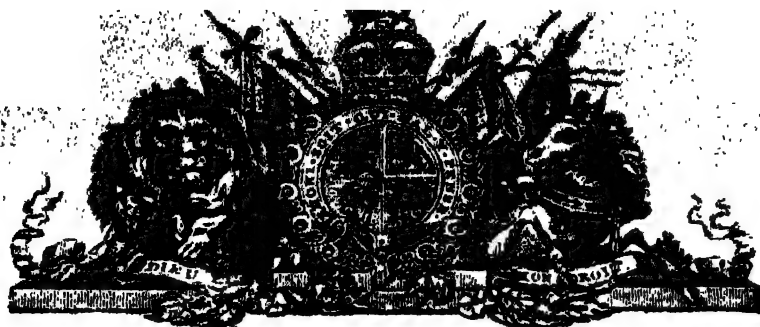
(2) in notification No. 6802, dated the 17th May 1918, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Nadia circle, as Liquidator of the Bigwanathpur Co-operative Society (registered No. 326 of 1914), in the district of Nadia, I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies in charge of the Meherpur circle, instead, as Liquidator of the said society,

(3) in notification No. 12266, dated the 1st October 1918, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Nadia, as Liquidator of the Gobindapur Co-operative Credit Society (registered No. 147 of 1914), in the district of Nadia, I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies in charge of the Meherpur circle, instead, as Liquidator of the said society,

(4) in notification No. 14723, dated the 6th December 1918, so far as it relates to the appointment of Babu Ratinath Bose, Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Nadia, as Liquidator of the Jagannathpur Co-operative Bank (Catholic) (registered No. 113 of 1914), in the district of Nadia, I appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies in charge of the Meherpur circle, instead, as Liquidator of the said society.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1920.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Legislative Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 28th February 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 26th February 1920.

No. 26.—The following Statutes are published for general information :—

ALIENS RESTRICTION ACT, 1914.

[4 & 5 GEO. 5, CH. 12.]

AN ACT TO ENABLE HIS MAJESTY IN TIME OF WAR OR IMMINENT NATIONAL DANGER OR GREAT EMERGENCY BY ORDER IN COUNCIL TO IMPOSE RESTRICTIONS ON ALIENS AND MAKE SUCH PROVISIONS AS APPEAR NECESSARY OR EXPEDIENT FOR CARRYING SUCH RESTRICTIONS INTO EFFECT.

[5th August 1914.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

1.—(1) His Majesty may at any time when a state of war exists between His Majesty and any foreign power, or when it appears that an occasion of imminent national danger or great emergency has arisen, by Order in Council impose restrictions on aliens, and provision may be made by the Order—

Powers with respect to aliens in case of national emergency.

- (a) for prohibiting aliens from landing in the United Kingdom, either generally or at certain places, and for imposing restrictions or conditions on aliens landing or arriving at any port in the United Kingdom; and
- (b) for prohibiting aliens from embarking in the United Kingdom, either generally or at certain places, and for imposing restrictions and conditions on aliens embarking or about to embark in the United Kingdom; and

- (c) for the deportation of aliens from the United Kingdom; and
- (d) for requiring aliens to reside and remain within certain places or districts; and
- (e) for prohibiting aliens from residing or remaining in any areas specified in the Order; and
- (f) for requiring aliens residing in the United Kingdom to comply with such provisions as to registration, change of abode, travelling, or otherwise as may be made by the Order; and
- (g) for the appointment of officers to carry the Order into effect, and for conferring on such officers and on the Secretary of State such powers as may be necessary or expedient for the purposes of the Order; and
- (h) for imposing penalties on persons who aid or abet any contravention of the Order, and for imposing such obligations and restrictions on masters of ships or any other persons specified in the Order as appear necessary or expedient for giving full effect to the Order; and
- (i) for conferring upon such persons as may be specified in the Order such powers with respect to arrest, detention, search of premises or persons, and otherwise, as may be specified in the Order, and for any other ancillary matters for which it appears expedient to provide with a view to giving full effect to the Order; and
- (k) for any other matters which appear necessary or expedient with a view to the safety of the realm.

(2) If any person acts in contravention of, or fails to comply with, any provisions of any such Order, he shall be liable on conviction under the Summary Jurisdiction Acts to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term not exceeding six months, and the court before which he is convicted may, either in addition to, or in lieu of, any such punishment, require that person to enter into recognizances with or without sureties to comply with the provisions of the Order in Council or such provisions thereof as the court may direct.

If any person fails to comply with an order of the court requiring him to enter into recognizances the court, or any court of summary jurisdiction sitting for the same place, may order him to be imprisoned with or without hard labour for any term not exceeding six months.

(3) Any provision of any Order in Council made under this section with respect to aliens may relate either to aliens in general or to any class or description of aliens.

(4) If any question arises on any proceedings under any such Order, or with reference to anything done or proposed to be done under any such Order, whether any person is an alien or not, or is an alien of a particular class or not, the onus of proving that that person is not an alien, or as the case may be, is not an alien of that class, shall lie upon that person.

(5) His Majesty may by Order in Council revoke, alter, or add to any Order in Council made under this section as occasion requires.

(6) Any powers given under this section, or under any Order in Council made under this section, shall be in addition to, and not in derogation of, any other powers with respect to the expulsion of aliens, or the prohibition of aliens from entering the United Kingdom or any other powers of His Majesty.

Short title and application

2. (1) This Act may be cited as the Aliens Restriction Act, 1914.

(2) In the application of this Act to Scotland the expressions "the court" and "any court of summary jurisdiction" mean the sheriff; and the expressions "enter into recognizances with or without sureties" and "enter into recognizances" mean "find caution."

ALIENS RESTRICTION (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1919.

[9 & 10 GEO. 5. CH. 92.]

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS.

Continuance and extension of emergency powers.

Section.

1. Continuance of emergency powers.
2. Extension of powers.

Further restrictions of aliens.

3. Incitement to sedition, etc.
4. Pilotage certificates.
5. Employment of aliens in ships of the mercantile marine.
6. Appointment of aliens to the Civil Service.
7. Restriction of change of name by aliens.
8. Provisions as to aliens on juries.

Special provisions as to former enemy aliens.

9. Deportation of former enemy aliens.
10. Admission of former enemy aliens.
11. Temporary restriction on acquisition by former enemy aliens of certain kinds of property.
12. Employment of former enemy aliens in British ships.

General.

13. Offences and penalties.
14. Saving for diplomatic persons, etc.
15. Definitions.
16. Short title and repeal.

AN ACT TO CONTINUE AND EXTEND THE PROVISIONS OF THE ALIENS
REGISTRATION ACT, 1914.

[23rd December 1919.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Continuance and Extension of Emergency Powers.

1.—(1) The powers which under sub-section (1) of section one of the Aliens Restriction Act, 1914 (which Act, as amended by this Act, is hereinafter in this Act referred to as the principal Act), are exercisable with respect to aliens at any time when a state of war exists between His Majesty and any foreign power or when it appears that an occasion of imminent national danger or great emergency has arisen, shall, for a period of one year after the passing of this Act, be exercisable, not only in those circumstances, but at any time; and accordingly that sub-section shall, for such period as aforesaid, have effect as though the words "at any time when a state of war exists between His Majesty and any foreign power, or when it appears that an occasion of imminent national danger or great emergency has arisen" were omitted.

(2) Any order made under the principal Act during the currency of this section shall be laid before each House of Parliament forthwith, and, if an Address is presented to His Majesty by either House of Parliament within the next subsequent twenty-one days on which that House has sat after any such order is laid before it praying that the order may be annulled, His Majesty in Council may annul the order, and it shall thenceforth be void, but without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done thereunder.

Provided that this provision shall not apply in the case of an order the operation of which is limited to a time when a state of war exists between His Majesty and any foreign power, or when it appears that an occasion of imminent national danger or great emergency has arisen.

2.—(1) Sub-section (1) of section one of the principal Act shall be amended by the addition at the end thereof of the following paragraph:—

Extension of powers.

(1) for determining what nationality is to be ascribed to aliens in doubtful circumstances, and for disregarding, in the case of any person against whom a deportation or expulsion order has been made, any subsequent change of nationality.

(2) For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of any Treaty of Peace concluded or to be concluded between His Majesty and any Power with which His Majesty was at war in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen, His Majesty may by Order in Council under the principal Act make regulations requiring information to be given as to the property, liabilities, and interests of former enemy aliens, and for preventing (without notice or authority) the transfer of or other dealings with the property of such aliens.

Further Restrictions of Aliens.

3.—(1) If any alien attempts or does any act calculated or likely to cause sedition or disaffection amongst any of His Majesty's Forces or the forces of His Majesty's allies, or amongst the civilian population, he shall be liable on conviction on indictment to penal servitude for a term not exceeding ten years, or on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.

(2) If any alien promotes or attempts to promote industrial unrest in any industry in which he has not been *bona fide* engaged for at least two years immediately preceding in the United Kingdom, he shall be liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.

4. No alien shall hold a pilotage certificate for any pilotage district in the United Kingdom; except that the provisions of section twenty-four of the Pilotage Act, 1913; shall continue to apply to the renewal and issue of certificates entitling a master or mate of French nationality to navigate his ship into the ports of Newhaven or Grimsby.

5. (1) No alien shall act as master, chief officer, or chief engineer of a British merchant ship registered in the United Kingdom, or as skipper or second hand of a fishing boat registered in the United Kingdom, except in the case of a ship or boat employed habitually in voyages between ports outside the United Kingdom:

Provided that this prohibition shall not apply to any alien who has acted as a master, chief officer, or chief engineer of a British ship, or as skipper or second hand of a British fishing boat, at any time during the war and is certified by the Admiralty to have performed good and faithful service in that capacity.

(2) No alien shall be employed in any capacity on board a British ship registered in the United Kingdom at a rate of pay less than the standard rate of pay for the time being current on British ships for his rating.

Provided that, where the Board of Trade are satisfied that aliens of any particular race (other than former enemy aliens) are habitually employed afloat in any capacity, or in any climate, for which they are specially fitted, nothing in this section shall prejudice the right of aliens of such race to be employed upon British ships at rates of pay which are not below those for the time being fixed as standard rates for British subjects of that race.

(3) No alien shall be employed in any capacity on board a British ship registered in the United Kingdom unless he has produced to the officer before whom he is engaged satisfactory proof of his nationality.

(4) Any person who engages an alien for employment on a British ship in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.

6. After the passing of this Act no alien shall be appointed to any office or place in the Civil Service of the State.

7. (1) An alien shall not for any purpose assume or use or purport to assume or use or continue after the commencement of this Act the assumption or use of any name other than that by which he was ordinarily known on the fourth day of August nineteen hundred and fourteen.

(2) Where any alien carries on or purports or continues to carry on, or is a member of a partnership or firm which carries on, or which purports or continues to carry on any trade or business in any name other than that under which the trade or business was carried on on the fourth of August

nineteen hundred and fourteen, he shall, for the purpose of this section, be deemed to be using or purporting or continuing to use a name other than that by which he was ordinarily known on the said date.

(3) A Secretary of State may, if it appears desirable on special grounds in any particular case, grant an exemption from the provisions of this section, but shall not do so unless he is satisfied that the name proposed to be assumed, used, or continued is in the circumstances of the case a suitable name.

(4) Nothing in this section shall—

- (a) affect the assumption or use or continued assumption or use of any name in pursuance of a Royal licence; or
- (b) affect the continuance of the use by any person of a name which he has assumed before the commencement of this Act if he has been granted an exemption under the Defence of the Realm Regulations or the Aliens Restriction Order in force on the first day of January nineteen hundred and nineteen; or
- (c) prevent the assumption or use by a married woman of her husband's name.

(5) A fee of ten guineas shall be paid by any alien on obtaining an exemption under this section; but the Secretary of State may remit the whole or any part of such fee in special cases.

(6) A list of the persons to whom the Secretary of State has granted an exemption under this section shall be published in the *Gazette* as soon as may be after the granting of the exemption.

(7) Any persons to whom any such exemption is granted shall, unless the Secretary of State shall expressly dispense with such publication, within one calendar month thereafter publish at his own expense in some paper circulating in the district in which he resides, an advertisement stating the fact that the exemption has been granted.

8. No alien shall sit upon a jury in any judicial or other proceedings if challenged by any party to such proceedings.

Provisions as to aliens on juries.

Special Provisions as to former Enemy Aliens.

9.—(1) Every former enemy alien who is now in the United Kingdom and to whom this section applies shall be deported forthwith unless the Secretary of State on the recommendation of the advisory committee, to be constituted under this section, shall grant him a licence to remain.

Deportation of former enemy aliens.

(2) The Secretary of State may, if he is satisfied on the recommendation of the said advisory committee that there is no reason to the contrary, grant such licence, subject to such terms and conditions (if any) as he shall think fit.

(3) This section shall apply to any former enemy alien now in the United Kingdom (not being a former enemy alien exempted from internment or repatriation on the recommendation of any advisory committee appointed after the first day of January nineteen hundred and eighteen and before the passing of this Act), as to whom there shall be delivered to the Secretary of State, within two months after the passing of this Act, a statement in writing signed by any credible person to the effect that the continued residence in the United Kingdom of that alien is, for reasons relating to the alien, undesirable in the public interest and giving particulars of the allegations upon which such reasons are based.

(4) The Secretary of State shall refer all such statements to the advisory committee to be constituted under this section, and the committee shall thereupon require each alien affected to make to the committee within one month, in a form prescribed by the committee, an application to be allowed to remain in the United Kingdom, stating the general grounds on which the application is based, and the answer of the alien to the allegations made in

relation to him, and the committee shall examine into such allegations and in the result may—

- (a) recommend that the alien be immediately deported; or
- (b) if satisfied that the allegations are groundless or insufficient, and that the alien affected holds an exemption recommended by any advisory committee appointed in the year nineteen hundred and fifteen, recommend that such exemption be not disturbed; or
- (c) in any case in which it seems to them right and proper so to do, recommend that the alien be granted a licence to remain, subject to such terms and conditions (if any) as may appear to them to be fitting in the circumstances

(5) In granting a licence under this section, the Secretary of State may include in the licence the wife of the applicant and any child or children of his, and such inclusion shall, notwithstanding anything in this section, have the same effect as the grant of a licence.

(6) A list of the persons to whom such licence is granted shall as soon as may be, after the granting of the licence, be published in the *Gazette*.

(7) Any licence so granted may be at any time revoked by the Secretary of State.

(8) If such licence is not granted, or if, having been granted, it is revoked, the Secretary of State shall make an order (in this Act referred to as a deportation order) requiring the alien to leave the United Kingdom and thereafter to remain out of the United Kingdom so long as the order remains in force. The Secretary of State may, by a deportation order, require the alien to return to the country of which he is a subject or citizen.

(9) The provisions of this section shall be in addition to and not in derogation of any other provisions of the principal Act or this Act or any Order in Council made thereunder.

(10) The Secretary of State shall appoint an advisory committee for the purpose of this section, consisting of a chairman and such other persons including members of both Houses of Parliament, as the Secretary of State may think fit.

(11) This section shall not apply to any subject of the Ottoman Empire who holds a certificate issued by a police authority, or by or under the direction of the Secretary of State, granting exemption from any provisions of Part II of the Aliens Restriction Order in force on the first day of January nineteen hundred and nineteen, applicable to alien enemies.

10.—(1) No former enemy alien shall, for a period of three years after

Admission of former enemy aliens.

the passing of this Act, be permitted to land in the United Kingdom either from the sea or from the air, or, if he should land without permission, to remain in the United Kingdom, without the permission of the Secretary of State, to be granted only on special grounds, and such permission shall, save as hereinafter provided, be limited in duration to a period of three months, and may, upon special grounds, be renewed from time to time for a like period.

(2) A list of the persons to whom permissions are so granted during each month shall be published in the *London Gazette* as soon as practicable after the end of each such month.

(3) The requirement of this section that permission to remain in the United Kingdom shall be limited to a period of three months shall not apply to a former enemy alien who was resident in the United Kingdom at the date of the passing of this Act, and after a temporary absence abroad returns to the United Kingdom.

(4) Where any former enemy alien, formerly resident in the United Kingdom, and having a British-born wife or a British-born child under the age of sixteen, still resident in the United Kingdom, applies, within three months from the passing of this Act, to the Secretary of State for permission to land in the United Kingdom, the Secretary of State shall refer the application to the advisory committee constituted under the last foregoing section of this Act, and, if that committee recommends that he be permitted to land he shall be so permitted and the requirement of this section that permission to remain in the United Kingdom shall be limited to a period of three months shall not apply.

11.—(1) During a period of three years from the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for a former enemy alien, either in his own name or in the name of a trustee or trustees, to acquire property of any of the following descriptions; that is to say:—

Temporary restriction on acquisition by former enemy aliens of certain kinds of property.

- (a) Any land, or any interest in any land, in the United Kingdom; or
- (b) Any interest in a key industry, or any share or interest in a share in a company registered in the United Kingdom which carries on any such industry; or
- (c) Any share or interest in a share in a company owning a British ship registered in the United Kingdom.

(2) If any such property as aforesaid is acquired in contravention of this section, the Board of Trade may, on an application made to them for the purpose, by order, vest the property in the Public Trustee.

Any such order may contain provisions applying for the purposes of the order, with such modifications as the Board think necessary, any of the provisions of section 4 of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1916, or any enactment referred to in that section.

5 & 6 Geo. 5, c. 104

(3) For the purpose of this section—

The expression "key industry" means any industry included in a list declared by the Board of Trade to be a list of key industries for the purposes of this section;

The expression "share" includes any stock forming part of the capital of a company and securities of any description issued by a company;

The expression "interest in land" does not include a tenancy for a period not exceeding three years at a rackrent.

(4) Any list of key industries prepared by the Board of Trade under this section shall be published as soon as it is made in the *London Gazette*, and may be varied or amended by the Board from time to time.

12. No former enemy alien shall be employed or shall act as master, officer or member of the crew of a British ship registered in the United Kingdom.

Employment of former enemy aliens in British ships.

General.

13.—(1) If any person acts in contravention of, or fails to comply with, the provisions of this Act or any order or rules made or conditions imposed thereunder, he shall

Offences and penalties.

be guilty of an offence against this Act.

(2) If any person aids or abets any person in any contravention of this Act or knowingly harbours any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to have acted in contravention of this Act, he shall be guilty of an offence against this Act.

(3) Where a person lands in the United Kingdom in contravention of this Act, the master of the ship or the pilot or commander of the aircraft from which he lands shall, unless he proves to the contrary, be deemed to have aided and abetted the offence.

(4) A person who is guilty of an offence against this Act shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for a term not exceeding six months, or, on a second or subsequent conviction, twelve months, or, in either case, to both such fine and imprisonment.

14.—(1) Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed as imposing any restriction or disability on any duly accredited head of a foreign diplomatic mission or

Saving for diplomatic persons, etc.

any member of his official staff or household.

(2) The Secretary of State may exempt from any of the special provisions of this Act as to former enemy aliens any consul or vice-consul to whom His Majesty is pleased to grant an exequatur and the wife and child of any such consul or vice-consul.

15. The expression "former enemy alien" means an alien who is a subject or citizen of the German Empire or any component state thereof, or of Austria, Hungary,

Definitions.

Bulgaria, or Turkey, or who, having at any time been such subject or citizen, has not changed his allegiance as a result of the recognition of new states or territorial re-arrangements, or been naturalised in any other foreign state or in any British Possession in accordance with the laws thereof and when

actually resident therein, and does not retain according to the law of his state of origin the nationality of that state:

Provided that the special provisions of this Act as to former enemy aliens, except the provisions of sub-section (2) of section two of this Act, shall not apply to any woman who was at the time of her marriage a British subject.

16.—(1) This Act may be cited as the Aliens Restriction (Amendment) Act, 1919, and the principal Act and this Act may be cited together as the Aliens Restriction Acts,

Short title and repeal.

1914 and 1919.

(2) The Aliens Act, 1905, is hereby repealed as from such date or dates as may be specified by Order in Council made under the principal Act, and any such order may fix different dates for the repeal of different provisions of the said Act, but an order under the principal Act may incorporate (with or without modifications) any of the provisions of the said Act:

Provided that any order or appointment made or action taken under the said Act shall, notwithstanding any such repeal as aforesaid, continue in force as though it had been made or taken under an Order in Council under the principal Act, subject, however, to any provisions of any such order.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 28th February 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 25th February 1920.

No. 400.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice C. P. Beachcroft, I.C.S., a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted furlough on urgent private affairs, with effect from the 3rd March 1920, or any subsequent date on which he avails himself of it, to the afternoon of the 2nd September 1920, both days inclusive.

H. D. CRAIK,

Offg. Addl. Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 28th February 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Delhi, the 27th February 1920.

RESIGNATION.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

No. 374.—The undermentioned gentlemen are permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to resign their commissions:—

5th Calcutta Battalion.

Second Lieutenant N. A. Damiano. Dated 12th May 1919.

44th Calcutta Scottish.

Major Sir F. H. Stewart, K.T., C.I.E. Dated 11th January 1920.

A. H. BINGLEY, Major-General,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following Resolution issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* dated the 14th February 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No 286

RESOLUTION

ESTABLISHMENTS

Delhi, the 13th February 1920.

His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has been pleased to sanction revised rates of pay for the Indian Civil Service as detailed in the following paragraphs. They will take effect from 1st December 1919:—

(1) Time-scale.

Year of Service	INFERIOR			SUPERIOR		
	Pay	Oversoon Allowance	Total	Pay	Oversoon Allowance	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rupees per mensem			Rupees per mensem.		
1st	450	150	600			
2nd	500	150	650			
3rd	550	150	700			
4th	600	150	750			
5th	650	150	800	1,000*	150	1,150
6th	700	150	850	1,050	150	1,200
7th	750	150	900	1,100	150	1,250
8th	800	200	1,000	1,150	200	1,350
9th	900	200	1,100	1,200	200	1,400
10th	1,000	200	1,200	1,275	200	1,475
11th	1,100	200	1,300	1,350	200	1,550
	Efficiency bar here.					
12th	1,200	250	1,450	1,425	250	1,675
13th	1,300	250	1,550	1,500	250	1,750
14th	1,300	250	1,550	1,600	250	1,850
15th	1,350	250	1,600	1,700	250	1,950
16th	1,350	250	1,600	1,800	250	2,050
17th	...	...	...	1,900	250	2,150
18th	...	...	...	2,000	250	2,250
19th	...	...	...	2,050	250	2,300
20th	...	...	...	2,100	250	2,350
21st	...	...	...	2,150	250	2,400
22nd	...	...	...	2,200	250	2,450
23rd	...	...	...	2,250	250	2,500
24th	...	...	...	2,250	250	2,500
25th	...	...	...	2,250	250	2,500

* Or any earlier year

(2) As there are no Commissionerships in Madras the following special rates have been approved for Collectors in that Presidency in lieu of those set out in columns 5, 6 and 7 above for the years mentioned below—

Year of Service.		Pay	Overseas Allowance	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
20th	..	2,150	250	2,400
21st		2,200	250	2,450
22nd		2,350	250	2,600
23rd	...	2,400	250	2,650
24th	...	2,500	250	2,750
25th	...	2,500	250	2,750

(3) The overseas allowances set out in columns 3 and 6 above (which will reckon as salary for all purposes of the Civil Service Regulations) will ordinarily be granted only to officers of non-Indian domicile; but as an exception to this general rule, all Indian officers now in the Indian Civil Service, as well as the Indian candidates selected at the Open Competitive Examination of 1919 who are now undergoing probation, and all Indian candidates selected at the next five Open Competitive Examinations beginning with the examination of 1920, will be regarded as eligible for the allowance. Thereafter the continuance of this concession will be further considered.

NOTE.—Overseas allowance will cease for officers holding appointments outside the time scale and the pay sanctioned for such appointments will be the same for all incumbents.

(4) With the exception of 1st grade judges on Rs. 3,000 mentioned in paragraph 3 below, all officers on the general time-scale holding superior judicial appointments, including Legal Remembrancers, will draw a duty allowance of Rs. 150 a month in addition to their salary under that scale. Judicial officers serving in the Madras Presidency will draw this allowance in addition to the salary permissible under the general time-scale and not in addition to that admissible under the scale sanctioned for Madras Collectors.

(5) Officers will become eligible for the increment of Rs. 50 per mensem shown in the second and third years of the time-scale on passing the first and second departmental examinations respectively, and will remain on Rs. 700 per mensem (or Rs. 550, if not eligible for overseas allowance) until the completion of their third year of service.

(6) The time-scales set out above will take the place of the existing grade pay and will cover appointments now graded as Assistant Commissioners, Assistant Collectors and Joint Magistrates or Sub-Collectors, all of which (with the exception of 1st grade Sub-Collectors in Madras mentioned in paragraph 2 below) will be classed as inferior; and Deputy Commissioners or Magistrate-Collectors, and District and Sessions Judges or Divisional Judges, Additional Magistrates and Additional Judges and such appointments as are graded with Magistrates and Collectors or Deputy Commissioners and District and Sessions Judges, all of which will be classed as superior. The 1st grade judges on Rs. 3,000 and the other appointments on fixed rates of pay mentioned in paragraph 3 below will, however, be outside the time-scale.

(7) An officer holding an appointment classed as "inferior" will draw pay according to the inferior scale subject to the efficiency bar at the beginning of the twelfth year. An officer holding an appointment classed as "superior" will draw pay according to the superior scale for so long as he holds the appointment (whether appointed to it substantively or officiating in it).

The appointments, the pay of which is regulated by the time-scale subject to certain limitations or with certain additional allowances:—

Note.—The maxima indicated in the list below are exclusive of overseas allowance, except in the case of 1st grade sub-collectors in Madras.

Appointments

Pay per mensem

(a) MADRAS.

1 Commissioner of Coorg	...	Pay under the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 2,150.
2 Secretaries to Government	...	Pay under the superior time-scale for Madras Collectors with a duty allowance of Rs. 250.
1 Private Secretary to Governor	...	Pay under the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,800. (Non-Indian Civil Service officers will draw a pay of Rs. 1,500.)
Sub-Collectors, 1st grade	...	Pay in accordance with the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 2,050.
4 Under-Secretaries	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 200.
1 Assistant Resident, Travancore	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale without any maximum.

(b) BOMBAY.

1 Commissioner of Settlement and Director of Land Records	...	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 250.
1 Deputy Commissioner Upper Sind Frontier	...	Pay under the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,275 exclusive of existing local allowance of Rs. 300, which will continue.
1 Assistant Remembrancer of Legal Affairs	...	Pay under the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,600, but no judicial allowance.
1 Assistant Commissioner in Sind	...	Pay under the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,275 the existing local allowance will be withdrawn.
1 Deputy Commissioner, Salt and Excise	...	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 250 subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,600.
3 Assistant Judges exercising Appellate and Additional Sessions powers	...	Pay under the superior time-scale, subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,600 excluding the judicial allowance of Rs. 150.
1 Private Secretary to Governor	...	Pay under the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,800. (Non-Indian Civil Service officers will draw Rs. 1,500.)
2 Under-Secretaries	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 200.

(c) BENGAL.

2 Secretaries...	...	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 250.
1 Private Secretary to Governor	...	Pay under the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,800. (Non-Indian Civil Service officers will draw Rs. 1,500.)
2 Under-Secretaries	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 200.

Appointments.

Pay per annum.

(d) UNITED PROVINCES.

1 Commissioner, Kumaon Division	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 250.
1 Joint Secretary to the Board of Revenue	Pay under the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 2,050.
1 Deputy Director of Land Records	Pay under the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 2,150.
1 Superintendent, Dehra Dun ...	Pay under the superior time-scale.
1 Deputy Commissioner, Naini Tal	Pay under the superior time-scale.
2 Deputy Commissioners, Garhwal and Almora	Pay under the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,600.
3 Secretaries (now ranked at Collectors)	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 250, but without the daily allowance of Rs. 10 which they now draw while stationed at Lucknow
3 Under-Secretaries	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 200.
1 City Magistrate, Lucknow ...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 100.

(e) PUNJAB.

1 Judge, Small Cause Court, Simla ...	Pay under the superior time-scale with the judicial allowance of Rs. 150, subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,275 exclusive of allowance
2 Secretaries	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 250.
1 Senior Secretary to the Financial Commissioner	Pay under the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,800.
3 Under-Secretaries	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 200.
1 Junior Secretary to the Financial Commissioner	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance Rs. 200.

(f) BURMA.

1 President, Rangool. Municipality	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 250
1 Director of Agriculture and Co-operation	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 150.
2 Secretaries	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 250.
1 Deputy Director of Land Records	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 200.
1 Secretary to the Financial Commissioner	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 200 subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,800.
2 Under-Secretaries (now graded as Assistant Commissioners) ...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 200.
1 Warden of the Yenang-Yaung Oilfield	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 200.

(g) BIHAR AND ORISSA.

2 Secretaries	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 250.
3 Under-Secretaries	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 200.

Appointments.

Pay per annum.

(h) CENTRAL PROVINCES.

Second and Third Secretaries	...	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 250.
Under-Secretaries	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 200.
Sub-Judges	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale

(i) ASSAM.

1 Chief Secretary	...	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 400.
1 Secretary	...	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 150
2 Under-Secretaries	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 200.

(j) REGISTRARS OF HIGH AND CHIEF COURTS AND OF JUDICIAL COMMISSIONERS' COURTS.

Registrars of High Courts or Chief Courts, except Patna High Court.	...	Pay under the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,600; judicial allowance will not be drawn. Local allowance of Rs. 100 should continue in case of Registrars, Punjab and Burma, as Secretary to Rule Committee.
Registrar, Patna High Court	...	Pay as District and Sessions Judge, subject to a maximum, including judicial allowance, of Rs. 2,400.
Registrar, Judicial Commissioner's Court, Oudh.	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with existing duty allowance of Rs. 100
Registrar, Judicial Commissioner's Court, Central Provinces	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with existing duty allowance of Rs. 100-50-200.

(k) POSTS UNDER THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

(i) HOME DEPARTMENT.

1 Deputy Secretary	...	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 400, subject to a maximum of Rs. 2,250, including duty allowance.
1 Deputy Commissioner, Delhi	...	Pay under the superior time-scale subject to a maximum of Rs. 2,200.
1 Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 100
1 Assistant Commissioner, employed as Additional District Magistrate, Delhi	...	
1 Assistant Commissioner, employed as City Magistrate, Delhi	...	
1 Assistant Commissioner, employed as Secretary to the Delhi Municipality.	...	
1 Personal Assistant to the Director, Central Intelligence	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a local allowance of Rs. 300 subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,350.
1 Under-Secretary	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 500

(ii) FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Deputy Secretary	...	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 400, subject to a maximum of Rs. 2,250, including duty allowance.
Under-Secretary	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 300.

Appointments.

Pay per mensem.

(iii) FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

2 Deputy Secretaries	...	...	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs 400, subject to a maximum of Rs. 2,250, including duty allowance.
1 Under-Secretary	...	...	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs. 300.

(iv) LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

1 Deputy Secretary	Pay under the superior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs 400, subject to a maximum of Rs 2 250, including duty allowance.
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(v) DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE

1 Under-Secretary	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs 300.
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(vi) DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

2 Under-Secretaries	Pay under the inferior time-scale with a duty allowance of Rs 300
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3. Appointments above the time-scale on fixed rates of pay —

Appointments.

Pay per mensem

(a) MADRAS

		Rs.
1 Chief Secretary	...	3,750
1 Member, Board of Revenue	..	3,750
1 Member, Board of Revenue	.	3,500
2 Members, Board of Revenue	.	3,000
2 District and Sessions Judges (1st grade)	.	3,000
1 Secretary, Revenue Department	..	3,000

(b) BOMBAY

1 Chief Secretary	..	3,750
3 Commissioners	..	3,500
2 Commissioners	.	3,000
1 Judicial Commissioner, Sind	.	3,500
1 Secretary to Government, Revenue and Financial Departments	... ..	3,125
1 Additional Judicial Commissioner, Sind	...	3,000
1 District and Sessions Judge (1st grade)	..	3,000

NOTE.—The pay of Municipal Commissioner in Bombay will continue to be regulated by law as heretofore.

(c) BENGAL

1 Chief Secretary	...	...	3,750
1 Member, Board of Revenue	...	..	3,750
3 Commissioners	...	...	3,000
3 District and Sessions Judges (1st grade)	..	...	3,000

NOTE.—Pay of Chairman and Deputy Chairman, Calcutta Corporation, and Chairman, Calcutta Improvement Trust, will continue to be regulated by law as heretofore.

Appointments.

Pay per mensem.

Rs.

(d) UNITED PROVINCES.

2 Members, Board of Revenue	...	...	...	3,500
1 Judicial Commissioner	...	...	...	3,500
1 Additional Judicial Commissioner	...	...	...	3,333½
1 Chief Secretary	...	...	...	3,000
9 Commissioners	...	...	...	3,000
2 District and Sessions Judges (1st grade)	...	...	...	3,000
1 Opium Agent	...	...	...	2,500—100—3,000

(e) PUNJAB.

2 Financial Commissioners	...	...	..	3,500
1 Chief Secretary	...	...	..	3,000
5 Commissioners	...	...	..	3,000
2 District and Sessions Judges (1st grade)	...	...	..	3,000

(f) BURMA.

1 Financial Commissioner	...	...	...	3,500
1 Judicial Commissioner, Upper Burma	...	...	...	3,500
1 Chief Secretary	...	...	..	3,000
9 Commissioners, including Commissioner of Settlements and Director of Land Records	...	...	...	3,000
1 Divisional Judge (1st grade)	...	...	...	3,000

(g) BIHAR AND ORISSA

1 Member, Board of Revenue	...	..	...	3,500
1 Chief Secretary	...	..	...	3,000
5 Commissioners	...	...	...	3,000
2 District and Sessions Judges (1st grade)	...	...	...	3,000

(h) CENTRAL PROVINCES.

1 Financial Commissioner	...	...	...	3,500
1 Judicial Commissioner	...	..	...	3,500
2 Additional Judicial Commissioners	...	...	...	3,000
5 Commissioners	3,000
1 Chief Secretary	3,000

(i) ASSAM.

2 Commissioners	3,000
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1. In bringing officers at present in service on to the revised rates of pay, articles 156 to 158 of the Civil Service Regulations will not be held to apply. Existing incumbents of offices will be protected against any immediate loss of pay due to the introduction of the revised rates.

2. Subject to the general proviso above that officers shall not receive less than they were drawing substantively at the time of the introduction of the time scale, their initial pay in the superior scale will be regulated according to the length of their total service counting from the date of commencement of service.

(3) The broken period of a year of service which an officer put in before the date of the introduction of the time-scale shall remain at his credit for the next increment.

5. Exchange compensation allowance is withdrawn with effect from the 1st December 1919.

6. The pay of appointments outside the time-scale which are not mentioned in this Resolution are under separate consideration and orders concerning them will be issued later.

Order.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to all local Governments and Administrations, the several Departments of the Government of India (including the Financial Adviser, Military Finance) and the offices subordinate to this Department, for information and guidance.

Ordered also that it be published in the supplement to the *Gazette of India* for general information.

H. McPHERSON,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, and published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 28th February 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS—ESTABLISHMENT.

Delhi, the 28th February 1920.

No. 1763D.—Mr. J. R. Blair, I.C.S., has been appointed to officiate as an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service with effect from the forenoon of the 21st February 1920, and is posted to Bombay.

EXPLOSIVES.

The 28th February 1920.

No. 1784-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following amendment in the Indian Explosives Rules, 1914, published with the notification in this Department No. 4013-33, dated the 6th June 1914:—

After clause (iv) of rule 3 of the said rules the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

“(v) to the possession, sale, transport and importation of di-nitro-phenol, when packed in watertight packages and mixed with water in the proportion of 85 parts by weight of di-nitro-phenol to not less than 15 parts by weight of water.”

POST OFFICE.

The 28th February 1920.

No. 1790-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 46 (2) of the Indian Post Office Act (Act No. VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, as subsequently amended, namely:—

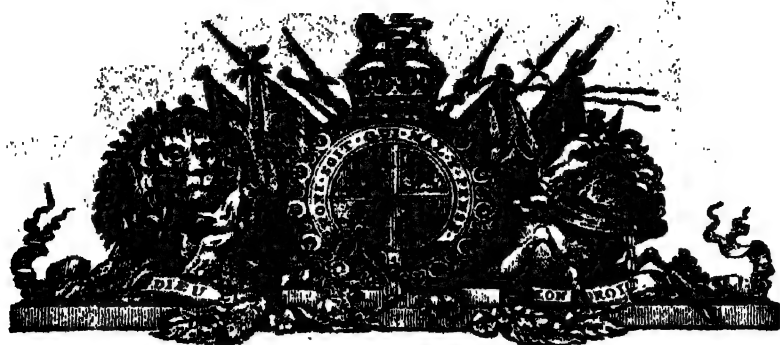
For rule 122 (2) of the said rules under the head *Foreign Money Orders* the following shall be substituted:—

In the case of foreign sterling money orders, the rate of commission shall be the following, namely:—

Rupee 1-0-0 per pound or fraction of £1.

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY. MARCH 3, 1920.

PART IB.

Orders by the Governor of Bengal in Council.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 471 L.S.-G.—*The 24th February 1920.*—The following draft rules which the Governor-in-Council intends to make under clauses (i), (l), (t) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Ben. Act III of 1885), in supersession of the rules published under notification dated the 1st July 1888, at page 263 of Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th idem, as subsequently amended, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 15th April 1920 and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned through District Officers before that date will be duly considered.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DRAFT RULES.

CHAPTER I.

MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

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INTRODUCTORY REMARKS.

1. The public works of a District Board shall be executed under the control and supervision of a District Engineer, but the disbursements shall, as far as possible, be made by the District Board direct by cheques. His duties in respect to payment shall, as far as possible, be confined to passing certificates and bills, as correct in order that they may be paid by the District Board to the payees in accordance with the procedure laid down in Part VIII of the Local Self-Government account rules.

NOTE.—See rule 8.

MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

2. No miscellaneous receipts such as rents of roadside lands and tanks, sale-proceeds of materials or produce, fines or refunds, etc., shall be realized by the District Engineer or his subordinates, without granting a receipt in Form No. 1. The total amount received shall be written in words and figures both on the receipt itself and on the counterfoil. The latter need only be initialed by the officer who signs the receipt.

REGISTER OF MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

3. As soon as the amount is realized, it shall be entered in the register (Form No. 2) and remitted to the Treasury. Every such remittance shall be accompanied by a chalan (District Board Form No. 8) in triplicate, having the words "original," "duplicate" and "triplicate" printed or written in red ink on the first, second and third parts, respectively, and bearing the initials of the remitter. The first part shall be retained by the Treasury Officer, the second part shall be returned on the same day to the office of the District Board and the third part shall be delivered to the person paying the money. If cheques are tendered in payment of miscellaneous receipts, they shall be endorsed "pay by transfer to the credit of the District Fund."

CHECK BY THE DISTRICT ENGINEER.

4. The District Engineer shall, from time to time when out on tour, collect some receipts granted by his subordinates, from the lessees to test the accuracy of the accounts kept by the subordinate officers. He shall also check the counterfoils of receipts with the register in form No. 2 maintained by the subordinate and verify the cash in hand.

All subordinate officers of the District Engineer shall once a half-year submit the register of miscellaneous receipts, together with the counterfoils of miscellaneous receipts to the District Board's office for check. The District Board's Accountant shall check the realization, initial the register in token of the check and return the register without delay.

NOTE.—See District Board account rules 36 and 59.

STOCK OF FORMS.

5. The miscellaneous receipt forms shall be bound in counterfoil books. Each book shall contain 100 forms and no book shall be brought into use until all the forms and counterfoils have been consecutively numbered. The numbers shall, if possible, be printed.

The receipt and issue of all miscellaneous receipt forms shall be recorded in a stock book (District Board Form No. 7) and on no account shall loose unnumbered forms be kept in the office. The used-up counterfoils shall be returned to the District Engineer's office for file.

BUNGALOW RECEIPTS.

6. (a) Two books shall be maintained in District Board Form No. 12 for each dak or inspection bungalow. Each bungalow book shall contain 100 pages and no book shall be brought into use until the pages have been consecutively numbered. Preferably, the pages should be machine numbered. It will be issued from the office of the District Engineer over his signature and in account of the issue and return for file of these books shall be kept in the District Engineer's office like that for measurement books (Form No. 5). Two copies of the books shall not be used simultaneously. One copy for each bungalow shall be kept in the District Engineer's office, while the second copy will be in use.

(b) The Overseer or Sub-Overseer in charge of a bungalow shall inspect the bungalow register at least once a fortnight, receive from the chaukidar or the khansama the amounts paid and noted in the register of bungalows by the occupiers, credit them to the District Fund and note the number and date of the Treasury chalan in the register.

(c) Once a quarter, the books kept in the District Engineer's office shall be sent to the bungalows concerned through the subordinates in charge of the bungalows, when the books then in use shall be returned to the District Engineer's office for check.

(d) When inspecting the bungalow, the District Engineer shall see that the bungalow book is properly maintained and kept in a prominent place of the bungalow and that a copy of the rules framed by the Board for the occupation of the bungalow is pasted on the first page of the book.

CHAPTER II.

IMPREST ACCOUNTS.

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4. Procedure of recoupment	10-16
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AMOUNT OF IMPREST.

7. An imprest may be granted by the District Board to the District Engineer of such amount as the Board may, from time to time, fix, provided that it shall, in no case, exceed Rs. 1,000. If necessary, the District Engineer may give a sub-imprest to any subordinate recouping this from his own imprest. The sub-imprest will be treated as a part of the District Engineer's imprest and accounted for in the District Engineer's imprest accounts.

DISBURSEMENTS BY THE DISTRICT ENGINEER.

8. All cash payments by the District Engineer and his subordinates shall, as a rule, be confined to payments not exceeding Rs. 50 and Rs. 20, respectively. For every such payment which shall be met from the imprest, the imprest-holder shall obtain and hold a bill receipted by the payee.

PAYMENTS FROM THE IMPREST.

9. The amount of each bill or sub-voucher shall be written in words and figures over his initials. These bills shall be numbered consecutively, enfaced or stamped "Paid in cash" and entered daily as they are paid in the imprest cash-book (Form No. 3).

PROCEDURE OF RECOUPMENT.

10. The procedure of recoupment shall be as follows :—

The imprest-holder shall compare the sub-vouchers with the entries in the imprest account; he shall deface them by stamping them "cancelled" so that they cannot be used again. He shall total and initial the column "amount of each payment" in the imprest account, and also the column "total" in the abstract of charges the cross total of which shall agree with the total of the column "amount of each payment."

11. The recoupment shall always be in full of expenditure from the last recoupment to date so that the balance in hand after recoupment will always be the full amount of the advance. The serial number of the sub-voucher shall always recommence with No. 1 after each recoupment.

12. The totals and balances of all imprest and sub-imprest accounts submitted for recoupment shall be written in words and figures and all corrections in sub-vouchers shall be attested by the payee and those in the imprest accounts by the imprest-holder without which the imprest cash-book shall not be passed by the District Engineer.

13. (a) The imprest-holder shall also check the book balance of his own imprest with the actual balance in his possession and shall sign a certificate in the imprest cash-book whenever the imprest is recouped to the effect that the balance shown in the cash-book is correct and has been personally verified by him.

(b) The following further certificate shall be added by the imprest-holder :—

"Received contents and certified that I have compared the entries in the imprest account with the sub-vouchers and have attached them, in original, to the recoupment bill."

(c) The right-hand half page of the said form shall be cut off and sent to the authority from whom the imprest is held and the counterfoil retained by the disbursing officer. The said account shall be supported by the necessary vouchers numbered and attached to it, so as to correspond with the order of the entries in column 2 "voucher number" of District Engineer's Form

14. Procedure to be followed in the District Engineer's office:—

- (a) The District Engineer shall, after carefully scrutinizing the account with the vouchers as regards the propriety of the payments, the clearness and accuracy of the entries, the sufficiency of the vouchers and the totals of the accounts, shall reimburse the sub-imprest-holder the exact sum expended so as again to bring the imprest cash in hand up to the original amount. The sub-vouchers shall be defaced by him so that they cannot be used again.
- (b) The payments appearing in the subordinate's imprest account shall in abstracted form, be entered in the District Engineer's imprest cash-book. The amount remitted to his subordinate shall be entered in red-ink in the counterfoil of his own account.

15. Every cheque in favour of the District Engineer shall be made payable to "order" and shall be compared by him with the imprest bill in payment of which it is issued at the time of endorsing the cheque for encashment.

The amount of each recoupment shall be separately remitted to the subordinate and not with other dues, and shall be checked by the District Engineer once a month with money order acknowledgment or separate receipt, which shall be obtained at once, the entry in the imprest cash-book being initialled in token of the check.

16. The District Engineer's imprest cash account shall be closed on the 27th of every month, to admit of the transactions up to that date being included in the month's account of the District Board, provided the expenditure does not fall below Rs. 10 which is the minimum amount for which cheques are issued on the Treasury.

CUSTODY OF DISTRICT ENGINEER'S IMPREST CASH.

17. No portion of the District Engineer's cash imprest shall, on any account, be kept outside the safe.

SECURITY.

18. The District Board shall obtain security in cash of an amount to be determined by the Board from the employee who acts as cashier in respect of the District Engineer's imprest.

CHAPTER III.**EXECUTION OF WORKS.**

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MEASUREMENT BOOK.

19. (a) The Overseer or other officer deputed for the duty of periodically measuring the works shall keep up a measurement book (Form No. 4).

The pages of the book shall be machine numbered and no page shall, on any account, be torn out nor shall any entry be erased or effaced so as to be illegible. If a mistake be made, it shall be corrected by crossing out the incorrect words or figures and the correction thus made shall be initialled.

The entries in the measurement book should, if possible, be made in ink, but when this is not possible and the entries have to be made in pencil, the pencil entries shall not be inked over, but left untouched. The contents or area shall, however, be invariably inked in.

(b) Every measurement shall be recorded by the officer by whom it is actually made and bear his signature and the date. The practice of entering measurements in note-books or on slips of paper and afterwards copying them into measurement books is prohibited.

(c) The measurement book shall be submitted to the District Engineer's office where an arithmetical check of the calculation will be made by the Accountant.

20. To enable the Overseer or other officer in charge of works to submit his measurement book with the bills or accounts of the District Engineer's office, two or more books for his use shall be provided. The measurement books, after they are completed, shall be returned to the District Engineer's office for record.

21. The measurement book shall be the basis of all accounts of quantities whether of work done by daily labour or by, piece or by contract or of materials received which have to be counted or measured. From the measurement book all quantities shall be clearly traceable into the document on which payments are made and the reference to the vouchers on which the quantities are entered for payment as well as the date of entry shall be given by endorsement on the original entries. The measurement book shall accompany the bills to the District Engineer's office and no contract certificate or bill shall be passed without crossing off the connected entries in the measurement book. The document on which payment is made shall invariably bear a reference to the number and page of the book in which the detailed measurements are recorded.

STOCK REGISTER OF MEASUREMENT BOOKS.

22. (a) When note or measurement books are issued, the name of the subordinate to whom they are issued and the date of issue will be noted on the book and attested by the signature of the head of the office. All the measurement books shall be numbered serially. The issues and return of all measurement books shall be entered in a stock book (Form No. 5).

(b) The Engineer will be responsible for seeing that measurement books are carefully kept and measurements properly recorded and that they are complete records of each kind of work done. He shall also see that the books are regularly returned to his office.

WORKS EXECUTED BY CONTRACT.

Tenders.

23. In the case of all works executed by contract, tenders shall ordinarily be invited in the most open and public manner possible, whether by advertisement in the local newspapers or by notices in the vernacular posted in public places.

A schedule of tenders will be kept in Form No. 6.

AGREEMENTS.

24. For every work given out on contract, an agreement on stamped paper shall be taken and executed in accordance with rule 102 (Part V—Transfer of Property and Contracts).

SECURITY.

25. As a safeguard against possible loss to the District Board, security for the due fulfilment of a contract shall, as a rule, be taken from the contractor and such security shall be either in the shape of a lump sum or a deduction of 10 per cent. made from the payments due from time to time on account of work done.

NOTE.—The securities so taken will also serve to cover possible over-payments which may be detected on check measurement.

CONTRACT CERTIFICATES.

26. (a) Payments for work done or materials supplied by contractors shall be made as a rule monthly on a contract certificate in Form No. 7 showing quantities and value of work executed up to date. Such payments shall be treated as payments on account. No payment shall be made on these bills and certificates unless supported by an acknowledgment by the officer or subordinate concerned that the work has been efficiently done or the supplies received, as the case may be.

(b) On the completion or cessation of the work, the final adjustment of the contractor's claim shall be made on bills printed on yellow paper and the payment shall be made on the contractor adding on the bill a certificate in his own handwriting or attested by his thumb impression that the payment is in full settlement of all demands.

(c) When contractors or suppliers are paid up at once on completion of the work or supplies, Form No. 8 may be used for the bill.

NOTE.—Contract certificates shall always be prepared in duplicate, one being stamped original and the other duplicate.

CHECK OF CONTRACT CERTIFICATES IN DISTRICT ENGINEER'S OFFICE.

27. Before a bill or certificate is certified as correct by the District Engineer, his Accountant shall check it in all its details comparing it with the measurement books, the sanctioned estimate, agreements, records of quantities and rates of materials supplied from stock or from materials at site and records of previous payments made on account of the same work, etc. Before signing the certificate of correctness, the District Engineer shall satisfy himself that all necessary checks have been applied by his office.

NOTE.—See District Board account rule 175.

28. (a) Certified copies shall be kept in the office of the District Engineer of all bills and certificates. In the case of those to be paid in the District Board's office, the original, after being certified to as correct by the District Engineer, shall be returned to the payee for presentation at the District Board's office for payment, the certified copy being sent by the District Engineer direct to the District Board's office by way of advice.

(b) It is not necessary that both the original and the certified copy of a bill shall be receipted by the payee, but the cheque issued in payment of the bill shall be specified on the certified copy, which shall then be returned without delay to the District Engineer for his guidance in respect of further certificates. The original, which shall be receipted by the payee, shall after payment be filed in the District Board's office as a voucher for payment.

PAYMENT TO CONTRACTORS.

29. Payments to contractors and suppliers shall be made by means of cheques drawn in their favour by the District Board's office. Such cheques shall be delivered to them direct and not through the Overseer.

(See District Board rules 173 and 174.)

CONTRACTORS' LEDGER.

30. The accounts relating to contracts are to be kept as personal accounts and a separate folio shall be opened in the contractors' ledger (Form No. 9) for each contractor. The entries in the debtor side show the payments made to the contractors and those on the creditor side the value of work done as shown in the contract certificates passed from time to time. The account shall embrace all transactions to which the contractor is a party whether relating to one or several works or to materials purchased from him. The number and amount of each passed bill and certificate, the name of the work and the number and amount of each cheque shall be shown in the ledger. The value of materials made over or labours supplied to a contractor shall be debited to his account and a receipt for the value thereof taken from him in support of the debit. A copy of the account shall be furnished to the contractor whenever he desires it. At convenient intervals, the contractor should be asked to look at this account in the ledger and sign it in token of his acceptance of its correctness.

NOTE.—Security deposits shall not find a place in the contractors' ledger.

POSTING THE LEDGER.

31. The ledger shall be posted as bills are passed by the District Engineer, the District Engineer's Accountant shall not pass contractors' bills without referring to the ledger. The ledger shall be closed and balanced monthly.

When there are balances due to a contractor on more than one certificate, the amount due on each certificate shall be detailed in the ledger.

When there are balances outstanding from previous months not affected by the month's transactions, a list of such balances shall be given.

The District Engineer's initials shall be obtained below each of these entries in token of his having satisfied himself that the balances are carried forward correctly.

REGISTER OF BILLS.

32. On receipt in the Engineer's office of a contract certificate, nominal muster-roll, establishment or other bill for payment, it shall be entered in the register of bills (Form No. 10) in which the date of passing for payment and other particulars shall also be entered.

ADVANCE AND DEPOSITS.

33. (a) In the District Fund Accounts, all advances for works will be charged to the separate suspense account of advances which is credited with the value of work done, supplies received or labour performed, as the case may be.

(b) All advances to contractors and others shall be made from the District Board's office and all deposits shall be paid direct into the Treasury, but in special cases, the Board may authorize the District Engineer to make such petty advances, within prescribed limits, as may be considered necessary. The accounts of advances and deposits to be kept in the District Engineer's office will, therefore, be but memoranda for the guidance of a District Engineer in issuing certificates for payment. The accounts shall be kept in District Board Form Nos. 36 and 37, a separate folio being opened for each contractor. The accounts shall be balanced every month and signed by the District Engineer.

(c) The balances of the advance and deposit ledgers kept in the District Engineer's office shall be agreed monthly by the District Engineer's Accountant with those kept in the District Board's office.

WORKS EXECUTED THROUGH DEPARTMENTAL AGENCY.

Muster-roll.

34. When work is done by daily labour through departmental agency, the basis of the account shall be the muster-roll and when payments are not made daily, the muster-roll shall be a nominal one, that is, names of the labourers shall be entered in it. This shall be kept in Form No. 11. The nominal muster-roll being the initial record of the labour employed each day on a work, shall be written up daily by the subordinate deputed for the purpose each morning before the labourers begin work.

35. An extract from the measurement book shall ordinarily be endorsed on the muster-roll and the quantity of work turned out shall be compared with the cost of the labour employed so as to afford satisfactory evidence that the outturn of work gives a sufficient return for the money spent. Any deficiency in this respect shall be noticed by the paying officer.

36. If, however, the work is of a petty nature and in consequence not susceptible of measurement, a certificate in lieu of the above shall be furnished by the officer in charge of the work to the effect that the work turned out is worth the amount paid for it.

37. The muster-roll shall be closed immediately after the close of the week or other period for which it is kept and the labourers paid as soon after as possible.

The payment shall be made in the presence of the officer of highest standing available, who shall initial with date against the group of labourers paid on that date. The amount paid on each date shall be noted in words as well as figures at the foot of the muster-roll (Form No. 55). The disbursement certificate at the foot of the muster-roll shall then be signed by the officer witnessing the disbursement.

38. Wages not claimed within three months of their falling due shall not be paid without the written orders of the District Engineer.

CONTRIBUTION WORKS.

39. When any work is to be carried out from contribution by Municipalities or private persons, the contribution shall always be recovered and credited in the accounts before the work is commenced. The amounts of the contributions shall be remitted into the Treasury in full and no portion shall be utilized for expenditure on the work, which should be met like that on purely local fund works.

CHECK MEASUREMENTS.

40. All important works executed under the supervision of the District Engineer shall be checked and measured by him.

Road metals and other materials collected on roadside shall be checked, measured after the whole collection on the road by the same contractor is complete. The fact of check measurement shall invariably be noted under his signature with date or dates of check measurement both against the measurement entries in the measurement book and in the contract certificates on which final payment is made.

(See rule 60.)

CHAPTER IV.

STORES.

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CLASSIFICATION OF STORES.

41. The stores of the District Engineer's office are divided into two classes: "tools and plant" and "stock." The head "tools and plant" comprises—

Tools.

Plant and machinery.

Scientific instruments and drawing materials.

Camp equipage.

Live-stock.

Office and bungalow furniture.

"Stock" may conveniently be classified under the following sub-heads:—

Building materials.

Timber.

Metal.

Iron materials.

Miscellaneous.

NOTE.—Road metal has been dealt with separately—see rules 59 to 61, indent register of stores.

42. All orders for supplies required for miscellaneous works to be executed shall be issued in Form No. 12 duly signed by the District Engineer. The District Engineer shall see that the persons or firms concerned furnish bills for payment immediately after the close of the month or the completion of the work, as the case may be, supported by the order. But one bill (Form No. 13) shall ordinarily be submitted for all supplies made by the same person during the month supported by the indent orders. The date of completion of the supply, the date of receipt of the bill and the date of payment shall be promptly noted on the office copy of the indent by the Accountant, as each stage will occur.

REGISTER OF PURCHASES.

43. Stores purchased shall be entered as soon as they are received and acknowledged by the subordinate concerned, in the register of purchases (Form No. 14). Before passing the bill for stores supplied, the District Engineer shall see that the quantity of stores has duly been entered in this register and the printed certificate regarding the supply of stores on the bill has been signed by the subordinate concerned. He shall also initial the entries in the register. The District Engineer shall review the register periodically to see that there is no avoidable delay in the payment of firms' bills for supply of materials.

STORES, HOW TO BE CHARGED IN ACCOUNTS.

44. The general principle governing the treatment in accounts of the materials required for works is that expenditure should, as far as possible, be at once charged to the work concerned. In accordance with this principle, all payments on account of materials intended to be used for a work shall be charged against the work.

In exceptional cases, if materials cannot be charged against a particular work, the cost of these materials shall be charged in the account of advances, a sub-head being opened for each description of material.

MATERIALS AT SITE.

45. When materials are purchased by or through the agency of the Board and kept at site of work for use on the work under the care of some subordinate or the contractor who is to be paid the charges for labour only, the details of the quantities of materials received and the values thereof shall be noted in the materials at site accounts (Form No. 15). When any portion of the materials is used on the work, the quantity and the value thereof shall be noted in the issue column of the materials at site account and finally charged to the work.

The balance of unused materials shown in the site material account of a month shall be carried forward in the following month's accounts.

SURPLUS MATERIALS.

46. After the work is completed, any balance left in the accounts under the head "Materials at site" should always be represented by a corresponding quantity of unused material. Such balance shall be disposed of according to the discretion of the District Engineer and the value credited to the head "Materials at site."

RESERVE STOCK.

47. In the case of districts in which it is found to be indispensable to have a stock of materials for efficient working, a certain maximum value of reserve stock shall be fixed by the Board with the approval of the Government, at the lowest figure compatible with efficiency. Stock may then be purchased up to the limit of the value thus fixed and shall be accounted for in forms and registers to be prescribed by the Accountant-General, Local Audit Department, according to local requirements.

OLD STORES.

48. Materials received from buildings, culverts, bridges, etc., dismantled or undergoing repairs will either—

- (i) be brought on the stock accounts (Form No. 15) of the subordinate concerned, or
- (ii) sold at once.

49. Materials which are serviceable shall be utilized for works in progress under the orders of the District Engineer. When transferred to some work in progress, they shall be shown as a receipt in the store accounts of the subordinate in charge of the work.

(See rule 72.)

LOSS OF STORES.

50. (a) When stores are lost, stolen or destroyed, the fact shall at once be reported by the District Engineer to the Board for orders.

(b) The value of such stores shall not be written-off without the sanction of competent authority.

(See District Board account rule 21.)

UNSERVICEABLE STORES.

51. When stores and tools and plant of any kind become unserviceable, or when on taking stock any discrepancy is discovered between the book balance and the quantity actually in hand, a survey report (Form No. 16) shall be prepared and submitted to the Board with the District Engineer's recommendation as to their disposal.

SALE OF STORES.

52. Serviceable stores shall not ordinarily be sold. If, however, they cannot be utilized in any work, they may be sold by public auction with the sanction of the Board.

(See rule 95, part V.)

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE STORES.

53. On receipt of the survey reports if the Board decide to sell the unserviceable stores, they shall be sold by public auction under the supervision of the District Engineer.

STORE ACCOUNTS TO BE MAINTAINED BY SUBORDINATES.

54. A register showing the receipts and issues of materials shall be maintained by every subordinate in Form No. 15. This register will show only quantities and not value. Separate pages shall be set apart for each work.

55. Every subordinate shall, on the 1st of every month, submit to the District Engineer a separate statement for each work in Form No. 15, showing the receipts, issues and balances of all materials appertaining to it during the previous month. For works in which there have been no receipts or issues of materials during the month, he shall submit a return showing simply the names of the works and stating that during the month there have been no transaction for material on them.

VERIFICATION OF MATERIALS AT SITE BY THE DISTRICT ENGINEER.

56. Once a year, a statement showing the quantity and the value of materials at site charged to works shall be drawn up. [The District Engineer shall verify the balances of materials at site of work by actual counting or measurement as the case may be and certify if the materials are in good condition. In cases where the materials actually at site of works, differ from the balances shown in the materials at site accounts, he shall report the matter to the Board for orders.]

When a work is closed, the value of the unused materials, if any, lying at site of the work shall be debited to "advances" by credit to the work concerned.

TOOLS AND PLANT.

57. The register of tools and plant shall be kept in Form No. 17; the expenditure on tools and plant shall be entered in the register in the same manner as works and repairs. Each item, whatever may be the amount, shall be shown in detail, and at the end of every year account shall be taken by an officer appointed by the Chairman, who shall certify the fact in the body of the register, any difference in balance at the end of the year between the figures of the columns "as per this return" and "actual as counted" being fully explained.

58. A separate account shall be kept of tools temporarily lent to contractors or in use by the subordinates. When no longer required, they will be received back by the store-keeper and transferred to the account of articles in store.

ROAD METAL.

59. A statement of receipts, issues and balances of road metal on each road shall be prepared monthly from the measurement book by the subordinate in charge of the road in Form No. 18 and forwarded to the District Engineer's office where it will be checked by the Accountant, passed by the District Engineer and filed. In this statement, the transactions of each mile shall be shown separately. The balance of metal in each mile shall be shown monthly whether there are any transactions on it during the month or not.

(See rule 40.)

CHECK OF ROAD METAL RETURNS IN THE DISTRICT ENGINEER'S OFFICE.

60. The quantities of road metal received or expended during a month shall be shown in the road metal returns shall be checked by the District Engineer and Accountant with the respective vouchers in which the charges for collection and consolidation have been paid. The discrepancies, if any, shall be promptly reconciled by reference to the subordinates concerned. The number and date of the vouchers in which the charges for collection and consolidation were paid shall be noted in columns 4 and 7 of the return against the item concerned by the Accountant.

61. Road metal should not ordinarily be transported from one place to another; it should be used on the spot where it was originally collected, except in the case of abandoned works. The collection of metal shall not be simultaneously done in the same or adjoining miles of a road.

CHAPTER V.

ACCOUNTS OF WORKS.

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62. (a) The expenditure on each work will be brought together from the certified copies of bills passed by the District Engineer and entered in the "works abstract" (Form No. 19), which shows the expenditure on the work under different sub-heads. In the case of works costing less than Rs. 2,500, it is not necessary that the expenditure should be shown under so many sub-heads and half sheets (Form No. 19-A) may be used. The abstract shall be supplemented by an account showing materials at site (Form No. 15).

(b) When finally completed in all respects, the work abstract shall be examined and signed by the District Engineer and any explanations necessary will be called for from the subordinates concerned.

REGISTER OF WORKS.

63. As soon as estimates are sanctioned, the amount of each sanctioned estimate, the allotment for the year and name of the work shall be entered in the register of works (Form No. 20). Any additions and reductions in the appropriations made during the year shall also be noted therein, each sub-head in the abstract estimate shall be numbered and the corresponding numbers entered in the register thus:—

- (1) excavation;
- (2) earthwork;
- (3) soling, etc.

NOTE.—The register of works shall be neatly indexed for ready reference.

64. In the case of original works and repairs, no item of estimate under Rs. 200 shall be separately detailed in the register of works and no work or repair estimated to cost less than Rs. 2,500 shall be accounted for by sub-heads, except in cases where the District Engineer may desire it.

65. When work done is actually measured and paid for, the expenditure under each head shall be entered in the approximate column. These particulars shall be posted from the works abstract.

66. When in case of emergency or to prevent loss or damage, expenditure is incurred on items of work for which provision has not been made in the sanctioned estimate for the work, the amount shall be separately shown in the work register, and not charged off against any other sub-head on which there may be a saving, and if sanction has not already been obtained in accordance with rule 31, part IX, it shall be applied for at once.

67. Monthly progressive totals of the expenditure shall be made in the register of works. The monthly total of expenditure will be written below the monthly total of progress under each sub-head and the rate for each sub-head worked out every month.

AMOUNTS DUE TO CONTRACTOR.

68. Amounts deducted from the bill for future payment shall be entered in the column "due to contractor" and when finally paid a "minus" entry shall be made in the same columns in order to reduce the liability.

AMOUNTS DUE FROM CONTRACTOR.

69. (a) If materials are purchased on behalf of contractors and made over to them, the value of materials shall be entered in the column "due from contractor." When the value is recovered by deduction from the contractors' bills, the amount shall then be deducted by a minus entry in the column "due from contractors."

(b) When on account of bad work by a contractor, it is necessary to incur expenditure for the same work through departmental agency the amount shall be entered in the column "due from contractor" and not under the sub-head to which the work belongs. Similarly the value of work not measured, but paid for, or any other similar amounts will be entered in the column "due from contractor."

When the contractor's next bill is received, the amount shall be deducted from the total of his bill, but shall be included in the register of works under the appropriate sub-head and the "total value of the work done" and deducted again as "due from contractor," a minus entry being made in that column.

NOTE.—All minus entries in the register of works shall be made in red ink.

MATERIALS AT SITE.

70. When materials are purchased for department works or for works for which the contract is for labour only, the value of such materials shall be entered in the column for "materials at site." When actually used, and not before, the value of the materials so used shall be included in the quantity of work done under the appropriate sub-head. The value shall then be deducted from the total again by a minus entry under "materials at site" which will thus only show the balance of unused materials.

SEE RULE 45.

71. When a work is completed, a double line in "red ink shall be ruled below the last entry, and the following note made:—"Work completed and completion report forwarded to the Chairman with No. , dated ."

WRITE-BACK ORDERS.

72. (a) Adjustments in the accounts of works shall be made—

(i) On the transfer of materials from one work to another and (ii) on the discovery of an erroneous charge which should, in a previous month, have been debited to some other estimate.

(b) The officer initialling the adjustment shall fill in an order for a write-back (Form No. 21) and forward it to the District Engineer's office where it shall be completed and approved by the District Engineer. Necessary entries shall then be made in the work abstract by District Engineer's Accountant.

(c) The order for the write-back shall then be sent to the Board's office for necessary corrections in the register or works bills (District Board Form No. 47).

WORKSHOP ACCOUNTS.

73. The Engineer or officer in charge of the workshop shall keep up a stock book (Form No. 22) of stores, apparatus, fittings, etc., received for use in the shop. This register shall be balanced and the stock, etc., in hand verified by the officer in immediate charge of the shop at such intervals as the Board may prescribe, but not less than once a year.

NOTE.—See rules 228 to 231 of the District Board account rules.

WORK REGISTER AND MUSTER-ROLL.

74. To enable a check to be kept upon work done in the workshop, the officer-in-charge shall keep up a work register in Form No. 23. He shall also keep up a muster-roll (Form No. 11) of the workmen.

75. The workshop stock book and the work register shall be examined not less often than once a month by the District Engineer or other officer in charge of public works, who shall sign the register in token of his having made this examination. This officer shall also at frequent and unexpected intervals check the muster-rolls.

MANUFACTURE ACCOUNTS.

76. (a) The manufacture or collection of materials shall, in all cases, be covered by an estimate showing the proposed outlay and the material to be received as outturn.

(b) Accounts of the manufacture or collection of materials will be rendered in works abstract exactly as accounts of works. In order to render these accounts intelligible, it will be necessary to be very careful to keep the account of each operation in a separate works abstract.

77. The outlay shall, in all cases, be shown under such sub-heads as will admit of direct check; for instance, in the manufacture of bricks, the sub-heads may be (1) moulding, (2) loading, (3) fuel, (4) unloading and sorting. In the manufacture of lime, the sub-heads may be (1) limestone or other material, (2) fuel, (3) labour in burning and so on in each different kind of manufacture. The sub-heads shall be fixed and defined so as to afford an opportunity of comparing the results of similar operations.

78. The quantity of material turned out shall be shown in the works abstract. The materials turned out will be priced at the estimated rates. The differences between the actual outlay and the value of the outturn shall be reported to the Board with the District Engineer's explanations and recommendations for orders. The expenditure of raw material will, of course, not be exactly covered in quantity by the outturn of manufactured goods; but care should be taken to see that the wastage is as small as possible.

79. The account of every operation shall be closed at least once in every year at the end of the working season, notwithstanding that the operations, such as brick making, may be estimated from year to year. In such cases, the operations of each season shall be treated as a separate work.

CHAPTER VI.

MISCELLANEOUS

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ACCOUNTS TO BE RENDERED TO THE DISTRICT BOARD'S OFFICE.

80. The District Engineer shall see that all the registers and accounts are completed not later than the 20th of the month following that to which the accounts relate.

81. The documents and accounts to be submitted by the District Engineer to the District Board's office are detailed below:—

- (a) Duplicate of imprest cash-book with vouchers, submitted from time to time as recoupment is required (*see* rule 13).
- (b) Certificates or bills for work executed or materials supplied after being duly checked and certified as correct (*see* rule 27).
- (c) Bills for the salaries of all establishments duly certified as correct.
- (d) Works abstracts for all original works and repairs in progress during the month. The District Board Accountant shall check the works abstracts with the register of work bills (District Board's Form No 17) (*see* rule 62).
- (e) A schedule or list of works abstracts (*see* rule 82)
- (f) Write-back orders (*see* rule 72).

CHECK OF SCHEDULE OF WORKS ABSTRACTS IN THE DISTRICT BOARD'S OFFICE.

82. A schedule of works abstracts (Form No. 24) shall be prepared from his own records by the District Engineer's Accountant and submitted to the District Board's office with the works abstracts. The total charges under each detailed head of account shall be shown separately in the schedule. The figures in the schedule shall be checked by the District Board Accountant with the entries in the monthly account of expenditure. The discrepancies, if any, shall be reconciled and the schedule shall, after being certified as correct, be returned by the Vice-Chairman to the District Engineer not later than the 30th of the month following that to which the accounts relate.

Miscellaneous Receipt.

No. _____, dated _____

Received from _____

the sum of rupees _____

on account of _____

Rs. A. P.

Figures

Receiving Officer.

Miscellaneous Receipt.

No. _____

Received from _____

the sum of rupees (in words) _____

on account of _____

Rs. A. P.

Figures

Date _____

Receiving Officer.

District Engineer's Form No. 3

NOTES.

1. The cash transactions of the District Engineer and his subordinates will be recorded in this simple form, which is kept in duplicate.

2. Each officer or subordinate with whom an imprest account is to be opened receives at starting, from the District Board or District Engineer, a round sum as a standing advance or imprest, which is at once entered in the account, the disbursements from this advance are entered daily as they are made, clearly and in full detail, and from time to time, as the imprest-holder finds it necessary the account is closed and balanced, the right hand half-page is cut off and sent to the officer from whom the imprest is held, the counter foil being retained by the disburser. This account is supported by the necessary vouchers numbered and tacked on so as to correspond with the order of the entries in column 2. Voucher No. The officer to whom the account is submitted, after carefully scrutinizing the account in regard to the propriety of the payments, the clearness and accuracy of the entries, and the sufficiency of the vouchers, reimburses the imprest holder the exact sum expended so as again to bring the imprest cash in hand up to the original amount.

3. The account will contain no entries of receipts other than reimbursements of expenditure nor any entries of expenditure, other than those paid directly by the imprest holder himself from the amount of his imprest. Consequently the fixed standard of imprest should never be exceeded.

4. To facilitate the extracting of the charges shown in the imprest cash book column 6 is provided to show the head under which each charge has to be classed. In order to prepare the charges for entry in the cash book, the entries will be abstracted (on the back of each working form) under the several heads in red ink by the District Engineer.

DISTRICT—

SUBDIVISION—

IMPREST CASH-BOOK No. -

Imprest Cash-Book of—

District Engineer's Form No. 8.

NOTES.

1. Works should be promptly measured up and paid for, running accounts being avoided as much as possible.

2. When the payee signs in the vernacular, the amount acknowledged should also be noted in vernacular as well as in English.

3. In the case of payees who can neither read nor write, the payee shall make his mark or impress his seal; the fact of the payment shall be certified to by the officer who pays, and by a witness of respectability.

4. If the bill is prepared by the officer authorised to make or order payment, a single signature will suffice.

5. A receipt stamp is required for every payment exceeding Rs. 20.

6. The amount acknowledged as received by the contractor must be entered in words and figures.

7. This form will not be used for payments on account or for settlement of running accounts. Form No. 3 is suitable for these purposes.

DISTRICT—

SUBDIVISION—

HEAD CHARGEABLE—

ESTIMATE NO.—

AMOUNT OF ESTIMATE—

PETTY CONTRACT BILL.

19

No. of this certificate—

Work abstract—

Agreement No.—

Page No. of contractor's ledger—

Name of work—

Name of contractor—

Authority—

REMARKS BY THE DISTRICT ENGINEER.

I certify that all necessary checks have been applied in my office.

Accountant.

District Engineer.

District Engineer's Form No. 8

Bill for work done when payment is made in full on the completion of the job

Unit	Items of work	Quantity.	Rate			Amount			Acknowledgment.
			Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
									Received payment of Rupees and paid on this account
									Contractor.
									Witness.
									Officer making the payment

CERTIFIED that the foregoing claim is correct that the necessary measurements were made by me on
and are recorded at page _____ of measurement book No. _____, and that the work has been satisfactorily
performed

Date

Officer preparing the bill

 { (Signature) _____
 (Hand) _____
Signature of officer passing
the bill

Date

Signature of contractor

* These words should be inserted in all cases, except when payment is made to a person who can neither read nor
write

District Engineer's Form No. 9.

Contractor's Ledger Book.

Dr.

Cr.

Name

Date

Rs

P. A. I

District Engineer's Form No. 10.

NOTES.

All bills and certificates received in the District Engineer's office should be entered in this register. It should show clearly (1st) the date of receipt of the bill; (2nd) the number of the bill; (3rd) for what work or service the bill is drawn; (4th) the name of the payee; (5th) the amount of the bill as presented; (6th) the amount of the bill as passed for payment; (7th) the date of return of the original bill to the payee; (8th) the date of receipt of certified copy from the District Board's office after payment; and lastly, the number of the day-book in which the charge is included.

Register of Bills.

Register of Bills received.

[illegible]

District Engineer's Form No. 11.

Name of work														Nominal Muster Roll									
Description of labourers.	Number.	Name.	Father's name.	Days.														Total.	Rate.	Amount.	Date of payment.	Initials and remarks of paying officer, or signature of labourer when he is able to write his name.	
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19					
Rs. A. P.																							
Grand Total of the Muster Roll																							

N.B.—The number of columns may be increased, if necessary, to allow for a full month's entries.

Certified that the above payments have been made in my presence on the dates noted against each.

(Signature)

Engineer, Supervisor, Overseer.

[illegible]

Alternative Certificate.

Certified that the work turned out is not unsceptible of measurement. I am, however, satisfied that it is worth the amount paid for.

Officer-in-charge.

Dated 192

Designation.

Statement of Receipts

No.

District Receipt

To

(Particulars of order for supplies or works)

Dated

Order completed on

District Engineer

Bill received on

Payment made on voucher No.

District Receipt

(Particulars of order for supplies or works)

Dated

District Engineer

District Engineer's Form No. 15.

NOTES.

1. This form will be used by vendors for materials supplied by them.
2. Dealers should be encouraged to send in their own bills in this form, and be supplied with printed forms for the purpose.
3. Purchases of materials are charged either to Tools and Plant or to specific works, and it will be necessary to obtain a separate bill for each of these classes of articles when one dealer supplies all.
4. The purchases for each particular work will be collected and accounted for in the work abstract of that work.
5. In making payments for materials, care should be taken that the District Engineer or his assistant has taken actual delivery of the stores (see column 7 in the form). An instance occurred in which a contractor received payment for a large quantity of coal deposited at a railway station; the contractor failed to pay the Coal Company and absconded; the Coal Company claimed the coal and maintained their position, as the coal had not been duly *delivered* into possession of Government.

DISTRICT—

SUBDIVISION—

HEAD CHARGEABLE—

ESTIMATE No.—

WORK ABSTRACT No.—

PAGE OF CONTRACTOR'S LEDGER—

Bill for materials.

REMARKS BY DISTRICT ENGINEER

District Engineer.

19

Dated the

CONTRACTOR'S OR SUPPLIER'S RECEIPT

Received Rupees ()

on account of materials detailed in this bill.*

Amount in vernacular

Witness

Stamp.

Signature of Contractor.

19

Dated the

* In the "Remarks" column, a bill is to be filled in as a full payment in settlement of all demands.

District Engineer's Form No. 14.

NOTES.

1 A register showing the purchases made during the year shall be kept up in this Form

DISTRICT—

SUBDIVISION—

MONTH—

*Register of purchases during the
year*

District Engineer's Form No. 15.

District

Subdivision

Head chargeable

Month 19.....

Name of work,

Subdivisional Officer.

Dated the 19.....

Remarks by District Engineer.

*District Engineer.**Accountant.*

District Engineer's Form No. 16.

NOTES.

1. When stores of any kind become unserviceable, a report thereof shall be made at once to the Chairman of the District Board in this form, as it is desirable to avoid keeping worthless materials on stock.

2. In the report shall be stated the period during which the articles have been in store or in use, and the cause of deterioration in full.

3. On receipt of the orders of the Chairman of the District Board as to the disposal of the articles, the District Engineer will promptly take the necessary action with regard to their disposal.

4. A similar form shall be used for reporting loss of, or damage to, stock.

**Report of the survey of stores
which have become unserviceable.**

No., dated 19 .

Submitted to the Chairman, District
Board, for orders.*District Engineer.*

No., dated 19 .

Returned to the District Engineer for
necessary action, as per orders noted
within.*Chairman, District Board.*

District Engineer's Form No. 17.

NOTES.

1. This return is posted, as regards column 4 "Correct balance brought over" from column 32 of the last return, and from the records of the transactions for transfer, sale, etc.

2. It will be found convenient to have complete lists prepared of all articles usually kept in store in each division, and to have the names printed in the order given in the lists, on slips to be pasted in column 3, "Name of article."

3. The return is completed by filling in the "Details" of Receipts and Issues, and the particulars of all articles entered in the columns "Receipts" and "Issues."

4. A certificate in the following form, signed by the officer in direct charge of the articles, should be given on the last page of the return :—

Certificate.

CERTIFIED that, with the exceptions noted, the articles shown in this return have, during the year ending 30th September 19 , been counted by me or the undermentioned officers.

*Subdivisional Officer.**District Engineer.*

DISTRICT—

SUBDIVISION—

*Balance return of Tools and Plant**under charge of**for the year ending 30th September 19 :*

District Engineer's Form No. 18.

NOTES.

1. This return of the disposal, mile by mile, of metal collected for consolidation should be prepared monthly by the subdivisional officer and forwarded by him to the District Engineer's office, where it will be recorded.

2. For permanent record in the subdivisional office, these forms will be bound in a book, loose sheets being submitted to the District Engineer monthly.

3. The balance of metal in each mile should be shown monthly, whether there are any transactions on it during the month or not.

DISTRICT—

SUBDIVISION—

*Statement of receipts, issues and balances
of road metal during the month of*

District Engineer's Form No. 19.
(Large sheet.)

NOTES.

This form of works abstract will be used for works the outlay of which is recorded by sub-heads.

2. The works abstract will be posted day by day from vouchers and adjustment transactions will be added at the end of the month, and the aggregate totals be posted by sub-heads in the register of works.

3. The particulars of the progress and the quantities of materials received and issued are obtained from a supplement furnished at the close of the month by the officer in charge of the work, the rates and value of the materials entered in this document being billed in the District Engineer's office.

DISTRICT—

SUBDIVISION—

Works abstract for the month of
19

Name of work

Authority

Page of register of works

If the work was completed this month,
here enter the word "Completed".

REMARKS BY DISTRICT ENGINEER.

(The District Engineer will note here whether he has examined the work, counted materials, checked measurements, or make any other remarks that he considers necessary.)

District Engineer.

District Engineer's Form No. 19.
(Large.)

WORKS ABSTRACT.

Appropriation Rs.
Modification

Name of work

Voucher number.	Year when same incurred.	Estimate No.	Total to end of	Month of	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. 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District Engineer's Form No. 19A.

(Half sheet.)

NOTES.

This form of work abstracts will be used for works not to be accounted for by sub-heads, and is intended to record the outlay on such works during the month and up to date. The manner in which it is to be posted and the information it should record are explained in the notes on the works abstract for works accounted for by sub-heads.

2. Below these notes a reference to any recorded measurements should be entered.

Reference to measurements.

DISTRICT—

SUBDIVISION—

Works abstract for the month of
19 .

Name of work

Authority

Page of register of works

If the work was completed during the
month here enter the word "Completed."

REMARKS BY DISTRICT ENGINEER.

(The District Engineer will note here whether he has examined the work, counted materials, checked measurements, or make any other remarks that he considers necessary.)

District Engineer.

District Engineer's Form No. 20.

NOTES.

DISTRICT _____

1. The Register of Works is the District Engineer's permanent and collective record of work done. The form has columns for quantity and cost of each head of sub-head of work done, and the last column gives the total cost.

2. The Register of Works should contain a record of every original work or repair, showing the expenditure, month by month, compared with the estimate, and in the case of works estimated to cost over Rs. 2,500, with the sub-head of the estimate.

3. The register will be supplied with an index which should be subdivided under the departmental heads and neatly kept for ready reference. The utmost punctuality should be observed in posting this register to date, i.e., the posting of the register should be complete when the monthly accounts are submitted.

4. In the case of original works the amount of appropriation for the year should be noted in the register at the top of the page after the authority for the works and any additions and reductions made during the year should also be noted in the same place.

5. When "supplementary" estimates are sanctioned, the items of sub-heads should be entered below those of the original estimate and both totalled.

6. When it is found necessary to have a revised estimate, the register of the original estimate should be closed, and the revised estimate entered on a fresh page, a reference to the page on which the original estimate to be found being entered.

7. When necessary, extra columns should be opened for "lines from contractors, etc."

8. The register of each work on which there has been expenditure during the month should be initialled by the District Engineer in the column set apart for the purpose in token of his having examined the entries and found them correct.

Register of Works.

District Engineer's Form No. 20.

REGISTER OF WORKS.

Name of work Authority Appropriation of the year, Rs.

Month, etc.	Quantity.	Amount.	Quantity.	Amount.	Quantity.	Amount.	Quantity.	Amount.	Quantity.	Amount.	Total value of work done.	Balance due by Contt. a/c.	MATERIALS AT SITE.		Balance due to Contractor.	Total charges.	Initials of District Engineer to transaction of the month.
													Receipts.	Issues.			
Estimate No. of 19-19.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Rate																	
Expenditure of previous year brought forward (if any).																	
April 19																	
Total																	
May 19																	
Total																	
June 19																	
Total																	
July 19																	
Total																	
August 19																	
Total																	
September 19																	
Total																	
October 19																	
Total																	
November 19																	
Total																	
December 19																	
Total																	
January 19																	
Total																	
February 19																	
Total																	
March 19																	
Total																	

NOTE.—When the work is completed, a double—d—line should be ruled below the final entries and a note made in red-ink thus:—

“Work completed on the

19

“Completion report submitted to the Chairman with

No.

dated

12

Accountant.

District Engineer.

District Engineer's Form No. 20A (half sheet).

NOTE.

DISTRICT—

1. This form should be used in the case of works not accounted for by sub-heads.

SURDIVISION—

*Register of Works (for works not
accounted for by sub-heads).*

District Engineer's Form No. 21.

NOTES.

1. Adjustments in accounts will be necessary—

(1) on the transfer of materials from one work to another,

(2) on the discovery of an erroneous charge which should, in a previous month, have been debited to some other estimate.

2. The officer initiating the adjustment will fill in an order for a write-back in Form No. _____ as far as he is able to do so, and forward it to the District Board office.

DISTRICT—

DIVISION—

*Order for a write-back in the
accounts for _____ 19 .*

District Engineer's Form No. 24.

DISTRICT BOARD

Schedule of Works Abstracts for

Submitted to the Chairman, District Board,
together with Work Abstract as per
schedule for record in his office.

District Engineer.

Dated 19 ..

No. 500 L.S.-G.—The 25th February 1920.—It is hereby notified that the District Board of the 24-Parganas have, under section 4 of the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895 (Bengal Act VIII of 1895), and notification No. 1569 L.S.-G., dated the 16th June 1919, elected the Subdivisional Officer of Barasat to be a member of the joint committee constituted under the said notification in respect of the scheme for improving the sanitary condition of the tract of country lying in the districts of the 24-Parganas, Nadia and Jessore which is served by the Jaboona river, and the boundaries of which were published in order No. 467 L.S.-G., dated the 12th February 1919. *vice* Mr. P. Sen, Subdivisional Officer, Sadar, resigned.

No. 542 M.—The 28th February 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 72 of the Calcutta Improvement Act, 1911 (Bengal Act V of 1911), the Governor in Council is pleased to re-appoint Mr. H. Sudlow to be an Assessor of the Tribunal constituted under the said section for the purpose of performing the functions of the Court in reference to the acquisition of land for the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, with effect from 1st March 1920.

No. 520 M.—The 27th February 1920.—The following draft order which the Governor in Council proposes to make in exercise of the power conferred by section 221 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th April 1920, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate and the Divisional Commissioner before that date will be duly considered.

Draft order.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 221 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and upon the application of the Commissioners of the Dhulian Municipality, in the district of Murshidabad, made in pursuance of resolutions passed at meetings specially convened to consider the question, the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of sections 236 to 241, 267, clause 5 of sections 270, 271, and clause 1 of section 273 of the said Act to the area of the said municipality, the boundaries of which are given below :—

North—River Bhagirathi from the Ghat line of the East Indian Railway up to the mouth of river Bagmari and then the river Bagmari up to thana.

East—The railway line up to the river Bhagirathi.

South—Bazartoli road from the pound to Tansuk Serogi's shop, then the Ghat station road up to Fazarali's house where it meets the Goalpara road, then Goalpara road up to where it crosses the Chandpur-Dhulian road, then Chandpur-Dhulian road up to where it meets the Dhulian-Ramnagar road, then Dhulian-Ramnagar road up to the point where it meets the Mirdhapara road, then Mirdhapara road till it meets the East Indian Railway line near Dhulian Ganj station.

West—School-tola Road from the thana to the pound.

No. 547M.—The 2nd March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 86 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the levy, by the Commissioners of the Nator Municipality, in the district of Rajshahi, under sub-section (1) of section 279 of that Act, of a water-rate within the Nator Municipality.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of the first proviso to section 279 of the same Act, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the water-rate shall not be levied upon any house or lands within the said municipality, no part of which lies within a radius of 1,000 feet from the nearest standpipe or other supply of water available to the public.

No. 537M.—The 27th February 1920.—Under rule 7 of the Local Authorities' Loans Rules, 1915, it is hereby notified for general information that the Governor in Council intends to sanction the following application from the Commissioners of the Krishnagar Municipality, in the district of Nadia, for a loan of Rs. 1,00,000 from Government, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum and repayable in twenty-five equal annual instalments of Rs. 7,822-10-9 each, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the said municipality.

In addition to the details required on the reverse, clear information should be given below under the following heads:—

(a) If the ordinary surplus is sufficient to meet the charges of the proposed loan, the particular steps which the municipality has taken, or has agreed to take, in order to make good the deficiency.

(b) The reserve of taxation or other possible means of increase in the revenues of the municipality.

(c) A statement of all outstanding loans specifying in respect of each loan the date when taken, the purpose very briefly, the amount, the annual charges involved, and the amount still payable.

(d) Any explanations in regard to receipts and expenditure to show the true financial position of the municipality when such position is otherwise than the ordinary surplus would indicate.

A water tax will yield sufficient amount to meet the charges of proposed loan. Rupees 24,000 will be the expected income which will be sufficient to meet both the remaining and loan charges.

Installation of water-supply scheme will possibly improve the sanitation of Krishnagar, so people will build new houses which will go towards the increase of income.

There is no outstanding loan.

The receipt of water tax on the whole will show a tendency to rise after completion of water-works scheme, as it is expected many people will come back to their ancestral houses who have left for malaria, etc.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

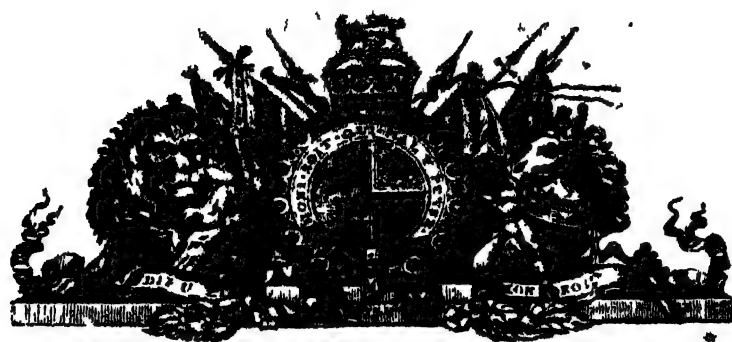
THE following return made by the Secretary to the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta is published in compliance with the provisions of clause 2 of section 58 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899:—

Mr. A. H. Lloyd, I.C.S., has been elected to represent the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta on the Calcutta Corporation in place of Mr. C. W. E. Cotton, I.C.S., resigned.

C. F. PAYNE,

Chairman of the Corporation.

CENTRAL MUNICIPAL OFFICE, the 26th February 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1920.

PART IC.

Educational Notices.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS, CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

NAMES of Munshis qualified to teach Urdu can be had on application to the undersigned. A complete list is published in the *Gazette of India* Part II.

O. F. JENKINS,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET,
CALCUTTA, the 31st October 1916.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The following students are re-awarded the vacant junior scholarships and stipends on the results of the Matriculation Examination of 1919:—

[They take effect from the 1st June 1919 for two years.]

BURDWAN DIVISION.

Special scholarships of Rs. 10 a month for Muhammadans.

- 1 Sheikh Abdulla Mahaz ... Kirnagar Sibchandra High School.

PRESIDENCY DIVISION (INCLUDING CALCUTTA TOWN).

Mohsin stipends of Rs. 5 a month each.

- 1 Mohamad Abul Hasan ... Calcutta Madrasah.

BURDWAN DIVISION.

- 1 Abul Wajed ... Kounagar High English School.
- 2 Sheikh Lutfar Rahoman ... Labpur J. L. High School.

DACCA DIVISION.

- 1 Syed A bul Fattah ... Barisal Zilla School.

CHITTAGONG DIVISION.

- 1 Khaja Ahamad ... Feni High School.

RAJBHARI DIVISION.

- 1 Sheikh Kader Baksh ... Malda Zilla School.

SPECIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FOR GIRLS.**Two of Rs. 15 a month each.**

- 1 Lilamayi Das Gupta ... Vidyamayee High School for Girls,
Mymensingh.
2 Sushama Sen Gupta ... Eden High School for Girls, Dacca.

Three of Rs. 10 each.

- 1 Jyotiprobha Ghosh .. Diocesan Collegiate School.
2 Amiya Bose ... Ditto.
3 Satadol Das ... U. F. C. Training and High School.

J. W. GUNN,

Asst. Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 28th February 1920.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.**NOTIFICATION.**

No. 1T B.— It is hereby notified for general information that the book entitled "Islam and the Ahmedis" by Maulvi Abdul Wadud, B.A., approved as a Library book under "English Literature" in notification No. 3T.B., dated 30th July 1919, is deleted from the list.

W. W. HORNEILL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 1st March 1920.

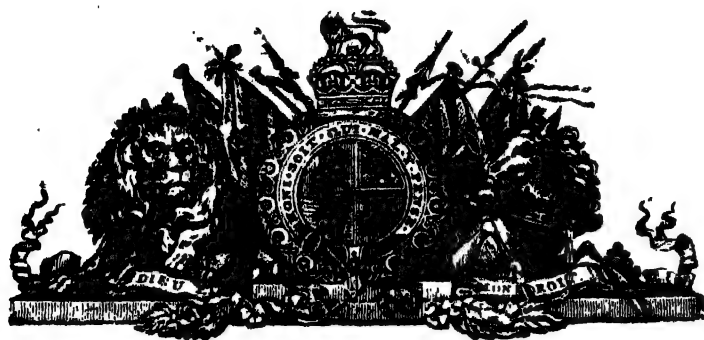
NOTICE.**BENGAL VETERINARY COLLEGE.**

CANDIDATES for admission into the Bengal Veterinary College should be present at the College at Belgachia, Calcutta, with necessary certificates, in original, as required in the rules, at 10 A.M. on 15th April 1920. Rules will be supplied free on application.

A. SMITH, COLONEL,

Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.

BELGACHIA, the 26th February 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1920.

PART II.

Advertisements.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz. the 12th March 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Nadia will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sad. or panna of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sad. or panna of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		RS. A. P.				RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
3185 a	Begamabad. pargana Begamabad.	.....	No	Annas 2 panna 8 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Doyendra Narayan Singha.	2,373 15 0	.....	376 0 0	Attached under order of Sub-Judge of Krishnagar in his money execution case No. 3 of 1917.

Krishnagar, the 13th February 1920.

M. N. BHATTACHARJEE, for Collector.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 12th January 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar, name of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
214	Ph. Battitaki, mahal Phulcheri.	Rs. A. P. 1,002 3 0	—	Residuary share, excluding S. A. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 & 6 only. The following mauzas will be sold— Mauzas— Sittibattitaki. Abhaya Mukundapur. Astidanger. Bain. Bhatbarh. Bhuyan. Bhotepo. Chhatrashtya. Dahuka. Dangarpura. Dasgram. Dugachak. Dharmachak. Dagerhe. Erbadanger. Phulbheri. Gurigarha chak. Gurhi. Gobinda chak. Gobindapur. Gopai bati. Jamaria. Joti. Kalankichota. Karsuli. Kalkachak. Kunarpore. Katu. Khagrachheri. Khandaichheri. Khushel. Lakhanda. Madhubari. Mahamad chak. Mohanandi chak. Mosagusa. Mukundapur hat. Palasidakhin. Radha Mohan chak. Ram chak. Raudengat. Saibani. Simulya. Sirachak. Soriba. Sonadhar chak. Srechandarpore. Tapala. Tala. Taldaha. Tilwahaupur. 9 a.s. 11 gds. 1 kl. 1 dt. share each of the above mauzas will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Srimulya Ramani Moul Dasi, guardian of Amulya Chandra Jena and another, minors.	Rs. A. P. 954 3 2	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 73 2 3	Rs. A. P.

Midnapore, the 27th November 1919.

A. W. Cook, Collector.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that, unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 26th March 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th June at 12 o'clock for the said arrears :—

N. B.—When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar name of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Name of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar name of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
314	Ph. Battakhi, m. Phulbhery.	1,602 3 0	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 only. Sa. 11g. 1 k. 1 dt. share of the following each of the mauzas will be sold :— Mauzas Shibbatikhi, Abhoyananda-pur, Adidangar, Bija, Bhatbarh, Bhujan, Bhojpur, Chutrisbaya, Duhaka, Dangaipara, Dasagram, Dargae ak, Dhamachak, Bhagerya, Kerdangar, Fulbhery, Garhgarhiyachak, Gurhi, Gobindachak, Gobindapur, Gopalbarh, Jamaria, Joti, Kalankichhata, Korauli, Kahkuchak, Kuarpur, Korum, Khagrabhery, Khandabhera, Lihurati, Lakshanda, Madhubarh, Manamachak, Manamandichak, Masgum, Mukundapurhat, Palasidakhia, Rodhamahonechak, Ramchak, Ramdangar, Subauli, Simulya, Suruchak, Surhi, Samudhachak, Srichandrapur, Tapala, Tala, Taladaha, Tribhuvanpur. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Hanuman Mani Dasiguardian of Amulya Chandra Jana and another minor.	994 3 2	.....	329 5 0	.....
2246	Ph. Sabang, m. Mo. m.	1,302 1 0	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. No. 1. No share of the estate will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Krushna Das Mondal and another.	651 0 6	.....	112 0 0	.....

Midnapore, the 17th February 1920.

A. W. Cook, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate and shares of estates in the district of Tippera will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920, at 12 o'clock, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar name of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Name of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar name of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
2690	Delaia Charipara mauza, ph. Bardakhali Meadi Pattani Taluq.	1, 7 8 7	Whole	.....	Nabun Chandra Bhudra	...	4 14 2	...
2703	Daulatpur Jowar, ph. Bardakhali Tape Kurikhal.	2,437 10 2	Do.	.....	Fahad Ali	...	1,145 18 10	...
2704	Dhanapati Khala Jowar, pn. Bardakhali.	2,616 0 0	Do.	.....	Ram Gopal De	...	230 11 6	...
2732	Tinehita Jowar, ph. Bhardakhali.	910 3 9	Do.	.....	Jagabandhu Son	...	411 4 11	...
2734	Tamptaputia Jowar, ph. Bhardakhali.	2,839 3 6	Do.	.....	Bala Gasi Bhui	...	237 9 10	...

Cowilla, the 17th February 1920.

D. H. WARE, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Midnapore, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share:—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Name of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
813	Ph. Batitski, m. Palsigra.	630 1 8	ntie	.....	Jotindra Behari Datta and others.	.....	16 3 8	.....
1014	Ph. Kosi, orah, m. Rajnagar.	1,100 12 6 (including police.)	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1 to 4. 11a, 3gd, 2, 2kt. share of the estate will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandhuri Dvarika Nath Maity and others.	778 4 5 (including police.)	.....	0 10 10
2031	Ph. Protapbhan m. Kolabari.	6,229 9 9	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 only. The following shares of the mauzas will be sold:— Mauza— A. chak Abadi chak 4 14 Adam chak 0 14 Ama 4 14 Bighambar 4 14 Bicham chak 4 14 Belichak 3 4 Bhanabhandi 0 14 Fand chak 5 9 Gangra 4 14 Gobardhanpur 3 4 Gobinda chak 3 4 Gokulpur 1 9 Gopal chak 4 4 Ghorasalya chak 2 4 Husen chak 5 9 Jumbo 5 9 Joki chak 0 14 Kankai 5 9 Kallika chak 5 9 Kembh chak 1 9 Korabari 4 14 Kharan 1 9 Luch' thau 4 14 Narongpur 1 9 Nayabua 4 14 Oyad chak 5 9 Oadpur chak 1 9 Paschim Sai 5 9 Purnottampur 1 9 Raghunathpur 5 9 Raul chak 5 9 Ranbu 4 14 Ran chak 1 9 Sat Sanda 0 14 Sultan chak 1 14 Taghori 0 14 Umu 6 4 Krishnapur 1 9 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandhuri Radha Nath Pahari and others.	1,176 1 3	.....	261 2 11 (September 1918 and January 1920).
2437	Ph. Sahapur, m. Hasimpur.	1,014 10 6 (including police.)	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1 and 2 only. The following shares of the mauzas will be sold:— Mauza— Abasagar Gomang 16 Beguni 16 Chak Kumar 16 Hasimpur 16 Barnachintu 16 Nij Hasimpur 16 Toradighi 16 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Bhattacharya Das and others.	708 8 10	.....	9 15 7

Midnapore, the 17th February 1920.

A. W. Cook, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Birbhum will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 12 A.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar panna of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar panna of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4	Bentham, pargana Senbhum.	41216 1 9	...	Separate account No. 29, 4gds. 1, 7 dantis share of mouza Barpu, Radhanagar, Jungletowpahar, and Jungletowpahar, 1gd. 1, 3 kgs. 3 rds. share of mouza Gobindapur, Baidulganj, Nawabad, Mangra and Simona chak and 4 aas. share of Mohul, Kherlapur, Abharapur, Baranashpur, Nawaipur, Bhabhu chak, Pirojpur, Khaurpur, Atar Anpur, Kasimnagar, Hanpur, chak Bahari and Gajidanga. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale.	Prananda Singh and others.	704 15 11	...	306 1 1
31	Parandarpur, Parandarpur.	6,306 1 0	...	Residuary share 2a. 10gds. share of the whole estate except S. A. Nos. 1 to 6. All other shares and others than that specified will be excluded from sale.	Nritya Gopal Bhattacharya and others.	985 5 3	...	39 5 7

Suri, the 21st February 1920.

H. C. Bose, for Collector

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Burdwan will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands for January 1920 kist, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar panna of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar panna of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
18	Gidhigram, Arsha.	7,310 5 0	...	Residuary share 7as. 10gds. 3k. 1 danti is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Sondantia Das and others.	2,604 5 0	...	4 14 2
21	Mahata, Bagha.	11,677 0 0	...	Residuary share 13as. 10gds. 1k. 24danti is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Madhab Lal Misra and others.	10,081 9 9	...	341 8 4
28	Nezampur, etc., pargana Samarsuli.	1,159 6 8	Whole estate is to be sold.	.....	Brojenra Lal Das and others.	.....	284 4 4	.....
6170	Dahukadanga, pargana Sahabad.	6,421 15 3	...	Residuary share 5 annas is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Mon Mohini Das	3,210 15 3	.....	1,197 10 7

Burdwan, the 19th February 1920.

M. H. B. LETHBRIDGE, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, read with section 11 of Act, VII (B.C.) of 1868, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Noakhali will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

N.B.—When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tanzil No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		RS. A. P.		<i>Khet Mahal Tenures</i>		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
1674	Nalchira, Tenure No. 1	14,617 14 0	Whole	.....	Mouzzam Ha-sain Choudhury.	.....	Rent— 7,268 15 0 Cess— 475 15 0 7,734 14 0	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No. 1.	2,399 7 0	Do.	.....	Sumari Azamshewar Choudhury.	.....	Rent— 1,218 9 6 Cess— 83 0 0 1,301 9 6	.....
1676	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No. 21.	118 6 0	Do.	.....	Gagan Chandra Shikder and others.	.....	Rent— 271 3 0 Cess— 75 4 0 246 7 0	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure 49.	202 9 0	Do.	.....	Henn Mea and others	.....	Rent— 201 7 0 Cess— 18 2 0 222 9 0	.....
1676	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No. 62.	1,132 11 0	Do.	.....	Do.	.....	Rent— 480 2 0 Cess— 28 11 6 488 13 6	.....
1686	Char Alexandra, Tenure No. 1.	761 4 0	Do.	.....	Souzal Hoo Mea and others.	.....	Rent— 309 4 0 Cess— 38 8 0 347 12 0	.....

Noakhali the 16th February 1920.

R. M. DAS, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Jessore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 24th March 1920, at noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tanzil No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		RS. A. P.		A. G. C. K.		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
5041-1	Dold Kurua pargana Rajpur.	.....	No.	16 3 1 1	Rai Kamalini Debta and others.	885 12 0	.....	55 9 54

Jessore, the 17th February 1920.

J. C. MAZUMDAR, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Pabna will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 24th March 1920, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue :—

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tauzi number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	Dehi Bhadrabat, pargana Isfahahi.	1,951 8 0	Whole ...	.....	Aghore Kumar Gangopadhyaya.	.....	494 0 9	.....
208	Chak Goldindapur, pargana Katermehal.	1,380 0 0	.....	* Reddary share 6 as, 1 gal, 2 c, 2 kg 13½ lb share of (1) Beldikima, (2) Durgam Bakshi chak kimat, Pandua, (3) Gureswar kimat, (4) Ghoregon kimat, with chak Harimapur, 8 as, 16 gds, 2 c, 2 k, 15½ lb of Gobindapur chak, 1 a, 14 gds, 1 c, 1 kg, 6½ lb share of Shujua with chak Frankrishna Sidhanta.	Suresh Chandra Lahiri and others.	607 12 0	.....	20 11 3
104	Pargana Islampur ...	24,329 3 0 Police, 270 15 0	.....	* S. A. No. 2, 2 as, 13 gds, 1 c, 1 kt, share of the estate Arkandi, Awas khandia Biman Putanuri alias Natanpur, Biswanthpur, Baikhanpur, Lakshimpur, Makampur diara.	Devendra Narayan Singh.	4,054 12 3 Police, 45 3 0	.....	1,616 11 9 Police, 12 7 0
104	Ditto ...	24,329 3 0 Police, 270 15 0	.....	* S. A. No. 3, 2 as, 13 gds, 1 c, 1 kt, share of the estate.	Narendra Narayan Singha.	4,054 12 3 Police, 45 2 0	.....	200 4 9
115	T. Bhareen, pargana Bazarish Nazarpur.	916 15 0	.....	* Reddary share, 16 as, share of Juma, Bhawan and Mahadeban and Jote Khalsu.	Jaludin Khan and others.	662 7 0	.....	87 15 9

* All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.

Pabna, the 12th February 1920

S. C. Sen, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Dinajpur, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
120	Estate Kachua, pargana Batauan. (কচি কচুয়া)	778 1 4	Yes ...	.....	Kumar Basuwal Mukunda Deb.	.....	187 0 0	.....

Dinajpur Collectorate, the 20th February 1920.

H. G. Bloomfield, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, read with section 11 of Act VII (B. C.) of 1868, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Noakhali will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 A.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue:—

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tauzi number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.		<i>Estates.</i>		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
14	Sundwip, Hissey 4a 2g. 1k., tarap (bhabani pargana Sundwip)	19,398 6 10	Share ...	Separate account No. 1, hissey 2 a. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandra Sekher Datta Tewari and others.	2,424 12 5	.....	Land Revenue— 622 3 7 Less— 693 3 0 1316 6 7
208	Sak Char, pargana Zaidpur	2,034 0 0	Whole ...	.....	Safulla as father guardian of Asiol Haq and others.	.....	Land revenue— 41 10 0 Less— 500 1 3 541 11 3	.....
210	Niz Sundwip, pargana Sundwip.	22,435 0 0	Share ..	Separate account No. 1, hissey 1 a. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandra Sekher Datta Tewari and others.	1,402 3 0	.....	Land Revenue— 18 2 8 Less— 216 3 4 654 6 10
1502	Thak Mahlad Sola anna.	1,095 4 0	Whole ...	.....	Bham Sanker Datta Tewari and others.	.....	Land revenue— 0 6 7 Less— 7 13 1 8 3 8	.....

Noakhali, the 16th February 1920.

R. M. DAS, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Nadia will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tauzi number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
491	Sadipur, Rajpur.	.....	No ...	2 a. 12 gds. 1 c. and 1 kanti. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Deb Kumari Das, executrix to the estate of Purna Chandra Mustafi and Torak Das Das, mother, on behalf of Kali Das Pal and others, minors.	3,943 16 8	.....	182 10 8
491	Ditto	.....	No ...	1 a. 6 gds. 2 c. 2 kanti. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	1. Deb Kumari Das, executrix to the estate of Purna Chandra Mustafi. 2. Sarat Chandra Mustafi and others.	1,521 15 10	.....	92 13 7
871	Nuedapara, Sahadulal.	976 0 0	Whole ...	.....	Siva Sundari Dasgupta	.....	207 0 0	.....

Krishnagar the 13th February 1920.

M. N. BHATTACHARYA, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Rangpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920, at 11 A.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

N.B.—When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share:—

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
42-1	Kasirhat, biswa 4 annas, pargana Ghakir Kasirhat.	Rs A. P. 10,435 6 4	No	One anna four paise share of the estate. Separate account No. 1. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Hormoti Debi wife of Raj Kumar Ghoshal.	Rs A. P. 869 9 8	Rs A. P. ...	Rs. A. P. 224 12 9
42-4	Ditto	10,435 6 4	No	Two annas share of the estate with the exception of manzags — (1) Porhapukur kismat. (2) Manthana kismat. Two annas share of manzags Porhapukur kismat and Manthana kismat. Separate account No. 4. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	1. Jnanoda Debi. 2. Mohamad Anaulah Sha Chowdhuri. 3. Mohammad Rohimulla Sha Chowdhuri. 4. Mohammad Naimullah Sha Chowdhuri. 5. Mohammad Aminullah Shah Chowdhuri. 6. Mohammad Hafizullah Sha Chowdhuri.	1,904 6 10		309 3 3
42-5	Ditto	10,435 6 4	No	Eight paise share of the mahal. Separate account No. 5. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Laxshmi Sashi Debi, mother and guardian of Satangini Debi, Ahobait of Baghunath 1 graha	534 14 0		117 6 6
505	Bengli, O'payra's manzags, pargana Peri Khulisha	847 8 8	Whole estate	16 annas share	1. Sarat Kamini Debys 2. Ananda Charan Roy 3. Satish Chandra, (topal Chandra and Khitish Chandra Roy 4. Bindoy Mohini Dasgupta and Satish Chandra Roy, guardians on behalf of Charu Chandra Roy and Profulla Chandra Roy 5. Olau Ra Kishore Roy		40 8 4	

Rangpur, the 18th February 1920

J. C. Sen, for Collector

Notification of sale.

NOTICE is hereby given under Sections 6 and 13 of the Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of 24 Parganas, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
306	Debi Medan mulla pargana Medanmola.	Rs. A. P. 1,307 1 0	Whole estate.	.....	Lotful Khabir and others.	...	Rs. A. P. 395 6 04	-
487	Abad Simulberia and others, Pargana Panchakul.	560 8 8	Do	-	Abdal Rahman Khan	...	243 11 3	-

Alipore, the 21st February 1920.

HEM CHANDRA CHATTERJI, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 15th March 1920 at 12 A.M., for arrears of revenue defaulted during the kist ending the 26th December 1919 and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share—

No.	Name of mahal and jagann.	Size (area of whole estate)	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the arrear share of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
47	Th. Satkania (f. Abul Faisal)	145 3 7	Whole		Abdul Wahed Khan and others		201 7 6	
316	Th. Towal and Shikunq of Bakulali.	976 14 0	Share	Residuary share with extent of interest 10% up 17kts. will be sold	Jakerail Chaudhuri and others	604 8 0		274 12 9
478	Th. Hathazari, Raoson, Patisa Town and Fali k chori of Brindaban Chaudhuri	2468 9 7	Do	Residuary share with an extent of interest 6% will be sold	Himangshu Bimal Das and others	922 8 6		466
943	Th. Raoson (f. Fali k sing).	2268 5 0	Whole		Shri Mathuria Dey for minor son Raj Narayan Hazari		295 7 6	
1143	Th. Satkania (f. Manza Harina, f. Mangal Ram Hazari)	692 19 0	Do		Md. Jatu Bahadur		278 0 2	
1238	Th. Fativa, Hathazari Raoson and Town (f. Hussain)	2266 15 3	Share	Residuary share with an extent of interest, 10% up 17kts. will be sold	Ramdhon Choudhuri and others	1308 8 10		269 14 8
1249	Th. Satkania, Banakhal, Patisa C. 9, Anwar of Imambakhia.	69 0 8	Share		Abdul Raup Khan and another.		115 11 10	
1740	Th. Patisa, Satkania (f. Muhammad Ali and Roshun Ali)	2461 9 6	Share	Residuary share with an extent of interest 6% will be sold	Dhirendra Lal Gupta for self and for Sachindra Kumar Gupta and others	1,308 8 4		561 12 10
1479	Do	2,463 3 6	Do.	Share No. 3 Upendra Lal Gupta and others to the extent of interest 6% will be sold	Upendra Lal Gupta self and for Mananka Shekar Gupta and others	1,308 8 4		591 12 9
1634	Th. Satkania, Misvari, Hathazari, Patisa, Raoson, Town Raosonia, Panchkhal and Satkhanda (f. M. Arshad Syed)	942 8 0	Whole		Bishu Bhushan Das and others		210 2 0	
20176	Th. Ramoo M. Misra (f. M. Misra and Kamari)	618 8 6	Do		Rajada Kripa Lal		226 12 2	
33641	Th. Chikaria M. D. Isahara (f. M. D. Isahara son of late Dabi Isahara of Gairala).	1,027 0 0	Do		Agarai Ali Sikdar and others.		262 11 6	

Chittagong the 29th January 1920

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Faridpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 11 A.M. for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
230	Panchush Hasari, pargana Kusimnagar.	3,682 7 0	Whole ...	.....	Surendra Nath Saha and others.	.....	116 7 0	.....
2426	Zamindari Thekur Das, Ram Das Goswami, pargana Satdr.	42,633 7 4	No ...	Residuary or separate account No. 2 to the extent of 6 annas share of the estate. The following shares of the above estate are excluded from sale— Separate account No. 1, 6 annas share Ditto " 3, 2 " " Ditto " 4, 2 " "	Norondra Krishna Oshakraverty, neebait of goddess Bhubaneswari Debi, Shibalinga Shalgram, Chandru Bigrata and others.	15,927 8 9	.....	2,802 11 11
2436	Ditto	42,633 7 4	No ...	Separate account No. 4 to the extent of 2 annas share of the estate. The following shares of the above estate are excluded from sale— Residuary or separate account No. 2, 6 annas share. Separate account No. 1, 6 annas share Ditto " 3, 2 " "	Jogendra Nath Saha Chandhury and others.	5,329 2 11	.....	934 8 10
6448	Tazpur, pargana Jalalpur.	960 0 0	Whole	.....	Memon Howladar and others.	.....	225 0 0	.....

B. K. GHOSH, for Collector.

Faridpur, the 12th February 1920.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Hugh, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920 at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
358	Mallick Hatt, pargana Boro.	2,326 13 0	Nil ...	Nil. 18gda. ...	Achutosh Gossain and 4 others.	777 0 4	Nil ...	76 6 7
4083	Kalpukhuri, pargana Jahanabad.	13,318 0 0	Do. ...	2as. 13gda. 1c. 1k. share of entire estate except manza Kalpukhuri, Dehkhanda and Mamudpore.	Nagendra Nath Roy and 3 others.	1,708 3 11	Do. ...	80 7 6

Hugh Collectorate, the 14th February 1920.

K. L. MOOKERJEE, for Collector.

Notice of Sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XIV of 1859, read with Act VII (B. C.) of 1868 and Act II (B. C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk, within the Cox's Bazar khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919.—

No. of tenure.	Name of manza thann and mahal	Name of talukdar.	SADAR JAMA		AMOUNT OF ARREARS FOR WHICH THE TENURE IS TO BE SOLD.		
			Rent	Cesses	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1 ¹⁸⁹ 8	Thana Tokuf mauza Teknaf, Noabad taluk Patih Chowdhuri.	Srimati Khema Chowdhuri and Srimati Khabakul Chowdhuria, daughter of Thaw Chowdhuri of Teknaf.	1,374 1 2	22 15 0	428 11 0	22 8 0	450 3 0
3 ⁵⁰⁹ 6	Thana Teknaf mauza Lengurbihi, Noabad taluk Thaw Chowdhuri	Ditto ..	708 0 0	44 4 6	200 0 0	16 2 4	216 2 4
60-84	Thana Ramoo, mauza Patil Masuaki all Noabad taluk Kar Mohammad	Chandra Kumar Patil, son of Gohardhan Patil of Saria	910 5 0	85 10 3	570 11 6	50 9 0	621 4 6
72-101	Thana Ramoo, mauza Patil Masuaki, Noabad taluk Samad Ali	Nur Muhammad son of Harban Ali Chowdhuri, of Patil Masuakiali	901 3 0	101 0 6	289 7 0	22 11 6	312 2 6
90-122	Thana Ramoo mauza Kharulla, Noabad taluk Bakshi Ali	Wared Ali Chowdhuri, Sher Ali Chowdhuri, sons of, and Srimati Rohimanema Chowdhuria, daughter of Mohabat Ali Chowdhuri of Jaldi, thana Benikhal	688 9 0	44 6 9	260 5 8	27 11 6	288 1 0
302 ²⁹² 306	Thana Chakaria mauza Baraltail Noabad taluk Ali Moham a	Sarada Kripa Lala son of Pranhari Lala, of Papadia	1,509 12 0	323 2 3	459 15 0	107 3 0	1,567 3 0
303 ³⁰¹ 307	Thana Chakaria, mauza Harbhanga Noabad taluk Mobarak Ali	Aher Ali Khan son of Ajamala Khan of Harbhanga	929 14 0	95 9 0	232 8 0	31 0 0	263 8 0
304 ²⁹⁵ 308	Thana Chakaria mauza Harbhanga Noabad taluk Lal Mohamud	Nural Hada Khan, Sham-sul Huda Khan, minor son of Srimati Joyntab Khatun Srimati Terba Khatun minor daughter of Sultan Amir Ali Khan, guardianship of his uncle Solomon Khan son of Ajamala Khan, of Harbhanga, and another	1,446 14 0	185 1 6	185 14 0	25 5 2	211 3 9

Chittagong the 28th January 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Notice of Sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6 of Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B. C.) of 1868 and Act II (B. C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluks within the Satkania khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919.—

Number	Name of manza thann and mahal	Name of proprietor	SADAR JAMA		AMOUNT OF ARREARS FOR WHICH THE TENURE IS TO BE SOLD.		
			Rent	Cesses	Rent	Cesses	Total
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
402	Thana Banekhal, mauza Pate ari, mahal Noabad taluk Mobarakali and Bakshi Ali	Karamat Ali Chowdhury, son of Anwar Ali Chowdhury, of Pichari and Sherail Khan of Harbung	3,125 0 0	463 0 6	761 4 0	115 8 6	876 12 6
5415 4796	Thana Satkania, mauza Baraltaila mahal Noabad, taluk Lal Md Duroga	Sarada Kripa Lala and Girja Kripa Lala sons of Pran Hari Lala, of Papadia	1,002 12 0	144 0 9	36 15 0	26 0 3	121 12 3
5474 5089	Thana Satkania mauza Fabar-chanda, mahal Noabad taluk Nilmani	Srimati Bibibi Chowdhuri, wife of Abdul Bari Khan and Abdul Rouf Khan, of Garangia, Jagat Chandra Bhattacha ji of Chauhara	651 10 0	109 1 0	407 4 3	85 2 6	475 8 9
5239 5017	Thana Satkania mauza Charamba, mahal Noabad taluk Kalikracer	Lalla Chandra Chowdhury Parma Chandra Chowdhury, sons of Ham Saran Chowdhury and Pran Hari Chowdhury of Charamba	1,965 12 0	147 10 3	478 4 6	26 14 6	515 8 0

Chittagong, 28th January 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluks within the Sadar khas mahal in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 16th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919 :—

Serial No.	Number of taluk.	Name of taluk with its situation.	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA.		ARREARS.		
				Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	856 26134	Thana Town, mauza Bakolia, taluk Ahmad Ali.	Munshi Mostharaf Ali and Abdul Aziz and others.	1,756 4	233 9 6	7 5 3	52 12 3	80 1 6
2	4530 23864 586	Thana Mirsarai, mauza Joypurbajour, taluk Aminullah.	Prasanna Kumar Kar and Kali Kumar and others.	693 2	109 12 6	49 15 1	0 8 6	42 5 6
3	4572 23878	Thana Fatickechary, mauza Juvkhola, taluk Kyerahi Khan.	Sri. Latifa Khatun Chowdhurani.	2,473 12	231 13 6	618 8 0	57 10 0	676 2 6

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

Notice of sale for arrear of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B. C.) of 1868, Act II (B. C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within the Patiya khas mahal in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 16th day of March 1920 for arrear of rent and cess remaining unpaid on 26th December 1919.

Number of taluks	Name of tenure with situation.	Name of proprietor.	ANNUAL JAMA.		ARREARS.		
			Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1 6748 6749 392	Thana Patiya, mauza Dhopachari, taluk Keramat Ali and Kandapurce.	Khanzadpur Jataraj, son of Banang Chalapurno of Banderban.	141 0 0	177 8 0	11 0 0	44 6 0	255 6 0

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B. C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within Roazan khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 25th December 1919.

Serial No.	Number of taluk.	Name of taluk with its situation.	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA.		ARREARS.		
				Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	4440 31899	Mauza Dehipur, Kadamtali thana, Ranguni mahal, Noabad taluk Kaluda Barna.	Ramesh Charan Roy and others.	612 13 0	51 2 3	240 3 0	12 12 6	252 15 6

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong the 28th January 1920.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land no longer required by Government situated along the Ranaghat-Khulna Eastern Bengal Railway, in the district of Jessore, will be put up to sale at 12-30 o'clock on Friday, the 9th of April 1920, corresponding with the 27th Chaitra, 1326 B. S., at Bongaon subdivisional office.

The purchasers of the several plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavation on the land nearer than fifteen feet from the railway boundary or to plough the land nearer than three feet from the same.
- 2nd—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale reckoning the date of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.
- 4th—The plots of land will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders.
- 5th—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Commissioner confirming the sale.

Consentive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. C.	Acres in decimals.	Reasons for exclusion.	Acres in decimals.		
1	Jessore...	Pargana Jaypur, mauza Ohlaghuria.	21 to 22	South ...	4 16 3	1'59	...	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2. South—By Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
2	Do. ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	29 1 6	9'61	...	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Jogendra Nath Ghose's land, Itishbar Madak's bamboo garden, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's jack fruit garden, Hishbar Madak's land, Narayan Biswas' land. South—By Satis Mondal's land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Hishbar Madak's land, Rajendra Nath Ghose's land, Matilal Ray Chaudhury's land, Hishbar Madak's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 3. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 1.
3	Do. ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	32 5 4	7'37	...	...	...	North—By Narayan Biswas' land, Bholanath Sardar's land, Mahim Sardar's land, Panchanan Chatterji's plantain garden, Bhuban Mondal's land, Narayan Mondal's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4. South—By Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2.
4	Do. ...	Ditto ...	23 to 23	Do. ...	34 18 8	8'24	...	...	...	North—By Ramulal Ray Chaudhury's land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Adhar Biswas' land, Mahanath Ghose's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 5. South—By Kail Mondal's land, Narayan Mondal's land, Adhar Mondal's land, Keshab Sardar's land, Mohim Sardar's land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
5	Do. ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	14 0 1	4'63	...	...	...	North—By Maham Lal Ghose's land, Sarada Chandra Ray Chaudhury's land. East—By the Kodla river. South—By Jogendra Ghose's land, Bhim Sardar's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
6	Do. ...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Perojpur.	22 to 23	Do. ...	7 16 1	2'29	...	...	...	North—By Fakir Chand Kapali's land, Kedar Mondal's land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Itishbar Mondal's land, Jabadali Khansama's land and the river Kodla. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7. South—By Jabadali Khondkar's land, Ahad Mondal's land, Sajjan Mondal's land, Jabadali Khondkar's land, Fakir Chand Kapali's land. West—By the river Kodla.
7	Do. ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	24 6 6	6'04	...	...	...	North—By Mathura Mohan Biswas' land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Jabadali Khansama's land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Natu Paramanik's land, Kedar Kapali's land, Ahad Mondal's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8. South—By Jabadali Khansama's land, Kaffi Mondal's land, Ahad Mondal's land, Natu Paramanik's land, Fakir Chand Kapali's land, Kedar Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 6.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN HIGHS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. C.	Acres in decimals.	Reasons for exclusion.	Acres in decimals.		
8	Jessore...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Perajpur.	22 to 23	South ...	21 18 3	7 24	...	...	...	North—By Nur Mohammad's bamboo garden, Jadedall Khansama's land, Karim Sah Fakir's land, Fakir Ohand Sardar's land and bhagar. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2. South—By Fakir Ohand Kapali's land, Karim Dakea Sah's land, Jadedall Khondkar's land and Petrapole Baor. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7. North—By Bhubai Biwas' land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 10. South—By Haran Mondal's land, Nur Muhammad Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8.
9	Do ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	7 10 11	2 64	...	...	...	North—By Bhubai Biwas' land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 10. South—By Haran Mondal's land, Nur Muhammad Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8.
10	Do. ...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Petrapole.	22 to 23	Do. ...	9 17 3	3 26	...	...	...	North—By Haran Mondal's land, Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land. South—By Nur Mohammad Mondal's land, Haran Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 9.

Jessore, the 3rd February 1920.

J. K. BISWAS, for Collector.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 24th February 1920.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
		Rs.	A. P.			Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up ...	...	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities ...	...	7,67,24,861	0 0
Reserve Fund ...	Rs. 2,00,00,000 0 0			Other authorized Investments ...	...	1,33,46,880	0 0
Transfer to special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, see below ...	25,00,000 0 0	1,75,00,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities ...	...	13,16,84,785	5 8
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments ...	25,00,000 0 0			Accounts of credit on ditto ditto ...	...	5,71,60,305	13 7
Public deposits at Head Office ...	Rs. 7,71,87,333 9 2			Bills discounted and purchased ...	...	3,99,37,909	7 10
Ditto ditto at Branches ...	1,31,69,784 15 11	2,03,47,118	9 1	Balances with other Banks ...	...	49,91,829	2 5
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches ...	30,28,02,886	10 5		Bullion ...	...	
Bank Post, Bills, etc. ...	22,88,032	2 1		Dead Stock ...	...	28,98,606	7 2
Sundries ...	44,48,600	2 7		Stamps ...	...	15,771	0 0
				Sundries ...	...	7,68,107	11 0
		43,98,87,587	0 2			32,72,23,956	15 8
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office* ...	Rs. 5,60,94,495 2 7		
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches† ...	Rs. 5,75,69,136 5 11	11,26,63,631	8 6
						48,98,87,587	8 2

* Includes Sovs. & † Sovs : value Rs. 3,84,907 8 0

† Do do. do. ,, 5,18,287 8 7

Rs. 9,08,195 0 7

Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent.
Percentage 28-17.BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 26th February 1920.C. M. TALLACK,
Chief Accountant.By order of the Directors,
N. H. MATHISON,
Offg Secretary and Treasurer.

(568-1)

In the First Court of the Subordinate Judge of 24-Parganas.

PRESENT :

Babu Durgaprosad Ghosh, Sub-Judge.

EXECUTION CASE No. 168 OF 1919.

Bopin Behari Bose, decree-holder *versus* Jatindra Nath Biswas and others, judgment-debtors.

THE undermentioned properties are to be peremptorily sold by the Nazir of the Court at his sale-room at Alipur, district 24-Parganas, at 12 o'clock on the 5th day of March 1920, for realization of Rs. 531-8 only.

Schedule of properties.

District 24-Parganas Collectorate Tauzi No. 344, mouza Jagatballavpur, etc. (pargana Balia, thana Budge-Budge). Revenue payable for the entire tauzi is Rs. 1,062-7-9.

Judgment-debtor's share in the aforesaid property is 4 as. 5 gds. 1 kora and 1 kranti.

Revenue payable for judgment-debtor's share, Rs. 283-5-5

Judgment-debtor has zemindary interest in the said tauzi.

D. P. GHOSH, Sub-Judge.

Alipur, the 16th February 1920. (525—1—478)

Notice.

DEBICHARAN DAS GUPTA, of Suapur, police-station Dhanrai (Dacca) has instituted title suit No. 1799 of 1919 in the 5th Munsif's Court, Dacca, against the public of Suapur, under provisions of order 1, rule 8, Civil Procedure Code, for establishing his title to the land measuring 17×2 cubits to the east of Settlements Dags 1172 and 1173 and for declaration that there is no public path thereon.

M. N. LAHIRI, Munsif.

Dacca, the 27th February 1920. (598—1)

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in Insolvency.

No. 101 OF 1918.

Re Ram Prosad Kundu and others, *Ex parte* the debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in this matter and that the same will be paid at this office on or after the 12th day of April 1920 except Saturday and Sunday.

G. M. FALKNER, Official Assignee.

Calcutta, the 26th February 1920. (569—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Allpore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 65 OF 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 5th March 1919, filed by Sain Dass, of Maminpur Lane, thana Alipore, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Sain Dass, and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 3rd day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(325—1—448)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Allpore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 76 OF 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 12th March 1919, filed by Padma Ghorui, of Falta, thana Napara, 24-Parganas and on the application of Padma Ghorui, and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 10th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(326—1—449)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Allpore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 79 OF 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 14th March 1919, filed by Nani Gopal Das Singha, of Burkha, thana Behala, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Nani Gopal Das Singha and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 19th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(327—1—450)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Allpore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 80 OF 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 14th March 1919, filed by Shaikh Faiaz Hossain, of 129, Circular Garden Reach Road, Kidderpore, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Shaikh Faiaz Hossain and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 3rd day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(328—1—451)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Allpore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 85 OF 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 21st March 1919, filed by Sib Chandra Naskor, of Sikhorbati, thana Baraipur, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Sib Chandra Naskor and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 19th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(329—1—452)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 93 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 28th March 1919, filed by Shaikh Esmail, of Ghosh Bagan, thana Chitpur, and on the application of Shaikh Esmail, and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 19th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(330—1—453)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 95 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 31st March 1919, filed by Umacharan Ghosh, of Chetla, thana Alipore, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Umacharan Ghosh and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 2nd day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(331—1—454)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 102 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 5th April 1919, filed by Ram Gajadhar Borhi, of Nichubasa Bijpur, Kachrapara workshop thana Nalhati, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Ram Gajadhar Borhi and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 9th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(332—1—455)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 163 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 23rd June 1919, filed by Alam Khan, of 2-1, Middle Road, Entally, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Alam Khan and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 19th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(333—1—456)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 110 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 15th April 1919, filed by Probodh Chandra Chatterji, of Sinthi, thana Cossipore, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Probodh Chandra Chatterji and on reading the petition and hearing his pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 3rd day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(334—1—457)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 120 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 25th April 1919, filed by Gajadhor Kalmor, of Kamarhati, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Gajadhor Kalmor, and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 3rd day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(335—1—458)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 122 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 26th April 1919, filed by Chandra Nath Gurey, of 13 Dehi Srirampur Road, thana Benepukur, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Chandra Nath Gurey, and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 20th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(336—1—459)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 128 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 5th May 1919, filed by Mahendra Lal Banerji, of 57, Manasatula Lane, Kaddirpur, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Mahendra Lal Banerji, and on reading the petition and on hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 9th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(337—1—460)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 130 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 6th May 1919, filed by Khetra Nath Bhuiya, of Khordah 24-Parganas, and on the application of Khetra Nath Bhuiya and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 16th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(338—1—461)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 131 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 7th May 1919, filed by Saroda Charan Mitra, of 30, Lansdowne Road, thana Bhawanipur, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Saroda Charan Mitra and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Dated this 16th day of September 1919.

(339—1—462)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 132 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 9th May 1919, filed by Shaikh Musa, of No. 1, Old Ballygunj 1st Lane, thana Ballygunj, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Shaikh Musa and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Dated this 2nd day of September 1919

(340—1—463)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 133 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 10th May 1919, filed by Aghori Shaw, of Dalpara, Kaddirpur, thana Watgunj, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Aghori Shaw and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 9th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(341—1—464)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 135 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 14th May 1919, filed by Binda Sha, of Titagarh, thana Titagarh, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Binda Sha and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 9th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(342—1—465)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 137 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 16th May 1919, filed by Khudiram Dalui, of Radha Ballavpur, thana Sonarpur, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Khudiram Dalui and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 9th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(343—1—466)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 142 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 30th May 1919, filed by Soleman Molla, of Pachur, thana Behula, 24-Parganas and on the application of Soleman Molla and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 9th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(344—1—467)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 144 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 31st May 1919, filed by Pashupati Roy, of 4, Sitalata Lane, Narikel-danga, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Pashupati Roy and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 22nd day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(345—1—468)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Allpore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 145 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 2nd June 1919, filed by Dayal Chandra Ghosh, of 121-7, Monoharpukar Road, thana Bhowanipur, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Dayal Chandra Ghosh and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 19th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(346—1—469)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Allpore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 155 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 16th June 1919, filed by Jadunath Sardar, of Tegachi, thana Baruipur, 24-Parganas, and on the application of Jadunath Sardar, and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 9th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(347—1—470)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Allpore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 157 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 20th June 1919, filed by Mahadeb Shan, of Jagu Babu's Bazar, thana Bhowanipur, 24 Parganas, and on the application of Mahadeb Shan, and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 9th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(348—1—471)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge at Allpore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 158 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 23rd June 1919, filed by Sadhu Bera (Ghosh), of Kalabagan, 7-1, Charakdanga Road, thana Beliaghatta, and on the application of Sadhu Bera (Ghosh) and on reading the petition and hearing the pleader for the petitioner it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 16th day of September 1919.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
(349—1—472)

In the Court of the District Judge of Bankura.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Hem Chandra Banerji, son of late Pitambar Banerji, resident of Mandarbani, at present Bankura, thana Chowki, district Bankura, has been admitted by this Court as No. 9 of 1919, and that the 6th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

G. C. SEN, District Judge.

Bankura, the 23rd February 1920. (577—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 1 of 1920.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 18th December 1919, filed by Banga Chandra Naha, son of late Ram Kinkar Naha, of Shakkura, police-station Bonkhali, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his petition and hearing his pleader it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Babu Khrode Chandra Das, pleader, District Judge's Court, Chittagong, is appointed Receiver.

Dated this 27th day of February 1920.

W. A. SEATON, District Judge.
(596—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 20 of 1920.

ULI BAKAR alias Kali Mahomed, son of Dhanu Mahomed, deceased, resident of Hari Narayanpur, police-station Thakurgaon, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 23rd day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

J. A. ROSS, District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 25th February 1920. (565—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 21 of 1920.

FUL MAHOMED, son of Aghari Molla, deceased, resident of Malaon, police-station Hemtabad, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 26th day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

J. A. ROSS, District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 26th February 1920. (578—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 22 of 1920.

KAK BARMAN, son of Broja Barman, deceased, resident of Rajuria, police-station Biroil, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 27th day of March 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

J. A. ROSS, District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 28th February 1920. (586—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Faridpur.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATIONS Nos. 31 and 32 of 1919.

PURSUANT to petitions, dated 18th December 1918, filed by Amanuddi Choukidar and Lehajuddi Sheikh, sons of late Komaruddi Choukidar, of Baligram, police-station Kalkini, district Faridpur, and on the applications of the debtors themselves and on reading their affidavit it is ordered that the debtors be and the said debtors are hereby adjudged insolvents.

Dated this 21st day of February 1920.

D. CHAKRABARTI, District Judge.
(548—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Faridpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 66 of 1919.

TAKE notice that Chandu Charan Bala, son of late Subal Bala, of Mahutoli, police-station Mukundpur, district Faridpur, has applied to this Court to be declared insolvent and that 16th March 1920 has been fixed for hearing his application.

Dated the 23rd February 1920.

D. CHAKRABARTI, District Judge.
(549—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Faridpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 3 of 1920.

TAKE notice that Ram Charan Sikdar son of late Simad Sikdar, of Baburchar, police-station Sadarpur, district Faridpur, has applied to this Court to be declared insolvent and that 12th March 1920 has been fixed for hearing his application.

Dated the 23rd February 1920.

D. CHAKRABARTI, District Judge.
(550—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Faridpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 2 of 1920.

TAKE notice that Mohammed Cheniruddi Molla, son of late Gadu Molla of Rahimpur, police-station Goalundo, district Faridpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent and that 22nd March 1920 has been fixed for hearing his application.

Dated the 23rd February 1920.

D. CHAKRABARTI, District Judge.
(551—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907 to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Probode Chandra Das, son of late Krishna Ch. Das, of Uttarpara, thana Uttarpara, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 4 of 1920 and that the 12th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 16th February 1920. (540—1—490)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Bhutnath Chai, son of late Jadunath Chai, of Banpur, thana Dhaniakhali, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 2 of 1920 and that the 12th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 21st February 1920. (541—1—491)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 49 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Sree Ram Baran Kulby, son of late Buddhu Kulby, of Nilmani Mallik's Lane, Howrah, thana Howrah, district Hooghly, was on the 29th day of November 1919 adjudged an insolvent. The 13th day of March 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 22nd December 1919. (2681—1—489)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 82 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Pran Krishna Samanta, son of late Gadadhar Samanta, of Kumulpur, thana Shampur, district Hooghly, was on the 11th February 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 12th March 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 14th February 1920 (519—1—488)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Ramdas Kaloar, son of late Matun Kaloar, of M. C. Ghosh's Lane, Howrah, thana Howrah, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 22 of 1920 and that the 16th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 25th February 1920. (587—1—493)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Khodu Miya, son of late Elahi Miya, of Kaipukur, thana Shibpur, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 12 of 1920 and that the 23rd March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 27th February 1920. (594—1—494)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Ashutosh Ghoshal, of Narsing Datta's Road, thana Bantra, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 24 of 1920 and that the 23rd March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 27th February 1920. (595—1—502)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Krishnagar.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 32 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 16th August 1919, filed by Rakhal Mandal, son of late Rupchand Mandal, of Khaspur, police-station Ranaghat, district Nadia, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his petition and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 21st day of February 1920.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.
(547—1)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 68 of 1919.

WHEREAS Sashi Bhushan Kundoo, son of late Shitala Charan Kundoo, of Ghatal, district Midnapore, creditor, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 25th November 1919, to declare one Bhagabat Chandra Jana, son of late Gayaram Jana, of Harasinghpur, pargana and thana Ghatal, debtor, an insolvent, under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, and your names appear in the list of creditors filed by the aforesaid creditor, this is to give notice that the Court has fixed the 13th day of March 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor. If you desire to be represented in the matter you should attend in person or by duly instructed pleader. The particulars of the debts alleged in the petition to be due to you are as follows:—

Names of the creditors and the particulars of the debts.

	Rs.	A.
(1) Kishori Mohan Roy, of Ghatal ...	206	0
(2) Kisor Mohan Roy, Hari Satya Roy, Hari Kinkar Roy, of Ghatal ...	45	0
(3) Rakhal Das Singh, Bagal Chandra Singh, Fani Bhusan Rudra and Hem Chandra Rudra, of Ghatal ...	75	0
(4) Sushil Chandra Roy, of Ghatal ...	600	0
(5) Jagannath Datta, of Ghatal ...	25	0
(6) Omesh Chandra Bhattacharja, of Ghatal ...	40	0
(7) Girish Chandra Sarkar, of Ghatal ...	500	0
(8) Ashutosh Panja and Shyamapada Panja, of Ghatal ...	825	0
(9) Jagindra Nath Chakravarti, of Ghatal ...	500	0
(10) Jadu Nath Kundoo, of Ghatal ...	453	12
(11) Amrita Lal Kundoo and Sashi Bhusan Maiti, of Ghatal ...	300	0
(12) Kisor Mohan Das, of Ghatal ...	97	8
(13) Binod Bera, of Ghatal ...	50	0
(14) Anukul Kundoo and Upendra Mandal, of Ghatal ...	25	0
(15) Gobardhon Das and minor Banowwar Chakravarti represented by his guardian mother Sreemati Prabhavati Debya, of Ghatal ...	850	0
(16) Sashi Bhusan Kundoo and Ganesh Ch. Kundoo, of Sangat Bazar, Midnapore town ...	293	6
(17) Sashi Bhusan Kundoo and Ganesh Ch. Kundoo, of Ghatal ...	175	0

M. YUSUF, District Judge.
Midnapore, the 24th February 1920. (564—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 58 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 17th September 1919, filed by Rakhal Chandra Das, son of late Krishna Prosad Das, of Balarampur, pargana Dhekabazar, thana Khacagpur, district Midnapore, debtor, and on the application of the above debtor himself and on reading the petition for insolvency and an affidavit in support of it and hearing Maulvi Kabiruddin Ahmed, pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the 20th March 1920 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors and that they must prove their debts on that date.

Dated this 25th day of February 1920.

M. YUSUF, District Judge.
(583—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 71 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 11th December 1919, filed by Bhuban Chandra Senapati, son of late Iswar Ch. Senapati, of Fadilpur, pargana Chetuya, district Midnapore, debtor, and on the application of the above debtor himself and on reading the petition for insolvency and an affidavit in support of it, and hearing Babu Sarat Chandra Banerji, pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Notice is hereby given that the 27th March 1920 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors and that they must prove their debts on that date.

Dated this 25th day of February 1920.

M. YUSUF, District Judge.
(584—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 56 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 9th September 1919, filed by Baikanta Nath Paramanik, son of late Narsain Paramanik, of Khajra, pargana Mohisadal, district Midnapore, debtor, and on the application of the above debtor himself and on reading the petition for insolvency and an affidavit in support of it and hearing Babu Kunirode Nath Chakravarti, pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the 27th March 1920 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors and that they must prove their debts on that date.

Dated this 24th day of February 1920.

M. YUSUF, District Judge.
(599—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 2 of 1920.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 6th January 1920, filed by Silu Adak, son of late Gokul Chandra Adak, of Kumarhat, pargana Kasijorah, thana Panskura, district Midnapore, debtor, and on the application of the above debtor himself and on reading the petition and an affidavit in support of it and hearing Babu Kunirode Nath Chakravarti, pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Notice is hereby given that the 20th March 1920 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors and that they must prove their debts on that date.

Dated this 24th day of February 1920.

M. YUSUF, District Judge.
(600—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Murshidabad.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 3 of 1920.

(ACT III of 1907.)

In the matter of Ram Krishna Das, of Bijaynagar, police-station Kandi, district Murshidabad

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the above named petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and his case has been fixed for hearing on the 20th March 1920.

B. N. RAU, Offg. District Judge.
Barhampore, the 24th February 1920. (555—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Murshidabad.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 36 of 1919.

(Act III of 1907.)

In the matter of Purai Shaikh of Bahara, police-station Bhakuria, district Murshidabad.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the above named petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court dated the 23rd February 1920.

B. N. RAU, Offg. District Judge.

Berhampore, the 25th February 1920. (566—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Murshidabad.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 4 of 1920.

(Act III of 1907.)

In the matter of Nachhiruddin Shaikh of Gorabazar, police-station Sujaganj, district Murshidabad.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and his case has been fixed for hearing on the 20th March 1920.

B. N. RAU, Offg. District Judge.

Berhampore, the 28th February 1920. (588—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Murshidabad.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 5 of 1920.

(Act III of 1907.)

In the matter of Manindra Karimakar, of Mirzapur, at present residing at Ichaganj, police-station and district Murshidabad.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and his case has been fixed for hearing on the 20th March 1920.

B. N. RAU, Offg. District Judge.

Berhampore, the 28th February 1920. (589—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Mymensingh.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 4 of 1920.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 20th January 1920, filed by Afsar Uddin Sarkar, son of late Badar Mandal, of Olpur, known as Balibhadra, police station Jhopalpur, district Mymensingh, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 21st day of February 1920.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.

(559—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Mymensingh.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 7 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Ram Charan Sutradhar, son of the late Rajkishore Sutradhar, of Berati, police-station Katiadi, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 13th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

A. C. BANARJI, for District Judge.

Mymensingh, the 24th February 1919. (560—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Mymensingh.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 11 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Radha Charan Sutradhar, son of late Raj Kishore Sutradhar, of Berati, police-station Katiadi, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 13th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

A. C. BANARJI, for District Judge.

Mymensingh, the 24th February 1920. (561—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Nadia.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 6 of 1920.

Petitioner Tetul Mallik.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Tetul Mallik, of Thakurpur, police-station Damurhuda, district Nadia, has been admitted by this Court as No. 6 of 1920 and that 13th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.

Krishnagar, the 24th February 1920. (562—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Nadia.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 14 of 1920

Petitioner Dosorati Joardar.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Dosorati Joardar, of Banerwarpur, police-station Alamdanga, district Nadia, has been admitted by this Court as No. 14 of 1920 and that 13th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.

Krishnagar, the 24th February 1920. (563—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Pabna and Bogra.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 10 of 1920.

WHEREAS Asimuddin Mandal, son of late Nazir Mandal, of Bauserbada, outpost Sara, district and police-station Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 20th January 1920, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 6th March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

P. M. CHATARJI, Addl. District Judge.

Pabna, the 21st February 1920. (554—1)

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR
DISCHARGE.**

[Section 44 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Rajshahi.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 17 of 1919.

Rahimbakka Mandal, son of late Amanat Mandal, of Begumnagar, police-station Goinostapur, district Malda, applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 27th day of March 1920, at 10 o'clock, for hearing the application.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

Rajshahi, the 15th January 1920. (152—1—499)

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION
FOR DISCHARGE**

[Section 44 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Rajshahi.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 18 of 1919.

Kajitullah Biswas, son of late Manohar Kabiraj, of Begumnagar, police-station Gomastapur, district Malda, applicant.

TAKE notice that the above-named insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 27th day of March 1920, at 10 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Rajshahi, the 14th day of January 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
(153—1—498)

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION
FOR DISCHARGE**

[Section 44(1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Rajshahi.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 12 of 1919.

Jamiruddin Mandal, son of late Malayali Mandal, of Begumnagar, police-station Gomastapur, district Malda, applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 27th day of March 1920, at 10 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Rajshahi, the 14th day of January 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
(154—1—500)

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF
HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.**

[Section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge
at Rajshahi.**

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 58 of 1919.

WHEREAS Basanta Kumar Sarkar, son of late Rasik Chandra Sarkar, of Ramchandrapur, police-station Boalia, district Rajshahi, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 19th December of 1919, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 27th day of March 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 14th January 1920. (155—1—501)

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Rajshahi.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 8 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

Manik Mridha, son of late Baru Mridha, of Rahimpur, police-station Bagatipara, district Rajshahi.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

[Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.]

THE 20th day of March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtor and for further proceedings. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 23rd January 1920. (273—1—497)

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR
DISCHARGE.**

[Section 44 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Rajshahi.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 87 of 1918.

Banka Behari Das Boishab, son of late Srikanta Das Boishab, of Kushidha, police-station Harishchandrapur, district Malda, applicant.

TAKE notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 20th day of March 1920, at 10 o'clock, for hearing the application.

Rajshahi, dated this 2nd day of February 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
(388—1—495)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rajshahi.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 7 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

Banamali Mandal, son of Jagannath Mandal, of Shamashi, police-station Ratna, district Malda, petitioner-debtor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

[Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.]

THE 20th day of March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtor and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 3rd February 1920. (395—1—496)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rajshahi.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 2 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

Jadunath Ghosh, of Bankarhati, police-station Nawabgunj, district Malda, petitioner-debtor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

[Under Section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.]

THE 13th day of March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtor and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 9th February 1920. (498—1—475)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rajshahi.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 21 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

(1) Shekh Khakhu and (2) Shekh Gul Muhammad, sons of late Shekh Beehan, of Kahuya, police-station Kharba, district Malda, petitioners-debtors.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

[Under Section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.]

THE 13th day of March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtor and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 16th February 1920. (516—1—476)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 4 of 1920.

Iyar Mandal, son of late Gudar Mandal, of Rampur, police-station Kharbu, district Malda, petitioner-debtor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under Section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 13th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtor and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 9th February 1920. (499—1—474)

NOTICE OF ADJUDICATION.

(Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 44 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition dated the 4th September 1919 filed by the debtor, Ghanasyam Ghosh, son of late Ratankanta Ghosh of Bishnupur, police-station Badalgachhi, district Rajshahi, and on hearing his pleader the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on 7th February 1920.

Dated this 16th day of February 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
(515—1—477)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 104 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

NIRANANDA BADYAKAR, son of late Gobinda Badyakar, of Jangirabad, police-station Pirganj, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 23rd day of February 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 25th February 1920. (570—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 80 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

AMADDI MAMUD, son of late Ajar Mamud, of Juandas Kanaikata, police-station Nilphamari, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 24th day of February 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 25th February 1920. (571—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 127 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

MANGIA SHEIKH, son of late Sharipulya Sheikh, of Trimohini, police-station Sundarganj, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 24th day of February 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 25th February 1920. (572—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 119 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

KASIM ALI FAKIR, son of late Kati Mamud Fakir, of Shalmara, police-station Gobindaganj, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 17th day of February 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 25th February 1920. (573—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 3 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

DHAPATU DAS, son of late Chamar Das, of Bara-Dumaria, police-station Kishoroganj, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 21st day of February 1920, adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 25th February 1920. (574—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 20 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor Gamir Nasya, son of late Karimulyah Nasya, of Biditor, police-station Jaldhaka, in Rangpur, for being adjudged an insolvent, the 24th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 27th February 1920. (585—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Tippera.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Kailash Chandra Sil, son of late Baidya Nath Sil, of Kharghar, pargana Nuragar, police-station Kasba, district Tippera, has been admitted by this Court as No. 3 of 1920, and that the 18th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing.

S. K. GHOSH, District Judge.
Comilla, the 23rd February 1920. (579—1)

NOTICE.

In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of 24-Parganas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 225 of 1919.

Bechu Shau, of Churiharipara, thana Chitpur, 24-Parganas applicant.

To Dookaran Das Gulraj, of 4, Jagannath Ghat, Calcutta, and others, creditors.

ON the 17th day of September 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 29th day of March 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.
Alipore, the 31st January 1920. (461—1—479)

NOTICE.

**In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 234 of 1919.

Golam Raffi, of Mondal Gati, thana Rajarhat,
24-Parganas, applicant.To Kasim Khan, of Ghorabazar, Dum-Dum Cantonment,
24-Parganas, and others, creditors.

ON the 27th day of October 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 29th day of March 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 31st January 1920. (462—1—480)

NOTICE.

**In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 236 of 1919.

Syam Das Addya, of 37-4, Kaddirpur, Watgunj Street,
24-Parganas, applicant.To Chunilal Dutta, of 23, Kaddirpur, Orphanage, 24-
Parganas, and others, creditors.

ON the 22nd day of September 1919, it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 29th day of March 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 31st January 1920. (463—1—481)

NOTICE.

**In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 244 of 1919.

Golam Rasul Khan, of Tangra, thana Entally, 24-
Parganas, applicant.To Himat Ali Khan, peon of General Post Office,
Calcutta, and others, creditors.

ON the 1st day of November 1919, it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 29th day of March 1920, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 31st January 1920. (464—1—482)

NOTICE.

**In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 290 of 1919.

Bholanath Chakraverty, of Kodalia, thana Sonarpur,
24-Parganas, applicant.To Dinabandhu Bhattacharji, of Chingripota thana
Sonarpur, 24-Parganas, and others, creditors.

ON the 8th day of December 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 29th day of March 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 31st January 1920. (465—1—483)

NOTICE.

**In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 291 of 1919.

Sheu Prosad Parshi, of Titagarh, Old Bazar, thana
Titagarh, 24-Parganas, applicant.To Nathni Parshi, of Titagarh, thana Titagarh, 24-
Parganas, and others, creditors.

ON the 11th day of December 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 22nd day of March 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 31st January 1920. (466—1—484)

NOTICE.

**In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 292 of 1919.

Gobordhan Porshi, of Khardah, thana Khardah,
24-Parganas, applicant.To Sher Khan Kabuli, of Khardah, thana Khardah,
24-Parganas, and others, creditors.

ON the 11th day of December 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 29th day of March 1920, and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, 31st January 1920. (467—1—485)

NOTICE.

**In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 293 of 1919.

Moula Buksha Molla, of Dum-Dum, Pachpara, thana
Behala, 24-Parganas, applicant.To Mokayem Molla, of Dum-Dum, Pachpara, thana
Behala, 24-Parganas, and others, creditors.

ON the 11th day of December 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 29th day of March 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 31st January 1920. (468—1—486)

NOTICE.

**In the 4th Court of the Sub-Judge of
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 294 of 1919.

Satis Chandra Bose of 107, Chingrighatta Road, thana
Entally, 24-Parganas, applicant.To Pir Muhammad Khan, of 16, Convent Road, thana
Entally, 24-Parganas, and others, creditors.

ON the 12th day of December 1919 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 29th day of March 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

U. N. BISWAS, Sub-Judge.

Alipore, the 31st January 1920. (469—1—487)

ATUL KRISHNA DUTT, B.L., intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (400—4—335)

NANDA LAL DAS, B.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court. (363—4—326)

RAKHALDAS CHATTERJEE, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil in the High Court, Calcutta. (278—4—316)

TARANI KANTA BANERJEE, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a vakil of the High Court, Calcutta. (249—4—315)

Notice.

WANTED a tauzi navis on Rs. 60 per mensem for the Howrah Collectorate from the 1st April 1920. None need apply who has no experience of the revenue work of a collectorate. Preference will be given to a candidate with special experience of the Tauzi Department.

Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 10th March 1920.

J. G. DRUMMOND, Collector

Howrah District Office, the 31st January 1920.

Notice.

WANTED a second class Health Officer for the Birbhum District Board on a salary of Rs. 150—17—300 a month plus travelling allowance according to the Civil Service Regulations. None need apply who is not qualified under the rules. Applications will be received up to 15th March next. The selected candidate shall have to join his appointment on 1st April 1920.

G. S. DUTT, Chairman.

Suri, the 18th February 1920. (528—2)

Notice.

WANTED two Sub-Assistant Surgeons by the District Board of Faridpur, one for the Charitable Dispensary at Randarkhola and the other for supernumerary duty, on a monthly salary of Rs. 35 rising to Rs. 75, subject to the rules regarding the increments and promotions framed by the Board. Applications, with copies of testimonials and diplomas, will be received by the undersigned up to the 10th March 1920. The selected candidates will have to join at once and will be confirmed after six months' probation. No travelling allowance will be given for joining the posts.

J. N. ROY, Chairman.

Faridpur, the 17th February 1920. (546—2)

Road Cess Notice.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the District Board of Jessore, at a special meeting held on the 27th February 1920, resolved to levy cess at the maximum rate of 6 pies in the rupee on the annual value of lands.

JADU NATH MAZUMDAR, Chairman.

Jessore, the 27th February 1920. (582—2)

Road Cess Notification.

IT is hereby notified for general information that, under section 46 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III (B.C.) of 1885, the District Board, Mymensingh, at their special meeting held on the 5th January 1920, decided to levy the road cess in the district during the year 1920-21 at the maximum rate of six pies in the rupee on the annual value of lands and other moveable property.

MOHAMMAD ISMAIL,

Vice-Chairman, District Board.

Mymensingh, the 27th February 1920. (593—1)

Bank of Bengal.

NOTICE.

THE Directors have made the following changes in the Bank's European establishment—

Mr. M. G. Stuart to act as Sub-Agent at Rangoon Branch as from 15th February 1920, vice Mr. S. Scott, granted leave.

W. A. R. Miller to act temporarily as Agent at Agra Branch, as from 20th February 1920, vice Mr. S. B. Moultrie, granted leave.

L. R. W. Mackenzie to be Agent at Clive Street Branch, as from 21st February 1920, vice Mr. S. M. Gray, granted leave.

By order of the Directors,

N. H. MATHESON,

Off. Secretary & Treasurer.

Calcutta, the 25th February 1920. (558—1)

Treasure Trove.

IT is hereby notified, under section 5 of Act VI of 1878, that on or about the 1st February 1920 the under-mentioned treasure valued at Rs. 50 was found in the garden behind the house of Ponrauga Naicken of Karanaipuducheri and forming part of S. No. 293-1, village site Poramboke in the village of No. 7 Karanaipuducheri, Chingleput taluk, Chingleput district by one Ponrauga Naicken of the said village. All persons claiming the said treasure are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Chingleput district at his office at 11 A.M. on Friday, the 23rd July 1920, in view of the matter being enquired into and determined according to law—

	No.
1. Old gold coins about the size of a quarter anna.	2
2. One gold bent ring ...	1
3. Serpent shape ear ornament in two pieces.	2
4. Pieces of gold leaves...	4
	<hr/> 9

R. B. WOOL, Collector.

Saidapet, the 5th February 1920.

Notification.

IT is hereby notified, under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that on or about the 5th January 1920, gold coins designated "Veerarayan-panams" 705 in number (valued approximately at Rs. 440), buried in S. No. 260 village-site Poramboke of Orattukupai village, Coimbatore taluk (within the backyard compound of the house of one Periatthambi Chetty) were found by the said Periatthambi Chetty and two coolies, viz., Nachi Noopan and Rangaswami Goundan engaged by him while hollowing the earth for the uproot of the base of a withered Vepam (Margosa) tree.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or a portion thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Coimbatore at his office on 12th July 1920 with a view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

J. M. TRING, Collector.

Coimbatore, the 25th February 1920.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases tried in this Court during the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back before 31st March 1920.

A. N. MUHAMMAD ALI,

Municipal Magistrate (2nd Court).

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases in the Court of the Municipal Magistrate, Calcutta, in the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back by the parties who filed them before 31st March 1920.

N. N. GUPTA,

Presidency and Municipal Magistrate.

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Notice.

THE Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund which is provisionally managed and assisted by Government has for its object the provision of monthly pensions for the maintenance of the widows and children of subscribers and is open, with certain exceptions, to all active and pensioned members of the Uncovenanted Service of Government (except those serving under the Government of Bombay), and to Local Fund servants earning pensions from Government. Some of the special features of the Fund are—(1) that widowed daughters incapable of remarriage or children labouring under such mental or bodily infirmities as incapacitate them from earning their livelihood or preclude the possibility of marriage (in case of a daughter) are admitted to its benefits; and (2) that subscribers to the Widows' and Daughters' branches are entitled to a refund of 30 per cent. of the premia paid, should the nominees predecease them after five years' of admission. The Fund is now of ten years' standing and has a balance of over three and a-half lakhs with Government on four per cent. interest. For forms of applications and rules of the Fund apply to the Comptroller, India Treasuries, Imperial Secretariat Buildings, Calcutta.

Hindu Family Annuity Fund.

RESOLUTION of the subscribers to the Hindu Family Annuity Fund adopted at their meeting held on 31st January 1920: "That the Directors be authorised to draw in the manner laid down in rule 73, Rs. 1,71,414 (Rupees one lakh seventy-one thousand four hundred and fourteen) only, from the deposit account with the Government of India to meet expenditure provided for in the budget estimate for 1920-21."

H. D. BASU, Secretary.

Calcutta, the 10th February 1920.

(454—1—473)

Lost

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos. F011614, F 011615, O 035186 of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1921 for Rs. 500 Rs. 500 and Rs 100, respectively, originally standing in the name of the Accountant-General, Punjab, the first two notes were last endorsed to Sewagram and the other note was last endorsed to Atmaran, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the advertiser—SOBHARAM HARDEODAS.

Residence—78, Cotton Street, Calcutta.

(567—3—503)

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 206916 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of Bhola Nath Ghose, Administrator of Radhamoni Dassi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the advertiser—Bhola Nath Ghosh.

Residence—Nauli village, Sidhipassa P. O. (Khulna).
(371—3—401)

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 298802 of the 4 per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of Deb Nath Sreemoney and last endorsed to Tarak Nath Dutt, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned security.

Name of the advertiser—Tarak Nath Dutt.

Residence—5 & 6, Mirzaffar Lane, Calcutta.

(443—3—370)

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 109243 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-1 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of Prosad Das Boral & Bros., and last endorsed to Shola Bala Debi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the advertiser—SHOLA BALA DEBI.

Residence—1-3, Abiritola 1st Lane, Calcutta.

(453—3—368)

Stolen.

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos. 167313 for Rs. 100, and 167303 for Rs. 1,000 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43 originally standing in the name of B. K. Dotivala, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—B. K. Dotivala.

Residence—5, Dharamtola Street, Calcutta.

(380—3—345)

Currency Notes.

THE following Currency Notes of the Calcutta Circle are stated to have been destroyed, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

Notes wholly destroyed.

Register No.	Number of Notes.	Value. Rs.	Name of Claimant.
W. 392 of 1898-99.	AA 35	00908	M. Mazubali Chowdhury, c o. Lutfi Ali, Esq., Bar.-at-Law, 218, Linton Street, Entally, Calcutta.
"	"	04943	
"	"	07227	
"	"	07952	
"	"	18963	
"	"	23150	
"	"	38813	
"	"	40816	
"	"	50699	
"	"	77042	
"	"	79255	
"	"	83981	
"	"	876 4	
"	"	87788	100 each
"	"	88186	
"	"	88189	
"	"	88190	
"	"	88629	
"	"	92609	
"	"	96245	
	AA 36	01031	
"	"	01032	
"	"	01033	
"	"	01035	
"	"	12101	
"	"	to	
"	"	12110	

CYRIL E. GWYTHER, Deputy Controller,
in charge Paper Currency.

Paper Currency Dept. Calcutta, 24th February 1920.

**In the matter of the Indian Companies
Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), and
In the matter of the Alliance Coal
Company, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the name of the Alliance Coal Company, Limited, has this day been struck off the Register and that the Company is dissolved.

W. STATHER HALE, Registrar of Companies,
under Act VII of 1913.

Calcutta, the 27th February 1920.

**In the matter of the Indian Companies
Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), and
In the matter of the Barnadi Tea
Company, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the name of the Barnadi Tea Company, Limited, has this day been struck off the Register and that the Company is dissolved.

W. STATHER HALE, Registrar of Companies,
under Act VII of 1913.

Calcutta, the 27th February 1920.

**In the matter of the Indian Companies
Act, VII of 1913, and
In the matter of the Ganges Gum and
Glue, Limited.**

BY an order made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in the above matter, dated the 16th February 1920, on the petition of the Calcutta Decorating Company, Limited, it was ordered that the said Ganges Gum and Glue, Limited, be wound up by this Hon'ble Court under the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and it was further *inter alia* ordered that subject to security being given to the satisfaction of the Registrar of the said Hon'ble Court for Rs. 30,000, Mr. Noel Wilkinson of No. 3, Old Court House Street, Calcutta, should be appointed Official Liquidator of the said Ganges Gum and Glue, Limited.

Dated this 23rd day of February 1920.

WATKINS & Co., Attorneys
for the Calcutta Decorating Co., Ltd.
8, Strand Road, Calcutta. (556--1--492)

Notice.

The next annual stock-taking of the Indian Law Reports kept at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot will commence on the 1st April, 1920. All issues of the said reports from the said Depot to subscribers and officials will be suspended during that month.

J. F. GRAHAM,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

LEGISLATIVE DEPT.,
BOOK DEPÔT BRANCH;
The 8th December, 1919.

POST OFFICE.

Despatch of Sea-Borne Mails.

MAILS FOR—	Day or date of closing of mails.	LATEST HOURS OF POSTING AT THE G. P. O.			
		UNREGISTERED LETTERS AND PACKETS.		REGISTERED LETTERS AND PACKETS.	
		Without late fee.	With late fee.*	Without late fee.	With late fee.*
United Kingdom, Europe, Aden, Egypt, East and West Africa and America ...	Thursday ...	P.M. 6-0	P.M. 7-0	P.M. 5-0	P.M. 5-30
Ceylon ...	Daily ...	4-0	4-30	3-30	4-0
Straits Settlements, French Indo-China, Federated Malay States, Philippine Islands, Netherlands, India, Siam, China and Japan per SS. "Madras"	Mar. 5 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
Burma ...	" 3 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
Port Blair (via Rangoon) ...	" 3 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0

NOTE.—The latest date and hour for booking Money Orders and Parcels for the United Kingdom and foreign countries with which mail communication exists is 4 P.M. and 5-30 P.M., respectively, on Wednesday.

Parcels for the Australian colonies will be forwarded per SS. "Obra" at 2 P.M. on the 3rd March 1920.

* The late fee is 4 annas for each registered or unregistered article of the Letter Mail to any place in the countries named above except for Aden, Burma, Ceylon and Port Blair, the late fee for which is ½ anna for unregistered articles and 2 annas for registered articles. Letters are accepted with late fee only on occasions when a direct mail is closed by the Calcutta G. P. O. for foreign countries.

When there is no direct mail from Calcutta, correspondence for South Africa and Mauritius posted up to 4-45 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. is despatched to Bombay and correspondence for Australia and New Zealand posted up to 4 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. to Colombo for transmission by the first available steamer.

Calcutta G. P. O., the 1st March 1920.

C. D. RAY, Offg. Presidency Post Master.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE OF SANSKRIT MANUSCRIPTS.

PARTS I, II, and III of a Descriptive Catalogue of the Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Sanskrit College, prepared by Pandit Hrishikesh Sastri and Babu Siva Chandra Gui, M.A., B.L., of that College are offered to the public for sale. The Catalogue having to be completed in 23 parts, the price of each part is 12 annas a copy exclusive of postage. Copies can be obtained from the Principal of the Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

SULPHATE OF QUININE**SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE,
RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.**

MANUFACTURED AT

THE BENGAL GOVERNMENT CINCHONA PLANTATION.

OBTAINABLE FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

ALL articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids.

Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, Bihar, Punjab, and Assam on indents countersigned by the Civil Surgeon, and Missionaries for **bona fide** public purposes. It is not sold to private firms or the general public.

Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ grain tablets and **Cinchonidine** are sold to Government officers and the general public, and is obtainable at the Principal Druggists in Calcutta.

Quinoidine (Pure Amorphous Alkaloid), and **Residual Alkaloid** (Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid) which contains about 40 per cent. Pure Amorphous Alkaloid, are sold to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. Residual Alkaloid is supplied in 1-lb., 5-lb., and 10-lb. boxes.

Terms.—Strictly cash in advance or V. P. P. transit charges must accompany all orders. Postage stamps are not accepted in lieu of cash.

Supplies—Are dependent on stock in hand at time of order.

Rates from 16th May 1919 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs and above in one delivery	...	Rs. 24 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs., but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	...	" 25 "
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	...	" 26 "

Supplied in 1-oz., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., 1-lb., 4-lb., and 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. tins.

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs in one delivery	...	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	...	" 12 "

Supplied in $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	...	" 6 "

Supplied in $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantities less than 6 lbs.	...	" 7 "

Supplied in $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	" 7 "

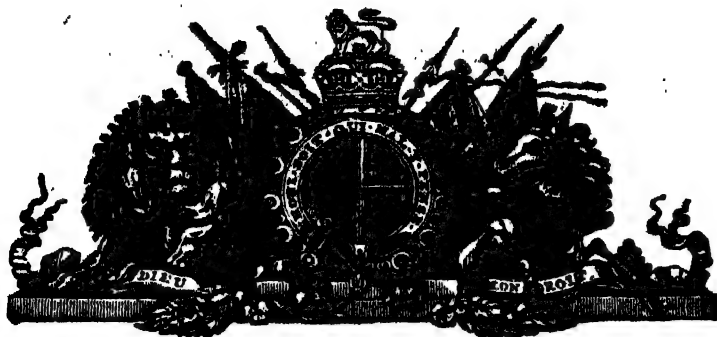
Supplied in 1-lb. box.

Quinoidine in non-tablet form and Residual Alkaloids.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

NOTICE.

Advertisements, Notices, etc., intended for insertion in this Part of the Gazette cannot be received after noon on Monday.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1920.

PART IV.

Bills Introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented or to be presented in that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 230L., dated Calcutta, the 1st March, 1920.—His Excellency the Governor having been pleased to order, under rule 31 (1) of the Bengal Legislative Rules, 1912, the publication of the following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons which accompanies it, in the *Calcutta Gazette*, the Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons are accordingly hereby published for general information. It is proposed to introduce the Bill at the meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council to be held on Friday, the 5th March, 1920:—

CONTENTS.

PREAMBLE.

CLAUSE.

1. Short title and local extent.
2. Definitions.
3. Power of Collector to attach alluvial land.
4. Inquiry as to title.
5. Taking possession of land by person entitled to it.
6. Costs under sections 3(3) and 4(1).
7. Rules.
8. Indemnity.
9. Bar to institution of proceedings under section 145 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

THE BENGAL ALLUVIAL LANDS BILL, 1920.

A BILL

*to prevent disputes concerning the possession of certain
lands in Bengal gained by alluvion, or by dereliction
of a river or the sea.*

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the prevention of disputes concerning the possession of certain lands in Bengal gained by alluvion, or by dereliction of a river or the sea ;

And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained, under section 79, sub-section (2), of the Government of India Act, 1915, to the passing of this Act ;

5 & 6 Geo.
V, c. 61.

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and
local extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Bengal Alluvial Lands Act, 1920.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "alluvial land" means land which is gained from a river or the sea in any of the ways referred to in the Bengal Alluvion and Diluvion Regulation, 1825, the Bengal Alluvion and Diluvion Act, 1847, or the Bengal Alluvion (Amendment) Act, 1868 ; and

Ben. Reg.
XI of 1825
IX of 1847.

Ben. Act IV
of 1868.

(b) "Collector" means the Collector of a district or any other officer appointed by the Local Government to discharge any of the functions of a Collector under this Act.

[Cf. Act
VIII of 1895,
s. 3 (16).]

Power of Col-
lector to attach
alluvial land.

3. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Bengal Alluvion and Diluvion Regulation, 1825, the Bengal Alluvion and Diluvion Act, 1847, or the Bengal Alluvion (Amendment) Act, 1868, the Collector, if he is credibly informed that a dispute likely to cause a breach of the peace exists or is likely to arise, in regard to any alluvial land, may, in the interests of public order or of the local welfare, attach such land, and may demarcate it with boundary pillars.

Ben. Reg.
XI of 1825.
IX of 1847.
Ben. Act IV
of 1868.

(2) When the Collector attaches any alluvial land under sub-section (1), he may himself manage such land during the period of attachment, or may, if he thinks fit, appoint a receiver thereof, who, subject to the control of the Collector, shall have all such powers conferrable on a receiver appointed under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, as may be given to him by the Collector.

[Cf. Act V
of 1898, s. 146
(2).]

Act V of
1908.

(3) Nothing in this section shall preclude any party interested from showing that no such dispute as aforesaid exists or is likely to arise ; and in such case the Collector shall cancel his order of attachment under sub-section (1), and all further proceedings thereon shall be stayed, but, subject to such cancellation, the said order shall be final.

[Cf. Act V of
1908, s. 146
(5).]

The Bengal Alluvial Lands Bill, 1920.

(Clauses 4-7.)

Inquiry as to title.

4. (1) When the Collector has attached any alluvial land under section 3, he shall cause a survey to be made and a map to be prepared of the land, and shall pass an order making a reference to the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the district for a decision as to what person has a title to the land, and shall state in such order the names of the parties who, he has reason to think, are interested in such land.

(2) On receipt of such reference the said principal Civil Court of the district may either proceed to determine the matter, or may transfer the matter for determination to any other Civil Court subordinate to such Court.

[Cf. Ben. Act VII of 1876, s. 59.]

The said principal Civil Court, or the Court to which the matter is transferred, shall, in dealing with any such reference, follow the procedure prescribed in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for the trial of suits, so far as the same may be applicable.

[Cf. Ben. Act III of 1904, s. 8(2).]

Act V of 1908

(3) The said Court may make such order as it shall think fit with regard to the payment of the costs of the reference, including such court-fees as are payable under the Court-fees Act, 1870, on a plaint in a suit for the possession of land, and such costs shall be recoverable as arrears of public demand.

[Cf. Ben. Act VII of 1876, s. 61.]

VII of 1870.

(4) Every order made by a Civil Court under section 4, sub-section (2), shall be deemed to be a decree within the meaning of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.

[Cf. Ben. Act III of 1904, s. 8(3).]

Taking possession of land by person entitled to it.

5. Whenever the Court makes an order under section 4, sub-section (2), it shall certify to the Collector its decision, and the Collector shall thereupon authorize the person stated in such order to be entitled to the land to take possession thereof.

[Cf. Ben. Act VII of 1876, s. 63.]

Costs under sections 3(3) and 4(1).

6. (1) Every order under section 3, sub-section (3), or section 4, sub-section (1), shall state the amount of costs incurred under section 3, or under that section and section 4, sub-section (1), as the case may be, and by what persons and in what proportions they are to be paid, and such costs shall be recoverable as arrears of a public demand.

(2) Any person against whom an order has been made with regard to such costs, may, within one month of the date of such order, prefer an appeal to the Commissioner in respect of such costs.

Rules.

7. The Local Government may, subject to the condition of previous publication, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, make rules—

- (1) to regulate the procedure to be followed by the Collector in attaching any alluvial land under section 3;
- (2) to regulate the procedure to be followed by the Collector or receiver in the management of such land during the period of attachment;
- (3) to regulate the procedure to be followed by the Collector in demarcating, surveying and preparing a map of, any alluvial land;
- (4) to regulate the procedure to be followed in making a reference to the Court under section 4, sub-section (1);

The Bengal Alluvial Lands Bill, 1920.

(Clauses 8, 9.)

(5) to regulate the manner of taking possession of alluvial land under section 5; and

(6) generally to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Indemnity.

8. No suit or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Collector, or any person acting under his direction, for any act done or ordered to be done in good faith under this Act. [Cf. Ben. Act V of 1909, s. 91.]

Bar to institution of proceedings under section 145 of the Code of Criminal Procedure

9. When the Collector has attached any alluvial land under section 3, no proceedings under section 145 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, shall be instituted in any Court in respect of the same land, or of any part thereof; and any such proceedings already commenced and pending in any such Court shall be stayed. Act V of 1898.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THE question of legislation to prevent riots in connection with lands gained by alluvion or by the dereliction of a river or the sea in the deltaic tracts of Bengal, has long been under the consideration of Government. In 1905, a Bill was circulated for criticism. This Bill gave the Collector power to take and retain possession of any newly-formed alluvial land, of which possession was disputed, until he or a competent Civil Court declared what person was entitled to possession. The Bill was not, however, proceeded with, in view of a suggestion made by the High Court to the Government of India, for the amendment of the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure in respect of disputes as to immovable property, which was under consideration. In the criminal law applicable to the whole of India, provision could not, however, be made for a problem relating to alluvial lands which was peculiar to Bengal. The question of special legislation for Bengal was, therefore, left over for consideration till the *diara* lands of the province were surveyed. The survey of these lands has not yet been finished, but it is complete for most of the districts in the eastern portion of the province: whilst the attention of Government has been drawn to the subject again by the final reports on the survey and settlement operations in the districts of Faridpur and Dacca. These reports contain a description of the lawlessness which prevails on account of the impossibility of exact knowledge of title when a *char* appears in the Ganges, of the ease with which valuable crops can be grown on these *chars*, and of the advantage which is gained by the strong man who can enforce initial possession. In the existing state of the law there is a premium on violence, and serious riots, involving loss of life, are of frequent occurrence. Also, the preparation of a record-of-rights and of accurate maps, is not alone a sufficient remedy against these evils. It is, therefore, desirable that legislation on the subject should be no longer postponed.

The main object of the Bill is, by giving opportunities for immediate action when the alluvial land forms, to prevent violence from gaining an undue advantage. The previous Bill was open to the objections that it provided for the intervention of the Collector at too late a stage, namely, when a riot was already imminent, and that it entrusted to an executive, instead of to a judicial authority, the duty of deciding questions of title. In framing the present Bill these objections have been met.

• In order that the legitimate landlord may not lose *salami* by the necessity of the settlement of tenants during the period of attachment, it is intended to make provision by the rules under clause (2) of section 7 for the levy of such *salami* on his behalf.

NOTES ON CLAUSES.

Clause 3 gives power to the "Collector," as defined in clause 2(b), to attach alluvial land, if he is satisfied that a dispute in regard to it is likely to cause a breach of the peace, and to demarcate it, and also to appoint a receiver after attachment of the land.

Sub-clause (3) of this clause gives power to anybody interested to come forward and show that the attachment is wrong.

Clause 4, sub-clause (1), requires the Collector to cause a survey to be made of the alluvial land attached under clause 3, and provides for a reference to the Civil Court for a decision as to the title to such land.

It is proposed by sub-clause (2) to deal with such a reference as a suit under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. Sub-clause (3) provides for the payment of the costs of the suit.

For the purposes of *res-judicata*, sub-clause (4) declares that an order by a Civil Court under sub-clause (2) of clause 4 shall be deemed to be a decree.

Clause 5 provides for the Court's certifying its order to the Collector and for the transfer by the Collector of the land to the person held to be entitled to it.

Clause 6 indicates the method for recovering costs incurred in an attachment of alluvial land under sub-clause (3) of clause 3 and sub-clause (1) of clause 4; provision being made for an appeal to the Commissioner in respect of such costs.

Clause 7. The condition of previous publication of rules under this clause will give persons interested an opportunity of sending in objections or criticisms to the rules proposed—see section 24 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899.

Clause 8 is based on section 91 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909, and its object is to give protection to the Collector and others in respect of acts under the proposed law.

Clause 9 bars the institution of proceedings under section 145 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, in respect of alluvial land attached by the Collector under clause 3. One object of the Bill is to avoid the application of this section in cases of disputes regarding alluvial lands as it places a premium on violence.

J. G. CUMMING,

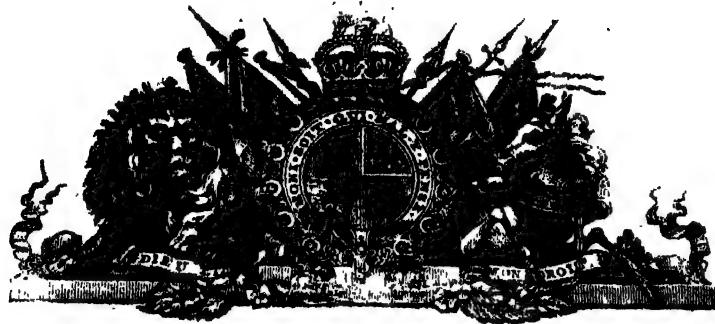
Member-in-charge.

J. F. GRAHAM,

*Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal and
Secy. to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

CALCUTTA ;

The 1st March, 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY MARCH 3, 1920.

PART VI.

Bills introduced in the Indian Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council and Bills published under Rule 23.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Bill was introduced in the Indian Legislative Council on the 18th February 1920 :—

No. 6 of 1920.

A Bill to declare that the members of the Cutchi Memon community are subject to Muhammadan Law.

WHEREAS there is in the Presidency of Bombay and elsewhere a class of persons known as Cutchi Memons, and questions have from time to time arisen as to the Law by which such persons are in matters of succession and inheritance governed;

AND WHEREAS the Cutchi Memons consider that they are or desire that they should be governed in those matters by the Muhammadan Law of the Hanafi School;

AND WHEREAS it is expedient that the applicability of that Law to such persons in those

matters should be placed beyond dispute; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. This Act may be called the Cutchi Memons Act, 1920
Short title.

2 It is hereby declared that the Cutchi Memons residing in the Bombay Presidency and elsewhere are governed by the Muhammadan Law of the Hanafi School; and that Law shall, notwithstanding any custom to the contrary, apply to them and their property in each part of British India in all matters of succession and inheritance to the same extent as it applies to other Muhammadans in that part.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Cutchi Memons claim that they are the descendants of the Muhammadans who settled in Cutch after migrating from the coast of Oman. Except for the historical fact that they were originally Hindus and were converted to Muhammadanism about four or five hundred years ago, they are at the present day good and strict Moslems. It has been held by the Courts on more than one occasion since the judgment of Sir Erskine Perry in the year 1847, in what is commonly known as the Khojas and Memons case, that in some particulars they are still governed by the Hindu Customs instead of Muhammadan Law. The Cutchi Memons have always felt aggrieved and considered the principle so established was incorrect both in Law and in practice.

Realising this grievance of the Cutchi Memons a Bill was brought in by Mr. Justice Amir Ali about the end of 1885. That Bill intended to make it permissive to the members of the Cutchi Memon community to declare themselves subject to Muhammadan Law. The Bill provided for such a declaration to be made in a prescribed form. By reason of certain difference of opinion as to its provisions the Bill was not proceeded with.

In the year 1896, another Bill was submitted to the Imperial Legislative Council. That Bill was drafted on practically the same lines as the Bill of 1885. The Government of India would appear to have been still of opinion that it would not be right to accept such a measure unless it were shown to be in accordance with the wishes of the entire community. The Bill was referred to a Select Committee. The Committee made its report on the Bill and the matter was allowed to rest there, and as no motion with respect to the Bill was made for two years, the Bill was removed from the List of Business on the 24th March, 1900, by an order of the President under rule 43 of the Rules for the conduct of Legislative Business.

From the manner in which the Cutchi Memons have been agitating this question in their community it would appear that they are unanimous that they should be governed in all particulars by Muhammadan Law of the Hanafi School.

EBRAHIM HAROON JAFFER,
Additional Member.

DELHI :
The 9th February, 1920. }

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1920.

SUPPLEMENT.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta. or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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PROPOSAL FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A NAUTICAL INSTITUTE IN CALCUTTA.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

CALCUTTA, THE 3RD FEBRUARY 1920.

RESOLUTION—No. 478Marine.

THE Government of Bengal have for some time past had under their consideration the question of establishing a school or nautical institute in Calcutta for the training of Indian seamen in the elements of the theory of navigation and for the training of Indians in the art of navigation on a

scientific basis. No facilities at present exist in this Presidency for Indians to qualify themselves for certificates of competency for higher posts in the mercantile marine. The Governor in Council is inclined to the view that an institute or academy on the lines of training institutions in European countries might prove beneficial to a section of Indians of average education who might be encouraged to take up the sailor's profession in future. Enquiries made by Government show that there is at present no actual demand for such an institution in Calcutta, but the Governor in Council thinks that the matter might be discussed with advantage at the present time. The question requires to be very carefully considered. It is necessary in the first place to ascertain definitely whether there is scope for such an institution in Calcutta. If so, the matter should be examined in fuller detail, viz., the course of training, the probable number of boys desirous of going to sea, the shipping companies willing to employ them, the educational and other qualifications required for such employment and any other relevant points. The Government of Bengal consider that the matter should be examined by a representative committee as in Bombay and Madras, where a similar question is already under consideration. The Governor in Council is accordingly pleased to appoint a committee, consisting of the following gentlemen to consider the question with special reference to the points mentioned above. The committee should report their conclusions to Government as early as practicable :—

- | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|-------------------|
| (1) The Port Officer, Calcutta | .. | <i>President.</i> |
| (2) Captain P. de St. Croix, Marine Superintendent,
British India Steam Navigation Company,
Limited. | } | <i>Members.</i> |
| (3) Captain G. R. Simpson, Marine Superintendent, India
General Navigation and Railway Company,
Limited. | | |
| (4) Captain E. Trott, Marine Superintendent, Asiatic
Steam Navigation Company, Limited. | | |
| (5) A representative of the firm of Messrs Sonaton Nittya-
nundo Roy, 2-1, Mission Row, Calcutta. | | |
| (6) Munshi Abdool Rahaman, Dubash, of Chittagong ... | | |

The time and place for the meeting of the committee will be arranged by the Port Officer, Calcutta.

By order of the Governor in Council,

C. B. BAYLEY,

Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Second Forecast of the Wheat Crop of Bengal, 1919-20.

(*Note.*—On an average of the five years ending 1917-18, the area under wheat in Bengal has represented some 0·4 per cent. of the total area under wheat in India. The ratio of the irrigated wheat acreage to total wheat acreage in (a) British India and (b) in the territory now reported on, has in the five years ending 1917-18 averaged (a) 40·7 and (b) 17·8 per cent., respectively.)

Character of the season.—The weather was generally favourable at sowing time; but subsequently the crop suffered through lack of soil moisture. Good showers of rain in the beginning of February improved the situation to some extent. The present condition may be reported as fairly favourable.

Area sown.—The total area under wheat according to the estimates of the district officers amounts to 116,300 acres against 110,600 acres and 114,600 acres shewn in the second and final forecasts, respectively, of last year.

Outturn.—According to the estimates of the district officers the provincial outturn works out at 78 per cent. of the normal, against 52 per cent. reported in the corresponding forecast and 61 per cent. in the final forecast of last year.

R. S. FINLOW,

Offg. Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Dacca,

The 28th February 1920.

APPENDIX 1.

Second Forecast of the Wheat Crop of Bengal, 1919-20.

District.	Approximate normal area under the wheat crop.	Approximate area under wheat last year (1918-19).	Estimated area under wheat this year (1919-20).	Taking 100 to represent normal what would be the average outturn per acre cropped.		Date by which the sowings generally commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal, or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
				Last year.	This year.		
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.				
Nadia ...	23,100	9,400	11,700	33	57	October to November.	Want of rainfall during the growing period has adversely affected the crop. Hence the outturn is estimated below the normal.
Murshidabad ...	69,800	23,600	24,400	50	67	Middle of October to November. Normal.	The increase in area sown as compared with the estimate in the first forecast is due to subsequent sowings in some parts of the Jangipur subdivision. Drought at the growing period damaged the crop. The recent rainfall is expected to improve the crop.
Jessore ...	2,300	1,100*	900	38	75	October. Normal.	The weather has been favourable, but absence of rainfall in November and December has injured the crop.
Burdwan ...	2,000*	2,000*	2,000*	58	67	End of October to November.	The weather has not been favourable. Some damage is reported from Kalna owing to drought. The recent rainfall is expected to improve the crop.
Birbhum ...	6,000	4,100*	4,100*	67	83	Beginning of November. Normal.	The weather has been favourable.
Bankura ...	3,600*	3,600*	3,600*	67	100	Third week of October. Normal.	The weather has been good and a normal crop is anticipated.
Midnapore ...	1,200*	1,200*	1,200*	70	67	First part of November. Normal.	The effects of weather have not been favourable. The absence of rainfall has damaged about 33 per cent. of the crop.
Hooghly ...	2,400	1,700*	1,700*	50	50	Beginning of November. Late.	The weather has not been favourable. Half the crop has been damaged by drought and untimely rainfall.
Rajshahi ...	6,500	6,500	6,500	70	67	End of November. Normal.	The weather has been fair. The outturn is however anticipated to fall below the normal for want of rain at the sowing time.
Dinajpur ...	1,000	1,300	1,300	40	57	End of October. Normal.	The weather has not been favourable. Some damage has been done to the crop by insect-pests. The outturn is expected to fall much below the normal for want of rainfall.
Jalpaiguri ...	800	800	800	85	83	End of November. Late.	The effects of weather have not been favourable. The absence of rainfall retarded the growth of the crop. The outturn is expected to fall below the normal owing to long continued drought.
Darjeeling ...	4,500	2,500	2,500	100	92	Last week of September. Normal.	The weather has been a fair one.
Rangpur ...	3,000	3,400*	3,400*	80	90	November. Normal.	Drought at the growing period has adversely affected the crop. The recent rainfall has however improved the situation.
Bogra ...	100	100	300	...	75	Middle of November. Normal.	The weather has been fair. The outturn is expected to fall below the normal owing to unfavourable weather conditions at the sowing time.
Pabna ...	16,000	12,000	10,000	60	38	Iditto ...	The weather was favourable at the outset. But long continued drought later on damaged about half the crops. The recent rainfall has however improved the prospects to some extent.
Mohla ...	60,000	35,000	35,000	65	92	End of October. Normal.	The weather though not very favourable since the sowing time onward has much improved in consequence of the recent rainfall.
Dacca ...	4,100	3,900	4,100	75	100	Middle of November. Normal.	The increase in area is due to the extension of cultivation in consequence of the high price of flour. The recent rainfall has done much good to the crop.
Faridpur ...	2,700*	2,700*	2,700*	87	100	November. Normal.	The weather has been favourable.
Total Bengal ...	209,800	114,600	116,300	81	78		

* Conventional area.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Second Forecast of the Spring Oilseed Crops of Bengal, 1919-20.

(Note.—On an average of the two years ending 1918, the area under linseed in Bengal has represented some 5.5 per cent. and that under rape and mustard 12.5 per cent. of the total cultivated area under these crops in British India.)

Area sown.—Oilseeds are grown chiefly in Rajshahi, Dacca and the Presidency Divisions. In the other two divisions, the area is small. The estimated area under these crops (excepting sesamum for which separate forecasts are issued) for this year amounts to 1,294,200 acres, against 1,801,100 acres and 1,804,800 acres reported, respectively, in the corresponding and final forecasts of last year.

Character of the Season.—As reported in the first forecast, the season was generally favourable at the sowing time. But the total absence of rain during the months of December and January interfered with the growth of the crops generally. The rainfall in the early part of February was too late to ensure a normal crop. In certain districts insect-pests also caused some damage.

Outturn.—According to the estimates of the district officers the provincial outturn of the different oilseed crops works out at 77 per cent. of the normal, against 66 per cent. in the corresponding forecast of last year.

R. S. FINLOW,

Offg. Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Dacca,

The 28th February 1920.

APPENDIX I.

Second Forecast of the Spring Oilseed Crops of Bengal, 1920-21.

District.	Name of spring oilseed crops	Estimated normal area under spring oilseeds	Estimated area under spring oilseeds.		Taking 100 to represent the normal value would be the average outturn per acre cropped.		Date by which the harvesting generally commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
			Last year (1919-20)	This year (1920-21)	Last year.	This year.		
24-Parganas	Linseed	Acres	Acres	Acres.				
		1,800	800*	800*	67	88		
	Rape and mustard	1,400	800*	800*	67	88		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the above)	300	300	300	88	92		
	Total	3,500	1,900	1,900	70	84	December to February. Normal.	The weather has been favourable, fair outturn is expected.
Nadia	Linseed	55,700	52,300	54,400	88	78	Beginning of February. Normal.	Want of rainfall at the time of growth has adversely affected the outturn to great extent.
	Rape and mustard	32,500	14,400	18,500	28	78	Beginning of January. Normal.	
	Other oilseeds (excepting the above)	18,400	3,800	2,700	31	78	End of December. Normal.	
	Total	106,600	70,500	75,600	49	78		
Murshidabad	Linseed	20,000	13,000	15,000	70	78	Not yet commenced except rape and mustard in some places from middle of January to February. Normal.	The increase in area over that of last year is due to extension of cultivation owing to high prices of oil and favourable weather conditions. Continuous drought at the period of growth likely to reduce the outturn much below the normal.
	Rape and mustard	18,900	12,300	14,700	60	88		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the above)	8,700	2,100	2,800	58	76		
	Total	47,600	27,400	32,500	63	78		
Jessore	Linseed	24,000	9,400	9,500	78	78	January. Normal.	The increase in area over that of the forecast is due to more accurate estimates subsequently made. The weather has not been favourable. The outturn has fallen much below the normal on account of damage done by drought and insect pests.
	Rape and mustard	49,600	18,000	18,000	67	88		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the above)	2,800	1,900	2,500	50	88		
	Total	76,400	29,300	29,700	68	88		
Khulna	Linseed	900	100	100	81	80	End of January. Normal.	The increase in area is due to heavy rainfall at the sowing time. On account of favourable weather, the outturn is expected to be normal.
	Rape and mustard	20,700	18,600	18,400	88	100	End of December. Normal.	
	Other oilseeds (excepting the above)	100	500	500	92	108	Not yet commenced.	
	Total	21,700	19,100	19,000	77	100		
Bardhaman	Linseed	31,900	7,700	4,300†	67	67	First week of February.	The decrease in area as compared with that of last year is due to want of moisture at the sowing time. The weather has not been favourable. The outturn is much below the normal owing to damage done by drought, the rains and insect pests.
	Rape and mustard	21,100	2,100	2,500†	49	67	End of January.	
	Other oilseeds (excepting the above)	1,500	100	200†	65	78	First week of February.	
	Total	54,500	10,900	7,000†	63	67		
Birbhum	Linseed	800	800*	800*	88	78	Not yet commenced.	The weather has been fair.
	Rape and mustard	2,000	2,000*	2,000*	88	78		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the above)	200	200	200	80	78		
	Total	3,000	3,000	3,000	87	78		

* Conventional area

† Revised area from estimate.

District.	Names of spring sown crops.	Estimated area under spring oilseeds.	Estimated area under spring oilseeds.		Taking 100 to represent the normal what would be the average returns per acre cropped.		Date by which the harvesting generally commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
			Last year (1918-19).	This year (1919-20).	Last year.	This year.		
Bansgaon	Linseed	1,800	1,000 ²	1,500 ²	87	108	Not yet commenced.	The increase in area is due to favourable weather conditions. The outturn is expected to be slightly above normal owing to favourable conditions throughout.
	Rape and mustard ...	7,000	5,700	4,500	87	108	Last week of January. Normal.	
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	5,600	3,800	4,000	87	108	Middle of January. Normal.	
	Total ...	14,400	10,500	10,000	87	108		
Midnapore	Linseed	18,000	11,500	12,800	50	92	End of January...	The increase in area is due to rise in prices. Want of rain has done some damage to the crops. Hence the outturn is anticipated to be much below the normal.
	Rape and mustard ...	81,000	117,000	114,000	86	92		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	14,500	14,000	15,200	50	92		
	Total ...	113,500	142,500	142,000	58	88		
Hooghly	Linseed	800	700 ²	700 ²	84	62	Not yet commenced.	The outturn is anticipated to fall much below the normal owing to want of timely rainfall.
	Rape and mustard ...	7,900	3,200	3,800	53	68		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	2,700	700	700	84	62		
	Total ...	11,400	5,200	5,200	55	63		
Howrah	Linseed	2,000	300	300	50	55	Beginning of February. Normal.	Drought has caused damage to linseed and other oilseeds. The outturn is anticipated to be much below the normal.
	Rape and mustard ...	1,100	400	800	50	92		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	100	100	100	50	67		
	Total ...	3,200	700	1,200	50	81		
Bakshi	Linseed	28,000	14,500	14,100	50	67	Not yet commenced.	The outturn is anticipated to fall much below the normal on account of damage caused by insect-pests in the Nagpur subdivision and drought.
	Rape and mustard ...	74,000	57,800	48,400	50	58		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	480	2,000	1,000	23	58		
	Total ...	102,480	74,300	63,500	50	61		
Bardhaman	Linseed	(40)	(30) ²	(30) ²	50	70	Middle of January. Normal.	For want of rain since sowing time the outturn falls much below the normal.
	Rape and mustard ...	70,000	50,500	57,500	50	48		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	100	100	100	50	60		
	Total ...	70,100	50,600	57,600	50	68		
Burdwan	Rape and mustard ...	48,400 ²	51,400	48,300 ²	82	82	Latter part of January.	Owing to extension of tobacco cultivation the area under rape and mustard has been reduced. The outturn has fallen much below the normal owing to damage done by drought and insect pests.
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	300	300	300	100	100		
	Total ...	48,700	51,700	48,600	82	82		

District.	Name of spring oilseed crops.	Estimated normal area under spring oilseeds.	Estimated area under spring oilseeds.		Percentage of normal area cropped.		Date by which the harvest of spring oilseeds is normally completed this year and what date that date was early, normal, or late.	Remarks by District Officers.
			Last year (1918-19).	This year (1919-20).	Last year.	This year.		
Darjeeling	Rape and mustard ...	7,000	3,800	3,800	100	100	January. Normal.	The weather has been favourable. A normal outturn is anticipated.
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	300	200	200	100	100		
	Total ...	7,300	4,000	4,000	100	100		
Raipur	Rape and mustard ...	160,000	118,000	124,000	80	90	Middle of January. Normal.	The weather has been favourable at the sowing time. Since then want of rain has caused the outturn to fall below the normal.
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	1,100	200	200	100	90		
	Total ...	161,100	118,200	124,200	80	90		
Bogra	Linseed ...	1,000	1,600	1,400	68	80	Middle of March ...	The weather was not favourable at the sowing time. Absence of rain and floods in the eastern part of the district caused damage to crops. The recent rain did some good but no appreciable result is expected except in respect of linseed. Hence the outturn is anticipated to be much below the normal.
	Rape and mustard ...	60,000	12,000*	14,000	60	75	Middle of January.	
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	...	300	300	40	80	End of December.	
	Total ...	61,000	13,900	15,700	61	71		
Pabna	Linseed ...	7,600	8,600	10,900	58	80	Not yet commenced.	The increase in area under linseed and decrease in area under rape and mustard as compared with the last year is due to extension and shortage of cultivation respectively this year. The weather was favourable at the sowing time, but defective rainfall has retarded the growth and adversely affected the outturn.
	Rape and mustard ...	110,000	114,300	72,900	55	80		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	...	...	300	...	50
	Total ...	117,600	123,000	84,000	55	80		
Maidan	Linseed ...	6,000	3,600	4,000	45	66	January and February. Normal.	The weather has not been favourable throughout. The growth was retarded owing to want of moisture due to absence of rain since November. The outturn is therefore anticipated to fall much below the normal.
	Rape and mustard ...	30,000	10,000	11,000	45	75		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	2,500	1,200	1,200	40	66		
	Total ...	38,500	14,700	16,200	45	72		
Dacca	Linseed ...	1,300*	4,800	1,400*	75	100	Middle of February. Normal.	The weather has been reasonable. The rainfall at the end of January and beginning of February has greatly benefited the growth of the crops. The outturn is expected to be normal.
	Rape and mustard ...	83,800*	74,900	88,700*	88	100		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	1,700*	...	1,700*	...	100		
	Total ...	91,600	79,500	91,800	86	100		
Mymensingh	Linseed ...	13,800	13,800	13,600	80	80	Middle of January. Normal.	The weather was not favourable throughout. The low outturn is due to want of sufficient rain during the latter part of November.
	Rape and mustard ...	430,700	472,300	472,300	70	75		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	300	300	300	75	100		
	Total ...	444,800	486,400	486,200	70	74		
Fazipur	Linseed ...	5,900	6,100	6,000	80	87	Middle of February and March. Normal.	The decrease in area is due to want of rain at the proper time. Want of rain has caused some damage to crops; hence the outturn will fall below the normal.
	Rape and mustard ...	25,700	25,700	25,400	82	88		
	Other oilseeds (excepting the).	1,100	1,100	1,100	60	80		
	Total ...	32,700	32,900	32,500	84	87		

* Revised on the basis of settlement records.

District.	Name of spring oilseed crops.	Estimated normal area under spring oilseeds.	Estimated area under spring oilseeds.		Taking 100 to represent the normal, what would be the average outturn per acre cropped.		Date by which the harvesting generally commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal or late	Remarks by District Officers.
			Last year (1918-19).	This year (1919-20).	Last year.	This year.		
Bakerganj	Linseed	Acres. 4,600	Acres. 4,600	Acres. 4,400	100	100	Not yet commenced.	The increase in area is due to high price of mustard oil. The weather was favourable to the growth of the crops.
	Rape and mustard ...	1,100	1,500	2,000	100	100		
	Other oilseeds (excepting <i>oil</i>).	200	100	100	100	100		
	Total ...	5,900	6,000	7,500	100	100		
Chittagong	Linseed	100	100	100	85	100	March ...	The weather has been favourable to the growth of the crops. A normal outturn is expected.
	Rape and mustard ...	5,600	5,000	2,000	88	100	January.	
	Other oilseeds (excepting <i>oil</i>).	100	100	100	80	100	March.	
	Total ...	5,800	2,200	2,200	82	100		
Tippera	Linseed	4,800	4,300	3,000	60	67	January. Normal	The decrease in area is due to the non-cultivation in tracts set apart for transplantation of winter paddy. The outturn is anticipated to be much below the normal owing to drought.
	Rape and mustard ...	34,500	36,300	25,000	60	67		
	Other oilseeds (excepting <i>oil</i>).	800	600	500	60	67		
	Total ...	40,100	31,200	28,500	60	67		
Noakhali	Linseed	5,000	4,000	7,100	80	83	Not yet commenced.	The weather has not been favourable for want of rain. The outturn is therefore, anticipated to be below the normal.
	Rape and mustard ...	600	600	600	80	100	February. Normal.	
	Other oilseeds (excepting <i>oil</i>).	700	900	900	80	100	Not yet begun.	
	Total ...	6,300	7,500	8,600	80	86		
Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rape and mustard ...	12,900	12,000	12,100	80	80	Middle of January. Normal.	The weather has been fair.
Total Bengal	Linseed	222,100	164,400	166,700	88	73		
	Rape and mustard ...	1,364,600	1,195,400	1,108,200	88	77		
	Other oilseeds (excepting <i>oil</i>).	47,600	55,000	32,300	84	86		
	Total ...	1,645,300	1,304,800	1,304,200	86	77		

REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE SALT MARKET FOR THE THIRD QUARTER OF THE YEAR 1919-20.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Separate Revenue Branch (Salt).

No. 6278.R.

Dated Calcutta, the 27th February 1920.

THE following report on the state of the salt market for the third quarter of the year 1919-20, comprising the months of October, November and December 1919, in the Presidency of Bengal, is published for general information.

2. The quantity of salt of every description cleared during the quarter amounted to 3,433,050 maunds (including 2,970,110 maunds issued under the credit system), as compared with 2,892,68 maunds (including 2,275,152 maunds issued under the credit system) in the previous quarter and 1,723,634 maunds (including 1,251,101 maunds issued under the credit system) in the corresponding quarter of the previous year. The net amount of duty levied was Rs. 38,09,929 (including Rs. 32,69,780 adjusted under the credit system), as against Rs. 39,68,466 (including Rs. 32,00,209 adjusted under the credit system) in the previous quarter, and Rs. 15,67,559 (including Rs. 9,84,751 adjusted under the credit system) in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

3. The subjoined Table I shows in detail the importations into the Port of Calcutta and the total clearances of sea-imported salt during the quarter, compared with the figures of the corresponding quarters of the two previous years:—

Table I.

Whence imported.	1917-18.		1918-19.		1919-20.	
	THIRD QUARTER.		THIRD QUARTER.		THIRD QUARTER.	
	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
United Kingdom	165,018	74,570	97,990	208,961	527,883	469,888
Hamburg and Bremen ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Port Said	460,475	339,766	850,697	583,801	961,189	829,214
Spain	257,942	186,500	95,278	80,190	345,696	343,604
Salif ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aden	906,065	551,468	257,686	391,138	1,199,946	1,106,884
Rock Salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	18,895	18,270	...	2,064	174,997	22,283
Massowah	400,883	338,800	191,189	200,258	626,924	472,760
Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Masulipatam, etc.	5,431	5,484	...	...	...	...
United States of America (Pacific Coast) ... ..	...	17	...	124	...	1,738
Ditto ditto (Atlantic Coast) ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	85
New South Wales ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	478
Victoria ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	65
Queensland ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	4
South Australia ... ..	...	1	...	...	...	...
Ceylon ... ..	...	...	...	1	...	...
Total	2,274,612	1,511,331	1,492,840	1,420,427	3,388,885	3,246,988*

* Inclusive of 2,970,110 maunds of salt issued under the credit system.

Compared with the corresponding quarter of the previous year and the same quarter of 1917-18, importations were more by 157.0 and 68.6 per cent., respectively, and clearances were more by 128.6 and 114.8 per cent., respectively. As compared with the corresponding period of the previous year, the increased imports from the United Kingdom, Port Said, Spain, Aden, Massowah and Bombay are noticeable.

4. Table II shows the quantity of sea-imported salt remaining in the warehouses at the close of the quarter as compared with the preceding four quarters:—

Table II.

Where stored.	Third quarter of 1918-19.	Fourth quarter of 1918-19.	First quarter of 1919-20.	Second quarter of 1919-20.	Third quarter of 1919-20.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Sulkea Government Salt <i>golas</i> ...	561,981	1,055,301	204,757	318,710	862,690
Chittagong Salt <i>golas</i> ...	383,965	295,371	79,499	35,758	69,980
Narayanganj (private bonded Salt warehouses) ...	19,280	27,453	5,955	16,347	16,593
Bhairab Bazar (private bonded Salt warehouses) ...	...	10,000	7,005	2,237	7,342
Jhalakati (private bonded Salt warehouses)...	31,441	23,611	25,155	16,015	5,615
Madaripur (private bonded Salt warehouses) ...	...	...	415	585	1,333
Chandpur (private bonded Salt warehouses)...	1,363	2,206	...	...	...
Total ...	998,030	1,413,942	322,786	389,652	963,553

5. The figures showing the despatches of salt from Calcutta by different routes during the quarter under report will be published when they are available as usual in the *Calcutta Gazette* by the Director of Statistics with the Government of India.

6. The quantity of salt despatched during the quarter by the East Indian Railway to stations beyond Buxar amounted to *nil*, as against *nil* in the previous quarter, and 306 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

7. The quantity of saltpetre salt excised in the refineries of Bengal during the quarter amounted to 202 maunds as compared with *nil* both in the previous quarter and in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

8. No information was available concerning the shipments of Liverpool salt during the quarter for the Port of Calcutta.

9. Table III shows the average wholesale prices* per 100 maunds of salt at the Port of Calcutta during each fortnight of the quarter:—

Table III.

Description of salt.	Fortnight ending the 16th Oct. 1919.	Fortnight ending the 31st Oct. 1919.	Fortnight ending the 15th Nov. 1919.	Fortnight ending the 30th Nov. 1919.	Fortnight ending the 15th Dec. 1919.	Fortnight ending the 31st Dec. 1919.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Liverpool <i>panga</i> ...	188 0 0	188 0 0	188 0 0	188 0 0	188 0 0	188 0 0
Port Said crushed	180 0 0	180 0 0	180 0 0	180 0 0	180 0 0	180 0 0
Bombay <i>karkuch</i> ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aden crushed ...	...	180 0 0	180 0 0	180 0 0	180 0 0	...
Salif crushed ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Spanish <i>karkuch</i> ...	...	183 0 0	183 0 0	...	...	...
Madras salt ...	109 0 0	108 0 0	107 0 0	104 0 0	104 0 0	100 8 0

* The prices are exclusive of the Port Commissioners' special toll of 4 annas per ton and Customs duty of Rs. 1-4 per maund.

10. The subjoined Table IV shows the average wholesale prices per 100 maunds of salt at the Port of Chittagong during each fortnight of the quarter :—

Table IV.

Description of Salt.	Fortnight ending the 15th October 1919.	Fortnight ending the 31st October 1919.	Fortnight ending the 15th November 1919.	Fortnight ending the 30th November 1919.	Fortnight ending the 15th December 1919.	Fortnight ending the 31st December 1919.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Liverpool <i>panga</i> ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aden ...	189 1 0	189 1 0	189 1 0	189 1 0	189 1 0	189 1 0
Spanish ...	192 3 0	192 3 0	...	...	...	...
Port Said ...	...	...	...	...	189 1 0	189 1 0
Massawah ...	...	...	...	189 1 0	189 1 0	189 1 0

11. Table V below shows the quantities of sea-imported salt admitted into bond and cleared from bond and shipboard at the Port of Chittagong and at the several inland warehousing stations :—

Table V.

Port or station.	Description of salt.	ADMITTED INTO BOND.		CLEARED FROM BOND AND SHIPBOARD.	
		Third quarter of 1919-20.	Third quarter of 1919-20.	Third quarter of 1919-20.	Third quarter of 1919-20.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Chittagong	English <i>panga</i> ...	...	...	...	4
	Aden ...	...	81,600	20,830	89,190
	Spanish ...	...	...	13,932	4,975
	Port Said ...	...	30,000	194,395	2,160
	Massawah ...	...	15,000	...	16,800
	Basra ...	...	...	...	2
Narayanganj	English <i>panga</i> ...	38,000	30,000	25,810	25,905
	Aden ...	...	...	6	...
	Spanish ...	...	9,000	2,400	8,911
	Port Said ...	5,000	3,000	4,950	1,000
	Massawah ...	...	5,000	9	3,000
Jhalakati	English <i>panga</i> ...	20,000	17,598	12,709	24,271
	Spanish ...	...	1,100	...	1,089
	Port Said ...	11,100	...	10,989	...
	Massawah ...	...	3,100	5	8,069
	Aden ...	...	...	...	...
Bhairab Bazar	English <i>panga</i> ...	...	10,000	26	8,066
Madaripur	English <i>panga</i> ...	...	...	...	...
	Spanish ...	...	2,000	...	1,190
	Massawah ...	...	1,000	...	990
	Port Said ...	...	...	...	490
Chandpur	English <i>panga</i> ...	...	...	...	...
	Aden ...	...	...	2,857	...
	Spanish ...	...	...	...	...
	Port Said ...	13,500	...	14,786	...
	Total ...	87,600	208,398	303,207	186,112

As compared with the corresponding quarter of the previous year, the quantities admitted into bond and cleared from bond and shipboard were more by 137.8 and less by 38.6 per cent., respectively.

By order of the Governor in Council,

A. MARR,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

**RESOLUTION REVIEWING THE REPORTS ON THE WORKING
OF DISTRICT BOARDS IN BENGAL DURING 1918-19.**

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

CALCUTTA, THE 23RD FEBRUARY 1920.

RESOLUTION No. 458 L.S.-G.

READ—

The Reports of Commissioners of Divisions on the working of District Boards in Bengal during the year 1918-19.

• **District Boards.**—There was no change in the constitution of the Boards, except that the number of members was increased from 18 to 24 in Tippera and from 12 to 18 in Noakhali. Last year it was necessary to remind the non-official Chairmen of the District Boards of Murshidabad, the 24-Parganas and Jessore that more extended touring was necessary if the work of the Boards was to be properly carried out. It is satisfactory to note that during the year under review these Chairmen were on tour for 25, 23 and 32 days respectively. Having regard to the advanced age of these gentlemen and their other public and professional duties these tours do them credit. The non-official Chairman of the Bakarganj District Board was on tour for 54 days, and of the Burdwan District Board for 64 days. The latter is reported to have done very good work on his tours; the District Board appears to have exercised a wise discretion in electing a gentleman who has not only time to discharge the duties of his responsible office but also determination to have work done properly.

2. **Local Boards.**—The elective system was introduced during the year under review in the Local Boards of the Chittagong Division and in the Local Boards of Patuakhali and Bhola in the Bakarganj district. Sanction has also been given to the establishment of Local Boards in the subdivisions of the Chittagong district, where there are at present no Local Boards, and preliminary arrangements are being made for their establishment. General elections were held in five districts; they failed in seven thanas owing to the non-attendance of the prescribed proportion of voters. In the Aansol subdivision, where the roads are under the charge of the Local Board, the entire road cess receipts from the subdivision, after deducting the cost of collection and proportionate charges for office establishment, were made over to the Local Board.

It is hoped that the Village Self-Government Act by extending the sphere of the duties of Local Boards will infuse new vitality into them and stimulate their activity.

3. **Union Committees—(a) Constitution.**—The number of Union Committees actually at work at the end of the year increased from 174 to 269 with a population of over two millions. In addition to these, 127 new Union Committees had been sanctioned but had not been actually constituted before the end of the year. The elective system is being introduced in all unions where the members are nominated as their term of office expires, and the proportion of elected members has consequently been largely increased.

(b) **Income.**—The total income of Union Committees (excluding opening balances) increased from Rs. 2,00,000 to Rs. 2,39,000, of which Rs. 1,28,000 was contributed by District Boards. The number of committees imposing union rates rose from 86 to 105, of which 49 were in the Dacca district: the amount realised rose from Rs. 52,000 to Rs. 58,000. As a contrast to the Union Committees of the Dacca district it is noticeable that in the 24-Parganas no assessment was levied by the Union Committees, which relied on grants from the District Board as their chief source of income. The latter district is regarded as advanced, and the unwillingness of the people to raise funds for the improvement of their villages is to be regretted.

(c) **Expenditure.**—The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 2,34,000, of which Rs. 1,03,000 was spent on roads, Rs. 52,000 on sanitation and Rs. 55,000 on water-supply. Union Committees in Birbhum, Murshidabad, Jessore and Dacca devoted part of their funds to education and in Birbhum, Jessore and Dacca to dispensaries. In the 24-Parganas the tendency of the committees, if left to themselves, is to devote the greater part of their income to roads and to spend as little as possible on water-supply, sanitation, education or medical relief.

(d) **Balances.**—The number of Union Committees that disposed of the whole of their funds was 31, while 35 others were left with balances of less than Rs. 10. In two Union Committees in Birbhum the closing balances exceeded the total expenditure. One Union Committee in Dacca, which had a total income, of Rs. 3,935 spent only Rs. 1,541 and is responsible for a balance of Rs. 2,424; another in Noakhali kept a balance of Rs. 2,725 out of its income of Rs. 3,677.

4. **General remarks.**—Although some districts seem to be making little or no progress, the Union Committees generally continued to do good work. In the Chittagong Division for instance it is reported:—"The Union Committees are gradually realizing the advantages of self-taxation and their activities, zeal and enthusiasm will go on developing with the expansion of work entrusted to them." In Faridpur these bodies are genuinely desirous of improving local conditions and are alive to the fact that self-taxation is an essential necessity. The Chairman of the Birbhum District Board writes:—"The steady increase in the number of Union Committees, all willing to impose self-taxation, has been a remarkable feature of the year of report. Some idea of their activities may be gathered from the fact that the funds administered by the Union Committees almost doubled during the year of report and that only a very small percentage of this amount (23·8 per cent.) represents the contributions made by the District Board, the remainder being their income from funds raised by themselves from self-taxation. Under the sympathetic guidance of the District Board, the Union Committees of this district continue to display a steadily increasing measure of self-help, administrative capacity and zeal for the execution of works of sanitation, conservancy, water-supply and medical relief". In Dacca the value of the work accomplished by the Union Committees is enhanced by the fact that it is done economically. The policy of the committees is to avoid the expense of contractors by delegating one of their members to engage and supervise labourers while another member is deputed to inspect the work. The Chairman usually saves the expenses of a clerk by doing the accounts and correspondence himself. Administrative expenses thus become insignificant in comparison with the work done and in many unions they are nil. Similarly in Hooghly where different members are placed in charge of different works the people get very good value for their money.

A dislike of taxation is not peculiar to the villages of Bengal and it is only natural that taxation should not appeal to villagers who have not yet seen the benefits that will result from their contributions. In this connection the Chairman of the Howrah District Board reports:—"As a result of my local inspections I am convinced that taxation is highly unpopular among the villagers and a committee that imposes it knowingly faces unpopularity. The villagers are anxious that Union Committees should improve amenities of life in the village but they expect that all the necessary cost will be provided by the Board or Government. In some cases the fear of taxation leads to opposition to the establishment of Union Committees". In other districts also

the committees are apt to rely on the District Board contributions but it is scarcely necessary to point out that as Union Committees and Union Boards increase in number, till there is a network of them in each district, the amounts the Boards will be able to give to each will be so comparatively small that they must be supplemented by adequate local taxation if local needs are to be met.

5. **District Board Receipts.**—During the year under review the total receipts from all sources (excluding opening balances) increased by over 6 lakhs, viz., from Rs. 1,10,22,000 to Rs. 1,16,57,000: the receipts from local rates rose by $1\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs, while the educational receipts rose by nearly $3\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs.

6. **Incidence of Taxation.**—The incidence of taxation averaged $2\frac{1}{2}$ annas per head for the whole Presidency and varied from 3 annas 2 pies in the Burdwan Division to 1 anna 11 pies in the Dacca Division.

7. **District Board expenditure.**—The decrease of expenditure in relation to current income to which Government drew attention last year is still more noticeable in the year under review. Last year the expenditure exceeded the current income by less than Rs. 5,000 in contrast to the previous three years when there was an excess of by $5\frac{1}{2}$, $7\frac{1}{2}$ and $2\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs respectively. In this year the high price of materials and the difficulty of obtaining them led to a curtailment of expenditure, the result being that the current income exceeded the expenditure by $4\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs. Many districts were left with large surpluses, and the aggregate closing balance at the end of the year was 23 lakhs—an increase of 3 lakhs on the previous year.

8. **Loans.**—It is somewhat anomalous that whereas the municipalities with an income of 65 lakhs have taken loans totalling 69 lakhs, the aggregate of the loans of the District Boards of Bengal, with an income of over a crore of rupees, is only 20 lakhs, of which 16 lakhs is on account of the loan taken by the 24-Parganas District Board for the Magra Hât Drainage Scheme. The District Boards are constantly complaining of the inadequacy of their income, but it is their usual practice to finance capital works from current revenue. They have not apparently realized that by so doing they are not taking advantage of their strong financial position to obtain funds for the development of their districts and that they are at the same time unfairly burdening the present generation with the whole capital cost of works of which the benefit will to a large extent be reaped by posterity.

9. **Education.**—In spite of Government giving the Boards further grants amounting to $3\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs, the expenditure on education rose by only Rs. 1,69,000. It aggregated $26\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs, about three-fifths of which represented Government grants placed at the disposal of the Boards. The percentage of their income spent on primary education was over 20 per cent. in all but nine districts and varied from 10 per cent. in Burdwan to 30 per cent. in Noakhali and Bogra: the district last named is in advance of other districts of the Rajshahi Division in respect of both male and female education. The total number of Board and aided primary schools rose from 35,278 to 36,654, of which 28,647 were boys schools and 8,007 girls' schools; altogether 2,866 were maintained by the Boards.

It is satisfactory to note that there has been an increase of 592 in the number of girls' schools. The number of night schools organised in the district of Birbhum for the education of artizans and the labouring classes rose from 113 to 144 with an attendance of 2,936 pupils. Weaving schools are being assisted by one or more District Boards in each division, while technical schools are maintained by the District Boards of Burdwan, Khulna, Mymensingh, Tippera, Rajshahi and Pabna: the District Board of Midnapore has also decided to establish one at Jhargram.

10. **Medical Relief and Public Health.**—These two heads are grouped together for this review as it is impossible to distinguish the expenditure under each. The outlay under the head of Medical increased by $1\frac{1}{2}$ lakh and that shown under the head of Sanitation by about half a lakh. The increases are due mainly to the establishment of new dispensaries, the temporary employment of special doctors to cope with outbreaks of influenza and other epidemics, the free distribution of medicines during diseases, the rise in the price of medicines owing to the war and the more general adoption of sanitary measures.

In nearly all districts definite programmes have been laid down for the gradual extension of dispensaries, and 15 new dispensaries were established during the year. The number would have been still greater had it not been for the high cost of materials and the difficulty of getting them. There was generally greater activity in providing for the needs, both medical and sanitary, of rural areas. In Birbhum for instance five temporary dispensaries were opened and were retained almost throughout the year, the influenza epidemic being succeeded by small-pox and cholera epidemics. The District Board of Hooghly employed five peripatetic Sub-Assistant Surgeons who visited villages and markets (*hâts*) to give free medical relief and instruct the villagers in matters of hygiene and public health. The Mymensingh District Board maintained a lady doctor and five midwives and also employed two sanitary officers for work during epidemics. In this district 11 extra doctors and 16 compounders were engaged to cope with the epidemic of influenza. In Bakarganj the services of 43 extra medical men (in addition to 30 doctors and 25 compounders attached to the Board's dispensaries) were utilized during the outbreak in October 1918. The Board opened 72 centres, each in charge of a medical man, and freely distributed medicines to the affected persons. In this district the doctors attached to some of the dispensaries visit the neighbouring village markets (*hâts*) and render medical aid to those attending them. In Rajshahi the system of treating with quinine children in primary schools suffering from malaria was extended. Medical officers of the Board's dispensaries treated school children within a radius of 1 mile from their dispensaries in addition to their dispensary work, and it was arranged that the medical officers of private dispensaries should give similar treatment in the neighbouring schools, the Board supplying the quinine. The results are said to be promising and the experiments will be continued. Two supernumerary doctors were also deputed at Nator and Naogaon as whole-time officers to do similar work in schools within a radius of 5 miles, but this work was interrupted by the floods, as the officers had to be employed on flood duty.

In Jessore a scheme for affording medical relief by subsidizing medical practitioners is said to have worked fairly well, but it does not appear that the doctors subsidized by the Board have as yet opened dispensaries of their own, and the Chairman is not yet sure that they will eventually settle down in the locality, which was one of the main conditions on which the subsidies were granted.

Useful public health propaganda work was done in several districts. In Jessore the non-official Chairman personally delivered lectures on malaria and cholera with the help of a magic-lantern. In Rajshahi one of the Board's Sub-Assistant Surgeons went on a lecturing tour for about one month. Lectures were given at zemindars' cutcherries, high English schools, *melas* and other places. It is reported that large audiences of all classes, both men and women, attended and showed the liveliest interest. Lantern-lectures given by the Sanitary Inspector of the Mymensingh District Board in villages and primary schools were much appreciated, and the Board has under consideration the appointment of two regular lecturers for the dissemination of knowledge of simple sanitary facts. Elsewhere also, *e.g.*, in Bogra and Malda, Sanitary Inspectors gave magic-lantern lectures and instructed the villagers in the principles of hygiene and the means of protecting themselves against epidemics.

11. In the Asansol mining settlement the system of free and compulsory vaccination has for some time been in force under the supervision of the Mines Board of Health. It was introduced by the District Board in the remainder of the district during the year under review. A first class Health Officer was appointed by the Board for the purpose as well as for general public health work, and four Health Inspectors and 32 Sanitary Assistants were appointed to help him. In Bakarganj a scheme of free vaccination which was in force last year in the Sadar subdivision, was extended to the Perojpur subdivision with satisfactory results. 20 per cent. of the population being vaccinated. Free vaccination was also continued in the Jalpaiguri and 24-Parganas districts and in certain parts of the Bogra and Tippera districts.

12. Ordinary sanitary measures, such as the clearing of jungle, filling up of ditches and disinfection of tanks and wells are generally carried out

through the agency of Local Boards and Union Committees. The District Board of Dacca organized three special sanitary gangs for the Manikganj subdivision. The Local Board of Meherpur in the district of Nadia continued to clear jungle on village sites through the agency of special local committees, who took leases from the owners on small rents or free of rent and cleared the plots with the help of Local Board contributions. Crops were then grown which prevented the jungle growing again and yielded a small profit to the committees. The idea is to form a village sanitation fund out of the sale-proceeds of the crops and to undertake other sanitary works, independently of the contribution of local bodies. The scheme is said to be working successfully so far and the number of such village committees is increasing.

13. **Veterinary.**—The veterinary assistants continue to do useful work, the itinerant officers visiting villages affected by its cattle disease and treating the cattle, while the stationary assistants treat in-door and out-door patients at their hospitals. The building of a veterinary hospital and dispensary at Jalpaiguri was completed during the year. An epidemic of rinderpest broke out in the Sunderbans during the cold weather. A large quantity of serum was obtained for inoculation, and the Chairman of the District Board of the 24-Parganas reports that the effect of the treatment was satisfactory and highly appreciated by the people. The Commissioner of Burdwan states that the people in his division now have a firm faith in the efficacy of inoculation.

14. **Civil Works.**—The expenditure on original works on buildings was approximately the same as last year, but the outlay on communications decreased by over two lakhs. In some districts the scarcity of labourers owing to the prevalence of influenza and cholera epidemics partially explains the decrease, but the main reason throughout the Presidency was the dislocation of railway goods traffic, which interfered with the transport of road metal and of coal for the manufacture of bricks. In consequence there were large lapses, the percentage of which in the Province as a whole increased from 11 to 12·5 per cent. In Burdwan the amount that lapsed exceeded the expenditure.

15. **Water-supply.**—Expenditure on water-supply amounted to Rs. 7,83,000 or nearly one-quarter of the net public works cess receipts. The District Board of Nadia spent nearly half of those receipts, the Dacca and Faridpur Boards over two-fifths and the 24-Parganas and Mymensingh Boards one-third; the outlay in the district last named was double what it was in the previous year. The Chittagong District Board spent only Rs. 4,435, or 3·4 per cent. of the public works cess receipts. The failure to do more is attributed to difficulty in securing sites for tanks, and the District Board is considering the possibility of encouraging the use of wells in preference to tanks. In Rangpur, where only Rs. 11,000 was devoted to this purpose, it is reported that drinking water is available at a small cost by digging *katcha* wells and that the necessity for expenditure of funds on a large scale is not therefore keenly felt. The Governor in Council is pleased to observe that, with few exceptions, District Boards are realising their responsibility in this important matter, but he has read with concern the remarks of the Chairman of the Mymensingh District Board that the efforts of the Board to supply water are resulting in a diminution of private efforts.

16. **Drainage.**—The expenditure incurred under this head was confined chiefly to clearing roadside drains, re-excavating and deepening *khals* and petty surface drainage. The Dinajpur Board spent a large sum in constructing new culverts and extending the waterways in bridges so as to drain off water quickly and obviate damage to crops from floods. The District Boards of Jessore, 24-Parganas and Nadia agreed to undertake with funds contributed by them and Government three large schemes under the Sanitary Drainage Act for improving the drainage of the Arool Bil and the Naw-Sunthi and Jaboona rivers.

17. **Closing balances.**—In the previous three years the District Boards had been gradually reducing their large accumulated balances, but in the year under review the actual closing balances showed an increase of three lakhs. The explanation is generally that expenditure on capital works was curtailed owing to the difficulty of getting materials, the result of transport conditions,

and also owing to their high cost. As in the previous year, the largest balance was retained by the Burdwan District Board : its actual amount was 5 lakhs which approximates to its total ordinary expenditure. It is explained that owing to war conditions and the ravages of influenza among labourers, one of its Local Boards (Asansol) was not able to utilize fully the public works allotment, which resulted in a savings of more than $2\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs. The disproportionately large balances at the credit of the 24-Parganas and Jessore and Nadia District Boards (viz., Rs. 3,90,000, Rs. 1,43,000 and Rs. 56,000 respectively) were mainly due to the receipt of large grants from Government on account of the Jaboona, Nawi-Sunthi and Arool Bil drainage schemes, the execution of which could not be taken up during the year. Other District Boards with a closing balance of over one lakh are Midnapore, Hooghly, Tippera and Bakarganj. No explanation has been given in the first three cases : in Bakarganj it is due to the collection of arrear cesses amounting to Rs. 34,000 and to the wrong credit to the District Board of Government land revenue amounting to Rs. 40,000. On the other hand the Noakhali and Mymensingh Boards cleared off the accumulations of previous years ; the latter retaining an actual balance of Rs. 63,000 against a current expenditure of about 9 lakhs. Bankura closed the year with a cash balance of Rs. 4,000, which represents only 2 per cent. of its current expenditure. An extreme case is that of Dacca where the year closed with an actual balance of only Rs. 1,845, which is much below the minimum working balance necessary.

18. The Governor in Council desires to express his appreciation of the good work done by the following gentlemen :—

VICE-CHAIRMEN OF DISTRICT BOARDS.

Burdwan Division.

Babu Tara Prasanna Mukherji, Burdwan.
Khan Bahadur Maulvi Muhammad Shamsuzzoha, Birbhum.
Babu Atal Behari Singh, Midnapore.
Rai Bejoy Narayan Kundu Bahadur, Hooghly.
Rai Ashutosh Bose Bahadur, Howrah.

Presidency Division.

Baba Sasi Sekhar Basu, 24-Parganas.
Rai Biswambhar Ray Bahadur, Nadia.
Babu Bijoy Krishna Mitra, Jessore.
Rai Amrita Lal Raha Bahadur, Khulna.

Dacca Division.

Babu Sarat Chandra Chakravarty, Dacca.
Khan Bahadur Mahammad Ismail, Mymensingh.

Chittagong Division.

Rai Upendra Lal Roy Bahadur, Chittagong.
Khan Sahib Maulvi Abdur Raschid Khan, Noakhali.
Maulvi Syed Abdul Jabber, Tippera.

Rajshahi Division.

Maulvi Enaduddin Ahmad, Rajshahi.
Babu Jagindra Chandra Chakravarty, Dinajpur.
Rai Kali Pada Banarji Bahadur, Jalpaiguri.
Rai Mritunjoy Ray Chaudhuri Bahadur, Rangpur.
Maulvi Syed Riazuddin Quazi, B.L., Bogra.
Khan Sahib Maulvi Kader Baksha, Malda.

MEMBERS.

Burdwan Division.

Rai Nalinakshya Bose Bahadur, Burdwan.
Babu Satis Chandra Mukherjee, Hooghly.
Rai Mati Lal Haldar, Howrah.
Rai Joykali Chakravarty Bahadur, Howrah.

Presidency Division.

Babu Kali Das Mitra, Jessore.

Dacca Division.

Babu Khetra Gopal Sarkar, Faridpur.
„ Debendra Nath Dutt, Bakarganj.
„ Rohini Lal Roy, Bakarganj.

Chittagong Division.

Babu Durgadas Dutta, Chittagong.

Rajshahi Division.

Babu Jatindra Mohan Sen, Dinajpur.
Messrs W. L. Travers, O.B.E., J. A. Polwhele, R. McLean and
W. L. Milne, Jalpaiguri.
Babu Radha Raman Majumdar, Rangpur.
„ Bhabani Prosad Lahiri, Rangpur.

By order of the Governor in Council,

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

FORM I(a).

Statement showing the constitution of District Boards in the Bengal Presidency during the year 1918-19.

Serial number.	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	PARTICULARS ABOUT CHAIRMAN.				NUMBER OF MEMBERS.								Total number of meetings held including those specified in columns 19 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 19 which proved abortive for want of quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 19 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.	
					Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominated non-official.	Nominated official.	Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Official.	Non-official.	Europeans.	Indians.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
BURDWAN DIVISION.																							
1	Burdwan ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1883.	2,869	1,444,185	1	...	...	...	3	8*	7	18	2	15	2	16†	19	...	...	1	59.6	63.5	62.9
2	Birbhum ...		1,751	9,36,342	...	...	...	1	3	5	8	16	3	12	...	16	17	...	...	...	87.5	61.6	66.4
3	Bankura ...		2,611	1,081,464	...	...	...	1	6	4	8	17	5	12	3	14	14	...	...	...	80.0	60.1	65.96
4	Midnapur ...		3,114	2,738,288	...	...	...	1	7	6	12	28	8	17	3	22	16	...	...	...	69.88	69.47	68.76
5	Hooghly ...		1,159	988,615	...	...	...	1	7	7	13	27	7	20	4	23	14	...	...	...	72.4	75.7	74.18
6	Howrah ...		498.8	719,084	...	...	...	1	3	4	6	13	4	9	2	11	16	...	...	...	76.56	70.14	73.11
	Total ...		13,800.8	7,847,978	1	...	...	5	28	34	54	116	30	86	14	102	96	...	1	...	...	...
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																							
7	24-Parganas ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1883.	4,721	1,789,350	1	...	...	...	8	7	11	24	6	18	1	23	19	...	2	...	68.4	75.1	73.0
8	Nadia ...		2,764	1,521,928	...	...	...	1	6	7	12	25	8	19	3	22	16	...	...	...	92.0	67.0	72.3
9	Murshidabad ...		2,110	1,380,791	1	...	...	...	5	6	10	21	5	16	3	19	15	...	...	...	44.0	55.0	52.3
10	Jessore ...		2,914	1,737,066	1	...	...	...	6	8	10	24	6	19	2	22	21	...	1	...	48.4	54.5	53.0
11	Khulna ...		3,057	1,337,610	...	...	...	1	5	6	6	17	5	12	1	18	15	...	...	...	57.3	70.0	78.0
	Total ...		14,565	7,628,750	3	...	...	2	28	34	49	111	28	82	10	101	86	...	3	...	...	...
DACCA DIVISION.																							
12	Dacca ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1883.	2,781.8	2,823,975	...	...	...	1	7	8	14	29	6	21	4	25	14	...	...	...	53.3	68.7	67.2
13	Mymensingh ...		6,278.3	4,404,363	...	...	...	1	8	10	12	25	6	19	1	24	16	...	...	...	51.9	50.2	63.2
14	Fatiga ...		2,695.8	2,089,710	...	...	...	1	6	7	12	25	7	18	2	23	16	...	...	...	70.8	71.5	71.1
15	Bakerganj ...		3,820.7	2,380,293	1	...	...	...	6	8	12	24	7	17	1	22	19	...	1	...	60.3	61.0	60.0
	Total ...		15,306.6	11,808,321	1	...	...	3	22	31	50	102	28	76	8	95	65	...	1	...	60.3	60.0	63.4
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																							
16	Chittagong ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1883.	2,487	1,475,289	...	...	...	1	5	14	...	19	5	14	3	16	17	...	...	...	60.5	70.28	69.73
17	Tippura ...		2,485.8	2,372,434	...	...	...	1	5	7	7	19	5	14	2	17	16	...	...	...	80	78.6	73.6
18	Noakhali ...		1,642	1,205,081	...	...	...	1	3	4	8	13	4	9	1	12	15	...	...	...	53.3	62.2	68.7
	Total ...		6,614.8	5,142,804	...	...	...	3	13	26	13	51	14	37	6	45	47	...	...	...	...	...	...
HAJSHAHI DIVISION.																							
19	Rajshahi ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1883.	2,611	1,448,930	...	...	...	1	5	7	11	23	7	18	2	20	16	...	...	...	77.6	61.2	68.4
20	Dinajpur ...		2,940	1,671,738	...	...	...	1	7	7	8	22	7	16	2	20	12	...	...	...	75.0	47.2	66.4
21	Jalpaiguri ...		2,912	891,191	...	...	...	1	...	9	2	17	7	10	10	7	15	...	...	...	80.93	63.33	62.33
22	Rangpur ...		3,470	2,365,901	...	...	...	1	6	5	10	21	6	15	1	20	17	...	...	...	81.7	48.6	60.6
23	Bowra ...		1,347	970,366	...	...	...	1	5	11	...	16	6	10	1	13	18	...	...	...	49.0	54.41	52.04
24	Pabna ...		1,837	1,384,635	...	...	...	1	4	4	8	16	4	12	1	13	18	...	...	...	76.4	63	67.8
25	Malda ...		1,892	974,131	...	...	...	1	3	10	...	13	6	8	3	10	16	...	...	...	62.0	55.0	57.7
	Total ...		18,012	10,708,792	...	...	...	7	36	53	29	128	42	88	21	107	112	...	...	...	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL, 1918-19			68,299.2	42,022,655	5	...	...	20	127	177	208	609	142	367	59	430	406	...	4	1	...	...	...
Total for 1917-18			68,299.2	42,022,655	3	...	...	22	133	170	208	511	148	363	65	446	286	...	3	...	...	...	...

* Including two members appointed under section 10 of the Local Self-Government Act.
† Including the Civil Surgeon.

FORM No. 1(b).

Statement showing the constitution of the Local Board in the Bengal Presidency during the year 1918-19.

Serial number.	NAME OF LOCAL BOARD.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Pop. within the area.	PARTICULARS ABOUT CHAIRMAN.					NUMBER OF MEMBERS.								Total number of meetings held including those specified in column 19 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which proved abortive for want of a quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.
					Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominated non-official.	Nominated official.	Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Official.	Non-official.	Ex-officio.	Indians.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
BURDWAN DIVISION.																							
<i>Burdwan.</i>																							
1	Sadar	...	1,274	827,180	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	16	...	15	...	15	33	...	...	...	51.26	51.26
2	Asansol	...	661	347,186	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	3	...	4	20	...	...	100.0	48.7	54.4
3	Katwa	...	354	210,217	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	3	...	...	13	1	...	92.3	58.6	62.4
4	Kalna	...	413	216,672	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	3	...	...	12	3	...	60.6	39.68	42.50
	Total	...	2,669	1,411,183	1	1	...	...	...	8	18	29	42	38	4	34	68	4	1	...	...	...
<i>Birbhum.</i>																							
5	Sadar	...	1,106	535,741	1	...	...	...	...	4	7	11	...	11	...	11	15	...	...	...	40.4	40.4
6	Rampur Hat	...	645	291,001	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	3	...	...	11	...	...	86	60.7	69.0
	Total	...	1,751	826,742	1	1	...	...	...	5	9	14	20	14	...	20	26	1	...	...	...	...
<i>Bankura.</i>																							
7	Sadar	...	1,917	723,511	1	...	...	...	...	8	4	12	...	12	...	12	13	...	...	...	64.1	64.1
8	Vishnupur	...	604	357,203	1	...	...	...	...	7	3	10	...	10	...	10	16	...	...	...	50.0	50.0
	Total	...	2,521	1,080,714	2	...	...	...	...	15	7	22	...	22	...	22	29	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Medinipur.</i>																							
9	Sadar	...	3,267	1,267,329	1	...	...	...	...	14	10	24	...	19	...	24	10	...	...	52.0	62.63	60.41
10	Tamluk	...	318	594,464	...	1	...	...	...	1	11	12	...	12	...	12	11	...	...	42.33	76.73	76.22
11	Chandpur	...	819	618,223	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	...	5	...	5	15	...	...	53.25	66.71	64.14
12	Chhatral	...	650	256,282	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	...	5	...	5	7	...	...	71.4	72.4	72.3
	Total	...	5,114	2,736,298	2	...	...	...	...	16	25	41	33	36	1	46	43	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Hugli.</i>																							
13	Sadar	...	429	277,018	1	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	...	5	...	5	14	...	...	32.7	50.4	66.1
14	Serampur	...	329	452,886	...	1	...	...	...	1	6	7	...	7	...	7	13	...	...	84.6	63.2	64.6
15	Arambagh	...	401	308,711	...	1	...	...	...	1	4	5	...	5	...	5	11	...	...	100.0	69.5	72.04
	Total	...	1,159	938,615	1	2	...	...	...	3	14	22	39	36	1	38	38	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Howrah.</i>																							
16	Sadar	...	163	2,67,807	1	...	...	...	...	1	3	4	...	4	...	4	13	...	...	25.0	54.23	54.63
17	Uttarpara	...	334	461,277	...	1	...	...	...	1	4	5	...	5	...	5	16	...	...	100.0	51.13	54.66
	Total	...	497	729,084	1	1	...	...	...	2	7	9	21	22	...	24	29	...	...	...	...	...
Divisional Total...																							
13,809 7,847,978 8 7 2 15 59 121 225 22 203 6 219 215 5 5																							
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																							
<i>24-Paraganas.</i>																							
18	Sadar	...	1,117	513,933	1	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	...	5	...	5	15	...	...	53.3	64.0	67.0
19	Diamond Harbour	...	1,281	515,725	...	1	...	...	...	1	3	4	...	4	...	4	11	...	...	36.1	73.8	70.4
20	Barasat	...	277	378,951	...	1	...	...	...	1	3	4	...	4	...	4	12	...	...	54.3	78.7	76.6
21	Baishat	...	1,000	323,602	1	...	...	...	...	4	3	7	...	7	...	7	13	...	...	33.07	66.7	71.7
22	Barrackpore	...	147	37,494	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	2	...	2	14	...	...	85.7	12.8	90.8
	Total	...	1,721	1,789,655	3	1	1	1	4	13	11	24	54	54	2	52	65	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Nadia.</i>																							
23	Sadar	...	630	332,659	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	12	1	...	...	70.1	70.1
24	Chandanga	...	437	342,042	...	1	...	...	...	1	3	4	...	4	...	4	13	...	...	92.3	67.4	70.1
25	Kushtia	...	691	447,021	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	3	...	3	13	...	...	70.9	74.8	75.1
26	Mohorpur	...	629	323,602	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	3	...	3	13	...	...	33.07	66.7	71.7
27	Ratanpur	...	407	176,614	...	1	...	...	...	2	1	3	...	3	...	3	15	...	...	76.6	73.3	74.1
	Total	...	2,754	1,521,938	3	3	...	...	...	9	12	24	61	64	2	67	66	1	...	...	...	...
<i>Murshidabad.</i>																							
28	Sadar	...	902	371,455	1	...	...	...	...	7	14	21	...	21	...	21	12	...	...	16.6	66.8	68.2
29	Kandi	...	829	348,888	...	1	...	...	...	1	4	5	...	5	...	5	15	...	...	93.2	62	64.1
30	Jangipur	...	507	279,648	1	...	...	...	...	4	9	13	...	13	...	13	17	...	...	36.2	66.3	76.4
	Total	...	2,119	1,399,991	3	1	...	...	...	12	27	48	1	47	1	47	44	1	...	...	...	...

Acc III (B), C 1 of Dec 3.

FORM No. 1(b)—continued.

Statement showing the constitution of Local Boards in the Bengal Presidency during the year 1918-19—continued

Serial number.	NAME OF LOCAL BOARD.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	PARTICULARS ABOUT CHAIRMAN.					NUMBER OF MEMBERS.								Total number of meetings held including those held in columns 18 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which proved abortive for want of quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 18 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of members present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.
					Elected official.	Elected non-official.	Nominated non-official.	Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Official.	Non-official.	Europeans.	Indians.								
PURBHOOGY DIVISION—continued.																							
Jessore.																							
31	Sadar		741	453,394	1	...	...	...	...	5	10	16	...	15	1	14	12	...	...	...	65	65
32	Bongson		646	302,773	1	...	...	...	...	5	7	12	...	12	...	12	10	...	...	...	65	65
33	Narail		487	360,609	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	12	...	...	...	61.9	61.9
34	Magura		426	263,048	1	...	...	...	...	2	6	8	...	8	...	8	12	...	2	2	67.7	66.9
35	Jhenidah		616	564,142	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	13	...	...	...	71.8	71.8
	Total		2,914	1,737,066	5	...	...	...	1	15	37	57	1	56	1	50	64	2	2	...	...	...
Khulna.																							
36	Sadar		644	428,249	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	14	1	...	...	46	48
37	Bagerhat		679	378,141	...	1	...	...	...	3	8	12	...	11	...	12	10	...	...	90	72	73.6
38	Satkhira		734	431,226	...	1	...	...	...	4	10	15	...	14	...	15	12	...	...	100	45.2	48.9
	Total		2,057	1,337,615	2	...	...	...	2	11	26	39	2	37	...	39	36	1	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total ...		14,566	7,625,780	12	7	1	1	13	72	164	249	14	216	6	243	260	5	2	...	...	...
DAKKA DIVISION.																							
Dacca.																							
39	Sadar		1,269.5	902,068	...	1	...	...	...	4	6	12	2	10	...	12	18	1	...	50.0	51.6	51.3
40	Naraingonj		636.5	751,088	...	1	...	...	...	2	6	10	2	8	1	9	14	...	...	...	55.5	57.8
41	Munshiganj		386.0	692,407	...	...	...	...	1	3	7	6	16	3	12	...	16	17	1	...	17.5	11.6
42	Manikganj		499.8	474,812	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	6	9	3	6	...	9	17	1	...	10.3	18.0
	Total		2,791.8	2,823,975	...	3	1	10	13	24	47	11	36	1	46	66	3	...	61.8	51.8	54.3
Mymensingh.																							
43	Sadar		1,846.5	1,156,922	1	2	3	11	16	2	14	...	17	12	41.6	39.1	74.4
44	Jangal		1,053.0	1,133,410	1	3	2	10	16	3	12	...	15	19	41.4	70.1	69.0
45	Jamalganj		1,267.8	776,606	1	2	3	8	13	2	11	...	13	15	2	...	73.1	47.5	61.5
46	Kishoreganj		675.0	793,800	1	2	3	10	16	4	11	...	16	14	...	1	41.0	52.6	49.5
47	Netrakona		1,137.0	649,655	1	2	2	8	12	3	9	...	12	21	31.7	48.6	48.1
	Total		6,278.3	4,404,363	3	2	11	13	45	71	14	57	...	71	76	2	3	46.9	59.5	57.1
Pabna.																							
48	Sadar		678.1	533,368	...	1	...	...	...	4	3	12	2	10	...	12	19	2	...	42.1	51.5	50.0
49	Madhupur		910.4	797,130	1	...	...	...	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	11	1	...	...	55.9	55.9
50	Gopalganj		662.6	430,242	...	...	...	...	1	1	8	8	12	1	11	...	12	16	1	100.0	43.6	48.3
51	Gaolunda		474.7	328,063	1	...	...	...	...	5	4	9	...	9	...	9	17	2	1	...	46.8	46.3
	Total		2,625.8	2,088,710	2	...	1	1	1	10	28	45	3	12	...	45	65	6	2	36.5	49.3	50.1	
Rajshahi.																							
52	Sadar		1,106.2	964,779	1	6	12	18	1	17	1	17	12	50.0	44.6	43.9
53	Verapara		681.0	538,422	...	1	8	7	16	2	14	...	16	13	89.4	60.2	64.0
54	Patuakhali		1,227.5	668,765	...	1	9	...	10	1	9	...	10	16	88.6	56.6	58.6
55	Bhola		612.0	318,337	...	1	9	...	10	3	7	...	10	8	50.0	39.3	42.5
	Total		3,620.7	2,380,293	1	3	3	32	19	54	7	47	1	52	48	68.7	49.9	52.7
	Divisional Total ...		15,306.8	11,638,531	6	3	1	7	25	74	118	217	35	182	2	216	264	11	6	53.1	52.8	53.5	
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																							
Tippera.																							
56	Comilla		1,137.5	1,076,366	1	12	...	12	1	11	...	12	11	1	9.00	49.58	46.21
57	Brahmanbaria		763.5	734,988	1	2	4	8	14	2	12	...	14	13	...	1	...	55.76	48.07	61.64
58	Chandpur		664.9	561,068	1	1	3	6	10	1	9	...	10	13	25.00	81.20	75.00
	Total		2,455.9	2,372,424	3	3	19	14	36	4	32	...	36	37	1	1
Noakhali.																							
59	Sadar		1,299	954,996	...	1	1	10	...	11	3	8	...	11	16	38.6	73.0	60.8
60	Feni		343	340,186	...	1	1	8	...	9	2	7	...	9	16	63.3	63.1	67.3
	Total		1,642	1,295,081	...	2	2	18	...	20	5	15	...	20	32
	Divisional Total ...		4,127.8	3,607,516	3	2	5	37	14	66	9	47	...	56	69	1	1

A-111 (B. C.) of 1919.

FORM No. 1(b)—concluded.

Statement showing the constitution of Local Boards in the Bengal Presidency during the year 1918-19—concluded.

Serial number.	NAME OF LOCAL BOARD.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	PARTICULARS ABOUT CHAIRMAN.				NUMBER OF MEMBERS.								Total number of meetings held including those specified in columns 18 and 20.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 19 which proved abortive for want of quorum.	Number of meetings out of the total in column 19 which were adjourned.	Average percentage of officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of non-officials present at each meeting.	Average percentage of all members present at each meeting.	
1	2	3	4	5	Elected non-official.	Elected official.	Nominated non-official.	Nominated official.	Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Official.	Non-official.	Europeans.	Indians.	18	19	20	21	22	23	
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																							
Rajshahi.																							
61	Bostia	...	849.5	540,818	1	...	...	...	1	6	8	15	2	13	...	15	14	...	1	71.4	70.3	70.4
62	Nator	...	861.5	390,707	1	...	...	1	2	6	6	13	2	11	...	13	11	...	...	72.7	57.4	59.4
63	Narayan	...	860	517,405	1	...	...	...	1	5	6	12	1	11	...	12	14	...	...	85.7	62.3	64.2
	Total	...	7,811	1,448,930	2	...	...	1	4	16	20	49	5	35	...	40	39	...	1	76.6	63.2	64.6
Dumtipur.																							
64	Thakurnagar	...	1,171	545,566	...	1	...	...	2	8	...	10	2	8	...	10	11	...	...	58.0	64.78	65.4
65	Balrampur	...	1,177	447,343	...	...	...	1	1	8	...	9	1	8	...	9	8	1	...	87.6	62.81	34.50
	Total	...	2,348	992,909	...	1	...	1	3	16	...	19	3	16	...	19	19	1
Jalpaiguri.																							
66	Alipur Duar	...	1,051	202,701	...	...	...	1	2	4	...	6	2	3	5	1	12	1	1	70.43	54.16	59.72
Rangpur.																							
67	Sadar	...	1,132	666,696	1	...	...	...	1	11	...	12	1	11	...	12	12	...	...	25	53.8	51.4
68	Gaubandha	...	762	620,573	...	...	...	1	1	6	...	7	1	6	...	7	12	...	...	100	65.8	60
69	Kurigram	...	927	589,526	...	...	...	1	1	6	...	7	1	6	...	7	12	...	...	100	61.5	66.57
70	Nalpanan	...	619	191,860	...	...	...	1	1	6	...	7	1	6	...	7	12	...	...	75	76	76
	Total	...	3,470	2,368,901	1	...	...	3	4	29	...	33	4	29	...	33	48	...	...	75	63.4	55.49
Gangad.																							
71	Pahna Sadar	...	891	579,999	1	8	1	12	...	12	...	13	16	2	1	...	19.4	49.4	...
72	Saigani	...	940	801,543	...	1	...	...	...	1	5	12	2	10	...	11	16	...	1	65.4	48.4	50.6
	Total	...	1,831	1,381,542	1	1	13	12	24	2	22	1	23	34	2	2
	Divisional Total	...	11,317	6,397,977	4	2	...	6	13	77	32	122	16	106	6	116	162	4	4
	GRAND TOTAL, 1918-19	...	59,117.2	37,235,750	33	21	2	16	71	349	449	869	96	773	20	849	953	24	15
	Total for 1917-18	...	59,117.2	37,235,750	27	24	2	18	76	347	438	861	102	759	26	835	921	19	9

FORM

Statement showing the income of District Boards in the

Serial number.	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD.	Closing balance of last year.	I.—LAND REVENUE.					VI.—LOCAL RATES.				XII.—INTEREST.			
			Revenue due to cesses.	Other land revenue receipts.	Capitation tax or house tax under section 118C.	Rent of fisheries.	Total.	Local rate.	Village service fund.	Other receipts from local rates.	Total.	For education purposes.	For medical purposes.	For other purposes.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6a	6b	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
BURDWAN DIVISION.															
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Burdwan	4,62,904	...	...	...	...	...	5,68,141	...	...	5,68,141	...	...	393	393
2	Birbhum	87,496	...	...	...	...	...	1,56,823	...	...	1,56,823	...	...	...	...
3	Bankura	85,014	...	...	...	...	...	98,378	...	...	98,378	...	...	1,095	1,095
4	Midnapur	2,36,980	...	...	...	...	...	4,22,200	2,480	...	4,24,680	...	...	2,674	2,674
5	Hooahly	1,10,655	...	4,577	...	...	4,577	2,08,086	...	...	2,08,086	...	...	1,361	1,361
6	Howrah	48,033	...	...	...	...	...	96,513	...	...	96,513	...	2,253	690	2,943
	Divisional Total ...	9,78,081	...	4,577	...	...	4,577	15,50,316	2,480	...	15,52,796	...	2,253	6,052	9,306
PRENSIDENCY DIVISION.															
7	24-Parganas	3,68,456	...	...	...	...	...	4,45,084	...	5,548	4,50,632	...	...	4,155	4,155
8	Nadia	83,101	...	...	...	...	...	1,95,410	680	...	1,96,090	2,858	1,298	24	4,190
9	Murshidabad	66,783	...	1,905	...	...	1,905	1,81,359	...	...	1,81,359	...	...	599	599
10	Jessore	89,407	...	...	...	...	...	9,19,540	3,412	...	9,24,952	...	...	1,306	1,313
11	Khulna	61,063	...	853	...	...	853	2,85,963	...	980	2,86,943	...	...	1,985	1,994
	Divisional Total ...	6,48,771	...	2,757	...	...	2,757	13,07,006	6,081	6,528	13,13,615	2,856	1,615	8,268	19,741
DACCA DIVISION.															
12	Dacca	88,469	...	...	...	...	...	2,92,869	...	...	2,92,869	...	1,090	4,039	5,129
13	Mymensingh	3,22,466	...	...	...	...	...	4,91,125	...	...	4,91,125	525	1,016	304	2,845
14	Faridpur	88,037	...	...	...	...	...	2,36,126	...	...	2,36,126	...	...	988	988
15	Bakarganj	43,863	...	...	...	...	...	5,19,037	...	...	5,19,037	...	...	5,310	5,310
	Divisional Total ...	4,90,034	...	...	...	...	...	15,37,876	...	...	15,37,876	525	2,006	10,489	14,020
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.															
16	Chittagong	88,903	...	...	...	...	...	2,36,996	...	...	2,36,996	...	...	1,015	1,015
17	Tippah	2,40,901	...	...	...	...	...	2,69,080	...	34	2,69,084	...	...	1,837	1,837
18	Noakhali	1,62,013	...	...	...	...	...	2,06,068	...	...	2,06,068	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total ...	4,90,117	...	...	...	...	...	7,12,134	...	34	7,12,168	...	...	2,842	2,842
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.															
19	Rajshahi	42,889	...	...	...	...	...	2,86,656	...	...	2,86,656	...	...	1,843	1,843
20	Dinajpur	80,976	...	...	...	...	...	2,32,146	...	...	2,32,146	...	...	...	...
21	Jalpaiguri	85,264	...	...	...	...	...	2,44,789	...	...	2,44,789	...	...	183	183
22	Rangpur	1,39,286	...	...	...	...	...	2,42,109	...	...	2,42,109	...	...	1,512	1,512
23	Bogra	42,817	...	...	...	...	...	1,22,809	...	...	1,22,809	...	...	633	633
24	Pabna	1,23,566	...	...	...	...	...	1,61,397	...	...	1,61,397	...	...	891	891
25	Malda	77,555	...	...	...	...	...	1,17,835	...	...	1,17,835	...	...	74	74
	Divisional Total ...	5,61,786	...	...	...	...	...	14,89,111	...	...	14,89,111	...	...	6,885	6,885
	GRAND TOTAL: 1917-18 ...	31,84,751	...	7,334	...	...	7,334	69,96,435	5,561	5,565	69,11,556	2,883	7,574	22,687	42,744
	Total for 1917-18 ...	39,55,049	...	2,771	...	...	2,771	64,64,378	7,837	6,941	64,67,086	528	2,695	20,779	34,699

No. II.

Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919.

XVII.—POLICE.	XIX.—EDUCATION														
	XVIII.—LAW AND JUSTICE.				SCHOOL FEES.					CONTRIBUTIONS			MISCELLANEOUS.		
	Receipts under Outlets Treason Act.	Other Items.	Total.		Training and special schools.	High schools.	Middle schools.	Primary schools.	Total.	From Govern- ment.	Other contri- butions.	Total.	Sub- scriptions of books.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	11,718	184	11,902	1,386	4,560	5,888	44,480	488	44,968	488	44,968	488	488	488	81,288
...	9,388	800	10,188	...	3,078	3,078	44,884	838	45,722	838	45,722	838	47	47	47,560
...	2,378	841	3,219	...	3,388	3,388	41,887	15	41,902	15	41,902	15	53	53	42,000
...	5,828	867	6,695	...	4,808	4,808	1,23,388	871	1,24,259	871	1,24,259	871	787	787	1,25,046
...	7,534	1,819	9,353	...	1,101	1,101	80,089	89	80,178	89	80,178	89	87	87	80,265
...	3,718	7	3,725	...	868	868	30,649	700	31,349	700	31,349	700	88	88	31,437
789	40,799	2,818	43,617	1,386	16,388	17,412	2,16,784	3,977	2,20,761	3,977	2,20,761	3,977	1,451	1,451	2,22,212
...	5,724	381	6,105	...	951	951	50,400	670	51,070	670	51,070	670	18	18	51,088
...	27,648	171	27,819	...	948	948	44,722	100	44,822	100	44,822	100	89	89	44,911
...	12,778	167	12,945	...	...	...	31,386	...	31,386	...	31,386	...	90	90	31,476
...	14,088	1,071	15,159	...	...	...	80,174	...	80,174	...	80,174	...	386	386	80,560
...	2,761	418	3,179	...	...	...	31,301	4,098	35,399	4,098	35,399	4,098	991	991	36,390
1,068	44,998	2,076	47,074	...	1,194	1,194	2,11,883	4,888	2,16,771	4,888	2,16,771	4,888	1,373	1,373	2,18,144
...	9,008	...	9,008	...	...	...	81,198	1,077	82,275	1,077	82,275	1,077	348	348	82,623
...	26,577	...	26,577	...	1,689	1,689	1,31,488	184	1,31,672	184	1,31,672	184	5,928	5,928	1,37,600
...	7,729	402	8,131	...	1,713	1,713	75,140	100	75,240	100	75,240	100	90	90	75,330
...	19,016	383	19,399	...	...	...	1,02,384	300	1,02,684	300	1,02,684	300	987	987	1,03,671
387	62,320	843	63,163	...	2,402	2,402	2,90,187	1,611	2,91,798	1,611	2,91,798	1,611	7,380	7,380	2,99,178
...	4,134	193	4,327	...	1,442	1,442	62,317	300	62,617	300	62,617	300	56	56	62,673
...	4,011	7	4,018	...	478	478	21,080	822	21,902	822	21,902	822	2,874	2,874	24,776
...	7,904	800	8,704	...	2,681	2,681	70,789	...	70,789	...	70,789	...	108	108	70,897
...	16,081	769	16,850	...	4,871	4,871	2,27,186	...	2,27,186	...	2,27,186	...	2,874	2,874	2,30,060
...	16,911	564	17,475	778	944	944	59,791	...	59,791	...	59,791	...	1,002	1,002	60,793
...	21,448	444	21,892	...	3,388	3,388	52,444	918	53,362	918	53,362	918	38	38	53,399
...	21,622	386	22,008	...	888	888	44,668	1,100	45,768	1,100	45,768	1,100	12	12	45,780
...	16,424	241	16,665	...	1,389	1,389	88,478	641	89,119	641	89,119	641	83	83	89,202
...	4,818	249	5,067	...	8,019	8,019	51,582	...	51,582	...	51,582	...	67	67	51,649
...	11,928	380	12,308	2,661	201	2,088	42,527	47	42,574	47	42,574	47	1,787	1,787	44,361
...	22,983	884	23,867	...	2,598	2,598	28,778	100	28,878	100	28,878	100	480	480	29,358
172	1,37,849	2,658	1,40,507	2,439	14,592	14,592	2,69,381	2,749	2,72,130	2,749	2,72,130	2,749	6,364	6,364	2,78,494
2,221	2,22,022	2,689	2,24,711	4,798	40,063	40,063	15,15,381	12,927	15,28,308	12,927	15,28,308	12,927	17,047	17,047	15,45,355
8,006	2,41,173	19,174	2,60,347	5,089	43,098	43,098	11,77,080	7,341	11,84,421	7,341	11,84,421	7,341	17,568	17,568	11,91,989

FORM

Statement showing the income of District Boards in the

Serial number.	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD.	XX—MEDICAL.										XXI—SCIENTIFIC AND OTHER						
		Hospital and dispensary receipts.	Medicines sold by Civil Surgeons.	INCOME FROM CONTRIBUTIONS.			MISCELLANEOUS.			TOTAL.	TOTAL.	Balance and other public receipts.	Veterinary receipts.	Receipts on account of experimental cultivation.	PUBLIC EXHIBITIONS AND FAIRS.			Total.
				Endowment.	From Government.	Other contributions.	Total.	Sanitary fees and fines.	Other receipts.						Horse fairs.	Cattle fairs.	Other exhibitions or fairs.	
		31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
	BURDWAN DIVISION.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Burdwan ... ..	..	..	1,802	...	2,874	2,874	1,967	74	2,041	6,117	...	37	...	...	...	...	...
2	Birbhum	113	...	700	3,400	2,916	6,316	...	3	3	7,131	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Bankura ... ..	...	...	...	340	706	946	...	1	1	947	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Medinipur ... ..	...	...	...	...	353	353	...	6	6	359	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Hoochly ... ..	...	...	1,387	...	4,351	4,351	1,581	...	1,581	7,459	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Howrah ... ..	...	...	...	450	1,061	1,501	...	744	744	2,245	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total ...	113	...	2,489	4,090	11,891	15,081	2,348	827	4,875	24,268	...	37	...	...	...	...	...
	PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																	
7	24-Parganas ... ..	...	...	...	4,140	2,620	6,760	...	120	120	6,440	...	...	360	...	...	5,322	5,322
8	Nadia ... ..	...	...	...	...	1,012	1,012	...	73	73	1,065	...	153	...	...	...	...	...
9	Murshidabad ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Jessore	198	...	17	2,328	4,797	11,188	...	...	...	11,848	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Khulna ... ..	...	...	764	4,589	4,688	9,255	...	38	38	10,057	...	163	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total ...	198	...	781	11,047	17,115	28,162	...	221	221	29,270	...	168	360	...	...	5,322	5,322
	DACCA DIVISION.																	
12	Dacca ... ..	...	...	365	750	1,440	2,190	163	5,197	2,360	7,815	...	...	...	...	...	775	775
13	Mymensingh ... ..	...	...	...	...	4,538	4,538	...	2	2	4,540	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Faridpur ... ..	...	...	...	2,820	6,517	9,337	...	...	...	9,337	...	36	...	...	...	...	...
15	Nokaraj ... ..	...	...	...	2,545	1,517	4,062	...	1,469	1,469	5,531	...	116	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total ...	...	...	365	6,115	14,337	20,432	163	6,668	3,831	27,515	...	154	...	...	...	775	775
	CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																	
16	Chittagong ... ..	...	...	...	730	...	730	...	1,649	1,649	2,369	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Tippera ... ..	...	...	...	335	8,618	8,943	...	1,809	1,809	8,752	...	78	...	...	...	...	...
18	Noakhali ... ..	...	...	...	1,529	2,980	4,509	...	46	46	4,555	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total ...	...	...	...	2,594	7,198	10,089	...	4,304	4,304	14,368	...	78	...	...	...	...	...
	RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																	
19	Rajshahi ... ..	...	...	...	1,481	2,422	3,903	...	9	9	3,912	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Dinajpur ... ..	...	...	...	...	4,033	4,033	...	...	...	4,033	...	342	...	...	...	...	...
21	Jaipur ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,086	1,086	1,086	...	55	...	...	...	...	...
22	Rangpur ... ..	...	...	...	...	22,725	22,725	...	100	100	22,825	...	124	...	...	...	...	...
23	Bogra ... ..	...	...	...	485	2,984	3,469	...	12	12	3,481	...	26	...	...	...	...	...
24	Pabna ... ..	...	...	...	1,100	500	2,000	...	...	...	2,000	...	30	...	...	...	...	...
25	Maidi ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total ...	...	...	...	2,216	22,744	26,080	...	1,217	1,217	27,277	...	647	...	...	...	...	...
	GRAND TOTAL, 1918-19	909	...	4,525	27,433	52,255	1,10,707	4,011	12,247	17,266	1,25,909	...	1,084	360	...	...	4,107	4,107
	Total for 1917-18 ...	4,098	6	2,419	20,249	97,953	1,22,102	746	7,666	8,411	1,46,201	...	1,087	206	...	...	5,617	5,617

(a) Of this amount Rs. 15,812 represents

" " " " 871

(b) " " " " 294

" " " " 875

* Of this amount Rs. 2,928 represents under Section 116 (c) of the

FORM

Statement showing the income of the District Boards in the

Serial number.	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD	XXX— IRRIGA- TION MINOR WORKS AND NAVI- GATION.	IN CHARGE OF CIVIL OFFICERS.												
			Local canal receipts.	Tolls on ferries and roads.	Rent of build- ings and lands [other than (exclusive)].	Sale of build- ings and other property [other than sales (exclu- sive)].	Sale of stores and materials.	Staging income— low fees.	Sewer (ex- clusive) fees.	Sale proceeds of trees, grass, etc.	Miscellaneous.	Contributions as from Govern- ment.	Other contri- butions.	Total.	
			65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	
BURDWAN DIVISION.															
1	Burdwan .. ..	..	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
2	Birbhum .. ..	..	..	4,098	342	56	38	989	..	336	956	260	278	12,117
3	Bankura .. ..	..	..	1,138	359	..	..	170	..	73	390	19,101	2,184	22,358
4	Midnapur .. ..	..	..	1,487	366	..	..	18	..	55	1,935	12,439	110	17,484
5	Hoochly .. ..	..	..	14,884	1,184	120	127	107	..	84	1,591	9,281	610	27,988
6	Howrah .. ..	..	..	10,848	891	..	..	180	..	344	..	11,084	4,948	29,790
	Howrah .. ..	..	..	12,164	84	..	..	689	..	9	1,182	11,449	800	29,418
	Divisional Total ..	..	..	49,312	7,686	162	634	1,408	..	781	6,325	64,753	10,886	1,20,066
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.															
7	24-Parganas	325	..	48,080	1,428	..	370	167	..	648	1,272	46,844	14,841	1,21,604	
8	Nadia .. ..	..	..	14,632	4,360	..	..	384	..	3,088	37	48,413	480	71,197
9	Marichbad .. ..	..	..	14,910	161	..	..	43	..	1,816	1,078	24,423	667	43,806
10	Jessore .. ..	..	..	10,488	301	196	194	360	..	446	360	1,21,328	2,278	1,25,624
11	Kuslia .. ..	..	..	18,112	..	..	468	683	..	113	77	20,544	293	28,368
	Divisional Total ..	325	..	1,04,392	6,160	196	1,043	1,405	..	8,061	2,714	2,89,475	16,246	4,29,110	
DACCA DIVISION															
12	Dacca .. ..	..	..	84,642	1,959	..	353	82	..	..	8,640	21,994	2,206	80,646
13	Mymensingh .. ..	..	..	68,682	794	12,829	..	436	..	422	7,128	66,780	2,567	1,20,694
14	Faridpur .. ..	..	..	4,949	114	..	330	43	..	308	466	48,967	2,864	52,543
15	Bakerganj .. ..	..	..	7,723	917	..	..	456	..	119	484	68,068	1,294	79,038
	DIVISIONAL TOTAL.	..	..	1,16,806	2,774	12,829	683	979	..	780	16,782	2,10,724	10,863	2,72,310
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.															
16	Chittagong	20,806	..	30,307	680	..	..	335	..	100	2,148	41,716	2,589	68,044
17	Tippera .. ..	..	..	19,886	121	..	490	803	..	1,801	341	39,181	8,783	66,926
18	Noakhali .. ..	..	..	15,118	260	3	..	26	..	78	5,125	24,452	1,341	52,336
	Divisional Total ..	20,806	..	52,307	1,061	3	490	664	..	1,926	7,644	1,15,349	12,713	1,27,306	
RAJSHARI DIVISION.															
19	Rajshahi .. ..	..	..	18,480	178	..	6	478	..	843	390	26,784	2,700	47,809
20	Dinajpur .. ..	..	..	8,008	845	500	124	91	..	303	496	404	800	11,522
21	Jalpaiguri .. ..	..	..	21,220	899	..	169	893	..	261	186	40,819	1,897	68,918
22	Rangpur .. ..	..	..	64,306	798	..	891	801	..	507	509	66	10,484	74,307
23	Bogra .. ..	..	..	2,586	960	..	..	348	..	484	187	16,323	2,214	22,328
24	Pabna .. ..	..	..	11,600	..	..	3	370	..	..	678	21,642	1,875	35,323
25	Meida .. ..	..	..	22,771	8	..	148	61	..	44	591	12,969	..	28,979
	Divisional Total ..	..	..	1,24,981	2,670	518	1,048	2,822	..	1,891	2,885	1,20,365	22,290	2,06,446
	GRAND TOTAL, 1918-19	21,121	4,68,686	16,528	12,284	2,797	6,977	..	11,268	28,560	5,00,567	79,727	14,34,431
	TOTAL FOR 1917-18	15,522	4,54,566	17,246	17,571	10,967	2,881	..	7,827	42,827	5,83,008	87,028	19,27,062

No. II—concl'd.

Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919—concl'd.

WORKS.		Total income excluding opening balance.	DEBT.			Total receipts excluding opening balance.	Total receipts including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation per head of population.	Incidence of income (excluding balances) per head of population.
In charge of Public Works Office.	Total.		Loans.	Deposits and advances.	Total.				
77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	As. P.	As. P.
...	12,117	7,24,842	...	37,199	37,199	7,31,841	12,34,745	6 4	4 0
...	22,288	2,32,807	...	20,200	20,200	2,32,807	2,10,303	2 8	4 6
...	17,464	2,01,433	...	8,102	8,102	2,08,537	2,44,557	1 6	3 1
...	37,985	6,43,450	...	52,860	52,860	6,96,310	6,22,550	2 6	3 9
...	29,730	2,28,254	...	20,021	20,021	2,48,275	4,62,020	2 7	2 7
...	29,418	2,28,275	...	14,490	14,490	2,42,765	2,55,527	2 1	5 1
...	1,36,968	22,89,962	...	1,52,422	1,52,422	25,42,495	25,20,576	2 2	4 10
...	1,21,504	7,12,454	...	17,771	17,771	7,31,225	10,09,691	4 1	6 6
...	71,107	2,76,671	...	8,152	8,152	2,84,823	4,07,825	2 1	4 0
...	48,606	2,71,122	...	12,918	12,918	2,84,040	2,51,702	2 2	3 6
...	1,25,634	4,70,854	...	16,628	16,628	4,87,482	5,75,202	2 1	4 6
...	59,269	2,79,092	...	10,368	10,368	4,30,950	4,62,005	2 2	2 0
...	4,29,210	22,12,109	...	59,428	59,428	22,11,527	29,60,303	2 9	4 10
...	80,648	4,00,164	...	1,16,621	1,16,621	6,12,785	7,01,254	1 7	2 9
...	1,80,094	5,30,448	...	1,08,852	1,08,852	5,42,300	12,64,065	1 9	2 0
...	52,549	2,50,110	...	50,650	50,650	4,48,769	4,52,706	1 10	2 11
...	79,026	7,24,248	...	64,442	64,442	7,88,691	8,32,554	2 6	4 10
...	3,72,310	24,48,970	...	2,46,575	2,46,575	27,02,545	22,82,569	1 11	3 4
...	66,044	4,00,051	...	26,818	26,818	4,26,869	5,20,072	2 6	4 8
...	65,925	4,44,802	...	1,44,753	1,44,753	5,89,620	5,20,557	2 0	3 11
...	58,326	2,50,060	...	72,266	72,266	4,22,316	5,55,320	2 6	4 4
...	1,87,295	11,95,002	...	2,54,942	2,54,942	14,48,545	19,38,082	2 2	3 8
...	47,809	4,05,472	...	14,890	14,890	4,20,362	4,62,651	2 10	4 5
...	11,582	2,52,526	...	25,276	25,276	2,77,802	4,47,494	2 2	3 6
...	66,516	2,51,217	...	6,734	6,734	2,57,951	4,55,420	4 5	7 0
...	76,907	2,51,220	...	20,518	20,518	2,71,738	4,55,420	2 4	4 2
...	29,392	2,15,217	...	18,220	18,220	2,33,437	2,71,738	2 0	2 6
...	25,643	2,52,614	...	14,576	14,576	2,67,190	4,74,055	1 10	2 2
...	25,579	2,52,541	...	6,204	6,204	2,58,745	2,52,600	1 11	2 5
...	2,98,648	24,44,519	...	1,76,910	1,76,910	26,21,429	21,25,092	2 5	4 2
...	14,34,421	1,06,57,554	...	9,69,192	9,69,192	1,16,26,745	1,45,21,507	2 6	4 5
...	12,27,066	99,21,060	...	10,90,461	10,90,461	1,10,22,117	1,29,77,168	2 6	3 9

FORM

Statement showing the expenditure of District Boards in

Serial number.	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD.	Closing balance of last year.	Total income during the year.	1.—REFUNDS AND DRAW-BACKS.			3.—LAND REVENUE.	4.—LOCAL RATES.	12.—INTEREST.				13.—ADMINISTRATIVE.				14.—LAW AND JUDICIARY—COURTS OF LAW.
				Local rate refunds.	Other revenue refunds.	Total.			INTEREST ON LOANS—		Other items.	Total.	GENERAL ESTABLISHMENTS OF LOCAL FUNDS.			Total.	
									On account of last year.	On account of current year.			Office establishments.	Office contingencies (including stationary locally purchased).	Payment of salaries for offices of accounts, control and audit.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
BURDWAN DIVISION.																	
1	Burdwan ...	4,02,804	7,61,841	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,822	...	1,822	11,222	6,810	...	17,542	...
2	Birbhum ...	57,456	2,82,897	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,808	8,498	...	8,800	...
3	Bankura ...	25,014	3,09,537	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,118	3,377	...	5,495	...
4	Midnapur ...	2,39,840	6,88,010	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,184	9,358	...	16,387	...
5	Hoochly ...	1,10,445	3,49,375	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,439	7,125	...	18,584	...
6	Howrah ...	48,082	2,43,985	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,438	5,538	...	8,971	...
	Divisional Total ...	9,78,081	25,42,455	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,822	...	1,822	42,164	27,094	...	70,286	...
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																	
7	24-Parganas ...	3,86,434	7,31,325	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,17,509	...	1,17,509	10,548	7,572	...	18,141	...
8	Nadia ...	58,101	3,64,824	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,897	5,416	...	12,412	...
9	Murshidabad ...	66,782	3,88,046	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,340	...	1,340	8,093	5,617	...	10,710	...
10	Jessore ...	89,407	4,89,402	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,515	...	1,515	9,004	8,464	...	14,468	...
11	Khulna ...	41,065	4,20,260	1,015	...	1,015	25	...	...	...	...	...	7,089	5,089	...	12,912	...
	Divisional Total ...	6,46,771	22,11,837	1,022	...	1,022	25	...	...	1,20,373	...	1,20,373	29,522	29,186	...	68,660	...
DACCA DIVISION.																	
12	Dacca ...	86,469	6,12,786	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,038	5,770	...	15,608	284
13	Mymensingh ...	3,32,665	9,42,300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,340	7,885	...	24,225	921
14	Faridpur ...	38,027	4,68,769	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,699	3,108	4,186	12,995	336
15	Bakerganj ...	42,663	7,08,695	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,847	3,275	...	18,122	944
	Divisional Total ...	4,99,824	27,02,545	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	47,714	19,038	4,186	70,936	2,186
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																	
16	Chittagong ...	82,303	4,26,869	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,398	1,479	...	6,777	147
17	Tippura ...	2,40,901	5,09,660	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,309	3,630	...	10,929	680
18	Noakhali ...	1,62,018	4,22,116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,082	5,677	...	10,909	...
	Divisional Total ...	4,86,117	14,49,645	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21,639	6,978	...	28,615	797
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																	
19	Rajshahi ...	48,289	4,20,862	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,687	2,388	...	14,565	466
20	Dinajpur ...	80,993	2,80,802	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,900	1,682	...	7,022	...
21	Jaipur ...	86,258	2,97,268	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,393	8,078	...	10,566	...
22	Rangpur ...	1,86,296	6,22,882	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,059	...	1,059	12,384	7,754	...	20,677	5
23	Bogra ...	48,817	2,53,687	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,361	1,187	...	4,996	18
24	Fabna ...	1,32,665	2,81,190	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,367	1,812	...	10,989	121
25	Malda ...	77,695	2,14,745	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,119	1,918	...	6,687	27
	Divisional Total ...	6,61,788	25,60,284	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,394	...	4,394	52,908	29,596	...	78,604	608
GRAND TOTAL, 1916-18		31,54,761	1,16,56,766	1,024	...	1,024	25	...	...	1,26,620	...	1,26,620	2,64,937	1,08,932	4,186	2,11,985	2,976
Total for 1917-18		29,53,049	1,10,22,117	294	...	294	25	...	...	1,27,465	...	1,27,465	1,92,363	90,675	...	2,01,987	4,820

No. III.

the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919.

20.—POLICE.					21.—PORTS AND PHOTAOE.	22.—EDUCATION.													
CATTLE-POUND CHARGES.					Subsidies to steam-boat companies.	MAINTENANCE AND MANAGEMENT.													
Establishment.	Contingencies.	Refunds of cattle-pound collections.	Other charges.	Total.		Grants to Universities.	Inspection.	Training and special schools.	High schools.	Middle schools.	Primary schools.	Total.	Grants-in-aid.	Scholarships.	Miscellaneous.	Contributions to Government.	Other contributions.	Refunds.	Total.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,041	307	..	..	1,348	..	..	3,373	3,769	..	8,450	773	13,321	33,466	1,899	136	..	..	6,643	1,09,397
390	169	..	240	799	..	..	3,796	..	..	3,339	3,001	6,340	31,755	1,386	982	..	..	..	33,389
..	..	100	..	100	..	..	3,541	..	..	8,009	5,336	10,345	40,310	1,734	330	..	..	1,332	47,568
..	175	14	..	189	..	..	..	..	..	10,424	7,394	18,118	1,33,398	3,338	3,911	..	..	..	1,79,710
..	143	68	..	310	..	..	3,691	..	..	3,139	4,380	6,449	46,637	1,335	33	..	..	3,336	66,138
1,339	479	..	..	1,718	..	..	3,334	..	..	1,473	3,339	4,334	44,335	1,336	36	..	..	76	33,131
2,670	1,363	179	240	4,453	..	..	13,154	3,769	..	31,355	24,448	59,567	4,34,446	10,933	4,337	..	..	13,339	3,36,333
..
241	392	..	..	733	2,036	..	6,361	..	..	3,539	3,337	5,776	31,499	3,340	30	..	..	5,446	1,01,333
..	343	55	..	398	..	..	643	..	..	1,394	6,334	6,038	33,303	1,333	95	..	..	6,330	33,179
..	303	..	18	321	..	..	7,343	..	..	..	1,343	1,943	46,173	907	339	..	..	..	54,339
..	715	7	..	722	..	..	3,603	..	..	..	4,760	4,760	70,064	1,133	3,313	..	..	4,017	86,030
..	109	340	..	349	..	..	643	4,390	..	..	3,064	6,344	66,310	3,027	1,004	..	..	3,736	33,413
337	3,963	303	18	3,769	2,036	..	13,396	4,390	..	3,033	16,337	37,150	3,33,346	3,339	6,011	..	..	19,339	4,06,133
..
136	99	7	..	331	..	..	1,363	..	..	..	19,546	19,546	1,36,607	3,684	432	..	..	..	1,49,569
733	3,401	..	..	4,134	..	..	17,338	..	..	6,333	60,743	34,333	1,34,456	3,710	430	..	..	..	3,33,149
303	333	17	..	373	..	..	3,916	..	..	3,370	33,343	34,313	71,771	1,390	360	..	..	643	1,03,036
..	333	..	..	333	900	..	3,434	..	..	..	43,306	43,306	1,01,640	3,033	1,734	..	..	300	1,40,137
1,364	4,407	34	..	6,393	900	..	13,460	17,338	..	8,033	1,43,433	1,74,613	4,33,674	10,307	3,686	..	..	343	6,34,370
..
..	343	..	..	353	..	..	3,037	..	..	3,399	16,199	19,498	35,460	4,233	3,000	..	..	..	1,33,346
1,393	10	6	..	1,309	349	..	4,733	9,307	..	3,003	30,564	41,379	1,04,773	3,063	1,311	..	..	..	1,56,677
373	333	..	..	1,106	..	..	3,333	..	..	6,033	19,061	36,060	33,743	1,736	5,466	..	..	..	1,18,310
1,371	390	6	..	3,767	333	..	10,013	9,307	..	11,396	66,734	37,437	3,33,976	3,663	3,767	..	..	..	3,06,036
..
344	333	9	..	1,133	..	..	..	9,134	..	3,433	33,373	36,181	34,340	3,379	336	..	..	30	36,666
370	433	23	..	1,136	..	..	367	..	..	9,336	19,916	39,333	71,373	631	196	..	..	..	1,03,644
..	316	..	..	316	..	..	103	..	..	3,373	34,300	37,373	36,379	388	333	..	..	..	64,336
..	163	..	..	163	..	..	..	..	..	7,003	39,316	46,316	1,01,473	3,061	30,473	..	..	..	1,79,337
341	371	..	..	333	..	..	1,376	..	..	7,414	14,379	31,784	47,343	1,673	37	..	..	31	73,379
1,333	461	3	..	1,803	3,000	..	..	..	..	890	11,114	36,643	67,476	1,170	1,301	..	..	6,736	1,03,396
116	379	13	11	733	..	..	1,103	14,344	..	4,343	9,333	14,073	41,301	1,330	1,191	3,300	..	1,343	63,443
3,000	3,733	33	11	6,800	3,000	..	3,343	33,736	..	35,033	1,41,734	3,00,334	4,34,343	9,443	33,306	3,300	..	3,137	3,33,694
3,361	11,460	343	349	31,373	4,374	..	36,060	36,033	..	30,713	3,99,336	5,49,336	18,08,663	45,063	51,337	3,606	..	43,370	34,36,647
3,001	13,000	436	369	33,376	3,041	..	33,373	36,434	..	33,743	5,48,361	7,00,333	16,31,340	41,739	38,599	3,300	..	494	34,36,343

FORM

Statement showing the expenditure of the District Boards in the

34.—MEDICAL.															35.—SCIENTIFIC AND				
Serial number	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD.	General medical establishment.	Hospital and dispensary.	SANITATION AND VACCINATION.			Medical schools and colleges.	Lunatic asylums.	Pague charges	Contribution to Government.	Other contributions.	Refunds.	To st.	Experimental cultivation.	PUBLIC EXHIBITIONS AND FAIRS.				
				Vaccination establishment and charges.	Sanitation charges.	Total.									Horse fairs.	Cattle fairs.	Other exhibitions or fairs.	Total.	
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
BURDWAN DIVISION.																			
1	Burdwan	...	39,141	6,635	5,981	14,508	...	...	...	...	...	4,452	58,100	...	...	...	...	...
2	Birbhum	6,955	17,797	40	18,748	18,828	...	...	...	...	...	...	49,910	...	...	250	...	368
3	Bakura	...	8,900	118	1,695	1,808	...	...	...	...	3,335	...	19,843	900	...	...	...	...
4	Midnapur	...	33,038	...	12,139	12,139	...	...	...	...	1,363	...	36,460	9,400	...	...	...	...
5	Hoochly	6,660	34,126	...	6,868	6,868	...	...	...	...	...	...	47,671	365	...	...	1,500	1,500
6	Howrah	...	16,693	1,469	2,867	4,336	...	...	...	...	...	...	31,029	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total	12,045	1,39,698	10,147	49,848	59,495	...	...	...	...	3,518	4,453	2,19,103	2,865	...	350	1,500	1,752
PRESIDENCY DIVISION																			
7	24-Parganna	543	30,858	6,768	9,375	15,133	...	...	...	...	...	...	47,584	...	...	...	5,354	5,354
8	Nadia	2,423	19,605	...	10,968	10,968	...	...	...	...	...	...	32,990	...	...	...	...	...
9	Murshidabad	2,713	30,914	...	4,883	4,883	...	...	...	...	...	...	38,509	...	...	...	...	...
10	Jessore	6,471	31,760	...	6,371	6,371	...	...	...	...	945	139	35,676	91	...	...	100	100
11	Khulna	2,820	30,470	...	2,308	2,308	100	...	...	...	...	...	39,688	...	...	...	300	300
	Divisional Total	45,969	1,32,697	6,768	33,890	40,648	100	...	...	...	945	139	1,91,397	91	...	...	5,554	5,554
DAOGA DIVISION																			
12	Dacca	2,759	61,067	...	7,484	7,484	...	...	...	...	...	...	71,330	...	...	...	1,350	1,350
13	Mymensingh	2,918	66,043	...	19,397	19,397	1,746	...	...	...	...	...	89,939	...	...	...	1,642	1,642
14	Faridpur	174	19,704	...	4,942	4,942	683	100	2,048	...	...	...	26,551	...	...	...	300	300
15	Bakerganj	...	56,672	6,163	86	10,969	...	...	376	...	...	...	67,916	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total	5,751	2,03,506	6,163	26,509	42,623	1,746	683	376	2,048	...	...	2,57,837	...	...	...	3,000	3,000
CHITTAGONG DIVISION																			
16	Chittagong	533	33,061	...	2,968	2,968	384	...	...	...	...	...	36,141	...	...	...	...	...
17	Tippura	338	34,333	633	1,681	2,313	471	4,578	...	...	...	1,651	34,183	1,000	...	...	300	300
18	Noakhali	24,809	5,334	513	6,434	6,947	380	...	...	...	...	...	37,490	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total	26,049	74,337	1,146	11,068	13,313	1,116	...	4,578	...	...	1,651	99,744	1,000	...	...	300	300
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																			
19	Rajshahi	360	30,897	195	13,481	13,636	...	...	...	...	...	340	35,052	...	...	...	300	300
20	Dinajpur	...	16,070	...	9,816	9,816	...	...	...	...	...	...	26,888	...	...	...	...	...
21	Jalpaiguri	...	12,396	4,414	10,115	14,529	...	...	...	...	...	...	26,929	...	...	...	...	...
22	Rangpur	5,956	68,740	...	4,476	4,906	124	...	...	...	...	...	78,226	8,000	...	...	...	...
23	Bogra	94	19,193	1,618	2,327	4,355	140	...	...	50	136	...	24,560	...	...	...	...	...
24	Fahra	639	9,699	955	1,437	2,396	120	...	8,897	...	...	...	21,560	...	...	...	350	350
25	Malda	2,161	16,068	677	3,529	4,696	220	...	...	...	...	...	23,645	...	...	...	...	...
	Divisional Total	7,532	1,57,719	5,082	46,070	54,172	1,804	...	8,697	50	176	340	2,30,143	8,000	...	...	650	650
GRAND TOTAL, 1918-19		68,345	6,76,744	23,396	1,75,888	2,08,180	4,966	683	12,651	2,008	4,664	6,653	9,86,314	7,786	...	350	11,000	11,978	
Total for 1917-18		47,346	6,00,679	12,451	1,30,849	1,48,800	3,843	...	8,678	250	8,941	3,923	8,14,566	4,490	...	350	9,375	8,496	

(a) Includes incidental charges for distribution of quinine.

No. III—contd.

Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919—contd.

OTHER MINOR DEPARTMENTS.							38.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES AND PENSIONS.					39.—STATIONERY AND PRINTING.					32.—MISCELLANEOUS.									
Veterinary charges.	Bull and station charges.	Revenues and other public gardens.	Provincial education.	Contributions to Government.	Other contributions.	Total.	Pensions.	Gratuities.	Contributions to Government.	Other contributions including payments to Service Funds and Provident Funds.	Total.	Stationery purchased from central stores.	Other stationery.	Frisings.	Lithography.	Total.	Donations for charitable purposes.	Rewards for the destruction of dogs, wild animals and snakes.	Other petty establishment and charges.	Miscellaneous and unclassified charges.	Miscellaneous refunds.	Contributions to Government.	Other contributions.	Total.		
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
4,196	...	...	...	...	4,196	720	...	...	...	2,111	2,941	...	...	1,671	...	1,671	...	...	1,908	240	21	...	...	2,376
2,553	559	...	...	...	2,424	860	...	...	...	1,239	1,599	...	...	1,925	...	1,925	...	...	...	448	2,239	...	...	2,867
2,681	...	...	...	...	4,399	7,981	...	...	...	1,353	1,926	...	...	822	...	822	...	...	...	501	...	...	...	501
1,926	276	...	...	1,872	137	6,682	1,684	...	319	2,124	4,077	...	1,360	4,447	...	5,807	...	...	...	619	...	...	...	619
1,712	...	...	...	1,226	...	4,712	...	...	...	1,675	1,578	...	...	1,799	...	1,799	...	...	...	476	...	...	...	476
1,438	...	...	...	...	72	1,510	...	...	...	1,289	1,230	...	...	1,091	...	1,091	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	300
14,300	835	...	...	2,107	4,596	27,487	3,207	...	219	10,644	14,260	...	1,360	11,156	...	12,516	...	...	2,204	2,222	2,450	...	...	8,076
3,264	...	...	...	...	11,306	537	...	...	...	3,596	2,122	...	...	2,406	...	2,406	...	...	...	1,213	...	...	...	1,262
4,500	...	...	...	...	4,000	756	...	...	...	1,354	1,990	...	...	1,722	...	1,722	...	...	...	496	1,428	...	...	2,036
2,313	...	...	...	3,406	...	5,709	1,920	...	...	1,376	2,306	...	...	1,712	...	1,712	...	...	...	426	...	...	...	426
1,252	...	...	...	1,124	...	2,540	690	...	...	1,069	2,376	...	...	1,791	...	1,791	...	...	...	105	125	...	...	230
2,613	270	...	...	1,872	...	4,975	49	...	...	2,322	2,376	...	...	1,944	...	1,944	...	...	...	225	...	...	...	225
17,255	270	...	...	5,492	...	26,032	2,561	...	...	5,296	12,857	...	...	6,868	...	6,868	...	...	439	2,623	1,563	...	...	4,621
1,284	...	...	...	1,768	...	4,322	1,978	...	...	3,212	4,131	...	...	2,137	...	2,137	...	...	...	6,651	...	...	...	6,651
11,303	2,454	...	...	...	16,299	2,604	...	...	...	4,361	6,865	...	...	4,466	...	4,466	...	...	...	1,067	...	...	...	1,067
1,973	...	...	...	808	140	2,824	47	...	...	1,736	1,762	...	...	1,625	...	1,625	...	...	...	531	...	...	...	531
5,625	1,235	...	...	2,327	...	9,390	646	...	...	3,064	4,312	...	...	1,596	...	1,596	...	...	...	565	8	...	...	573
20,287	2,692	...	...	4,622	140	31,944	3,217	...	...	11,874	17,091	...	...	10,686	...	10,686	...	...	...	8,616	8	...	...	8,624
2,725	...	...	...	1,768	...	4,541	1,158	...	...	1,556	2,714	...	...	845	...	845	...	...	...	8,247	...	...	...	8,247
9,520	...	...	...	...	5,120	1,345	...	...	...	2,246	2,664	...	...	870	...	870	...	10	...	243	...	...	...	243
3,649	...	...	...	1,255	...	9,904	2,142	...	...	1,718	4,858	...	...	712	...	712	...	2	...	1,96	...	...	...	1,96
15,222	...	...	...	2,043	...	19,565	5,646	...	...	5,618	11,266	...	...	2,147	...	2,147	...	10	2	252	9,786	...	...	10,038
2,967	...	...	...	1,969	...	5,396	...	...	...	2,317	2,317	...	...	1,110	...	1,110	...	...	...	1,450	...	...	...	1,450
5,144	...	...	...	...	5,144	...	...	...	...	1,655	1,655	...	780	784	...	1,474	...	...	...	81	311	...	...	392
14,341	833	...	...	...	16,289	1,060	...	...	...	1,423	2,502	...	...	1,742	...	1,742	...	1,000	...	77	...	...	...	1,077
2,396	833	...	...	...	12,151	7,167	...	...	...	2,426	10,605	...	...	2,247	374	2,521	...	...	...	456	...	...	...	456
2,394	...	...	...	...	2,394	...	...	...	...	1,685	1,685	...	...	612	...	612	...	...	...	102	...	...	...	102
2,050	948	...	...	...	5,288	1,253	...	...	...	1,705	2,001	...	...	1,728	96	1,814	...	...	...	799	...	...	...	799
2,284	...	...	...	...	2,284	891	...	...	...	1,272	2,162	...	...	1,612	...	1,612	...	...	...	50	50	...	...	100
41,467	2,692	...	...	1,969	...	50,490	10,401	...	...	12,468	22,977	...	780	2,976	380	11,066	...	1,044	...	2,175	361	...	...	6,499
1,06,902	7,291	...	...	16,284	4,736	1,58,314	26,214	...	319	50,618	79,451	...	2,110	48,203	380	48,273	...	10	1,046	2,591	27,737	4,482	...	36,126
1,00,512	4,722	...	...	16,186	225	1,27,995	20,497	42	1,126	48,206	79,961	...	1,442	24,152	202	26,800	...	8	666	1,522	26,310	4,908	...	48,617

* This amount includes Rs. 271 which represents collection charges of capitation or house tax.

FORM

Statement showing the expenditure of District Boards in

Serial number.	NAME OF DISTRICT BOARD.	33.—FAMINE RELIEF.				RAILWAYS.					43.—MINOR WORKS AND MAINTENANCE.	45.—CIVIL WORKS—							
		Charitable relief.	Public Works.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Interest on loans borrowed for Railway purposes.	Expenditure of loans borrowed for Railway purposes and chargeable to Ry. Revenue Account.	Construction of Railways charged to revenues.	Miscellaneous Railway expenditure.	Total.		BUILDINGS.		COMMUNICATIONS.		WATER-SUPPLY AND WATER-WORKS.		DRAINAGE WORKS.	
												Original works.	Repairs.	Original works.	Repairs.	Original works.	Repairs.	Original works.	Repairs.
		31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
BURDWAN DIVISION.																			
1	Burdwan ..	13	...	443	456	...	...	...	...	...	...	563	1,372	25,102	2,02,477	37,880	1,421	...	...
2	Hirbhum ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,890	2,275	5,290	72,307	12,698	1,294	...	...
3	Bansura ..	5,413	23,438	6,318	34,069	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,449	2,126	7,571	47,367	1,601	6,165	...	...
4	Midnapur ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,156	7,469	78,246	2,52,924	47,806	4,437	...	...
5	Hoochly ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,682	1,887	27,073	92,204	14,412	1,108	...	...
6	Hawrah ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,267	19,433	77,928	6,310	798	...	...
Divisional Total ..		5,426	27,438	6,861	34,699	...	...	...	...	...	...	19,810	19,987	2 23,408	7,48,331	7,16,699	12,303	...	...
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																			
7	24-Parganas ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,699	2,224	45,519	1,68,306	71,011	2,329	...	...
8	Nadia ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,456	4,205	17,001	7,02,222	19,140	1,387	...	...
9	Medinipur ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,011	2,690	8,222	78,660	19,401	1,268	...	...
10	Jessore ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50,000	50,000	...	11,257	1,428	25,210	47,791	20,994	401	60	177
11	Khulna ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17,288	4,891	26,743	1,60,220	29,120	1,011	...	...
Divisional Total ..		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50,000	50,000	...	54,909	16,998	1,44,095	5,18,886	1,92,677	5,697	678	378
DAKSHIN DIVISION.																			
12	Dacca ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	303	8,908	71,225	74,520	56,760	6,889	4,024	...
13	Mymensingh ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,637	21,911	1,37,001	2,10,202	26,484	12,949	...	...
14	Faridpur ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,177	14,516	29,201	75,523	48,017	6,888	...	...
15	Bakerganj ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,604	2,126	1,02,326	1,34,421	27,775	4,874	...	...
Divisional Total ..		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22,511	47,403	2,51,728	4,74,776	2,10,040	31,480	25,240	...
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																			
16	Chittagong ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	519	4,574	1,01,260	...	4,435	...	...
17	Tippah ..	...	23,438	...	23,438	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,359	690	27,749	29,929	28,270	2,098	...	...
18	Koekhal ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	801	6,081	26,084	23,479	24,246	1,549	26,264	640
Divisional Total ..		...	23,438	...	23,438	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,050	7,260	1,72,007	2 55,718	59,416	11,079	26,564	640
RAJSHAH DIVISION.																			
19	Rajshahi ..	1,800	...	...	1,800	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,528	23,283	90,459	23,187	20,048	644	...	1,316
20	Dinajpur ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,945	2,392	62,114	24,796	29,922	1,244	19,283	200
21	Jaipur ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,487	6,214	1,24,684	67,220	29,077	274	...	...
22	Rangpur ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,408	14,009	65,961	21,573	10,967	416	...	120
23	Briga ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,941	4,649	16,229	65,260	18,701	722	...	...
24	Malda ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,684	2,445	49,841	26,728	28,513	1,448	...	...
25	Meida ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,396	2,300	22,264	49,331	24,065	...	1,926	...
Divisional Total ..		1,800	...	...	1,800	...	...	...	...	...	...	44,296	24,771	4,01,628	4,09,720	1,29,427	4,689	21,629	1,454
GRAND TOTAL.		7,326	25,098	7,182	39,607	...	...	...	50,000	50,000	...	1,48,678	1,47,671	12,94,290	24,28,661	7,10,649	72,120	74,081	2,860
Total for 1917-18		...	48,684	220	49,084	...	...	...	22,000	22,000	...	518	1,45,478	40,693	14,58,325	24,87,492	7,18,392	88,960	27,125

(A) Of this amount Rs. 5,867 represents refunds to Government on account of Anti Relief and Rs. 231 represents miscellaneous expenditure in connection with the relief of distress in Bankura during 1916-18.

No. III—concl.

the Bengal Presidency during the year ending 31st March 1919—concl.

PUBLIC WORKS.									Total expenditure chargeable to current income.	Rail way construction not from borrowed funds.	DEBT.				BALANCE.		
Other works of improvement.	Rehabilitation and contingencies appertaining to public works.	Tools and plant.	Starting buildings and other (one-time establishments and charges).	Agriculture charges.	Miscellaneous (a).	Contributions to Government.	Other contributions.	Total.			Repayment of loans.	Deposits and advances.	Total.	Total disbursement.	Deposits.	Actual balance.	Total.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	27,662	2,480	11,799	2,484	...	...	261	2,75,593	5,79,773	...	2,643	21,108	22,750	6,09,938	1,07,678	6,07,146	6,14,835
...	18,019	596	4,107	806	...	...	...	1,54,814	2,59,427	...	...	9,912	9,912	2,69,845	58,302	43,659	1,00,964
...	12,819	...	847	1,044	...	...	...	84,439	2,74,757	...	...	14,889	14,889	2,39,639	10,838	4,084	14,912
...	41,730	2,330	...	2,329	2,523	...	...	4,44,187	6,53,020	...	...	19,921	19,921	7,12,980	1,01,910	1,14,100	2,21,010
...	24,509	930	...	1,271	...	...	413	1,66,019	2,03,776	...	...	26,212	26,212	2,26,391	28,899	1,02,740	1,11,639
...	14,297	552	409	886	...	...	...	1,92,948	2,72,888	...	...	11,632	11,632	2,94,188	2,707	68,763	62,769
...	1,46,096	7,778	17,382	10,120	2,623	...	698	12,27,415	22,58,154	...	2,643	1,14,874	1,16,516	22,74,470	2,11,525	6,31,484	11,66,109
...
...	31,268	6,020	892	1,801	82	...	...	2,26,629	2,30,853	...	2,495	29,851	41,146	6,75,999	87,030	2,89,697	4,24,468
...	32,874	1,068	1,549	2,184	...	...	...	2,13,537	2,30,793	...	...	16,590	16,590	2,69,172	44,522	55,029	36,552
...	2,361	748	1,060	1,666	...	...	...	1,44,326	2,30,818	...	2,539	17,040	19,829	2,70,327	31,820	80,161	81,941
...	34,900	884	887	2,078	...	...	...	1,79,870	2,72,810	...	2,944	22,815	27,039	4,01,799	28,000	1,48,173	1,76,173
...	21,457	892	1,900	2,127	483	...	160	2,11,167	2,72,810	...	...	40,436	40,436	2,95,712	4,701	87,592	65,392
...	1,12,080	6,964	4,708	9,380	536	...	160	10,78,329	18,81,210	...	2,828	1,29,521	1,47,869	21,06,969	1,54,694	6,66,546	8,51,240
...
...	26,927	4,662	2,566	...	...	...	...	2,54,809	2,30,184	...	...	65,375	65,375	6,53,560	1,12,920	1,945	1,16,895
...	21,122	2,480	2,990	2,775	304	...	...	2,18,720	2,30,005	...	...	1,54,329	1,54,329	10,29,937	1,61,750	62,272	2,36,028
...	17,817	1,366	1,032	404	...	...	299	2,08,317	2,30,005	...	...	19,501	18,609	2,78,537	2,491	67,066	1,06,359
...	41,665	1,679	...	...	...	...	...	2,46,987	2,30,005	...	...	93,074	93,074	7,03,032	4,081	1,36,461	1,39,492
...	1,26,662	12,396	12,688	5,179	304	...	369	12,24,493	22,75,705	...	...	4,21,390	5,21,890	27,07,095	2,17,821	2,57,643	5,76,474
...
...	21,494	800	1,590	340	1,124	...	...	2,07,636	2,31,488	...	...	46,996	46,996	4,29,484	19,594	72,014	91,608
...	22,994	2,480	1,069	1,040	...	...	...	2,01,324	2,31,758	...	...	98,210	98,210	2,46,996	1,43,743	7,27,422	2,36,585
...	12,194	576	...	1,058	...	...	...	2,01,298	2,31,757	...	...	89,221	89,221	4,22,348	65,414	78,667	1,68,961
...	72,892	2,682	2,659	2,462	1,124	...	...	2,10,249	12,15,321	...	...	1,22,407	1,22,407	12,97,806	2,44,651	2,40,803	2,36,254
...
...	20,206	1,042	1,280	918	100	...	...	2,42,262	2,02,502	...	...	19,811	19,811	4,22,484	18,786	20,842	29,767
...	24,121	1,798	18,498	321	221	...	...	2,28,628	2,72,844	...	9,994	2,474	26,418	2,94,082	40,838	18,975	57,812
...	20,567	2,517	2,410	722	883	...	...	2,65,847	2,92,991	...	...	10,422	10,422	2,98,518	18,396	70,289	28,686
...	26,182	1,680	7,794	...	...	1,000	...	2,22,723	2,92,772	...	4,484	41,889	46,144	2,79,916	1,22,195	49,589	1,71,794
...	12,795	1,017	1,180	247	158	...	...	1,09,010	2,70,857	...	...	27,868	27,868	2,44,640	9,558	21,847	21,403
...	17,906	1,039	1,816	142	128	...	...	1,42,498	2,92,397	...	...	14,064	14,064	2,06,443	62,251	82,950	1,05,310
...	24,227	...	...	1,442	...	...	...	1,12,440	2,72,810	...	...	30,000	30,000	2,24,000	27,296	21,198	58,594
...
...	1,27,675	16,919	21,949	2,902	1,227	...	1,000	12,22,578	24,27,322	...	10,410	1,24,808	1,46,226	26,78,794	2,04,514	2,45,780	4,48,398
...	6,25,095	47,679	70,245	22,804	5,724	...	2,228	26,78,987	7,02,27,222	...	21,294	9,02,860	9,24,246	1,11,62,226	13,27,319	22,21,966	28,29,276
...
...	6,25,095	44,799	52,226	22,812	16,560	...	2,625	27,76,990	22,26,227	...	20,267	8,66,651	8,76,018	1,08,12,418	11,56,189	20,09,612	21,84,751

FORM NO. IV.

Statement showing the constitution of village authorities for Local Self-Government in the Bengal Presidency during the year 1918-19.

DISTRICT.	Class of village authority, i.e., whether Union Committee, Village Panchayat, &c.	Act under which constituted.	Number of village authorities.	Population affected.	PARTICULARS ABOUT CHAIRMAN.				NUMBER OF MEMBERS.			
					Electd. non-official.	Electd. official.	Nominate official.	Nominate official.	Electd.	Nominate.	Electd.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Burdwan ...	Union Committees	Act III (B. O.) of 1885.	7	48,090	7	...	...	...	...	67	...	67
Bibhum ...	Ditto		17	115,481	17	...	...	...	9	114	...	131
Bankura ...	Ditto		4	19,589	1	...	3	1	...	26	...	27
Midnapur ...	Ditto		8	44,580	4	1	...	...	3	42	...	45
Hooahly ...	Ditto		14	122,387	14	...	...	...	...	91	...	105
Howrah ...	Ditto		5	91,014	4	1	...	...	3	16	...	19
	Total		55*	480,051	47	2	7	1	14	346	...	452
24-Pargana ...	Union Committees	Act III (B. O.) of 1885.	14	96,420	14	...	...	...	...	68	...	82
Nadia ...	Ditto		8	59,589	1	...	6	1	1	47	...	48
Murshidabad ...	Ditto		7	62,270	7	...	...	...	1	30	...	31
Jessore ...	Ditto		11	73,698	6	4	1	...	8	60	...	68
Khulna ...	Ditto		24	241,349	21	3	1	...	2	123	...	125
	Total		74	533,326	59	6	8	1	13	325	...	393
Dacca ...	Union Committees	Act III (B. O.) of 1885.	79	664,508	68	3	3	...	3	327	...	330
Faridpur ...	Ditto		12	87,436	4	...	2	5	19	30	...	31
	Total		91*	751,944	72	3	5	5	18	357	...	361
Chittagong ...	Union Committees	Act III (B. O.) of 1885.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tippera ...	Ditto		7	61,796	3	3	1	...	5	29	...	34
Noakhali ...	Ditto		5	57,182	3	2	...	...	7	4	...	11
	Total		12	118,978	6	5	1	1	12	33	...	40
Rajshahi ...	Union Committees	Act III (B. O.) of 1885.	48*	244,682	45	1	...	...	15	177	...	192
Dinajpur ...	Ditto		6	44,482	1	...	4	1	5	27	...	32
Jalpaiguri ...	Ditto		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur ...	Ditto		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sylhet ...	Ditto		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total		54	289,164	46	1	4	1	20	216	...	261
	GRAND TOTAL, 1918-19.		381*	2,282,412	320	16	30	8	74	1,376	...	1,450
	Total for 1917-18		175	1,613,506	120	11	22	12	70	916	...	1,008

* Purnea, Kishore, Lalpur, Sultanpur and Gangpur Union Committees in the Dinajpur district, Malda Union Committee in the Bankura district, Saitangan, Kildangan, Jajira, Mograpur and Naogap Union Committees in the Dacca district and Gopiganj Union Committee in the Faridpur district were sanctioned but not constituted during the year.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 26th February 1920.

Summary.—Except for slight showers in Darjeeling the week was rainless. Rain is wanted for agricultural operations generally. Harvesting of spring crops and ploughing of fields continue. Standing crops are in fair to good condition. The average price of common rice for the province has fallen by about 2·18 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEER, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops etc
			This week	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	24-PARGANAS	Inches.			Prospects of standing crops are good. Harvesting of <i>aman</i> paddy is finished and that of <i>rabi</i> crop in Barrackpur and of sugarcane in Baraset and Basirhat continues. Water is sufficient.
	Diamond Harbour.	Nil	5	5	
	Barrackpore	(n)	(n)	(n)	
	Barrackpore	Nil	5	(n)	
	Baraset ...	Nil	5½	5½	
2	Basirhat ...	Nil	6	6	Prospects of standing crops are favourable. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops has commenced. Lands are being prepared for <i>aus</i> paddy. Cattle-disease is reported from thana Chakdah.
	NADIA ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Kushtia ...	Nil	5	5	
	Meherpur ...	Nil	5	5½	
	Chuadanga...	Nil	(n)	{ 6 6½	
3	Ranaghat ...	Nil	5½	5	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient. There is no large import of rice. Export continues.
	MURSHIDABAD	Nil	6	6	
	Lalbagh ...	Nil	6½	6	
	Jangipur ...	Nil	6½	6½	
	Kandi ...	Nil	6½	6½	
4	JESSORE ...	Nil	{ 6 6*	{ 6 6*	Standing crops are doing well. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops continues. No large import or export of rice. Fodder is sufficient.
	Jhenidah ...	Nil	6	5	
	Magura ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Narail ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Bangaon ...	Nil	5½	4½	
5	KHULNA ...	Nil	5½	5½	Weather seasonable. Cultivation of <i>aus</i> paddy and jute has commenced. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ...	Nil	5	5½	
	Bagerhat ...	Nil	{ 6 7*	{ 6 7*	

* Burma rice.

(n) Not reported

Serial No.	District and subdivision	Rainfall	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEER, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
6	BURDWAN ...	Inches. Nil	5½	5	Weather seasonable. Pressing of sugar-cane and harvesting of potatoes are going on. Lands are being manured. Standing crops are doing well. Export of rice continues from Kalna.
	Asansol ...	Nil	6	6	
	Katwa ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Kalna ...	Nil	4½	4½	
7	BIRBHUM ...	Nil	6	6	Threshing continues. Standing crops are doing fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat...	Nil	6½	6½	
8	BANKURA ...	Nil	6½	6½	Prospects of standing crops are good. Export of rice and paddy continues.
	Vishnupur...	Nil	5½	6½	
9	MIDNAPORE...	Nil	{ 5½ 6½† }	{ 6½ 6½† }	Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are good. Sowing of <i>til</i> continues. Fodder is sufficient.
	Ghatal ...	Nil	{ 5½ 6† }	{ 5½ 6† }	
	Tamluk ...	Nil	{ 5½ 5½† }	{ 5½ 5½† }	
	Contai ...	Nil	{ 6 6½† }	5½	
10	HOOGLY ...	Nil	4½	5	Effects of weather on the growth of the crops are favourable. Fodder is sufficient.
	Serampore ...	Nil	6	6	
	Arambagh ...	(n)	(n)	(n)	
11	HOWRAH ...	Nil	5	{ 4½ 5½† }	Weather warm. Harvesting of sugarcane and <i>rabi</i> crops continues. Lands are being prepared for jute. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.
	Ulubaria ...	Nil	5½	5½	
12	RAJSHAHI (RAMPUR-BOALIA).	Nil	6	5½	Prospects of standing crops are favourable. Lands are being prepared for jute and <i>aus</i> . Fodder is sufficient. Cattle disease is reported from thana Lalpur.
	Naogaon ..	Nil	6½	6	
	Nator ...	Nil	5½	5½	
13	DINAJPUR ...	Nil	6	6	Weather tending to be hot. Price of common rice is falling.
	Thakurgaon	Nil	6½	6	
	Balurghat ...	Nil	6½	6½	
14	JALPAIGURI	Nil	6	5½	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Alipur ...	Nil	5	5	

* Barua rice.

† Coarse rice.

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivided.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN RUPEES, PER RUPNA.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	DARJEELING	0.04	5	5	Potatoes and maize are being sown. Wheat and barley are progressing well. Stocks of rice, fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kurseong ...	0.12	5½	5½	
	Siliguri ...	Nil	4½	4½	
	Kalimpong...	Nil	5½	5½	
16	RANGPUR ...	Nil	5½	5½	Weather hot. Harvesting of potatoes is still going on. Lands are being prepared for <i>aus</i> paddy and jute. Sowing of jute and paddy in low lands continues. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from thanas Nilphamari, Domar and Jaldhaka.
	Nilphamari	Nil	6½	5½	
	Kurigram ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Gaibandha ...	Nil	5½	5½	
17	BOGRA ...	Nil	6½	6½	Ploughing continues. Sowing of jute has begun.
18	PABNA ...	Nil	5½	5½	Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Sirajganj.
	Sirajganj ...	Nil	5	5	
19	MALDA ...	Nil	6	6	Threshing of winter paddy is finished. Transplantation of <i>boro</i> paddy continues. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Lands are being prepared for <i>bhadai</i> crops.
20	COOCH BEHAR	Nil	5½	6½	Harvesting of <i>haimanti</i> paddy is completed and the outturn is estimated at 83 per cent. Sowing of <i>bitri</i> paddy has commenced at places. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	DACCA ...	Nil	6	5½	Weather hot and dry. Harvesting of pulses proceeding. Prospects of <i>boro</i> paddy, cereals, tobacco and chillies are good. Rice market shows a downward tendency.
	Manikganj ...	Nil	5½	(n)	
	Narayanganj	Nil	5½	5½	
	Munshiganj (a)	(n)	(n)	5½	
22	MYMENSINGH	Nil	5½	{ 5½ }	Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops, sugarcane and mustard is nearly finished. Preparation of soil for <i>aus</i> paddy and jute continues. Prospects of standing crops are good. Water and fodder are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Kishorganj and Netrokona. Stock of Burma rice is small and there is no demand for it.
	Jamalpur ...	Nil	5½	5	
	Tangail ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Netrakona ...	Nil	5½	(n)	
	Kishorganj...	Nil	5½	5½	

* Burma rice.

(a) Munshiganj, Tangail, Jamalpur and Narayanganj, its rainfall statistics are not quoted. To give information regarding the weather and crops of the districts of the Cooch Behar division, the statistics are reported here.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN ANNAS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
23	FARIDPUR ...	Nil	{ 5½ 5½*	5½ 5½*	Ploughing of lands continues. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.
	Goalundo ...	Nil	{ 5½ to 6 6½*	5½ 6½*	
	Madaripur ...	Nil	{ 5½ 6½*	5½ 6½*	
	Gopalganj (a)	Nil	{ 5½ 6½*	5 6½*	
24	BAKARGANJ (BARISAL).	Nil	6	5	Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder is sufficient.
	Pirojpur ...	Nil	6	(n)	
	Patuakhali ...	Nil	6	5½	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	Nil	5½	5	
25	CHITTAGONG	Nil	{ 5½† 5*	5½† 5½*	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fields are being prepared for early <i>aus</i> paddy. Fodder is sufficient. <i>Panga</i> salt is selling at 11 and 8 seers per rupee at Sadar and Cox's Bazar, respectively.
	Cox's Bazar	Nil	5½†	5½†	
26	TIPPERA (COMILLA).	Nil	5½	5½	Weather very cold. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops is nearing completion. Rain is wanted in Brahmanbaria subdivision. Rinderpest is reported from Brahmanbaria subdivision. Ploughing of lands and sowing of early <i>aus</i> paddy are going on.
	Brahmanbaria.	Nil	5½	5½	
	Chandpur ...	Nil	{ 5½ 6½*	5½ 5½*	
27	NOAKHALI	Nil	5½	5½	Weather hot. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from thanas Ohhagalnaya and Pashuram.
	Feni ...	Nil	6	6½	
28	CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.	Nil	6	6	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient. Salt sells at 8 seers per rupee.

(a) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

* Burma rice.

† Local rice.

J. C. ROY,

for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Dacca, the 29th February 1920.

FAVBY (BEST QUALITY).							
Month.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1915.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1919.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Chittah	4 3 0	4 3 0	3 3 0	2 12 0	3 0 0	3 12 0	3 5 0
Chitto Hill .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shadwan	4 3 0	4 3 0	3 4 0	2 1 0	2 4 0	3 10 0	3 5 0
Kaina .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Santiganj .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mindapra	4 3 0	4 3 0	3 4 0	1 14 0	2 6 0	2 10 0	2 08 0
Chitlagpur	(a)	(a)	3 0 0	.....	2 2 0	2 14 0	2 12 0
Chandpur .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca	4 12 0	5 4 0	3 4 0	2 5 0	3 3 0	4 4 0	4 3 0
Karayaiganj .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maderipur .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fabun	4 4 0	4 5 0	3 3 0	.....	2 11 0	2 15 0	3 5 0
Siriganj .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur	4 3 0	4 3 0	3 3 0	1 12 0	2 14 0	3 2 0	3 5 0

FAVBY (COMMON QUALITY).							
Month.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1915.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1919.
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Chittah	4 3 0	4 3 0	3 3 0	2 4 0	2 12 0	3 2 0	3 1 0
Chitto Hill .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shadwan	4 3 0	4 4 0	3 3 0	1 12 0	2 2 0	3 2 0	2 4 0
Kaina .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Santiganj .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mindapra	2 10 0	4 3 0	2 14 0	1 9 0	2 4 0	2 2 0	2 3 0
Chitlagpur	4 3 0	4 3 0	2 12 0	.....	2 11 0	2 12 0	2 10 0
Chandpur .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca	4 3 0	4 3 0	3 0 0	2 4 0	3 2 0	3 3 0	3 4 0
Karayaiganj .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maderipur .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fabun	4 3 0	4 3 0	3 3 0	1 12 0	2 2 0	2 13 0	3 2 0
Siriganj
Rangpur	4 3 0	4 3 0	3 3 0	3 5 0	2 5 0	2 10 0	3 0 0

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Wholesale price-current of rice, with the names of the principal markets of Bengal for the first week of February, 1918.

Mark.	RICE (BEST QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1915.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1919.
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	10 0 0	9 0 0	8 0 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0
Chota Hat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	8 0 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0
Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ...	10 0 0	9 0 0	8 0 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0
Chittagong ...	12 0 0	11 0 0	10 0 0	9 0 0	8 0 0	7 0 0	6 0 0
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	8 0 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0
Narayanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fabua ...	11 0 0	10 0 0	9 0 0	8 0 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0
Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur ...	8 0 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0

Mark.	RICE (COMMON QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1915.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1919.
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	8 0 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0
Chota Hat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0
Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ...	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0
Chittagong ...	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0
Narayanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fabua ...	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0
Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur ...	8 0 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0

Statement of the Government of Bengal, in the matter of the returns of the Government of Bengal for the first half of February 1920.

District.	WHEAT.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	5 0 0	5 0 0	7 4 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	4 16 0	5 0 0
Chittagong	7 5 0	7 5 0	(a)	5 2 0	5 5 0	5 2 0	5 0 0
Dacca	7 2 0	5 0 0					
Medanipur	5 11 0	7 0 0		2 8 0	4 2 0		4 14 0
Shariatpur	7 0 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 4 0	5 0 0

(a) Not in stock.

District.	KALAI DAL.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	5 0 0	5 0 0	10 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 4 0
Chittagong	7 5 0	7 5 0	12 0 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	6 0 0	5 10 0
Dacca	7 0 0	7 0 0					
Medanipur	5 11 0	7 0 0		2 8 0	4 2 0		4 14 0
Shariatpur	7 0 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 4 0	5 0 0

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, etc., in the under-mentioned parts of Bengal for the first half of February 1929.

Markets.	GRAIN.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	8 4 0	8 4 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 4 0	2 8 0
Chota Hāt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	8 0 0	8 0 0	7 8 0	3 1 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	5 0 0
Kālā ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kaniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ...	8 4 0	8 4 0	7 8 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	5 0 0	5 12 0
Chittagong ...	to 8 0 0	to 8 0 0	to 8 0 0	to 4 4 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	9 0 0	9 0 0	...	...	...	...	...
Narayanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Faridkot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Siraganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur ...	8 0 0	8 0 0	9 8 0	5 4 0	7 4 0	7 0 0	5 8 0

Markets.	ARHAR DAL.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	51	52	53	54	55	56	57
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	9 8 0	9 8 0	7 12 0	5 8 0	5 4 0	6 0 0	6 4 0
Chota Hāt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	10 0 0	10 0 0	12 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0
Kālā ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kaniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ...	10 8 0	11 0 0	9 8 0	5 0 0	6 0 0	7 8 0	7 8 0
Chittagong ...	to 12 0 0	to 12 0 0	to 11 0 0	to 8 0 0	6 0 0	7 0 0	8 0 0
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	11 0 0	11 0 0	8 8 0	5 0 0	6 4 0	7 8 0	7 0 0
Narayanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Faridkot ...	12 8 0	12 8 0	10 0 0	6 8 0	8 0 0	7 8 0	8 5 0
Siraganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur ...	(a)	(a)	10 0 0	5 8 0	7 8 0	6 12 0	7 4 0

(a) Not available.

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the upper-mentioned parts of Bengal for the first half of February 1920.

Name.	LIMEED.			MUSTARD.			GUR.			COTTON (UNGINDED).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta.	13 0 0	13 0 0	9 0 0	13 8 0	12 8 0	9 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	5 8 0	25 0 0	25 0 0	27 0 0
Chota Nag.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	11 0 0 to 12 0 0	11 0 0 to 12 0 0	(a) ...	10 0 0	12 0 0	11 12 0	8 0 0 to 9 0 0	8 0 0 to 9 0 0	6 0 0	(a)	(a) ...	(a)
Kalpa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raniganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	13 8 0	13 8 0	12 0 0 to 13 0 0	9 8 0	10 0 0	6 8 0	40 7 0	40 0 0	40 0 0
Obtongong	15 0 0	15 0 0	10 0 0	13 0 0	13 8 0	8 8 0	10 0 0	8 8 0	8 0 0	13 0 0	15 0 0	13 0 0
Chandpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	20 0 0	20 0 0	9 0 0	8 0 0	7 8 0	8 4 0	13 8 0	14 0 0	10 0 0	...	...	...
Karayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Meduripur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pabna	(n)	n	8 0 0	8 8 0	8 0 0	7 6 0	8 11 0	8 11 0	8 0 0	...	...	...
Sirajganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bangpur	(a).....	(a).....	...	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	...	...	...

Marks.	JUTE.			GHER.			HIDES (COW).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	10 8 0	11 0 0	12 0 0	25 0 0	75 0 0	70 0 0	450 0 0	450 0 0	450 0 0
Chota Hat	10 10 0	11 0 0	12 0 0	25 0 0	75 0 0	70 0 0	450 0 0	450 0 0	450 0 0
Burdwan	(a) 10 8 0	(a) 11 0 0	(a) 12 0 0	25 0 0 to 24 0 0	75 0 0 to 24 0 0	70 0 0	(a) 450 0 0	(a) 450 0 0	25 0 0
Kalna	10 8 0	11 0 0	12 0 0	25 0 0	75 0 0	70 0 0	450 0 0	450 0 0	450 0 0
Baniganj	10 8 0	11 0 0	12 0 0	25 0 0	75 0 0	70 0 0	450 0 0	450 0 0	450 0 0
Midnapore	5 0 0	5 4 0	7 0 0	100 0 0 to 115 0 0	100 0 0 to 115 0 0	70 0 0 to 76 0 0	400 0 0	400 0 0	300 0 0
Chittagong	10 8 0	11 0 0	12 0 0	100 0 0	100 0 0	75 0 0	375 0 0	375 0 0	275 0 0
Chandpur	2 4 0 to 10 8 0	3 3 0 to 10 0 0	5 4 0 to 8 0 0	100 0 0	100 0 0	70 0 0	375 0 0	375 0 0	275 0 0
Dacca	10 8 0	11 0 0	12 0 0	25 0 0	75 0 0	70 0 0	450 0 0	450 0 0	450 0 0
Barisal	5 0 0 to 10 8 0	5 4 0 to 10 0 0	7 0 0 to 12 0 0	100 0 0	100 0 0	70 0 0	400 0 0	400 0 0	300 0 0
Myitmeh	10 8 0 to 10 8 0	11 0 0 to 10 8 0	12 0 0 to 12 0 0	100 0 0	100 0 0	70 0 0	400 0 0	400 0 0	300 0 0
Malerigaon	4 8 0 to 10 4 0	4 8 0 to 10 0 0	5 0 0 to 12 0 0	100 0 0	100 0 0	70 0 0	400 0 0	400 0 0	300 0 0
Fakir	10 8 0	11 0 0	12 0 0	(a) 100 0 0	100 0 0	64 2 0	400 0 0	400 0 0	300 0 0
Baranagar	4 0 0 to 10 8 0	4 0 0 to 10 0 0	4 0 0 to 10 0 0	100 0 0	100 0 0	70 0 0	400 0 0	400 0 0	300 0 0
Baranagar	10 8 0	11 0 0	12 0 0	100 0 0	100 0 0	70 0 0	400 0 0	400 0 0	300 0 0

(c) Not in stock.

(a) Not available.

Wholesale prices-current of foodgrains, salt, etc., in the markets mentioned in Bengal for the first half of February 1920.

Markets.	IRON.			SALT.			Kerosene Oil.		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	70	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	10 0 0	10 0 0	35 0 0	3 5 0	3 6 0	3 10 0	3 15 0 (a)	3 15 0 (a)	3 2 0
Chittāgarh	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burdwan	17 8 0	17 8 0	12 0 0 to 15 0 0	3 4 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 2 0 (b)	3 2 0 (b)	.....
Kalma	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Baniganj	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore	2 8 0 to 17 0 0	3 0 0 to 17 0 0	3 0 0 to 20 0 0	3 6 0	3 8 0	3 9 0	4 2 0 (d)	4 2 0 (d)	3 4 2 (b)
Chittagong	22 0 0	22 0 0	25 0 0	3 0 0	3 1 5	3 2 0	3 1 0 (e)	3 1 0 (e)	2 5 0 (c)
Chandpur	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca	.....	.....	.....	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 3 0 (d)	4 3 0 (d)	(f)
Haryaganj	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Medanipur	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fabon	22 0 0 to 25 0 0	22 0 0 to 25 0 0	17 0 0 to 25 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	4 3 0 (d)	4 2 6 (d)	3 10 0
Sirajganj	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur	22 0 0	22 0 0	22 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 4 0 (d)	4 4 0 (d)	2 12 3 (h)

(a) Monkey brand. | (b) King Sun. | (c) Mosque | (d) Elephant. | (f) not available. | (h) Victoria brand.

Markets.	MUSTARD OIL.			FIREWOOD			COAL (BENGAL).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	35 0 0	35 0 0	26 0 0	0 10 0	0 10 0	0 8 0	.....	.....	.....
Chittāgarh	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 14 0	0 12 0	0 3 0
Burdwan	32 0 0	34 0 0	29 0 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 11 0	0 8 0	0 8 0
Kalma	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0 9 0	0 9 0	0 9 0
Baniganj	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0 2 5	0 2 5	0 2 5
Midnapore	28 0 0 to 32 0 0	28 0 0 to 28 0 0	22 0 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	.....	.....	.....
Chittagong	39 0 0	40 0 0	33 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chandpur	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca	36 0 0	38 0 0	34 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Haryaganj	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Medanipur	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fabon	34 0 0	35 0 0	32 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sirajganj	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur	28 0 0	28 0 0	29 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

* Decrease is due to new mustard coming into the market.

DACCA,
The 28th February 1920.

J. C. ROY,
for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Price-current (retail) of food-grains, salt, etc., in the districts of Bengal for the first-half of February 1920.

Division.	Number.	DISTRICTS AND MARTS.	QUANTITY PER RUPEE IN SHEER OF EIGHTY TOLAS.														
			COMMON RICE.						KALAI DAL (<i>Phaseolus radiatus</i>).			ARHAR (DAL) OR TRIPUR. GADJAN I'NA (<i>Cajanus indicus</i>).			SALT.		
			Average.			Cheapest.											
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
PRESIDENCY.		24-PARGANAS.	S. OR.	S. OR.	S. OR.	S. OR.	S. OR.	S. OR.	S. OR.	S. OR.	S. OR.	S. OR.	S. OR.	S. OR.	S. OR.	S. OR.	
	1	Cheria Hat	4 3	4 3	5 3	5 3	5 3	5 3	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	10 10	10 10	10 10
	2	Muga Hat	5 4	5 11	7 4	5 11	5 0	7 12	(a)	(a)	(a)	3 2	3 4	3 10	11 12	11 12	11 4
	3	Calcutta-Bellaghatta	4 3	4 11	5 0	5 3	5 3	7 4	4 7	4 7	3 12	4 0	4 0	5 0	10 0	10 0	10 0
		NADIA															
	4	Gou I	5 3	5 0	5 12	(a)	5 3	5 0	3 3	3 3	3 3	3 3	3 3	3 12	11 0	11 0	11 4
	5	Haringhat	5 0	5 0	5 10	5 12	5 13	7 0	3 3	3 2	4 0	3 3	3 14	4 3	13 3	10 3	9 3
		MEERUTIAHAT															
	6	Rampur	5 12	5 12	7 4	5 0	5 0	7 3	5 0	5 4	4 0	4 0	4 3	4 3	13 3	13 0	11 3
	7	Kandi	5 3	5 0	7 12	5 12	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 3	5 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	10 3	10 3	11 0
8	Jangpur	5 4	5 0	7 3	5 3	5 10	7 12	4 0	4 0	5 0	3 4	3 0	3 3	13 3	13 0	10 0	
BURDWAN.		JESSORE															
	9	Sadar	5 12	5 3	5 0	5 0	5 1	5 4	3 4	3 4	3 0	3 4	3 4	4 0	12 3	12 0	11 0
	10	Bangaon	5 0	5 0	5 13	5 3	5 5	7 4	3 3	3 3	2 11	3 3	3 3	4 0	12 3	12 3	11 4
		KHULNA															
	11	Sadar	5 12	5 0	5 0	5 12	5 3	5 3	5 3	5 3	5 3	3 3	3 3	4 0	10 4	10 3	9 3
	12	Dagarhat	5 0	5 0	7 3	7 0	7 0	5 0	5 0	5 4	3 10	3 10	5 4	9 0	9 0	9 0	
		BURDWAN.															
	13	Sadar	5 0	5 4	5 3	5 14	5 12	7 4	5 0	5 0	3 0	4 0	4 0	3 4	11 0	10 3	10 3
	14	Kalna	4 12	5 0	5 10	5 0	5 4	5 15	3 10	3 10	2 15	3 4	3 4	4 0	10 3	10 3	10 10
		DIRDHUM															
15	Buri	5 3	5 3	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 3	5 0	4 0	4 0	3 4	3 3	4 3	13 0	13 0	9 3	
16	Rampur Hat	5 0	5 12	5 4	7 0	5 3	7 0	5 0	5 0	3 0	3 3	3 3	3 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	
BURDWAN.		BANKURA.															
	17	Sadar	5 0	5 3	5 10	5 4	5 4	7 0	3 3	4 3	3 0	3 3	3 4	4 0	11 0	11 0	11 3
	18	Vishnupur	5 0	5 12	5 3	5 3	5 4	7 3	4 4	4 0	4 0	3 4	3 3	4 0	11 0	11 0	10 3
		MIDNAPORE.															
	19	Sadar	5 11	5 11	7 3	5 0	5 0	7 11	4 0	3 4	3 3	3 4	3 4	4 0	10 3	10 3	9 3
	20	Contai	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 3	5 3	5 3	3 0	3 0	4 0	3 0	3 0	3 3	10 0	10 0	10 0
		HOOGLY															
	21	Sadar	4 12	4 3	5 4	5 0	(b) 5 0	7 4	4 3	4 3	3 12	3 12	3 12	4 0	11 0	11 0	11 3
	22	Arambagh	5 3	5 3	7 3	5 3	5 0	5 0	3 5	3 5	4 0	3 5	3 5	4 0	10 10	10 10	9 0
		HOWRAH.															
23	Sadar	5 0	5 0	5 12	5 7	5 3	5 12	4 3	4 0	4 3	3 3	4 0	4 12	10 3	10 3	11 3	
24	Uluberia	5 0	5 0	7 0	5 3	5 3	7 3	4 3	4 3	3 3	3 5	3 5	3 14	12 0	12 0	11 3	
BURDWAN.		HATSMAN.															
	25	Rampur-Doalia	5 3	5 0	7 3	5 3	5 2	7 12	4 3	4 4	4 0	3 5	3 5	4 0	9 12	9 12	8 0
	26	Hator	5 12	5 0	5 0	5 4	5 3	10 0	4 3	4 0	5 0	4 0	4 0	7 0	9 3	9 3	8 0
	27	Dinajpur-Railway Square Hat.	5 0	5 3	7 3	5 5	5 5	5 2	3 12	3 12	4 3	3 2	3 2	4 3	10 0	10 0	10 0
	28	Jalpaiguri-Sadar	5 4	5 3	7 4	5 12	5 0	5 0	4 0	4 0	5 0	3 4	3 12	4 12	10 0	10 0	8 0

* Karkatoh.

(a) Not available.

(b) Burma rice.

Prices-current (retail) of food-grains, salt, etc., in the districts of Bengal for the first-half of February 1920—contd.

Division	Number.	DISTRICTS AND MARKS.	QUANTITY PER RUPEE IN SEERS OF EIGHTY TOLAS.														
			COMMON RICE.						KALAI DAT (P ^h arolus radialis)			ARUN (DAL) OR TURK. (ADJAN PNA (Cajanus indicus))			SALT.		
			Average.			Cheapest.			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.									
BENGAL.	29	DANSHING.	H. CH.	F. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.
			4 0	4 8	5 4	5 0	5 8	6 8	2 12	2 12	4 0	2 12	2 12	2 0	2 0	2 0	2 0
	30	Siliguri	4 0	4 0	6 8	5 0	5 0	7 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8
	31	RANIGUH.	5 4	5 4	8 0	5 10	5 10	9 8	3 12	3 12	4 0	3 0	3 0	2 8	2 0	2 0	2 0
			5 11	5 12	7 8	6 0	6 0	8 0	3 8	3 8	4 8	3 8	3 8	6 0	3 0	2 0	2 0
			5 12	5 12	4 12	6 0	6 0	7 14	3 8	3 8	0 0	3 8	3 8	4 8	2 12	2 12	10 14
			5 0	5 4	7 8	5 8	5 8	8 0	5 0	4 0	4 4	3 0	3 0	3 10	11 8	11 8	8 0
	35	Birajganj	5 0	4 12	7 0	5 4	5 0	8 0	5 4	5 0	6 0	3 4	3 4	5 12	8 0	8 0	8 0
	36	MALDA.	6 8	6 8	6 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	3 0	3 0	4 8	12 0	12 0	8 0
			6 12	6 14	7 8	7 0	7 8	8 8	5 0	6 0	5 8	3 4	4 4	12 0	12 0	10 0	10 0
	38	DACCA.	5 4	5 2	7 0	5 8	5 8	7 8	3 10	3 3	4 0	3 8	3 8	4 0	10 10	10 0	10 0
			5 0	5 4	7 0	5 4	5 4	7 0	(a)	(a)	(a)	3 12	3 12	(n)	10 0	10 0	8 0
JALPAIGURI.	40	MYMENSINGH.	4 14	5 3	7 8	5 10	(b)	5 8	4 0	4 0	8 0	4 0	4 0	6 0	9 0	9 8	8 0
			5 0	5 0	8 8	5 5	5 8	7 8	4 4	4 4	7 12	3 8	3 8	5 0	10 0	10 0	8 4
	41	NATOKH.	5 2	5 0	6 4	5 15	(b)	7 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 8	3 8	3 4	9 8	10 0	9 8
			5 3	5 5	7 14	5 10	(b)	8 4	4 8	4 12	4 8	3 0	3 0	4 0	10 0	10 0	8 4
	44	BAKANGANJ.	5 8	5 12	7 10	6 4	6 8	7 12	6 0	6 0	5 5	3 8	3 8	3 8	10 0	10 0	8 4
			6 4	5 8	7 8	6 8	8 12	4 0	4 0	(a)	(a)	4 12	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0
	46	TIPPERA.	5 2	5 0	7 11	5 5	5 8	8 0	6 10	3 4	6 0	3 4	3 8	5 0	10 0	10 0	8 0
			5 5	5 0	6 9	7 1	6 12	8 10	3 8	3 8	5 4	3 2	3 2	5 2	8 4	8 4	8 1
	48	NOAKHALI.	5 8	5 8	7 12	6 0	6 0	8 0	5 8	5 8	6 0	3 4	3 4	5 0	9 0	9 0	8 0
			5 2	5 8	8 14	6 0	6 0	8 12	3 4	3 4	6 8	(n)	(n)	(n)	9 2	9 2	8 2
CHITTAGONG.	50	Sadar	5 8	5 8	8 0	5 8	5 8	8 8	6 0	4 0	4 0	3 12	3 12	4 0	11 0	11 0	12 0
			5 4	5 8	10 0	(n)	(n)	10 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 4	3 4	4 0	8 0	8 0	8 0
	52	Chittagong Tracts—Rangpur	5 0	5 8	8 0	6 0	7 0	9 0	3 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 0	4 0	8 0	8 0	8 0

* Karkatch

(b) Burma rice.

(a) Not available.

(n) Not reported.

† Fluctuation due to import of new Kalai recently.

J. C. ROY,
for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA ;
The 28th February 1920.

List of prices of articles of food at Calcutta for the week ending Saturday, the 28th February 1920.

Name of article.	WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND.		RETAIL PRICE PER SEER.	
	From—	To—	From—	To—
Rice—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balam, coarse ...	7 4 0	8 0 0	0 3 3	0 4 6
„ medium ...	8 2 0	8 12 0	0 4 9	0 5 3
Patnai, coarse ...	6 4 0	7 8 0	0 3 3	0 3 9
„ medium ...	7 10 0	7 15 0	0 4 0	0 4 6
Nagra, coarse ...	6 4 0	7 11 0	0 3 3	0 3 9
„ medium ...	7 12 0	7 14 0	0 4 3	0 4 9
Dudhkalma ...	7 15 0	8 0 0	0 3 6	.....
Rangoon Boiled ...	.....	.....	0 3 3	.....
Kajla ...	5 0 0	5 4 0	0 3 0	.....
Wheat, Dudhia ...	7 12 0	.....	.....	.....
„ Gangajali ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
„ Jamali ...	7 2 0	.....	.....	.....
Gram, Patnai (whole) ...	8 12 0	9 8 0	0 3 0	0 3 9
„ dal ...	10 4 0	10 12 0	0 4 0	0 4 6
Mung „ (Hari) ...	7 12 0	8 0 0	0 6 0	0 8 0
„ „ (Krishna) ...	8 0 0	8 2 0	0 5 0	0 6 0
Arhar „ ...	10 0 0	10 8 0	0 5 0	0 6 0
Masur „ (split) ...	6 0 0	7 0 0	0 3 0	0 4 6
„ „ (Khanri) ...	10 0 0	11 0 0	0 4 9	0 5 0
Kalai „ ...	7 4 0	7 10 0	0 3 0	0 4 0
Salt ...	2 1 0	.....	0 1 6	0 1 9
Sugar (Brown Java) ...	26 8 0	27 8 0	0 10 0	0 12 0
Gur, Bheli ...	9 12 0	10 12 0	0 5 0	0 6 0
„ Bhursut ...	10 4 0	10 8 0	0 5 6	0 6 0
„ Date ...	9 4 0	.....	0 4 0	.....
Milk ...	10 0 0	11 0 0	0 4 0	0 5 0
Mustard oil ...	28 0 0	33 0 0	0 14 0	1 2 0
Flour (country) ...	9 3 0	9 15 0	0 4 6	0 5 0
Atta, No. 3 ...	7 2 0	.....	} 0 3 6	0 5 0
„ „ 2½ ...	8 2 0	.....	
„ „ B ...	9 10 0	.....	
Suji ...	9 6 0	9 14 0	0 4 6	0 5 6
Ghee (Bhadwa, Matki, etc.) ...	100 0 0	102 0 0	2 12 0	.....
„ (Patiram, Kburja, Ruto, Etwa, better kind, etc.) ...	97 0 0	100 0 0	2 10 0	.....
„ (Lalli, Etwa, Sagar, etc.) ...	92 0 0	93 0 0	2 8 0	.....
Maize ...	5 0 0	5 8 0	0 1 3	0 2 0
Potatoes ...	2 12 0	3 4 0	0 1 0	0 1 3
Patal ...	20 0 0	25 0 0	.....	.....
Brinjals ...	1 4 0	1 12 0	0 1 3	.....
Onions ...	2 0 0	3 0 0	0 1 3	0 1 6
Fish, Rahu ...	30 0 0	40 0 0	0 12 0	0 14 0
Mutton (2nd class) ...	.....	.....	0 10 0	.....
Beef (2nd and 3rd classes) ...	.....	.....	0 3 0	0 5 0

N.B.—This is an abstract of prices at the following markets :—

Wholesale—Chetla Hat, Ramkrishnapur Hat, Sealdah Fish and Milk Markets, Posta Bazar.

Retail—Sir Stuart Hogg Market, Orphanage Market, Sobha Bazar, Nutun Bazar, Raja Babu's Bazar, Bow Bazar, Taltolla Bazar, Jogu Babu's Bazar.

S. C. GHOSH.

for President, Advisory Food Committee.

CALCUTTA, the 28th February 1920.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

CALCUTTA TRADE FLUCTUATIONS

THE following tables are intended to show the trade by all routes, i.e., by rail, river, canal, road, and sea, of the Calcutta block* in certain selected articles during the nine months, April to December, 1919, as compared with the corresponding period of 1918 and 1917. The statistics have been compiled from returns furnished by the Collector of Customs, Calcutta, Railway Audit Offices, Steamer Companies, the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, the Collectors of the 24-Parganas and Howrah, and the Assistant Engineer, Calcutta Canals.

General Summary

Imports.—The imports of rice, including paddy†, into Calcutta* by rail, river, canal, road, and sea (coastwise) during the nine months, April to December, 1919, amounted to 17,160,000 maunds, as against 10,902,000 maunds in the corresponding period of the preceding year—an increase of 57 per cent. There was an increase of 16 per cent in the imports of coal and coke (73,959,000 maunds as against 63,798,000 maunds last year). The imports by rail, river, road, and sea (coastwise) of Indian cotton piece goods showed an increase of 79 per cent, the total value amounting to Rs. 7,81,99,000 as against Rs. 4,37,00,000 in 1918. The quantity of indigo imported during the nine months, April to December, 1919, increased from 13,803 maunds to 14,110 maunds. The imports of raw jute amounted to 3,858,000 bales as against 4,005,000 bales—a decrease of 4 per cent. The importation of gunny bags also showed a decrease of 14 per cent (303 million bags as against 351 millions in the preceding year). The total imports of oilseeds (linseed and rape and mustard seed) decreased by 16 per cent from 5,956,000 maunds to 5,024,000 maunds. The imports of sugar decreased by 17 per cent from 509,000 maunds to 421,000 maunds, and those of tea increased by 5 per cent from 2,579,000 maunds to 2,720,000 maunds.

Exports.—The exports of cotton piece goods, foreign, from Calcutta by all routes during the nine months, April to December, 1919, increased by 28 per cent (Rs. 22,86,81,000 as against Rs. 17,88,73,000 last year). The exports of gunny bags (including the exports by sea to foreign countries) decreased from 999 million to 805 million bags in the period under review. The quantity of kerosene oil despatched from Calcutta and Budge-Budge by internal routes and by sea (coastwise) increased from 3,693,000 maunds to 4,421,000 maunds, or by 20 per cent.

* The Calcutta block consists of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and Kidderpore Docks.

† One maund of paddy is equivalent to 25 seers of rice.

TABLE I

Trade of Calcutta in certain selected articles in the nine months, April to December, 1919, compared with the corresponding months of 1918.

	IMPORTS		EXPORTS	
	BY RAIL, ROAD, RIVER, CANAL, AND SEA (COASTWISE) (a)		BY SEA (FOREIGN AND COASTWISE)	
	April to December, 1919	April to December, 1918	April to December, 1919	April to December, 1918
Food-grains—				
Rice Mds	15,485,944	9,271,438	1,998,760	2,759,039
Paddy "	2,753,453	2,688,682	114,906	2,709
Total (in rice) (b) "	17,169,863	10,961,984	2,070,129	2,760,732
Wheat... .. "	2,625,370	4,430,896	68,821	742,032
Wheat flour "	166,934	67,649	312,614	301,563
Gram and pulse "	3,824,896	4,127,958	1,090,890	870,042
Other food-grains "	287,207	415,136	26,254	26,898
Total food-grains "	24,864,159	19,943,673	2,579,898	4,703,376
Coal and Coke "	73,959,475	62,797,793	15,184,176	2,262,430
Cotton, raw Bales	189,836	74,673	58,293	14,199
.. twist and yarn, Indian Mds	224,404	242,606	177,109	64,689
.. piece-goods, Indian Rs	7,81,98,772	4,36,99,781	12,67,780	10,22,976
Indigo Mds	14,110	12,903	12,875	22,951
Jute, raw Bales	2,867,521	4,005,478	1,784,346	1,629,004
.. gunny bags No	302,666,737	261,356,119	743,876,743	927,472,819
Lac Mds	421,520	310,275	241,828	259,316
Oilseeds—Linseed "	3,806,812	2,700,426	2,481,143	2,185,631
.. Rape and mustard "	1,718,129	2,255,564	84,810	258,222
Silk, raw "	2,268	1,552	4,123	2,680
Sugar—Refined "	56,483	124,342	226,297	12,779
.. Unrefined "	364,613	244,334	9,780	2,328
Tea (Indian) "	2,720,200	2,679,108	2,617,787	2,119,210
Tobacco—unmanufactured "	748,120	523,628	229,505	166,371
.. manufactured "	38,799	46,645	6,412	7,302

	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS	
	BY SEA (FOREIGN AND COASTWISE) (d)		BY RAIL, ROAD, RIVER, CANAL, AND SEA (COASTWISE)	
	April to December, 1919	April to December, 1918	April to December, 1919	April to December, 1918
Cotton twist and yarn—foreign Mds	35,380	89,467	128,262	180,398
.. .. Indian "	28,543	16,416	370,441	282,872
.. piece-goods—foreign Rs	16,67,14,899	15,85,42,860	21,86,80,612	17,48,73,482
.. .. Indian "	1,25,07,091	24,42,472	5,60,27,154	1,92,35,659
Kerosene oil (c) Mds	5,124,740	3,850,208	4,420,531	3,693,093
Salt "	7,818,495	6,155,556	7,224,869	5,720,943
Gunny bags No	.....	.....	88,199,466	98,615,792

(a) The imports by sea are coastwise imports from other Indian ports only.

(b) One maund of paddy is equivalent to 25 seers of rice.

(c) Including figures of Budge-Budge trade.

(d) The imports by sea include imports from other Indian ports, together with imports from foreign countries.

TABLE

Imports of Principal Articles into the Calcutta Trade Block by Rail, Road, River,

Whence imported	FOOD-GRAINS								Coal and coke	Cotton, raw	Cotton twist and yarn, Indian (b)	Cotton piece goods, Indian (b) (c)
	Rice and paddy			Wheat	Wheat flour	Gram and pulse	Other food-grains	Total				
	Rice	Paddy (a)	Total (in rice)									
BENGAL:	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	3lds	Mds	Bales of 400 lbs	Mds	Rs.
Burdwan ...	163,490	590,637	532,638	184	367	14,445	546	548,149	30,474,076	261	95	14,416
Birbhum ...	222,484	5,961	225,772	2,631	43	815	.....	229,261	.....	4	118	2,927
Bankura ...	5,161	66,982	46,400	3	34	682	1	47,119	173	5	311	73,470
Midnapur ...	1,167,952	64,013	1,227,060	.....	51	11,842	3	1,229,836	1,362	135	1,373	2,43,634
Hughly ...	806,464	308,175	996,844	1,279	485	23,853	11,336	1,043,799	54,140	52	83,764	18,23,784
24-Parganas ...	1,598,630	823,566	2,103,359	437	36	15,565	2,636	2,122,057	95,051	964	17,812	7,50,600
Nadia ...	64,568	50,200	95,963	29,082	4,331	507,472	36,312	673,150	3	971	161	1,17,812
Murshidabad ...	43,367	727	43,831	44,341	612	161,854	35,632	286,140	20	24	23	2,204
Jessore ...	107,956	67,660	149,566	307	65	153,693	2,208	305,839	.....	1,358	34	1,564
Khulna ...	154,343	454,104	438,168	2,218	24	22,530	214	468,124	.....	278	5	5,574
Rajshahi ...	4,125	109	4,196	12,296	999	102,178	.....	120,669	.....	16	.....	4,480
Dinajpur ...	26,684	50,421	58,197	32	.....	2,626	267	61,222	.....	13	.....	160
Jaipur ...	627	1,833	1,670	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,670	.....	6	.....	640
Darjeeling ...	629	1,529	1,465	.....	.....	16	50	1,551	.....	.....	.....	160
Rangpur ...	6,490	4,300	9,105	9,237	5	5,635	1,053	25,025	.....	129	17	2,500
Bogra ...	12,293	83,174	64,367	32	.....	4,694	2,459	71,462	.....	30	11	2,158
Pabna ...	2,727	87	2,781	37,045	1,377	183,390	767	225,860	.....	8	44	3,177
Malda ...	1,308	.....	1,308	25,965	1,193	15,165	7,339	50,933	.....	2	21	234
Gooch Behar ...	422	.....	422	926	199	292	.....	1,829	.....	.....	6	.....
Dacca ...	37,811	219	37,948	2,928	192	24,151	9,469	75,653	.....	10,377	114	6,801
Mymensingh ...	1,541	.....	1,541	517	26	10,097	10,921	24,012	.....	554	69	7,131
Faridpur ...	33,260	7,259	37,797	30,322	747	120,112	7,383	186,312	.....	689	107	3,828
Bakarganj ...	530,851	1,964	523,070	2	26	4,066	.....	526,173	.....	12	106	2,636
Tippera (including Hill Tippera)	4,468	297	4,654	.....	.....	.....	1,304	5,958	.....	133	5	479
Noakhali ...	4	.....	4	.....	.....	511	.....	815	.....	1	30	2,472
Chittagong ...	126,984	.....	126,984	2	42	4,580	.....	131,606	.....	1,607	.....	.....
Chittagong Port ...	2,155	.....	2,155	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,155	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total of Bengal	5,124,917	2,679,437	6,787,004	191,651	10,856	1,401,387	130,003	8,470,961	30,624,724	19,627	54,152	30,72,201
OTHER PROVINCES AND PLACES												
Bihar and Orissa ...	30,669	11,510	88,063	344,075	10,160	1,337,140	183,182	1,912,640	43,330,936	785	2,802	7,68,774
Assam ...	132,164	198,566	251,258	5,334	208	7,622	202	264,624	3,810	26	72	40,602
U. P. of Agra and Oudh ...	3,478	.....	3,478	1,479,866	119,041	557,674	56,651	2,216,910	.....	11,751	1,475	11,02,880
Punjab ...	8,064	.....	8,064	600,851	15,212	69,378	3,948	696,453	.....	7,076	1,777	2,35,608
Sind and British Baluchistan ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	19,118
Central Provinces and Berar ...	424	7	429	.....	.....	12,087	135	12,651	.....	75,886	37,022	19,57,397
Bombay ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1,559	2	1,562	3	6,590	61,871	5,12,50,989
Madras ...	.....	.....	.....	2,640	99	22,497	4	25,240	.....	14,336	24,082	49,70,848
Burma ...	10,118,778	3,935	10,121,237	853	.....	418,973	212,150	10,753,218	.....	2,837	.....	2,392
Rajputana and Central India ...	260	.....	260	.....	79	63	971	973	2	51	.....	5,32,268
Nizam's Territory ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,515	.....	6,515	.....	481	135	24,000
Mysore ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,298	.....	1,159	2,417	.....	.....	2,489	18,34,609
1919	15,436,194	2,693,430	17,169,963	2,025,270	159,224	3,334,895	567,907	21,364,159	72,050,475	180,226	195,865	6,56,01,981
GRAND TOTAL 1918	9,271,433	2,608,882	10,901,984	4,430,896	67,649	4,137,988	415,156	19,943,673	62,797,793	74,673	328,190	2,98,17,369
1917	8,126,172	1,447,699	9,030,964	7,509,462	110,530	4,321,680	315,204	21,318,030	57,671,031	111,111	324,039	2,86,40,986

(a) One mound of paddy is equivalent to 25 seers of rice.

(b) Including trade by sea (so seawise).

(c) The value rates are fixed quarterly, and the monthly valuation is made at the value rates of the preceding quarter.

II

Canal, and Sea (Seaswice) in the nine months, April to December, 1919.

Indigo	JUTE		Lac	OILSEEDS		Silk, raw	SUGAR		Tea, Indian	TORACCO		Whence imported
	Raw (d)	Gunny-bags (e)		Linseed	Rape and mustard		Refined	Un-refined		Unmanu- factured	Manu- factured	
Mds	Bales of 400 lbs	No	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	BENGAL
.....	4,886	131,671	32	761	11,283	.....	25	799	6	358	22	Burdwan
.....	.....	30,367	522	673	2,198	.....	30	10	1	.....	4	Birbhum
.....	.....	19,167	49	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	2	217	44	Bankura
.....	17,496	101,609	6	533	980	71	.....	42,361	.....	55	110	Midnapur
4	67,687	97,107,956	.....	544	2,078	.....	25	67,781	4	17,683	2,458	Hooghly
.....	160,992	301,898,668	.....	324	2,911	.....	16,899	48,641	34	2,346	5,190	Sa-Parganas
.....	142,664	184,167	.....	43,502	4,325	132	430	14,631	.....	12,458	16	Nadia
.....	23,460	80,961	2,318	25,641	5,027	1,656	3	120	.....	518	1,443	Murshidabad
.....	67,529	24,276	.....	1,422	3,500	.....	.....	78,307	.....	4,130	29	Jessore
.....	57,435	26,606	.....	2,868	1,610	.....	.....	2,661	.....	650	.....	Khulna
.....	125,421	3,034	.....	13,303	3,538	.....	.....	.....	.....	123	2	Rajshahi
.....	77,632	317,666	.....	.....	2,222	.....	.....	8	.....	306	.....	Dinajpur
.....	98,049	253,768	13	.....	4,726	.....	.....	.....	902,807	168,392	6	Jalpaiguri
.....	17,421	23,657	.....	418	323	.....	.....	1	245,679	6,897	21	Darjeeling
.....	534,790	566,702	218	5,971	3,913	.....	7	.....	17,951	172,124	6	Rangpur
.....	167,000	17,909	.....	2,279	11,745	.....	.....	3	3	.....	.....	Bogra
.....	106,351	36,294	.....	15,491	11,148	.....	28	.....	16	87	.....	Pabna
.....	13,376	615	18	2,156	1,840	280	.....	.....	.....	216	.....	Malda
.....	77,064	1,509	.....	.....	610	.....	.....	2,101	.....	39,813	.....	Cooch Behar
.....	686,990	23,757	6	1,642	3,832	.....	528	81	1,944	91	16	Dacca
.....	440,003	24,026	.....	617	8,608	.....	13	.....	.....	117	7	Mymensingh
.....	251,920	148,671	.....	3,505	1,004	.....	36	200	.....	91	13	Faridpur
.....	7,814	203,617	.....	106	139	.....	.....	260	99	.....	.....	Bakerganj
.....	20,743	14,116	.....	206	786	.....	.....	.....	23	.....	.....	Tippera (including Hill Tippera)
.....	1,074	3,613	.....	1,417	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Noakhali
.....	42	10,619	.....	.....	601	.....	.....	.....	6,812	3	2	Chittagong
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	61	.....	.....	Chittagong Port
4	3,416,814	301,592,602	3,182	124,873	98,678	2,108	16,039	259,163	1,175,342	431,383	9,889	Total of Bengal
OTHER PROVINCES AND PLACES												
9,086	271,501	607,337	221,555	2,096,012	267,478	58	3,902	51,775	2,876	206,945	23,439	Bihar and Orissa
.....	169,706	89,176	27,468	65,187	108,949	189	3	21	1,674,616	125	63	Assam
5,006	.....	356,668	117,685	926,507	948,591	.....	2,163	37,143	2,156	1,127	1,097	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
.....	.....	69,381	.....	235	137,403	7	.....	401	321	21	28	Punjab
.....	.....	1,148	.....	394	20,975	.....	.....	.....	67	6	12	Sind and British Baluchistan
.....	.....	171,360	16,807	83,807	6,362	8	175	.....	53	142	2,409	Central Provinces and Berar
.....	.....	21,812	.....	.....	112,849	6	7,941	3	309	7,087	171	Bombay
14	.....	2,564	2,594	690	1,182	13	23,100	23,708	653	71,808	646	Madras
.....	.....	11,986	41,396	1	.....	.....	182	1,572	84	26,163	1,386	Burma
.....	.....	22,222	1,014	10,306	16,464	.....	.....	179	31	.....	16	Rajputana and Central India
.....	.....	.....	264	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	Nizam's Territory
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	647	19	1,408	183	Mysore
14,110	2,597,591	265,696,737	481,520	2,306,812	1,718,179	2,386	56,485	364,613	2,720,360	748,120	24,799	1919
72,808	4,603,678	351,556,116	310,378	2,700,426	2,355,532	1,562	134,443	384,354	2,579,103	523,638	46,545	1918
16,880	2,295,335	218,187,651	266,503	987,064	2,379,072	2,765	183,639	236,947	2,851,286	512,691	46,799	1917
												GRAND TOTAL

(d) Excludes imports into the mills outside the Okudum block which are 2,363,175 bales, but includes imports into the Kidderpore Dock, namely, 67,749 bales.

(e) Including gunny cloth, 2 yards of cloth = 1 bag.

(f) Of these, 2,416,636 bales came by rail, 1,397,134 bales by river, 68,170 bales by road, and 30,862 bales by sea.

TABLE V

Exports of Principal Articles from the Port of Calcutta by Sea (Coastwise and to Foreign Countries) in the nine months, April to December, 1919.

	FOOD-GRAINS								Coal and coke	Cotton, raw	Cotton twist and yarn, Indian	Cotton piece goods, Indian
	Rice	Paddy (a)	Total (in rice)	Wheat	Wheat flour	Gram and pulse	Other food-grains	Total				
Coastwise—	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Bales of 400 lbs	Mds	Rs
To British Ports in—												
Bengal ...	397	.....	397	.....	81	120	.....	518	1,497	11	598	4,730
Bihar and Orissa	26,226	.....	26,226	484	1,475	7,374	.....	26,059	2,014	6	2,334	.. ..
Bombay ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	500,694	.....	.....	.....
Madras ...	863,646	114,206	935,058	8,589	524	4,6751	66	1,430,933	924,140	.....	49	.....
Burma ...	7,327	.....	7,327	43,547	266,661	205,376	21,352	546,223	2,320,612	162	114,314	11,96,168
To Indian Ports not British— Pondicherry ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	45,466	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	897,505	114,206	968,888	54,640	269,261	699,631	21,318	2,013,733	3,794,449	179	117,196	12,00,888
Foreign—												
To United Kingdom	.....	.....	9	40	.....	30,075	.....	30,164	2,103	2,977	.....	.....
.. Other countries	1,101,240	1	1,101,247	14,111	44,353	361,184	15,036	1,535,931	11,366,624	55,137	59,514	66,892
Total ...	1,101,235	1	1,101,236	14,151	44,353	391,259	15,036	1,566,095	11,369,727	55,114	59,514	66,892
1919 ...	1,998,760	114,206	2,070,139	68,831	313,614	1,090,890	36,354	3,679,628	15,184,176	58,293	177,109	12,67,780
GRAND TOTAL 1918 ...	3,759,039	2,709	3,760,732	742,038	304,666	870,042	28,898	5,703,376	3,368,430	14,129	64,659	10,32,976
1917 ...	1,031,990	120	1,032,065	66,392	682,384	699,930	35,976	2,816,747	11,674,163	35,435	88,084	20,24,207

	Indigo	JUTE			Lac	OILSEEDS		Silk, raw	SUGAR		Tea, Indian	TOBACCO	
		Raw	Gunny bags (b)	No		Linseed	Rape seed mustard		Refined	Un-refined		Un-manu-fac-tured	Manufac-tured
Coastwise—	Mds	Bales of 400 lbs		No	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds
To British Ports in—													
Bengal ...	.....	.....	.....	632	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,200	67	7	262	29
Bihar and Orissa	.....	.....	.....	6,971	.....	.....	126	.....	470	428	.....	2,108	242
Bombay ...	.....	.....	.....	747,600	.....	.....	399	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madras ...	228	9	1,319,714	105	.....	.....	1,518	.....	180,625	.....	30	.....	.....
Burma ...	.....	222	24,818,510	1,868	.....	.....	4,565	10	64,569	9,251	12,263	127,505	2,950
To Indian Ports not British— Pondicherry ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	228	22	26,594,736	1,968	.....	.....	6,918	10	221,564	9,776	12,300	129,873	3,231
Foreign—													
To United Kingdom	1,414	832,773	87,511,800	106,150	2,508,414	15,001	1,644	7	.....	.....	2,355,864	26,140	789
.. Other countries	11,923	951,342	989,470,207	273,694	977,729	64,391	2,472	6,726	4	246,622	62,493	2,399	.....
Total ...	12,337	1,784,115	716,982,017	379,844	3,486,143	77,392	4,113	6,733	4	2,602,487	90,693	2,183	.....
1919 ...	12,875	1,784,246	743,876,748	391,399	3,461,143	84,310	4,123	228,897	9,780	2,617,787	229,805	6,413	.....
GRAND TOTAL 1918 ...	32,361	1,628,604	927,492,819	269,215	2,195,631	234,222	2,680	19,779	2,398	2,169,210	166,371	7,303	.....
1917 ...	16,150	870,364	1,002,041,810	299,820	659,625	237,759	2,943	2,556	2,526	2,907,189	179,897	4,900	.....

(a) One maund of paddy is equivalent to 25 seers of rice.
(b) Including gunny cloth, 2 yards of cloth=1 bag.

TABLE VI

Exports of certain Articles from the Calcutta Trade Block by rail, road, river, canal, and sea (coastwise) in the nine months, April to December, 1919.

Whither exported	COTTON TWIST & YARN		COTTON PIECEGOODS*		Gunny bags†	KEROSENE OIL		Salt
	Foreign	Indian	Foreign	Indian		From Calcutta block	From Budge-Budge‡	
BENGAL.	Mds	Mds	Rs	Rs	No	Mds	Mds	Mds
Burdwan	755	5,639	49,59,690	4,17,374	1,030,485	29,541	124,746	200,022
Birbhum	160	11,339	25,09,164	4,38,817	384,867	337	43,087	134,937
Bankura	243	5,008	4,88,718	10,747	92,086	174	371	85,334
Midnapur	11,767	10,195	40,82,809	4,18,329	385,364	12,409	92,014	232,224
Hooghly	7,025	546	13,46,878	2,73,857	316,212	44,277	111,587	175,166
24 Parganas	1,268	2,752	7,47,334	4,49,403	959,468	85,724	55,926	215,626
Nadia	2,614	31,384	75,45,007	9,33,413	715,541	11,039	69,878	251,320
Murshidabad	514	7,478	42,26,306	2,29,634	402,839	6,080	81,242	211,937
Jessore	2,019	5,822	21,45,489	5,17,395	278,549	12,201	21,810	138,655
Khulna	2,408	1,321	12,63,098	6,58,549	185,361	11,332	52,235	84,843
Rajshahi	42	864	38,55,512	3,76,653	227,017	4,587	35,129	88,066
Dinajpur	5	1,531	31,09,894	10,13,936	245,016	753	50,316	144,331
Jalpaiguri	161	3,175	47,83,425	11,70,817	200,818	2,061	41,441	127,405
Darjeeling	281	1,952	34,15,482	2,17,884	136,981	479	30,972	84,182
Rangpur	482	2,924	83,27,441	12,61,569	191,019	1,584	79,165	312,082
Bogra	21	1,733	52,25,240	29,84,423	230,502	2,103	63,631	182,201
Fabna	3,067	6,247	46,78,429	15,84,096	233,003	735	252,772	235,806
Malda	137	5,499	20,34,940	4,60,356	185,185	95	4,620	61,990
Onooh Behar	59	708	21,92,462	2,17,481	94,874	159	18,816	65,270
Dacca	13,093	9,672	88,44,774	16,24,820	136,735	13,140	489,815	468,003
Meinam Singh	6,107	4,919	45,98,059	62,87,144	97,252	593	41,682	501,447
Fatidpur	10,710	2,175	24,43,540	13,19,130	208,968	9,769	62,130	224,273
Bakarganj	2,242	751	14,26,490	17,09,926	510,245	3,412	51,561	146,423
Tippera (including Hill Tippera) ...	2,770	9,724	52,40,499	1,01,177	123,533	607	966	107,751
Noakhali	2,523	8,085	23,87,324	3,11,138	56,530	64	21	5,099
Chittagong	5,931	500	5,90,167	4,87,941	224,557	75	39	33,490
Chittagong Port	63	605	18,78,775	4,43,169	12,218	...	67	18
Total of Bengal	83,696	142,445	9,63,22,856	2,59,12,278	7,842,137	253,173	1,878,210	4,536,933
OTHER PROVINCES AND PLACES								
Bihar and Orissa	8,584	81,610	3,31,42,709	1,81,29,285	7,647,791	5,793	1,014,603	2,043,591
Azamgarh	14,532	13,486	1,86,92,770	47,34,128	1,112,803	10,236	67,806	614,824
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	1,895	4,745	2,86,75,327	44,17,150	8,696,847	1,005	1,039,944	25,465
Punjab	5,551	1,891	1,91,11,080	5,56,565	9,938,195	150	69,416	24
Sind and British Baluchistan ... ..	...	...	2,06,091	13,159	1,841,597	337	555	...
Central Provinces and Berar	191	806	22,47,217	2,92,575	4,044,935	1,643	24,497	3,413
Bombay	2,310	1,336	24,39,715	1,32,124	10,953,607	5,433	175	...
Madras	3,243	9,027	13,50,124	4,50,657	8,565,480	3,701	1,175	176
Burma	5,197	114,314	43,26,926	11,96,158	24,819,815	293	...	404
Rajputana and Central India	101	172	12,69,824	1,42,800	1,705,426	1,793	34,787	2
Kashmir State	47	1	1,953	...	12,341	...	...	...
Nizam's Territory ... ..	...	10	5,79,186	4,310	711,268	3,514	...	...
Mysore ... ..	...	...	13,070	1,232	405,408	...	...	...
Nicobar Islands ... ..	...	...	828	...	...	...	...	37
Port Blair ... ..	...	595	9,700	4,730	632	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL { 1919	128,352	370,441	21,86,80,612	5,60,27,154	88,199,456	289,561	4,130,970	7,224,859
1918	180,395	282,672	17,88,72,483	1,92,35,659	94,615,792	223,782	3,469,311	5,729,943
1917	155,081	320,358	15,22,55,626	1,63,89,537	67,680,371	284,308	3,994,032	5,279,760

* The value rates are fixed quarterly, and the monthly valuation is made at the value rates of the preceding quarter. Including gunny cloth, 2 yards of cloth = 1 bag.

† The exports of Kerosene oil from Budge-Budge to Calcutta during the nine months, April to December, 1919, were 746,179 maunds as against 706,582 maunds and 679,141 maunds in the corresponding periods of 1918 and 1917, respectively.

TABLE VII

Statement of the Routes by which the Articles enumerated in Table No. VI were exported from the Calcutta Trade Block in the nine months, April to December, 1919.

Routes.		COTTON TWIST AND YARN		COTTON PIECEGOODS*		Gunny- bags†	KEROSENE OIL		Salt
		Foreign	Indian	Foreign	Indian		From Calcutta Block	From Budge- Budge	
		Mds	Mds	Rs	Rs	No	Mts	Mds	Mds
By rail ...	K. I. Railway ...	8,405	58,777	5,63,41,557	84,55,940	10,654,260	21,980	1,246,193	1,130,427
	E. B. Railway (includ- ing B. C. Railway)	3,678	83,998	5,81,80,17	1,67,12,014	4,130,545	31,309	704,454	2,228,910
	A.-B. Railway ...	1,905	19,010	1,49,81,878	11,22,555	255,953	2,259	881	144,337
	B.-N. Railway ...	1,526	43,117	75,70,955	20,03,999	4,181,016	7,471	5,971	700,804
	B. & N.-W. Railway ...	308	9,159	2,32,05,745	99,31,539	2,853,754	1,424	529,055	524,999
	O. & R. Railway ...	590	778	46,47,359	3,84,294	1,344,472	984	446,158	54
	Howrah-Amra and Howrah-Sankhaln Light Railways	1,643	...	4,45,413	...	40,385	8,070	...	23,872
	N.-W. Railway ...	2,711	617	48,40,522	89,308	9,977,268	39	20,022	..
	G. I. P. Railway ...	2,425	1,155	34,09,857	2,67,741	11,378,812	7,109	11,458	7
	B. B. & O. I. Railway ...	173	405	11,69,020	2,76,619	2,632,651	259	8,053	...
	M. & N. M. Railway ...	2,886	5,343	10,39,137	1,62,480	5,275,141	2,795	...	20
	S. I. Railway ...	25	216	5,550	42,246	1,580,350	...	...	...
	J. B. Railway ...	...	11	4,09,761	14,941	151,923	275	541	...
	N. G. S. Railway ...	...	10	5,79,170	4,309	567,563	3,514	...	..
	Other Railways ...	139	3	8,71,644	2,35,238	246,092	1,382	43,183	13,140
" river steamer	Bengal	63,933	23,772	2,45,12,952	1,03,95,991	1,616,835	23,269	861,657	1,127,885
	Bihar and Orissa ...	755	1,109	6,02,908	2,42,216	1,740,532	14	...	9,188
	Assam	13,789	5,387	95,17,135	37,83,721	647,572	5,937	16,221	355,025
	U. P. of Agra and Oudh	58	28	1,24,811	13,316	200,490	40	...	..
" boat	7,692	...	8,03,980	93,290	300,136	69,067	217,514	755,351	
" road	3,573	341	10,10,242	6,24,178	428,629	92,430	4,959	124,347	
" sea	10,106	117,195	43,38,826	12,00,888	26,894,736	...	13,616	16,714	
Total	1919 ...	129,352	370,441	22,86,80,612	5,60,27,154	68,199,456	289,561	4,130,970	7,224,850
	1918 ...	180,326	252,872	17,85,73,483	1,92,35,659	98,615,792	223,782	3,469,811	5,729,943
	1917 ...	155,081	320,358	18,22,55,626	1,63,49,527	67,380,371	284,308	3,994,033	5,279,760

* The value rates are fixed quarterly and the monthly valuation is made at the value rates of the preceding quarter.

† Including gunny cloth, 2 yards of cloth = 1 bag.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA,

D. N. GHOSH,

March 1, 1920.

Offg. Director of Statistics.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE OFFICIAL YEAR 1919-20.

Area leased for Irrigation up to end of January 1920.

Circle.	District.	Canal.	DETAILS OF AREAS LEASED.										RAINFALL, 1918-19.						
			SEASON LEASES.						Grand Total.	RAINFALL, 1919-20.									
			Estimated full discharge.	Average discharge in month.	Discharge utilized.	Approximate area of land irrigated during the year up to the end of the month.	Approximate area of land under irrigation up to the same date last year.	Long-term leases.		Wheat.	Sugarcane.	Hot-weather.	Total.	During month.	Up to end of month.				
S. W. CIRCLE.	Midnapore ...	Midnapore ...	...	1,411	55	32	80,475	71,749	73,242	7,408	...	...	7,409	80,820	...	58.35	1.40	56.62	
		Pargokura ...	...	522	18	18	6,596	7,333	7,032	536	...	...	...	536	7,568	...	54.25	1.94	51.05
		Tidal Reaches, Ranges I and II.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	70.74	0.69	54.10
	Howrah ...	Total Midnapore Canal	...	...	...	...	87,071	79,082	80,244	7,944	...	...	7,944	88,188	...	...	...	...
			Total of the corresponding period last year.	...	...	...	...	...	74,387	5,976	...	...	...	5,976	80,363	...	...	...	...
Burdwan and Hooghly.		Eden Canal	...	1,009	...	...	21,012	20,049	19,497	1,402+	88	25	...	1,515	21,012	0.03	57.20	1.96	60.61
		Total of the corresponding period last year.	...	...	...	...	...	...	19,561	601	219	32	...	852	20,413	...	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	...	...	...	...	108,083	99,131	99,741	9,346	88	25	...	9,459	109,200	...	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL OF THE CORRESPONDING PERIOD OF LAST YEAR.	...	...	...	...	...	...	93,948	6,577	219	32	...	6,828	100,776	...	...	...	...

* If which 2,598 acres are single watering. † Of which 951 ac. are single watering.

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 2nd March 1920.

IRRIGATION DEPART

Statement showing heights over mean sea-level and low water in the January 1920, and the highest reading of each gauge over

RIVER GANGES.											
Date.	Mirzapore. Zero of gauge 206'22 ft.			Benares. Zero of gauge 196'80 ft.		Buxar. Zero of gauge 167'55 ft.		Dinapore. Zero of gauge 134'23 ft.		Monghyr. Zero of gauge 101'83 ft. (a)	
	Distance in miles.	From Allahabad, 86.		From Allahabad, 124.	From Mirzapur, 48.	From Benares, 90.		From Benares, 177.	From Buxar, 87.	From Benares, 287.	From Dinapore, 110.
		2nd September 1916. 285'97.		2nd September 1916. 244'30.		3rd and 4th September 1916. 202'30.		5th September 1901. 169'73.		8th September 1901. 129'60.	
		28th June 1897. 187'30.		1st May 1877. 182'80.		10th to 14th May 1914. 160'80.		20th April 1912. 135'13.		29th April to 6th May 1914. 96'00.	
		Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
										Below zero	
1st	...	6'21	212'43	1'67	198'47	4'92	172'47	7'70	141'93	0'13	101'70
2nd	...	6'17	212'39	1'67	198'47	4'83	172'38	7'70	141'93	0'23	101'60
3rd	...	6'17	212'39	1'58	198'38	4'83	172'38	7'60	141'83	0'33	101'50
4th	...	6'17	212'39	1'50	198'30	4'83	172'38	7'50	141'73	0'33	101'50
5th	...	6'17	212'39	1'42	198'22	4'75	172'30	7'50	141'73	0'43	101'40
6th	...	6'17	212'39	1'42	198'22	4'75	172'30	7'40	141'63	0'43	101'40
7th	...	6'17	212'39	1'42	198'22	4'67	172'22	7'30	141'53	0'53	101'30
8th	...	6'17	212'39	1'42	198'22	4'61	172'22	7'30	141'53	0'53	101'30
9th	...	6'12	212'35	1'33	198'13	4'58	172'13	7'40	141'63	0'53	101'30
10th	...	6'08	212'30	1'33	198'13	4'58	172'13	7'40	141'63	0'63	101'20
11th	...	6'08	212'30	1'25	198'05	4'58	172'13	7'40	141'63	0'63	101'20
12th	...	6'08	212'30	1'25	198'05	4'58	172'13	7'40	141'63	0'73	101'10
13th	...	6'04	212'26	1'25	198'05	4'50	172'05	7'40	141'63	0'73	101'10
14th	...	6'04	212'26	1'17	197'97	4'50	172'05	7'40	141'63	0'83	101'00
15th	...	6'00	212'22	1'17	197'97	4'50	172'05	7'20	141'43	0'83	101'00
16th	...	5'96	212'18	1'08	197'88	4'42	171'97	7'10	141'33	0'83	101'00
17th	...	5'96	212'18	1'17	197'97	4'42	171'97	7'00	141'23	0'83	101'00
18th	...	5'96	212'18	1'08	197'88	4'42	171'97	7'00	141'23	0'93	100'90
19th	...	5'96	212'18	1'08	197'88	4'33	171'88	7'00	141'23	0'93	100'90
20th	...	5'92	212'14	1'08	197'88	4'33	171'88	7'00	141'23	0'93	100'90
21st	...	5'92	212'14	1'08	197'88	4'25	171'80	7'00	141'23	1'03	100'80
22nd	...	5'92	212'14	1'00	197'80	4'25	171'80	7'00	141'23	1'13	100'70
23rd	...	5'87	212'09	1'00	197'80	4'25	171'80	7'00	141'23	1'13	100'70
24th	...	5'83	212'05	1'00	197'80	4'25	171'80	7'00	141'23	1'23	100'60
25th	...	5'83	212'05	1'00	197'80	4'25	171'80	6'90	141'13	1'23	100'60
26th	...	5'83	212'05	0'92	197'72	4'17	171'72	6'90	141'13	1'33	100'50
27th	...	5'83	212'05	0'92	197'72	4'17	171'72	6'90	141'13	1'33	100'50
28th	...	5'83	212'05	0'92	197'72	4'17	171'72	6'90	141'13	1'33	100'50
29th	...	5'83	212'05	0'83	197'63	4'08	171'63	6'90	141'13	1'43	100'40
30th	...	5'79	212'01	0'83	197'63	4'08	171'63	6'90	141'13	1'43	100'40
31st	...	5'79	212'01	0'75	197'55	4'08	171'63	6'90	141'13	1'43	100'40

* New gauge fixed at Rajmahal from 1st June 1910 in place of the gauge at Sahebganj. The zero of gauge at Rajmahal again 56'46 ft. above M.S.-L. from 10th February 1916 to 15th June 1918. From the 16th June 1918 to 6th April 1919 it is 56'31'9 ft. above M.S.-L.

† To compare the reduced levels shown in these monthly printed statements before and after the 1st June 1903, 5'78 ft. (October 1909).

(a) A new gauge fixed at Monghyr on 16th July 1914.

(b) From the 1st November 1915 the zero of gauge was 2'43 ft. above M.S.-L. Previous to that the zero was at M.S.-L. zero is 1'60'9 ft. above M.S. L.

(c) From the 25th January 1916 to 4th April 1919 the zero of gauge at Berhampore was 30'99 ft. above M.-S.L. From

(d) From the 25th October 1916 a temporary wooden gauge with its zero at 49'00 ft. above M.S.-L. was erected at 3rd June 1919. From 4th June 1919 the zero is 1'51 ft. above M.S.-L.

(e) Gauge shifted from Babik Gostundo to Fakirabad from 30th June 1920.

The 2nd March 1920.

MENT, BENGAL.

river Ganges, Bhagirathi, Jalangi and Brahmaputra for the month of M.S.L. as well as the lowest gauge-reading since 1876.

						RIVER BHAGI- RATHI.		RIVER JALANGI.		RIVER BRAHMA- PUTRA.	
Rajmahal. Zero of gauge 56'319 ft.		Rampur-Boalia. Zero of gauge 1'51 ft. (d).		Goalundo. (e) Zero of gauge 4'896 ft.		Berhampore. Zero of gauge 32'499. (c)		Sarunganj. (b) Zero of gauge 1'509 ft.		Gaulhati. Zero of gauge 135'18 ft.	
From Benares 407.	From Monghyr 129	From Benares 471.	From Rajmahal 84.	From Benares 591	From Rampur- Boalia 120.						
15th August 1913. 88'46.		26th August 1879. 69'25.		28th August 1908 and 14th Septem- ber 1915. 35'75.7		14th August 1890. 64'70.		25th September 1900. 59'08.		24th August 1906. 181'11.	
2nd May 1910. 54'62.		23rd April 1886. 37'65.		28th March 1910. 3'26.		19th to 24th April 1917. 32'40.		28th March 1915. 2'13.		9th February 1888. 142'46.	
Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.
18	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
5'15	61'469	37'49	38'00	8'20	13'096	1'80	34'299	3'34	4'849	0'90	136'08
5'05	61'369	37'49	38'00	8'00	12'896	1'80	34'299	3'38	4'889	0'80	135'98
5'00	61'319	37'39	38'00	7'90	12'796	1'80	34'299	3'42	4'929	0'80	135'98
4'95	61'269	37'39	38'00	7'80	12'696	1'70	34'199	3'56	5'069	0'80	135'98
4'90	61'219	37'34	38'85	7'80	12'596	1'70	34'199	3'69	5'199	0'70	135'88
4'85	61'169	37'29	38'80	7'70	12'596	1'70	34'199	3'82	5'329	0'70	135'88
4'80	61'119	37'19	38'70	7'60	12'496	1'70	34'199	4'04	5'549	0'60	135'78
4'70	61'019	37'09	38'60	7'50	12'396	1'70	34'199	5'80	5'809	0'60	135'78
4'60	60'919	36'99	38'50	7'50	12'396	1'70	34'199	3'87	5'379	0'50	135'68
4'60	60'919	36'99	38'50	7'50	12'396	1'70	34'199	3'85	5'359	0'40	135'58
4'50	60'819	36'94	38'45	7'50	12'396	1'70	34'199	3'62	5'129	0'30	135'48
4'50	60'819	36'94	38'45	7'40	12'296	1'70	34'199	3'39	4'899	0'20	135'38
4'45	60'769	36'89	38'40	7'20	12'096	1'70	34'199	3'18	4'689	0'20	135'38
4'40	60'719	36'89	38'40	7'10	11'996	1'70	34'199	3'12	4'629	0'20	135'38
4'35	60'669	36'79	38'30	7'00	11'896	1'70	34'199	3'04	4'549	0'10	135'28
4'35	60'669	36'74	38'25	6'80	11'696	1'70	34'199	3'04	4'549	0'10	135'28
4'25	60'569	36'74	38'25	6'50	11'396	1'70	34'199	2'97	4'479	0'10	135'28
4'20	60'519	36'69	38'20	6'50	11'396	1'60	34'099	2'90	4'409	0'00	135'18
4'20	60'519	36'69	38'20	6'60	11'496	1'60	34'099	2'87	4'379	0'00	135'18
Below zero											
4'20	60'519	36'69	38'20	6'60	11'496	1'60	34'099	2'86	4'369	-0'10	135'08
4'15	60'469	36'69	38'20	6'70	11'596	1'60	34'099	2'89	4'399	-0'10	135'08
4'10	60'419	36'69	38'20	6'50	11'396	1'60	34'099	2'94	4'449	-0'20	134'98
4'10	60'419	36'69	38'10	6'80	11'696	1'60	34'099	3'06	4'569	-0'20	134'98
4'00	60'319	36'59	38'10	6'90	11'796	1'60	34'099	3'23	4'759	-0'30	134'88
3'95	60'269	36'59	38'10	6'90	11'796	1'60	34'099	3'29	4'799	-0'30	134'88
3'95	60'269	36'49	38'00	6'90	11'796	1'60	34'099	3'34	4'849	-0'30	134'88
3'95	60'269	36'49	38'00	6'70	11'596	1'60	34'099	3'31	4'819	-0'40	134'78
3'95	60'269	36'49	38'00	6'50	11'396	1'60	34'099	3'19	4'699	-0'40	134'78
3'95	60'269	36'39	37'90	6'40	11'296	1'60	34'099	3'06	4'569	-0'40	134'78
3'90	60'219	36'39	37'90	6'20	11'096	1'60	34'099	2'96	4'469	-0'50	134'68
3'80	60'119	36'34	37'85	6'10	10'996	1'60	34'099	2'87	4'379	-0'50	134'68

was 56'46 ft. above M.S.-L. up to 26th October 1915 and 60'00 ft. above M.S.-L. from 27th October 1915. The zero was was 54'81 ft. above M.S.-L., from 7th to 16th April 1919 it was 56'32 ft. above M.S.-L., and from 16th should be deducted from the former or added to the latter (vide Bengal Government letter No. 1088T.L., dated the 12th

dating back 15th July 1897. Zero was at M.S.-L. from 1st April 1918 to 13th April 1919. Again from 14th April 1919 the 5th April 1919 the zero is 32'199 ft. above M.S.-L.

Rampur-Boalia in place of the permanent gauge washed away. The zero of gauge was at M.S.-L. from 25th Jan. 1918, till

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Statement showing the gauge-readings at Dacca Water-works Station on the river Buriganga for the week ending the 14th February 1920.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 6 P.M.	Remarks.
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1920							
8th Feb.	52.9	14.0	53.6	8.15	52.6	53.15	F. T. at 8.30 and E. T. at 14.10.
9th "	52.8	14.55	53.3	9.0	52.3	52.92	F. T. at 9.15 and E. T. at 15.5.
10th "	52.6	15.48	52.9	9.48	52.0	52.7	F. T. at 10 and E. T. at 15.5.
11th "	52.4	17.20	52.62	10.30	51.6	52.4	F. T. at 10.44 and E. T. at 17.30.
12th "	52.2	18.0	52.4	11.0	51.45	51.9	F. T. at 11.30 and E. T. at dark.
13th "	52.2	...	...	12.25	51.2	51.8	F. T. at 12.35.
14th "	52.0	6.40	52.3	13.5	51.0	51.6	E. T. at 6.30 and F. T. at 12.30.

Notable high and low water levels of previous years.

27th August	1906	70.5	Taken at high tide.
5th September	1909	...	...	...	67.86
10th August	1910	...	...	...	69.86
1st "	1911	...	...	...	68.46
13th "	1912	...	...	...	67.16
31st "	1915	...	...	...	69.7
18th "	1916	...	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	...	...	...	67.1
31st "	1918	...	...	...	69.12
23rd February	1907	51.06	Taken at low tide.
13th "	1908	...	...	...	51.06
12th March	1912	...	...	...	51.06
6th "	1914	...	...	...	50.60
22nd February	1916	...	...	...	50.30
15th "	1916	...	...	...	50.60
3rd March	1917	...	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	...	51.40

DACCA,
The 23rd February 1920.

ASHUTOSH GUHA,
Executive Engineer, Dacca Division.

Statement showing the gauge-readings at Dacca Water-works Station on the river Buriganga for the week ending the 21st February 1920.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 6 P.M.	Remarks.
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1920.							
15th Feb.	52.4	7.35	52.6	14.0	51.0	51.7	E. T. at 7.50. and F. T. at 14.30.
16th "	52.4	8.30	52.8	14.50	50.9	51.72	F. T. at 8.48 and E. T. at 15.
17th "	52.3	9.20	53.0	16.0	51.2	51.6	E. T. at 9.40. and F. T. at 16.15.
18th "	52.0	10.15	53.3	17.0	51.6	51.6	E. T. at 10.35. and F. T. at 17.15.
19th "	51.9	11.20	53.8	17.48	51.6	51.9	E. T. at 11.35. and F. T. at 17.55.
20th "	51.8	12.38	54.0	7.0	51.8	51.9	F. T. at 7.10. and E. T. at 12.40.
21st "	52.2	13.25	54.1	7.50	51.6	51.8	F. T. at 8. and E. T. at 13.40.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

27th August	1906	70.5	Taken at high tide.
5th September	1909	...	...	...	67.86
10th August	1910	...	...	...	69.86
1st "	1911	...	...	...	68.46
13th "	1912	...	...	...	67.16
31st "	1915	...	...	...	69.7
18th "	1916	...	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	...	...	...	67.1
31st "	1918	...	...	...	69.12
23rd February	1907	51.06	Taken at low tide.
13th "	1908	...	...	...	51.06
12th March	1912	...	...	...	51.06
6th "	1914	...	...	...	50.60
22nd February	1916	...	...	...	50.30
15th "	1916	...	...	...	50.60
3rd March	1917	...	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	...	51.40

DACCA,
The 26th February 1920.

ASHUTOSH GUHA,
Executive Engineer, Dacca Division.

Statement of Weekly Gauge-readings on the River Ganges at Rampur-Boalia for the week ending the 28th February 1920.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero, minus sign for those below zero.	Height of surface above mean sea-level according to P. W. D. datum.(a)	Height of surface above mean sea-level on the same date last year according to P. W. D. datum.(a)	Remarks.
1920.					
22nd February ...	8 A.M.	Zero of gauge is at mean sea level.	37.20	37.51	B. M. on College step 64.93.
23rd " ...	8 "		37.20	37.41	
24th " ...	8 "		37.15	37.36	
25th " ...	8 "		37.15	37.31	
26th " ...	8 "		37.10	37.26	
27th " ...	8 "		37.10	37.21	
28th " ...	8 "		37.05	37.21	

(a) P. W. D. datum 6.25 feet above Kidderpore old dock sill.

			Old value.	According to P. W. D. datum.
The previous year ...	Highest water-level	...	61.29 on 13th September 1919	62.80
Ditto ...	Lowest	...	38.51 on 8th May 1919	35.01
Record ...	Highest	...	69.25 on 26th August 1879	64.44
Do. ...	Ditto	...	69.08 on 9th September 1885	64.27
Do. ...	Ditto	...	68.80 on 26th August 1906	63.47
Do. ...	Ditto	...	68.21 on 26th August 1890	63.40
Do. ...	Lowest	...	37.63 on 25th April 1884	32.82
Do. ...	Ditto	...	38.18 on 14th-15th April 1883	33.22
Do. ...	Ditto	...	39.02 on 21st-22nd April 1897	34.21
Do. ...	Ditto	...	39.28 on 6th-7th May 1908	34.47

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from 1st August 1887.

BOALIA,
The 28th February 1920.

M. SEN GUPTA,
Executive Engineer, Rajshahi Divn.

Statement of weekly gauge-readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending 28th February 1920.

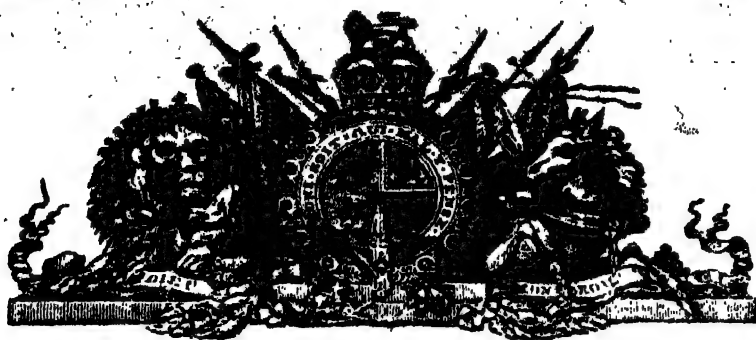
Month and date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level.	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year.	Remarks.
1920.					
22nd February	7 A.M.	6.5	6.5	6.5	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench mark for the gauge is on a pucca pillar between the passenger ghât and Chandpur ghât. Its reduced level is 26.84.
23rd " ...	7 "	6.4	6.4	6.3	
24th " ...	7 "	6.3	6.3	6.1	
25th " ...	7 "	6.2	6.2	6.1	
26th " ...	7 "	6.1	6.1	6.2	
27th " ...	7 "	6.1	6.1	6.1	
28th " ...	7 "	6.0	6.0	6.3	

The previous year ...	Highest water-level	...	23.7 on 15th September 1919.
Ditto ...	Lowest	...	6.1 on 24th February 1919.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges) ...	Highest	...	25.75 on 28th August 1906.
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges) ...	Ditto	...	25.71 on 20th and 21st August 1893.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges) ...	Ditto	...	25.66 on 11th. to 17th and 31st August 1889 and on 1st to 3rd September 1889.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra only) ...	Ditto	...	25.66 on 31st July 1900.
Do. ...	Lowest	...	1.0 on 8th February, 1914.
Do. ...	Ditto	...	2.42 on 18th March 1908.
Do. ...	Ditto	...	2.91 on 21st to 24th February 1884 and 8th to 9th March 1884.
Do. ...	Ditto	...	3.16 on 9th to 11th March 1885.
Do. ...	Ditto	...	3.16 on 16th, 17th and 29th to 31st March 1901.

N.B.—The gauge reading commenced from 3rd October 1909.

FARIDPUR,
The 29th February 1920. for Subdivisional Officer, P. W. D., Faridpur.

R. K. GHOSE,



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1920.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Governor of Bengal in Council, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

No. 2198A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 2107A.—*The 5th March 1920*—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Jyotish Chandra Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, to be Additional District Magistrate of that district for a period not exceeding six months, and to direct that he shall have, during the period he is so employed, all the powers of a District Magistrate under the said Code.

No. 2111A.—*The 5th March 1920.*—Babu Satyendra Nath Dutt, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinajpur, is transferred to Pirojpur subdivision of the Bakarganj district.

No. 2115A.—*The 5th March 1920.*—Babu Kanti Chandra Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nadia, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of that district.

No. 2147A.—The 5th March 1920.—Mr. E. B. H. Panton, I.C.S., is appointed to be District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas.

No. 2149A.—The 8th March 1920.—Mr. J. C. H. Macnair, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas, is appointed to be Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas and Hooghly.

No. 2151A.—The 8th March 1920.—Mr. Paresh Nath Ray Chaudhuri, officiating Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas and Hooghly, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Second Additional District and Sessions Judge, 24-Parganas.

No. 2162A.—The 8th March 1920.—Babu Sushil Kumar Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rangpur, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Kurigaon subdivision of that district.

No. 2182A.—The 9th March 1920.—Saiyid Furrokh Mirza, B.A., son of Saiyid Abul Husain Mirza, is appointed to be a probationary Deputy Collector. His posting is under consideration and his appointment is subject to the submission and acceptance of certificates of health and age.

No. 2195A.—The 9th March 1920.—Mr. Bimala Kanta Ghosh, B.A., son of the late Babu Bijay Kanta Ghosh, is appointed to be a probationary Deputy Collector. His posting is under consideration and his appointment is subject to the submission and acceptance of certificates of health and age.

POLICE.—*No. 2061A.—The 3rd March 1920.*—Lieutenant-Colonel P. H. Kitson, O.B.E., Superintendent of Police, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Malda.

No. 2063A.—The 3rd March 1920.—Mr. A. J. M. Matthews, Deputy Superintendent of Police, is posted to the headquarters station of the Dinajpur district, on being relieved of his appointment as officiating Superintendent of Police, Malda.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—*No. 2136A.—The 8th March 1920.*—Babu Atul Chandra Datta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for three days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 28th November 1919.

No. 2154A.—The 8th March 1920.—Mr. G. H. W. Davies, I.C.S., is allowed combined leave for nine months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months with effect from the 2nd March 1920, additional privilege leave for three months and furlough on average salary for the remaining period, under article 308 (b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 2169A.—The 9th March 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 1st December 1919, Babu Shashibhushan Basu, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed combined leave from the 9th August 1919 to the 1st February 1920 inclusive, viz., privilege leave for thirty-one days under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period under article 336 of the Regulations.

POLICE.—*No. 2098A.—The 5th March 1920.*—In modification of the orders of the 28th January 1920, Mr. T. C. Simpson, officiating Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, is allowed combined leave for ten months, viz., privilege leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations for three months.

with effect from the 30th January 1920, additional privilege leave for two months and twenty-six days, furlough on average salary for four months, under Government of India, Finance Department orders Nos. 1514 C. S. R., dated the 29th December 1919, and 79 C. S. R., dated the 23rd January 1920, and furlough on half average salary for the remaining period under article 308(b) of the Regulations.

No. 2100A.—The 5th March 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 9th February 1920, Mr. T. J. A. Craig, Superintendent of Police, is allowed combined leave for eight months and six days, viz., privilege leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months and nine days with effect from the 25th April 1919, additional privilege leave for two months and twenty-days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under article 308(b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, orders Nos. 1514 C. S. R., dated the 29th December 1919, 79 C. S. R., dated the 23rd January 1920, and 5 C. S. R., dated the 9th January 1920.

No. 2102A.—The 5th March 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 20th January 1920, Mr. L. N. Bird, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is allowed combined leave for ten months, viz., privilege leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations for three months with effect from the 15th February 1920, additional privilege leave for three months, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under article 308(b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1514 C. S. R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 2172A.—The 3rd March 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 17th February 1920, Mr. R. Clarke, C.I.E., Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is allowed combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for one month and twenty-six days, with effect from the 1st March 1920, or the amount due on any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, additional privilege leave for twenty-two days and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2416L.R.—The 6th March 1920.—Babu Pramatha Nath Datta, Sub-Deputy Collector, who was employed as Assistant Settlement Officer, Nadia, was allowed privilege leave for two months and twenty-five days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 3rd July 1919.

This cancels Appointment Department notification No. 1104A.D., dated the 26th June 1919.

No. 2505L.R.—The 9th March 1920.—Mr. F. W. Robertson, I.C.S., employed as Settlement Officer in the district of Bankura, is allowed combined leave for seven months and sixteen days, viz., ordinary privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, with effect from the 1st March 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, additional privilege leave for three months, under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under article 308(b) of the Civil Service Regulations and the Government of India order No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 2510 L.R.—The 9th March 1920.—Babu Surendra Nath Banerji, No. II, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bankura, employed as Assistant Settlement Officer, Bankura, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the Settlement Officer in that district in addition to his own duties, *vice* Mr. F. W. Robertson, I.C.S., on leave.

No. 2600 L.R.—The 9th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-clause (b) of clause 7 of section 3 of the Land Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act VII of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to adopt the villages lying within the administrative units of the Bakarganj district as surveyed and recorded under the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in accordance with notifications No. nil, dated the 31st October 1889, No. nil, dated the 5th October 1891, No. 1959 T.R., dated the 2nd October 1900, No. 447 L.R., dated the 19th January 1901, No. 3864 L.R. dated the 3rd December 1901, No. 223 L.R., dated the 16th January 1903, No. 329 L.R., dated the 14th November 1903, No. 347 L.R., dated the 14th January 1904, No. 2589 L.R., dated the 13th November 1912, No. 1498 L.R. dated the 22nd July 1913, and No. 1638 T.R., dated the 18th October 1915, as defining mauzas for the purposes of that clause in that district.

No. 2448 Agri.—The 6th March 1920—Babu Jyotish Chandra Roy, Head assistant, office of the Director of Agriculture, is confirmed as Personal Assistant to the Director of Agriculture, with effect from the 1st February 1920.

M. C. MCALPIN.

(Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2437 L.A.—The 6th March 1920—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for raising the compound of Sub-Registry office at Rupganj, in the village of Rupganj, pargana Nasarat Shahi, tapa Kattab, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 599 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By part of cadastral survey plot No. 342,

East—By the acquired land of Sub-Registry office at Rupganj,

South—By parts of cadastral survey plots Nos 367 and 368,

West—By cadastral survey plot No. 346 and part of cadastral survey plot No. 367,

is required within the aforesaid village of Rupganj.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Narainganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2441 L.A.—The 6th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of staff quarters and an additional sanitary zone to the East Indian Railway settlement at Lillooah station, in the village of Belur, pargana Bora, zilla,

Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 29.14 acres bounded on the—

North—By a straight line about 920 feet running from a point on Pran Kristo Bhattacharjee Lane, about 130 feet west of Findlay Road, to a point about 720 feet west of the Grand Trunk Road forming the north-west angle of a bend on Pran Kristo Bhattacharjee Lane, thence along the south side of the said Pran Kristo Bhattacharjee Lane, for a length of about 720 feet up to its junction with the Grand Trunk Road,

East—By the portion of the Grand Trunk Road from the junction point of Pran Kristo Bhattacharjee Lane with the Grand Trunk Road up to the junction of a village drain with the drain along the west side of the Grand Trunk Road situated about 640 feet south of the Lillooh station road,

South—By the south side of the aforesaid village drain for a length of about 920 feet, viz., from the junction point of the village drain with the drain on the west side of the Grand Trunk Road up to a point where the village drain connects with the drain alongside the Mali Panchghara Lane,

West—By the east side of Mali Panchghara Lane about 80 feet long connecting with the boundaries of land now under acquisition for the East Indian Railway (*vide* declaration No. 3154L.A., of 1st April 1919) thence by the boundary of the land in the occupation of the East Indian Railway.

is required within the aforesaid village of Belur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Chief Engineer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta, as well as in that of the Covenanted Deputy Collector, Howrah.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION

No. 2513L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by

Dacca.

Government at the expense of the District Board of Dacca for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a Charitable Dispensary at Tili, in the village of Tili, pargana Kashimpur Sasauhasan, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1.29 acre, bounded on the—

North—By the cadastral survey plot 303,

East—By the cadastral survey plots 747, 750, 759, 758 and 757,

South—By the river,

West—By the cadastral survey plots 121, 418, 417 and 304,

is required within the aforesaid village of Tili.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Dacca.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2517L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor

24-Pargannas.

in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of the 24-Pargannas for a public purpose, viz., for an approach road to Taldi tank, in the

village of Taldi Laskhipur, pargana Sundarban, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.5279 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the land of Heeru Sardar and by the District Board land,

East—By the lands of Heeru Sardar, Ramdhone Naskar, Ramanath Mandal and the District Board land,

South—By the lands of Heeru Sardar, Hari Haldar and the Local Board road,

West—By the lands of Heeru Sardar, Hari Haldar, Sibbo Pattak, Ramdhone Naskar, Rama Nath Mandal and the Local Board road,

is required within the aforesaid village of Talui Laskhipur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, 24-Parganas.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2521 L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of the 24-Parganas for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of a tank in the village of Rajnagar, pargana Katulia, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2.4104 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the land of Srimati Apurba Kumari Dassi,

East—By the land of Dharendra Nath Biswas,

South—By the land of Panchu Bachar,

West—By the lands of Rakhal Aratdar and Bastam Biswas,

is required within the aforesaid village of Rajnagar.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, 24-Parganas.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2525 L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Improvement Trust for a public purpose, viz., for the proposed public street No. XX (Shambazar to Central Avenue) in Ward No. I of the Calcutta Municipality, a plan of which has been sanctioned by the Governor in Council under section 63 (c) of the Calcutta Improvement Act, 1911 (Bengal Act V of 1911), as amended by Bengal Act III of 1915, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land comprised in premises No. 106, Shambazar Street, and measuring, more or less, 1.322 of an acre, and bounded on the—

North—By the premises No. 106-2, Shambazar Street, and premises No. 16-2, Ramkanto Bose Street,

East—By the premises No. 16-2, Ramkanto Bose Street, premises No. 105-1, Shambazar Street, and Shambazar Street,

South—By Shambazar Street and premises No. 106-1, Shambazar Street,

West—By the premises Nos. 106-1 and 106-2, Shambazar Street,

is required within the aforesaid Ward No. I of the Calcutta Municipality in the town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, at No. 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2529 L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Midnapore District Board for a public purpose, viz., for a reserved tank in front of the Chandrakona inspection bungalow, in the village of Raghunathgarh, pargana Chandrakona, zilla Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2.26 acres, bounded on the—

North and East—By the paddy lands of Sambhu Mandal.

South—By the paddy lands of Sambhu Mandal and Kali Paria Bagdi,

West—By the Midnapore District Board road to Garbetta.

is required within the aforesaid village of Raghunathgarh.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Deputy Collector of Ghatal.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2533 L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Bakarganj District Board for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of a tank at Gangachanna, in the village of Gangachanna, pargana Sultaupur Khuraria, zilla Bakarganj, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .88 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the settlement plots Nos. 857 and 858 (lands of Swarup Ray and others) and settlement plot No. 905 (land of Tarak Dhali),

East—By the remaining portions of settlement plots No. 860 and 863 (lands of Kartik Bairagi and Ram Charan Bairagi, respectively).

South—By the remaining portion of settlement plot No. 863 (land of Ram Charan Bairagi) and the remaining portion of settlement plot No. 864 (lands of Ram Charan Bairagi and others),

West—By the remaining portion of settlement plot No. 864 (lands of Ram Charan Bairagi and others), the remaining portion of settlement plot No. 859 (land of Mathura Mani Dasya), and settlement plot No. 852 (land of Bicharan, Tarafdar).

is required within the aforesaid village of Gangachanna.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Bakarganj as well as in that of the Subdivisional Officer of Pirojpur.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2537 L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of the 24-Parganas for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of a tank in the village of Kulsur pargana Chourashi, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2.755 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Keshab Karmakar and Nazir Mondal,

East—By the land of Hazi Mondal and the village path.

South—By the lands of Sadaraddi Mondal and Keshab Karmakar,

West—By the lands of Sadaraddi Mondal and Kalu Mondal,

is required within the aforesaid village of Kulsur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, 24-Parganas.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2541 L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Faridpur Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of the Muhammadan burial ground at Alipur, in the village of Alipur, pargana Dhuldi, zilla Faridpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, being cadastral survey plots Nos. 1732 and 1733 and parts of cadastral survey plots Nos. 1726, 1731, 1730, 1740, 1741, 1746 and 1748, measuring, more or less, .46 of an acre, and bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Samiraddin Mistri, Jearat Hosan, Azizunnesa, Madan Majjaddin and the existing Muhammadan burial ground.

East—By the lands of Karim Bax Churiwala, Rashuli Khatun, Rahiman Khatun, Madan and Majjaddin,

South—By the land of Shabjan Khatun and land acquired for methors,

West—By the Govindapur road and the existing Muhammadan burial ground,

is required within the aforesaid village of Alipur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Faridpur.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION

No. 2558 L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of the 24-Parganas for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of a tank in the village of Dabjali alias Debjani, pargana Pakhati, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2.75 acres, bounded on the—

North and West—By the village road,

East and South—By the land of Sidheswar Rai Chowdhury,

is required within the aforesaid village of Dabjali alias Debjani.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I. of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, 24-Parganas.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2562 L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chittagong Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for additional land for sweepers' quarters at Enathbazar, in the village of Enathbazar, thana Kotwali, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.18 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By cadastral survey plot No. 248,

East—By acquired land,

South—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 252, 253,

West—By cadastral survey plots Nos. 251, 249, 248, 252,

is required within the aforesaid village of Enathbazar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2566 L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that additional land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Howrah Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the improvement of Thakur Das Deshi Lane, in the village of South Bantra, pargana Boro, zilla Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose five pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, .02 of an acre, bounded on the—

PLOT No. 1 :

North—By land of Babu Upendra Nath Ray,

East—By land of Babu Upendra Nath Ray, public drain and Thakur Das Deshi Lane,

South—By Thakur Das Deshi Lane,

West—By Thakur Das Deshi Lane ;

PLOT No. 2 :

North—By Thakur Das Deshi Lane,

East—By Thakur Das Deshi Lane.

South—By land of Babu Nagendra Nath Hazrah,

West—By land of Babu Nagendra Nath Hazrah ;

PLOT No. 3 :

North—By land of Babu Ashutosh Hazrah and brothers,

East—By municipal drain and land of Babu Ashutosh Hazrah and brothers,

South—By Thakur Das Deshi Lane,

West—By Thakur Das Deshi Lane ;

PLOT No. 4 :

North—By Thakur Das Deshi Lane,

East—By Thakur Das Deshi Lane,

South—By land of Babu Hari Ch. Mukerji,

West—By land of Babu Hari Ch. Mukerji ;

PLOT No. 5:

North—By Jay Narain Santra and Ananda Dutt Lane,

East—By Thakur Das Deshi Lane,

South—By land of Babu Baroda Ch. Maji,

West—By land and drain of Babu Nani Lal Maji,

are required within the aforesaid village of South Bantra.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Covenanted Deputy Collector of Howrah.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2570 L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Jessore, for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of a tank in the village of Pachakari, pargana Chengutia, zilla Jessore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2.02 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the land of Joynal Mahaldar, Barun Karmakar, Kiran Chandra Mukherji and Eber Molla,

East—By the land of Eber Molla, Madar Molla, Ekim Biswas, Alek Gazi, Basir Gazi and Basir and Hossain Gazi,

South—By the roadside drain of District Board road from Manirampur to Teka-ghât,

West—By the lands of Basir and Hossain Gazi, Kalim Fakir, Nabu Fakir and Joynal Mahaldar,

is required within the aforesaid village of Pachakari.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may be concerned.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Jessore.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2590 L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Rangpur for a public purpose, viz., for the inspection bunglaow compound at Chilmari, in the village of Boilmondiarkhata Chilmari, pargana Baharbund, zilla Rangpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2.71 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the District Board road No. 26,

South, East and West—By jote lands of Kalap Bibi, Abdul Hafez, Nobionnessa and Lotifonnessa,

is required within the aforesaid village of Boilmondiarkhata Chilmari.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer at Kurigram.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2596 L.A.—The 9th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of the 24-Parganas for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of a tank at

Kashipur, in the village of Belpukur, pargana Hatiaghar, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2·7552 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the Local Board road,

East—By the lands of Naba Kumar Behara and Gour Mohan Bhuia,

South—By the lands of Baikuntha Gayan, Naba Kumar Behara and Raj Kristo Sardar,

West—By the lands of Naba Kumar Behara and Baikuntha Gayan, is required within the aforesaid village of Belpukur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, 24-Parganas.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATA.

No. 2324 L.A.—The 3rd March 1920.—In line 4 of declaration No. 2048-L.A., dated the 24th February 1920, published at pages 381-82, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 25th idem. **Calcutta.** **24-Parganas.** in respect of acquisition of land required for the establishment of an isolation camp and observation station at Calcutta, in the villages of Nadial and Dum-Dum Panchpara, pargana Magura, zilla 24-Parganas, for “insolation” read “isolation.”

No. 2496 L.A.—The 8th March 1920.—In line 6 of declaration No. 3377 L.A., dated the 8th April 1919, published at page 576, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 9th idem, in respect of the acquisition of land required for gang-huts at mile V. 10 between chainages 515·00 and 516·50 from Ranaghat to Bongong of the Eastern Bengal Railway, in the village of Kamdebpur, district Jessore, for the words “pargana Srinagor,” read “pargana Alampur.” **Jessore.**

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2335 Regn.—The 3rd March 1920.—It is notified for general information that the Governor in Council has been pleased to sanction the further retention for one year, with effect from the 4th March 1920, of the office of the Second Joint Sub-Registrar of Midnapore, the retention of which up to the 3rd March 1920 was sanctioned by notification No. 2056 Regn., dated the 1st March 1919. **Midnapore.**

No. 2420 Regn.—The 6th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Muhammad Sajjad Karim to be a Muhammadan Registrar within the police-stations Ghatal, Daspur, Chandrakona and Ramjibanpur in the district of Midnapore, *vice* Maulvi Syed Shah Hamed Ali, deceased. **Midnapore.**

No. 2421 Regn.—The 6th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of the Kazi Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Syed Muhammad Sajjad Karim to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-stations Ghatal, Daspur, Chandrakona and Ramjibanpur, in the district of Midnapore, *vice* Maulvi Syed Shah Hamed Ali, deceased. **Midnapore.**

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 543Edn.—The 9th March 1920.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following members to constitute the Governing Body of the Chittagong Madrassa for the academic year 1920-21 :—

1. The Commissioner, Chittagong Division—*President* } *ex officio.*
2. The Principal, Chittagong College ... }
3. Maulvi Muhammad Abbasi, substantive *pro tempore* Arabic Lecturer, Chittagong Madrassa.
4. Maulvi Muhammad Sanaullah, Professor of Arabic, Chittagong College.
5. Maulvi Saiyid Serajul Haq, zamindar, Chittagong.
6. Khan Sahib Maulvi Abdus Sattar, B.L., pleader, Chittagong
7. Maulvi Mustafiz ur Rahman Khan, M.A., Deputy Magistrate, Chittagong.
8. Principal, Chittagong Madrassa—*Secretary* ... *ex officio.*

No. 545Edn.—The 9th March 1920.—Mr. M. P. West, officiating Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division, is allowed combined leave for seven months and twenty-seven days, viz., ordinary privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 30th March 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved, and additional privilege leave for one month and twenty-seven days, or the amount due on the date on which he may be relieved, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and special leave on urgent private affairs for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1015C.S.R. dated the 30th August 1919.

No. 549Edn.—The 9th March 1920.—Babu Pramatha Nath Chatarji, Additional Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division, in class V of the Provincial Educational Service, is appointed to act in the Indian Educational Service as Inspector of Schools in that Division, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. M. P. West, or until further orders.

No. 552Edn.—The 9th March 1920.—Maulvi Kabir-ud-din Ahmad, officiating Second Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, in class V of the Provincial Educational Service, is appointed to act as an Additional Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division, *vice* Babu Pramatha Nath Chatarji, on deputation.

No. 84Eccl.—The 9th March 1920.—The Rev. T. A. Thomson is appointed to be Chaplain of Lebong Cantonment, in addition to his own duties as Chaplain of Darjeeling (Civil), with effect from the 26th February 1920, or any subsequent date on which he took over charge of his duties.

No. 87Eccl.—The 9th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886 (VI of 1886), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Registrars of the districts of Mymensingh, Chittagong, Dinajpur, Midnapore, and Murshidabad to be *ex officio* Registrars of Births and Deaths under the said Act within the jurisdiction of the Magistrates of their respective districts.

This supersedes so much of the notification, dated the 13th November 1888, issued by this Government as relates to the appointments of *ex officio* Registrars of Births and Deaths under the said Act in those districts.

This notification shall take effect from the 1st March 1920.

No. 212San.—The 9th March 1920.—Mr. G. B. Williams, Sanitary Engineer, Bengal, is allowed combined leave for fifteen months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months with effect from the 14th November 1919, additional privilege leave for ten days under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, with furlough on average salary

for two months and twenty days under the Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919, and furlough on half average salary for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

2. Notification No. 1062San., dated the 7th November 1919, is hereby cancelled.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 921Com.—The 8th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (7) of section 4 of the Indian Non-ferrous Metal Industry Act, 1918 (XVII of 1918), the Governor in Council is pleased to notify that a licence has been granted under sub-section (3) of that section to Messrs. Bhagat Bros., Limited, Calcutta, to carry on the business of winning, extracting, smelting, dressing, refining or dealing by way of wholesale trade in aluminium, copper, lead, tin and zinc, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 504Medl.—The 3rd March 1920—Dr. R. S. Ashe, M.B., Civil Surgeon, Rajshahi, is granted privilege leave for six months, viz., ordinary privilege leave for three months under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and additional privilege leave for three months under Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, read with that department resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2199A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 2144A.—The 8th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Manmatha Nath Ganguli the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the 13th March 1920, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Cossipore-Chitpur bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2157A.—The 8th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Kali Kumar Ray Chaudhuri the powers of a **24-Parganas.** Magistrate of the first class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of Sadar subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Alipore bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

He is also vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Kali Kumar Ray Chaudhuri, a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

No. 2160A.—The 8th March 1920—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Nirmal Shib Banarji the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of **Birbhum.** Birbhum, for a period of three years from the 17th March 1920, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Sadar subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Suri bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

POWERS.

No. 2059A.—The 3rd March 1920—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 26 of the Succession Certificate Act, 1889 (VII of 1889), the Governor in Council is pleased to invest the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling, in his capacity of Subordinate Judge, with the functions of a District Court under the said Act, within the local limits of the executive district of Darjeeling.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 974J.—The 2nd March 1920.—Babu Sitesh Chandra Sen, munsif of **Pabna and Bogra.** Bogra, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, now on deputation to Pabna, in the same district, is confirmed in his present appointment at Pabna, *vice* Babu Rai Mohan Karmakar, on leave.

No. 976J.—The 2nd March 1920.—Babu Tridib Chandra Banarji, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of Pabna and Bogra, to be ordinarily stationed at Bogra.

No. 1012J.—The 6th March 1920.—Mr. Jatindra Chandra Gupta, Barrister-at-law, Fourth Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Third Judge of that Court, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Zahhadur Rahim Zahid Subhwardy, or until further orders.

No. 1014J.—The 6th March 1920.—Mr. Nirmal Chandra Sen, Barrister-at-law, Fifth Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Fourth Judge of that Court, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. Jatindra Chandra Gupta, or until further orders.

No. 1016J.—The 6th March 1920.—Nawabzada Abu Sharf Muhammad Calcutta. Latif-ur-Rahman, Barrister-at-law, temporary Additional Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Fifth Judge of that Court, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. Nirmal Chandra Sen, or until further orders.

No. 1018J.—The 6th March 1920.—Mr. Satish Chandra Mitra, Barrister-at-Law, Registrar and Chief Ministerial Officer of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Additional Judge of that Court, during the absence, on deputation, of Nawabzada Abu Sharf Muhammad Latif-ur-Rahman, or until further orders.

No. 1020J.—The 6th March 1920—Babu Narendra Nath Lahiri, officiating Subordinate Judge of Bakarganj, is appointed to act as Registrar and Chief Ministerial Officer of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. Satish Chandra Mitra, or until further orders.

He is also vested, under section 14, Act XV of 1882 (the Presidency Small Cause Court Act), with the powers of a Judge for the trial of suits in which the amount or value of the subject matter does not exceed Rs. 20 (twenty).

No. 1040J.—The 9th March 1920.—Babu Gyanada Sankar Gupta, now acting as a munsif at Khulna, is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Bakarganj, to be ordinarily stationed at Barisal, during the absence, on leave of Babu Satish Chandra Chakrabatty, or until further orders.

No. 1047J.—The 9th March 1920.—Babu Srish Chandra Chaudhuri, Subordinate Judge, Midnapore, on leave, is temporarily appointed to act as Subordinate Judge, 24-Parganas, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Upendra Nath Biswas, or until further orders.

LEAVE.

No. 1044J.—The 28th February 1920.—Babu Satish Chandra Chakrabatty, munsif of Barisal, in the district of Bakarganj, is allowed leave for sixty-five days, under articles 260 and 275 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 6th March 1920.

No. 1045J.—The 3rd March 1920.—Babu Kshitipati Nath Mitra, additional munsif of Kandi, Lalbagh and Jangipur, now employed at Jangipur, in the district of Murshidabad, is allowed leave from the 13th February to the 1st April 1920 (both days inclusive), under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1046J.—The 4th March 1920.—Babu Sarada Prasad Datta, munsif of Patiya, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed leave for ten days, till the 13th March 1920, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 30th January 1920.

No. 1009J.—The 6th March 1920.—Mr. Zahhadur Rahim Zahid Suhrawardy, Barrister-at-law, Third Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is allowed privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 1st March 1920, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1036J.—The 9th March 1920—Babu Ashutosh Pal, Subordinate Judge of Bogra, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is allowed leave for two months, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168 C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 29th January 1920.

POWERS.

No. 1026J.—The 8th March 1920.—Babu Rajendra Kumar Gupta, munsif of Pabna, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153 (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.

G. N. ROY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 978J.—*The 2nd March 1920.*—The following promotions and confirmations are sanctioned in the grades of Subordinate Judges and munsifs:—

Promoted to the first grade of Subordinate Judges.

1. Babu Siddheswar Chakrabatti, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Gyanendra Nath Mukharji, retired.
2. Babu Upendra Chandra Mukharji, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Bhagabati Charan Kundu, retired.
3. Babu Jadab Chandra Bhattacharji, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Annada Kishore Datta Ray, retired.
4. Babu Bipin Chandra Chatarji, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Kali Kumar Sarkar, retired.
5. Babu Bhupal Chandra Ganguli, with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Umesh Chandra Chakrabatti, retired.
6. Babu Amulya Charan Ghosh, with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Upendra Chandra Mukharji, retired.
7. Babu Shyama Charan Ukil Banarji, with effect from 16th July 1919, *vice* Babu Bhupal Chandra Ganguli, retired.
8. Babu Aparna Prasad Mukharji, with effect from 1st October 1919, *vice* Babu Bipin Chandra Chatarji, retired.
9. Babu Sharat Chandra Basu, with effect from 2nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Jadab Chandra Bhattacharji, retired.
10. Babu Girindra Nath Mukharji, with effect from 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Siddheswar Chakrabatti, retired.

Promoted to the second grade of Subordinate Judges.

1. Mr. Rajendra Nath Ray, with effect from 16th April 1919, *vice* Babu Baroda Prasad Ray, retired.
2. Babu Banwari Lal Banarji, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Siddheswar Chakrabatti, promoted.
3. Babu Nagendra Nath Chatarji, No II, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Upendra Chandra Mukharji, promoted.
4. Mr. Sharat Chandra Ghosh, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Jadab Chandra Bhattacharji, promoted.
5. Mr. Durga Das Chakrabatti, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Bipin Chandra Chatarji, promoted.
6. Babu Kumudini Kanta Ray, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Kamini Kumar Mukharji, retired.
7. Babu Kali Prasanna Sen, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Hari Das Basu, retired.
8. Mr. Kedar Nath Chaudhuri, with effect from 29th May 1919, *vice* Mr. Rajendra Nath Ray, confirmed in the third grade of District and Sessions Judges.
9. Babu Durga Kanta Ray, with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Bhupal Chandra Ganguli, promoted.
10. Mr. Girish Chandra Sen, with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Amulya Charan Ghosh, promoted.
11. Babu Nagendra Nath Ghosh, with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Manmohan Neogi, retired.
12. Babu Jagadish Chandra Gosain, with effect from 16th July 1919, *vice* Babu Shyama Charan Ukil Banarji, promoted.
13. Mr. Shashi Bhushan Banarji, with effect from 1st August 1919, *vice* Mr. Kedar Nath Chaudhuri, confirmed in the third grade of District and Sessions Judges.
14. Babu Kunja Bihari Biswas, with effect from 1st October 1919, *vice* Babu Aparna Prasad Mukharji, promoted.
15. Babu Paresb Nath Ray Chaudhuri, with effect from 2nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Sharat Chandra Basu, promoted.
16. Babu Parada Kinkar Mukharji, with effect from 20th October 1919, *vice* Mr. Sharat Chandra Ghosh, confirmed in the third grade of District and Sessions Judges.
17. Babu Hem Kumar Neogi, with effect from 27th October 1919, *vice* Mr. Durga Das Chakrabatti, confirmed in the third grade of District and Sessions Judges.

13. Babu Jitendra Prasad Chatterji, with effect from 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Girindra Nath Mukharji, promoted.

Confirmed in the third grade of Subordinate Judges.

1. Babu Rajendra Lal Sadhu, with effect from 16th April 1919, *vice* Mr. Rajendra Nath Ray, promoted.

2. Babu Ashutosh Pal, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Banwari Lal Banarji, promoted.

*3. Babu Upendra Nath Biswas, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Chatterji, No. II, promoted.

Promoted to the third grade of Subordinate Judges.

1. Babu Hem Chandra Basu, No. 1, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 16th April 1919, *vice* Babu Rajendra Lal Sadhu, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Mr. Sharat Chandra Ghosh, promoted.

2. Babu Nalini Mohan Banarji, substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Mr. Durga Das Chakrabarti, promoted.

3. Babu Banamali Sen, substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Kumudini Kanta Ray, promoted.

4. Babu Hari Pada Banarji, substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Kali Prasanna Sen, promoted.

5. Babu Prabodh Chandra Basu, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Ashutosh Pal, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 29th May 1919, *vice* Mr. Kedar Nath Chandhuri, promoted.

6. Babu Haripada Mazumdar, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Hem Chandra Basu, No. 1, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Durga Kanta Ray, promoted.

7. Babu Kshetra Nath Banarji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 29th May 1919, *vice* Babu Prabodh Chandra Basu, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Mr. Girish Chandra Sen, promoted.

8. Babu Baman Das Mukharji, substantively with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Ghosh, promoted.

9. Babu Satindra Nath Guha, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Haripada Mazumdar, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 16th July 1919, *vice* Babu Jagadish Chandra Gosain, promoted.

10. Babu Nitai Charan Ghosh, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Kshetra Nath Banarji, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st August 1919, *vice* Mr. Shashi Bhushan Banarji, promoted.

11. Babu Debabrata Mukharji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 9th July 1919, and substantively with effect from 1st October 1919, *vice* Babu Kunja Bihari Biswas, promoted.

12. Babu Nalini Kanta Basu, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 16th July 1919, *vice* Babu Satindra Nath Guha, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 2nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Paresh Nath Ray Chaudhuri, promoted.

13. Babu Narendra Nath Lahiri, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st August 1919, *vice* Babu Nitai Charan Ghosh, confirmed and substantively with effect from 20th October 1919, *vice* Babu Parada Kinkar Mukharji, promoted.

14. Babu Surendra Krishua Ghosh, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st October 1919, *vice* Babu Debabrata Mukharji, confirmed and substantively with effect from 27th October 1919, *vice* Babu Hem Kumar Neogi, promoted.

15. Babu Sarada Prasad Banarji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 2nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Nalini Kanta Basu, confirmed and substantively with effect from 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Jitendra Prasad Chatterji, promoted.

16. Babu Atul Chandra Banarji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 20th October 1919, *vice* Babu Narendra Nath Lahiri, confirmed.

17. Babu Rama Prasad Maitra, substantively *pro tempore*.

18. Babu Narendra Nath Ghosh, substantively *pro tempore*.

Confirmed in the first grade of munsifs.

1. Babu Durga Prasad Ghosh, with effect from 28th March 1919, *vice* late Mr. Abus Sobah Muhammad Ziyaur Rahman, deceased.
2. Babu Tej Chandra Mitra, with effect from 16th April 1919, *vice* Babu Rajendra Lal Sudhu, confirmed as Subordinate Judge.
3. Babu Jatindra Chandra Lahiri, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Ashutosh Pal, confirmed as Subordinate Judge.
4. Babu Gyanendra Mohan Das, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Upendra Nath Biswas, confirmed as Subordinate Judge.

Promoted to the first grade of munsifs.

1. Babu Srish Chandra Banarji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 28th March 1919, *vice* Babu Durga Prasad Ghosh, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Hem Chandra Basu, No. 1, promoted.
2. Maulvi Abdul Khaliq, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 16th April 1919, *vice* Babu Tej Chandra Mitra, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Nalini Mohan Banarji, promoted.
3. Babu Kumud Nath Ray, substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Banamali Sen, promoted.
4. Babu Jagadish Chandra Sen, substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Hari Pada Banarji, promoted.
5. Babu Nani Gopal Mukharji, No. 1, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Srish Chandra Banarji, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 29th May 1919, *vice* Babu Prabodh Chandra Basu, promoted.
6. Babu Sarada Kumar Sen Gupta, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Khaliq, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Harpada Mazumdar, promoted.
7. Babu Bipin Bihari Mukharji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 29th May 1919, *vice* Babu Nani Gopal Mukharji, No. 1, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Kshetra Nath Banarji, promoted.
8. Babu Narayan Chandra Ghosh, substantively with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Baman Das Mukharji, promoted.
9. Babu Satish Chandra Basu, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Sarada Kumar Sen Gupta, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 16th July 1919, *vice* Babu Satindra Nath Guha, promoted.
10. Babu Jamini Kanta Mukharji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Bipin Bihari Mukharji, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st August 1919, *vice* Babu Nitai Charan Ghosh, promoted.
11. Babu Pashupati Basu, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 9th July 1919, and substantively with effect from 1st October 1919, *vice* Babu Debabrata Mukharji, promoted.
12. Babu Bihari Lal Sarkar, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 16th July 1919, *vice* Babu Satish Chandra Basu, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 2nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Nalini Kanta Basu, promoted.
13. Babu Rohini Kanta Mitra, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st August 1919, *vice* Babu Jamini Kanta Mukharji, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 20th October 1919, *vice* Babu Narendra Nath Lahiri, promoted.
14. Babu Ashwini Kumar Das Gupta, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st October 1919, *vice* Babu Pashupati Basu, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 27th October 1919, *vice* Babu Surendra Krishna Ghosh, promoted.
15. Babu Girija Bhusan Sen, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 2nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Bihari Lal Sarkar, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Sarada Prasad Banarji, promoted.
16. Babu Ram Chandra Banarji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 20th October 1919, *vice* Babu Rohini Kanta Mitra, confirmed.

17. Babu Sumantra Nath Bhattacharji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 9th October 1919, *vice* Babu Ashwini Kumar Das Gupta, confirmed.
18. Babu Gopal Das Ghosh, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Girija Bhushan Sen, confirmed.

Confirmed in the second grade of munsifs.

1. Babu Sarada Prasad Datta, with effect from 28th March 1919, *vice* Babu Durga Prasad Ghosh, confirmed in the first grade.
2. Babu Nishi Kanta Guha, with effect from 16th April 1919, *vice* Babu Tej Chandra Mitra, confirmed in the first grade.
3. Babu Gopal Chandra Basu, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Jatindra Chandra Lahiri, confirmed in the first grade.
4. Babu Kumud Nath Sen, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Gyanendra Mohan Das, confirmed in the first grade.

Promoted to the second grade of munsifs.

1. Babu Srish Kumar Som, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 28th March 1919, *vice* Babu Sarada Prasad Datta, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Srish Chandra Banarji, promoted.
2. Babu Hem Chandra Basu, No. III, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 16th April 1919, *vice* Babu Nishi Kanta Guha, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Khaliq, promoted.
3. Babu Jadu Nath Mazumdar, substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Kumud Nath Ray, promoted.
4. Babu Srish Chandra Ray, substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Jagadish Chandra Sen, promoted.
5. Babu Ram Chandra Ghosh, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Srish Kumar Som, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 29th May 1919, *vice* Babu Nani Gopal Mukharji, No. I, promoted.
6. Babu Kiran Chandra Mitra, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Hem Chandra Basu, No. III, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Sarada Kumar Sen Gupta, promoted.
7. Babu Khagendra Nath Datta, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 29th May 1919, *vice* Babu Ram Chandra Ghosh, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Bipin Bihari Mukharji, promoted.
8. Babu Lalit Mohan Basu, substantively with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Narayan Chandra Ghosh, promoted.
9. Babu Shih Charan Sil, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Kiran Chandra Mitra, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 16th July 1919, *vice* Babu Satish Chandra Basu, promoted.
10. Babu Hari Jiban Banarji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Khagendra Nath Datta, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st August 1919, *vice* Babu Jamini Kanta Mukharji, promoted.
11. Babu Ashutosh Ray, substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from 9th July 1919, and substantively with effect from 1st October 1919, *vice* Babu Pashupati Basu, promoted.
12. Babu Kunja Bihari Ghosh, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 16th July 1919, *vice* Babu Shih Charan Sil, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 2nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Bihari Lal Sirkar, promoted.
13. Babu Ram Dulal Deb, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st August 1919, *vice* Babu Hari Jiban Banarji, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 20th October 1919, *vice* Babu Rohini Kanta Mitra, promoted.
14. Babu Gau Krishna Basu, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st October 1919, *vice* Babu Ashutosh Ray, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 22nd October 1919, *vice* late Babu Rebati Mohan Thakurta, deceased.
15. Babu Dinesh Chandra Chatterji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 2nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Kunja Bihari Ghosh, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 27th October 1919, *vice* Babu Ashwini Kumar Das Gupta, promoted.

16. Babu Jatindra Nath Mukharji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 20th October 1919, *vice* Babu Ram Dulal Deb, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Girdja Rahman Sen, promoted.
17. Babu Bakulal Biswas, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 22nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Gaur Krishna Basu, confirmed.
18. Babu Gopal Chandra Biswas, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 27th October 1919, *vice* Babu Dinesh Chandra Chatarji, confirmed.
19. Maulvi Lutfar Rahman, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Jatindra Nath Mukharji, confirmed.

Confirmed in the third grade of munsifs.

1. Babu Surendra Nath Ray, with effect from 24th December 1918. The order promoting him substantively *pro tempore* with effect from this date in notification No. 2539J., dated the 11th June 1919, is hereby cancelled.
2. Babu Binod Bihari Mukharji, with effect from 28th March 1919, *vice* Babu Sarada Prasad Datta, confirmed in the second grade.
3. Babu Birendra Chandra Sen Gupta, with effect from 16th April 1919, *vice* Babu Nishi Kanta Guha, confirmed in the second grade.
4. Babu Tara Prasanna Chatarji, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Gopal Chandra Basu, confirmed in the second grade.
5. Babu Kali Prasanna Bagchi, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Kumud Kanta Sen, confirmed in the second grade.
6. Babu Tribhubaneswar Ray, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Srish Kumar Som, promoted.

Promoted to the third grade of munsifs.

1. Babu Praphulla Chandra Guha, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 28th March 1919, *vice* Babu Binod Bihari Mukharji, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Hem Chandra Basu, No. III, promoted.
2. Babu Amulya Gopal Ray, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 16th April 1919, *vice* Babu Birendra Chandra Sen Gupta, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Jadu Nath Mazumdar, promoted.
3. Maulvi Muhammad Ibrahim Hussain, substantively with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Srish Chandra Ray, promoted.
4. Maulvi Sayidur Rahman, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Tribhubaneswar Ray, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 29th May 1919, *vice* Babu Ram Chandra Ghosh, promoted.
5. Babu Satchidananda Mukharji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Praphulla Chandra Guha, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Kiran Chandra Mitra, promoted.
6. Babu Trailokya Nath Ray, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Amulya Gopal Ray, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Khagendra Nath Datta, promoted.
7. Babu Bhupendra Nath Mitra, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 29th May 1919, *vice* Maulvi Sayidur Rahman, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Lalit Mohan Basu, promoted.
8. Babu Nalini Nath Das Gupta, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Satchidananda Mukharji, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 16th July 1919, *vice* Babu Shib Charan Sii, promoted.
9. Babu Debendra Nath Sen Gupta, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Trailokya Nath Ray, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 1st August 1919, *vice* Babu Hari Jiban Banerji, promoted.
10. Babu Manmatha Nath Chaudhuri, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Bhupendra Nath Mitra, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 7th August 1919, *vice* Babu Shishir Kumar Ghosal, resigned.

12. Babu Surendra Nath Sen, No. 1, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 8th July 1919, and substantively with effect from 1st October 1919, *vice* Babu Ashutosh Ray, promoted.
13. Babu Kunja Bihari Ray, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 16th July 1919, *vice* Babu Nalini Nath Das Gupta, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 2nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Kunja Bihari Ghosh, promoted.
14. Babu Raman Chandra Banarji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st August 1919, *vice* Babu Debendra Nath Sen Gupta, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 20th October 1919, *vice* Babu Ram Dulal Deb, promoted.
15. Babu Mahendra Nath Lahiri, substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from 7th August 1919, *vice* Babu Manmatha Nath Chaudhuri, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 22nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Gaur Krishna Basu, promoted.
16. Babu Bisweswar Mazumdar, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 1st October 1919, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Sen, No. 1, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 27th October 1919, *vice* Babu Dinesh Chandra Chatterji, promoted.
17. Babu Nagendra Nath Basu, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 2nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Kunja Bihari Ray, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Jatindra Nath Mukharji, promoted.
18. Babu Manmohan Banarji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 20th October 1919, *vice* Babu Raman Chandra Banarji, confirmed, and substantively with effect from 14th December 1919, *vice* late Babu Sushil Chandra Mitra, deceased.
19. Babu Malati Nath Basu, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 22nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Mahendra Nath Lahiri, confirmed.
20. Babu Ramesh Chandra Bardhan, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 27th October 1919, *vice* Babu Bisweswar Mazumdar, confirmed.
21. Babu Panna Lal Basu, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Basu, confirmed.
22. Babu Naranath Mukharji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 14th December 1919, *vice* Babu Manmohan Banarji, confirmed.

Confirmed in the Fourth grade of munsifs.

1. Babu Atul Chandra Ray, with effect from 28th March 1919, *vice* Babu Binod Bihari Mukharji, confirmed in the third grade.
2. Babu Shyam Lal Basu, with effect from 16th April 1919, *vice* Babu Birendra Chandra Sen Gupta, confirmed in the third grade.
3. Babu Shailesh Chandra Basu, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Tara Prasanna Chatterji, confirmed in the third grade.
4. Babu Gyanendra Nath Ghosh, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Kali Prasanna Bagchi, confirmed in the third grade.
5. Babu Manmatha Kumar Ray, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Tribhubaneswar Ray, confirmed in the third grade.
6. Mr. Santi Priya Basu, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Prafulla Chandra Guha, promoted.
7. Babu Jitendra Kumar Biswas, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Babu Amulya Gopal Ray, promoted.
8. Babu Subodh Chandra Sarkar, with effect from 1st May 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Ibrahim Hussain, promoted.
9. Babu Amulya Kumar Guha, with effect from 29th May 1919, *vice* Maulvi Sayidur Rahman, promoted.
10. Babu Rajani Kanta Chaudhuri, with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Satchidananda Mukharji, promoted.
11. Babu Hiran Chandra Mitra, with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Trailokya Nath Ray, promoted.
12. Babu Charu Chandra Basu, with effect from 1st July 1919, *vice* Babu Bhupendra Nath Mitra, promoted.
13. Babu Pratap Chandra Sen Gupta, with effect from 16th July 1919, *vice* Babu Nalini Nath Das Gupta, promoted.
14. Babu Jogesh Chandra Chatterji, with effect from 1st August 1919, *vice* Babu Debendra Nath Sen Gupta, promoted.
15. Babu Jagat Nath Basu Ray, with effect from 7th August 1919, *vice* Babu Manmatha Nath Chaudhuri, promoted.

16. Babu Binay Bhushan Sen, with effect from 1st October 1919, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Sen, M. I., promoted.
 17. Maulvi Muhammad Abul Ahsan, with effect from 2nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Kanja Bihari Ray, promoted.
 18. Babu Keshab Chandra Sen, with effect from 20th October 1919, *vice* Babu Raman Chandra Banarji, promoted.
 19. Babu Basanta Bihari Mukharji, with effect from 22nd October 1919, *vice* Babu Mahendra Nath Lahiri, promoted.
 20. Babu Bijan Lal Mukharji, with effect from 27th October 1919, *vice* Babu Bisweswar Mazumdar, promoted.

G. N. Roy,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

POLICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1064P.J.—The 5th March 1920—Whereas the Governor in Council has reason to believe that the members of a gang of dacoits and burglars, ordinarily residing in the jurisdictions of police-stations Gokorna and Khargram, in the district of Murshidabad, and commonly known as the Surkhali-Gantla gang are addicted to the systematic commission of non-bailable offences:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council, in exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), hereby declares the said gang to be a criminal tribe for the purposes of that Act.

No. 1065P.J.—The 5th March 1920—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911) the Governor in Council hereby directs that every registered member of the Surkhali-Gantla gang, which has been declared to be a criminal tribe by notification No 1064P.J., dated the 5th March 1920, shall, in the prescribed manner, report himself at fixed intervals and notify his place of residence, any change or intended change of residence and any absence or intended absence from his residence

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The 8th March 1920.

No. 30 Marine.—Mr. W. C. Mayston, Mate Pilot, is granted, under article 676(a) of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for one month and twenty-eight days with effect from the 15th March 1920 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

C. B. BAYLEY,

Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

SUBORDINATE CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 2200A.

No. 2065A.—The 3rd March 1920.—Babu Jyoti Prasad Das, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for one month and thirteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 9th December 1919.

No. 2088A.—The 4th March 1920.—Babu Janaki Bhushan Singh, Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted temporarily to the headquarters station of the Mymensingh district, on being relieved of his settlement duty in that district.

No. 2094A.—The 4th March 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 23rd December 1919, Babu Radhika Mohan Basak, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed combined leave for six months, viz., ordinary privilege leave for three months and four days, with effect from the 6th January 1920, additional privilege leave for one month and twelve days under article 261 of the Civil Service Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168 U. S. R., dated the 24th February 1919, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period under article 336 of the Regulations.

No. 2184A.—The 9th March 1920.—The gentlemen named below are appointed to be probationary Sub-Deputy Collectors :—

Babu Dharendra Nath Sarkar, M.A., B.L., son of Babu Rasik Chandra Sarkar.

Babu Jyotirindra Nath Das, B.A., son of the late Babu Sasadhar Das.

Maulvi Maniruddin Ahmad, son of the late Munshi Gol Bux.

The postings of these officers are under consideration, and the appointments of those who have not submitted certificates of health and age are subject to the submission and acceptance of these certificates.

No. 2158A.—The 9th March 1920.—So much of the orders contained in the notification of this Government No. 7089A, dated the 10th December 1919, as relate to the appointment of Babu Rajendra Lal Ray Chaudhuri, B.A., as a probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, are cancelled.

No. 2190A.—The 9th March 1920.—So much of the orders contained in the notification of this Government No. 6380A, dated the 21st November 1919, as relate to the appointments of Babu Sasadhar Das Gupta and Maulvi Saiyid Yusub Ali Mirza as probationary Sub-Deputy Collectors, are cancelled.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 95.—The 3rd March 1920.—Babu Kiran Chandra Datta, Sub-Registrar of Rupganj, in the district of Dacca, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 18th February 1920.

No. 96.—The 3rd March 1920.—Maulvi Mir Mufazzal Hussain, probationer, of Dacca, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Rupganj, in the same district, with effect from the 18th February 1920, *vice* Babu Kiran Chandra Datta, on

No. 97.—The 3rd March 1920.—Maulvi Gholam Kasem, probationer, of Howrah, acted as Second Joint Sub-Registrar of Howrah from the 30th January 1920 to 12th February 1920, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Kanai Lal Mitra, to act as District Sub-Registrar of Howrah.

No. 98.—The 3rd March 1920.—In line 3 of Registration Department notification No. 78, dated the 13th February 1920, granting leave on medical certificate to Babu Nirmal Chandra Majumdar, probationer, of Burdwan, published at page 352 of the *Calcutta Gazette* dated the 18th February 1920, read "sixty days," after "leave on medical certificate."

No. 99.—The 8th March 1920.—Babu Sanjib Chandra Ghosh, 1st Joint Sub-Registrar of Jamalpur at Madarganj, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave for two months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 100.—The 8th March 1920.—Maulvi Fazlul Karim, Sub-Registrar of Keshabpur, in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave for two months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 17th December 1919.

No. 101.—The 5th March 1920.—Babu Nilbaran Chandra Das, Sub-Registrar, grade III, is allowed extraordinary leave without allowances for six months, under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 382, dated the 28th August 1919.

No. 102.—The 8th March 1920.—Babu Radha Ranjan Ray, Sub-Registrar of Nawabganj, in the district of Malda, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 70, dated the 12th February 1920.

No. 103.—The 8th March 1920.—Babu Akhil Chandra Ghosh, Sub-Registrar of Dhanuakhali, in the district of Hooghly, is allowed leave for fifteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 6, dated the 5th January 1920.

No. 104.—The 8th March 1920.—Babu Girindra Nath Sen, Sub-Registrar of Abaipur, in the district of Jessore, was on leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, on the 11th October 1919.

No. 105.—The 8th March 1920.—Babu Sachipati Ray, Sub-Registrar of Ghatal, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 12th February 1920.

No. 106.—The 8th March 1920.—Babu Jitendra Lal Basu, Sub-Registrar, grade IV, of Burdwan, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Ghatal, in the district of Midnapore, with effect from the 12th February 1920, *vice* Babu Sachipati Ray, on leave.

No. 107.—The 8th March 1920.—Maulvi Khundkar Ali Asgar, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Berhampore, in the district of Murshidabad, is allowed combined leave for six months, with effect from the date on which he avails himself of the leave, *viz.*, privilege leave for two months and nine days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and leave on medical certificate, under article 336 of the same Regulations, for the remaining period.

- No. 108.—The 8th March 1920.**—Maulvi Maniruddin Ahmad, Sub-Registrar, grade IV, of Chittagong, officiating at Kalihati, in the district of Mymensingh, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Chaudagram, in the district of Tippera.
- Mymensingh.
Tippera.**
- No. 109.—The 8th March 1920.**—Maulvi Abdul Hamid, Sub-Registrar of Chaudagram, in the district of Tippera, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Nabinagar, in the same district.
- Tippera.**
- No. 110.—The 8th March 1920.**—Babu Atul Chandra Sen, Sub-Registrar of Nabinagar, in the district of Tippera, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Brahmanbaria, in the same district.
- Tippera.**
- No. 111.—The 8th March 1920.**—Maulvi Misbahuddin Ahmad, Sub-Registrar of Brahmanbaria, in the district of Tippera, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Chandpur, in the same district.
- Tippera.**
- No. 112.—The 8th March 1920.**—Maulvi Fazlul Karim, Sub-Registrar of Chandpur, in the district of Tippera, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Lakhmipur, in the district of Noakhali.
- Tippera.
Noakhali.**
- No. 113.—The 8th March 1920.**—Mr. Vincent Gilbert Andrews, Sub-Registrar of Lakhmipur, in the district of Noakhali, is appointed to be Sadar 2nd Joint Sub-Registrar of Comilla in the district of Tippera.
- Noakhali.
Tippera.**

A. ISLAM,
Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

CIVIL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3380, dated Calcutta, the 2nd March 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Praphulla Prasun Choudhuri is appointed temporarily as Instructor in First Aid to the Injured and Ambulance Work, Police Force, Calcutta, with effect from the 22nd February 1920. *vice* Senior Assistant Surgeon Abinash Chandra Chatarji.

No. 3382, dated Calcutta, the 2nd March 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Praphulla Prasun Choudhuri did supernumerary duty at the Police Hospital, Calcutta, from the 14th February 1920 to the 21st February 1920, both days inclusive.

No. 3407, dated Calcutta, the 2nd March 1920.—Senior Assistant Surgeon Rai Gopal Chandra Chatarji Bahadur, M.B., Assistant Professor of Pathology, Medical College, Calcutta, and Assistant Bacteriologist to Government, is granted combined leave for two years, viz., ordinary privilege leave for three months and additional privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and furlough for the remaining period, under article 338 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his duties.

No. 3409, dated Calcutta, the 2nd March 1920.—Second grade Assistant Surgeon Tarak Nath Sur, M.D., Teacher of Pathology and Hygiene, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Assistant Professor of Pathology, Medical College, and Assistant Bacteriologist to Government during the absence, on leave, of Senior Assistant Surgeon Rai Gopal Chandra Chatarji Bahadur, or until further orders.

No. 3412, dated Calcutta, the 2nd March 1920.—Second grade Assistant Surgeon Jitendra Nath Maitra, M.D., Demonstrator of Pathology, Medical College, is appointed to act as Teacher of Pathology and Hygiene, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, during the absence, on deputation, of second grade Assistant Surgeon Tarak Nath Sur, or until further orders.

No. 3406, dated Calcutta, the 2nd March 1920.—The following candidates passed the Dressership Examination held at the Mymensingh Sadar Hospital on the 12th February 1920 :—

Hari Mohan Bhowmik.
Bimal Chandra Roy.
Atul Chandra Biswas.
Jitendra Nath Chakravarty.
Sudhir Chandra Biswas.
Sarada Prasanna Mazumdar.
Nagendra Chandra Nandy.
Kali Prosad Chakravarty.

Abdur Rahaman.
Upendra Chandra Nandi.
Ananta Kumar Aich.
Pulin Chandra Das.
Makhan Lal Ray.
Kailash Chandra Dey.
Bhāsh Chandra Saha.
Mahesh Chandra Dey.

No. 3418, dated Calcutta, the 2nd March 1920.—Third grade Assistant Surgeon Subodh Kumar Lahiri, Obstetrical Registrar, Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, is granted leave without allowance for three months, under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the privilege leave already granted to him in this Department notification No. 14107, dated the 8th September 1919.

No. 3473, dated Calcutta, the 5th March 1920.—Babu Saktidbar Mitra, M.B., lately a temporary Assistant Surgeon, is granted privilege leave for twenty-six days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 843 C. S. R., dated the 18th September 1918, and leave without allowance for four days, under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 31st October 1919.

No. 3568, dated Calcutta, the 6th March 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Tinkari Acharji is granted privilege leave for six weeks, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 20th February 1920.

2. This cancels notification No. 3204, dated the 25th February 1920, appointing him to Madaripur.

No. 3571, dated Calcutta, the 6th March 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Prabhas Chandra Banarji is appointed to act at the Madaripur subdivision and dispensary, Faridpur district, during the absence, on leave, of 2nd grade Assistant Surgeon Rajendra Chandra Dutta, or until further orders.

No. 3707, dated Calcutta, the 8th March 1920.—Second grade Assistant Surgeon Pashupati Basu, officiating House Surgeon, General Hospital, Howrah, is appointed to act at the Uttarpara dispensary, Hooghly district, during the absence, on leave, of 1st grade Assistant Surgeon Gauri Prasad Bhattacharji, or until further orders.

No. 3710, dated Calcutta, the 8th March 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Nitya Ranjan Gupta, officiating at the Uttarpara dispensary, Hooghly district, is appointed to act at the Contai subdivision and dispensary, Midnapore district, during the absence, on leave, of 2nd grade Assistant Surgeon Ramani Mohan Mukharji or until further orders.

No. 3713, dated Calcutta, the 8th March 1920.—Second grade Assistant Surgeon Ramani Mohan Mukharji of the Contai subdivision and dispensary, Midnapore district, is granted privilege leave for five months, viz., ordinary privilege leave for two months and twenty-four days and additional privilege leave for the remaining period under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168 C. S. R., dated the 24th February 1919, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his duties.

W. H. B. ROBINSON,
Surgeon-Genl. with the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified for general information that the next examination for admission of students to the Compounders' Class, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, will be held on Monday, the 26th April 1920, at 11 A.M.

Candidates desirous to sit at this examination shall send their applications, with a fee of Rs. 2, to the Superintendent, Campbell Medical School, between the 1st and 15th April next.

A. LEVENTON, F.R.C.S.I., D.P.H., LT.-COL., I.M.S.,
Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

CALCUTTA, the 26th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

Examination of Compounders at the Campbell Medical School, Calcutta.

IN accordance with the Government of Bengal notification No. 1410Medl., dated the 7th July 1913, notice is hereby given that the next half-yearly examination of compounders will begin at 11 A.M. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 19th, 20th and 21st April 1920, at the Campbell Medical School.

Male candidates must forward to the Superintendent of the Campbell Medical School, at least one week before the 19th April 1920, an examination fee of Rs. 5. Female candidates will be examined free of charge. No certificate or fee will be received on Sundays or public holidays.

Should any candidate fail to pass the examination, he will forfeit his fee.

NOTE.—The attention of candidates is drawn to rules 9 and 10 and of the persons granting the certificates to rules 11 and 14 (3) and to the certificate forms C (3) D, E and F in the schedule of the Government of Bengal's aforesaid notification, as circulated by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal to all Civil Surgeons, Superintendents of Calcutta Hospitals, Medical Schools, Lunatic Asylums and Chief Medical Officers, etc., with his circular No. 25, dated the 22nd July 1913.

Passed compounders, who have completed a further three months' course of dressing prescribed in rule 13, and students of the Licentiate class of this school, on the completion of their second year's course, will be allowed to appear at the Dressership examination. A fee of Rs. 2 shall be charged for this examination.

This examination is also open to persons qualified for admission to the examination prescribed under the rules for the grant of certificates to compounders, on production of a certificate that they have received instruction in a hospital or dispensary recognized by Government in bandaging, preparation of antiseptic lotions and dressings, sterilization of dressings and instruments, and in the duties of a hospital dresser. Such persons shall be required to pay a fee of Rs. 2 for this examination.

A. LEVENTON, F.R.C.S.I., D.P.H., LT.-COL., I.M.S.,
Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

CALCUTTA, the 26th February 1920.

TREASURY NOTICE.

BABU NITYA GOPAL ROY, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Chittagong Treasury, with effect from the afternoon of the 1st March 1920, and is authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Collector.*

CHITTAGONG, the 1st March 1920.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

The 3rd March 1920.

The Hon'ble the Chief Justice has granted Babu Satis Chandra Mitra, Assistant Master and Referee, High Court, Original Side, privilege leave from the 23rd February to the 20th March 1920, both days inclusive, on full pay, under article 274 of the Civil Service Regulations, and has appointed Babu Jyotish Chandra Mitra, an Assistant Registrar and Chief Clerk in Insolvency on Rs. 400—600, to officiate for Babu Satis Chandra Mitra, and Babu Monmotho Nath Ganguli, an Assistant Registrar on Rs. 300, to officiate for Babu Jyotish Chandra Mitra, and Mr. J. S. Cotta, substantive *pro tempore* Assistant Registrar on Rs. 200—300, to officiate for Babu Monmotho Nath Ganguli, and Babu Surendra Nath Banerjee, substantive *pro tempore* Head Assistant, Order Department, to be substantive *pro tempore* Assistant Registrar on Rs. 200—300, all with effect from the 23rd February 1920.

The Hon'ble the Chief Justice has granted Mr. N. Chatterjee, Master and Official Referee, High Court, Original Side, ordinary privilege leave for three months, and additional privilege leave for three months, from the forenoon of the 24th February 1920, of which three months and fourteen days is on full pay, under articles 272 and 274, and the balance on half pay under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, and has appointed Mr. Narendra Nath Ghatak, M.B.E., Bar-at-Law, to act for Mr. N. Chatterjee during his absence, on privilege leave, from the forenoon of the 1st March 1920.

By order &c.,

J. H. HECHLE,

Registrar.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given under section VII, Act IX of 1887 (the Provincial Small Cause Court Act) for the months of April, May and June 1920, or until further orders, the Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Serampore and Howrah, and the 1st Subordinate Judge of Hooghly will hold his sittings as detailed below:—

		1920		
		April.	May.	June.
Hooghly	...	1st to 10th	1st to 11th	1st to 10th
Serampore	...	11th to 20th	12th to 20th	11th to 20th
Howrah	...	21st to 30th	21st to 31st	21st to 30th

[Sundays and holidays excepted.]

SARAT CHANDRA BASU, *Judge.*

SERAMPORE SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 14th February 1920.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 1st March 1920.

No. 209A.—This office notification No. 548A., dated the 17th December 1919, appointing Babu Ram Suday Sarkar to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Midnapore and in class VIII, of the Subordinate Educational Service, *vice* Babu Dwarkanath Ghosal, deceased, is hereby cancelled.

No. 210A.—Babu Prabodh Chandra Ganguli, Laboratory Assistant, Rajshahi College, in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act as Demonstrator in Chemistry of the same College on the pay of his own grade, with effect from 12th to 31st January 1920, *vice* Babu Birendra Bhushan Adhikari, on deputation.

No. 211A.—Maulvi Abdul Hadi, assistant maulvi, Arabic teacher, Chittagong Madrasah, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted leave for sixty-one days, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 16th February to the 16th April 1920, both days inclusive.

No. 212A.—Maulvi Muhammad Ramazan Ali, vernacular teacher, Chittagong Madrasah, on Rs. 30 outside the graded service, is appointed to act as assistant maulvi, Arabic teacher, of the same Madrasah, on Rs. 50 and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Hadi, on leave.

The 2nd March 1920.

No. 213A.—Babu Makhan Lal Banerjee, son of Babu Bisweswar Banerjee, is confirmed in his present appointment as assistant master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 5th September 1919.

No. 214A.—Babu Atul Krishna Chatterjee, accountant, Presidency College (class V of the Subordinate Educational Service), is granted leave, under article 272 of the Civil Service Regulations, for one month with effect from 5th February 1920, and the following arrangements are sanctioned for the performance of his duties :—

- (i) Babu Dharendra Nath Mukherjee, shorthand typist, on Rs. 75 a month outside the grades, to act in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, *vice* Babu Atul Krishna Chatterjee.
- (ii) Maulvi Gholam Khaja Ahmed, clerk on Rs. 25 outside the grades, to act in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service, *vice* Babu Ramranjan Majumdar.

No. 215A.—Maulvi Abdur Rahman Khan, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi, in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, leave for two months with effect from the 1st March 1920.

No. 216A.—Babu Jajneswar Chakravarti, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Naogaon, in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act as District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi, on the pay of his own grade, during the absence on leave, of Maulvi Abdur Rahman Khan, or until further orders.

No. 217A.—Maulvi Md. Mirjan Sarkar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Mahiganj circle, Rangpur, in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act as Deputy Inspector of Schools, Naogaon, on the pay of his own grade, during the absence, on deputation, of Babu Jajneswar Chakravarti, or until further orders.

No. 218A.—Babu Rames Chandra Gupta Bhaya, officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sadar circle, Jalpaiguri, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Mahiganj circle, Rangpur, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, during the absence, on deputation, of Maulvi Md. Mirjan Sarkar, or until further orders.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

PROVINCIAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 28th February 1920.

No. 19P.—Babu Hari Das Mukherjee, Professor of Chemistry, Rajshahi College, in class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service, is granted privilege leave, under article 271, Civil Service Regulations, for twenty days, with effect from 12th January 1920.

No. 20P.—Babu Birendra Bhusan Adhikari, Demonstrator in Chemistry, in class III of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act as Professor of Chemistry, Rajshahi College, and in the Provincial Educational Service, with the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from 12th January 1920 to 31st January 1920, *vice* Babu Hari Das Mukherjee, on leave.

The 3rd March 1920.

No. 21P.—Babu Surendra Nath Das Gupta, Professor, Chittagong College, in class VII of the Provincial Educational Service, is granted combined leave for thirty months, under article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, from 1st August 1920 or any subsequent date, *viz.* ordinary privilege leave for three months and additional privilege leave for three months, under Government of India, Finance Department, order No 168 C S. R., dated the 24th February 1919 (of which twenty-two days only on full pay under article 272, Civil Service Regulations, and the remaining period under article 271, Civil Service Regulations), and leave without allowances for the remaining period under article 339, Civil Service Regulations.

No. 22P.—Babu Bireswar Basu, lecturer in Sanskrit, Chittagong College, substantive *pro tempore* in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act as Professor of Sanskrit, Chittagong College, and in the Provincial Educational Service, with the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Das Gupta, on leave.

The 8th March 1920.

No. 23P.—The following head masters of Government High Schools are appointed in the Provincial Educational Service, with effect from the dates mentioned against their names, against the thirty additional posts created in terms of Government order No. 442, dated the 26th February 1920, under the scheme for the improvement of secondary education in Bengal:—

Appointed substantively to class VII.

1. Babu Bharat Bandhu Laha, head master, Bogra Zilla School (class I, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.

Appointed substantively to class VIII.

1. Babu Khirrolle Chandra Sen, I, head master, Barisal Zilla School (class II, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
2. Khan Sahib Maulvi Wahidun Nabi, head master, Comilla Zilla School (class II, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
3. Babu Hara Mohan De, head master, Mymensingh Zilla School (class II, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
4. Babu Chandra Kanto Ghose, head master, Dinajpur Zilla School (class II, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
5. Babu Adya Nath Roy, head master, Itanagar High School (class II, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
6. Khan Sahib Kazi Zahirul Haq, head master, Dacca Moslem High School (class II, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
7. Babu Bishnu Charan De, head master, Bhola High School (class III, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
8. Babu Basanta Chandra Das, head master, Faridpur Zilla School (class III, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
9. Babu Janoki Nath Das, head master, Noakhali Zilla School (class III, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
10. Babu Jogendra Nath Bhattacharyya, head master, Howrah Zilla School (class III, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
11. Babu Pramatha Nath Bhattacharyya I, head master, Rangpur Zilla School (class III, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.

12. Babu Bhaban Mohan Chowdhury, head master, Pabna Zilla School (substantive *pro tempore* class III, Subordinate Educational Service), from 21st September 1919 (now on deputation to the Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad).
13. Babu Abinash Chandra Ghose, head master, Malda Zilla School (class IV, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
14. Babu Beni Madhab Bhattacharyya I, head master, Barrackpore High School (class IV, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
15. Babu Achyuta Nath Adhikary, head master, Darjeeling High School (class IV, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
16. Babu Jyotish Chandra Mukherjee, head master, Jhalakati High School (class IV, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
17. Babu Makhan Lal Roy Chowdhury, head master, Jalpaiguri Zilla School (class IV, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
18. Babu Hari Pada Mukherjee, head master, Birbhum Zilla School (class IV, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
19. Babu Bpin Behari Chatterjee, head master, Chittagong Collegiate School (class V, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
20. Maulvi Mobarak Ali, head master, Chittagong Moslem High School (class V, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
21. Babu Adwaita Charan Rakshit, head master, Khulna Zilla School (class V, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
22. Babu Sasanka Sekhar Bhattacharyya, head master, Jamalpur High School (class V, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
23. Babu Bejoy Chandra Sen, head master, Perojpur High School (class V, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.

Appointed in class VIII substantively pro tempore.

1. Babu Umesh Chandra Haldar, head master, Taki High School (substantive *pro tempore* class III, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
2. Babu Ravaneshwar Banerjee, head master, Jessore Zilla School (class IV, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
3. Babu Bisweswar Banerjee, head master, Uttarpara High School (class IV, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
4. Babu Birendra Nath Sen, head master, Bankura Zilla School (class V, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 21st September 1919.
5. Babu Kalidas Banerjee, head master, Hooghly Branch School (class II, Subordinate Educational Service), from the 7th February 1920.
6. Babu Chandra Kumar Ghose, head master, Barasat High School (class IV, Subordinate Educational Service), with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment.

W. W. HORNEILL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

**OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE AND SALT,
BENGAL.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 63 Exc.—The 8th March 1920.—Maulvi Abbas Ali Khan, Inspector of Excise and Salt; Rajshahi, is allowed leave for one month, under article 200 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 62 Exc.—The 3rd March 1920.—Babu Gajendra Nath Kar, temporary Inspector of Excise and Salt, is posted to Bankura.

Babu Harabilas Mazumdar, temporary Inspector of Excise and Salt, is posted to Burdwan.

Babu Hem Chandra Bose, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Bankura, is transferred to Bakarganj.

Babu Suresh Chandra Mazumdar, officiating Inspector of Excise and Salt, Bakarganj, reverts to his substantive appointment as Sub-Inspector of Excise and Salt, on relief by Babu Hem Chandra Bose.

S. C. MUKERJEE,

Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1016J.—Babu Surendra Nath Sen Gupta, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, Netrakona, in the district of Mymensingh, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Dacca district.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 1st March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

BABU BIRENDRA LAL GUPTA, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, is posted to the Katwa subdivision in the district of Burdwan.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 1st March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

BABU SHARAT CHANDRA LAHIRI, NO. I, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Katwa, in the district of Burdwan, is transferred temporarily to the Uluberia subdivision in the district of Howrah.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 1st March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

BABU SATKORI LAL DE, Sub-Deputy Magistrate, Uluberia, in the district of Howrah, is allowed privilege leave for forty-one days under article 260, Civil Service Regulations.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 1st March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1162J.—It is hereby notified for general information that Mr. Geo. E. D'Souza is appointed to be a non-official visitor of the Madaripur Sub-Jail, in the district of Faridpur, *vice* Mr. E. J. Sturrock, resigned.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 6th March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 43M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, at the by-election held on the 17th January 1920 in Wards Nos. II, V and VI of the Meherpur Municipality, in the district of Nadia, Babus Bhola Nath Dutta, Kanti Lal Chatterji and Ashutosh Biswas, B.L., respectively, were duly elected to be Commissioners for those wards in place of Babus Ashutosh Basu, Kedar Nath Banarji and Mohini Mohon Mallick, resigned.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESV DIVN, CALCUTTA, the 2nd March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 499M.—It is hereby notified for general information that, at the general election held on the 3rd April 1918, the following gentlemen were duly elected as Commissioners of the Siruganj Municipality, in the district of Pabna:—

- | | | |
|------------------------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I. Gayla Ward | .. { | 1. Babu Girish Chandra Bose, B.L.
2. " Surendra Nath Das Gupta
3. Maulvi Afzal Ali Khan
4. " Sabderah Sarkar |
| II. Ganj Ward | . { | 5. Maulvi Abdul Gafur.
6. " Ijjatali Talukdar
7. " Mahammad Ismail.
8. Babu Surendra Kumar Ray |
| III. Ranigram Ward ... | { | 9. Babu Priyanath Ganguli
10. Maulvi Manulla Sarkar |
| IV. Putiabari Ward ... | { | 11. Maulvi Mahammad Meherulla
12. Babu Dwijendra Kumar Chakravarty |

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN JALPAIGURI, the 3rd March 1920.

NOTIFICATION

No. 520M.—It is hereby notified for general information that a by-election will be held under section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884, on Tuesday the 20th April 1920, for the purpose of electing a Commissioner for ward D (IV) of the Dinajpur Municipality, in the district of Dinajpur, *vice* Munshi Hesar Mahamed, deceased.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN. JALPAIGURI, the 6th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 525M.—It is hereby notified for general information that a by-election will be held under section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act (III B. C. of 1884) on Wednesday the 14th April 1920, for the purpose of electing a Commissioner for the Gayla ward of the Siruganj Municipality, in the district of Pabna, *vice* Babu Girish Chandra Bose, deceased

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN. JALPAIGURI, the 6th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 528M.—It is hereby notified for general information that a by-election will be held under section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act (III of 1884) on Wednesday, the 14th April 1920, for the purpose of electing a Commissioner for the Ganj ward of the Sirajganj Municipality, in the district of Pabna, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Gafur, deceased.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN, JALPAIGURI, the 6th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 510M.—The following statement, showing the number of members of the Local Boards to be elected for each thana in the district of Rangpur, as decided by me in the exercise of the power conferred upon me by rule 19 of the rules made under clause (a), section 138, of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885, is published for general information:—

District Rangpur.

Local Board	Thana	Number of members to be elected for the thana
Rangpur	Rangpur	1
	Kaunia	1
	Pirgacha	1
	Gangachara	1
	Badarganj	1
	Hatibandha	1
	Pirganj	2
	Mithapukur	2
	Kaliganj	2
	Dimla	1
Nilphamari	Domar	1
	Jaldhaka	1
	Kishoreganj	1
	Nilphamari	1
	Saidpur	1
	Sundarganj	1
	Sadullapur	1
Gaihandha	Gaihandha	1
	Gobindaganj	1
	Palashbari	1
	Shaghatta	1
	Fulchari	1
	Lalmonirhat	1
Kurigram	Fulbari	1
	Kurigram	1
	Nageswari	1
	Bhurangamari	1
	Ulipur	1
	Chilmari	1
	Raumari	1

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN, JALPAIGURI, the 3rd March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

THE public are hereby informed that a by-election will be held on the 10th May 1920, at 11 A.M., at Bongaon for the election of a member of the Bongaon Local Board for Bongaon thana, in place of M. Gohar Rabbani Khan, deceased.

E. M. MANNOCH, *Magistrate*.

JESSORE MAGISTRACY, the 6th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is notified for general information that, under section 43 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, III of 1885, as amended, Babu Sudhir Nath Mukherjee has been appointed to be a member of the Mogra Union Committee, in the district of Hooghly, *vice* Babu Sidheswar Banerjee, resigned.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 6th March 1920.*

CORRIGENDUM.

No. 531M.—In this office notification No. 57Mct., dated the 26th February 1920, for the words "District Road Committee, Darjeeling" read "Kurseong Branch Road Committee, in the district of Darjeeling."

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 6th March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 736J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, Babu Ramendra Nath Mukherjee has been appointed to be a member of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Patiram, in the district of Dinajpur, in place of Babu Krishna Lal Ghosh (No. 11), resigned.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 2nd March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 739J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, Babu Bipulendra Nath Banerjee has been appointed to be a member of the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at Sadar, in the district of Jalpaiguri, in place of Babu Ramdeo Agarwala, deceased.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 1st March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) read with rule 23 of the Rules for the management of charitable hospitals and dispensaries in Bengal, Babu Sarat Kumar Bose has been appointed to be a member of the managing committee of the Indas Board's dispensary, in the district of Bankura, *vice* Babu Kamini Kumar Bose, deceased.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 6th March 1920.*

Statement showing the quantity of Salt in Bonded Warehouses and afloat on the river Hooghly on the 28th day of February 1920, and transactions during the half-month from the 16th to the 28th February 1920.

Description of Salt	In Sulkea Government golas	Quantity afloat	Total	TRANSACTIONS DURING HALF-MONTH FROM THE 16TH TO THE 28TH FEBRUARY 1920, INCLUSIVE.			
				Quantity on which duty has been paid	Manifested quantity arrived in the port of Calcutta	Deliveries from ship-board for consumption and for inland bonded warehouses	Deliveries from bonded warehouses for consumption and for inland bonded warehouses.
	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds.	Mds
United Kingdom— Liverpool and other Pangu salt	98,042	12,295	110,337	63,300	89,878	32,800	21,536
Other European countries— Spanish salt	..	..	..	60,750	..	..	..
Hamburg and Bremen salt.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hamburg and Bremen rock salt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Port Said salt ...	614,202	..	614,202	10,700	61,460	7,200	61,745
Aden and Red Sea— Aden salt	376,598	..	376,598	65,230	229,417	81,850	91,298
Salt salt ... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salt rock salt ... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramayah salt	101,704	..	101,704	16,520	..	..	66,895
Masawah salt ... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muscat and Persian Gulf— Muscat, Lingah and Hanjam salt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ditto rock salt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
British India— Bombay salt... ..	403,166	..	403,166	28,076*	..	..	18,030
Madras salt ... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coconada salt ... ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam salt ...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ...	1,496,722	12,295	1,509,067	284,686	378,855	121,850	262,526

Written off during the half-month—

	Mds
Wastage in Sulkea golas ...	1,022
Abandoned and destroyed ...	20

In Transit—

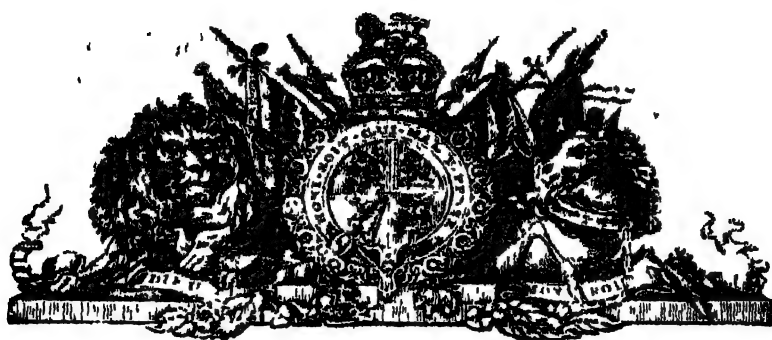
Liverpool salt ..	11,800
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* Duty on 28,000 Mds was paid at Bombay

P. MOORE,

Asst. Collector of Customs for Imports.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 6th March 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1920.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following Resolution, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* dated the 28th February 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON.

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 1711-D.

Delhi, the 26th February 1920.

RECONSTITUTION OF THE INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD AS A BOARD OF INDUSTRIES AND MUNITIONS.

RESOLUTION.

(INDUSTRIES.)

In accordance with the announcement made in Resolution No. 81-D. in the Department of Commerce and Industry, dated 15th November 1919, the Government of India have now decided to reconstitute the Indian Munitions Board as a Board of Industries and Munitions. The new Board will be a temporary organisation, designed to close the war commitments of the Indian Munitions Board, to take over from the Commerce and Industry Department and the Public Works Department certain items of work, and to undertake the initial work of industrial organisation and in particular to frame detailed proposals for a new Department of Industries.

2. The new Board will come into existence on 1st March 1920, and will consist of a President and two members. The following gentlemen have been appointed to these posts:—

President :

The Hon'ble Sir Thomas Holland, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., F.R.S.

Members

Thomas Ryan, Esq., C.I.E.,

A. C. Chatterjee, Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S.

As the Indian Munitions Board will be merged into the new Board all correspondence intended for the Indian Munitions Board should hereafter be addressed to the Secretary of the new Board. The Board of Industries and Munitions will take over at the same time the following heads of business:—

From the Public Works Department—

Electricity.

From the Department of Commerce and Industry—

1. Geology and Minerals, including the Geological Survey of India and the administration of the Indian Mines Act.
2. Salt.
3. The Indian Explosives Act and the Indian Petroleum Act.
4. Stationery and Printing.
5. Inventions and Designs.
6. The Indian Factories Act.
7. The administration of the various Acts relating to Steam Boilers.
8. Industries.

3. The control of Ordnance Factories having been transferred to the Army Department, all correspondence relating to them and intended for the Government of India should be addressed to that Department instead of to the Indian Munitions Board as heretofore.

4. Upon the formation of the new Board the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry will be known as the Department of Commerce.

ORDERED that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations, to all Departments of the Government of India and the Indian Munitions Board, to the Financial Adviser (Military Finance), to the Central War Controller and the Military Accountant-General, and to all heads of Departments subordinate to this Department; also that the Resolution be published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* for general information.

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Commerce and Industry and published in the *Gazette of India* dated 6th March 1920 is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

Delhi, the 6th March 1920.

No. 1827-D.—The following Board of Trade list, dated the 30th January 1920, on the subject of prohibitions of export from the United Kingdom, is published for general information:—

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS LICENSING SECTION,
BOARD OF TRADE,
67, GEORGE STREET,
S. W.-1.

LIST OF EXPORT PROHIBITED GOODS, ETC.,
30TH JANUARY 1920.

This list cancels all similar lists and supplements issued by the Export Licence Department prior to the above date.

List A and B.

List C.

Open General Licences for Exports:

APPENDIX, No. 1.

General information with regard to Export Regulations to certain countries in Europe or the Mediterranean.

Transshipment in the United Kingdom.

This consolidated "List of Export Prohibited Goods" is amended and issued fortnightly. Exporters who desire to have copies of each list posted to them during the current year can do so on payment of a registration fee of 2s. 6d. for one copy of each issue. Should more than one copy of each issue be required an additional payment should be made at the rate of 2d. per copy for each month up to the end of the current year.

Exporters who desire to have their names placed on the register should make application to the Stationery Clerk, Import and Export Licensing

Section, enclosing Money Orders payable to the Import and Export Licensing Section, Board of Trade.

Applications for licences and all correspondence should be addressed to—

The Director, Import and Export Licensing Section,
Board of Trade,
61, George Street,
S. W. 1.

LIST A AND B.

List of goods the export of which is prohibited from the United Kingdom by Royal Proclamations or by Order of Council.

A licence is required to export goods marked (A) to any destination abroad.

A licence is required to export goods marked (B) to any destination abroad, except British Possessions and Protectorates, to which goods marked (B) can be exported without licence, providing the goods are not transhipped at foreign ports.

(B) Aeroplane engines and their component parts.

(B) Aircraft, other than balloons, of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.

Alumina, *see* Phosphate Rock.

(A) Ammonia, sulphate of, and mixtures containing sulphate of ammonia.

(A) * Animals, living, for food (other than horses).

Apatites, *see* Phosphate Rock.

(A) Apparatus which can be used for the storage or projection of compressed or liquefied gases, flame, acids or other destructive agents capable of use in warlike operations and their component parts.

(A) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.

(A) Armoured motor-cars.

(A) Arms, not being Fire-arms and their component parts.

Bacon, *see* Meat.

Banknotes, *see* Notes.

(A) Barley, barley flour, and barley meal.

(A) Basic slag.

(A) Bayonets and their component parts.

Bran, *see* Offals of Corn.

(A) Bread.

Brewers' grains, *see* Grains.

Bullion, *see* Gold and Silver.

(A) Butter.

(A) Cakes and meals (which may be used as forage or food for animals), the following :—

Husk meal,

Linsseed cake and meal ;

Maize germ meal ;

Maize meal and flour.

(A) Calf-skins.

(A) Cannon and other ordnance, and their component parts.

(A) Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.

(A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and their component parts, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for the filling and repair of rifle and shot-gun cartridges.

Castings, *see* Armour Plates.

Cattle foods, *see* Cakes and Meals.

Cattle hides, *see* Hides.

Caustic potash, *see* Potash.

(A) Cheese.

(A) Coal, except coal allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as bunker coal.

(A) † Coal tar, all products obtainable therefrom and derivatives thereof, whether actually so obtained or derived from other sources (including all mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives), suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes or explosives.

(A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations.

(A) Cocoa, raw.

(A) Cod liver oil and preparations containing cod liver oil.

Coin, *see* Gold and Silver.

(A) Coke and manufactured fuel.

Combings, *see* Malt.

Compound cakes and meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.

(A) Confectionery manufactured wholly or partly of sugar.

Corn offals, *see* Offals.

Cows, bulls, etc., *see* Animals.

Culms, *see* Malt.

(A) Dair.

Distillers' grain, *see* Grains, &c.

(B) Docks, floating, and their component parts.

(A) Dried figs.

(A) Dyes and dye-stuffs manufactured from coal tar products, and articles containing such dyes and dye-stuffs

* Application for licence to export live stock should be made on Application Form "L," copies of which can be obtained from the Stationery Clerk, Export Licence Department

† The following proprietary dyes may, however, be exported without licence to all destinations with which trading is permitted :—

Dolly dyes.

Drummer dyes.

Diamond dyes.

Dixon's home dyes.

Maypole dyes.

- (A) Eggs in shells.
Engines, *see* Aeroplano.
- (A) Ergot of rye, and the liquid extract of ergot.
- (A) Explosives.
- (A) Eggs, dried.
- (A) Fire-arms and their component parts.
- (A) Fish except the following:—Tinned, preserved or frozen fish, chinchards, sprats, herrings, crayfish, prawns and lobsters.
- (A) Salmon, tinned.
- (A) Flax, raw.
Flour, *see* Barley; Maize; Rice; Rye; Wheat.
Foodstuffs, *see* specific headings.
Forage and food which may be used for animals, *see* specific headings as, *e.g.*, Cakes; Hay, Oats, &c.
- (A) Forage, green.
- (A) Fuel, manufactured, *see* Coke.
- (A) Fruit, dried, the following:—
Figs.
Raisins (except Californian seeded raisins).
Sultanas.
- (A) Fruit preserved, other than dried fruits preserved in sugar.
- (A) Game.
- (A) Gold coin and bullion.
- (A) Grains, Brewers' and Distillers'.
- (A) Green forage.
- (A) Grenades and component parts thereof.
- (A) Guanos, except whale guano.
Guns, *see* Cannon, Firearms, Machine guns.
- (A) Hay.
- (A) Hides, British and Irish, cattle.
Husk meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war or for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea.
- (A) Indigo, synthetic.
Jam, *see* Fruit preserved.
- (A) Lard except imitation (compound) lard and neutral lard.
- (A) Lime phosphate, *see* Phosphate Rock.
- (A) Linseed.
Linseed cake, and meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Livestock, *see* Animals.
- (A) Machine guns, mounting for machine guns, and component parts thereof.
- (A) Maize.
- (A) Maize germs.
Maize germ meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Maize meal and flour, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Malt dust, culms, sprouts or combings.
- (A) Manures, compound, containing either sulphate of ammonia, superphosphate of lime, or potash.
Marmalade, *see* Fruit preserved.
Meals, *see* Barley, Cakes, Rye, Wheat.
- (A) Meat of all kinds, except offals, turtlemeat, horseflesh tinned or potted meat, salt and pickled meat other than bacon and ham.
Middlings, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (B) Milk, condensed or preserved (other than milk powder).
Mill dust and screenings, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (B) Mines and their component parts.
- (A) Nicotine and its compounds.
• Notes of the Bank of France.
- (A) Notes, Russian rouble.
- (A) Oats.
Offals of corn and grain which may be use as food for animals, the following:—
(A) Bran.
(A) Middlings.
(A) Mild dust and screenings.
(A) Pollard.
(A) Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
(A) Sharps.
- Oil, cod liver, *see* Cod Liver Oil.
- (A) Onions.
- (A) Opium and its preparations.
- (A) Opium alkaloids and their salts and preparations.
Ordnance, *see* Cannon; Carriages.
- (A) Phosphate rock, namely:—Apatites; phosphates of lime and alumina.
Pistols, *see* Firearms.
• Pollard, *see* Offals Offals of Corn.
- (A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing caustic potash.
- (A) Potash, muriate, sulphate, and crude manurial potash salts, and mixtures containing any of these substances.
- (A) Potassium carbonate and mixtures containing potassium carbonate.
- (B) Potassium permanganate.
- (A) Potatoes.
- (A) Poultry.
Preserves, *see* Fruit, etc.
- (A) Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts.
- (A) Quinine sulphate
- (A) Raisins (except Californian seeded raisins).
Rice meal (or bran) and dust, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Rice and rice flour.
Rifles, *see* Firearms.
Russian rouble notes, *see* Notes.
- (A) Rye, rye flour and meal.
Salmon, tinned, *see* Fish.
- (A) Sausages, except tinned and pork sausages.
Screenings, *see* Offals of Corn.
Seeds, *see* Cereals mentioned by name.
- (A) Semolina.
• Sharps, *see* Offals of Corn.
• Sheep, *see* Animals.
- (A) Silver bullion, specie and British coin.
Skins, *see* Oalf-skins; Hides.
Spirits, *see* Whisky.
- (A) Sugar, cane and beet, *see also* Confectionery.
- (A) Sultanas.
- (A) Superphosphates.
- (A) Tea other than green tea.
- (B) Torpedoes and their component parts.
- (B) Torpedo tubes.

* Notes of the Bank of France are prohibited to all destinations except to destinations in France.

- Vegetables, *see* Onions; Potatoes.
 Vension, *see* Game.
 (A) Vessels of 15 tons and over.
 (A) Wheat, wheat flour and wheat meal,
 and all articles, mixtures and
 preparations containing wheat,
 wheat flour, or wheat meal.
 (A) Whisky.

Wool and Woollen Goods:—

(*See also* Appendix No. 1 for camel
 hair, cashmere, alpaca and mohair.)

- (A) Wool tops and mixtures thereof.
 (A) Woollen and worsted yarn and mix-
 tures thereof.
 Yarns, *see* Wool.
 (A) Yeast.

LIST C.

List C comprises all goods not included in List A or B.
 Goods on List C may be exported without licence to all destinations
 with which trading is allowed.

APPENDIX No. 1.

General Licences for exports.

An Open General Licence has been issued, permitting the exportation of the
 following goods (without application to the Export Licence Department)
 to all destinations except those foreign destinations to which goods on
 List C are prohibited from export.

Alpaca, and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
 Bird seed.
 Blanc-mange powder.
 Cake mixture.
 Camel hair, and noils waste and yarns
 thereof.
 Cashmere, and noils, waste and yarns
 thereof.
 Cement for building and engineering
 purposes.
 Chillies.
 Cocoa and milk, coffee and milk, chocolate
 and milk, sweetened or unsweetened, in
 • tins.
 Custard powder.
 Gloy.
 Horseflesh.
 Koffio.

Lactol.
 Lactogol.
 Mango chutney, tomato chutney and
 tomato ketchup.
 Marmite.
 Minced meat and mince pies.
 Mixtures and preparations containing not
 more than 10 per cent. aniline colour,
 not otherwise prohibited.
 Mohair and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
 Paisley flour.
 Paint other than gold paint.
 "Phosto" animal food.
 Pudding powder.
 Puddings.
 Restorine.
 Vanilla custard.

SAMPLES.

An Open General Licence has been issued which permits the free export
 of all *bond-fide* samples of prohibited goods to all destinations with which
 trade is now permitted. Samples exported under this licence may be used
 only for genuine sample purposes, *i.e.*, for obtaining orders from foreign
 buyers, and may not be sold except with the written consent of the Export
 Licence Department, but such consent may be dispensed with when it is
 desired to sell the articles in the country of destination after they have
 fulfilled their purpose as samples. Exporters will be required to satisfy the
 Customs Authorities that the goods presented for export under this licence
 are *bond-fide* samples, and to make a declaration to that effect on the
 relative shipping documents.

This notice only applies to samples of goods which require licences for
 export to the particular destination concerned.

In addition, the consent of the Export Licence Department is not
 required for the sale of samples which, though within this scheme at the
 actual time they were exported, could be exported outside the scheme at the
 actual time of the proposed sale.

Open General Licence for coal exports.

An Open General Licence has been issued, with effect from Thursday,
 1st January, 1920, permitting the export of coal, coke and manufactured fuel
 to all destinations abroad except Russia, Germany, Hungary, Austria, Turkey

and Bulgaria, subject always to the approval, previously obtained, of the Controller of Coal Mines or his duly authorised representative, and subject to shipment being made in a vessel approved by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise or their Officers.

The Customs Authorities will require pre-entry to be made in all the cases; and at ports where there is a duly authorised local representative of the Controller of Coal Mines (*see* list below) the approval referred to above will be signified by his endorsement on the pre-entry form, which must be presented to him for the purpose before shipment.

Where shipment is proposed to be made from a port not included in the list given below, it will be necessary for application for the Controller's approval to be made to the Export Branch of the Coal Mines Department in London. Shipments from all ports in the United Kingdom to the destinations excluded from the purview of the general licence must still be covered by an export licence from the Coal Mines Department.

The following are the ports shipments from which will be covered by the local representative's endorsement on pre-entry:—

District	Controller's Representative
All Scottish ports ...	Mr. W. D. Fuller, 4, Dunlop Street, Glasgow.
From Amble to Middlesbrough inclusive.	Mr. W. R. Fisher, Guildhall Chambers, Quayside, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
Humber ports (Hull to Grimsby inclusive).	Mr. A. D. Upton, 120, Alfred Gelder Street, Hull.
Mersey ports ...	Mr. J. Melrandi, Dock Board offices, Liverpool.
From Burry Port to Newport inclusive ...	Mr. L. R. Lewis, Cymrie Buildings, Cardiff.

Open General Licence for the Export of Industrial Explosives, Smooth-Bore Guns, and Munitions for use therewith.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export of industrial explosives, smooth-bore guns, and munitions for use therewith, to the destinations given below, to which, therefore, exports may be made subject to the usual Customs formalities without applications for specific licences to the Export Licence Department:—

British Possessions and Protectorates (*see* note below).

French Possessions and Protectorates (*see* note below)

United States of America.

South America.

Japan and Korea.

Asiatic Russia.

France, Belgium, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Italy, Serbia, Roumania, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Holland, Switzerland and Iceland

In accordance with Article 6, Chapter 2, of the "Arms Convention," all destinations in the prohibited areas set out in Article 6 are excepted from this Open General Licence and will still require a specific export licence for all arms and ammunition.

Open general licence for the export of Aircraft, &c.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export of the under-mentioned goods to all destinations except Russia, Germany, Hungary, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria. Applications are no longer to be made to the Export Licence Department in respect of the export of these goods to countries other than those mentioned:—"Aeroplane engines and their component parts. Aircraft, other than balloons of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft."

Open general licence for the export of parcels containing miscellaneous foodstuffs.

An Open General License has been issued for the export by parcel post of parcels containing one or more varieties of foodstuffs (for the personal use of the addressee and *not* for trading purposes) to all destinations with which trading is allowed, provided that any such parcel may not contain more than two pounds of sugar or more than one pound of butter. Applications need, therefore, no longer be submitted to the Import and Export Licensing Section in respect of the export of such parcels by parcel post.

General information with regard to Export Regulations to certain countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, etc.

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Exporters are warned that there are import prohibitions in some foreign countries, information regarding which can be obtained from the Department of Overseas Trade, 35, Old Queen Street, Westminster, S. W. 1, and 73, Basinghall Street, London, E. C. 2. The issue of an export licence implies no guarantee that the goods will be admitted into the country of destination.

Albania.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Alsace-Lorraine.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Arabia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Asia Minor (*see* Turkey).

Austria, Hungary.

Trade is now permitted with all portions of the late Austro-Hungarian Empire.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported *via* any available route.

Parcels will now be accepted by the Post Office for transmission to Austria (States of Upper and Lower Austria, Styria, Carinthia, Salzburg, Northern Tyrol, Vorarlberg and Liechtenstein, Trentino, Istria and Dalmatia).

For the portions of the late Austro-Hungarian Empire now incorporated in Italy, Czechoslovakia, Poland and Jugo-Slavia, see notes applicable to those countries.

Belgium.

Licences are only required for goods on lists A and B.

Bulgaria.

Licences are required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Czechoslovakia (including any portions of Silesia and Galicia allotted to Czechoslovakia).

This territory consists, broadly speaking, of the former Austrian provinces of Bohemia and Moravia, and the northern part of Hungary-Slovakia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported *via* Hamburg and the Elbe, provided they are consigned to the Czechoslovak Government's Trade Office, Welserhaus 12, Schaursteinwegsbrücke, Hamburg, for further transshipment to the actual consignee in Czechoslovakia. Czechoslovak Import Licences should reach the Hamburg Office from the consignee previous to the shipment of goods. A duplicate set of shipping documents should be forwarded in advance to that office. Goods may also be exported *via* any other available route.

Denmark.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Estonia (principal port—Reval).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Finland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

France.

Licences for exports are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Germany.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Gift parcels sent by parcel post may enter Germany without import licence and also free from duty and taxes provided they do not contain more than 2 kilos (70 ozs.) of tobacco.

Greece.

Licences are only required for goods on List A or B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Holland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Italy.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route to Italy may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Jugo-Slavia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.
There is no parcel post service at present, except to Dalmatia.

Letland (Latvia) (principal port—Libau).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Applications to export goods on Lists A and B will be considered in the usual way.
There is no parcel post service at present.

Lithuania (principal port—Riga).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Applications to export goods on Lists A and B will be considered in the usual way.
There is no parcel post service at present.

Luxembourg.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.
Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Montenegro (*see* Jugo-Slavia.)

Norway.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B

Palestine.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Poland (*including any portions of Silesia and Galicia allotted to Poland*).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.
There is no parcel post service at present.

Portugal.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter

Roumania.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Russia (Asiatic).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Russia (European).

(a) *Northern District*—approached via Archangel or the Murman Coast.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B

(b) *Southern District*—approached via the Black Sea and Tayanrog on the Sea of Azov.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.
There is no parcel post service at present.

(c) *Other Districts.*

No licenses are being granted at present.

Serbia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.
There is no parcel post service at present.

Spain.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Sweden.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Switzerland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.
Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Syria (as far north as a line from Alexandretta to Aleppo inclusive, and as far east as the Hedjaz railway inclusive).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

A Parcel Post Service is in operation as far north as Alexandretta, but not east of Aleppo.

Turkey (including Asia Minor).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.
Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Parcels for civilians in European Turkey (Constantinople) are accepted if they are addressed "Poste Restante, British Army Post Office, Constantinople," and parcels for civilians in Smyrna are accepted if they are addressed "Poste Restante, British Post Office, Smyrna."

Urgent Orders.

The Board of Trade, Import and Export Licensing Section, announces that, in collaboration with the Department of Overseas Trade, an arrangement has been made whereby firms receiving orders which require immediate acceptance may telegraph details of any such order to the Department of Overseas Trade in order to ascertain whether a licence will be granted for the export of the goods if the order is accepted.

In the event of an applicant being promised a licence he will be enabled to deal with the order straightaway with the knowledge that upon application being made in the proper form to the Export Licence Department the licence will be granted.

The telegrams should be addressed to "Orders, c-o Advantage, Stock, London." They should give in each case in addition to the name and postal or telegraphic address of the applicant the quantity and description of the goods comprised in the order and the name and address of the ultimate consignee if the goods are destined for a neutral country. In the case of orders from Allied or British Territory or from Territory in the occupation of troops of the Associated Governments, the consignee need not be stated; and it will be sufficient merely to give the country of destination. A reply of 24 words (1s.-3/7.) must be prepaid.

Applicants are requested in their own interest to confine their enquiries to orders needing a very urgent decision, since the fewer the enquiries the more promptly can answers be given.

Any subsequent correspondence that is necessary in connection with the telegraphic enquiries should be addressed to the Comptroller General, Department of Overseas Trade (Export Facilities Section), 35, Old Queen Street, Westminster, S. W. 1.

Transshipment in the United Kingdom.

The provisional approval of the Import and Export Section, Board of Trade, should be obtained before the following goods are brought to this country for transshipment —

Bacon, ham and lard of all kinds.

Butter and cheese.

Cereals on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

Animal feeding stuffs on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

Seeds, oils and fats on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

It is not now necessary to make application to the Collector of Customs at the transshipment ports on Form S. 90 for the transshipment of any goods except those specified in the following list:—

Foodstuffs for animal or human consumption which are on Section "A" or "B" of the list of prohibited exports (including tea and cocoa).

Seeds, oils and fats on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

Synthetic dyestuffs

Ergot.

Quinine sulphate

Caustic potash.

Potassium carbonate

Wool-tops and mixtures thereof

Woollen and worsted yarn and mixtures thereof

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

The 6th March 1920

No. 1927-D—In exercise of the power conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to exempt nitrate of ammonia from import duty leviable thereon under item No. 93 of schedule II, Part IV, of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), as subsequently amended.

CUSTOMS—ESTABLISHMENT

The 6th March 1920

No. 1852-D—Mr. J. A. E. Burrup, O.B.E., I.S.O., an Assistant Collector of Customs at Calcutta, has been granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-four days, with effect from the 18th February 1920, preparatory to retirement from the 11th April 1920.

No. 1853-D—Mr. W. H. Carter, I.C.S., an officiating Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service has been granted privilege leave for four months and fifteen days with effect from the 21st January 1920, in combination with furlough for five months and sixteen days.

A. H. J. LEY,

Secretary to the Govt. of India

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Legislative Department, and published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 6th March 1920, are republished for general information

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 2nd March 1920

No. 27.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (6) of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor-General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendment in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General (in the said Act referred to as the Indian Legislative Council) published under Notification No. 61 of the

Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated the 14th November 1912, as subsequently amended, namely:—

For the second proviso to Regulation X (1) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“Provided further that the Governor General may, by notification as aforesaid, extend the term of office of Additional Members or any Additional Member of the Council up to such date as the Governor General in Council may, under section 47 (2) of the Government of India Act, 1919, appoint for the coming into operation of the provisions of the said Act constituting the Council.”

No. 29.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (4) of section 74 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo 5, Ch. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendment in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal, published under notification No. 65 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated the 21st November 1912, as subsequently amended, namely:—

For the second proviso to Regulation X (1) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“Provided further that the Governor may, by notification as aforesaid, extend the term of office of Additional Members or any Additional Member of the Council up to such date as the Governor General in Council may, under section 47 (2) of the Government of India Act, 1919, appoint for the coming into operation of the provisions of the said Act constituting the Council.”

A. P. MUDDIMAN,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 6th March 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Delhi, the 5th March 1920.

No. 196.—Lieutenant-Colonel D. McCay, M.D., I.M.S., officiating Professor of Materia Medica and Clinical Medicine, Medical College, Calcutta, and Second Physician, Medical College Hospitals, is granted, with effect from the 15th March 1920 or any subsequent date he avails himself of it, combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave for five months and thirteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department, letter No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and thereafter furlough under article 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations and the Government of India Resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 197.—Major J. D. Sandes, M.B., I.M.S., Surgeon to His Excellency the Governor of Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Professor of Materia Medica and Clinical Medicine, Medical College, Calcutta, and Second Physician, Medical College Hospitals, during the absence, on leave, of Lieutenant-Colonel McCay, M.D., I.M.S., until further orders.

H. McPHERSON,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated 6th March 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 1st March 1920.

No. 865 Est. A.—The Honourable Sir John Wood, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Political Secretary to the Government of India, was granted privilege leave for four months and seventeen days, combined with commuted furlough for four months and ordinary furlough for one month and ten days, under articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 22nd February 1919.

Notification No. 869-Est. A., dated the 12th March 1919, is hereby cancelled.

H. R. C. DOBBS,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department, and published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 6th March 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

SEPARATE REVENUE. EXCESS PROFITS DUTY.

Delhi, the 5th March 1920.

No. 740-F.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 18, sub-section (1) of the Excess Profits Duty Act, 1919 (X of 1919), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Excess Profits Duty Rules, 1919, namely :—

In sub-rule (1) of rule 18 of the said rules, before the words "the Board" in both places where they occur, the words "the Chief Revenue Authority or" shall be inserted.

J. E. C. JUKES,
Joint Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Board of Industries and Munitions, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 6th March 1920, is republished for general information.

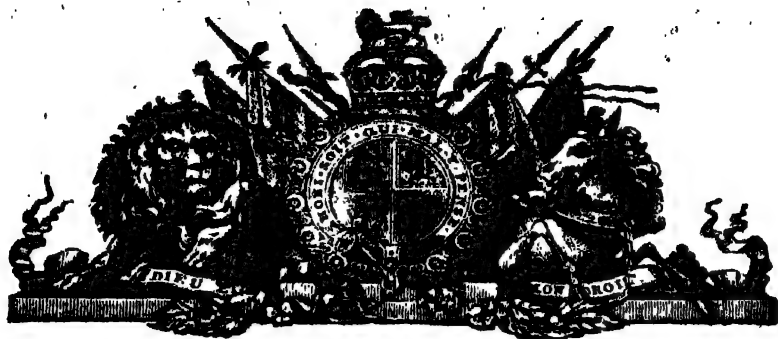
H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 3rd March 1920.

No. E-261.—The services of Mr. G. H. W. Davies, I.C.S., Controller (Industrial Intelligence), Delhi, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the afternoon of the 1st March 1920.

F. R. R. RUDMAN,
Secretary, Board of Industries and Munitions.



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WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1920.

PART IB.

Orders by the Governor of Bengal in Council.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 633M.—The 8th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. C. L. Thomson to be a Commissioner of the Titagarh Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Mr. E. C. Cuthbert, resigned.

No. 635M.—The 8th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Titagarh Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, under section 27 of that Act, electing Mr. J. W. A. Simpson to be Chairman of that Municipality, *vice* Mr. T. H. Laird, resigned.

No. 639M.—The 9th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 9A of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to alter the number of the Commissioners of the Chandpur Municipality, in the district of Tippera, from 12 to 18.

2. The Governor in Council is also pleased, in exercise of the power conferred by section 15 of the said Act, and in modification of the Eastern Bengal and Assam Government notification No. 2809F., dated the 27th March 1907, and this Government notification No. 736T.M., dated the 2nd November 1916, to raise the number of Commissioners to be elected by Wards Nos. I and V of the said Municipality from 2 to 3 and by Wards Nos. II and III from 1 to 2.

No. 646M.—The 9th March 1920.—On the recommendation of the Commissioners of the South Barrackpore Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas, made at a meeting, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the municipality be henceforth called the Khardah Municipality.

No. 674M.—The 9th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1889 (Ben. Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Commissioners of the Nabadwip Municipality, in the district of Nadia:—

Babu Sati Nath Mukharji.
„ Arun Chandra Chatarji.
„ Sukumar Bhattacharji.
„ Kishore Mohan Chatarji.

No. 641 L.S.-G.—The 9th March 1920.—The following draft of an order which the Governor in Council intends to make under section 38 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act, 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on the 26th April 1920, and any objection or suggestion, which may be received by the undersigned through the Magistrate of the district before that date, will be duly considered.

Draft Order.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 38 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to constitute the following group of manzars, in thana Kharba, in the district of Malda, into a union:—

Name of the District Board within whose jurisdiction the Union is constituted.	Name of Union.	Number of members of which the Union Committee shall consist.	Names of manzars which constitute the Union, with their numbers in jurisdiction list.
Malda ...	Kaligram ...	7	Israil ... 37 Bagchara ... 160 Kaligram ... 162 Nagartala ... 165 Nabagram or Nagaban ... 166 Bisaria alias Bangasula ... 167 Nabagram ... 168 Bhagabatipur ... 177

2. In exercise of the power conferred by section 41 of the same Act, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that two of the members of the said Kaligram union committee shall be appointed by the Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division and five of them shall be elected as prescribed by section 39 of the Act.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

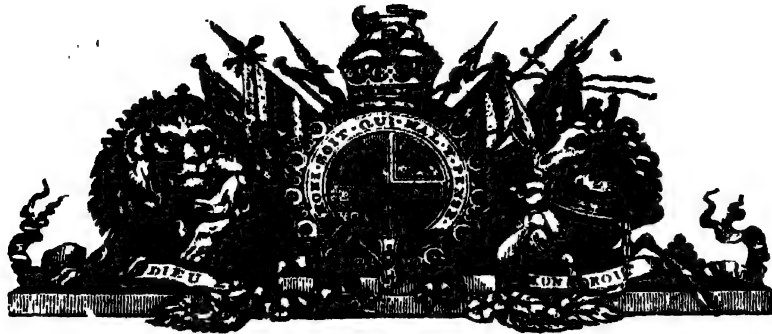
CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the General Committee having previously given notice of their intention of define the general line of buildings on Judge's Court Road between Gopalnagore Road and the Government Press buildings in Ward No. 23, and no objection having been received within 30 days from the date of the publication of such notice, made an order under section 350 (4) of Act III B.C. of 1899, on the 19th day of February 1920, defining the said line in accordance with the plan approved by the General Committee on the 11th day of December 1919.

C. F. PAYNE, *Chairman of the Corporation.*

CENTRAL MUNICIPAL OFFICE, *the 8th March 1920.*



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PART IC.

Educational Notices.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS, CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

• NAMES of Munshis qualified to teach Urdu can be had on application to the undersigned. A complete list is published in the *Gazette of India* Part II.

O. F. JENKINS,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS, 1. COUNCIL HOUSE STREET,
CALCUTTA, the 31st October 1916.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The following students are re-awarded the vacant junior scholarships and stipends on the results of the Matriculation Examination of 1919 :—

[They take effect from the 1st June 1919 for two years.]

BURDWAN DIVISION.

Special scholarships of Rs. 10 a month for Muhammadans.

- 1 Sheikh Abdulla Mahaz ... Kirnahr Sibchandra High School.

PRESIDENCY DIVISION (INCLUDING CALCUTTA TOWN).

Mohsin stipends of Rs. 5 a month each.

- 1 Mohamad Abul Hasan ... Calcutta Madrasah.

BURDWAN DIVISION.

- 1 Abdul Wajed ... Konnagar High English School.
2 Sheikh Lutfar Rahoman ... Labpur J. L. High School.

DACCA DIVISION.

- 1 Syed Abul Fattah ... Barisal Zilla School.

CHITTAGONG DIVISION.

- 1 Khaja Ahamad ... Feni High School.

RAJSHAHI DIVISION.

- 1 Sheikh Kader Bakhsh ... Malda Zilla School.

SPECIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FOR GIRLS.

Two of Rs. 15 a month each.

- 1 Lilamayi Das Gupta ... Vidyamayee High School for Girls,
Mymensingh.
2 Sushama Sen Gupta ... Eden High School for Girls, Dacca.

Three of Rs. 10 each.

- 1 Jyotiprobha Ghosh ... Diocesan Collegiate School.
2 Amiya Bose ... Ditto.
3 Satadol Das ... U. F. C. Training and High School.

J. W. GUNN,

Asst. Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 28th February 1920.

NOTICE.**BENGAL VETERINARY COLLEGE.**

CANDIDATES for admission into the Bengal Veterinary College should be present at the College at Belgachia, Calcutta, with necessary certificates, in original, as required in the rules, at 10 A.M. on 15th April 1920. Rules will be supplied free on application.

A. SMITH, COLONEL,

Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.

BELGACHIA, the 26th February 1920.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.**NOTIFICATION.****Orders by the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate.**

THE undermentioned candidates have passed the D. P. H. Examination held in January 1920 :—

(Arranged alphabetically.)

1. Brahmachari, Bipinbehari.
2. Das, Jabarlal.

A. C. BOSE, *Controller of Examinations.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 8th March 1920.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.**NOTICE.**

THE Preliminary Examination in Law in July 1920 will be held on Monday, the 5th July 1920, and following days.

The Intermediate Examination in Law in July 1920 will be held on Monday, the 12th July 1920, and following days.

The Final Examination in Law in July 1920 will be held on Monday, the 19th July 1920, and following days.

Applications and fees for admission to the examinations should reach the office of the Controller of Examinations on or before the 5th June 1920.

A. C. BOSE,

Controller of Examinations.

SENATE HOUSE, *the 5th March 1920.*

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.**NOTIFICATION.**

THE undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the examination for the Degree of Master of Law, 1919.

First class.

Chattopadhyay, Asiranjan.

Second class.

Dasgupta, Jitendranath.

By order of the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate.

A. C. BOSE,

Controller of Examinations

SENATE HOUSE, *the 8th March 1920.*



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1920.

PART II.

Advertisements.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz. the 12th March 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Nadia will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadr jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3129	Begamabad, pargana Begamabad.	Rs. A. P.	No	Annae 3 piee 8 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Devendra Narayan Singha.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Attached under order of Sub-Judgo of Krishnagar in his money executi on case No. 5 of 1917.
		.....				2,375 15 0	.....	376 0 0	

Krishnagar, the 13th February 1920.

M. N. BHATTACHARJI, for Collector.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 12th January 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
314	Ph. Batitaki, mahal Phulcheri.	Rs. A. P. 1,602 3 0	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1, 3, 8, 4, 6 only. The following mauzas will be sold— Mauza— Sitolatitaki. Abhoya Mukundapur. Astidanger. Baja. Bhatbarh. Bhuyan. Bhojpur. Chhatrisabotya. Dehuka. Dangarpara. Dasagram. Durgachak. Dharmuchak. Elagerha. Erhaidangar. Phulbheri. Garhgaria chak. Gurhl. Gobinda chak. Gobindapur. Gopal barh. Jamarla. Joti. Kalankichota. Karanji. Kalkachak. Kunarpore. Katal. Khagra-bheri. Khanda-bheri. Khursai. Lakhanda. Madhubarh. Mahamad chak. Mohamandi chak. Mosagun. Mukundapur hat. Palasidakhin. Radha Mohan chak. Ram chak. Ramdangar. Saibani. Simliya. Siruchak. Suriha. Squadhar chak. Srichandanpore. Tapia. Tala. Talaitha. Trilochanpur. v as 11 gds 1 kt. 1 dt. share each of the above mauzas will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Srimatya Ramani Moni Dasl, guardian of Amulya Chandra Jana and another, minors.	Rs. A. P. 954 3 3	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 73 2 3	Rs. A. P.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that, unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 28th March 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th June at 12 o'clock for the said arrears :—

N. B.—When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
214	Ph. Batitaki, m. Phulbheri.	Rs. A. P. 1,602 3 0	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 only. Sa. fig. 1 kt. 1 dt. share of the following such of the mauzas will be sold :— Mausas Sidbatikali, Abboysamunda- pur, Astidangar, B. ja. Bhatbarh, Bhayan, Bhojpur, Chattrisbetya, Dahika, Dangarpura, Dasagram, Durgao ak, Jharmachak, Klagorya, Braidangar, Bulbheri, Garhgerhya- chak, Guruli, Gobindachak, Gobinda- pur, Gopalbarh, Jamaria, Joti, Kalankichhita, Karanji, Kalikachak, Kusarpur, Korai, Khagrabheri, Khondarbheri, Khursai, Lakshanda, Madhubarh, Mahabudchak, Maha- nandibhak, Masagna, Mukuundapurhat, Palasidakhin, Bodhamahonchak, Ram- chak, Bamdangar, Raibani, Simulya, Seruchak, Suriba, Senadharobak, Srihandanpur, Tapais, Taia, Talaiaha, Trilochanpur. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Ramani Mani Dasiguardian of Amulya Chandra Jais and another minor.	Rs. A. P. 954 3 2	.....	Rs. A. P. 828 5 0	.....
2245	Ph. Sabang, m. Mo'ar.	1,302 1 0	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. No. 1. Sa share of the estate will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Krishna Das Mondal and another.	651 0 6	.....	112 0 0	.....

Midnapore, the 17th February 1920.

A. W. COOK, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate and shares of estates in the district of Tippera will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920, at 12 o'clock, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2620	Debara Charipara mauza, ph. Bardakhat Meadi Pattani Taluq.	Rs. A. P. 1,707 8 7	Whole ...	.....	Nabin Chandra Bhadra	Rs. A. P. ...	Rs. A. P. 74 14 2	...
2703	Daulatpur Jowar, ph. Bardakhat Tape Kurikhal.	2,427 10 2	Do. ...	.....	Hrebad Ali ...	...	1,146 13 10	...
2704	Dhanapati Khala Jowar, ph. Bardakhat.	2,616 0 0	Do. ...	.....	Ram Gopal De ...	...	230 11 6	...
2723	Tinobita Jowar, ph. Bardakhat.	940 8 9	Do. ...	.....	Jagabandhu Sur	...	411 4 11	...
2724	Tamptaputia Jowar, ph. Bardakhat.	2,529 5 6	Do. ...	.....	Bala Gudi Bhuia	...	225 9 10	...

Comilla, the 17th February 1920.

D. H. WARE, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Midnapore, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
818	Ph. Batitaki, m. Paigirya.	630 1 8	Entire ..	.....	Jotindra Behari Datta and others.	.....	16 5 6	.....
1014	Ph. Kosijorah, m. Rajuagar.	1,100 12 8 (including Police).	.....	Residuary share, excluding S. A. Nos. 1 to 4. 11a. Bgd. 3c. 2kt. share of the estate will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandhuri Dwarika Nath Maitly and others.	776 4 5 (including police.)	.....	0 10 10
2061	Ph. Protaphoon, m. Kotibarah.	6,339 9 9	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 only. The following shares of the mauzas will be sold :— Mauza— <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> Aladi chak Adam chak Anna Bighanbar Brahim chak Belchak Bhairabdundi Farid chak Gangra Gobardhanpur Gobinda chak Gokulpur Gopal chak Ghorasalya chak Husen chak Jambo Joki chak Kankai Kulika chak Kumb chak Kotabari Kharua Lachibbar Narsingpur Nryantalya Oyad chak Ondpur chak Paschim Sal Purnasattampur Raghunathpur Rangl chak Rambo Raja chak Sat Sanda Sultan chak Taghori Unuun Krishnapur </div> <div> A. GDS. 0 14 2 0 14 2 4 14 2 4 14 2 4 14 2 8 4 2 0 14 2 8 9 2 4 14 2 3 4 2 1 9 2 3 4 2 3 4 2 5 9 2 5 9 2 0 14 2 5 9 2 5 9 2 4 14 2 1 9 2 5 9 2 1 9 2 5 9 2 1 9 2 4 14 2 1 9 2 0 14 2 4 14 2 0 14 2 6 4 2 1 9 2 </div> </div> All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandhuri Badha Nath Pahari and others.	1,174 1 8	.....	281 9 11 (September 1919 and January 1920).
2427	Ph. Sahapur, m. Hasimpur.	1,013 10 6 (including police.)	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1 and 2 only. The following shares of the mauzas will be sold :— Ma. sa— <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> Aliaagar Gourang Begulid Onak Kumer Hasimpur Barnachota Nij Hasimpur Turadighi </div> <div> A. 16 16 16 16 16 16 </div> </div> All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Bhabataran Das and others.	708 8 10	.....	9 15 7

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Burdwan will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands for January 1920 kist, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
19	Gidhagram, pargana Archa.	Ra. A. P. 7,810 5 0	...	Residuary share 7as 17gds. 3k. 1 danti is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Soudamini Dasi and others.	Ra. A. P. 2,804 5 0	...	Ra. A. P. 4 14 3
31	Mahata, pargana Begha.	11,677 0 0	...	Residuary share 13na. 16gds. 1k. 2danti is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Madhub Lal Misra and others.	10,081 9 9	.....	941 8 4
78	Nazampur, etc., pargana Samarsahi.	1,159 6 8	Whole estate is to be sold.	.....	Brojendra Lal Das and others.	.....	284 4 1	.....
5170	Dahinkadanga, pargana Bahabad.	6,421 15 3	...	Residuary share 8 annas is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Mou Mohini Dasi	3,210 15 3	.....	1,197 10 7

Burdwan, the 19th February 1920.

M. H. B. LETBRIDGE, Collector.

Notification of sale.

NOTICE is hereby given under Sections 6 and 13 of the Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of 24-Parganas, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
306	Dehi Medan molla, pargana Medan-molla.	Ra. A. P. 1,303 1 0	Whole estate.	.....	Lotful Khabir and others.	...	Ra. A. P. 398 5 04	-
487	Abad Simulberia and others, Pargana Ponchar-kul.	340 3 6	Do	.....	Abdar Rahaman Khan	...	243 10 3	...

Alipore, the 21st February 1920.

HEM CHANDRA CHATTERJI, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 18, Act XI of 1859, read with section 11 of Act, VII (B.C.) of 1868, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Noakhali will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 28th March 1920 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

N.B.—When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		RS. A. P.		<i>Khas Mahal Tenures.</i>		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
1674	Nalchira, Tenure No. 1	14,517 14 0	Whole ...	.....	Mouazzam Hossain Ohoudhuri.	.....	Rent— 7,338 15 0 Oom— 475 15 0 7,734 14 0	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No. 1.	2,999 7 0	Do. ...	.....	Srimati Asmalesona Ohoudhurani.	.....	Rent— 1,218 9 6 Oom— 53 0 0 1,301 9 6	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No. 24.	618 6 0	Do. ...	.....	Gagan Chandra Shikder and others.	.....	Rent— 271 3 0 Oom— 23 4 0 294 7 0	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure 40.	502 9 0	Do. ...	.....	Henu Mea and others ...	.....	Rent— 204 7 0 Oom— 18 2 0 222 9 0	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No. 52.	1,139 11 0	Do. ...	.....	Ditto ...	.....	Rent— 450 2 0 Oom— 28 11 6 488 13 6	.....
1686	Char Alexandra, Tenure No. 1.	761 4 0	Do. ...	.....	Serawal Huq Mea and others.	.....	Rent— 309 4 0 Oom— 28 8 0 347 12 0	.....

Noakhali, the 16th February 1920.

R. M. DAS, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 6 and 18, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Jessore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 24th March 1920, at noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		RS. A. P.		A. G. O. K.		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
5041-1	Dihl Karara pargana Rajpur.	.....	No.	15 3 1 1	Rai Kamalini Debys and others.	598 12 9	.....	55 9 54

Jessore, the 17th February 1920.

J. C. MAZUMBAR, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Pabna will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 24th March 1920, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue—

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Taxal number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Ra. A. P.				Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.
1	Dohi Bhadrachhat, pargana Isufshahi.	1,961 8 0	Whole ...	.....	Aghore Kumar Gangopadhyaya.	.....	854 0 0	.....
305	Chak Gobindapur, pargana Katormahal.	1,560 0 0	.....	* Residuary share 6 aa. 1 gd. 2 c. 2 kg. 13½ till share of (1) Beldakumar, (2) Durgaram Bakshi chak kismat, Paudha, (3) Gareswar kismat, (4) Ghoregram kismat, with chak Haidampur, 8 aa. 16 gds. 2 c. 2 k. 13½ till of Gobindapur chak. 1 n. 13 gds. 1 c. 1 kg. 8½ till share of Shajnai with chak Frankrishna Sidhanta.	Suresh Chandra Lahiri and others.	602 12 0	.....	20 11 3
104	Pargana Islampur...	24,329 3 0 Police. 270 15 0	.....	* S. A. No. 2, 2 aa. 15 gds. 1 c. 1 kt. share of the estate Arkandi, Akashandiar Banan Pansari alias Narayanpur, Bhawanathpur, Bakhanpur, Lakshmipur, Mukarimpur diara.	Devendra Narayan Singh.	4,054 12 3 Police. 45 3 0	.....	1,516 11 9 Police. 12 7 0
104	Ditto ...	24,329 3 0 Police. 270 15 0	.....	* S. A. No. 3, 2 aa. 15 gds. 1 c. 1 kt. share of the estate.	Narendra Narayan Singha	4,054 12 3 Police. 45 3 0	.....	286 4 9
115	T. Bhanera, pargana Basurash Namurpur.	916 15 0	.....	* Residuary share, 16 aa. share of Jamua, Dharua and Mahadipur and Joto Khalsa.	Jahedali Khan and others.	662 7 0	.....	57 15 9

* All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.

Pabna, the 12th February 1920.

S. C. SEN, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Dinajpur, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Taxal number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Ra. A. P.				Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.
180	Estate Kochur, pargana Nataman, (কোচুর ঝড়ি)	778 1 4	Yes ...	.....	Kumar Bauwari Mukunda Deb.	.....	137 0 0	.....

H. U. BLUMFIELD, Collector.

Dinajpur Collectorate, the 20th February 1920.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, read with section 11 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1868, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Noakhali will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 A.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue :—

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
14	Sundwip Hisey 4a. 2g. 1k., tarap Bhabani Uharap, pargana Sundwip.	Rs. A. P. 19,398 6 10	Share ...	Separate account No. 1, Hisey 2 a. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandra Sekher Datta Towari and others.	Rs. A. P. 2,424 12 5	.....	Land Revenue— 622 3 7 Cem— 692 3 0 1315 6 7
208	Suk Char, pargana Zazira.	2,094 0 0	Whole ...	.....	Sadulla as father guardian of Asol Huq and others.	.....	Land revenue— 41 10 0 Cem— 600 1 3 641 11 3	.....
210	Nis Sundwip, pargana Sundwip.	22,435 0 0	Share ...	Separate account No. 1, Hisey 1 a. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandra Sekher Datta Towari and others.	1,402 3 0	.....	Land Revenue— 438 2 6 Cem— 216 3 4 654 5 10
1582	Thak Muklad Sola aus.	1,095 4 0	Whole ...	.....	Dhirm Sanker Datta Towari and others.	.....	Land revenue— 0 6 7 Cem— 7 13 1 8 20 8	.....

Noakhali, the 16th February 1920.

R. M. DAS, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Nadia will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
491 2	Badipur, pargana Rajpur.	Rs. A. P.	No ...	2 a. 18 gds. 1 c. and 1 kranti. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Deb Kumari Das, executrix to the estate of Purna Chandra Mustafi and Tarak Das Das, mother, on behalf of Kuli Das Pal and others, minors.	Rs. A. P. 2,042 15 8	.....	182 10 6
491 6	Ditto ...	..	No ...	1 a. 6 gds. 2 ca 3 kranti. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	1. Deb Kumari Das, executrix to the estate of Purna Chandra Mustafi. 2. Barak Chandra Mustafi and others.	1,591 15 10	.....	92 15 7
871	Nandopara, pargana Bahausal.	976 0 0	Whole ...	.....	Siva Sundari Dasya ...	.....	207 0 0	.....

Krishnagar, the 13th February 1920.

M. N. BHATTACHARYA, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Birbhum will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 12 A.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tasul number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
4	Birbhum, pargana Sen- blum.	Rs. A. P. 41,218 1 9	.....	Separate account No. 30, 4gds. 1c. 7 dautis, share of mauza Itaipur, Radhanagar, Jungli Chawpahari, and Junglekati Lalaganj, 1 gd. 3 cs. 8 kgs. 5 lbs, share of mauza Gobindapur, Bahadurganj, Nawabad, Maigora and Simulla chak and 4 acs. sh. s of Mohuli, Kheriapara Abhirampur, Baranahpur, Nalainpur, Birahim chak, Pirojpur, Khanpur, alias Anpur, Kasimnagar, Hawalpur, chak Bahari and Gaji danga. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from sale.	Prmananda Singha and others.	Rs. A. P. 704 15 11	.....	Rs. A. P. 306 1 1
21	Purandarpur, pargana Purandarpur.	Rs. A. P. 5,307 6 0	.....	Residual share, 2as, 10gds, share of the whole estate except S. A. Nos. 1 to 6. All other shares and others than that specified will be excluded from sale.	Nritiya Gopal Bhatta- charji and others.	Rs. A. P. 985 8 3	.....	Rs. A. P. 39 5 7

Suri, the 21st February 1920.

H. C. Bose, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate and shares of estates in the district of Rajshahi, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 11 A.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tasul No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1846	Jaisindhu, pargana Jaisindhu.	Rs. A. P. Land revenue— 1,302 3 0 Police revenue— 12 1 0 Total — 1,314 3 0	Yes	.....	Satish Chandra Khan and others.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. Land revenue— 17 5 1 Cess— 68 6 11 85 12 0	Rs. A. P.

Rajshahi, the 2nd March 1920.

U. P. GUHA, Offg. Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 15th March 1920 at 12 A.M., for arrears of revenue defaulted during the kist ending the 26th December 1919 and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share—

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
41	Th. Satkania, (f. Abul Fazal.	648 3 7	Whole ...	.....	Abdul Wahed Khan and others.	.....	291 7 6	.....
396	Th. Town and Sitakund, (f. Bakshali.	985 14 0	Share ...	Residuary share with extent of interest, 10a. 4p. 17kts. will be sold.	Jagral Chaudhuri and others.	608 3 0	.....	276 13 9
478	Th. Hathazari, Raozan, Patiya Town and Fatickcheri, (f. Brindaban Chaudhuri.	2,468 9 7	Do. ...	Residuary share with an extent of interest 6as. will be sold.	Himangshu Bimal Rai and others.	922 8 6	.....	466
643	Th. Raozan, (f. Fathesing.	2,268 5 0	Whole ..	.....	Sm. Mathuria Dehya for minor son Raj Nayan Hazari.	.....	393 7 6	.....
1143	Th. Satkania, (f. mauza Harim, (f. Maugat Nam Hazari.	692 13 0	Do. ...	.....	Md. Latu Bahaddar ...	.....	238 0 3	.....
1238	Th. Patiya, Hathazari, Raozan and Town, (f. Inas Aup.	2,265 15 8	Share ..	Residuary share with an extent of interest, 10 as. 8 p. will be sold.	Ramdhon Choudhuri and others.	1,508 8 10	.....	289 14 6
1242	Th. Satkania, Banskhal, Patiya O. S. Anwara, (f. Dumabakshu.	697 0 6	Whole ...	.....	Abdul Haup Khan and another.	.....	316 11 10	.....
1749	Th. Patiya and Satkania, (f. Muhammad Ali and Rostun Ali.	3,483 3 6	Share ...	Residuary share with an extent of interest 6 as. will be sold.	Dhirendra Lal Gupta for self and for Suchindra Kumar Gupta and others.	1,306 3 4	.....	591 13 10
1479	Ditto ...	3,483 3 6	Do. ...	Share No. 3 Upendra Lal Gupta and others to the extent of interest 4 as. will be sold.	Upendra Lal Gupta self and for Banenka Shekar Gupta and others.	1,306 3 4	.....	591 13 9
1934	Th. Satkania, Miswari, Hathazari, Patiya, Raozan, Town Rengonia, Banskhal and Sitakunda, (f. Md. Arshad Syed.	942 8 0	Whole ...	.....	Bidhu Bhawan Rai and others.	.....	210 2 0	.....
20175	Th. Ramoo, M. Mithachari, (f. Md. Kalsoo and Kamarii.	518 5 5	Do. ...	.....	Sarada Kripa Lala ...	.....	226 12 2	.....
23341	Th. Chakaria, M. Dulabazra Fakir, (f. Keshi Chandra Son son of late Debi Das Sen, of Gairala.	1,055 3 0	Do. ...	.....	Asgar Ali Sikdar and others.	.....	362 11 6	.....

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Faridpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 11 A.M. for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
250	Panchash Hazari, pargana Kasim-nagar.	3,682 7 0	Whole ...	.....	Surendra Nath Saha and others.	.....	115 7 0	.....
2436	Zamindari Thakur Das, Ram Das Goswami, pargana Matadr.	42,633 7 4	No ...	Residuary or separate account No. 2 to the extent of 6 annas share of the estate. The following shares of the above estate are excluded from sale— Separate account No. 1, 6 annas share Ditto " 3, 2 " " Ditto " 4, 2 " "	Narendra Krishna Chakraverty, son of goddess Bhubaneswari, Debi, Shibalinga Shaligram, Chandra Bigrana and others.	15,967 8 9	.....	2,803 11 11
2438	Ditto ..	42,633 7 4	No ...	Separate account No. 4 to the extent of 2 annas share of the estate. The following shares of the above estate are excluded from sale— Residuary or separate account No. 2, 6 annas share. Separate account No. 1, 6 annas share Ditto " 3, 2 " "	Jogendra Nath Saha Choudhury and others.	5,529 2 11	.....	934 8 10
6448	Tazpur, pargana Jalalpur.	960 0 0	Whole	.....	Messer Howladar and others.	.....	235 0 0	.....

B. K. GHOSH, for collector.

Faridpur, the 12th February 1920.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Hugli, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920 at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
152	Mallik Hazi, pargana Boro.	2,826 13 0	Nil ...	4as. 19gda.	Ashutosh Goswami and 4 others.	777 0 4	Nil ...	76 8 7
4092	Kalupukhuri, pargana Jahanabad.	18,518 6 0	Do. ...	3as. 18gda. 1c. 1k. share of entire estate except mauza Kalupukhuri, Dobkhandia and Mamudpore.	Nagendra Nath Roy and 3 others.	1,708 3 11	Do. ...	80 7 6

Hugli Collectorate, the 14th February 1920.

K. L. MOOKERJI, for Collector.

Notice of Sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XIV of 1859, read with Act VII (B. C.) of 1868 and Act II (B. C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk, within the Cox's Bazar khas mehal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919 :—

No. of tenure.	Name of mauza, thana and mahal.	Name of talukdar.	SADAR JAMA.		AMOUNT OF ARREARS FOR WHICH THE TENURE IS TO BE SOLD.		
			Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
159 3	Thana Teknaf, mauza Teknaf, Noabad taluk Fatch Chowdhuri.	Srimati Khema Chowdhuria and Srimati Nishakeh Chowdhuria, daughter of Thaw Chowdhuri of Teknaf.	Rs. A. P. 1,374 1 3	Rs. A. P. 88 15 0	Rs. A. P. 429 11 0	Rs. A. P. 22 8 0	Rs. A. P. 462 3 0
309 5	Thana Teknaf, mauza Lengurbi, Noabad taluk Thaw Chowdhuri.	Iditto	796 0 0	44 4 6	300 0 0	16 2 4	216 2 4
49-94	Thana Ramco, mauza Patili Masakhali, Noabad taluk Kar Mohammed.	Chandra Kumar Palit, son of Gobardhan Palit, of Sarta.	910 5 0	35 10 3	570 11 6	30 9 0	621 4 6
72-101	Thana Jamco, mauza Patili, Masakhali, Noabad taluk Samad Ali.	Nur Muhammad, son of Harban Ali Chowdhuri, of Patili Masakhali.	901 2 0	101 0 6	389 7 0	32 11 6	322 2 6
90-122	Thana Ramco, mauza Kharulla, Noabad taluk Hakeha Ali.	Wazed Ali Chowdhuri, Sher Ali Chowdhuri, sons of, and Srimati Rohimnusa Chowdhuria, daughter of Mohabat Ali Chowdhuri of Jaldi, thana Beukhali.	688 9 0	44 6 9	280 5 6	37 11 6	318 1 0
393 308	Thana Chakaria, mauza Baraitali, Noabad taluk Ali Mohamed.	Sarada Kripa Lala, son of Pranhari Lala, of Papadia.	4,559 12 0	882 2 3	439 15 0	107 3 0	1,247 2 0
394 307	Thana Chakaria, mauza Harbhag, Noabad taluk Mobarok Ali.	Sher Ali Khan, son of Ajamala Khan, of Harbhag.	929 14 0	85 9 0	232 8 0	31 0 0	962 8 0
395 306	Thana Chakaria, mauza Harbhag, Noabad taluk Lal Mohamed.	Nural Huda Khan, Shamsul Huda Khan, minor son of Srimati Joybad Khatun, Srimati Terhas Khatun, minor daughter of Sultan Amir Ali Khan, guardianship of his uncle Soleman Khan, son of Ajamala Khan, of Harbhag, and another.	1,486 14 0	155 1 6	185 14 0	25 5 9	211 3 9

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Notice of Sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6 of Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluks within the Satkania khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919 :—

Number.	Name of mauza, thana and mahal.	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA.		AMOUNT OF ARREARS FOR WHICH THE TENURE IS TO BE SOLD.		
			Rent.	Cesses.	Rent.	Cesses.	Total.
3 403	Thana Barakhali, mauza Panchakumhari Noabad, taluk Mobaraki and Baksh Ali.	Keramat Ali Chowdhury, son of Anowar Ali Chowdhury, of Fatchuri and Sherat Khan of Harbhag.	Rs. A. P. 3,125 0 0	Rs. A. P. 462 0 6	Rs. A. P. 781 4 0	Rs. A. P. 115 8 6	Rs. A. P. 390 13 6
5416 4766	Thana Satkania, mauza Barakhali, mahal Noabad, taluk Lal Md. Daroga.	Sarada Kripa Lala and Girija Kripa Lala, sons of Pran Hari Lala, of Popsalia.	1,052 12 0	144 9 9	25 13 0	36 0 3	121 12 3
5674 5043	Thana Satkania, mauza Fakharchanda, mahal Noabad, taluk Nilmasi.	Srimati Biabibi Chowdhuria, wife of Abdul Bari Khan and Abdul Rouf Khan, of Garungia, Jagat Chandra Bhattacharyj of Onahata.	651 10 0	109 1 0	407 4 3	68 2 6	475 6 9
5839 5617	Thana Satkania, mauza Charamba, mahal Noabad, taluk Kalikintar.	Kalles Chandra Chowdhury, Purna Chandra Chowdhury, sons of Ram Haran Chowdhury and Pran Hari Chowdhury of Charamba.	1,965 12 0	147 10 3	478 4 6	26 14 8	515 3 0

Chittagong, 28th January 1920.

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluks within the Sadar khas mahal in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 16th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 26th December 1919 :—

Serial No.	Number of taluk.	Name of taluk with its situation.	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA.		ARREAR.		
				Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
1	646 No. 184	Thana Town mauza Bakalia, taluk Ahmad Ali	Munshi Mosharaf Ali and Abdul Aziz and others.	Rs. A. P. 1,756 4	Rs. A. P. 222 9 6	Rs. A. P. 7 5 2	Rs. A. P. 52 12 2	Rs. A. P. 60 1 6
2	4520 33894 649	Thana Mirmeai, mauza Joypur-bajour, taluk Aminullah.	Pr sanna Kumar Kar and Kail Kumar and others.	692 2	100 12 6	42 15 2	6 6 6	48 5 0
3	6573 32678	Thana Fatjokchery, mauza Juxkhole, taluk Kyerail Khan.	Sm Latifa Khatun Chowdhurani.	2,473 12	241 12 6	618 5 0	57 10 6	675 2 6

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868, Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within the Patiya khas mahal in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 16th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on 26th December 1919.

Number of taluks.	Name of tenure with situation.	Name of proprietor.	ANNUAL JAMA.		ARREAR.		
			Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
1			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
6748 6749 872	Thana Fatiga, mauza Dhopechari, taluk Keramat Ali and Kamalpur.	Khanapur Jnbaraj, son of Ramang Chalapuri of Benderban	644 0 0	177 5 0	211 0 0	44 6 0	255 6 0

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

Notice of sale for arrears of revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, read with Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 and Act II (B.C.) of 1871, that the undermentioned Noabad taluk within Roazan khas mahal, in the district of Chittagong, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 17th day of March 1920 for arrears of rent and cesses remaining unpaid on the 25th December 1919.

Serial No.	Number of taluk.	Name of taluk with its situation.	Name of proprietor.	SADAR JAMA.		ARREAR.		
				Rent.	Cess.	Rent.	Cess.	Total.
1	4449 31022	Mauza Debipur, Kadamtali thana, Rangpur mahal, Noabad taluk Kaluda Barui.	Ramesh Charan Roy and others.	Rs. A. P. 412 12 2	Rs. A. P. 51 2 2	Rs. A. P. 240 2 0	Rs. A. P. 12 12 6	Rs. A. P. 252 15 6

A. H. CLAYTON, Collector.

Chittagong, the 28th January 1920.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land no longer required by Government situated along the Ranaghat-Khulna Eastern Bengal Railway, in the district of Jessore, will be put up to sale at 12-30 o'clock on Friday, the 9th of April 1920, corresponding with the 27th Chaitra, 1326 B. S., at Bongaon subdivisional office.

The purchasers of the several plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavation on the land nearer than fifteen feet from the railway boundary or to plough the land nearer than three feet from the same.
- 2nd—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale reckoning the date of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.
- 4th—The plots of land will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders.
- 5th—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Commissioner confirming the sale.

Consentive lot No.	Name of District.	Pargana and mauza	Number of mile on which land is situated.	situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN HIGHER AND IN AOMER.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT		Commencement and termination of lot	Boundary of lot.
					B	X. C	Acres in decimal.	Reasons for exclusion		
1	Jessore...	Pargana Javpur, mauza Chhagharla	21 to 22	South ...	16	3	1.39	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2 South—By Khokra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
2	Do. ...	Ditto	23 to 24	Do. ...	29	1	9.61	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land. Khokra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Rajendra Nath Ghose's land, Rishbar Madak's bamboo garden, Khokra Nath Ray Chaudhury's jack fruit garden, Rishbar Madak's land, Narayan Biswas' land South—By Sati Mondal's land, Khokra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Rishbar Madak's land, Rajendra Nath Ghose's land, Matilal Ray Chaudhury's land, Rishbar Madak's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 3 West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 1.
3	Do. ...	Ditto	25 to 26	Do. ...	23	5	7.37	...	...	North—By Narayan Biswas' land, Bholanath Sardar's land, Mahim Sardar's land, Parkman Chatterji's plantain garden, Bhuvan Mondal's land, Narayan Mondal's land East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4 South—By Khokra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2.
4	Do. ...	Ditto	27 to 28	Do. ...	24	18	8	8.24	...	North—By Kamal Ray Chaudhury's land, Khokra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Adhar Biswas' land, Makhmal Ghose's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 6 South—By Sati Mondal's land, Narayan Mondal's land, Adhar Mondal's land, Keshab Sardar's land, Mohim Sardar's land, Khokra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
5	Do. ...	Ditto	29 to 30	Do. ...	14	0	1	4.63	...	North—By Matham Lal Ghose's land, Sarada Chandra Ray Chaudhury's land. East—By the Kodla river. South—By Jugendra Ghose's land, Bhim Sardar's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
6	Do. ...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Perajpur.	31 to 32	Do. ...	7	16	1	2.88	...	North—By Fakir Chand Kapell's land, Kedar Mondal's land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Kibar Mondal's land, Jhabdal Khunama's land and the river Kodla. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7. South—By Jhabdal Khondkar's land, Abad Mondal's land, Rajan Mondal's land, Jhabdal Khondkar's land, Fakir Chand Kapell's land. West—By the river Kodla.
7	Do. ...	Ditto	33 to 34	Do. ...	24	6	8	8.04	...	North—By Matham Mohan Biswas' land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Jhabdal Khunama's land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Natu Paramanik's land, Kedar Kapell's land, Abad Mondal's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8. South—By Jhabdal Khunama's land, Kaddu Mondal's land, Abad Mondal's land, Natu Paramanik's land, Fakir Chand Kapell's land, Kedar Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 5.

Cadastral lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. C.	Acres in decimals.	Reserves for exclusion.	Acres in decimals.		
8	Jessore...	Pargana Mulghat, mauza Pargapur.	22 to 23	South	21 13 3	7 24	...	...	...	North—By Nur Muhammad's bamboo garden, Jadedal Khannum's land, Karim Sah Fakir's land, Fakir Omda Sardar's land and bazar. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2. South—By Fakir Omda Kapali's land, Karim Baksa Saha's land, Jadedal Khondkar's land and Petrapole Bazar. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7.
9	Do ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do ...	7 13 11	2 64	...	...	...	North—By Bhuban Biswas' land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 10. South—By Haran Mondal's land, Nur Muhammad Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8.
10	Do ...	Pargana Mulghat, mauza Petrapole.	22 to 23	Do ...	9 12 3	2 26	...	...	...	North—By Haran Mondal's land, Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land. South—By Nur Muhammad Mondal's land, Haran Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 9.

Jessore, the 3rd February 1920.

J. K. BISWAS, for Collector.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 2nd March 1920.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
		Ra.	A. P.			Ra.	A. P.
Capital paid up	...	Rs. 2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities	...	7,66,72,867	0 0
Reserve Fund	...	Rs. 2,00,00,000	0 0	Other authorized investments	...	1,33,46,880	0 0
Transfer to special Reserve Fund for depreciation of investments,	...	25,00,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized securities	...	18,73,64,805	15 2
below	...	25,00,000	0 0	Accounts of credit on ditto	ditto	5,69,33,104	12 0
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	...	25,00,000	0 0	Bills discounted and purchased	...	4,19,16,006	5 2
Public deposits at Head Office	...	Rs. 9,23,54,946	3 8	Balances with other Banks	...	1,06,61,671	3 11
Ditto ditto at Branches	...	1,25,05,889	8 5	Bullion	...	...	...
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	81,22,07,953	6 5	Dead Stock	...	29,01,144	7 6
Bank Post Bills, etc.	...	27,74,845	4 4	Stamps	...	15,194	13 1
Sundries	...	45,20,891	8 10	Sundries	...	5,18,915	0 6
		46,48,64,025	15 8			34,08,20,584	9 10
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	...	Rs. 6,49,81,614	12 8
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	...	Rs. 5,90,02,821	8 9
						12,40,48,436	5 5
						46,48,64,025	15 3

* Includes Sovs & ½ Sovs.; value Rs. 2,39,490 0 0

† Do do do. " 5,01,837 8 0

Rs. 7,40,827 8 0

Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent.
Percentage 29.28BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 5th March 1920.C. M. TALLACK,
Chief Accountant.By order of the Directors,
N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(629—1)

**Statement of Government Promissory Notes enforced for payment of
Interest in London.**

Under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the books of the Bank of Bengal on the 29th February 1920.

Particulars.	3 per cent. of 1894-97.	2½ PER CENT. LOANS--					1 PER CENT.--	
		of 1842-43.	of 1864-65.	of 1885.	of 1878.	of 1900-01.	Terminable Loan of 1915-16.	Conversion Loan of 1916-17.
Balance of 15th February 1920	24,14,700	76,36,700	3,43,36,700	1,38,46,800	48,25,800	15,26,800	6,400	40,07,700
ADD--								
Amount of Loan certificate transferred to stock in London								
Amount issued in London by conversion under Notification No. 2901A., dated 3rd November 1908 to 2½ per cent. loans of 1900-01.								
Amount encased at Madras up to								
Amount encased at Bombay up to 31st February 1920								
Amount encased at Calcutta between 16th and 30th February 1920								
Total	24,14,700	76,36,700	3,43,36,700	1,38,46,800	48,25,800	15,26,800	6,400	40,07,700
DEDUCT--								
Amount written off in the London Register		1,25,500	3,09,100	1,86,900	3,28,900	41,000		
Balance on 28th February 1920	24,14,700	75,12,900	3,39,44,600	1,36,49,900	45,96,900	14,84,900	6,400	40,07,700

Particulars	INDIAN WAR LOAN—			SECOND INDIAN WAR LOAN—				Total.
	5 per cent. War Loan, 1928-27.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1929.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1932.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1931.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1932.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1933.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1933.	
Balance of 16th February 1930	80,850	21,750	9,79,525	2,975	1,900	12,400	7,59,950	7,04,79,550
ADD—								
Amount of Loan certificate transferred to stock in London								
Amount issued in London by conversion under Notification No. 3801A., dated 3rd November 1926 to 2½ per cent. loan of 1900-01								51,900
Amount encased at Madras up to								
Amount encased at Bombay up to 31st February 1930				100				100
Amount encased at Calcutta between 16th and 29th February 1930				2,000				2,000
Total	80,850	21,750	9,79,525	2,975	1,900	12,400	7,59,950	7,04,79,550
Deduct—								
Amount written off in the London Registers	2,000	800						2,800
Balance on 29th February 1930	77,850	20,950	9,79,525	2,975	1,900	12,400	7,59,950	7,04,79,550

Form.	From	9th June 1907 to 31st December 1910—	Refused from India.	13,514 Lacs : re-transferred from London	12,126 Lacs.
"	1st January 1920	" 15th January 1920	" " "	" " "	11 "
"	16th "	" 31st "	" " "	" " "	8 "
"	1st February	" 16th February	" " "	1 " "	21 "
"	16th "	" 29th "	" " "	" " "	10 "
				12,515 Lacs.	12,126 Lacs.

F. J. ROBINS,
for Superintendent.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 5th March 1920.

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.

Notice of Sale under Sections 118 and 119 of the Calcutta Port Act, III of 1890 B.C.

NOTICE is hereby given that the liability of the Commissioners for the undermentioned goods consigned to order as the undermentioned vessels has in terms of section 118 of the abovementioned Act ceased on the expiration of three clear days from the date of landing. Those goods accordingly remain on the Port Commissioners' premises at the sole risk and expense of the owners and if not cleared on or before the 27th March 1920, on payment of all charges due, will be sold by public auction:—

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
S.S. "Anchoria."			
2nd Dec. 1919 ...	S S in a triangle, 4 ...	1	Case merchandise (repaired and light).
4th " " ...	No mark ...	6	Iron valves (defective).
6th " " ...	Ditto ...	1	Crate merchandise (broken).
6th " " ...	E I R or nil ...	2	Packages merchandise (defective).
6th " " ...	No mark ...	16	Pieces iron material (rusty).
S.S. "Nankin."			
15th Dec. 1919 ...	C C & Sons, 6 ...	1	Package merchandise (defective).
10th " " ...	38299 in a diamond, S on top, S C on sides.	1	Case corks (defective).
15th " " ...	No mark ...	1	Than cloth (defective).
15th " " ...	Ditto ...	1	Blanket (defective.)
15th " " ...	Ditto ...	1	Packet brass or m'dise (defective).
15th " " ...	No mark ...	1	Packet iron screws (defective).
S.S. "Maharatta."			
3rd Nov. 1919 ...	R C B ...	1	Case merchandise (repaired).
S.S. "Macharda."			
21st Oct. 1919 ...	1718 in a diamond, 37 90480 ...	1	Package merchandise (defective).
21st " " ...	F G in a diamond, N below or nil ...	1	Case merchandise (broken).
21st " " ...	No mark ...	1	Case merchandise (broken).
18th " " ...	Ditto ...	3	Bundles shawls (not original).
18th " " ...	Ditto ...	4	Bags hardware.
18th " " ...	Ditto ...	2	Bundles tin plates (not original).
18th " " ...	Ditto ...	...	A quantity of loose tin plates.
18th " " ...	Ditto ...	...	A quantity of limestone.
21st " " ...	Ditto ...	2	Pieces iron pipe (rusty).
17th " " ...	Ditto ...	60	Bars square iron (rusty).
21st " " ...	Ditto ...	1	Crate ridging (broken).
21st " " ...	Ditto ...	3	Bundles galvanized plain sheets.

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SS. "Maoharda"—conold.			
21st Octr. 1919 ...	No mark	1	Piece galvanized corrugated sheet.
18th " " ...	Ditto	1	Piece steel sheet (bent and rusty).
18th " " ...	Various marks or nil	30	Bundles galvanized corrugated sheets.
18th " " ...	No mark	8	Pieces tanking plate (rusty).
21st " " ...	Ditto	2	Bags hardware (defective).
SS. "Ormara."			
25th Nov. 1919...	Nil or M M in a diamond	14	Bundles coir rope.
25th " " ...	No mark	108	ditto.
SS. "Mahanada."			
23rd Nov. 1919...	No mark	1	Coil wire.
23rd " " ...	24458 A in a diamond, S N on top	1	Bundle steel sheets (rusty).
23rd " " ...	No mark	27	Pieces angle iron (bent and rusty).
23rd " " ...	Ditto	6	Bars round iron (rusty)
SS. "City of Durham."			
15th Nov. 1919...	No mark	2	Thans cloth (defective).
15th " " ...	Ditto	7	Iron plates (rusty).
15th " " ...	Ditto	10	Bars flat iron (rusty).
15th " " ...	Ditto	14	Bars round iron (rusty).
15th " " ...	Ditto	7	Bundles flat iron (rusty).
15th " " ...	Ditto	1	Bundle steel sheets.
15th " " ...	G N B	21	Pieces iron plate (rusty).
15th " " ...	K K K	2	Pieces iron plate (rusty).
SS. "Glan Buchanan."			
11th Dec. 1919 ...	A Milton & Co. or F I A T in a diamond, or nil 14926.	1	Case (broken and empty).
10th " " ...	Wheeler in a parallelogram or nil below	2	Cases merchandise (broken).
13th " " ...	No mark	8	Sheets buttons.
SS. "Colaba."			
15th Jan. 1920 ...	Kumardubi in a diamond, I S on top, & Co. below, 4.	1	Case merchandise (defective).
SS. "Trafford Hall."			
8th Dec. 1920 ...	No mark	5	Pieces building material (rusty).
8th " " ...	Ditto	1	Bundle building material (rusty).
8th " " ...	Ditto	2	Bags hardware (torn).
8th " " ...	Ditto	6	Pieces wood.

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SS. "Trafford Hall"—concl'd.			
8th Dec. 1919 ...	No mark	3	Pieces square iron (bent and rusty).
9th " " ...	Ditto	85	Pieces round iron (bent and rusty).
8th " " ...	Ditto	1	Bent pipe.
8th " " ...	Ditto	2	Pieces plate (iron).
8th " " ...	E. I. R M Indt. 15 12128	1	Case merchandise (defective).
9th " " ...	E. I. R.	1	Bundle iron (rusty).
SS. "Chakrata."			
26th Nov. 1919...	No mark	9	Bags merchandise (loose).
18th " " ...	24036 in a diamond J M G M on top or nil.	19	Bundles galvanized corrugated sheets (not original).
SS. "Hogland."			
7th Jan. 1920...	K J B133 784 M C	1	Case merchandise (defective.)
8th " " ...	D H W P C 60, 111, 237, 241 ... 825	4	Bales paper (defective).
7th " " ...	No mark	5	Bales paper (defective).
7th " " ...	Ditto ... ..	...	A quantity of loose paper.
SS. "Clan Monroe."			
12th Jan. 1920 ...	D D or nil	1	Bag merchandise (defective).
12th " " ...	No mark	2	Bags ground nuts (torn).
12th " " ...	E I Ry.	1	Bundle sheet iron (defective).
12th " " ...	No mark	1	Casting (defective).
SS. "Malakand."			
28th Jan. 1920 ...	E M N V C IC or nil	1	Piece spelter (defective).
28th " " ...	No mark	5	Bars angle iron (bent and rusty).
28th " " ...	Do.	9	Bars T iron (bent and rusty.)
SS. "Nerbudda."			
6th Nov. 1919 ...	Nil	6	Casks (broken and empty).
6th " " ...	Do.	1	Bucket (defective).
SS. "Prinsepia Honda."			
10th Nov. 1919 ...	Nil	3	Packages merchandise (defective).
SS. "G. Apcar."			
9th Dec. 1919 ...	Star or nil	1	Bag stick lac (defective).

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SS. "Imani."			
8th Jan. 1920...	1678 10 in a diamond, G A on top, & Co. below.	1	Case merchandise (broken).
8th " " ...	Nil	1	Bundle coil wire (loose).
2nd " " ...	S & Co in a diamond, 1, 2, 3	3	Cases merchandise (defective).
8th " " ...	Nil	1	Piece rail.
8th " " ...	G C or nil	1	Bundle G C sheets (not original).
SS. "Astronomer."			
6th Dec. 1919...	E I R	3	Packages merchandise (defective).
8th " " ...	H S A G	2	Cases merchandise (broken).
5th " " ...	No mark	5	Bags merchandise (defective).
11th " " ...	Ditto	3	Bundles fish plates.
11th " " ...	Ditto ... ..	...	A quantity of loose fish plates.
5th " " ...	Ditto	5	Kegs paint (half empty).
11th " " ...	Ditto	68	Empty broken cases.
11th " " ...	Ditto	1	Keg (empty).
11th " " ...	Ditto	1	Coil wire.
SS. "City of Shanghai."			
29th Dec. 1919 ...	Nil Madras 2250	1	Case merchandise (broken).
29th " " ...	Fox, Madras	1	Ditto.
19th " " ...	H S A G 3-6, 10-16	11	Bundles cases merchandise (defective).
15th " " ...	H S A G 1, 2, 7, 8, 9	5	Cases merchandise (broken).
29th " " ...	Nil	12	Bundles flat iron (rusty).
29th " " ...	Nil ... ..	...	A quantity of scrap iron.
SS. "Matador."			
21st Nov. " ...	Nil	1	Piece iron chain.
SS. "Madavaskar."			
12th Dec. 1919 ...	Nil	1	Case oil (broken).
12th " " ...	Do.	2	Bundles flat bars (bent and rusty).
12th " " ...	Do.	18	Bundles round bar iron (bent and rusty).
SS. "Holywell."			
15th " " ...	A H C L Madras	2	Cases m'dise (broken).

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SS. "Holywell."—concl'd.			
13th Dec. 1919 ...	David & Sons C & B	1	Case m'dise (broken).
15th " " ...	H O Madras in a diamond, 14 ...	1	Ditto.
15th " " ...	118 in a diamond, J N on top, B Co below.	1	Ditto.
29th " " ...	J in a diamond, Madras below, 140 ...	1	Valve (defective).
16th " " ...	No mark	65	Bags cement sweepings.
29th " " ...	Ditto ... ..	...	A quantity of loose cement sweepings.
17th " " ...	Ditto	1	Case m'dise (broken).
29th " " ...	Ditto	1	Ditto.
29th " " ...	Ditto	1	Package m'dise (broken).
29th " " ...	Ditto	2	Casks cement (broken).
20th " " ...	No mark	1	Bag merchandise (defective).
22nd " " ...	P & S 3321 Madras	1	Case merchandise (broken).
19th " " ...	Nil or B in a diamond, K N on top ...	1	Drum (empty).
22nd " " ...	O O Colombo	3	Drums merchandise (leaky).
19th " " ...	J M C B in a diamond	1	Drum merchandise (leaky).
29th " " ...	A H C H Madras	1	Ditto.
15th " " ...	A H C M Madras	1	Ditto.
22nd " " ...	Nil	24	Bundles galvanised corrugated sheets (not original).
18th " " ...	J C G	10	Pieces iron plates (rusty).
22nd " " ...	No mark	3	Iron sockets.
SS. "Annan Maru."			
18th Sept. 1919...	Chanel Chemical or nil	1	Case merchandise (broken).
SS. "Japan."			
21st Aug. 1919 ...	M Hadow	1	Case merchandise (broken).
22nd " " ...	Seth in a triangle, C B on top ...	1	Ditto.
25th " " ...	A B or nil	3	Bags sulphur (torn).
SS. "Saltmarsh."			
25th Aug. 1919 ...	Nil	18	Bundles hoop iron (loose).

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SS. "Dorga."			
7th Sept 1919...	Nil	2	Cases merchandise (broken).
7th " " ...	A diamond, So Co on top, N Y below ...	1	Case (empty).
7th " " ...	Nil	4	Bags hardware (torn).
SS. "Arratoon Apcar."			
5th Oct. 1919 ...	S in a diamond, 553	1	Case (empty).
SS. "Chosen Maru."			
10th Oct. 1919 ...	Nil	5	Pieces fire bricks.
SS. "Madras."			
30th Oct. 1919 ...	S W S	1	Case merchandise (broken).
30th " " ...	Galvanized or nil	1	Cask (empty).
30th " " ...	E B in a diamond, W B below ...	1	Case merchandise (broken).
SS. "Chaksang."			
31st Oct. 1919 ...	D C in a diamond, 684	1	Case merchandise (broken).
FROM POLICE.			
	No mark	1	Cotton necklet with a gold talisman attached.
	Ditto	1	Armlet strunged with 25 gold beads.
	Ditto	1	Coil gold wire 13 inches long.
	Ditto	1	Coil silver 8½ inches long.
	Ditto	1	Safety pin.

T. J. McCLOUGHIN, Traffic Manager.

Port Commissioner's Office, Calcutta, the 10th March 1920.

(630—1)

NOTICE OF SALE.

In the Court of the 1st Subordinate Judge of Pabna.

EXECUTION CASES NOS. 188 AND 189 OF 1919.

Pabna Bank, Limited, decree-holders, *versus* Debendra Narain Singh, judgment-debtor.

THE following mortgaged immovable properties of the judgment-debtor Debendra Narayan Singh, of Saddarpur, police-station Mirpur, zilla Nadia, will be sold, at noon on 19th April 1920, by the Nazir of Civil Court, Pabna, in execution cases Nos. 188 and 189 of 1919, Pabna 1st Subordinate Court, for realisation of the decretal amounts and costs and interests, and of mortgage decrees Nos. 47 and 48 of 1918, obtained by the Pabna Bank, Limited. The properties Nos. 1 to 11 are first mortgaged properties in decree No. 47 of 1918 and execution case No. 188 of 1919 and the properties Nos. 1 to 11 are the second mortgaged properties in decree No. 48 of 1918 and in execution case No. 189 of 1919. The properties Nos. 12, 13 and 14 are the first mortgaged properties in the decree No. 48 of 1918, and in the execution No. 189 of 1919. Total amount due in execution case No. 188 of 1919 is Rs. 1,21,269, and total amount due in execution case No. 189 of 1919 is Rs. 12,752-12-9.

Lot No. 1.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies of the jalkar estate in the river Padda which is recorded in the Collectorate of Pabna, at annual sadar jama of Rs. 4,090-7, in number $\frac{104}{3}$ in judgment-debtor's name, situate in thanas Pabna and Sujanagar, Santhia and Sara of Pabna district and in thana Kustia of Nadia district and thana Pangsha and Goalundo of Faridpur district, in pargana Islampur and pargana Gangapath. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 60,000.

Lot No. 2.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies in estate No. $\frac{108}{3}$ mahal mauzas char Balarampur-Ramachandrapur, recorded in the Collectorate of Pabna, sadar jama of Rs. 122-1 in the name of judgment-debtor situate in thana, sub-district Pabna Sadar in the district of Pabna. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 1,600.

Lot No. 3.—Estate No. 111 of Pabna Collectorate, situate in sub-registry and police-station Sara, district Pabna, pargana Islampur, mauza Purba Char Ruppur, with proportionate sadar jama in separate account Rs. 101-14, recorded in judgment-debtor's name. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 1,500.

Lot No. 4.—Two annas 8 pies share with proportionate sadar jama of Rs. 664-8 and odd of estate No. 1725 of Pabna Collectorate, situate in sub-registry and police-station Sara, district Pabna, and police-station Kustia in Nadia, mauza Bahir-char, recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtor's names, sadar jama of Rs. 3,987-2-5. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 2,000.

Lot No. 5.—Two annas 8 pies share (proportionate sadar jama Rs. 5-2-8) of tauli No. 1727 of the Collectorate of Pabna, situate in sub-district and district Pabna, pargana Islampur, mauza Pakuria, which is recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtors at an annual sadar jama of Rs. 31. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 50.

Lot No. 6.—Two annas 8 pies share (proportionate sadar jama Rs. 86-13-6 $\frac{1}{2}$) of estate No. 2103 of Pabna Collectorate, pargana Islampur, mauza khash char Pirpur, sadar jama Rs. 521-1-3 recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtors. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 750.

Lot No. 7.—Two annas 8 pies share (proportionate sadar jama Rs. 83-14-9 and odd) of estate No. 2104 of Pabna Collectorate, mauza khash char Basudebpur, recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtors, sadar jama of Rs. 533-8-6 which is situate in sub-district and police-station Pabna and in pargana Islampur, district Pabna. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 700.

Lot No. 8.—Two annas 8 pies share (proportionate sadar jama Rs. 110-11-4) of estate No. 2139 of Pabna Collectorate, mauza khash char Basudebpur, recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtors, sadar jama of Rs. 533-8-6 which is situate in sub-district and police-station Pabna and in pargana Islampur, district Pabna. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 800.

Lot No. 9.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies which is recorded in the Collectorate of Nadia in No. $\frac{2186}{3}$, situated in parganas Begamabad and Bandardaha and Taragania, included in pargana Begamabad in police-station and sub-registry Kustia, and in police-station and sub-registry Mirpur, and in police-station Daulatpur, and in police-station Gangani, sub-registry Shikarpur, all in district Nadia, the aforesaid 2 annas 8 pies share is recorded in the name of the judgment-debtor Jogendra Narayan Singha in the Collectorate of Nadia, at an annual sadar jama of Rs. 2,373-14-9. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 72,000.

Lot No. 10.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies recorded as estate No. $\frac{2242}{3}$ of Nadia Collectorate, situate in pargana Taragania sub-registry and police-station Mirpur, mauze Teghari, which is recorded in the name of judgment-debtor, proportionate sadar jama being Rs. 49-6-10 $\frac{1}{2}$. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 600.

Lot No. 11.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies recorded as estate No. $\frac{2272}{3}$ of Nadia Collectorate, mauza char Mokarimpur, in sub-registry and police-station Mirpur, in pargana Islampur, in the district of Nadia, which is recorded in the name of judgment-debtor, proportionate sadar jama being Rs. 187-10-8. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 1,600.

Lot No. 12.—Two annas 8 pies share of estate No. $\frac{2326}{3}$ of Nadia Collectorate, pargana Taragania included in pargana Hegamabad, sub-district and police-station Kustia, in the district of Nadia, sadar jama Rs. 13-14-6, recorded in judgment-debtor's name. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 200.

Lot No. 13.—Of the estates Nos. $\frac{2342}{3}$, $\frac{2344}{3}$, $\frac{2346}{3}$, $\frac{2348}{3}$, $\frac{2350}{3}$ of Nadia Collectorate, pargana Taragania, police-station Gangani, district Nadia, mauza Akabpur and in police-station Daulatpur, mauza Udaynagar, of which 2 annas 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ gds. share recorded in the names of Swarajayee Dasya, Jagabandhu Saha, Raikishori Dasya, Durga Charan Biswas, Abedaunessa and Maboazzal Hoson, separate account 5 annas 4 pies share of the said 2 annas 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ gds. entire patni taluk for annual jama of Rs. 155-5-4 and odd in separate account is in the name of judgment-debtor. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 3,200.

Lot No. 14.—Rent-free land in Saddarpur, viz., Basatibari, police-station and sub-registry Mirpur, district Nadia, that is 5 annas 4 pies share of Basatibari, Sadar Angina, middle angina, two storied, one storied pucca building with beams and rafters, windows, doors and door-frames, &c. and tanks in the outer yard and inner yard, garden, lodging-house for the officers, situate within boundaries scheduled below. The value of this bari in judgment debtor's share is Rs. 5,000.

Boundary.

East—Gopi Sundari Dasya's inner apartment and garden and Bepin Sutar's house and Rukmini Basahabish's house. **South**—Kali Charan Pramanik's bari, Gopi Sundari Dasya's fallow land, Winir carter's bari and basabari of Ejjnali Amin, Jadaba Pal's house, Sarat Karmakar's bari. **West**—Rasta of Saddarpur village, barriers of the Coloca, golabari of Gopi Sundari Dasya. **North**—Bazzar, bahirbari of Bara Taraf, total area within these boundaries is about 30 bighas rent-free land in judgment debtor's share is 10 bighas.

PASUPATI BASU, Sub-Judge.

Pabna, the 3rd March 1920.

(634—3)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the Subordinate Judge of Murshidabad.

EXECUTION CASE No. 411 OF 1919 (TITLE).

Pyari Bhakat and others, of Jamui, division Jamui, district Monghyr, decree-holders. *versus* (1) Indra Chand Bothra, (2) Surja Kumar Adhikari, trustees to the estate of the late Rai Dhanpat Sing Bahadur, of Baluchor, division Jiaganj, district Murshidabad, judgment-debtors.

THE interest of the judgment-debtors in the properties mentioned below will be sold by the Nazir of the Court in the Court's sale-room on the 15th day of March 1920 at 12 A.M., in auction sale for realisation of Rs. 505-13-6.

Pargana Kakjole, mahal Alaipur, mauzas Parangari, Lalpur, Nabinagar, Nandagachhi, Chandipur, Ruprampur, Baharagachhi, Mansinagar, Ghaneswampur, Kasuitola, Sibitola, Khoda-aupur, Pardiur, Babtala, Moheshpur, Tibhanda, Samserganj, police station Samserganj, district Murshidabad, bearing tanzi No. 2726 of the Murshidabad Collectorate. Eight annas share of the proprietary right in the above property.

P. C. BASU, Subordinate Judge.

Berhampur, the 3rd March 1920. (621—1)

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in Insolvency.

No. 127 OF 1913.

Re Braja Lal Mukherjee, *ex parte* the debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in this matter and that the same will be paid at this office on or after the 15th day of April 1920, except Saturday and Sunday.

G. M. FALKNER, Official Assignee.

Calcutta, the 1st March 1920. (612—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Bakarganj.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 1 OF 1920.

PRESENT :

M. C. Ghosh, Esq., M.A., I.C.S., Bar-at-Law.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the creditors that Maham Lal Das and Kunja Behari Das, of Kachhipara, police-station Bowfal, district Bakarganj, have applied to this Court to be adjudicated insolvents and that 24th March next has been fixed for hearing the petition and for examination of petitioners.

M. C. GHOSH, District Judge.

Barisal, the 28rd February 1920. (557—1—581)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Birbhum.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 2 OF 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 12, clause (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Dillar Shaik, son of Alam Shaik, of Diha, Chouki Rampurhat, district Birbhum, has been admitted by this Court and that the 12th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing thereof.

P. C. DE, District Judge.

Suri, the 6th March 1920. (636—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Birbhum.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 1 OF 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 12 clause (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to the creditors, that the insolvency petition of Ramtaran Ghosh, son of Ram Sendar Ghosh, of Hat-Serandi, chauki Bolpur, district Birbhum, has been admitted by this Court and that the 12th March 1920 has been fixed for hearing thereof.

P. C. DE, District Judge.

Suri, the 6th March 1920. (637—1)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 7 OF 1920.

WHEREAS (1) Apparna Charan Biswas, son of Golak Chandra Biswas, of Khatapchar, police-station Patiya, (2) Naba Chandra De, son of Golak Chandra De, of Habilashdp, police-station Patiya, have applied to this Court by a petition, dated 12th February of 1920, to be declared insolvents under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all their creditors that the Court has fixed the 13th March 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtors.

W. A. SEATON, District Judge.

Chittagong, the 1st March 1920. (610—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 23 of 1920.**

GANIA PALL, son of Nehal Pall, deceased, resident of Dillapur, police-station Kaliaganj, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 7th day of April 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

J. A. ROSS, District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 2nd March 1920. (619—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (f) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Shek Mukund, son of late Shek Karim of Pachra, thana Dhania district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 7 of 1920 and that the 12th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.

Chinsura, the 23rd February 1920. (552—1—569)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (f) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Rasmul Mea, son of late Karim Mea, of Rishra, thana Serampore, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 6 of 1920 and that the 19th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.

Chinsura, the 23rd February 1920. (553—1—568)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.**INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 39 of 1919.**

NOTICE is hereby given that Bama Charan Modok, son of late Jadob Chandra Modok, of Guptipara, Bolagari, district Hooghly, was on the 6th February 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 26th March 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule of creditors and debts and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.

Chinsura, the 25th February 1920. (575—1—571)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.**INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 56 of 1919.**

NOTICE is hereby given that Boudin Sa Teh, son of late Janaky Sa Teh, of Chapdani, thana Serampore, district Hooghly, was on the 6th February 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 26th March 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule of creditors and debts and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.

Chinsura, the 24th February 1920. (576—1—570)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Howrah.**INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 53 of 1919.**

NOTICE is hereby given that Hem Chandra Bag, son of late Raj Chandra Bag, of 14, Uma Chandra Bose's Lane, Bankristapur, thana Shibpur, district Hooghly, was on the 11th December 1919 adjudged an insolvent. The 26th March 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule of creditors and debts and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. Dist. Judge.

Howrah, the 2nd March 1920. (618—1—575)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (f) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of J. A. D. Coster and C. M. D. Coster, of 38, Janyas Road, Lilloah, thana Lilloah, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 29 of 1920 and that the 26th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 2nd March 1920. (622—1—577)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (f) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Nani Lal Bag, son of late Manik Chandra Bag, of Bildubi, thana Bankrail, district Hooghly has been admitted by this Court as No. 26 of 1920 and that the 26th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 2nd March 1920. (623—1—578)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (f) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Khudiram Senapaty, son of Srimanta Nath Senapaty, of 50-3, Narsing Dutta Road, Bantra, thana Howrah, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 28 of 1920 and that the 26th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 2nd March 1920. (624—1—579)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (f) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Naran Chandra Ray, son of Broja Nath Ray, of Mayerati, thana Uluberha, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 25 of 1920 and that the 20th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 2nd March 1920. (625—1—580)

In the Court of the District Judge of Murshidabad.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 37 of 1919.**

(Act III of 1907.)

In the matter of Puu Shaikh and Amunddin Shaikh, of Gofurpur, police-station Raghunathganj, district Murshidabad.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the above named petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by order of this Court, dated the 27th February 1920.

B. N. RAU, Offg. District Judge.

Berhampore, the 1st March 1920. (613—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 12 of 1920**

NOTICE is hereby given that Dwarika Nath Nath, son of the late Nabin Chandra Nath, of Pathalkandi, police-station Kalihati, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 20th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

A. C. BANARJI, for District Judge

Mymensingh, the 27th February 1920. (607—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Nadia.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 15 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Esmarat Paramanik and Basak Paramanik, of Joyespur, police-station Kushtia, district Nadia, has been admitted by this Court as No. 15 of 1920 and that 27th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.
Krishnagar, the 2nd March 1920. (620—1)

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 9 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

(1) Sabulla Sarkar, (2) Dabiruddin Sarkar, (3) Mahiruddin Sarkar, (4) Serapat Sarkar, Minor, (5) Eradulla Sarkar, Minor, (6) Masakhat Sarkar, Minor, (7) Aeed Sarkar, Minor, (8) Baranessa Bibi, Minor, (9) Bemanussa Bibi, Minor—the minors Nos 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 are represented by their mother Baoyinessa Bawa, their father's name is Samir Sarkar—and (10) Baoyinessa Bawa, widow of Samir Sarkar, all of Joynagar, police-station Nator, district Rajshahi, petitioners-debtors.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under Section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 27th day of March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtors and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 16th February 1920. (514—1—572)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 101 of 1919.

PRESENT:

J. Johnston Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ASHMATULLYAH, son of late Boyez Nasya, of Tapa Palashi, police-station Kaliganj, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 27th day of February 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 2nd March 1920. (617—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rangpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 21 of 1920.

PRESENT:

J. Johnston Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor, Jan Mamud Sarkar, son of late Khalak Mamud Sheikh, of Haripur, police-station Sundarganj, in Rangpur, for being adjudged an insolvent, the 25th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 2nd March 1920. (618—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Tiptera.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Nabin Chandra Bairagi, son of late Mukuri Bairagi, resident of Manipur, police-station Chundpur, district Tiptera, has been admitted by this Court as No. 4 of 1920 and that the 20th March 1920 has been fixed for hearing.

S. K. GHOSH, District Judge.
Comilla, the 28th February 1920. (602—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of 24-Pargannas.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 1 of 1920.

S. G. Dutta, late an Assistant of Walter Loeke & Co., of 78, Middle Road, Barrackpore, applicant.

To Golam Mostafi and others, creditors.

ON the 7th day of February 1920 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 1st day of April 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

J. C. H. MACWAT, District Judge.

Alipore, the 9th February 1920. (452—1—575)

SASANKA MOHAN SEN, Pleader, Chittagong, intends to be enrolled as a Vakil, Calcutta High Court.

(632—4—590)

Notice.

WANTED a tauzi navis on Rs. 60 per mensem for the Howrah Collectorate from the 1st April 1920. None need apply who has no experience of the revenue work of a collectorate. Preference will be given to a candidate with special experience of the Tauzi Department.

Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 10th March 1920

J. G. DRUMMOND, Collector

Howrah District Office, the 31st January 1920.

Notice.

WANTED a second class Health Officer on Rs. 150—10—30 with travelling allowances according to the Civil Service Regulations. The candidate must possess a registrable medical qualification and a recognised Diploma of Public Health, including the D.P.H. of the Calcutta University. Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 28th March 1920. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year.

A. P. SEN, Chairman.

District Board, Bogra, the 5th March 1920.

(635—2)

WANTED a passed Accountant for one-and-a-half months on Rs. 70 per month from 1st May next. Apply by the 31st March 1920.

L. S. BHATTACHARJ, District Engineer.

Hazribagh, the 3rd March 1920. (636—1)

Notice.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the next ordinary examination of candidates for certificates of competency as Engineers and Engine-drivers of inland steam and motor vessels under Act I of 1917 will be held at Goalundo on Tuesday, the 6th April 1920.

Applications to be permitted to go up for examination for any of the above grade certificates must be made at the Subdivisional Office, Goalundo, not later than five days prior to date of examination, the candidates producing their certificates and testimonials and paying the fee.

H. M. K. MOILLIST, COMMDR., R. I. M.,
Port Officer.

Chittagong, the 2nd March 1920. (631—1)

Treasure Trove.

IT is hereby notified, under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that, in the month of November 1919, a treasure, consisting of 62 small gold coins of the value of annas five each was found from the crevices of the foundation of the southern wall of the Siva temple at Sripuranthan village, Udayarpalayam taluk, Trichinopoly district, Madras Presidency.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector at his office at Trichinopoly on the 13th July 1920 with a view to the matter being enquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

S KRISHNAMURTI AYYAR, for Collector.
Trichinopoly, the 27th February 1920.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified, under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, 1878 (VI of 1878), that, on or about the 4th February 1920, a treasure, consisting of 68 whole rupees and 11 half rupees of the time of the Nawab of Arcot, approximately valued at Rs 73-8 was discovered while demolishing a wall in the house of one Bhanabagya Annmal of Konnur village, Villupuram taluk, South Arcot district, Madras Presidency.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of South Arcot at his office in Uddalur on Saturday, the 7th August 1920, in order to have the matter enquired into and determined according to law.

J. K. LANGASHIER, Acting Collector.
South Arcot Collector's Office, the 1st March 1920.

Road Cess Notice.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the District Board of Jessore, at a special meeting held on the 27th February 1920, resolved to levy cess at the maximum rate of 6 pie in the rupee on the annual value of lands.

JADU NATH MAZUMDAR, Chairman.
Jessore, the 27th February 1920. (582-2)

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.**NOTICE**

NOTICE is hereby given for general information that the 2nd reach of the Hijili Tidal Canal from Terapakia to Kalinagore will remain closed to traffic for three weeks from 10th April 1920 for emergent repairs to the Terapakia lock gates.

F. A. A. COWLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.
Calcutta, the 8th March 1920.

Notice.

THE Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund which is provisionally managed and assisted by Government has for its object the provision of monthly pensions for the maintenance of the widows and children of subscribers and in open, with certain exceptions, to all active and pensioned members of the Uncovenanted Service of Government (except those serving under the Government of Bombay), and to Local Fund servants earning pensions from Government. Some of the special features of the Fund are—(1) that widowed daughters incapable of remarriage or children labouring under such mental or bodily infirmities as incapacitate them from earning their livelihood or preclude the possibility of marriage (in case of a daughter) are admitted to its benefits; and (2) that subscribers to the Widows' and Daughters' branches are entitled to a refund of 80 per cent. of the premia paid, should the nominee predecease them after five years' of admission. The Fund is now of ten years' standing and has a balance of over three and a half lakhs with Government on four per cent. interest. For forms of applications and rules of the Fund apply to the Comptroller, India Treasuries, Imperial Secretariat Buildings, Calcutta.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases tried in this Court during the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back before 31st March 1920

A. N. MUHAMMAD ALI,

Municipal Magistrate (2nd Court).

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases in the Court of the Municipal Magistrate, Calcutta, in the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back by the parties who filed them before 31st March 1920.

N. N. GUPTA,

Presidency and Municipal Magistrate.

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Lost

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos F011614, F 011615, D 035186 of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1921 for Rs. 500 Rs. 500 and Rs 100, respectively, originally standing in the name of the Accountant-General Punjab, the first two notes were last endorsed to Sewagram and the other note was last endorsed to Atmaran, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the advertiser—SOBHARAM HARODASS.

Residence—73, Cotton Street, Calcutta.

(567-3-503)

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 206916 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of Bhola Nath Ghose, Administrator of Radhamoni Dassi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the advertiser—Bhola Nath Ghosh.

Residence—Nauli village, Sidhipasa P. O. (Khulna).

(371-3-401)

Lost.

A RECEIPT numbered 1025, dated 5th February 1920, and granted by the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, on submission of the undermentioned Government Promissory Notes. Notice of loss has been given to the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and the undersigned is about to apply for surrender of the securities:—

G. P. Note No.	Loan.	Amount. Rs.	Holder's Name.
BDC 75	1921	500	Khemchand Kavalnain.
G 008875	1921	1,000	Ditto.
G 010196	1921	1,000	Ditto.
G 010197	1921	1,000	Ditto.
E 005847	1921	200	Ditto.
F 006726	1921	500	Ditto.

Name of the Proprietor—KHEMCHAND KAWALNAIN,
Residence—9, Jagmohan Mullick Lane.

(597-1-74)

Loss.

A RECEIPT numbered 1293, dated 28th October 1919, and granted by the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, on submission of the undermentioned Government Promissory Notes. Notice of loss has been given to the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and the undersigned is about to apply for surrender of the securities.

G. F. Note No.	Loan.	Amount.	Holder's name.
		Rs	
055622	1920	300	Doulatram Vidyaparkash.
063844	"	100	
069838	"	100	
055428	"	100	
082672	"	50	
055706	"	2,000	

Name of the proprietor—Doulatram Vidyaparkash

Residence—Moga Tahsil.

(611—1—599)

Currency Notes.

* THE following Currency Notes of the Calcutta Circle are stated to have been destroyed, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

Notes wholly destroyed.

Register No.	Number of Notes	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs	
W. 392 of 1898-99.	AA 00908		M. Mazubali Chowdhury, c/o. Lutfi Ali, Esq., Bai-at-Law, 218, Linton Street, Eutally, Calcutta.
	55		
	" 04943		
	" 07227		
	" 07952		
	" 18963		
	" 23150		
	" 38813		
	" 40816		
	" 50609		
	" 77042		
	" 79255		
	" 83981		
	" 876 4		
	" 87788		
	" 88186	100 each	
	" 88189		
	" 88190		
	" 88629		
	" 92609		
	" 96245		
	AA 01081		
	86		
	" 01032		
	" 01033		
	" 01035		
	" 12101		
	to		
	" 12110		

GENL. E. GWYHER, Deputy Controller,
in charge Paper Currency.

Paper Currency Dept Calcutta, 24th February 1920.

Notice of Change of Surname.

I, EMIL NEWTON, heretofore called and known by the name of Emil Novoselsky, at present residing at No. 1142, Ripon Street, in the town of Calcutta, a citizen of the Republic of Estonia, hereby give public notice that, as from the 1st day of March 1920, I have formally and absolutely renounced and abandoned the said surname of Novoselsky and have assumed and adopted and intend henceforth upon all occasions whatsoever to use and subscribe the name of Emil Newton instead of Emil Novoselsky and so as to be at all times hereafter called, known and described by the name of Emil Newton exclusively.

Dated this 1st day of March 1920.

EMIL NEWTON, late Emil Novoselsky.

Witnesses—Chandra Kumar Chatterji, Pleader, Judge's Court, Alipore, 24-Parganas ;

Daniel Hunter, Architect, 8, Esplanade East, Calcutta.
(601—1—598)

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), and

In the matter of New Girdih Coal Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the expiration of three months from date, the name of New Girdih Coal Company, Limited, will, unless cause is shown to the contrary, be struck off the register, and the Company will be dissolved.

W. STATHER HALE, Registrar of Companies
under Act VII of 1913
Calcutta, the 2nd March 1920.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), and

In the matter of Drugs Products, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the expiration of three months from date, the name of Drugs Products, Limited, will, unless cause is shown to the contrary, be struck off the register, and the Company will be dissolved.

W STATHER HALE, Registrar of Companies
under Act VII of 1913.
Calcutta, the 2nd March 1920

Notice.

The next annual stock-taking of the Indian Law Reports kept at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot will commence on the 1st April, 1920. All issues of the said reports from the said Depot to subscribers and officials will be suspended during that month.

J. F. GRAHAM,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.

LEGISLATIVE DEPT.,
BOOK DEPOT BRANCH ;

The 8th December, 1919.

POST OFFICE.

Despatch of Sea-Borne Mails.

MAILS FOR—	Day or date of closing of mails.	LATEST HOURS OF POSTING AT THE G. P. O.			
		UNREGISTERED LETTERS AND PARCELS.		REGISTERED LETTERS AND PARCELS.	
		Without late fee.	With late fee.*	Without late fee.	With late fee.*
United Kingdom, Europe, Aden, Egypt, East and West Africa and America ...	Thursday ...	P.M. 6-0	P.M. 7-0	P.M. 5-0	P.M. 5-30
Ceylon ...	Daily ...	4-0	4-30	3-30	4-0
Straits Settlements, French Indo-China, Federated Malay States, Philippine Islands, Netherlands India, Siam, China and Japan per SS. "Kwai Sang"	Mar. 10 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
Burma ...	" 12 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
Port Blair (via Rangoon) ...	" 13 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
†South Africa per SS. "Umhloti" from Colombo ...	" 12 ...	4-0	4-30	3-30	4-0

NOTE.—The latest date and hour for booking Money Orders and Parcels for the United Kingdom and foreign countries with which mail communication exists is 4 P.M. and 5-30 P.M., respectively, on Wednesday.

* The late fee is 4 annas for each registered or unregistered article of the Letter Mail to any place in the countries named above except for Aden, Burma, Ceylon and Port Blair, the late fee for which is ½ anna for unregistered articles and 2 annas for registered articles. Letters are accepted with late fee only on occasions when a direct mail is closed by the Calcutta G. P. O. for foreign countries.

†When there is no direct mail from Calcutta, correspondence for South Africa and Mauritius posted up to 4-45 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. is despatched to Bombay and correspondence for Australia and New Zealand posted up to 4 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. to Colombo for transmission by the first available steamer.

Calcutta G. P. O., the 8th March 1920.

C. D. RAE, Offg. Presidency Post Master.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE OF SANSKRIT MANUSCRIPTS.

PARTS I, II, and III of a **Descriptive Catalogue** of the Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Sanskrit College, prepared by Pandit Hrishikesh Baidya and Babu Siva Chandra Guha, M.A., B.L., of that College are offered to the public for sale. The Catalogue having to be completed in 23 parts, the price of each part is 12 annas a copy exclusive of postage. Copies can be obtained from the Principal of the Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

SULPHATE OF QUININE

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, , RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.

MANUFACTURED AT

THE BENGAL GOVERNMENT CINCHONA PLANTATION.

OBTAINABLE FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

ALL articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids.

Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, Bihar, Punjab, and Assam on indents countersigned by the Civil Surgeon, and Missionaries for **bona fide** public purposes. It is not sold to private firms or the general public.

Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ grain tablets and **Cinchonidine** are sold to Government officers and the general public, and is obtainable at the Principal Druggists in Calcutta.

Quinoidine (Pure Amorphous Alkaloid), and **Residual Alkaloid** (Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid) which contains about 40 per cent. Pure Amorphous Alkaloid, are sold to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. Residual Alkaloid is supplied in 1-lb., 5-lb., and 10-lb. boxes.

Terms.—Strictly cash in advance or V. P. P. transit charges must accompany all orders. Postage stamps are not accepted in lieu of cash.

Supplies—Are dependent on stock in hand at time of order.

Rates from 16th May 1919 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs and above in one delivery	...	...	Rs. 24 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs., but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	...	...	" 25 "
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	...	...	" 26 "

Supplied in 1-oz., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., 1-lb., 4-lb., and 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. tins.

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	...	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	...	...	" 12 "

Supplied in $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	...	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	...	...	" 6 "

Supplied in $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	...	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantities less than 6 lbs.	...	...	" 7 "

Supplied in $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	...	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	...	" 7 "

Supplied in 1-lb. box.

Quinoidine in non-tablet form and Residual Alkaloids.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

By the Superintendent, Government Printing, India, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

From whom a General Catalogue of all Government Publications may be obtained gratis.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.

EUROPE.

Constable & Co., 10, Orange Street, Leicester Square, London, W. C.
 Kegan Paul, Trench, Trübner & Co., 68-74, Carter Lane, E. C., and 25, Museum Street, London, W. C.
 Bernard Quaritch, 11, Grafton Street, New Bond Street, London, W.
 P. S. King & Sons, 2 & 4, Great Smith Street, Westminster, London, S. W.
 H. S. King & Co, 65, Cornhill, E. C., and 9, Pall Mall, London, W.
 Grindlay & Co., 54, Parliament Street, London, S. W.

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 T. Fisher Unwin, Limited, 1, Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C.
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INDIA AND CEYLON.

Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta and Simla.
 Newman & Co., Calcutta.
 R. Cambray & Co., Calcutta.
 S. K. Lahiri & Co., Calcutta.
 B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.
 The India School Supply Depot, 309, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta, and 226, Nawabpur, Dacca.
 Butterworth & Co. (India), Ltd., Calcutta.
 Rai M. C. Sancar Bahadur & Sons, 90-2A, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
 The Weldon Library, 57, Park Street, West, Calcutta.
 Standard Literature Company, Limited, Calcutta.
 Lal Chand & Sons, Calcutta.
 Higginbotham & Co., Madras.
 V. Kalyanarama Iyer & Co., Madras.
 G. A. Natesan & Co., Madras.
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 P. R. Rama Iyer & Co., Madras.
 Vas & Co., Madras.
 E. M. Gopalakrishna Kone, Madura.
 Thacker & Co., Ltd., Bombay.
 A. J. Combridge & Co., Bombay.
 D. B. Taraporevala Sons & Co., Bombay.
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 Sunder Pandurang, Bombay.
 Gopal Narayan & Co., Bombay.

Ram Chandra Govind & Son, Kalbadevi, Bombay.
 The Standard Bookstall, Karachi.
 Mangaldas Harkisandas, Surat.
 Karasandas Narandas & Sons, Surat.
 A. H. Wheeler & Co., Allahabad, Calcutta and Bombay.
 N. B. Mathur, Supdt., Nazir Kanun Hind Press, Allahabad.
 Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons, Mufid-i-Am Press, Lahore and Allahabad.
 Rama Krishna & Sons, Lahore.
 Supdt., American Baptist Mission Press, Rangoon.
 Manager, the "Hitavada," Nagpur.
 S. C. Talukdar, Proprietor, Students & Co., Cooch Behar.
 A. M. & J. Ferguson, Ceylon.
 Manager, Educational Book Depôts, Nagpur and Jabalpur.
 Manager of the Imperial Book Depot, 63, Chandney Chank Street, Delhi.
 Manager, "The Agra Medical Hall and Co-operative Association, Ltd." (Successors to A. John & Co., Agra).
 Supdt., Basel Mission Book and Tract Depository, Mangalore.
 P. Varadachary & Co., Madras.
 H. Liddel, Printer, etc., South Road, Allahabad.
 Ram Dayal Agurwalla, 184, Katra, Allahabad.
 D. C. Anand & Sons, Peshawar.
 Manager, Newal Kishore Press, Lucknow.

*Agents for the sale of Legislative Department publications only.

NOTICE. -Books and Acts required for private use must be purchased. Applications should be accompanied by a remittance, unless it is wished that the book should be sent by value payable post, in which case, besides the ordinary postage, an additional charge is made for registration and commission. Books and Acts required for the public service should be obtained through the Local Government to whom the applicant is subordinate. Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Department of the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

(The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.)

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Government of India Act, 1919 (9 & 10 Geo., Ch. 101). As. 8 (2a.)

ACTS.

1852.

XXX—Indian Naturalization, as modified up to 1st October 1919, in Urdu and Hindi. As. 1 (6a.)

1919.

XXVII—Idemnity, in Urdu and Hindi. Pies 3 (1a.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Report on the Administration of the Delhi Province for the year 1918-19. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 1-4 (2a.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Annual Report of Board of Scientific Advice for India for the year 1918-19. Rs. 1 (2a.)

IMPERIAL RECORD DEPARTMENT.

Calendar of Persian Correspondence : Being letters which passed between some of the Company's servants and Indian Rulers and Notables.—Vol. III, 1770—2. Super-royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 6-2 (5a.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FOREST BRANCH.

Annual Return of Statistics relating to Forest Administration in British India for the year 1917-18. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 12 (1a.)

Forest Bulletin No. 39 of 1919—Note on Hollong Timber. *Dipterocarpus pilosus*, Roxb. Super-royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 4 (1a.)

Indian Forest Records, Volume VII. Part VI.—Note on the mechanical strength and seasoning properties of *Shorea robusta*, (Sal) Timber. Super-royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 8 (1a.)

Indian Forest Records, Volume VII, Part VII.—The Life History of the Toon Shoot and Fruit Borer, *Hypsipyla robusta*, Moore *Lepidoptera*; *Pyrallidae*; *Phycitinae* with suggestions for its control. Super-royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-4 (2a.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Rules under the Indian Electricity Act. Foolscap. Stitched. As. 9 (2a.)

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Report on Sanitation, Dispensaries and Jails in Rajputana for 1918 and on Vaccination for the year 1918-19. Foolscap. Lump. Rs. 2-4 (3a.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department (25th December 1919, No. 542). Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 4. (1a.)

Report of the Committee appointed to enquire into Indian Exchange and Currency. Foolscap. Stitched. As. 8. (2a.)

Report on the Operations of the Currency Department, the Movement of Funds and on the Resource Operations of the Government of India for the year 1918-19. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 12 (2a.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS.

Accounts relating to the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for December 1919 and January 1920 (Nos. 9 and 10 of 1919-20). Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 1-4 (2a.)

Accounts relating to the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for the Calendar year 1919. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 12. (2a.)

Accounts relating to the Trade by Land of British India with Foreign Countries for September and October 1919 (Nos. 6 and 7, of 1919-20). Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 8. (2a.) each.

Annual Statement of the Sea-borne Trade of British India with the British Empire and Foreign Countries for the fiscal year ending 31st March 1919, volume I. (Fifty-third issue.) Foolscap. Lump. Rs. 4-12. (10a.)

Cotton Press Return Nos. 6, 7, 8 and 9 of 1919-20.—Return showing the quantity of Cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories, and of Cotton received in the Spinning Mills in India, in the half months ending the 30th November, 15th and 31st December 1919 and 15th January 1920, together with progressive totals from 1st September 1919. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.) each.

Final General Memorandum on the Cotton Crop of 1919-20. February 1920. Pies 6. (6p.)

Final General Memorandum on the Rice Crop of 1920. February 1920. Pies 6. (6p.)

Final General Memorandum on the Sesamum (Til or Jinjli) Crop of 1919-20. Pies 6 (6p.)

Final General Memorandum on the Sugarcane Crop of 1919-20. February 1920. Pies 6 (6p.)

First Wheat Forecast, 1919-20. Pies 6 (6p.)

Foreign Sea-borne Trade.—Return with a prefatory note, showing the imports and exports of merchandise (i.e., exclusive of Treasure and Government stores) by sea from and to the principal countries in the six months April to September 1919 as compared with the corresponding period of the previous year. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.)

Foreign Sea-borne Trade during December 1919.—Review of the Sea borne Trade of British India for the month of December 1919 and for the nine months ended December 1919. Foolscap. Stitched. As. 4 (1a.)

Imports into Chief ports during November 1919.—Return showing the quantities of the principal staples of agricultural produce imported into Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi and Madras Ports by rail, river and sea during November 1919. Foolscap. Stitched. As. 1-6. (1a.)

Joint Stock Companies, October, November and December 1919. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.)

Monthly Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in Indian Mills (November 1919). No. 8 of 1919-20. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 2 (1a.)

Report on the production and consumption of Coal in India, 1918 (Twelfth Issue). Foolscap. Limp. As. 12 (2a.)

Return showing the Imports into, and Exports from, Chief Ports of Wheat, Jute, Cotton and Rice, for the weeks ending 3rd, 10th, 17th, 24th and 31st January and 7th and 14th February 1920. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.) each.

Returns from Life Assurance Companies doing business in British India, 1918. (Sixth Issue.) Foolscap. Paper cover. Re. 1-8 (4a.)

Supplementary Memorandum on the Wheat Crop of 1919-20 for the period ending 15th February. Pies 6 (6p.)

Tariff Schedules.—Reprint of Schedules II and III of the Indian Tariff Act, VIII of 1894 (as subsequently amended) showing the rates of Customs duties levied on goods imported into and exported from British India. Foolscap. Stitched. As. 6 (1a.)

Wheat Prices in India.—Return showing the Wholesale and Retail Prices of Wheat in India from the second half of July 1914 to the first and second halves of December 1919 and first half of January 1920. Foolscap. Stitched. As. 1-6 (1a.)

Wholesale and Retail (Fortnightly) Prices.—Return showing the Wholesale and Retail Prices of Cereals, Pulses, Oilseeds, Sugar (Raw), Salt, etc., in India, by Districts, for the fortnights ending the 15th December 1919 and 15th January 1920. Foolscap. Stitched. As. 6 (1a.)

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Field Almanac (India and Burma), 1920. As. 5 (1a.)

RAILWAY BOARD.

Railways in India—Administration Report for the year 1918-19, Volume I (Report). Foolscap. Limp. Re. 1-8 (4a.)

Railways in India—Administration Report for the year 1918-19, Volume II (Appendices). Foolscap. Limp. Rs. 2-4 (5a.)

State Railway Book of Forms—Stores. Foolscap. Board. Re. 1-6 (5a.)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING OCTOBER TO DECEMBER 1919.

(The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.)

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

ACTS.

1918.

X.—Usurious Loan (Revised Translation of), in Urdu and Hindi. Pies 3 (1a.)

1919.

XII.—Poison, in Urdu and Hindi. Pies 3 (1a.)

XIV.—Provident Fund (Amendment), in Urdu and Hindi. Pies 3 (1a.)

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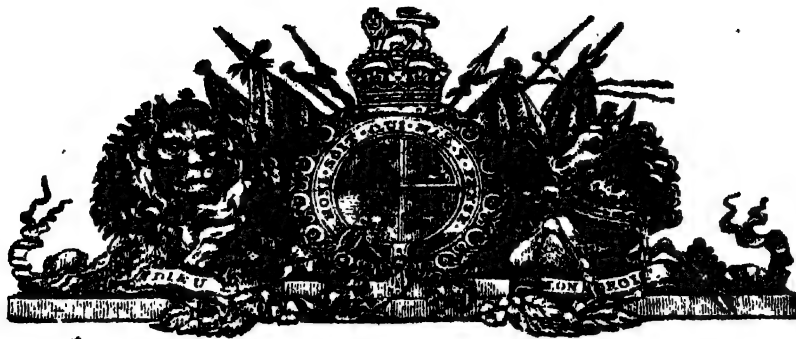
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- Volume L, Part 3. By H. H. Hayden, C.S.I., C.I.E., F.R.S., Director, Geological Survey of India. The Mineral Production of India during 1918. N. Annaudale, D.Sc., F.A.S.B., Director, Zoological Survey of India. The Gastropod Fauna of old Lake Beds in Upper Burma (with plates 31 to 33). Murray Stuart, D.Sc., F.G.S., Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India. The Galena Deposits of North-Eastern Putao (with plates 34 to 38). Re. 1 only.
- Volume L, Part 4. By G. H. Tipper, M.A., F.G.S., F.A.S.B., Geological Survey of India. On Pitchblende, Monazite and other minerals from Pichhli-Gaya District Bihar and Orissa (with plates 39 to 42). Murray Stuart, D.Sc., Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India. Natural Gas in Bituminous Salt from Kohat (with plates 43 to 44). L. I. Fermor, O.B.E., D.Sc., A.R.S.M., F.A.S.B., F.G.S., Superintendent, Geological Survey of India. The Mineral Resources of the Central Provinces (with plate 45). G. H. Tipper, M.A., F.G.S., F.A.S.B. Miscellaneous Note—Note on Sipylite from the Nellore District, Madras Presidency. Re. 1.

NEW PUBLICATION ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1919. Rs. 2 or 2s. 8d.

NOTICE.

Advertisements, Notices, etc., intended for insertion in this Part of the Gazette cannot be received after noon on Monday.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1920.

PART IV.

Bills Introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented or to be presented in that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 247 L., dated Calcutta, the 6th March 1920.—The following Bill was introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council on the 5th March 1920, and is hereby published for information, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons annexed thereto :—

THE BENGAL ALLUVIAL LANDS BILL, 1920.

CONTENTS.

PREAMBLE.

CLAUSE.

1. Short title and local extent.
2. Definitions.
3. Power of Collector to attach alluvial land.
4. Inquiry as to title.
5. Taking possession of land by person entitled to it.
6. Costs under sections 3(3) and 4(1).
7. Rules.
8. Indemnity.
9. Bar to institution of proceedings under section 145 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

THE BENGAL ALLUVIAL LANDS BILL, 1920.

A

BILL

*to prevent disputes concerning the possession of certain
lands in Bengal gained by alluvion, or by dereliction
of a river or the sea.*

Preamble

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the prevention of disputes concerning the possession of certain lands in Bengal gained by alluvion, or by dereliction of a river or the sea ;

And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor General has been obtained, under section 79, sub-section (2), of the Government of India Act, 1915, to the passing of this Act ;

S. & S. Geo
V, c 61.

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and
local extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Bengal Alluvial Lands Act, 1920.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "alluvial land" means land which is gained from a river or the sea in any of the ways referred to in the Bengal Alluvion and Diluvion Regulation, 1825, the Bengal Alluvion and Diluvion Act, 1847, or the Bengal Alluvion (Amendment) Act, 1868 ; and

Ben. Reg.
XI of 1825
IX of 1847

Ben. Act IV
of 1868

(b) "Collector" means the Collector of a district or any other officer appointed by the Local Government to discharge any of the functions of a Collector under this Act.

[Cf. Act
VIII of 1885,
s. 3 (16)]

Power of Col-
lector to attach
alluvial land.

3. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Bengal Alluvion and Diluvion Regulation, 1825, the Bengal Alluvion and Diluvion Act, 1847, or the Bengal Alluvion (Amendment) Act, 1868, the Collector, if he is credibly informed that a dispute likely to cause a breach of the peace exists or is likely to arise, in regard to any alluvial land, may, in the interests of public order or of the local welfare, attach such land, and may demarcate it with boundary pillars.

Ben. Reg
XI of 1825
IX of 1847

Ben. Act IV
of 1868.

(2) When the Collector attaches any alluvial land under sub-section (1), he may himself manage such land during the period of attachment, or may, if he thinks fit, appoint a receiver thereof, who, subject to the control of the Collector, shall have all such powers conferrable on a receiver appointed under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, as may be given to him by the Collector.

[Cf. Act V
of 1898, s. 116
(2).]

Act V of
1908.

(3) Nothing in this section shall preclude any party interested from showing that no such dispute as aforesaid exists or is likely to arise ; and in such case the Collector shall cancel his order of attachment under sub-section (1), and all further proceedings thereon shall be stayed, but, subject to such cancellation, the said order shall be final.

[Cf. Act V of
1898, s. 115
(5).]

The Bengal Alluvial Lands Bill, 1920.

(Clauses 4-7.)

Inquiry as to
title

4. (1) When the Collector has attached any alluvial land under section 3, he shall cause a survey to be made and a map to be prepared of the land, and shall pass an order making a reference to the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the district for a decision as to what person has a title to the land, and shall state in such order the names of the parties who, he has reason to think, are interested in such land.

(2) On receipt of such reference the said principal Civil Court of the district may either proceed to determine the matter, or may transfer the matter for determination to any other Civil Court subordinate to such Court.

[Cf. Ben.
Act VII of
1870, s. 59.]

The said principal Civil Court, or the Court to which the matter is transferred, shall, in dealing with any such reference, follow the procedure prescribed in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for the trial of suits, so far as the same may be applicable.

[Cf. Ben.
Act III of
1901, s. 8(2).]Act V of
1908.

(3) The said Court may make such order as it shall think fit with regard to the payment of the costs of the reference, including such court-fees as are payable under the Court-fees Act, 1870, on a plaint in a suit for the possession of land, and such costs shall be recoverable as arrears of a public demand.

[Cf. Ben.
Act VII of
1876, s. 61.]

VII of 1870.

(4) Every order made by a Civil Court under section 4, sub-section (2), shall be deemed to be a decree within the meaning of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.

[Cf. Ben. Act
III of 1904,
s. 8(3).]Taking possession
of land by
person entitled to
it

5. Whenever the Court makes an order under section 4, sub-section (2), it shall certify to the Collector its decision, and the Collector shall thereupon authorize the person stated in such order to be entitled to the land to take possession thereof.

[Cf. Ben.
Act VII of
1876, s. 68.]Costs under sections
3(1) and
4(1).

6. (1) Every order under section 3, sub-section (3), or section 4, sub-section (1), shall state the amount of costs incurred under section 3, or under that section and section 4, sub-section (1), as the case may be, and by what persons and in what proportions they are to be paid, and such costs shall be recoverable as arrears of a public demand.

(2) Any person against whom an order has been made with regard to such costs, may, within one month of the date of such order, prefer an appeal to the Commissioner in respect of such costs.

Rules.

7. The Local Government may, subject to the condition of previous publication, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, make rules—

- (1) to regulate the procedure to be followed by the Collector in attaching any alluvial land under section 3;
- (2) to regulate the procedure to be followed by the Collector or receiver in the management of such land during the period of attachment;
- (3) to regulate the procedure to be followed by the Collector in demarcating, surveying and preparing a map of, any alluvial land;
- (4) to regulate the procedure to be followed in making a reference to the Court under section 4, sub-section (1);

The Bengal Alluvial Lands Bill, 1920.

(Clauses 8, 9.)

(5) to regulate the manner of taking possession of alluvial land under section 5; and

(6) generally to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Indemnity

8. No suit or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Collector, or any person acting under his direction, for any act done or ordered to be done in good faith under this Act. [Cf. Ben Act V of 1909 s. 91.]

Bar to institution of proceedings under section 146 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

9. When the Collector has attached any alluvial land under section 3, no proceedings under section 145 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, shall be instituted in any Court in respect of the same land, or of any part thereof; and any such proceedings already commenced and pending in any such Court shall be stayed.

Act V of 1898.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THE question of legislation to prevent riots in connection with lands gained by alluvion or by the dereliction of a river or the sea in the deltaic tracts of Bengal, has long been under the consideration of Government. In 1905, a Bill was circulated for criticism. This Bill gave the Collector power to take and retain possession of any newly-formed alluvial land, of which possession was disputed, until he or a competent Civil Court declared what person was entitled to possession. The Bill was not, however, proceeded with, in view of a suggestion made by the High Court to the Government of India, for the amendment of the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure in respect of disputes as to immovable property, which was under consideration. In the criminal law applicable to the whole of India, provision could not, however, be made for a problem relating to alluvial lands which was peculiar to Bengal. The question of special legislation for Bengal was, therefore, left over for consideration till the *diara* lands of the province were surveyed. The survey of these lands has not yet been finished, but it is complete for most of the districts in the eastern portion of the province; whilst the attention of Government has been drawn to the subject again by the final reports on the survey and settlement operations in the districts of Faridpur and Dacca. These reports contain a description of the lawlessness which prevails on account of the impossibility of exact knowledge of title when a *char* appears in the Ganges, of the ease with which valuable crops can be grown on these *chars*, and of the advantage which is gained by the strong man who can enforce initial possession. In the existing state of the law there is a premium on violence, and serious riots, involving loss of life, are of frequent occurrence. Also, the preparation of a record-of-rights and of accurate maps, is not alone a sufficient remedy against these evils. It is, therefore, desirable that legislation on the subject should be no longer postponed.

The main object of the Bill is, by giving opportunities for immediate action when the alluvial land forms, to prevent violence from gaining an undue advantage. The previous Bill was open to the objections that it provided for the intervention of the Collector at too late a stage, namely, when a riot was already imminent, and that it entrusted to an executive, instead of to a judicial authority, the duty of deciding questions of title. In framing the present Bill these objections have been met.

In order that the legitimate landlord may not lose *salami* by the necessity of the settlement of tenants during the period of attachment, it is intended to make provision by the rules under clause (2) of section 7 for the levy of such *salami* on his behalf.

NOTES ON CLAUSES.

Clause 3 gives power to the "Collector," as defined in clause 2(b), to attach alluvial land, if he is satisfied that a dispute in regard to it is likely to cause a breach of the peace, and to demarcate it, and also to appoint a receiver after attachment of the land.

Sub-clause (3) of this clause gives power to anybody interested to come forward and show that the attachment is wrong.

Clause 4, sub-clause (1), requires the Collector to cause a survey to be made of the alluvial land attached under clause 3, and provides for a reference to the Civil Court for a decision as to the title to such land.

It is proposed by sub-clause (2) to deal with such a reference as a suit under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. Sub-clause (3) provides for the payment of the costs of the suit.

For the purposes of *res-judicata*, sub-clause (4) declares that an order by a Civil Court under sub-clause (2) of clause 4 shall be deemed to be a decree.

Clause 5 provides for the Court's certifying its order to the Collector and for the transfer by the Collector of the land to the person held to be entitled to it.

Clause 6 indicates the method for recovering costs incurred in an attachment of alluvial land under sub-clause (3) of clause 3 and sub-clause (1) of clause 4; provision being made for an appeal to the Commissioner in respect of such costs.

Clause 7. The condition of previous publication of rules under this clause will give persons interested an opportunity of sending in objections or criticisms to the rules proposed—see section 24 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899.

Clause 8 is based on section 91 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909, and its object is to give protection to the Collector and others in respect of acts under the proposed law.

Clause 9 bars the institution of proceedings under section 145 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, in respect of alluvial land attached by the Collector under clause 3. One object of the Bill is to avoid the application of this section in cases of disputes regarding alluvial lands as it places a premium on violence.

J. G. CUMMING,

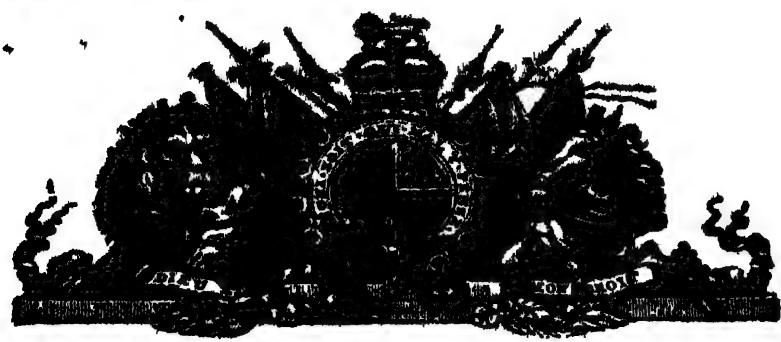
Member-in-charge.

J. F. GRAHAM,

*Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal and
Secy. to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

CALCUTTA ;

The 1st March, 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1920.

SUPPLEMENT.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE* may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 28th February 1920, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 28TH FEBRUARY 1920			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 1ST MARCH 1919		
	Number of boats	Weight of cargo	Tollage	Number of boats	Weight of cargo	Tollage
		Mds	Rs		Mds.	Rs
Rice and paddy	869	282,233	4,506	759	249,935	4,004
Jute	83	44,329	473	22	11,150†	148
Firewood	82	1,446	948	29	13,700	203
Other articles	966	287,913	3,484	677	160,069	2,105
Total	2,000	675,900	9,411	1,487	434,854	6,460
Empty boats and rafts	645	...	1,454	663	...	2,236
GRAND TOTAL	2,645	675,900	10,865	2,150	434,854	8,696

Mds.
* Weight by canal measurement — 49,487½
† Ditto ditto — 12,536

CALCUTTA,
The 6th March 1920.

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Hooghly and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 9th March 1920, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 9TH MARCH 1920.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 9TH MARCH 1919.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tonnage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tonnage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy ...	414	144,876	2,447	1,599	598,785	6,214
Jute ...	45	27,021	295	33	18,281	179
Firewood ...	57	30,400	455	86	78,450	1,204
Other articles ...	674	186,759	2,202	899	243,481	2,943
Total ...	1,190	389,076	5,399	2,614	739,980	10,540
Empty boats and rafts ...	568	...	1,800	...	...	1,953
GRAND TOTAL	1,758	389,076	6,699	2,614	739,980	10,540

Weight by canal measurement
Ditto ditto

Mds.
80 050
19 237½

CALCUTTA,
The 9th March 1920.

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 4th March 1920.

Summary.—Moderate to heavy rain fell in several districts, mostly in Eastern Bengal. Some damage is reported from Pabna, Dacca and Noakhali. Preparation of lands for jute and autumn paddy is progressing and sowing of these has commenced in the low-lying tracts of Eastern and Northern districts. Standing crops on the whole are doing well. The average price of common rice for the province has fallen by about 2·27 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision	Rainfall	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN RUPEES PER RUPEE		Character of the weather, condition of crops etc
			This week	Previous week	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	24-PARGANAS	Inches. Nil	5½	5	Prospects of standing crops are good. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops and sugarcane in Baraset and Basirhat continues. Water is sufficient.
	Diamond Harbour.	(n)	(n)	(n)	
	Barrackpore	Nil	5½	5	
	Barasat ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Basirhat ...	Nil	6	6	
2	NADIA ...	0·90	5½	5½	Conditions of standing crops are favourable. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops is in progress. Lands are being prepared for <i>aus</i> paddy. Cattle-disease is reported from thana Chakdah.
	Kushtia ..	0·14	5	5	
	Mcherpur ...	Nil	5½	5	
	Chuadanga...	Nil	{ 6 6½	(n)	
	Ranaghat ...	Nil	5½	5½	
3	MURSHIDABAD	0·71	6	6	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient. There is no large import of rice. Export continues.
	Lalbagh ...	Nil	6½	6½	
	Jangipur ...	Nil	6½	6½	
	Kandi ..	Nil	7	6½	
4	JESSORE ...	0·54	{ 6 6	{ 6 6	Standing crops are doing well. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops still continues. Recent rain has done good to cultivation. No large import or export of rice. Fodder is sufficient.
	Jhenidah ...	Nil	6	6	
	Magura ...	Nil	5½	6½	
	Narail ..	Nil	5½	5½	
	Bangaon ...	Nil	6	5½	
5	KHULNA ...	Nil	5½	5½	Weather seasonable. Cultivation of <i>aus</i> paddy and jute has commenced. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ...	Nil	5½	5	
	Bagerhat ...	Nil	{ 6 7	{ 6 7	

* Bazaar rate.

(n) Not reported

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
23	FARIDPUR ...	3·63	{ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ [*] 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ [*] }	{ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ [*] }	Sowings of jute, paddy and <i>til</i> crops have commenced in places. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle disease is reported from Gopalganj.
	Goalundo ..	1·36	{ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ [*] 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ [*] }	{ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ [*] }	
	Madaripur ...	Nil	{ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ [*] 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ [*] }	{ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ [*] }	
	Gopalganj (a)	Nil	6	{ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ [*] }	
24	BAKARGANJ (BARISAL).	Nil	6	6	Weather cloudy with high winds. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder is sufficient.
	Pirojpur ...	Nil	6	6	
	Patuakhali ...	Nil	6	6	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	Nil	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
25	CHITTAGONG	Nil	{ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ [†] 5 [*] }	{ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ [†] 5 [*] }	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fields are being prepared in some places for early <i>aus</i> paddy. Fodder is sufficient. <i>Panga</i> salt is selling at 12 and 8 seers per rupee at Sadar and Cox's Bazar, respectively.
	Cox's Bazar	Nil	5 $\frac{1}{2}$ [†]	5 $\frac{1}{2}$ [†]	
26	TIPPERA (COMILLA).	3·24	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	Weather stormy. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops is nearing completion. Rinderpest is reported from Brahmanbaria subdivision. Ploughing of lands and sowing of early <i>aus</i> paddy are going on. Price of rice is almost stationary.
	Brahmanbaria.	1·12	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
	Chandpur ...	1·34	{ 5 $\frac{7}{8}$ [*] 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ [*] }	{ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ [*] }	
27	NOAKHALI	1·44	6	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	Weather cloudy and stormy. Standing <i>rabi</i> crops have been damaged by the recent heavy rainfall. Cattle-disease is reported from thanas Chhagalnaya and Pashuram. Fodder is sufficient.
	Feni ...	3·46	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	6	
28	CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.	Nil	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	6	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.

(a) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

* Burma rice.

† Local rice.

‡ Price for the interior.

J. C. ROY,

for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Dacca, the 8th March 1920.

**List of prices of articles of food at Calcutta for the week ending
Saturday, the 6th March 1920.**

Name of article.	WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND.		RETAIL PRICE PER REER.	
	From—	To—	From—	To—
Rice—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balam, coarse ...	6 14 0	7 0 0	0 3 3	0 3 6
„ medium ...	7 4 0	8 0 0	0 3 9	0 4 9
Patnai, coarse ...	6 0 0	6 10 0	0 3 0	0 3 6
„ medium ...	6 12 0	7 6 0	0 3 9	0 4 0
Nagra, coarse ...	6 0 0	6 10 0	0 3 0	0 5 6
„ medium ...	6 12 0	7 8 0	0 3 9	0 4 0
Dudhkalma ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangoon Boiled ...	.....	.....	0 3 0	.....
Kajla ...	5 0 0	.....	0 3 0	.....
Wheat, Dudhia ...	7 15 0	.....	.....	.....
„ Gangajali ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
„ Jamali ...	7 6 0	.....	.....	.....
Gram, Patnai (whole) ...	8 8 0	9 4 0	0 3 0	0 3 9
„ dal ...	10 2 0	10 12 0	0 4 0	0 4 6
Mung „ (Hari) ...	7 8 0	8 0 0	0 6 0	0 8 0
„ „ (Krishna) ...	8 0 0	8 4 0	0 5 0	0 6 0
Arhar „ ...	9 12 0	11 6 0	0 4 0	0 5 0
Masur „ (split) ...	6 0 0	6 12 0	0 3 0	0 4 3
„ „ (Khanri) ...	10 0 0	11 0 0	0 4 6	0 5 3
Kalai „ ...	7 8 0	7 12 0	0 3 0	0 4 0
Salt ...	2 14 0	.....	0 1 6	0 1 9
Sugar (Brown Java) ...	26 8 0	27 0 0	0 10 0	0 11 0
Gur, Bheli ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
„ Bhursut ...	10 4 0	10 8 0	0 5 0	0 5 6
„ Date ...	9 0 0	9 4 0	0 4 0	.....
Milk ...	11 0 0	13 0 0	0 4 0	0 5 0
Mustard oil ...	27 0 0	34 0 0	0 14 0	1 2 0
Flour (country) ...	9 4 0	9 14 0	0 4 6	0 5 0
Atta, No. 3 ...	7 4 0	.....	} 0 3 6	0 5 0
„ „ 2½ ...	7 14 0	.....	
„ „ B ...	10 0 0	.....	
Suji ...	9 8 0	9 12 0	0 4 6	0 5 6
Ghee (Bhadwa, Matki, etc.) ...	102 0 0	104 0 0	2 12 0	.....
„ (Patiram, Khurja, Ruto, Etwa, better kind, etc.) ...	99 0 0	101 0 0	2 10 0	.....
„ (Lalli, Etwa, Sagar, etc.) ...	92 0 0	95 0 0	2 8 0	.....
Maize ...	5 2 0	5 10 0	.....	.....
Potatoes ...	2 12 0	3 2 0	0 1 3	0 2 0
Patal ...	20 0 0	25 0 0	0 8 0	0 14 0
Brinjals ...	1 4 0	1 12 0	0 1 3	.....
Onions ...	2 2 0	4 0 0	0 1 3	.....
Fish, Rahu ...	25 0 0	30 0 0	0 12 0	0 14 0
Mutton (2nd class) ...	.....	.....	0 10 0	.....
Beef (2nd and 3rd classes) ...	.....	.....	0 3 0	0 5 0

N.B.—This is an abstract of prices at the following markets :—

Wholesale—Chetla Hat, Ramkrishnapur Hat, Sealdah Fish and Milk Markets, Posta Bazar.

Retail—Sir Stuart Hogg Market, Orphanage Market, Sobha Bazar, Nutun Bazar, Raja Babu's Bazar, Bow Bazar, Taltolla Bazar, Jogu Babu's Bazar.

S. C. GHOSH,
for President, Advisory Food Committee.

CALCUTTA, the 6th March 1920.

Statement of Weekly Gauge-readings on the River Ganges at Rampur-Boalia for the week ending the 6th March 1920.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero : minus sign for those below zero.	Height of surface above mean sea-level according to P. W. D. datum.(a)	Height of surface above mean sea-level on the same date last year according to P. W. D. datum.(a)	Remarks.
1920.					
29th February ...	8 A.M.	Zero of gauge is at mean sea level.	37.00	Nil	B. M. on College step 64.93.
1st March ...	8 "		36.95	37.16	
2nd " ...	8 "		36.90	37.16	
3rd " ...	8 "		36.95	37.11	
4th " ...	8 "		36.90	37.06	
5th " ...	8 "		36.80	37.01	
6th " ...	8 "		36.90	36.96	

(a) P. W. D. datum 6.25 feet above Kidderpore old dock sill.

			Old value.	According to P. W. D. datum
The previous year ...	Highest water-level ...	61.29 on 18th September 1919	...	62.80
Ditto ...	Lowest " ...	33.51 on 8th May 1919	...	35.01
Record ...	Highest " ...	69.25 on 26th August 1879	...	64.44
Do. ...	Ditto " ...	69.08 on 9th September 1885	...	64.27
Do. ...	Ditto " ...	68.30 on 25th August 1906	...	63.47
Do. ...	Ditto " ...	68.21 on 26th August 1890	...	63.40
Do. ...	Lowest " ...	37.03 on 25th April 1884	...	32.82
Do. ...	Ditto " ...	38.13 on 14th-16th April 1883	...	33.32
Do. ...	Ditto " ...	39.02 on 21st-22nd April 1897	...	34.21
Do. ...	Ditto " ...	39.28 on 6th-7th May 1908	...	34.47

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from 1st August 1887.

BOALIA,
The 6th March 1920.

S. C. BHATTACHARJI.
for Executive Engineer, Rajshahi Divn.

Statement of weekly gauge-readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending 6th March 1920.

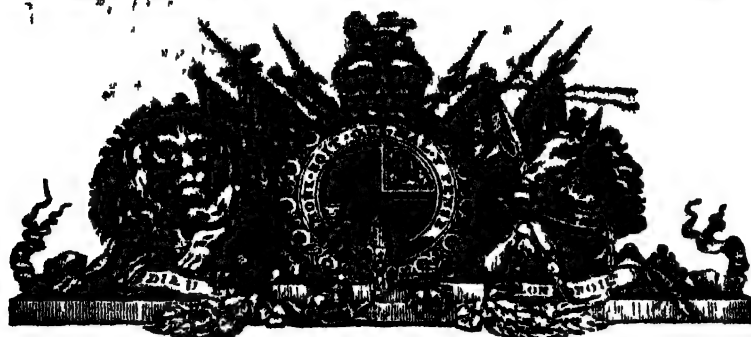
Month and date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level.	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year.	Remarks.
1920.					
29th February	7 A.M.	5.8	5.8	Nil	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench mark for the gauge is on a pucca pillar between the passenger ghât and Chandpur ghât. Its reduced level is 26.84.
1st March ...	7 "	5.6	5.6	6.5	
2nd " ...	7 "	5.6	5.6	6.7	
3rd " ...	7 "	5.9	5.9	6.9	
4th " ...	7 "	6.2	6.2	7.4	
5th " ...	7 "	6.3	6.3	7.6	
6th " ...	7 "	6.6	6.6	7.6	

The previous year ...	Highest water-level ...	23.7 on 15th September 1919.
Ditto ...	Lowest " ...	6.1 on 24th February 1919.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges) ...	Highest " ...	25.75 on 28th August 1906.
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges) ...	Ditto " ...	25.74 on 20th and 21st August 1893.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges) ...	Ditto " ...	25.66 on 11th to 17th and 31st August 1889 and on 1st to 3rd September 1889.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra only) ...	Ditto " ...	25.66 on 31st July 1900.
Do. ...	Lowest " ...	1.0 on 8th February 1914.
Do. ...	Ditto " ...	2.42 on 18th March 1908.
Do. ...	Ditto " ...	2.91 on 21st to 24th February 1884 and 8th to 9th March 1884.
Do. ...	Ditto " ...	3.16 on 9th to 11th March 1885.
Do. ...	Ditto " ...	3.16 on 16th, 17th and 29th to 31st March 1901.

N.B.—The gauge reading commenced from 3rd October 1909.

FARIDPUR.
The 7th March 1920.

R. K. GHOSE.
for Subdivisional Officer, P. W. D., Faridpur.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1920.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Governor of Bengal in Council, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

No. 2403A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 2231A.—The 12th March 1920.—Babu Bhujendra Nath Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bardwan, is appointed to have charge of the Sadar sub-division of that district.

No. 2238A.—The 12th March 1920.—Mr. B. C. France, L.C.S., is appointed substantively to the grade of Magistrates and Collectors, with effect from the 15th January 1920.

No. 2243A.—The 12th March 1920.—Mr. Debedra Kumar Mitra, Additional District Magistrate, Tippera, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector, Nadia.

No. 2312A.—The 13th March 1920.—The services of Mr. Shashi Bhushan Banarji, officiating First Additional District and Sessions Judge, Mymensingh, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

No. 2315A.—The 13th March 1920.—Mr. Rajendra Nath Ray, Additional District and Sessions Judge, Sylhet and Cachar, is appointed to be First Additional District and Sessions Judge, Mymensingh.

No. 2328A.—The 13th March 1920.—Babu Suresh Chandra Basu, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is appointed to have charge of the Kishorganj subdivision, of the Mymensingh district.

No. 2332A.—The 13th March 1920.—Mr. Parada Kinkar Mukharji, officiating Additional District and Sessions Judge, Burdwan and Midnapore, is appointed temporarily to act as District and Sessions Judge, Burdwan.

No. 2344A.—The 15th March 1920.—Nawabzada Saiyid Ali Ashraf, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Nadia district.

No. 2317A.—The 15th March 1920.—Maulvi Nasiruddin Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is transferred to the Sirajganj subdivision of the Pabna district on being relieved of his present appointment as officiating Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta.

No. 2351A.—The 15th March 1920.—Babu Harendra Kumar Ghosh (No. 11), Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Sirajganj, Pabna, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Dacca district.

No. 2397A.—The 16th March 1920.—Major K. Robertson, Commandant, His Excellency the Governor of Bengal's Body Guard, is granted combined leave out of India for eight months on private affairs under the leave rules of 1875 for the Indian Army (the first sixty days special war leave and the next ninety days privilege leave), with effect from the 15th March 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Pension service 20th year commenced on the 8th January 1920.

POLICE.—No. 2214A.—The 10th March 1920.—Mr. R. N. Robertson, an Inspector of the Calcutta Police, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to be an Assistant Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, with effect from the 14th January 1920.

No. 2320A.—The 13th March 1920.—Mr. D. R. Hardwick, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Barrackpore, 24-Parganas, who has, under the orders of the 2nd March 1920, been appointed to act as Additional Superintendent of Police, Bakarganj, is appointed, under the provisions of section I of Act V of 1861, to perform the duties of a Superintendent of Police in that district.

JAILS.—No. 2399A.—*The 16th March 1920.*—Mr. G. W. Davis, Deputy Superintendent, Government Printing, Bengal, is appointed to act as Deputy Superintendent of the Central Jail, Alipore, to control the work of the Jail Press and to superintend the Forms Branch, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of the duties.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 2376A.—*The 16th March 1920.*—The following promotions and confirmations are sanctioned in the Executive Branch of the Provincial Civil Service :—

Promoted substantively to the first grade.

Rai Suresh Chandra Singh Bahadur, with effect from the 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Tara Prasanna Acharji, retired.

Promoted substantively to the second grade.

Babu Girish Chandra Nag, with effect from the 16th November 1919, *vice* Rai Suresh Chandra Singh Bahadur, promoted.

Promoted substantively to the third grade.

Babu Makhan Lal Chatarji, with effect from the 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Girish Chandra Nag, promoted.

Confirmed in the fourth grade.

Babu Debendra Nath Bose, with effect from the 4th November 1919, *vice* Babu Gyanendra Chandra Mukharji, deceased.

Promoted to the fourth grade.

Babu Phanindra Nath Mukharji (No. 1), substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 4th November 1919, *vice* Babu Debendra Nath Bose, confirmed, and substantively with effect from the 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Makhan Lal Chatarji, promoted.

Babu Rajmohan Gangali, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Phanindra Nath Mukharji (No. 1), confirmed.

Confirmed in the fifth grade.

Khan Bahadur Naziruddin Ahmad, with effect from the 4th November 1919, *vice* Babu Debendra Nath Bose, confirmed.

Babu Nabagauranga Basak, with effect from the 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Phanindra Nath Mukharji (No. 1), confirmed.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to the fifth grade.

Babu Sharat Chandra Ray, with effect from the 4th November 1919, *vice* Khan Bahadur Naziruddin Ahmad, confirmed.

Maulvi Talimuddin Ahmad Tariqul Alam, with effect from the 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Nabagauranga Basak, confirmed.

Mr. Nirmal Shankar Sen, with effect from the 16th November 1919, *vice* Babu Nabagauranga Basak, seconded.

Confirmed in the sixth grade.

Babu Hare: 1ra Nath Datta, with effect from the 4th November 1919, *vice* Khan Bahadur Naziruddin Ahmad, confirmed.

Confirmed in the seventh grade.

Maulvi Chaudhuri Afsar Ali, with effect from the 12th December 1919.

Babu Sachindra Nath Mukharji, with effect from the 10th November 1919.

Babu Karunamay Mitra, with effect from the 16th October 1919.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 2233A.—*The 12th March 1920.*—Mr. F. J. G. Geary, I.C.S., has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough on medical certificate for six months, with effect from the 18th November 1919.

No. 2326A.—The 13th March 1920.—**Rai Anath Bandhu De Bahadur,** Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Kishorganj, **Mymensingh.** Mymensingh, is allowed leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 2330A.—The 13th March 1920.—**Mr. E. Milson, I.C.S.,** officiating District and Sessions Judge, Burdwan, is allowed combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months and two days, with effect from the 15th March 1920, or, the amount due on the date on which he may be relieved, additional privilege leave for two months and nine days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919. He is also allowed in continuation furlough on half average salary for four months, under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

POLICE.—*No. 2363A.—The 15th March 1920.*—**Mr. F. P. McKinty,** substantive *pro tempore* Superintendent of Police, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for one month and fourteen days.

RESIGNATIONS.

GENERAL.—*No. 2212A.—The 10th March 1920.*—**Mr. T. T. Scott** has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 31st December 1919.

LEGISLATIVE.—*No. 2370A.—The 16th March 1920.*—His Excellency is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble **Mr. Walter Osborn Grazebrook** of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2254A.—The 12th March 1920.—The following are added as items 56 and 57 to Appendix II, Part II, to the rules for the Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others, published in notification No. 3388A.D., dated the 14th September 1912:—

- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| 56. Act IV of 1915 | ... The Bengal Embankment (Sunderbans) Act. |
| 57. Act V of 1919 | ... The Bengal Village Self-Government Act. |

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2257A.—The 12th March 1920.—The following are substituted for items 34 and 45 in Appendix II, Part II, to the rules for the Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others, published in notification No. 3388A.D., dated the 14th September 1912:—

- | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 34. Act II of 1912 | ... The Co-operative Societies Act. |
| 45. Bengal Act II of 1882 | The Bengal Embankment Act. |

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2261A.—The 12th March 1920.—The following is added as item (vii), to Appendix VIII, Part B, to the rules for the Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others, published in notification No. 3388 A.D. dated the 14th September 1912 :—

(vii) The Bengal Embankment (Sunderbans) Act, IV of 1915.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2264A.—The 12th March 1920 —The following is added as item 4(a) to Appendix I, Part 1, to the rules for the Departmental Examination of Assistant Magistrates and others, published in notification No. 3388 A.D., dated the 14th September 1912 :—

4(a) Act V of 1919 ... Chaukidari portion of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2267A.—The 12th March 1920.—The following is added to the rules for the recruitment of the Executive Branch of the Provincial Civil Service, which were published under notification No 1650 A.D., dated the 31st July 1913 :—

“Rule 18.—No member of the Provincial Service, once he has been confirmed, shall be entitled to resign his appointment without the previous sanction of Government.”

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2276A.—The 12th March 1920.—The following is added to the rules for the appointment of Deputy Superintendents of Police, which were published under notification No. 756A., dated the 15th February 1916 :—

“Rule 9.—No Deputy Superintendent of Police, once he has been confirmed, shall be entitled to resign his appointment without the previous sanction of Government.”

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2284A.—The 12th March 1920.—The following is substituted for rule 5 of the rules for the recruitment of the Subordinate Civil Service, which were published under notification No. 1650 A.D., dated the 31st July 1913 :—

“Rule 5.—Rules 13, 14, 15(a), (c), (d), (e) and (f) and 18 of the rules for the recruitment of the Executive Branch of the Provincial Civil Service apply *mutatis mutandis* to the Subordinate Civil Service also. The usual subsistence allowance for probationary Sub-Deputy Collectors will, however, be Rs. 50 per mensem.”

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2373A.—The 16th March 1920.—With reference to notification No. 2370A., dated the 16th March 1920, and in pursuance of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal, the Governor is pleased to call upon the Bengal Chamber of Commerce to elect, in accordance with schedule VII to the said Regulations and before the 1st day of April 1920, a person to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon'ble Mr. Walter Osborn Grazebrook.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2374A.—The 16th March 1920.—Whereas in pursuance of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal, the Governor has been pleased by notification No. 2373A., dated the 16th March 1920, to call upon the Bengal Chamber of Commerce to elect, in accordance with the said Regulations and before the 1st day of April 1920, a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon'ble Mr. Walter Osborn Grazebrook.

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following orders under Schedule VII to the said Regulations, in modification of the orders issued [under rules 3(2), 5(2), 6 and 8(1) of that Schedule] in notification No. 2184A., dated the 18th March 1916, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd idem :—

ORDERS UNDER SCHEDULE VII.

(1) Rule 3(2).—The nomination letters of candidates shall be sent to the Returning Officer on or before the 20th March 1920.

(2) Rule 5(2).—The Returning Officer shall send lists of candidates and voting papers to the electors on or before the 23rd March 1920.

(3) Rule 6.—Electors shall send their voting papers, after recording their votes, to the Returning Officer on or before the 26th March 1920.

(4) Rule 8(1).—The Returning Officer shall attend at his office at 3 P.M., on the 31st March 1920, for the purpose of counting votes.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 27611 or.—The 13th March 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 19th January 1920, Babu Priya Nath Sarkar, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, is allowed combined leave for two years, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, with effect from the 23rd August 1919, additional privilege leave for one day under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1680.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and furlough for the remaining period under article 338 of the Civil Service Regulations.

Certificate of approval.

No. 2594L.R.—The 9th March 1920.—With reference to rule 7 of the rules issued by the Government of India with their resolution No. 7552—7581-121, dated the 15th September 1913, for regulating the grant by Local Governments of licenses to prospect for minerals and the grant of mining leases in British India, it is hereby certified that Messrs. Tata Electro-Chemicals, Limited, of Bombay, are approved by the Government of Bengal as a fit and proper person to whom such licenses or leases can be granted in the Presidency of Bengal.

2. Under rule 8 of the aforesaid rules this certificate will expire at midnight on the 31st of December 1920.

No. 2653 L.R.—The 10th March 1920.—With reference to rule 7 of the Rules issued by the Government of India with their Resolution No. 7552—7581-121, dated the 15th September 1913, for regulating the grant by Local Governments of licenses to prospect for minerals and the grant of mining leases in British India, it is hereby certified that the Union Oil Company of Burma, Limited, is approved by the Government of Bengal as a fit and proper company to whom such licenses or leases can be granted in the Presidency of Bengal.

Certificate of approval.

2. Under rule 8 of the aforesaid rules this certificate will expire at midnight on the 31st of December 1920.

No. 2659 L.R.—The 11th March 1920.—With reference to rule 7 of the rules issued by the Government of India with their Resolution No. 7552—7581-121, dated the 15th September 1913, for regulating the grant by Local Governments of licenses to prospect for minerals and the grant of mining leases in British India, it is hereby certified that Messrs. C. Macdonald & Co., of Bombay, are approved by the Government of Bengal as a fit and proper company to whom such licenses or leases can be granted in the Presidency of Bengal.

Certificate of approval.

2. Under rule 8 of the aforesaid rules this certificate will expire at midnight on the 31st of December 1920.

No. 2847 L.R.—The 15th March 1920.—It is hereby notified that the survey carried out under the orders of Government under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (Bengal Act V of 1875), and sub-section (1) of section 101 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), and embodied in the marginally noted notifications, is adopted as defining villages for the purposes of clause 10(b) of section 3 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in police-stations Asansol town, Asansol Muffasil, Niamatpur, Dishergarh, Barbani, Salanpur, Jamuria, Raniganj, Ondal, Faridpur and Kaksa

Burdwan and Bankura.

No. 10772 L.R., dated the 17th November 1914, published at page 2059, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th November 1914.

No. 1626 T.R., dated the 29th September 1917, published at page 1568, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 29th September 1917.

No. 7535 L.R., dated the 13th September 1918, published at pages 1329-30, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th September 1918.

in the district of Burdwan and police-stations Saltora and Mejhia in the district of Bankura.

No. 2860 L.R.—The 16th March 1920.—It is hereby notified that the survey carried out under the orders of Government under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (Bengal Act V of 1875), and section 101 (1) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), and embodied in the notifications noted below, is adopted as defining villages for the purpose of clause (10) (b) of section 3 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in the police-station of Kaliganj in the district of Nadia:—

Nadia.

(1) No. 1595 T.R., dated the 1st October 1917.

(2) No. 7311 L.R., dated the 6th September 1918.

No. 2861 L.R.—The 6th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 16 of Regulation VII of 1822, the Governor in Council is pleased specially to authorise the Collector of the district of Dacca, in making or revising the settlement of any mahal, to hear, try and determine all claims to the property and possession of the lands lying within such mahal or the rent or produce thereof, and to give possession to the party who may appear to have the best title, subject to the orders and direction of the Board, and further subject, as above, to the revision of the Zilla Court on a regular suit.

Dacca.

No. 2767 L.A.—The 13th March 1920.—Babu Satish Chandra Upadhyaya, Subdivisional Officer of Katwa, in the district of Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

Burdwan.

No. 2768 L.A.—The 13th March 1920.—Babu Girish Chandra Sen, Subdivisional Officer of Kalna, in the district of Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

Burdwan.

No. 2769 L.A.—The 13th March 1920.—**Babu Atul Chandra Guha**, Deputy Collector, Asansol, in the district of Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that subdivision.

No. 2801 L.A.—The 15th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, 428·9585 acres, which was covered by declaration No. 3407 L.A., dated the 8th April 1919, published at page 578, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 9th idem, and required for the establishment of the Royal Air Force landing ground and an Aerodrome station at Sonarpur in the villages of Sonarpur, Gharkhara, Kurigachi, Ghisera and Mathurapur, pargana Medaunmolla, zilla 24-Parganas.

No. 2812 L.A.—The 15th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a piece of land measuring, more or less, ·08 of an acre, bounded as described below, which was included in the area notified for acquisition under declaration No. 5919 L.A., dated the 13th August 1917, published at page 1219, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, and required for remodelling Mymensingh railway station yard in the village of Shehara, pargana Alapsingh, district Mymensingh—

North—By the Gospel Hall,

West and South—By the land acquired for the Eastern Bengal Railway,

East—By the drain.

No. 2859 L.A.—The 16th March 1920.—The following agreement, made under section 41 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, is published for general information.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT made this the 15th day of March one thousand nine hundred and twenty BETWEEN THE CALCUTTA ELECTRIC SUPPLY CORPORATION LIMITED a Company (registered under the English Companies Act) and having its registered office at 2, Broad Street Place in the City of London in England, and having a branch office at No. 6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta (hereinafter called "the Company" of the one part and THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL (hereinafter called "The Secretary of State") of the other part.

WHEREAS for the purpose of the construction of a Distributing Station for the supply of electrical energy the Company has applied to the Government of Bengal for the acquisition under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act I of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four of the premises No. 17, Convent Lane, Entally, in the suburbs of Calcutta containing nine cottabs and seven chitaks or 0·1559 of an acre or thereabouts being revenue holding No. 34, municipal premises No. 17, Convent Lane, Entally, in the suburbs of Calcutta, in the district of the 24-Parganas, more particularly described in the Schedule hereto and marked with a red boundary line in the plan* hereunto annexed.

AND WHEREAS the said Government of Bengal being satisfied by an enquiry held under section 40 of the said Act that the proposed acquisition is needed for the aforesaid purpose and that the said work is likely to prove useful to the public has consented to acquire on behalf of the Company the piece or parcel of land hereinbefore described.

AND WHEREAS the said Government of Bengal has required the Company under the provisions of section 41 of the abovementioned Act to enter into the agreement with the Secretary of State hereinafter contained.

* Not published herewith but may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, at No. 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

NOW THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH that it is hereby agreed and declared as follows :—

(1) On demand the Company shall and will pay to the said Government of Bengal all and every compensation in respect of the said land tendered paid or awarded or to be tendered, paid or awarded, by the Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, or by the Court to which a reference under Part III of the said Act may be made, or by the Court or Courts to which an appeal from the award of the said Court may be preferred and all costs, charges, and expenses of the proceedings in the aforesaid Courts, or otherwise incidental to the proposed acquisition, or payable in respect thereof under the provisions of the said Act.

(2) On demand made by the said Collector, the obligations of the Company under the last preceding clause not being hereby limited, the Company shall and will deposit with the said Collector such sum or sums of money as, in his discretion, the said Collector may, in anticipation, estimate to be necessary for the purposes mentioned in the last preceding clause.

(3) On payment by the Company of all demands under the foregoing first clause (or, in the discretion of the said Government of Bengal, on deposit by the Company of all estimated amounts as provided in the second clause) but not before possession shall have been taken under the provisions of the abovementioned Act, the Secretary of State shall make over possession of the said land to the Company and shall execute and do all such acts and deeds as may be necessary and proper for effectually vesting the same in the Company.

(4) The said land shall be held by the Company for the purpose of such supply of electrical energy as is hereinbefore mentioned and purposes incidental thereto, and without the sanction in writing of the said Government of Bengal first had and obtained for no other purpose whatsoever.

(5) The necessary buildings and plant for the said supply of electrical energy shall be completed (and fully equipped in all respects ready for use) within two years from the date on which possession of the said land shall have been given to the Company.

(6) Should the said distributing station not be completed (and fully equipped in all respects ready for use) within the period stated in the last preceding clause or within such further period as in its discretion may be prescribed or allowed by the said Government of Bengal or should the said land at any time thereafter cease, for a period of six consecutive months, to be held and used, or cease to be required for the purpose or purposes provided for in the foregoing fourth clause then and in any such case, the said Government may summarily re-enter upon and take possession of the said land, and thereupon the interest of the Company in the said land shall absolutely cease and determine.

7. On taking such possession the said Government may sell or otherwise deal with the said land as it may think proper. Should the said Government sell the said land the said Government after deducting the expenses incurred in connection with the said taking of possession and with such sale shall pay the proceeds to the Company. Should the said Government, on taking possession, decide not to sell the land, it shall repay to the Company all sums received from the Company in respect of all and every compensation as provided in the foregoing first clause (less the statutory allowance of fifteen per cent.) but will not repay any sums paid and received on account of costs, charges and expenses.

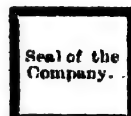
8. The public shall be entitled to the supply of electrical energy on the following terms, that is to say, subject to the provisions of the Indian Electricity Act, one thousand nine hundred and ten, and Rules made thereunder or to the provisions of any other legislative enactment or rules in that behalf for the time being in force, the public in the vicinity of the said distributing station (when completed) shall be entitled to be supplied with electrical energy from such station within the limits of the power available at such station and in pursuance of the terms of the Electric License granted to the Company.

(9) Should any dispute or difference arise touching or concerning the subject matter of this agreement or any covenant clause or thing herein contained the same shall be referred to the said Government of Bengal and the opinion and decision of the said Government upon which dispute or difference shall be final and conclusive and binding on the parties hereto.

THE SCHEDULE above referred to.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land situated at the corner of Convent Lane and Palmers Bazar Road at Entally, in the suburbs of Calcutta, district 24-Parganas, being municipal premises No. 17, Convent Lane, aforesaid, revenue holding No. 34, containing an area of nine cottahs and seven chitaks or 0.1559 acre (decimal 1559 of an acre) or thereabouts, and bounded on the south by Convent Lane, on the east by Palmers Bazar Road, on the north by premises No. 1, Palmers Bazar Road, and on the west by premises No. 16, Convent Lane, aforesaid.

IN WITNESS whereof the duly constituted joint attorneys of the Company and the Secretary of State for India in Council have hereunto set their respective hands and seals the day and year first above written.



Signed, sealed and delivered by John Thompson Mertens and Edgar Charles Simon the duly constituted joint attorneys for the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, in the presence of:

p.p. The Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited.

J. T. MERTENS,
Acting Agent and Chief Engineer.

E. C. ESSON,
Solicitor, Calcutta.

E. C. SIMON,
Deputy Agent.

Signed, sealed and delivered by Malcolm Caird McAlpin, the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Revenue Department, on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council in the presence of:

M. C. MCALPIN.

S. A. LATIF,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Revenue Department.

No. 2900 L.A.—*The 16th March 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, 24-Parganas. the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land measuring, more or less, 0.1222 of an acre, which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 4274 L.A., dated the 20th May 1919, published at pages 825-26, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem, and was required by the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality for a night-soil transfer depôt in the village of Cossipore, pargana Dehi Panchannogram, zilla 24-Parganas.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2724 L.A.—*The 12th March 1920.*—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Nadia. Nadia for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of the branch channel No. 6A, which forms a portion of the Jaboona Project which is being carried out under the Sanitary Drainage Act, in the villages of Nimtala and Satsimoo Leah, pargana Srinagar, zilla Nadia, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 5.17 acres, and 1,500 feet in length and 150 feet in breadth running from south to north, is required within the aforesaid villages of Nimtala and Satsimoo Leah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Ranaghat.

M. C. MCALPIN.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2747 L.A.—The 13th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken

24-Parganas.

by Government at the expense of the District Board of the 24-Parganas for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of branch channel No. 13, which forms a portion of the Jaboona project, in the village of Salua, pargana Ukra, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 3.9938 acres, commencing from chainage marked 0.0 from Jaboona river, (as shown in the plan) ending at chainage 2900 at Kantakool beel with a uniform width of 60 feet passing through the village of Salua, is required within the aforesaid village of Salua.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Nadia Rivers Division.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2758 L.A.—The 13th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the

Faridpur.

Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of lock and retired embankment in the 11th mile of Madaripur Bheel route, in the village of Barasatpar, pargana Fatehjungpur, zilla Faridpur, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, measuring more or less, 2 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the Government land.

East—By the tank of Balak Mondal and lands of Balak Mandal, Nibaran Mondal, Sreenath Biswas and khal,

South—By the lands of Sreenath Biswas, Chaitanya Mondal and Hira Mohan Mondal,

West—By the Government land,

is required within the aforesaid village of Barasatpar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Gopalganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2764 L.A.—The 13th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor

24-Parganas.

in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of the 24-Parganas for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of branch channel No. 11, which forms a portion of the Jaboona project, in the villages of Kuchlia, Bailani, Jhanjana, Kristonagar-Beergum, Payaragachi, Wooludanga, Sallooa, Fultola and Janafal, pargana Ukhra, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 53.9473 acres,

commencing on the right bank of Jaboona river in the village of Kuchlia and ending at Bara river beel in the village Janaful, with a width varying from 74 ft. to 210 ft., and passing through the villages of Kuchlia, Bailani, Jhanjana Kristonagar-Beergum, Payaragachi, Wooludanga, Sallooa, Faltola and Janaful, is required within the aforesaid villages of Kuchlia, Bailani, Jhanjana, Kristonagar-Beergum, Payaragachi, Wooludanga, Sallooa, Faltola and Janaful.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Nadia Rivers Division.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2774 L.A.—The 13th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of the

24-Parganas.

24-Parganas for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of branch channel No. 12A, which forms a portion of the Jaboona project, in the village of Tepuli, pargana Amirpur, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 3.7769 acres commencing from the chainage 5000 in the village of Tepuli and ending at the chainage 7350 in the village of Khatura Badur, with an uniform width of 70 ft., passing through the village of Tepuli, is required within the aforesaid village of Tepuli.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Nadia Rivers Division.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2842 L.A.—The 15th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of the

24-Parganas.

24-Parganas for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of branch channel No. 12 in connection with the Jaboona project, in the villages of Raghunathpur and Gaeshpur, parganas Katulia and Akra, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 4.9587 acres, commencing at chainage 0 in the village of Gaeshpur, on the left bank of Jaboona, and ending at the chainage 3600, in the village of Khakura Baur with a width of 70 feet and passing through the villages Raghunathpur and Gaeshpur, is required within the aforesaid villages of Raghunathpur and Gaeshpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Nadia Rivers Division.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2865 L.A.—The 16th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Tamluk Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of municipal drain within Tamluk Municipality, in the village of Parbatipur, pargana Tamluk,

Midnapore.

within Tamluk Municipality, in the village of Parbatipur, pargana Tamluk,

zilla Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, '44 of an acre, bounded on the—

BLOCK A :

North—By Satish Chandra Mukherjee's *doba*,

East—By Dhobapara Lane,

South—By *mota aile rasta*,

West—By lands of Beni Lal Misra, Binodini Dasi, Bhisanjani Debi and others;

BLOCK B :

North—By *mota aile rasta*, and lands of Shama Charan Adhikari and Jagutpati Dey and others,

East—By Dhobapara Lane and lands of Binodini Dasi, Nilratan Adhikari and brothers,

South—By lands of Sarat Chandra Adhikari, Ambika Charan Adhikari, Binodini Dasi and Bhisanjani Debi and Adhikaripara Lane,

West—By District Board Gurbmaricha diversion road and land of Sarat Chandra Adhikari,

are required within the aforesaid village of Parbatipur.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Tamluk.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2887 L.A.—*The 16th March 1920.*—Whereas it appears to the

Nadia.

Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Nadia for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of the main channel up to Satheria cut, which forms a portion of the Jaboona Project which is being carried out under the Sanitary Drainage Act, in the villages of Satheria and Naptasatheria, pargana Ukhra, zilla Nadia, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 31.22 acres, 4,000 feet in length and 340 feet in breadth, running east to west, is required within the aforesaid villages of Satheria and Naptasatheria.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Ranaghat.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2890 L.A.—*The 16th March 1920.*—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by

24-Parganas.

Government at the expense of the District Board of the 24-Parganas for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of a tank, in the village of Gobindapur, pargana Balia, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2.4104 acres, bounded on the—

North, East and South—By the land of Rai Debendranath Ballav Bahadur.

West—By the Dhakura road,

is required within the aforesaid village of Gobindapur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the District Engineer, 21-Parganas.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2893 L.A.—The 16th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Noakhali for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of District Board feeder road in the villages of Sonapur and Gopairamsankar, parganas Bhulua and Gopalpur, zilla Noakhali, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 2.79 acres, bounded on the—

PLOT A :

North—By the lands of Nazir Mia and others, Gobinda Kahar and others, Ramkamal, Robert, Lawrence, Hor Mohan and District Board land,

East—By District Board land,

South—By the land of Nazir Mia and others, Robert, Lawrence, Rankamal, Hor Mohan, Rankamal and Ainaddi and Ainaddi,

West—By road,

PLOT B :

North and West—By District Board land,

South—By land of Abhoy,

East—By District Board road,

are required within the aforesaid villages of Sonapur and Gopairamsankar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Noakhali.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2896 L.A.—The 16th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Howrah Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for widening a portion of Gopal Banerjee's lane, in the village of Ramkrishtopur, pargana Boro, zilla Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .02 of an acre, bounded on the—

North, East and West—By Gopal Banerjee's lane,

South—By tank filled up land of Babu Adhar Nath Chatterjee and others,

is required within the aforesaid village of Ramkrishtopur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Covenanted Deputy Collector of Howrah.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2903 L.A.—The 16th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Nadia for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of branch channel No. 6B, which forms a portion of the Jaboona Project which is being carried out under the Sanitary Drainage Act in the villages of Sharabpur, Pora Maheshtalah, Lakshmipur and Bagruppur, pargana Srinagar, zilla Nadia, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running west to east and thence to north and measuring, more or less, 40·86 acres, as detailed below:—

	3,500 feet in length and 150 feet in breadth,	
400	" " and 90	" "
2,300	" " and 150	" "
1,800	" " and 130	" "
2,300	" " and 100	" "
4,100	" " and 100	" "

is required within the aforesaid villages of Sharabpur, Pora Maheshtalah, Lakshmipur and Bagruppur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Ranaghat.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 2906 L.A.—The 16th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for an assisted siding for Katras Jheria Coal Company off No. 3, Katras Jheria Siding, in the village of Shibpur, pargana Shergarh, zilla Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·74 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and East—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

South and West—By the land of Sashi Bhusan Panda and others,

is required within the aforesaid village of Shibpur.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use, in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the District Engineer, East Indian Railway, Asansol.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATA.

No. 2712 L.A.—The 12th March 1920.—In line 5 of declaration No. 2214 L.A., dated the 6th March 1919, published at page 400, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th idem, in respect of the land required by the District Board of Jessore for excavation of a tank in the village Joypur, read "pargana Dautia" for "pargana Syedpur."

No. 2771 L.A.—The 13th March 1920.—In line 7 of declaration No. 2893-L.A., dated the 25th March 1919, published at pages 485-86, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 26th idem, regarding the acquisition of land required by the District Board of Rangpur for the extension of Rowmari inspection-bungalow compound in the district of Rangpur, for 1·836 acres" read "2·025 acres."

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION.

No. 2795 Regn.—The 15th March 1920.—Babu Sachis Chandra Chatarji District Sub-Registrar, under orders of transfer to Malda is granted combined leave for six weeks, viz., ordinary privilege leave for one month and nine days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th February 1920, and additional privilege leave for three days under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168 C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period under article 336 of the Regulations.

No. 2797 Regn.—The 15th March 1920.—Maulvi Inamul Kabirul Qadiri, Sub-Registrar of Gobindganj, in the district of Rangpur, is appointed to act as District Sub-Registrar of Malda, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Sachis Chandra Chatarji, or until further orders.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2799 Regn.—The 15th March 1920.—The following promotions and confirmations are sanctioned in the grades of District Sub-Registrars:—

Confirmed in the 1st grade.

Maulvi Gholam Nabi with effect from the 30th January 1920, *vice* Babu Nalin Chandra Chatarji, deceased.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to the 1st grade.

Babu Prabodh Chandra Chatarji with effect from the 30th January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Gholam Nabi, confirmed in the first grade.

Confirmed in the second grade.

Babu Raj Kumar Basu with effect from the 30th January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Gholam Nabi, confirmed in the first grade.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to the second grade.

Maulvi Abdul Khaleq with effect from the 30th January 1920, *vice* Babu Raj Kumar Basu, confirmed in the second grade.

Confirmed in the third grade.

Maulvi Reazat-ullah with effect from the 30th January 1920, *vice* Babu Raj Kumar Basu, confirmed in the second grade.

Babu Jyotish Chandra Singh, officiating District Sub-Registrar, is appointed to be a substantive *pro tempore* District Sub-Registrar, grade III, with effect from the 30th January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Reazat-ullah, confirmed in the third grade.

No. 2805 Regn.—The 15th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Bengal Muhammadan Marriages and Divorces Registration Act, 1876 (Bengal Act I of 1876), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdur Rahim temporarily to be a Muhammadan Registrar within police-stations Balurghat, Kumarganj, Patnitolla and Dhamairhat, in the district of Dinajpur, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Emaduddin Ahmad, or until further orders.

No. 2806 Regn.—The 15th March 1920.—In exercise of the power

Dinajpur.

conferred by section 2 of the Kazis' Act, 1880 (Act XII of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvi Abdur Rahim temporarily to be the Kazi for the celebration of marriages and the performance of other rites and ceremonies within police-stations Balurghat, Kumarganj, Patnitolla and Dhamaishat, in the district of Dinajpur, during the absence, on leave, of Maulvi Emaduddin Ahmad, or until further orders.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 575 Edn.—The 11th March 1920.—Mr. B. Heaton, Principal, Bengal

Howrah.

Engineering College, Sibpur, is allowed combined leave for seven months and fifteen days, with effect from the 11th March 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, viz., ordinary privilege leave for three months and additional privilege leave for two months, under articles 272 and 274 of the Civil Service Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department order No. 168 C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period, under article 308 (b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department Resolution No. 1514 C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 602 Edn.—The 13th March 1920.—Mr. H. E. Stapleton, of the

Dacca Divn.

Indian Educational Service, on reversion from military duty, is appointed to be Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, with effect from the afternoon of the 23rd December 1919, but will continue to be on deputation in connection with the preliminary arrangements for the establishment of the Dacca University.

No. 604 Edn.—The 13th March 1920.—Mr. W. E. Griffith, of the

Dacca Divn.

Indian Educational Service, is appointed to act as Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, with effect from the 4th January 1920, vice Mr. H. E. Stapleton, on deputation.

No. 611 Edn.—The 15th March 1920.—Mr. T. H. Richardson, Pro-

Howrah.

fessor, Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur, is appointed to act as Principal of that college, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. B. Heaton, or until further orders.

No. 613 Edn.—The 15th March 1920.—Mr. R. N. Golchrist, Principal,

Nadia.

Krishnagar College, has been granted, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, an extension of leave for one month.

No. 615 Edn.—The 15th March 1920.—Mr. A. Macdonald, Professor,

Howrah.

Calcutta.

Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur, is appointed to act as Superintendent of Industries and Inspector of Technical and Industrial Institutions in Bengal, during

the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. H. Everett, or until further orders.

No. 617 Edn.—The 15th March 1920.—Mr. W. H. Everett, officiating Superintendent of Industries and Inspector of Technical and Industrial Institutions in Bengal, is allowed combined leave for six months, with effect from the 1st April 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, viz., ordinary privilege leave for two months and three days, and additional privilege leave for twenty-seven days, or the amount due on the date on which he may be relieved, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department order No. 168 C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and special leave on urgent private affairs for the remaining period under article 316 of the Regulations.

No. 621 Edn.—The 15th March 1920.—Mr. T. S. Sterling, Professor,

Calcutta.

Presidency College, Calcutta, has been granted, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, an extension of furlough on medical certificate for four months.

No. 623 Edn.—The 15th March 1920.—Mr. Egerton Smith, Professor, Dacca College, is allowed combined leave for one year and twenty days under article 277 of the Civil Service Regulations, viz., the summer vacation of the college

from the 14th April to the 3rd July 1920, furlough on average salary for five months under the Government of India, Finance Department resolution No. 1514 O. S. R., dated the 29th December 1919, and furlough on half average salary for the remaining period under article 308(b) of the Regulations.

No. 98 Eccle.—The 15th March 1920.—The following notification, issued by the Government of India, Department of Education, is republished for general information :—

No. 87, dated Delhi, the 27th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION—By the Government of India, Department of Education, (Ecclesiastical).

The following should be substituted for this Department Notification No. 391, dated the 23rd August 1919 :—

The Reverend W. Thomson, M.A., Presidency Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Bengal, is granted privilege leave for three months and six days, combined with furlough for one year eight months and twenty-four days, with effect from the 15th September 1919, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 291 San.—The 16th March 1920.—Dr. C. H. Elmes, O.B.E., M.B., Ch.B., Health Officer, Port of Calcutta, is allowed combined

leave for eight months from the 18th March 1920 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, viz., privilege leave for two months and six days under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and leave without allowance for the remaining period under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 292 San.—The 16th March 1920.—Dr. J. B. McVail, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Special Officer, Anti-Hookworm Campaign, Mills and

Factories area, is appointed to act in addition to his own duties as Health Officer, Port of Calcutta, *vice* Dr. C. H. Elms, O.B.E., M.B., Ch.B., on leave.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 3866F., dated the 11th March 1920.

Copy of a letter No. 3867F., dated the 11th March 1920, to the Accountant-General, Bengal.

IN continuation of Government order No. 2371F., dated the 10th February 1920, I am directed to convey the sanction of Government to the grant of grain compensation allowance of Re. 1 a month, for the month of January 1920, to all whole-time servants under this Government on the civil establishment drawing Rs. 12 or less per month. These orders will apply to all the districts of Bengal in which the cheapest common rice was dearer than 10 seers the rupee, excluding the Chittagong Hill Tracts, where the price was not dearer than 7 seers the rupee, during the month.

No. 703S.R.—The 10th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2, sub-section (5) of the Indian Income-Tax

Act, 1918 (VII of 1918), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Suresh Chandra Basu, Deputy Collector, to exercise and perform the powers and duties conferred by the said Act on a Collector, with in the Sadar subdivision of the district of Dacca.

No. 749 S.R.—The 11th March 1920.—The following is added as rule 21 to the rules for the recruitment of Superintendents and Inspectors of Excise and Salt, published under Notification No. 5018.R., dated the 15th March 1915, as subsequently amended viz :—

“21. No member of the service, once he has been confirmed, shall be entitled to resign his appointment without the previous sanction of Government.”

A. MARR,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTICE.

No. 782 S.R.

AN examination of the Benares provision opium of season 1918-19 will be held at the new opium godowns, No. 14, Strand Road, Calcutta, on Tuesday, the 20th April 1920, at 11 A.M. Merchants, dealers and others interested in opium are invited to attend.

Samples of the opium examined will be given to merchants and dealers only in small tins labelled with the names of the persons requiring the sample.

By order of the Governor in Council,

A. MARR,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 12th March 1920.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 967 Com.—The 10th March 1920.—Under clause (2) of section 10 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1908 (XVII of 1908), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare his approval of the appointment of Mr. J. C. F. Deddes to act as Emigration Agent at Calcutta for Suriman during the absence, on leave, of Mr. L. Grommers, with effect from the 21st January 1920.

A. MARR,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 574 Medl.—The 15th March 1920.—Maulvi Abdul Majed, M.B., a passed student of the Medical College, Calcutta, is temporarily admitted into the service of Government as Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the afternoon of the 2nd March 1920.

No. 577 Medl.—The 15th March 1920.—On being relieved of his officiating appointment at the Campbell Medical School and Hospital, Major D. S. Ollenbach, I.M.D. (retired), is appointed temporarily as Superintendent, Albert Victor Asylum for Lepers, Gobra, Calcutta, with effect from the 1st March 1920.

No. 581 Medl.—The 15th March 1920.—Babu Birendra Nath Roy, M.B., a passed student of the Medical College, Calcutta, is admitted into the service of Government as an Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 1st March 1920.

A. MARR,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 555 Medl.—The 12th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (6) of section 3 of the Indian Lunacy Act, 1912 (IV of 1912), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Ambika Charan Datta, Deputy Magistrate, Sealdah, to perform the functions of a Magistrate under that Act in the district of the 24 Parganas.

A. MARR,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2404A.

POWERS.

No. 2249A.—*The 12th March 1920.*—Babu Gyanendra Mohan Chaudhuri, Deputy Magistrate, Burdwan, is vested with the powers under section 144 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 2251A.—*The 12th March 1920.*—Under the authority vested in the Local Government by sub-section (2), section 8, of the Reformatory Schools Act, VIII of 1897, the Governor in Council is pleased to invest Babu Gyanendra Mohan Chaudhuri, Deputy Magistrate, Burdwan, with the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of the said Act.

No. 2335A.—*The 15th March 1920.*—Babu Gnanamay Chatarji, Deputy Magistrate, Diamond Harbour, 24-Parganas, is vested with powers under sections 110 and 133 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 2347A.—*The 15th March 1920.*—Maulvi Nasiruddin Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been transferred to the Sirajganj subdivision of the Pabna district, is vested with powers under sections 143, 144, 174, 186, 190 (1) and 524 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

H. L. STEPHENSON.

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 1236J.—*The 15th March 1920.*—Maulvi Abdul Khaliq, munsif of Comilla, in the district of Tippera, is appointed to act, until further orders, as additional Subordinate Judge.

No. 1239J.—*The 15th March 1920.*—Babu Sarada Prasad Datta, munsif of Patiya, in the district of Chittagong, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif, in the district of Tippera, to be ordinarily stationed at Comilla.

No. 1246J.—*The 15th March 1920.*—Babu Tarani Kanta Nag, munsif of Katwa, in the district of Burdwan, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Faridpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Bhanga, and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889 within the local limits of the Bhanga munsifi. He is also vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153 (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.

No. 1249J.—*The 15th March 1920.*—Babu Subodh Chandra Sarkar, munsif of Bhanga, in the district of Faridpur, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Burdwan, to be ordinarily stationed at Katwa.

No. 1252J.—*The 15th March 1920.*—Babu Mahima Ranjan Mitra, munsif of Lakhmipur, in the district of Noakhali, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Faridpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Bhanga.

No. 1255J.—*The 15th March 1920.*—Babu Indu Bhusan Biswas, officiating munsif of Bhanga in the district of Faridpur, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of Noakhali, to be ordinarily stationed at Lakhmipur.

No. 1258J.—*The 15th March 1920.*—Babu Kshitish Chandra Chatarji, munsif of Munshiganj, in the district of Dacca, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of the 24-Parganas, to be ordinarily stationed at Barasat, and is vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153 (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.

No. 12617.—*The 15th March 1920.*—The services of Babu Kunja Bihari Ballabh, munsif of Barasat, in the district of the 24 Parganas, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

LEAVE.

No. 1266J.—*The 15th March 1920.*—Munshi Usman Ali, officiating Subordinate Judge of Noakhali, is allowed leave for eighteen days, viz., one day only, under article 274 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the remaining period, under article 271 of the same Regulations, with effect from the 15th March 1920.

G. N. ROY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 1235J.—*The 15th March 1920*—In notification No 9781, dated the 2nd March 1920, published at pages 456-62 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of 10th March 1920, for 'Babu Shailesh Chandra Basu' in item 3 under the heading 'confirmed in the fourth grade of Munsifs' read 'Babu Shailesh Chandra Banarji'.

G. N. RAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

POLICE.

NOTIFICATIONS

No. 3250P.—*The 15th March 1920*—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (5) of sub-section (1) of section 1 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Rangamati police-station in the district of the Chittagong Hill Tracts and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the said police-station shall henceforth include in it the villages specified in the following schedule —

Schedule.

Serial No.	Name of village	Serial No.	Name of village
1.	Kengalehhari	28.	Rangapuri.
2.	Bakehhari.	29.	Sapehhari.
3.	Sabakeong.	30.	Jhagarabul.
4.	Agarillachhara.	31.	Balukhali
5.	Gabachhari.	32.	Rangamati.
6.	Jadukhanchhara.	33.	Hemanta.
7.	Sakuribil.	34.	Basanta.
8.	Betchhari.	35.	Manukchhari.
9.	Toichakma.	36.	Magban.
10.	Baradam.	37.	Fulgajibaparchhara.
11.	Maischhari	38.	Kaunda.
12.	Chowdhurichhara.	39.	Baradom
13.	Bagachhari.	40.	Kamilachhari.
14.	Nanakurum.	41.	Dhanpata.
15.	Katalali.	42.	Jiboli.
16.	Selaachhari.	43.	Kusalyaghona.
17.	Burighat.	44.	Kangrachhari.
18.	Chotamahapram.	45.	Bargyatoli
19.	Ghilachhari.	46.	Barodgola.
20.	Hajachhari.	47.	Kutubdia.
21.	Daitchhari.	48.	Naraichhari.
22.	Toimdong.	49.	Kerachhari.
23.	Bondokbhanga.	50.	Bilaichhari.
24.	Katubchhari.	51.	Barlachhari.
25.	Baluchhari.	52.	Sakrachhari.
26.	Bachhari.	53.	Rainkheong reserve.
27.	Bachhari.		

No. 3251P.—The 15th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (s) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Mahalchhari police-station, in the district of the Chittagong Hill Tracts, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the said police-station shall henceforth include in it the villages specified in the following schedule :—

Schedule.

Serial No	Name of village	Serial No	Name of village
1.	Logang.	20.	Datkupia.
2.	Chengri.	21.	Ultachhari.
3.	Barapanchhari.	22.	Machchhari.
4.	Pushgang.	23.	Kayanghat
5.	Chotapanchhari.	24.	Lemoochhari.
6.	Latiban.	25.	Mubachhari.
7.	Jugulchhari.	26.	Changrachhari.
8.	Begunchhara.	27.	Thalipara.
9.	Jormoiam	28.	Ketenganal.
10.	Gashban.	29.	Durpurgyanal.
11.	Bangalkati.	30.	Tindochhari.
12.	Perachhara.	31.	Sundukchhari.
13.	Gelabari.	32.	Debalchhari.
14.	Kamalechhari.	33.	Ghilachhari.
15.	Durchhari.	34.	Dulyatali.
16.	Bhoachhari.	35.	Jatulechhari.
17.	Nunchhari.	36.	Jurgachhari.
18.	Gamaridhala.	37.	Mayarkhil.
19.	Itchhari.		

No. 3253P.—The 15th March 1920—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (s) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Bandarban police-station in the district of the Chittagong Hill Tracts and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the said police-station shall henceforth include in it the villages specified in the following schedule :—

Schedule.

Serial No	Name of village	Serial No	Name of village
1.	Chitinaran.	22.	Mrokheong.
2.	Nurangri.	23.	Mrookheong.
3.	Portion of the Kaptai reserve on the left bank of Karnafuli and south of mauza Bargguli in Rangamati police-station.	24.	Kakheong.
4.	Rakhali.	25.	Alikheong.
5.	Pekua.	26.	Bulaghata.
6.	Arachhari.	27.	Dhapakheong.
7.	Dhanuchhara.	28.	Bekheong.
8.	Jimrong.	29.	Kaikheong.
9.	Kukyachhari.	30.	Bandarban.
10.	Gainda.	31.	Tarasa.
11.	Kakrachhari.	32.	Roangchhari.
12.	Poitha.	33.	Painkheong.
13.	Ghila.	34.	Khemakheong.
14.	Kaptai.	35.	Berehara.
15.	Chikheong.	36.	Sualock.
16.	Rajbila.	37.	Ghorawo.
17.	Nbara.	38.	Keyachlong.
18.	Chemi.	39.	Rinkheong.
19.	Noapatong.	40.	Alikheong.
20.	Kuhalong.	41.	North Hangar.
21.	Kolakheong.	42.	South Hangar.
		43.	Tankabati.
		44.	Takerpanchhari.
		45.	Hapinziri.

No. 1208P.—The 15th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (s) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), and in modification of all previous notifications published in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to the area included in the Chhandraghona police-station in the district of the Chittagong Hill Tracts, and to the boundaries of that area, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the said police-station shall henceforth include in it the villages specified in the following schedule:—

Schedule.

Serial No.	Name of village	Serial No.	Name of village
1.	Wagga	12.	Kerekkata.
2.	Portion of the Kaptai reserve forest on the right bank of Karnafuli river.	13.	Muklachhari.
3.	Ghagara.	14.	Barmachhari.
4.	Kachukhali	15.	Lelang.
5.	Kalampati	16.	Dhurung.
6.	Kashkhali.	17.	Maramchhari.
7.	Dabua.	18.	Suknachhari.
8.	Ghilachhari.	19.	Chota Dhurung.
9.	Mubachhari.	20.	Lakshmichhari.
10.	Fatikchhari.	21.	Banarkata.
11.	Nabhang.	22.	Damer Barnarkata.
		23.	Durchhari.

No. 1210P.J.—The 15th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 (1) (s) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), read with section 21 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendment in notification No. 4103J, dated the 8th September 1904 (published at pages 1286—98, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th idem), so far as it relates to the Tajumuddi police-station in the district of Bakarganj, namely:—

To the schedule of villages in the said notification *add* the following:—

Names of villages	General jurisdiction list number of thana
Char Sakuchia <i>alias</i> Char Goalia ...	These are newly for medchars and have no jurisdiction list numbers
Char Harakishore ...	
Char Botlam ...	
Char Faizuddin <i>alias</i> Char Jangalia ...	

No. 1226P.J.—The 15th March 1920.—Whereas the Governor in Council has reason to believe that the members of a gang of dacoits, ordinarily residing in the jurisdictions of police-stations Bogra and Kahalu, in the district of Bogra, and commonly known as Badi Fakir's gang, are addicted to the systematic commission of non-bailable offences:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council, in exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), hereby declares the said gang to be a criminal tribe for the purposes of that Act.

No. 1227P.J.—The 15th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), the Governor in Council hereby directs that every registered member of Badi Fakir's gang, which has been declared by notification No. 1226P.J., dated the 15th March 1920, to be a criminal tribe, shall, in the prescribed manner, report himself at fixed intervals and notify his place of residence, any change or intended change of residence and any absence or intended absence from his residence.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.**ESTABLISHMENT.***The 16th March 1920.*

No. 13.—Mr. D. J. Blomfield, Executive Engineer, Darjeeling Division, is granted combined leave for one year, under article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, viz., ordinary privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, additional privilege leave for two months and eighteen days or the amount due on relief, under Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1680.S R., dated the 24th February 1919, and furlough for the remaining period, under article 304(b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st April 1920, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

C. P. WALSH,

*Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.***MARINE DEPARTMENT.***The 12th March 1920.*

No. 32 Marine—Mr. E. G. Bacon, Junior Master Pilot, has after demobilization been provisionally granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India leave for six months, viz., privilege leave for four months and furlough for the remaining period with effect from the 25th January 1920.

C. B. BAYLEY,

*Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.**The 16th March 1920*

No. 33 Marine.—Mr. J. Hudson Branch Pilot, has, after demobilization, been granted, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, leave on medical certificate for six months, with effect from the 2nd February 1920.

C. B. BAYLEY,

*Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.**The 16th March 1920.*

No. 34 Marine—Mr. D. B. Mann, officiating Chief Inspector of Factories, Bengal, is appointed a member of the Boiler Commission constituted for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of the Bengal Steam-Boilers and Prime-Movers Act, 1879, *vice* Mr. R. P. Adams, on leave.

C. B. BAYLEY,

*Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.**The 10th March 1920.*

No. 31 Marine.—In accordance with the provisions of section 50, and section (2) of the Indian Ports Act, 1908, the following account of receipts and expenditure of the Hospital Port Dues Fund of the Port of Calcutta for the year 1918-19 is published for general information as a supplement to the abstract account of receipts and expenditure of the Port of Calcutta for the year 1918-19, published in the Appendix to the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 3rd March 1920.

C. B. BAYLEY,

Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure of the Calcutta Hospital Port Dues Fund for the year 1918-19.

Month.	RECEIPTS.	EXPENDITURE.						
		Health Officer.	Exchange compensation allowance.	Grain compensation allowance.	Other allowances.	Assistant Port Officer.	Inspector.	Travelling allowance of establishment.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Opening balance	7,473 10 8*							
April 1918	4,181 13 8	788 0 0			70 0 0	240 0 0	180 0 0	50 0 0
May	3,839 9 0	812 14 11	1 6 3		60 0 0	300 0 0	160 0 0	100 0 0
June	3,888 6 0	1,137 3 1				300 0 0	160 0 0	100 0 0
July	6,317 2 0	783 0 0				300 0 0	160 0 0	100 0 0
August	15,618 9 0	789 0 0				250 0 0	160 0 0	100 0 0
September	8,120 12 0	788 0 6				300 0 0		100 0 0
October	8,831 13 3	788 0 0			60 0 0	240 0 0	160 0 0	100 0 0
November	11,116 13 0	788 0 0			60 0 0	240 0 0	160 0 0	100 0 0
December	7,138 2 8	786 0 0		12 0 0	50 0 0	250 0 0	160 0 0	100 0 0
January 1919	6,818 8 0	786 0 0		3 0 0	50 0 0	250 0 0	160 0 0	100 0 0
February	8,721 14 0	786 0 0		10 0 0	50 0 0	250 0 0	160 0 0	100 0 0
March	10,379 6 0	786 0 0		5 0 0	50 0 0	250 0 0	160 0 0	100 0 0
Total	92,732 14 3	9,607 2 0	1 6 3	80 0 0	440 0 0	3,170 0 0	1,740 0 0	1,150 0 0
Closing balance								
GRAND TOTAL	85,259 3 7							

Month.	EXPENDITURE—contd.									
	Establishment.	Charges for sick seamen sent to Presidency General Hospital.	Charges for sick seamen sent to Hospitals.	Charges for sick seamen sent to Medical College Hospital.	Charges for sick seamen sent to Campbell Hospital.	Assistant Surgeon.	Office expenditure and miscellaneous.	Hire of fixed moorings.	Cost of firewood.	Rates and taxes.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Opening balance										
April 1918	99 8 0		162 8 0			25 0 0	215 15 9	55 0 0	1 0 0	
May	99 8 0	234 0 0	120 0 0			25 0 0	114 1 0	55 0 0	1 0 0	44 2 8
June	104 8 0	260 0 0				25 0 0	185 14 3	55 0 0	1 0 0	70 0 0
July	104 8 0	7,115 4 0	187 8 0	376 8 0		25 0 0	155 9 6	55 0 0		
August	104 8 0	112 0 0	47 8 0			25 0 0	189 8 6	55 0 0		44 2 8
September	983 2 10	52 0 0	980 0 0			25 0 0	608 14 7			
October	109 8 0	86 0 0	1,231 8 0			25 0 0	185 11 3	55 0 0	1 0 0	
November	125 6 5	7,628 8 0	1,265 0 0	55 8 0	4 6 0	25 0 0		55 0 0	0 8 0	44 2 8
December	148 8 0	174 0 0	515 0 0			25 0 0	5,177 5 6	55 0 0	0 8 0	
January 1919	134 10 7	226 0 0	440 0 0			25 0 0	181 13 3	55 0 0	1 0 0	
February	109 8 0	625 0 0				25 0 0	202 1 6	55 0 0	1 0 0	
March	109 8 0	11,653 2 0		825 0 0		10 11 4	888 3 0	55 0 0	1 0 0	41 2 8
Total	2,220 10 10	28,085 14 0	4,049 0 0	1,367 0 0	4 6 0	295 11 4	3,305 2 1	605 0 0	8 0 0	248 10 8
Closing balance										
GRAND TOTAL										

Month.	EXPENDITURE—contd.							
	Cost of coal for steam launch and other establishment.	Cost of stores.	Postage charges.	Contribution to Hospital Nurses' Institution.	Pension.	Subscription to news papers.	Rent of Telephone Line.	Total.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Opening balance								
April 1918	681 14 3		5 0 0					4,168 14 0
May	342 0 0				8 10 8		337 8 0	2,795 3 4
June	519 10 5				8 10 8			2,916 14 6
July	580 11 6				8 10 8	91 4 0		9,962 15 6
August	818 8 1				28 0 2			2,693 3 5
September	182 14 0	27 2 9						4,085 2 2
October	288 0 0				17 5 0			3,395 0 3
November	758 8 5		7 8 0	180 6 0	8 10 6			11,370 7 0
December	238 12 4	42 0 0	115 2 8					8,119 5 4
January 1919	522 7 3	267 14 5		6,340 0 0	8 10 6			9,459 8 0
February	555 1 9	185 10 8			8 10 6			5,121 0 5
March	1,584 4 0	4,223 0 5	16 0 0		2,098 14 7			22,787 14 0
Total	7,141 13 3	4,744 12 3	142 10 6	6,340 6 0	2,126 2 0	91 4 0	337 8 0	83,168 7 11
Closing balance								2,090 11 8
GRAND TOTAL								85,259 3 7

*4,863-4-3 Closing balance for 1917-18.

2,511 6-5 Amount subsequently adjusted by Journal entries.

7,473-10-8.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 15th March 1920.

No. 12.—Babu Suresh Chandra Dutta, Overseer, Hijli subdivision, is granted, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, leave on medical certificate for one month and sixteen days with effect from the 5th February 1920.

C. P. WALSH,
Chief Engineer, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 2405A.

No. 2235A.—*The 12th March 1920.*—Babu Purna Chandra Sen, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, 24-Parganas, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Dacca district.

24-Parganas.
Dacca.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 114.—*The 10th March 1920.*—Babu Durga Kanta Rai Chaudhuri Sub-Registrar of Rajapur, in the district of Bakarganj is allowed leave for two months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 16th, February 1920.

Bakarganj.

No. 115.—*The 10th March 1920.*—Babu Kalindra Kumar Majumdar, Sub-Registrar, grade V, Noakhali, is appointed to act until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Rajapur, in the district of Bakarganj, with effect from the afternoon of the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Durga Kanta Rai Chaudhuri, on leave.

Noakhali.
Bakarganj.

No. 116.—*The 10th March 1920.*—Maulvi Sakhawat Ali, probationer, of Darjeeling, is posted to the headquarters station of the district of Rangpur, with effect from the date on which he joins at Rangpur.

Darjeeling.
Rangpur.

No. 117.—*The 10th March 1920.*—Maulvi Abdus Samad Khan, Sub-Registrar, grade II, under orders of transfer to Kukrahati, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave on medical certificate for twenty-six days, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 18, dated the 10th January 1920.

Midnapore.
Burdwan.

No. 118.—*The 10th March 1920.*—Maulvi Ismail Mollah, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Barisal, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Kankhali, in the district of Bakarganj, with effect from the 9th February 1920.

Bakarganj.

No. 119.—*The 15th March 1920.*—Babu Santosh Nath Mukharji, Sub-Registrar of Syampur, in the district of Howrah, is allowed leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st March 1920.

Howrah.

No. 120.—The 15th March 1920.—Maulvi Gholam Kasem, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Howrah, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Syampur, in the same district, with effect from the 1st March 1920, *vice* Babu Santosh Nath Mukharji, on leave.

No. 121.—The 15th March 1920.—Babu Jamini Kanta Baksi, Sub-Registrar, grade V, Midnapore, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Ramnagar, in the same district, with effect from the 4th February 1920.

No. 122.—The 15th March 1920.—Maulvi Hamiduddin Ahmad, Sub-Registrar of Kaliachak, in the district of Malda, is allowed leave for sixteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 68, dated the 9th February 1920.

No. 123.—The 15th March 1920.—Maulvi Khundkar Abdul Bari, Sub-Registrar of Shibganj, in the district of Bogra, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Bharatpur, in the district of Murshidabad, with effect from the afternoon of the 29th January 1920.

No. 124.—The 15th March 1920.—Maulvi A. S. M. Abdul Baqui, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Dacca, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Balurghat, in the district of Dinajpur, with effect from the afternoon of the 26th February 1920.

No. 125.—The 15th March 1920.—Babu Sudhir Chandra Mitra, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Suri, in the district of Birbhum, is allowed combined leave for two months, with effect from the 19th February 1920, *viz.*, privilege leave for seven days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period under article 336 of the same Regulations.

No. 126.—The 15th March 1920.—Maulvi Muhammad Reazuddin, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Alipore, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Kukrahati, in the district of Midnapore, with effect from the 19th February 1920, till relieved by Maulvi Abdus Samad Khan, Sub-Registrar, under orders of transfer to Kukrahati, or until further orders.

No. 127.—The 15th March 1920.—Babu Mahim Chandra Batabyal, Sub-Registrar of Khanakul, in the district of Hooghly, is allowed leave for two months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 128.—The 16th March 1920.—Babu Sachipati Roy, Sub-Registrar of Ghatal, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave for nine days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 105, dated the 8th March 1920.

No. 129.—The 16th March 1920.—Babu Manmatha Krishna Ray, Sub-Registrar of Vishnupur, in the district of Bankura, under orders of transfer to Sultora, in the same district, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 2nd March 1920.

No. 130.—The 16th March 1920.—Maulvi Khwajah Abdul Fattah, Sub-Registrar, grade II, is allowed leave on medical certificate for two months, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 37, dated the 23rd January 1920.

No. 131.—The 16th March 1920.—Babu Saurindra Nath Ray Chaudhuri, Sub-Registrar of Kaliganj, in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave on medical certificate for one day, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 80, dated the 16th February 1920.

No. 132.—The 16th March 1920.—Maulvi Farid Bakht Mazumdar, Sub-Registrar, grade IV, is allowed leave on medical certificate for three months, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 505, dated the 20th November 1919.

No. 133.—The 16th March 1920.—Babu Anis Chandra Mitra, Sub-Registrar, grade III, under orders of transfer to Kaliganj, in **Khulna.** the district of Khulna, is allowed leave for three months, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 26, dated the 17th January 1920.

A. ISLAM,

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3950, dated Calcutta, the 10th March 1920.—Dr. E. E Francis made over charge of the Chittagong Jail to Major N. H. Hume, I.M.S., on the forenoon of the 5th March 1920.

F. S. C. THOMPSON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

CIVIL.

The 11th March 1920.

No. 1848A.—Babu Tarani Kanta Nag, munsif of Bhanga, in the district of Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Bhanga munsifi.

No. 1849A.—Babu Subodh Chandra Sarkar, munsif of Katwa, in the district of Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50, within the local limits of the Katwa munsifi.

No. 1850A.—Babu Mahima Ranjan Mitra, munsif of Bhanga, in the district of Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50, within the local limits of the Bhanga munsifi.

No. 1861A.—Babu Sarada Prasad Datta, munsif of Comilla, in the district of Tippera, is vested, under section 19, sub-section (2) of the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (XII of 1887), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), with powers to try, under the ordinary procedure original suits up to the value of Rs. 2,000 arising within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of the District Judge of Tippera.

No. 1864A.—Babu Sarada Prasad Datta, munsif of Comilla, in the district of Tippera, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 250, within the local limits of the Comilla munsifi.

No. 1904A.—Babu Kshitish Chandra Chatarji, Munsif of Barasat, in the district of the 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Barasat munsifi.

By order of the High Court.

A. A. PATTERSON.
Offg. Registrar.

CRIMINAL.

The 11th March 1920.

No. 1878G.—The following revised rules relating to accounts kept in the subordinate criminal courts are published for general information. These rules supersede those contained in Chapter VIII, pages 132—189, Volume I, of the High Court's General Rules and Circular Orders, Criminal, 1910.

By order of the High Court,

A. A. PATTERSON.

Offg. Registrar.

ACCOUNT RULES—(JUDICIAL).

NOTE 1.—These Rules (framed under the Charter Act) are for observance by Judicial, Magisterial, and all Civil Officers, not in direct account with the Accountant-General, in the receipt and payment of money.

NOTE 2.—The rules were originally issued with C. O. No. 4 of 5th March 1881. Amending Rules are noted in the margin.

NOTE 3.—The Account forms which are not applicable to Criminal Courts have been omitted, but are referred to in these Rules as Form No. . The rest of the forms referred to in the Rules will be found in Appendix A—I of Vol. II.

NOTE 4.—Appendices I to III at the end of the Chapter are intended for the guidance of officers in carrying out the Rules.

• **NOTE 5.**—For inspection questions dealing with these rules, see Volume I, Rules and Orders (Civil), Chapter XIII, pages 312—314.

SECTION I.—GENERAL (RULES 1—17).

	RULES.		RULES.
Application of the Rules	... 1, 2	Heads of Account	... 5, 6
District Judge	... 3	General Principles	... 7, 17
Judge in charge	... 4		

Application of the rules.

1. The following rules prescribe the procedure for the receipt and payment of money, and for keeping accounts, to be observed by officers exercising judicial powers and dealing with money in that capacity. These rules do not apply to the High Court or to the Presidency Small Cause Court; nor do they apply to the subordinates of the Magistrate of the District because such of them as are stationed in the interior of the district exercise also Collectorate powers and keep their accounts under Treasury rules, and the transactions of those at headquarters are included in those of the Magistrate. They apply to all Judges, Additional Judges, Subordinate Judges, Munsifs, Small Cause Court Judges, and Magistrates of Districts, and these are all included under the general term "Judge."

NOTE 1—The Rules apply to Judges of Small Cause Courts (other than the Sealdah Court) as if they were District Judges (*vide* Rule 3), and not as if subordinate to District Judges.—(*Accountant-General's No. 279, dated 4th June 1881.*)

NOTE 2.—The Judge of the Small Cause Court at Sealdah has been exempted from these rules as there is no Treasury at Sealdah, and the Judge keeps a small cash chest, rendering accounts to the Accountant-General direct.—(*Deputy Accountant-General's No. 183, dated 30th April 1881.*)

2. While the rules generally are applicable to all the officers just mentioned, a special procedure is laid down, where necessary, for Courts not situated at or near a Treasury or Sub-Treasury. Such Courts are in the Rules designated "Out-stations," which term must be held to include Courts at or near Sub-Treasuries during such time as the Sub-Treasuries may be temporarily closed owing to the absence of the Subdivisional Officer from his headquarters.

The "District Judge."

3. (a) In these Rules the term "District Judge" signifies the officer whose accounts are rendered to the Accountant-General, either for his own Court only, or for his own and subordinate Courts. Any officer may be

vested with the powers of a District Judge for the purposes of the Rules; and in any district in which a District Judge is not for the time being resident they shall be exercised by the principal Civil Judicial Officer at headquarters.

NOTE.—Only one set of returns should be sent to the District Judge for the Courts whose accounts are kept together, and not a separate set for each Court.—(*Accountant-General's No. 141-A., dated 26th April 1881.*)

(b) In districts such as Malda, Bogra, etc., where there is no District Judge, the principal Civil Judicial Officers at the head-quarters are the Officers invested with the powers of a District Judge for the purposes of accounts; and they will keep and render the accounts of all the Civil Courts in their respective districts. A District Judge cannot delegate his powers as records accounts to any of his subordinates. What he can do, when absolutely necessary, is to place any of the officers subordinate to him in charge of accounts, without in any way relieving himself of responsibility for the due accounting for all receipts and payments. When this is done, the Judge's establishment will do all the work in connection with the accounts, the subordinate officer will sign the papers as if he were placed in charge of the current duties of the Judge's Court, and to the Chief Ministerial officer of the District Judge's Court (but of no other Court at Head-quarters stations) may be delegated the duty of passing chalcans.

The "Judge in charge."

4. The term "Judge in charge" is used to designate the officer who when there are two or more Courts at one station, supervises the single set of accounts maintained for all such Courts. When there is but one Court at a station, the Judge thereof is the "Judge in charge" of his own accounts.

NOTE.—At Headquarters stations the accounts for all Courts shall be kept in the District Judge's Court. At sub-divisions and out-stations, the accounts of all Courts shall be kept in the office of the Munsif placed by the District Judge in charge of the accounts of that station, and to his office shall be attached the staff of the Accounts Department.

Heads of account.

5. The following are the heads of account in the public accounts under which the money received and paid by Judicial Officers, or under their orders, is classified:—

- (a) Civil or criminal deposits, including rent deposits and compensation for land taken up for public purposes and compensation fines (including costs in criminal cases), not paid on the spot in open Court.¹

NOTE 1.—Any sum deposited in Court under section 14 (1) of the Succession Certificate Act, 1889, with an application for a certificate or for the extension of certificate, must be classed under Civil deposits, NOTE 2.—See Note 3 to Rule 19.

- (b) Fines (judicial); refunds of the same.

NOTE.—For refunds of fines, see Rule 46 and Note 1 thereto.

- (c) Stamp duty and penalties realized in Court. Refunds of the value of Court-fee stamps.

NOTE.—For refunds, see Notes to Rule 33, and Rules 46 and 47 and Notes thereto.

- (d) Value of the unclaimed property of intestates and others credited to Government.

NOTE.—District Judge's Courts alone deal with the unclaimed property of intestates. The value thereof cannot be credited to Government until the time limited by law has expired (*vide* Rule 107). For refunds under heads (d) to (h), see Rule 46 and Note 2 thereto.

- (e) Other general fees, fines, and forfeitures, i.e., general forfeitures and forfeitures of earnest money by defaulting bidders.

- (f) Record-room receipts, i.e., searching fees, copying fees, and comparing fees.

NOTE.—When receipts under this head are realized in stamps, they need not be entered in the accounts as cash receipts.

¹ Inserted by Rule No. 2 of 20th September 1894.

(g) Miscellaneous receipts, i.e., sale-proceeds of forms and other items.

NOTE 1.—Details of amounts credited as "other" should invariably be furnished to the Treasury Officer.

NOTE 2.—Service-books are sold direct from the Treasury to parties requiring them; there can, therefore, be no cash receipts on this account.

NOTE 3.—Under this head should be credited money received as expenses of Government servants summoned as witnesses in their official capacity, when their pay exceeds Rs. 10 per mensem or when their head-quarters are situate more than 5 miles from the Court.

(h) Sale-proceeds of old stores and materials.

NOTE 1.—Receipts under this head are credited to the head "XXV.—Miscellaneous" in the Treasury accounts.

NOTE 2.—The Treasury Officer should invariably be informed of the nature of the items, e.g., whether furniture or stores.

(i) Peremptory receipts, i.e., witnesses' expenses, prisoners' diet-money, boat-hire, costs of adjournments, Amins' travelling allowance, fees payable to Commissioners for taking evidence, postage and other peremptory receipts.

NOTE 1.—As the Peremptory Cash Book is no longer required to be maintained by District Magistrates, such receipts must, in the case of these officers, be entered in the General Cash Book.

NOTE 2.—For payments of sums received under head (i) see Rule 12.

6. From the list of headings in Rule 5 it will appear that the rules apply only to money received by an officer in his judicial capacity. They do not apply to Local Fund receipts and payments, nor to money received by way of permanent advance, or upon establishment or contingent bills (see Rule 35). As regards Local Funds there is a separate system of rules; and as regards other items, a Judicial Officer should deal with them under the rules applicable to other officers.

General principles.

7. The receipts and payments under head (a) must appear in the Court's account in detail but in the Treasury account in which a personal ledger account only is maintained for this head, the daily totals of receipts and payments made at the Court and the individual items of receipts and payments made at the Treasury will appear. All receipts and payments under heads (b) and (c) and (h) above must appear in the Court's accounts and in the Treasury accounts in detail. An account in detail of all receipts under heads (e) to (g) must be kept in the Court, but only the daily totals of each kind of receipts will appear in the Treasury books. All receipts and payments under head (i) will be made on the responsibility of the Cashier, whose security must be sufficient to cover any amount in his hands. They will not appear at all in the Treasury accounts, but the balance in the hands of the Cashier must be noted daily in the Cash book, as well as the balances of any other moneys with which he may be entrusted (e.g., permanent advance, or pay of establishment).

NOTE.—Fractions of a pie are not to be entered in the Court's accounts, and they should neither be received nor paid.—(*H. C. Progs., August 1898, No. 35.*)

8. An exception to Rule 7 is allowed in cases where money has to be paid by one person to another, and both are present in Court. In such cases the money may be passed direct from the one to the other under the sanction of the Court, the fact being noted in the record of the case. Such transactions are not to appear in the accounts at all. Care must, however, be taken to see that no officer of the Court receives or becomes in any way responsible for the money, and that no receipt for it is given by the Court or any officer of Government. This procedure may conveniently be followed in cases where judgment-debtors are prepared to satisfy the claims of judgment-creditors, where costs of the day are allowed by the Court, or where sums in excess of those paid into court are to be paid to witnesses and where compensation is awarded to accused persons or costs to complainants by the Criminal Courts.

9. Judges will, as far as possible, in their transactions with the public avoid the direct receipt and payment of money under head (a) of Rule 5. Cash must, however, be received—

- (a) when the Court is bound by law to accept payment either absolutely or up to a given time (*vide* section 55, and Order XXI, Rules 84 and 85, of the Code of Civil Procedure), and in every such case the money shall be received even although tendered after the hour prescribed by Rule 15;
- (b) when the proceeds of moveable property sold in execution (Order XXI, Rule 77 of the Code of Civil Procedure) are realized after the hour prescribed in Rule 15;
- (c) at out-stations in the case of rent deposits under section 46, Landlord and Tenant Procedure Act, 1869, and sections 61 and 62, Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885; and
- (d) any sum deposited under section 14 (1) of the Succession Certificate Act, 1889, must be received in cash, even though tendered after the hour prescribed by Rule 15;
- (e) when the complainant or informant is ordered by the Court to pay compensation to the accused at the time of his acquittal (section 250 of the Code of Criminal Procedure);
- (f) when by order of the Court compensation is paid to the complainant out of the fine imposed on the accused (section 545 *ibid*);
- (g) when the costs of process, etc., in non-cognizable cases are recovered from the accused in addition to any fine that may have been imposed on him and are paid to the complainant (section 31 of the Court-fees Act);
- (h) when the Magistrate awards compensation to the complainant under section 22 of the Cattle Trespass Act,

Rule No. 14 of
23rd September,
1890.

For clauses (e), (f)
and (g) see Rule
No. 2 of 20th Sep-
tember 1894.

Bengal Govt.
No. 28-J. D. of 6th
May 1896.

Amended by Rule
No. 2 of 26th May
1876.

10. At out-stations cash transactions under head (a) of Rule 5 are allowed. Money should, however, be received in cash only when, having regard to the balance in hand (which should not ordinarily exceed Rs. 500), this can conveniently be done. Payments of small sums should ordinarily be made out of cash in hand, but large payments should be made in cash, only if this can be done conveniently, and it is better thus to disburse the balance of cash in hand than to remit it to the Treasury.

11. Judges of Small Cause Courts, and Munsifs exercising Small Cause Court powers, though their Courts are situated within daily reach of a Treasury, may, by special order of the High Court, be empowered to receive and pay in cash small sums coming under head (a) of Rule 5. The sums so paid shall not in any case exceed Rs. 100 in amount.

12. Money under heads (b) to (i) of Rule 5 may ordinarily be received in cash in all Courts. As explained in the notes to Rule 46, repayments under heads (b) to (g) should ordinarily be made only through the Treasury. Repayments of deposits in favour of Wards estates will be made at the Treasury only, and not in cash, but by transfer to the credit of the personal ledger account of the estate concerned. (*See* notes to Rules 36 and 42.) Under head (i) payments will ordinarily be made in cash by the Cashier on his own responsibility. No refunds should be made on account of head (h).

13. Except in the case of Courts at out-stations the whole cash balance must be remitted to the Treasury* as provided by Rule 57 below, at the close of each day. At out-stations the entire cash balance must be so remitted on the last day of the month, and from time to time on such other days in the course of the month as may be convenient. Should, however, the cash balance at any out-station be less than Rs. 25 at the end of any month, the officer concerned may send a special report of the circumstances to the Collector of the district and keep the balance in hand for remittance during the following month. Under no circumstances shall the balance of cash in hand be allowed to exceed Rs. 500.

* Or to a Branch Bank, *vide* Note to Rule 61.

Rule No. 16 of
27th November
1891. Amended,
1910.

14. If, after a remittance, and before further cash has come in, payments in cash are necessary, they should be made from the permanent advance.

15. For the purposes of these Rules in all Courts the "day" must be taken to close at 2 P.M., and the "next day" to extend from that hour to 2 P.M. of the following calendar day. Between 2 and 3 P.M., the accounts shall be made up, and no transaction shall take place in Court. If under exceptional circumstances, any transactions have to be allowed after 3 P.M., they must be entered in the Court's accounts bearing date the next open day.

NOTE.—On the last working day of each month, or when the Treasury closes at 1 P.M., it is necessary that the accounts be closed at noon, and in this case the next day shall extend from noon till 2 P.M. of the following calendar day.

16. The "month," for the purposes of these rules, shall be taken to close, in Courts at district headquarters, at the end of the last account day of the month; in Courts at Sub-Treasuries, at 2 P.M., on the day on which the accounts of the Sub-divisional Treasury are finally closed for the month; and at out-stations, at 2 P.M., of the last day, on which the accounts can reach the Treasury in time for incorporation with the Treasury accounts for the last day of the month.

17. For the purposes of these rules the "year" in all Courts shall be taken to begin on the 1st April and to close on the 31st March.

SECTION II.—RECEIPT OF MONEY.¹

(Rules 18—35).

RULES.			RULES.		
Heads (a) to (e) and (h)—			Receipt of money by Cashier	...	27-31
Chalans required	...	18-20	Peremptory Cash-books	...	32
Registry of Chalans	...	21	General Cash-book	...	33
Approval by Judge in charge	...	22-24	Accounts Check	...	34
Heads (f), (g), and (i)	...	25-26	Daily Balance...	...	35

HEADS (a) TO (e) AND (h) OF RULE 5.

Chalans required.

18. Payment of sums falling under heads (a) to (e) and (h) of Rule 5 cannot be accepted either in Court or at the Treasury, unless the money be tendered with a chalan in triplicate signed by the chief ministerial officer of the Court under whose decree or order the money is tendered, and also by the Accountant of the Court or group of Courts.

Amended by Rule No. 13 of 15th September 1890. Further amended in 1903

19. Any person desirous of paying money into Court, or, in the case of collections made by any officer of the Court, the officer who has realized the money, shall be furnished, free of cost, with three forms of Chalan [Form No. (M) 1], in each of which he must enter in the Vernacular or English the particulars required from him. One of the Chalans, herein called the original Chalan, shall bear the Court-fee stamp (if any) required by law.

NOTE 1.—In the case of Deposit Chalans care must be taken to enter fully the nature of the deposit, the number of the suit or execution case (if any), the name of the person on whose behalf the money is paid in and of the person to whom it is to be paid over, etc.

NOTE 2.—No stamp is required for a tender of money which a party is bound to pay into Court in progress of a suit or to complete a purchase, as the Court cannot refuse the tender.

C. O. No. 10 of 12th May, 1887.

In cases where the payment is voluntary, such as deposits made on account of rent, or by a mortgagor and the like, a stamp should be required; but if the application or petition be duly stamped, a second fee should not be exacted for the Chalan.

NOTE 3.—In the case of sums deposited under section 14 (1) of the Succession Certificate Act, 1889, the Deposit Chalans must show that the amount is deposited to the credit of the Judge.

Rule No. 11 of 23rd September, 1890

20. The person desirous of paying in the money, having filled up the forms of Chalan, shall present them to the chief ministerial officer of the Court mentioned in Rule 18. The latter shall then ascertain that the amount tendered is correct, and is due, from the person on whose account it is tendered, to the person to whom it is stated to be payable, and, after correcting the forms of Chalan, if necessary, shall sign Part I, and pass the forms on to the Accountant of the Court or set of Courts, who, having filled up Part II, shall number and register them in a register of Chalans [Form No. (M) 11]. In column 3 he shall enter the name of the person actually tendering the money, and of the person on whose behalf it is tendered. In column 4 he shall enter the name of the person (if any) to whom the money is payable, and all the other particulars stated in the Chalan and necessary for subsequently posting up the Register of Deposit Receipts.

¹ For Supplementary Rules as to receipts under heads (b) to (h), see Rules 102 to 111.

Registry of Chalan. Entries to be approved by Judge in charge.

21. A separate index number shall be given to each Chalan. The numbers in a consecutive series shall be entered both in the Chalan and in the Register. The Accountant shall be careful to enter in the Chalan the particular heading under Rule 5 to which the receipt belongs.

Amended by Rule
No. 13 of 16th
September, 1890.

22. The Register and the Chalan shall then be laid before the Judge in charge, and he shall initial each entry as he passes the Chalan. The three chalan shall then be returned to the party tendering the money, and shall be his authority to pay the same into the Court, or into the Treasury.

Amplified 1917.

NOTE.—At sub-divisions and out stations, the Judge in charge may, with the previous sanction of the District Judge, delegate to the chief ministerial officer of his Court the duty of passing Chalan.

23. No person is required to take out a Chalan till he is actually ready to pay in the money for which he takes it, but a Chalan, once having been taken out, must be presented without delay. The order to the Treasury Officer must therefore be limited in its operation to the day upon which the Chalan is made over to the applicant, or, if the transaction occurs after the accounts are closed (Rule 15), to the next open day. This is distinctly provided for in the form of order. In case of failure to tender the money at the Treasury within the time limited, the tenderer must obtain, by written application, an order from the Court extending the time.

NOTE.—When a Chalan is issued on the Treasury it may be acted upon till 3 P.M. of the day following that on which it is issued, if so ordered by the Court. But when the Chalan is for the receipt of money at the Court, it should be restricted in its operation to the day of issue—(Vide Accountant-General's No. 452, dated 9th August, 1882).

24. In the case of out-stations, the order to the Treasury officer shall be so dated as to allow sufficient time to the payee to reach the Treasury, but not more time than is necessary for this purpose shall be granted.

HEADS (f), (g), AND (i) OF RULE 5.

Amended in 1903.

25. Receipts under heads (f) and (g) of Rule 5 (searching, copying, or comparing fees, sale proceeds of forms and other receipts), when payable in cash, shall be tendered in the first place to the Accountant, and noted by him in a special Register [Form No. (M) 12]. The Accountant shall enter the name of the tenderer, the amount to be paid, and the number and date, in the foil and counterfoil of the Register, shall then detach the right-hand portion, and make it over to the tenderer for presentation with the money to the Cashier.

26. Peremptory receipts under head (i) of Rule 5 shall be tendered to the Cashier direct without the intervention of the Accountant. A chalan is not required for such payments.

Receipt of money by Cashier.

Amended by
Rule No. 13 of
16th September
1890.

27. The Cashier on receiving a chalan in triplicate addressed to him under Rule 20 or a payment slip issued by the Accountant under Rule 25, or a tender of money under Rule 26, shall accept the money, and at once enter the amount as a receipt in the appropriate Cash-book (Rules 32 and 33).

Rule No. 10 of
26th November
1901.

28. (a) When Chalan have been so passed, he shall keep two copies and return the third copy with his receipt enfaced upon it. This receipt shall be produced in Court by the person paying the money, when it is necessary for him to have satisfaction entered upon the record of the case to which he is a party; or when it is necessary to have a sale confirmed or notices issued upon the landlord in cases of rent deposits, or upon the creditor in cases of debt due to a mortgage creditor, and the like. Of the two copies of the Chalan retained by the Cashier, one shall be filed with the record of the case to which the person paying the money is a party.

(b) In the same way, on presentation of the Chalan (in triplicate) at the Treasury, as prescribed above in Rule 23, and on payment of the money, the payer shall receive, as an acknowledgment, one of the three Chalan signed—by the Treasury Officer, if the amount be Rs. 500 or more—by the Accountant and Treasurer, if less than that sum. Of the two copies of the Chalan retained by the Treasury Officer, one copy shall be forwarded to the Judge in charge together with the Advice Lists referred to in Rule 64, in order that it may be filed with the record of the case in connection with which the deposit was made.

29. When, under clauses (a) and (b) of Rule 9 above, a tender is made of money which must, by law, be received, the payment shall be made direct into Court in cash, but only under the express order of the presiding officer, who shall himself sign the Chalan and see that the money is duly entered in the accounts in the manner prescribed in Rule 15.

C. O. No. 6 of 9th
May 1890.

30. In the case of payment slips the Cashier shall countersign the slip, which the applicant is to retain as a voucher, and, when a copy has been applied for, his authority to take delivery of the same when ready.

31. When money is tendered under Rule 26, the Cashier shall enter the amount in a bound book of receipt forms [Form No. (M) 21] numbered in serial order. Each receipt shall be in duplicate and the office copy shall be prepared simultaneously with the original by means of carbon paper. The original, which shall bear the same serial number as the carbon copy, will be torn off at the perforated line and presented to the payer as his voucher. Each bound book shall contain one hundred forms and before a book is brought into use, the Nazir shall certify on the first page the number of forms it contains. A stock book shall be maintained in which the receipts of such books from the Press and their issues to the Cashier shall be properly accounted for. Not more than one book at the time shall be issued to the Cashier who shall grant a receipt for it in the stock book.

Rule No. 8 of
1919.

Peremptory Cash-books.

32. (a) To exhibit the peremptory receipts and payments [head (i) of Rule 5], for which the Cashier is responsible, and of which the Accountant keeps no record, the Cashier shall maintain two Registers in Forms No. . . . in which each class of such receipts and payments shall be separately exhibited—those relating to witnesses' expenses in Register . . . and those relating to other items, in the appropriate columns of Register . . . A balance of both Registers shall be struck at the close of each day, and the totals shall be written both in words and figures.

Amended in 1917.

(b) These Registers shall not be maintained in the Courts of District Magistrates.

Rule No. 5 of
2nd June 1892.

General Cash-book.

33. (a) The Cashier's General Cash-book shall be maintained in Form No. (M) 22, and shall exhibit in detail all receipts and repayments under heads (a) to (h). Receipts and payments under head (i) shall not be carried to the General Cash-book in gross, but the balances of the Peremptory Cash-books shall be exhibited therein in words as well as figures as directed below.

Amended in 1917.

(b) In the Courts of District Magistrates, the General Cash-book shall exhibit in detail receipts and repayments under all heads (a) to (i).

Rule No. 5 of 2nd
June, 1892.

NOTE 1.—Being restricted to transactions in actual cash, the General Abstract Cash-book is not to show receipts in the form of Court-fee labels, or refunds of the value of these, which, under Rule 47, are ordinarily payable only at the Treasury.

NOTE 2.—But if any refunds are made on account of the value of these stamps out of the cash in the Court (and this is allowable if the amount does not exceed Rs. 5 *see* Rule 47), they should be included in the cash-book like other payments in cash.—(Accountant-General's No. 4.—T.M. dated 28th April, 1882.)

Accountant's check on Petty Receipts.

34. At the close of each day, the Cashier shall submit to the Accountant his General Cash-book, and the Accountant shall check the entries of receipts under heads (f) and (g) of Rule 5 with those on the counterfoil of his Register. The Accountant shall then prepare a Chalan in Form No. (M) 1 of the whole amount received by the Cashier, distinguishing each kind of receipt separately, and shall enter it in the Register of Chalans [Form No. (M) 11] as an amount received in Court. The amount in the Register of Chalans must tally with the Cashier's receipts under heads (a) to (h).

Amended in 1903.

NOTE 1.—The "whole amount received by the Cashier," refers to the whole amount of petty receipts for which no Chalan is required to be prepared until the close of the day. After they are checked by the Accountant with the entries on the counterfoil of the special Register in Form No. (M) 12, they must be distinguished in the Chalan, one from the other, as "searching fees," "copying fees," "comparing fees," etc. [*vide* Rule 5 (f) and (g)], and entered in the Register of Chalans [Form No. (M) 11] in the column headed "Amount received in Court." The total in this column must include the Cashier's receipts under all the heads (a) to (h) shown in his General Cash-book (*vide* Rule 33).—(Accountant-General's No. 784, dated 29th November, 1881.)

Amended in 1909.

NOTE 2.—The Chalan referred to above should be signed by the Cashier.—(Accountant-General's No. 7, M.-503, dated 9th October, 1903.)

Daily Balance.

amended in 1917

35. The Cashier shall then strike a balance in his General Cash-book (to be entered in words as well as figures), and enter below it in separate entries the balances struck in the Peremptory Cash-books. It is advisable, for purposes of record, that he should be required also to enter here a note of the money held by him upon any other account, such as for contingent expenditure, or for salaries of establishment. These form no substantive part of the judicial accounts, but the Judge ought to have in a single view a statement of all the money in the Cashier's possession. This statement may be made as follows:—

Balance of General Cash-book, as above—

			Rs.	A.	P.
General balance	...	...	0	0	0
Peremptory balance	{ Register (i)	...	0	0	0
	{ Register (ii)	...	0	0	0
Balance of Permanent Advance, as per	Contingent				
Register	...	...	0	0	0
Establishment Pay undistributed	...	...	0	0	0
Other amounts (which should be explained)	...	...	0	0	0
TOTAL MONEY IN CASHIER'S POSSESSION			...	0	0

NOTE.—Postage stamp received by way of remittance should not be mixed up with cash receipts. An account should be kept separately in the form of a *plus* and *minus* memo., the stamps being added as they are received, and deducted when they are sold or otherwise disposed of and the balance in hand should be entered daily, as directed above, in the General Cash-book.

SECTION III.—PAYMENT OF MONEY.

(RULES 36—49).

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*Application for Payment.*File No. 4 of
4th March, 1898

36. (a) Persons desiring to draw money deposited in Court and payable to them shall submit to the chief ministerial officer of the Court under whose decree or order the money was tendered, an application in Form No. (M) 2 or, in the case of a rent deposit, in Form No. One copy of such form shall be supplied free of charge. In this form the applicant shall enter all particulars necessary for the identification of the credit. Any number of deposits made in the same case may be withdrawn on a single application, but the number or date and amount of each deposit must be separately and clearly stated. A separate application must be made for deposits in separate cases.

NOTE.—If the party entitled to the money does not appear in person, the applicant must satisfy the Court that he is duly authorised by an instrument in writing to draw the money for the person so entitled.

NOTE.—The applicant must comply strictly with the terms of the order under which the money is claimed. Thus, one of a number of joint decree-holders cannot be allowed to take out what he calls his share in the decretal amount: they must all join in the application unless there has been an order for distribution.

This note is not intended to prohibit the payment of the entire amount of deposit to one of a number of joint decree-holders or to one of joint land-holders on the certificate of the Court under whose orders the money was received, that the amount is payable to him for himself and for all the others, whose name should be mentioned. What is intended to be barred is the payment of this amount in instalments to the several decree-holders separately, unless there has been an order for distribution.—*Accountant-General's No. 45T. M., dated 28th April, 1882.*

inserted 1917.

NOTE 3.—In the case of an application for payment of a deposit in favour of a Wards estate, which will be paid not in cash, but by transfer at the Treasury to the personal ledger account of the estate concerned (see Note to Rule 42), the manager of the estate, or his duly authorised Agent, in making his application, should insert the words "by transfer" in column 6 of Part I of the Form (M) 2. If the personal ledger account of the estate is maintained at a Treasury other than that at which the repayment or the deposit is to be made, a money order form duly filled in in favour of the Treasury Officer who maintains the account should accompany the application in order that the amount may be remitted, less money-order commission.

(b) In cases in which Court-fee stamps are purchased by the Nazir from deposits, the final order for the payment of such deposits must contain a direction to the Treasury Officer to pay the amount in stamps to the Nazir of the Judge, to whose credit it was deposited, and to transfer the amount of deposit to Stamp Revenue.

Rule No. 11 of 81st
March 1892

NOTE.—A duplicate of the application need not be filed with the record. All that is necessary is that, before passing on the application to the Accountant, the chief ministerial officer shall note the order for the payment on the records of the case, so that a second claim for the amount may not be passed.—(Accountant-General's No. 98, dated 3rd July, 1883)

NOTE.—Where impounded cattle are sold, if application for the refund of the sale-proceeds be made within three months from the date of sale (vide Act I of 1871, section 17), while the proceeds are held in deposit, the refund can be conveniently made in Form No (M) 2 the particulars in Part I being filled up in the Court. But if the application be made after the proceeds have been transferred to credit of Government, the sanction of Government is required before the refund can be made, and the general form of receipt should be used for such refund.—(Accountant General's No. 705 dated the 5th November 1881.)

Audit of Application.

37. The Chief ministerial officer shall compare the application with the record of the case, and carefully test the validity of the claim. If he finds that the name of the payee has been correctly given, and that there is no objection to the payment of the money on the ground of attachment or otherwise, he shall make enquiry as to the identity of the applicant, and, if satisfied of such identity shall sign the certificate at the foot of Part I of the application, and after obtaining the signature of the presiding officer to it, pass on the application so signed to the Accountant of the Court or group of Courts. Such Accountant shall compare the contents of the application with the Register of Deposit Receipts, and shall satisfy himself that the amount as shown has been received and is still unpaid, that the name of the claimant corresponds with the name of the payee entered in the Register, and that no order for the attachment of the money is in force. If the deposit has been transferred to the Clearance Register (Rules 90 and 91), such Clearance Register shall be deemed to be the Register of Deposit Receipts within the meaning of this Rule and Rules 41 to 44.

Rule No. 4 of 15th
March, 1898
(Substituting Rules
87 to 89)

NOTE.—The chief ministerial officer will enter in the Order Sheet of the record of the case a note that payment order has been issued, so that a second claim for the amount may not be passed. This note should be signed by that officer and also by the Presiding Officer.

38. If the record of the case has been despatched to the record-room of the District Judge, under the orders of the High Court relating to the periodical despatch of records by Subordinate Judicial Officers,* the presiding officer of the Court to which the application is made, shall forward it to the District Judge, whose record-keeper will certify under countersignature of that officer, that a specified sum of money is due to the applicant. On receipt of such certificate, the chief ministerial officer of the subordinate Court shall make enquiry as to the identity of the applicant, and, if satisfied of such identity, shall sign the certificate at the foot of Part I of the application and further deal with it in the manner prescribed by Rule 37.

*See Chapter III, Rules 41 and 42
Civil Rules and Orders, Vol I

NOTE 1.—The Record-keeper will enter in the Order Sheet of the record of the case, a note that payment order has been issued, so that a second claim for the amount may not be passed. This note should be signed by that officer and also by the District Judge, or by such Judicial officer at headquarters as the District Judge may appoint for the performance of this duty.

Rule No. 4 of 1898.
Amended in 1917.

NOTE 2.—If the amount certified by the District Judge's record-keeper does not agree with the amount stated in the application, the chief ministerial officer of the Subordinate Court should require the applicant if satisfied with his identity, to submit an amended application on which the payment order may be issued.

C.O. No 7 of 1917

39. Whenever, after despatch of the record of a case to the District Record-room, any subordinate Court passes an order for the attachment of money in deposit in the case, intimation thereof shall be forthwith sent to the District Judge. The District Judge shall thereupon cause such information to be noted in the order-sheet of the case under the signature of the record-keeper and under his countersignature.

40. If the application for payment is found to be incorrect or defective, the Accountant shall note the error or defect, and return it to the applicant for correction by him, or for reference by the applicant to the Court

Payment Orders and Registry.

41. If the application is found to be correct, and the deposit has not lapsed, the Accountant shall fill up the second part of the application form, post the transaction in the Register of Payment Orders [Form No. (M) 13], number it with its proper index number, and make the requisite entry in the Register of Deposit Receipts. Finally, the application, with the Register of Payment Orders, and the Register of Deposit Receipts, shall be laid before the Judge in charge.

Approval by Judge in charge.

42. Before passing the application for payment, the Judge in charge shall satisfy himself, in the first instance, that the requirements of rule 37 have been complied with. He shall further satisfy himself, by personal inspection of his Register of Deposits, that the balance at credit of the particular deposit is sufficient to meet the repayment, and that no order for the attachment of the money has been noted. If the result of his scrutiny is satisfactory, he may sign the order for payment of the amount either from the local Treasury or from his Court, as prescribed above in rules 9 to 12, and shall attest with his initials the note of the order of repayment made in the Register of Deposit Receipts. He shall also initial the entries in the Register of Payment Orders [Form No. (M) 13]. The payment order shall then be made over to the applicant for presentation to the Cashier if the money is to be paid in Court, or to the Treasury Officer, if it is to be paid by such officer.

NOTE.—Deposits in favour of an estate under the management of the Court of Wards should be paid not in cash from the Court, but at the Treasury by transfer to the credit of the personal ledger account maintained there for the estate concerned. The payment order should therefore be addressed to the Treasury Officer and should authorise him to "pay as above by transfer credit to the personal ledger account of wards' estate," or (if the personal ledger account of the estate is maintained at a Treasury other than that from which the repayment of the deposit is made, in which case a money order form, duly filled in in favour of the Treasury Officer who keeps the account for the amount less money order commission, must accompany the application) to "pay as above by transfer credit to Post Office in order that the amount may be remitted, less money order commission, to the Treasury Officer, for credit the personal ledger account of ward's estate."

Rule No. 4 of
15th March 1919.

43. When the money sought to be withdrawn is in deposit, not in the Court to which the application is made, but in another Court,—as, for example, where two or more Courts at one station are combined for the purpose of accounts,—in every such case the duty of the Court to which the application is made shall be merely to receive such application and forward it to the Court of the Judge in charge, with a certificate, made after examination of the record, as provided in rule 37, that the applicant is the proper party to receive payment of the amount claimed. In any case in which the amount has been transferred from the credit of the original payee to that of the claimant, this fact should be stated. This certificate shall be compared with the Deposit Register in the office of the Judge in charge. Such register, if the sum is shown therein to be in deposit, will inform the Judge whether there is any bar to payment. If there is no such bar, the payment order may be issued by the Judge in charge, and the fact of its issue shall be communicated to the Court upon whose certificate the application was passed, in order to enable it to enter satisfaction for the amount upon the record of the case.

NOTE 1.—The certificate should be given on the Payment Order; that is to say, in the tripartite Form No. (M) 2, Vol. II, at foot of Part I, in the place intended for it; and in recording the payments in the Register of Repayments, particulars may be entered as to the Court under whose orders the payments have been made.—(Accountant-General's No. 311 T.B., dated 5th September, 1891, read with his No. 42 T.M., dated 28th April 1882.)

NOTE 2.—When money realized under the decree of one Court is attached at the instance of another Court, the application for payment should be made to the Court attaching the money. Such Court, after receiving the application, should forward it to the Court under whose decree the money is realized, and if there be no objection to the payment of the money to the applicant, the latter Court should deal with it under this rule, or, if the record of the case has been despatched to the district record-room, under rule 38. The Court so dealing with the application should also report to the attaching Court, or, if the application has been dealt with under rule 38, also to the District Court, that the amount claimed has been transferred from the credit of the original payee to that of the claimant.

Lapse of Order.

44. (a) An order for payment from the local Treasury is valid for ten days only, and may not be cashed after the expiry of ten clear days subsequent to the date thereof. An order which has not been paid within ten

days as aforesaid may be presented to the Court which issued it, and such Court may re-enface thereupon a new payment order, which shall remain valid for ten clear days immediately after the date thereof. When the last day of any such period of ten days is a day on which the Treasury is closed, the order may be cashed on the day on which such Treasury re-opens.

NOTE.—An order for payment of money at the Court should be restricted in its operation to the day of issue. And when money is to be paid immediately, the order of payment should be issued on the cashier of the Court.—(Vide *Accountant-General's No. 452, dated 9th August 1882*).

(b) When such order as aforesaid is for a sum exceeding Rs. 100, it should be included in a "Daily Advice List," in Form No. (M) 7 to be issued by the Court making the order to the local Treasury where the cheque is to be paid.

Rule No. 8 of 23rd
February 1886.

(c) When the Treasury accounts are closed on the 31st day of March in each year, every order for payment issued on or before that date shall lapse absolutely; and Treasury Officers are forbidden to cash after the 31st March orders issued on or before that date. An order which has lapsed under this clause cannot be renewed, but a new order may be obtained upon delivering up the old order and making a fresh application under rule 36.

NOTE.—Judges should warn persons who apply for orders at the end of March of the effect of this rule, and tell them to wait till April 1st, unless they mean to cash immediately any order that they may obtain.

(d) Immediately after the 31st day of March in each year, the Judge in charge shall ascertain what payment orders issued on or before that date are still uncashed and shall mark them off under his initial in the Registers (1) of Payment Orders, and (2) of Deposit Receipts as "Cancelled under rule 44(c)."

Lapsed Deposits.

45. When an application is made to draw money at credit under a deposit which has lapsed under rule 97, but the payment of which is otherwise unobjectionable, the Accountant shall prepare a special form of application [Form No. (M) 3], which, when passed by the Judge in charge after the examination prescribed by rule 42, shall be dealt with under rule 100.

Refunds under heads (b) to (h) of rule 5.

46. (a) When an application is made for the refund of a fine or a miscellaneous receipt [heads (b) to (g) of rule 5], the payment order shall be prepared by the Accountant in Form No. (M) 4 after checking the application by a reference to the Fine Register or Miscellaneous Receipt Register (rule 104); and the Judge in charge at the time of passing the refund order shall note the repayment against the entry of the receipt in such register. The payment order shall also be noted in the Register of Payment Orders [Form No. (M) 13] and initialled by the Judge in charge. No refund should be made from the receipts under head (h) of rule 5.

Amended in 1908.

(b) When an Appellate Court orders a fine to be refunded, it shall be the duty of the Court which imposed the fine, immediately on receipt of the Appellate Court's order for the refund, to prepare a payment order on the Treasury, if the fine has been levied, attaching a copy of the Appellate Court's order thereto, and to deliver it to the payee, whether he applies for it or not, with instructions to duly receipt the bill and present it for payment at the Treasury. In such cases no written application shall be required from the payee; and should such an application be made, it shall be exempted from stamp-duty by virtue of the notification of the Government of India, No. 3389-S. R., dated the 6th August 1896.

Rule No. 1 of 80th
September 1896.

(c) The same procedure shall also be followed in respect of cases dealt with on revision.

(d) In cases in which a sentence of fine passed by a Magistrate is confirmed by a Court of Session, but set aside by the High Court on revision,

it shall be the duty of the Sessions Judge to whom the order of the High Court is certified, immediately to apprise the Magistrate concerned of the order of the High Court by sending him a certified copy of such order.

NOTE 1.—Except as provided in Rule 51 below, fines can be refunded only through the Treasury.

NOTE 2.—Compensation fines are repaid under the procedure laid down in Rule 36 of this Chapter.—(Rule No. 2 of 20th September 1894.)

NOTE 3.—As regards stamp duty and penalties, see Rule 106. While they may be realized in Court, it will be observed that under section 39 of the Stamp Act, they can be refunded only by the Collector. Form No. (M) 4 should be used for certificates for refund. For refunds of the value of Court-fee Stamps, see following rule.

NOTE 4.—Refunds under heads (d) to (g) of Rule 5 can be made only through the Treasury.

47. Application for the refund of the value of Court-fee stamps is to be made to the chief ministerial officer, who shall compare the application with the record, and if he finds that a refund is due, shall draft and sign an order on the back of the paper to which the Court-fee stamps are affixed. The papers must then be passed on to the Accountant, who shall prepare a payment Order in Form No. (M) 5 or No. (M) 6, as the case may require, and shall enter the particulars in the Register of Payment Orders, Form [No. (M) 13]. The application with the other papers and the Register shall then be laid before the Judicial Officer, who, if satisfied that the proceedings are in order, may sign the order of refund on the back of the stamped paper and the Payment Order, and initial the entry in the Register. The Payment Order shall then be made over to the applicant for presentation at the Treasury, or, if the amount do not exceed Rs. 5, to the cashier of the Court.

NOTE 1.—Petty refunds of the value of Court-fee stamps may be paid out of cash in the Court on vouchers in Form No. (M) 6 and charged in the cash-book.—See Notes to Rule 33.

NOTE 2.—Court-fees realized in stamps may, under certain circumstances, be refunded by order of the Court.

NOTE 3.—No general rule can be laid down respecting the refund of the value of Court-fee stamps in cases where the fees have been paid into Court for the issue of processes and such processes have not issued. Each case must be left to the discretion of the Court, and decided on its merits. Where the amount is large it may well be refunded.—(H. C. Procs., June, 1882, Nos. 486 and 497).

NOTE 4.—In any exceptional case in which the paper to which the Court-fee stamps are affixed has been destroyed under the Rules for the Destruction of Records (see Chapter III, Rule 40), the Court authorizing the payment should satisfy itself that the amount claimed is due, and record the order for refund on the application, which may be filed. In cases of this nature, it is objectionable to record a copy of the Refund Order in Form No. (M) 6, for it is an order upon the Treasury, and there is risk of its being presented for payment.—(Accountant-General's No. 561, dated 21st August, 1881.)

NOTE 5.—The procedure laid down in this Rule is for the refund of Court-fee stamps when application for such refund is made to a Court which keeps its own accounts (see Rule 43).—(Accountant-General's No. 324, dated 16th June, 1881.)

NOTE 6.—After receipt of the Treasury Advice List, the Judge in charge should register the Payment order in the Register of the Refund of the value of Court-fee stamps [Form No. (M) 26].—(Accountant-General's No. 327, dated 17th June, 1881.)

48. In so far as concerns the accounts system, it is invariably necessary to trace each item of payment under the Court's orders back to its corresponding item of receipt; in other words, to connect each item of a Court's debit in the Treasury with the corresponding item of credit, however far in time the two may be separated from each other. Accordingly the Court must take care to furnish itself and the Treasury with the necessary particulars for this purpose.

Payments by Cashier.

49. In the case of Payment Orders directed to the Cashier, the payment must be entered by the Cashier in the General Cash-book, the Payment Order being retained by the Cashier as his voucher.

NOTE.—The Cashier should cancel the Vouchers, as soon as he pays them, by writing on the face "Paid," with his initials. A "Paid" stamp should not be used as that indicates the subsequent discharge at the Treasury.

SECTION IV.—SETTLEMENT IN COURT.

(Rules 50—52.)

Simultaneous Receipt and Payment

... 50 Compensation to Plaintiff or Complainant ... 51, 52

Simultaneous Receipt and Payment.

50. When payer and payee are both before the Court, the receipt and payment may be made, as provided in Rule 8 above, by the money being

passed directly between the parties, a note of the transaction being entered on the record of the case. Such transactions are not to appear in the Court's accounts at all. Payment of compensation to plaintiffs (or complainants) must not be made under this rule; such transactions must pass through the books, as directed in the following rule.

NOTE.—The procedure laid down in the above rule may be applied by a Criminal Court in cases of the award of compensation to the accused under section 250 of the Criminal Procedure Code, or of the refund of fees by the accused to complainants under section 31 of Act VII of 1870.

Payment of compensation to complainants in presence of the Defendant or Accused.

51. The application of the plaintiff or complainant in Form No (M) 4, and the Chalan for the fine paid in by the defendant (or accused), shall be drawn up and passed through the books in the ordinary way, and the receipt and payment are to be made independently of each other. The order on the Chalan shall, however, be signed by the Judicial Officer, and shall be an order to the Fine Clerk to receive the amount; and the order on the application [Form No. (M) 4] shall be an order also directed to that officer to pay, but must contain the words "after the amount has been realized from A. B."

NOTE.—The entry in the Register of Fines must be made at the time of the transaction, and not at the end of business.

* **NOTE 2.**—Compensation fines (including costs in criminal cases), when not paid on the spot in open Court, are dealt with as deposits [vide Rule 5 (a) and Note 2 to Rule 46 of this Chapter.] (Rule No. 3 of 20th September 1894.)

52. (a) In cases dealt with under the last rule, one copy of the Chalan shall be returned to the payer, duly endorsed with the certificate of the Court Inspector's transfer of the money, and the Payment order, duly receipted, shall be retained in the custody of the Court.

Amended by Rule No. 14 of 28th September, 1890.

(b) The remaining copy of the Chalan, with the Court Inspector's certificate endorsed thereon, shall be filed with the record of the case.

SECTION V.—ACCOUNT-KEEPING AND REMITTANCE TO TREASURY.

Rules 53—67.

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Courts near Treasuries.

53. In Courts situated within daily reach of a Treasury, the Accountant shall, after the close of business each day, make the proper entries in the Treasury Pass Book [Form No. (M) 14], showing in detail the sums received from and paid to the public in cash. The receipts shall be entered on the right-hand side, and are to consist of the sums entered in column 5 of the Register of Chalans [Form No. (M) 11] headed "Amount received in Court." The payments shall be entered on the left-hand side, and are to consist of the sums shown in column 5 of the Register of Payment Orders [Form No. (M) 13] headed "Amount cashed in Court."

NOTE.—The remittances to the Treasury at the close of each day, as well as the particulars of each payment to the public, must be entered in column 3 of the form of Pass-book No. (M) 14. To facilitate the calculation of the amount to be remitted to the Treasury at the close of each day's business, two lines are provided in the form, one to show the total of receipts and payments at the Court, and the other, the total for the day according to the receipt and payment sides. The receipts and payments at the Court being first entered and added up, the difference between the total of receipts and that of payments will, if the receipts exceed the payments, be entered on the left side as remittance to the Treasury, or, if the payments exceed the receipts on the right side as remittance from the Treasury. The total for the day will then be made up for both sides, which will agree together. The number of the Chalan or Payment Order, on the back of which the amount to be remitted to, or received from, the Treasury is noted, may be shown against the entry made below the total of payments or receipts, but the head of account need not be noted in the Pass-book against the entries, nor need the entries be initialled by the Treasury Officer.

Rule No. 8 of 24th July, 1881.

Amended in 1908.

54. Every Chalan and Payment Order for money received or paid at Court under heads (a) to (h) shall be shewn in detail in the Pass-book, and the head of account shall be noted against each, so as to enable the Treasury Officer to bring the transactions in detail upon his books and classify them correctly.

NOTE.—It is necessary to show in the Pass-Book the totals only of each Chalan and Payment Order. Each Chalan may contain any number of items, provided they belong to the same head of account.

Examination by Judge in charge.

55. The Judge in charge shall examine the accounts by comparing (1) the Registers of Chalans and Payment Orders (amounts received and paid in Court) with the Cashier's General Cash-book; (2) the Treasury Pass-book, with both; and (3) the balances shown in the Peremptory Cash-books, with those shown in the General Abstract Cash-book.

Daily Remittances.

Amended by Rule No. 15 of 6th November 1890. Rule No. 5 of 23rd March 1898, and Rule No. 11 of 20th December 1901. Further amended in 1917.

56. The balances of the cashier's accounts in respect of diet-money and other peremptory receipts should be observed every day in passing the general cash-book. To prevent excessive accumulations under this head, the Judge in charge shall fix amounts which the balances in the hands of the cashier on account of (i) witnesses' expenses and (ii) other items of peremptory receipts, respectively, shall not be permitted to exceed. Whenever the balance shown in either peremptory cash-book exceeds the maximum so fixed, the Judge in charge shall cause the excess to be transferred to civil deposit. Amounts so transferred shall be treated in the same manner as money received in Court, and shall be entered in detail in the cashier's general cash-book both on the credit and debit sides, and also on the credit side of the Peremptory Cash Register to which they belong. A single chalan in Form No. (M) 1 shall be prepared under Rule 31 by the Accountant and signed by the cashier for the sum so transferred, but this chalan need not specify in detail the individual receipts of which the sum transferred is composed. Columns 1, 2 and 3 of Part I of chalan will be left blank, in column 4 will be entered "witnesses' expenses" or "peremptory cash" as the case may be, and in column 6 will be entered "items Nos. in peremptory cash-book." Similar entries will be made in columns 3 and 4 of Register No. (M) 11—chalan register—and in columns 4 and 5 of Register No. (M) 15 (i) or 15 (ii) as the case may be. Should the money be subsequently required, it shall be withdrawn from the deposits in the manner described above and credited in the appropriate peremptory cash-book. If such sums remain in deposit for three years they must be carried to credit of Government under Rule 97, relating to Lapsed Deposits.

NOTE 1.—The oldest item or items not likely to be soon repaid should be transferred to deposits when transfers are effected under this Rule.

NOTE 2.—As District Magistrates do not maintain peremptory cash-books these withdrawals should be credited by them in their general cash-books. (Rule No 5 of 2nd May 1892).

Amended by G. O. No. 10 of 1919.

57. (a) Having initialled the accounts of the day and signed the cash-book, the Judge in charge shall send the pass-book to the Treasury,* together with the net amount in cash and a single chalan for the total receipts and all payment orders, separate chalans received from the parties being retained in the court. This remittance must be entered in the cash-book as a payment of the day upon which it is made.

NOTE.—As the Treasury does not keep a detailed record of the deposit receipts it will suffice if the gross receipts are communicated to it with a single chalan.

(b) It is important that this be done before the business of the new day commences, and the cashier should have in hand, after each such remittance, only the balance of the peremptory cash transactions and the other balances referred to in Rule 35.

NOTE.—The total of chalans of the day for money received in cash by the Court, minus the total of payment orders cashed at the Court, will represent the balance of cash to be remitted to the Treasury. The amount so remitted will be noted on the back of the last chalan entered in the pass-book [Form No. (M) 14] in order to avoid the separate chalan which otherwise would be required by the Treasury Officer.

Courts not near Treasuries.

58. At out-stations, the cash-book shall be balanced as prescribed above, and the balances, both that of the receipts and payments under heads (a) to (h) and that of peremptory transactions, shall be carried forward to the next day's account. The accounts shall be balanced, compared, and signed every day in the manner prescribed in Rule 55, save that instead of comparing the Treasury pass-book with the accounts, the Judge in charge shall see that the Court balances are brought forward, and shall, at least once a week, ascertain that the money is actually in possession of the cashier. Amended in 1908.

Periodical Remittances.

59. On the last day of the month, and from time to time, as occasion may arise (*see* Rule 31), the Treasury Pass-book shall be made up, showing all receipts and payments at the Court since the last remittance to the Treasury.* Its accuracy having been tested, it shall be forwarded to the Treasury with a single chalan for the total receipts and all payment orders, the separate chalans received from parties being retained in the Court. If the receipts have exceeded the payments the cash excess shall be sent to the Treasury, unless such excess does not amount to Rs. 25, in which case it may be remitted in the following month; if the contrary, the cash deficit shall be received from the Treasury; in either case the cashier will have, after the completion of the transaction, in addition to the balance of peremptory cash transactions, only the permanent advance allowed to the Court for carrying on its payments at a distance from the Treasury. Amended by Rule No. 16 of 27th November 1891 and by C. O. No. 10 of 1919.

* Or to a Branch Bank, *vide* note to Rule 61.

NOTE.—As the Treasury does not keep a detailed record of the deposit receipts it will suffice if the gross receipts are communicated to it with a single chalan.

Adjustment with Treasury.

60. The last day for remittance in each month must be so fixed that the final payment or receipt of money at the Treasury may come within the month's accounts at the Treasury or Sub-treasury (*see* rule 73) as otherwise the monthly accounts of the Judge in charge and those of the Treasury will not agree. Any transactions at the Court after this remittance is made, although shown under their proper dates, should be treated as if they belonged to the ensuing month's accounts registers and returns.

Rules regarding remittances.

61. It is the duty of the Judge in charge to see that money remitted from his Court actually reaches the Treasury, and is acknowledged by the Treasury Officer in the pass-book.

NOTE.—Where the Court remits to a branch Bank direct, the Agent of the Branch bank should acknowledge the receipt of the remittance in the pass-book. (*H. C. Progs., February, 1893, No. 243.*)

62. In making such remittances, the Police Rules as to sending an escort with the money must be duly observed.

63. During the absence on tour of subdivisional officers, and the consequent closing of their Treasuries, munsifs must be guided by the preceding rules applicable to officers at stations* where there are no Treasuries, and must make remittances of surplus cash, if necessary, to the District Treasury. They will take advantage of the periodical return of subdivisional officers to head-quarters to reduce the cash balances in their hands as much as possible, due regard being had to their probable requirements.

Treasury Advice List.

64. At the close of business each day, the Treasury Officer, whether Sadar or Subdivisional, shall prepare Advice Lists, in Form No. (M) 8, of all such chalans and payment orders of each Judge in charge as have been brought upon the Treasury accounts in the course of the day, and shall forward them to such Judges in charge respectively together with the

Amended by rule No. 10 of 26th November, 1901.

chalans referred to in clause (b) of rule 28. In these lists shall be entered in detail such chalans and payment orders as have been received or paid at the Treasury or Sub-treasury in cash, while those brought into the Treasury account from the Pass-book (rule 57) shall be included in a single total on each side, with the description "As per your pass-book dated—."

NOTE.—If the District Magistrate's Court is close to the Treasury, so that the Magistrate's registers referred to in rule 66 can be sent daily to be compared and initialled by the Treasury Officer, this procedure may be adopted in lieu of the Daily Advice List, if found more convenient.

65. The list prepared at the Sadar Treasury for the District Judge shall include, besides the moneys received and paid on account of the Judge's own Court, those transactions also which belong to his subordinate Courts. These amounts, however, need not be entered in detail but may be included in a single total of receipts and of payments for each Court, including pass-book transactions brought into account.

Comparison by Judge.

66. On receipt of this Advice List, the Judge in charge shall cause the particulars of the chalans and payment orders shown in it to be compared with the details recorded in his Registers of Chalans and Payment Orders [Forms No. (M) 11 and No. (M) 13], and shall further cause the date of actual credit and payment, as certified by the Treasury Officer, to be entered in the column prescribed for that purpose.

67. These entries must be initialled by the Judge in charge when he checks the posting in the Deposit Registers, as prescribed in rule 69.

SECTION VI.—DEPOSIT REGISTERS.

(Rules 68—78.)

	Rules.	Rules.
Separation of Petty Deposits ...	68	Notes of Claims, etc. ...
Posting ...	69	Register of Repayments ...
Registers of Receipts ...	70	Closing for the month ...
		71
		72
		73

Separation of Petty Deposits.

68. Two Registers of Deposit Receipts shall be kept in Form No. (M) 15, and two of Deposit Repayments in Form No. (M) 16. One of these shall be termed the Register of A Deposits, and there shall be entered therein all deposits originally exceeding Rs. 5. The other shall be termed the Register of B Deposits, and there shall be entered therein all deposits not originally exceeding Rs. 5. Both registers shall be kept in the same form and shall be posted in the same manner, but with separate series of numbers (see next rule), distinguished by the initial letters A and B, respectively.

Posting.

69. As soon as the Treasury Advice List is received (rule 64), the Deposit Register will be posted in the following manner for the date to which it refers. In the first place, all cash transactions in Court on that date shall be posted, the receipts being copied from the Register of Chalans (column 5), and the payments from the Register of Payment Orders (column 5). Transactions at the Treasury shall then be written up from the Advice List, the entries in this list being compared with those in Registers No. (M) 11 and No. (M) 13.

NOTE.—The date of granting the payment order should be entered in the repayment column in that Register of Deposit Receipts, and the date of actual payment in column 4 of the Registers of Deposits Repaid.

Registers of Receipts.

70. All items of deposit in these registers must, as directed above, be numbered in an annual consecutive series of numbers commencing on 1st April, and ending with the last day of March in each official year. Only the first eight columns shall be filled in at first, the other columns being intended for the record of subsequent repayments.

Notes of Claims, etc.

71. As it is important that the Deposit Registers in the Accountant's department should set forth in respect of each item all information necessary in order to deal at once with applications to draw money, all attachments, processes, and transfer orders relating to decrees, and all orders as to the substitution of parties which affect decretal and other moneys in deposit shall be noted at the time in the Deposit Register. The Sarishtadar, or some other specified subordinate under his supervision, shall be made responsible for this duty.

NOTE.—Whether the Sarishtadar's responsibility is or is not to end with the communication to the Accountant or Accountant's muharrir is a matter left to the discretion of each Court, but some specific order should be recorded.

Registers of Repayments.

72. The Registers of Deposit Repayments [Form No (M) 16] shall be posted from the Treasury Advice List and the Payment Order Registers, as directed above.

Closing for the month.

73. (a) The Registers of Deposit Receipts and Deposit Repayments in Courts at a Sadar station shall be totalled and closed on the last day of each month upon which the Sadar Treasury remains open, and in subdivisional stations on the day on which the accounts of the subdivisional Treasury are finally closed for the month, in such a way that the period and the transactions included in the Court's books and returns may correspond exactly with those included in the Treasury books and returns.

(b) Care must be taken to make the final remittance to the treasury in such time that it may be entered in the accounts of the treasury for the month to which it belongs.

(c) In each of the Registers of Deposit receipts prescribed by rule 68, a *plus* and *minus* memorandum must be drawn up at the end of the month's entries in the following form:—

Balance of Deposits from last month ...	...	...
Received during the month, as per Register ...	...	...

	TOTAL	...
Repayment as per Register ...	...	...

BALANCE OF DEPOSITS AT END OF MONTH	...	...

SECTION VII.—CONTROL OVER SUBORDINATE COURTS.

(Rules 74—86.)

	RULES.		RULES
Responsibility ...	74	Posting Repayments ...	81
Daily Returns ...	75, 76	Monthly Return ...	82
Verification by Judge in charge ...	77	<i>Plus</i> and <i>Minus</i> Memorandum ...	83
Examination by District Judge ...	78	Examination by District Judge ...	84
Register of totals ...	79, 80	Posting Receipts ...	85, 86

Responsibility.

74. Every Judge is responsible for all payments of deposits made on his certificate or under his orders. In the case of receipts and payments of petty or B Deposits no detailed check is exercised over his proceedings, the accounts which he is required to render of these showing totals only. In the case of A Deposits, however, all sums received, and not paid out during the month in which they have been received, and the balance of such of these deposits as have been partly paid out, must be reported to the District Judge, and must be included in that officer's accounts, and in his return to the Accountant-General.

NOTE.—If the District Judge thinks it absolutely necessary, he may delegate the duty of passing Chalang to the chief ministerial officer of his Court, and place any of the officers subordinate to him in charge of accounts, in the same way as a Deputy Collector is placed in charge of a Treasury, but on the distinct understanding that the District Judge will not be relieved of the responsibility for the due accounting of all money received and paid. All returns will be signed by the District Judge.—(Accountant-General's No. 141A., dated 26th April, 1891.)

Daily return to Subordinate Court.

75. Every day, after the Treasury Advice has been received, and the Deposit and other Registers have been written up and checked with it, two statements showing the transactions of the date to which it refers shall be prepared by the Judge in charge and forwarded to the District Judge. The first of these statements [Form No. * * *] shall show the total amount of the entries in the Deposit Registers and the totals of all other transactions brought on the Registers (*see* rule 110). The second shall be an extract from Part I of the Register of Deposits Repaid [Form No. (M) 16], giving the particulars of repayments on account of deposits received during previous months. At the foot of the first statement the Judge in charge shall certify that his Registers of B Deposits are written up to date, and are in order.

NOTE 1.—It will be observed that these returns are intended to exhibit *actual* receipts and payments, and that they are therefore to be compiled from the Deposit Register, and not from the Registers of Chalang and Payment Orders.

NOTE 2.—The Subordinate Courts referred to in rules 74 and 75 are those which keep their own accounts and the accounts of other Courts as well—*vide* Rule 43.—(*Accountant-General's No. 141-A., dated 20th April, 1881.*)

NOTE 3.—The advices of the payments of deposits appertaining to the Subordinate Courts at the Sadar station should be issued from the District Judge's Court—(*Accountant-General's No. 141-A., dated 26th April, 1881.*)

NOTE 4.—The certificate referred to in this rule is not required from Small Cause Court Judges, as they are not subordinate to District Judges in the matter of accounts.—(*Accountant-General's No. 270, dated 4th June.*)

76. At out-stations some delay in submitting the daily returns is unavoidable, but this delay should not exceed the time necessary for the Treasury Advice List to reach the Court. The date on which the returns are actually signed should be noted on them by the Judge in charge.

Verification by Judge in charge.

77. At the time of signing the returns, the Judge in charge should have before him the Registers of Chalang and Payment Orders, the Registers of Receipts and Payments of Deposits, and the Treasury Advice List; and, after comparison, he should attest the entries in column 8 of Registers No. (M) 11 and No. (M) 13 by placing his initials in column 9, and the entries in the Registers of Deposit Receipts and Payments by placing his initials in columns 7 and 13, respectively.

Examination by District Judge.

78. The statements furnished by the Subordinate Court shall, when received in the District Judge's office, be compared with the corresponding Advice List supplied to him by the Treasury Officers, under rule 65. In the case of out-stations, the totals for the whole month supplied by the Judge in charge must agree with the totals for the whole month supplied by the Treasury Officer, if the rules regarding periodical remittances have been correctly followed. In the course of the month the former totals will ordinarily exceed the latter, and the difference must be taken to represent cash transactions advised by the Court, but not yet brought on the Treasury books. In the case of Courts near Treasuries no such discrepancies should occur if the rules are properly observed. When any such are noticed, immediate steps must be taken under the District Judge's orders, to reconcile them.

Judge's Register of Totals.

79. After examination, the totals of Deposits received and paid shall be posted into a Register to be kept by the District Judge in Form No. * * *. This Register contains two sets of columns, one set relating to A Deposits and the other to B Deposits. Separate portions of the Register for the month must be allotted to each Subordinate Court, that is, for each Subordinate Court a number of pages, according to the probable work, must be assigned in the leaves devoted to that particular month. The entries in respect of each Subordinate Court will thus come continuously and in order of date and they must be totalled at the end of the month.

80. In the portion of the Register which relates to B Deposits, a column has been provided for a daily balance which must be struck by adding together the preceding day's balance and receipts, and deducting the payments. The object of the daily balance is to afford the District Judge a ready means of controlling Subordinate Courts in the receipt and payment of small Deposits, as any excess of payments over receipts will be at once detected.

Posting repayments of A Deposits.

81. (a) Taking up next the detailed Daily Register of Deposits Repaid [Form No. (M) 16], the repayments must be posted against the corresponding entries in the Judge's Daily Register of Deposits received [Form No. (M) 15], and must be initialled by the District Judge, or, under his orders, by the chief ministerial officer of his Court, in the same manner as repayments authorized by himself. They must also, at the same time, be copied into his Register of Deposit Repayments [Form No. (M) 16].
(b) As each payment is noted in the Judge's Register, the district number (Rule 85) against which the payment is charged must be noted in the Subordinate Court's return.

NOTE.—In noting the repayments, care should be taken to see that the amounts thus reported as repaid are actually repayable, and that amounts which should be credited to Government are not repaid to individuals.

Monthly Return.

82. (a) At the end of the month there shall be furnished by the Subordinate Courts to the District Judge a statement of all A Deposits received, but not wholly repaid during the month. This statement will be an extract from the Register of Deposit Receipts [Form No. (M) 15], omitting the items which have been wholly repaid during the same month. Of Deposits received and partially repaid in the same month the unpaid balance only is to be shown in this statement. The dates of despatch from the Subordinate Court and of receipt by the District Court shall be noted on this statement.

Explanation.—An A Deposit, the balance of which has been reduced below Rs. 5 by a payment made in the same month, is to be included among the A, and not among the B Deposits.

(b) On the 31st March of each year the Subordinate Courts shall, in addition submit to the District Court a certificate that all uncashed orders to be cancelled under rule 44(c) have been marked off in their Registers.

Plus and minus Memorandum.

83. There shall be appended to the monthly statement of Deposit receipts a *plus* and *minus* memorandum in the following form :—

Rule No. 4 of 193, (Civil).

		Rs. a. p.	
Balance of last month			
Amount of A Deposits received during the month.	{	Repaid during the month	
		Not repaid ditto	
Amount of B Deposits received during the month.	{	Repaid during the month	
		Not repaid ditto	
TOTAL			...
.			
		Rs. a. p.	
Amount of A Deposits repaid during the month.	{	Received in all previous years	
		Received last year	
	{	Received during current year.	{ Previous months.
			{ Current month.
Amount of B Deposits repaid during the month.	{	Received during 19 -19	.
		Received during 19 -19	.
TOTAL			...
BALANCE OF DEPOSITS OUTSTANDING			...

CERTIFICATE.

Certified that, on a comparison of Treasury Advances with postings therefrom in the Registers of Chalcans, of Payment Orders, of Deposit Receipts, and of Repayments the amounts entered above as received and paid are correct.

NOTE I.—The repayments of B Deposits received in the year of account, and in the year next preceding, should be shown separately.

Examination by District Judge.

84. On receipt of the monthly statement and the *plus* and *minus* memorandum, the Register [Form No.] shall be compared therewith. First, as regards A Deposits, the total of the column headed "Repaid on account of current month" should agree with the amount shown in the the *plus* and *minus* memorandum; and when this amount is deducted from the total of the column headed "Total amount received," the balance ought to agree exactly with the total of the Statement of outstanding A Deposits received from the Court to which the figures relate. Second, as regards B Deposits, the balance itself can be tested in detail only once a year, when the yearly statement under rule 94 is received; but every month the difference between the opening and the closing balance should be equal to the difference between the receipts and payments reported in the *plus* and *minus* memorandum.

Posting Receipts of A Deposits.

use No. 12 of 1st
and 1885.

85 The Subordinate Courts' monthly detailed statement of A Deposits received shall be attached by the District Judge to his own Register of Deposits received, after he has closed the accounts of the Civil Courts at the Sadar station. The District Judge will also number the deposits in the Subordinate Courts' return in continuation of his own series.

NOTE.—The Judge should examine the receipts, so as to see that no item has been improperly held in deposit, and if he finds amounts so held which should be credited to Government, he should direct the Subordinate Court accordingly.

86. The District Judge's Registers of Deposits exceeding Rs. 5 received and repaid thus include each month not only those of his own Court, but also of all Subordinate Courts, excepting only the sums received and repaid in such Courts during the same month.

SECTION VIII.—DISTRICT MONTHLY RETURNS OF DEPOSITS.

(Rules 87—89).

			RULES.
Deposits received	...	87	Plus and minus memorandum
Deposits repaid	...	88	89

Returns of Deposits Received.

amended by Rule
No. 2 of 24th
January 1902

87. On the 12th of each month an Extract Register of Deposit Receipts exceeding Rs. 5 shall be prepared by the District Judge in Form No. (M) 10, and forwarded to the Treasury Officer for transmission, after a comparison with his cash accounts, to the Accountant-General. This Extract Register will be a copy of the entries made during the month in his Register [Form No. (M) 15] and will contain all such items of more than Rs. 5 each as were deposited in his own Court and in Courts subordinate to him, omitting all those which were wholly repaid during the month, and showing, in the case of those partially repaid during the month, the unpaid balance only. The Sadar Court entries should appear first, then,—after a line or break,—the entries of each Subordinate Court separately headed by the name of the Subordinate Court. At the foot of this Register, deposits received and repaid during the month and deposits received for sums of Rs. 5 each and less, are

to be shown in separate totals for each Court without details. This Extract Register should be despatched punctually on the 12th of the month, unless in the case of the larger districts a later date is fixed. The whole of the entries for each Court should be consecutive and separated from those of the other Courts by a space and heading.

Returns of Deposits Repaid.

88. A monthly extract from his Register of Deposit Payments [Form No. (M) 16] of sums above Rs 5 shall be forwarded in the same form by the Judge to the Treasury Officer for transmission, after comparison with his lists of payments, to the Accountant-General. The District Judge shall include in this extract (1) the details of repayments on account of deposits of previous months, whether made in his own Court or entered by him from the statements of Subordinate Courts (rule 81); (2) a single total for each Court of the repayments of the current month's deposits, whether made at the District or Subordinate Courts, which must agree with the total of receipts on the same account; (3) the totals for each Court of the repayments on account of deposits of Rs. 5 and less received during the year of account and the year next preceding.

Amended by Rules No. 4 of 11th August 1898, and No 2 of 24th January 1902.

Like the Extract Register of Receipts, this return will keep each Court's entries in separate series. The extract will be prepared on the same printed form as the Register, and should be posted as shown below:—

Amended by Rule No. 5 of 1904 and A. G. B.'s letter No. T. M. 283 of 28th June 1904. Further amended in 1917.

Details of deposit.			Dates as to present Repayment.		No. of payment vouchers.	Amount repaid.	Received in all previous years.		Received during current year.		Initials of Accountant.	Initials of Judge in charge.	Remarks.
Date of receipt.	No. as per Register of Receipt.	Amount or balance of deposit.	Date of cashing payment-order, whether at Court or at Treasury.	Date of granting payment-order as per Court's Register.			Received last year.	Previous months.	Current month.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
		Court A.											
		Rs. A. P.					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
7th September 1898.	...	15 8 0	3rd September 1901.	2nd September 1901.	176	...	15 8 0	...	...	...
3rd January 1901.	...	6 12 6	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	177	...	...	6 12 6	...	...	
7th June 1901.	...	108 10 0	Ditto ...	3rd September 1901.	178	...	...	...	108 10 0	...			
						Total ...	15 8 0	5 12 6	108 10 0	...			
						Add—Repayment of deposit of current month.	...	...	...	39 11 8			
						Add—B. Deposits repaid.	9 6 0	3 8 0	6 3 0	6 3 0			
						Total, Court A	24 14 0	10 4 0	117 13 0	85 14 8			

Plus and Minus Memorandum.

89. (a) A plus and minus memorandum in the form prescribed in rule 83, but including the figures of the Subordinate Courts, as well as those of the District Judge's own Court, shall be appended to the Statement of Deposit Receipts.

(b) This plus and minus memorandum is to show as repayments the actual repayments at the Treasury and is further to show the Treasury balance outstanding.

NOTE.—It will be found convenient to keep, in a separate register a copy of this plus and minus memorandum, with further memoranda of the details from which the figures have been arrived at. It is important that there should be no difficulty at any time in reconciling the figures of the Court with those of the Treasury.

SECTION IX.—ANNUAL CLEARANCE REGISTER OF DEPOSITS.¹

(Rules 90—96.)

		RULES.		RULES.
Clearance Register	...	90, 91	District Judge	93
Subordinate Courts	...	92	Verification of Petty Deposit Balance	94—96

Clearance Register.

90. (a) At the end of each year the Registers of A Deposits received in the next preceding year shall be closed by transcribing into the last column, headed "Transferred to Clearance Register," every balance which exceeds Rs. 5. An annual Clearance Register shall then be drawn up in Form No. (M) 17 these balances against their original numbers—showing, in other words, all the unpaid balances of A Deposits of the preceding account year next but one. For example, the Clearance Register of April 1923 will show all unpaid balances of A Deposits received in 1921-22.

(b) Of balances which do not exceed Rs. 5, a separate list shall be made out under rule 97 below.

91. The items in this account having been carefully compared with the corresponding balances in the original Register of Deposits received [Form No. (M) 15], the last-named document shall be laid aside, and future repayments recorded only in the Clearance Register.

NOTE.— If against any of the items transferred to the Clearance Register, a repayment order has been issued and cancelled under rule 44 (c), a note to that effect must be made in the Clearance Register, so that, if application for repayment is again made, an order may not be issued without recalling the original cancelled one.

Return by Subordinate Courts.

92. A copy of the Clearance Register shall be sent by the Subordinate Courts to the District Judge, and by him carefully compared with the entries in his Register of Receipts. Any discrepancies found must be investigated and corrected.

Return by District Judge.

93. The Clearance Register of the District Judge necessarily includes the items in the several Clearance Registers of the Subordinate Courts, and a copy of it shall be sent to the Accountant-General. The due date for its despatch shall be the 30th April, by which time the Judge should have received and compared the Clearance Registers of his Subordinate Courts.

Verification of petty Deposit Balance.

94. In order to verify the Balance of B Deposits, each Court shall make a list of the unpaid balances of receipts of the past twelve months, and, by actual summation of these balances, find the total amount outstanding on account of the past year's deposits. Each Court is required to submit, along with the Clearance Register of A Deposits, a certificate that the balance of B Deposits of the past year has been found by actual summation to be Rs.

95. The balance found under the last rule, together with the total of the list prepared under rule 97 (2), must equal the total balance of petty deposits on March 31st, and must be so verified—

- (1) by each Court with the forward balance in the *plus* and *minus* memorandum;
- (2) by the District Judge with the balances of the Subordinate Court brought forward in the Register No. * * *

96. The District Judge, having verified the balance certificates of the Subordinate Courts, shall endorse each with the certificate "Examined and found correct," and shall certify the fact of having done so upon the Statements of Lapsed Deposits sent to the Accountant-General under rule 98.

¹The words "Clearance Register," wherever they occur in these rules, were substituted for the original words "Account Particulars" by H. C. Progn., February 1893, No. 407, Civil.

X.—LAPSE OF DEPOSITS.

(Rules 97—101).

RULES.				RULES.			
Lapse of Deposits	...	...	97	Correction of balance	...	...	99
Statements	...	...	98	Refunds	...	...	100, 101

Lapse of Deposits.

97. On 31st March of each year, the following unpaid balances of Deposits lapse to Government, and are to be so written off in the Clearance Register and Registers of Receipts, respectively :—

- (1) of A Deposits, *first*, all balances of Deposits of the last account year but one which do not exceed Rs. 5, and are therefore not carried forward under rule 90 into the Clearance Register; these balances should be marked "Lapsed" in the Register of Receipts: *secondly*, all balances of Deposits outstanding over three complete years,—that is, all balances in the Clearance Register prepared two years before; these are to be marked off in the last column of the Clearance Register;
- (2) of B Deposits, the balances of all Deposits outstanding over one complete year,—that is, the balances which, in the case of deposits over Rs. 5, are transferred to Clearance Register under rule 90; these are to be marked off in the last column of the Registers of Receipts.

Example.—The balances which lapse on 31st March 1922 are—

- (a) all balances not exceeding Rs. 5 of A Deposits received in 1920-21.
- (b) all balances of A Deposits received in 1818-19.
- (c) all balances of B Deposits received in 1920-21.

Statements of Lapsed Deposits.

98. (a) Three statements of the balances to be written off shall be prepared in Form No. (M) 9, one for each of the three classes (a), (b) and (c), specified in the *Example* under rule 97. These statements shall be submitted along with the Clearance Register. Those of the Subordinate Court must be compared by the District Judge with his own Registers, and discrepancies, if found, must be reconciled. Those of the District Judge must include, under the District Judge's numbers, the lapsed balances of A Deposits of the Subordinate Courts.

(b) As regards B Deposits, the statements received from the Subordinate Courts must be copied into the District Judge's statement, with a separate total for each Court, the originals being filed for future reference.

NOTE.—The note under rule 91 applies to these Statements of Lapsed Deposits also.

Correction of Balance.

99. These statements must all be submitted during April, and the totals thereof must be deducted by a separate entry from the *plus* and *minus* memorandum, drawn up at the end of April so that the *plus* and *minus* memorandum may show only the balance actually outstanding upon the Registers of the Court concerned.

Refund of Lapsed Deposits.

100. When payment of a Deposit lapsed under rule 94 is required by a person entitled thereto, application shall be made through the District Judge, who shall examine the claim, and, if he find it correct, shall forward an application in Form No. (M) 3 to the Accountant-General. Several deposit numbers may be included in a single application, if they are payable to the same person. The Accountant-General's letter of authority, when received, shall be noted against the items in the Clearance Register (or original Register in the case of B Deposits), so as to prevent a second application

This letter shall then be passed for payment at the Treasury, as prescribed in the Form. No other records of these refunds is necessary; and such payments are not to be shown in the *plus* and *minus* memorandum.

101. If the letter of authority received from the Accountant-General is not claimed by the payee within twelve months from the date thereof, it shall be returned to the office of origin.

SECTION XI.—SUPPLEMENTARY RULES AS TO RECEIPTS UNDER HEADS (b) TO (h) OF RULE 5.

(Rules 102—111).

			RULES.			RULES.
Fines	...	...	102, 103	Receipts under heads (c) to (h)	...	106—109
Registers	...	...	104	Control of Subordinate Courts	...	110
Credits to Government	...	...	105	Monthly Return	...	111

NOTE.—For rules as to refunds under heads (b) to (h) of rule 5, see rules 46 to 48.

Fines under head (b) of rule 5.

102. The procedure for Magistrates' Courts, in respect of the realization of fines, is prescribed by the orders of the Bengal Government published in 1896 and produced in Appendices IV and VI annexed to these rules. The rules of the Account Code, which prescribe a monthly statement to be sent by subordinate Magistrates to the District Magistrate and by the District Magistrate to the Accountant-General, are reproduced in Appendix VII.

NOTE.—The monthly statement should continue to be sent in the form now in use. (Accountant-General's No. 122A., dated the 22nd April 1881.)

103. When a fine is paid into a Civil Court, the receipt shall be dealt with under the next following rule.

Registers.

104. Every Judge in charge shall maintain (1) a Register of Judicial Fines in Form No. ** (2) a Register of Stamp Duty and Penalties Form No. (M) 18, (3) a Register of the Refund of the value of Court-fee Stamps in Form No. (M) 19; and (4) a Register of Miscellaneous Receipts in Form No. (M) 20. In the first, second, and fourth of these Registers, all receipts are to be posted which do not come under head (a) (Deposits) or head (i) (Peremptory Receipts) of rule 5. The entries shall be made and checked in the same way as the entries in the Register of Deposit Receipts of the Subordinate Courts.

NOTE.—It is not necessary to maintain in Magistrates' Courts the Fine Register here prescribed, as another register is prescribed by the order referred to in rule 102.

Credits to Government.

105. It is the duty of every Judge to see that sums which are in deposit, but which under any rule or law are forfeited, or become the property of Government (*e.g.*, earnest-money forfeited, or intestate property unclaimed), are duly credited to Government. In every such case there shall be prepared simultaneously (1) a Payment Order addressed to the Cashier and directing payment of the deposit "by transfer as per Chalan No. of this date," and (2) a Chalan crediting it to the proper head. Such Payment Order and Chalan shall be registered and dealt with in every way as if cash were paid out of and received into Court.

Receipts under heads (c) to (h) of rule 5.

106. With regard to stamp duty and penalties, attention should be given to sections 39, 45, and the other sections in Chapter IV of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899. The duty and the penalty must always be separately credited.

107. With regard to unclaimed property of intestates or others, it will be seen from the form that Register No. (M) 20 deals only with receipts under this head which have remained in deposit for the prescribed period. A register showing the property in detail must be kept in Civil Courts in form No. * * * and in Criminal Courts in the form prescribed in the rules for Court Inspectors.

NOTE 1.—Any cash belonging to an intestate's estate which may be received in Court from whatever source derived, must be paid into the Treasury at once, and no such cash must be allowed to remain in the hands of the Nazir. G. O. No. 11 of 6th March 1878.

NOTE 2.—On the receipt of unclaimed property of persons dying intestate, the Nazir must make the requisite entries in the Register in Form No (M) * * * and these entries must be compared with the Police Chalan by the Sarihtadar and the Accountant. If cash forms part of the property or if part of the property, being perishable, is sold before the expiry of the year prescribed by law, such cash or sale-proceeds must, after entry in the Register just mentioned, be put in deposit till the time arrives for paying them over to claimants or crediting them to Government.

NOTE 3.—When any property in the custody of the Court is sold, the sale account must invariably be checked with the Register by the Sarihtadar and the Accountant, and the Judge must, from time to time, test the work of his subordinates by personally examining the sale accounts, in some cases taken at random.

NOTE 4.—The Judge should pay the expense of conveying intestate property to the sadar station from his Permanent Advance, and charge the same in his Contingent Bill, subject to reimbursement from the eventual proceeds of the sale of the property, or, in cases where a claim to heirship is established, either by payment by the heir before the property is delivered to him, or by the sale of such portion of the property as may cover the expense. G. O. No. 128 of 16th May 1881.

108. Under head (e) (Other general fees, fines and forfeitures) of rule 5 shall be comprised all receipts not falling within any of the other principal heads of receipts, e.g., forfeiture of earnest money. Amended in 1908.

109. Receipts under the head of account, mentioned in rule 108, are at once credited at the Treasury to Government. They are not to be retained immediately in deposit either at the Court or at the Treasury.

Control of Subordinate Courts.

110. The receipts of Subordinate Courts under heads (b) to (h) of rule 5 are included in the Daily Statement sent to the District Judge under rule 75, and are also included in the Daily Advice from the Treasury received by the District Judge under rule 65. The Judge must effect a comparison between these two, and see that in each month the total amount advised as paid into the Treasury agrees with the total amount realised by the Subordinate Courts.

Monthly Returns.

111. At the close of the month, every Judge in charge shall prepare Lists in Forms Nos. (M) 18 and (M) 20, of all the receipts, forfeitures or duty, under heads (b) to (h) of Rule 5, paid by him into the Treasury. Subordinate Courts shall forward their Lists in duplicate to the District Judge, and the District Judge shall add the totals of these Lists at the foot of his own List, and, appending one of the copies received by him from each Subordinate Court, shall forward the whole to the Accountant-General for check against the Treasury Accounts.

NOTE.—So far as regards fines in Magistrates' Courts, this is done under a separate set of rules.

SECTION XII.—MISCELLANEOUS RULES.

[Rules 112—115.]

RULES.			RULES.		
Accountant and Cashier	... 112	Forms	... 114		
Language of Accounts	... 113	Daily Examination of Accounts	... 115		

Accountant and Cashier.

112. In carrying out these rules, care must be taken by all Judicial Officers that in respect of cash transactions in Court, distinct officers are employed as Accountant and Cashier. In other words, the same officer shall not keep the Registers of Chalans and Payment Orders, Deposit Registers, etc., and also receive and pay the money.

NOTE.—In District Magistrates' Courts, the Registers should, under the orders of the Local Government, be maintained by the District Magistrate's staff and not by the Court Sub Inspector (Rule No. 5 of 2nd June 1892).

Language of Accounts.

Modified 1910.

113. Every Judicial officer shall, save with the express permission of the Sessions Judge or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, keep his accounts in English; and it must be distinctly recorded by him whether the Sarishtadar or Superintendent is, or is not, responsible for a general control and supervision over the Accountant.

Forms.

Modified 1910

114. The whole of the necessary forms and account books are to be obtained through the Forms Department, and each Court is responsible for maintaining a proper printed stock of all the forms herein prescribed, and for submitting timely indents according to the rules in force from time to time. Should there be any offices in which the accounts are not kept in English, the necessary forms for use therein shall be printed in biglot form, and be provided with headings in English and the Vernacular. Manuscript forms are prohibited.

G. L. No. 7 of 6th
August, 1896

NOTE.—All Account Books should be paged before they are brought into use.

Daily Examination of Accounts

115. The Accounts and Registers, of which a list is given in Appendices I and II annexed to these rules, must be compared daily by the Judge in charge; and this rule is on no account to be neglected, as its observance is essential to the integrity of the transactions and the correctness of the books. The notes at foot of the forms indicate how the verification is to be made.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.**PROVINCIAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.***The 9th March 1920.*

No. 24P.—Babu Samarēsh Roy Chaudhuri, Assistant Head Master, Dacca Ahsanulla School of Engineering, substantively *pro tempore* in class I of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to class VII of the Provincial Educational Service, with effect from 16th October 1919, against the post created in terms of Government order No. 736P.—Edn., dated the 16th October 1919.

No. 25P.—Babu Krishna Chandra Bhattacharji, Professor of Philosophy, Bethune College, in class III of the Provincial Educational Service, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 13 days from 4th February 1920, of which 18 days only on full pay under article 274 of the Civil Service Regulations and the remaining period on half pay under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 26P.—Miss Ashalatika Halder is appointed to act as Professor of Philosophy in the Bethune College on an allowance of Rs. 200 a month, and in class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Krishna Chandra Bhattacharji, on leave.

The 11th March 1920.

No. 27P.—Babu Ram Chandra Banerji, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Burdwan (class III, Subordinate Educational Service), now officiating Assistant Inspector of Schools in the Burdwan Division, is appointed on probation for one year to be an Assistant Inspector of Schools in the same Division, *vice* Babu Hem Chandra Sarkar transferred and in class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service in the vacancy arising from the retirement of Khan Sahib Maulvi Abdul Aziz.

No. 28P.—Babu Rajendra Chandra Ghosh, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Midnapore (class IV, Subordinate Educational Service) is appointed to act as an Assistant Inspector of Schools in the Burdwan Division and in class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service with the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, *vice* Maulvi Abul Hashan Khan Chaudhury on deputation.

The 13th March 1920.

No. 29P.—Mahamohopadhyaya Dr. Satis Chandra Acharyya Vidyabhusan, Principal, Sanskrit College, in class III of the Provincial Educational Service is granted under article 272 of the Civil Service Regulations privilege leave for one month with effect from 6th March to 5th April 1920 both days inclusive, in extension of the leave already granted to him under this Office Notification No. 6P., dated the 22nd January 1920.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 8th March 1920.

No. 219A.—Miss Violet Granger, Assistant Mistress of the Dow Hill School, Kurseong, and in class III of the Subordinate Educational Service with effect from the 5th March 1920 or any subsequent date on which she joins the appointment, *vice* Miss Stuart, on leave.

No. 220A.—The following arrangements are sanctioned :—

1. Babu Basanta Kumar Sen, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Narayanganj and now officiating Deputy Inspector of Schools, Comilla (class V of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Deputy Inspector of Schools, Basirhat, 24-Parganas, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Jabbar, transferred

He is however allowed to continue in his present post as officiating Deputy Inspector of Schools, Comilla.

2. Babu Gopal Chandra Datta, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Feni II, Noakhali and now officiating Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Bankura (class V of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to be Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Howrah, on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Maulvi Abadatullah, deceased.

He is however allowed to continue in his present post as officiating Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Bankura.

3. Maulvi Mukhliaquor Rahman, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Cox's Bazar, Chittagong (substantively *pro tempore* in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed substantively *pro tempore* as Deputy Inspector of Schools, Goalundo, Faridpur, on the pay of his own grade with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Jogendra Nath Bose, on deputation.

4. Babu Debendra Nath Mukherji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bistupur 24-Parganas (substantively *pro tempore* in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools Basirhat, in the same district on the pay of his own grade with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Basanta Kumar Sen, on deputation.

5. Babu Adhar Chandra Chatterji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Asansole, Burdwan (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Howrah, on the pay of his own grade, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Gopal Chandra Datta, on deputation.

6. Babu Birendra Nath Bhattacharji, clerk to the District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Howrah (class IV of the Lower Subordinate Educational Service), is declared to have acted as Sub-Inspector of Schools in the same district and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from 22nd to 28th January 1920 (both days inclusive), *vice* Maulvi Aksir Ahmed, on deputation.

7. Babu Ram Gopal Kayal is declared to have acted as a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Howrah and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from 29th January to 3rd February 1920 (both days inclusive), *vice* Maulvi Aksir Ahmed, on deputation.

8. Babu Birendra Nath Bhattacharji, clerk to the District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Howrah (class IV of the Lower Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools in the same district and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from the 4th February 1920, *vice* Maulvi Aksir Ahmed, on deputation, and until he is relieved by Babu Satish Chandra Bose.

9. Babu Satish Chandra Bose, B.A., is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Howrah and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Aksir Ahmed, on deputation.

No. 221A.—Maulvi Abdul Hossain Sardar, B.T., Sub-Inspector of Schools, Munshiganj, Dacca (class VIII of Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed on probation for one year to be Head Master of the Mymensingh *Guru* Training School on the pay of his own grade with effect from the date, he joins the appointment.

No. 222A.—Babu Ramani Mohan Bhaumik, B.A., B.T., Assistant Master of the Hooghly Training School (class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service) is appointed to act as Head Master of the practising school attached to the Chittagong Normal School on the pay of his own grade with effect from the date he joins the appointment *vice* Babu Nogenda Nath Roy on deputation.

The 9th March 1920.

No. 223A.—Babu Suresh Chandra Neogy, officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, South Sadar, Howrah, on a salary Rs. 45 a month, and in the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted leave under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, for 15 days in extension of that granted to him under this office notification No. 129A., dated the 4th February 1920.

The arrangements made in his place will continue.

No. 224A.—Babu Rajendra Lal Roy, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Nilphamari, Rangpur, in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations leave for six weeks in extension of the leave granted to him under this office notification No. 182A., dated the 20th February 1920.

The officiating arrangement already sanctioned for the conduct of the absentee's duties will continue until further orders.

No. 225A.—Babu Ravaneswar Banerji, Head Master, Jessore Zilla School (class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service), is allowed leave under article 272 of the Civil Service Regulations for one month in extension of such leave already granted to him under this office notification No. 198A., dated the 26th February 1920.

No. 226A.—Maulvi Abdul Khaleque, B.A., Assistant Head Master, Jessore Zilla School (class V of the the Subordinate Educational Service), will continue to act as Head Master of the same school on the pay of his own grade during the extended leave of Babu Ravanesar Banerji or until further orders.

No. 227A.—Maulvi Syed Tajummal Hossain, B.A., B.T., an Assistant Master, Jessore Zilla School on a salary of Rs. 60 a month, outside the grades, will continue to act as Assistant Head Master of the same school and in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Khaleque on deputation or until further orders.

No. 228A.—Babu Kiran Chandra Dutta, B.A., is appointed temporarily to be an Assistant Master, Jessore Zilla School, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service with effect from the 23rd February 1920, *vice* Maulvi Syed Tajummal Hossain on-deputation or until further orders.

The 11th March 1920.

No. 229A.—The following teachers in Government high schools are appointed in the Subordinate Educational Service with effect from the dates noted against their names, in the resultant vacancies consequent on the creation of 210 appointments in the Subordinate Educational Service, in terms of Government order No. 524. dated the 6th March 1920, under the scheme for the improvement of secondary education in Bengal and the promotion of 30 Subordinate Educational Service head masters of Government high schools to the Provincial Educational Service announced in this office Notification No. 23P., dated the 8th March 1920 :—

Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah.

1. Maulvi Zahid Ali Khan, B.A., on Rs. 50 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
2. Maulvi Azaharus Sadain, F.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
3. Maulvi S. M. Abdul Ghani, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
4. Maulvi Muhammad Hamid Ali, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
5. Maulvi Khalilur Rahaman, B.Sc., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
6. Maulvi A. S. M. Karim in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
7. Maulvi A. H. Abu Khaled, F.A., in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
8. Maulvi Hafiz Muhammad Nazir in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Hare School.

9. Babu Bipin Behary Routh, B.Sc., on Rs. 50 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
10. Babu Ashutosh Ghose in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
11. Babu Jyotish Chandra Roy Chaudhury in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
12. Babu Jyotish Chandra Bhattacharjee in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
13. Babu Manindra Nath Sanyal, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
14. Maulvi Khairul Anam (on leave) on Rs. 25 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919. (Maulvi Monzoor Ali to act in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919, during the absence of Maulvi Khairul Anam.)

Hindu School.

15. Babu Kali Krishna Rakshit, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
16. Babu Bidhu Bhusan Roy, B.Sc., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.
17. Babu Ram Gopal Tarafdar, in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Sanskrit Collegiate School.

18. Babu Ram Ranu Acharjee, B.A., B.T., on Rs. 45 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

19. Babu Tin Kari Ghose in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

20. Pandit Bhababhuti Vidyaratna in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

21. Pandit Radhaballabh Jyotistirtha, in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

22. Pandit Haripada Bhattacharyya in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Barasat Government School.

23. Babu Kailash Chandra Mukherjee B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

24. Babu Nashi Ram Mukherjee in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

25. Maulvi Waliar Rahman in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

26. Maulvi Mobarak Ali in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

27. Maulvi Abdur Rashid in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

28. Babu Panchanan Kabyatirtha in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Barrackpore Government High School.

29. Maulvi Abdus Salam in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

30. Maulvi Md. Yusuff Ali in class V, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

31. Babu Panchanan Bhattacharyya (No. I) in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

32. Maulvi Elah Baksh in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Taki Government High School.

33. Babu Hem Chandra Acharyya, B.A., B.T., on Rs. 45 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

34. Babu Ramapati Bhattacharyya, L.T., in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

35. Babu Sukhamay Datta in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

36. Maulvi Kazi Sarur Ahmed in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

37. Babu Manmatha Nath Banerjee on Rs. 25 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Krishnagar Collegiate School.

38. Babu Broja Behary Basak, B. Sc., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

39. Babu Dijendra Nath Choudhury in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

40. Maulvi Abu Yusuf in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.

41. Babu Lalit Mohan Chakrabarty in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

42. Maulvi Mir Pear Ali in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

43. Maulvi Syed Yawar Ali Mirza in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

44. Babu Uday Chandra Lahri in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

45. Maulvi Khondkar Hedayetun Nabi in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

46. Maulvi Syed Abdul Bazal Nasar Ali in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

47. Maulvi Syed Hossain Ali in class V, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

48. Maulvi Agha Muhammad on Rs. 50 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

49. Babu Janaki Nath Bhattacharyya in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Khulna Zilla School.

50. Maulvi Muhammad Abu Taher, B.A., on Rs. 45 a month, O. G. S., appointed on probation in class VII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

51. Maulvi Sarfarazuddin Ahmad in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

52. Maulvi Mahatabuddin Ahmad in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

53. Maulvi Syed Muhammad Ali in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed to act in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

54. Babu Banku Behary Pandit, M.A., on Rs. 100 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class V, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

55. Maulvi Muhammad Ishaque on Rs. 25 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Jessore Zilla School.

56. Maulvi Syed Tazammul Hussain, B.A., B.T., on Rs. 60 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

57. Maulvi Shaikh Habibur Rahaman in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

58. Babu Tarak Nath Bose in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

59. Maulvi Tasiruddin Mollah in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

60. Babu Ramdas Bhattacharyya in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

61. Maulvi Golam Akbar on Rs. 25 a month, O. G. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Birbhum Zilla School.

62. Babu Dhanapati Choudhury, B.A., B.T., on Rs. 45 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

63. Babu Rakhal Chandra De in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

64. Babu Mohimaranjan Mukharjee in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

65. Babu Sureswar Banerji in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

66. Maulvi Syed Abdul Quader in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

67. Maulvi Muhammad Yusuf in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

68. Maulvi Syed Badraddoza in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Bankura Zilla School.

69. Babu Ramgati Datta in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

70. Babu Srikanta Rout in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

71. Maulvi Shaik Naziruddin in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

72. Babu Nidhuban Mazumdar in class V, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

73. Babu Upendra Nath De in class V, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

74. Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Hafiz in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

75. Pandit Jyotish Chandra Vidyabenode in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Howrah Zilla School.

76. Babu Ashutosh Sinha in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

77. Babu Bidhubhusan Bhattacharyya on Rs. 25 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

78. Pandit Sudhir Ranjan Vidyabenode in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

79. Maulvi Abdul Ali in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Uttarpara Government High School.

80. Babu Raj Krishna Biswas on Rs. 45 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

81. Babu Radha Charan Putatunda in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

82. Babu Basanta Behary Brahmachari in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

83. Babu Durga Charan Mukharjee in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Hooghly Branch School.

84. Babu Atulya Chandra Sen, B.A., in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

85. Maulvi Muhammad Hussain in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

86. Maulvi Muhammad Rustam Ali in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 6th January 1920.

87. Maulvi Abdul Jabbar in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Hooghly Collegiate School.

88. Babu Surendra Narayan Ghose on Rs. 45 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

89. Babu Gopal Chandra Acharyya on Rs. 35 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

90. Babu Nikunja Behary Basu, B.A., in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Dacca Collegiate School.

91. Babu Nripendra Narayan Das, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

92. Babu Sachindra Nath Chakravarty, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

93. Babu Jitendra Mohan Chakravarty in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

94. Babu Purno Chandra Rakshit in class V, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

95. Babu Nitai Chand Goswami in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

96. Maulvi A. M. M. Hamid Ali in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

97. Maulvi Muhammad Fasih in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 13th January 1920.

98. Babu Durga Mohun Bhattacharyya, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed to act in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Dacca Government Moslem High School.

99. Maulvi Sakawat Hossain Khan, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

100. Maulvi A. K. Khalilur Rahman, in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

101. Maulvi Mafizuddin Ahmed in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

102. Maulvi Sharafat Ali Khan on Rs. 20 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

103. Maulvi A. T. Md Obaidullah in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Mymensingh Zilla School.

104. Babu Lalit Kumar Kabayathra in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

105. Maulvi Md. Ali Newaz in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

106. Babu Suresh Chandra Chakraborty in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed to act in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

107. Maulvi Md. Abdul Karim in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

108. Maulvi Abdul Latiff Bhuyan in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Faridpur Zilla School.

109. Maulvi Abdul Ali on Rs. 40 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

110. Babu Kamini Mohan Sen in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

111. Maulvi Izzatulla, L.T., in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

112. Babu Satyapada Lahiri in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

113. Babu Ashutosh Choudhury on Rs. 20 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Armanitola Government High School.

114. Maulvi Abdul Wajed, B.A., in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

115. Maulvi Irshad Ali in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

116. Maulvi Abdul Hamid in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Barisal Zilla School.

117. Babu Jnanendra Nath Mazumder in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

118. Maulvi Abdul Mazid, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

119. Babu Manmatha Nath Gupta, L.T., in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

120. Babu Annada Charan Sen in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

121. Babu Sital Chandra Banerjee on Rs. 35 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

122. Maulvi Kazi Abdur Rab on Rs. 30 a month, O. G. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

123. Babu Sarat Chandra Guba on Rs. 25 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

124. Maulvi Khondokar Serajul Haque on Rs. 25 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Jamalpur Government High School.

125. Babu Bhuban Behari Das Gupta in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

126. Maulvi Maizuddin in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

127. Babu Hari Kumar Nath in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed to act in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

128. Babu Kailash Chandra Mazumder in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

129. Babu Surendra Chandra Chaudhury in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

130. Maulvi Shaikh Abdur Rouf in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

131. Maulvi Abdul Khallique in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

132. Maulvi A. F. M. Nuruddin Shah on Rs. 35 a month, O. G. S., appointed to act in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

133. Babu Kashiswar Ganguly on Rs. 30 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Bhola Government High School.

134. Babu Tarakeswar Gupta in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

135. Babu Gopal Chandra Banerji in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

136. Babu Annada Charan Banerji in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

137. Maulvi Mobarak Ali Khan in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

138. Babu Nishi Mohan Chakrabartty in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

139. Babu Manmatha Nath Banerji in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

140. Babu Satish Chandra Banerji in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

141. Maulvi Fazlur Rahaman in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

142. Maulvi Nazimal Haque on Rs. 35 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Jhalakati Government High School.

143. Babu Rajendra Chandra Ganguly, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

144. Babu Sashi Kumar Bose in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

145. Maulvi M. H. Zakiuddin on Rs. 35 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

146. Babu Sarbeswar Gupta on Rs. 30 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Perojpur Government High School.

147. Babu Atul Chandra Ghosh in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

148. Babu Hemendra Nath Datta in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

149. Babu Lalit Kumar Pal in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

150. Maulvi A. M. Abdus Sattar on Rs. 35 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Comilla Zilla School.

151. Babu Monmohan Ghosh B.A., on Rs. 40 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

152. Babu Surendra Sumar Chakravarty, B.A., on Rs. 30 a month, O. G. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

153. Maulvi Khondokar Mobarak Hossain, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

154. Babu Narendra Chandra Deb in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

155. Maulvi Muhammad Faiz on Rs. 40 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Noakhali Zilla School.

156. Babu Mohesh Chandra Nath in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

157. Babu Purna Chandra Dutta in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

158. Maulvi Abdus Sobhan, L.T., in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

159. Babu Jogendra Nath Bhattacharyya in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed to act in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

160. Maulvi Azizur Rahaman in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Chittagong Government Moslem High School.

161. Babu Kunja Bellary Biswas, B.A., on Rs. 40 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

162. Maulvi Abdul Quadir on Rs. 40 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

163. Maulvi Muhammad Waliullah, L.T., on Rs. 35 a month, O. G. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

164. Maulvi Azizur Rahman, L.T., Rs. 30 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

165. Maulvi Badiuz Zaman on Rs. 25 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

166. Maulvi Abdul Aziz Chowdhury on Rs. 25 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

167. Maulvi Abdul Alim on Rs. 30 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Chittagong Collegiate School.

168. Babu Lalit Chandra Chowdhury, B.Sc., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

169. Maulvi Muhammad Yahya in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

170. Babu Mahendra Lal Barua on Rs. 45 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

171. Babu Mohim Chandra Chowdhury in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Rangamati Government High School.

172. Babu Shama Charan Vyakarantirtha on Rs. 45 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

173. Babu Jogendra Chandra Das in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

174. Babu Prokash Chandra Chowdhury, L.T., on Rs. 40 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

175. Babu Jogindra Nath Bhattacharyya in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

176. Babu Jogendra Nath Kanerjee in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

177. Maulvi Abdul Rashid on Rs. 20 a month, O. G. S., appointed on probation in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Dinajpur Zilla School.

178. Babu Chaitanya Charan Datta, L.T., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

179. Babu Kumud Nath Sen, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

180. Babu Mohendra Nath Sen in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

181. Babu Ambica Charan Das in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

182. Babu Kali Prosad Roy in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

183. Maulvi Nazibuddin Ahmed in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

184. Maulvi Nurul Haque in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

185. Maulvi Abdul Karim Khan in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Jalpaiguri Zilla School.

186. Babu Ramani Bhushan Bhattacharya in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

187. Maulvi Saifdaruddin Biswas in class V, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

188. Munshi Denat Ullah Ahmed in class V, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

189. Maulvi Md. Haniff in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Rangpur Zilla School.

190. Babu Bankim Chandra Roy, L.T., on Rs. 50, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

191. Babu Brahma Narayana Adhikari, B.Sc., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

192. Babu Monoranjan Sen, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

193. Babu Paresh Nath Banerjee in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

194. Babu Prasanna Kumar Nandy on Rs 45 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

195. Maulvi Md. Faizur Rahman in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Bogra Zilla School.

196. Babu Jyotish Chandra Chakrabartty, B.A., B.T., on Rs. 50 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

197. Babu Sachindra Nath Sen, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

198. Babu Jitendra Mohan Maitra, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed to act in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

199. Maulvi Hafijulla in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

200. Babu Mokshada Charan Bhattacharyya, L.T., in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

201. Maulvi Khoir Mahamed in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

202. Maulvi Abdur Rahman Khondkar in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

203. Maulvi Abdus Samad Khan, L.T., in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

204. Babu Abilash Chandra Bhattacharyya in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

205. Babu Parbati Charan Bhattacharyya in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

206. Maulvi Mahamedulla in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Pabna Zilla School.

207. Babu Monmatha Nath Sarkar, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

208. Babu Harendra Kumar Kar in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

209. Maulvi Majuddin Ahmed in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

210. Maulvi Mir Ahmed Ali in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

211. Babu Purna Chandra Mazumdar on Rs. 45 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

212. Babu Mati Lal Mazumdar on Rs. 45 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

213. Babu Banwari Lal Pal on Rs. 45 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

214. Babu Ashutosh Maitra on Rs. 30 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

215. Babu Ramani Mohan Chakrabartty in class V, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Malda Zilla School.

216. Babu Pyari Mohan Saha, L.T., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

217. Babu Gopi Nath Das, B.A., in class I, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

218. Babu Ichha Mohan Chakravarty in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

219. Babu Dwijendra Nath Chowdhury, L.T., in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

220. Maulvi Mahammad Ali Jan, in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

221. Maulvi Mahamad Hossain in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

222. Babu Sarat Kumar Bhattacharyya in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

223. Maulvi Abdul Karim in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

224. Babu Satyendra Nath Chakravarty in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Darjeeling High School.

225. Babu Mahendra Nath Das Gupta in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

226. Maulvi Muhammad Khoda Newaz in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

227. Babu Gokul Singh in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

228. Babu Boloram Ojah in class IV, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

Rajshahi Collegiate School.

229. Babu Mahendra Nath Bhattacharyya on Rs. 50 a month, O. G. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

230. Babu Abinash Chandra Ganguly, L. T., in class II, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

231. Babu Harendra Nath Bagchi in class III, L. S. E. S., appointed substantively in class VIII, S. E. S., from 21st September 1919.

No. 230A.—This office notifications Nos. 96A. and 97A., dated the 28th January 1920, confirming Babu Ambika Das Ghosh and Babu Kanai Lal Das as Assistant Head Master, Barasat Government High School, and Assistant Master, Barrackpur Government High School, respectively, are cancelled.

No. 231A.—Babu Nagendra Nath Sen, Assistant Foreman Instructor, Dacca School of Engineering, and on Rs. 60 a month outside the graded service, is granted leave under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations for six months, with effect from the 15th March 1920.

No. 232A.—The following confirmations and promotions are sanctioned in the Subordinate Educational Service :—

Promoted to class I.

1. Babu Kalipada Bhattacharji, Assistant Head Master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, with effect from 1st April 1919, *vice* Mr. G. R. Ballantine, appointed outside the graded service.

2. Mr. A. R. Greene, Assistant Master, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, with effect from 7th August 1919 *vice* Mr. H. G. Landeman, appointed outside the graded service.

3. Mr. John Joseph Elliot, Assistant Master, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

4. Miss Jessie Russel, Assistant Head Mistress, Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong, with effect from 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

5. Babu Akshoy Kumar Datta Gupta Kaviratna, Lecturer in Sanskrit and Bengali, Dacca College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

6. Babu Mahendra Nath Sarkar, Lecturer in Philosophy, Sanskrit College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

7. Shams-ul-Ulama Abul Fazl Muhammad Hafizullah, Special Arabic Lecturer, Dacca Madrasah, and now sub. *pro tem.* Professor of Arabic of the Madrasah, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

8. Babu Surendra Nath Bhattacharji, Lecturer in Sanskrit, Sanskrit College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bharat Bandhu Laha, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

Promoted sub. pro tem. to class I.

1. Babu Kausik Nath Bhattacharji, Lecturer in Economics, Rajshahi College, with effect from 16th October 1919, *vice* Babu Samaresh Roy Chaudhury, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

He is also confirmed in class I, with effect from 16th October 1919, *vice* Miss Surabala Ghosh, confirmed as Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Comilla, and in the Provincial Educational Service.

Confirmed in class II.

1. Miss Pralhabati Roy, Assistant Mistress, Eden High School for girls, Dacca, and now officiating first Assistant Mistress of the Institution, with effect from 5th September 1919, *vice* Babu Kalipada Bhattacharji, promoted.

Promoted to class II.

1. Babu Rajendra Nath Vidyabhusan Smrititirtha, Lecturer, Sanskrit College, with effect from 5th September 1919, *vice* Mr. A. R. Greene, promoted.

2. Babu Dwijendra Nath Neogi, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Madaripur Faridpur, now Officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Barisal, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Mr John Joseph Elliot, promoted.

3. Babu Girindra Kumar Sen, Lecturer, Government Commercial Institute, now Officiating Principal of the same Institution, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Miss Jessie Russel, promoted.

4. Babu Debendra Nath Roy, Lecturer, Bethune College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Akshoy Kumar Datta Gupta, promoted.

5. Miss J. C. D Souza, Assistant Mistress, Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Mahendra Nath Sarkar, promoted.

6. Babu Syama Oharan Mukharji, Lecturer, Sanskrit College (now officiating in the Provincial Educational Service), with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Shams-ul-Ulama Abul Fazl Muhammad Hafizullah, promoted.

7. Babu Birendra Bhusan Adhikari, Demonstrator, Rajshahi College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Bhattacharji, promoted.

8. Babu Raj Narayan Das, Demonstrator, Dacca College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

9. Babu Pabitra Kumar Guha, Head Clerk, Dacca College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

10. Babu Debendra Kumar Banarji Vidyaratna, Lecturer, Dacca College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

11. Babu Prafulla Chandra Banarji, Assistant Master, Dacca School of Engineering, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

12. Babu Suraj Mohan Roy, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Nadia, now Officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Nadia, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

13. Babu Satish Chandra Das Gupta, Assistant Master, Dacca Collegiate School, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

14. Babu Rama Ranjan Ghosh, Teacher, Apprentice Department, Bengal Engineering College at Sibpur, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

15. Maulvi Mobarak Karim, Assistant Maulvi, Senior Section of the Calcutta Madrasah, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

16. Babu Probodh Chandra Sen, Lecturer, Bethune College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

17. Miss Victoria Mukharji, Assistant Head Mistress, Bethune Collegiate School, now on deputation to the Diocesan Training College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Khirud Chandra Sen (I), promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

18. Babu Kumud Bandhab Chatarji, Lecturer, Bethune College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Khan Sahib Maulvi Wahidun-Nabi, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

19. Babu Raghupati Ghatak, Lecturer, Commercial Institute, Calcutta, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Hara Mohan De, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

20. Miss A. North, Assistant Mistress, Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Chandra Kanta Ghosh, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

21. Babu Hem Chandra Ganguli, Demonstrator, Rajshahi College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Adya Nath Roy, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

22. Babu Pyari Mohan Banarji, Lecturer, Commercial Institute, Calcutta, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Khan Sahib Kazi Zahirul Haq, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

23. Babu Prasanna Kumar De, Assistant Master, Dacca School of Engineering, with effect from 16th October 1919, *vice* Babu Kausik Nath Bhattacharji, confirmed.

24. Babu Sushil Chandra Chakravarty, Demonstrator, Hooghly College, with effect from 10th January 1920, *vice* Babu Basanta Kumar Mitra, deceased.

Promoted sub pro tem. to class II.

1. Babu Prasanna Kumar De, Assistant Master, Dacca School of Engineering, with effect from 21st September 1919 *vice* Miss Prabhabati Roy, confirmed.

2. Babu Hem Chandra Banarji, Lecturer, Hooghly College, with effect from 7th February 1920, *vice* Babu Kalidas Banarji, promoted *sub. pro tem.* to the Provincial Educational Service.

3. Kumud Chandra Sen, Assistant Head Master, Pabna Zilla School, now Officiating Head Master of the Institution, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Miss E. C. Anthony, resigned.

Confirmed in class III.

1. Babu Srish Chandra Paulit, Drawing Master, Bethune Collegiate School, with effect from 5th September 1919, *vice* Babu Hari Lal Chatterji, confirmed in class II under this office notification No. 385A., dated the 21st October 1919.

2. Babu Surja Prasad Banarji, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Kishoreganj, Mymensingh, now Officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Bankura, with effect from 5th September 1919, *vice* Khan Sahib Kazi Zahirul Haq, confirmed in class II under this office notification No. 385A., dated the 21st October 1919.

3. Babu Rajendra Chandra Ghosh, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Birbhum, now Officiating Assistant Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division, with effect from 5th September 1919, *vice* Mr. Hiran Kumar Banarji, confirmed in the Provincial Educational Service.

4. Mr. T. Aroomoogam Achary, Teacher of Modelling, Government School of Arts, with effect from 5th September 1919, *vice* Miss Prabhabati Roy, confirmed in class II.

5. Babu Hari Charan Chakravarty, Assistant Head Master, Maldah Zilla School, with effect from 5th September 1919, *vice* Babu Rajendra Nath Vidyabhusan Smrititirtha, promoted.

Promoted to class III.

1. Babu Binode Behari Das, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Hooghly, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Dwijendra Nath Neogi, promoted.

2. Babu Dwarka Nath Das, Head Clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Girindra Kumar Sen, promoted.

3. Babu Guru Prasanna Das, Research Assistant to Dr. J. C. Bose, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Debendra Nath Roy, promoted.

4. Babu Hara Prasad Roy, Superintendent, Bogra Industrial School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Mr. J. C. D'Souza, promoted.

5. Babu Basanta Kumar Bhattacharji, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Jalpaiguri, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Syama Charan Mukharji, promoted.

6. Babu Girija Sankar Bhattacharji, Lecturer, Rajshahi College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Birendra Bhusan Adhikary, promoted.

7. Maulvi Muhammad Timur, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Maldah, now Officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Dinajpur, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Raj Narayan Das, promoted.

8. Babu Akshoy Kumar Sen, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Chittagong, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Pabitra Kumar Guha, promoted.

9. Babu Kaliprasanna Banarji, Assistant Head Master, Hooghly Collegiate School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Debendra Kumar Banarji, promoted.

10. Maulvi Abdur Rahman Khan, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Prafulla Chandra Banarji, promoted.

11. Babu Chinta Haran Banarji, Lecturer, Rajshahi College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Suraj Mohan Roy, promoted.

12. Babu Sisir Kumar Bardhan, Lecturer, Hooghly College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Satish Chandra Das Gupta, promoted.

13. Babu Hara Chandra Mazumdar, Head Clerk, Presidency College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Rama Ranjan Ghosh promoted.

14. Mr. U. Dhammawanso, Lecturer, Chittagong College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Mobarak Karim, promoted.

15. Maulvi Abdul Latif, Lecturer, Chittagong College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Probodh Chandra Sen, promoted.

16. Maulvi Afsaruddin Ahmed, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Faridpur, now Officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Barisal, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Miss Victoria Mukharji, promoted.

17. Maulvi Muhammad Ishaque, Assistant Maulvi, Calcutta Madrasah, now sub. *pro tem.* Special Arabic Lecturer, Dacca Madrasah, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kunud Bandhab Chatterji, promoted.

18. Maulvi Abdul Quadir, Head Clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Raghupati Ghatak, promoted.

19. Babu Manindra Nath Mitra, Assistant, Physical Laboratory, Presidency College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Miss A. North, promoted.

20. Babu Sarat Chandra Mitra, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Bankura, now Officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Burdwan, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Hem Chandra Ganguli, promoted.

21. Maulvi Maharuddin Ahmed, Lecturer, Krishnagar College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Pyari Mohan Banarji, promoted.

22. Babu Debendra Kumar Sen, Lecturer, Rajshahi College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

23. Babu Bama Charan Banarji, Lecturer, Chittagong College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

24. Babu Bidhu Bhusan Sen Gupta, Lecturer, Krishnagar College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.
25. Miss Marie Banarji, Lecturer, Bethune College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.
26. Babu Benoy Kumar Chaudhury, Lecturer, Bethune College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.
27. Babu Siva Prasad Bhattacharji, Lecturer, Chittagong College, now sub. *pro tem.* Lecturer, Rajshahi College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.
28. Babu Sitikanta Bachaspati, Lecturer, Sanskrit College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.
29. Babu Nagendra Nath Mazumdar, Assistant Superintendent, Rangpur Normal School, now Officiating Lecturer, Dacca Training College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.
30. Babu Kailash Chandra Chakravarty, Assistant, Physical Laboratory, Presidency College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.
31. Babu Ramaprasad Chanda, Assistant Head Master, Bankura Zilla School, now on deputation to the Calcutta University, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.
32. Babu Satya Ranjan Das Gupta, Demonstrator, Hooghly College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.
33. Babu Dinesh Chandra Bhattacharji, Lecturer, Rajshahi College, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.
34. Maulvi Sabuktuddin Ahmed, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Rangpur, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.
35. Maulvi Abdul Halim, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Brahmanbaria, Tippera, now sub. *pro tem.* District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Dacca, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.
36. Babu Girija Kanta Bagchi, Assistant Head Master, Chittagong Collegiate School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bishnu Charan De, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.
37. Babu Jajneswar Chakravarty, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Naogaon, Rajshahi, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Basanta Chandra Das, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.
38. Babu Charu Chandra Ghosh, Head Clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Janaki Nath Das, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.
39. Babu Parimal Kumar Ghosh, Lecturer, Dacca College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jogendra Nath Bhattacharji, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.
40. Babu Satya Saran Kahali, Lecturer, Krishnagar College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Pramatha Nath Bhattacharji (I), promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.
41. Babu Abinash Chandra Banarji, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Bankura, now Officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Faridpur, with effect from 16th October 1919, *vice* Babu Prasanna Kumar De, promoted.
42. Babu Khirode Mohan Sen, Demonstrator, Rajshahi College, with effect from 10th January 1920, *vice* Babu Sushil Chandra Chakravarty, promoted.
43. Babu Narendra Chandra Roy, Head Clerk, Chittagong College, with effect from 16th January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Hurmatullah, deceased.
44. Babu Jitendra Kumar Chakravarty, Lecturer, Rajshahi College, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Hara Kishore Chaudhury, retired.

Promoted sub-pro tem. to class III.

1. Babu Abinash Chandra Banarji, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Bankura, now Officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Faridpur, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Mr. F. Aroomoogam Achary, confirmed.
2. Maulvi A. M. Muhammad Asad, Lecturer, Dacca College, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Radha Nath Chatterji, appointed on probation as Assistant Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division, and in the Provincial Educational Service.
3. Babu Dharendra Nath Mukharji, Demonstrator, Bengal Engineering College at Sibpur, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Umesh Chandra Haldar, promoted sub. *pro tem.* to the Provincial Educational Service.
4. Babu Jogendra Nath Bose, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Goalundo, Faridpur, under orders of transfer as sub *pro tem.* District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Noakhali, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Bhuvan Mohan Chaudhury, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.
5. Mr. Iswari Prasad, Teacher, Government School of Art, now Officiating Head Master of the Institution, in the Provincial Educational Service, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Bisseswar Datta, appointed on probation as Professor, Rajshahi College, and in the Provincial Educational Service.
6. Maulvi Musharaf Hussain, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Nadia, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Hari Charan Chakravarty confirmed in class III.
7. Babu Khagendra Nath Chakravarty, Demonstrator, Presidency College, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Maulvi Shamsuddin Ahmed, appointed on probation as Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education, Rajshahi Division, and in the Provincial Educational Service.
8. Babu Sidheswar Shaha, Superintendent, Bayley-Govindalal Technical School, Rangpur, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Hem Chandra Banarji, promoted.

The 15th March 1920.

No. 233A.—The following confirmations and promotions are sanctioned in the Subordinate Educational Service:—

Confirmed in class IV.

1. Babu Satish Chandra Mukherjee, I, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Hooghly, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Babu Sriish Chandra Paulit, confirmed in class III.
2. Maulvi Quazi Momtazuddin Ahmed, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Hooghly, now officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Mymensingh, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Babu Surja Prasad Banerjee, confirmed in class III.
3. Maulvi Muhammad Nabi Buksh, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Bogra, now officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Pabna, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Mr. T. Aroomoogam Achary, confirmed in class III.
4. Maulvi Sarafat Ali Khan, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Mymensingh, now under orders of transfer as District Deputy Inspector of Schools, 24-Parganas, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Babu Hari Charan Chakravarti, confirmed in class III.
5. Maulvi Daliluddin Ahmed, I, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Birbhum, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Benode Behari Das, promoted to class III.

Promoted to class IV.

1. Babu Sashi Bhushan Chatterji, Assistant Head Master, Khulna Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Dwarka Nath Das, promoted.

2. Babu Brahma Kishore Mukherji, Assistant Head Master, Hindu School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Gurn Prasanna Das, promoted.

3. Babu Nibaran Chandra Das Gupta, Assistant Head Master, Hare School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Hara Prosad Roy, promoted.

4. Babu Ganga Charan Das Gupta, Assistant Head Master, Comilla Zilla School, now Officiating Professor, David Hare Training College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Basanta Kumar Bhattacharji, promoted.

5. Babu Amrita Lal Laskar, Assistant Head Master, Hooghly Training School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Girija Sankar Bhattacharji, promoted.

6. Babu Purna Chandra Bhattacharji, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Comilla, now Officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Noakhali, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Timur, promoted.

7. Babu Upendra Nath Maitra, Assistant, Geological Laboratory, Presidency College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Akshoy Kumar Sen, promoted.

8. Babu Satish Chandra Saha, Assistant Master, Dacca School of Engineering, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kali Prasanna Banerjee, promoted.

9. Babu Arunendra Nath Das Gupta, Assistant Foreman Instructor, Dacca School of Engineering, now Officiating Foreman Instructor of the Institution, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdur Rahman Khan, promoted.

10. Babu Jyotish Chandra Lahiri, Superintendent, Barisal Technical School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Chinta Haran Banerji, promoted.

11. Maulvi Abdul Ghani, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Tippera, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sisir Kumar Bardhan, promoted.

12. Babu Birendra Lal Ganguli, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Patuakhali, Barisal, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Hara Chandra Mazumdar, promoted.

13. Maulvi Gholam Rabbani Ahmed, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Kurigram, Rangpur, now Officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Malda, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Mr U. Dhammawanso, promoted.

14. Babu Kunja Behari Hore, Assistant Superintendent, Chittagong Normal School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Latif, promoted.

15. Maulvi Daliluddin Ahmed, II, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Gai-bandha, Rangpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Absaruddin Ahmed, promoted.

16. Maulvi Abdul Khalique, Assistant Head Master, Jessore Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Ishaque, promoted.

17. Babu Satyendra Nath Gupta, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Birbhum, now officiating Professor, David Hare Training College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Quadir, promoted.

18. Babu Benoy Krishna Banarji, Head Clerk, Sanskrit College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Manindra Nath Mitra, promoted.

19. Babu Jogendra Mohan Datta, Assistant Head Master, Armenitola Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sarat Chandra Mitra, promoted.

20. Babu Durga Mohan Das, Assistant Head Master, Jhalakati Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Maharuddin Ahmed, promoted.

21. Babu Harendra Kumar Mazumdar, Assistant Head Master, Bhola Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Debendra Kumar Sen, promoted.

22. Babu Mano Mohon Ghosal, Assistant Master, Dacca Collegiate School, now officiating Assistant Head Master, Taki Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bama Charan Banarji, promoted.

23. Babu Upendra Chandra Bhattacharji, Demonstrator, Dacca College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bidhubhusan Sen Gupta, promoted.

24. Babu Upendra Chandra Sarkar, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Munshiganj, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Miss Marie Banerjee, promoted.

25. Maulvi Abdus Salam, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Manikganj, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Benoy Kumar Chandhury, promoted.

Promoted to class IV.

26. Babu Narendra Nath Chatterji, Demonstrator, Chittagong College, under orders of transfer to the Rajshahi College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Siva Prasad Bhattacharji, promoted. (This partially modifies this office Notification No. 176-A., dated the 17th February 1920, so far as his promotion is concerned.)

27. Babu Charu Charan Das Gupta, Assistant Master, Dacca School of Engineering, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sitikanta Bachaspati, promoted.

28. Babu Dwijendra Mohan Sen Gupta, Assistant Head Master, Jalpaiguri Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Mazumdar, promoted.

29. Babu Kalika Charan Roy, Assistant Master, Comilla Zilla School, now officiating Assistant Head Master, Rangpur Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kailash Chandra Chakravarty, promoted.

30. Babu Aswini Kumar Bhattacharji, Assistant Master, Bogra Zilla School, now officiating Assistant Head Master, Darjeeling High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Rama Prasad Chanda, promoted.

31. Babu Durgadas Chatterji, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Satya Ranjan Das Gupta, promoted.

32. Babu Suresh Chandra Roy, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Khulna, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Dinesh Chandra Bhattacharji, promoted.

33. Miss Bibhubala Sarkar, Assistant Head Mistress, Vidyamoyee High School for Girls, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Sabkutuddin Ahmed, promoted.

34. Babu Bahuballav Sastri, Lecturer, Sanskrit College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Halim, promoted.

35. Mahamahopadhyaya Guru Charan Tarkadarshantirtha, Lecturer, Sanskrit College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Girija Kanta Bagchi, promoted.

36. Babu Lakshman Sastri Dravida, Lecturer, Sanskrit College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jojneswar Chakravarty, promoted.

37. Babu Atul Krishna Chatterji, Accountant, Presidency College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Charu Chandra Ghosh, promoted.

38. Babu Charu Chandra Banerji, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Parimal Kumar Ghosh, promoted.

39. Maulvi Muhammad Asad, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Feni, Noakhali, Officiating Deputy Inspector of Schools, Kurigram, Rangpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Satya Saran Kahali, promoted.

40. Maulvi Muhammad Wazir, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

41. Babu Sibendra Nath Bhadra, Assistant Master, Khulna Zilla School, under orders of transfer as Assistant Head Master, Hooghly Branch School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

42. Babu Kaliprasanna Ghosh, Assistant Head Master, Uttarpara Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

43. Babu Aswini Kumar Datta, Lecturer, Training College, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

44. Babu Durga Charan Sarkar, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Burdwan, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

45. Maulvi Muhammad Suja'at Ali, District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Jessore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

46. Babu Ganga Govinda Basak, Assistant, Chemical Laboratory, Presidency College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

47. Maulvi Muhammad Haidar Ali, Lecturer, Rajshahi College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

48. Babu Syama Charan Chakravarti, Head Pandit, Rajshahi Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

49. Babu Dakshina Ranjan Das Gupta, Assistant Head Master, Dinajpur Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

50. Babu Ras Behari Nandi, Assistant Master, Comilla Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

51. Babu Surendra Chandra Das, Research Assistant to Dr. J. C. Bose, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

52. Babu Sashi Kumar Bose, Assistant Master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

53. Babu Dakshina Kumar Nag, Assistant Master, Faridpur Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

54. Babu Upendra Chandra Guha, Assistant Master, Dacca Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

55. Babu Sailendra Lal Mitra, Assistant, Chemical Laboratory, Presidency College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

56. Maulvi Hashmut Ali, Head Maulvi, Hooghly Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the Secondary Education Scheme.

57. Maulvi Muhammad Khurshed Hossain, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Murshidabad, now officiating District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Jessore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bhuban Mohan Chaudhury, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

Promoted to class IV.

58. Babu Debesh Chandra Vidyaratna, Grammar Pandit, Sanskrit Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Abinash Chandra Ghose, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

59. Babu Kiran Sashi Dutta, Assistant Master, Hare School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Beni Madhab Bhattacharji, I, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

60. Maulvi Zahiruddin Ahmed, English Teacher, Hooghly Madrassah with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Achyuta Nath Adhikari promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

61. Maulvi Abul Mokarem Fazlul Wahhab, Clerk and Librarian, Calcutta Madrassah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jyotish Chandra Mukherjee promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

62. Babu Jatindra Nath Mukherjee, I, Assistant Master, Hindu School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Makhan Lal Roy Chaudhuri, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

63. Babu Pulin Behari Basu, Head Clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Hari Pada Mukherji, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

64. Babu Benoy Bhusan Sarkar, Assistant Head Master, Calcutta Training School, now Officiating Professor, David Hare Training College, with effect from the 16th October 1919, in the post sanctioned in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service in terms of Government Order No. 736-T.—Edn., dated the 16th October 1919.

65. Babu Narendra Nath Ganguli, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, with effect from the 10th January 1920, *vice* Babu Khirode Mohan Sen, promoted.

66. Babu Upendra Nath Mukherjee, Teacher, Government School of Art, with effect from the 16th January 1920, *vice* Babu Narendra Chandra Roy, promoted.

67. Babu Kirtiman Pradhan, Head Clerk, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Jitendra Kumar Chakravarty, promoted.

Promoted sub-protem in class IV.

1. Babu Sashi Bhusan Roy, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Perojpur, Barisal, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Nabi Buksh, confirmed in class IV.

2. Babu Unesh Chandra De, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Thakurgaon, Dinajpur, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Maulvi Sarafat Ali Khan, confirmed in class IV.

3. Babu Tulsi Charan Bose, Lecturer, Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Asad, promoted.

4. Babu Basanta Kumar Roy, Drawing Master, Krishnagar Collegiate School, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Maulvi Daliluddin Ahmed, I, confirmed in class IV.

5. Babu Jyoti Lal Datta, Assistant Head Master, Howrah Zilla School, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Ravanewar Banerji, promoted *s. p. t.* to the Provincial Educational Service.

6. Babu Santosh Kumar Das, Teacher, Government School of Art, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Bisweswar Banerji, promoted *s. p. t.* to the Provincial Educational Service.

7. Babu Haridas Chatterji, Assistant Master, Sanskrit Collegiate School, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Dharendra Nath Mukharji, promoted.

8. Babu Mono Mohan Chatterji, Laboratory Assistant, Dacca College, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Khagendra Nath Chakravarty, promoted.

9. Babu Kunja Behari Kaviratna, Head Pandit, Hooghly Branch School, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Sidheswar Saha, promoted.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CIVIL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3758, dated Calcutta, the 9th March 1920.—Babu Srish Mohan Sarkar, M.B., lately a temporary Assistant Surgeon, did general duty at the General Hospital, Howrah, from the 17th February 1920, to the 2nd March 1920, both days inclusive.

No. 3582, dated Calcutta, the 6th March 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Krishnadhan Sinha held charge of the duties of the Assistant Apothecary, Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, from the 11th February 1920 to the 29th February 1920, both days inclusive.

No. 3585, dated Calcutta, the 6th March 1920.—First grade Assistant Surgeon Ashutosh Datta is appointed substantively *pro tempore* teacher of Anatomy, Medical School, Dacca, with effect from the 1st February 1920.

No. 3965, dated Calcutta, the 12th March 1920.—Fourth grade Civil Sub-Assistant Surgeon Jatindra Nath Banarji, now on general service in India or abroad, is promoted to the third grade, with effect from the 18th August 1920.

No. 4009, dated Calcutta, the 13th March 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Praphulla Prasun Choudhuri did general duty at the Presidency General Hospital, Calcutta, from the 7th February 1920 to the 13th February 1920, both days inclusive.

W. H. B. ROBINSON,

Surgeon-Genl. with the Govt. of Bengal.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE AND SALT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 64-Exc.—The 16th March 1920.—Babu Raj Kumar Das, Inspector of Excise and Salt, Hooghly, is allowed an extension of leave for five days under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in continuation of the leave already granted to him in this office notification No. 55-Exc., dated the 30th January 1920.

S. C. MUKERJEE,

Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal.

FOREST DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

No. 2 For.—*The 1st March 1920.*—Mr. J. M. Cowan, Working Plan Officer, Chittagong, is posted to the charge of the Chittagong Forest Division, with headquarters at Chittagong.

No. 3 For.—*The 1st March 1920.*—On relief by Mr. J. M. Cowan, Working Plan Officer, Mr. J. R. P. Gent, Deputy Conservator of Forests, is transferred to charge of the Buxa Division with headquarters at Buxa Duar.

H. A. FARRINGTON,
Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.**NOTIFICATION.**

No. 1167 G.—The gentlemen named below are appointed to be non-official visitors of the Cox's Bazar Sub-jail for a term of two years, in the district of Chittagong:—

1. Maulvi Abdul Halim, B.L.
2. Babu Mohini Mohan Dutta, Pleader.

A. H. CLAYTON, *Offg. Commissioner.*
COMMR.'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, *the 12th March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that a bye-election will be held on Saturday, the 24th April 1920, in ward No. 1 of the Kalna Municipality, in the district of Burdwan, to fill up the vacancy caused by the death of Babu Sris Chandra Malik.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner.*
COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURAH, *the 5th March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1201 J.—It is hereby notified for general information that a bye-election will be held on the 15th April 1920, in ward No. III of the Netrokona Municipality, in the district of Mymensingh, to elect a Commissioner for that ward, *vice* Babu Durga Charan Dutta, deceased.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner.*
COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 8th March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1279 J.—In supersession of this notification No. 842 J., dated the 17th February 1920, published at page 404, in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 25th idem, it is hereby notified for general information that the next general election of Commissioners of the Jhalakati Municipality, in the district of Bakarganj, will be held on the 29th April 1920.

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg. Commissioner.*
COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, *the 12th March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 544M.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by section 112, read with section 159 of the Bengal Cess Act, IX of 1880, as amended by Act IV (B.C.) of 1910, I appoint Babu Birendra Nath Ray Sarkar to be a member of the Terai Branch Road Committee, in the district of Darjeeling, *vice* Mr. M. W. S. Pemberton, resigned.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 9th March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 551M.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by section 112 of the Bengal Cess Act, IX of 1880, as amended by Act IV (B.C.) of 1910, I appoint Mr. R. S. Tomkin to be a member of the District Road Committee, Darjeeling, *vice* Mr. M. W. S. Pemberton, resigned.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 9th March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 557M.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by section 112, read with section 159 of the Bengal Cess Act, IX of 1880, as amended by Act IV (B.C.) of 1910, I appoint Mr. R. S. Tomkin and Babu Kamini Kumar Banerjee to be members of the Terai Branch Road Committee, in the district of Darjeeling, *vice* Mr. D. F. Clyue and Babu Bishnu Charan Das (both deceased), respectively.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., JALPAIGURI, *the 9th March 1920.*

**OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES,
BENGAL.**

NOTIFICATION.

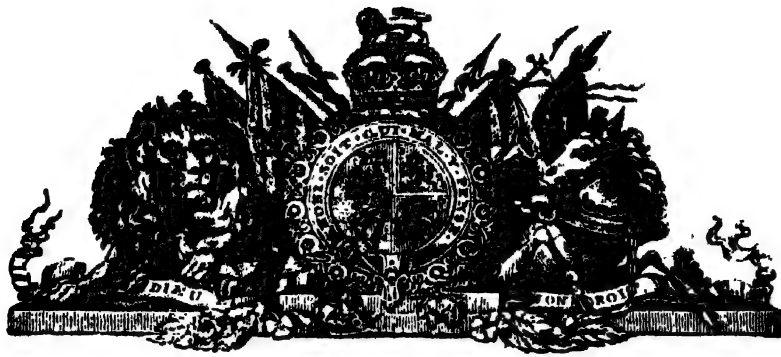
No. 3223.—The 13th March 1920.—Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Peyong Minjong Co-operative Society (registered No. 957 of 1912), in the district of Darjeeling, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society.

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Kalimpong, to be Liquidator of the said society.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1920.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 28th February 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

POLICE.

Delhi, the 27th February 1920.

No. 377.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 17 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Indian Arms Rules, 1920, namely:—

1. For sub-rule (2) of rule 29 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

2. Licenses granted under sub-rule (1) may be made valid by the licensing authority as follows:—

- (a) in Burma throughout the Province or any specified part thereof, subject to any restrictions which may be imposed by general or special order of the Local Government;
- (b) in Assam, throughout the Province or any specified part thereof, or throughout British India, except Burma and the North-West Frontier Province;
- (c) in the North-West Frontier Province, throughout the Province or any specified part thereof, or throughout British India except Burma and Assam; and
- (d) in any other Province, throughout the Province in which it is granted or any specified part thereof, or throughout British India, except Burma, Assam and the North-West Frontier Province.

3. Any such licence having effect outside the Province in which it is granted shall be granted subject to any restrictions which may be imposed by any general or special order of a Local Government in regard to its own Province.

II. In Schedule VII appended to the said Rules—

- (i) in condition 4 of Form XIII and condition 3 of Form XIV, the words "into a railway carriage or" and
- (ii) in condition 3 of Form XVI, the words "in a railway carriage or" shall be omitted.

H. D. CRAIK,

Offg. Addl. Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification issued by the Government of India, in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 13th March 1920, is republished for general information.

G. N. ROY,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 11th March 1920.

No. 501.—The Hon'ble Sir Lancelot Sanderson, Kt., K.C., Barrister-at-Law, Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted furlough, with effect from the 25th March 1920, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it, to the 1st July 1920, inclusive.

H. D. CRAIK.

Offg. Addl. Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 13th March 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 3rd March 1920.

No. 452.—The Home Department notification No. 1487-Judicial, dated the 21st October 1919, appointing Mr. E. B. H. Panton, I.C.S., to act as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, during the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice G. C. Rankin, Barrister-at-Law, on deputation, is hereby cancelled, with effect from the 3rd March 1920, or the subsequent date on which the Hon'ble Mr. Justice C. P. Beachcroft proceeds on leave.

No. 453.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice C. P. Beachcroft, I.C.S., having been granted furlough, with effect from the 3rd March 1920, or any subsequent date on which he avails himself of it, to the afternoon of the 2nd September 1920, both days inclusive, the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), section 105, sub-section (2), to appoint Mr. E. B. H. Panton, I.C.S., to act as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal during the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice C. P. Beachcroft, or until further orders.

MEDICAL.

The 12th March 1920.

No. 228.—Lieutenant-Colonel R. P. Wilson, F.R.C.S., D.P.H., I.M.S., Professor of Clinical and Operative Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, and Surgeon to the College Hospitals, is appointed permanently to be Professor of Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, and Surgeon to the College Hospitals, *vice* the late Lieutenant-Colonel C. R. Stevens, M.D., F.R.C.S., I.M.S.

No. 229.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. P. Connor, D.S.O., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., officiating Professor of Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, and Surgeon to the College Hospitals, is appointed permanently to be Professor of Clinical and Operative Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, and Surgeon to the College Hospitals, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel R. P. Wilson.

H. D. CRAIK,
Offg. Addl. Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 13th March 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CIVIL AVIATION.

Delhi, the 13th March 1920.

No. 218C.A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1920, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the powers conferred on the Secretary, Air Board, by the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 67C.A., dated the 31st January 1920, shall be exercised by Captain H. Gunning, Chief Inspector to the Air Board.

CUSTOMS—ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 13th March 1920

No. 2196D.—In consequence of the death of Mr. R. F. L. Whitty, I.C.S., a Collector, Class I, in the Imperial Customs Service, the following promotions in the service are notified with effect from the 14th December 1919:—

Name.	From	To
Mr. A. H. Lloyd, I.C.S. (then on furlough) ...	Assistant Collector	Collector, Class III, substantive. He acts as Collector, Class II, with effect from the 27th January 1920, the date on which he returned from leave.

POST OFFICE.

The 13th March 1920.

No. 2085D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in sub-rule (3) of rule 27 of the rules issued with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2883—45, dated the 26th April 1913, as subsequently amended, namely:—

After the word "post" the words "to or" shall be inserted.

TRADE AFTER THE WAR—DYES.

The 13th March 1920.

No. 2055-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel the notification in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 6993, dated the 6th September 1919.

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Army Department published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 13th March 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Delhi, the 12th March 1920.

RESIGNATIONS.

VOLUNTEER FORCE.

Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles.

No. 477.—Captain Hugh Gordon Cotton, v.d., resigns his commission, and is granted, on retirement, the honorary rank of Major with permission to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 31st March 1917.

2nd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 478.—Second Lieutenant Harold Henry Rivett resigns his commission. Dated 31st March 1917.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Board of Industries and Munitions, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 13th March 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

EXPLOSIVES.

Delhi, the 13th March 1920.

No. 3011-M.—The following draft of amendments which in exercise of of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), it is proposed to make in the Indian Explosives Rules, 1914, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 4013-33, dated the 6th June 1914, is published as required by section 18 of the said Act for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said rules will be taken into consideration on or after the 13th of May 1920. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date specified will be considered by the Governor General in Council.

Draft amendments.

1. In sub-rule (2) of rule 51 of the said rules, the words "to the District authority" shall be omitted and after the words "the reasons for it" the words "to the District authority, or, if the license was granted by a Sub-divisional or other Magistrate to such Magistrate" shall be inserted.

2. In Schedule II to the said rules, in column 5 against items 8 and 12 after the words "The District authority" the words "or any Subdivisional Magistrate specially empowered by the Local Government in this behalf" shall be added.

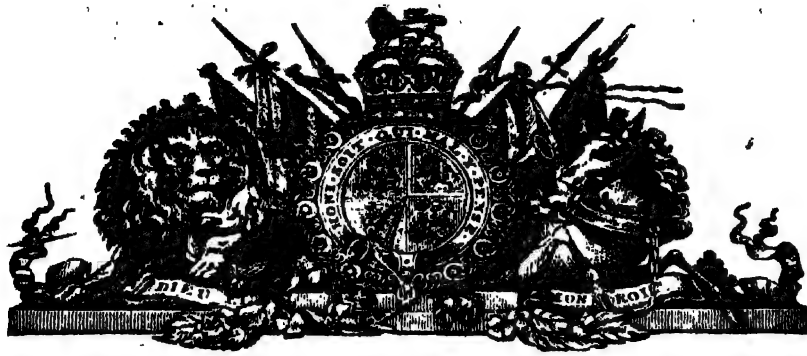
3. In Schedule III to the said rules—

- (i) in the first sentence of the note to the heading of Form E, and
- (ii) in the note to the heading of Form F,

after the words "District Magistrate" the words "or any Subdivisional Magistrate specially empowered by the Local Government in this behalf" shall be inserted.

F. R. R. RUDMAN,

Secretary, Board of Industries and Munitions.



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WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1920.

PART IB.

Orders by the Governor of Bengal in Council.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 803M.—*The 15th March 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. George Miller to be a Commissioner of the Bally Municipality, in the district of Howrah, *vice* Mr. G. E. Prain, resigned.

Howrah.

No. 807M.—*The 15th March 1920.*—In exercise of the power conferred by section 40 of the Licensed Warehouse and Fire-Brigade Act, 1893 (Bengal Act I of 1893), and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, made at a meeting, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that any building or place within the limits of that Municipality, which is used for the storing, pressing or keeping of jute in *pucca* bales, shall be a warehouse within the meaning of, and shall be subject to, the operation of the said Act.

24-Parganas.

No. 814M.—*The 16th March 1920.*—The following draft order which the Governor in Council proposes to make in exercise of the power conferred by section 221 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

Tipperra.

2. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th May 1920, and any objection or suggestion which may be received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate and the Divisional Commissioner before that date will be duly considered.

Draft order.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 221 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), and upon the application of the Commissioners of the Comilla Municipality, in the district of Tippera, made in pursuance of a resolution passed at a meeting specially convened to consider the question, the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of Parts VI and X of the said Act to the said Municipality.

2. This cancels notifications, dated the 9th April 1877, 15th February 1887 and 15th November 1889, and notification No. 1210T.M., dated 11th June 1904.

No. 805 L.S.-G.—The 15th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 22 of the Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Ben. Act III of 1885), the Governor in Council is pleased to approve the election by the members of the Jessore District Board of Rai Jadu Nath Mazumdar Bahadur to be their Chairman.

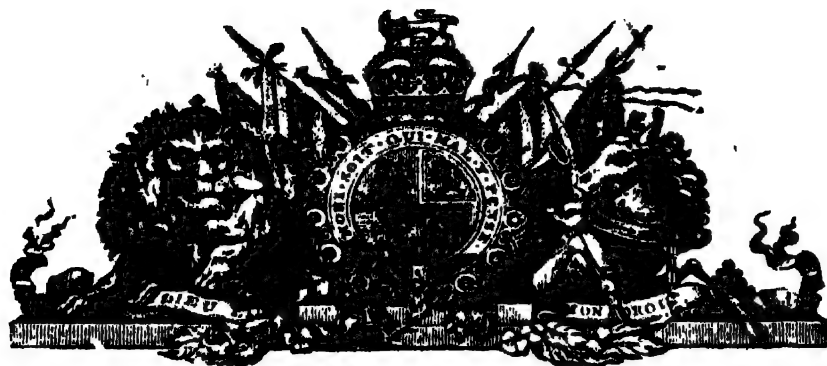
No. 230 San.—The 10th March 1920.—The following draft of a rule which the Governor in Council intends to make in exercise of the power conferred by clause (g) of section 138 of the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885 (Bengal Act III of 1885), prescribing the qualifications of candidates for employment as Health Officers for District Boards, is published for information.

II. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 19th April 1920, and any objection or suggestion with regard thereto received by the undersigned through the District Magistrate and the Divisional Commissioner before that date will be duly considered.

Draft rule.

1. Unless specially exempted by the Local Government every District Health Officer shall possess a recognised diploma in public health in addition to a medical qualification registrable under the provisions of the Bengal Medical Act, 1914. For the purpose of this rule the diploma in public health granted by the University of Calcutta shall be accepted as so recognised.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



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WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1920.

• PART IC. • Educational Notices.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS, CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

NAMES of Munshis qualified to teach Urdu can be had on application to the undersigned. A complete list is published in the *Gazette of India* Part II.

O. F. JENKINS,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET,
CALCUTTA, the 31st October 1916

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

The following students are re-awarded the vacant junior scholarships and stipends on the results of the Matriculation Examination of 1919 :—

[They take effect from the 1st June 1919 for two years.]

BURDWAN DIVISION.

Special scholarships of Rs. 10 a month for Muhammadans.

- 1 Sheikh Abdulla Mahaz ... Kipnabar Sibchandra High School.

PRESIDENCY DIVISION (INCLUDING CALCUTTA TOWN).

Mohsin stipends of Rs. 5 a month each.

- 1 Mohamad Abul Hasan ... Calcutta Madrasah.

BURDWAN DIVISION.

- 1 Abdul Wajed ... Konnagar High English School.
2 Sheikh Lutfar Rahoman ... Labpur J. L. High School.

DACCA DIVISION.

- 1 Syed Abul Fattah ... Barisal Zilla School.

CHITTAGONG DIVISION.

- 1 Khaja Ahamad ... Feni High School.

RAJSHAHI DIVISION.

- 1 Sheikh Kader Bakhsh Malda Zilla School.

SPECIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FOR GIRLS.**Two of Rs. 15 a month each.**

- 1 Lilamayi Das Gupta ... Vidyamayee High School for Girls,
Mymensingh.
2 Sushama Sen Gupta ... Eden High School for Girls, Dacca.

Three of Rs. 10 each.

- 1 Jyotiprobha Ghosh ... Diocesan Collegiate School.
2 Amiya Bose ... Ditto.
3 Satadol Das ... U. F. C. Training and High School.

J. W. GUNN,

Asst. Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 28th February 1920.

**List of students successful at the City and Guilds of London
Institute Special Examinations in Domestic Subjects held
in Calcutta and at Kurseong in November 1919.**

Examina- tion No.	Candidate's name.	Subject of examination.	Class
1	Caldwell, Agnes	Dressmaking	1
2	Hodgkins, Dorothy	Plain cookery	2
3	Hill, Mary	Ditto	2
4	Hodgkins, Ruth	Ditto	2
11	Allen, Florence L.	Ditto	1
12	Wilsone, Yoe C.	Ditto	1
14	Stephens, Olive	Ditto	1
16	Cahoon, Beryl V.	Ditto	1
19	Graham, Dorothy M.	Ditto	1
22	Mearle, Gwendolen M.	Ditto	1
23	Maseyk, Ilene V.	Ditto	2
26	Fraser, Kathleen M.	Ditto	1
5	Hodgkins, Ruth	Plain needlework	1
6	Hodgkins, Dorothy	Ditto	2
7	Palmer, Isabel	Ditto	1
8	Hill, Mary	Ditto	2
9	Sullivan, Beryl	Ditto	2
13	Wilsone, Yoe C.	Ditto	2
15	Allen, Florence L.	Ditto	2
17	Cahoon, Beryl V.	Ditto	1
18	Farley, Marion L.	Ditto	2
20	Graham, Dorothy M.	Ditto	1
21	Mearle, Gwendolen M.	Ditto	2
24	Maseyk, Ilene V.	Ditto	2

A prize of Rs. 10 is awarded by the Local Committee to Agnes Caldwell for good answering in dressmaking, and prizes of Rs. 2 each are awarded to all candidates who have passed in the 1st class in plain cookery and in plain needlework.

W. H. EVERETT,

*Offg. Superintendent of Industries and
Inspector of Technical and Industrial Institutions, Bengal,
and Secretary, Local Committee
for the City and Guilds of London Institute Examinations.*

CALCUTTA, the 11th March 1920.

MEMORANDUM

THE half-yearly examination in the Art of Teaching for the teachers teaching through the medium of English in the Rajshahi Division will be held at the Jalpaiguri Zilla School on Monday and Tuesday, the 19th and 20th April 1920, and the day following, if necessary. The examination of teachers of vernacular and classical subjects will also be held on those days at the same school.

2. The examination will consist of—

- (a) A practical examination of class management.
- (b) A practical test of ability to teach by giving two lessons to a class on any three subjects, viz., English, Bengali, History, Geography, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Sanskrit, Persian, &c.
- (c) An oral examination in which the candidate will have to answer some questions on the art of teaching, object lessons, class control, organisation and discipline.

3. The following books on the Art of Teaching are recommended :—

(a) For teachers of vernacular and classical subjects—

- 1. Uchcha Siksha Sahachar, by D. N. Neogi.
- 2. Nimna Siksha Suhrid, by P. Mukharjee.
- 3. Uchcha Siksha Suhrid, by P. Mukharjee.
- 4. Bidyalaya Bidhayak Bibidha Bidhan, by A. N. Adhikari.
- 5. Bhugol Siksha Pranali, by Imdadul Haque.
- 6. Teachers' Manual by Macmillan & Co.

(b) For Matriculate teachers—

- 1. D. Solomon's Art of Teaching.
- 2. Wren's Indian Teachers' Guide.
- 3. „ Direct Method of Teaching English.
- 4. Yate and Rajagopalchari's Direct Method.
- 5. Imdadul Haque's Bhugol Siksha Pranali.

(c) For graduates and I.A. passed teachers—

- 1. The books recommended under (b).
- 2. London's principles and picture of teaching and class management.
- 3. Rayment's principle of teaching.

Intending candidates from high schools, Government aided and unaided are directed to send in their applications through the head masters to this office at least a fortnight before the date of examination, and teachers of middle schools through the Deputy Inspectors at least three weeks before the date. Every candidate will be required to produce his University or other certificates at the time of examination. A statement containing information on the following points should accompany the applications :—

- 1. Name.
- 2. Father's name.
- 3. Age on the 31st March 1920.
- 4. Name of the candidate's native district, subdivision and village.
- 5. The last examination which the candidate passed and the year in which the candidate passed it.
- 6. Period of service as a teacher.
- 7. Name of the appointment which the candidate now holds and the date from which he has been holding it.
- 8. Signature of the candidate.

R. C. DAS,

Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division, in Charge.

JALPAIGURI, the 9th March 1920.

**Examination qualifying for admission to the second grade of
Divisional Accountants of the Public Works Department.**

Previously called the fourth grade P. W. D. Accountants' Examination, 1920.

THE examination will be conducted by the Principal of the Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur, on 17th, 18th and 19th May 1920. at the following centres :—

- | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1) The Bengal Engineering College,
Sibpur.
(There is no other centre at
Calcutta.) | For candidates registered by—

The Accountant-General, Bengal.
The Accountant-General, Posts and
Telegraphs.
The Examiner of Accounts, Eastern
Bengal Railway.
The Government Examiner of
Accounts, East Indian Railway.
The Government Examiner of
Accounts, Bengal-Nagpur Railway. |
| (2) Office of the Accountant-General,
Bihar and Orissa, Ranchi. | } For candidates registered by the
Accountant-General, Bihar and
Orissa. |
| (3) The Behar School of Engineering,
Bankipore. | |
| (4) The Office of the Comptroller,
Assam, Shillong. | For candidates registered by him. |
| (5) The Office of the Accountant-
General, Burma, Rangoon. | Ditto ditto. |
| (6) The Office of the Government
Examiner of Railway Accounts,
Chittagong. | Ditto ditto. |

Candidates must apply for registration to one of the Government officials on the above list. Those over 25 years of age and not in Government service must apply for registration to the Principal only if they are residents of Bengal. Those resident elsewhere will apply to the Accountant-General of their Province.

Applications on the prescribed form must reach the office of the registering officer not later than 17th April 1920. Each must be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 10, and the following certificates in original, or true copies of them certified by an officer of the Engineer or Accounts Branch. These certificates will not be returned :—

- (i) Certificate of good character signed by applicant's immediate official superior, or by the instructor under whom he has been educated, or by some other superior under whom he may have been brought up or employed, or to whom he may be well known. (This certificate must have special reference to the two years immediately preceding the application.)
- (ii) Certificate of age, baptismal or of birth (not required, if the candidate is already in permanent Government employ).
- (iii) Certificate that the application is in the candidate's own handwriting.

Copies of rules may be had on application from the undersigned.

B. HEATON, *Principal.*

BENGAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, SIBPUR, the 11th March 1920.

NOTICE.

THE Managing Committee, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, is constituted as follows :—

1. Principal, Calcutta Madrasah, *President*.
2. Nawab A. F. M. Abdur Rahman, Khan Bahadur.
3. The Hon'ble Nawab Syed Nawab Ali Chaudhury, C.I.E., Khan Bahadur.
4. The Hon'ble Maulvi Aminul Islam, Khan Bahadur.
5. Maulvi Zahid Ali Khan, B.A. (*Representing the staff.*)
6. Head Master, *Vice-President and Secretary*.

A. H. HARLEY, *Principal*.

CALCUTTA MADRASAH, *the 11th March 1920.*

NOTICE.

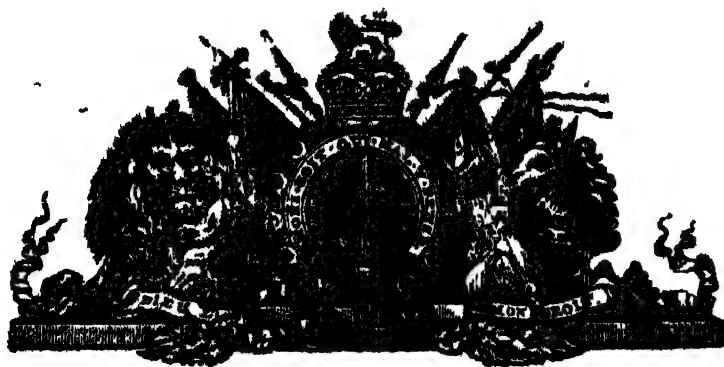
BENGAL VETERINARY COLLEGE.

CANDIDATES for admission into the Bengal Veterinary College should be present at the College at Belgachia, Calcutta, with necessary certificates in original, as required in the rules, at 10 A.M. on 15th April 1920. Rules will be supplied free on application.

A. SMITH, COLONEL,

Principal, Bengal Veterinary College.

BELGACHIA. *the 26th February 1920.*



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1920.

PART II.

Advertisements.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz the 12th March 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Nadia will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the said or jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2188 3	Degumabad, pargana Degumabad.	Rs. A. P.	No	Annas 3 pies 8 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Devendra Narsayan Singha.	Rs. A. P. 2,375 15 0	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 375 0 0	Attached under order of Sub-Judge of Krishnagar in his money execution case No. 5 of 1917.

Krishnagar, the 18th February 1920.

M. N. BHATTACHARJI, for Collector.

NOTIFICATION.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 12th January 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

*Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
314	Ph. Battikati, mahal Phulcheri.	Rs. A. P. 1,807 3 0	---	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 & 6 only. The following manzars will be sold— Manza— Sibbatikati. Abboya Mukundapur. Astidanger. Baje. Bhatbarh Bhuyan Bhojpur. Chhatribhetya Dahuka Dangarpara. Dasagram Durgachak. Dharmachak. Eagerha. Erhaldanger. Phulbheri. Garhgarha chak. Gurhi. Gobinda chak. Gobindapur Gopal barh. Jamarla. Joti Kalankichota. Karanji Kalkachak. Kunarpore. Katal. Khagra-bheri. Khandarbheri Khural. Lakhenda. Madhubarh. Mahamad chak. Mohamandi chak. Mongua. Mukundapur hat. Palasidakhia. Radha Mohan chak. Ram chak. Randanger. Safbaul Simulya. Siruchak. Suriha. Somadhar chak. Srichandrapore. Tapta. Tala. Talsidha. Trikochanpur. as 11 gds 1 kt. 1 dt. share each of the above manzars will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Srimetya Ramani Moni Das, guardian of Amulya Chandra Jana and another, minors.	Rs. A. P. 984 3 3	Rs. A. P. -----	Rs. A. P. 73 2 8	Rs. A. P.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that, unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 28th March 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th June at 12 o'clock for the said arrears :—

N. B.—When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

Tanai No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
214	Ph. Battaki, m. Phulbhery.	Rs. A. P. 1,802 3 0	...	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 only. share of the following each of the manous will be sold :— Mausas Shikhatiki, Abhoyanundapur, Aetidangar, B. J. Bhatbarh, Bhuvan, Bhojpur, Onatibotya, Dahnka, Dangarpur, Dasarram, Durgao ak, Dharmachak, Kagerya, Haraidangar, Fulbhery, Garhgarhya-chak, Gurhi, Gobindachak, Gobindapur, Gopalbarh, Jamaria, Joti, Kalakichhira, Karanj, Kalikachak, Kusarpur, Kotal, Khagrabhery, Khanderbhery, Khurail, Lakshanda, Madhbarh, Mahamedchak, Mahanandichak, Masagna, Mukundapurhat, Palaidakhin, Bodhamabonchak, Ramchak, Ramdangar, Saibani, Simulya, Seruchak, Suris, Sasadharchak, Srichandapur, Tagais, Tala, Taladiha, Trilochanpur. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Raman Mani Dasgarden of Amulya Chandra Jana and another minor.	Rs. A. P. 984 2 2	.....	928 5 0	.....
234	Ph. Sabang, m. Moisi.	1,302 1 0	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. No. 1. No share of the estate will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Krishna Das Mondal and another.	681 0 6	.....	112 0 0	.....

Midnapore, the 17th February 1920.

A. W. Cook, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate and shares of estates in the district of Tippera will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920, at 12 o'clock, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tanai No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2620	Debara Charipara manau, ph. Bardakhat Meadi Patani Taluq.	Rs. A. P. 1,707 8 7	Whole	.....	Nabin Chandra Bhadra	...	74 14 2	...
2703	Danistpur Jowar, ph. Bardakhat Tape Kurikhal.	2,427 10 2	Do.	.....	Ershad Ali	...	1,145 18 10	...
2704	Dhucopati Khala Jowar, ph. Bardakhat.	2,616 0 0	Do.	.....	Ram Gopal De	...	280 11 6	...
2722	Tisohia Jowar, ph. Bardakhat.	940 2 2	Do.	.....	Jagabandha Sur	...	411 4 11	...
2724	Tampatpita Jowar, ph. Bardakhat.	1,529 2 6	Do.	.....	Bala Gopal Bhunia	...	286 9 10	...

Comilla, the 17th February 1920.

D. H. WARRS, Collector.

NOTIFICATION A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Midnapore, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
313	Ph. Batitaki, m. Falgrya.	Rs. A. P. 680 1 8	entire ..	.....	Jotindra Behari Datta and others.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 16 5 6	.....
1014	Ph. Kotijorah, m. Rajnagar.	1,100 12 6 (including Police).	.....	Residuary share, excluding S. A. Nos. 1 to 4. 11a. Sgd. No. 2kt. share of the estate will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chaudhuri Dwarika Nath Maitty and others.	776 4 5 (including police.)	.....	0 10 10
9051	Ph. Probaphon, m. Kotiparh.	6,229 9 9	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 only. The following shares of the mauzas will be sold :— Mauza— A. GDS. Alladi chak 0 14 8 Adam chak 0 14 8 Anua 4 14 8 Bighanibari 4 14 8 Birnabin chak 4 14 8 Belichak 3 4 0 Bhairabdandi 0 14 8 Farid chak 5 9 0 Gangra 4 14 8 Gobardhanpur 3 4 0 Gobinda chak 3 4 0 Gokulpur 1 9 0 Gopal chak 3 4 0 Ghoramaly chak 2 4 0 Husen chak 5 9 0 Jambo 5 9 0 Joki chak 0 14 8 Kankai 5 9 0 Kallika chak 5 9 0 Kasab chak 1 9 0 Kotebarh 4 14 8 Kharan 1 9 0 Lachhibari 4 14 8 Narsingpur 1 9 0 Neyamtaya 4 14 8 Oynd chak 5 9 0 Ondpur chak 1 9 0 Paschim Sai 5 9 0 Purumattampur 7 9 0 Ragbonathpur 5 9 0 Rangl chak 0 9 0 Rancho 4 14 8 Raja chak 1 9 0 Sat Banda 0 14 8 Sultan chak 4 14 8 Taghori 0 14 8 Usuan 6 4 0 Krishnapur 1 9 0 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Choudhuri Radha Nath Bahari and others.	1,176 1 2	.....	551 2 11 (September 1919 and January 1920).
2427	Ph. Bahapur, m. Hasimpur.	1,018 10 6 (including police.)	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1 and 2 only. The following shares of the mauzas will be sold :— Mauza— A. Allagar Gourang 16 Beguni 16 Chak Kumar 16 Hasimpur 16 Barnabibha 16 Nij Hasimpur 16 Toradighi 16 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Bhattacharya Das and others.	708 2 10	.....	5 15 7

NOTIFICATION A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Burdwan will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands for January 1920 kist, which by law are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tahsil No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
19	Gidhagram, pargana Araha.	Rs. A P. 7,810 5 0	..	Residuary share 7as 17gals 3k 1 danti is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Sondamini Dasi and others	Rs. A P. 2,604 5 0	..	Rs. A P. 4 14 2
21	Mabata, pargana Bagha.	11,677 0 0	..	Residuary share 13as 16gals 1k. 2danti is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Madhub Lal Misra and others	10,081 9 9	.. ..	941 8 4
78	Nexampur, etc., pargana Samarsahi	1,150 6 8	Whole estate is to be sold	..	Brojendra Lal Das and others.	..	384 4 4	..
5170	Dahukadanga, pargana Bahaboh.	6,421 15 8	..	Residuary share 6 annas is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Mou Mohini Dasi	2,910 15 3	..	1,197 10 7

Burdwan, the 19th February 1920

M H B LETHBRIDGE, Collector.

Notification of sale.

NOTICE is hereby given under Sections 6 and 13 of the Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of 24 Parganas, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which are realisable as arrears of land revenue.

Tahsil No.	Name of a mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
246	Debi Madan moolo, pargana Medanmoolo.	Rs. A P. 1,392 1 0	Whole estate.	....	Lotful Khabir and others.	..	Rs. A P. 396 5 04	-
237	Abad Ghumbaria and others, Pargana Fenchakull.	560 8 8	Do	....	Abdar Rahaman Khan	..	243 10 2	..

Alipore, the 21st February 1920

HEN CHANDRA CHATTERJI, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, read with section 11 of Act, VII (B.C.) of 1883, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Noakhali will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

N.B.—When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar sum of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar sum of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.		Khas Mahal Tenures.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1674	Nalchha, Tenure No 1	14,517 14 0	Whole ...	....	Mossam Hossain Choudhuri	....	Rent— 7,358 15 0 Cess— 475 15 0 7,834 14 0	....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No 1	2,999 7 0	Do ..	....	Srimati Asmalanona Choudhuran.	....	Rent— 1,218 9 8 Cess— 58 0 0 1,276 9 8	....
1676	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No 24.	618 6 0	Do. ...	....	Gagan Chandra Shikder and others	....	Rent— 271 3 0 Cess— 23 4 0 294 7 0	....
1677	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No 49.	502 9 0	Do. ...	....	Renu Mea and others	....	Rent— 206 7 0 Cess— 18 2 0 224 9 0	....
1678	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No. 59.	1,132 11 0	Do. ...	....	Ditto	....	Rent— 460 2 0 Cess— 38 11 8 498 13 8	....
1686	Char Alexandra, Tenure No. 1.	761 4 0	Do. ...	....	Bernasi Huq Mea and others.	....	Rent— 309 4 0 Cess— 38 8 0 347 12 0	....

Noakhali, the 16th February 1920.

R. M. DAV, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Dinajpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share:—

Tauzi number.	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar sum of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar sum of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
120	Estato Kachua, pargana Sabman. (কচুয়া বসমান)	778 1 4	Yes ...	....	Kumar Banwari Mukunda Deb.	....	127 0 9	....

Dinajpur Collectorate, the 20th February 1920.

H. G. BLONFIELD, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, read with section 11 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1868, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Noakhali will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 A.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.—

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Taxal number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jamai of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the value of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold the value of the estate	If only a share is to be sold the area due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.		Particulars.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
14	Sundwip Hisey 4a 8g 1k, tarap Bhabani Oharan pargana Sundwip	19,398 6 10	Share	Separate account No. 1, hissey 2 a. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandra Sekher Datta Tewari and others.	2,431 12 5		Land Revenue— 622 3 7 Cass— 622 3 0 1,244 6 7
208	Sak Char pargana Zesira.	3 04 0 0	Whole	..	Sadulla as father guardian of Asol Hing and others.	..	Land revenue— 41 10 0 Cass— 500 1 3 541 11 3	..
210	Nix Sundwip pargana Sundwip	22,425 0 0	Share	Separate account No. 1, hissey 1 a. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandra Sekher Datta Tewari and others	1 402 8 0		Land Revenue— 458 2 8 Cass— 218 3 4 676 5 10
1502	Thak Muklad Sola suna	1,006 4 0	Whole	..	Bhim Sanker Datta Tewari and others.	..	Land revenue— 0 6 7 Cass— 7 13 1 8 3 8	..

Noakhali, the 16th February 1920.

R. M. DAS, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate and shares of estates in the district of Rajshahi, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920, at 11 A.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.—

Taxal No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jamai of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold the value of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold the value of the estate	If only a share is to be sold the area due from it
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
3440	Jissindia, pargana Jissindia.	Land revenue— 1,202 2 0 Police revenue— 12 1 0 Total— 1,214 3 0	Yes	..	Satish Chandra Khan and others.	..	Land revenue— 17 5 1 Cass— 64 6 11 82 12 0	..

Rajshahi, the 2nd March 1920.

U. P. GUHA, Offg. Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Faridpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 11 A.M. for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar or jama of whole estate	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
250	Panchash Hastari, pargana Beshinagar	Rs A. P. 2,682 7 0	Whole ..	..	Suresndra Nath Baha and others.	..	118 7 0	.....
2436	Zamindari Thakur Das, Ram Das Goswami, pargana Ratala	49,638 7 4	No ..	Residuary or separate account No. 2 to the extent of 6 annas share of the estate. The following shares of the above estate are excluded from sale— Separate account No. 1, 6 annas share Ditto " 2, 2 " " Ditto " 4, 2 " " Separate account No. 4 to the extent of 2 annas share of the estate The following shares of the above estate are excluded from sale— Residuary or separate account No. 3, 6 annas share. Separate account No. 1, 6 annas share Ditto " 2, 2 " "	Norendra Krishna Chakravarty, son of goddum Bhupaneswari Devi, Shibalinga Shingram, Chandrar Bagraha and others Jogendra Nath Baha Chaudhury and others.	15,967 8 9	..	2,503 11 11
2436	Ditto	49,638 7 4	No ..	..	..	5,829 3 11	..	934 8 10
6448	Tasapur, pargana Jalalpur.	960 0 0	Whole	.....	Memoi Howladar and others	..	335 0 0	.....

B K GHOSH, for Collector.

Faridpur, the 12th February 1920.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13 Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Hugli, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920 at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
163	Mallik Hati, pargana Boro.	Rs A. P. 2,826 12 0	Nil ..	4as 18gda ..	Ashutosh Gossain and 4 others.	Rs. A. P. 777 0 4	Nil ..	74 8 7
6682	Kalupukhurja, pargana Jahanabad.	13,518 6 0	Do ..	3as. 13gda. 1c 1k share of entire estate except mauza Kalupukhurja Debkhanda and Mamudpora.	Nagendra Nath Roy and 3 others	1,708 3 11	Do. .	80 7 8

Hugli Collectorate, the 14th February 1920.

K. L. MOOKERJEE, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land no longer required by Government situated along the Ranaghat-Khulna Eastern Bengal Railway, in the district of Jessore, will be put up to sale at 12-30 o'clock on Friday, the 9th of April 1920, corresponding with the 27th Chaitra, 1326 B. S., at Bongaon subdivisional office.

The purchasers of the several plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavation on the land nearer than fifteen feet from the railway boundary or to plough the land nearer than three feet from the same.
- 2nd—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale reckoning the date of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.
- 4th—The plots of land will be sold revenue free to the highest bidder.
- 5th—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Commissioner confirming the sale.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mals on which land is situated.	situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. O.	Acres in decimals.	Reasons for exclusion.	Acres in decimals.		
1	Jessore...	Pargana Jaypur, mauza Chhagharia.	21 to 22	South ...	4 16 3	1.59	...	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 3. South—By Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
2	Do. ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	29 1 6	9.61	...	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Rajendra Nath Ghose's land, Rishbar Madak's bamboo garden, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's jack fruit garden, Rishbar Madak's land, Narayan Biswas' land. South—By Bala Mondal's land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Rishbar Madak's land, Rajendra Nath Ghose's land, Matlal Ray Chaudhury's land, Rishbar Madak's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 3. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 1.
3	Do. ...	Ditto ...	23 to 23	Do. ...	22 5 4	7.37	...	...	...	North—By Narayan Biswas' land, Bholanath Sardar's land, Mahim Sardar's land, Panchan Chatterji's plantain garden, Bhurban Mondal's land, Narayan Mondal's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4. South—By Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 3.
4	Do. ...	Ditto ...	23 to 23	Do. ...	21 18 9	4.24	...	...	...	North—By Ramlal Ray Chaudhury's land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Adhar Biswas' land, Mathanlal Ghose's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 5. South—By Kuli Mondal's land, Narayan Mondal's land, Adhar Mondal's land, Keshub Sardar's land, Mohim Sardar's land, Khetra Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
5	Do. ...	Ditto ...	23 to 23	Do. ...	14 0 1	4.63	...	...	...	North—By Mathura Lal Ghose's land, Sarada Charan Ray Chaudhury's land. East—By the Kudia river. South—By Jogendra Ghose's land, Bhim Sardar's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
6	Do. ...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Perojpur.	23 to 23	Do. ...	7 16 1	2.58	...	...	...	North—By Fakir Chand Kapali's land, Kedar Mondal's land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Kibar Mondal's land, Jabedali Khanama's land and the river Kodia. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7. South—By Jabedali Khondkar's land, Ahad Mondal's land, Saran Mondal's land, Jabedali Khondkar's land, Fakir Chand Kapali's land. West—By the river Kodia.
7	Do. ...	Ditto ...	23 to 23	Do. ...	14 6 6	3.04	...	...	...	North—By Mathura Mohan Biswas' land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Jabedali Khanama's land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Natu Paramanik's land, Kela Kapali's land, Ahad Mondal's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8. South—By Jabedali Khanama's land, Kalliduddy Mondal's land, Ahad Mondal's land, Natu Paramanik's land, Fakir Chand Kapali's land, Kedar Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 6.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN HATHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					H. K. C.	Acres in decimal.	Reasons for exclusion.	Acres in decimal.		
8	Jessore...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Perejpur.	22 to 23	South ...	21 18 3	7.36	...	...	...	North—By Nur Muhammad's bamboo garden, Jadedall Khanama's land, Karim Sah Fakir's land, Fakir Ohand Sardar's land and bhagar. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 9. South—By Fakir Ohand Kapali's land, Karim Baksa Saha's land, Jadedall Khondkar's land and Petrapole Baor. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7.
9	Do ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	17 19 11	2.64	...	...	...	North—By Shaban Biswas' land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 10. South—By Haran Mondal's land, Nur Muhammad Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 6.
10	Do. ...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Petrapole.	22 to 23	Do. ...	9 17 3	3.26	...	...	...	North—By Haran Mondal's land, Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land. South—By Nur Muhammad Mondal's land, Haran Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 9.

Jessore, the 3rd February 1920.

J. K. BISWAS, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Nadia will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tan number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Hadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
491 2	Sadipur, pargana Rajpur.	Rs. A. P.	No ...	2 ans. 18 gds. 1 c. and 1 kranti. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Deb Kumari Dasl, executrix to the estate of Purna Chandra Mustafi and Tarak Dasl Dasl, mother, on behalf of Kail Das Pal and others, misors.	Rs. A. P. 1,043 15 8	.....	Rs. A. P. 122 10 8
491 6	Ditto ...	"	No ...	1 a. 6 gds. 2 os. 2 kranti. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	1. Deb Kumari Dasl, executrix to the estate of Purna Chandra Mustafi. 2. Sarat Chandra Mustafi and others.	1,531 15 10	.....	93 13 7
571	Nadapara, pargana Bahansal.	976 0 0	Whole ...	.....	Niva Sundari Dasya ...	.....	307 0 0	.....

M. N. BHATTACHARJI, for Collector.

Krishnagar, the 13th February 1920.

Advertisement for Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Eastern Bengal Railway siding high level goods line between Kankurgachi Chord and Ballyganj, in the district of the 24-Parganas, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock on Monday, the 26th April 1920, corresponding with the 13th Baisak 1327 B.S. at the Land Acquisition Collector's Office, 2 Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavation on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway boundary, or to plough the land nearer than 3 feet from the same.
- 2nd—If the amount of purchase money does not exceed Rs. 10, the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100 one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.
- 4th—The plots of land will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders.
- 5th—The sale will become final on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Commissioner confirming it, and a regular conveyance will then be granted to the purchaser.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and maners.	Number of mals on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. CH. S. PT.	Acres and decimal.	Reason for exclusion.	Acres and decimal.		
1	24-Parganas.	Dihl Panchanagram, Kamaradanga.	1	South	0 3 8 4	0.0879	.....	.....	.....	North—By Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By public drain and the land of holding No. 117. South and West—By holding No. 117, division 4, subdivision 1. North—By Eastern Bengal Railway land. East, South and West—By holding No. 86, division 4, subdivision 1.
2	Ditto	Ditto	1	Do.	0 15 0 28	0.2485	.....	.....	.....	North—By Eastern Bengal Railway land. East, South and West—By holding No. 86, division 4, subdivision 1.
3	Ditto	Dihl Panchanagram, Gobra.	1	Do.	0 3 13 30	0.0687	.....	.....	.....	North—By Eastern Bengal Railway land. East and South—By holding No. 65. West—By holding No. 86 and Muhammadan burial ground.
4	Ditto	Ditto	1	North	0 0 13 39	0.0143	.....	.....	.....	North and West—By holding No. 37, division 4, subdivision F. South and East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
5	Ditto	Ditto	1	South	0 15 1 13	0.2492	.....	.....	.....	North and West—By Railway land. East and South—By public drain No. 19.
6	Ditto	Ditto	1	East	0 2 12 32	0.0462	.....	.....	.....	North and West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By public drain No. 22. South—By holding No. 19, division 4, subdivision G.
7	Ditto	Ditto	1	West	0 8 6 22	0.1045	.....	.....	.....	North—By holding Nos. 6 and 7. West—By holding No. 5, division 4, subdivision G. South and West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
8	Ditto	Ditto	1	East	0 1 14 10	0.0312	.....	.....	.....	North and West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
9	Ditto	Ditto	1	West	0 4 0 20	0.0666	.....	.....	.....	South and East—By a public passage. North—By a public passage. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
10	Ditto	Ditto	1	East	0 6 8 18	0.1078	.....	.....	.....	South—By Eastern Bengal Railway land and the land of holding No. 4. West—By holding No. 4, division 4, subdivision G. North—By Eastern Bengal Railway land and holding No. 21. East and South—By holding No. 21, division 4, subdivision G. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
11	Ditto	Ditto	1	West	0 8 10 11	0.1428	.....	.....	.....	North, West and South—By holding No. 21, division 4, subdivision G. East—By railway land.
12	Ditto	Ditto	1	East	0 12 8 0	0.2066	.....	.....	.....	North and East—By holding No. 33, division 4, subdivision G. South—By public road. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
13	Ditto	Ditto	1	West	2 17 12 0	0.2845	.....	.....	.....	North—By public road. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land. South—By holding No. 37. West—By holding No. 37, division 4, subdivision G, and Tihala road.
14	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do.	0 17 9 13	0.2910	.....	.....	.....	North, West and South—By holding No. 29, division 4, subdivision G. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.

J. P. Roy, 2nd Land Acquisition Collector.

Calcutta, the 9th March 1920.

Advertisement for Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the approach road to bridge No. 4 of Eastern Bengal Railway siding in connection with the high level goods line between Kankurgachi Chord and Ballygunj, in the district of the 24-Parganas, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock on Tuesday, the 27th April 1920, corresponding with the 14th Baisak 1327 B.S. at the Land Acquisition Collector's Office, 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavation on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway boundary, or to plough the land nearer than 3 feet from the same.
- 2nd.—If the amount of purchase money does not exceed Rs. 10 the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100 one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.
- 4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.
- 5th.—The sale will become final on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Commissioner confirming it, and a regular conveyance will then be granted to the purchaser.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. C. Ch. S. ft.	Acre and decimals.	Reason for exclusion.	Acre and decimals.		
1	24-Parganas.	Dohi Panchanagram, Ghugodaunga.	2	West	0 12 9 16	0.2069	...	...	...	North and West—By premises No. 22, Tiljala Street. East—By Tiljala Street. South—By approach road to bridge No. 4.
2	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do.	0 6 6 2	0.1044	...	...	...	North—By approach road to bridge No. 4. East—By little Bange road. South and West—By premises Nos. 2 and 3, Tiljala Place.
3	Ditto	Ditto	2	East	1 5 2 0	0.4182	...	...	...	North—By approach road to bridge No. 4 and Tiljala road. East and South—By the land of Ayeshah Bibi, Shakh Umed and Manik Bux and Nur Muhammad Nothral. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
4	Ditto	Dohi Panchanagram, Tiljala.	2	Do.	0 5 15 11	0.0963	...	...	...	North and West—By holding No. 73, division 4, subdivision G. East—By municipal passage. South—By approach road to bridge No. 4.
5	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do.	0 14 4 22	0.2360	...	...	...	North and East—By holdings Nos. 81 and 84, division 4, subdivision G. South—By approach road to bridge No. 4. West—By municipal passage.
6	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do.	0 4 6 18	0.0727	...	...	...	North—By approach road to bridge No. 4. East and South—By Tiljala road. West—By municipal passage.
7	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do.	1 5 12 9	0.4258	...	...	...	North and West—By approach road to bridge No. 4. East and South—By Tiljala road.
8	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do.	0 12 14 40	0.2091	...	...	...	North—By holding No. 84, division 4, subdivision G. East and South—By approach road to bridge No. 4. West—By holding No. 81, division 4, subdivision G.
9	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do.	1 0 1 12	0.3319	...	...	...	North—By approach road to bridge No. 4. East—By municipal passage. South and West—By Tiljala road.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 9th March 1920

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
		Rs	A P			Rs	A P.
Capital paid up	..	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities ..	..	7,71,62,528	0 0
Reserve Fund	.. Rs. 2,00,00,000	0 0		Other authorized Investments	..	1,83,46,880	0 0
Transfer to special	..			Loans on Government and other authorized	..		
Reserve Fund for	..			Securities	..	12,95,14,701	11 6
Depreciation of	..	1,75,00,000	0 0	Accounts of credit on ditto	ditto	5,70,84,518	11 1
Investments, see	..			Bills discounted and purchased	..	8,90,12,248	10 8
below	..	25,00,000	0 0	Balances with other Banks	..	85,94,514	5 8
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	..	25,00,000	0 0	Bullion	..		
Public deposits at	..			Dead Stock	..	28,99,077	11 9
Head Office	Rs. 6,81,88,996	11 11		Stamps	..	14,559	14 0
Ditto ditto at	..			Sundries	..	5,06,222	1 7
Branches	..	2,09,50,975	2 4				
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	..	31,17,74,407	5 1			82,81,55,286	1 9
Bank Post Bills, etc	..	28,01,638	5 1				
Sundries	..	46,46,912	10 8				
				Cash and Currency Notes			
				at Head Office	Rs. 7,47,02,755	14 9	
				Cash and Currency Notes			
				at Branches†	Rs. 6,48,59,938	2 1	
						14,95,62,694	0 10
						46,78,17,980	2 7

* Includes Soya & ½ Soya, value Rs. 97,782 8 0
† Do do do ,, 3,12,675 0 0

Rs. 4,10,407 8 0

Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent
Percentage 32 65

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 11th March 1920

C. E. TALLACK,
Chief Accountant

By order of the Directors,
N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary and Treasurer
(645-1)

THE BALLY-UTTERPARA ELECTRIC LICENSE, 1920.

AN application for the grant of a license under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, to supply electrical energy to the area described in the draft license set forth below has been submitted to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department by the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation Limited, of 6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.

The following is a copy of the draft license

DRAFT LICENSE

J. T. MERTENS,
The Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation,
6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.

THE BALLY-UTTERPARA ELECTRIC LICENSE, 1920.

Licenses for the supply of energy granted by the Government of Bengal under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910.

License is hereby granted to the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, a company registered in England under the English Companies Acts and having its registered office in London, to supply electric energy in the area with the powers and upon the terms and conditions as specified below —

Short Title.

1. This license may be cited as "The Bally-Utterpara Electric License, 1920."

Interpretation.

2. The several words, terms and expressions to which by the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 or by the rules thereunder meanings are assigned, shall have in this license the same respective meanings, provided that in this license:—

- (1) The Act shall mean the Indian Electricity Act, 1910
(2) The expression "the licensee" shall mean and include the said Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, and their permitted assigns.
(3) The expression "deposited map" shall mean the plan of the area of supply hereinafter specified which has been deposited with the Local Government in pursuance of the Rules under the Act, which plan is signed for the purpose of identification by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department and by J. T. Mertens, the Acting Agent and Chief Engineer of the Licensee.

Security.

3. The period within which under clause 1 (a) of the Schedule to the Act, the Licensees shall show to the satisfaction of the Government that they are in a position fully and efficiently to discharge the duties and obligations imposed upon them by this License throughout the area of supply shall be 3 years and the period within which, under clause 1 (b) of the Schedule to the Act, the Licensees shall deposit or secure such sum as therein mentioned, and the sum so to be deposited or secured shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Government under that clause, be three months after the notification of this License and Rs. 5,000 respectively.

Area of Supply.

4. The area above referred to within which the supply of energy is authorised by this (the area of supply under the Act) is the whole of the area bounded as follows:—

North by Bhudra Kali.
South by Mali Panchghara Lane, Jelliapara Road.
East by the Hooghly River.
West by the East Indian Railway.

The said area is shown coloured red on the deposited map.

Limits within which the supply of energy is to be compulsory.

5. (1) The works to be executed to the satisfaction of the Government under clause 4 of the Schedule to the Act are the feeders, distributors and main in the public streets (within the municipal boundaries of Utterpara and Bally) of which a list is appended below.

(2) If the Licensees fail to comply with the provision of sub-clause (1) the license may be revoked.

Limits of price to be charged in respect of the Supply of Energy.

6. The prices to be charged by the Licensees for energy supplied by them shall not exceed the following maxima, namely, at the following rates per quarter:—

For lighting purposes.

For any quantity up to 20 units Rs. 20 only, and for each unit over 20 units annas eight only.

For purposes other than lighting.

Annas four only per unit.

Purchase of Undertaking.

7. (1) The option of purchase given by section 7, sub-section (1) of the Act shall first be exercisable on the 20th day of October 1928 and on the expiration of every subsequent period of 10 years. The percentage of the value to be determined in accordance with and for the purpose of section 7 (1) of the Act of the lands, buildings, works, materials and plant of the license therein mentioned to be added in for the second proviso of that sub-section to such value on account of compulsory purchase shall be 20 per cent.

(2) In accordance with section 3, sub-section (2), clause (d)(ii) of the Act, it is hereby declared that the Generating Station to be used in connection with the undertaking shall not form part of the undertaking for the purpose of purchase under section 5 or section 7.

LIST OF STREETS REFERRED TO IN CLAUSE 5 ABOVE.**Bally.**

Grand Trunk Road.
Station Road.
Chaitalpara Lane.
Panchanantala Road.
Goshai Para Street.
Roy Abinash Chunder Banerjee
Bahadur Street.
Paddo Babu's Lane.
Dharmatala Street.

Patakapara Lane.
Jor Assat Tola Lane.
Dewangachee Street.
Belur Road.
Kalachand Pal's Lane.
Frankisto Chatterjee Lane.
Lala Babu's Shair Lane.
Pal Ghat Lane.
Chakrabarti Ghat Lane.

Koylas Chunder Banerjee's Lane.
Paresi Chatterjee Lane.
Part of Acharjee Chakrabarti
Para Lane.
Ram Lochan Sair Lane.
Girish Ghose's Lane.
Kanja Pooker Lane.
Part of Joya Bibi's Lane.

Utterpara.

Grand Trunk Road.
Joy Kissen Street.
Laurence Road.
Dring Road.
Raj Kissen Street.
Bijoy Kissen Street.
Eden Road.
Chak Lane.
Mondle Street.

Circular Road.
Chaukighata Street.
Banerjipara Street.
Munshipara Lane.
Choudhripara Street.
Joykissen Ghat Street.
Muidau Road.
Charakdanga Road.
Purahitpara Lane.

Dispensary Lane.
Dispensary Bye Lane.
Government School Lane.
Pholadone Ghat Lane.
Panchanantala Lane.
Sibtola Street.
Sibtola Bye Lane.
Thakurmahasay Lane.
Talpukur Street.

Every local authority, company or person desirous of making any representation to the Government of Bengal with reference to the application for the license may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department within three months of the date of the issue of the newspapers in which this advertisement is first published, viz., the 19th February 1920.

THE CHITTAGONG ELECTRIC LICENSE, 1920.

AN application for the grant of a License under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, to supply electrical energy to the area described in the draft License set forth below has been submitted to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department by Mr. M. C. Ghosal of Parade Square, Chittagong.

2. Representations from the public with reference to the said application will be received by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department up to and including the 16th of May 1920.

The following is a copy of the draft License :—

DRAFT LICENSE.

Signature of applicant—M. C. GHOSAL,
Address of applicant—Parade Square, Chittagong.

THE CHITTAGONG ELECTRIC LICENSE, 1920.

Draft License under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910.

It is hereby notified for public information that Mr. M. C. Ghosal, merchant and zemindar, Chittagong, has applied for Chittagong Electric License, 1920. The Draft License is published hereunder. That copies of the Draft License together with the necessary maps of the area of supply and of generating station may be inspected by the public in the Municipal office and the District Board office, Chittagong.

That every local authority, Company or person desirous of making any representation with reference to the application to the Local Government may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Local Government in the Public Works Department, within three months from the date of issue of this newspaper containing the first advertisement.

License for the supply of energy granted by the Government of Bengal, under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910.

License is hereby granted to Mr. M. C. Ghosal, Merchant and Zemindar, Chittagong, carrying on business in partnership under the name and style of Messrs. Lakshmi. Kanto Josoda Lal Ghosal, Chittagong, to supply electric energy in the town of Chittagong and its suburb with the powers and upon the terms and conditions all specified below.

Short Title.

1. This license may be cited as "The Chittagong Electric License, 1920."

Interpretation.

2. The several words, terms and expressions to which by the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, or by the rules thereunder meanings are assigned shall have in this license the same respective meanings provided that in this license :—

- (a) The Act shall mean the Indian Electricity Act, 1910.
- (b) The expression "licensee" shall mean and include the said Mr. M. C. Ghosal, Merchant and Zemindar, Chittagong, carrying on business in partnership under the name and style of Lakshmi Kanto Josoda Lal Ghosal, Chittagong, or his permitted assigns, and
- (c) The expression "deposited maps" shall mean the plan of the area of supply hereinafter specified which has been deposited with Government in pursuance to the Rules under the Act, which plan is signed for the purpose of identification by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department, and by the applicant under the name and style of Mr. M. C. Ghosal, Merchant and Zemindar, Chittagong.

Security.

3. The period within which under clause 1 (b) of the schedule to the Act the licensee shall deposit or secure such sum as therein mentioned, and the sum so to be deposited or secured shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Government under that clause, be 14 days and rupees five hundred, respectively.

Area of Supply.

4. The area above referred to within which the supply of energy is authorized by this license is the whole of the area, bounded as follows :—

North—By Chatterwari and Lalohand Road.
East—By Karnafuli river and Chaktai khali.
South—By Karnafuli river.
West—By Paltan road and Sadarghat road.

The boundaries whereof are delineated in the deposited map.

5. The licensee may lay down or place electric supply lines for the conveyance and transmission of energy from a generating station to be situated at Korbanigonj Road within the area of supply to the boundary of the area of supply.

Compulsory limits of supply.

6. (a) The works to be executed to the satisfaction of the Government under clause IV of the schedule to the Act are the following, namely :—

(1) The Municipal Road of the town of Chittagong lying between the Paltan Road and Hospital Road and that between Bukshihat Police Beat to the Chaktai bridge.

(2) If the licensee fails to comply with the provisions of sub-clause (1), the license may be revoked.

The Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta.

NOTIFICATION No. 12.

IT is hereby notified for general information, under the provisions of section 107 of the Calcutta Port Act, III (B.C.) of 1890, and with the sanction of the Local Government, that on and after the 1st April 1920 the following revised charges will be levied on goods landed at the Jetties or Docks:—

Schedule No.	Description of goods.	Basis of charge.	Landing charge.	Rent per diem for the first three days after the free time of two clear working days.	Rent per diem from the sixth day after the date of landing and thereafter.	Removal charge.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1	All goods on which freight is chargeable by weight by the steamer companies, and where the weight of any single package does not exceed 2 tons (For packages exceeding 2 tons in weight, see schedule for use of floating crane and sheer legs).	Per cwt ...	0 1 0	0 0 3	0 0 6	50 per cent. of the landing charge.
2	Cotton piece-goods ...	Per bale ...	0 4 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	
3	Sugar ...	Per ton ...	1 0 0	See below.		
4	Rice, wheat and seeds of all kinds	Per bag of 2 bazar maunds.	0 1 0			
5	Gold, silver, jewellery ...	Per pkg.	0 4 0			
6	All goods on which freight is charged by measurement by the steamer companies, and where the measurement of any single package does not exceed 100 cubic feet with a minimum charge of 1 anna per package.	Per cubic foot.	0 0 5	0 0 1	0 0 3	
7	Over 100 cubic feet and up to 200 cubic feet.	Ditto ...	0 1 0	0 0 1	0 0 3	
8	Over 200 cubic feet...	Ditto ...	0 1 6	0 0 1	0 0 3	
9	Animals not in cages	Each ...	2 0 0			

In addition to the landing charges a differential toll of 12 annas per ton will be levied on all goods landed at the Calcutta Jetties, and also on goods landed at the Docks or Garden Reach jetties which are removed from the transit sheds or yards in foreign railway wagons except sugar, rice, wheat and other grain traffic.

In the case of matches, double the schedule rates will be charged on all packages not removed on the next working day after the day of landing.

Sugar.—Rent will be charged from the 4th day after the vessel begins to discharge at the rate of Rs. 1 per ton per month or part of a month for the first three months on all sugar, delivery of which is not taken within five clear working days from the date of landing; at the rate of Rs. 2 per ton per month or part of a month for the fourth, fifth and sixth months; and at the rate of Rs. 4 per ton per month or part of a month thereafter.

Rice.—Rent will be charged at the rate of 2 annas per ton per week or part of a week for the first four weeks on all rice delivery of which is not taken within three clear working days from the date of landing; at the rate of 4 annas per ton per week or part of a week for the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth weeks; and at the rate of 8 annas per ton per week or part of a week thereafter.

By order of the Commissioners.

T. H. ELDERTON, Secretary.
(691—1)

Calcutta, the 10th March 1920.

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION No. 13.

IT is hereby notified for general information, under the provisions of section 109 of the Calcutta Port Act, III (B.C.) of 1890, and with the approval of the Governor in Council, that the following charges framed by the Commissioners under section 108 of that Act, as amended by the Calcutta Port (Amendment) Act, 1907, will be levied on and after the 1st April 1920, in supersession of the existing River Due and War Surtax notified under notification No. 35 Marine, dated the 17th March 1908, and notification, dated the 24th July 1917, respectively:—

1. On all goods discharged from any sea-going vessel lying or being within the limits of the Port—

- when such goods are not discharged directly from the vessel into a Commissioners' lighter or on to any quay, wharf or jetty of the Commissioners situated between the Howrah Bridge and Garden Reach, a river due at the rate of 12 annas per ton;
- when such goods are discharged directly from the vessel into a Commissioners' lighter or on to any quay, wharf or jetty of the Commissioners situated between the Howrah Bridge and Garden Reach, a river due at the rate of 4 annas per ton.

2. On goods loaded into any sea-going vessel lying or being within the limits of the port, whether such goods are, or are not loaded directly into the sea-going vessel, at any quay, wharf or jetty, belonging to the Commissioners, a river due at the following rates :—

Manganese ore	...	...	...	...	7½ annas per ton.
Bunker coal loaded into a vessel's bunkers for consumption on board that vessel	...	...	...	...	4 ditto.
All other coal	...	...	...	...	6 ditto.
All other goods	...	...	...	...	12 ditto.

In the case of goods discharged or loaded at a quay, wharf or jetty belonging to the Commissioners for which, the landing and shipping charges are not levied by weight and the weight is not ascertainable, one-fifth of the landing charge in the case of imports and three-fifths of the shipping charge in the case of exports will be levied as river due.

In the case of goods not directly discharged from or shipped into an ocean-going vessel at a quay, wharf or jetty belonging to the Commissioners, the river due will be levied on the actual weight when such is ascertainable, and in all other cases the ton will be calculated according to the scale given in the Inland Vessels Wharves Schedule.

In the case of all petroleum to which the Indian Petroleum Act applies, the river due will be calculated on the following basis :—

Petroleum in bulk	...	...	...	280 gallons equals 1 ton.
Petroleum in cases and drums	...	...	...	27 cases or drums equals 1 ton.

By order of the Commissioners,

T. H. ELDESTON, Secretary.

Calcutta, the 10th March 1920.

(692—1)

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION No. 15.

IT is hereby notified for general information, under the provisions of section 107 of the Calcutta Port Act, III (B.C.) of 1890, and with the approval of the Governor in Council, that the following charges framed by the Commissioners under section 105 of the Act will be levied on and after the 1st April 1920 upon all vessels for the use of the Commissioners' moorings, services of Assistant Harbour Masters, night work at the jetties and docks, hire of jetty and dock berths and for the use of the Commissioners' dry docks in lieu of the charges in existing schedules :—

Mooring Hire.

	Per diem.
	Rs.
All vessels up to 999 tons gross	10
" from 1,000 to 1,999 tons gross	12
" " 2,000 to 2,999 "	14
" " 3,000 to 3,999 "	16
" " 4,000 to 4,999 "	18
" " 5,000 to 5,999 "	20
" " 6,000 to 6,999 "	22
" " 7,000 to 7,999 "	24
" " 8,000 to 8,999 "	26
" " 9,000 to 9,999 "	28
" " 10,000 tons gross or over	30

Assistant Harbour Master's Fees.

On all vessels not exceeding 5,000 tons gross—	Rs.
(1) Hauling to or from moorings, each operation	20
(2) Hauling to or from swinging moorings, each operation	14
(3) Re-mooring	20
(4) Hauling in and out of dry docks other than those belonging to the Commissioners, each operation	34
(5) Transporting or removing from one part of the Port to another	18

For vessels over 5,000 tons gross, a further charge will be made for each of the above operations of one rupee for every 500 tons or part thereof by which the gross tonnage exceeds 5,000.

An extra charge of Rs. 16 will be made when an Assistant Harbour Master is employed on Sundays, holiday or at night, i.e., between 6 P.M. of one day and 6 A.M. of the following day.

Night work at the Jetties and Docks.

The charges laid down in existing schedules plus 50 per cent. of those charges.

Jetty and Dock berth hire.

- (1) Every vessel whether working or not while alongside the Jetties or her loading berth in the Docks will be charged Rs. 70 per diem in addition to mooring hire, the existing charges for cranes being abolished.
- (2) Every vessel whether working or not while alongside a coaling jetty either in the Docks or elsewhere will be charged Rs. 30 per diem but no mooring hire.

Dry Dock charges.

The charges laid down in the existing schedule plus 50 per cent. of those charges.

By order of the Commissioners,

T. H. ELDESTON, Secretary.

(694—1)

Calcutta, the 10th March 1920.

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.

Notice of Sale under Sections 118 and 119 of the Calcutta Port Act, III of 1890 (B.C.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the liability of the Commissioners for the undermentioned goods consigned to order as the undermentioned vessels has in terms of section 113 of the abovementioned Act ceased on the expiration of three clear days from the date of landing. These goods accordingly remain on the Port Commissioners' premises at the sole risk and expense of the owners and if not cleared on or before the 2nd April 1920, on payment of all charges due, will be sold by public auction :—

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SS. "City of Oran."			
14th Nov. 1919 ...	H. M. Ms. ...	1	Case merchandise (broken).
14th " " ...	L. M. R. & S. ...	2	Cases merchandise (defective).
12th " " ...	759 in a diamond, 20346 below, 20	1	Case Bromo paper (defective).
14th " " ...	2574 in a diamond, 25936 below	1	Case merchandise (defective).
13th " " ...	2519 in a diamond, 23627 below	1	Case vaseline (defective).
14th " " ...	2519 in a diamond, 23625 below	1	Case merchandise (repaired).
14th " " ...	No mark ...	20	Cases merchandise (broken and defective).
14th " " ...	1936 in a triangle, M P on top D & Sons	1	Case merchandise (defective).
11th " " ...	A diamond, 23485 below, or nil	1	Case grape juice (repaired).
13th " " ...	I. N. Co. Grace in a block, 100-4, 212, 215-8	10	Cases merchandise (defective).
14th " " ...	I. S. Co. 996 ... K. M E	1	Case merchandise (repaired and light).
SS. "Maimyo."			
29th Dec. 1919 ...	J or nil ...	4	Pieces spelter (defective).
29th " " ...	M C or nil ...	1	Piece spelter (defective).
18th " " ...	M in a diamond, E A on top $\frac{X}{2}$	2	Cases merchandise (broken and defective).
18th " " ...	S. K. B. J. & Sons ...	1	Case merchandise (defective).
29th " " ...	No mark ...	...	A quantity of broken pieces spelter.
29th " " ...	Ditto ...	1	Bundle round iron (not original).
29th " " ...	Ditto ...	...	A quantity of loose ridgings.
29th " " ...	20142 in a triangle, H R M on top, or no mark below, 87.	1	Case merchandise (defective).

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
	SS. "Malanoha."		
4th Nov. 1919 ...	No mark	2	Coils hoop iron.
	SS. "Mandala."		
23rd Dec. 1919 ...	A & Co	2	Cases whisky (broken).
26th " " ...	Brooke Bonds on top diamond or nil, 312.	1	Case merchandise (defective).
29th " " ...	BKD in a diamond	1	Cask whiting (broken).
28rd " " ...	EEW in a diamond, 20	1	Cask valves fittings (defective).
24th " " ...	572 25897 in a diamond, GA on top, & Co below, 8.	1	Case merchandise (defective).
23rd " " ...	L A & Co in a diamond, H F on top, N A below, Bombay.	1	Broken plank of a case.
26th " " ...	P & O S N Co in a block, N & A on top, Bombay below, 933.	1	Case merchandise (broken).
23rd " " ...	TATE in a diamond	1	Case merchandise (defective).
29th " " ...	Z in a diamond, Tepling on top, 40 ...	1	Package canvas (defective).
23rd " " ...	M Nil or AHMH	1	Keg red lead (broken).
26th " " ...	No mark	4	Cases merchandise (broken and defective).
23rd " " ...	Ditto	3	Casks sweeping whiting (broken).
23rd " " ...	Ditto	23	Casks cement (broken and half empty).
31st " " ...	Ditto	1	Cask merchandise (broken).
23rd " " ...	Ditto	1	Tin-box (defective).
23rd " " ...	Ditto	2	Bags brass nails (defective).
23rd " " ...	Ditto	1	Rubber tube (defective).
23rd " " ...	Ditto	1	Drum (empty).
23rd " " ...	Ditto	1	Bag or bale merchandise (defective).
23rd " " ...	Ditto	25	Iron bent pipes (defective).
23rd " " ...	Ditto	1	Bundle staves (defective).
23rd " " ...	Ditto	1	Tin Oilman's store.
23rd " " ...	Ditto	2	Machinery parts.
23rd " " ...	Ditto	1	Empty phial.
23rd " " ...	Ditto	3	Phials powder.
23rd " " ...	Ditto	2	Phials merchandise.
23rd " " ...	Ditto	3	Clips.

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SS. "Mandala."—<i>concl'd.</i>			
23rd Dec. 1919 ..	No mark	2	Tins merchandise.
23rd " " ...	Ditto	1	Pair boots.
23rd " " ...	Ditto	1	Leather bag (empty)
23rd " " ...	Ditto	7	Old coats.
23rd " " ...	Ditto	23	Books (defective).
23rd " " ...	Ditto	3	Khatas.
23rd " " ...	Ditto	1	Calendar.
23rd " " ...	Ditto	3	Pieces socks.
23rd " " ...	Ditto	53	Pieces G. C. sheets.
23rd " " ...	Ditto	13	Pieces flat iron (rusty).
23rd " " ...	Ditto	4	Pieces angle iron (rusty).
23rd " " ...	No mark or M and S M Ry ...	12	Bundles round iron (rusty).
23rd " " ...	No mark or Komardubi in a diamond ...	1	Piece checker plate iron (rusty).
23rd " " ...	No mark	8	Kegs merchandise (broken).
SS. "St. Dunstan."			
3rd Jan 1920 ...	D D & B	1	Case merchandise (broken).
31st Dec. 1919 ...	J A N	1	Ditto.
3rd Jan. 1920 ...	P Bros	4	Case merchandise (broken).
7th " " ...	Nil or Pack & Co	1	Case merchandise (broken).
2nd " " ...	6008 in a diamond 71827	1	Ditto.
3rd " " ...	2650 in a diamond, 28113 below, X ...	1	Case merchandise (defective).
31st Dec. 1919 ...	Nil Rangoon 124	1	Case merchandise (broken).
31st " " ...	Nil, X, X, X	4	Cases merchandise (broken and defective)
31st " " ...	Diamond, or nil	1	Case merchandise (repaired).
31st " " ...	Nil 26862	1	Case merchandise (broken).
31st " " ...	Nil 13830	1	Ditto.
31st " " ...	Nil	1	Bundle case merchandise (broken).
31st " " ...	Nil Calcutta 20342 or X ...	1	Case merchandise (defective).

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
	SS. "St. Dunstan"—concl'd.		
31st Dec. 1919 ...	Diamond, 18379 below, or nil, 2 ...	1	Case merchandise (broken).
6th Jan. 1920...	Ny M Co in a diamond, 2003 ...	1	Ditto.
31st Dec. 1919 ...	No mark ... ..	...	A quantity of planks.
31st " " ...	Ditto	1	Tin-box.
31st " " ...	Ditto	2	Tins oilman's store.
	SS. "Chaksang."		
12th Jan. 1920 ...	Seth in a triangle, C B on top, 2714, 2718.	2	Cases merchandise (broken and repaired).
	SS. "Mahratta".		
3rd Jan. 1920 ...	No mark	1	Package merchandise (broken).
3rd " " ...	Ditto	1	Bundle G C Sheets (not original).
3rd " " ...	Ditto ... ..	...	A small quantity of broken cast iron cover.
	SS. "Malta".		
12th Jan. 1920 ...	B R B or nil	1	Bag merchandise (broken).
10th " " ...	5406 in a triangle, C E on top ...	2	Cases motor tubes and tyres (broken).
9th " " ...	G G S or P & O, 2 or x	1	Case merchandise (broken)
12th " " ...	J C or nil	1	Package merchandise (defective).
12th " " ...	271 in a diamond, J K on top, & S below, or nil	1	Keg merchandise (defective).
12th " " ...	L M	1	Bag merchandise (defective).
10th " " ...	M A A Co or nil	1	Bale merchandise (defective).
12th " " ...	M R M R or nil	1	Ditto.
12th " " ...	No mark	2	Bags merchandise (defective).
12th " " ...	Ditto	2	Bundles thread.
12th " " ...	Ditto	1	Bundle twine.
12th " " ...	Ditto	3	Pieces cloth.
12th " " ...	Ditto	1	Bag lead shot.
12th " " ...	Ditto ... ..	...	A quantity of loose cement.
12th " " ...	Ditto	3	Casks cement (broken and loose).
12th " " ...	Ditto	1	Package thread.
12th " " ...	P G or nil	1	Cask cement (broken).
12th " " ...	S K K in a diamond or nil	2	Bags merchandise (torn).
12th " " ...	S H G or nil	1	Bag merchandise (defective).
12th " " ...	S M D or nil	1	Bag merchandise (torn).

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SS. "Malta"—concl'd.			
10th Jan. 1920 ...	S K in a diamond, C F on top, 1 ...	1	Case motor accessories (broken).
12th " " ...	S W & Co or nil ...	1	Cask cement (broken).
12th " " ...	W C D in a triangle, L F on top, B below, 147.	1	Case merchandise (broken).
12th " " ...	Nil ...	5	Bundles buffer spring.
12th " " ...	Do. ...	...	A quantity of loose nail
12th " " ...	Do. ...	...	A quantity of planks.
12th " " ...	Do. ...	1	Package merchandise (broken).
SS. "Olan Alpine".			
27th Jan. 1920 ...	No mark ...	11	Pieces angle iron (bent and rusty)
27th " " ...	No mark or H L 184 ...	2	Bundles steel sheets.
27th " " ...	↑ Marine ...	1	Piece iron plate.
26th " " ...	Ditto ...	5	Pieces iron plate.
24th " " ...	The French Motor Car & Electric Co, 2496.	1	Case merchandise (broken).
24th " " ...	J F Rashidpur in a block ...	9	Cases merchandise (damaged).
27th " " ...	Nil ...	1	Motor tyre.
23rd " " ...	H S P in a diamond ...	2	Packages merchandise (defective).
26th " " ...	S T C L ...	1	Case merchandise (defective).
SS. "Lalsang".			
3rd Feb. 1920 ...	N & Co in a diamond, 1 ...	1	Case merchandise (defective).
3rd " " ...	Nil ...	5	Packets undershirts.
3rd " " ...	Do. ...	10	Pieces undershirts.

Port Commissioners, Calcutta, the 17th March 1920.

T J. McCLOUGHERIN, Traffic Manager.
(690—1)

NOTICE OF SALE.

In the Court of the 1st Subordinate Judge of Pabna.

EXECUTION CASES Nos. 188 AND 189 OF 1919.

Pabna Bank, Limited, decree-holders, *versus* Debendra Narain Singh, judgment-debtor.

THE following mortgaged immovable properties of the judgment-debtor Debendra Narayan Singh, of Saddarpur, police-station Mirpur, zilla Nadia, will be sold, at noon on 19th April 1920, by the Nazir of Civil Court, Pabna, in execution cases Nos. 188 and 189 of 1919, Pabna 1st Subordinate Court, for realisation of the decretal amounts and costs and interests, and of mortgage decrees Nos. 47 and 48 of 1918, obtained by the Pabna Bank, Limited. The properties Nos. 1 to 11 are first mortgaged properties in decree No. 47 of 1918 and execution case No. 188 of 1919 and the properties Nos. 1 to 11 are the second mortgaged properties in decree No. 48 of 1918 and in execution case No. 189 of 1919. The properties Nos. 12, 13 and 14 are the first mortgaged properties in the decree No. 48 of 1918, and in the execution No. 189 of 1919. Total amount due in execution case No. 188 of 1919 is Rs. 1,21,269, and total amount due in execution case No. 189 of 1919 is Rs. 12,752-12-9.

Lot No. 1.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies of the jalkar estate in the river Padda which is recorded in the Collectorate of Pabna, at annual sadar jama of Rs. 4,090-7, in number $\frac{104}{3}$ in judgment-debtor's name, situate in thanas Pabna and Sujanagar, Santhia and Sara of Pabna district and in thana Kustia of Nadia district and thana Pangsha and Goalundo of Faridpur district, in pargana Islampur and pargana Gangapath. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 60,000.

Lot No. 2.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies in estate No. $\frac{108}{3}$ mahal mauzas char Balarampur-Rama-chandrapur, recorded in the Collectorate of Pabna, sadar jama of Rs. 122-1 in the name of judgment-debtor, situate in thana, sub-district Pabna Sadar in the district of Pabna. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 1,600.

Lot No. 3.—Estate No. $\frac{111}{3}$ of Pabna Collectorate, situate in sub-registry and police-station Sara, district Pabna, pargana Islampur, mauza Purba Char Rappur, with proportionate sadar jama in separate account Rs. 101-14, recorded in judgment-debtor's name. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 1,500.

Lot No. 4.—Two annas 8 pies share with proportionate sadar jama of Rs. 664-8 and odd of estate No. 1725 of Pabna Collectorate, situate in sub-registry and police-station Sara, district Pabna, and police-station Kustia in Nadia, mauza Bahir-char, recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtor's names, sadar jama of Rs. 3,987-2-5. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 2,000.

Lot No. 5.—Two annas 8 pies share (proportionate sadar jama Rs. 52-8) of tauzi No. 1727 of the Collectorate of Pabna, situate in sub-district and district Pabna, pargana Islampur, mauza Pakuria, which is recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtors at an annual sadar jama of Rs. 31. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 50.

Lot No. 6.—Two annas 8 pies share (proportionate sadar jama Rs. 86-13 6 $\frac{1}{2}$) of estate No. 2103 of Pabna Collectorate, pargana Islampur, mauza khash char Pirpur, sadar jama Rs. 521-1-3 recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtors. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 750.

Lot No. 7.—Two annas 8 pies share (proportionate sadar jama Rs. 83-14-9 and odd) of estate No. 2104 of Pabna Collectorate, mauza khash char Basudebpur, recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtors, sadar jama of Rs. 533-8-6 which is situate in sub-district and police-station Pabna and in pargana Islampur, district Pabna. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 700.

Lot No. 8.—Two annas 8 pies share (proportionate sadar jama Rs. 110-13-4) of estate No. 2139 of Pabna Collectorate, mauza khash char Basudebpur, recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtors, sadar jama of Rs. 533-8-6 which is situate in sub-district and police-station Pabna and in pargana Islampur, district Pabna. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 800.

Lot No. 9.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies which is recorded in the Collectorate of Nadia in No. $\frac{2186}{3}$ situated in parganas Begamabad and Baudardaha and Taragania, included in pargana Begamabad in police-station and sub-registry Kustia, and in police-station and sub-registry Mirpur, and in police-station Daulatpur, and in police-station Ganganai, sub-registry Shikarpur, all in district Nadia, the aforesaid 2 annas 8 pies share is recorded in the name of the judgment-debtor Jogendra Narayan Singha in the Collectorate of Nadia, at an annual sadar jama of Rs. 2,373-14-9. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 72,000.

Lot No. 10.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies recorded as estate No. $\frac{2272}{3}$ of Nadia Collectorate, situate in pargana Taragania, sub-registry and police-station Mirpur, mauza Teghari, which is recorded in the name of judgment-debtor, proportionate sadar jama being Rs. 49-6-10 $\frac{1}{2}$. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 600.

Lot No. 11.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies recorded as estate No. $\frac{2272}{3}$ of Nadia Collectorate, mauza char Mokarimpur, in sub-registry and police-station Mirpur, in pargana Islampur, in the district of Nadia, which is recorded in the name of judgment-debtor, proportionate sadar jama being Rs. 187-10-8. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 1,600.

Lot No. 12.—Two annas 8 pies share of estate No. $\frac{2272}{3}$ of Nadia Collectorate, pargana Taragania included in pargana Begamabad, sub-district and police-station Kustia, in the district of Nadia, sadar jama Rs. 13-14-6, recorded in judgment-debtor's name. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 200.

Lot No. 13.—Of the estates Nos. $\frac{2272}{3}$, $\frac{2272}{3}$, $\frac{2272}{3}$, $\frac{2272}{3}$, $\frac{2272}{3}$ of Nadia Collectorate, pargana Taragania, police-station Ganganai, district Nadia, mauza Akabpur and in police-station Daulatpur, mauza Udaynagar, of which 2 annas 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ gds. share recorded in the names of Swarnamayi Dasya, Jagabandhu Saha, Raikishori Dasya, Durga Charan Biswas, Abedunnessa and Mabezzal Hosen, separate account 5 annas 4 pies share of the said 2 annas 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ gds. entire patni taluk for annual jama of Rs. 155-5-4 and odd in separate account is in the name of judgment-debtor. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 3,200.

Lot No. 14.—Rent-free land in Saddarpur, viz., Basatibari, police-station and sub-registry Mirpur, district Nadia, that is 5 annas 4 pies share of Basatibari, Sadar Angina, middle angina, two storied, one storied pacca building with beams and rafters, windows, doors and door-frames, &c., and tanks in the outer yard and inner yard, garden, lodging-house for the officers, situate within boundaries scheduled below. The value of this bari in judgment debtor's share is Rs. 5,000.

Boundary.

East—Gopi Sundari Dasya's inner apartment and garden and Bopin Sutar's house and Rukmini Baishabish's house. **South**—Kali Charan Pramanik's bari, Gopi Sundari Dasya's fallow land, Wmir carter's bari and basabari of Ejmall Amin, Jadaba Pal's house, Sarat Karmakar's bari. **West**—Rasta of Saddarpur village, barriers of the Coloon, golabari of Gopi Sundari Dasya. **North**—Bazzar, bahirbari of Bara Taraf, total area within these boundaries is about 30 bighas rent-free land in judgment debtor's share is 10 bighas.

PASUPATI BASU, Sub-Judge.

Pabna, the 3rd March 1920.

(634—3)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Birbhum.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 4 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 12, clause (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition has been admitted in favour of Pasupati Pal, son of Dina Bandhu Pal, of Bersal, chauki Rumpur Hât, and that the 26th March 1920 has been fixed for hearing thereof.

P. C. DE, District Judge.

Suri, the 8th March 1920.

(640—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Birbhum.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 5 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 12, clause (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Surendra Lal Ghose Mandal, of Jhoramatti, chauki Suri, district Birbhum, has been admitted by this Court, and that the 26th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing.

P. C. DE, District Judge.

Suri, the 8th March 1920.

(641—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Birbhum.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 6 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 12, clause (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Manindra Nath Sow Mandle, son of Binode Bhari Sow Mandle, of Basa, chauki Dubrajpur, has been admitted by this Court and that the 19th March 1920 has been fixed for hearing.

P. C. DE, District Judge.

Suri, the 8th March 1920.

(642—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Birbhum.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 7 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 12, clause (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the petition of Sasi Bhusan Das Gagonpuri, son of Dina Bandhu Das Gagonpuri, of Bishnupur, chauki Rumpur Hât, has been admitted by this Court and that the 19th day of March 1920 has been fixed for hearing.

P. C. DE, District Judge.

Suri, the 8th March 1920.

(643—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Birbhum.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 20 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Ramdhani Ram, son of late Ram Prasad Ram, of Bolpur, chouki Bolpur, district Birbhum, applicant in the above case, was adjudged an insolvent by this Court on the 13th February 1920.

P. C. DE, District Judge.

Suri, the 11th March 1920.

(673—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Dacca.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATIONS Nos. 17, 19 AND 20 of 1919.

PURSUANT to petitions, dated 26th June 1919 and 27th July 1919, filed by Lal Behari Banik, Banka Behari Banik and Balai Bihari Banik, sons of late Bonomali Banik, of Baira and Matta, police-station Manikganj, and on the application of the debtors themselves and hearing their pleader it is ordered that the debtors be and the said debtors are hereby adjudged insolvents.

Dated this the 6th day of March 1920.

B. C. PRANCE, District Judge.

(671—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 26 of 1920.

DARBARU SARKER, son of Ram Mahomed Mondal, deceased, resident of Malan, police-station Hemtabad, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 10th day of April 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

J. A. ROSS, District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 11th March 1920.

(675—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 27 of 1920.

SHELTU DESHI, son of Bodhai Deshi, deceased, resident of Tungul, police-station Kaliaganj, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 12th day of April 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

J. A. ROSS, District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 11th March 1920.

(676—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No 28 of 1920

DULU PALI, son of Balak Pali, deceased, resident of Tungul, police-station Kaliaganj, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 14th day of April 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

J. A. ROSS, District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 11th March 1920. (677—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASES Nos. 24 AND 25 OF 1920.

JAHERU KASYA and Naheru Kasya, sons of Brojo Kasya, deceased, residents of Baidul, police-station Kaliaganj, district Dinajpur, have applied to this Court to be declared insolvents. The 9th day of April 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioners at Dinajpur.

J. A. ROSS, District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 11th March 1920. (678—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASES Nos. 30 AND 31 OF 1920.

CHANDU DESHI, son of Badalu Dashi, deceased, and Dayat Deshi, son of Keshab Sonaher, deceased, residents of Mustafanagar, police-station Kaliaganj, district Dinajpur, have applied to this Court to be declared insolvents. The 17th day of April 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioners at Dinajpur.

J. A. ROSS, District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 13th March 1920. (699—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 29 of 1920.

UJIR MAHOMED, son of Dhipa Mahomed, deceased, resident of Shirail, police-station Pirganj, district Dinajpur, has applied to this Court to be declared insolvent. The 16th day of April 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioner at Dinajpur.

J. A. ROSS, District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 13th March 1920. (700—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASES Nos. 32 AND 33 OF 1920.

NUR MAHOMED SARKER, son of Ashak Mahomed, deceased, Khapur Sarker, son of Nur Mahomed, residents of Basudebpur, police-station Hentabad, district Dinajpur, have applied to this Court to be declared insolvents. The 19th day of April 1920 has been fixed for examination of the petitioners at Dinajpur.

J. A. ROSS, District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 13th March 1920. (701—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Jakir Hossein, son of late A'i Hossein, of Goulapara road, Mahes, thana Serampore, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 8 of 1920 and that the 26th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.

Chinsura, the 2nd March 1920. (608—1—733)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Mea Boka, son of late Bodon Mea, of Rishra, thana Serampore, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 10 of 1920 and that the 26th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MALLIK, District Judge.

Chinsura, the 2nd March 1920. (609—1—734)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 96 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Baks Miya, son of late Kariman Miya, and Jokhan Miya, son of late Someru Miya, of Ishubpur, thana Mahmudabad, district Hooghly, were on the 26th February 1920 adjudged insolvents. The 29th March 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 8th March 1920. (647—1—726)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 131 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Dinanath Pal, son of late Annada Pal, of Birkul, thana Bagnan, district Hooghly, was on the 27th February 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 30th March 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 8th March 1920. (648—1—725)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Akshay Kumar Chomar, son of late Priya Nath Chomar, of Kasundey, thana Shibpur, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 30 of 1920 and that the 24th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 9th March 1920. (668—1—727)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Bharat Chandra Adak, son of late Ram Chandra Adak, of Baidyanathpur, thana Bagnan, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 31 of 1920, and that the 24th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 9th March 1920. (669—1—728)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 132 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Bhagbat Mallik, son of late Kali Kumar Mallik, of Sahachak, thana Amta, district Hooghly, was on the 27th February 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 30th March 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 10th March 1920. (672—1—735)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Tulshidas Basu, son of late Beni Madhab Basu, of Salikha, thana Malipachghora, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 33 of 1920, and that the 6th April 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 12th March 1920. (696—1—737)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Priyanath Manna and Ramanath Manna, sons of late Tarani Charan Manna, of Khe'o, thana Mandalghat, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 32 of 1920, and that the 31st March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.

Howrah, the 11th March 1920. (697—1—738)

NOTICE.

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge of Jessore.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 8 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 27th October 1919, filed by the petitioner-debtor Tarak Nath Shaha, son of late Sadhu Charan Shaha, of Pitambarpur, thana Changacha, in the district of Jessore, and on examining him and hearing his pleader the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on the 9th March 1920.

G. C. SANKEY, Offg. District Judge.

Jessore, the 11th March 1920. (668—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Murshidabad.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 6 of 1920.

(Act III of 1907.)

In the matter of Hanif Shaikh, of Mahalandi, police-station Gokarna, district Murshidabad.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and his case has been fixed for hearing on the 20th March 1920.

B. N. RAU, Offg. District Judge.

Berhampore, the 9th March 1920. (644—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Murshidabad.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 7 of 1920.

(Act III of 1907.)

In the matter of Sribash Pal, of Koya, division Kandi district Murshidabad.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and his case has been fixed for hearing on the 20th March 1920.

B. N. RAU, Offg. District Judge.

Berhampore, the 9th March 1920. (645—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Murshidabad.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 48 of 1919.

(Act III of 1907.)

In the matter of Dhananjay Saha, of Iswarchandrapur, police-station Samserganj, district Murshidabad.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the above named petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court, dated the 6th March 1920.

B. N. RAU, Offg. District Judge.

Berhampore, the 11th March 1920. (666—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Murshidabad.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 47 of 1919.

(Act III of 1907.)

In the matter of Ananta Lal Saha, of Iswarchandrapur, police station Samserganj, district Murshidabad.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the above named petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court, dated the 6th March 1920.

B. N. RAU, Offg. District Judge.

Berhampore, the 11th March 1920. (667—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 70 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 10th December 1919, filed by Indra Singh, son of late Gurmukh Ram, of Kharida Kharagpur, district Midnapore, debtor, and on the application of the above debtor himself and on reading an affidavit in support of the petition for insolvency and hearing Babu Nalini Behari Roy, pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Notice is hereby given that the 6th April 1920 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors and that they must prove their debts on that date.

Dated this 6th day of March 1920.

M. YUSUF, District Judge,

(643—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 64 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 18th November 1919, filed by Fakir Chandra Bera, son of late Thakur-das Bera, of Sribara, pargana Mandalghat, district Midnapore, debtor, and on the application of the above debtor himself and on reading the petition of insolvency and an affidavit in support of it and hearing Babu Atul Krishna Banerjee, Pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Notice is hereby given that the 17th April 1920 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors, and that they must prove their debts on that date.

Dated this 11th day of March 1920.

M. YUSUF, District Judge.

(682—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 65 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 20th November 1919, filed by Aziz Ahmed, son of Shummugam Moodliar, of Kharagpur, Midnapore district, debtor, and on the application of the above debtor himself and on reading the petition of insolvency and an affidavit in support of it and hearing Babu Atul Chandra De, Pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Notice is hereby given that the 17th April 1920 has been fixed for proof of debts by the creditors, and that they must prove their debts on that date.

Dated this 10th day of March 1920.

M. YUSUF, District Judge.
(688—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 13 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Dhala Mandal, son of the late Jaroo Mandal, of Abhayapur, police-station Nalitabari, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 10th day of April 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.

Mymensingh, the 9th March 1920. (661—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 6 of 1920.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 30th January 1920, filed by Kunja Kishore Sil, son of the late Katuram Sil, of Goranud, police-station Barhatta, district Mymensingh, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 6th day of March 1920.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
(662—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 5 of 1920.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated the 21st January 1920, filed by Mohesh Chandra Pal, son of the late Jagannath Pal, of Kaiyamura, police-station Sarishabari, district Mymensingh, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 10th day of March 1920.

A. BANERJI, for District Judge.
(681—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 13 of 1920.

WHEREAS Basarat Akanda, son of late Baram Akanda, of Raynapura, police-station Ullapara, district Pabna, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 2nd February 1920, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 18th March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

K. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.

Pabna, the 2nd March 1920. (688—1)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 56 of 1919.

WHEREAS Aja Mandal, son of late Kinu Mandal, of Chak-Jamal, police-station Manda, district Rajshahi, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 11th December 1919, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 20th day of March 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

Rajshahi, the 13th January 1920. (103—1—696)

NOTICE OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 38 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 15th July 1919, filed by the debtor Asimuddin Molla, son of late Naimuddin Molla, of Udabaria, police-station Gurudaspur, district Rajshahi, and on hearing his pleader the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on 3rd January 1920.

Dated this 26th day of February 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

(591—1—630)

NOTICE OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 25 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 26th March 1919, filed by the debtor Ubhandi Mandal, son of late Bakso Mandal, of Kendua, police-station Kharba, district Malda, and on hearing his pleader the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on 10th January 1920.

Dated this 26th day of February 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

(592—1—629)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

[Section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 6 of 1920.

WHEREAS (1) Satis Chandra Choudhuri and (2) Abinash Chandra Choudhuri, sons of late Bijoy Gobinda Choudhuri, of Naogaon, police-station Naogaon, district Rajshahi, have applied to this Court by a petition, dated 19th January 1920, to be declared insolvents under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all their creditors that the Court has fixed the 20th March 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtors. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

Rajshahi, the 28th February 1920. (606—1—731)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rajshahi.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 25 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

Lodhu Mandala, son of late Cheru Mandala, of Chimana, police-station Tanere, district Rajshahi, petitioner-debtor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 27th day of March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtor and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 28th February 1920. (604—1—732)

NOTICE OF ADJUDICATION.

(Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.)

**In the Court of the District Judge at
Rajshahi.**

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 55 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 9th December 1919, filed by the debtor, Jharu Saha, son of late Mitran Saha, of Dewanpur, police-station Mahadebpur, district Rajshahi, and on hearing his pleader the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on 14th February 1920.

Dated this 28th day of February 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
(605—1—730)

**In the Court of the District Judge of,
Rajshahi.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 22 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

Rahimbaksa Mandal, son of late Taluk Mandal, of Shahebgram, police-station Gomontapur, district Malda, petitioner-debtor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 27th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtor and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 2nd March 1920. (628—1—729)

NOTICE.

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rangpur.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 110 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

NIYAMATULYAH SHEIKH, son of Habi Sheik, of Nayanahuk, police-station Sundarganj, in the district of Rangpur, was, on the 2nd day of March 1920, adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 12th March 1920. (684—1)

NOTICE.

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rangpur.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 125 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

TARIKULYAH SARKAR, son of late Janjalu Byapari, of Gopal Charan, police-station Sundarganj, in the district of Rangpur, was, on the 6th day of March 1920, adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 12th March 1920. (685—1)

NOTICE.

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rangpur.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 128 of 1919.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

BADIYA SHEIKH, son of late Ali Mamud Sheikh, of Baishnab Das, police-station Gaibandha, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 2nd day of March 1920, adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 12th March 1920. (686—1)

NOTICE.

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rangpur.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 8 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

BAGA MAMUD, son of late Fashku Mamud, of Moidipur, police-station Kurigram, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 8th day of March 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 12th March 1920. (687—1)

NOTICE.

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rangpur.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 9 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

NOON MAMUD, son of late Fashku Mamud, of Moidipur, police-station Kurigram, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 8th day of March 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.
Rangpur, the 12th March 1920. (688—1)

NOTICE.

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Tippera.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 14 of 1919.

JAINADDI, son of Soharali, deceased, inhabitant of village Jatrapur, pargana Sarail, police-station Nabnagar, district Tippera, was on the 6th day of March 1920 adjudicated an insolvent by this Court under section 16 of Act III of 1907.

S. K. GHOSH, District Judge.
Comilla, the 8th March 1920. (660—1)

SASANKA MOHAN SEN, Pleader, Chittagong, intends to be enrolled as a Vakil, Calcutta High Court.
(632—4—590)

Notice.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of the Sub-Inspector of Schools, Matlabganj, in the district of Tippera, on Rs. 50 per mensem in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service.

Candidates for the post must have passed the B. A. or L.T. examination and have served successfully as a qualified teacher in a high school or as headmaster of a middle English school for not less than three years. They must state their age, qualifications, native district and produce certificates of good moral character.

Applications will be received by the undersigned up to the 31st March 1920.

AHSAN-ULLAH,

Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division.
Chittagong, the 14th March 1920.

Notice.

WANTED a second class Health Officer on Rs. 150—10—300 with travelling allowance according to the Civil Service Regulations. The candidate must possess a registrable medical qualification and a recognised Diploma of Public Health, including the D. P. H. of the Calcutta University. Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 28th March 1920. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year.

A. P. SEN, Chairman.

District Board, Bogra, the 5th March 1920.

(635—2)

WANTED two qualified and experienced Overseers on Rs. 60—4—80 plus travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations limited to Rs. 30 per month. The selected candidate will have to join by the 1st week of April next. Apply by the 25th instant.

I. S. BHUTTACHARYYA, District Engineer.

Hazaribagh, the 12th March 1920.

(702—1)

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.**WARDS BRANCH.**

Order No. 2550 Wards.

WHEREAS Srimati Ananda Kumari Debi, widow of Kumar Rabindra Narayan Ray, of Bhawal, was, under section 6 (a) of the Court of Wards Act, IX (B.C.) of 1879, declared to be a disqualified proprietress and her person and all her property, including the estate inherited from her husband, was taken charge of by the Court of Wards and whereas by indentures executed on the 29th April 1919 between her and Babu Kunud Behari Chakravarty, natural father of Sriman Krishna Chandra Chakravarty and between the Court of Wards, Srimati Ananda Kumari Debi, Sriman Krishna Chandra Chakravarty and the said Babu Kunud Behari Chakravarty, it was stipulated that the said Srimati Ananda Kumari Debi on her adopting the said Krishna Chandra Chakravarty will remain the owner and possessor of three-fourths share of the estate left by her husband the late Kumar Rabindra Narayan Ray during the minority of the said adopted son, that the Court of Wards should release the person of the lady and three-fourths share of her husband's estate reserved to her as aforesaid besides her other properties from its charge, and whereas the said lady has since adopted the said Sriman Krishna Chandra Chakravarty as son to her late husband and retained him as Sriman Ram Narayan Ray Chaudhury, under section 65 of Act IX (B.C.) of 1879, the Court of Wards hereby directs that its jurisdiction over the aforesaid three-fourths share of the estate left by Kumar Rabindra Narayan Ray and other properties owned by the lady shall cease from the 15th August 1919 and that the owner of the said three-fourths share of the estate and the properties shall be restored to the possession thereof from the said date, subject to any contracts entered into by the Court for the preservation or benefit of the said estate and properties.

2. The Court further directs that it withdraws from the charge of the person of the said Srimati Ananda Kumari Debi.

By order,

F. D. ASCOLI,

Offg. Secretary.

Calcutta, the 24th July 1919.

(663—3)

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.**WARDS BRANCH.**

Order No. 2554 Wards.

WHEREAS the estate of late Kumar Rabindra Narayan Ray, of Bhawal, is at present under the charge of the Court of Wards on behalf of Srimati Ananda Kumari Debi, his widow, and whereas the said Srimati Ananda Kumari Debi has, with the consent of the Governor in Council, under section 61 of Act IX (B.C.) of 1879, adopted Sreeman Krishna Chandra Chakravarty as a son to her husband late Kumar Rabindra Narayan Ray, and has given him the name of Sreeman Ram Narayan Ray Chaudhury, and whereas the said adopted son has, under the terms of an Indenture executed on the 29th April 1919 between the said Srimati Ananda Kumari Debi and his natural father Babu Kunud Behari Chakravarty, become the proprietor of the one-fourth share of the aforesaid estate, the Court of Wards hereby declares that the said Sreeman Ram Narayan Ray Chaudhury to be a minor under section 6 (b) of the Court of Wards Act, IX (B.C.) of 1879.

Under section 35 of the said Act the Court of Wards also declares that it has determined to take under its charge the person of the minor abovenamed and it directs that possession be taken of such person on behalf of the said Court.

The Court of Wards being already in possession, on behalf of the abovementioned widow, now resolves to retain charge of the one-fourth share of aforesaid estate on behalf of the said minor.

By order,

F. D. ASCOLI,

Offg. Secretary.

Calcutta, the 24th July 1919.

(664—3)

Notice.

IT is hereby notified, under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, 1878 (VI of 1878), that, on or about the 4th February 1920, a treasure, consisting of 68 whole rupees and 11 half rupees of the time of the Nawab of Arcot, approximately valued at Rs. 73-8 was discovered while demolishing a wall in the house of one Bhanabagya Annal of Konnur village, Villupuram taluk, South Arcot district, Madras Presidency.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of South Arcot at his office in Cuddalore on Saturday, the 7th August 1920, in order to have the matter enquired into and determined according to law.

J. K. LANCASHIRE, Acting Collector.

South Arcot Collector's Office, the 1st March 1920.

Notice.

THE Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund which is provisionally managed and assisted by Government has for its object the provision of monthly pensions for the maintenance of the widows and children of subscribers and is open, with certain exceptions, to all active and pensioned members of the Uncovenanted Service of Government (except those serving under the Government of Bombay), and to Local Fund servants earning pensions from Government. Some of the special features of the Fund are—(1) that widowed daughters incapable of remarriage or children labouring under such mental or bodily infirmities as incapacitate them from earning their livelihood or preclude the possibility of marriage (in case of a daughter) are admitted to its benefits; and (2) that subscribers to the Widows' and Daughters' branches are entitled to a refund of 80 per cent. of the premia paid, should the nominee predecease them after five years' of admission. The Fund is now of ten years' standing and has a balance of over three and-a-half lakhs with Government on four per cent. interest. For forms of applications and rules of the Fund apply to the Comptroller, India Treasuries, Imperial Secretariat Buildings, Calcutta.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IRRIGATION BRANCH.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following estates will be leased out by public auction to the highest bidder on Sunday, the 21st March 1920, for a period of one year only from 1st April 1920 to 31st March 1921 at the Seijberia inspection bungalow near Fuleswar railway station (Bengal-Nagpur Railway) at 1 P.M.

2. Quarter of the bid amount is to be deposited by the highest bidder on the conclusion of the auction to be kept as security deposit by Government.

3. The lessee must execute and register the agreement within one month from the date of receipt of the draft agreement to be supplied from the office of the Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, failing which the lease will be cancelled and security deposit forfeited to Government.

4. The terms and conditions of the lease can be seen at the office of the undersigned between the hours of 11 A.M. to 5 P.M., any day except Sundays and holidays. These terms are subject to approval of Law Officers of Government. Fisheries will not be leased out to any one except five *bona fide* fishermen or the Secretary to the Fishermen Society according to the instructions of the Deputy Director of Fishery, Bengal.

The final approval of the lease rests with the Superintending Engineer, South-Western Circle—

- (1) Tauzi No. 4769, section I, Dancooni Fishery, Bally series.
- (2) Tauzi No. 4769, section II, Dancooni Fishery, Baidyabati series.
- (3) Tauzi No. 4826, Howrah Drainage Fishery.
- (4) Tauzi No. 4827, Rajapur Drainage Fishery.
- (5) Tauzi No. 4830, Burrojola Drainage Fishery.
- (6) Tauzi No. 4829, Danko Matlar Khal Fishery.
- (7) Churrial Drainage Fishery.
- (8) Ghesapati Khal Fishery.
- (9) Grass Damedar Embankment.
- (10) Grass Madaria Embankment.
- (11) A garden at Dulghore.
- (12) Lands appertaining to Danko Matlar Khal.

A. N. MITRA,

Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division.

Imperial Secretariat Buildings, Calcutta, the 11th March 1920.

The Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta.

NOTIFICATION No 16.

IT is hereby notified for general information, under the provisions of section 107 of the Calcutta Port Act, III (B.G.) of 1890, and with the approval of the Governor in Council, that the Commissioners, under section 104A of the Act, will levy a charge of Rs. 2 per boat on all boats entering the Docks with effect from the 1st April 1920.

By order of the Commissioners,

T. H. ELDERTON, Secretary.

Calcutta, the 10th March 1920.

(695—1)

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases tried in this Court during the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back before 31st March 1920.

A. N. MUHAMMAD ALI,

Municipal Magistrate (2nd Court).

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases in the Court of the Municipal Magistrate, Calcutta, in the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back by the parties who filed them before 31st March 1920.

N. N. GUPTA,

Presidency and Municipal Magistrate.

Town Hall, Calcutta, the 8th January 1920.

Currency Notes.

THE following Currency Notes of the Calcutta Circle are stated to have been destroyed, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

Notes wholly destroyed.

Register No.	Number of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
W. 392 of 1898-99.	AA 00908		M. Mazubali Chowdhury, c o. Lutfi
	35 04943		Ali, Esq., Bar-at-Law, 218, Linton Street, Entally, Calcutta.
	" 07227		
	" 07952		
	" 18963		
	" 23150		
	" 38813		
	" 40816		
	" 50699		
	" 77042		
	" 79255		
	" 83981		
	" 87614		
	" 87788	100 each	
	" 88186		
	" 88189		
	" 88190		
	" 88629		
	" 92609		
	" 96245		
	AA 01031		
	36 01032		
	" 01033		
	" 01035		
	" 12101		
	" to		
	" 12110		

CYRIL E. GWYTHER, Deputy Controller,
in charge Paper Currency.

Paper Currency Dept. Calcutta, 24th February 1920.

Lost

THE Government Promissory Notes Nos. F011614, F 011615, D 035186 of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1921 for Rs. 500 Rs. 500 and Rs 100, respectively, originally standing in the name of the Accountant-General, Punjab, the first two notes were last endorsed to Sewagram and the other note was last endorsed to Atmaram, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the advertiser—SOBHARAM HARDEOPASS.

Residence—73, Cotton Street, Calcutta.

(567—3—503).

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 130646 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-01 for Rs. 600, originally standing in the name of Gopi Bhushan Sen, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—Gopi Bhushan Sen.

Residence—Professor, Hooghly College, Chinsura,
(district Hooghly).

(689—3—736)

Notice.

The next annual stock-taking of the Indian Law Reports kept at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot will commence on the 1st April, 1920. All issues of the said reports from the said Depot to subscribers and officials will be suspended during that month.

J. F. GRAHAM,

*Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept.*

LEGISLATIVE DEPT.,
BOOK DEPÔT BRANCH ;

The 8th December, 1919.

POST OFFICE.**Despatch of Sea-Borne Mails.**

MAILS FOR—	Day or date of closing of mail.	LATEST HOURS OF POSTING AT THE G. P. O.			
		UNREGISTERED LETTERS AND PACKETS.		REGISTERED LETTERS AND PACKETS.	
		Without late fee.	With late fee.*	Without late fee.	With late fee.*
c United Kingdom, Europe, Aden, Egypt, East and West Africa and America	Thursday ...	P.M. 6-0	P.M. 7-0	P.M. 5-0	P.M. 5-30
Ceylon	Daily ...	4-0	4-30	3-30	4-0
Straits Settlements, French Indo-China, Federated Malay States, Philippine Islands, Netherlands India, Siam, China and Japan per SS. "G. Apcar"	Mar. 16 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
Burma	" 19 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
Port Blair (via Rangoon)	" 19 ...	7-30	8-0	6-0	7-0
†Mauritius, Réunion, Mayotte and Nosni-Be per SS. "Ujina" from Colombo	" 17 ...	4-0	4-30	3-30	4-0

NOTE.—The latest date and hour for booking Money Orders and Parcels for the United Kingdom and foreign countries with which mail communication exists is 4 P.M. and 5-30 P.M., respectively, on Wednesday.

* The late fee is 4 annas for each registered or unregistered article of the Letter Mail to any place in the countries named above, except for Aden, Burma, Ceylon and Port Blair, the late fee for which is ½ anna for unregistered articles and 2 annas for registered articles. Letters are accepted with late fee only on occasions when a direct mail is closed by the Calcutta G. P. O. for foreign countries.

†When there is no direct mail from Calcutta, correspondence for South Africa and Mauritius posted up to 4-45 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. is despatched to Bombay and correspondence for Australia and New Zealand posted up to 4 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. to Colombo for transmission by the first available steamer.

Calcutta G. P. O., the 15th March 1920.

C. D. RAE, Offg. Presidency Post Master.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE OF SANSKRIT MANUSCRIPTS.

PARTS I, II, and III of a Descriptive Catalogue of the Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Sanskrit College, prepared by Pandit Hrishikosh Sastri and Babu Siya Chandra Gui, M.A., B.L., of that College are offered to the public for sale. The Catalogue having to be completed in 23 parts, the price of each part is 12 annas a copy exclusive of postage. Copies can be obtained from the Principal of the Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

SULPHATE OF QUININE.**SULPHATE OF CINCINONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.**

MANUFACTURED AT

THE BENGAL GOVERNMENT CINCHONA PLANTATION.

OBTAINABLE FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

ALL articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids.

Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, Bihar, Punjab, and Assam on indents countersigned by the Civil Surgeon, and Missionaries for **bona fide** public purposes. It is not sold to private firms or the general public.

Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ grain tablets and **Cinchonidine** are sold to Government officers and the general public, and is obtainable at the Principal Druggists in Calcutta.

Quinoidine (Pure Amorphous Alkaloid), and **Residual Alkaloid** (Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid) which contains about 40 per cent. Pure Amorphous Alkaloid, are sold to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. Residual Alkaloid is supplied in 1-lb., 5-lb., and 10-lb. boxes.

Terms.—Strictly cash in advance or V. P. P. transit charges must accompany all orders. Postage stamps are not accepted in lieu of cash.

• **Supplies**—Are dependent on stock in hand at time of order.

Rates from 16th May 1919 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs and above in one delivery	...	Rs. 24 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs., but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	...	" 25 "
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	...	" 26 "
Supplied in 1-oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 1-lb., 4-lb., and $6\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. tins.		

SULPHATE OF CINCINONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	...	" 12 "
Supplied in $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes		

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	...	" 6 "
Supplied in $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.		

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantities less than 6 lbs.	...	" 7 "
Supplied in $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.		

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

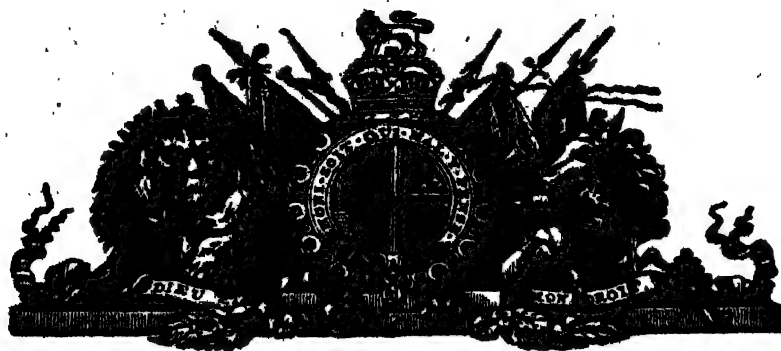
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	" 7 "
Supplied in 1-lb. box.		

Quinoidine in non-tablet form and Residual Alkaloids.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

NOTICE.

Advertisements, Notices, etc., intended for insertion in this Part of the Gazette cannot be received after noon on Monday.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1920.

PART IV.

Bills introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented or to be presented in that Council, and Bills published before introduction in that Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 341L., dated Calcutta, the 16th March, 1920.—The following Bill was introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council on the 15th March, 1920, and is hereby published for information, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons annexed thereto :—

THE BENGAL AGRICULTURAL AND SANITARY IMPROVEMENT BILL, 1920.

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CLAUSE.

PREAMBLE.

Preliminary.

1. Short title, extent and commencement.
2. Definitions.

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4. Order after inquiry.

CLAUSE.

5. Engineer to prepare scheme.
6. Publication of scheme.
7. Procedure in the case of minor schemes.
8. Power of Collector to reject or accept scheme.
9. Appointment of committee in the case of major schemes.
10. Committee to consider major schemes.
11. Committee to forward scheme to Sanitary Board for consideration.
12. Sanitary Board to consider scheme and report to Local Government.
13. Order by the Local Government on the report.
14. Collector to carry out scheme.
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Apportionment and recovery of costs.

17. Report by Engineer on completion of work.
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23. Power of landlord to pay the cost apportioned against tenant.
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25. Compensation for consequential damage.
26. Limitation to claim for compensation.
27. Procedure for determining compensation.
28. Matters to be considered in determining compensation.
29. Drainage works subject to laws relating to public embankments.
30. Lands and works how to be vested.
31. Maintenance of works.
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A BILL

to consolidate and amend the law relating to the construction of drainage and other works for the improvement of the agricultural and sanitary conditions of certain areas in Bengal.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to the construction of drainage and other works for the improvement of the agricultural and sanitary conditions of certain areas in Bengal;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Preliminary.

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Bengal Agricultural and Sanitary Improvement Act, 1920.

[Cf. Ben. Act V of 1919, s. 1 (2).]

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal, except the town of Calcutta, as defined in clause (7) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, and any area which has been or may hereafter be constituted a municipality under the provisions of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884:

Ben. Act III of 1899.

Ben. Act III of 1884.

Provided that if any scheme under this Act jointly affects any area to which this Act extends and any municipal area, this Act shall be deemed to apply to such municipal area for the purposes of such scheme.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Local Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, direct.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) “agricultural work” means a work which the Collector certifies should be treated, in such circumstances as may be prescribed, as effecting an improvement which is mainly agricultural;

(2) “Collector

[Cf. Ben. Act VI of 1880, s. 3.]

(a) means the officer in charge of the revenue jurisdiction of the district within which the lands which form the subject of a scheme under this Act are situated, or, in the case of a scheme relating to lands lying in more than one district, any such officer or officers as may be selected by the Commissioner; and

(b) includes any officer appointed by the Local Government by general or special order to discharge all or any of the functions of the Collector under this Act;

(3) the “cost” of a work includes—

[Cf. Ben. Act VIII of 1895, s. 16.]

(a) the total expenditure incurred by the Engineer for surveys, plans, estimates, valuations of a work, and incidental expenses connected therewith, whether antecedent or subsequent to the adoption of a scheme, and all salaries and expenses incurred in its execution;

(b) the estimated capitalized cost of the maintenance of the work;

*The Bengal Agricultural and**(Preliminary.—Clause 2.)*

- (c) the total expenditure incurred by the Collector in connection with the scheme and work inclusive of any preliminary inquiry, compensation for and cost of any land taken or acquired for the purposes of this Act, the preparation or revision of any record-of-rights and the cost of apportionment and recovery;
- (d) all amounts paid, or estimated as payable, as compensation for damage inflicted in carrying out any scheme or work under this Act; and
- (e) interest on all recoverable deposits or advances made by the Local Government, or by a local authority or any person, at such rates and from and to such dates as may be prescribed;
- (4) "Engineer" means the District Engineer, or any Engineer or other person specially appointed by the Local Government in the case of major schemes, or by the Collector in the case of minor schemes, to discharge all or any of the functions of an Engineer under this Act; [Cf. Ben. Act VIII of 1895, s. 2(A).]
- (5) "landlord" means a person immediately under whom a tenant holds, and includes the Government: [Cf. Act VIII of 1895 s. 3(d).]
- (6) "local area" means the portion of a district or districts to which a scheme under this Act relates, and any municipal area included within such scheme;
- (7) "local authority" means any authority legally entitled to, or entrusted by Government with, the control or management of a municipal or local fund, and includes a Local Board constituted under the Bengal Local Self-Government Act of 1885; Ben. Act III of 1885
- (8) "major scheme" means a scheme—
- (i) in which the estimated cost of the work involved exceeds the prescribed amount,
 - (ii) in which more than one local authority is concerned, or
 - (iii) which the Collector or Engineer has certified should be treated, in such circumstances as may be prescribed, as a major scheme;
- (9) "minor scheme" means any scheme other than a major scheme;
- (10) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules under this Act;
- (11) "Sanitary Board" means such Board as may, from time to time, be appointed in this behalf by the Local Government;
- (12) a "scheme" includes—
- (a) a survey and plans,
 - (b) estimates of the cost of the work involved in such scheme,
 - (c) a description or map of the local area, and
 - (d) a report on the scheme;

Sanitary Improvement Bill, 1920.

(Application for construction of works and procedure thereon.—Clauses 3—6.)

(13) "tenant" means a person, whether resident or non-resident in the local area, who holds land under another person, and is, or but for a special contract would be, liable to pay rent for that land to that person, and includes any rent-free holder or temporary occupier of land and any shop-keeper. [Cf. Act VIII of 1920, s. 3 (3).]

Application for construction of works and procedure thereon.

Procedure by the Collector on receipt of application for the construction of a work.

3. Notwithstanding anything contained in Chapter IX of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, whenever an application is received by the Collector from a local authority or local authorities, or any person or persons, recommending the construction of any work for the improvement, or for the prevention of the deterioration, of the agricultural or sanitary condition of any area, or if the Collector is himself of opinion that the construction of any such work is necessary, he shall cause such inquiries as he may deem necessary to be made in the prescribed manner, and shall thereafter consult the local authority or authorities concerned:

VIII of 1920

Provided that, if after such inquiries, the Collector is satisfied that the proposed work will constitute an agricultural work, no reference to any local authority shall be necessary.

Order after inquiry

4. (1) On completion of the necessary inquiries and after consultation, when necessary, with the local authority or authorities, the Collector shall— [Cf. Ben. Act VIII of 1920, s. 11.]

- (a) if he considers that the proposed work should not be done, pass an order to that effect; or
- (b) if he considers that the work proposed or modified should be done, take action as hereinafter provided.

(2) An appeal shall lie to the Commissioner against every order by the Collector under clause (a) of subsection (1) within thirty days of such order; and the decision of the Commissioner thereon shall be final.

Engineer to prepare scheme.

5. (1) Whenever it has been decided under section 4 to proceed with any work, the Collector shall direct the Engineer to prepare a scheme in the prescribed manner. [Cf. Ben. Act VIII of 1920, s. 6.]

(2) When the Engineer has prepared any such scheme, he shall deposit it with the Collector, who may, subject to such rules as may be prescribed in this behalf, make such modifications therein as he may deem necessary.

Publishation of scheme.

6. As soon as possible after the receipt of the scheme, the Collector shall publish a notice in the prescribed manner calling for objections or suggestions thereon by any persons concerned within such time as may be specified in such notice. [Cf. Ben. Act VI of 1920, s. 12.]

*The Bengal Agricultural and**(Application for construction of works and procedure thereon.—Clauses 7—10.)*

Procedure in the
case of minor
schemes

7. In the case of all minor schemes—

- (a) the cost of which has been deposited or the security for which has been furnished by the applicant in the prescribed manner, or
- (b) the cost of which can be met or advanced by the Local Government or the local authority, as the case may be, or
- (c) the cost of which is provided for partly under clause (a), and partly under clause (b),

the Collector shall, as soon as possible after the expiry of the period fixed by the notice published under section 6, proceed in the prescribed manner to consider any objections or suggestions received in regard to the scheme.

Power of Collector
to reject or accept
scheme

8. (1) The Collector may—

- (a) reject the scheme referred to in section 7, or
- (b) subject to such rules as may be prescribed in this behalf, accept it with such modifications as he may deem necessary.

(2) An appeal shall lie to the Commissioner against every order by the Collector under clause (a) or clause (b) of sub-section (1) within thirty days of such order; and the decision of the Commissioner thereon shall be final.

(3) If the Collector accepts a scheme under clause (b) of sub-section (1) or the Commissioner accepts a scheme under sub-section (2), the Collector shall determine, in the prescribed manner, the method in which and the conditions subject to which the cost of the work shall be financed and distributed.

Appointment of
committee in the case
of major schemes.

9. In the case of major schemes, the Collector shall, as soon as possible after the receipt of the scheme, in addition to the publication required by section 6, refer it to the Commissioner, and the Commissioner shall forthwith appoint a committee, to be constituted in the prescribed manner, with the Collector as Chairman, representing the local authorities and the landed and other interests of the area to which the scheme relates.

Committee to con-
sider major schemes

10. (1) On the expiry of the period fixed by the notice published under section 6, the committee shall proceed to consider any objections or suggestions in regard to the scheme received by the Collector, and may either accept the scheme with such modifications as they may deem necessary, or reject it.

(2) An appeal shall lie to the Sanitary Board against every order by the committee under sub-section (1) within sixty days of such order; and the decision of the Sanitary Board thereon shall be final;

Provided that if any scheme is rejected under sub-section (1), the Local Government may, if they think fit, make an appeal against such order.

Sanitary Improvement Bill, 1920.

(Application for construction of works and procedure thereon—Apportionment and recovery of costs.—
Clauses 11,—17.).

Committee to forward scheme to Sanitary Board for consideration

11. Whenever a scheme has been accepted under section 10 with or without modifications, the committee shall forward it through the Commissioner to the Sanitary Board, together with its proposals for financing and distributing the cost thereof, such cost to be financed and distributed in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.

Sanitary Board to consider scheme and report to Local Government

12. The Sanitary Board shall then consider the scheme and proposals and may recommend that the scheme be accepted, with such modifications as they may deem necessary, or be rejected, and shall submit their report to the Local Government.

Order by the Local Government on the report

13. The Local Government shall consider the report of the Sanitary Board, and may reject it, or accept it, with such modifications as they may consider necessary; and the order of the Local Government thereon shall be final.

Collector to carry out scheme.

14. (1) Whenever a minor scheme has been accepted under section 8 and the cost or part thereof is to be recovered from the landlords and tenants of the local area, and in all cases in which a major scheme has been accepted under section 13, the Collector shall direct the preparation or revision, as the case may be, of a record-of-rights of the local area in accordance with the provisions of Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, in so far as the same may be applicable, and shall proceed to carry out the work involved in such scheme in the prescribed manner.

VIII of 1905

(2) For the purpose of any such work, the Collector may acquire any land required under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894

I of 1894.

Stay of proceedings.

15. (1) An applicant may at any time be required, and before any action is taken under section 14, shall be required, to deposit or to give security for the cost of the work or such portion thereof as may be payable by him in the prescribed manner; and all proceedings under this Act shall be stayed until such requisition is complied with.

(2) The cost of the work or any portion thereof may in any case be advanced or met by the Local Government from public funds in the prescribed manner.

Power to enter into or upon land forming part of a local area.

16. Any person duly authorized to execute any work under this Act may himself, or by his agents and workmen, enter into or upon any land forming part of the local area and carry out such work thereon as may be required.

[Cf Ben. Act VI of 1900, s. 22; Ben. Act VIII of 1905, s. 17(2)]

Apportionment and recovery of costs.

Report by Engineer on completion of work.

17. On the completion of any work executed under this Act, the Engineer shall forthwith submit to the Collector a final report accompanied by—

[Cf Ben. Act VI of 1900, s. 27.]

(a) a statement of the items of the cost of the work referred to in sub-clauses (a) and (b) of clause (3) of section 2; and

*The Bengal Agricultural and**(Apportionment and recovery of cost.—Clauses 18—20.)*

(b) a copy of the map of the local area benefited by the improvement.

Procedure on receipt
of final report

18. (1) On receipt of the final report and other documents required by section 17, the Collector shall prepare a final statement of the cost of the work and shall incorporate it in the report.

(2) A copy of the final statement of cost and of the map submitted under clause (b) of section 17 shall be published by the Collector within the local area in the prescribed manner.

Preparation of
detailed statement

19. The Collector shall then in the prescribed manner—

(a) cause to be prepared a detailed statement, showing the cost of the work distributed between the Local Government, the local authorities concerned and the landlords and tenants of the local area; and

(b) shall apportion the share of the cost recoverable from the landlords and tenants between each of them and enter such apportionment in the detailed statement.

Procedure on com-
pletion of detailed
statement

20. (1) On completion of the detailed statement referred to in section 19, the Collector shall publish a copy of the same in every village of the local area in the prescribed manner, and shall send an abstract thereof to each local authority concerned.

(2) Any landlord or tenant within the local area may, if he objects to the amount apportioned against him, submit his objection in writing to the Collector within six months of the publication of the final estimate or within sixty days of the publication of the said statement, whichever date is later, on one or more of the following grounds, namely:—

(a) that the land held by him has not been benefited by the improvement;

(b) that a material mistake has been made in the degree of benefit, if any, estimated to have been derived from the improvement;

(c) that he holds no land, or interest in the land, in the local area.

(3) The order of the Collector on any objection under this section shall be final.

*Sanitary Improvement Bill, 1920.**(Apportionment and recovery of costs.—Miscellaneous.—Clauses 21—27.)*

Collector to republish modified statement.

21. If, by an order passed under section 20, the Collector proposes materially to modify the apportionment of the cost of work, a statement showing such apportionment shall be republished by him in the village to which such altered portion relates.

Realization of costs due.

22. On the expiry of the period fixed under section 20, sub-section (2), for the submission of objections to the detailed statement, the Collector shall confirm the statement, with modifications, if any, and shall proceed in the prescribed manner to recover from the local authority or person, landlord or tenant concerned, the amount of the cost due from them.

Power of landlord to pay the cost apportioned against tenant.

23. In the case of an agricultural work, a landlord may elect to pay the amount of cost apportioned against the tenant, and in such case the improvement effected by such work shall be deemed to be an improvement within the meaning of section 76 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, and the landlord shall be entitled to apply for an enhancement of rent under the provisions of clause (c) of section 30 of that Act.

VIII of 1885.

Recovery of dues as arrears of land-revenue.

24. All sums or instalments due under a statement published under section 20 or republished under section 21, shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land-revenue.

[Cf. Ben. Act V of 1914, s. 113.]

Miscellaneous.

Compensation for consequential damage.

25. Whenever any land other than land taken or acquired for the purposes of this Act, or any right of fishery, right of drainage, right of the use of water, or other right of property, is injuriously affected by any act done or any work executed under this Act, the person in whom such property or right is vested may prefer a claim by petition to the Collector, for compensation :

[Cf. Ben. Act II of 1882, s. 38.]

Provided that the refusal to execute any work for which application is made, and the refusal of permission to execute any work for the execution of which the permission of the Collector or any other authority is required under this Act, shall not be deemed acts on account of which a claim for compensation can be preferred under this section.

Limitation to claim for compensation.

26. No claim under section 25 shall be entertained which is made later than two years next after the completion of the work by which such right is injuriously affected.

[Cf. Ben. Act II of 1882, s. 39.]

Procedure for determining compensation.

27. When any such claim is made, proceedings shall be taken with a view to determine the amount of compensation, if any, which should be made and the person to whom the same should be payable, so far as possible in accordance with the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894.

[Cf. Ben. Act II of 1882, s. 40.]

I of 1894.

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(Miscellaneous.—Clauses 28—30.)*

Matters to be considered in determining compensation.

28. In any such case which is referred to the Judge and assessors for the purpose of determining whether any, and, if so, what amount of compensation should be awarded, the Judge and assessors shall take into consideration—

[Cf. Ben. Act II of 1882, s. 41.]

First, the market value of the property or right injuriously affected at the time when the act was done or the work executed;

Secondly, the damage sustained by the claimant by reason of such act or work injuriously affecting the property or right;

Thirdly, the consequent diminution of the market value of the property or right injuriously affected when the act was done or the work executed;

Fourthly, whether any person has derived, or will derive, benefit from the act or work in respect of which the compensation is claimed, or from any work connected therewith, in which case they shall set off the estimated value of such benefit, if any, against the compensation which would otherwise be decreed to such person:

Provided that the Judge or assessors shall not take into consideration—

First, the degree of urgency which has led to the act or work being done or executed;

Secondly, any damage sustained by the claimant, which, if caused by a private person, would not in any suit instituted against such person justify a decree for damages.

Drainage works subject to laws relating to public embankments.

29. All outlets and water-channels, natural or artificial, included in a scheme under this Act, whether reconstructed, cleared, altered, enlarged, excavated or cut under this Act or not, and the construction and maintenance of embankments and dams and works thereon or connected therewith, shall be subject to the law for the time being in force regulating the construction and maintenance of public embankments, rivers, channels and outlets.

[Cf. Ben. Act VIII of 1895, s. 26.]

Lands and works how to be vested.

30. All lands which are taken or acquired permanently under this Act for the purpose of a scheme, and all works constructed under this Act, including all masonry and timber works, water-channels, embankments and dams included within the scheme, whether reconstructed, cleared, altered, enlarged, excavated or cut under this Act or not, shall be vested in the Collector on behalf of the Secretary of State, or in the local authority or authorities within whose jurisdiction the lands lie or the work is carried out as the Local Government may, by general or special order, direct:

[Cf. Ben. Act VI of 1880, s. 47; Ben. Act VIII of 1895, s. 28.]

Provided that when the total cost of any work has been paid by any local authority or person, the said lands and works may, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, vest in such local authority or person.

*Sanitary Improvement Bill, 1920.**(Miscellaneous.—Clauses 31—36.)*

Maintenance of works **31.** The local authority or person in whom the lands or works are vested under the proviso to section 30 shall be responsible for the maintenance of the works constructed, subject to such rules as may be prescribed: [Cf. Ben. Act VIII of 1895, s. 28.]

Provided that if the Collector is satisfied that the works are not being properly maintained, he shall report, through the Commissioner, to the Local Government, who may direct that the duty of maintenance be undertaken by the Local Government for a specified period.

Local Government to administer capitalized cost of maintenance

32. All sums recovered as the estimated capital cost of the maintenance of works constructed under this Act shall be administered by the Local Government in the prescribed manner.

Penalty for constructing weirs, etc., obstructing public drainage

33. (1) Any person who, without lawful authority, erects, or causes to be erected, any weir or other obstruction in any outlet or water-channel, or cultivates the bed of a water-channel, so as to obstruct natural drainage, shall, upon conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred rupees for every such offence. [Cf. Ben. Act VIII of 1895, s. 27.]

(2) It shall be in the discretion of such Magistrate to direct any such offender to remove and pay for the entire cost of the removal of any such obstruction.

Powers of the Commissioner, etc., in taking evidence

34. The Commissioner, the Collector, the Sanitary Board and a committee appointed under section 9 shall have all such powers as are conferred on a Civil Court by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for the purpose of compelling the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence, and for the purpose of examining witnesses in any inquiry or appeal, as the case may be, which they may be empowered to make or entertain under this Act. [Cf. Ben. Act VIII of 1895, s. 29.]
Act V of 1908

Proceedings not to be invalidated by irregularities.

35. No proceeding under this Act shall be defeated or invalidated by reason of any defect or omission in the publication or service of any notification, notice or order, unless material injury is done to any person by such defect or omission. [Cf. Ben. Act VIII of 1895, s. 30.]

Power of Local Government to make rules.

36. (1) The Local Government may, after previous publication, make rules to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, the Local Government may make rules—

- (a) prescribing the circumstances under which the Collector may certify a work to be an agricultural work;
- (b) fixing the rate of interest to be paid, and the dates from and to which interest on all recoverable deposits or advances are to be paid, under sub-clause (e) of clause (3) of section 2;

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- (c) fixing the amount of the costs of the work involved in a scheme in excess of which such scheme shall be deemed to be a major scheme, and prescribing the circumstances under which the Collector or the Engineer may certify a scheme to be a major scheme;
- (d) prescribing the manner in which inquiries are to be made by the Collector under section 3;
- (e) prescribing the manner in which a scheme is to be prepared under section 5, sub-section (1);
- (f) prescribing the manner of publication of a notice under section 6, a copy of the final statement of cost and the map under section 18, sub-section (2), and a copy of the detailed statement under section 20, sub-section (1), and of the republication of the detailed statement under section 21;
- (g) regulating the deposit of costs and the furnishing of security under clause (a) of section 7;
- (h) prescribing the manner in which the objections or suggestions referred to in section 7 shall be considered;
- (i) prescribing the manner in which a scheme may be modified, if necessary, under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 8, and the manner and conditions for financing and distributing the cost of the work involved in such scheme under sub-section (3) of that section;
- (j) determining the constitution of the committee referred to in section 9, and regulating the conduct of business at meetings of the committee;
- (k) prescribing the manner and conditions for financing and distributing the cost of the work involved in a scheme under section 11 and, if necessary, the manner in which a scheme may be modified under that section;
- (l) prescribing the method for carrying out the work involved in a scheme under section 14, sub-section (1);
- (m) prescribing the manner of depositing or giving security for the cost referred to in section 15, sub-section (1), and the manner in which the cost referred to in sub-section (2) of that section is to be advanced or met;
- (n) prescribing the manner in which the Collector is to prepare the detailed statement and apportion the share of the cost under section 19;
- (o) prescribing the manner for re-apportioning the cost of the work under section 21;
- (p) prescribing the manner in which the Collector shall recover costs under section 22;

*Sanitary Improvement Bill, 1920.**(Miscellaneous.—Clause 37.)*

- (q) prescribing the conditions subject to which lands and works shall vest in a local authority or person under the proviso to section 30 ;
- (r) for the maintenance of works under section 31 ;
- (s) determining the manner in which the sums referred to in section 32 shall be administered ;
- (t) prescribing the forms of accounts, surveys, plans, maps, estimates, statements and reports ;
- (u) regulating the instalments by which, and the mode in which, sums payable under this Act shall be paid ; and
- (v) regulating the powers and duties of any officer or person under this Act.

Repeal.

37. The following enactments are hereby repealed, namely :—

(a) the Bengal Drainage Act, 1880 ;

(b) the Bengal Drainage (Amendment) Act, 1902 ;
and

(c) the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895 :

Ben. Act VI
of 1880.

Ben. Act II
of 1902.

Ben. Act
VIII of 1895.

Provided that in the case of any scheme or work which has, at the commencement of this Act, been completed under the Bengal Drainage Act, 1880, or the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895, the costs of such scheme or work shall be recoverable in accordance with the provisions of those Acts, as if this Act had not been passed :

Provided also that any scheme or work of whatever nature commenced under either of the aforesaid Acts, and not completed before the commencement of this Act, shall, so far as it is not inconsistent with this Act, be deemed to have been commenced thereunder.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

IN the Bengal Presidency, especially the Burdwan and Presidency divisions, there is a considerable demand for the execution of drainage projects for sanitary as well as agricultural purposes, both large and small. The legal mechanism for such projects is contained in various Acts, viz.:—the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883 (XIX of 1883), the Bengal Embankment Act, 1882 (Ben. Act II of 1882), the Bengal Drainage Act, 1880 (Ben. Act VI of 1880), and the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895 (Ben. Act VIII of 1895). These Acts are, however, neither sufficiently suitable or effective in every case, nor simple enough in the case of small schemes. The relevant sections of the Bengal Tenancy Act, even though coupled with the Land Improvement Loans Act, are practically inoperative; the application of the Bengal Embankment Act is necessarily limited. The procedure prescribed in the Bengal Drainage and the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Acts is more applicable to large schemes, whilst the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, as its name implies, cannot be utilised for purely agricultural projects. Moreover, even for large schemes, the procedure of these two Acts is unnecessarily rigid, cumbrous and dilatory. The Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act is the less elaborate of the two, but there are many matters in the Bengal Drainage Act which should be inserted in statutory rules rather than in the law. Neither Act contains provision for the execution of works initiated by private individuals or bodies of agriculturists registered under the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912 (II of 1912). Finally, the provisions of both Acts for the apportionment and recovery of costs are unnecessarily rigid. It is, therefore, desired to consolidate and amend the Bengal Drainage Act and the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act with a view to the promotion of agricultural and sanitary works of improvement generally.

From the above it will appear that the main fault of the present law on the subject is its lack of elasticity. The present Bill has, therefore, been drafted so as to contain only the essentials of the procedure; details have been relegated to statutory rules which can be altered in accordance with changes in conditions or experience. The Bill is designed to cover both large and small schemes which are initiated or can be executed by any person or body of persons, such as a Co-operative Society, or local authority.

For small schemes a simple procedure has been evolved, whilst a more elaborate procedure has been prescribed for large schemes, involving a reference to a committee appointed *ad hoc*, the Sanitary Board and Government. The Bill provides for the payment by the applicant or for an advance from public funds of the costs of the proposed improvement; and for the recovery of costs, or of a portion thereof, from the landlords and tenants of the area benefited by the improvement. In the latter case the rigid and sometimes inequitable provisions of the Bengal Drainage and Bengal Sanitary Drainage Acts have been avoided. On the analogy of section 114 of the Bengal Tenancy Act it is proposed that each apportionment order should follow the merits of each particular case, and that the costs should be recovered from the individual landlords and tenants of the area benefited.

NOTES ON CLAUSES.

Clause 1.—Sub-clause (2) provides that the proposed Act shall extend to the whole of Bengal, with the exception of the town of Calcutta and municipal areas. The Act has, however, been made applicable to municipal areas in the case of a scheme which jointly affects any area to which the Act extends and a municipal area.

Sub-clause (3).—It has been provided that the Act shall be brought into force by notification in order to permit of rules being prepared before the Act comes into force.

Clause 2.—"agricultural work".—This definition empowers the Collector to certify what work is to be regarded as agricultural work.

"Collector".—This definition is based on the provisions of section 3 of the Bengal Drainage Act, 1880, but also provides for the selection by the Commissioner of an officer in the case of a scheme relating to land lying in more than one district. It also includes an officer appointed by the Local Government to discharge the functions of the Collector under the proposed Act.

"cost".—This definition follows to some extent the provisions of section 18 of the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895, and enumerates the various items which make up the cost of a work under the proposed Act.

"Engineer".—This definition is based on the provisions of section 2(h) of the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895, but is somewhat wider. In very petty schemes it is possible for the applicant to be appointed his own Engineer.

"landlord".—This definition follows the definition of this term in section 3(4) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885.

"local authority".—This definition follows to some extent section 3(23) of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899, but includes a Local Board which may be entrusted by the Government to carry out schemes under the proposed Act.

"major scheme" and "minor scheme".—A major scheme is one in which more than one local authority is concerned or which the Local Government prescribe by rule as involving an expenditure exceeding a certain amount or which is certified by the Collector or Engineer to be a major scheme. All other schemes are to be treated as minor schemes.

"Sanitary Board".—This definition has been framed in such a way as to permit the Local Government to appoint the Board.

"tenant".—This definition is based on section 3(3) of the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895, but also includes a rent-free holder or temporary occupier of land and a shop-keeper.

Clause 3 prescribes the procedure to be followed by the Collector on receipt of an application for the consideration of any work for the improvement, or for the prevention of the deterioration, of the agricultural or sanitary condition of any area.

Clause 4.—This clause follows to some extent the provisions of section 11 of the Bengal Embankment Act, 1882, and provides for the action to be taken by the Collector after the necessary inquiries in connection with the proposed work have been completed. An appeal to the Commissioner is provided in a case when the Collector considers that the proposed work should not be done.

Clause 5 is based on section 6 of the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895, and under its provisions the Collector can direct the Engineer to prepare a scheme for any work which it has been decided should be proceeded with.

Clause 6 requires a scheme to be published in order that any objections or suggestions thereon may be submitted.

Clauses 7 and 8 contain a brief and simple procedure in the case of small schemes, the idea being to avoid the unnecessary constitution of a committee with consequent references to Government. An appeal to the Commissioner is provided for against every order made by the Collector under sub-clause (1) of clause 8.

Clause 9.—By this clause provision is made for the appointment of a committee in the case of major schemes in which local authorities and landed and other interests are to be represented.

Clause 10 provides that the committee shall consider a major scheme and may accept or reject it, an appeal to the Sanitary Board being allowed against every such order made by the committee. Power is also given to the Local Government to appeal to the Sanitary Board when a scheme is rejected by the committee.

Clause 11 requires the committee to forward a scheme accepted under the provisions of clause 10 to the Sanitary Board for consideration.

Clause 12.—Under this clause the Sanitary Board will have to report to the Local Government after considering a scheme.

Clause 13 empowers the Local Government to reject the report of the Sanitary Board or to accept it with such modifications as they may consider necessary.

Clause 14.—*Sub-clause (1)* provides for the carrying out of a scheme by the Collector when it has been accepted under clause 8 or clause 13. In the case of major schemes the Collector has to proceed in accordance with Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, in regard to the preparation or revision of a record-of-rights.

Sub-clause (2) enables the Collector to acquire under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, any land required for the purposes of any work under sub-clause (1).

Clause 15.—This clause gives power to stay proceedings under the proposed Act until any requisition that may be made for the deposit or security for costs is complied with.

Clause 16 gives power to certain persons to enter into or upon lands to carry out works under the proposed Act.

Clause 17 is based on section 27 of the Bengal Drainage Act, 1880, and provides that on the completion of any work, the Engineer is to submit to the Collector a final report accompanied by a statement of the items of the cost of the work and a copy of the map of the local area benefited or improved.

Clause 18 prescribes the procedure to be followed by the Collector on receipt of a final report. The Collector is to prepare a final estimate of the cost of the work and to publish the same with a copy of the map submitted under clause 17.

Clause 19.—Under this clause the Collector is to prepare a detailed statement showing the distribution of costs between the parties concerned and to apportion the share of the costs recoverable from such parties.

Clause 20.—This clause prescribes the procedure as regards the publication of a detailed statement and the hearing of objections, etc., in respect of such statement.

Clause 21.—This clause provides that if the Collector proposes materially to modify the apportionment of the cost of any work, he is to republish the modified statement.

Clause 22 deals with the realization of costs due from the local authority or person concerned in a scheme.

Clause 23 gives power to a landlord to pay the cost apportioned against a tenant. In such cases the improvement effected by such work is to be deemed an improvement within the meaning of section 76 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885.

Clause 24.—This clause is based on section 113 of the Chittagong Port Act, 1914, and prescribes that the dues under the proposed Act shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land-revenue.

Clauses 25, 26, 27 and 28.—These clauses are based on sections 38, 39, 40 and 41, respectively, of the Bengal Embankment Act, 1882, and deal

with compensation for consequential damage and the method of assessment and determination of such compensation. Clause 26 prescribes a limitation of two years for a claim for compensation.

Clause 29.—This clause, which prescribes that drainage works shall be subject to the existing laws relating to public embankments, is based on section 26 of the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895.

Clause 30.—This clause corresponds to section 47 of the Bengal Drainage Act, 1880, and section 28 of the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895. It provides for the vesting of land and works in the Collector, but when the total cost of any work is paid by any local authority or person, the said land and works are to vest in such local authority or person.

Clause 31 corresponds to section 28 of the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895, and provides for the maintenance of the works constructed.

Clause 32 authorises the Local Government to administer the capitalized cost of the maintenance of works constructed under the proposed Act.

Clause 33 is based on section 27 of the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895, and prescribes a penalty for constructing weirs, etc., which obstruct any public drainage.

Clause 34 corresponds to section 29 of the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act 1895, and provides that the Commissioner, the Collector, the Sanitary Board and a committee appointed under section 9, shall have the powers of a Civil Court in respect of the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence for the purposes of any inquiry or appeal under the proposed Act.

Clause 35 is based on section 30 of the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895, and the object of the clause is to prevent proceedings under this Act being invalidated by irregularities.

Clause 36.—This is a general rule-making clause in regard to the various matters dealt with under the proposed Act.

Clause 37 repeals Bengal Act VI of 1880, Bengal Act II of 1902 and Bengal Act VIII of 1895, but contains a saving clause in respect of the recovery of the costs of any scheme or work completed before the date when the proposed Act will come into operation. It also saves any scheme or work commenced but not completed before that date.

J. G. CUMMING.

Member-in-charge.

J. F. GRAHAM,

*Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal and
Secy. to the Bengal Legislative Council.*



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1920.

PART IVA.

Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Bengal Legislative Council assembled under the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1915.

THE Council met in the Council Chamber at Government House, Calcutta, on Friday, the 5th March, 1920, at 11 A.M.

Present :

The Hon'ble SIR HENRY WHEELER, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., *presiding.*

The Hon'ble MR. J. G. CUMMING, C.S.I., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble SIR BIJAY CHAND MAHTAB, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., I.O.M., MAHARAJA-DHIRAJA BAHADUR OF BURDWAN.

The Hon'ble MR. H. L. STEPHENSON, C.S.I., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble MAJOR-GENERAL W. H. B. ROBINSON, C.B., I.M.S.

The Hon'ble MR. F. J. MONAHAN.

The Hon'ble MR. L. S. S. O'MALLEY, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble MR. G. N. ROY.

The Hon'ble MR. A. MARR.

The Hon'ble MR. M. C. MCALPIN.

The Hon'ble MR. F. A. A. COWLEY, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. W. HORNELL, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. F. PAYNE.

The Hon'ble KHAN BAHADUR MAULVI AMINUL ISLAM.

The Hon'ble IHTISHAM-UL-MULK RAIS-UD-DAULA AMIR-UL-OMRAH NAWAB
SIR ASIF QADR SAIYID WASIF 'ALI MIRZA KHAN BAHADUR MAHARAT
JANG, K.C.S.L., K.C.V.O., NAWAB BAHADUR OF MURSHIDABAD.

The Hon'ble SIR RAJENDRA NATH MOOKERJEE, K.C.I.E.

The Hon'ble SIR NILRATAN SARKAR, Kt.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. H. H. ARDEN-WOOD, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble RAJA HRISHIKESH LAHA, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. CATICART.

The Hon'ble Mr. PROVASH CHUNDER MITTER, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble BABU SIV NARAYAN MUKHARJI.

The Hon'ble BABU BROJENDRA KISHOR RAY CHAUDHURI.

The Hon'ble SIR DEBA PRASAD SARBADHIKARI, Kt., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble RAI DEBENDER CHUNDER GHOSE BAHADUR.

The Hon'ble RAI RADHA CHARAN PAL BAHADUR.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. O. GRAZEBROOK.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. H. PHELPS.

The Hon'ble MAULVI ABUL KASEM.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. ASHRAF ALI KHAN CHAUDHURI.

The Hon'ble KHAN SAHIB AMAN ALL.

The Hon'ble BABU BHABENDRA CHANDRA RAY.

The Hon'ble BABU AKHIL CHANDRA DATTA.

The Hon'ble RAI MAHENDRA CHANDRA MITRA BAHADUR.

The Hon'ble BABU SURENDRA NATH RAY.

The Hon'ble BABU KISHORI MOHAN CHAUDHURI.

*Questions and Answers.***The President said :—**

"Before we proceed with the business that is before us, I have been asked to read to the Council the following letter which has been received by the Secretary to the Council from Lord Sinha of Raipur in reference to a resolution carried in this Council on the 3rd February last :—

17. ELYSIUM Row :
Calcutta, the 13th February 1920.

DEAR SIR,

I beg to acknowledge with thanks your letter No. 136L., of the 9th February, and shall feel obliged by your duly conveying to the Bengal Legislative Council my grateful thanks for their resolution of the 3rd February, 1920, conveying their congratulations to the British Parliament, the Right Hon'ble Mr. Montagu and myself on the passage of the recent Parliamentary Statute for the better government of India.

I remain,

Yours truly,

(Sd.) SINHA.

I am desired by His Excellency also to make mention of one other matter. It has probably been noticed by Hon'ble Members that subsequent to the publication of the report of the recent Rents Committee there has been a certain amount of criticism of their findings, particularly in the matter of the proposal for legislation. and the hope has been expressed in various quarters that at to-day's meeting of Council some pronouncement will be made as to the intentions of the Government of Bengal in the matter. I may say that while the details of legislation are under reference to the Government of India, and cannot be published pending receipt of their orders, it is the intention of the Bengal Government to propose in this Council legislation on the subject of rents in Calcutta, and we hope to make details of our proposals known in a very few days."

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 2.

STARRED QUESTIONS. •

The following questions which had been starred were put and answered :—

By the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur :—

*1.

(a) Are the Government aware of the fact that there was a very heavy mortality last year owing to cholera having broken out in an epidemic form in Saugor Island and in Calcutta, during the Ganga Saugor *Mêla*, for which no adequate medical and sanitary measures were, or could be, taken by the District Board of the 24-Parganas? Epidemics on the Ganga Saugor *Mêla*.

(b) Will the Government be pleased to state what precautions, if any, were taken to prevent an outbreak of cholera and other epidemics at these places during the said *mêla* this year?

(c) Has the attention of the Government been drawn to the risk which the inhabitants of the locality and the surrounding areas run by being exposed to the danger of infection from the decomposition of the filth that accumulates during the *mêla* and which is left to rot?

(d) If so, are the Government considering the desirability of taking such action as they may think proper for the destruction of such filth either by burning or by any other suitable method?

Questions and Answers.

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

“(a) and (b) A statement containing the information asked for is laid on the table.

“(c) and (d) The Hon'ble Member is referred to the reply given under the head ‘Sanitary precautions adopted after the *mêla*.’ The remarks of the Hon'ble Member will be brought to the notice of the District Board of the 24-Parganas.”

Statement referred to in the answer to question No. 1 (a) and (b) (starred).

There was a severe outbreak of cholera at the *mêla* held in 1919 which caused regrettable mortality. Inquiry having shown that the arrangements hitherto made were not adequate to prevent the outbreak of epidemic disease and limit the spread of infection, Government intervened in order to ensure that satisfactory arrangements were made during the *mêla* held in January, 1920. The arrangements may be classified under four heads, viz:—

- (1) arrangements for the embarkation and disembarkation of pilgrims in Calcutta;
- (2) arrangements on board the steamers conveying pilgrims to and from Saugor Island;
- (3) arrangements at the *mêla* itself; and
- (4) sanitary precautions after the *mêla*.

(1) *Arrangements in Calcutta.*—The experience of previous years had shown that the congregation of *sadhus* and other pilgrims at different steamer ghats in Calcutta was open to grave objection from the public health point of view. Arrangements were accordingly made for the embarkation of the pilgrims at Matiabruz in Garden Reach under the control of the Port Health Officer. He was assisted by the Health Department of the Calcutta Corporation, which supplied doctors and attendants. The co-operation of the Marwari Association was secured and the labour corps from the depôt close by also gave valuable help in preparing and clearing the ground. With the help of the Executive Engineer, Kidderpore, a large plot of land was prepared for the use of pilgrims. Latrines were erected, shelters constructed and three drinking water tanks set up, a continuous supply of water being given by the Corporation: this supply was greatly appreciated by the pilgrims. A small hospital was erected, which was efficiently managed by the Bengali Company of the St. John's Ambulance Brigade. Medical officers inspected all passengers as they went on board, and several cases of small-pox, as well as of fever and leprosy, were detected and detained. As soon as each steamer was full, the Port Health Officer went on board and saw that there was no overcrowding.

Arrangements were also made for disembarkation at Matiabruz in the event of any outbreak of disease. An Assistant Port Health Officer met the steamers below Budge Budge on their return and telephoned to the Port Health Officer the condition of each vessel. They were examined by the Port Health Officer at the Surinam depôt, and all but two were allowed to proceed to the East Indian Railway jetty at Howrah and to Outram Ghat, where the passengers were disembarked. Two vessels were detained, of which one had two cases of small-pox and the other had two cases of cholera. These patients and their contacts were promptly removed and the patients sent to hospital by ambulance, the contacts being accommodated at the Surinam depôt. The rest of the passengers were allowed to proceed to their homes after medical examination.

Questions and Answers.

(2) *Arrangements on the steamers.*—Special rules for the medical relief and protection against epidemic disease of persons proceeding by steamers to *mêlas* were issued in notification No. 2 Marine, dated 6th January, 1920, of which a copy is laid on the table. The Surgeon-General supplied assistant surgeons and medical students to accompany the pilgrims on the steamers and flats; they were supplied with outfits of drugs chosen by the Port Health Officer and paid for by the steamer companies. A small hospital space was arranged for in each steamer and flat. Each flat and steamer was inspected and the number that each could carry was fixed; and before they were allowed to embark passengers, they were again inspected to see that the water supply and feeding arrangements were according to the rules. These arrangements were scrupulously carried out by the India General and River Steam Navigation Companies and by Messrs. Hoare, Miller & Co., whose co-operation Government desire to acknowledge.

(3) *Arrangements at the Mêla.*—The Sanitary Engineer, the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner for the Presidency Circle and the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner (Dr. Ghosh who was on special duty in connection with the *mêla*) visited Saugor Island during the Christmas holidays, and, in consultation with the Vice-Chairman of the District Board, settled on sites for a cistern for a pipe-water supply, latrines and cholera sheds. After his return Dr. Ghosh was in constant consultation with the District Board regarding medical and sanitary arrangements and with the Marwari Association, the Ramkrishna Mission and other charitable societies regarding medical help.

The Sanitary Commissioner deputed the following officers to the *mêla*:—a Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, two assistant surgeons, and five sub-assistant surgeons; the Sanitary Commissioner himself was also present at the *mêla* and supervised operations on the 15th January. An officer of the Sanitary Engineer's Department was in charge of the pipe-water supply, which Government installed at the instance of the Sanitary Commissioner. The District Board employed an assistant surgeon as medical officer in charge, a sub-assistant surgeon, a compounder and two sanitary inspectors, and also entertained two food inspectors, who were lent by the Calcutta Corporation. The District Board medical officer took over charge of the dispensary and hospital and the services of two steamer doctors were placed at his disposal.

The sanitation of the *mêla* was in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, and each sub-assistant surgeon was placed in charge of a certain area, for the cleanliness of which he was responsible. One hundred sweepers, four domes and eight sarkars were engaged. A certain number were detailed for duty at the hospital, and the remainder was divided into five gangs. The largest gang which was under Dr. Ganguli, of the District Board staff, assisted by one of the Government sub-assistant surgeons, looked after the latrine area. The other four gangs were allotted different areas, a Government sub-assistant surgeon being in charge of each. The sanitary inspector, Diamond Harbour subdivision, was in charge of stores and also helped in the disinfection of tanks and other work.

Special care was taken to protect the sources of water supply. Of the four tanks three, which were reserved for drinking water, were fenced round and disinfected once a day, while the fourth, which contained brackish water, was reserved for bathing and washing, and was disinfected twice or thrice a day. The District Board engaged 48 Brahmins to lift and distribute water from the tanks, and no pilgrim was allowed to dip private vessels into the water. Provision was also made to prevent waste water from flowing back into the tank. At one time the whole arrangement was endangered by the fact that the Brahmin water-carriers became tired out and were ready to throw up the work from fatigue. The situation was saved by the Sanitary Commissioner giving them extra help and by recourse to the pipe supply. The pumps were kept working from early morning to late at night, and an unending stream of pilgrims of all classes, including *sadhus* and high class

Questions and Answers.

Brahmins from up-country, drew water from the eight taps. The fact that pipe water was provided was greatly appreciated by the pilgrims.

Besides the disinfectants provided by the District Board the Sanitary Commissioner sent 50 gallons of chlorogen and a considerable amount of phenyle and crude petroleum. Subsequently the Sanitary Commissioner arranged for a further supply of 50 gallons of chlorogen for the purpose of disinfecting drinking water tanks along the boat and road tracks leading to the *mêla*. A supply of cholera vaccine was sent to the *mêla*, while lymph for vaccination was provided both on the steamers and at the *mêla*.

There were four cases of cholera at the *mêla*, but owing to the precautions adopted there was no spread of the disease; there were also three cases of small-pox among pilgrims returning from the *mêla*. There were only three deaths at the *mêla*, viz., two from cholera and one from pneumonia. It is estimated that there were 50,000 persons at the *mêla* and the result must be regarded as creditable to all concerned.

(4) *Sanitary precautions adopted after mêla.*—Every effort was made to leave the *mêla* ground as clean as possible. Excreta were buried as far as practicable; combustible material was disposed of by burning and other rubbish was collected in heaps and sprinkled with disinfectants. The District Board sanitary inspector was sent with a liberal supply of chlorogen to disinfect tanks at the halting places used by the pilgrims, while the Government sanitary staff disinfected tanks between Diamond Harbour and Shikarpar.

Rules referred to in the Statement to clauses (a) and (b) of Question No. 1 (starred) of the 5th March, 1920.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th January 1920.

No. 2 Marine.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 54 and 67 of the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917 (1 of 1917), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the protection of passengers on inland steam-vessels or vessels propelled by electricity or other mechanical power proceeding to *melas* (fairs) against the spread of plague and other epidemic diseases by persons travelling in such vessels and for affording proper medical aid on board such vessels to those passengers who suffer from such epidemic or other diseases. These rules are supplementary to those published under notification No. 82 Marine, dated the 16th August 1918.

Rules.

1. *Definition.*—In these rules *mêla* means a periodical gathering of a large number of people for religious or other lawful purposes.

2. Every owner or master of a steam-vessel or vessel propelled by electricity or other mechanical power carrying passengers to *melas* shall have on board—

- (a) a duly qualified doctor with sufficient medicines and with the necessary transfusion apparatus for the treatment of cholera cases;
- (b) drinking water at one gallon per head *per diem* or such less quantity as the Local Government may prescribe for each passenger carried, for supply free of charge to the passengers: and
- (c) a supply of one of the disinfectants mentioned in the list maintained by the Sanitary Commissioner, Bengal, and in such quantity for every 100 passengers as may be prescribed in the said list.

Questions and Answers.

3. Every owner or master of a steam-vessel or vessel propelled by electricity or other mechanical power shall provide—

- (a) adequate segregation and hospital accommodation on deck at the stern of the steam-vessel to the satisfaction of the Sanitary Commissioner, Bengal, or such officer as he may depute for the purpose before the steam-vessel proceeds on her journey;
- (b) proper facilities for the supply of wholesome food for passengers and the control of such supply of food by the sanitary or medical authorities; and
- (c) adequate latrine accommodation to the satisfaction of the Sanitary Commissioner, Bengal, or such officer as he may depute for the purpose.

4. Any person committing a breach of any of the above rules excepting rule 2 (b) shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both, and in the case of a breach of rule 2 (b) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

F. A. A. COWLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

By the Hon'ble Rai Radha Charan Pal Bahadur:—

***II.**

(a) Is it a fact that a time scale of pay has recently been sanctioned in the lower grade for the Accounts offices, viz., the offices of the Accountant-General, Bengal, Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs, and Deputy Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs?

Sanction of a time scale pay in the Accounts offices.

(b) If so, will the Government be pleased to state what are the rates of pay sanctioned in these offices and their maximum limit of increment ordinarily?

(c) Is it a fact that the work required of clerks in these offices in the lower grade is more onerous and responsible than that of the Bengal Secretariat in the same grade?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

“(a), (b) and (c) The Hon'ble Member is referred to the replies given to-day to similar questions asked by the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—

***III.**

(a) Is it a fact that of late two Sessions Judges have been employed on the trial of criminal cases at Rajshahi?

Crime in Rajshahi.

(b) Is it also a fact that the two Government pleaders in Rajshahi are finding themselves unable to cope with the Sessions business?

(c) Are the Government aware that crime has of late increased in the district of Rajshahi to an appalling extent?

(d) Have the Government instituted any inquiry into the causes of this increase in crime in the Rajshahi district?

(e) Is there any truth in the allegation that this increase is due in some measure to the inability of the Police to detect crime?

(f) Are the Government in a position to say to what other causes this increase of crime is due?

*Questions and Answers.***Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—**

“(a) Yes.

(b) Government are not aware, nor have they reason to believe, that the two Government pleaders are unable to cope with the work.

(c) An increase of crime occurred in the district of Rajshahi in the latter part of the year 1918, and continued during the first quarter of the year 1919, since when crime has steadily declined.

(d) Inquiry has been made by the Inspector-General of Police, the Deputy Inspector-General, Rajshahi Range, and the Deputy Inspector-General, Criminal Investigation Department.

(e) The allegation is too vague to permit of specific reply.

(f) The officers who examined the matter considered that the increase was primarily due to the effects of the flood which occurred in the latter half of the year 1918, which caused economic distress.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—***IV.**

Investigation
of crime by
Deputy
Superintendents
of Police.

(a) Is it a fact that deputy superintendents of police at headquarters of Districts are seldom sent to investigate into occurrences of crime, and that when they are sent they are not allowed to remain on this duty for any length of time?

(b) If the answer to clause (a) is in the affirmative, will the Government be pleased to state the reason why their experience is not availed of in the investigation of cases?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

“(a) The functions of deputy superintendents of police are laid down in Police Regulations, Bengal, Volume I, Rule 125 (2). They are not generally employed in the investigation of cases, but are freely empowered by Superintendents of Police to supervise important investigations. Full discretion is given to them as to the time to be devoted to the supervision of specific cases.

(b) Their experience is utilised in the supervision of investigations.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—***V.**

Village
chaukidars.

(a) Is it a fact that village chaukidars are paid Rs. 5 only per month?

(b) Is it a fact that these village chaukidars are not whole-time men and that they are compelled to take up other occupations for their livelihood?

(c) Are the Government aware of an opinion that has been expressed that these chaukidars can hardly be expected under these conditions to work satisfactorily as police officers?

(d) Are the Government considering the desirability of appointing a committee or of taking such other steps as they may deem fit to examine the question of these chaukidars with a view to making them more serviceable by employing them as whole-time men on increased emoluments?

*Questions and Answers.***Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—**

"(a) Under the Chaukidari Act the pay of chaukidars is fixed at a minimum of Rs. 2 and a maximum of Rs. 6. Under the Village Self-Government Act no maximum or minimum is imposed, but the pay is determined from time to time by the District Magistrate after consideration of the views of the union board. In most districts of the province the pay is now Rs. 6.

(b) and (d) Chaukidars are not whole time servants and their pay is fixed upon this basis. The question of making them whole time servants has been discussed on many occasions, and the conclusion arrived at was that the balance of advantage lies with the present system. It is not proposed to reopen the question now.

(c) The question of the sufficiency of the pay of chaukidars in Bengal on a part time basis was discussed in the report of the Bengal District Administration Committee, where it was shown that the pay in Bengal compared not unfavourably with that in other provinces."

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—

*VI.

(a) Is it a fact that during the short absence during the Xmas holidays of Babu Becharam Lahiri, Pleader, Krishnagar, from his Krishnagar house, on his visit to Amritsar to attend the Indian National Congress as a Nadia delegate, both the General and Intelligence Branch Police annoyed his servants and children by repeatedly demanding his whereabouts from them on six different days?

Alleged police annoyance of Babu Becharam Lahiri.

(b) Are the Government aware of the fact that his departure from Krishnagar was announced in a Calcutta daily newspaper?

(c) Is it also a fact that the said Babu Becharam Lahiri, on his return to Krishnagar, complained to the Superintendent of Police, of Krishnagar about the occurrences referred to in clause (a) and that the Superintendent of Police offered a verbal apology to him on behalf of the Nadia Police and censured the officer in question?

(d) Will the Government be pleased to state whether the police had any authority to make the inquiries referred to in clause (a)?

(e) Are the Government considering the desirability of issuing instructions to the Police with a view to prevent the recurrence of such incidents in future?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

"(a) It is a fact that the Nadia police made certain inquiries at the house of Babu Becharam Lahiri during his absence. No inquiry was made by the Intelligence Branch.

(b) No.

(c) The Superintendent of Police immediately took up Babu Becharam Lahiri's complaint and found that unnecessary inquiries had been made in a tactless manner by his subordinates. He at once took disciplinary action and expressed his regret to Babu Becharam Lahiri for the trouble and annoyance caused to him.

(d) The police officers concerned exceeded their authority.

(e) Disciplinary action has been taken in this case, and Government do not consider it necessary to issue general instructions."

*Questions and Answers.***UNSTARRED QUESTIONS.***(Answers to which were laid on the table.)***By the Hon'ble Sir Deba Prasad Sarbadhikari:—****1.**

Strengthening
the cadre of the
Provincial
Educational
Service.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state whether they are considering any proposal to strengthen the cadre of the Provincial Educational Service with a view to promote headmasters of Government high schools to that service?

(b) if the answer to (a) be in the affirmative, will the Government be pleased to state when effect will be given to that proposal?

(c) Will the Government be pleased to state whether they contemplate the inclusion of lecturers in Government Colleges in the Provincial Educational Service?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

"(a) and (b) Government have sanctioned, with effect from 21st September, 1919, the addition to the Provincial Educational Service cadre of 30 posts to be filled by headmasters of Government high schools.

(c) This measure is not at present contemplated by Government. The Hon'ble Member is referred to the explanation given by the Hon'ble Mr. Wordsworth on 15th March, 1918, in reply to a resolution on the subject moved by the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri."

By the Hon'ble Sir Deba Prasad Sarbadhikari:—**2.**

Promotions to
the Indian
Educational
Service.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state—

(i) whether it is a fact that a graduate of the Calcutta University, who may specially distinguish himself as a member of the Provincial Civil Service, has a fair prospect of promotion to a post in the Indian Civil Service and of rising to a pay of Rs. 1,500 a month;

(ii) whether it is a fact that a graduate of the Calcutta University, who may specially distinguish himself as a member of the Provincial Educational Service, has now very poor prospects of promotion to a post in the Indian Educational Service and of rising to a pay of even Rs. 1,000 a month; and

(iii) whether it is a fact that none of the eight officers of the Provincial Educational Service recently promoted to the Indian Educational Service will be able, even at the age of 55, to rise to the maximum pay of the incremental scale recently sanctioned for the Indian Educational Service (viz., Rs. 1,250)?

(b) Will the Government be pleased to state whether in future (after the Services have been reorganised in accordance with the recent orders of the Secretary of State) a deserving Provincial Educational Service Officer who may be promoted to the Indian Educational Service will be given a suitable increment of pay at the time of his appointment to the Indian Educational Service so as to enable him to reach before retirement the maximum pay of the incremental scale of the Indian Educational Service (Rs. 1,250), and, if possible, to have also an opportunity of rising to a selection grade before superannuation?

*Questions and Answers.***Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—**

" (a) (i) An officer of the Provincial Civil Service who specially distinguishes himself has a prospect of promotion to one of the eleven superior posts of Magistrate or Judge which are listed as open to members of that service. The maximum pay at present attaching to these posts is Rs. 1,600 (executive) and Rs. 2,000 (judicial); the minimum is Rs. 1,000 (executive) and Rs. 1 200 (judicial)

(ii) and (iii) Until recently, the Indian Educational Service and the Provincial Educational Service were held to be parallel services though on different rates of pay and prospects. The former service was manned almost exclusively by Europeans and the latter by Indians. While this arrangement lasted a graduate of the Calcutta University had no prospects of promotion to the Indian Educational Service, even though he might specially distinguish himself as a member of the Provincial Educational Service, and his pay could not rise above Rs. 700, which is the maximum pay of the Provincial Educational Service. When, a short while ago, the above principle was discarded and a few members of the Provincial Educational Service had to be selected for the Indian Educational Service, the officers selected were naturally senior members of the service many of whom are about to attain the age of superannuation. It is therefore probable that none of the officers recently promoted from the Provincial Educational Service to the Indian Educational Service will attain the pay of Rs. 1,250 by the time of their retirement.

(b) It appears probable from such orders of the Secretary of State as have already been received on the subject that a considerable number of the Provincial Educational Service officers who will hereafter be promoted to the Indian Educational Service will attain the maximum pay of the Indian Educational Service and also have the opportunity of rising to a selection grade before superannuation, but no prediction can be made in a matter of this kind with any degree of certainty, because the age at which the Provincial Educational Service officer concerned is selected for promotion to the Indian Educational Service will be a determining factor."

By the Hon'ble Maulvi A. K. Fazl-ul-Haq:—**3.**

(a) Is it a fact that the clerks of the offices of the Heads of Departments attached to the Bengal Secretariat have submitted memorials to His Excellency for the revision of their pay?

Revision of
the pay of clerk
of the offices
of Heads of
Departments.

(b) If so, what steps have been taken by Government on those memorials?

(c) Is it a fact that the pay of clerks in the offices of the Accountant-General, Bengal, Controller of India Treasuries, Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs, Eastern Bengal Railway, and those employed in other railways and in commercial offices has already been increased?

(d) What steps (if any) are the Government of Bengal taking in the matter of increasing the pay of their own clerks?

(e) Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table a comparative statement showing the average increase in the cost of living since 1910?

(f) Is it a fact that the clerks of the offices of Heads of Departments have received no increase of pay since 1911?

(g) Will the Government be pleased to state whether any steps are contemplated to increase their pay?

Questions and Answers.

(h) Is it a fact that Government have recently revised the pay of lower grade clerks of the Bengal Secretariat?

(i) If so, is there any special reason for not sanctioning a revised scale of pay to the clerks of the Heads of Departments located in Calcutta?

(j) Is it a fact that recruitment in the clerical service in the Bengal Secretariat and attached offices is regulated under Bengal Government Notification No. 13603-Mis., dated the 14th November, 1919?

(k) If so, will the Government be pleased to state whether there is any special reason for differentiating between the minimum pay of the clerks of the attached offices and that of the Secretariat clerks?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

“(a) Yes.

(b) The clerks were informed that owing to financial stringency the proposals could not be entertained at present. The question of raising the minimum pay in the offices of Heads of Departments in Calcutta to Rs. 40 is now under the consideration of Government.

(c) Yes, in the offices named and in the Eastern Bengal, East Indian and Bengal Nagpur Railways. No information is available in respect of other Railways.

(d) The pay of Lower Division clerks has been revised by Government order No 608 T.—F., dated the 25th September, 1919.

(e) A statement is laid on the table.

(f) No.

(g) *Vide* answer to (b).

(h) Yes.

(i) *Vide* answer to (b).

(j) Yes.

(k) As work in the Secretariat is more responsible than, and is of superior character to, that in the offices of Heads of Departments, it is considered justifiable to fix a higher rate of pay for the Secretariat clerks than is given to outside offices.”

Statement referred to in the answer to clause (e) of question No. 3 (unstarred) of the Council meeting of the 5th March, 1920.

Average prices in Calcutta (with index numbers) of the staple articles which generally enter into an Indian family budget from 1910 to 1919.

(Prices in 1910 = 100.)

ARTICLE.	Rate per.	1910.		1911.		1912.		1913.		1914.		1915.		1916.		1917.		1918.		1919.	
		Price.	Index number.	Price.	Index number.	Price.	Index number.	Price.	Index number.	Price.	Index number.	Price.	Index number.	Price.	Index number.	Price.	Index number.	Price.	Index number.	Price.	Index number.
Rice Ballam ^a	maund	8 0 3	100	4 4 6	107	4 9 8	114	5 8 0	137	6 1 6	154	6 5 0	157	5 14 0	144	5 10 6	141	4 8 6	112	7 3 8	180
" Nagra ^a	"	2 15 0	100	3 15 0	100	4 9 0	116	5 2 6	131	5 2 0	130	5 6 0	135	5 6 8	137	5 0 0	127	4 11 0	118	6 15 0	176
" Common	"	4 13 1	100	4 7 4	92	5 3 9	111	5 13 11	122	6 6 11	134	6 5 8	133	6 10 8	134	5 13 11	122	4 12 5	99	7 3 8	149
Average (Rice)	...	...	100	...	100	...	114	...	130	...	133	...	141	...	140	...	130	...	110	...	168
Wheat Flour	maund	7 6 6	100	7 3 0	98	7 13 0	106	7 8 0	102	7 13 0	106	9 1 0	123	7 15 6	109	8 13 0	119	9 1 0	123	11 10 0	188
Roses	"	8 7 0	100	8 7 0	100	8 15 0	100	8 5 3	108	8 5 5	123	8 5 8	108	8 5 7	96	9 1 0	107	9 1 0	107	14 1 0	167
Arhar-Dal	"	4 0 0	100	3 8 0	94	4 6 0	100	4 4 0	100	5 5 5	123	5 15 0	93	5 15 0	95	5 11 0	93	5 1 6	87	11 5 0	243
Kahi-Dal	"	6 4 0	100	6 4 0	100	6 4 0	100	6 4 0	100	6 15 0	104	6 15 0	104	6 15 0	104	6 15 0	104	6 15 0	104	11 5 0	190
Bag-Sona ^a	"	9 2 0	100	8 12 0	94	8 7 0	92	9 10 0	102	9 5 0	104	12 8 0	137	13 12 0	151	13 4 0	145	16 10 0	182	16 0 0	173
Average (Dal)	...	...	100	...	95	...	87	...	104	...	111	...	130	...	135	...	133	...	133	...	199
Sugar (B-15 D. S.) ^a	maund	7 6 3	100	8 4 11	85	8 2 6	110	6 11 2	71	8 14 5	80	10 11 0	145	11 14 3	161	13 10 0	171	8 13 6	120	15 12 6	214
" raw (B-15) ^a	"	5 12 0	100	4 15 0	85	5 2 0	89	5 3 0	89	5 4 0	91	5 1 0	105	6 8 0	115	7 4 0	111	7 8 0	130	15 12 6	214
" (average) ^a	"	6 10 0	100	5 7 6	110	6 2 0	109	6 11 0	101	6 7 4	109	6 9 7	120	8 8 0	124	9 7 7	111	8 0 0	103	15 12 6	214
Chillies	maund	2 0 0	100	2 1 1	105	2 3 7	111	2 1 10	105	2 2 0	100	2 7 8	123	3 10 2	181	3 13 3	131	4 1 11	206	4 0 0	200
Fish—Bohi	"	12 4 0	100	9 10 0	73	9 12 0	74	8 8 0	64	11 0 0	83	13 0 0	98	12 8 0	103	13 0 0	91	13 0 0	91	23 0 0	249
"—Bheki	"	8 0 0	100	6 8 0	84	6 6 0	84	6 9 0	84	6 10 8	131	6 11 6	141	6 10 0	125	6 9 9	132	6 11 0	137	15 0 0	157
Milk	aver	1 8 0	100	1 6 6	94	1 6 6	94	1 7 0	71	1 1 0	71	1 2 0	75	1 4 0	83	1 6 0	92	1 3 0	79	1 5 0	137
Chase	maund	10 0 0	100	10 0 0	100	10 0 0	100	10 0 0	100	10 0 0	100	11 4 0	112	11 4 0	112	11 4 0	112	11 4 0	112	15 0 0	155
To aloo	"	4 0 0	100	4 0 0	100	4 0 0	100	4 0 0	100	4 0 0	100	4 0 0	100	4 0 0	100	4 0 0	100	4 0 0	100	15 0 0	155
Mustard Oil	"	6 9 0	100	6 9 0	100	6 9 0	100	6 9 0	100	6 9 0	100	6 9 0	100	6 9 0	100	6 9 0	100	6 9 0	100	15 0 0	155
Kerosene Oil (Esplanat brand)	"	13 0 0	100	14 10 0	112	17 8 0	135	22 0 0	169	22 8 0	173	19 0 0	146	15 0 0	115	15 0 0	115	18 12 0	144	34 8 0	243
Coal ^a	"	3 9 6	100	2 5 3	93	2 14 3	109	4 2 0	117	4 5 0	120	4 5 0	120	4 14 0	136	5 15 0	163	6 13 0	190	8 0 0	253
" Ton into wagon.	"	2 12 0	100	2 9 0	93	4 6 0	139	5 0 0	132	4 10 0	168	3 14 0	141	3 2 0	114	3 8 0	200	5 14 0	214	8 0 0	253
Piece-goods ^a	...	...	100	...	100	...	100	...	100	...	100	...	100	...	100	...	100	...	100	...	...
Grey Cotton Mili 44" x 14"	Piece	1 11 3	100	1 15 3	107	1 11 6	103	1 15 74	116	1 12 74	105	1 9 0	92	1 12 104	110	3 0 0	179	4 14 3	257	4 15 3	253
" Shirtings 34 - 37" 26 yds.	"	5 11 6	100	6 4 0	109	6 0 0	103	5 13 6	104	6 2 0	107	5 8 0	98	6 5 6	111	7 8 0	131	12 6 0	216	14 14 0	380
Bleached Kaincoats 45" x 36"	"	5 9 0	100	4 6 6	113	3 3 0	89	3 8 0	98	3 5 6	94	2 15 6	83	3 12 9	107	3 14 6	164	5 11 8	244	9 8 6	268
Average (Piece-goods)	...	...	100	...	110	...	98	...	106	...	102	...	90	...	109	...	159	...	249	...	374
General average (unweighted) ^a	...	...	100	...	96	...	104	...	109	...	112	...	119	...	123	...	133	...	149	...	168

NOTE.—The figures represent the average of the retail prices ruling in January and July of each year.
^a Basis to wholesale prices as retail prices are not readily available.

*Questions and Answers***By the Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem:—**

4.

**Alleged
incident in the
Court of the
Additional
Sessions Judge,
Barisal.**

(a) Is it a fact that on the 5th February, 1920, Mr. Fraser, I.C.S., Additional Sessions Judge, Barisal, ordered a Muhammadan gentleman sitting in his Court to stand up with his hands uplifted and face turned towards the wall and nose actually touching it?

(b) If so, will the Government be pleased to state what steps they are taking in the matter?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

"(a) Government have inquired into the matter, and the facts are as follows:—

A witness for the Crown, who had been declared hostile, was seen to look at one Hamez Khan, who was sitting in the Court, before answering the questions put to him. The prosecution pleader drew the Court's attention to this and stated that Hamez had nodded his head to the witness. Mr. Fraser ordered the man to stand up and asked him in Bengali to explain his conduct. Mr. Fraser pointed out that he was liable to prosecution for his conduct, but, instead of instituting proceedings, he ordered a chaprassi to put Hamez in a corner of the room with his face to the wall and his hands above his head, and directed that he should remain in that position for half an hour. Hamez Khan actually remained in that position for twenty minutes, and was then released. Hamez Khan is a villager who was looking after the case for the accused.

(b) Mr. Fraser has been informed that his conduct in this matter was undignified and unwarrantable and that it is viewed by Government with grave displeasure."

By the Hon'ble Mr. Arun Chandra Singha:—

5.

**Erosion of the
town of
Noakhali.**

(a) Is it a fact that the Montear Ghona or Noakhali Khal, which runs along the east of the town of Noakhali, has washed away a large tract of land, including many houses and a road of the District Board leading to the railway station, rendering many residents in the neighbourhood homeless?

(b) Is it also a fact that it is now threatening the new road to the station constructed by the District Board, the new Zilla School site, the Jail compound, and other public and private properties in the north of the town?

(c) Is there any proposal before the Government for straightening the bend of the khal at a place called Bariaghona, which is expected to stop further erosion of the town?

(d) If so, will the Government be pleased to say when the work is to be carried out?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

"(a) Yes.

(b) Yes.

(c) In November, 1916, and again in 1919, certain inhabitants of the town and adjoining villages submitted a petition to the Commissioner of the Division praying for the diversion of the khal at Bariaghona. It was then

Questions and Answers.

decided by the local Engineering and Civil officers that any short-circuiting of the khal at or near the town would, apart from any question of cost, increase the velocity of the stream in a shorter channel, and almost certainly lead to still more dangerous erosion either above or below the present erosion. The matter was accordingly dropped.

(d) The question does not arise."

By the Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur:—

8.

(a) Are the Government aware that there is at present an epidemic outbreak of beri-beri in the town of Howrah?

Outbreak of
beri-beri in
Howrah.

(b) If so, have any steps been taken by Government to check the spread of the disease?

(c) Have the Government made any inquiry as to the cause of the epidemic and as to whether it is due to the use of mustard oil adulterated with another oil extracted from *pakru* seeds, which contains the deadly poison known as "Hydrocyanic Acid"?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

"(a) There is no outbreak of beri beri at present in the town of Howrah, but there is an outbreak of epidemic dropsy to which the Hon'ble Member probably refers.

(b) The exact cause of epidemic dropsy is not understood and the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India has been asked to move the Indian Research Fund Association to depute a skilled bacteriologist for work in connection with the outbreak. A Deputy Sanitary Commissioner is already at work in Howrah, the Municipal Health Officer is exercising the closest supervision over foodstuffs, and four extra medical officers have also been appointed for the detection and treatment of the disease.

(c) Inquiries are being made as to the cause of the epidemic, but opinions are at present divided as to whether it is due to the use of impure mustard oil or not. A copy of circular No. 74, dated 27th August, 1919, issued by the Sanitary Commissioner on the subject of mustard oil adulterated with oil expressed from *pakru* seeds is laid on the table."

Circular referred to in the answer to question No. 6 (unstarred) of the meeting of 5th March, 1920.

CIRCULAR NO. 74.

FROM

DR. C. A. BENTLEY, M.B., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H.,

Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

To

THE CHAIRMEN OF ALL MUNICIPALITIES IN BENGAL

Dated Calcutta, the 27th August 1919.

SIRS,

The Calcutta Municipal Corporation has notified that it has been brought to the notice of its Health Department that mustard oil

Questions and Answers.

adulterated with oil expressed from paka (otherwise known as *pakra*, *kusum* or *bera*) seeds is being sold as mixed mustard oil. This mixed oil is unwholesome and unfit for human consumption, being injurious to health. Vomiting and other disagreeable toxic symptoms supervene on its use. The local public have been warned against the use of such a mixture and measures initiated for dealing with traders selling it. As the distribution of the adulterated oil may probably spread beyond Calcutta, I have the honour to suggest that you will be so good as to take steps to caution the people of your town, by beat of drum and issue of notices, against the use of the mixed oil. Subject to the payment of a small fee to be prescribed by the local Government under the Bengal Food Adulteration Act, 1919, any sample may be sent to my laboratory at No. 2, Convent Lane, Intally, Calcutta, and the result of the analysis will be reported for such further action as may be considered necessary. Intimation of the despatch of samples to the laboratory should be simultaneously made separately to me.

I have the honour to be,

Your most obedient servant,

CHAS. A BENTLEY, M.B., D.P.F., D.T. M., & H.,

Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

By the Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur:—

7.

Inconvenience
to passengers at
Garifa station,
East Indian
Railway.

(a) Are the Government aware of the serious inconvenience suffered by the travelling public on the East Indian Railway, Nailhati Branch, at Garifa station, arising mainly from the following circumstances:—

(i) there are no waiting-rooms for the several classes of passengers, and

(ii) there are no platforms?

(b) Are the Government considering the desirability of suggesting to the railway authorities that action be taken for the removal of these grievances?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

"(a) No.

(b) The attention of the East Indian Railway authorities will be drawn to the alleged inconvenience."

By the Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur:—

8.

Non-issue of
ordinary return
tickets by the
East Indian
Railway.

(a) Are the Government aware that ordinary return tickets are issued by the Eastern Bengal Railway?

(b) Are the Government considering the feasibility of suggesting to the East Indian Railway authorities the desirability of introducing the issue of ordinary return tickets and week-end return tickets on that railway?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

"(a) Yes.

(b) The attention of the East Indian Railway authorities will be drawn to the desire which has been expressed in the question that the concessions of ordinary return and week-end return tickets should be reintroduced."

*Questions and Answers.***By the Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur:—****9.**

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state what are the educational qualifications of the present officiating Director of Agriculture?

The post of
Director of
Agriculture.

(b) Is it a fact that the Public Services Commission has recommended that the post of Director of Agriculture should be held by an expert?

(c) Have the Government accepted this recommendation?

(d) If so, what interpretation do they attach to the word expert?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

“(a) Bachelor of Science. He took two courses, one in Agriculture and the other in Science. •

(b) The Public Services Commission recommended that officers of the Indian Civil Service should cease to be appointed Directors of Agriculture and that rural commissionerships to control the work of the agricultural and civil veterinary departments, the co-operative credit movement, and the measures taken for the improvement of arts and crafts should be appointed from the Indian Civil Service in provinces where effective control is not already or cannot otherwise be provided. •

(c) The matter is understood to be under the consideration of the Government of India and the Secretary of State. Since, however, the year 1916 the post of Director of Agriculture in this Province has been held successively by Messrs. Milligan and Finlow, both of whom are expert officers of the Agricultural Department and neither of whom is a member of the Indian Civil Service. Mr. Finlow is now acting for Mr. Milligan, the permanent incumbent.

(d) The question does not arise.”

By the Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur:—**10.**

Are the Government taking any steps for the establishment of City Courts in Calcutta, pursuant to the resolution passed at a meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council held on the 7th April, 1915?

Establishment
of City Courts in
Calcutta

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Roy:—

“In view of the opinions received from the High Court and the majority of public bodies consulted the matter was dropped in 1917.”

By the Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur:—**11.**

(a) Are the Government aware of the gradual artificial accretions to both banks of the river Hooghly caused by the building up of walls by mill owners?

Artificial
accretions to
the Hooghly.

(b) What steps (if any) are the Government taking to prevent the building up of these walls?

(c) Are the Government taking steps to assess revenue upon the lands already encroached upon? If not, why not?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

“(a) Yes

(b) Within the limits of the Port of Calcutta the Port Commissioners take the necessary steps to prevent such erections without the specific approval of Government. Outside the limits of the Port the Commissioners of the Presidency and Burdwan Divisions are under Government Order responsible for the conservation of the river. The question of the issue of a Notification under section 4 (1) (a) of the Indian Ports Act (XV of 1908), conferring on the Port Commissioners the power of Conservators of navigable river channels of the Hooghly leading to the Port of Calcutta, north of the northern limits of the Port, is under the consideration of Government.

(c) Revenue on encroachments will be generally assessed during regular diara surveys under Act IX of 1847. Above Naihati such surveys are being undertaken in accordance with Notification No. 785 L R, dated the 21st January, 1918, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd January, 1918, along with the survey and settlement proceedings now in progress in the district of Nadia. Below Naihati such surveys will be undertaken along with the survey and settlement operations in the districts of Hooghly, Howrah and the 24-Parganas. According to the present programme settlement operations in the Howrah and Hooghly districts are expected to commence in the year 1922, and those in the 24-Parganas are expected to commence in 1923. Government, however, reserve the right to charge rent for encroachments on the foreshore at any time.”

By the Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur:—

12.

Accidents on
Messrs Martin
& Co.'s line
in Howrah

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state how many accidents have been caused on the line of Messrs Martin & Co., in the town of Howrah, during the last five years?

(b) What precautions have been adopted to prevent such accidents happening?

(c) Are the Government considering the desirability of ascertaining whether these precautions are adequate and are strictly followed?

(d) Have the Government considered the advisability of removing the line to a safer place, such as the East Indian Railway yard at Howrah?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

“(a) The total number of accidents of all kinds during the past five years was 59. Of these, 33 were of a technical nature, e.g., derailments, etc., not involving injuries to persons. The remaining 26 were accidents resulting in injuries which in six cases proved fatal, viz:—

To passengers	...	...	...	5
To railway servants	...	...	...	3
To public wayfarers and trespassers	...	...	...	15
To animals	...	...	...	3

The six cases in which accidents proved fatal consist of—

Railway servants	...	...	...	2
Cartman	...	...	...	1
Male trespasser	...	...	...	1
Female trespasser	...	...	...	2

(b) The working of the railway is governed by certain sections of the Railway Act which provide such precautions as are considered necessary.

(c) The necessity for an inquiry of the nature suggested has not arisen.

(d) No.”

*Questions and Answers.***By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—****13.**

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state whether it is a fact that the residents of Noakhali submitted several petitions for straightening the bend of the Montear Ghona Khal, at the place known as Bariaghona, as a measure for protecting the northern portion of Taltali Ward of the town of Noakhali from erosion? Erosion of the town of Noakhali

(b) Have the Government considered the advisability of the course suggested?

(c) What steps are the Government taking to stop the erosion of Noakhali town from three sides, namely, from the south by the river, and from the east and north by the khal?

(d) Will the Government be pleased to state what decision, if any, has been arrived at as to the course to be adopted about the town of Noakhali?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

"(a) The Hon'ble Member is referred to the answer given to question No. 5 (c) asked by the Hon'ble Mr. Arun Chandra Singha

(b) The suggestion did not come up before Government

(c) No measures are being taken with a view to arrest erosion. In this connection the Hon'ble Member is referred to the answer given to question No. XLII at a meeting of the Council on 20th November, 1917.

(d) No final decision has yet been made as the necessity for abandoning the present town has not yet arisen. In this connection the Hon'ble Member is referred to the answer given to question No. LIV at a meeting of the Council on the 19th February, 1918. Since then temporary buildings have been constructed on the acquired land at Sonapur to provide for the accommodation of those officers whose residences at Noakhali are likely to be affected in the near future by the erosion of the coast which is still in progress."

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—**14.**

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state the following particulars about the lascars of Bengal:— The lascars of Bengal.

(i) the number of lascars which Bengal contributed during the great war to the ports of (a) Calcutta, (b) Chittagong, (c) Rangoon, (d) Bombay, and (e) Colombo;

(ii) the number of lascars which Bengal sent to Egypt, Natal, Great Britain, Cape Colony and Mesopotamia, during the last war;

(iii) the number of Bengal lascars who lost their lives through the inclemency of the climate during the last war, together with the names of places where they died;

(iv) the number of Bengal lascars who lost their lives during the last war through enemy action, together with the names of places where they died; and

(v) the total number of Bengal lascars who gave their lives for the Empire during the great war?

(b) Is it a fact that the Port Officer of Calcutta has recorded that during the last war no Bengal lascars refused to go to sea from fear of enemy action even after previous experience on a torpedoed ship?

Questions and Answers.

(c) Are the Government aware of the opinion that has been expressed that the Bengal lascar was the mainstay of the ocean-going steamers during the great war?

(d) Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table a comparative statement showing the pay received by the lascar of different nationalities in the vessels in which the abovementioned Bengal lascars served?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

" (a) (i)—

(a) Calcutta	...	...	...	...	106,627
(b) Chittagong	...	...	...	...	1,765
(c) Rangoon	...	...	...	...	5,947
(d) Bombay	...	...	...	...	16,242
(e) Colombo	...	...	...	...	7,428

(a) (ii)—

Egypt	...	...	...	...	234
Natal	...	...	...	...	131
Great Britain	...	...	...	...	2,541
Cape Colony	...	...	...	...	1,795
Mesopotamia	...	...	...	...	541

In addition to these a large number was sent through the Inland Water Transport and Military Recruiting Officers

Other Ports 7,417

(a) (iii) Sixteen lascars died on voyage from London to Murmansk and seventeen died at Archangel.

(a) (iv) Eight hundred and four; the names of places where the lascars died are not known to Government.

(a) (v) Eight hundred and ninety-six, including twelve injured seamen.

(b) Yes.

(c) Yes.

(d)—

		Sailors Per ensem.	Firemen Per ensem.	Stewards. Per ensem.
Indian	...	Rs. 18 to Rs. 25	Rs. 23	Rs. 33
British	...	£ 11-10-0	£ 12	£ 10
West Indians	}	...	£ 12	.....
Arabs				
Somalis				
Chinese	...	£ 7	£ 7	.....
Ganese	...	.....	.....	Rs. 35

(West Indians, Arabs and Somalis sign on British Articles of Agreement.)

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

15.

atment of
lial convicts
e Rajshahi
tral Jail.

Will the Government be pleased to state whether there is any truth in the allegation that the political convicts in the Rajshahi Central Jail are treated with great severity and that they have gone on hunger strike since the 26th January, 1920, as a protest against the maltreatment to which they are subjected?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

" There is no truth in the allegation that political convicts in the Rajshahi Central Jail are treated with great severity. On the 26th January last the Superintendent of the Rajshahi Central Jail had occasion to take disciplinary action against Lalit Mohan Ghosh, a convict who is serving a sentence of 7 years' imprisonment for dacoity. By some means or other the

Questions and Answers.

State prisoners who are confined in Rajshahi Jail under Bengal Regulation III of 1818 came to hear of this incident and went on hunger strike as a protest. The hunger strike lasted only 24 hours."

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

16.

Will the Government be pleased to state the following particulars about Mr. D. B. Meek, of the Indian Educational Service, viz:—

Certain statistics about Mr. D. B. Meek, of the Indian Educational Service.

- (i) what are the different appointments which he has held under the Government;
- (ii) the date of commencement and of termination of each such appointment;
- (iii) the pay he received in each appointment; and
- (iv) what especial qualifications or experience entitled him to the post of Director of Industries?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

"(i), (ii) and (iii) A statement giving the information required is laid on the table.

(iv) As Assistant Controller of Munitions and Controller of Munitions, between which posts and that of Director of Industries there was a very close connection during the war, he had acquired a special knowledge of the industrial needs and possibilities of the province."

Statement referred to in the answer to question No. 16 (i), (ii) and (iii) unstarred, showing the appointments held by MR. D. B. MEEK of the Indian Educational Service with dates and pay.

APPOINTMENTS HELD.	DATES OF COMMENCEMENT AND TERMINATION.		PAY. Rs.
	From	To	
1	2	3	4
Professorship of Physics, Dacca College.	12-2-1911	30-6-1916	Time scale pay of Rs. 500—50—1,000 of the Indian Educational Service.
Special duty in the Meteorological office, Simla, under the Government of India, Revenue and Agriculture Department.	1-7-1916	9-11-1916	Time scale pay of Rs. 500—50—1,000 of the Indian Educational Service plus deputation allowance of Rs. 150 per mensem.
Professorship of Physics, Dacca College.	10-11-1916	9-5-1917	Time scale pay of Rs. 500—50—1,000 of the Indian Educational Service.
Professorship of Physics, Presidency College. Post of Meteorologist, Calcutta (in addition).	10-5-1917	2-10-1918	Time scale pay of Rs. 500—50—1,000 of the Indian Educational Service plus Rs. 350—30—500.
Post of Assistant Controller of Munitions under the Government of India. Post of Meteorologist, Calcutta (in addition).	3-10-1918	19-4-1919	Time scale pay of Rs. 500—50—1,000 of the Indian Educational Service plus Rs. 350—30—500 plus a conveyance allowance of Rs. 100 a month.
Post of Officiating Director of Industries, Bengal, and Controller of Munitions and Meteorologist, Calcutta.	20-4-1919	31-12-1919	Pay of Rs. 900 as Assistant Controller of Munitions plus acting allowance of Rs. 1,086-10-8 as Officiating Director of Industries plus pay of Rs. 350—30—500 as Meteorologist, Calcutta.
Post of Director of Industries	1-1-1920	.....	Pay of Rs. 2,000—50—2,250.

*Questions and Answers.***By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—****17.**

Certain statistics about Mr. J. C. K. Peterson, late of the Indian Civil Service.

Will the Government be pleased to state the following particulars regarding Mr. J. C. K. Peterson, late of the Indian Civil Service, viz.:—

- (i) the date of his appointment as Director of Industries;
- (ii) the date up to which he held the post;
- (iii) what was his pay before and after his appointment as Director of Industries;
- (iv) what special qualifications entitled him to this post?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

“(i) The 10th October 1917.

“(ii) The 19th April 1919.

“(iii) Rs. 2,500 per mensem with a daily allowance of Rs. 10 and a conveyance allowance of Rs. 150 per mensem. He drew the same pay before and after his appointment as Director of Industries.

“(iv) As Controller of Munitions (between which post and that of Director, there was a very close connection during the war) he had acquired a special knowledge of the industrial needs and possibilities of the province.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—**18.**

Proposals of the Director of Industries on the recommendations of the Indian Industrial Commission.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table the proposals submitted by the Director of Industries to give effect to the recommendations of the Indian Industrial Commission?

(b) Are the Government considering the desirability of inviting public opinion thereon?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

“(a) The Hon'ble Member is referred to the answer given to unstarred question No. 25 asked by the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri on the 3rd February 1920.

“(b) It is difficult to give a general answer. Should a case arise in which public opinion can advantageously be consulted, this will be done.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—**19.**

Alleged disabilities attached to persons not wearing European dress.

(a) Is there any foundation for the complaint that in Calcutta only Europeans and gentlemen wearing European dress are allowed to go near aeroplanes and that all others are forced by the police to stand at some distance?

(b) Is there any truth in the allegation that no Indian with a *dhoti* on is allowed in the Grand Stand at the Calcutta races?

(c) If the answers to clauses (a) and (b) be in the affirmative, will the Government be pleased to say whether they are considering the desirability of passing such orders as may be considered necessary for the removal of this racial distinction in the aforementioned cases and in the case of other similar places and occasions?

*Questions and Answers.***Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—**

" (a) So far as Government are aware there is no foundation for the complaint, but the aeroplanes on the Ellenborough Course are guarded by the Company's own servants and the police have nothing to do with them.

(b) It has been ascertained that there are no written rules on the subject, but instructions are given that persons seeking admission to the Grand Stand must be properly dressed. The interpretation given to this is the same as in the case of other important social functions in Calcutta at which ladies are present.

(c) Government do not consider any orders necessary."

By the Hon'ble Babu Akhil Chandra Datta:—

20.

Will the Government be pleased to state the following particulars with respect to the Department of Industries, viz:— The Department of Industries.

- (i) when was the department brought into existence;
- (ii) what was the object with which it was established;
- (iii) what tangible result has been achieved up to now;
- (iv) what amount has been spent up to December, 1919—
 - (a) for the pay of the Director of Industries;
 - (b) for the establishment of the Director of Industries; and
- (v) what amount has been spent on the department for other purposes, indicating how much has been spent for each of such purposes?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

" (i) On the 10th October, 1917, the date of appointment of the first Director of Industries.

(ii) (a) to inquire into the industrial problems of the province.

(b) To encourage and help new and existing local industries by offering technical advice and giving any other form of suitable assistance.

(c) To deal with industrial inquiries received from the public and the collection of industrial information.

(d) To supervise any form of industrial activity which the local Government may themselves initiate, e.g., the research tannery.

(iii) The Hon'ble Member is referred to the administration report of the Department of Industries, Bengal, for the period between October, 1917, and December, 1919, which was laid on the table in reply to unstarred question No. 23 by the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri on the 3rd February, 1920.

(iv) (a) Rupees 52,860-9-1, but the Director of Industries was also Controller of Munitions, and the pay was never apportioned between the two posts.

(b) Rupees 27,568-7-11.

(v) Rupees 1,89,480-1-4 as detailed below:—

			Rs.	A.	P.
Contingencies, etc.	...	...	13,352	2	3
Research Tannery, Calcutta	...	...	1,51,143	0	0
Deputation of Special officers, Messrs. Hoogewerf, Gibson and Pilgrim	...	...	24,775	15	1
Development of hand-loom weaving	...	...	209	0	0
Total	...	...	1,89,480	1	4"

*Questions and Answers.***By the Hon'ble Babu Siv Narayan Mukharji:—****21.**

Reorganization
of the Lower
Subordinate
Educational
Service.

In reference to the answer given to unstarred question No. 4 at the Council meeting of the 3rd September last, will the Government be pleased to state whether the general principles on which reorganization of the Lower Subordinate Educational Service should proceed have been formulated, and whether there is any chance of provision being made in the forthcoming budget for such additional expenditure as may be necessary in regard to the improvement of the pay and prospects of the members of that service?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

“ The answer is in the negative.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Siv Narayan Mukharji:—**22.**

Education of
the masses in
the matter of
elections to the
reformed
Councils.

Will the Government be pleased to state—

- (i) whether it is in their contemplation to take early steps for instilling into the masses, especially in rural areas, a sense of their duties and responsibilities in the matter of the exercise of their functions as electors during the forthcoming elections of the reformed Council in November next; and
- (ii) whether they have considered the desirability of sowing broadcast the principles of representative Government by the free distribution of a short résumé of the main features of the new Government of India Act and vernacular renderings of the election rules to be framed thereunder?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

“(i) The question apparently contemplates formal official action in connection with the elections under the Reforms Scheme. This is only liable to be misunderstood, and it is not proposed to initiate it. Moreover here, as in other countries in which systems of representative Government are in force, the task of bringing home to the people their duties and responsibilities as electors must rest primarily with those who seek their suffrages.

(ii) It may prove expedient to give wide publicity to the rules, etc., governing the new elections. The desirability of so doing will be further considered when the rules, etc., have been framed.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Siv Narayan Mukharji:—**23.**

Floods in the
Damodar.

Will the Government be pleased to state whether any steps have been taken to ascertain whether the palliative measure already undertaken to reduce the intensity of the floods in the Damodar have had the desired effect?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

“ The palliative measures already undertaken are the improvements of four outlets for the flood water of the Damodar river and the investigation into sites suitable for reservoirs in the catchment area in the upper reaches of the river. These improvements have not yet been completed, and cannot

Questions and Answers.

be entirely completed for some time to come; moreover, since they were commenced, there has been no high flood to test them. It is therefore impossible to dogmatize at present as to whether the measures which are in hand have had the desired effect. It may be said, however, that the measures as designed are likely to have a marked beneficial effect on a reduction of the time during which any future floods of the Damodar river will remain on the land."

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—

24.

(a) In regard to the promotions given from Class VIII to Class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service as announced in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 14th January, 1920, will the Government be pleased to lay on the table a statement giving the following information:—

Promotion in the Subordinate Educational Service.

- (i) names of the officers promoted;
- (ii) their academical qualifications;
- (iii) their positions in the graded list;
- (iv) their designations;
- (v) the dates of first appointment;
- (vi) the date of appointment in Class VIII, Subordinate Educational Service; and
- (vii) the date of promotion to Class VII, Subordinate Educational Service?

(b) Will the Government be pleased to state whether it is a fact that a very large number of officers, viz., Nos. 31 to 63, 67 to 77, 79 to 82, 84 to 86, 103 to 110, 113 to 117, 123 to 137, and a few others of Class VIII of the graded list of officers in the Subordinate Educational Service corrected up to 1st April, 1919, have been superseded in making selections for promotions?

(c) If so, what are the special reasons in each case of supersession?

(d) Are the Government aware of a feeling that exists that in the list of promotions referred to above most of the officers promoted have inferior academical qualifications and lower positions in the list than many others who have been superseded?

(e) Is it a fact that the 2nd clerk of the office of the Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division, who has been promoted, has superseded 8 teachers, 1 Laboratory Assistant, 4 Sub-Inspectors of Schools, of whom 4 are B.A.'s, 1 is an M.A., 1 is an M.Sc., 1 is an M.A., B.T., 1 is a B.A., B.T., and 1 is an L.T.?

(f) Is it a fact that among the officers promoted eight are clerks who are employed in less responsible offices than the Head Clerk of a first grade college who has been superseded?

(g) Are the Government aware that such cases of supersession have produced a widespread feeling of discontent amongst the officers concerned?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

(a) A statement is laid on the table. It does not include the name of Babu Sukha Ranjan Bose (No. I) who had been promoted under a previous notification. In the notification in question his promotion was only given effect to from an earlier date.

(b) Yes.

Questions and Answers.

(c) It will appear from column 9 of the statement, laid on the table, that the officers who superseded those mentioned in the question, were drawing Rs. 50 per mensem for a longer term than those superseded. The order in which officers are considered for promotion is determined by the dates from which they have been drawing their present rate of pay whether inside or outside the grades. The principle involved in the procedure was explained in the answers of Government to clauses (f) and (g) of unstarred question No. 29 asked by the Hon'ble Maulvi A. K. Fazlul Haq at the Council meeting of 19th November, 1919.

(d) Promotions are not determined by academical qualifications alone. Length of service and meritorious work have to receive full consideration.

(e) Yes. But the clerk had been drawing Rs. 50 per month for a longer period than those whom he superseded.

(f) There are 8 clerks among the officers promoted but all of them had been drawing Rs. 50 per month for longer terms than those whom they superseded.

(g) No."

Questions and Answers.

Statement referred to in the answer to question No. 24(a) (Unstarred).
Statement of officers promoted from class VIII to class VII of the Subordinate Educational Services as announced in the Calcutta Gazette of 14th January, 1920 (vide Council Question No. 48 of the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri).

Serial No.	NAME OF OFFICER PROMOTED a(i).	Academical qualifications a(ii).	Position in the graded list in class VIII a(iii).	Designation a(iv).	Date of first appointment a(v).	Date of appointment in class VIII a(vi).	Date of promotion to class VII a(vii).	REMARKS.
1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Babu Girindra Nath Mukherji	B. A. ...	30	Assistant Master, Armanitola Government High School, Dacca.	29th April, 1909	14th February, 1915.	16th January, 1919.	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 29th April, 1909.
2	Maulvi Abdul Karim	... Read up to F. A.	78	Clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division.	1st May, 1903 ...	19th September, 1916.	Ditto	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 1st July, 1909.
3	Babu Rajendra Kumar Chakravarty, II.	Plucked B. A. ...	87	Clerk, office of the 2nd Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division.	29th January, 1903.	16th January, 1917.	Ditto	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 21st March, 1910.
4	" Jatindra Mohan Basu	Entrance	118	Clerk and Librarian, Hare School.	3rd September, 1905.	28th September, 1917.	Ditto	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 18th April, 1910.
5	" Jatindra Nath Talukdar	Matriculate	90	Special teacher, training classes, Rangamati High School.	5th June, 1908...	16th January, 1917.	19th January, 1919.	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded services from 4th November, 1910.
6	" Hem Chandra Sen	F. A. ...	122	Clerk, Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	1st November, 1905.	13th October, 1917.	16th March, 1919	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 2nd July, 1911.
7	" Rama Prasad Basak	Read up to Entrance.	"	Clerk, office of the 2nd Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division.	2nd June, 1886...	5th December, 1917.	1st April, 1919...	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 21st August, 1911.
8	" Lalit Mohan Das	Entrance	101	Clerk to an additional Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division.	23rd January, 1895.	1st July, 1917 ...	Ditto	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 9th October, 1911.
9	" Jatindra Nath Mukherji, II.	B. A., B. L. ...	83	Assistant Master, Hindu School.	7th September, 1909.	7th December, 1916.	Ditto	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 1st April, 1912.
10	" Bakeswar Mitra	Read up to Entrance.	102	Clerk, office of the Inspector of European Schools, Bengal.	1896	1st July, 1917 ...	Ditto	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 9th April, 1912.
11	Maulvi Muhammad Rashid	Read up to B. A.	3	Sub-Inspector of Schools, Jangipur, Murshidabad.	19th April, 1912	19th April, 1912	Ditto.	
12	Babu Nishapati Chatterji	Ditto	4	Sub-Inspector of Schools, North Arambagh, Hooghly.	1st April, 1900...	19th May, 1912	Ditto.	

* Was appointed to the Subordinate Educational Service with effect from a retrospective date after the list had been published.

Questions and Answers.

Serial No.	NAME of OFFICER PROMOTED <i>a(1)</i> .	Academical qualifications <i>a(4)</i> .	Position in the graded list in class VIII <i>a(6)</i> .	Designation <i>a(5)</i> .	Date of first appointment <i>a(7)</i> .	Date of appointment in class VIII <i>a(8)</i> .	Date of promotion to class VII <i>a(9)</i> .	REMARKS.
1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
13.	Babu Ram Ranjan Majumdar ...	Matriculate ...	111	Record-keeper, Presidency College.	8th November, 1909.	16th August, 1917	1st April, 1919...	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 5th July, 1912.
14	" Narendra Nath Mukharji	Read up to B. A.	112	Head Clerk, Bethune College ...	30th October, 1905.	Ditto ...	2nd May, 1919...	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 28th October, 1912.
15	" Bijay Sankar Sen Gupta	B. A., B. T. ...	6	Assistant Master, Armanitola High School, Dacca.	21st March, 1908	1st March, 1913	10th May, 1919.	
16	" Hira Lal Chatterji ...	Ditto ...	66	Sub-Inspector of Schools, Raipur, Bankura.	29th April, 1913	29th April, 1913	17th May, 1919	It was through an oversight that he was shown as confirmed from 29th April, 1916, instead of 29th April, 1913; as such he comes under No. 6.
17	Miss Sishir Janini Bose ...	Matriculate (trained).	138	Assistant Mistress, Vidyamayee High School for Girls, Mymensingh.	1st May, 1913 ...	1st April, 1918	15th June, 1919	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 1st June, 1913.
18	" Binola Pala Raha ...	Read up to F. A.	88	Head Mistress, M. V. Girls' School, Faridpur.	17th June, 1913	16th January, 1917.	12th July, 1919	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 17th June, 1913.
19	" Pratiba Chaudhuri, I ...	Matriculate (trained).	91	Assistant Mistress, Dr. Khastagir's Girls' School, Chittagong.	12th December, 1911.	Ditto ...	21st July, 1919	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 22nd September 1913.
20	Babu Jitendra Nath Mnkherji, II.	B. A., B. T. ...	92	Assistant Master, Hindu School	4th January, 1910	Ditto ...	10th August, 1919	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 5th April, 1914.
21	" Mon Mohan Ghosh ...	Ditto ...	64	Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dacca Sadar.	2nd October, 1910	16th July, 1914	16th August, 1919.	He ought to have been shown as confirmed from 16th July, 1914, instead of 16th April, 1916.
22	Miss Khirode Moni Sen ...	Read up to I. A.	139	Assistant Mistress, Dr. Khastagir's Girls' School, Chittagong.	10th August, 1914.	1st April, 1918	22nd August, 1919.	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 10th August, 1914.
23	Babu Ram Krishna Bhattacharji	B. A., B. T. ...	93	Assistant Master, Hooghly Collegiate School.	15th July, 1908	22nd January, 1917.	5th September, 1919.	Was on Rs. 50 outside the graded service from 17th November, 1914.
24	Maulvi Syed Wahed Ali ...	Read up to B. A.	5	Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bajitpur, Mymensingh.	14th December, 1912.	14th December, 1912.	Ditto ...	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .
25	" Ahmadulla Khan ...	B. A. ...	24	Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kasiani, Faridpur.	3rd January, 1915.	3rd January, 1915.	17th September, 1919.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .

Questions and Answers.

By the Hon'ble Babu Kishori Mohan Chaudhuri:—

25.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state why the establishment of a district agricultural farm at Pabna for which the District Board has contributed liberally has not yet been taken up this year?

Establishment
of Agricultural
farms in certain
places.

(b) Is it a fact that a large provision was made in the Budget for the current year for two other district farms?

(c) If so, will the Government be pleased to state the reasons why these farms have not been started?

(d) Is it a fact that the money referred to in clauses (a) and (b) will lapse in time?

(e) Has any other scheme, either in the Agricultural or Sericultural section, for which money was allotted by Government, been abandoned for the current year, and if so what are the causes of such abandonment?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

(a) Although provision for this work was made in the budget, no preliminary steps had, at the time provision was made, been taken towards the construction of the buildings nor were bricks available. A project for the work has now been drawn up and sanctioned: and instructions have been issued to arrange for bricks this cold weather. Proceedings for the acquisition of land are now in progress. The buildings will be constructed by the Public Works Department next financial year.

(b) Yes.

(c) The necessary preliminaries of the selection of the site, the acquisition of the land and the preparation of initial and detailed plans and estimates in consultation with the Agricultural Department, the Public Works Department and other officers or bodies interested as well as the actual construction of the buildings by the Public Works Department naturally take time. Therefore the preliminaries of a scheme up to the preparation of initial plans and estimates have ordinarily to be settled before provision is made in the budget for it. In order, however, to expedite matters, Government, in accordance with what is understood to be the general wish, made the necessary budget provision in anticipation of these preliminaries in the case of these farms. But, owing to the difficulty of accelerating the ordinary preliminary work, and for the fact that the Public Works Department have in hand an exceptionally large programme of building operations which had been postponed owing to the war, it has not been found possible to accelerate the work to the extent Government hoped would be done. In the case of the two other farms referred to by the Hon'ble Member, the sites for the Bakarganj farm at Sagardi and the Birbhum farm at Suri have now been acquired; and Rs. 5,000 will be spent during the year on the buildings on the former farm. The Director of Agriculture has already been requested to settle the preliminaries of future farms in anticipation of budget provision.

(d) This is not altogether correct. Money has already been spent as indicated in the answer to (c). The balance for the Pabna and Bakarganj farms will be provided next year by the Public Works Department from their grant for works in progress and for the Birbhum farm from the grant for the establishment of farms.

(e) No scheme has been actually abandoned for the current year."

*Questions and Answers.***By the Hon'ble Khan Sahib Aman Ali:—****26.**

Muhammadans
and the Royal
Veterinary
College,
Belgachia.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state the number of Muhammadan boys in the Royal Veterinary College at Belgachia?

(b) What facilities are there for hostel accommodation for the said College?

(c) What is the capacity of the present Muhammadan hostel there, i.e., how many Muhammadan boys are able comfortably to reside in the said hostel?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

“(a) Forty-three.

(b) There are two hostels, one for Hindus and the other for Muhammadans, which together afford accommodation for 188 students.

(c) The present Muhammadan hostel has accommodation for 50 boarders.”

By the Hon'ble Khan Sahib Aman Ali:—**27.**

Establishment
of a Medical
School in the
Chittagong
and Rajshahi
Divisions.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state the conditions that are required to be fulfilled before it is considered that a case has been made out for the establishment of a medical school in a district or a division?

(b) Have the Government approved of the necessity for the establishment of such an institution in each division of the province?

(c) If the answer to clause (b) is in the affirmative, will the Government be pleased to state why the Chittagong and Rajshahi Divisions have not been provided with any such schools up to now?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

“(a) and (b) No specific conditions can be laid down. Government are in agreement with the desirability of offering additional facilities for medical education in Bengal outside Calcutta, but in connection with any particular scheme it is necessary to consider the facilities offered by the particular centre proposed, the opportunities it affords for supervision and hospital practice, and the area from which it is likely to draw both patients and pupils, as well as other incidental factors. The financial aspect has also to be considered, and Government must see whether funds can be provided before committing themselves to any scheme

(c) The question does not arise.”

By the Hon'ble Khan Sahib Aman Ali:—**28.**

Nomination of
governing bodies
of Government
and aided
Colleges.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state what is the principle adopted in nominating the governing bodies of Government and aided colleges?

(b) Is it not a fact that the main principle is that it should be representative of the different communities?

Questions and Answers.

(c) Are the Government aware that in some cases this principle is not observed, as when the Divisional Commissioner is the Chairman of the governing body, it happens that such body also includes the Deputy Magistrate of the district?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

"(a) In making appointments to the governing bodies of Government colleges Government endeavour to select gentlemen who, owing to their position, qualifications and interest in the colleges are likely to prove useful members. Appointments to the governing bodies of aided colleges are not made by Government.

(b) The answer is in the negative.

(c) In view of the answer to clause (b) this question does not arise."

By the Hon'ble Khan Sahib Aman Ali:—

29.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to state the reasons for the appointment of a superannuated Maulvi from the United Provinces to the post of Head Maulvi of the Calcutta Madrassa in supersession of the claims of the Maulvis in the Education Department of this Presidency?

Filling up of the post of Head Maulvi of the Calcutta Madrassa.

(b) Are the Government aware that the appointment of Shams-ul-Ulama M. A. Tonki, as also of his predecessor, Shams-ul-Ulama Maulvi Abdul Haq, directly to class III of the Provincial Educational Service (Rs. 500) was a source of dissatisfaction among the members of the Provincial Educational Service?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. O'Malley:—

"(a) Pending the appointment of a permanent successor to Shams-ul-Ulama Mufti Muhammad Abdulla Tonki, Shams-ul-Ulama Maulvi Nazir Hussain, temporary assistant Head Maulvi of the Arabic Department of the Calcutta Madrassa, has been appointed to act as Head Maulvi of the Madrassa. He was appointed temporarily, for the present session only, because no other suitable teacher of Hadis was available and it was necessary to prevent interruption of the studies of the title class students in the middle of the session.

(b) Shams-ul-Ulama Abdul Haq Haqqani was appointed Head Maulvi of the Calcutta Madrassa in 1913 and after his death Shams-ul-Ulama Mufti Abdulla Tonki was appointed Head Maulvi in 1917. In both cases Government carefully reviewed the claims of officers of the Education Department of this Presidency and the merits of the various applicants for the post, and they eventually selected the gentlemen named above in consideration of their experience, attainments and reputation for learning. It is possible that their appointment led to disappointment among officers of the Provincial Educational Service who desired the post, but Government have no information on the subject."

By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—

30.

(a) Has the scale of pay of the lower division clerks been revised in the offices of the Accountant-General, Bengal, Controller of Currency, Controller, India Treasuries, Accountant-General, Post and Telegraphs, Deputy Accountant-General, Post and Telegraphs?

Scale of pay of the lower division clerks in the Accounts offices.

Questions and Answers.

(b) What are the minimum and maximum rates of pay and increment under the new scale introduced in these offices?

(c) Will the Government be pleased to say whether the work in those offices is considered to be superior to that of the Secretariat?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

“(a) In the offices named, there is no separation of the clerical service into upper and lower divisions exactly corresponding to that which exists in the Secretariat. The pay of the clerical service, which resembles the lower division of the Secretariat, has been revised in the offices of the Accountant-General, Bengal, Controller, India Treasuries, Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs, Deputy Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs. Proposals for the revision of pay of the clerks of the Controller of Currency's office are under the consideration of Government.

(b) *Accountant-General, Bengal, and Accountant-General, Central Revenues, formerly known as Comptroller, India Treasuries.*—Rs. 44—4—120—5—150, with efficiency bars at Rs. 80 and Rs. 120. Clerks who pass the departmental examination receive increments at Rs. 5 instead of Rs. 4 or Rs. 3, and the maximum for these clerks is Rs. 170.

Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs, and Deputy Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs.—Rs. 30—3—45—2—55—1—65 and thereafter Rs. 70 after 5 years.

(c) The work in the various offices differs so much that it is impossible to make a comparison.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—

31.

Appointment of
Indians in the
Bengal Pilot
Service.

(a) Will the Government be pleased to refer to Annexure XV, page 292, and paragraph 3 of the Report of the Public Services Commission, relating to the appointment of Indians in the Bengal Pilot Service, and state whether any endeavour has so far been made to enlist any Indian in the said service?

(b) Have the Government under their contemplation the establishment of training classes in ships for the training of Indians as Leadsman, Mate Pilot, etc.?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

“(a) The recommendation of the Public Services Commission regarding the amendment of the existing rule on the subject together with the remarks thereon of the local Government and of the Government of India is still under the consideration of the Secretary of State.

(b) Government have had under their consideration the question of establishing a Nautical Institute in Calcutta for the training of Indian seamen in the elements of the theory of navigation and for the training of Indians in the art of navigation on a scientific basis; and they have appointed a small committee to consider the question. A copy of the Government Resolution appointing the committee is placed on the table for the information of the Hon'ble Member.”

*Questions and Answers.**Resolution referred to in the answer to question 31 (b) (unstarred).*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

No. 478 Mne.

RESOLUTION.

Calcutta, the 3rd February 1920.

The Government of Bengal have for some time past had under their consideration the question of establishing a school or nautical institute in Calcutta for the training of Indian seamen in the elements of the theory of navigation and for the training of Indians in the art of navigation on a scientific basis. No facilities at present exist in this Presidency for Indians to qualify themselves for certificates of competency for higher posts in the mercantile marine. The Governor in Council is inclined to the view that an institute or academy on the lines of training institutions in European countries might prove beneficial to a section of Indians of average education who might be encouraged to take up the sailor's profession in future. Enquiries made by Government show that there is at present no actual demand for such an institution in Calcutta but the Governor in Council thinks that the matter might be discussed with advantage at the present time. The question requires to be very carefully considered. It is necessary in the first place to ascertain definitely whether there is scope for such an institution in Calcutta. If so, the matter should be examined in fuller detail, viz. the course of training, the probable number of boys desirous of going to sea, the shipping companies willing to employ them, the educational and other qualifications required for such employment and any other relevant points. The Government of Bengal consider that the matter should be examined by a representative Committee, as in Bombay and Madras, where a similar question is already under consideration. The Governor in Council is accordingly pleased to appoint a Committee consisting of the following gentlemen to consider the question with special reference to the points mentioned above. The Committee should report their conclusions to Government as early as practicable:—

President.

The Port Officer, Calcutta.

Members.

Captain P. de St. Croix, Marine Superintendent, British India Steam Navigation Company, Limited.

Captain G. R. Simpson, Marine Superintendent, India General Navigation and Railway Company Limited.

A representative of the Asiatic Steam Navigation Company.

A representative of the firm of Senaton Nittyanundo Roy, 2/1 Mission Row, Calcutta.

Munshi Abdool Rahaman, Dubash. of Chittagong.

The time and place for the meeting of the Committee will be arranged by the Port Officer, Calcutta.

By order of the Governor in Council,

C. B. BAYLEY,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

*Questions and Answers.***By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—****32.**

Indians as
Inspectors
under the
Smoke
Nuisances
Commission.

- (a) How many Inspectors are there in Bengal under the Smoke Nuisances Commission, and how many of them are Indians?
(b) Are these appointments advertised in newspapers?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Cowley:—

“(a) There are three Smoke Nuisance Inspectors none of them is an Indian.
(b) Yes, in the local newspapers.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—**33.**

Distribution of
pulse seeds in
the cyclone
affected areas.

- (a) Will the Government be pleased to state—
(i) the quantity of pulse seeds of the different kinds purchased by the Agricultural Department for distribution in the cyclone affected areas in Eastern Bengal and Khulna;
(ii) the quantity of different pulses actually distributed, centre by centre, in the different districts;
(iii) the losses in the course of distribution in the different districts;
(iv) the actual net balance in hand in the different districts and how it has been disposed of, and at what price. If the entire amount has not been disposed of, (a) how much has been disposed of, and (b) at what price;
(v) whether it is a fact that the defective quality of the seeds stood in the way of their disposal;
(vi) the quantity of rabi oilseeds of different varieties purchased by the department for distribution in Dacca and other Eastern Bengal districts and Khulna;
(vii) the quantity actually distributed, district by district; and
(viii) total areas under mustard and linseed cultivation in all the districts concerned?

(b) Is it a fact that there was not a great demand for mustard and linseed seeds in any of the districts, and that the District Collectors of certain districts refused to take the seeds indented for by the Agricultural Department for these districts?

(c) Who were the officers submitting the district indents and who was responsible for the consolidation of the same?

(d) Was the entire arrangement nothing but an experiment?

(e) If not, what considerations led the department to go in for the scheme?

(f) Will the Government state on which dates the indents from the subordinates were received by Director, on which date the order was placed with the firm or firms for the supply, and on which dates the seeds were actually supplied?

(g) From which firm or firms were the seeds purchased?

Questions and Answers.

(h) Was any public tender called for, for the supply?

(i) What endeavours were made by the Department to consult the local rates?

(j) Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table a comparative statement giving the prices current locally for these seeds and the prices charged by the firms, including freight and other charges?

(k) What have been the contingent charges incurred by the department in connection with this distribution?

(l) What expenditure has been incurred by the Government on the following items in connection with the seed distribution—

(i) travelling allowance of all the officers employed, rank by rank, from the Director to the Demonstrators;

(ii) pay and travelling allowance of any temporary establishment.

(m) How many officers, rank by rank, were employed in the work, and for how long, and what are the respective pays of these officers?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

(a) (i)—

					Mands.
Khesari	...	...	...	...	3,203
Mung	...	...	...	...	3,000
Lentils	...	...	...	...	6,150
Peas	...	...	...	...	596
Mati-kalai	...	...	...	...	2,100
Total					15,049

(ii) A statement, district by district, relating to the 48 centres, is laid on the Library table.

(iii)—

Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
156	13	2

(iv)—

Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
3,329	11	4

Separate information for each district is not available.

All the seeds except 22 mds. 21 srs. 8 ch. of mati-kalai have been disposed of at the following rates. Particulars for the Khulna seeds are not yet available:—

Mati-kalai	at Rs. 5-4	per mands.
Sonamung	at Rs. 7	„
Kala-mung	at Rs. 10	„
Peas	at Rs. 6-8	„
Khesari	at Rs. 6-12	„
Lentils	at Rs. 6-10	„

Questions and Answers.

(r) No. The quality of seed was excellent and far superior to that of any other seed locally available.

(vi)—

			Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
Mustard	...	..	... 10,513	27	11
Linseed	...	...	... 400	7	7

(vii) A statement, district by district, is laid on the Library table.

(viii) The Hon'ble Member is referred to pages 247-51 of the supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette*, March 3, 1920.

(b) There was but a limited demand for mustard and linseed in all the affected districts except Faridpur, where mustard was in some demand. It is not a fact that the District Collectors of certain districts refused to take the seeds indented for by the Agricultural Department. An indent for some seed was received for southern Mymensingh; but the Collector subsequently decided that loan distribution was not necessary in that district.

(c) Agricultural officers reported serious damage; and consolidated indents were prepared with the approval of local officers and of Government.

(d) It was not an experiment. The same kind of work had been successfully accomplished in the year 1918 on a smaller scale in connection with the relief of distress caused by the floods in Rajshahi and Bogra. The seeds were generally given in the form of loans.

(e) The question does not arise; but the objects were to replace immediately the stocks of *rabi* seeds reported to have been damaged by the cyclone and to stabilize the price of seeds in the affected tracts. These objects were achieved.

(f)...

Date of reports from subordinates	...	2-10-19
Date of order to the firm	...	3-10-19
Date of supply	...	10-10-19

(g) Messrs. Ralli Brothers.

(h) No. There was no time to do so; the cyclone actually took place at the commencement of the sowing season and therefore immediate arrangements had to be made to make good the damage. Messrs. Ralli Brothers supplied the seeds at cost price.

(i) In investigating the damage Agricultural officers reported that prices were high and rising.

(j) A statement is laid on the Library table. In the large majority of cases the prices current locally were reduced owing to the distribution of these seeds.

(k) Rupees 12,423.

(l) (i) and (m) A statement is laid on the Library table.

(l) (ii) Rupees 8,856-6-8."

By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—

34.

Promotion list
of the members
of the Provincial
Civil Service.

(a) Is it a fact that the promotion list of the members of the Provincial Civil Service has not been gazetted although there are about 30 vacancies in the cadre?

Questions and Answers.

(b) Will the Government be pleased to state when the last promotions were made, and how long the existing vacancies have remained unfilled?

(c) Are the Government aware that, consequent on the delay in publishing the list, many officers have retired without having knowledge as to whether they were promoted although their promotion was due long before the date of their retirement?

(d) What is the reason for not publishing the promotion list quarterly as used to be done before?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

“(a) No. There are now only two vacancies to be filled.

(b) The last promotions were made in November last and included all promotions due up to the 31st October last. The existing vacancies date from that month.

(c) Only one officer has retired since the 31st October last, causing one of the vacancies; no question of promotion arises in his case.

(d) The publication of promotions that have fallen due since the 31st October last was deferred owing to the uncertainty of the date of introduction of the expected time-scale of pay. That date has now been fixed as the 1st December, 1919, and the promotions that fell due during November last will shortly be made.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Brojendra Kishor Ray Chaudhuri:—

35.

(a) Is there any truth in the statement that the prospects of Subordinate Judges are going to be impaired according to the scheme recommended by the Public Services Commission? Prospects of the Subordinate Judicial Service.

(b) Is it a fact that, according to the scheme, they will get Rs. 800 in 5 years, while under the existing system they usually get their promotion to the Rs. 800 grade in about 3 years?

(c) Will the Government be pleased to state what is being done for improving the prospects of Subordinate Judges?

(d) When is the reorganisation scheme for improving their prospects going to be given effect to?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

“A final decision regarding the future emoluments of the Provincial Judicial Service has not yet been reached and no estimate of actual results is at present feasible. A final decision is expected shortly and will be given effect to as promptly as possible.”

By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—

36.

(a) Is it a fact that Khan Sahib Munshi Ismat Ali, Overseer of the Alipur Central Jail Press, first entered service in 1879 and retired on pension in 1908 as Deputy Superintendent of the same Press?

(b) Is it a fact that he was reappointed as Overseer of the same Press in 1908, on a salary of Rs. 200, in addition to the pension he was enjoying? If so, will the Government be pleased to state the reasons for his reappointment?

Appointment of Khan Sahib Munshi Ismat Ali as Overseer of the Alipur Central Jail Press.

Questions and Answers.

(c) Is it a fact that the Inspector-General of Prisons ordered the Khan Sahib to be relieved of his duties, with effect from the 1st September, 1919?

(d) Was this order given effect to? If not, why not?

(e) Is it a fact that he was given an extension of service till December, 1919? If so, why?

(f) Is it a fact that he has been given a further extension till the 31st December 1921? If so, why?

(g) Is it a fact that the age of Khan Sahib Ismat Ali is now 63 years?

(h) Will the Government be pleased to state what special qualifications in press work the Khan Sahib possesses, if any, for which he has been reappointed after pension and given repeated extensions?

(i) Will the Government be pleased to state whether any efforts were made to secure a suitable man in the place of the Khan Sahib, in the Alipur Central Jail Press or outside it, before reappointing him or giving extensions of service to him?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—

(a) Khan Sahib Munshi Ismat Ali entered Government service in 1877. He retired on pension in December, 1908, from the position of substantive *pro tempore* deputy superintendent of the jail press.

(b) Yes. No officer of the jail was competent to fill the vacancy caused by his retirement. The recently appointed deputy superintendent, Mr. Gray, was new to India and unacquainted with the customs and languages of Indian prisoners. At the time the press had only recently been transferred to the Jail Department, and the Press and Forms Department was about to be reorganised.

(c) Yes.

(d) and (e) As Mr. Gray fell ill at this time, the services of the Khan Sahib were retained for a further period of four months to the 31st December, 1919, by the Inspector-General of Prisons.

(f) Owing to the sudden death of Mr. Gray, the press and forms manager, the Khan Sahib's service has been extended by the Inspector-General of Prisons up to the 31st December, 1921, subject to continued fitness.

(g) Yes.

(h) Owing to his long experience in the jail press, the Khan Sahib has special qualifications for this work.

(i) No suitable man was available in the jail press. No effort was made to get an outside man.

The local Government have instructed the Inspector-General that arrangements must be made forthwith to terminate these repeated extensions by the selection of a suitable candidate."

By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—

37.

Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table a statement giving particulars about the proposed legislative measure for rural improvement, foreshadowed by His Excellency the Governor in his recent speech at Suri?

Proposed
legislative
measures for
rural
improvement.

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

"A copy of the Statement of Objects and Reasons of the proposed Bill is laid on the table."

*Questions and Answers.**Statement of Objects and Reasons to the Bengal Agricultural and Sanitary Improvement Bill referred to in the answer to question No. 37 (unstarred) of the meeting of 5th March, 1920.*

In the Bengal Presidency, especially the Burdwan and Presidency divisions, there is a considerable demand for the execution of drainage projects for sanitary as well as agricultural purposes, both large and small. The legal mechanism for such projects is contained in various Acts, viz:—the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883 (XIX of 1883), the Bengal Embankment Act, 1882 (Ben Act II of 1882), the Bengal Drainage Act, 1880 (Ben. Act VI of 1880), and the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, 1895 (Ben. Act VIII of 1895). These Acts are, however, neither sufficiently suitable or effective in every case, nor simple enough in the case of small schemes. The relevant sections of the Bengal Tenancy Act, even though coupled with the Land Improvement Loans Act, are practically inoperative; the application of the Bengal Embankment Act is necessarily limited. The procedure prescribed in the Bengal Drainage and the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Acts is more applicable to large schemes, whilst the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act, as its name implies, cannot be utilised for purely agricultural projects. Moreover, even for large schemes, the procedure of these two Acts is unnecessarily rigid, cumbrous and dilatory. The Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act is the less elaborate of the two, but there are many matters in the Bengal Drainage Act which should be inserted in statutory rules rather than in the law. Neither Act contains provision for the execution of works initiated by private individuals or bodies of agriculturists registered under the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912 (II of 1912). Finally, the provisions of both Acts for the apportionment and recovery of costs are unnecessarily rigid. It is, therefore, desired to consolidate and amend the Bengal Drainage Act and the Bengal Sanitary Drainage Act with a view to the promotion of agricultural and sanitary works of improvement generally.

● From the above it will appear that the main fault of the present law on the subject is its lack of elasticity. The present Bill has, therefore, been drafted so as to contain only the essentials of the procedure; details have been relegated to statutory rules which can be altered in accordance with changes in conditions or experience. The Bill is designed to cover both large and small schemes which are initiated or can be executed by any person or body of persons, such as a Co-operative Society, or local authority.

For small schemes a simple procedure has been evolved, whilst a more elaborate procedure has been prescribed for large schemes, involving a reference to a committee appointed *ad hoc*, the Sanitary Board and Government. The Bill provides for the payment by the applicant or for an advance from public funds of the cost of the proposed improvement; and for the recovery of costs, or of a portion thereof, from the landlords and tenants of the area benefited by the improvement. In the latter case the rigid and sometimes inequitable provisions of the Bengal Drainage and Bengal Sanitary Drainage Acts have been avoided. On the analogy of section 114 of the Bengal Tenancy Act it is proposed that each apportionment order should follow the merits of each particular case, and that the costs should be recovered from the individual landlords and tenants of the area benefited.

By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—

33.

What action has been taken by Government in regard to the recent scarcity of coke and the abnormal rise in its price in Calcutta and other places?

Scarcity of coke.

*Questions and Answers.***Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Marr:—**

" In May, 1918, the Corporation of Calcutta established depôts in the four municipal markets in Calcutta for the sale of coke and coal for domestic consumption at fixed prices. These depôts are still being maintained under the control of the Corporation. The selling prices at these depôts, fixed in consultation with the Coal Controller, are annas 9-6 per maund, and annas 10 per maund for quantities below 20 seers. The demand upon these depôts has largely increased of late owing to the prices which are being charged in outside shops. Arrangements have, however, been made to meet all demands on these depôts for domestic consumption. The Coal Transportation Officer has already acted upon the recommendations of the Calcutta Corporation as regards priority treatment for coal supplies to depôts under their control. A scheme for giving priority treatment to depôt holders at places like Howrah, Sealdah, Ultadanga, etc., is in course of being brought into operation. The demand for wagons, however, prevents similar treatment being granted at present to depôt holders in the mufassal. But all supplies, preferential or otherwise, depend upon the number of wagons available from day to day. The Railway Board have under consideration the question of giving the Coal Transportation Officer larger powers to ensure that wagons shall be available in the coal-fields to comply as far as possible with demands for coal. The above measures have, it is believed, to some extent checked profiteering and further increase in the prices charged elsewhere."

By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—

39.

Strength and expenses of the Special Intelligence Department of the Criminal Intelligence Department.

What effect will the amnesty to *détenus* and State prisoners have upon the strength and expenses of the Special Intelligence Department of the Criminal Intelligence Department and upon special appointments such as those of Additional Secretary and Under-Secretary in the Political Department, and their establishment?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson:—

" The cessation of violent crime of a political character which resulted from the use of Bengal Regulation III of 1818 and the Defence of India Act against active members of the revolutionary movement enabled the Governor in Council towards the end of 1919 to decide upon a reduction in the strength of the Intelligence Branch of the Criminal Investigation Department of the officers and men noted below:—

*Special Superintendent	1
†Deputy Superintendents	2
Inspectors	8
Sub-Inspectors	12
Head Constables	34
Constables	76
Clerks	5
Press employees	3

* Vacant since 21st October 1919.

† One post vacant since 1st November 1919.

This reduction came into force on the 1st January last.

Following upon previous developments and the recent release of a large number of *détenus* and State prisoners in accordance with the policy of clemency announced in the Royal Proclamation, it is not proposed to renew the term of the appointment of the Additional Secretary which expires on

Questions and Answers.

the 2nd April, 1920. Since January last the Additional Under-Secretary has been employed on other work under the Chief Secretary. The establishment of the Additional Secretary has been reduced by the abolition of the following posts:—

Assistants	...	...	...	7
Typists	...	...	...	3
Record supplier	...	...	...	1
Peons	...	...	...	2 "

By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—

40.

With reference to the answer to my unstarred question No. 42 at the last meeting of the Council, will the Government be pleased to state:—

The rice-question.

- (a) whether the estimate of outturn of rice as given therein is not based on the usual statistical returns and forecasts which were alleged by Government to be unsatisfactory and unreliable in connection with certain questions of mine in this Council last year; and what special steps, if any, have been taken by Government to ascertain their accuracy this year;
- (b) whether the attention of Government has been drawn to a recent press telegram from Rangoon in which it has been pointed out that the outturn of rice in Burma this year is estimated to fall far below that of last year;
- (c) the names of districts where speculation is stated to exist, together with the purport of the reports received up to date from the District Officers concerned, regarding such speculation;
- (d) where and to what extent from each locality, "stocks have been acquired in any quantities by large traders" and in what places are such stocks held at present;
- (e) whether they are in a position to give a list of these large traders, together with the approximate extent of their present stocks of rice;
- (f) what steps, if any, were taken by the local or other officers to discourage these large traders or their purchasing agents from making these large purchases, or to point out the erroneous character of their impression that they would be enabled freely to export to other provinces and abroad under which the said purchases are stated by Government to have been made;
- (g) whether forward sale of standing crops was reported from any district and to what extent *mahajani* loans were granted on the security of rice crops this year in each district as compared with the past few years; and
- (h) whether they are considering the desirability of publishing regularly the reports of the different district economic intelligence officers on the food situation of the respective districts.

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

"(a) The estimate under reference is based on the usual forecasts, which on this last occasion were prepared with more than usual care. For the purposes of the Hon'ble Member's question on the 3rd February, 1920, Government consider these statistics adequate.

Questions and Answers.

(b) Government are aware that according to the final forecast the out-turn of rice in Burma is estimated to be 11 per cent. less than the last year. For the whole of India the estimate of this year is, however, 45 per cent. in excess of the last year.

(c), (d), (e) and (g) Government have already announced the general trend of their information; they do not propose to publish details. According to the information possessed by Government the acquisition of stocks by large traders is not abnormal.

(f) Local officers have instructions to give publicity to the prohibitions on the export of rice both to other provinces and abroad. In this connection copies of *communiqués* issued by the Government of India and the Local Government on the 24th December, 1919, and 11th February, 1920, respectively are laid on the table.

(h) No."

Communiqué referred to in the answer to clause (f) of question No. 40.

(unstarred) asked on the 5th March, 1920.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

PRESS COMMUNIQUE.

Dated the 24th December 1919.

As announced in a Press *communiqué* of the 31st October last the Government of India have had under consideration the question of retaining control over exports of rice in 1920. The prospects of the rice crop throughout India are generally good but prices are still high. Further, though the price of rice in India runs high, world prices owing to the failure of the crop in other rice-producing countries are very much higher. In these circumstances, if exports from India were not restricted, the demand of foreign countries for rice would probably draw out stocks which are required for replenishing reserves and would force up prices to such a level as to cause hardship to the Indian consumer. The Government of India have, therefore, decided that it is necessary to continue control over exports of rice from India during the ensuing year. As regards exports from India proper, the existing form of control will be continued. The quantities allowed for export will be restricted to the minimum requirements of foreign countries which are dependent on India for supplies. These will be rationed according to quarterly allotments which will be communicated to the Collectors of Customs at the Ports of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay and Karachi and will be distributed by them amongst established shippers on the basis of previous shipments to the country concerned. Conditions in Burma have entailed the enforcement of a more stringent scheme of control over exports from that province. In order to keep down internal prices, exports to foreign countries will be restricted to the surplus estimated to be available for export after providing for the needs of India. All sales and purchases for export from Burma will be made through the Rice Commissioner who will not purchase rice throughout 1920 at a higher rate than the equivalent of rupees one hundred and eighty per hundred baskets of paddy. It is considered that this figure, which has been fixed after consultation with the local Government and the trade, is the highest limit to which prices in Burma can be allowed to rise without detriment to the consumer, but that it is at the same time a price which will afford an ample return to the cultivator. The result of fixing this

Questions and Answers.

maximum price would, in the absence of special measures, be to concentrate large profits in the hands of exporting merchants, and it is clearly desirable that these profits should be shared by the community at large. The Rice Commissioner will, therefore, sell rice to foreign countries either by tender or at such prices as he considers fair with reference to prevailing rates, and the difference between the purchase and sale price will be realised for Government. It is impossible to estimate the probable extent of the profits, but it is recognized they will be made partly at the expense of producers in Burma who would, if control were removed, derive large profits from the present condition of world markets and world prices. For this reason the Government of India have decided that the net profits of the scheme should be made over to the Burma Government, subject to a limit of one crore, on condition that the money will be expended for the benefit of the cultivator. The scheme of control which has been designed to attain the desired objects and which will come into effect from the first January, 1920, is as follows:—(1) No exports will be permitted except under license from the Rice Commissioner. (2) All importing countries will be rationed and given fixed quarterly allotments. (3) The Rice Commissioner will periodically invite tenders from foreign purchasers for the amounts allotted, fixing a minimum price which may be varied on each occasion at his discretion, but in the case both of purchases and sales he will have a margin of discretion whether in making allotments to millers and shippers or in accepting offers from foreign exporters. (4) The maximum price to be paid by the Rice Commissioner throughout the year will not exceed the equivalent for big mills specials of rupees one hundred and eighty per hundred baskets of paddy. The prices of other qualities of rice will be settled on a fixed ratio in proportion to the price of big mills specials and no tenders at any higher prices will be accepted. (5) The quantity of rice which will be allotted for export to India will be fixed monthly and will be supplied by the Rice Commissioner at cost price, and in order to prevent undue profits being made by Indian importers the present system of control at Indian ports will for the present be continued. (6) The headquarters of the Rice Commissioner will be at Rangoon, but arrangements have been made for purchasers and sales also at Moulmein, Akyab and Bassein through his representatives.

*Communiqué referred to in the answer to clause (f) of question No. 40
(unstarred) asked on the 5th March, 1920.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

(AGRICULTURE.)

PRESS COMMUNIQUE.

Calcutta the 11th February 1920.

It is intimated for public information that the following control over the movements of rice from Bengal is in force:—

- (1) All exports of rice from Bengal by rail to other provinces are restricted to controlled amounts in the interests of the consumer in Bengal.
- (2) All exports of rice from Bengal to other countries outside India are prohibited except by permission to such countries as are absolutely dependent upon India for their requirements, and then only in minimum quantities and provided that the requirements of those countries cannot be met from Burma.

M. C. McALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

*Questions and Answers.***By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—****41.**as in the
of rice.

(a) With reference to the tabular statement (B) appended to the answer to the unstarred question No. 42 of the last meeting of the Council, ~~and the~~ Government in a position to explain the all-round increase of about Rs. 1-10 per maund in the price of rice over that of last year, in view particularly of a favourable rice crop?

(b) What steps are Government taking to investigate the causes of the increase?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

(a) The main reason underlying the rise in the price of rice, despite the favourable rice crop of the present year, is that the purchasing value of money has changed throughout the world owing to special causes generated by the war. Not only has the price of rice risen in Bengal, but the prices of almost all articles have risen all over the world. A statement is laid on the table showing the percentages by which the average price of foodstuffs has risen in different countries since the commencement of the war. In this connection the Hon'ble Member is referred to a recent speech made by the Right Honourable Mr. Lloyd George in the House of Commons and reported in a Reuter's telegram of the 10th February, in which the Prime Minister stated that the real explanation of dear living was the devaluation of money and that this devaluation existed throughout the world.

(b) In the circumstances no separate investigation is deemed necessary; but all the economic facts and any new tendencies are always under examination, so that any local causes, if any, may be analysed and if possible and necessary met by administrative action."

Statement referred to in the answer to question No 41 (unstarred), asked on the 5th March, 1920, showing the percentage rise in the price of foodstuffs in different countries since July, 1914.

Countries			Percentage rise since July, 1914
Belgium (Brussels)	...	...	261 (August, 1919).
Sweden	...	...	207 (October, 1919).
Vienna	...	...	173 (August, 1917).
Norway	...	...	198 (September, 1919).
France (Paris)	...	...	180 (November, 1919).
Portugal (Lisbon)	...	...	151 (May, 1918).
Switzerland (since June, 1914)	...	...	141 (September, 1919).
United Kingdom	...	...	134 (December, 1919).
Denmark	...	...	112 (July, 1919).
Berlin	...	...	111 (November, 1916).
Holland (Amsterdam)	...	...	104 (October, 1919).
Italy (Rome)	...	...	141 (October, 1919).
Canada	...	...	92 (November, 1919).
United States	...	...	84 (October, 1919).
Spain	...	...	57 (March, 1919).
Australia (Commonwealth)	...	...	48 (September, 1919).
New Zealand	...	...	53 (November, 1919).
South Africa	...	...	54 (October, 1919).
India (unweighted)	...	...	68 (End of September, 1919).
Calcutta	...	...	51 (December, 1919).
Bombay	...	...	93
Madras	...	...	79
Karachi	...	...	73
Rangoon	...	...	42

(End of September, 1919).

*Questions and Answers.***By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—****42.**

Will the Government be pleased to refer to the statements of wholesale and retail prices published in the *Gazette of India* and say whether they are in a position to explain the reason why the index prices of rice lately show a greater increase over those of corresponding periods of last year in the case of Bengal, than in most other provinces, in spite of a favourable outturn in Bengal this year?

Increase in the index prices of rice.

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

"The Hon'ble Member is referred to summary table No. 3 in the supplement to the *Gazette of India* dated the 14th February, 1920. From this it will be apparent that the price of rice at the corresponding period last year in other parts of India with the exception of Bihar and Orissa, Burma and a few stations in the United Provinces was higher than in Bengal. There was, therefore, room for a greater increase in Bengal than in most other provinces."

By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—**43.**

(a) Will the Government be pleased to make a detailed statement about the steps they propose to take for controlling movements of rice to other provinces and abroad, giving particularly the maximum quantities up to which export will be allowed (i) to each of the Indian provinces and (ii) abroad, as at present arranged, and the extent to which the stocks of the different surplus districts will be allowed to be drawn upon for the purpose?

Control of export of rice from Bengal.

(b) What other steps, if any, are the Government taking for discouraging cornering and holding up of stocks of rice for speculative purposes?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

"(a) (i) Movements of Bengal rice by rail and sea to other provinces continue to be regulated by the Director of Civil Supplies in accordance with allotments made in favour of such provinces by the Deputy Foodstuffs Commissioner to the Government of India. The total quantity of Bengal rice allotted for such export is fixed monthly by the Government of India in consultation with the Government of Bengal. In the interests of the consumer in Bengal only such allotments have been allowed as will not have any appreciable effect on the market. The allotment for January was 850 tons, that for February 4,500 tons, and that for March is 10,350 tons against an import in the same month into Chittagong of 5,000 tons of Burma rice which is partially for the Assam trade.

Government have no intention of determining the amount up to which different districts will be drawn upon. Normal trade movements between districts render this undesirable

(ii) Movements of Bengal rice abroad are controlled by the Government of India; and the Hon'ble Member is referred to the *communiqué* issued by the Government of India on the 24th December, 1919, of which a copy has been laid on the table. Such exports are prohibited except by permission to such countries as are absolutely dependent upon India for their requirements, and then only in minimum quantities and provided that the requirements of those countries cannot be met from Burma. Allotments of exports from India are made quarterly. The allotment for exports of rice from Bengal ports for the current quarter is nil.

Questions and Answers. The Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion) Bill, 1920.

(b) From the above it will appear that the action which Government are taking is directed to the stabilisation of prices throughout the province by the conservation of stocks within it and by giving publicity to this policy—*vide* the answer to the Hon'ble Member's question No. 43 (f). It naturally follows that individuals within the province should also conserve their surplus stocks, but there is very little evidence of actual cornering or of the holding up of stocks deliberately for speculative purposes."

By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—

44.

Food values of rice of different standards.

Will the Government be pleased to say whether they are considering the desirability of investigating the comparative food values of rice of different standards and kinds and according to the different methods of husking, cleaning and cooking in vogue in Bengal?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

"Government are not considering the desirability of investigating the comparative food values of rice on the lines indicated. The Hon'ble Member will find certain information on the subject in the following publications:—

'Indian Food Grains' by Dr. Church, 1886.

The Agricultural Ledger, 1903, No. 7, pages 175—78.

Scientific Memoir No. 37 of 1910.

Scientific Memoir No. 45 of 1911.

Scientific Memoir No. 49 of 1912."

By the Hon'ble Babu Bhabendra Chandra Ray:—

45.

Food value of Burma rice.

Are the Government in a position to state what proportion of the controlled Burma rice now in stock is of the polished variety, and its food value as compared with the ordinary quality of Bengal rice?

Answer by the Hon'ble Mr. McAlpin:—

"There is no Burma rice of polished variety now in stock. For its food value the Hon'ble Member is referred to the following publications:—

Scientific Memoir No. 37 of 1910.

Scientific Memoir No. 45 of 1911.

Scientific Memoir No. 49 of 1912."

LEGISLATIVE BUSINESS.

THE EASTERN FRONTIER RIFLES (BENGAL BATTALION) BILL, 1920.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 3.

The Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson moved that the Report of the Select Committee on the Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion) Bill, 1920, be taken into consideration.

He said:—

"When the Eastern Bengal Volunteer Rifles (Bengal Battalion) Bill was introduced into Council the Hon'ble Member in charge explained the

The Bengal Alluvial Lands Bill, 1920.

genesis of the Bill. After the last partition in 1912 the Military Police in both Bengal and Assam were governed by the provisions of the Eastern Bengal and Assam Military Police Act of 1912. The Assam Government propose to revise this Act in order to emphasise the military position and duties of the Assam Military Police of which the Force were proud, and it was decided that the opportunity should be taken to get rid of the anomaly of the military police in Bengal being governed by the Assam Act. Enquiries showed that the force in Bengal were equally proud of its military record and it was decided to fall into line with Assam in giving a military title to the force. The present Bill effects this and reproduces the provisions which have governed the force practically since it came into existence, the only alterations made being those necessitated by the new military title of the force. The Bill has been published and criticism invited, and it is a tribute to the suitability of the organisation as a whole, that practically no criticism has been forthcoming. The Select Committee which considered the Bill were unanimously of opinion that no change was necessary in any of its provisions. I, therefore, now move that the Report of the Select Committee on the Eastern Frontier Rifles (Bengal Battalion) Bill, 1920, be taken into consideration."

The motion was put and agreed to.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 4.

The Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson moved that the Bill, as settled in Council, be passed.

The motion was put and agreed to.

THE BENGAL ALLUVIAL LANDS BILL, 1920.**LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 5.**

The Hon'ble Mr. Cumming introduced a Bill to prevent disputes concerning the possession of certain lands in Bengal gained by alluvion, or by dereliction of a river or the sea.

He said :—

"Sir, I beg leave to introduce the Bengal Alluvial Lands Bill, 1920. This Bill is intended to prevent riots in connection with lands gained by alluvion or by the dereliction of a river or the sea in the deltaic tracts in Bengal. This is a problem which has long been under the consideration of Government. In fact, so far back as the commencement of the 19th century, in view of the serious nature of the problem the solution was put forward that all such lands should be placed under the direct control of the Collector. That solution, some Hon'ble Members will be relieved to hear, Government have not adopted. Of the more recent negotiations, the history will be found in the Statement of Objects and Reasons attached to the Bill, which I shall briefly recapitulate. In 1905, a Bill dealing with the problem was prepared and circulated for criticism. Its general policy met with the approval of 9 associations out of 13 who were consulted. But Government did not proceed with it, because the amendment of the Criminal Procedure Code was then under consideration. In 1910, it was, however, decided that the problem was peculiar to Bengal; and, therefore, no provision could be made in an all-India Act for its solution. The question of legislation was then left pending the completion of the riverain surveys of the province. These have now, so far as the principal areas are concerned, namely, the alluvial lands in the

*The Bengal Alluvial Lands Bill, 1920.**Mr. Cumming.*

Dacca and Chittagong Divisions and some other areas along the Ganges, been completed. There is now no reason for further delay and Government have therefore decided to take action. A Bill has accordingly been drafted in which an attempt has been made to correct the defects of the Bill of the year 1905.

Now what is the problem which we desire to solve? Put briefly, it is that of the prevention of riots on alluvial land for the purpose of obtaining possession of that land by force. I need hardly take up the time of the Council with an elaboration of the intensity and frequency of these riots. In the words of the Evidence Act I think this may be taken to be a fact of which the Council might take judicial notice. But, if any member of this Council desires detailed information, I would refer him to the final Settlement Reports of the districts of Dacca and Faridpur, paragraph 343 of the former Report and paragraphs 115—120 of the latter. These will give him an idea of the lawlessness which prevails on account of the impossibility of exact knowledge of title when a char appears in the Ganges,—of the ease with which valuable crops can be grown on these chars,—and of the advantage which is gained by the strong man who can enforce initial possession. One settlement officer says that the crime of rioting is a blot on the administration of the district; and the other says that the law has failed in every respect.

But it may be asked why there should be any necessity for a separate law, as there is already provision in section 145 of the Criminal Procedure Code for the settlement of such disputes on the basis of possession. But that is precisely where the trouble comes in. In the ordinary land dispute some one is in possession, and it is the duty of the criminal courts to maintain that person in possession. In disputes regarding newly formed chars no one is in possession; the land is a pure gift of Nature and the advantage lies with the person who by physical force is able to enforce initial possession. In fact the law as stated in section 145 is practically the exact opposite of what it ought to be for the present purpose; for far from stopping riots in connection with chars it simply promotes them. Any law, therefore, which we frame must ignore possession. It must only take account of title. That is the first essential.

The second essential is that some one must have power to intervene before a dispute actually comes to a head in order to prevent a riot taking place. We may legislate for effecting a decision in a dispute on the question of title instead of on that of possession; but the prospect of growing valuable crops on these chars or of obtaining rent from them would still form an attraction whether the would-be land owners consider they have a right to Nature's gift of alluvial land or not. We have accordingly proposed to give to the Collector the power to step in and intervene before a riot actually takes place by attaching the land when he is credibly informed that a dispute likely to cause a breach of the peace exists or is likely to arise in regard to any alluvial land. This is the second essential.

If these two essentials be conceded, it is obvious that there must be some connecting link between the two. This link it is proposed to create by the direction in the Bill that the Collector should refer the dispute to the Civil Court who will decide it as if it were an ordinary title suit. Regarding details I may add that it is proposed to protect the person who may be ultimately held by the Civil Court to be the legitimate landlord of any alluvial land, from losses of any bonus on the settlement of land, by making provision under the rules under clause 2 of section 7 for the levy by the Collector of such bonus from any tenants on behalf of such person.

The echoes of this rural rioting which Government desire to prevent may not be heard in urban Calcutta; but it is a very real evil. A century's experience has shown that neither the Civil Courts nor the Criminal Courts

The Bengal Alluvial Lands Bill, 1920. The Amended Draft Financial Statement.

Mr. Marr.

nor a detailed survey of a constantly changing tract can stop this lawlessness; and it is incumbent upon Government to devise some other method.

With these remarks, Sir, I beg leave to introduce the Bengal Alluvial Lands Bill."

The motion was put and agreed to.

THE AMENDED DRAFT FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 6.

The Hon'ble Mr. Marr presented the amended draft Financial Statement for Bengal for 1920-21.¹

He said :—

"Sir, I have the honour to present to the Council the Amended Draft Financial Statement for the year 1920-21. My remarks may be brief, as Hon'ble Members have already received copies of the papers and the general financial situation of the Presidency in the current and coming year has been explained at some length in them.

We started the current year with a balance which was Rs. 1,48,000 better than we expected. The outstanding feature of the year, however, is that the receipts have far exceeded our expectations. We expect to get from Stamps Rs 22½ lakhs, Income-tax Rs 66½ lakhs, Registration Rs 8 lakhs, Jails Rs 7½ and from Scientific and Miscellaneous, on account of sale of quinine to the military authorities, about Rs 7½ lakhs, over the budget figures. On the expenditure side also, the sanctioned estimates, so far as can be foreseen at present, are likely to be exceeded by over Rs 14 lakhs for reasons fully explained in the memorandum.

As for the coming year, our revenue estimates have been framed in the hope that the industrial and commercial activity of the current year will continue.

During the period of the war the most rigid economy had to be exercised. The obvious consequence, however, has been that all branches of the administration have suffered as the result of the financial stringency, which prevented the continuance of the progressive policy initiated in 1914-15, and there is therefore, much leeway to make up. The result of this economy for the last four years has been a large increase in our balances, the bulk of which, however, represents unspent balances of earmarked Imperial grants. This places us at any rate in the possession of some ready money for expenditure on schemes involving non-recurring expenditure with which again to initiate a progressive policy now that hostilities have ceased.

A sum of Rs. 22,63,000 has been allowed to give effect to the recommendations of the Public Services Commission, and provision has also been made in the next year's budget to meet the urgent demands of all the departments, with the result that the expenditure estimates exceed the revenue estimates of the year by Rs. 63,65,000.

It is still impossible to give any forecast of what the financial future of the province will be under the Reforms Scheme. The financial relations between the Government of India and the different Provincial Governments are still under consideration and, when the Committee on Financial Relations, provided over by Lord Meston, visited Calcutta last month, we pressed Bengal's claims as strongly as we could. In this we were very ably assisted

¹ Not published in these proceedings

*The Amended Draft Financial Statement.**Mr. Cumming.*

by the non-official members of the Finance Committee. Nothing more can now be done until the Committee on Financial Relations has come to its conclusions.

Hon'ble Members will of course remember that the figures as now furnished are only provisional and that they will not be final until the budget is finally presented.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 7.

The Hon'ble Mr. Cumming introduced the following heads :—

Revenue—

I.—Land Revenue.

Expenditure—

3. Land Revenue.

Revenue—

IX.—Forests.

Expenditure—

11. Forests.

18. General Administration.

Revenue—

XVIII.—Ports and Pilotage.

Expenditure—

21. Ports and Pilotage

Revenue—

XXIA.—Agriculture.

Expenditure—

26A. Agriculture.

Revenue—

XXIB.—Scientific and Miscellaneous Departments.

Expenditure—

26B. Scientific and Miscellaneous Departments.

He said :—

"Sir, I have the honour to introduce the main heads under 'Land Revenue' and its connected subjects. As the Financial Statement has been prepared in much detail, I shall not intrude on much of the time of the Council.

The estimate for receipts under the head 'Land Revenue' was prepared last year on the assumption that the year 1919 would be a good agricultural year. This expectation has on the whole been fulfilled, and a small increase of revenue is anticipated, although there has been distress in Bankura and Brahmanbaria and in certain Eastern Bengal districts on account of the

*The Amended Draft Financial Statement.**Mr. Cumming.*

cycles of September last. For next year, the estimate of such receipts has also been formed on the assumption that agricultural conditions will continue to be good. On the expenditure side, the budget estimate is about 12½ lakhs in excess of the revised estimate for the current year.

This is due to—

- (1) a provision of Rs. 2½ lakhs in pursuance of the policy of appointing circle officers ;
- (2) the payment of a debt to the Government of India of nearly Rs. 3 lakhs for expenditure incurred by them in the land revenue settlements conducted during the settlement operations in the district of Bakarganj ;
- (3) the provision of over Rs. 10 lakhs to give effect to the recommendations of the Public Services Commission for the improvement of the pay and prospects of the Indian and Provincial Civil Services ; and
- (4) the provision of Rs. 2½ lakhs for the development of Kalimpong as a hill station.

In the case of the Forest Department, we may congratulate ourselves on an expected increase of revenue during the current year of over Rs. 2½ lakhs more than was anticipated, whilst the estimate for expenditure will probably be only exceeded by a little over a lakh and a half. This is due to the fact that departmental operations are being conducted on a more extensive scale than has hitherto been the case and to an increased demand for raw materials. Next year, we anticipate still larger revenues, in all Rs. 20 lakhs, for the same reasons. The estimate for expenditure for next year is, however, over Rs. 4 lakhs in excess of the revised estimate for the present year. This is due to the necessity for making provision for communications, buildings, improvements, etc., expenditure on which had been rigorously curtailed during the war. Much of this will repay itself. Half a lakh has also been provided for the reorganization of the Subordinate Forest Service. The net surplus has been expanded to the extent of three and a half lakhs in three years.

Under the head 'Scientific and Miscellaneous Departments,' the large increase in the revised estimate of nearly Rs. 6 lakhs is chiefly due to the large quantity of quinine supplied for the frontier campaign. In the estimate for 1920-21 a normal provision has been made for the Cinchona Plantations.

A sum of Rs. 10,000 has been provided in the budget for Fisheries as the first instalment of the money required for the establishment of a carp-cultural station near Calcutta with a view to the proper investigation of the various problems connected with the breeding, development and growth of carp.

The general agricultural budget includes the Co-operative Department, the Veterinary Department, as well as the Agricultural Department proper. These departments are not large revenue-paying departments, but the revenue head is remarkable for an increase of sales of silk cocoons from the sericultural nurseries since the year 1917-18 by over half a lakh of rupees ; and a further advance of half a lakh is anticipated next year. On the expenditure side, provision has been made for the proper expansion of the agricultural department by the provision of Rs. 2½ lakhs more than the original budget for the current year. Provision has been made for the establishment of four more farms in accordance with the policy adopted by Government of gradually establishing a farm in every district, for the appointment of another botanical expert and for giving effect to the revision of the pay of Imperial officers in accordance with the recommendations of the Public Services Commission. There is also provision for the Dacca vernacular agricultural

*The Amended Draft Financial Statement.**The Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan.*

school which was started on the 15th January last and for the Ohinsura school which it is hoped will be completed in June. There is at present no provincial provision for the Agricultural Institute at Dacca; for the initial expenditure of Rs. 75,000 for the acquisition of land was met from an Imperial grant. We shall try to obtain another grant, but, failing that, we shall rely on savings in order to commence its construction next year. The increased expenditure of about a lakh of rupees for Co-operative Societies is due to the development of that Department and to the necessity of the creation of an adequate staff to keep pace with that development in accordance with the statutory obligations of the State.

Revenue—

XVIII.—Ports and Pilotage.

Expenditure—

21.—Ports and Pilotage.

I also beg to introduce the subject 'Ports and Pilotage' under the Marine Department. Owing to shipping difficulties during the war 'pilotage receipts' fell. It is now hoped that the tonnage of the Port of Calcutta will gradually increase and that a rapid recovery in the receipts will be effected.

As regards the Port of Chittagong the position has been altered since last year. It has been settled in consultation with the Government of India that the Imperial Government will take over the administration of the Port of Chittagong as the terminal of the Assam-Bengal Railway; but it has been recently intimated that it will not be possible to undertake at present the necessary legislation in the Imperial Council. In the meantime, therefore, the existing arrangement will continue."

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 8.

The Hon'ble the Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan introduced the following heads — c

Expenditure—

19A. Courts of Law.

24B. Sanitation.

Revenue—

XXXI.—Civil works in charge of Civil officers.

Expenditure—

45. Civil works in charge of Civil officers.

He said :—

" Expenditure—

19A.—Courts of Law.

Sir, I rise to introduce the figures relating to Courts of Law. The total budget estimate for 1919-20 was Rs. 1,04,35,000, but the revised estimate was raised to Rs. 1,06,33,000. This increase is due mainly to the additional temporary courts which it has been found necessary to open, to cope with the steady increase in judicial work, and partly to the payment of war allowances to menials and to larger expenditure under 'Supplies and Services' and 'Contingencies.'

*The Amended Draft Financial Statement.**The Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan.*

The total expenditure for 1920-21 has been estimated at Rs. 1,14,37,000 which, besides providing for a further increase in the volume of judicial work, includes provision of Rs. 2,50,000 for the improvement of the pay of the officers of the Provincial Judicial Service, against a lump provision of Rs. 1,25,000 for the same purpose in the current year's budget, and a provision of Rs. 52,788 for an additional Judge of the High Court and his establishment for the whole year, as well as Rs. 10,668 for the re-organization of the record-room of the Appellate Side of that Court.

Provision has also been made in the budget for 1920-21 for the additional Judge of the Small Cause Court and his establishment throughout the year. Proposal for the permanent retention of this additional Judge has been recommended to the Government of India, because the existing staff of Judges is unable to cope with the volume of work which comes before the Court and also because it is proposed to relieve the Registrar of his judicial functions. Provision has also been made for the Additional Legal Remembrancer and his establishment, the term of whose appointment has been provisionally extended. There has been, however, a considerable reduction under the head "Charges under the Defence of India Act" from Rs. 50,000 in 1919-20 to Rs. 5,000 in 1920-21.

It has not been found possible to make provision in the Provincial Civil Works Budget for any new judicial major works for the year 1920-21, though a sum of Rs. 50,000 has been provided in the budget for judicial minor works as was done in this year's budget.

24B.—Sanitation.

Sir, I now have the honour to introduce for the consideration of Council the figures relating to Sanitation. The expenditure for the current year was originally estimated at Rs. 18,66,000 and has now been reduced to Rs. 15,00,000 owing largely to the transfer, to the Irrigation Department, of funds for expenditure on anti-malarial works. The Department acts as the agent of the Sanitary Department in regard to those schemes and there is no diversion of funds from sanitation. The chief items of expenditure sanctioned during the current year from the grants for sanitary improvement are shown in page 41.

As regards the expenditure for the coming year the statement given in Appendix C on page 104 of the amended draft Financial Statement shows that we are budgetting for the large sum of Rs. 19,30,000 to be spent on anti-malarial works, to schemes of sanitary engineering and certain recurring charges and that we propose to supplement the 9½ lakhs grant by drawing on the accumulated balances of Imperial grants to the extent of nearly 10 lakhs in order to provide for developments of public health work.

Under the head of 'Recurring Sanitary Charges' I may draw attention to the large provision for quinine grants. During the current year the sum of Rs. 50,000 was allotted for this purpose and the amount is to be doubled in the coming year. Another item of particular interest is that of Rs. 45,000 for contributions by Government towards the pay of district health officers. It is hoped that this allotment will enable Government to provide half the pay of the Health Officers who are to be appointed by District Boards next year. The entry of Rs. 10,000 for a Subordinate Sanitary Service calls for a brief explanation. Hitherto subordinate medical officers, such as Sub-Assistant Surgeons, who are required for the Sanitary Department, have been lent by the Medical Department under the Surgeon-General; but there has been increasing difficulty in obtaining their services, and consequently it has been thought advisable to provide for their separate recruitment and on that account a separate allotment has been made.

A lakh has been provided for continuing the campaign against hook worm disease which was initiated last year under His Excellency's auspices.

*The Amended Draft Financial Statement.**Mr. Cowley.*

Provision has been made for the establishment at Dacca of a laboratory for the analysis of food and water which it is hoped will relieve the pressure on the Sanitary Commissioner's laboratory in Calcutta. Rupees 30,000 have been allotted for child-welfare work which is now the subject of enquiry by a special committee appointed by Government. Their report has not yet been received, but it is considered advisable to provide money to enable a forward movement to be made, *e.g.*, by having *dais* trained by medical men in the mufassal. A large sum, viz., Rs. 50,000, has also been set aside for a publicity bureau, the object of which is to develop and extend public health propaganda.

Revenue—

XXX.—Civil Works in charge of Civil Officers.

Expenditure—

45.—Civil Works in charge of Civil Officers.

I shall now introduce the figures relating to Civil Works in charge of Civil Officers.

The budget estimate of receipts for the current year was Rs. 1,69,300, but in the revised estimate this has been reduced to Rs. 1,45,000. The decrease has been made mainly with reference to the actuals of the first nine months of the current year under the head "Tolls". The budget estimate for 1920-21 is Rs. 4,45,000.

As regards expenditure, the decrease of Rs. 3,95,000 in the revised estimate is mainly attributable to the transfer to the head "21.—Ports and Pilotage" of a sum of Rs. 3,25,000 for payment of a grant to the Port Commissioners for the improvement of the Port of Chittagong.

The estimate for 1920-21 is Rs. 12,50,000 of which details for Rs. 11,17,000 are given on page 53 of the Financial Statement."

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 9.

The Hon'ble Mr. Cowley introduced the following heads:—

Revenue—

XXIX.—Irrigation—Major Works.

Expenditure—

42. Irrigation—Major Works—Working Expenses.

Revenue—

XXX.—Minor Works and Navigation.

Expenditure—

43. Minor Works and Navigation.

Revenue—

XXXI.—Civil Works in charge of the Public Works Department.

Expenditure—

45. Civil Works in charge of the Public Works Department.

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He said :—

Sir, I have the honour to introduce for the consideration of Council the Public Works heads of the budget entitled—

Irrigation—Major Works—

XXIX—Receipts.

42—Expenditure ; also

Minor Works and Navigation—

XXX—Receipts.

43—Expenditure.

The major works included within this Presidency comprise the Midnapore and Hijli Tidal Canals. The chief sources of revenue are the water rate collections on account of the areas irrigated from the Midnapore Irrigation Canal system and tolls received from navigation on the Midnapore and Hijli Tidal Canals. The revenue derived from Irrigation remains more or less a constant figure, whereas the receipts from navigation vary. The small total increase in the revised estimates for the current year is due to the increased receipts under navigation, owing to the shortage of railway wagons and the diversion of railway goods traffic to boat traffic on the Hijli Tidal Canal. The budget estimate for 1920-21 follows the revised estimate for the current year, on the assumption that this boat traffic will continue during that year.

In regard to expenditure under the major head 42, I have nothing to add to the statement made on page 51 of the amended draft Financial Statement.

In regard to minor works and navigation, the chief sources of revenue are the tolls received from navigation on the Calcutta Canals, the Sunderbans steamer route and the Madaripur Bil Canal which together form the navigable route for boats and inland steamers between Calcutta and Eastern Bengal. During the past 3 years the net revenue received from the Madaripur Bil Canal has been in excess of 6 per cent. on the Capital expenditure. During 1918-19, 5,880 steamers and flats made use of this route for the transportation of 424 lakhs of maunds of cargo. Owing to this large increase in traffic, work on the widening of the Canal has been commenced and will be continued during the coming year. A provision of Rs. 4,70,000 has been made in the current year's revised budget for expenditure on this work ; and for next year a sum of Rs. 7,00,000 has been provided. The total cost of widening is estimated at Rs. 17,00,000 ; and the work will be pushed on as rapidly as possible.

An estimate amounting to Rs. 10,25,354 inclusive of the usual percentage charges for establishment and tools and plant has been sanctioned for the reconstruction of the Kidderpore bridge. During the current year a sum of Rs. 70,000 has been provided in the revised budget for expenditure during the year, and, for expenditure during 1920-21, a sum of Rs. 6,50,000 has been included in the budget estimate.

A project for the partial canalisation of the Tolly's Nullah has been initiated and a sluice is now under construction at Samukpotha, at the junction of the Tolly's Nullah with the Bidyadhari river. A sum of Rs. 1,00,000 has been provided in the revised estimates for the current year for expenditure on this work and the work is now nearing completion. The amount provided for expenditure in the budget estimates for 1920-21 is Rs. 5,000. When introducing for the consideration of Council the Public Works heads of the budget for the year 1919-20, I pointed out that the efforts of Government in the Irrigation Department were largely expended in the conservation and improvement of waterways, and that inextricably bound up with this question was the question of drainage. I further stated

*The Amended Draft Financial Statement.**Mr. Cowley.*

that data were being collected to enable Government to deal effectually with the whole problem of river improvement; and as an example of a project of this character, I alluded to the work of the improvement of the Bidyadhari river. During the current year, work in connection with the improvement of the Bidyadhari river has been continued, and the revised estimates for the current year provide for an expenditure of Rs. 2,10,000 on this work. A further sum of Rs. 80,000 has been provided for expenditure during 1920-21.

Measures already begun for mitigating the effects of the Damodar floods by the improvement of the exit channels of the flood water into the Rupnarain river have been continued during the year and the probable expenditure during the current year will be Rs. 2,38,000. A further provision of Rs. 1,76,000 has been made in the budget estimate for 1920-21.

Investigations which were taken up in connection with the construction of reservoirs in the catchment of the Damodar river have been concluded during the current year, and we now have available the necessary data for the preparation of a project for the control of the floods of the river for the consideration of Government. During the current year a sum of Rs. 8,000 is likely to be expended on these investigations; and a provision of Rs. 2,000 has been made in the next year's budget estimate to permit of further investigations if found necessary.

During the year, work in connection with the Amirabad and Pichabani drainage projects in the Contai subdivision of the district of Midnapore has been started, and it is expected that a sum of Rs. 1,00,000 will be expended during the current year on these two projects; work will be continued during the year 1920-21, and it is hoped that it may be possible to complete these two projects during the year. For these works a sum of Rs. 1,90,000 has been provided for expenditure during the year 1920-21.

A provision of Rs. 1,00,000 has also been made for the improvement of the drainage conditions of the Bullee Bil in the 24-Parganas.

In regard to measures of anti-malarial drainage, the following works have been either completed or are nearing completion :—

- (1) Banka scheme.
- (2) Improvement of the Saraswati river.
- (3) Baragachi project.
- (4) Monikhali project.

The expenditure involved on these works is not provided for in the Public Works Department budget, but is provided in the Civil Department budget under sanitation. The sum required for expenditure during the year is, however, transferred to the Public Works Department for expenditure. Under the Sanitary Drainage Act the following projects are now under construction :—

- (1) Arul Bil (Jessore).
- (2) Amta (Howrah).
- (3) Jaboona (Jessore, Nadia and 24-Parganas).
- (4) Nawi Sunthi (24-Parganas).

These works will be continued, and I hope that the Arul Bil scheme will be completed and considerable progress made on the others, in the course of next year. Surveys in connection with anti-malarial drainage projects are continuing, and new projects are being developed. Provision for the general maintenance of works in efficient condition and for small original works of an important nature have also been included in the revised estimates for the current year, and for expenditure on similar works during 1920-21.

*The Amended Draft Financial Statement.**Mr. Hornell.*

Revenue—

XXXI—Civil Works in charge of the Public Works Department.

Expenditure—

45.—Civil Works in charge of the Public Works Department.

Sir, I have to introduce for the consideration of the Council the Budget for *Civil Works in charge of the Public Works Department*.

On the receipt side I have nothing to add to the remarks in the amended draft financial statement.

The grant for 'Works in progress' for the next year includes provision for relaying the surface of some of the roads on the Calcutta Maidan with tar macadam, continuing the improvements of the Duars Roads, and providing a water-supply and new roads in connection with the development of Kalimpong as a hill station. Provision is also made for protecting the river bank at Pabna against erosion of the river Ganges."

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 10.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hornell introduced the following heads :—

Revenue—

XIX.—Education.

Expenditure—

22. Education.

He said :—

"Mr. President, I rise to lay before the Council the heads of Revenue and Expenditure of the Education Budget for the coming financial year.

Revenue.

The receipts are growing—Rs. 9,47,392 in 1916-17 and Rs. 9,83,109 in 1918-19 and the estimate I now place before you is Rs. 11,00,000. The increase is mainly due to the larger income derived from fees paid in Government Colleges and Schools.

Expenditure.

The expenditure side has also grown—from Rs. 76,87,152 in 1916-17 to Rs. 1,21,42,000—the amount which it is proposed to spend during the coming financial year. The figures on page 35 of the Financial Statement illustrate the stages of this growth.

The sanctioned budget for the current financial year stands at Rs. 97,86,000. Looking to the actual expenditure during the first nine months of the financial year, as also to the fact that no capital expenditure will be incurred during the period from the grant provided for giving effect to the recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission, it is anticipated that the expenditure during the year will fall short of the sanctioned estimate by Rs. 2,78,000, and will be in fact Rs. 95,08,000.

The budget for the period in prospect has been fixed at Rs. 1,21,42,000, a figure which exceeds the budget estimate for the current financial year by more than 23½ lakhs and the anticipated expenditure of the current financial

*The Amended Draft Financial Statement.**Mr. Hornell.*

year by nearly 26½ lakhs. The new items included in the programme of educational expenditure for the coming financial year are explained in the Financial Statement on pages 35-38 and 82-88. I do not therefore repeat them.

Besides the expenditure proposed under the main head it is anticipated that Rs. 10,30,000 will be spent by the Public Works Department, in original building works for the Education Department and provision has been made accordingly. Details are to be found on page 58 of the Financial Statement.

The various recurring Imperial grants which have been sanctioned from time to time have been provided in full. These grants include, as I shall show later, the Imperial recurring assignment of Rs. 5,45,000 for the Dacca University.

The Finance Member has already shown that a sum of Rs. 1,22,23,000 still stands to the credit of the Bengal Education Department, by reason of the balances of the various Imperial grants, which balances are still outstanding. During the coming financial year it is proposed to spend about Rs. 23,90,000 from these balances.

I will now add a few words as to the various purposes on which this sum of Rs. 23,90,000 is to be spent.

The Dacca University.

It is proposed to devote from this amount a sum of Rs. 4,55,000 to buildings and other capital charges necessary for the realisation of this long pending scheme. This assignment is not the only amount which is made available for this purpose in the budget estimates which I am now laying before you. In the years 1912-13 and 1913-14 Imperial recurring grants to the extent of Rs. 5,45,000 were sanctioned for the Dacca University Scheme. This amount has been provided in the estimates. We are now busily engaged in making such preparations as must be completed before the University can actually begin work.

The provision of a hostel in connexion with the Apprentices' Technical School, Kanchrapara, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

This Council will remember that as a result of a resolution brought forward about this time year before last by the Hon'ble Sir R. N. Mukerjee and accepted by the Council, a sum of Rs. 45,000 was provided in the current year's budget for the establishment of a hostel in connexion with the Apprentices' Technical School Kanchrapara. I need not repeat the details of the scheme. It is necessary to devote Rs. 31,000 of the balances to the completion during the coming financial year of this hostel.

The establishment of a Technical Institute in Calcutta.

The question of the training of engineering apprentices has indeed been bulking large during the last year. In addition to the Kanchrapara scheme the conference recently convened by His Excellency is formulating a scheme for a technical institute in Calcutta. This institute will be confined, to start with, to the instruction of apprentices in practically every branch of engineering other than mining engineering, but its subsequent expansion into something more like a technological institute is contemplated. In order that a start, long over-due, may be made in the direction of meeting this need, it is proposed to devote 6 lakhs of the balances to the purchase of a site and to provide from the balances a further sum of 2 lakhs with which to make a good start with the buildings.

*The Amended Draft Financial Statement.**Mr. Hornell.***The Engineering College, Sibpur.**

The development of the Engineering College at Sibpur has long been delayed by various suggestions that it should be moved from its present location. It has now been definitely decided that it will remain where it is, but the site and the general sanitary condition of the compound of the college need improvement and this improvement is a necessary preliminary to the further development of the college. A sum of 2 lakhs has been provided from the balances for this purpose.

Primary Education.

Turning to primary education, it is proposed to assign 3 lakhs of the balances to the inauguration of the new scheme which has recently been worked out as between the Education Department and the Corporation for the improvement of primary education in Calcutta. This scheme involves contributions from the Corporation as well as from funds at the disposal of Government.

When the Bengal Primary Education Act (Act IV of 1919) was passed the municipalities of the Presidency other than the Calcutta Corporation were called upon to submit the statements required by section 3 of that Act. Only a few of these statements have been received and Government are not aware of what the general resources of the municipalities are as compared with their needs. It has not therefore been possible as yet to formulate any general scheme of Government assistance, but it was thought that a sum of at least one lakh should be provided from the balances so that if any municipality in the mufassal found itself in a position to go ahead under the Bengal Primary Education Act Government would be able to help it to do so.

The establishment of a Muhammadan College in Calcutta.

It is proposed to devote Rs. 50,000 of the balances to making a start in the direction of the establishment of a Muhammadan College in Calcutta. This is a proposal of which this Council has heard more than once and it is one to which the Government of Bengal are committed. Some years ago a site was purchased in Wellesley Street, but no further progress was made with the scheme partly because of the appointment of the Calcutta University Commission. The Commission's Report is now before the public. It recommends the establishment of an Islamic College in Calcutta as a constituent college of the University; and its scheme of reorganisation would also probably involve either the development of the Anglo-Persian Department into an Intermediate College or the creation of an Intermediate College for Mussulmans in Calcutta. It is impossible for us to say when these proposals will be carried out, if ever. But Government are unwilling that their promise should remain any longer unredeemed. What therefore we propose to do is to begin with this sum of Rs. 50,000 the construction of a building on the Wellesley Street site which would accommodate a First Grade College, comprising, as first grade colleges do now comprise, both Intermediate and Post Intermediate classes. This building could be without difficulty converted in future, should the occasion for this conversion arise, either into an Intermediate or into a Constituent college. We have a plan of a building already.

Madrassahs.

It is proposed to provide from the balances a sum of Rs. 81,000 for improving the buildings of private Madrassahs. This expenditure is very necessary in the general interests of the Moslem community. I may add that the Madrassahs to receive assistance from this provision will be those which are trying to meet the demands of the reformed Madrassah Scheme.

*The Amended Draft Financial Statement.**Mr. Hornell.***The Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong.**

The Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, is an institution which is especially intended to meet the needs of the less wealthy members of the domiciled community who educate their children in India. The school is in serious and urgent need of improvement and expansion. The Council will recall a resolution which the Hon'ble Mr. Irwin brought before the Council last year with regard to this school. I trust that the Council will see eye to eye with Government in this their attempt to improve the educational facilities of this particular section of the community. Those members who have read the recent report on the domiciled community will not, I venture to hope, oppose this proposed expenditure as either unnecessary or of comparative unimportance.

The Chittagong Collegiate School.

The Chittagong Collegiate School, one of the most promising Zilla Schools of the Presidency, is at present housed in what was formerly an office. A scheme for providing the school with buildings of its own was worked out in 1914 and a fine site has been acquired. The scheme should not be indefinitely postponed and it has consequently been decided to provide Rs. 75,000 from the balances. With this money it will be possible to make a start with this much-belated and urgent scheme.

Manual instruction classes in Indian High Schools.

In 1915-16 a scheme was sanctioned for the opening of manual training classes at 24 selected High and Zilla Schools and one Middle English School. These classes have been successful in 21 of the schools, but all the existing classes are badly in need of adequate and suitable accommodation. It is proposed therefore to devote Rs. 74,000 of the balances to the provision of better accommodation for this promising and all-important branch of school-work. An amount of Rs. 34,100 has also been provided in the budget from Provincial Revenues for starting new manual instruction classes. I feel that I shall have the Council with me in this effort towards the general improvement of secondary school training. Manual work is now universally accepted as an essential element in a sound school curriculum and there are special reasons why Bengal should not at this juncture be without this advantage.

The Bethune College.

The Bethune College buildings are in a dreadful state of congestion. A scheme for constructing a separate building for the college was mooted as long ago as 1907. The congestion cannot be tolerated any longer. Various big schemes for dealing with the future development of the college and its connected school have been put forward during the last seven years, but all these schemes involve large expenditure, and until we know what, if anything, is coming out of the Calcutta University Commission's report it is not possible to come to an ultimate and final decision. It is proposed to provide Rs. 50,000 from the balances, and with this amount available it will be possible to relieve the existing congestion in the class-rooms by means of buildings of a temporary nature, and to carry out some expansion of the college's work.

Grant to the Calcutta University for the construction of hostels of affiliated colleges in Calcutta.

The Council will remember that in the year 1915-16 the Government of India sanctioned a grant of ten lakhs for the construction of hostels. To this was added a sum of Rs. 2,00,000, the balance of previous Imperial grants. On the strength of these receipts a programme of hostel construction was undertaken by the University and carried out. It is proposed to provide Rs. 94,000 from the balances to meet the last instalment of the balance due to the University.

*The Amended Draft Financial Statement.**Khan Bahadur Aminul Islam.*

To summarise the purposes to which it is proposed to devote the sum of Rs. 23,90,000 which is to be taken from the Imperial balances. These purposes are :—

	Rs.
(1) Dacca University	4,55,000
(2) The provision of a hostel in connexion with the Apprentices' Technical School, Kanchrapara, Eastern Bengal Railway	31,000
(3) The establishment of a Technical Institute in Calcutta (for construction of buildings)	2,00,000
(For acquisition of site)	6,00,000
(4) The Engineering College, Sibpur	2,00,000
(5) Primary Education in Calcutta	3,00,000
Ditto outside Calcutta	1,00,000
(6) The establishment of a Muhammadan College in Calcutta	50,000
(7) Madrasahs	81,000
(8) The Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong	80,000
(9) The Chittagong Collegiate School	75,000
(10) Manual Instruction Classes in Indian High Schools	74,000
(11) Improvement of the Bethune College buildings	50,000
(12) Grant to the Calcutta University for the construction of hostels for affiliated colleges in Calcutta	94,000
Total	23,90,000

At the close of the financial year 1920-21 we shall, if we spend all the amount which I have just named, have to our credit an Imperial balance of Rs. 98,33,000 of which an amount of Rs. 57,36,000 will be earmarked for the Dacca University. Thus, the money provided for the Dacca University apart, we may anticipate that on the 31st March 1921 we shall still have a balance of Rs. 40,97,000 for general educational purposes. Let me explain in conclusion that, as regards this last-named balance at any rate, it will not be possible to spend it save on objects of a non-recurring nature—practically buildings and equipment. The pace at which we can carry out any large construction programme is set by the rate at which the Public Works Department can get the work done.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 11.

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Aminul Islam introduced the following heads :—

Revenue—

X.—Registration.

Expenditure—

12. Registration.

He said :—

SIR,—I have the honour to introduce for the consideration of the Council the Budget heads of Receipts and Expenditure of the Registration Department.

The actual receipts in 1918-19 amounted to Rs. 19,17,737. The sanctioned estimate for the current year is Rs. 19,00,000. But during the first nine months there has been a gradual increase almost every month and receipts are already Rs. 4,84,420 over those of the corresponding period of the last year. It is anticipated that, on this basis, the total collection during the year will be Rs. 27,00,000. This large increase of Rs. 8,00,000 over the sanctioned estimate is due to the abnormal rise in the number of registrations owing to

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various causes. In the mofussil it was due to rise in the price of foodstuffs and to the last cyclone in East Bengal; but in Calcutta and its suburbs, it was mainly due to an abnormal increase in the price of house property and a consequent speculation in land. The budget estimate for next year has accordingly been placed at Rs. 27,00,000 on the basis of the revised estimate for the current year.

On the expenditure side the sanctioned estimate for the present year is Rs. 12,21,000 and the revised estimate with reference to the actual charges for the first nine months of the year has been fixed at Rs. 13,00,000. The increase of Rs. 79,000 is due mainly to larger expenditure on temporary copying establishment both in Calcutta and in the mofussil. The budget estimate for the next year, which has been framed as economically as possible, has been placed at Rs. 13,89,000. This is in advance of the revised estimate by Rs. 89,000 and of the sanctioned estimate by Rs. 1,68,000.

On pages 64 and 65 of the Financial Statement the items of expenditure are shown, the outstanding features of which, I am glad to note, are that it has been found possible to provide for two long-deferred projects, viz :—

	Rs.
1. Revision of the strength and pay of the ministerial establishment of district headquarters and rural registration offices	90,339

The main features of this scheme are (a) the increase of the pay and the strength of the district headquarters establishment and the enhancement of pay of the clerks and mohurrirs employed in the mofussil registration offices from Rs. 20 and Rs. 15 to Rs. 25 and Rs. 20, respectively. The scheme, which was sanctioned by the Secretary of State in 1916, will cost about Rs. 1,38,339, of which Rs. 48,000 was provided last year to give partial effect to the scheme and the balance of Rs. 90,339 has been provided for in next year's budget.

	Rs.
2. Revision of the cadre of Sub-Registrars	42,300

The revised cadre which has been based on Sir David Barbour's scale provides for a larger proportion of appointments in the higher grades and is expected to quicken the rate of promotion.

Rupees 2,160 has been provided for raising the pay of Probationers from Rs. 30 to Rs. 40.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 12.

The Hon'ble Mr. Marr introduced the following heads :—

Expenditure—

1. Refunds and drawbacks.
6. Stamps.

Revenue—

V.—Excise.

Expenditure—

7. Excise.
10. Income-tax

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Revenue—

XII.—Interest.

Revenue—

XXA.—Medical.

Expenditure—

24. Medical.

Revenue—

XXII.—Receipts in aid of superannuation, etc.

Expenditure—

29. Superannuation allowance.

Revenue—

XXIII.—Stationery and Printing.

Expenditure—

30. Stationery and Printing.

Revenue—

XXV.—Miscellaneous.

Expenditure—

32. Miscellaneous.

He said :—

SIR.—I have the honour to introduce for the consideration of Council the various heads of Revenue and Expenditure with which I am concerned. The following heads call for no comment beyond the remarks which already appear in the Statement:—

Expenditure—

1—Refunds and drawbacks.

6—Stamps.

29—Superannuation allowances.

Revenue—

XII.—Interest.

XXII.—Receipts in aid of superannuation.

XXIII.—Stationery and Printing.

Turning to heads, Revenue V and Expenditure 7—Excise, with a view to check consumption, the duty on country spirit for different strengths was enhanced in the districts of Hooghly, Howrah, the 24-Parganas, Calcutta and Jalpaiguri in January 1919, and in March last the retail prices of country spirit were increased throughout the Presidency. The opening hour also of premises for the retail vend of foreign liquor for consumption therein was fixed at 11 A.M. in July 1918. As a result of these restrictive measures there has been an appreciable fall in consumption this year. Owing to better shipping facilities, there has been a larger supply of imported liquor, which has

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caused a fall under the head, "Liquors and spirits made in India after European methods." For these reasons, it is expected that the receipts this year will fall short of the original estimate by Rs. 6 lakhs.

In January last the duty on country spirit for different strengths was again raised with effect from the 1st April 1920 in the districts of Burdwan, Jalpaiguri, Rangpur, Dacca, Mymensingh and Darjeeling. The price per seer of *ganja* was also raised from Rs. 60 to Rs. 75, and the rate of duty on *bhang* was uniformly fixed at Re. 1 per seer for all districts. These measures will perhaps further check consumption next year, but with the cessation of hostilities, the commercial and industrial prosperity of the province are likely to increase, which will conduce to the consumption of excisable articles. The extension of the fixed fee system to the districts of Burdwan, Dacca, Mymensingh, Jalpaiguri, Rangpur and Darjeeling, with effect from the 1st April 1920, will also tend to increase the license fee and duty receipts and the coming year's estimate has, therefore, been fixed at Rs. 1,87,00,000.

Besides making provision for additional establishment for the introduction of the fixed fee system, the expenditure budget provides for normal growth and calls for no remarks.

As for expenditure under Income-Tax, the figures represent the cost of establishments for the collection of taxes under the Super-tax Act VIII of 1917 and the new Income Tax Act VII of 1918. Owing to the introduction of these new Acts the work of the department has materially increased and the establishment, especially in Calcutta, has had to be strengthened accordingly. On the other hand, a large increase in revenue is looked for.

XXA and 24 A.—Medical.—To meet to some extent the growing need for qualified medical practitioners in Bengal, increased accommodation has been provided in the Campbell and Dacca Medical Schools. This, together with the enhancement of the school fees in these two institutions, mainly accounts for the increase in receipts both in the revised and budget estimates under XXA—Medical.

It was announced last year that provision had been made for the construction of the Hygiene Institute attached to the School of Tropical Medicine, of a new medical school at Burdwan and of the new Eye Hospital at the Medical College, Calcutta. These works have been commenced this year and the Hygiene Institute is nearing completion. Necessary provision for their completion has been made in next year's Public Works Department budget. At present there are no facilities for the treatment of diseases of the eye, throat, ear and nose in the Campbell Hospital, nor is there any provision for the education of students in those special branches in that School. Provision has, therefore, been made for the opening of indoor and outdoor wards in that Hospital for the treatment of those diseases. All preliminary arrangements have been completed for the transfer of the administrative control of the Mitford Hospital from the 1st April to Government, and necessary provision for the upkeep of the Hospital for the whole year has been made in next year's budget. Another important item is the provision of Rs. 4 lakhs for payment of a non-recurring grant to the authorities of the Belgachia Medical Institute for reasons explained in the memorandum. To comply with the regulations of the Calcutta University, pending the construction of permanent hostels, attached messes have been started in hired houses for the accommodation of the students of the Medical College. As it is desirable to have permanent boarding houses as soon as possible, a sum of Rs. 4,30,000 has been spent this year out of the unspent balances of the Imperial non-recurring grant for Medical Education given some years ago, for the acquisition of a site for the construction of a hostel, and a sum of Rs. 2,75,000 has been provided in the next year's Public Works Department

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budget for the completion of the acquisition. In accordance with the recommendations of the Medical Services Committee, provision has been made for the improvement of the pay of the Provincial and Subordinate Service officers.

30.—*Stationery and Printing.*—The principal items are the expenditure on Government presses and stationery supplied from central stores. During the year a war allowance has had to be sanctioned for the employees of the press, and this will have to be continued next year also. There has been a very great increase in the amount of printing work which necessitates longer working hours for the employees and therefore larger payment of overtime allowances. These account for the increase in the revised estimate for 1919-20 and the budget estimate for 1920-21. As printing work is bound to increase very considerably with the formation of the enlarged council under the Reforms Scheme, provision for the purchase of more linos and printing machines has been made. The construction of the new press building on the site acquired for the purpose at Chetla has already been taken in hand and necessary provision for its continuance has been made in next year's Public Works Department budget. It is hoped that the building will be completed and that it will be possible to remove the press to the new building in June or July, 1921.

32.—*Miscellaneous.*—Owing to the increase in the cost of living, the sanction of the Government of India has been asked to a scheme for raising the pay of the menials. In the expectation that sanction will be accorded early next year a provision of Rs. 11 lakhs has been made for this. The contract contingent allotments of the various departments were fixed for five years with effect from 1918-19 in this Government's Finance Department Resolution No. 9927-9984-F., dated the 15th December 1917. Consequent on the rise in price of all articles of stationery and on the enhancement in the rates of postal and telegram charges, it has been impossible for some of the controlling officers in charge of growing departments to keep expenditure within the funds allotted. A provision of Rs. 2 lakhs has, therefore, been made for giving additional contract grants, where necessary, and a provision of Rs. 1,50,000 has also been made to meet the initial expenditure likely to be incurred in the introduction of the Reforms Scheme, though the estimate is necessarily of rather a rough description.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 13.

The Hon'ble Mr. Stephenson introduced the following heads :—

Revenue—

XVI B.—Jails.

Expenditure—

19B. Jails.

Revenue—

XVII.—Police.

Expenditure—

20. Police.

*The Amended Draft Financial Statement.—Resolutions.**Mr. Stephenson ; Maulvi Abul Kasem.*

He said :—

Revenue—XVI—Jails—Expenditure—19B—Jails.—The estimates of the Jail Department reflect the high prices in the current year and that may be expected in the immediate future. There is an increase of 4 lakhs under the head of jail manufactures representing the increased cost of the purchase of raw materials. As a set-off against this, there is a rise of over 7 lakhs in the revised estimate of receipts for this year from jail manufactures. In the coming year we estimate for a partial return towards normal conditions, and the total both on the expenditure and receipt sides is less than the revised. There is an increase in expenditure under the heading Jails of 6 lakhs this year, and we anticipate very much the same expenditure in the coming year; nearly 3 lakhs of this is under the head Dietary charges, nearly one lakh under the head Clothing and Bedding of Prisoners, while half a lakh is provided as a lump provision for revision of the Jailor establishment.

Revenue—XVII—Police—Expenditure—20—Police.—Turning to the Police Budget, increased receipts are estimated chiefly from Arms Act licenses, and receipts under the Motor Vehicles Act. In the Presidency Police on the expenditure side the revised estimate is $\frac{3}{4}$ lakh higher than the budget, and the budget for next year is a lakh and a half higher than the revised, excluding the provision of 5 lakhs for the removal of the Arms House. The chief increase is $1\frac{1}{2}$ lakh under the heading Calcutta Police which is accounted for by the revised pay of European Sergeants, the establishment of a Public Vehicles Department and Clothing. In the General Police the excess in the revised is 5 lakhs over the budget, and a slight increase on the revised is proposed for next year. This increase is accounted for by the increased cost of the new time scale of the superior officers, and a very large increase under the head allowances and supplies and services including chiefly increase under travelling allowance, building charges to repair damage done by the cyclone, an increase of a lakh in clothing charges, and of half a lakh under the heading Railway Warrants. Against this, there is a decrease of a lakh under the Criminal Investigation Department. Next year's budget includes a lump provision of 5 lakhs for additional force and police reforms; in this is included 2 lakhs for improving the pay of head constables, Rs. 1,29,000 for strengthening the cadre of sub-inspectors and Rs. 74,000 for raising the ordinary reserve of constables.

RESOLUTIONS*(under the rules for the discussion of matters of general public interest).***LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 14.****The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem** moved the following resolution :—

This Council recommends to the Governor in Council that a separate and independent municipality be established at Jiaganj, district Murshidabad, comprising the whole area of the Azimganj Municipality on the left bank of the Ganges.

*Resolutions.**Maulvi Abul Kaseem.*

He said :—

"Sir, in moving this resolution I have to place before the Government and this Council a few facts; firstly, the geographical position of the Azimganj Municipality." The river Ganges runs through this municipality dividing it into two parts—Jiaganj and Baluchar being on the left bank and Azimganj proper on the right bank, and the municipal office is also located at Azimganj. So it is very inconvenient for the people of Manoola Bazar and Jiaganj to go over to the municipal office because they have to cross the river by boat and their difficulties are greatly enhanced during the rains. But that is not the only grievance. As the municipality is constituted at present it is run by people who live in the Azimganj ward of the town and, therefore, Jiaganj and Baluchar are the most neglected parts of that municipality. I need not elaborate the point because the District Magistrate, the Divisional Commissioner and Sanitary Commissioner and other high officials of Government have in their inspection notes repeatedly drawn the attention of the people and the municipal authorities to this, and it has been intimated that no amount of warning has been of any avail. The natural consequence will be that after one or two more warnings Government will come down on the citizens with the accusation that the Municipal Commissioners have failed to discharge their duties efficiently and that Government are going to take action under section 65. That is no doubt a remedy; and if the circumstances are not what they are, I think the Municipality of Azimganj would have deserved such treatment, but the fact is that the citizens are not responsible for the present state of affairs. In the first place the area is large and scattered and the municipal executive cannot on account of the geographical position of the municipality take proper care and exercise proper supervision over its work. Besides, there is the other fact that the constitution of the municipality is such that the Baluchar and Manoola Bazar parts of the town, which comprise about $\frac{2}{3}$ of the population, contribute $\frac{2}{3}$ of the income of the municipality, and also if the area is taken into consideration these two wards are entitled to elect more members. At present they elect 6 Commissioners, whereas Azimganj which has one-third of the total population elect 4 Commissioners. This gives a disproportionate importance to the Azimganj Municipality and from the constitution of the present municipality it will be found that Government have appointed 5 members who almost all belong to the Azimganj ward. For this reason and for the fact that the administration of the municipality is going from bad to worse, and specially to avoid the catastrophe which befell the unfortunate municipalities of Burdwan and Hooghly, I humbly submit to Government and to this Council that the proper course would be to divide the present municipality into two parts as the rate-payers desire so that there may be proper supervision. The residents of Baluchar and Jiaganj will thus be able to manage their own business well. The income, I think, will be sufficient. According to the ordinary calculation the Jiaganj municipal area will have an income of Rs. 20,000, and Azimganj Rs. 10,000. There is no doubt then that there should be two small municipalities, and I think efficient and well worked small municipalities are better than large and badly managed ones. The Azimganj railway junction station is now a growing town and has a growing population. I think that ought to be included in the Azimganj Municipality, and if this is done the population and income of Azimganj will greatly increase. Thus, both the Municipalities of Azimganj and Jiaganj will be able to work satisfactorily and will not be so bad as at present. The fact that accounts at present are not properly kept is due to the lack of supervision and this matter has been severely criticised by Government officials. I, therefore, beg to move, Sir, that the Azimganj Municipality be divided into two parts and a separate municipality be established on the other side of the river."

*Resolutions.**Babu Surendra Nath Ray ; Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan.***The Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray said :—**

"Sir, I am sorry to have to oppose this resolution. It may be that the grievances of which my friend, the Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem, has spoken are all correct, but there is a legal defect to this resolution being accepted. My friend most probably has read section 9 of the Bengal Municipal Act which expressly lays down that the local Government may, on the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, by notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and in such other manner as it may determine, declare its intention among other things to exclude from a municipality any local area comprised therein and defined in the notification ; or to include within a municipality any local area contiguous to the same and defined in the notification ; or to subdivide any municipality into two or more municipalities. If my friend wants to exclude a portion of the Azimganj Municipality from Jiaganj or wants to subdivide the present Azimganj Municipality into two municipalities that division can take place only when the Commissioners at a meeting so resolve and send up their recommendation to Government for confirmation. So unless the recommendation comes from the Commissioners the Government practically has no hand in the matter. There is another thing which ought to be taken into consideration. Even if the recommendation is made the Government reserves to itself the discretion either to sanction it or to refuse it, but at present there is no recommendation from the Commissioners at a meeting to Government. My friend simply moves that the municipality ought to be divided, but how ? Government cannot do it ; there is that legal bar and there being that legal bar, I think Government have no hand in the matter and cannot accept the resolution.

"Then my friend has said that there are 6 Commissioners in the Jiaganj and 4 Commissioners in the Azimganj side of the Municipality and 4 Commissioners are nominated by Government. I think this discussion will produce some effect on Government because when the next election takes place Government may take good care that all parties are properly represented and not simply nominate some powerful men of one locality. For these reasons, Sir, I cannot support this resolution."

The Hon'ble Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan said :—

"Sir, the legal difficulty which I wanted to point out to the Hon'ble Member has already been mentioned by the Hon'ble Member who has just spoken. It is certainly sporting of the Maulvi Saheb to champion the cause of a municipality from which he does not hail himself or even to which district he does not belong. But as has been already pointed out by Babu Surendra Nath Ray, no municipality can be partitioned under the Bengal Municipal Act except on the recommendations of the Commissioners at a meeting. The initiative must be taken by the Commissioners themselves. If the people of Jiaganj, Baluchar and Azimganj are in favour of partition, they must move Government to have the partition effected ; and if Government entertain the proposals favourably after due inquiry, it will then be for the Government to publish a notification declaring their intention. This is an essential preliminary to establishing any new municipality. Further, local opinion has also got to be invited even if the Commissioners at a meeting were to resolve in favour of such a partition, and it is open to any rate-payer to object. Government must take all such objections into consideration before coming to a final decision. This being the existing law and no proposal having been received by Government for the partition of the Azimganj Municipality, I think it must be apparent to this Council that it is quite impossible to give effect to the resolution moved by the Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem, and I would therefore advise him to withdraw his resolution." *Op*

*Resolutions.**Maulvi Abul Kasem.*

the other hand, if it really be the fact that the nominated members of this municipality come only from one portion of that municipality, I shall certainly draw the attention of the local officers to the fact when the next election takes place. Sir, I am unable to accept the resolution."

The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem said :—

"Sir, after what has fallen from the Hon'ble Member in charge and from the Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray, I have no other alternative but to withdraw the resolution ; but in doing so I have only got to say that as the law stands there is no other remedy but for the Municipal Commissioners to take the initiative, and as the majority of them come from one portion of the municipality, and as they have the advantage of collecting money from Jiaganj and Baluchar and spending it in Azinganj, I do not think we can safely hope that they will like to be deprived of their good food. What I wanted to do by moving this resolution was to draw the attention of Government to the fact that it would be a great hardship to the rate-payers if the municipality was not divided into two as the different wards are very inconveniently situated. With these few words I beg to withdraw my resolution."

• The resolution was then, by leave of the President, withdrawn.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 15.**The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem** moved the following resolution :—

This Council recommends to the Governor in Council that early steps be taken to protect the areas in the Ketugram and Mangalkote thanas of the Burdwan district from damages caused by the normal floods of the Ajai river and to mitigate the effects of the inundation.

He said :—

"Sir, since this Council has been constituted, I have been moving resolutions on this subject in one form or another from year to year, and it may be pointed out to me that this is one of our hardy annuals. But in this particular case, Sir, I beg to submit that whenever I have moved a resolution on this subject I have received a very sympathetic reply from the Government, and I gratefully acknowledge what has been done to mitigate the effects of the flood in the district of Burdwan. Good progress has been made with reference to the Damodar and also with reference to the Ajai, but on the other side of the railway lines nothing has been done. Last year when I moved a resolution, I was told by the Hon'ble Mr. Cumming, the Member in charge, and hopes were held out, that provision would be made in the budget which would prevent anything less than abnormal floods and that the whole area would be protected. I then, as I do now, refer to the areas in the Ketugram and Majogram thanas ; but at the same time, as stated by Government, and from operations carried out, I submit that these two areas are not included in those operations. The embankments as well as the activities of the Public Works Department are confined from Sagarputul to Bagshi Bazaar and on the other side of the railway lines from Bhedia down to these two thanas. These two areas have suffered from the effects of the flood for over 30 years. I am not speaking of the abnormal floods of 1916-17, or even of the floods of 1913. The fact is that these floods were of an abnormal character, accompanied with loss of life and cattle. The attention of the Government was drawn to that and gratuitous relief was given and the whole question came into consideration. But in these two areas, the abnormal condition is such that for

*Resolutions.**Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur.*

30 years this area has had no rice crop. If the people have lived and managed to live for so long, it is due to other crops, meagre crops no doubt, which they got from their land. I am told by some people that the proper course would be for these people to give up their land, but in an agricultural country, especially in a purely agricultural district like Burdwan, it is very hard for the people to give up their lands. They live in hope and expectation. Even if they part with their land, what are they going to do? Their position is very miserable and so I have to bring this motion forward every year. The position of Ketugram is very peculiar. There is only one breach at Chandkhali which if properly looked after and repaired, the whole area would be protected, and in Mongolkote thana there are only two breaches on the banks of the river which once repaired the whole area would be protected, in the same way as damages caused by the overflowing of the Ajai river near Kunur have been made good by the measures taken by the Public Works Department, that portion is safe now. So far as I have been able to ascertain we are now protected to a very great extent from abnormal floods of the kind which we had in 1916-17, but unfortunately the embankments on the banks of the river which has caused damage to the rice crop are still there throughout the whole area, and this area is not small. I want it to be clearly understood that I do not want either any embankments to be made on the Ajai, or any protection of that nature, but simply to see that the breaches caused on the Ajai on account of certain breaches above the river are repaired. I have been told that they are zemindari embankments, and therefore Government are not responsible for their repair or maintenance, but even if they are zemindari embankments, where are the people to go for protection? I do not know. I do not know who is to do these repairs—either the Government or the zemindars. I have been told that the Raj contributes some amount of money to Government for the upkeep of these embankments—the Burdwan Raj is the zemindar of the entire area. I have heard it said that there are some embankments made on this side of the river. These embankments were made by the indigo-planters and not by the zemindars; they used to keep them repaired and since they left the land, there have been breaches in the banks of the river and the result is that great damage is caused to the rice crop and the land round about is damaged by the sand deposited there. It affects sanitation as well because the water that flows in cannot get out and it stagnates. We have been assured, and that assurance gives me hope, that something will be done to mitigate the effect of the floods in these two areas. I hope and trust that Government will be pleased to expedite action, and that effect will be given to it. The cost is very small as I have ascertained. I do not think there can be any engineering or scientific difficulty in the matter, because when the indigo-planters were there no damage was done either to the east side or to any other portion. If these three breaches are repaired, one at Chandkhali, another at Ketugram and the other at Nowpara and Mejgaon, the whole area will be protected from the effects of normal floods as well as from abnormal floods.

With these words I commend this resolution to the Government as well as to this Council."

The Hon'ble Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur said:—

My Lord, I beg to support this resolution. For the last two years letters have been written to me as the representative of the District-Boards in the Burdwan Division to move in this matter in the Council. As I have no experience of the locality, I thought over the matter, and considered it necessary that I should not lose the opportunity of giving my humble support to the resolution. It has a limited scope. It speaks for itself. The object is to protect the areas in question from damage caused by the normal floods of the river. Therefore, I support this resolution."

*Resolutions.**Mr. Cumming.***The Hon'ble Mr. Cumming said :—**

" Sir, it is somewhat difficult to deal with a resolution of this kind which requires a geographical knowledge which all the Members of Council do not possess ; and it is desirable to deal more definitely than the Hon'ble Member has done with the question of policy which his proposal involves. Put shortly, the position is this ; there is a river with a steep gradient, in parts upwards of seven feet a mile, which comes down and passes under the East Indian Railway bridge on the loop line, and after some distance joins the Bhagirathi river. There are four Government embankments which, under the Embankment Act, Government are bound to maintain—three on the west side of this railway bridge, and one on the east side. It is to the east side of the railway bridge to which the Hon'ble Member has directed the attention of the Council.

Last year it was stated that Government on the advice of their engineers would do something on the west side of this railway bridge, by the creation of an escape for excessive floods, and by the provision of a repaired embankment to keep normal floods under control, to alleviate the circumstances of any flooding of the whole area on both sides of the railway. I am glad the Hon'ble Member is prepared to recognise that Government in this respect are doing good ; and that when this work which will be finished in the ensuing year is completed something definite will have been done. But the Hon'ble Member goes further and says something more should be done to mitigate the effects of the inundation, and he has invited the attention of Government to two breaches which he desires should be filled up. I may say at once that an enquiry will be made regarding these particular breaches, but he seems to be under a misapprehension as to the policy of Government regarding the treatment of the land on the banks of the Ajai river.

Now, Sir, a question of this kind must have a history ; and this question has a history, a very definite history: a recorded history of at least 80 years. If the Hon'ble Member means that the Ajai river between the East Indian Railway and the Bhagirathi should be confined by means of embankments within a fixed course, then I say that the engineers of Government who are experts in the matter, have advised against this in 1836, 1858, 1883 and in 1916, and possibly on other occasions of which I have no immediate record. If the Hon'ble Member means that small minor breaches should be put in order in embankments which are at present under zemindari control, then, as I have said, that matter will be examined ; but if he means that the whole length of the river is to be kept in confined limits then I say he is fighting against nature, and he is asking Government to reproduce the same conditions as those which exist on the Damodar river. Now what is the example of the Damodar river ? The example there is that on account of the embankment the level of the bed of the river has been gradually raised and the natural spill of the river has been impeded. It is of course very easy to obtain some respite perhaps for a few years ; but the consequential harm in the raising of the level of the bed of a stream of this nature, and the damage caused when its embankments do break, are greater than if no measures had been taken at all. It is, I declare, a short-sighted policy which, as the experience and the advice of our professional advisers over this long period have shown, should not be adopted. It gives a temporary relief, but causes still greater damage ; nay more, it may be that any further prevention of the spill in places where there is at present a spill, may cause harm in places where even now excessive damage is not done by normal floods. Of course, there is the still further possibility that, if the river is kept confined within a definite channel, an abnormal flood may come and the embankment may give way, and then the damage done will be still greater than ever. This policy was announced by my predecessor who was in charge of this department, the Hon'ble Sir Nicholas

*Resolutions.**Sir Deba Prasad Sarbadhikari.*

Beatson-Bell ; and he pointed out that what was required in the matter of zemindari embankments was the entire removal of all such embankments. I can therefore only say with reference to this resolution that regarding the individual points which he has raised, Government are prepared to examine them further—he has not previously brought them to the notice of the Public Works Department—but if his intention is by confining the river channel to reproduce the circumstances which are found to-day in the Damodar river, Government cannot possibly accede to such a proposition. In view of these remarks, I would ask him whether he will be prepared to withdraw his resolution.”

The Hon'ble Sir Deba Prasad Sarbadhikari said :—

“ I should have thought Government would be prepared to accept the recommendation contained in this resolution. The resolution does not seek to commit Government to any definite measure ; it merely asks that early steps may be taken. What those steps may be the Hon'ble Member has indicated and Government have been good enough to promise an inquiry. If the case was so hopeless as some of the observations of the Hon'ble Mr. Cumming would indicate, it would be difficult to see what good there would be in having any inquiry into the matter at all. So far as the recommendations themselves are concerned, there is no question of large policy, but suggestions for relief at certain points are all that he has indicated. I should have thought that more vigorous steps should have been taken for relief to the areas affected by the Ajoy and Damodar floods now that and public opinion has been making itself felt as strongly as possible. Within the last few days that I had an opportunity of going over some of the tracts in that part of the country, particularly the area flooded by the Damodar. The need for special action is imperative. Government have been good enough to begin some relief measures and all whom I had the opportunity of consulting were unanimous that they will bring temporary relief undoubtedly, but whether such relief will have the disastrous results that the Hon'ble Mr. Cumming apprehends is what the ordinary people cannot possibly express an opinion upon. It is remarkable, Sir, while in much smaller countries with much smaller problems, they have been able, sufficiently and completely, to grapple with the situation, we, with our comparatively larger resources—though not as large as they ought to be—have not been able to make any impression upon what is certainly a great public inconvenience and worse, a great public danger. We have indication, Sir, as to how the mischief arose. The railway bridge came, the gradient of the river was there ; and those who constructed the bridge must have known what they were bargaining for. It is no good however quarrelling with the past, but what is possible now and what ought to be done is for the Government to decide on a course and then pursue it. Reference has been made to what was done at the time that the indigo-planters were there—I am glad the Hon'ble Maulvi Sahib has been able to put in a good word for them—surely we can do now what they were able to do then. The bridge was there and questions of “ policy ” were also there, and yet it was possible then to give relief. There has been no material change in the river gradient or in the physical circumstances of the country. It is difficult enough to get a scheme ; it is still more difficult when you have got a scheme to push it through vigorously. We must draw the attention of the Government and of the Council to the need of the relief measures, and if any have already been decided on, they should be pushed forward with as great vigour as possible. The Bakshikhal and Hoorhook Khal schemes, I am told, cannot be pushed forward for want of good dredgers. Our Government have been in communication with the Government of India, not however to much immediate purpose ; here we have got some relief measures decided on, but they cannot be completed—no

Resolutions.

Maulvi Abul Kasem.

want of funds, but for want of appliances that are lying idle elsewhere and that ought to be available for our purposes as soon as possible. We trust and beg that immediate attention of the Government may be drawn to this supreme necessity and of pushing on the Howrah-Vishnupur Chord Scheme. In the same way the Ajai relief work which this resolution asks for is possible without unduly interfering with the question of policy and of protecting railway embankments. I do hope—whether this resolution is withdrawn or pressed and meets with the usual fate—the inquiry which Government have promised will lead to relief.

The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem said:—

"Sir, I am thankful to the Hon'ble Member in charge for the hope held out this time that an inquiry will be made into my complaint. I can assure him that it was never my intention, nor of the people whom I represent, that an embankment should be made all along the river from the railway lines up to where it meets the Bhagirathi, nor do we want the river to flow through a particular channel. What I really suggested, and what I meant was that the breaches on the banks of the river, not the embankments, should be repaired, and that on account of the embankments being made, there have been certain breaches on the banks of the river, and that these should be repaired. True it is that the repairs made to the scheduled embankments will protect a large area, but these repairs of these scheduled embankments will cause a greater rush of water through these breaches if they are not repaired in time. The areas mentioned are not really small areas, but they are very unfortunately situated because they are far away from the railway lines, and on account of the floods there can be no roads or public thoroughfares and it is impossible for a motor-car to go into them, and so these roads and these breaches are not visited or seen by high officials or responsible members of Government. However, I am grateful that a hope has been held out that an inquiry will be made, and I am sure that the case is such that if an inquiry is made by a responsible officer, and his recommendations are accepted, our grievances will be removed. However, I hope something will be done, especially as the Hon'ble Sir Deba Prasad Sarbadhikari has pointed out that there is no definite demand in my resolution. I only want some protection and mitigation of the effects of the Ajai flood. I would not be to the credit of the Public Works Department if in a small river like the Ajai and the small breaches mentioned their engineering skill cannot provide a remedy. With these words I beg to withdraw my resolution."

The resolution was then, by leave of the President, withdrawn.

LIST OF BUSINESS—ITEM No. 16.

The Hon'ble Maulvi Abul Kasem was to have moved the following resolution:—

This Council recommends to the Governor in Council that early steps be taken to establish a city Civil Court at Calcutta.

He said:—

"Sir, in the first place I beg to ask that I may be permitted to withdraw the resolution that stands in my name. The resolution has not been properly worded, and the amendments which were sent in have been declared

*Resolutions.**Maulvi Abul Kasem.*

to be out of order, so I do not think any good purpose will be served by moving this resolution, especially as some time back we passed a similar resolution in this Council. My object in giving notice of this resolution was only to expedite the work of giving effect to the former resolution. I beg to withdraw it, especially as the Government, in reply to a question put this morning, have been pleased to declare that no effect will be given to the former resolution."

The resolution was then, by leave of the President, withdrawn.

ADJOURNMENT.

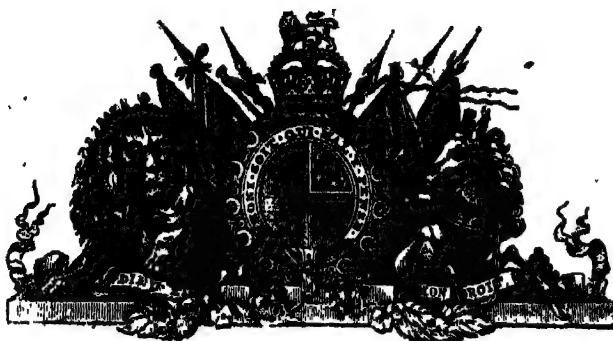
The Council was then adjourned to Saturday, the 13th March, 1920, at 11 A.M., at Government House, Calcutta.

J. F. GRAHAM,

*Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal and
Secy. to the Bengal Legislative Council.*

CALCUTTA ;

The 15th March, 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY MARCH 17, 1920.

PART V.

Acts of the Indian Legislative Council assented to by the Governor General.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislative Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 25th February, 1920, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. IV OF 1920. ●

[AS PASSED IN COUNCIL.]

An Act to provide for certain matters in connection with the taking of the Census.

WHEREAS it has been determined to take a census of British India during the year 1921, and it is expedient to provide for certain matters in connection with the taking of such census; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Short title and extent. Census Act, 1920.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, inclusive of British Baluchistan, the Sonthal Parganas and the Pargana of Spiti.

2. (1) The Local Government may appoint any person to take, or aid in, or supervise the taking of, the census within any specified local area.

(2) Persons so appointed shall be called census-officers.

(3) The Local Government may delegate such authority, as it thinks fit, the power of appointing census-officers which is conferred by section.

3. (1) A declaration in writing, signed by any officer authorised by the Local Government in this behalf, that any person has been duly appointed a census-officer for any local area shall be conclusive proof of such appointment.

(2) All census-officers shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code.

4. (1) (a) Every officer in command of any body of men belonging to His Majesty's naval, military or air forces or to His Majesty's Indian Marine Service or of any vessel of war,

(b) Every person (except a pilot or harbour-master) having charge or control of a vessel,

(c) every person in charge of a lunatic asylum, hospital, workhouse, prison, reformatory or lock-up or of any public, charitable, religious or educational institution,

(d) every keeper, secretary or manager of any sarai, hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house, emigration depôt or club, and

(e) every occupant of immoveable property who has at the time of the taking of the census not less than twenty persons living on or in such property, and every manager or officer of a railway or other commercial or industrial establishment who has at such time not less than ten persons employed under him,

shall, if so required by the District Magistrate or by such officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf, perform such of the duties of a census-officer in relation to the persons who at the time of the taking of the census are under his command or charge, or are inmates of his house or present on or in such immoveable property or are employed under him as such Magistrate or officer may, by written order, direct.

(2) All the provisions of this Act relating to census-officers shall apply, so far as they can be made applicable, to all persons while performing such duties under this section, and any person refusing or neglecting to perform any duty which he is directed under this section to perform shall be deemed to have committed an offence under section 157 of the Indian Penal Code.

5. (1) The District Magistrate, or such officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf for any local area, may, by written order, which shall have effect throughout the limits of his district or of such local area, as the case may be, call upon—

(a) all owners and occupiers of land, tenure-holders, farmers, assignees of land-revenue and lessees of fisheries under the Burma Fisheries Act, 1905, or the Upper Burma Land and Revenue Regulation, 1889, or their agents,

(b) all village-officers and servants in estates as defined in the Madras Proprietary Estates' Village Service Act, 1894, and

(c) all members of panchayats appointed under the Village Chaudidari Act, 1870, or the Sylhet and Cachar Rural Police Regulation, 1883, or members of union boards established under the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919, all ghatwals, Unit-tahsildars and members of a panchayat appointed under the Chota Nagpur Rural Police Act, 1914, all members of Village Authorities constituted under the Assam Local Self-Government Act, 1915, and all village-headmen in the Kumaun Division of the United Provinces,

to give such assistance as he needs towards the taking of a census of the persons who are at the time of the taking of the census on the lands of such owners, occupiers, holders, farmers and assignees, or within the limits of such fisheries or in the villages or other areas for which such village-officers and servants, panchayats, union boards,

Village Authorities, ghatwals, Unit-tahsildars or village headmen are appointed, as the case may be.

(2) Such order shall specify the nature of the assistance required, and such owners, occupiers, holders, farmers, assignees and lessees, or their agents, and such village-officers and servants the members of such panchayats, union boards and Village Authorities, and such ghatwals, Unit-tahsildars and village-headmen shall be bound to obey it.

6. Every census-officer may ask all such questions of all persons within the limits of the local area for which he is appointed as, by instructions issued in this behalf by the Local Government and published in the official Gazette, he may be directed to ask.

7. Every person of whom any question is asked under the last foregoing section shall be legally bound to answer such question to the best of his knowledge or belief:

Provided that no person shall be bound to state the name of any female member of his household, and no woman shall be bound to state the name of her husband or deceased husband or of any other person whose name she is forbidden by custom to mention.

8. Every person occupying any house, enclosure or place shall allow access thereto as they may require for the purposes of the census, and as, having regard to the customs of the country, may be reasonable, and shall allow them to paint on or affix to the place such letters, marks or numbers as may be necessary for the purposes of the census.

9. (1) Subject to such orders as the Local Government may issue in this behalf, any census-officer may leave, or cause to be left,

(a) at any dwelling-house within the local area for which he is appointed, or

(b) with any manager or officer of any commercial or industrial establishment who has at the time of the taking of the census not less than ten persons employed under him,

a schedule for the purpose of its being filled up by the occupier of such house or of any specified part thereof, or by such manager or officer with such particulars as the Local Government may direct regarding the inmates of such house or part, or the persons employed under such manager or officer at the time of the taking of the census, as the case may be.

(2) When any such schedule has been so left the occupier of the house or part to which it relates or the manager or officer with whom it is left shall fill it up, or cause it to be filled up, to the best of his knowledge or belief, so far as regards the inmates of such house or part, or the persons employed under him at the time aforesaid, as the case may be, and shall sign his name thereto, and when so required, shall deliver the schedule so filled up and signed to the census-officer or to such person as the census-officer may direct,

1. Act III
905.
of 1889.

1. Act II
891.

1. Act VI
870.
of 1883.

1. Act V
1919.

and O.
I of 1914.

I of 1915.

1 C

**10. In any of the following cases, namely—
Penalties.**

- (a) if a census-officer or a person lawfully required to give assistance towards the taking of a census refuses or neglects to use reasonable diligence in performing any duty imposed upon him or in obeying any order issued to him in accordance with this Act or with any rule duly made thereunder,
- (b) if a census-officer intentionally puts any offensive or improper question or knowingly makes any false return, or, without the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council or the Local Government, discloses any information which he has received by means of or for the purposes of a census return,
- (c) if any person refuses to answer to the best of his knowledge or belief any question asked of him by a census-officer which he is legally bound by section 7 so to answer,
- (d) if any person occupying any house, enclosure, vessel or other place refuses to allow a census-officer such reasonable access thereto as he is required by section 8 to allow,
- (e) if any person removes, obliterates, alters or injures before the 31st day of March, 1921, any letters, marks or numbers which have been painted or affixed for the purposes of the census,
- (f) if any occupier of a dwelling-house or part thereof or any person with whom a schedule is left under section 9 knowingly and without sufficient cause fails to comply with the provisions of section 9 or makes any false return under that section,

he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

11. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare before what classes of Magistrates prosecutions under this Act may be instituted.

(2) Unless and until a notification is published under sub-section (1) all prosecutions under this Act shall, in the towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, be instituted before a Presidency Magistrate, and elsewhere, before the District Magistrate.

(3) No prosecution under this Act shall be instituted except with the previous sanction of the

Local Government or of some officer authorised by the Local Government in this behalf.

12. No person shall have a right to inspect any book, register or record made by a census-officer in the discharge of his duty as such officer or any schedule delivered under section 9, and, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, no entry in any such book, register, record or schedule shall be admissible as evidence in any civil proceeding or any proceeding under Chapter XII or Chapter XXVI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

13. Notwithstanding anything in any enactment or rule with respect to the mode in which a census is to be taken in any municipality, the municipal authority may, at the time appointed for the taking of the census of British India during the year 1921, cause the census of the municipality to be taken wholly or in part by any method authorised by this Act.

14. Notwithstanding anything in any enactment or rule, in regard to municipal, local, union or village funds, the Local Government may direct that the whole or any part of any expenses incurred for anything done in accordance with this Act may be charged to any municipal, local, union or village fund constituted for, and on behalf of, the area within which such expenses were incurred.

15. (1) The Governor General in Council may make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, the Governor General in Council may make rules providing—

- (a) for the appointment of census-officers and of persons to perform any of the duties of census-officers or to give assistance towards the taking of a census, and for the general instructions to be issued to such officers and persons;
- (b) for the enumeration of persons employed on railways and their families, and other classes of the population whom it may be necessary or expedient to make special provision; and
- (c) for the enumeration of persons travelling on the night when a census is taken.

(3) The Governor General in Council may, by general or special order, direct that all or any of the powers conferred upon him by this section may also be exercised by any Local Government with respect to the territories administered by it.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislative Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 25th February, 1920, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. V OF 1920.

[AS PASSED IN COUNCIL.]

An Act to consolidate and amend the Law relating to Insolvency in British India, as administered by Courts having jurisdiction outside the Presidency-towns and the Town of Rangoon.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to insolvency in British India, as administered by Courts having jurisdiction outside the Presidency-towns and the Town of Rangoon; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Provincial Short title and extent. Insolvency Act, 1920.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, except the Scheduled Districts.

2. (1) In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "creditor" includes a decree-holder, "debt" includes a judgment-debt, and "debtor" includes a judgment-debtor;

(b) "District Court" means the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in any area outside the local limits for the time being of the Presidency-towns and of the Town of Rangoon;

(c) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

(d) "property" includes any property over which or the profits of which any person has a disposing power which he may exercise for his own benefit;

(e) "secured creditor" means a person holding a mortgage, charge or lien on the property of the debtor or any part thereof as a security for a debt due to him from the debtor; and

(f) "transfer of property" includes a transfer of any interest in property and the creation of any charge upon property.

(2) Words and expressions used in this Act and defined in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and not hereinbefore defined shall have the same meanings as those respectively attributed to them by the said Code.

PART I.

CONSTITUTION AND POWERS OF COURT.

3. (1) The District Courts shall be the Courts having jurisdiction under this Act in insolvency jurisdiction.

Provided that the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, invest any Court subordinate to a District Court with jurisdiction in any class of cases, and any Court so invested shall within the local limits of its jurisdiction have concurrent jurisdiction with the District Court under this Act.

(2) For the purposes of this Act, a Court of Small Causes shall be deemed to be subordinate to the District Court.

(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act the Court shall have full power to decide all questions whether of title or priority, or of any nature whatsoever, and whether involving matters of law or of fact, which may arise in any case of insolvency coming within the cognisance of the Court, or which the Court may deem it expedient or necessary to decide for the purpose of doing complete justice or making a complete distribution of property in any such case.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this Act and notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, every such decision shall be final and binding for all purposes as between, on the one hand, the debtor, the debtor's estate and, on the other hand, claimants against him or it and all persons claiming through or under them or any of them.

(3) Where the Court does not deem it expedient or necessary to decide any question of the nature referred to in sub-section (1), but has reason to believe that the debtor has a saleable interest in any property, the Court may without further inquiry sell such interest in such manner and subject to such conditions as it may think fit.

5. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Court, in regard to the General powers of Courts. proceedings under this Act, shall have the same powers and shall follow the same procedure as it has and follows in the exercise of original civil jurisdiction.

(2) Subject as aforesaid, High Courts and District Courts, in regard to proceedings under this Act in Courts subordinate to them, shall have the same powers and shall follow the same procedure as they respectively have and follow in regard to civil suits.

PART II.

PROCEEDINGS FROM ACT OF INSOLVENCY TO DISCHARGE.

Acts of insolvency.

A debtor commits an act of insolvency in each of the following cases, namely :—

- (a) if, in British India or elsewhere, he makes a transfer of all or substantially all his property to a third person for the benefit of his creditors generally ;
- (b) if, in British India or elsewhere, he makes a transfer of his property or of any part thereof with intent to defeat or delay his creditors ;
- (c) if, in British India or elsewhere, he makes any transfer of his property, or of any part thereof, which would, under this or any other enactment for the time being in force, be void as a fraudulent preference if he were adjudged an insolvent ;
- (d) if, with intent to defeat or delay his creditors,—
 - (i) he departs or remains out of British India,
 - (ii) he departs from his dwelling-house or usual place of business or otherwise absents himself,
 - (iii) he secludes himself so as to deprive his creditors of the means of communicating with him ;
- (e) if any of his property has been sold in execution of the decree of any Court for the payment of money ;
- (f) if he petitions to be adjudged an insolvent under the provisions of this Act ;
- (g) if he gives notice to any of his creditors that he has suspended, or that he is about to suspend, payment of his debts ; or
- (h) if he is imprisoned in execution of the decree of any Court for the payment of money.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section act of an agent may be the act of the principal.

Petition.

7. Subject to the conditions specified in this Act, if a debtor commits an act of insolvency, an insolvency petition may be presented either by a creditor or by the debtor, and the Court may on such petition make an order (hereinafter called an order of adjudication) adjudging him an insolvent.

Explanation.—The presentation of a petition by the debtor shall be deemed an act of insolvency within the meaning of this section, and on such petition the Court may make an order of adjudication.

8. No insolvency petition shall be presented against any corporation or association or company registered under any enactment for the time being in force.

9. (1) A creditor shall not be entitled to present Conditions on which an insolvency petition creditor may petition. against a debtor unless—

- (a) the debt owing by the debtor to the creditor, or, if two or more creditors join in the petition, the aggregate amount of debts owing to such creditors amounts to five hundred rupees, and
 - (b) the debt is a liquidated sum payable either immediately or at some cert in future time, and
 - (c) the act of insolvency on which the petition is grounded has occurred within three months before the presentation of the petition.
- (2) If the petitioning creditor is a secured creditor, he shall in his petition either state that he is willing to relinquish his security for the benefit of the creditors in the event of the debtor being adjudged insolvent, or give an estimate of the value of the security. In the latter case, he may be admitted as a petitioning creditor to the extent of the balance of the debt due to him after deducting the value so estimated in the same way as if he were an unsecured creditor.

10. (1) A debtor shall not be entitled to present Conditions on which an insolvency petition, unless debtor may petition. he is unable to pay his debts and—

- (a) his debts amount to five hundred rupees ; or
- (b) he is under arrest or imprisonment in execution of the decree of any Court for the payment of money ; or
- (c) an order of attachment in execution of such a decree has been made, and is subsisting, against his property.

(2) A debtor in respect of whom an order of adjudication made under this Act has been annulled, owing to his failure to apply, or to prosecute an application for his discharge, shall not be entitled to present an insolvency petition without the leave of the Court by which the order of adjudication was annulled. Such Court shall not grant leave unless it is satisfied either that the debtor was prevented by any reasonable cause from presenting or prosecuting his application, as the case may be, or that the petition is founded on facts substantially different from those contained in the petition on which the order of adjudication was made.

11. Every insolvency petition shall be presented to a Court having jurisdiction under this Act in any local area in which the debtor ordinarily resides or carries on business, or personally works for gain, or if he has been arrested or imprisoned, where he is in custody :

Provided that no objection as to the place of presentation shall be allowed by any Court in the exercise of appellate or revisional jurisdiction unless such objection was taken in the Court by which the petition was heard at the earliest possible opportunity, and unless there has been a consequent failure of justice.

12. Every insolvency petition shall be in writing and shall be signed and verified in the manner prescribed by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 of 1908, for signing and verifying plaints.

13. (1) Every insolvency petition presented by a debtor shall contain the following particulars, namely:—

- (a) a statement that the debtor is unable to pay his debts;
- (b) the place where he ordinarily resides or carries on business or personally works for gain, or, if he has been arrested or imprisoned, the place where he is in custody;
- (c) the Court (if any) by whose order he has been arrested or imprisoned, or by which an order has been made for the attachment of his property, together with particulars of the decree in respect of which any such order has been made;
- (d) the amount and particulars of all pecuniary claims against him, together with the names and residences of his creditors so far as they are known to, or can by the exercise of reasonable care and diligence be ascertained by, him;
- (e) the amount and particulars of all his property, together with—
 - (i) a specification of the value of all such property not consisting of money;
 - (ii) the place or places at which any such property is to be found; and
 - (iii) a declaration of his willingness to place at the disposal of the Court all such property save in so far as it includes such particulars (not being his books of account) as are exempted by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, or by any other enactment for the time being in force from liability to attachment and sale in execution of a decree;
- (f) a statement whether the debtor has on any previous occasion filed a petition to be adjudged an insolvent, and (where such a petition has been filed)—
 - (i) if such petition has been dismissed, the reasons for such dismissal, or
 - (ii) if the debtor has been adjudged an insolvent, concise particulars of the insolvency, including a statement whether any previous adjudication has been annulled and, if so, the grounds therefor.

(2) Every insolvency petition presented by a creditor or creditors shall set forth the particulars regarding the debtor specified in clause (b) of sub-section (1), and shall also specify—

- (a) the act of insolvency committed by such debtor, together with the date of its commission; and
- (b) the amount and particulars of his or their pecuniary claim or claims against such debtor.

14. No petition, whether presented by a debtor or by a creditor, shall be withdrawn without the leave of the Court.

15. Where two or more insolvency petitions are presented against the same debtor, or where separate petitions are presented against joint debtors, the Court may consolidate the proceedings or any of them, on such terms as the Court thinks fit.

16. Where the petitioner does not proceed with Power to change due diligence on his carriage of proceedings. tion the Court may substitute as petitioner any other creditor to whom the debtor may be indebted in the amount required by this Act in the case of a petitioning creditor.

17. If a debtor by or against whom an insolvency petition has been presented dies, the proceedings in the matter shall, unless the Court otherwise orders, be continued so far as may be necessary for the realisation and distribution of the property of the debtor.

18. The procedure laid down in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, with respect to the admission of petitions, shall, so far as it is applicable, be followed in the case of insolvency petitions.

19. (1) Where an insolvency petition is admitted, the Court shall make an order fixing a date for hearing the petition.

(2) Notice of the order under sub-section (1) shall be given to creditors in such manner as may be prescribed.

(3) Where the debtor is not the petitioner, notice of the order under sub-section (1) shall be served on him in the manner provided for the service of summons.

20. The Court when making an order admitting the petition may, and where the debtor is the petitioner ordinarily shall, appoint an interim receiver of the property of the debtor or of any part thereof, and may direct him to take immediate possession thereof or of any part thereof, and the interim receiver shall thereupon have such of the powers conferable on a receiver appointed under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, as the Court may direct. If an interim receiver is not so appointed, the Court may make such appointment at any subsequent time adjudication, and the provisions of this sub-section shall apply accordingly.

21. At the time of making an order admitting the petition or at any subsequent time before adjudication, the Court may, either of its own motion or on the application of any creditor, make one or more of the following orders, namely:—

(1) order the debtor to give reasonable security for his appearance until final orders are made upon the petition, and direct that, in default of giving such security, he shall be detained in the civil prison;

(2) order the attachment by actual seizure of the whole or any part of the property in the possession or under the control of the debtor, other than such particulars (not being his books of account) as are exempted by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, or by any other enactment for the time being in force from liability to attachment and sale in execution of a decree;

(3) order a warrant to issue with or without bail for the arrest of the debtor, and direct either that he be detained in the civil prison until the disposal of the petition, or that he be released on

such terms as to security as may be reasonable and necessary :

Provided that an order under clause (2) or clause (3) shall not be made unless the Court is satisfied that the debtor, with intent to defeat or delay his creditors or to avoid any process of the Court,—

(c) has absconded or has departed from the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court, or is about to abscond or to depart from such limits, or is remaining outside them, or

(cc) has failed to disclose or has concealed, destroyed, transferred or removed from such limits, or is about to conceal, destroy, transfer or remove from such limits, any documents likely to be of use to his creditors in the course of the hearing, or any part of his property other than such particulars as aforesaid.

22. The debtor shall on the making of an order

Duties of debtors. admitting the petition produce all books of account, and shall at any time thereafter give such inventories of his property, and such lists of his creditors and debtors and of the debts due to and from them, respectively, submit to such examination in respect of his property or his creditors, attend at such times before the Court or receiver, execute such instruments, and generally do all such acts and things in relation to his property as may be required by the Court or receiver, or as may be prescribed.

23. (1) At the time of making an order

Release of debtor. admitting the petition or at any subsequent time before adjudication, the Court may, if the debtor is under arrest or imprisonment in execution of the decree of any Court for the payment of money, order his release on such terms as to security as may be reasonable and necessary.

(2) The Court may at any time order any person who has been released under this section to be re-arrested and re-committed to the custody in which he was released.

(3) At the time of making any order under this section, the Court shall record in writing its reasons therefor.

24. (1) On the day fixed for the hearing of the petition, or on any subsequent day to which the

Procedure at hearing. hearing may be adjourned, the Court shall require proof of the following matters, namely :—

(a) that the creditor or the debtor, as the case may be, is entitled to present the petition:

Provided that, where the debtor is the petitioner, he shall, for the purpose of proving his inability to pay his debts, be required to furnish only such proof as to satisfy the Court that there are *prima facie* grounds for believing the same and the Court, if and when so satisfied, shall not be bound to hear any further evidence thereon;

(b) that the debtor, if he does not appear on a petition presented by a creditor, has been served with notice of the order admitting the petition; and

(c) that the debtor has committed the act of insolvency alleged against him.

(2) The Court shall also examine the debtor, if he is present, as to his conduct, dealings and property in the presence of such creditors as appear at the hearing, and the creditors shall have the right to question the debtor thereon.

(3) The Court shall, if sufficient cause is shown, grant time to the debtor or to any creditor to produce any evidence which appears to it to be necessary for the proper disposal of the petition.

(4) A memorandum of the substance of the examination of the debtor and of any other oral evidence given shall be made by the Judge, and shall form part of the record of the case.

25. (1) In the case of a petition presented by a creditor, where the Court is not satisfied with the proof of his right to present the petition or of the service on the debtor of notice of the order admitting the petition, or of the alleged act of insolvency, or is satisfied by the debtor that he is able to pay his debts, or that for any other sufficient cause no order ought to be made, the Court shall dismiss the petition.

(2) In the case of a petition presented by a debtor, the Court shall dismiss the petition if it is not satisfied of his right to present the petition.

26. (1) Where a petition presented by a creditor is dismissed under sub-section (1) of section 25, and the Court is satisfied that

Award of compensation. the petition was frivolous or vexatious, the Court may, on the application of the debtor, award against such creditor such amount, not exceeding one thousand rupees, as it deems a reasonable compensation to the debtor for the expense or injury occasioned to him by the petition and the proceedings thereon, and such amount may be realised as if it were a fine.

(2) An award under this section shall bar any suit for compensation in respect of such petition and the proceedings thereon.

Order of Adjudication.

27. (1) If the Court does not dismiss the petition, it shall make an order of adjudication, and shall specify in such order the period within which the debtor shall apply for his discharge.

(2) The Court may, if sufficient cause is shown, extend the period within which the debtor shall apply for his discharge, and in that case shall publish notice of the order in such manner as it thinks fit.

28. (1) On the making of an order of adjudication, the insolvent shall aid to the utmost of his power in the realisation of his property and the distribution of the proceeds among his creditors.

(2) On the making of an order of adjudication the whole of the property of the insolvent shall vest in the Court or in a receiver as hereinafter provided, and shall become divisible among the creditors, and thereafter, except as provided by this Act, no creditor to whom the insolvent is indebted in respect of any debt provable under this Act shall during the pendency of the insolvency proceedings have any remedy

against the property of the insolvent in respect of the debt, or commence any suit or other legal proceeding, except with the leave of the Court and on such terms as the Court may impose.

(3) For the purposes of sub-section (2), all goods being, at the date of the presentation of the petition on which the order is made, in the possession, order or disposition of the insolvent in his trade or business, by the consent and permission of the true owner, under such circumstances that he is the reputed owner thereof, shall be deemed to be the property of the insolvent.

(4) All property which is acquired by or devolves on the insolvent after the date of an order of adjudication and before his discharge shall forthwith vest in the Court or receiver, and the provisions of sub-section (2) shall apply in respect thereof.

(5) The property of the insolvent for the purposes of this section shall not include any property (not being books of account) which is exempted by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, or by any other enactment for the time being in force from liability to attachment and sale in execution of a decree.

(6) Nothing in this section shall affect the power of any secured creditor to realise or otherwise deal with his security, in the same manner as he would have been entitled to realise or deal with it if this section had not been passed.

(7) An order of adjudication shall relate back to, and take effect from, the date of the presentation of the petition on which it is made.

29. Any Court in which a suit or other proceeding is pending against a debtor shall, on proof that an order of adjudication has been made against him under this Act, either stay the proceeding or allow it to continue on such terms as such Court may impose.

30. Notice of an order of adjudication stating the name, address and description of the insolvent, the date of the adjudication, the period within which the debtor shall apply for his discharge, and the Court by which the adjudication is made, shall be published in the local official Gazette and in such other manner as may be prescribed.

Proceedings consequent on order of adjudication.

31. (1) Any insolvent in respect of whom an order of adjudication has been made may apply to the Court for protection, and the Court may on such application make an order for the protection of the insolvent from arrest or detention.

(2) A protection order may apply either to all the debts of the debtor, or to any of them as the Court may think proper, and may commence and take effect at and for such time as the Court may direct, and may be revoked or renewed as the Court may think fit.

(3) A protection order shall protect the insolvent from being arrested or detained in prison for any debt to which such order applies, and any insolvent arrested or detained contrary to the terms of such an order shall be entitled to his release:

Provided that no such order shall operate to prejudice the rights of any creditor in the event of such order being revoked or the adjudication annulled.

(4) Any creditor shall be entitled to appear and oppose the grant of a protection order.

32. At any time after an order of adjudication has been made, the Court may, if it has reason to believe on the application

of any creditor or the receiver, that the debtor has absconded or departed from the local limits of its jurisdiction with intent to avoid any obligation which has been, or might be, imposed on him by or under this Act, order a warrant to issue for his arrest, and on his appearing or being brought before it, may, if satisfied that he was absconding or had departed with such intent, order his release on such terms as to security as may be reasonable or necessary, or if such security is not furnished, direct that he shall be detained in the civil prison for a period which may extend to three months.

33. (1) When an order of adjudication has been made under this Act, all persons alleging themselves to be creditors of the insolvent in respect of debts provable under this Act shall tender proof of their respective debts by producing evidence of the amount and particulars thereof, and the Court shall, by order, determine the persons who have proved themselves to be creditors of the insolvent in respect of such debts, and the amount of such debts, respectively, and shall frame a schedule of such persons and debts:

Provided that if, in the opinion of the Court, the value of any debt is incapable of being fairly estimated, the Court may make an order to that effect, and thereupon the debt shall not be included in the schedule.

(2) A copy of every such schedule shall be posted in the Court-house.

(3) Any creditor of the insolvent may, at any time before the discharge of the insolvent, tender proof of his debt and apply to the Court for an order directing his name to be entered in the schedule as a creditor in respect of any debt provable under this Act, and not entered in the schedule, and the Court, after causing notice to be served on the insolvent and the other creditors who have proved their debts, and hearing their objections (if any) shall comply with or reject the application.

34. (1) Debts which have been excluded from the schedule on the ground that their value is incapable of being fairly estimated and demands in the nature of unliquidated damages arising otherwise than by reason of a contract or a breach of trust shall not be provable under this Act.

(2) Save as provided by sub-section (1), all debts and liabilities, present or future, certain or contingent, to which the debtor is subject when he is adjudged an insolvent, or to which he may become subject before his discharge by reason of any obligation incurred before the date of such adjudication, shall be deemed to be debts provable under this Act.

Annulment of adjudication.

35. Where, in the opinion of the Court, a debt-
 Power to annul ad- or ought not to have been
 judication of insolven- adjudged insolvent, or where
 cy. it is proved to the satisfaction
 of the Court that the debts of the insolvent have
 been paid in full, the Court shall, on the applica-
 tion of the debtor, or of any other person interest-
 ed, by order in writing, annul the adjudication.

36. If, in any case in which an order of adjudi-
 Power to cancel one cation has been made, it
 of concurrent orders of shall be proved to the Court
 adjudication. by which such order was
 made that insolvency proceedings are pending in
 another Court against the same debtor, and that
 the property of the debtor can be more convenient-
 ly distributed by such other Court, the Court may
 annul the adjudication or stay all proceedings
 thereon.

37. (1) Where an adjudication is annulled, all
 Proceedings on an- sales and dispositions of prop-
 nulment. erty and payments duly
 made, and all acts thereto-
 fore done, by the Court or receiver, shall be valid ;
 but, subject as aforesaid, the property of the
 debtor who was adjudged insolvent shall vest in
 such person as the Court may appoint, or, in default
 of any such appointment, shall revert to the debtor
 to the extent of his right or interest therein on
 such conditions, (if any) as the Court may, by
 order in writing, declare.

(2) Notice of every order annulling an ad-
 judication shall be published in the local official
 Gazette and in such other manner as may be
 prescribed.

Compositions and schemes of arrangement.

38. (1) Where a debtor, after the making of an
 Compositions and order of adjudication, sub-
 schemes of arrange- mits a proposal for a com-
 ment. position in satisfaction of his
 debts, or a proposal for a scheme of arrangement of
 his affairs, the Court shall fix a date for the consid-
 eration of the proposal, and shall issue a notice to
 all creditors in such manner as may be prescribed.

(2) If, on the consideration of the proposal, a
 majority in number and three-fourths in value of
 all the creditors whose debts are proved and who
 are present in person or by pleader, resolve to
 accept the proposal, the same shall be deemed to
 be duly accepted by the creditors.

(3) The debtor may at the meeting amend the
 terms of his proposal if the amendment is, in the
 opinion of the Court, calculated to benefit the
 general body of creditors.

(4) Where the Court is of opinion, after
 hearing the report of the receiver, if a receiver
 has been appointed, and after considering any
 objections which may be made by or on behalf of
 any creditor, that the terms of the proposal are not
 reasonable or are not calculated to benefit the gener-
 al body of creditors, the Court shall refuse to
 approve the proposal.

(5) If any facts are proved on proof of which
 the Court would be required either to refuse,
 suspend or attach conditions to the debtor's dis-
 charge, the Court shall refuse to approve the
 proposal unless it provides reasonable security for
 payment of not less than six annas in the rupee
 on all the unsecured debts payable against the
 debtor's estate.

(6) No composition or scheme shall be approved
 by the Court which does not provide for the pay-
 ment in priority to other debts of all debts directed
 to be so paid in the distribution of the property
 of an insolvent.

(7) In any other case the Court may either
 approve or refuse to approve the proposal.

39. If the Court approves the proposal, the
 Order on approval terms shall be embodied in an
 al. order of the Court, and the
 Court shall frame a schedule
 in accordance with the provisions of section 88,
 the order of adjudication shall be annulled,
 and the provisions of section 37 shall apply, and
 the composition or scheme shall be binding on all
 the creditors entered in the said schedule so far
 as relates to any debts entered therein.

40. If default is made in the payment of any
 Power to re- instalment due in pursuance of
 adjudge debtor in- the composition or scheme, or
 solvent. if it appears to the Court that
 the composition or scheme cannot proceed without
 injustice or undue delay, or that the approval of
 the Court was obtained by fraud, the Court may,
 if it thinks fit, re-adjudge the debtor insolvent and
 annul the composition or scheme but without
 prejudice to the validity of any transfer or pay-
 ment duly made or of anything duly done under
 or in pursuance of the composition or scheme.
 When a debtor is re-adjudged insolvent under this
 sub-section, all debts provable in other respects
 which have been contracted before the date of
 such re-adjudication shall be provable in the
 insolvency.

Discharge.

41. (1) A debtor may, at any time after the
 Discharge. order of adjudication, and
 shall, within the period
 specified by the Court, apply to the Court for
 an order of discharge, and the Court shall fix a
 day, notice whereof shall be given in such manner
 as may be prescribed, for hearing such application,
 and any objections which may be made thereto.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this section,
 the Court may, after considering the objections
 of any creditor and, where a receiver has been
 appointed, the report of the receiver—

(a) grant or refuse an absolute order of dis-
 charge; or

(b) suspend the operation of the order for a
 specified time; or

(c) grant an order of discharge subject to any
 conditions with respect to any earnings
 or income which may afterwards be-
 come due to the insolvent, or with
 respect to his after-acquired property.

42. (1) The Court shall refuse to grant an
 absolute order of discharge
 under section 41 on proof of
 any of the following facts,
 namely—

(a) that the insolvent's assets are not of a
 value equal to eight annas in the rupee
 on the amount of his unsecured liabil-
 ities, unless he satisfies the Court that
 the fact that the assets are not of a
 value equal to eight annas in the rupee
 on the amount of his unsecured liabil-
 ities has arisen from circumstances
 for which he cannot justly be held
 responsible;

Cases in which Court
 must refuse an absolute
 discharge.

(b) that the insolvent has omitted to keep such books of account as are usual and proper in the business carried on by him and as sufficiently disclose his business transactions and financial position within the three years immediately preceding his insolvency;

(c) that the insolvent has continued to trade after knowing himself to be insolvent;

(d) that the insolvent has contracted any debt provable under this Act without having at the time of contracting it any reasonable or probable ground of expectation (the burden of proving which shall lie on him) that he would be able to pay it;

(e) that the insolvent has failed to account satisfactorily for any loss of assets or for any deficiency of assets to meet his liabilities;

(f) that the insolvent has brought on, or contributed to, his insolvency by rash and hazardous speculations, or by unjustifiable extravagance in living, or by gambling, or by culpable neglect of his business affairs;

(g) that the insolvent has, within three months preceding the date of the presentation of the petition, when unable to pay his debts as they became due, given an undue preference to any of his creditors;

(h) that the insolvent has on any previous occasion been adjudged an insolvent or made a composition or arrangement with his creditors;

(i) that the insolvent has concealed or removed his property or any part thereof, or has been guilty of any other fraud or fraudulent breach of trust.

(2) For the purposes of this section, the report of the receiver shall be deemed to be evidence; and the Court may presume the correctness of any statement contained therein.

(3) The powers of suspending, and of attaching conditions to, an insolvent's discharge may be exercised concurrently.

43. (1) If the debtor does not appear on the day fixed for hearing his application for discharge, or on such subsequent day as the Court may direct, or if the debtor does not apply for an order of discharge within the period specified by the Court, the order of adjudication shall be annulled, and the provisions of section 37 shall apply accordingly.

(2) Where a debtor has been released from custody under the provisions of this Act and the order of adjudication is annulled under sub-section (1), the Court may, if it thinks fit, re-commit the debtor to his former custody, and the officer in charge of the prison to whose custody such debtor is so re-committed shall receive such debtor into his custody according to such re-commitment, and thereupon all processes which were in force against the person of such debtor at the time of such release as aforesaid shall be deemed to be still in force against him as if no order of adjudication had been made.

44. (1) An order of discharge shall not release the insolvent from — charge.

(a) any debt due to the Crown;

(b) any debt or liability incurred by means of any fraud or fraudulent breach of trust to which he was a party;

(c) any debt or liability in respect of which he has obtained forbearance by any fraud to which he was a party; or

(d) any liability under an order for maintenance made under section 498 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1894. V of 1898.

(2) Save as otherwise provided by sub-section (1), an order of discharge shall release the insolvent from all debts provable under this Act.

(3) An order of discharge shall not release any person who, at the date of the presentation of the petition, was a partner or co-trustee with the insolvent, or was jointly bound or had made any joint contract with him or any person who was surety for him.

PART III.

ADMINISTRATION OF PROPERTY.

Method of proof of debts.

45. A creditor may prove for a debt not payable when the debtor is adjudged an insolvent as if it were payable presently, and may receive dividends equally with the other creditors, deducting therefrom only a rebate of interest at the rate of six per centum per annum computed from the declaration of a dividend to the time when the debt would have become payable, according to the terms on which it was contracted.

46. Where there have been mutual dealings between an insolvent and a creditor proving or claiming to prove a debt under this Act, an account shall be taken of what is due from the one party to the other in respect of such mutual dealings, and the sum due from the one party shall be set off against any sum due from the other party, and the balance of the account, and no more, shall be claimed or paid on either side respectively.

47. (1) Where a secured creditor realises his security, he may prove for the balance due to him, after deducting the net amount realised.

(2) Where a secured creditor relinquishes his security for the general benefit of the creditors, he may prove for his whole debt.

(3) Where a secured creditor does not either realise or relinquish his security, he shall, before being entitled to have his debt entered in the schedule, state in his proof the particulars of his security, and the value at which he assesses it, and shall be entitled to receive a dividend only in respect of the balance due to him after deducting the value so assessed.

(4) Where a security is so valued, the Court may at any time before realisation redeem it on payment to the creditor of the assessed value.

(5) Where a creditor, after having valued his security, subsequently realises it, the net amount realised shall be substituted for the amount of any valuation previously made by the creditor, and shall be treated in all respects as an amended valuation made by the creditor.

(6) Where a secured creditor does not comply with the provisions of this section, he shall be excluded from all share in any dividend.

48. (1) On any debt or sum certain whereon interest is not reserved or agreed for, and which is overdue when the debtor is adjudged an insolvent, and which is provable under this Act, the creditor may prove for interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum,—

(a) if the debt or sum is payable by virtue of a written instrument at a certain time, from the time when such debt or sum was payable to the date of such adjudication; or,

(b) if the debt or sum is payable otherwise, from the time when a demand in writing has been made giving the debtor notice that interest will be claimed from the date of the demand until the time of payment to the date of such adjudication.

(2) Where a debt which has been proved under this Act includes interest or any pecuniary consideration in lieu of interest, the interest or consideration shall, for the purposes of dividend be calculated at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum, without prejudice to the right of a creditor to receive out of the debtor's estate any higher rate of interest to which he may be entitled after all the debts proved have been paid in full.

49. (1) A debt may be proved under this Act by delivering, or sending by post in a registered letter, to the Court an affidavit verifying the debt.

(2) The affidavit shall contain or refer to a statement of account showing the particulars of the debt, and shall specify the vouchers (if any) by which the same can be substantiated. The Court may at any time call for the production of the vouchers.

50. (1) Where the receiver thinks that a debt has been improperly entered in the schedule the Court may, on the application of the receiver and after notice to the creditor, and such inquiry (if any) as the Court thinks necessary, expunge such entry or reduce the amount of the debt.

(2) The Court may also, after like inquiry, expunge an entry or reduce the amount of a debt upon the application of a creditor where no receiver has been appointed, or where the receiver declines to interfere in the matter or, in the case of a composition or scheme, upon the application of the debtor.

Effect of insolvency on antecedent transactions.

51. (1) Where execution of a decree has issued against the property of a debtor, no person shall be entitled to the benefit of the execution against the receiver except in

respect of assets realised in the course of the execution by sale or otherwise before the date of the admission of the petition.

(2) Nothing in this section shall affect the rights of a secured creditor in respect of the property against which the decree is executed.

(3) A person who in good faith purchases the property of a debtor under a sale in execution shall in all cases acquire a good title to it against the receiver.

52. Where execution of a decree has issued against any property of a debtor which is saleable in execution and before the sale thereof notice is given to the

Court executing the decree that an insolvency petition by or against the debtor has been admitted, the Court shall, on application, direct the property, if in the possession of the Court, to be delivered to the receiver, but the costs of the suit in which the decree was made and of the execution shall be a first charge on the property so delivered, and the receiver may sell the property or an adequate part thereof for the purpose of satisfying the charge.

53. Any transfer of property not being a transfer made before and in avoidance of consideration of marriage or voluntary transfer, made in favour of a purchaser or incumbrancer in good faith and for valuable consideration shall, if the transferor is adjudged insolvent within two years after the date of the transfer, be voidable as against the receiver and may be annulled by the Court.

54. (1) Every transfer of property, every payment made, every obligation incurred, and every judicial proceeding taken or suffered

by any person unable to pay his debts as they become due from his own money in favour of any creditor, with a view of giving that creditor a preference over the other creditors, shall, if such person is adjudged insolvent on a petition presented within three months after the date thereof, be deemed fraudulent and void as against the receiver and shall be annulled by the Court.

(2) This section shall not affect the rights of any person who in good faith and for valuable consideration has acquired a title through or under a creditor of the insolvent.

55. Subject to the foregoing provisions of this Act with respect to the effect of insolvency on an execution, and with respect to the avoidance of certain transfers and preferences, nothing in this Act shall invalidate in the case of an insolvency—

- (a) any payment by the insolvent to any of his creditors;
- (b) any payment or delivery to the insolvent;
- (c) any transfer by the insolvent for valuable consideration; or
- (d) any contract or dealing by or with the insolvent for valuable consideration.

Provided that any such transaction takes place before the date of the order of adjudication, and that the person with whom such transaction takes place has not at the time notice of the presentation of any insolvency petition by or against the debtor.

Realisation of Property.

56. (1) The Court may, at the time of the Appointment of order of adjudication, or at receiver, any time afterwards, appoint a receiver for the property of the insolvent, and such property shall thereupon vest in such receiver.

(2) Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, the Court may—

(a) require the receiver to give such security as it thinks fit duly to account for what he shall receive in respect of the property; and

(b) by general or special order, fix the amount to be paid as remuneration for the services of the receiver out of the assets of the insolvent.

(3) Where the Court appoints a receiver, it may remove the person in whose possession or custody any such property as aforesaid is from the possession or custody thereof:

Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to authorise the Court to remove from the possession or custody of property any person whom the insolvent has not a present right so to remove.

(4) Where a receiver appointed under this section—

(a) fails to submit his accounts at such periods and in such form as the Court directs, or

(b) fails to pay the balance due from him thereon as the Court directs, or

(c) occasions loss to the property by his wilful default or gross negligence, the Court may direct his property to be attached and sold, and may apply the proceeds to make good any balance found to be due from him or any loss so occasioned by him.

(5) The provisions of this section shall apply, so far as may be, to interim receivers appointed under section 20.

57. (1) The Local Government may appoint such persons as it thinks fit (to be called "Official Receivers") to be receivers under this Act within such local limits as it may prescribe.

(2) Where any Official Receiver has been so appointed for the local limits of the jurisdiction of any Court having jurisdiction under this Act, he shall be the receiver for the purpose of every order appointing a receiver or an interim receiver issued by any such Court, unless the Court for special reasons otherwise directs.

(3) Any sum payable under clause (b) of subsection (2) of section 56 in respect of the services of an Official Receiver shall be credited to such fund as the Local Government may direct.

(4) Every Official Receiver shall receive such remuneration out of the said fund or otherwise as the Local Government may fix in this behalf, and no remuneration whatever beyond that so fixed shall be received by the Official Receiver as such.

58. Where no receiver is appointed, the Court shall have all the rights of, and may exercise all the powers conferred on, a receiver under this Act.

59. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the receiver shall, with all convenient speed, realise the property of the debtor and distribute dividends among the creditors entitled thereto, and for that purpose may—

(a) sell all or any part of the property of the insolvent;

(b) give receipts for any money received by him;

and may, by leave of the Court, do all or any of the following things, namely:—

(c) carry on the business of the insolvent so far as may be necessary for the beneficial winding up of the same;

(d) institute, defend or continue any suit or other legal proceeding relating to the property of the insolvent;

(e) employ a pleader or other agent to take any proceedings or do any business which may be sanctioned by the Court;

(f) accept as the consideration for the sale of any property of the insolvent a sum of money payable at a future time subject to such stipulations as to security and otherwise as the Court thinks fit;

(g) mortgage or pledge any part of the property of the insolvent for the purpose of raising money for the payment of his debts;

(h) refer any dispute to arbitration, and compromise all debts, claims and liabilities, on such terms as may be agreed upon; and

(i) divide in its existing form amongst the creditors, according to its estimated value, any property which, from its peculiar nature or other special circumstances, cannot readily or advantageously be sold.

60. (1) In any local area in which a declaration has been made under section 68 of the Code of Civil Procedure, V of 1908, and is in force, no immoveable property revenue to the Government held or let for agricultural purposes shall be mortgaged or let by the receiver; but, after the other property of the insolvent has been realised, the Court shall ascertain—

(a) the amount required to satisfy the debts proved under this Act after deducting the monies already received;

(b) the immoveable property of the insolvent remaining unsold; and

(c) the incumbrances (if any) existing thereon;

and shall forward a statement to the Collector containing the particulars aforesaid; and thereupon the Collector shall proceed to raise the amount so required by the exercise of such of the powers conferred on him by paragraphs 2 to 10 of the Third Schedule to the said Code as he thinks fit, and subject to the provisions of those paragraphs so far as they are applicable, and shall hold at the disposal of the Court all sums that may come to his hands by the exercise of such powers.

(2) Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to affect any provisions of any enactment for the time being in force prohibiting or restricting the execution of decrees or orders against immoveable property; and any such provisions shall be deemed to apply to the enforcement of an order of adjudication made under this Act as if it were such a decree or order.

Distribution of Property

61. (1) In the distribution of the property of the insolvent, there shall be paid in priority to all other debts—

- (a) all debts due to the Crown or to any local authority; and
- (b) all salary or wages, not exceeding twenty rupees in all, of any clerk, servant or labourer in respect of services rendered to the insolvent during four months before the date of the presentation of the petition

(2) The debts specified in sub-section (1) shall rank equally between themselves, and shall be paid in full, unless the property of the insolvent is insufficient to meet them, in which case they shall abate in equal proportions between themselves.

(3) Subject to the retention of such sums as may be necessary for the expenses of administration or otherwise, the debts specified in sub-section (1) shall be discharged forthwith in so far as the property of the insolvent is sufficient to meet them.

(4) In the case of partners, the partnership property shall be applicable in the first instance in payment of the partnership debts, and the separate property of each partner shall be applicable in the first instance in payment of his separate debts. Where there is a surplus of the separate property of the partners, it shall be dealt with as part of the partnership property; and where there is a surplus of the partnership property, it shall be dealt with as part of the respective separate property in proportion to the rights and interests of each partner in the partnership property.

(5) Subject to the provisions of this Act, all debts entered in the schedule shall be paid rateably according to the amounts of such debts respectively and without any preference.

(6) Where there is any surplus after payment of the foregoing debts, it shall be applied in payment of interest from the date on which the debtor is adjudged an insolvent at the rate of six per centum per annum on all debts entered in the schedule.

62. (1) In the calculation of dividends, the receiver shall retain in his hands sufficient assets to meet—

- (a) debts provable under this Act and appearing, from the insolvent's statements or otherwise, to be due to persons resident in places so distant that in the ordinary course of communication they have not had sufficient time to tender their proofs;
- (b) debts provable under this Act, the subject of claims not yet determined;

(c) disputed proofs or claims; and

(d) the expenses necessary for the administration of the estate or otherwise.

(2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), all money in hand shall be distributed as dividends.

63. Any creditor who has not proved his debt before the declaration of any dividend or dividends shall be entitled to be paid, out of any money for the time being in the hands of the receiver, any dividend or dividends which he may have failed to receive before that money is applied to the payment of any future dividend or dividends; but he shall not be entitled to disturb the distribution of any dividend declared before his debt was proved by reason that he has not participated therein.

64. When the receiver has realised all the property of the insolvent or so much thereof as can, in the opinion of the Court, be realised without needlessly protracting the receivership, he shall declare a final dividend; but before so doing, he shall give notice in manner prescribed to the persons whose claims to be creditors have been notified but not proved, that if they do not prove their claims within the time limited by the notice, he will proceed to make a final dividend without regard to their claims. After the expiration of the time so limited, or if the Court, on application by any such claimant, grants him further time for establishing his claim, then on the expiration of such further time, the property of the insolvent shall be divided among the creditors entered in the schedule without regard to the claims of any other persons.

65. No suit for a dividend shall lie against the receiver; but where the receiver refuses to pay any dividend, the Court may, on the application of any creditor who is entered in the schedule, order him to pay it, and also to pay out of his own money interest thereon for the time that it is withheld, and the costs of the application.

66. (1) The Court may appoint the insolvent himself to superintend the management of the property of the insolvent or of any part thereof, or to carry on the trade (if any) of the insolvent for the benefit of the creditors, and in any other respect to aid in administering the property in such manner and on such terms as the Court may direct.

(2) The Court may, from time to time, make such allowance as it may think just to the insolvent out of his property for the support of himself and his family, or in consideration of his services if he is engaged in winding up his estate; but any such allowance may, at any time, be varied or determined by the Court.

67. The insolvent shall be entitled to any surplus remaining after payment in full of his creditors, with interest as provided by this Act, and of the expenses of the proceedings taken thereunder.

Appeal to Court against receiver.

68. If the insolvent or any of the creditors or any other person is aggrieved by any act or decision of the receiver, he may apply to the Court, and the Court may confirm, reverse or modify the act or decision complained of, and make such order as it thinks just :

Provided that no application under this section shall be entertained after the expiration of twenty-one days from the date of the act or decision complained of.

PART IV.

PENALTIES.

69. If a debtor, whether before or after the making of an order of adjudication,—

- (a) wilfully fails to perform the duties imposed on him by section 22 or to deliver up possession of any part of his property which is divisible among his creditors under this Act, and which is for the time being in his possession or under his control to the Court or to any person authorised by the Court to take possession of it, or
- (b) fraudulently with intent to conceal the state of his affairs or to defeat the objects of this Act,—
 - (i) has destroyed or otherwise wilfully prevented or purposely withheld the production of any document relating to such of his affairs as are subject to investigation under this Act, or
 - (ii) has kept or caused to be kept false books, or
 - (iii) has made false entries in or withheld entries from or wilfully altered or falsified any document relating to such of his affairs as are subject to investigation under this Act, or
- (c) fraudulently with intent to diminish the sum to be divided among his creditors or to give an undue preference to any of his creditors,—
 - (i) has discharged or concealed any debt due to or from him, or
 - (ii) has made away with, charged, mortgaged or concealed any part of his property of any kind whatsoever,

he shall be punishable on conviction by the Court with imprisonment which may extend to one year.

70. (1) Where the Court is satisfied that there is ground for inquiring into any offence referred to in section 69, the Court shall direct that a notice be served on the debtor in the manner prescribed in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, for service of a summons, calling on him to show cause why a charge or charges should not be framed against him.

(2) The notice shall set forth the substance of the offence, and any number of offences may be set forth in the same notice.

(3) At the hearing of such notice and of any charge framed in pursuance thereof, the Court shall, so far as may be, follow the procedure for the trial of warrant cases by Magistrates prescribed by Chapter XXI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, and nothing in Chapter XXIII of the said Code relating to trials before High Courts and Courts of Session shall be applicable to such trial.

(4) Any number of offences under this section may be charged at the same time:

Provided that no debtor shall be sentenced to imprisonment exceeding an aggregate period of two years for offences under this section committed in the course of the same insolvency proceeding

(5) The Court may, instead of itself inquiring into an offence under section 69 make a complaint thereof in writing to the nearest Magistrate of the first class having jurisdiction, and such Magistrate shall deal with such complaint in the manner laid down in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 :

Provided that it shall not be necessary to examine the complainant.

71. Where an insolvent has been guilty of Criminal Liability any of the offences specified after discharge or in section 69, he shall not be exempt from being proceeded against therefor by reason that he has obtained his discharge or that a composition or scheme of arrangement has been accepted or approved.

72. (1) An undischarged insolvent obtaining credit to the extent of fifty rupees or upwards from any person without informing such person that he is an undischarged insolvent shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both.

(2) Where the Court has reason to believe that an undischarged insolvent has committed the offence referred to in sub-section (1), the Court, making any preliminary inquiry that may be necessary, may send the case for trial to the nearest Magistrate of the first class, and may send the accused in custody or take sufficient security for his appearance before such Magistrate ; and may bind over any person to appear and give evidence on such trial.

73. (1) Where a debtor is adjudged or re-adjudged insolvent under this Act, he shall, subject to the provisions of this section, be disqualified from—

- (a) being appointed or acting as a Magistrate ;
- (b) being elected to any office of any local authority where the appointment to such office is by election or holding or exercising any such office to which no salary is attached ; and
- (c) being elected or sitting or voting as a member of any local authority.

(2) The disqualifications which an insolvent is subject to under this section shall be removed, and shall cease if—

(a) the order of adjudication is annulled under section 35, or

(b) he obtains from the Court an order of discharge, whether absolute or conditional, with a certificate that his insolvency was caused by misfortune without any misconduct on his part.

(3) The Court may grant or refuse such certificate as it thinks fit, but any order of refusal shall be subject to appeal.

PART V.

SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.

74. When a petition is presented by or against a debtor, if the Court is satisfied by affidavit or otherwise that the property of the debtor is not likely to exceed in value five hundred rupees, the Court may make an order that the debtor's estate be administered in a summary manner, and thereupon the provisions of this Act shall be subject to the following modifications, namely :—

(i) unless the Court otherwise directs, no notice required under this Act, shall be published in the local official Gazette ;

(ii) on the admission of a petition by a debtor, the property of the debtor shall vest in the Court as a receiver ;

(iii) at the hearing of the petition, the Court shall inquire into the debts and assets of the debtor, and determine the same by order in writing, and it shall not be necessary to frame a schedule under the provisions of section 33 ;

(iv) the property of the debtor shall be realised with all reasonable despatch and thereafter, when practicable, distributed in a single dividend ;

the debtor shall apply for his discharge within six months from the date of adjudication ; and

such other modifications as may be prescribed with the view of saving expense and simplifying procedure :

Provided that the Court may at any time direct that the ordinary procedure provided for in this Act shall be followed in regard to the debtor's estate, and thereafter the Act shall have effect accordingly.

PART VI.

APPEALS.

75. (1) The debtor, any creditor, the receiver or any other person aggrieved by a decision come to or an order made in the exercise of insolvency jurisdiction by a Court subordinate to a District Court may appeal to the District Court, and the order of the District Court upon such appeal shall be final :

Provided that the High Court, for the purpose of satisfying itself that an order made in any appeal decided by the District Court was according to law, may call for the case and pass such order with respect thereto as it thinks fit :

Provided, further, that any such person aggrieved by a decision of the District Court on appeal from a decision of a subordinate Court under section 4 may appeal to the High Court on any of the grounds mentioned in sub-section (1) of section 100 of the Code of Civil Procedure, V of 1908.

(2) Any such person aggrieved by any such decision or order of a District Court as is specified in Schedule I, come to or made otherwise than in appeal from an order made by a subordinate Court, may appeal to the High Court.

(3) Any such person aggrieved by any other order made by a District Court otherwise than in appeal from an order made by a subordinate Court may appeal to the High Court by leave of the District Court or of the High Court.

(4) The periods of limitation for appeals to the District Court and to the High Court under this section shall be thirty days and ninety days, respectively.

PART VII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

76. The costs of any proceeding under this Act, including the costs of maintaining a debtor in the civil prison, shall, subject to any rules made under this Act, be in the discretion of the Court in which the proceeding is had.

77. All Courts having jurisdiction in insolvency and the officers of such Courts respectively shall severally act in aid of and be auxiliary to each other in all matters of insolvency, and an order of a Court seeking aid with a request to another of the said Courts shall be deemed sufficient to enable the latter Court to exercise, in regard to the matter directed by the order, such jurisdiction as either of such Courts could exercise in regard to similar matters within their respective jurisdictions.

78. (1) The provisions of sections 5 and 12 of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, shall apply to appeals and applications under this Act, and for the purpose of the said section 12, a decision under section 4 shall be deemed to be a decree. IX of 1908.

(2) Where an order of adjudication has been annulled under this Act, in computing the period of limitation prescribed for any suit or application for the execution of a decree (other than a suit or application in respect of which the leave of the Court was obtained under sub-section (2) of section 28) which might have been brought or made but for the making of an order of adjudication under this Act, the period from the date of the order of adjudication to the date of the order of annulment shall be excluded :

Provided that nothing in this section shall apply to a suit or application in respect of a debt provable but not proved under this Act.

79. (1) The High Court may, with the previous sanction, in the case of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, of the Governor General in Council, and, in the case of any other High Court, of the Local Government, make rules for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide—

- (a) for the appointment and remuneration of receivers (other than Official Receivers), the audit of the accounts of all receivers and the costs of such audit,
- (b) for meetings of creditors,
- (c) for the procedure to be followed where the debtor is a firm, and
- (d) for the procedure to be followed in the case of estates to be administered in a summary manner.

(3) All rules made under this section shall be published in the Gazette of India, or in the local official Gazette, as the case may be, and shall, on such publication, have effect as if enacted in this Act.

80. (1) The High Court, with the like sanction, may from time to time direct that, in any matters in respect of which jurisdiction is given to the Court by this Act, the Official Receiver shall, subject to the directions of the Court, have all or any of the following powers, namely:—

- (a) to hear insolvency petitions, to examine the debtor and to make orders of adjudication;
- (b) to frame schedules and to admit or reject proofs of creditors;
- (c) to grant orders of discharge;
- (d) to approve compositions or schemes of arrangement;

(e) to make interim orders in any case of urgency; and

(f) to hear and determine any unopposed or *ex parte* application.

(2) Subject to the appeal to the Court provided for by section 88, any order made or act done by the Official Receiver in the exercise of the said powers shall be deemed the order or act of the Court.

81. Any Local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, may, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare that any of the provisions of this Act specified in Schedule II shall not apply to insolvency proceedings in any Court or Courts having jurisdiction under this Act in any part of the territories administered by such Local Government.

82. Nothing in this Act shall—

Savings.

(a) affect the Presidency-towns Insolvency III of 1909, Act, 1909, or section 8 of the Lower Burma Courts Act, 1900, or VI of 1900.

(b) apply to cases to which Chapter IV of the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief XVII of 1879, Act, 1879, is applicable.

83. (1) The enactments mentioned in Schedule III are hereby repealed to the extent specified in the fourth column thereof.

(2) Where in any enactment or instrument in force at the date of the commencement of this Act, reference is made to Chapter XX (of Insolvent Judgment-debtors) of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1877, or of the Code of Civil X of 1877, Procedure, 1882, or to any section of either of XIV of 1882 those Chapters, such reference shall, so far as may be practicable, be construed as applying to this Act or to the corresponding section thereof.

SCHEDULE I.

(See section 75 (2) .)

Decisions and orders from which an appeal lies to the High Court under section 75 (2).

Section.	Nature of decision or order.
4	Decision of questions of title, priority, etc., arising in insolvency.
25	Order dismissing a petition.
26	Order awarding compensation.
27	Order of adjudication.
33	Orders regarding entries in the schedule.
35	Order annulling adjudication.
37	Order declaring the conditions on which the debtor's property shall revert to him on annulment of adjudication.
41	Order on application for discharge.
50	Order disallowing or reducing entries in the schedule.
53	Order annulling a voluntary transfer.
54	Decision that a transfer of property is a preference in favour of a creditor.
69	Conviction and sentence of debtor for an offence under this section.

Provisions of the Act.

Subject.

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61,

[except clause (a) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (4)].

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Method of proof of debts.

Effect of insolvency on antecedent transactions.

Priority of debts.

Dividends.

Management by and allowance to insolvent.

Penalty for obtaining of credit by undischarged insolvent.

SCHEDULE II.

(See section 81.)

Provisions of the Act application of which may be barred by Local Governments.

Provisions of the Act.

Subject.

Section.	
26	Award of compensation.
33, sub-section (3)	Reputed property of an insolvent.
34	Debts provable under the Act.
38	
39	Compositions and schemes of arrangement.
40	
42, sub-sections (1) and (2)	Obligation to refuse absolute discharge.

SCHEDULE III.

ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

(See section 83.)

Year.	No.	Short title.	Extent of repeal.
1907	III	The Provincial Insolvency Act, 1907.	So much as has not been repealed.
1914	IV	The Decentralization Act, 1914.	In Schedule I, Part I, the entry relating to Act III of 1907.
"	X	The Repealing and Amending Act, 1914.	In Schedule I, the entries relating to Act III of 1907.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislative Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 25th February, 1920, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

• ACT No. VI OF 1920.

[AS PASSED IN COUNCIL]

An Act to amend the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917.

I of 1917. WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Inland Steam-vessels (Amendment) Act, 1920.

Short title.

II of 1917. 2. After section 22 of the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Insertion of new section 22-A in Act I of 1917.

"22-A. (1) The Local Government may also, in its discretion, grant—

Licences.

(a) to a person who is in possession of a second-class master's certificate granted under section 21 or section 22, and has, by virtue of such certificate, acted as master of an inland steam-vessel having engines of forty or more nominal horse-power for a period of not less than five years, or

(b) to a person who is in possession of a first-class engine-driver's certificate granted under section 21 or section 22, or an engine-driver's certificate granted under the Indian Steam-ships Act, 1884, and has, by virtue of such certificate, served as an engine-driver of an inland steam-vessel having engines of not less than seventy nominal horse-power for five years, for not less than two and a half years of which period he has been the engine-driver of such vessel within the meaning of section 26,

a licence authorising such person to act as master or engineer, as the case may be, of any inland steam-vessel having engines of one hundred and seventy nominal horse-power or of such less nominal horse-power as to such Government may seem fit.

(2) Any such licence shall remain in force only for such time as the person holding the same is in possession of and entitled to a master's or an engine-driver's certificate, as the case may be, of the nature referred to in sub-section (1):

Provided that the Local Government may, in its discretion, suspend, cancel or vary the conditions of any such licence."

3. In section 23 of the said Act, after the word "service" the words "and entitled to a master's or an engine-driver's certificate, as the case may be, of the nature referred to in sub-section (1):" shall be inserted, and after the words "entitled to the certificate" the words "or licence" shall be inserted.

4. In section 24 of the said Act, after the word "certificate" in each place where it occurs, the words "or licence" shall be inserted.

5. In section 25 of the said Act—
Amendment of section 25, Act I of 1917.

(1) for the word "eighty" the words "hundred" shall be substituted

(2) In clause (a), after the words and figures "Merchant Shipping Act, 1884," the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

"or a master's licence granted under section 22-A and applicable to such vessel and voyage."

(3) At the end of clause (b), the following words shall be added, namely:—

"or an engine-driver's licence granted under section 22-A and applicable to such vessel and voyage."

6. In section 26 of the said Act, for the word "thirty" the word "forty," and for the word "eighty" the words "one hundred," shall be substituted.

7. In section 27 of the said Act, for the word "thirty" the word "forty" shall be substituted.

VII of 1884.

8. After section 30 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :-
 Insertion of new section 30-A in Act I of 1917.

"30-A. The Local Government may also make Power for Local Government to make rules as to grant of licences. rules to regulate the granting of licences under section 22-A, and may by such rules prescribe in particular—

- (a) the fees (if any) to be paid for such licences, and
- (b) the forms in which such licences are to be framed and the authority by whom and the manner in which copies are to be kept and recorded under section 23."

9. (1) In section 31 of the said Act, after the word "service" where it first occurs the words "and licences" shall be inserted.
 Amendment of section 31, Act I of 1917.

(2) In clause (ii) of the said section, after the word "serang" the words "and a licence" shall be inserted.

(3) In the provisos to the said section, after the word "certificate" in each place where it occurs, the words "or licence" shall be inserted.

10. (1) In clause (a) of section 59 of the said Act, after the words "engine-driver's certificate" the words "or a master's or engine-driver's licence" shall be inserted.
 Amendment of section 59, Act I of 1917.

(2) In clause (b) of the said section, after the words "such certificate" the words "or licence" shall be added.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
 Secretary to the Government of India

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislative Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 25th February, 1920, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. VII OF 1920.

[AS PASSED IN COUNCIL.]

An Act further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1894.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1894; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. This Act may be called the Indian Tariff Short title. (Amendment) Act, 1920.

2. In Schedule II of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, as subsequently amended, for item 4b the following shall be substituted, namely :—

Subject to the exemptions specified in No. 10—		Rs.		
(1) Firearms other than pistols including gas and air-guns and rifles.	Each	15	or 20 per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> , whichever is higher.	breech bolts and their heads, cocking pieces and locks (for muzzle loading arms).
(2) Barrels for the same, whether single or double.	"	15		(9) Machines for making, loading, or closing cartridges for rifled arms.
(3) Pistols, including automatic pistols and revolvers.	"	15		(10) Machines for capping cartridges for rifled arms.
				<i>Ad valorem.</i> 20 per cent.
				<i>Ad valorem.</i> 20 per cent.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

VIII of 1894.

VIII of 1894.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislative Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 4th March, 1920, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. VIII OF 1920.

An Act to amend the Dourine Act, 1910.

10. WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Dourine Act, 1910 ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. This Act may be called the Dourine (Amendment) Act, 1920.
Short title.

10. 2. In section 5 of the Dourine Act, 1910 Amendment of section 5, Act V of the said Act),—
1910.

(1) the word “ and ” at the end of clause (a) shall be omitted ; and

(2) after clause (b) the following clause shall be added, namely :—

“ (c) direct, by order in writing, the owner or keeper of any horse which, in the opinion of the Inspectors, is affected with dourine to remove it or permit it to be removed for the purpose of segregation to a place specified in the order, and such direction shall be sufficient authority for the detention of the horse in that place for that purpose.”

3. In section 6 of the said Act the word and Amendment of section 6, Act V of 1910. letter “ clause (b) ” shall be omitted.

4. In section 8 of the said Act—

Amendment of section 6, Act V of 1910.

(1) in clause (a) the word and letter “ clause (b) ” shall be omitted ; and

(2) in clause (b)—

(a) after the words “ on microscopical examination ” the words “ or by other scientific test ” shall be inserted ; and

(b) for sub-clause (ii) the following shall be substituted, namely :—

“ (ii) in the case of a mare, with the previous sanction of such authority as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf, or, if so empowered by the Local Government, without such sanction, cause it to be destroyed.”

5. In sub-section (2) of section 14 of the said Act—
Amendment of section 14, Act V. of 1910.

(1) for clause (a) the following shall be substituted, namely :—

“(a) regulate the exercise of the powers conferred on Inspectors under section 5 ”; and

(2) the word “and” at the end of clause (b) and the whole of clause (c) shall be omitted.

6. For clauses (b) and (c) of section 15 of the said Act, the following shall be substituted, namely :—
Amendment of section 15, Act V of 1910.

“(b) any horse in respect of which an order under clause (b) or clause (c) of section 5 is in force.”

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Act of the Indian Legislative Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 4th March, 1920, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT NO. IX OF 1920.

*An Act further to amend the law relating to
Glanders and Farcy.*

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the law relating to Glanders and Farcy; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. This Act may be called the Glanders and Farcy (Amendment) Act, 1920.
Short title.

2. In section 2 (2) of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899, the word 'camels' shall be inserted between the words "to" and "asses."
Extension of Act to camels.

3. For section 3 of the same Act the following Substitution of new section shall be substituted, namely :—
section for s. 3, Act XIII of 1899.

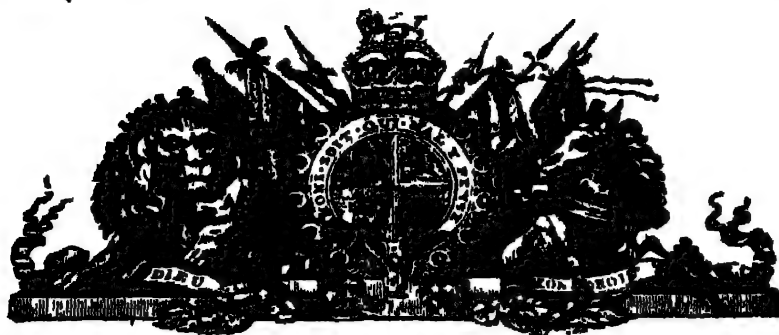
"3. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, apply this Act or any provision of this Act to any local area, to be specified in such notification, within the province.
Application of Act to local areas by Local Government.

(2) In any such notification the Local Government may further direct that the Act or any provision so applied shall apply in respect of—

- (a) all or any of the diseases mentioned or specified in a notification under section 2, sub-section (1),
- (b) all animals or any class of animals mentioned in section 2, sub-section (2)."

A. P. MUDDIMAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1920.

SUPPLEMENT.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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LIBERALITY OF BABU RAKHAL CHANDRA CHATTERJEE.

No. 568 Edn., dated Calcutta, the 11th March 1920.

From—THE HON'BLE MR. L. S. S. O'MALLEY, Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department,

To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

WITH reference to your letter No. 86J.G., dated the 21st February 1920, I am directed to request that you will be so good as to convey the thanks of Government to Babu Rakhal Chandra Chatterjee, of Birbhum, a pleader now practising at Chaibassa, for his liberality and public spirit in making a donation of Rs. 18,000 towards the cost of the construction of a high English school building at Suri.

**FINAL REPORT ON THE CYCLONE RELIEF OPERATIONS,
1919.**

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Agriculture Branch.

CALCUTTA, THE 12TH MARCH 1920.

MEMORANDUM—No. 2731 Agri.

THE final report written by Mr. S. G. Hart, I.C.S., Additional Commissioner, Dacca and Presidency Divisions, on the operations for the relief of the distress caused by the cyclone of the 24th and 25th September 1919, is published for general information.

His Excellency in Council has much pleasure in taking this opportunity of thanking the public both for their prompt and generous response to his appeal for donations to the Cyclone Central Relief Fund and for their willing help in the actual work of relief. In particular, the Governor in Council acknowledges the valuable assistance of the non-official associations and persons mentioned in the report and of the officials who co-operated with Mr. Hart in the efficient organisation and administration of the relief measures.

By order of the Governor in Council,

M. C. McALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

**FINAL REPORT ON THE CYCLONE RELIEF OPERATIONS,
1919.**

SECTION I.—The Storm.

The cyclone developed in the Bay of Bengal and struck the coast of the Sundarbans about 9 o'clock on the morning of the 24th September 1919. It swept in a direct line across Khulna district, the north-western portion of Bakarganj, the Narail subdivision of Jessore and the greater part of Faridpur and Dacca districts. Then, with diminishing force, it passed over the western part of Tippera and the eastern portions of Mymensingh and Sylhet districts and ultimately dissipated itself in the Khasia Hills.

2. The cyclone can be pictured as a violent whirl moving across the map of Bengal. The whirl is a ring of hurricane winds blowing, not directly but with a tendency, towards the centre of the whirl. Strange to say, at the centre of the whirl there is absolute calm. The centre, however, is not stationary but moving at an average rate of $11\frac{1}{2}$ miles an hour. The actual experience of any place in the path of the storm was a hurricane gradually becoming more and more furious, then a sudden lull lasting only a short time but perfect while it lasted, then the hurricane in all its former fury but with wind from an altogether different direction. Two or three hours after the lull the storm began to gradually abate and finally ceased about 12 hours after it commenced.

3. Meteorologists connect together by a curve on a map all the places where, at a specified time, the barometric pressure was the same. Such curves they call "isobars" and they depict a cyclone by a diagram of isobars. In this storm, as with all cyclones, it was found that the direction of the wind at any place was not truly tangential to the isobaric curve at that place but had a deflection towards the centre of the cyclonic whirl. As in all cyclones north of the equator the direction of the winds at various points on an isobaric curve was counter-clockwise.

4. On crossing the coast the storm was travelling almost due north, gradually it veered towards the east and ultimately, on leaving Mymensingh district, it was moving north-east. It is reported that the lull was experienced at various places at the following times, but several of these reports can only be regarded as approximately correct, viz.—Oura Sipsa 3 to 4 P.M., Pratapnagar 4 P.M., Dakop 5 P.M., Baitaghata 8 P.M., Khulna 8-35 to 9 P.M., Mollahat 10 P.M., Gopalganj 10-30 to 11-30, Bhanga midnight, Goalundo 1 A.M., (only a change in direction of wind), Mashurikhola 2-15, Bhairab 6, Kishorganj 6-30 A.M.

5. The cyclone was remarkable for its small dimensions and its great intensity. Though the Bakarganj cyclone of 1876 was far more destructive of human life, the value of property destroyed in 1919 was probably greater than in any storm in Bengal for the last 200 years. Yet, if places where the wind did not attain very great force are omitted, the diameter of the storm area was not more than 25 miles.

6. In Narail and Gopalganj subdivisions and in the north-eastern corner of Khulna district an additional terror was added to the hurricane and the storm wave by a vivid red glow appearing in the sky during the period of the lull. In Narail Subdivision this fiery glow came from the western horizon and was so bright that it is said to have illumined the surface of the earth for some time. In Gopalganj subdivision the red glare came from the south.

7. The country over which the cyclone swept is a land of great rivers. Immediately after the lull the hurricane winds drove the waves furiously along until they dashed like solid walls of water against the banks. The height of the waves was generally from 3 to 6 feet. By their violence they caused great destruction to all floating craft, river embankments, crops and all other property near the banks. The most serious damage was done on the Padma, especially in the neighbourhood of Lohajang; on the Meghna, especially at Narayanganj and Bhairab; on the Madhumati in Gopalganj, Khulna

and Pirojpur and on the Passur, Rupsa and other big rivers of Khulna. Storm waves were formed also on the *bils*. On the Arial *bil* between the Dhaleswari and the Padma and on the Kotwalipara *bil* the violence of the waves was so great that many houses and fields were engulfed and totally disappeared.

8. The storm lasted for about 12 hours at each place and left Mymensingh district about 11 A.M., on the 25th. It was accompanied in most places by heavy rain. There are not many Government rain-gauges in the affected tract, but taking them as fairly representative, they showed a general average of 5.93" in Khulna district, 3.96" in Narail subdivision, 6.33" in Faridpur, 7.40" in Dacca and 3.97" in Mymensingh district.

9. Selections from various reports on the cyclone are given in Appendix A.

10. There are many people who still remember the last big cyclone in Bengal. It occurred on the 27th October 1909 and affected Khulna, Jessore and parts of the 24-Parganas, Nadia, Bakarganj, Faridpur, Dacca and Mymensingh districts. At Goalundo 22 steamers and flats were almost totally destroyed, the damage being estimated at 30 lakhs of rupees. The number of human lives lost in the 1909 cyclone was 996 as compared with 3,203 in 1919. The tidal wave or storm wave was higher in 1909, and the loss of cattle was returned as 96,317, as compared with 38,951 in 1919, but the accuracy of the figures of the earlier year is questionable. In 1919 the figures compiled at thanas were checked by the relief agency, but in 1909 there was no such agency and no check. In Khulna district alone it was reported in 1909 that 70,654 cattle were drowned or killed. The loss of such a large number must have told heavily on the district, yet it was not found necessary to give any relief. In that same district 582,602 houses were reported to have been blown down, yet the Collector, touring through the worst affected part of the district a fortnight after the cyclone, found that most of the houses had been re-erected. It is probable that the houses, though damaged, had not really been demolished. In short, no reliance can be placed on the figures of 1909, except perhaps those of loss of human life. So far as can be judged from the statements of persons who experienced both storms, the violence of the wind, the dimensions of the storm and the total damage done were far greater in 1919 than in 1909, though the damage done by storm waves was less.

SECTION II.—Loss of life.

(a) Loss of human life.

11. The latest enquiries show that the total number of persons known to have lost their lives in the cyclone was 3,203. As it was Puja time, many persons besides those whose business required them to be on the river were travelling to their homes from other districts. The drowning of such persons would not be reported unless the bodies were found. On *chars* where every habitation was swept away it would also be improbable that every death would be known. It is therefore certain that the total mortality was greater than that reported. It may be estimated at approximately 3,500.

12. Most of the deaths from drowning were due to the storm waves which tore boats away from their moorings and dashed them to pieces against the banks or against one another. These waves also caused the sudden erosion of the sites of dwelling-houses on the banks of rivers and *bils*; and many people were drowned in this way. Many others were killed by trees falling on them or on the houses in which they were.

13. In Khulna district 432 deaths were recorded, of which about 240 were due to drowning. Sixty-four persons were drowned in one union of Dakop thana and 27 in one union of Paikgacha. Both of these unions are on the banks of the Sipsa. It is reported that most of the deaths took place after the lull in the storm. The victims were nearly all of the cultivator classes—Muhammadans, Namasudras and Pods. Twenty-one deaths were ascribed to exposure.

In Jessore district, Narail subdivision, only 7 persons were drowned, but 20 were killed by houses or trees falling on them.

In Bakarganj also the loss of life from drowning was much less than that caused by falling trees. The latter numbered 52 and the former only 3.

Six hundred and twelve deaths occurred in Faridpur district, of which 395 were due to drowning and 193 to falling trees and houses. The mortality from drowning was greatest in the *chars* of the Padma and on the banks of the Kotwalipara *bil*. In Kotwalipara thana alone 110 persons were drowned. Though the houses are built on mounds raised to provide safety, the storm waves of the *bil* carried away not only houses but also the mounds on which they stood. The storm waves also caught and submerged some persons who during the lull were hurrying for shelter from one mound to another. At Olpur, two teachers of the high school, hearing cries for help from neighbouring houses, went in a boat to render help. This was during the lull. They never returned and must have been drowned when the hurricane winds began afresh. The Collector reports that a special fund has been raised for the relief of their widows. An extraordinary occurrence reported is that in Kotwalipara a *behejia* (river gipsy) was killed by a flying corrugated-iron sheet, his head being severed from his body.

In no other district was the loss of human life so great as in Dacca. One thousand nine hundred and twenty-eight deaths were reported, of which 90 per cent were due to drowning. No less than 1,199 deaths occurred within Lohajang thana, most of them being residents on the *chars* of the Padma. The people had taken refuge on the roofs of their houses and were precipitated into the water when the houses were smashed by the force of the waves. For days afterwards passengers by the Goalundo-Narainganj mail steamer met the gruesome spectacle of many dead bodies floating in the river. By some set of the current many other corpses were thrown up on the river bank at Lohajang where, on a stretch of land about 5 miles in length, 550 corpses were found and buried. Other deaths occurred in the *bil* areas of Srinagar and Nawabganj thanas and were due to the sites of the houses being swept away by storm waves. The weather during the day of the 24th was boisterous and most boats were tied up for the night; but many were carried away from their anchorage and dashed on the shore or overturned in the stream. One family in a village of Nawabganj thana took refuge in their boat at their ghat from their falling houses. The boat was carried off into the Dhaleswari and most of the family drowned. There were instances of marvellous escapes. One man was carried away by the current from Mewa *char* opposite to Lohaganj; he lost consciousness and recovered to find himself washed up 5 miles away in Bahar bazar, having been carried across the Padma, several village sites and a *bil*. The vagaries of the current gave rise to such anomalies as people starting on the same roof finding themselves separated and carried some up and some down stream.

In Tippera district 30 persons were drowned and 10 killed by falling houses or trees. A lady going home for the Pujas with her children, her father and servants, nine persons in all were drowned in the Meghna; only the two boatmen and a maidservant were saved.

In Mymensingh the number killed was 123, of whom about one-half were drowned and the remainder crushed under falling trees or buildings.

(b) Loss of cattle.

14. The total number of cattle reported to have been killed in the cyclone was 38,951. Most of the deaths were due to drowning and occurred on the banks of rivers and *bils*. Some cattle also were killed by trees falling on the cowsheds.

15. A mature cow is worth about Rs. 40 and a bullock about Rs. 50. Making allowance for young or worn-out stock and for the fact that, in Khulna, goats were included with cattle, the average value per head may be taken as Rs. 10 or 11, and the total loss due to destruction of cattle may be estimated roughly at 4 lakhs of rupees.

16. The heaviest mortality was in Khulna where 28,029 cattle were reported to have been killed. These figures include goats; but it may be estimated that about 14,000 cattle perished. The mortality was greatest in Rampal, Morrelganj, Dakop, Paikgacha and Shyamnagar where many people, fearing the subsidence of the sheds, let loose their cattle and they were drowned in the floods. For many days after the cyclone the rivers in the south of the district were teeming with corpses of cattle.

In Bakarganj district 970, and in Jessore 484 cattle were killed. Nearly all the deaths were due to falling trees, very few to drowning.

In Faridpur the number of cattle lost was 3,639. On the *chars* and in the *bi* areas where the greatest human mortality occurred, there also the largest number of cattle perished.

Five thousand five hundred and thirty head of cattle were killed in Dacca district. On the Padma *chars* practically all the cattle were swept away and drowned. The total number drowned in the whole district was about 4,000.

Only 12 cattle in Tippera district were reported to have been killed. All the deaths were caused by falling trees.

Mymensingh district lost 732 cattle. In Mitamain and Tarail, where the fields were under deep water, most of the deaths were due to drowning. In other places most of the casualties were caused by falling trees.

17. In Appendix B, a statement will be found showing the loss of human life and of cattle, district by district and subdivision by subdivision.

SECTION III.—Other damages.

(a) Private Buildings.

18. Residential buildings were destroyed wholesale. The bulk of the raiyats' houses are *kutchas*, with thatched or corrugated iron roofs. When even masonry structures were blown down it would have been a matter for surprise that any *kutchas* houses were left standing, were it not for the dense growth of trees and bushes by which most of them were screened from the wind. It is not possible to express in figures the number, and still less the value, of the buildings blown down. Local officers were asked to report the number of dwelling houses and shops demolished in each subdivision, and the figures given by them will be found in Appendix B. No great reliance can be placed in those figures, for it is known that some officers reckoned cowsheds, kitchens and other out-houses as separate buildings, and, while some included even houses only partially unroofed as demolished, others omitted all except houses which had entirely or almost entirely lost their walls and their roofs. For instance, the local officers in Narail subdivision at first reported that 66,357 houses had been demolished. The Collector pointed out that the population of the area affected was about 216,000, that the average number of persons per house was about 5 and that probably not more than 60 per cent. of the dwelling houses had been demolished. The local officers were therefore ordered to revise their reports, and their final estimate is that 14,152 dwelling houses and shops were demolished. It is of course true that the reconstruction of an out-house involves expense, but such expense is far less than when a dwelling house has to be rebuilt. Instead of relying on imperfect figures, an idea of the damage suffered can best be conveyed by a general descriptive account.

19. In the most affected parts of Khulna district scarcely a single *kutchas* house was left standing, and several entire bazars were levelled to the ground. At Bagerhat and other places substantial *pucca* pillars were torn out and thrown down.

Bakarganj suffered less severely, but thousands of houses lost their roofs and many were damaged beyond repair.

In Narail subdivision the raiyats in Naraganti, Kalia, Alfadanga and Lohagara thanas lost at least 75 per cent. of their buildings of all kinds. The bazars at Naraganti, Kalia, Bandia, Dighalia, Lakhipasha, Chachuri-Purulia and Siddhipasha were badly shattered.

The Collector reports that, in the affected area of Faridpur, practically all the thatched huts and corrugated iron sheds were either levelled to the ground or torn till only the posts were left standing. In the *bil* areas of Gopalganj, especially, the scene of devastation was almost indescribable.

In Dacca district the Collector estimates that about 50 per cent. of the *rai*yats' dwelling houses were unroofed or blown down. The *chars* in Lohajang thana were completely denuded of houses by the storm waves. In other places much damage was done by falling trees, and corrugated iron sheets were often either blown away or so twisted as to be useless. Even masonry buildings suffered severely. No more striking proof of the extreme violence of the storm could be offered than the demolition of the substantial *pucca* godowns of Messrs. Birkmyre Brothers and Messrs. R. Sim & Co. at Narayanganj. One godown of the latter firm had walls buttressed by brick pillars 2½ feet square, with a skeleton of cast iron, and sunk 4 feet in the ground; yet not only the walls but also all the pillars were blown down.

The Narayanganj Chamber of Commerce has not been able to furnish estimates of damage because some of the members prefer that such information should be kept confidential. The Collector estimates roughly that the loss caused by the cyclone to jute firms in Dacca amounted to 15 lakhs and in Narayanganj to ₹50 lakhs of rupees.

In the affected parts of the Tippera district no damage was done to masonry buildings, but most of the *kutch*a houses with corrugated iron or tin roofs were blown down or unroofed. The Deputy Superintendent of Police counted some 400 fallen houses in a sample area of one square mile.

In the worst affected parts of Mymensingh most of the houses were blown down, and in other parts no village entirely escaped injury. The unfortunate people had to take refuge under collapsed roofs or any other remnants of their houses which could be propped up to give some shelter.

20. With the subsidence of the buildings, furniture and utensils were smashed, clothes and other property were blown away and completely disappeared and stocks of grain, seeds and other produce were greatly reduced in value or entirely spoilt by the rain. One of the heaviest items of this kind of loss was the damage done to bundles of jute waiting to be sold. Much good quality fibre was reduced to the class of "rejections." *Rai*yats keep their own stocks of seed of most of the *rabi* crops, and the loss of these seeds was a serious matter, because traders who had stocks immediately raised their prices. District officers have had estimates made of the loss sustained by the damage to property kept in houses; but where conditions vary so greatly from house to house, it is a practical impossibility to make reliable estimates. It seems better to avoid quoting figures which may only give misleading impressions and to state simply that the damage was enormous and amounted to many lakhs of rupees.

(b)—Public Buildings.

21. The damage done to public buildings of all kinds was exceptionally severe, probably because many of them occupy conspicuous and exposed positions.

22. In Khulna 14 post offices, 19 dispensaries, 2 veterinary dispensaries, 14 forest offices and 13 inspection bungalows were damaged. The police lines at Khulna and Bagerhat were wrecked and many thana buildings completely demolished. The total cost of cyclone repairs to police buildings is estimated at Rs. 3,81,300. In the jail and the excise buildings also very extensive repairs will have to be carried out. The damages to such public offices as *kanungos*', *tahsildars*' and sub-registry offices will be borne by Government, while the District Board has to provide Rs. 11,150 for repairs to dispensaries, Rs. 2,900 for inspection bungalows, besides grants for Board schools and aided schools and repairs to roads. The Khulna Municipality also has to repair its buildings at an estimated cost of Rs. 2,500.

In Bakarganj district public buildings did not suffer very much, except at Pirojpur, where several *kutch*a, and a few *pucca* houses were damaged. The heaviest losses fell on the village primary schools and on the Police Department. In the northern thanas of the district many mosques or

jumaghars and temples were demolished and images of the goddess Durga were shattered with the fall of the temples.

Several police buildings in Narail subdivision were levelled to the ground, and others were badly damaged; the total cost of reconstruction and repairs is estimated at Rs. 19,400. Schools, post-offices, dispensaries, inspection bungalows, etc., also suffered just as in other districts.

In Faridpur the cost of repairs to buildings of the Public Works Department is estimated at Rs. 7,300, of the Police Department at Rs. 20,900, of the District Board at Rs. 4,900 and of the Khas Mahal Department at Rs. 7,700. Three Munsifs' courts at Chikandi and the subdivisional offices at Gopalganj were blown down. Schools suffered severely and so also did the *kutcha* mosques of the Muhammadans.

The severity of the storm in Dacca district can be judged from the fact that for 155 buildings maintained by the Public Works Department, nearly all of which are *pucca* or semi-*pucca*, the average damage was Rs. 1,300 per building. The roofs of Government House and of the staff quarters were blown off and the porch collapsed, while servants' quarters, out-offices, hospitals, etc., were laid flat with the ground. The avenues and many other fine trees which adorned the new and the old cities were overthrown and, in falling, did immense damage to electric light, telegraph and telephone wires as well as to houses and to compound walls. The Military Police officers' quarters and married men's lines at the Pilkhana were shattered and so were also the semi-permanent civil court buildings at Munshiganj. At Singair, where the thana buildings had only been constructed a year before, brick-nogged walls were badly cracked. Repairs to Public Works Department buildings and electric installations in Dacca district alone are estimated to cost Rs. 2,16,000 besides Rs. 65,000 required for repairs to buildings maintained by the Police Department. No less than 96 post offices were demolished and 66 badly damaged. The District Board fared worst of all; all the 16 inspection bungalows in the district were damaged more or less, and the out-houses of the Sabhar bungalow which had only just been completed, were totally wrecked. Five dispensaries will have to be rebuilt at a cost of Rs. 31,000; Rs. 10,000 will be required for repairs to the remaining 15 and the replacement of medicine destroyed will cost Rs. 5,000 more.

In some parts of Tippera district, the residences of Government officers and public buildings, such as thanas, schools, dispensaries, sub-registry offices and post-offices were damaged, but not to a very serious extent.

At several places in Mymensingh district most of the public buildings were wrecked. This was very noticeable at Gafargon, Iswarganj, Barhatta, Kendua, Netrakona, Kishorganj and Bajitpur. The repairs to Public Works Department buildings are estimated to cost about Rs. 13,000 and buildings maintained by the Police Department Rs. 83,000. The damage to dispensaries and inspection bungalows will cost the District Board Rs. 30,000.

A special feature of the cyclone is the enormous number of school buildings which suffered serious damage. The extent of the loss can be gauged from the following figures which have been carefully revised by the Inspectors of Schools :—

District			Number of primary schools damaged	Minimum cost of repairs	Number of middle schools damaged	Minimum cost of repairs
				Rs.		Rs.
Dacca	...	...	1,901	1,17,980	87	38,639
Mymensingh	...	...	483	84,576	87	36,000
Faridpur	...	...	1,395	44,000	56	27,219
Bakarganj	...	...	391	18,134	69	11,989
Khulna	...	...	} Separate figures not supplied.			
Jessore	...	...		

District.	Number of high schools damaged.	Minimum cost of repairs.	Total of schools damaged.	Minimum cost of repairs.
		Rs.		Rs.
Dacca ...	46	1,57,821	2,034	3,14,440
Mymensingh ...	28	50,925	598	1,71,501
Faridpur ...	29	60,669	1,480	1,31,888
Bakarganj ...	2	1,050	462	31,173
Khulna ...	Total for all schools except high schools and junior madrasahs and schools altogether unaided.			28,956
Jessore ...				7,169
		Total	...	6,85,127

The above are all boys' schools. In Dacca Division 282 girls' schools were also damaged and the cost of repairs is estimated at Rs. 16,333.

24. Towards the cost of reconstructing and repairing the school buildings Government has sanctioned liberal grants, and the District Boards have given special grants to the schools aided by them. The local people are expected to contribute the remainder of the cost, which will probably be not less than 3 lakhs of rupees. For unaided primary schools, of which there are large numbers, it has not been possible to give any grant from State or District Board funds, but to assist the local people in restoring their primary school buildings, the Central Cyclone Relief Committee has given a special grant of Rs. 60,000 and smaller grants have also been made from district relief funds.

(c) Communications.

25. Extensive damage was suffered by the Bhairab-Mymensingh Railway. A large percentage of the stations and staff quarters was blown down. These were only temporary structures; but the force of the wind was so great that it capsized two trains and overturned many wagons stabled at wayside stations. Most of the pontoons and landing stages of the wagon ferry at Bhairab were sunk, and damaged. Two of the steamers were also sunk of which one has been refloated, but the other became a complete wreck. Traffic across the river from Bhairab to Ashuganj was stopped for a month, and the train services between Bhairab and Kishorganj were completely disorganized. The damages to this railway will cost about 3 lakhs of rupees. On the Bhairab-Tangi and Dacca-Mymensingh lines the damage to quarters and stations was less serious, but two wagons blown over at Dacca blocked the line for several hours, and the cutting of the embankment by storm waves made travelling from Narayanganj to Dacca very slow for some days. On the Khulna-Bagerhat line damage was done by storm waves cutting away the approaches to bridges; a jetty also fell into the river; but repairs will not be very expensive.

26. District Board roads were damaged by storm-waves in Khulna district, and it will cost Rs. 14,000 to repair them. The Madaripur Bil Canal was very severely damaged. The greater part of the embankment from Haridaspur to Gopalganj was washed away, and along the canal proper there are many breaches and scours in the embankments. Most of the buildings on the banks were unroofed and some boats were sunk. At Narayanganj a portion of the pucca embankment and several jetties were smashed by flats pounding against them. At Bhairab also the pucca embankment on which some godowns stood was destroyed. In the south of Khulna district large areas of rice land are protected by embankments, and it is estimated that the repair of the damage caused by the cyclone to these embankments will cost about Rs. 27,000. In Faridpur district the embanked road along the Madhumati was so extensively damaged that it will have to be entirely reconstructed. In Dacca town the Backland Bund, which is faced with brick and cement, was breached in several places and repairs will cost at least Rs. 6,000. The embanked road from Mirpur to Fulbaria was also severely damaged, and the District Board will

have to spend Rs. 10,700 on repairs of this and other embanked roads. In Bakarganj the District Board road passing through the *bil* area was damaged to the extent of about Rs. 5,000.

27. The Director of Telegraph Engineering reports that—"This was the worst cyclone that ever affected the working of the telegraph lines. For miles and miles the telegraph and telephone lines were levelled to the ground. Rail posts were twisted round and broken; tubular masts 60 to 80 feet in height with *sal* supports were destroyed beyond recognition. One of the rail masts, 90 feet high, near Narayanganj was twisted round and broken in two. The section of line between Manikganj and Dacca suffered the most. The entire length was brought down by the storm and covered by large fallen trees. To aggravate the situation this section was inundated to a height of 3 to 4 feet. The main lines between Dacca and Baider Bazar practically suffered the same fate. Similar damage was done in the Barisal and Khulna districts. The entire telephone systems at Dacca and Narayanganj were practically levelled to the ground; the exchange at Dacca was unroofed. Two cables across the Meghna near Baider Bazar failed during the storm; so did the cables at Narayanganj and near Munshiganj. The failure of the cables is attributable to their having been dragged by the anchors of boats and steam launches that were sunk during the storm. This is the principal damage done to the lines of the Dacca Division. As a matter of fact, 80 per cent. of the total mileage of lines and wires was down."

28. The officers of the Telegraph Department rose to the occasion, promptly organized parties to make temporary arrangements and, by dint of unsparing toil under conditions of great difficulty, communication between Dacca and Comilla was restored by midday on the 1st October, and all lines were working again by the evening of the 8th. The restoration of the telegraph and telephone lines cost the department over Rs. 20,000 in cash and about Rs. 50,000 in stores. The replacement of the cables that failed will involve a further expenditure of Rs. 40,000.

(d) River Craft.

29. An enormous amount of damage was done by wind and waves to river craft. Vessels of all kinds, large and small, owned by Indians and Europeans, suffered equally. Omitting boats which were refloated without serious damage it is reported that altogether 11,999 boats were irretrievably lost or so shattered that they could not be used again without being repaired at considerable expense. The greatest loss naturally fell on the India General Navigation Railway and Rivers Steam Navigation Companies; but to hundreds of petty traders and boat owners the cyclone must have caused the loss of practically all they had in the world. Many of the country boats lost were of considerable capacity and contained valuable cargoes of jute, rice, and other commodities. It would be impossible to obtain a reliable estimate of the total losses, and no useful purpose would be served by an attempt to express them in figures.

3. At Khulna, at the point where the three rivers join, the S.S. "Arjuna" sank. Eleven lives and all the cargo were lost. The flat "Bellona" sank in the Sundarbans. Six other steamers and 9 flats were badly grounded and 7 steamers and 14 flats suffered damage to vessels and cargoes. All of the above belonged to the two big river steamer companies. In addition, other companies also lost or sustained damage to their steamers and flats. The country boats irretrievably lost numbered 1,269, of which no less than 800 were in Khulna thana, where the steamer companies also incurred the greatest part of their loss.

In Bakarganj 25 large native cargo boats and 66 smaller boats sank. One of these was a boat carrying 1,000 maunds of salt which was lost near Gaurnadi and another sank near Barisal with 200 maunds of rice.

In Narail subdivision 68 country boats sank; some of them were recovered, but their cargoes, which were mostly rice and paddy, were lost.

In Faridpur district one flat loaded with Burma rice was sunk near Palong and some 22 other flats at various places were damaged. The S.S.

"Vayu", conveying piece-goods and sugar, was wrecked near Naraganti. One thousand three hundred and twenty-two cargo boats with property valued at 2½ lakhs of rupees were lost. It may be mentioned that the Collector has taken special care regarding these statistics and has excluded all boats which were subsequently recovered or which had no cargo. In the *bil* area of Gopalganj subdivision over 900 out of 1,200 boats sunk were recovered and made serviceable again.

Of the shipping owned by the India General Navigation and Railway and Rivers Steam Navigation Companies at Narayanganj, 6 flats were sunk, 11 were unroofed and 12 others took in water by which the cargoes were damaged. Three of the jetties at Narayanganj Railway Station were practically destroyed and pontoons sunk. Boats of all sizes were piled up against them by the wind, the effect being to crush the jetty girders which collapsed. Half of the roof of the Steamer Company's flat "Tegra" was lifted bodily by the wind, and blown over the station buildings and the railway tracks and deposited on a vacant space without doing any damage in its flight. A small country boat caught fire in the Sitalakhya khal and the fire spread to two jute-laden flats which broke from their moorings and were driven against the boat and close to a bungalow which was also burnt. The blaze attained great proportions, and ultimately the flats had to be sunk to prevent the fire spreading further. Every flat in the river at Narayanganj was damaged by collision either with other flats or with masonry structures on shore. The "Ganges" had her bows staved in and the "Rajkot" a hole 11 feet long in her side. The flats "Passar" (coal-laden) and "Puddah" (jute-laden) were driven first from Gopchar, where their moorings broke into the Sitalakhya khal. Here they collided with the "Nudwa" (flat) and drove her through two of Messrs. M. David & Co.'s jetties. These are made of teak wood (solid 14 inches square). The "Nudwa" was finally driven into the verandah of the Company's assorting shed; her name-plate and *chapper* being left plastered on the wall of the factory. With a change of the wind the "Passar" and "Pudda" were carried clear of the khal and stranded on the east bank of the Lakhya by the Angus Press. Sitalakhya point, jutting out into the face of the storm, was a natural landing place for wreckage and in the morning the flats "Rajkot," "Hilsanari," "Nudwa," a Bengal and Assam Company's barge, the "Tumsar" and many smaller craft were stranded on it.

In other parts of Dacca district the Steamer Companies sustained the following damages; viz:—15 flats, 3 steamers, 9 barges, 1 steam launch and 1 pontoon damaged, one steamer sank. The SS. "Bombay" had a very bad experience. The second serang was blown away with the cabin on the upper deck in which he was sleeping and no trace of him was ever found. The steamer grounded about 5 miles above Lohajang and up till February it had not been possible to refloat her. At Dacca four launches were sunk, including the "Diana" of the Police Department, and 5 launches owned by jute firms were sunk at Narayanganj. The number of country boats sunk with cargoes is reported as 7,513 for the whole district, of which more than a third were in Narayanganj subdivision. The number would have been greater but for the fact that the foul weather during the day warned the boatmen to take shelter before the storm assumed serious proportions.

About 60 boats are reported to have been lost in Tippera district, but probably many of these were recovered. At Ajabpur, on the Meghna, a steam launch and 7 boats laden with jute sank.

Four flats laden with jute were sunk at Bhairab. In the whole of Mymensingh district, the number of country boats sunk while conveying jute, rice and other goods is reported as 1,425; but this probably includes some which were empty or were not lost beyond recovery.

31. It was at first reported that raiyats had suffered much loss by jute, which was steeping in the rivers, being carried away by storm waves. On enquiries being made it was found that the amount of jute lost in this way was comparatively insignificant, and most of it was ultimately recovered. The storm waves did, however, carry away not only steeping jute but also bundles and bales of jute. Some persons gained and some lost. There were many

disputes ; but a bundle of jute is not an article that can be identified with certainty.

(e) **Standing crops and trees.**

32. The only jute still standing at the time of the cyclone was the portion left for seed. This was a total loss ; for all the seed was blown away. Fortunately, the largest seed-producing areas were not within the area severely affected by the cyclone ; but the demand for seed this year will be so much greater than usual that there may be a shortage in some places. The Agricultural Department has arranged for a considerable stock to supply the needs of those who lost their seed crop and cannot get good seed in the market. The areas where it seems likely that there will be the greatest need for seed are Mollahat in Khulna, Gopalganj subdivision, Sibchar in Madaripur ; Harirampur and Singair in Manikganj subdivision ; Rungganj thana and other places on the banks of the Lakhya.

33. The cyclone occurred at a time when the paddy crop was generally well established and able to stand rough treatment. There was only one variety in flower at the time, which was the early variety of broadcast paddy usually known as *Lakhidigha*. The damage done to this variety was very great ; perhaps as much as 75 per cent. of the crop was lost ; but fortunately the area occupied by this variety is very small in comparison with the later kinds of *aman*.

34. The rain and the flood caused severe damage to late transplanted paddy in Khulna ; but in other parts of the district the crop was improved by the sweet water. In Bakarganj there was no appreciable damage, and the cyclone was very beneficial to the paddy crop, both transplanted and broadcast. Faridpur district and Narail subdivision produce only the broadcast varieties of paddy. The storm uprooted and carried away a large portion of the crop in the *bila* and, where the land was higher, damage was done by masses of water-hyacinth and other weeds being driven on to the paddy which they choked and killed. So far as Narail and Gopalganj subdivisions are concerned, the paddy crop is reported to have proved light in the ear, and the subdivisional officers estimate the damage caused by the cyclone at a half of the paddy crop. These estimates seem however to be somewhat pessimistic. In the other subdivisions of Faridpur less damage was done, and the crop was not much below normal. In Dacca district some broadcast paddy in *bil* land was uprooted ; but the crop in those areas is always precarious, and in Bil Belai the raiyats reaped the best crop they have had for a decade. North of the Dhaleswari where transplanted paddy is grown the crop was benefited greatly by the rain which accompanied the cyclone. In Tippera the little damage to broadcast paddy was more than compensated by the gain to the transplanted crop. In Mymensingh even broadcast paddy was improved on the whole, for rain had been badly needed ; and to transplanted paddy the gain was very great.

35. On the whole the outturn of paddy appears to have been at least as good as it would have been if the cyclone had not occurred.

36. The cyclone caused great havoc among trees. According to custom, the raiyat is entitled to the fruit of a tree, but the timber belongs to the landlord. The destruction of fruit trees is a loss to the raiyat which it will take many years to replace. Few date and cocoanut palms were blown down, but many *supari* (betel-nut) trees fell or were broken and killed. In those parts of Khulna, Bakarganj and Jessore districts where the storm was most intense it is estimated that at least one-half of the *supari* trees were destroyed, and in some places entire groves were swept to the ground. The loss of the betel-nuts and cocoanuts blown away by the wind fell heavily on poor raiyats who at that time of the year depend on the sale of fruit to buy their daily food. In the northern half of Dacca district raiyats rely largely on the sale of jack fruit to pay their rent. Though, perhaps, not more than 10 per cent. of the jack fruit trees were blown down, even that is a serious matter for the raiyats and their landlords.

37. The *pan* (betel leaf) plantations represent the most costly form of cultivation in the province. These rows and lines of carefully nurtured

creepers, on their slender supports, lightly screened above and around, were thrown violently to the ground and most of the plants were killed. Excepting those in specially sheltered positions, the cyclone spared hardly any and the loss inflicted was enormous. Fortunately the *barois*, who carry on this form of cultivation, are better able than most classes of the community to bear a heavy loss.

38. The raiyats were deprived of another valuable source of food by the wholesale destruction of plantain trees. Clumps of bamboos also suffered severely, most of them were broken, but many were even uprooted. Timber trees and trees of all kinds fell or were shattered and broken. Those that fell were very useful for the rebuilding of houses. In fact, the demand was so great in many places that for some days a single bamboo could not be bought for less than a rupee. In the *gazari* forests in the north of Dacca district it is estimated that from 10 to 20 per cent. of the trees fell. This however was no loss; for the forests needed thinning and the royalty on the fallen timber in the Bhawal Wards' estate alone is expected to yield 11½ lakhs of rupees. Not much damage was done to the Sundarbans forest, and it was mostly confined to trees on the water's edge. The blasting effects of the storm were shown by the leaves of the bamboos which still stood turning yellow. At many places, particularly Narayanganj, all the leaves were stripped off the trees; but never was the enormous recuperative power of nature shown more strikingly. Within 10 days the trees, even many of those which had fallen, had put on new leaves. Within a month a casual traveller would have found little in the general appearance of the country to make him realize that there had ever been a cyclone.

SECTION IV.—Organization of Relief.

(a) General conditions.

39. The situation created by the sudden destruction of houses and property was complicated by the economic conditions prevailing at the time. The already existing problems of providing food and clothing were greatly intensified and problems of providing shelter and preventing disease were added. Early in June the price of rice had begun to rise from causes connected with the war and failure of crops in India. So far as the agricultural population was concerned this was counterbalanced by the high prices ruling for jute (Rs. 14 to Rs. 20 per maund), so that, in spite of the dearness of cloth, kerosine oil, sugar and condiments, cultivators were sufficiently well off. The high prices bore most hardly on the industrial and middle class population with small incomes and, after these, on the landless labourers; these classes constitute considerable sections of the population, more particularly in the towns and in the subdivisions of Munshiganj and Madaripur.

40. Early in August it was apparent that supplies of rice were short and consequently prices rose enormously, probably a good deal more than the situation justified. This was met by the introduction of a system of importing rice from Burma to Calcutta and Chittagong, where it was bought by traders or agents approved by District Magistrates, conveyed by them to the districts and sold at controlled rates. Prices of common *balam* went up as high as Rs. 13, but gradually came down, as Burma rice got into the local markets, to between Rs. 9 and Rs. 10 per maund just before the cyclone. At various places committees had been formed to supply Burma rice at controlled retail prices to poor people; these committees did very useful work afterwards in connection with cyclone relief.

41. As already said, the prices of jute in the early part of the season were extraordinarily high, but traders were not inclined to take more than enough to cover their immediate requirements, and many raiyats also held back hoping for still bigger prices. Early in September, instead of rising, prices of jute suddenly fell by about 50 per cent. and have remained practically steady at about that level. Disappointed in their hopes of extraordinary profits, and no longer able to meet the enhanced cost of food and other

commodities, the raiyats were crushed by the disaster of the cyclone, but without the very high prices prevailing in the early part of the jute season, their condition would have been far worse. It is calculated that the area under jute in the cyclone-affected tract is about 872,000 acres and that the crop obtained in 1919 was 136 lakhs of maunds, out of which the raiyats had, by the 31st December, sold 85 lakhs of maunds for about 8 crores of rupees, while 51 lakhs of maunds, worth about 255 lakhs of rupees, still remained in their hands (*vide* Appendix C).

42. With the collapse of the market, all jute business came to a standstill early in September and was not resumed to any extent until the end of November. Having nothing to sell except their jute, cultivators were pinched for money and credit was unobtainable. Money however was imperatively required to rebuild their houses and to buy food. For their relief it was necessary to distribute agricultural loans on a large scale. Still worse was the condition of non-cultivators, especially infirm people, widows and orphans. For these it was necessary to organise gratuitous relief in rice to keep them from starvation, in cash to help them to re-erect their houses and in cloth to enable them to appear decently in public. Something also had to be done for the preservation of life among professional beggars whose needs could not at such a time be met by private charity. For poor *bhadralok* some special form of relief had to be devised which would not expose their misery to the public and take away their self-respect. For the people in general who suffered from the cyclone and who could not afford to buy local rice it was necessary to make cheap Burma rice available at all the principal markets.

(b) Immediate Relief.

43. The cyclone had disorganized all telegraphic, postal, river, rail and road communications and in any case it was absolutely necessary to give some immediate relief before Government orders could be obtained. The District Officers rose to the occasion. The Collector of Dacca temporarily appropriated a fund of which he was trustee and distributed Rs. 70 in each of the 325 unions in the district. This relief was distributed within a week after the cyclone through gazetted officers, all of whom were actively employed on relief work throughout the Puja vacation. At the same time relief circles were formed and constituted the basis of the complete organisation subsequently developed.

On the 1st October Government gave by telegram *carte blanche* authority to all Collectors to do all that was essential to relieve distress. Unfortunately full advantage of this could not be taken immediately because the treasuries did not reopen for business until the 11th October. In the Madaripur and Gopalganj subdivisions of Faridpur district a network of relief committees was organized within a week after the cyclone by the Collector and Subdivisional Officers, enthusiastically supported by non-official gentlemen. The funds immediately necessary were procured by taking temporary advances from loan banks and the District Board.

In Mymensingh the Collector came to the conclusion that the most important and urgent need was to bring down the price of rice while at the same time he gave relief in cases of destitution. The energies of the district staff were concentrated chiefly on measures to make Burma rice available at a low uniform price throughout the district. Money was borrowed from a Court of Wards estate, and rice was taken on credit from importers at Bhairab.

The District Board of Khulna made a grant of Rs. 5,000 with which rice, *dal* and salt were bought and supplied for sale at police and forest stations. Rice and cash were also given away gratuitously in necessitous cases. Some relief committees were constituted in those early days and were followed by the formation of local committees of the Bengal Relief Fund on the 8th and 9th October.

The Subdivisional Officer made a tour throughout the affected area of Narail subdivision immediately after the cyclone and formed ten relief committees, each of which realized local subscriptions and gave doles of rice.

to the most necessitous cases. Unfortunately the Officiating Collector was ill and the Subdivisional Officer's reports were not communicated to Government nor was any action taken on them until the permanent Collector (Mr. Mancoch) returned from leave on the 20th October. In Bakarganj district the Collector received contributions of Rs. 200 from the Bidyasagar Memorial Fund and of Rs. 150 from the Bengal Relief Fund. This money was distributed through Government officers and missionaries working in the affected tract. In Tippera district a grant of Rs. 3,000 was made from a relief fund previously inaugurated by Mrs. K. C. De and with this money rice and cloth were distributed through Subdivisional Officers.

44. From the 4th to the 11th October the Hon'ble Mr. J. G. Cumming, Member of the Executive Council, Bengal, toured in the districts of Mymensingh, Dacca, Faridpur and Khulna. He saw the damage done by the cyclone, inspected the relief measures already at work and discussed with local officers the lines on which the further relief still required should be given. On returning to Calcutta he drew up a note of instructions to me containing a complete scheme of relief organization. Mr. Cumming's visit had greatly encouraged the local officers, inspired them with confidence and helped them with advice as to methods of organization. A copy of his instruction to me was also sent to each Collector. On my return from leave on the 10th October I was placed in general charge of all relief operations in Dacca Division and subsequently also in Khulna and Jessore districts. In Tippera district the relief work remained under the Commissioner of the Chittagong Division.

45. On the 3rd October an appeal over the signature of His Excellency the Governor of Bengal was issued for help to the people in distress owing to the cyclone and on 15th October a meeting was held to inaugurate the Cyclone Central Relief Committee, of which His Excellency became president.

46. The Hon'ble Mr. Cumming was Chairman of the Executive Committee which administered the Cyclone Relief Fund, and he also superintended the relief provided from State funds. Throughout the operations I received from him constant instructions and advice and am greatly indebted to him for help and encouragement.

(c) Systematic Organisation.

47. The first step in the development of systematic operations was to divide the whole of the affected area into relief circles, each of which was placed under a Circle Relief Officer, assisted by one or more other officers according to the size and importance of the circle. To co-ordinate relief work and prevent overlapping, non-official relief agencies were persuaded, as far as possible, to take entire responsibility for the relief of entire unions. Circle Relief Officers were instructed and supervised by Subdivisional Officers who, in their turn, were directed and inspected by the Collector. The relief circles formed in each district are recorded in Appendix D.

48. Within each circle various committees were formed to assist the Circle Relief Officer with information, to prepare lists of persons in need of the various forms of relief and to distribute gratuitous relief under the supervision of the Circle Relief Officer. Where the system was fully developed a relief committee was formed for each union and was constituted with the members of the union committee and panchayat as the nucleus and additional members co-opted or appointed for the purpose. The members of any non-official relief agency working in the union were asked to join the union relief committee. Throughout Dacca district, the Sadar and Bagerhat subdivisions of Khulna and in Narail subdivision, union relief committees were formed. Thana relief committees were established in Faridpur district and also subsidiary committees, but the latter did not take the local panchayat as their nucleus nor was there a separate relief committee for each union. The main work of thana relief committees in Khulna and Faridpur was to arrange for the distribution and sale of supplies of Burma rice. In Mymensingh little, and

in Tippera and Bakarganj no help was received from local committees, but relief lists were prepared by presidents or tahsil panchayats. In all districts it was the duty of the Circle Relief Officer to check in each union the relief lists prepared by the local agency, to see that they were not only complete but also that they did not include persons to whom relief should not be given and that the form of relief recommended in each was appropriate to the circumstances. When the Circle Relief Officer had checked the relief lists and ordered the form and amount of relief to be given to each person, one day in the week was notified on which relief was distributed according to the sanctioned list. All disbursements were entered in a relief statement in form E-1 and in a ticket given to the recipient in form E-2. It was the duty of the Circle Relief Officer to arrange to furnish the relief committees with the necessary supplies of cash, rice and cloth for the weekly distributions. The Circle Relief Officers reported their requirements to the subdivisional officer who informed the Collector. The number of official relief committees formed in each district is shown in Appendix E.

49. The preparation and checking of relief lists took a long time because the officers deputed to relief work were inadequate in number, and many of them were juniors and strangers to the district. People could not be left without food or shelter; so, in the beginning relief was disbursed as well as it could be done on the basis of unchecked lists.

50. During the Puja vacation all available executive officers were employed solely on relief work, but when the courts reopened the ordinary work of administration had to be carried on and a special corps of relief officers had to be organised from officers deputed from the Settlement, Co-operative, Agricultural and Excise Departments and from other districts. Ultimately 38 sub-deputy collectors, 14 kanungos, 12 co-operative department officers, 46 agricultural officers and 5 excise officers joined for relief work; but many of the sub-deputy collectors and kanungos did not join until November.

51. To provide Circle Relief Officers with the necessary supplies of rice, cloth and seeds depôts were established at the places mentioned in Appendix F.

52. To convey materials to the depôts and from depôts to distributing centres, boats were hired or borrowed and launches were employed to tow them. For this purpose and to enable the superior officers to travel quickly when inspecting and directing relief work 12 large Government launches and 12 river police patrol launches were placed at my disposal and allotted to Collectors and other officers according to their needs.

(d) Relief from private funds supplementing State relief.

53. The principles determining the division between the relief to be given from State funds and that to be provided by public charity were laid down by the Hon'ble Mr. Cumming in a memorandum which was adopted by the Executive Committee of the Cyclone Central Relief Fund. The conclusion arrived at is briefly as follows:—

"While Government will pay for gratuitous relief to the absolutely needy, for the cloth which is given free to the needy, for the initial purchase of rice supplies which are specially imported by Government and sold at cheap rates and for any loss thereon, for loans for all purposes to agriculturists, for all the incidental charges and for most of the transport charges, and while District Boards may pay for all the medical help required, charitable relief funds should meet the charges of all that is given beyond these Government contributions and of all that is given to persons other than the recipients of Government relief."

SECTION V.—Gratuitous relief in rice.

54. Food was provided for those unfortunate people on *chars* who lost their all, for widows and orphans and for adults too ill or infirm to work and having no earning member in the family and no other means of support. Some provision also had to be made for professional beggars, but as soon as it became apparent that this class were again able to look after themselves,

they were excluded. So far as possible gratuitous distribution was made in the form of weekly doles of Burma rice, but in some parts of Dacca district where the relief agency was insufficient to cope with the heavy task of providing weekly doles in every union, persons under relief were given orders for free supply of specified quantities of rice from specified depôts.

55. The standard scale of distribution was $3\frac{1}{2}$ seers of rice a week for an adult and 2 seers for a child; but variations were made according to local circumstances. The minimum was $\frac{1}{2}$ seer and the maximum $\frac{1}{2}$ seer per head per diem.

56. Doles were continued in most places up to the 13th December when a final distribution was made, thus combining cyclone relief with Peace celebration. Where the winter rice crop is early, all relief work terminated at the end of November, but in a few small areas doles had to be continued until the end of December. Doles were distributed by union relief committees at weekly parades and care was taken to deliver at their doors the rice intended for *pardanashin* women and persons who were too ill or weak to attend the parade.

57. The total quantity of rice given for cyclone relief from State funds was 8,243 maunds, worth Rs. 59,268. The Central Relief Fund gave 27,475 maunds, worth Rs. 1,85,280. The amounts given by other funds are shown in statement XI. The amount given in each subdivision from State funds is shown in statement VII.

58. The free distribution of rice was the most indispensable form of cyclone relief. Owing to the care with which the work was done by relief agencies and the thoroughness of the supervision exercised by Collectors and Subdivisional Officers, not a single death from starvation has occurred in the area devastated by the cyclone.

SECTION VI.—Gratuitous relief in cash.

59. Gratuitous relief in cash was given to widows and infirm people who were unable themselves to rebuild their houses and had not means to pay for labour or material. It was not contemplated that the loss anyone had sustained would be made good, but the idea was to help everyone to put up at least one house where he and his family could get shelter from wind and weather. People joined together to help one another, and in this way thousands of houses were restored without any expense. Women and infirm men who could not take part in the work themselves required some money for replacing broken posts and for a little new thatch and a few annas for labour. At first it was thought that nothing less than Rs. 5 would be of any use for rebuilding a house, but it was found in actual experience that hundreds of houses had been rebuilt with only a grant of Rs. 2; instructions were then issued that cash grants should generally be limited to Rs. 2 or Rs. 3. In practice this was already being done, for the people who received grants of Rs. 5 to Rs. 7 had spent most of the money on food. The reason was that until November, District Officers and relief committees, not having sufficient Burma rice to satisfy the immediate needs of all the people in distress, had to give them money to bring rice in the local market. As soon as sufficient Burma rice was obtained cash relief ceased to be given except to those people who had not been able to restore a single dwelling-house to its previous condition. By the beginning of December it was estimated that 75 per cent. of the necessary houses had been restored. It is interesting to note that many people deferred the reconstruction of their houses till after the 17th December, the day on which many people believed, on the strength of the prophecy of a Professor Porta, that the whole world would be devastated by a cataclysm. On that day few people left their houses, but when it passed safely, they took up the work of rebuilding with renewed confidence.

60. The total amount distributed by the State in gratuitous cash relief was Rs. 2,14,935. The Central Relief Fund spent Rs. 2,14,935. The expenditure

by other funds is shown in statement XI, and the expenditure in each subdivision from State funds is shown in statement IV.

Paddy-husking schemes.—At ordinary times poor widows in villages generally support themselves by paddy-husking. After the cyclone, it was found that in many villages no one required paddy-husking to be done, for every family was either doing its own husking or was living on the cheap Burma rice which is already husked. An excellent form of relief was to provide work for these poor widows in the form to which they are accustomed. The scheme followed was that an advance of about Rs. 150 was given to a president-panchayat or other person of similar standing. With this he purchased local paddy and distributed it among suitable widows for husking. For each maund of paddy they had to return to the president 22 seers of husked rice and they retained as their remuneration the surplus of 4 or 5 seers of husked rice. The president sold the 22 seers of husked rice and invested the proceeds in more paddy and so the scheme continued. Certain losses always occur in practice and when the market is falling, as it was on this occasion, the fund soon becomes exhausted. In Dacca district, where this form of relief had been practised on the occasion of previous calamities, paddy-husking schemes were taken up by many of the best presidents and gave a great deal of relief in a very economical way. The expenditure incurred in Dacca district was Rs. 5,537. Other districts were not previously acquainted with paddy-husking schemes and public spirited men to superintend such schemes are not readily found in rural areas.

Forest concessions.—For the rebuilding of houses the resources of the Sundarbans Forest Reserve were thrown open. From the 5th October any householder of the affected area was allowed to take free 50 *kutcha* maunds of *golpatta* for rethatching his houses. From the 25th November this concession was extended to 200 *kutcha* maunds of *golpatta* and 50 *kutcha* maunds of *goran* poles. The free issues made up to the 31st December were 346,300 maunds of *golpatta* worth Rs. 12,120, 13,000 maunds of *goran* and *goran* poles worth Rs. 1,800. The concession was of considerable value to raiyats living in the south of Khulna district.

SECTION VII.—Gratuitous gifts of clothing.

63. Ordinarily gifts of free cloth were restricted to absolutely destitute widows, orphans and infirm persons whose garments were so inadequate that they could not appear in public without shame. On the Padma coast, where the entire population was left destitute, the scale of distribution was wider. Some blankets were also added to the wearing apparel given away in that area and in certain parts of Khulna district. The demand for cloth was so great and so general that a somewhat severe standard had to be observed for this form of relief. The task of selection was performed by the union relief committees and other local committees, whose knowledge of the condition of the people in their areas could be utilized very advantageously. Their lists were subsequently checked by circle relief officers in the presence of the committee and of the general public.

64. Originally it had been intended to give relief by selling cloth at less than cost price to people who could afford to pay something but could not afford the market rates. It was, however, found practically impossible with the organization available to draw up, not only lists of persons who should get cloth free, but also separate lists of those who should get cloth at 40 per cent. below cost price. Concession sales were therefore abandoned and a more extended free distribution of cloth was decided upon. It is more satisfactory to give one cloth than two permits to buy at concession price, where there can be no assurance that the recipients will be able to use the permits in the manner intended. The change of policy in this respect is thought to have been beneficial.

65. The amount spent from State funds on cloth was Rs. 1,00,000 (see statement IX); the United Central Relief Fund contributed Rs. 1,00,000.

clothing and Rs. 1,571 on blankets and shirts. The amounts spent by other agencies are shown in statement XI.

SECTION VII.—Special relief of *bhadralok*.

66. The country devastated by the cyclone is the home of a very large number of families of highly respectable standing—in particular, the famous Vikrampur pargana was swept from end to end by the storm. Many of these families have fallen on bad times and are greatly impoverished. As soon as cyclone relief work was taken up systematically it was realized that special measures were necessary to ensure that relief should reach indigent *bhadralok* sufferers from the cyclone in such a form that their self-respect would not be destroyed. It was decided that people of this class should be granted loans without security or interest or bonds and that it should be left to their honour to repay the money when they could. Funds for this purpose were provided by the Central Relief Committee and similar action was taken by the Bengal Relief Fund Committee.

67. The method of selection usually adopted was the preparation of lists of distressed *bhadralok* families by the local relief committees, and the checking of those lists by the circle relief officer. All enquiries were made and relief given quietly and confidentially.

68. For this occasion the term "*bhadralok*" was held to include all persons of good social standing, Hindu or Muhammadan, belonging to higher strata of society than labourers, menials, cultivators and handicraftsmen. It was not exclusively a caste distinction nor one of occupation alone, but while caste and occupation did influence the decision to some extent, so far as Hindus were concerned, social standing and respectability were really the determining factors.

69. Relief was given only to *bhadralok* families whose houses had been destroyed, who had no land yielding any appreciable income and no resources except perhaps the precarious charity of friends or distant relatives.

70. The selection and the disbursement of relief to *bhadralok* was work requiring delicacy and tact. In every district it was the most difficult of all forms of relief. In Dacca Rai Sahib Lalit Mohan Sen, Exercise Superintendent, was placed on special duty solely for *bhadralok* relief. Being himself a member of a Vikrampur family and knowing the district thoroughly, the Rai Sahib was specially well qualified for this work. With the help of a special staff of assistants recruited by himself, by constant exercise of intelligence and tact, and by unsparing toil the Rai Sahib made a complete success of the *bhadralok* relief work of Dacca. In Faridpur also *bhadralok* relief was a big problem. Owing to the special care given to it by the Collector, the work was carried out in a most satisfactory manner. It is recorded by one circle relief officer that "no money was better spent and no help so gratefully received as these loans to *bhadralok*."

71. Recipients of this form of relief either signed receipts promising to repay the loans or signed their names on the back of the relief lists or on the application, the signatures being regarded as implied promises to repay.

72. The Cyclone Central Relief Committee has decided that all recoveries in any district on account of *bhadralok* loans shall be credited to a fund to be known as the District Relief Fund, of which the Collector will be trustee and from which grants will be made in the case of any future widespread calamity.

73. The total number of *bhadralok* families who took this special form of relief at the expense of the Central Relief Committee was 8,148 and the amount disbursed was Rs. 1,01,889. The amounts given in each district by the Central Relief Committee are shown in statement XI. Similar loans from the Bengal Relief Fund have been promised, but are not yet disbursed.

SECTION IX.—Provision of Cheap Rice.

74. The rice situation up to the time of the cyclone has been described in section IV. After the cyclone local rice markets got more or less out of hand. To regain control it was absolutely essential for the Collectors to have at their disposal adequate quantities of Burma rice. On the 28th September the Collector of Dacca telegraphed for 50,000 maunds on Government account and similar action was taken by other Collectors. Government also was quick to grasp the situation and to take action. Even before full information regarding the disaster had arrived the Director of Civil Supplies was given by telegram *carte blanche* authority to purchase and despatch by the most rapid means procurable, the rice required by the district officer of Dacca, Government undertaking to meet all expenses incurred. Five thousand maunds of Burma rice were despatched immediately *via* Goalundo to Lohajang. Unfortunately the capacity of the rail and steamer services between Calcutta and Eastern Bengal, which is always meagre, was greatly reduced and disorganised by the cyclone and was unequal to the strain imposed by the suddenly enhanced demand for food transport. Delivery from the docks in Calcutta also is a complicated and tedious process and efforts to accelerate it did not produce any very appreciable improvement; but officers of the railway and steamer companies responded with good will to requests of district officers for special facilities to be given to despatches of rice and, by dint of hard work on the part of all concerned, the necessary supplies were ultimately delivered in the affected districts.

75. The local rice market was extraordinarily sensitive. On the arrival of a consignment of Burma rice the prices of local rice at that place immediately fell, and when supplies of Burma rice were approaching exhaustion, prices of *balam* and local rice rose to heights previously inconceivable. In the month succeeding the cyclone *balam* sold at Rs. 14, Rs. 15, Rs. 18 and even at Rs. 22-8 per maund at places where Burma rice was not available; but the maintenance of a stock of Burma rice at Dacca and Narayanganj had the effect that *balam* there was generally below Rs. 11 and always below Rs. 11-8.

76. The Collector of Dacca was fortunate in enlisting the services of merchants who had not been engaged previously in the rice trade. They alone were willing to import Burma rice which, having to be sold at controlled rates, brought little or no profit and frequently involved much harassment. In addition to 50,000 maunds supplied by the Director of Civil Supplies, the Collector of Dacca obtained 63,170 maunds from private importers, and the total quantity sold by official agency in that district was 83,089 maunds. The sale of such a large quantity of cheap rice was itself an undertaking of great magnitude, and the relief it afforded to the general condition of the inhabitants of the district is beyond computation.

77. In Mymensingh the difficulty regarding supplies of Burma rice was largely solved by procuring through Bhairab traders large stocks of rice from Chittagong. For want of more suitable agencies, the cheap rice shops were managed chiefly by police officers. In Faridpur and Dacca districts depôts were opened, and arrangements for sale of cheap rice were made by circle relief officers and depôt officers, working in co-operation with relief committees. Not having any president panchayats and still less any union committees, Mymensingh district is greatly handicapped in dealing with matters of detail affecting the whole population.

78. The controlled retail price for Dacca district varied from 5½ to 5½ seers per rupee. This was arrived at by adding 12 annas to the ex-godown rate in Calcutta to cover wharfage dues, handling charges, wastage and freight. On this basis the landed price of "big mills special" came to Rs. 6-10. Importers were allowed a profit of 4 annas per maund and were required to sell the rice with bags at Rs. 6-14. The retail controlled prices were watched by the union relief committees and were generally adhered to except in some small outlying markets. In Faridpur the controlled price at first was Rs. 6-14, but was afterwards reduced to Rs. 6-4. The Collector and his Subdivisional Officers were active in pushing out Burma rice to *hats* where local prices were excessive. In Khulna local officers were slow in realising

the necessity of seeing that cheap rice was actually on sale in the *hats*; but ultimately the Collector effectually impressed this point on the subdivisional and other relief officers with excellent and immediate results. The price fixed for Government rice was Rs. 6-4 up to the 19th November, after which date it was reduced to Rs. 5-10. Private importers were not tied down to a controlled rate, but the presence of large stocks of Government rice ultimately compelled them to sell at or below the Government prices.

79. The total quantity of rice taken up on Government account in each district and the manner of its disposal is shown in Statement VI: 2,12,970 maunds of rice were purchased for Rs. 14,34,266, including freight and all incidental expenses; 8,243 maunds were given away as gratuitous relief; 1,58,552 maunds were sold, partly in open market, partly to the Central Relief Fund and other non State relief agencies. The existence of a large surplus at the close of operations was unavoidable, for prices can only be controlled so long as reserve stocks are retained. The surplus would have been less but for delay in the arrival of consignments from Calcutta; but the balances are now being sold locally and in Calcutta where even now it is likely that the prices realized will be higher than those originally paid in Calcutta. In any event, the total loss will be small compared to the enormous benefit derived from the provision of cheap rice to the cyclone districts at the time of their greatest need.

SECTION X.—Agricultural Loans.

80. Government loans amounting to Rs. 12,55,09) were issued to agriculturists under the Loans Act (XII of 1884). They were usually granted only to persons who lost their houses or cattle in the cyclone, but in a few instances persons who had lost their boats, or stocks of grain or jute or whose paddy crops had been seriously damaged were included. Rules 19 to 25 of the Statutory Rules under the Agriculturists Loans Act were extended to the whole area under cyclone relief. Loans were issued only on the joint bond system to groups of co-villagers. In accordance with the instructions of the Hon'ble Mr. Cumming, the number of persons in a group was generally 10, but variations were allowed as, e.g., where there were only 6 applicants for loans in an isolated village. Loans for house-building were usually Rs. 10 per individual, but for the purchase of cattle or boats Rs. 20 was often granted and in exceptional cases Collectors sanctioned loans of Rs. 25, Rs. 30 and Rs. 35. The total number of persons to whom agricultural loans were granted was 120,942 and the average amount per head was Rs. 10-6 (*vide* Statement I).

81. The joint and several liability of the borrowers associated in a joint bond was impressed on the people and in places where the joint bond system was previously unknown the raiyats were at first reluctant to execute joint bonds; but where the system had been worked previously there was no hesitation and after a few days raiyats everywhere acquiesced. Loan officers were instructed to take care that in each group of borrowers a *mathar* or leading man of the village was associated. This will facilitate the recovery of the loans.

82. The interest chargeable on these loans is only $6\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum. The Collector of Khulna remarks that it was a curious anomaly that members of co-operative societies were not permitted to borrow from Government at $6\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., but had to borrow from their own banks at $15\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. This anomaly was removed in part of Dacca district by the Dacca Central Bank allowing members of affiliated societies to take Government loans; but the Munshiganj Central Bank refused to pass similar orders. It is reported that landlords' agents encouraged their tenants to apply for Government loans in order to facilitate the collection of rent.

83. The dates on which instalments of principal and interest are payable were fixed by Collectors with reference to the dates of the money-producing harvests. In jute-growing areas instalments have generally been made payable in November. It will be necessary to depute special officers for the

recovery of loans in Khulna, Faridpur, Bakarganj and Dacca districts as instalments fall due.

SECTION XI.—Seed Loans.

84. In the cyclone large quantities of *rabi* seeds in raiyats' houses and local bazars were lost or destroyed and much of the remainder was so damaged by rain as to be 'useless for sowing. What was available was being sold at high prices. It became evident that unless large quantities could be imported from other places the sufferings of the people would be enhanced by a very poor *rabi* harvest. Many raiyats who bought bazar seed had to resow their fields and this accounted for a renewed demand late in the season.

85. With the approval of the Hon'ble Mr. Cumming, it was decided that the Director of Agriculture should import large quantities of *rabi* seeds to meet the shortage and to stop profiteering. The following quantities of seed were purchased in Calcutta at favourable rates from Messrs. Ralli Brothers :—

	Mds.		Mds.
Mustard	10,514	Mung	3,000
Matikalai	2,100	Mushur	6,150
Linseed	400	Green peas	750
Khesari	3,203	Barley	1,500
		Wheat	1,000

The seed left Calcutta on the 11th October in two flats and arrived at the main distributing centres—Narayanganj, Lohajang and Madaripur—with a rapidity in striking contrast to the delay invariably associated with consignments of Burma rice. Delivery was completed by the 19th October, and the quantities required for the seed depôts were despatched as rapidly as possible. Twenty-three seed depôts were opened in Dacca district, 7 in Faridpur, 11 in Bakarganj and 4 in Khulna. As soon as the cyclone occurred all agricultural officers on leave had been recalled and all officers from unaffected districts of Bengal were temporarily deputed to the affected area. Thus the entire strength of the department was for the time concentrated on the work of *rabi* seed distribution.

86. In consultation with the Hon'ble Member, it was decided that the methods adopted in the *rabi* seed distribution in Rajshahi in the preceding cold weather should be followed. Under that system loans of seed were given to cultivators on their individual security. Subsequently, finding that raiyats were no longer averse to taking cash loans on joint bonds, I gave instruction that, where possible, joint bonds should be taken for seed loans also. Where joint bonds were insisted on, it was found that raiyats soon ceased to object. When the time comes for realization of loans, money due on joint bonds can be recovered more quickly and with far more certainty than loans on individual security. In Bakarganj 328 and in Faridpur 502 joint bonds were executed. Although the circle relief officers were instructed to generally supervise seed loan work in addition to all other relief work in their circles, seed loan work was generally left to agricultural officers who were empowered to grant such loans. Under my personal instruction, the circle relief officer of the Padma Relief Circle in Dacca took over for two days the work of granting seed loans and was successful in introducing the joint bond system, which the seed loan officers had up till then considered to be impossible. The Rajshahi forms proved to be unsuitable in other respects also, notably in that they contained no place for entering the dates on which the loan is repayable. This defect was subsequently remedied by manuscript entries of the dates and by proclamation by beat of drum.

87. Seed loans were generally made repayable in one instalment in October 1920. To encourage prompt repayment, the Government of Bengal subsequently decided that on all seed loans repaid before the 31st March 1920 no interest would be charged. This is a valuable concession of which it is

desirable that raiyats should take full advantage. Arrangements have been made for special officers to be deputed to recover seed loans during February and March.

88. When distribution commenced it soon became evident that the crop statistics on which estimates had been made of the quantities of seed necessary were far from being reliable. There was a great demand for khesari, and all stocks were quickly exhausted. Peas and mashur (lentils) were also greatly in demand in some places and the demand could not be met. Matikalai unfortunately arrived too late for sowing. Stocks of mustard were greatly in excess of requirements, and the areas under wheat, barley, mung and linseed are now known to be less than the estimates given in the statistics.

89. No seed was issued until its germinating power had been tested. All officers agree in reporting that the quality of the seed was excellent and far superior to that of bazar seed.

90. Some raiyats preferred to buy seed rather than take it on loan, and of course their wishes were met. The total value of seed sold was Rs. 2,928.

91. The total quantities of seed issued on loan and seed sold were—

		Mds.			Mds.
Mustard	...	2,527	Mushur	...	5,871
Matikalai	...	707	Green Peas	...	560
Linseed	...	80	Barley	...	940
Khesari	...	3,110	Wheat	...	455
Mung	...	1,016			

The surplus stocks have been sent to Calcutta to be sold by the Director of Civil Supplies.

92. The number of raiyats to whom seed was given on loan or sold was 31,881. From this operation the raiyats derived enormous benefit in two ways: (1) they obtained seed at a time of great need when supplies were much less than requirements; (2) the local traders had to reduce their prices to those charged by the Agricultural Department and even in many cases to less.

93. The season has fortunately proved favourable, and the excellent crops now on the fields and being gathered will be a substantial relief to those who suffered in the cyclone.

94. Figures are given in statement II for seed loans in each subdivision and each district.

SECTION XII.—Medical and sanitary relief.

95. In Khulna district for a month after the cyclone malaria was prevalent; but there was no increase in mortality from diseases in general. In November and December cholera broke out in the southern parts of Satkhira subdivision affected by the cyclone, and dysentery in a serious form occurred in Dumuria, Rampal, Bagerhat and Kachra thanas. Fever had been virulent in 1918, when it accounted for 11,538 deaths in the two months, November and December. In 1919 it was still worse and in the corresponding two months it carried off no less than 13,212 people. In 1919 all classes of the population were affected, rich as well as poor, Europeans as well as Indians. It is therefore doubtful whether the increased virulence can be ascribed to the cyclone, though doubtless some fever cases were aggravated by exposure.

The District Board appointed 11 epidemic doctors and took steps to make temporary repairs and to replace medicines in dispensaries destroyed or seriously damaged by the storm. Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel Sarbadhicary, I.M.S., as president of the medical committee of the Bengal Relief Fund, sent three parties, each of two epidemic doctors liberally equipped with medicines, disinfectants and medical comforts. The Surgeon-General, Bengal, deputed five sub-assistant surgeons for epidemic duty and an assistant surgeon to supervise and co-ordinate the work of all the epidemic doctors. Dr. Roy,

Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, carried out a scientifically thorough anti-cholera disinfection campaign in the south of Satkhira subdivision. The District Board met all the expenditure for disinfection, medicines and medical comforts except what was provided by the Bengal Relief Fund and Rs. 1,000 granted by the Cyclone Relief Fund. To what extent the epidemics were due to the cyclone and what exactly is the measure of the good effects of the vigorous measures adopted are matters of uncertainty, but it is at any rate satisfactory to record that the epidemics had abated considerably by the end of December and the weekly mortality from cholera had fallen to 48, of which three-fourths occurred in areas not much affected by the cyclone.

96. In Bakarganj, Tippera, Mymensingh and Jessore districts no special medical or sanitary relief was required, as sickness and mortality were not in excess of the normal. In fact, in Narail subdivision the cyclone probably improved public health by thinning out the dense growth of trees and other vegetation in which most of the villages and houses were buried.

97. In Faridpur district there were slight outbreaks of cholera in Kotwalipara, Kasiani, Sibchar and Matbarerchar thanas, but no other mortality from disease due to the cyclone. The total mortality from all causes during October, November and December 1919 was far less than in 1918 and not much more than in 1917. A special staff was engaged to deal with any outbreak immediately on its being reported and to carry out such sanitation work as the people would submit to. The Surgeon-General, Bengal, deputed an assistant surgeon and three sub-assistant surgeons; the medical committee of the Bengal Relief Fund also sent three epidemic doctors with equipment of medicines, etc., and two temporary hospital assistants were engaged by the Civil Surgeon. Excluding the expenditure of the Bengal Relief Fund, the cost of the special measures carried out was Rs. 2,783, which was covered by a grant from the Cyclone Central Relief Committee.

98. In Dacca district, more than any other, there was reason to apprehend a serious epidemic. To prevent this occurring, officers of all departments combined their efforts and received most useful assistance from private individuals and representatives of the Bengal Relief Fund, the Ram Krishna Mission and other voluntary agencies. The personal interest and sympathy shown by the Collector (Mr. Lambourn) inspired everyone to do his utmost and was the most valuable asset of the relief organization. Mr. Lambourn's report is as follows:—

"*Disposal of dead bodies.*—Owing to the breakdown of communications information as to the extent of the mortality requiring special measures in particular places to prevent outbreaks of epidemic disease was slow in coming through. It was not until late on September 27th that information was received of heavy mortality in the neighbourhood of Lohajang and the growing accumulation of dead bodies and carcasses in that neighbourhood. Steps were immediately taken to collect *domes* and arrange for doctors to be sent to Munshiganj subdivision. It was difficult to find *domes* in Dacca, but on September 30th I was able to leave with three *domes* and some members of the Ram Krishna Mission for Lohajang. A beginning was made with the interment of bodies on that day.

"In section II I have already mentioned the numbers of dead bodies picked up on the banks of the river near Lohajang and a journey through the *hil* area in the vicinity on the night of 30th September convinced me that a large number of corpses lay entangled in the deep-water paddy and mainland as well as on the *chars*.

"I went to Goalundo on 1st October to procure *domes* and *kodalties*. Dr. Marsden, the Health Officer of Goalundo, gave me invaluable assistance in securing 13 more *domes*, who were despatched to Lohajang and arrived on the morning of the 2nd. On the 3rd October six more *domes* were despatched from Dacca and a few more later, making a total number at work in that neighbourhood 24. They were divided up into parties under volunteer workers and doctors deputed from Dacca and were employed for about three weeks in disposing of dead bodies and carcasses.

It was comparatively simple to clear up the vicinity of villages and river banks where dry land was available for interment, but difficulty was experienced in the case of bodies lying half exposed in shallow water in the *hil* over an area of 6 or 7 square miles and this accounts for the time taken.

The only other place in the district where it was considered advisable to despatch *domes* was to the *hil* area between Srinagar and Nawabganj. It was found, however, that most of the people drowned were local people whose bodies were recovered and disposed of by their relatives, leaving only the corpses of a few foreign boatmen to be dealt with.

On 30th September, four Sub-Assistant Surgeons were sent to Munshiganj subdivision with orders to report to the Subdivisional Officer at Lohajang. They were provided with

cholera outfits. A fifth Sub-Assistant Surgeon was sent to Calcutta to fetch chlorinated lime and to wire to Kassuli for anti-cholera vaccine.

A further Sub-Assistant Surgeon was sent on 3rd October to Lohajang with cholera outfit and on the 5th October the Sub-Assistant Surgeon who had returned from Calcutta was sent to Lohajang with chlorinated lime. On the same day three Deputy Sanitary Commissioners and another medical officer of the Health Department arrived in the district and went to Lohajang. The staff deputed there with the addition of another Sub-Assistant Surgeon sent on the 6th were placed under the orders of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioners who divided areas to be protected between themselves. Subsequently the supernumerary medical officer of the Health Department left for Mymensingh and another Deputy Sanitary Commissioner was sent to the Lohajang area.

The result of the protection given in those areas was that suspected cases of cholera were quickly treated and disease generally was kept under control.

Special assistance was also given to the towns of Narayanganj and Dacca.

In Dacca where the streets were blocked by fallen trees and houses, preventing the removal of dead animals and refuse and the circulation of the night-soil carts, the services of convicts from the jail were placed at the disposal of the Health Officer and the municipality were able to get their sewage service going within 15 days.

In Narayanganj the District Board assisted in removing trees blocking the road to the trenching-ground. This municipality was caught by the cyclone when its funds were at a very low ebb owing to collection being deferred as the result of assessment appeals and Rs. 10,000 was lent to it by the firm of Messrs. Chamarla & Co. through the District Magistrate to enable the municipality to rebuild their sweeper lines and repair the damages to sanitary carts and losses of cattle required to maintain their sanitary services. Owing to the matter being urgent and the bank being closed, it was necessary to have recourse to private assistance.

In the third week of October it was decided to allocate the Deputy Sanitary Commissioners with their staffs of doctors in the following manner :—

- Dr. Sufi, Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Munshiganj subdivision, with five doctors under him ;
- Dr. Roy, Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Manikganj subdivision, with one doctor under him ;
- Dr. Brahmachari, Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Sadar and Narayanganj, with one doctor under him.

By the end of October all the three Deputy Sanitary Commissioners were recalled by the orders of the Sanitary Commissioner and temporary Assistant Surgeon Chandy Charan Mitter relieved Dr. Sufi, the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner in charge of Munshiganj subdivision.

• *Special measures.*—In Narayanganj subdivision there was an outbreak of cholera in a mild form towards the end of November in the Narsingdi and Rupganj areas, but it was in no case directly attributable to the cyclone, nor was there any abnormal increase in seasonal disease or mortality. This was also true of North and South Sadar : as in Narayanganj subdivision the circumstances were not such as to render necessary special measures on an extensive scale.

It was only in Manikganj, which bore a bad reputation for disease, and in Munshiganj, where the presence of large numbers of dead bodies of men and animals made an epidemic probable, that special precautionary measures were essential.

In Manikganj the District Board sanctioned Rs. 550 for chlorogen and bleaching powder. Seventeen parties of two men each, under the supervision of voluntary workers, disinfected 191 wells and 8 tanks in Manikganj, Singair and Harirampur thanas ; the effect of these measures was that incipient cholera in the latter two thanas subsided to a great extent.

In Munshiganj more elaborate measures were taken. Apart from the disposal of dead bodies, the following precautionary steps were taken :—

- (1) establishment of temporary dispensaries ;
- (2) disinfection of sources of water-supply ;
- (3) anti-cholera inoculation ;
- (4) arrangements for free vaccination in the Lohajang area ; and
- (5) propaganda of simple sanitary rules.

A floating dispensary with necessary medicines and equipment was established in a green boat, which was to move amongst the Padma *chars* off Lohajang. The effect was to prevent the spread of cholera and small-pox which began to appear gradually, though a considerable time after the cyclone. This dispensary with one of the relief officers in charge visited almost all the islands in the *chars* for about four weeks in early November. The *char* people were found to be very conservative and were not easily persuaded to avail themselves of the advantages offered and as its movements were also curtailed by the decreasing water in the *chars*, with the permission of the Civil Surgeon, it was removed to Lohajang where it was more appreciated.

Another dispensary with two Sub-Assistant Surgeons was started by the medical unit of the Bengal Relief Fund at Gram Wari opposite the Lohajang *chars*. They gave medical relief to 1,662 persons. The main disease and number of patients treated by the dispensaries and Assistant Surgeons are noted below :—

Number of cases treated by the two special dispensaries and Assistant Surgeons up to 3rd January.

	Cases of various kinds.	Number of deaths
(A) Floating dispensary ...	1,024	Not reported.
(B) Assistant Surgeon and doctors under him.	<div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;"> <div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;">Cholera ... 268</div> <div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;">Malaria ... 1,267</div> <div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;">Influenza ... 192</div> </div>	51 from cholera.
	Total ... 1,727	
(C) Medical unit of Bengal Relief Committee.	<div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;"> <div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;">Cholera ... 19</div> <div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;">Influenza ... 109</div> <div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;">Other cases 1,534</div> </div>	Not reported.
	Total ... 1,662	
	GRAND TOTAL ... 4,413	

Disinfection of water-supply.—Seventy-three tanks were treated with chloride of lime. This, with the disinfection measures taken in Manikganj, brought up the total to 191 wells and 81 tanks treated. In some cases the owners refused to allow disinfection, but special efforts were made to ensure thorough treatment of villages where cholera occurs yearly, in Lohajang, Srinagar and Tangibari thanas.

Cholera inoculation.—Early efforts to introduce inoculation failed owing to the mistrust of the people, and it was not until an epidemic of cholera broke out in Brahman-gaon village in Lohajang circle that its utility was recognized. Two hundred and thirteen persons were inoculated and only 10 cases of the disease occurred among inoculated persons, with the result that the demand for inoculation greatly increased and led to a shortage of vaccine. All doctors were supplied with a travelling box containing medicine for treatment of cholera, including Sir L. Rogers' apparatus for saline transfusion.

Mortality.—The figures for mortality in the district from 1st October, to 1st January are given below. The area described as unaffected are the thanas Shibdalay, Gheor and Daulatpur. The remainder of the district is regarded as affected—

Affected area.

Cholera	...	...	1,258
Small-pox	...	...	398
Other diseases	...	...	22,552

Non-affected area.

Cholera	...	...	111
Small-pox	...	...	14
Other diseases	...	...	1,238

The part of the district affected by the cyclone was roughly 11 times the area of the part unaffected, and as the density of population in the latter is about half that in Srinagar and Munshiganj thanas it does not appear that there has been any serious increase in the number of deaths from disease in the area visited by the storm.

Value of the measures.—The fact testifies to the value of the measures adopted. Such natural calamities as the cyclone are not infrequently followed by the outbreak of epidemics scarcely less formidable than the calamity they follow. It was not without reason that the outbreak of such an epidemic was apprehended in the Lohajang and other affected areas, and the benefit of the measures should be judged rather by what they averted than by what occurred.

It is also probable that the introduction of special measures did something to popularize sanitary precautions among the people. The cholera inoculation and the disinfection of water-supplies were accepted with the increasing readiness as operations continued.

Cost of measures.—Although the floating dispensary has been withdrawn, the Civil Surgeon as a precautionary measure has advised the retention of a doctor and compounder together with the necessary medicine in Lohajang. It is not therefore possible to give a final statement of the total cost; but up to the end of December the figure for all special medical and sanitary measures is Rs. 5,336-13-7.

SECTION XIII.—Finance.

99. For the relief of distress caused by the cyclone, expenditure from State funds has been incurred under the following heads :—

- (1) agricultural loans ;
- (2) seed loans ;
- (3) gratuitous distribution of cash ;
- (4) payments under paddy-husking scheme ;
- (5) gratuitous distribution of rice ;
- (6) provision of cheap rice ;
- (7) gratuitous distribution of cloth ;
- (8) provision of cheap cloth ;
- (9) establishment ;
- (10) contingencies and miscellaneous ;
- (11) travelling allowances.

Expenditure under heads (1) and (2) is recoverable, but expenditure under all other heads forms a final charge against State funds. The Government of India have sanctioned the debiting of charges under heads (3) to (11) to the general head "33—Famine Relief." The effect of this sanction is that three-fourths of the charge will be met from Imperial and the remaining one-fourth from Provincial revenues.

Agricultural loans.

100. The total amount distributed as agricultural loans was Rs. 12,55,090, of which Rs. 8,17,000 was spent in Dacca district alone. Loans were given to 120,912 men forming 11,808 groups. Statement I shows the amount distributed as loans in each district and each subdivision and the number of persons to whom loans, have been given. Government sanctioned a total grant of Rs. 19,70,000 for agricultural loans including seed loans, but it was not found necessary to issue the whole amount. The total actual expenditure was as follows :—

				Rs.
Agricultural loans	...	...	...	12,55,090
Seed loans	...	..	...	1,01,641
			Total	13,56,731

Seed loans.

101. Seed loans to the value of Rs. 1,01,641 have been issued. Statement II shows the amount of seed loans issued in each district and each subdivision and the number of men who have been given loans.

Some cultivators preferred to purchase seed instead of taking it on loan. Seed worth Rs. 2,928 was sold to them.

Twenty-eight thousand six hundred and seventeen maunds of *rabi* seed, worth Rs. 2,80,175, was purchased by Government and a further sum of Rs. 32,029 was incurred as freight and other incidental charges, including temporary establishment and contingencies, in connection with distribution of seed. Owing to the great difficulty of estimating needs, the whole quantity of seed purchased was not issued. In particular, mustard appears to have been purchased much in excess of requirements. The surplus has to be sold off, and the major portion has been sent to Calcutta, where it is expected to fetch a fair price, and a small portion is being disposed of locally. It is estimated that Government will incur a loss of Rs. 82,756, including Rs. 11,788 for establishment and contingencies in connection with seed transactions, as the price of seed has fallen since the date of purchase (*vide* statement III).

To meet all expenses in connection with seed loans, the Director of Agriculture was given an allotment of Rs. 3,00,430 from the reserve of

Rs. 7,00,000 placed at my disposal for agricultural loans. When all receipts and charges are adjusted by the Accountant-General, Bengal, the net loss incurred by Government will have to be transferred by him from the head "Agricultural Loans" to "33—Famine Relief."

Gratuitous relief in cash and under the paddy-husking scheme.

102. The sum of Rs. 54,700 has been spent on gratuitous relief in cash and Rs. 5,543 under the paddy-husking scheme. Statements IV and V show districts and subdivisions in which relief was given in these forms and the amount spent in each and the number of persons relieved. The average cost per head varies from Re. 1-0-7 per week in Khulna to Rs. 2-8-11 in Tippera. The variation is due mainly to the fact that in some districts lump sums varying from Re. 1 to Rs. 5 were given at the beginning of operations instead of regular weekly or fortnightly doles.

103. The cyclone occurred just before the Puja holidays and by the time when the magnitude of the calamity was known, the treasuries were closed. The district officers had therefore no alternative but to borrow money for distributing immediate relief to the people in greatest distress. Thus the District Officer of Dacca borrowed about Rs. 32,000 partly from a fund in his charge and partly from a private gentleman. The money was repaid shortly after the treasury reopened.

104. The calamity was so sudden and its magnitude so great that there was no time to form even approximate estimates of the amount of relief necessary from State funds and to obtain proper sanction before incurring expenditure. At the beginning of October the Government of Bengal with laudable courage granted district officers *carte-blanche* authority to incur expenditure on immediate relief in urgent cases, cautioning them at the same time that the *carte-blanche* authority should be resorted to only to the extent of real necessity. In some districts, the treasury was opened on the 6th October in order to draw money for cyclone relief. The *carte-blanche* authority was withdrawn on the 8th November, when all previous expenditure was regularised by Government according sanction thereto.

Provision of cheap rice and gratuitous distribution at Government expense.

105. Statement VI shows quantity and value of rice purchased, the quantity distributed free or sold and the loss incurred by Government in each district. Of the rice purchased, the following quantities were sent by the Director of Civil Supplies, and the remainder was purchased from local dealers who were permitted to import Burma rice into the district :—

		Mds.		Rs.
Dacca	..	81,440	worth	4,88,215
Faridpur	..	25,102	"	1,59,105
Khulna	..	12,525	"	77,399

The quantity shown against Faridpur excludes 7,565 maunds of rice worth Rs. 45,999 sent by the Director of Civil Supplies to that district, but paid for direct by the Cyclone Central Relief Committee and 936 maunds worth Rs. 6,370 sent to Rajbari, a part of the district which was not affected by the cyclone.

106. The Director of Civil Supplies obtained a grant of 7 lakhs of rupees for payment of the value of rice purchased by him and the Collector of Mymensingh obtained a grant of two lakhs of rupees for a like purpose. In other cases payments for rice and incidental expenses were made either from the grants sanctioned for gratuitous relief, by drawing money from the treasury on the *carte-blanche* authority given by Government or from the sale-proceeds of rice obtained from the Director of Civil Supplies or purchased locally. It was irregular to utilize the sale-proceeds of rice to purchase further quantities of rice, but the circumstances were special and the necessity urgent and it was not always possible to form an approximate estimate of the amount of grant required and to obtain sanction thereto before

making any payment. In obtaining formal sanction, delay is often necessarily involved. Thus the Collector of Dacca asked for sanction to an advance of one lakh of rupees to pay for rice purchased locally, but Government sanction could not be given for want of full particulars. In the meantime sale-proceeds of rice accumulated and payment was made from the sale proceeds. In the special circumstances, the irregularity may be overlooked.

107. Eight thousand two hundred and forty-three maunds of rice worth Rs. 59,268 was distributed free as shown in detail in statement VII. The remainder of the rice purchased was either sold or remained in stock at the end of the operations. The average cost per head on account of gratuitous distribution of rice varies from Re. 0-6-11 per week in Bakarganj to Re. 1-12-11 in Khulna. This variation is due mainly to the fact that a uniform system of counting the number of men relieved has not been followed. If a man has received gratuitous rice doles for five weeks, he has been counted as one man relieved in some districts and as five men in others. This diversity of practice was not noticed until it was too late to call for revised figures.

The whole of the rice distributed free at the expense of the Cyclone Central Relief Committee, except 7,565 maunds in Faridpur which was paid for direct, was taken from the Government stocks in the districts. The price charged to the Committee was the same as was charged to the public.

108. On the provision of cheap rice Government incurred a loss of Rs. 90,571 as shown in Statement VI. Considering the volume of transactions, the loss in Dacca district is comparatively small, being 5·3 per cent. only. The shortage and wastage in that district amounted to 2·7 per cent. only. In Khulna the loss attributed to that head was no less than 7 per cent. and the total loss 9·5 per cent. In Jessore district the total cost of rice purchased was only Rs. 7,478, but the accounts show a loss of 18 per cent. This is due to rice having been taken from the Government stock at Gopalganj at a high cost price at a time when the price of common rice was falling and to the surplus stock having to be sold at Rs. 5-8, which was much below the cost price. The total loss on rice transactions in all districts taken together amounts to 6·3 per cent., and is mainly due to the surplus stock having to be sold off at a loss. The value of the surplus stock has been taken at Rs. 5-8 in Dacca, Rs. 6 in Faridpur, Rs. 5-12 in Mymensingh and Rs. 5-10 in Khulna. If the net prices actually realized are better than the estimates the loss to Government will be reduced. Out of the surplus stock in Dacca, 21,966 maunds have been sent to the Director of Civil Supplies at Calcutta where Burma rice still commands a high price and the balances remaining in that and other districts are being disposed of locally.

Distribution and sale of cloth.

109. Statement VIII shows quantity and value of cloth purchased, quantity distributed free or sold and loss incurred by Government in each district. The Registrar of Co-operative Societies obtained a grant of 6 lakhs of rupees from Government and purchased cloth from Bombay mills, the Bankura District Co-operative Industrial Union, Limited, and the Naogaon Supply and Sale Society supplied 505 bales to Dacca, 28 bales to Faridpur, 90 bales to Mymensingh and 1 bale to Khulna. Nine hundred and eight pieces, worth Rs. 1,836, were purchased locally in Faridpur. Of the stock at Dacca portions were transferred to Faridpur, Mymensingh, Jessore and Khulna. After distribution and sale, a large stock of about 225 bales of cloth remained at Dacca. This has been taken over by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies and sold to the Naogaon Ganja Cultivators' Co-operative Society, Limited. For this surplus stock taken over, deduction at cost price has been allowed and the net cost has been shown in the accounts. The stock of cloth in each district after transfers and disposal of the surplus at Dacca is shown in statement VIII.

Eighty-one thousand three hundred and thirty-six pieces of cloth (including some half pieces called *tabon*), worth Rs. 1,61,206, have been distributed free, of which 38,123 pieces have been distributed in Dacca district (*vide* Statement IX). Sales shown in statement VIII represent sales to the Cyclone

Central Relief Fund except in the district of Dacca, where in addition 18,315 pieces were sold at concession rates (which were about 40 per cent. less than cost price) to the deserving poor and 824 pieces to the Bengal Relief Committee also at concession rates. Sales to the Cyclone Central Relief Fund were at the current market rates. The value of 14 pieces of cloth lost in transit by the railway has been made good by them and is shown in columns 9 and 10 of Statement VIII against Mymensingh.

On sales at concession rates in Dacca district, Government incurred a loss of Rs. 14,553.

Total State expenditure.

110. The net expenditure incurred by Government under various heads in each district is shown in statement X. It will be seen that the total irrecoverable expenditure under all heads amounts to Rs. 5,39,057. The Government of India have acceded to the request of the Government of Bengal that this should be treated as expenditure on Famine Relief. Accordingly, three-fourths of the total, viz., Rs. 4,04,293, will be borne by Imperial revenues and the remaining one-fourth, viz., Rs. 1,34,764, will be borne by Provincial revenues.

Expenditure from funds other than State funds.

111. Besides money spent from State funds a large sum viz., Rs. 7,29,845, as shown in Statement XI, has also been spent for the relief of distress caused by the cyclone from other funds either through the official agency or by non-official organizations. The Cyclone Central Relief Fund heads the list of these funds with an expenditure of Rs. 4,63,686. All money granted by the Cyclone Central Relief Fund was distributed through the official agency except the sums of Rs. 31,700 and Rs. 6,060 distributed in the towns of Dacca and Narayanganj, respectively, by the municipal agencies of those towns. The official agency was also the medium of distribution of a grant of Rs. 4,250 contributed by the Bengal Relief Fund to the district of Jessore. The money realized by the various relief committees under official auspices from local subscriptions in each district forms a separate fund and is called the District Relief Fund of that district. All such funds distributed relief through the official agency.

For want of definite information from the officers of the Bengal Relief Fund the figures in Statement XI are defective. While this report was in the press approximate totals of the expenditure under various heads have been received but the officers of the fund are not yet able to furnish accurate figures district by district.

Total Expenditure of all Kinds.

112. Expressed briefly, the important figures regarding cyclone relief expenditure are as follows :—

			Rs. Lakhs.
Amount expended from State funds	...	.	5.39
Amount advanced from State Funds	...	...	13.57
Amount expended on relief under official control	...	...	4.98
Ditto " " non-official control	...	...	2.32
			<hr/>
Total	...	...	26.26

SECTION XIV.—Relief given by non-official organisations.

113. The widespread sympathy aroused by the havoc and distress caused by the cyclone led to the organisation of a number of funds for the relief of the suffering which the calamity had produced; among those the Bengal Relief Fund, with Mr. C. R. Das as president and Mr. B. Chakravarty,

as Secretary of the General Committee, was the most prominent. Other organisations were the Social Service League, the Ram Krishna Mission, the Servants of India Society and the Satharan Brahmo Samaj. All of these had their headquarters at Calcutta. In the affected districts many other funds were organised.

114. The Central Relief Fund was established by His Excellency the Governor with a view to co-ordinating and systematising the work of all relief organisations, and by preventing overlapping to secure to the sufferers the utmost benefit from the practical sympathy and generous donations of the public. All the leading associations and public bodies in Bengal were represented on the Cyclone Central Relief Committee which was formed with His Excellency the Governor as president and the Hon'ble Mr. J. G. Cunningham as Chairman. The response to the appeal for funds was generous and by the 27th February a sum amounting to Rs. 5,82,984 was subscribed. The allotment of grants by the Cyclone Central Relief Committee and the manner in which they were spent in the various districts are shown in Statement XI.

115. The efforts to obtain co-ordination were successful to a considerable extent; but the various organisations continued to devote their energies and resources separately to separate portions of the field of work which was so vast that many organisations could work side by side in separate areas without clashing. The division of work between the various relief agencies operating in each district is briefly described in the following paragraphs:—

116. The following are the agencies which worked in Khulna district:—

- Bengal Relief Fund Committee.
- Social Service League.
- Mohila Samiti.
- Brahmo Samaj.
- Servants of India Society.
- Ram Krishna Mission.

• In no case was there any overlapping with official agency. The Bengal Relief Fund at first distributed miscellaneous urgent relief in thanas Paikgacha, Dumuria, Batinghata, Terokhada, Palerhat, Daulatpur and Phultala of the Sadar Subdivision to the extent of Rs. 1,205. This was distributed in cash, rice and cloth. From 20th October 1919 they confined their operations to the thanas of Phultala and Daulatpur in the Sadar Subdivision and 8 unions of Bagerhat thana. Subsequently on the advice of the District Magistrate they agreed to reduce their area in Bagerhat to 1 unions. The Social Service League assisted the Bengal Relief Fund in unions Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of Daulatpur and distributed rice there from 8th November 1919 to 6th December 1919 to the amount of 112 maunds 37 seers 8 chettaks. In Bagerhat Subdivision they worked in No. 1 union of Bagerhat thana. The Mohila Samiti distributed cloth in Daulatpur and Terokhada thanas. The Brahmo Samaj worked in Nos. 1 and 2 unions of thana Bagerhat, but no report has been received of their work. The Servants of India Society worked in unions 1, 2 and 4 of Bagerhat thana and in Svalpa Baherdia union in Sadar. They were helped by 3 medical volunteers of the Uriya Samaj who treated over 3,000 cases, including cholera, dysentery, fever, pneumonia, etc. They rebuilt houses and supplied free clothing and rice. They also sold rice below cost price. The total cost of the relief given by them was Rs. 3,600. The Ramkrishna Mission worked in union No. 1 of Mollahat thana of Bagerhat. At first this union was under official agency, but from 15th November 1919 it was made over to the Mission for independent relief. (Rice distribution on Peace celebration day was made from State funds in this union.)

In the Sadar Subdivision the work of the Bengal Relief Fund was inspected by the District Magistrate and Subdivisional Officer and found to be systematic and well organised. The recipients were well selected though the standard of relief was more generous than that laid down in the Famine Code.

This is not, of course, objectionable. Rai Bahadur Amrita Lal Raha and Babu Kunja Behari Mukharji, the Secretary, are to be congratulated on the efficiency of their organisation. The Calcutta Committee and the local committee are to be congratulated on the prompt way in which urgent relief was distributed at the outset.

The other organisations in Sadar were the Social Service League and Mohila Samiti. The former worked satisfactorily assisting the Bengal Relief Fund with which it was inspected. The latter distributed casual relief and was not inspected.

In Bagerhat Subdivision the work done by the Servants of India Society and the Ram Krishna Mission was sustained, comparatively thorough and satisfactory. Inspections were made by the Subdivisional Officer. The work of the Ram Krishna Mission was also inspected by the Additional Commissioner and District Magistrate. The other organisations did not welcome the idea of Government inspection. The work of the Bengal Relief Fund in Bagerhat was spasmodic and rather unsatisfactory. It was inspected by the District Magistrate and the Additional Commissioner.

In addition to the above, four doctors were provided by the Bengal Relief Fund, as stated in section XII above.

117. In Bakarganj, the Bengal Relief Fund Committee and the Ram Krishna Mission rendered some help to the cyclone-affected area by distributing small amounts in cash and rice. They stopped their operations as soon as Government started relief work in the affected quarters. No portion of the affected area could therefore be made over to them. The local Secretary of the Bengal Relief Committee says that relief was given to 5,730 people and that Rs. 1,103 in cash, 99 maunds of rice and 448 pieces of cloth were distributed, but most of this was distributed in places outside of the cyclone-affected area. The Ram Krishna Mission distributed in the affected area 25 maunds of rice and the Social Service League rice, cash and cloth to the value of Rs. 307. It is also reported that the Bakarganj Mahila Samiti distributed some pieces of cloth. When the cloth of the Central Cyclone Relief Fund was distributed, care was taken that those who had already received cloth from the above agencies did not get cloth again.

There was no relief organisation which amalgamated its funds with those of Government though the local relief committees formed under the above private agencies assisted by their personal exertions and energies at Bagdha and Goila.

118. In the Nerrail Subdivision of Jessore, the local branch of the Bengal Relief Committee amalgamated their energies and their funds with those of the official relief agency (*vide* section IV). The Central Committee of the Bengal Relief Fund, however, made a direct grant of Rs. 1,000 to the Sidhipasa union through Professor Khagendra Nath Mitra. A local committee administered this grant, but the relief given was neither sufficient nor systematic. It is reported that the committee distributed 115 maunds of rice among 2,860 persons and Rs. 200 as lump sum relief. They are further reported to have given loans of Rs. 300 among 54 persons and to have spent Rs. 50 on medical relief. They sold 386 pieces of cloth and 479 maunds 31 seers of rice at reduced prices and distributed 62 pieces of cloth free. When I, accompanied by the Collector and the Subdivisional Officer, inspected the relief work of this union we came to the conclusion that relief funds were being frittered away to little advantage. The Subdivisional Officer inspected the union again some time later and brought necessitous cases which had not been relieved to the notice of the local committee. The Secretary of the local committee pleaded inability to relieve those persons because his funds were exhausted. The Subdivisional Officer then addressed a letter to the member of the Bengal Relief Committee in charge of Jessore district requesting him to give relief to those persons, but as no reply had come by the 9th January when relief operations had to be brought to a close, the Subdivisional Officer, under my instructions, directed the Circle Relief Officer to give the necessary relief. The Circle Relief Officer, Kalia, distributed Rs. 227 in cash, and 50 pieces of cloth among the necessitous cases who had got no relief from the local committee.

The only organisation which gave relief apart from the official agency was the Bengal Social Service League which took charge of two unions in Naraganti police-station. The amount of relief given by official agency in these two unions before they were made over to the Social Service League was Rs. 280. The total quantity of (a) rice given by the representative of the League was 147 maunds worth Rs. 1,081; (b) cash Rs. 1,746, (c) clothes 86. ganjees 38 and blankets 15 pieces-total value Rs. 278, (d) medical relief Rs. 120. On the 30th December in response to a request from the Secretary of the League 200 pieces of cloth were handed over under my orders to the representative for free distribution in the two unions under his charge. The work done by the representative of the Social Service League was good.

119. The Collector of Faridpur reports as follows regarding the non-official relief organisations started at different times and at different places in that district :—

"Of these, the biggest and by far the most important was the Bengal Relief Fund. The following were the other bodies which were at work in this district, but with the exception of the Ram Krishna Mission, their scope of activities was extremely narrow :—

- (1) The Ram Krishna Mission.
- (2) The Sadharan Brahmo Samaj.
- (3) The Social Service League.
- (4) The Mahila Samiti, Faridpur.
- (5) The Kotwalipara Sahajya Sabha.
- (6) The Timber Merchants' Association, Calcutta.
- (7) Maulvi Leakat Hossain's Fund.
- (8) The Anjumani Waizine of Calcutta.

"In order to avoid overlapping and waste, it was intended from the beginning to assign to each organization a specified area consisting of a certain number of chankidari unions, and to make it solely responsible for all the forms of relief necessary in such an area, consistently with the general principles of relief approved by Government. But these bodies came into existence long after the Government Relief Committees had been organized, and, even when they started, they had neither sufficient money to take over whole unions, nor were they, with the exception of the Social Service League, willing to amalgamate, although they were anxious to co-operate. The result was that Government relief could not be entirely withdrawn from the areas administered by these agencies. Their activities are described in detail below.

Bengal Relief Fund.—With regard to this organization, Babu Purna Chandra Maitra, B.L., the Vice-President of the Fund, reports as follows :—

"At the instance of Mr. B. K. Lahiri, Bar-at-law, and under the auspices of the Bengal Relief Fund, a representative branch committee was formed on the 11th October 1919 at Faridpur with the Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar, M.A., B.L., as president, myself and Babu Mathura Nath Maitra, B.L., as Vice-Presidents, Babu Satis Chandra Mazumdar, B.L., and Babu Jnanendra Nath Lahiri as Joint Secretaries, and Babu Nalini Kanta Sen, B.L., as Accountant and Treasurer. The Hon'ble Babu Ambika Charan Mazumdar, on account of ill health, wanted to resign the presidentship. The Committee, however, on the 29th October 1919, by their resolution, did not accept his resignation, but relieved him from the onerous duty and made over the entire charge of the President to the Vice-Presidents, and since then myself and Babu Mathura Nath Maitra have been doing all the works of the President.

"The Committee at once provisionally divided the affected area into several circles, a member of the committee being deputed to each circle to form representative circle committees and to arrange for distribution of relief. Mr. Lahiri placed Rs. 3,000 at the disposal of the Committee and workers at once started to different centres with certain sums of money allotted to each tentatively.

"In the beginning of the operation the workers distributed relief both in rice and in cash. It was, however, arranged that relief should be given side by side with the official District Relief Committee that had already been formed, taking care that there might be no overlapping between the two organisations.

"Sixteen circles, consisting of 227 villages more or less in three-subdivisions—Sadar, Madaripur and Gopalganj—were formed. Out of the sixteen, Kajulia circle in Gopalganj subdivision, of which neither the number of villages nor that of the people is known, was abolished on the report of the President. So altogether 15 circles consisting of 227 villages distributed relief in food, raiment and house building or house repairing somewhere up to 7th December 1919, and somewhere else up to the 15th December 1919. Altogether 5,125 people, excluding those of Kajulia circle, were relieved by this committee at the total cost of Rs. 12,837-6-3.

"The operation was conducted by purely non-official agencies. But I am informed that official inspecting agency visited the areas under the charge of this fund from time to time and gave valuable instructions to our local agents. Our best thanks are due to this official agency."

It being impossible for the committee, as stated above, to take up entire unions owing to the inadequacy of funds, they were asked to accept responsibility for a group of compact villages, but even this they did not venture to undertake as they did not know how much money would be allotted to them, and received their funds in several instalments at long intervals. The Government relief organizations were, therefore, instructed to extend to such villages such forms of relief as could not be provided at all or sufficiently by the Bengal Relief Committee. In this connection the attitude of the people of one centre in Gopalganj is significant. "I was," says the Subdivisional Officer, "struck by the attitude of the people in Ghagor (Kotwalipara) centre who were extremely cut up when they heard that the Bengal Relief Committee was taking up the relief work in their area and we were making over the villages to their charge. They were consoled only when I assured them that I would see that their wants are adequately met if the funds in the hands of the Bengal Relief Committee proved insufficient." This officer, however, characterises the quality of the work of this committee in his subdivision as fairly good. In Madaripur, their own local sub-committees complained of the meagreness of funds, while, in Sadar, the Subdivisional Officer reports that their work was not systematic and seemed to display a lack of interest. Although there can be no doubt that, had the Bengal Relief Committee amalgamated their resources with those of the centres already started in the district, their funds would have been better utilised, still, on the whole, their operations afforded real relief to the people of the area in which their work was carried on, and to this extent they are entitled to gratitude.

Next in order of importance comes the Ram Krishna Mission, which worked at Kuarpur in thana Palong. They gave relief in the shape of free distribution of rice, cloth, and cash and also made some arrangements for medical relief. The following table will show the number of persons benefited and the amount spent under each head :—

				Persons	Cash
					Rs.
Relief in rice	...	...	...	1,201	2,892
Do. in cash	...	...	...	159	1,202
Do. in cloth	...	...	...	451	682
Medical relief	...	...	...	1,085	72
Total				...	4,848

The Brahmo Samaj worked both in Sadar and Gopalganj. In Sadar, they gave away Rs. 90 to 25 persons in thanas Bhanga and Nagarkanda, and Rs. 104 to 36 persons in the Kotwalipara thana. In the latter subdivision they extended their operations to all the villages of Ghagor centre and at Unasia in Kotwalipara. They distributed Rs. 858 in cash, and 12 pairs of cloths worth Rs. 40, but their work does not appear to have been carried out here in that spirit which ought to animate such philanthropic institutions. The Subdivisional Officer remarks :—

"I asked them to work in the distant *bhil* area where we could find scarcely any suitable person, but their representative was not anxious to undergo the trouble of staying in the *bhils*. He distributed the money he had mostly amongst the *bhadralog* at Paschimpar and Unasia and finished his work by the 9th of November."

The "Anjumani Waizine" of Calcutta assisted some poor respectable persons, helpless widows and orphans of some villages in the thanas of Kalkini and Madaripur at a cost of Rs. 400. In the former place they also distributed 500 influenza tabloids, chlorodyne, spirit camphor and other medicines. This organization appears to have worked in the Kasiani and Muksudpur thanas of Gopalganj as well, but its work there did not attract any notice whatsoever.

The "Mahila Samiti" is an organization conducted entirely by the ladies of Faridpur. They devoted their attention to the grant of relief to women who could not be reached by any other organisation. In addition to Rs. 75 which they collected locally, they received the following donations :—

			Rs.
(i) The Bhagni Samiti, Calcutta	...	...	100
(ii) The Nari (women) Samiti, Ranchi	...	...	100
(iii) The Mahila Samiti, Calcutta	...	...	100
(iv) The Bengal Relief Fund	...	...	100

Of the amount thus collected, viz., Rs. 475, they distributed Rs. 431 in cash. Twenty pairs of saris and 9 *thans* or 72 pieces of cloth were also sent to them by the Mahila Samiti at Calcutta. Of these all but one *than* or 8 pieces have been given away.

Their activities were not confined to any particular area, but extended over the whole district. Some of the secretaries of the Government committees were of great help and supplied them with the names of persons who were really in distress and needed assistance.

All the other charitable societies enumerated above directed their attention exclusively to the Gopalganj subdivision, and, with the exception of the Social Service League, their work was done in an extremely unsystematic manner and most of the money spent was wasted.

The Social Service League confined its operations to the Pinjuri centre of Kotwali-para circle in Gopalganj. Their funds were practically amalgamated with those of the Government committees, their secretaries being given seats in the latter. They spent Rs. 1,106 for the erection of huts and distributed 4 pairs of cloth, 42 vests, 256 blankets and 20 pieces of old cloth as well as some medicine. The arrangements for the other kinds of relief in this centre were made by the local committee. Amongst the non-official agencies at work in Gopalganj, the work of the League was the best as the relief organized by them was carried out more systematically.

The Kotwali-para Sahayya Sabha was started by some inhabitants of the Kotwali-para thana residing in Calcutta. They gave Rs. 300 for the erection of huts to 115 persons, most of whom belonged to the *bhadralok* class.

Maulvi Leakat Hossain sent Rs. 100 to a teacher of the Baliabhang High English School. The amount was distributed by this gentleman amongst 47 persons in Ghagor and Unasia centres for the erection of huts.

The Timber Merchants' Association, Calcutta, is composed of some merchants hailing from East Bengal. They are mostly residents of Fukra and Ghritakandi in Kasiana thana. They came with about Rs. 2,000, and distributed it amongst some persons in Fukra, Ghritakandi and Tarail.

To all these organizations my thanks are due for the help, however small, which they rendered to the distressed in the areas devastated by the cyclone."

120. As regards Dacca district, the Collector reports as follows :—

"The principal non-official organizations for relief in the district were—

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| (1) The Bengal Relief Fund. | (5) The Sadharan Brahmo Samaj of Calcutta. |
| (2) The Bengal Social Service League. | (6) The Eastern Bengal Brahmo Samaj. |
| (3) The Ramkrishna Mission. | |
| (4) The Servants of India Society. | |

The first was the most important. It took over the independent administration of relief in 52 unions in the district, of which 28 were in Munshiganj, 10 each in Sadar and Narayanganj and 4 in Manikganj subdivisions. The relief allotted to each union as reported by the Secretary of the Bengal Relief Fund will be found in the statement below; the unions were taken over about the middle of October when, through official agency, relief had already been given to the extent of Rs. 70 in cash, 80 pieces of free cloth, 20 maunds of rice for beggars' doles in each union. Subsequently Rs. 3,654 in cash and 37 pieces of cloth were given at the expense of the Central Cyclone Relief Fund to *bhadralok* in Kalma, Panchgaon, Dhipur, Amtali, Paman, Hashail and Keyain unions.

The total cost of the relief administered by the Bengal Relief Fund would appear to be Rs. 44,170, but detailed accounts have not yet been received.

Relief was administered in consultation with union relief committees in each union and in most unions the work went on smoothly. In Sadar subdivision the Subdivisional Officers are satisfied with the quality and quantity of relief given, and the officers of the fund worked in co-operation and harmony with local panchayats.

The Subdivisional Officer, Manikganj, reports that there was a paucity of willing workers and that work suffered for want of money at the proper time.

The Subdivisional Officer of Narayanganj thinks that the local workers of the fund in some unions were inclined to depart unnecessarily from the principles of relief as adopted by the Cyclone Central Relief Committee.

The Subdivisional Officer, Munshiganj, in whose jurisdiction most of the Bengal Relief Committee work was done, says generally that the workers of the fund were sensitive in the matter of supervision by Government officers and there was friction in some unions under their charge on the ground of the local estimates of requirements not being sufficiently met.

On the whole, I am of opinion that the work done was generally appreciated and a fair apportionment of resources was made. Many of the workers were professional men who could not remain more than a few days. At a time in a union, money was received by the committee in instalments so that it was perhaps natural that the local representatives of the fund should arrange with the local union committees to give something to every person on the relief list, so far as funds permitted, rather than follow the amounts indicated on the lists. Their readiness to make themselves responsible for definite areas was of the greatest service to the district and they worked well with the district relief committee and the Subdivisional Officers. I may mention here that the Secretary reports that it took him six weeks to get a consignment of rice from Calcutta to Lohajang.

The Bengal Social Service League worked in the Lohajang *chura* and in Bajrajogini and Munshiganj unions and altogether spent Rs. 4,327 in cash and 226 maunds of rice worth Rs. 1,626-8-6. The League also gave away 446 pieces of cloth and 24 blankets.

The Ramkrishna Mission workers gave relief in Kalma, Bajrajogini and Shyam-shidhi unions. They also did extremely good work in assisting in enquiries for the

The Hon'ble Babu Brajendra Kishore Ray Chaudhuri organised the sale of cheap rice from his cutcherries at Birganj, Tetulia and Rajendrapur.

SECTION XV.—Miscellaneous.

(a) Help given by zamindars.

123. Early in October zamindars were asked by the Collectors of districts to do all in their power to relieve the distress of their raiyats who had suffered in the cyclone. It is my duty, and a pleasant duty, to acknowledge the help rendered by the following zamindars :—

Rai Sri Nath Ray and his brothers Rai Janaki Nath Ray Bahadur and the Hon'ble Rai Sita Nath Ray Bahadur of Bhagyakul contributed substantially to the Central Relief Fund and gave relief in cash to their tenants and to needy persons generally.

Maharaja Sashi Kanta Acharjya Chaudhuri Bahadur gave Rs. 5,000 to the Mymensingh District Relief Committee at the time when any contributions were most valuable, that is, when relief work was just starting.

The Hon'ble Babu Brajendra Kishore Ray Chaudhuri was president of the committee which supervised the sale of controlled rice at Gauripur. He opened shops for the sale of cheap rice at three bazars in the more remote parts of Netrokona subdivision and his manager materially helped the relief officers.

Rai Satindra Nath Chaudhuri of Satkhira fed about 300 persons daily for about a month from the day after the cyclone and also helped his tenants in other ways.

Babu Promod Chandra Ray Chaudhuri of Atharabari in Mymensingh was president of the local rice committee. He gave away cloth and rice and his manager and other officers did great service in the relief of four unions.

Raja Jagat Kishore Acharjya Chaudhuri distributed 1,859 pieces of cloth among his tenants in and near Bhairab.

Some other zamindars helped in various ways, showing that they felt it their moral and social duty to assist their suffering tenants; but it must be regretfully admitted that the majority of the landowners were completely apathetic. Some even took advantage of their tenants' helpless condition to lend them money at excessively high rates of interest.

(b) Chaukidars.

124. The village chaukidars, who are poorly paid officers, were badly hit by the cyclone. Their pay fell into arrears because for some time it was impossible to collect the chaukidari assessment. Meanwhile they were called to assist in every branch of relief work and were often required to work by night as well as by day. For those who rendered specially good service a bonus of half a maund of rice was sanctioned; this being considered as justly debitable to expenses of relief administration. Government sanctioned the grant of advances to panchayats unable to collect the assessment to pay the wages of chaukidars and by the end of February practically all arrears of chaukidars' wages had been cleared.

(c) Village schools.

125. In the cyclone some thousands of village primary school buildings were demolished. Many of these have been reconstructed in a temporary manner; but the flimsy structures will not stand the rains, and it is feared that many schools will have to be closed until the villagers can afford to reconstruct them in a sufficiently substantial manner. The Bengal Relief Fund and the Central Cyclone Relief Committee were moved to sanction special grants to assist the early reconstruction of these buildings; and the Central Relief Committee has given a sum of Rs. 60,000 for this purpose. Government also has made substantial grants for the rebuilding of schools of all kinds recognized by the Education Department. District

Relief Committees realised the needs of the situation and have contributed all that could be spared from their funds after actual physical distress had been adequately relieved. It is hoped that with this help the villagers will now show energy and self-sacrifice enough to complete the restoration of the school buildings and thus prevent the set back to primary education which otherwise would inevitably occur.

(d) Services of Officers.

126. When the catastrophe occurred it brought out the qualities of the Government officers and showed that they were fully equal to the occasion. The three districts most seriously affected were particularly fortunate in having as their Collectors Messrs. Lambourn, Roy and Dash. Mr. Lambourn by his deep and generous sympathy captivated the hearts of the people of Dacca district. Mr. J. N. Roy in Faridpur fully maintained his reputation for patient broad-minded administrative ability, and the prolonged tours made by Mr. and Mrs. Roy shortly after the cyclone and the example they set of devotion to the relief of the distressed made a profound impression and stimulated all classes to do their utmost. Mr. Dash in Khulna showed exceptional organising ability and on his taking charge of the district at the end of October, his vigorous and capable administration galvanised into activity the flagging energies of all officers and relief workers who had been feeling the lack of guidance and control owing to the officiating Collector being incapacitated by illness.

127. It may truly be said that with very few exceptions every Government officer responded to the call of duty and did his best to relieve the suffering. Under the circumstances it may seem invidious to make any distinction, but it is my duty to mention specially those who rendered most conspicuously good service. Others would probably have done equally well if they had had the same opportunity.

128. Among subdivisional officers the first place must be assigned to Maulvi Tabibur Rahman of Narail. Within a few days after the cyclone he had visited every part of the subdivision where the cyclone had done serious damage. In every union he had established a relief committee and realised local contributions from which immediate relief was given to those in greatest distress. On his own initiative also, he effected in his subdivision the most complete co-ordination of official and non-official relief agencies. Among other subdivisional officers deserving of high commendation are Babu Amal Krishna Mukharji in Faridpur, Babus Suresh Chandra Basu and Dwijendra Mohan Sen in Dacca district, Babu Nava Gopal Chaki in Khulna, Babu Radhika Lal De in Bakarganj, Babu Niranjan Roy and Rai Anath Bandhu De Bahadur in Mymensingh and Rai Suresh Chandra Sinha Bahadur and Babu Basanta Kumar Das in Tippera. Mr. A. H. Kemm, I.C.S., who worked as special cyclone relief assistant to the Collector of Dacca, and Mr. A. C. Bose, my financial assistant, should also be mentioned.

129. Among Deputy Collectors, special praise is due to Maulvi Afzalur Rahman and Babu Rash Behari Mukherji in Dacca, Babus Madhu Sudan Das and Hriday Ranjan Sen in Mymensingh and Babu Sachindra Nath Mukharji in Jessore.

130. Among the Munsiffs who did active relief work, by far the most conspicuous was Babu Jogesh Chandra Sen of Bhanga in Tippera. As Chairman of the local Union Committee he showed remarkable foresight in providing material for the rebuilding of houses and preventing excessive profiteering. His devotion to the public welfare was very remarkable. Subsequently he was given entire charge of the Bhanga relief circle and the Collector records that he was by far the most efficient Circle Relief Officer in the district and showed excellent powers of organisation. Babu Pasupati Mukbarji, Munsif of Iswarganj, is also warmly commended by the Collector of Mymensingh. In this connection I desire to acknowledge the generous sympathy and help accorded by the District Judges, especially Messrs. Macnair and Stinton as presidents of the District Relief Committees of Faridpur and Dacca.

- (5) Babu Satish Chandra Singh, President of Aurail Union.
- (6) „ Ambika Chandra Sen, President of Chunta Union.
- (7) „ Mahim Chandra Ghose, Ditto.
- (8) „ Nalini Nath Banerjee, Government Pleader.
- (9) „ Kumudnikanta Mukhuti, Pleader.
- (10) „ Upendra Nath Ghose, Do.
- (11) „ Kalikumar Bhowmik, Do.
- (12) „ Bopin Chandra Guha, Do.

146. In Mymensingh district—

- (1) Babu Barindra Kar of Bajitpur.
- (2) „ Suresh Chandra Chakravarti. Secretary, Kishoreganj Sub-divisional Relief Committee.
- (3) Babu Jamini Mohan Das, Auditor, Co-operative Societies.
- (4) Raja Bijoy Singh Dudhuria, six weeks before the cyclone, commenced to import and sell cheap rice, wholesale and retail, practically at cost price. His large stocks were of the greatest use in supplying cheap rice shops when the cyclone came. The Raja and his manager co-operated enthusiastically with Government officers throughout relief work.

The names of other zamindars who did conspicuously useful work are mentioned in sub-section (a) above.

(f) Conclusion.

147. It will be seen from what is recorded above that, although the distress caused by the cyclone was very great, the relief rendered was by no means unequal to the needs of the situation. It was given with an unstinting hand thanks to the generosity of the subscribers to the Central and other Relief Funds and to the Government represented by His Excellency and the Hon'ble Mr. J. G. Cumming. At the same time, by the adoption of systematic organisation and by adherence to the general principles of relief laid down by the Hon'ble Member, relief officers were guarded from allowing their anxiety to afford succour to the distressed to lead them to indiscriminate benevolence or to forgetfulness of the fact that what was being given was public money.

148. I fully endorse the following remarks of Mr. J. N. Roy, Collector of Faridpur :—

“The direct benefit derived by the people for whom the various measures were intended was immense. It has been noted under the respective heads, and we may, on the whole, congratulate ourselves on the results. But when we consider for a moment what impression the undertaking has left on the minds of the people in the area affected, we have still greater cause for congratulation. The masses had hitherto associated Government solely with police and magisterial work. ‘When distress broke out in Kowalipara’ says the Subdivisional Officer of Gopalganj, ‘on account of the high price of rice and cloth, people used to tell me of the help rendered them by Babu Debi Prasana Rai Chaudhury of the Brahmo Samaj and the apathy shown by Government officers to their miseries.’ When, therefore, Government stepped forward with generous help after the disaster, they were agreeably surprised. The manner in which the Government gave practical proof of their sympathy at once evoked grateful appreciation. As one of the non-official Secretaries remarks, ‘people are convinced of the fact that the Government not only administer civil and criminal justice but also look to the amelioration of the people when in distress.’”

So far as the people of higher strata of society, I mean the *bhadralogs*, are concerned, the cry has been for some time past that Government was unsympathetic and indifferent to their interests. The result was a great deal of discontent which the distressed were not slow to take full advantage of. It is my full conviction that it is among these *bhadralogs* that they secured their largest number of recruits. The assistance given to them has brought about a change of attitude, and dispelled any possible feeling previously entertained that their condition was a matter of indifference to Government.”

S. G. HART.

The 6th March 1920.

APPENDIX A.

1.—Note by the Meteorologist, Calcutta.

A depression had formed in the centre of the Bay on the 22nd September 1919, and by the morning of the 23rd it had apparently developed into a storm with its centre roughly 400 miles to the north-west of the Andamans. It moved rather rapidly in a northerly direction, concentrating and increasing in violence, so that by eight hours on the morning of the 24th the storm had become one of small extent but of great severity. At this time it was not far from the Sandheads, somewhat to the east-north-east. It caused a fall of the barometer of $\cdot 6$ of an inch at the Sandheads and it gave winds of hurricane force for a few hours there and tremendous seas. Passing the Sandheads, it began to change its course to the north-east and finally took up a north-easterly direction of motion. Its centre passed to the south-east of Calcutta, Jessore and Mymensingh and to the north-west of Barisal, Narayanganj and Srimangal during the day and night of the 24th and the early morning of the 25th. At eight hours on the 25th it had diminished considerably in intensity and its centre was about 80 miles east of Mymensingh. It moved into the Assam hills and broke up there. From the morning of the 23rd to the morning of the 25th its forward motion was about 12 miles per hour.

From the meteorological point of view the chief characteristic of this storm was the small area occupied by it and the intense nature of the storm within that area. From the special observations taken during the course of the passage of the storm through South-East Bengal the diameter of the region of severity must have been less than 20 miles, but within this diameter the winds were of destructive violence. The centre of the storm passed within forty miles of Calcutta without giving more than a few strong gusts, and at 4-45 P.M. on the 24th September when the storm centre was almost at its closest to Calcutta, the sun was shining brightly in Calcutta.

The highest velocities of wind recorded during the passage of the storm were:—

- 74-80 miles at the Sandheads at eight hours of 24th.
- 19 miles at Barisal at two hours of 25th.
- 15 miles at Noakhali at two hours of 25th.
- 12 miles at Alipore at 20 hours of 24th.

2.—Report of W. J. H. Ballantine, Esq., Superintendent of Police, Sylhet.

Mr. Ballantine had taken over his launch *Kotwal* from the dockyard authorities in Calcutta and was proceeding in her up to Sylhet. He met the storm in the Sipsa (in Khulna district) where the river is over a mile wide, and the launch which is a stern wheeler soon became unmanageable. She staggered and rolled in the high sea that was running, so Mr. Ballantine was constrained to run her ashore. This he did, and fortunately the place selected was covered with *Sundri* saplings which gave way before the onslaughts of the *Kotwal*. He spent a terrible night in the heart of the Sunderbans attended by a huge crocodile which refused to be driven away. He and his party were not able to leave the launch till the afternoon of the 26th when he hailed a passing steamer to convey them to Khulna. They had been marooned for two days and nights and would have suffered much from thirst but for a welcome shower when they were able to collect some rain water. On his way from Khulna a very few yards he passed dead cows and buffaloes and not infrequently human beings and pigs. The odour was too horrible for adequate description. Vultures and crows were rarely to be seen, and it is sure that the inhabitants of the air suffered no less than the residents on the land below.

The market places at Batiaghatta, Jalma, Chalna and Dacope had been levelled to the ground and the Dacope police-station simply exists no longer.

Mr. Ballantine has recorded in his tour diary a very vivid account of his perilous adventures. Room can only be found here for the following extracts:—

24th September 1919.—

At 11 A.M. we weighed anchor and proceeded up to Oura-Sipsa. Up to this the weather was monsoonish in character with nothing to suggest anything out of the ordinary. We proceeded to cross the Sipsa, which is over a mile wide, in a north-easterly direction with the wind dead ahead and had got to within 200 yards of the opposite bank when the wind instantly changed to north-west and set up a big cross sea which left us in the trough of the waves. As the steamer has very little free-board and could not stand the rolling, we were obliged to change her course to again head the wind which had begun rapidly to increase in strength; as it was only by keeping her bow on to the waves that we could hope to keep her afloat in the very high seas which had now arisen. We kept on this course to very nearly across the river to its western bank where I hoped to make a small jungle *khal* that I knew of, for a safe anchorage; but this was not to be. The wind which was now blowing with hurricane violence shifted instantly to the east, and we were again caught in the trough of the waves. The river is very deep, over 15 fathoms, and the waves which sprung up, were of extraordinary height. The cross wind had caught the steamer's roof, so that it was found impossible to turn her

to face it, and the only thing left to be done was to quarter the waves diagonally down wind and prevent her foundering before we reached the bank.

The bank at this point and *only this* was covered with thin sapling jungle right up to the water's edge, and these saplings had to be pressed down and the larger trees cut before the vessel could ride over them. Fortunately the cyclone had banked up the water which was now 3 or 4 feet deep in the jungle, and the violence of the wind and waves materially assisted the weakening effort of the steam capstan and drove the vessel on to the bank a bare 18 feet (her extreme breadth). Then one or two waves swamped and filled her. The vessel was now sunk with about 4 feet of water over her lower deck and the storm blowing with intense violence and driving huge waves right over the vessel.

It was now about midday, but as dark as midnight, and for the next two hours we were subjected to the pounding of the waves and the full fury of the storm. I confess that I entertained no hopes of surviving and had made such preparations as were possible for leaving the ship for the jungle in case she broke up.

At about 3 P.M. the wind stopped dead and a most unnatural calm resulted. There was not a breath of air and the waves which till then had been mountainous fell to absolute stillness and the surface of the river remained unruffled by even a ripple.

The still interval lasted an hour and then immediately the storm began to blow with equal violence but from due west.

26th September 1919.—In the afternoon another Andrew Yule & Co.'s steamer, the *Ireland* proceeding up from Calcutta, came alongside. She had met the cyclone in the western portion of the 24-Parganas, Sunderbans and reported numerous vessels driven ashore or total wrecks along the route including the *Shinuari* which had driven bodily into the jungle with her flat.

We anchored that night just outside of Khulna as the serang did not venture to go in, there being so many wrecks in the river. All along the route the devastation of the cyclone was pitiful. Every house and tree had been blown flat and the rivers were covered with the carcasses of cattle, interspersed with human bodies and deer. We passed several flats wrecked on the bank and not a single country boat was visible, almost all having been sunk and most of them hopelessly wrecked.

3.—Extracts from report of A. J. Dash, Esq., Collector of Khulna.

The storm. The time it began and warnings received.—On the 24th September at dawn the sky was overcast and rain was falling. The force of the wind was light. Wind and rain increased during the morning and afternoon until the full force of the cyclone was experienced at about 4 P.M. to 7 P.M. at different places. At Khulna (town) at 8-30 P.M. a lull took place for a period of about half an hour and the storm continued until after midnight. In places to the south of Khulna the storm occurred two or three hours earlier. A warning signal was received at Khulna at 12-58 on the 24th September 1919 and was hoisted at 2-30.

The directions of the wind.—The general direction of the wind at the beginning of the storm was from the east. At all places in the Satkhira subdivision, at Paikgachha and at Fultala the wind backed through north to west as the cyclone progressed showing the centre of the storm passed south-east of these places. At Fakirhat, Rampal, Bagerhat and Kachua the wind veered through south to west, the centre thus passing to the north-west of these places.

The time and places where a lull occurred.—Khulna, Dumuria, Dacope, Batiaghata, Rampal, Kachua and Mollahat report a lull in the middle of the cyclone period. The lull at Mollahat, Bagerhat and Kachua was for ten minutes. The lull at Khulna was for half an hour and at Rampal for one hour and these places may therefore be considered on the track of the centre. Mr. Ballantine, Superintendent of Police, Sylhet, was on board the *Kotwal* police launch and was caught in the cyclone and stranded in the Sunderbans at the northern junction of the Ura Sipsa with the Sipsa river and observed that a lull took place at 3 P.M. The centre therefore passed over this point. At Khulna, Rampal, Batiaghata, Dumuria and Mollahat the lull took place at about 8-30 or 9-30 P.M. It can be inferred from these observations that the storm entered the district from the south at about 9 A.M. on the 24th September and left the district at its north-east corner at about 10 P.M. The general direction of the wind after the cyclone was from the west.

In places where the lull occurred it was noticed that the west wind rose with great suddenness and violence after the lull.

The time the storm ended.—The violence of the storm abated between 1 A.M. and 2 A.M. of night of the 24th-25th September and on the morning of the 25th the weather was clear. Its duration was about 12 hours.

Little damage was done in the southern part of the Morrelganj thana and in the Sarankhola thana of the Bagerhat subdivision on the east and in the Kalaroa, Satkhira, Tala, Debhatta, and Kaliganj thanas of the Satkhira subdivision on the west. The rest of the district suffered heavily. The course therefore lies between these areas. The width of the damaged areas appears to be about 30 miles.

Places in or near the track of the centre naturally suffered more severely, but the actual damage caused varied considerably in places quite close together, the amount of damage depending on the extent to which the place was exposed to the full force of the cyclone. It was noticed that in the Sadar subdivision all the trees fell from north-east to south-west. In Bagerhat subdivision most fell from south-east to north-west. The direction of the wind which was most violent can thus be inferred.

The height of the storm wave.—One of the features of the cyclone was the storm wave which accompanied it. The water in the rivers rose 3 or 4 feet above high water level and in some places even higher. This caused considerable floods in localities near rivers. The flood in most places subsided within a few hours, but in the low and exposed paddy lands bordering on the Sunderbans considerable damage to embankments and crops resulted. In the Bagerhat subdivision little damage was done to embankments of which there are few. But the flood topped the high bank of the river (and embankment if any) and the flood water could not escape from the paddy fields.

In the Sadar and Satkhira subdivisions many embankments were destroyed by the flood. Crops were damaged by the rush of water and not by prolonged submergence. Observations on the height of the flood by various officers are appended below :—

Sadar subdivision			Ft.	Bagerhat.	Ft.	Satkhira	Ft.
By Sadar Subdivisional Officer—							
In south of subdivision	...	5		Mollahat	.. 3	Shyamnagar	... 4
„ north ditto	...	4		Do	... 4		
„ extreme south	...	3		Kachua	... 7		
By other officers—							
Terokhada	...	3		Rampal	... 7		
Palerhat	...	4					
Dumuria	...	4					
Dacope	...	12					
Daulatpur	...	5					
Fultolla	...	Nil					
Khulna.	...	4					
Batiaghatta	...	4					
Paikgachha	...	4					

4.—Extracts from the report of the Superintendent of Police, Khulna.

By 5-45 P.M. it was as dark as a baker's oven and the velocity of the wind began to increase. It blew practically due east and at 7 P.M. the storm was so intense that glass doors and venetians could no longer stand the storm.

At 8-20 P.M. there was an obvious lull.

5.—Extract from further report by the Superintendent of Police, Khulna.

The big Assam Despatch steamer *Shiwari* was blown ashore about 4 miles south of Kabbaduk forest station, i.e., to say, 4 miles south of the junction between the Kalpetna, Kabbaduk and Sheikbaria rivers. She was driven across the river which is 14 miles wide and deposited in the jungle. This place is 21 miles south-west of the place where Ballantine went ashore and is the most southerly point of which we have complete knowledge of the cyclone's strength and havoc.

6.—Extract from the report of the Deputy Inspector of Schools, Khulna.

First the cyclone began from the north-east and continued from 4 P.M. to about 8 P.M. Then after an interval of about half an hour it was again blowing from the west with

APPENDIX B.

Cyclone Damage as reported by District Officers.

DISTRICT.	Number of persons who lost their lives.	Number of cattle killed.	Number of boats sunk.	Number of dwelling houses and shops demolished.
1	2	3	4	5
Khulna	433	28,029	1,269	423,896
Bakarganj	55	970	91	40,315
Jessore	11	39	19	14,152
Faridpur	613	3,639	1,322	427,215
Dacca	1,928	5,530	7,513	729,314
Tippera	40	12	360	17,900
Mymensingh	123	732	1,425	482,251
Total	3,203	38,951	11,699	2,135,043

APPENDIX C.

The jute crop of the affected tract.

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Area under jute in the affected area.	Outturn in 1919.	Quantity sold by ralyats up to 31st December 1919.	Average price realised by ralyats.	Sum realised by ralyats from sale of jute up to 31st December 1919.	Quantity still in hands of ralyats	Estimated value of the quantity in hand at Rs. 5.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Acres.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Ra.	Mds.	Rs.
Khulna	8,181	1,17,806	73,628	7	5,15,396	44,178	2,20,890
Bakarganj ... ..	...	...	...	...	5,68,380	...	...
Jessore	6,218	77,725	48,578	7	3,40,046	29,147	1,45,735
Faridpur	2,11,900	32,39,150	20,24,469	8	1,61,95,752	12,14,681	60,73,405
Dacca	2,70,233	41,92,300	26,20,188	10	2,62,01,880	15,72,112	78,60,560
Tippera	59,275	8,77,270	5,48,204	8	43,86,352	3,28,976	16,44,880
Mymensingh	3,16,845	50,88,003	31,80,002	10	3,18,00,020	18,08,001	90,40,005
Total	8,71,832	1,35,92,254	84,95,159	8	8,00,07,826	50,97,095	2,54,85,475
or, in round numbers.	8,72,000	1,36,00,000	85,00,000	8	8,00,00,000	51,00,000	2,55,00,000

APPENDIX D.

Relief circles.

District	Number of relief circles
Dacca	26
Mymensingh	9
Faridpur	17
Bakarganj	3
Khulna	27
Jessore	2
Tippera	7
Total	91

APPENDIX E.

Number of official relief committees.

District.		Number of district relief committees.	Number of subdivisional relief committees.	Number of union or local relief committees.
Khulna	...	1	...	100
Bakarganj	...	1	3	...
Jessore	...	1	2	17
Faridpur	...	1	3	118
Dacca	...	1	3	296
Tippera	...	..	1	1
Mymensingh	...	1	2	21
Total	...	6	14	553

* Committees formed by the Bengal Relief Fund are not included

APPENDIX F.

Depôts.

District.	NUMBER OF DEPÔTS.	
	Rice and cloth	Seed.
Dacca	13	23
Mymensingh	3	.....
Faridpur	3	7
Bakarganj	.....	11
Khulna	Khas mahal and Forest offices ...	4
Total	19 (excluding Khas mahal and Forest offices in Khulna)	45

STATEMENT I—(District Totals).

Agricultural Loans.

District.	No. of groups.	No. of persons	Amount of loans given
			Rs.
Dacca	6,860	77,152	8,17,050
Mymensingh	261	2,998	17,793
Faridpur	942	10,861	1,08,380
Bakarganj	1,282	7,346	54,980
Khulna	1,597	14,527	1,74,967
Jessore	866	8,058	81,920
Tippera	...	...	...
Total	11,808	120,942	12,55,090

STATEMENT II—(District Totals).

Seed Loans.

District.	No. of persons.	SEED DISTRIBUTED				
		Quantity			Value	
		Mds.	s.	ch.	Rs.	A. P.
Dacca	12,258	4,221	3	0	35,641	1 0
Faridpur	12,364	4,868	36	14	43,625	1 9
Bakarganj	5,099	2,361	9	4	19,368	12 0
Khulna	1,468	422	32	2	3,005	15 0
Total	31,189	11,874	1	4	1,01,640	13 9

STATEMENT III.

Seed Distribution.

DISTRICT.	Quantity of seed purchased.	EXPENDITURE.				SEED ISSUED AS LOANS.		SEED SOLD.		Shortage and wastage.	BALANCE.		Total of cols. 8, 10 and 13.	Loss.
		Value of seed purchased.	Incidental expenses.	Contingencies and miscellaneous charges.	Total.	Quantity.	Value (according to bonds).	Quantity.	Sale proceeds.		Quantity.	Value.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Districts of the Dacca Division.	37,517	2,60,139	31,176	...	3,00,314	11,451	90,683	3,499	27,448	1,027	11,540	1,00,000 approximately	...	...
Khulna ...	1,100	11,036	216	689	11,891	423	3,006	30	380	37	610	...	...	...
Total ...	38,617	2,70,175	31,391	689	3,12,205	11,874	1,01,641	3,529	27,828	1,064	12,150	1,00,000	2,29,149	23,786

Includes Rs. 8,659 amount of temporary establishment

STATEMENT IV -(District Totals).

Gratuitous relief in cash from State Funds.

DISTRICT.	AGGREGATE NUMBER OF PERSONS RELIEVED.				Total cost.	Average cost per head.
	Men	Women.	Children.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
					Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Dacca ...	...	...	...	26,267	43,714	1 10 8
Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Faridpur ...	...	...	...	2,522	5,470	2 2 8
Bakarganj ...	121	345	55	521	1,221	2 5 8
Jessore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khulna ...	...	...	...	3,670	3,799	1 0 7
Tippera ...	67	127	...	194	496	2 8 11
Total ...	188	472	55	33,174	54,700	1 10 5

STATEMENT V-(District Totals).

Paddy-husking advances from State Funds.

DISTRICT.	AGGREGATE NUMBER OF PERSONS RELIEVED FROM BEGINNING TO END.				Total cost.	Average cost per head.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
					Rs. A.	Rs. A. P.
Dacca	3,907	5,537 0	1 6 8
Mymensingh	3	...	3	5 8	1 13 4
Faridpur
Bakarganj
Jessore
Khulna
Tippera
Total	3	...	3,910	5,542 8	1 6 8

STATEMENT VI.

Rice Distribution.

DISTRICT.	Quantity of rice purchased.	EXPENDITURE.				RICE DISTRIBUTED GRATIS.		RICE SOLD.		Shortage and wastage.	BALANCE.		Total of columns 8, 10 and 13.	Loss.
		Value of rice purchased.	Incidental expenses.	Contingencies and miscellaneous charges.	Total.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Sale proceeds.		Quantity.	Value.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca ...	113,170	7,06,463	20,769	...	7,26,232	1,498	10,305	83,089	5,41,807	3,031(27)	23,541	1,40,492	6,97,304	38,918 = 5'8 p.
Mymensingh ...	51,172	3,82,346	7,917	2,041	3,92,301	...	...	49,684	3,48,243	1,103(20)	3,186	20,000	3,68,243	25,268 = 6'6 "
Faridpur ...	28,630	1,86,521	11,633	...	1,98,154	1,982	11,081	19,548	1,32,778	1,460(5)	5,908	35,416	1,82,253	15,901 = 8'0 "
Bakarganj ...	130	788	27	50	845	129	815	...	...	...	...	...	845	...
Jessore ...	1,107	7,473	...	...	7,473	198	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	6,128	1,345 = 19'0 "
Khulna ...	14,437	87,647	5,068	...	92,715	2,431	23,201	6,407	32,617	1,078(7)	4,520	25,448	84,268	8,449 = 9'5 "
Tippera ...	1,034	6,650	...	...	6,656	1,024	6,858	...	...	...	...	...	6,656	...
Total ...	212,070	13,77,704	54,404	2,094	14,34,266	8,218	59,268	158,652	10,64,071	6,728(34)	39,462	2,21,356	13,43,696	90,571(8'3)

STATEMENT VII.—(District Totals).

Gratuitous relief in rice from State Funds.

District.	AGGREGATE NUMBER RELIEVED FROM BEGINNING TO END.				Total cost	Average cost per head.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
					Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Dacca ...	...	...	...	14,926	10,505	0 11 3
Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Faridpur ...	...	...	...	10,600	14,061	1 5 3
Bakarganj ...	270	1,180	507	1,957	845	0 6 11
Jessore ...	...	...	...	1,272	1,000	0 12 7
Khulna ...	...	...	...	14,497	26,201	1 12 11
Tippera ...	...	...	...	8,027	6,656	0 13 3
Total ...	270	1,180	507	51,279	59,268	1 2 6

STATEMENT VIII.

Cloth Distribution.

District.	Quantity of cloth purchased.	EXPENDITURE.				CLOTH DISTRIBUTED GRATIS.		CLOTH SOLD.		Shortage, if any.	BALANCE.		Total of columns 8, 10 and 13.	Loss.
		Value of cloth purchased.	Incidental expenses.	Contingencies and miscellaneous charges.	Total.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.		Quantity.	Value.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.				Rs.	Rs.
Dacca ...	58,595	1,20,946	1,343	...	1,22,281	38,125	76,346	20,399	31,492	78	...	...	1,07,738	14,563
Mymensingh ...	16,612	37,318	408	...	37,726	18,380	38,848	502	878	30	...	...	37,726	...
Faridpur ...	23,968	46,036	...	...	46,036	18,033	37,688	4,000	8,350	25	...	...	46,036	...
Bakarganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jessore ...	2,500	4,988	...	...	4,988	3,000	4,000	500	988	...	...	...	4,988	...
Khulna ...	4,000	8,374	...	196	8,500	1,700	3,536	2,800	4,974	...	...	...	8,500	...
Tippera ...	2,300	2,900	...	...	2,900	2,300	2,900	...	...	...	...	...	2,900	...
Total ...	109,165	2,20,563	1,753	196	2,22,441	81,336	1,61,308	37,701	46,682	123	...	...	2,07,888	14,563

STATEMENT IX.—(District Totals).

Gratuitous relief in cloth from State Funds.

District.		Aggregate number relieved from beginning to end.	Total cost.	Average cost per head.		
			Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.
Dacca	...	38,123	76,246	2	0	0
Mymensingh	...	18,356*	36,848	2	0	1
Faridpur	...	18,933	37,686	1	15	10
Bakarganj	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jessore	...	2,000	4,000	2	0	0
Khulna	...	1,700	3,526	2	1	2
Tippera	...	2,300	2,900	1	4	2
Total		81,412	1,61,206	1	15	8

* Some were given half pieces called *tubans*.

STATEMENT X.

Net Expenditure from State Funds.

District.	GRATUITOUS RELIEF IN—				LOSS IN—			Salaries and establi- shment.	Travel- ling allow- ances.	Conti- nuences and mis- cellaneous.	Total.
	Cash.	Rice.	Cloth.	Paddy- husking.	Rice transac- tions.	Cloth transac- tions.	Reel seed transac- tions.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca	43,714	10,506	76,246	5,537	38,918	14,553	...	7,773	4,363	5,394	2,06,902
Mymensingh	...	...	86,848	6	26,968	...	...	...	...	2,031	64,533
Faridpur	5,470	14,061	37,686	...	15,901	...	...	...	1,358	3,011	77,487
Bakarganj	1,221	845	...	...	...	...	...	...	402	546	3,014
Jessore	...	1,000	4,000	...	1,345	...	...	...	1,417	600	4,363
Khulna	3,799	26,301	3,526	...	8,449	...	...	...	1,027	7,400†	50,487
Tippera	496	6,556	2,900	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,082
Director of Agriculture	...	...	...	...	...	...	70,968	8,659	...	3,129	82,766
Additional Commissioner	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,916*	1,988	16,460†	35,184
Total	54,700	59,368	1,61,206	5,543	90,571	14,553	70,968	33,347	10,455	28,540	5,39,087

* Includes full salary of the Additional Commissioner and his Financial Assistant.

† Includes Rs. 5,482 for running expenses of launches not yet paid.

‡ Includes Rs. 15,386 for running expenses of launches.

STATEMENT XI.

Relief given from funds other than State Funds.

NAME OF FUND.		Cash relief.	Rice relief.	Cloth relief.	Medical and Sanitary.	Miscella- neous.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cyclone Central Relief Fund	...	2,14,935	1,85,280	47,231	13,910	2,330	4,63,686
Bengal Relief Fund	...	77,000	42,000	7,000	5,000	2,500	1,33,500*
Ram Krishna Mission	...	3,598	20,108	4,632	144	4,668	33,150
Social Service League	...	7,913	3,925	2,826	192	799	15,657
Servants of India Society	...	2,100	1,800	5,000	300	700	9,900
Sadharan Brahmo Samaj	...	8,135	...	...	...	100	8,235
Ramlal Mukerji Fund (Dacca)	...	...	2,743	2,257	...	...	5,000
Joy Gobinda Laha Fund (Faridpur)	...	455	...	...	...	...	455
Smaller funds, Dacca	...	22,364	...	...	...	...	22,364
Ditto Mymensingh	...	...	468	2,600	...	...	2,968
Ditto Faridpur	...	3,402	634	200	...	259	4,495
Ditto Bakarganj	...	205	1,373	...	...	...	1,578
Ditto Khulna	...	1,394	3,201	1,241	11,057	1,807	18,700
Ditto Jessore	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,074
Ditto Tippera	...	4,803	...	1,280	...	...	6,083
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,29,845

* for the Bengal Relief Fund is only approximate, as the officers of that fund have not yet been able to complete the

District Totals of relief given from Non-State funds.**Cyclone Central Relief Fund.**

DISTRICT.	Cash.	Rice.	Cloth.	Shirts and blankets.	Medical and sanitary.	Miscella- neous.	Total expenditure.	Total allotment.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
DACCA.								
Bhadralok ...	61,196	...	2,835	2,500	9,352	779	...	...
Others ...	63,101	90,319	...	7,603	...	...	...	2,69,060
Total ..	1,24,297	90,319	2,835	10,103	9,352	779	2,37,685	2,69,060
MYMENSINGH.								
Bhadralok ...	1,564	1,133	854	...	...	...	...	...
Others ...	10,388	25,554	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	11,952	26,687	854	...	...	...	39,493	50,000
FARIDPUR.								
Bhadralok ...	25,720	303	189	...	...	...	...	...
Others ...	18,770	62,015	9,758	...	2,783	...	...	...
Total ...	44,490	62,318	9,947	...	2,783	...	1,19,538	1,25,735
BAKARGANJ.								
Bhadralok ...	...	...	249	...	...	...	...	...
Others ...	...	...	3,305	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	3,554	...	...	...	3,554	3,554
KHULNA								
Bhadralok ...	12,859	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Others ...	12,086	4,859	7,784	3,968	1,775	1,551	...	...
Total ...	24,945	4,859	7,784	3,968	1,775	1,551	44,882	44,882
JESSORE ...	6,303	1,697	988	...	...	...	8,388	8,388
TIPPERA ...	2,948	...	7,198	...	...	...	10,146	10,198
TOTAL ...	2,14,935	1,85,280	33,160	14,071	13,910	2,330	4,63,686	5,11,817

Bengal Relief Fund.

District.

Total expenditure

Rs.

Dacca	...	...	...	...	44,170
Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	1,094
Faridpur	...	...	...	...	12,837
Bakarganj	...	...	...	...	2,825
Jessore	...	...	...	...	4,250
Khulna	...	...	...	...	5,598
Tippera	...	...	...	...	2,200
Total	...	...	...	...	72,974

Note.—These figures were furnished by the local branches of the B. R. F. They appear to relate only to relief given in cash and do not altogether tally with the figures received from the central Committee in Calcutta.

Ramkrishna Mission.

District.	Cash relief for huts.	Rice relief.	Cloth relief.	Medical.	Miscellaneous.	Working expenses.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca	1,001	14,916	3,432	60	2,377	2,291	...
Faridpur	1,202	2,892	682	72			
Lakerganj	1,073	1,242	439	10			
Khulna	322	1,058	79	2			
Total	3,598	20,108	4,632	144	2,377	2,291	33,150

Bengal Social Service League.

LOCALITY.		PERIOD OF RELIEF OPERATIONS.			FORMS OF RELIEF GIVEN.							
District and subdivision.	Union or relief centre and thana.	Date of commencement.	Date of closure.	Total amount spent for each centre.	Hut- (1)		Rice.		Cloth. (3)		Medical help.	Other incidental expenses in connection with the work.
					Number of persons relieved. (2)		Number of persons relieved. (2)		Number of persons relieved. (2)			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Dacca.												
Subdivision—Mumshiganj.	1. Tarpansa char and other chars of the Padma and Gramwari, Bhaur, Khawan, Korhati, thana Lohajung.	12-10-1919	31-12-1919	Rs. 4,602	286	Rs. 2,499	945	1,101	374	363	8	501
	2. Churain, Panchasar and Bysajogini, thana Mumshiganj.	6-10-1919	11-1-1920	1,189	163	752	..	..	375	429	8	Local Funds (5)
Subdivision—Narayanganj.	3. Solikandiati, Munapara, Brahmaudi, Satgan Union, thana Rupganj.	14-12-1919	31-12-1919	2,174	267	1,075	401	436	316	549	8	106
Jessore.												
Subdivision—Narail.	1. Kalaboria 2. Barisena Union, thana Naraganti.	18-11-1919	31-12-1919	2,267	322	1,746	1,144	1,031	349	278	120	92
Faridpur.												
Subdivision—Sadar.	1. Dulati, thana Nagar-kanda.	19-10-1919	31-12-1919	644	61	256	Local Funds (5)		193	280	8	Local Funds (5)
Subdivision—Gopalganj.	2. Pimari, thana Kotailpara.	21-10-1919	31-12-1919	1,003	143	880	Local Funds (5)		65	145	8	Local Funds (5)
Faridpur ..	Sent to J. N. Roy, Esq. District Magistrate for District Relief Committee.	on 1-10-1919	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Khulna.												
Subdivision—Bagerhat.	1. Karapara, thana Bagerhat.	19-10-1919	31-12-1919	1,061	132	670	185	209	112	201	8	Local Funds (5)
Subdivision—Sadar.	2. Maheswarpur, thana Daulatpur.	19-10-1919	31-12-1919	820	Local Funds (5)		519	33	115	281	8	Local Funds (5)
Mymensingh.												
Subdivision—Sadar.	1. Gafargan, Bhafuka, Mushkhail, Ashka, Raupur, etc., thana Gafargan.	17-11-1919	31-12-1919	..	Local Funds (5)		311	250	109	152	8	Local Funds (5)
Barisal.												
Subdivision—Sadar.	1. Habtupur, thana Habtupur.	1-10-1919	31-12-1919	306	11	64	158	185	25	48	8	Local Funds (5)
10 Centres in six districts Total.				16,658	1,886	7,912	3,680	3,925	1,831	2,828	192	699

(1) 391 huts were constructed with the help and under direct supervision of volunteers.

(2) Includes only a few *bhadralok* class widows, the rest being utterly destitute and helpless people.

(3) Includes 325 blankets, 6 gross jerseys, 680 new cloths, 150 old cloths and shirts, etc.

(4) e.g., travelling charges (railway, boat, &c.), coolie, freight, mailing charges, postage and stationery, etc., etc.

(5) Of these the main centre has no accounts.

(6) "Local Funds" mean funds supplied by or directly obtained through the efforts of the local branches of the League.

Servants of India Society.

DISTRICT.	Subdivision.	Cash relief.	Rice relief.	Cloth relief.	Medical.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	1,600	500	3,800	...	400	6,300
Khulna ...	Bagerhat ...	500	1,300	1,200	300	300	3,600
	Total ...	2,100	1,800	5,000	300	700	9,900

Sadharan Brahmo Samaj.

DISTRICT.	Subdivision.	Cash relief.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	1,700	100	
	Narayanganj ...	2,400		
	Sadar ...	1,425		
	Total ...	5,525		
Faridpur ...	Sadar ...	200	100	
	Gopalganj ...	710		
	Total ...	910		
Mymensingh ...	Sadar ...	400		
	Kissenganj ...	700		
	Total ...	1,100		
Khulna ...	Bagerhat ...	600		
	GRAND TOTAL ...	8,135	100	8,235

RELIEF GIVEN FROM FUNDS OTHER THAN STATE FUNDS—continued

Smaller funds.

Name of fund.	Cash relief.	Rice relief.	Cloth relief.	Medical and Sanitary.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
<i>Dacca.</i>	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Nawab Abdul Gani Fund ...	2,491	...	...	...	...	2,491
Nawab Sir Abdul Gani Distress Fund.	5,235	...	...	...	...	5,235
Eastern Bengal Brahmo Samaj	838	...	...	...	...	838
Committee of Khan Sahib Hafiz Mahomed Hossain of Zinzira.	13,800	...	...	...	...	13,800
Total ...	22,364	...	...	...	...	22,364
<i>Mymensingh.</i>						
Pentecostal Church of Nazarin	...	468	...	...	...	468
Raja Jagat Kishore Acharyya Chandhury.	...	...	2,500	...	...	2,500
Total ...	...	468	2,500	...	...	2,968
<i>Faridpur.</i>						
Anjumani Waizim ...	400	...	...	...	...	400
Mahila Samiti ...	431	...	200	...	...	431
Kotwalipara Sahayya Sabha ...	300	...	...	...	...	300
Maulvi Leaket Hussain ...	100	...	...	...	...	100
Timber Merchants' Association, Calcutta.	2,000	...	...	...	...	2,000
Miscellaneous ...	171	634	...	...	259	1,064
Total ...	3,402	634	200	...	259	4,495
<i>Bakarganj.</i>						
District Relief Fund*	5	1,245	...	...	...	1,250
Vidyasagar Memorial Fund ...	200	...	...	...	...	200
District Board*	...	128†	...	...	...	128
Total ...	205	1,373	...	...	...	1,578
<i>Khulna.</i>						
District Relief Fund*	762	838	1,071	1,838	1,807	6,316
District Fund* ...	632	2,363	...	9,219	...	12,214
Mahila Samiti ...	...	...	170	...	...	170
Total ...	1,394	3,201	1,241	11,057	1,807	18,700
<i>Jessore.</i>						
District Relief Fund*	...	...	...	...	...	4,074
<i>Tippera.</i>						
Mrs. K. C. De's Fund*	3,578	...	1,280	...	...	4,858
Brahmanbaria Charity Relief Fund.*	625	...	...	...	...	625
Brahmanbaria Rice Committee*	600	...	...	...	...	600
Total ...	4,803	...	1,280	...	...	6,083

* Funds marked were disbursed through official agency.

† For sale of cheap rice.

**GRANT OF CONCESSIONS IN THE MATTER OF SECURING
CIVIL APPOINTMENTS UNDER GOVERNMENT TO THOSE
PERSONS WHO HAVE RENDERED SERVICE IN A
WAR BOARD OR IN AN EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR
BOARD IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROSECUTION OF
THE WAR.**

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Political Branch.

CALCUTTA, THE 15TH MARCH 1920.

RESOLUTION—No. 3512P.

THE question has recently been under consideration whether service rendered in a War Board (including a Publicity Board) or in an Employment and Labour Board can be regarded as service for the purposes of paragraph 1(c) of this Government Resolution No. 2706P.D., dated the 22nd September 1919. It has been decided that service of the sort in question shall be so regarded.

ORDERED.—That a copy of the resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and that copies be forwarded to the other departments of Government for information and for communication to the officers subordinate to them.

By order of the Governor in Council,

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MONTHLY WEATHER AND CROP REPORT OF BENGAL. FOR FEBRUARY 1920.

I. Character of the season.—During the month under review the rainfall was in excess of the normal throughout the province, except in the districts of Birbhum, Midnapore, Hooghly, Jalpaiguri and Darjeeling, where the fall was a little in defect, and in Howrah, where the fall was just the normal. The usual rainfall statement is appended.

II. Progress of agricultural operations.—Pressing of sugarcane was nearly over. Harvesting of spring crops and preparatory tillage for jute and other autumn crops were proceeding. Sowings of jute and autumn paddy commenced in some Eastern Bengal districts.

III. State of standing crops.—The condition of standing crops was reported to be generally favourable.

IV. Prospects and probable outturn.—The prospects of standing spring crops were much improved by the rainfall in the first part of the month, and the outturn is expected to be satisfactory.

V. Damage to standing crops.—No damage to standing crops was reported from any district.

VI. Condition of agricultural stock.—The condition of live-stock was fair. Cattle disease was found to exist in parts of Nadia, Murshidabad, Bankura, Hooghly, Rajshahi, Rangpur, Dacca, Mymensingh, Tippera and Noakhali.

VII. Failure of pasturage and fodder.—The supply of fodder was sufficient throughout the province.

VIII. Prices of food-grains.—During the second fortnight of the month under review the prices of common rice rose in three districts, fell in fifteen, and remained stationary in the rest of the province. It varied from 5 seers in the headquarters of the 24-Parganas and Darjeeling to 7 seers at Bakarganj.

IX. Condition of agricultural people.—The condition of agricultural population is fairly satisfactory.

R. S. FINLOW,

Offg. Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA, the 15th March 1920.

Statement showing the normal and actual rainfall in each district during February 1920.

Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for the month of February.	Actual district rainfall for the month of February 1920.	Variation from the normal.	Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for the month of February.	Actual district rainfall for the month of February 1920.	Variation from the normal.
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.			Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
Presidency	24-Parganas	1.21	2.04	+0.83	Rajshahi— concord.	Rangpur	0.28	0.34	+0.06
	Calcutta	1.17	1.46	+0.29		Bogra	0.22	1.24	+1.02
	Nadia	1.08	1.49	+0.41		Pabna	0.24	0.27	+0.03
	Murshidabad	0.80	1.02	+0.22		Malda	0.24	1.74	+1.50
	Howrah	1.21	2.11	+0.90	Dacca	Dacca	1.05	2.72	+1.67
Bardwan	Khulna	1.22	2.16	+0.94		Mymensingh	0.22	2.02	+1.80
	Burdwan	1.08	1.74	+0.66		Faridpur	1.18	2.07	+0.89
	Birbhum	0.79	0.69	-0.10		Bakarganj	1.18	2.22	+1.04
	Bankura	1.16	1.20	+0.04	Chittagong	Chittagong	0.22	2.22	+2.00
	Midnapore	1.22	1.22	0.00		Tippera	1.05	2.17	+1.12
Rajshahi	Hooghly	1.22	1.20	-0.02		Noakhali	1.02	1.24	+0.22
	Howrah	1.27	1.27	0.00		Chittagong Hill	0.22	1.24	+1.02
	Rajshahi	0.71	1.12	+0.41		Tracoe	0.71	0.71	0.00
	Dinajpur	0.71	1.22	+0.51		Cooch Behar	0.71	0.71	0.00
	Jalpaiguri	0.22	0.45	+0.23					
	Darjeeling	0.22	0.49	+0.27					

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 11th March 1920.

Summary.—During the week the rainfall was general. In some places excessive rainfall has caused damage to the standing crops, though it has facilitated the ploughing operations generally. The harvesting of spring crops continues. The average price of common rice for the province has fallen by about 0·63 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivisions.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN RUPEES, PER MUPH.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	24-PARGANAS	Inches. 4·06	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Harvesting of <i>aman</i> paddy is finished and that of sugarcane in Baraset and Basirhat still continues. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Diamond Harbour.	6·41	5½	(n)	
	Barrackpore	(n)	(n)	5½	
	Baraset ...	4·05	5½	5½	
	Basirhat ...	2·02	6	6	
2	NADIA ...	7·49	5½	5½	Heavy rains did some damage to <i>rabi</i> crops, but facilitated the ploughing of lands.
	Kushtia ...	0·85	5	5	
	Meherpur ...	2·93	5½	5½	
	Ohuadanga...	6·57	6	6 6½	
	Ranaghat ...	8·77	5½	5½	
3	MURSHIDABAD	1·85	6½	6	Weather cloudy with occasional showers. <i>Rabi</i> harvesting has commenced. Recent rainfall with hailstones has much damaged the standing crops, but it helped the preparation of lands. Fodder is sufficient. There is no large import or export of rice. Cattle-disease is reported from thana Mirzapur in Jangipur sub-division.
	Lalbagh ...	1·73	6½	6½	
	Jangipur ...	1·22	6½	6½	
	Kandi ...	2·27	7	7	
4	JESSORE ...	5·60	6 6*	6 6*	Ploughing is going on. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops is nearly finished. The recent heavy rainfall has partly damaged the standing <i>rabi</i> crops. Fodder is sufficient.
	Jhenidah ...	4·60	6	6	
	Magura ...	5·77	5½	5½	
	Narail ...	5·48	6½	5½	
	Bangaon ...	5·79	6½	6	
5	KHULNA ...	4·36	5½	5½	Weather cloudy and rainy. The recent rainfall will do some damage to the <i>rabi</i> crops. Cultivation of <i>aus</i> paddy and jute is in progress. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Satkhira ...	3·73	5½	5½	
	Bagerhat ...	(n)	6 7*	6 7*	

* Burma rice.

(n) Not reported

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEER, PER MURAB.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
6	BURDWAN ...	In chea. 6.34	5½	5½	Weather cloudy. Pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of potatoes are going on. Ploughing of lands for jute has commenced. Export of rice continues.
	Asansol ...	2.95	6½	6	
	Katwa ...	3.97	6½	5½	
	Kalna ...	4.05	5½	5½	
7	BIRBHUM ...	2.83	6	6	Weather occasionally rainy. Manuring of fields continues. Standing crops are doing well. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat...	0.70	6½	6½	
8	BANKURA ...	2.20	6½	6½	The rain has benefitted the agricultural operations* and the standing crops. Export of rice and paddy continues.
	Vishnupur...	5.00	6½	6½	
9	MIDNAPORE...	0.54	5½	{ 5½ 6½† }	Prospects of sugarcane and tobacco are fair. Sowing of <i>til</i> is nearly completed. Fodder is sufficient. Burma rice is not available.
	Ghatal ...	2.15	5½†	{ 5½ 6† }	
	Tamluk ...	8.88	5½†	{ 5½ 6† }	
	Contai ...	1.14	5½†	{ 6 6½† }	
10	HOOGLY ...	4.60	5½	5	Effects of weather on the growth of the crops are not favourable. Fodder is sufficient.
	Serampore ...	3.38	5½	6	
	Arambagh ...	(n)	(n)	5½	
11	HOWRAH ...	3.22	6½	6	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of sugarcane is almost over. The recent rainfall has been beneficial to ploughing. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.
	Ulubaria ...	2.73	5½	5½	
12	RAJSHAHI (RAMPUR- BOALIA).	2.76	6	6½	Prospects of standing crops are favourable. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops and sowing of jute and <i>aus</i> paddy continue. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from thanas Lalpur and Bagati-para.
	Naogaon ..	0.77	6½	6½	
	Naṛor ...	2.74	6½	6	
13	DINAJPUR ...	0.54	6½	6½	Weather seasonable. Price of common rice is stationary.
	Thakurgaon	0.54	6½	6½	
	Balurghat ...	0.68	7½	7½	
14	JALPAIGURI	0.00	6	6	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Alipur ...	20.15	5½	5½	

† Coarse rice.

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEER, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
15	DARJEELING	Inches.			
	Kurseong ...	0.26	5	5	Potatoes and maize are growing. Wheat and barley are progressing. Stocks of rice, fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from some places.
	Siliguri ...	1.83	5½	5½	
	Kalimpong...	0.77	5½	6	
		0.00	5½	5½	
16	RANGPUR ...	0.04	5½	5½	Weather seasonable. Harvesting of potatoes is almost finished. Sowing of jute and paddy has commenced in places. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari	0.55	6½	5½	
	Kurigram ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Gaibandha...	0.31	5½	5½	
17	BOGBA ...	0.61	6½	6½	Ploughing of lands and sowing of jute continue.
18	PABNA ...	1.79	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops are not good. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Sirajganj.
	Sirajganj ...	0.92	5	5	
19	MALDA ...	0.39	6½	6½	Transplantation of <i>boro</i> paddy is nearly finished and sowing of <i>bhailoi</i> paddy has commenced. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
20	COOCH BEHAR	9.26	5½	6½	Sowing of <i>bitri</i> paddy, <i>chuna</i> and <i>kaon</i> and harvesting of mustard continue. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	DACCA ...	4.97	5½	6	Weather moist with high wind. The rainfall has caused some damage to the standing pulses and the young jute plants and temporarily hampered agricultural operations. Prospects of <i>boro</i> paddy are good. Rice market shows an upward tendency.
	Manikganj...	3.25	5½	(n)	
	Narayanganj	4.23	5½	6½	
	Munshiganj (a)	3.1	5½	6½	
22	MYMENSINGH	1.58	5½	5½	There has been slight rainfall, otherwise the weather is seasonable. Preparation of soil for <i>aus</i> paddy and jute continues. Sowing of jute and <i>aus</i> paddy has commenced in the char lands. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Water and fodder are sufficient. Rice market is steady.
	Jamalpur ...	0.67	5½	5½	
	Tangail ...	1.80	5½	5½	
	Netrakona ...	1.09	5½	5½	
	Kishorganj...	3.93	5½	5½	

(n) Not reported.

(a) Munshiganj being very near to Dacca and Narayanganj, its rainfall statistics are not quoted. To give information regarding the northern part of the district, rainfall figures for Kaptein thana are reported here.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches			
23	FARIDPUR ...	6.32	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 5\frac{3}{4} \end{array} \right.$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{3}{4} \\ 6\frac{1}{4} \end{array} \right.$	Weather cloudy. Sowing of <i>aus</i> paddy and jute has commenced. some damage has been done to standing <i>rabi</i> crops by the recent rains. Condition and prospects of <i>boro</i> paddy is good.
	Goalundo ..	4.8.1	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 6 \\ 6\frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right.$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 6\frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right.$	
	Madaripur ...	5.70	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 6\frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right.$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 6\frac{1}{2} \\ 6\frac{3}{4} \end{array} \right.$	
	Gopalganj (a)	4.83	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 6\frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right.$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 6 \\ 6\frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right.$	
24	BAKARGANJ (BARISAL).	2.63	6 $\frac{1}{2}$	6	Weather cloudy. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder is sufficient.
	Pirojpur ...	1.95	6	6	
	Patuakhali ...	3.02	6 $\frac{1}{2}$	6	
	Dakshin Shabazpur (Bhola).	3.82	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
25	CHITTAGONG	3.28	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 5 \end{array} \right.$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 5 \end{array} \right.$	Cultivation of early <i>aus</i> crop has commenced in many places. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient. <i>Panga</i> salt is selling at 12 and 8 seers per rupee at Sadar and Cox's Bazar, respectively.
	Cox's Bazar	2.85	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
26	TIPPERA (COMILLA).	4.65	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	Weather stormy and cloudy. Ploughing for <i>aus</i> and <i>aman</i> paddy and harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops have been stopped on account of excessive rainfall. <i>Boro</i> paddy and other standing <i>rabi</i> crops have badly suffered for the same reason. The prospects are unfavourable. Cattle-disease is reported from the Hajiganj thana in Chandpur subdivision. Burma rice is not available in Sadar and Brahmanbaria subdivisions.
	Brahmanbaria.	6.07	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
	Chandpur ...	6.88	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 6\frac{1}{2} \\ 6\frac{3}{4} \end{array} \right.$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{3}{4} \\ 6\frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right.$	
27	NOAKHALI	3.94	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	6	Weather is now clear after heavy showers which have caused some damage to <i>rabi</i> crops. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from thanas Chhaganaya and Pashuram.
	Feni ...	6.59	6	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
28	CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.	4.44	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient. No rice sells at Rangamati Bazar owing to strike. The price quoted is for other places of the district.

(a) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

* Burma rice.

† Local rice.

‡ Price of rice in the interior.

J. C. Roy,

for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Dacca, the 15th March 1920.

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned marts of Bengal for the second half of February 1920.

Marts.	PADDY (BEST QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	4 3 0	4 3 0	3 3 0	2 12 0	3 0 0	3 12 0	3 5 0
Ohella Hât ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bardwan ...	4 3 0	4 3 0	3 2 0	2 0 0	2 4 0	3 10 0	3 3 0
Kalna ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Raniganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore ...	4 2 0	4 2 0	3 4 0	1 14 0	2 3 0	2 12 0	2 11 0
Chittagong ...	(c)	(c)	3 0 0	2 2 0	2 3 0	2 13 0	2 12 0
Chandpur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca ...	4 3 0	4 12 0	3 3 0	2 4 0	3 4 0	4 4 0	4 0 0
Narayanagar ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madaripur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fabna ...	4 4 0	4 4 0	3 3 0	2 0 0	2 11 0	2 15 0	3 12 0
Sirajganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur ...	4 0 0	4 3 0	3 1 0	1 12 0	2 14 0	3 4 0	3 3 0

Marts.	PADDY (COMMON QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 0 0	2 4 0	2 10 0	3 2 0	3 15 0
Ohella Hât ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bardwan ...	4 1 0	4 6 0	3 0 0	1 10 0	2 2 0	3 2 0	2 10 0
Kalna ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Raniganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore ...	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 0 0	1 9 0	2 3 0	2 7 0	2 3 0
Chittagong ...	4 4 0	4 2 0	2 15 0	2 0 0	2 11 0	3 11 0	2 10 0
Chandpur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dacca ...	4 0 0	4 6 0	3 4 0	1 12 0	3 0 0	3 3 0	3 4 0
Narayanagar ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madaripur ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fabna ...	4 3 0	4 3 0	3 3 0	1 3 0	2 7 0	2 13 0	3 2 0
Sirajganj ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur ...	3 3 0	3 3 0	2 4 0	1 3 0	2 3 0	2 4 0	2 0 0

(c) No sale.

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned marts of Bengal for the second half of February 1926.

Marts.	RICE (BEST QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1918.
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	10 0 0	10 0 0	8 0 0	6 8 0	7 0 0	7 12 0	7 4 0
Chetla Hat ..	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Burdwan ...	7 4 0	8 0 0	7 6 0	5 0 0	7 0 0	8 8 0	8 12 0
Kalna ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Baniganj ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Midnapore ...	10 0 0	10 0 0	8 4 0	4 0 0	4 10 0	5 2 0	5 8 0
Chittagong ...	12 0 0	12 0 0	10 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	10 0 0	9 0 0
Chandpur ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Dacca ...	7 0 0	8 0 0	8 4 0	4 0 0	6 0 0	5 10 0	6 4 0
Narayanganj ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Mymensingh ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Madaripur ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Pabna ...	11 0 0	11 0 0	7 12 0	4 12 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	8 0 0
Sirajganj ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Naugpur ...	7 8 0	8 0 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	6 0 0	6 8 0	7 4 0

Marts.	RICE (COMMON QUALITY).						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1918.
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	8 8 0	8 8 0	6 4 0	4 8 0	5 10 0	6 4 0	6 2 0
Chetla Hat ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Burdwan ...	6 4 0	7 0 0	5 10 0 to 6 0 0	3 4 0	3 12 0	4 7 0	4 10 0
Kalna ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Baniganj ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Midnapore ...	6 12 0	7 0 0	5 8 0	3 0 0	4 4 0	4 10 0	4 8 0
Chittagong ...	7 0 0	7 0 0	5 0 0	3 8 0	4 4 0	4 8 0	4 4 0
Chandpur ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Dacca ...	8 8 0	7 4 0	6 0 0	3 10 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
Narayanganj ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Mymensingh ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Madaripur ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Pabna ...	7 0 0	7 0 0	5 11 0	2 4 0	4 10 0	5 4 0	5 2 0
Sirajganj ...	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
Naugpur ...	6 8 0	6 12 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	5 4 0

Statement of the present and next preceding returns of wheat, etc., in the under-mentioned districts of Bengal for the second half of February 1920.

District	WHEAT						
	Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of 1919	Corresponding return of 1918	Corresponding return of 1917	Corresponding return of 1916	Corresponding return of 1915
	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Calcutta	Rs. A. P. 5 0 0	Rs. A. P. 5 0 0	Rs. A. P. 7 4 0	Rs. A. P. 5 0 0	Rs. A. P. 4 10 0	Rs. A. P. 4 14 0	Rs. A. P. 6 0 0
Chhota Nagpur	7 0 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 4 0
Burdwan							
Kalgaon							
Raniganj							
Midnapore	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0	5 4 0
Chittagong							
Chandpur							
Dacca	6 4 0	7 0 0					
Narayanganj							
Mymensingh							
Moulvibazar							
Pabna	5 11 0	5 11 0			4 2 0		4 0 0
Sirajganj							
Rangpur	7 0 0	7 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	6 4 0

District	KATAI DAL						
	Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of 1919	Corresponding return of 1918	Corresponding return of 1917	Corresponding return of 1916	Corresponding return of 1915
	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
Calcutta	Rs. A. P. 5 0 0	Rs. A. P. 5 0 0	Rs. A. P. 10 0 0	Rs. A. P. 5 0 0	Rs. A. P. 4 10 0	Rs. A. P. 5 0 0	Rs. A. P. 5 2 0
Chhota Nagpur							
Burdwan	5 0 0	7 0 0	10 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0	5 11 0
Kalgaon							
Raniganj							
Midnapore	5 0 0	5 0 0	10 0 0	5 0 0	5 12 0	4 4 0	4 0 0
Chittagong							
Chandpur							
Dacca	5 0 0	11 0 0	5 0 0				
Narayanganj							
Mymensingh							
Moulvibazar							
Pabna							
Sirajganj							
Rangpur	10 0 0	10 0 0	5 0 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned marts of Bengal for the second-half of February 1930.

Marts.	GRAM.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	8 4 0	8 4 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	3 4 0	4 12 0
Chota Hat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	7 4 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	3 0 0	3 14 0	4 2 0	5 2 0
Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ...	7 8 0 to 9 0 0	8 4 0 to 9 0 0	7 8 0 to 8 0 0	4 2 0 to 4 8 0	4 2 0	4 10 0	5 2 0
Chittagong ...	8 12 0	9 8 0	8 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	8 12 0	9 0 0	...	...	...	...	...
Narayanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Falna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shraiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur ...	8 0 0	8 0 0	9 8 0	5 4 0	7 4 0	7 0 0	6 4 0

Marts.	ANAR DAL.						
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of 1919.	Corresponding return of 1918.	Corresponding return of 1917.	Corresponding return of 1916.	Corresponding return of 1915.
	51	52	53	54	55	56	57
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta ...	9 8 0	9 8 0	7 12 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	5 4 0
Chota Hat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan ...	8 8 0	10 0 0	12 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	6 0 0	6 8 0
Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore ...	12 8 0	12 8 0	9 8 0	8 8 0	8 0 0	7 4 0	8 2 0
Chittagong ...	11 8 0	12 0 0	10 0 0	4 8 0	6 0 0	7 0 0	8 2 0
Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca ...	12 8 0	11 8 0	9 8 0	5 2 0	4 0 0	7 2 0	7 2 0
Narayanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Falna ...	12 8 0	12 8 0	10 11 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	7 8 0	8 4 0
Shraiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur ...	(a) ...	(a) ...	12 0 0	8 8 0	7 8 0	8 12 0	7 4 0

(a) Not available.

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned marts of Bengal for the second half of February 1920.

[illegible][illegible]

2003

(b) No value.

(a) Not available.

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned marts of Bengal for the second half of February 1920.

Marts	RICE			SALT			KHOONS OIL		
	Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year	Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year	Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	10 0 0	10 0 0	25 0 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	3 15 0(a)	3 15 0(a)	3 9 0(c)
Cuttack									
Bardwan	17 2 0	17 2 0	15 0 0 to 18 0 0	3 8 0	3 4 0	3 7 0	3 12 0(b)	3 12 0(b)	
Kolna									
Bangal									
Midnapore	3 0 0 to 17 0 0	3 0 0 to 17 0 0	3 0 0 to 20 0 0	3 5 0	3 6 0	3 9 0	4 2 0(d)	4 3 0(d)	3 4 0(b)
Chittagong	22 0 0	22 0 0	25 0 0	2 14 6	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 1 0(c)	3 1 0(c)	2 8 0(c)
Chandpur									
Dacca				3 8 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 2 0(d)	4 3 0(d)	(f)
Narayanganj									
Mymensingh									
Medanipur									
Pabna	22 0 0 to 25 0 0	22 0 0 to 25 0 0	17 0 0 to 25 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	4 3 0(d)	4 3 0(d)	3 11 0
Shyamnagar									
Saugor	22 0 0	22 0 0	22 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 4 0(d)	4 4 0(d)	2 12 0(b)

(a) Mo k r l r a d | (b) Bwlog N | (c) Mosque | (d) Bwlog hant | (f) Not availab | (h) Victoria brand

Marts	MUSTARD OIL			FIREWOOD			COAL (BENGAL)		
	Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year	Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year	Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	25 0 0	25 0 0	25 0 0	0 10 0	0 10 0	0 12 0			
Cuttack							1 0 0	0 14 0	0 2 0
Bardwan	21 0 0	22 0 0	20 0 0	0 8 0	0 2 0	0 5 0	0 11 0	0 11 0	0 7 0
Kolna							0 11 0	0 8 0	0 7 0
Bangal							0 2 0	0 2 0	0 2 0
Midnapore	20 0 0 to 20 0 0	20 0 0 to 20 0 0	22 0 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 7 0			
Chittagong	24 0 0	20 0 0	22 0 0						
Chandpur									
Dacca	24 0 0	25 0 0	22 0 0						
Narayanganj									
Mymensingh									
Medanipur									
Pabna	24 0 0	24 0 0	25 0 0						
Shyamnagar									
Saugor	22 0 0	22 0 0	22 0 0						

DACCA.
The 12th March 1920

J. C. ROY,
for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Prices-current (retail) of food-grains, salt, etc., in the districts of Bengal for the second-half of February 1920.

Division.	Number.	DISTRICTS AND MARKS.	QUANTITY PER RUPEE IN SEERS OF EIGHTY TOLAH.														
			COMMON RICE.						KALAI DAL (<i>Phaseolus radiatus</i>).			ARHAR (DAL) OR THUR. CHANAN PANA (<i>Cajanus indicus</i>).			SALT.		
			Average.			Cheapest.			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.									
PRESIDENCY.		24-PANAGANA.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.
	1	Chetla Hat ...	4 9	4 9	5 0	5 0	5 0	6 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	10 10	10 10	10 10
	2	Magra Hat ...	5 15	5 4	5 2	5 8	5 11	6 10	(a)	(a)	(a)	3 4	3 4	3 12	11 12	11 12	11 4
	3	Calcutta-Bellaghat ...	4 9	4 9	5 0	5 6	5 6	7 4	4 7	4 7	3 12	4 0	4 0	5 0	10 0	13 0	10 0
		NADIA.															
	4	Gowri ...	5 8	5 8	5 12	(a)	(a)	7 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	11 0*	11 0*	10 0*
	5	Hanaghat ...	5 4	5 0	6 5	5 0	5 12	6 14	4 0	3 8	4 0	3 8	3 8	4 8	10 8*	10 8*	9 0
		MUMBAIDABAD.															
	6	Dorhampur ...	5 8	5 12	7 0	5 12	5 0	7 4	5 0	5 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 8	13 0*	13 0*	11 0*
	7	Kundi ...	5 14	5 8	7 12	7 2	5 12	8 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	4 0	4 0	4 4	10 8	10 8	11 0
BURDWAS.	8	Jangipuri ...	5 7	5 4	7 8	5 10	5 8	7 12	5 0	4 0	5 8	3 8	3 4	3 8	14 0	12 8	12 0
		JAMSHEDPUR.															
	9	Nadar ...	5 12	5 12	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 8	3 4	3 4	3 0	3 4	3 4	4 0	10 12	12 8	11 0
	10	Bangash ...	5 8	5 0	7 4	5 15	5 5	8 0	3 3	3 3	2 11	3 3	3 3	4 0	12 8	12 8	11 4
		KHOLINA.															
	11	Sadar ...	5 4	5 12	8 0	5 4	5 12	8 8	4 8	5 8	5 0	3 8	3 8	4 0	10 8	10 4	9 0
	12	Bagerhat ...	5 0	5 0	7 8	7 0	7 0	8 0	5 0	5 0	5 4	3 10	3 10	5 4	9 0	9 0	9 0
		BIRBHUM.															
	13	Nadar ...	5 8	5 0	6 15	5 8	5 14	7 6	4 0	5 0	4 0	3 8	4 0	3 1	10 8	11 0	11 0*
	14	Kalna ...	5 0	4 12	7 1	5 12	5 0	7 1	4 0	3 10	3 3	3 8	3 4	3 14	10 8	10 8	11 6*
KANSABATI.		BIRBHUM.															
	15	Huri ...	5 4	5 8	6 4	5 0	5 0	6 8	5 0	5 0	4 8	3 4	3 4	4 8	13 0*	13 0*	8 0*
	16	Ilampur Hat ...	5 8	5 0	5 12	7 8	7 0	7 4	5 0	5 0	4 0	3 8	3 8	4 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
		BANKURA.															
	17	Sadar ...	5 4	5 0	5 12	5 8	5 4	7 0	4 8	3 8	3 12	4 0	3 8	4 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
	18	Vishnupur ...	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 8	5 6	7 4	4 4	4 4	4 0	3 4	3 4	4 8	11 8	11 0	10 8
		MIDNAPORE.															
	19	Sadar ...	5 0	5 11	7 6	5 5	5 0	7 11	4 0	4 0	3 8	3 4	3 4	3 12	10 8	10 8	9 0
	20	Contai ...	5 0	5 0	5 8	5 8	5 8	9 0	3 0	3 0	4 0	3 0	3 0	3 8	13 0	10 0	10 0
		HOOGHLY.															
	21	Sadar ...	5 0	4 12	5 8	5 8	5 0	7 8	4 4	4 8	3 0	3 12	3 12	4 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
KANSABATI.	22	Arambagh ...	5 5	5 5	7 10	5 11	5 8	8 0	3 5	3 5	3 3	3 8	3 8	3 8	10 10	10 10	9 0
		HOWRAH.															
	23	Sadar ...	5 14	5 0	6 0	5 8	5 7	6 8	5 0	4 8	4 4	4 0	3 8	4 8	11 0	10 8	11 8
	24	Uinbaria ...	5 0	5 0	7 0	5 12	5 8	7 8	4 8	4 8	3 8	3 6	3 6	3 14	13 0	12 0	11 6
		RAJSHAHI.															
	25	Rampur-Bodla ...	5 2	5 6	7 2	5 6	5 8	7 8	5 0	4 8	4 0	3 8	3 6	3 8	9 12	9 12	8 10*
	26	Nator ...	5 0	5 12	7 8	5 8	5 4	6 8	4 0	4 0	5 0	4 0	4 0	7 0	9 8	9 8	8 0*
	27	Dinajpur-Railway Bazar Hat.	5 0	5 0	7 8	5 8	5 8	7 13	3 13	3 13	3 14	3 3	3 3	4 8	10 0	10 0	10 0
	28	Jalpaiguri-Sadar ...	5 8	5 4	8 0	5 0	5 12	9 0	4 0	4 0	5 0	3 4	3 4	4 8	10 0	10 0	8 0

* Karkatch.

(a) Not available.

Prices-current (retail) of food-grains, salt, etc., in the districts of Bengal for the second-half of February 1920—contd.

Division.	Number.	Districts and Mats.	QUANTITY PER RUPEE IN SEERS OF EIGHTY TOLAS.														
			COMMON RICE.						KALAI DAL (<i>Phaseolus radiatus</i>).			ARHAR (DAL) OR TUR, CADJAN PEA (<i>Cajanus indicus</i>).			SALT.		
			Average.			Cheapest.			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.									
RAJSHAHI—contd.		DARSHLING.	S. CH.	P. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.	S. CH.
	29	Sadar ...	4 0	4 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	6 8	2 12	2 12	4 0	2 12	2 12	3 4	3 0	3 0	3 0
	30	Giligul ...	4 8 to 5 8	4 0 to 5 0	6 8 to 6 0	5 8 to 5 0	5 0 to 5 0	7 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 0	3 8	3 0
		RAHOPUL.															
	31	Sadar ...	5 12	5 4	7 12	6 0	5 10	8 4	3 12	3 12	4 0	3 0	3 0	3 8	3 0	3 0	3 0
	32	Nilphamail ...	6 8	5 11	7 8	6 8	6 8	8 0	3 7	3 8	4 0	3 7	3 8	4 0	3 8	3 0	3 0
	33	Bogra—Sadar ...	6 8	5 12	4 12	6 12	6 0	7 8	3 9	3 9	6 0	3 9	3 9	4 8	3 12	3 12	10 14
		PABNA.															
	34	Sadar ...	5 4	5 0	7 4	5 8	5 8	7 12	5 0	5 0	4 0	3 0	3 0	3 12	10 0*	11 5*	10 0*
	35	Sirajganj ...	5 0	5 0	6 8	5 4	5 4	7 0	5 4	5 4	6 0	3 4	3 4	5 12	3 0	3 0	3 0
DACCA.		MALDA.															
	36	Sadar ...	6 0	6 8	6 0	6 8	7 0	7 0	6 8	6 0	6 0	3 0	3 0	4 8	12 0*	12 0*	10 0*
	37	Nalla—Nawabganj ...	5 12	5 12	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 12	6 0	6 0	5 0	3 4	3 4	6 0	12 0*	12 0*	10 0*
		DACCA.															
	38	Sadar ...	6 0	5 4	8 12	5 4	5 8	7 0	5 0	3 10	4 0	3 6	3 8	4 0	10 10	10 10	10 0
	39	Munshir Hat ...	6 0	5 0	6 12	6 0	5 4	7 0	(a)	(a)	...	(a)	3 12	...	10 0	10 0	9 0
		MYMENSINGH.															
	40	Saikatad ...	5 0	4 14	7 8	5 10 5 5	5 10 5 0	8 0	4 2	4 0	7 0	4 0	4 0	6 0	9 0	9 0	8 0
	41	Netrokona ...	5 0	5 0	6 12	5 10	5 5	7 8	4 0	4 4	7 8	3 4	3 8	4 12	10 0	10 0	8 8
		FAHIDPUR.															
	42	Sadar ...	5 2	5 2	6 8	(h) 5 15 (b) 5 4	(b) 5 15 5 5	7 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 0	3 8	4 0	9 0	9 8	9 8
CHITTAGONG.	43	Rajbari ...	5 5	5 8	7 12	(h) 5 8 (b) 6 2	(b) 5 8 6 0	8 2	5 5	4 8	4 8	4 0	3 0	4 0	10 0	10 0	9 8
		BAKARGANJ.															
	44	Burail ...	6 8	5 8	7 8	7 0	6 4	7 12	3 4	6 0	6 10	3 4	3 8	3 9	10 0	10 0	9 4
	45	Pirojpur ...	6 0	5 4	7 8	6 4	5 8	...	4 0	4 0	...	(a)	(a)	4 12	8 0*	8 0*	7 0
		TIPPERA.															
	46	Corolla ...	5 9	5 2	7 4	5 8	5 5	7 7	6 10†	6 10†	5 0	2 7	3 4	6 0	10 0	10 0	8 0
	47	Chandpur ...	6 2	5 5	6 12	7 8	7 1	8 14	3 5	3 6	5 5	2 2	3 2	6 4	9 4	9 4	9 1
		NOAKHALI.															
	48	Kalirra Hat ...	5 8	5 8	7 0	6 0	6 0	7 8	5 8	5 8	6 0	3 4	3 4	5 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
	49	Feni Hat ...	6 0	5 8	7 12	6 8	6 0	8 4	3 4	3 4	6 9	(a)	(a)	...	10 11	9 2	10 11
CHITTAGONG.																	
	50	Sadar ...	5 0	5 8	6 0	5 4	5 8	5 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 12	3 12	4 0	11 0	11 0	12 0
	51	Chaz's Bazar ...	5 8	5 4	9 0	(a)	(a)	9 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 4	3 4	3 4	8 0	8 0	9 0
	52	Chittagong Hill Tracts—Bangamail.	5 0	5 0	6 0	6 8	6 0	9 0	4 0	3 0	4 0	3 0	4 0	4 8	8 0	8 0	8 8

* Karkuloh.

(b) Burma rice.

(a) Not available.

(n) Not reported.

† Fluctuation due to import of new Kalai recently.

J. C. ROY,
for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA ;
The 12th March 1920.

List of prices of articles of food at Calcutta for the week ending Saturday, the 13th March 1920.

Name of article.	WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND.		RETAIL PRICE PER SEER.	
	From—	To—	From—	To—
Rice—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balam, coarse ...	6 14 0	7 0 0	0 2 9	0 4 0
„ medium ...	7 0 0	7 8 0	0 4 3	0 5 0
Patnai, coarse ...	6 2 0	7 0 0	0 2 9	0 4 0
„ medium ...	7 6 0	7 13 0	0 4 3	0 5 0
Nagra, coarse ...	6 3 0	7 0 0	0 2 9	0 4 0
„ medium ...	7 2 0	8 0 0	0 4 3	0 5 0
Dudhkalma ...	7 10 0	8 2 0	0 3 3	0 3 6
Rangoon Boiled	.....	.....	0 3 3	.....
Kajla ...	5 0 0	5 4 0	0 2 9	.....
Wheat, Dudhia ...	6 8 0	.....	.....	.....
„ Gangajali ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
„ Jamali ...	6 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Gram, Patnai (whole) ...	6 2 0	8 0 0	0 3 0	0 3 9
„ dal ...	10 4 0	10 12 0	0 4 0	0 4 3
Mung „ (Hari) ...	7 8 0	7 12 0	0 5 6	0 8 0
„ „ (Krishna) ...	7 12 0	8 0 0	0 5 0	0 6 0
Arhar „ ...	9 4 0	12 0 0	0 4 0	0 5 0
Masur „ (split) ...	5 0 0	5 4 0	0 2 6	0 4 0
„ „ (Khanri) ...	9 0 0	10 0 0	0 4 6	0 5 0
Kalai „ ...	8 4 0	8 8 0	0 3 0	0 4 0
Salt ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sugar (Brown Java) ...	25 0 0	26 8 0	0 10 0	0 12 0
Gur, Bheli ...	9 0 0	10 0 0	0 5 0	.....
„ Bhursut ...	10 4 0	10 8 0	0 5 0	0 6 0
„ Date ...	9 8 0	.....	0 5 0	.....
Milk ...	10 0 0	13 0 0	0 4 0	0 5 0
Mustard oil ...	25 0 0	29 0 0	0 14 0	1 2 0
Flour (country) ...	8 8 0	9 0 0	0 4 6	0 5 0
Atta, No. 3 ...	6 4 0	.....	} 0 3 3	0 5 0
„ „ 2½ ...	6 8 0	.....	
„ „ B ...	9 2 0	.....	
Suji ...	9 0 0	9 8 0	0 4 6	0 5 0
Ghee (Bhadwa, Matki, etc.) ...	95 0 0	101 0 0	2 12 0	.....
„ (Patiram, Khurja, Ruto, Etwa, better kind, etc.) ...	94 0 0	97 0 0	2 10 0	.....
„ (Lalli, Etwa, Sagar, etc.) ...	90 0 0	91 0 0	2 8 0	.....
Maize ...	4 8 0	5 0 0	.....	.....
Potatoes ...	3 0 0	4 0 0	0 1 3	0 2 0
Patal ...	20 0 0	25 0 0	0 10 0	.....
Brinjal ...	1 8 0	2 8 0	0 1 0	0 1 6
Onions ...	2 8 0	4 0 0	0 1 3	0 1 6
Fish, Rahu ...	20 0 0	25 0 0	0 12 0	0 14 0
Mutton (2nd class) ...	.....	.....	0 10 0	.....
Beef (2nd and 3rd classes) ...	.....	.....	0 3 0	0 5 0

N.B.—This is an abstract of prices at the following markets:—

Wholesale—Chetla Hat, Ramkrishnapur Hat, Sealdah Fish and Milk Markets, Posta Bazar.

Retail—Sir Stuart Hogg Market, Orphangunge Market, Sobha Bazar, Nutun Bazar, Raja Babu's Bazar, Bow Bazar, Taltolla Bazar, Jogan Babu's Bazar.

S. C. GHOSH,

for President, Advisory Food Committee.

CALCUTTA, the 13th March 1920.

Vital statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of the Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 31st January 1920.

Districts.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1911.			BIRTHS, REGISTERED.		DEATHS REGISTERED.										
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still born births).	Still born number registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Respira- tory diseases.	Injuries.	Other causes.	Total, all causes.		
																Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Calcutta	1	Calcutta ...	607,674	288,393	896,067	365	20	22	227	1	99	87	320	9	258	597	426	1,023
Howrah	2	Howrah ...	114,829	64,560	179,389	68	24	6	10	...	72	27	94	2	87	162	136	298
Dacca	3	Dacca ...	63,091	45,460	108,551	67	2	...	1	...	23	5	3	2	25	31	28	59
24-Parganas	4	Maniktala ...	31,735	22,032	53,767	13	...	2	32	...	14	12	22	...	19	61	40	101
	5	Bhatpara ...	34,739	15,675	50,414	6	1	...	...	...	7	2	1	...	...	8	2	10

* As the weekly statement has been introduced from the 10th January 1920 according to Government of Bengal, Municipal Department, letter No. 15255-20, dated the 20th December 1919, the figures for the column "Total of corresponding week of the previous year" are not available and therefore this column is omitted from the statement.

* Including deaths from influenza.

CALCUTTA.

The 9th March 1920.

CHAS. A. BENTLEY,
Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Vital statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 7th February 1920.

District.	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1911.			DEATHS REGISTERED.														
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still- births).	Still born number registered.	Cholera.	Small pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Respira- tory diseases.	Injuries.	Other causes.	Total, all causes.				
																Male.	Female.	Number.		
Calcutta	...	1	Calcutta	...	607,674	288,393	896,067	409	25	17	215	...	110*	77	274*	12	252	514	443	957
Howrah	...	2	Howrah	...	114,822	64,569	179,391	63	27	12	8	...	74	24	63	2	105	155	133	288
Dacca	...	3	Dacca	...	63,091	45,460	108,551	62	1	1	...	...	22	5	2	...	22	28	24	52
24-Parganas	{	4	Maniktala	...	31,735	22,032	53,767	14	1	4	24	...	14	7	20	...	24	48	45	93
		5	Bhatpara	...	34,739	15,675	50,414	6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	2	2	4

* As the weekly statement has been introduced from the 10th January 1920 according to Government of Bengal, Municipal Department, Letter No 1938-San, dated 14-20th December 1919, the figures for the column "Total of corresponding week of the previous year" are not available and therefore this column is omitted from the statement.

* Including deaths from Influenza.

CALCUTTA,

The 11th March 1920.

CHAS. A. BENTLEY,

Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Statement showing the gauge-readings at Dacca Water-works Station on the river Buriganga for the week ending the 28th February 1920.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 6 P.M.	Remarks.
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1920							
22nd Feb.	52.5	14-0	53.9	8-32	51.4	51.7	F. T. at 8-45 and K. T. at 14-18.
23rd "	52.5	14-40	53.5	9-10	51.28	51.8	F. T. at 9-25 and E. T. at 14-35.
24th "	52.54	15-10	53.4	10-0	51.2	52.0	F. T. at 10-15 and K. T. at 15-20.
25th "	52.6	15-50	53.25	10-45	51.2	52.2	F. T. at 11 and K. T. at 16-5.
26th "	52.7	16-18	53.1	11-12	51.3	52.6	F. T. at 11-25 and K. T. at 16-32.
27th "	52.8	16-48	53.0	11-54	51.15	52.9	F. T. at 12-15 and E. T. at 16-55.
28th "	52.82	17-30	53.0	12-30	51.24	52.8	F. T. at 12-50 and K. T. at 17-40.

Notable high and low water levels of previous years.

27th August	1906	70.5	Taken at high tide.
5th September	1909	...	...	...	67.86
10th August	1910	...	...	...	69.2
1st "	1911	...	...	...	68.46
13th "	1912	...	...	...	67.16
31st "	1915	...	...	...	69.7
18th "	1916	...	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	...	...	...	67.1
31st "	1918	...	...	...	69.12
23rd February	1907	51.06	Taken at low tide.
18th "	1908	...	...	...	51.06
12th March	1912	...	...	...	51.06
6th "	1914	...	...	...	50.60
22nd February	1915	...	...	...	50.80
16th "	1916	...	...	...	50.60
3rd March	1917	...	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	...	51.10

DACCA,
The 8th March 1920.

ASHUTOSH GUHA,
Executive Engineer, Dacca Division.

Statement showing the gauge-readings at Dacca Water-works Station on the river Buriganga for the week ending the 6th March 1920.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 6 P.M.	Remarks.
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1920.							
29th Feb.	53.1	7-	53.1	13-5	51.29	52.8	K. T. at 7-10. and F. T. at 13-15.
1st March	53.4	7-42	53.6	14-0	51.4	53.2	K. T. at 8 and F. T. at 14-15.
2nd "	53.7	8-15	54.25	14-46	52.6	53.5	E. T. at 8-25, and F. T. at 15-5.
3rd "	54.0	9-0	54.94	15-20	53.2	53.7	K. T. at 9-12, and F. T. at 15-25.
4th "	54.54	9-55	55.68	16-10	53.5	53.8	K. T. at 10-10, and F. T. at 16-22.
5th "	54.28	10-35	55.6	17-0	53.4	53.4	E. T. at 10-35, and F. T. at 17-15.
6th "	54.0	11-25	55.4	17-50	53.2	53.9	K. T. at 11-45, and F. T. at

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

27th August	1906	70.5	Taken at high tide.
5th September	1909	...	...	...	67.86
10th August	1910	...	...	...	69.2
1st "	1911	...	...	...	68.46
13th "	1912	...	...	...	67.16
31st "	1915	...	...	...	69.7
18th "	1916	...	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	...	...	...	67.1
31st "	1918	...	...	...	69.12
23rd February	1907	51.06	Taken at low tide.
18th "	1908	...	...	...	51.06
12th March	1912	...	...	...	51.06
6th "	1914	...	...	...	50.60
22nd February	1915	...	...	...	50.80
16th "	1916	...	...	...	50.60
3rd March	1917	...	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	...	51.10

DACCA,
The 12th March 1920.

ASHUTOSH GUHA,
Executive Engineer, Dacca Division.

Statement of Weekly Gauge-readings on the River Ganges at Rampur-Boalia for the week ending the 13th March 1920.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero : minus sign for those below zero.	Height of surface above mean sea-level according to P. W. D. datum.(a)	Height of surface above mean sea-level on the same date last year according to P. W. D. datum.(a)	Remarks.
1920.					
7th March	8 A.M.	Zero of gauge is at mean sea level.	37.00	36.91	B. M. on College step 64.93.
8th "	8 "		36.90	36.81	
9th "	8 "		36.95	36.81	
10th "	8 "		36.95	36.71	
11th "	8 "		36.90	36.66	
12th "	8 "		36.80	36.51	
13th "	8 "		36.70	36.46	

(a) P. W. D. datum 6.25 feet above Kidderpore old dock wall.

			Old value	According to P. W. D. datum
The previous year	...	Highest	water-level ... 61.29 on 18th September 1919	... 62.80
Do	...	Lowest	" ... 38.51 on 8th May 1919	... 35.01
Record	...	Highest	" ... 69.25 on 26th August 1879	... 64.44
Do	...	Ditto	" ... 69.08 on 9th September 1885	... 64.27
Do	...	Ditto	" ... 68.30 on 25th August 1906	... 63.47
Do	...	Ditto	" ... 68.21 on 26th August 1890	... 63.40
Do	...	Lowest	" ... 37.63 on 26th April 1884	... 32.82
Do	...	Ditto	" ... 38.18 on 14th-15th April 1883	... 33.02
Do	...	Ditto	" ... 39.02 on 21st-22nd April 1897	... 34.21
Do	...	Ditto	" ... 39.28 on 6th-7th May 1908	... 34.47

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from the 1st August 1887

BOALIA. W. BISWAS.
The 13th March 1920. for Executive Engineer, Rajshahi Divn.

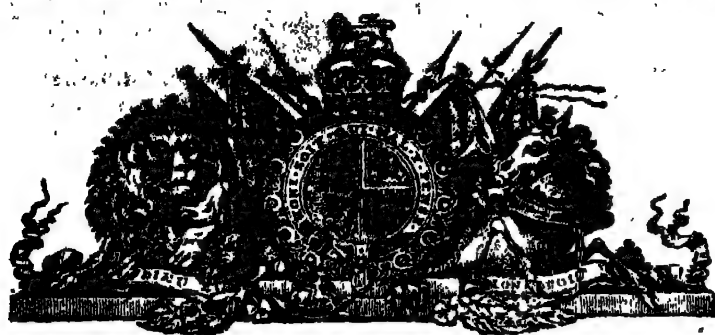
GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 13th March 1920, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 13TH MARCH 1920.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 10TH MARCH 1919.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	307	85,505	1,404	804	278,860	4,412
Jute	65	37,312 ^a	351	39	28,800†	285
Firewood	55	27,025	398	23	12,100	183
Other articles	884	261,023	3,038	653	170,533	2,203
Total	1,311	410,865	5,191	1,519	490,293	7,083
Empty boats and rafts	482	...	1,204	488	...	1,219
GRAND TOTAL	1,793	410,865	6,395	2,007	490,293	8,302

^a Mds.
 Weight by canal measurement ... 42,675
 Ditto ditto ... 29,850

CALCUTTA. G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
The 16th March 1920. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1920.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Governor of Bengal in Council, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

No. 2638A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 2409A.—The 17th March 1920.—Rai Sahib Bhupendra Nath Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the headquarters station of the Bankura district and is appointed to have charge of the Sadar subdivision of that district.

No. 2412A.—The 17th March 1920.—Babu Radhika Lal De, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bakarganj, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Dinajpur district.

- No. 2415A.—The 17th March 1920.**—Babu Satish Chandra Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bankura, is transferred to the headquarters station of the Bakarganj district.
Bankura.
Bakarganj.
- No. 2461A.—The 18th March 1920.**—Mr. M. H. M. Furrokh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the headquarters station of the Rajshahi district.
Rajshahi.
- No. 2469A.—The 19th March 1920.**—Babu Kashiswar Chakrabatti, probationary Deputy Collector, on settlement duty, Rajshahi, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to the seventh grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors. He will continue to be employed on settlement duty until further orders.
Rajshahi.
- No. 2471A.—The 19th March 1920.**—Babu Abinash Chandra Banarji, B.L., probationary Deputy Collector, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to the seventh grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors and is posted to the Pirojpur subdivision of the Bakarganj district.
Bakarganj.
- No. 2473A.—The 19th March 1920.**—Babu Pran Kumar Mukharji, M.Sc., probationary Deputy Collector, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to the seventh grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors. He will continue on settlement training in Bankura until further orders.
Bakarganj.
- No. 2476A.—The 19th March 1920.**—The probationary Deputy Collectors, named below, are appointed substantively *pro tempore* to the seventh grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors and posted to the headquarters stations of the districts mentioned opposite their names:—
Chittagong.
Mymensingh.
Babu Pramodranjan Das Gupta, M.Sc., B.L., Chittagong.
„ Jyotish Chandra Banarji, M.A., B.L., Mymensingh.
- No. 2479A.—The 19th March 1920.**—Babu Sambhu Charan Chatterji, M.A., probationary Deputy Collector, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to the seventh grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors and posted to the headquarters station of the Murshidabad district.
Murshidabad.
- No. 2516A.—The 19th March 1920.**—Babu Jatindra Nath Mitra, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the headquarters station of the 24-Parganas district.
24-Parganas.
- No. 2558A.—The 22nd March 1920.**—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. T. J. Y. Roxburgh, I.C.S., Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Sirajganj, Pabna, to be Additional District Magistrate, Dacca, for a period not exceeding six months, and to direct that he shall have, during the period he is so employed, all the powers of a District Magistrate under the said Code.
Pabna.
Dacca.
- No. 2561A.—The 22nd March 1920.**—Mr. L. R. Fawcus, I.C.S., officiating Additional District and Sessions Judge, Hooghly, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector, Khulna.
Hooghly.
Khulna.
- No. 2565A.—The 22nd March 1920.**—Mr. H. C. Stork, I.C.S., Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Kurseong, Darjeeling, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector, Rajshahi.
Darjeeling.
Rajshahi.

No. 2567A.—The 22nd March 1920.—Mr. D. MacPherson, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, is appointed to have charge of the Sirajganj subdivision of the Pabna district.

No. 2571A.—The 22nd March 1920.—Mr. A. H. Kemm, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, is appointed to have charge of the Kurseong subdivision of the Darjeeling district.

No. 2611A.—The 22nd March 1920.—Mr. J. W. Nelson, I.C.S., is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional District and Sessions Judge, Hooghly.

No. 2632A.—The 23rd March 1920.—Babu Surendra Nath Sarkar, M.Sc., B.L., probationary Deputy Collector, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to the seventh grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors and posted to the headquarters station of the Jessore district.

LEGISLATIVE.—No. 2531A.—The 20th March 1920.—It is hereby notified, in pursuance of rule 14 in schedule XI to the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal, that Mr. Walter Lancelot Travers was, on the 16th March 1920, declared, under rule 9 (1) in the same schedule, to have been elected by the tea-planting community to be an Additional Member of that Council.

No. 2618A.—The 23rd March 1920.—It is hereby notified, in pursuance of rule 14 in Schedule III to the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal, that Babu Sarat Chandra Chakrabarty was, on the 16th March 1920, declared, under rule 9 (1) in the same schedule, to have been elected by the Commissioners of Municipalities in the Dacca Division to be an Additional Member of that Council.

POLICE.—No. 2439A.—The 17th March 1920.—Mr. A. W. Shallow, Superintendent of Police, on leave, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Tippera.

No. 2466A.—The 19th March 1920.—Mr. J. R. Johnson, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent of Police and is posted to the headquarters station of the Mymensingh district.

No. 2587A.—The 22nd March 1920.—Mr. P. L. Faulkner, Superintendent of Police, Khulna, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Howrah.

No. 2589A.—The 22nd March 1920.—Mr. G. H. Mannoch, substantive *pro tempore* Superintendent of Police, Howrah, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Superintendent of Police, Khulna.

No. 2631A.—The 23rd March 1920.—Mr. A. O. Johnstone, Superintendent of Police, Darjeeling, is appointed to act as Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Burdwan Range, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. J. M. Coates, or until further orders.

No. 2633A.—The 23rd March 1920.—Mr. P. T. Monckton, Superintendent of Police, Bankura, is appointed to act as Superintendent of Police, Darjeeling, *vice* Mr. A. O. Johnstone, on deputation, or until further orders.

No. 2625A.—The 23rd March 1920.—Mr. E. S. R. Anley, Superintendent of Police, on leave, is appointed to be Superintendent of Police, Bankura.

No. 2626A.—The 23rd March 1920.—Mr. C. F. Freeman, Assistant Superintendent of Police, was employed at the headquarters station of the Midnapore district from the 9th January 1920 to the 17th February 1920, inclusive.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 2421A —The 17th March 1920.—Babu Harendra Kumar Ghosh (No 1), Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for one week, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 30th January 1920.

No. 2459A.—The 18th March 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 20th February 1920, Babu Prabodh Chandra Chatarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Burdwan, is allowed leave for four months and twelve days, viz., privilege leave for two months and twelve days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 26th February 1920, and additional privilege leave for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919.

No. 2498A.—The 19th March 1920.—Babu Sarada Nanda Das, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Munshiganj, Dacca, is allowed leave for five months and twenty-seven days, viz., privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 3rd February 1920, and additional privilege leave for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919.

No. 2555A.—The 22nd March 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 4th February 1920, Mr. J. A. L. Swan, I.C.S., is allowed combined leave from the 23rd March 1920 to the 1st November 1920, inclusive, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, additional privilege leave for one month and twenty-two days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 2605A —The 22nd March 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 22nd October 1919, Mr. A. Cassells, I.C.S., is allowed combined leave for one year, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, with effect from the 9th November 1919, additional privilege leave for three months, furlough on average salary for four months, and furlough on half average salary for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

POLICE.—No. 2437A.—The 17th March 1920.—Mr. R. G. Watling, Superintendent of Police, Tippera, is allowed combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for one month and fifteen days, with effect from the 6th April 1920, additional privilege leave for one month and seven days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period, under the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919. He is also allowed, in continuation, furlough on half average salary for four months under article 308 (b) of the Regulations.

No. 2529A.—The 20th March 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 29th September 1919, Mr. R. E. A. Ray, of the Indian Police, is allowed combined leave for one year, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months and twenty-five days, with effect from the 12th November 1919, additional privilege leave for three months and furlough for the remaining period under article 308(b) of the Regulations.

No. 2615A.—The 22nd March 1920.—Mr. J. M. Coates, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Burdwan Range, is allowed combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months and four days, with effect from the 1st March 1920, or the amount due on any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, additional privilege leave for one month and fifteen days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, Resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919. He is also allowed, in continuation, furlough on half average salary for eleven months and eighteen days, under article 308(b) of the Regulations.

No. 2628A.—The 23rd March 1920.—Mr. A. R. Farrow, Assistant Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is allowed combined leave for two years, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, with effect from the 1st April 1920, additional privilege leave for three months and furlough for the remaining period under article 338 of the Regulations.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2441A.—The 17th March 1920.—The following is added to the rules for admission into the Judicial Branch of the Provincial Civil Service, which were published under notification No. 1784A., dated the 10th March 1891:—

- Rule 6—No member of the Provincial Service, once he has been confirmed, shall be entitled to resign his appointment without the previous sanction of Government."

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2992L.R.—The 19th March 1920.—Babu Umacharan Barua, Sub-Deputy Collector, employed as Khas Tahsildar of Patiya Khasmahal, in the district of Chittagong, is granted privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months with effect from the 15th April 1920 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 3047L.R.—The 20th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 39 of the Cess Act, 1880 (Bengal Act IX of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to determine that the Public Works cess for the year 1920-21 shall be levied in every district in the Presidency of Bengal to which the said Act has been extended, at the rate of one-half anna on each rupee of the annual value of lands and of the annual net profits from mines, quarries, tramways, railways and other immoveable property (except such as may have been exempted under section 2 of the said Act), ascertained respectively as in the said Act prescribed.

No. 3091 L.R.—The 22nd March 1920.—It is hereby notified that the survey carried out under the orders of Government under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (Act V of 1875), and section 101 (1) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), and embodied in the under-noted notifications, is adopted as defining villages for the purpose of section 3 (10) (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in the police-station of Saktipur in the district of Murshidabad :—

Murshidabad.

- (1) No. 1595 T.R., dated the 1st October 1917.
- (2) No. 7311 L.R., dated the 6th September 1918.

No. 3126 L.R.—The 23rd March 1920.—It is hereby notified that the survey carried out under the orders of Government under section 3 of the Bengal Survey Act, 1875 (Bengal Act V of 1875) and sub-section (1) of section 101 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), as embodied in the notifications noted below, is adopted as defining villages for the purpose of clause 10 (b) of section 3 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (Act VIII of 1885), in the police-stations of Katwa and Ketngram, in the district of Burdwan :—

Burdwan.

1. No. 1595 T.R., dated the 1st October 1917.
2. No. 7311 L.R., dated the 6th September 1918.

No. 3127 L.R.—The 23rd March 1920.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen, Deputy Collector and Assistant Settlement Officer, Rajshahi, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Bengal Land Revenue Settlement Regulation, 1825 (IX of 1825), and the Bengal Land Revenue Assessment (Resumed Lands) Regulation, 1828 (III of 1828), to be exercised in the district of Rajshahi as well as in those areas of the districts of Pabna, Murshidabad, Nadia and Malda which lie in manzas falling wholly or partly within five miles from the main stream of the rivers Ganges and Padma.

**Rajshahi.
Pabna.
Murshidabad.
Nadia.
Malda.**

No. 3140 L.R.—The 23rd March 1920.—With reference to rule 7 of the rules issued by the Government of India with their Resolution No 7552-7581-121, dated the 15th September 1913, for regulating the grant by Local Governments of licenses to prospect for minerals and the grant of mining leases in British India, it is hereby certified that Mr. G. W. Linberry Kerr, of Kurgong, is approved by the Government of Bengal as a fit and proper person to whom such licenses or leases can be granted in the Presidency of Bengal.

2. Under rule 8 of the aforesaid rules this certificate will expire at midnight on the 31st of December 1920.

No. 3161 L.A.—The 23rd March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the piece of land comprised in premises No. 7, Middleton Street, in the town of Calcutta, measuring, more or less, 1.1694 acres, which was notified for acquisition under declaration No. 6293 L.A., dated the 2nd August 1919, published at page 1210, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 6th idem, and required for the official residence of the Hon'ble the Chief Justice of Bengal.

No. 3097 Agri.—The 23rd March 1920.—Babu Tarak Chandra Ray, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on special duty in the Department of Co-operative Societies, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Deputy Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Bengal, *vice* Mr. M. Thorp, I.C.S., appointed to act as Registrar, Co-operative Societies.

M. O. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3005 L.A.—The 19th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for extension of drain at mile 46 of the Barharwa-Azimganj-Katwa Railway in the village of Fatehjungpur Diar, pargana Muraripur, zilla Murshidabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 41 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and South—By the lands of Lochmon Mistri, Pattan Chowdhuri, Mahabir Chowdhuri, the road and the lands of Sreebalak Chowdhuri, Jhalu and Kedar Mandal, Kalu Mandal and Ganapat Muchi,

East—By the Barharwa-Azimganj-Katwa Railway land,

West—By the Mahimapur Ferry Ghat Road,

is required within the aforesaid village of Fatehjungpur Diar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Lalbagh.

M. C. McALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3044 L.A.—The 20th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Chittagong District Board for a public purpose, viz., for diversion of the Chera under bridge No. 42 on Ramghar Road, section I, in the villages of Fatika and Pahartali, thana Hathazari, zilla Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 156 acres, bounded on the—

BLOCK I—MAUZA FATIKA :

North—By road (cadastral survey plot No. 7192) and portions of cadastral survey plots Nos. 8821, 8819, 8818, 12367, 8880, 8877, 8888 and 8886.

East and South—By portions of cadastral survey plots Nos. 8885, 8883, 8877, 8878, 8879, 8876, 8822, 8819, 8821 and 7192 (road).

West—By village Pahartali, cadastral survey plots Nos. 2440 and 2510 ;

BLOCK II—MAUZA PAHARTALI :

North—By road (cadastral survey plot No. 7192) and portions of cadastral survey plots Nos. 2318, 2305, 2317, 2316, 2314 and 2440.

East—By road (cadastral survey plot No. 7192) and portions of cadastral survey plots Nos. 2313 and 2440.

South—By road (cadastral survey plot No. 7192) and portions of cadastral survey plots Nos. 2509, 2440 and 2318.

West—By portions of cadastral survey plots Nos. 2511, 2509, 2318, 2314, 2312, 2249, 2250, 2248, 2244, 2243, 2232 and 2231,

are required within the aforesaid villages of Fatika and Pahartali.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Chittagong.

M. C. McALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PANCHGECHHYA :

Nos. 443, 447, 563 ;

CHHOTAKUKRA AUL :

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 (whole), 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 30, 31, 32, 33, blank plot between 33 and 34, 34, 37, 38, 39, 41 ;

MAHAMMADPUR :

Nos. 2, 3, 4, 644, 5 ;

KAMARBHERYA :

Nos. 253, 254, 261, 262, 271, 272, 276, 275, 229, 221, 220, 219, 218, 312, 216, 216, 217, 218, 293, 292, 296, 290, 281, 280 ;

DHARADHARPUR :

Nos. 6, 170 (whole), 171, 172 (whole), 173, 174, 177, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 165, 166, 167, 168, 162, 169, 152, 203, 142, 141, 137 (whole), 132, 136, 135, 134, 133, 11, 10 ;

KASAFALIA :

No. 342 ;

JAGANNATHCHAK :

Nos. 589, 590 (whole), 591 (whole), 592, 619, 595, 54 (whole), 593, 596, 597, 598 (whole), 599 (whole), 617, 616, 615, 614 (whole), 613 (whole), 600 (whole), 601 (whole), 603, 605, 602, 612 (whole), 610, 611, 606, 607, 609 (whole), 575, 608 (whole), 580, 573, 569, 576, 577, 578, 568, 567, 566, 641, 644 ;

DHOBABERYA :

Nos. 951, 952, 963, 962, 961, 960, 918, 917, 916, 915, 914, 913, 888, 887, 883, 882, 881, 880, 824, 820, 819, 818, 733, 732, 731, 730, 729, 728, 727, 726, 725, 683, 682, 674, 692 ;

SAFIABAL :

Nos. 573, 574, 571 (whole), 572, 570, 554, 555, 569, 568, 560, 567, 561, 566, 563, 564, 565, 439, 440, 436, 438, 437, 434, 435, 433, 432, 430, 431, 429, 428, 426, 427, 425, 424, 422, 423, 421, 420, 419, 418, 417, 416, 414, 415, 411, 412, 413, 321, 322, 320, 316, 317, 319, 318, 315, 314, 295, 294, 293, 292, 291, 288, 287, 286, 286, 56, 57, 58, 63, 449, 448, 674, 675, 476, 444, 437, 436, 434, 433, 438, 442, 443, 439, 430, 431, 432, 425, 422, 423, 424, 415, 421, 420, 478, 419, 417, 418, 480, 481, 486, 485, 484, 487, 386, 385, 384, 383, 382, 101, 1111, 115, 1154, 1155, 116, 120-1118, 1117, 122, 124, 123, 121, 130, 129, 1156, 128, 127, 202, 201, 200, 195, 131, 199, 196, 197 ;

DHOLMARI :

Nos. 256, 212, 255, 254, 253, 252, 251, 250, 249, 248, 247, 245, 244, 242, 241, 13, 15, 16, 12, 11, 10, 9, 7, 6, 5, 1044 ;

DEULPOTA :

Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 37, 38, 40, 39, 41, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49, 1, 3, 23, 24, 25, 142 ;

DAKHIN AMTALIA :

Nos. 115, 116, 120, 121, 119, 122, 124, 123, 128, 127, 126, 130, 129, 132, 131, 136, 135, 134, 133, 200, 199, 201, 202, 212, 211, 213, 209, 214, 215, 219, 220, 221, 222, 339, 303, 305, 306, 307 ;

PURBA AMTALIA :

Nos. 405, 837, 641, 639, 638, 631, 630, 620 ;
is required within the aforesaid villages.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Contai.

M. C. McALEER,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3116L.A.—The 23rd March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the East Indian Railway Company for a public purpose, viz., for the new loco. yard at Ondal station in the village of Madanpur, pargana Shergarh, zilla Burdwan, it is

hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 17·34 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Gobardhan Misra, Krista Goswami, Saron Acharji and a village road,

East and South—By the land of the East Indian Railway Company,

West—By the lands of Naba Krista Mukerji, Krista Laik, Haladhar Sadhu, Uday Chandra Mukerji, Biraj Mohini Debi, Amar Sanker Mukerji, Swarnamayee Dasi, Radhanath Mondal, Kalipada Mukerji, Khudiram Mondal, Gokul Pal, Thakan Pal, Brojendra Nanda Goswami, Sarbeswar Gope, Gobardhan Misra and a village road,

is required within the aforesaid village of Madanpur.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use, in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, Burdwan, as well as in that of the District Engineer, East Indian Railway, Asansol.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3146 L.A.—The 23rd March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by

Jessore.

Government at the expense of the District Board of Jessore for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of an infectious ward at Bongaon, pargana Khosdaha, district Jessore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 0·26 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and West—By Nafar Chandra Pal Chaudhuri's land,

South—By the side land of Bongaon-Gopalnagar District Board road,

East—By the Khatramari Union Committee road,

is required within the aforesaid village of Bongaon.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Jessore.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3155 L.A.—The 23rd March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by

Mymensingh.

Government at the expense of the District Board of Mymensingh for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of a tank at Pakundia, in the villages of Hapania, Lakhipur and Pakundia, parganas Baradakhat and Tappe Kurikhai, zilla Mymensingh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1·22 acres, bounded on the—

North—By jote lands of Ismaili Maulvi and Ajmat Prodhani (settlement plots Nos. 716 and 719),

East—By the District Board road (settlement plot No. 236).

South—By jote lands of Yasin, Jamir, Kalim and Ajmatulla (settlement plots Nos. 192 and 194),

West—By jote land of Himmatulla and *halat* (settlement plots Nos. 718 and 188).

is required within the aforesaid villages of Hapania, Lakhipur and Pakundia (settlement plots Nos. 190-192 and 188).

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Mymensingh.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3158 L.A.—The 23rd March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Mymensingh.

Government at the expense of the District Board of Mymensingh for a public purpose, viz., for charitable dispensary at Pakutia, in the village of Pakutia, pargana Pukhuria, zilla Mymensingh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, bearing settlement plots Nos. 984, 985, 988, 989, 991 and 1770 and measuring, more or less, 823 acre, bounded on the—

North—By Durga Nath Ghosh's land,

East—By the District Board road,

South—By the Local Board road,

West—By Dwarka Karmakar's homestead,

is required within the aforesaid village of Pakutia.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Mymensingh.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 2996 L.A.—The 19th March 1920.—In lines 6 and 59 of the declaration No. 2328 L.A., dated the 11th March 1919, published at pages 406—407, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th idem, regarding the acquisition of land required by the Dacca Municipality for the construction of Dacca sewerage outfall works, for "and Naraindia" substitute "Naraindia and Hatkhola."

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 644 Edn — The 20th March 1920.—The following promotions and confirmations are made in the Provincial Educational Service :—

Promoted to class I.

Babu Paresh Nath Sen, with effect from the 10th January 1920, *vice* Rai Kumudini Kanta Banarji Bahadur, appointed to the Indian Educational Service.

Promoted to class II.

Babu Sarada Prasanna Das, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Krishna Chandra Bhattacharji, with effect from the 10th January 1920, *vice* Babu Paresh Nath Sen, promoted.

Promoted to class III.

Babu Kiran Chandra Mitra, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sarada Prasanna Das, promoted.

Babu Bamu Charan Bhattacharji, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Hem Chandra De, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Dr. Panchanan Neogi, with effect from the 10th January 1920, *vice* Babu Krishna Chandra Bhattacharji, promoted.

Promoted to class IV.

Mr. Jiban Mohan Basu, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kiran Chandra Mitra, promoted.

Babu Gopi Bhusan Sen, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bamu Charan Bhattacharji, promoted.

Maulvi Matloob Ahmad Khan Chaudhuri, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Hem Chandra De, promoted.

Miss Hridaybala Basu, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Mr. Bawa Kartar Singh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy, but to continue to be seconded.

Babu Pramatha Nath Chatterji, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Abinash Chandra Mazumdar, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Mr. Bawa Kartar Singh, on deputation, but to continue to be seconded.

Confirmed in class V.

Miss Indumukhi Nath, with effect from the 18th September 1919, *vice* Babu Hari Narayan Basu, deceased.

Maulvi Muhammad Sulaiman, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Mr. Jiban Mohan Basu, promoted.

Promoted to class V.

Babu Padmini Bhusan Rudra, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 18th September 1919, *vice* Miss Indumukhi Nath confirmed, and substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Gopi Bhusan Sen, promoted.

Maulvi Ghulam Yazdani, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Matloob Ahmad Khan Chaudhuri, promoted, but to continue to be seconded.

Dr. Nagendra Mohan Gupta, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Miss Hridaybala Basu, promoted.

Babu Praphulla Chandra Ghosh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Mr. Bawa Kartar Singh, promoted.

Babu Aghor Nath Banarji, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Pramatha Nath Chatterji, promoted.

Maulvi Alfaz-ud-din Ahmad, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Beni Madhab Das, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Ashutosh Shastri, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Hem Chandra Das Gupta, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Hari Lal Chaudhuri, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Nripendra Chandra Banarji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Sulaiman, confirmed, and substantively with effect from the 13th January 1920, *vice* Dr. M. Mubarratul Huk, deceased.

Rai Sahib Bidhu Bhusan Mazumdar, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Padmini Bhusan Rudra, confirmed.

vice Babu Ashutosh Maitra, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Ghulam Yazdani, on deputation.

Maulvi Muhammad Musa, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 13th January 1920, *vice* Babu Nripendra Chandra Banarji, confirmed.

Confirmed in class VI.

Maulvi Bahar-ud-din Ahmad, with effect from the 18th September 1919, *vice* Miss Indumukhi Nath, confirmed in class V.

Babu Kshitish Chandra Ray, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Sulaiman, confirmed in class V.

Babu Binay Kumar Sen, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Padmini Bhushan Rudra, confirmed in class V.

Babu Raj Kumar Das, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Ghulam Yuzdani, promoted to class V.

Mrs. Saralabala Mitra, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Dr. Nagendra Mohan Gupta, promoted to class V.

Maulvi Fida Ali Khan, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Praphulla Chandra Ghosh, promoted to class V.

Promoted to class VI.

Babu Nilmani Chakrabarti, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 18th September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Bahar-ud-din Ahmad confirmed, and substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Aghor Nath Banarji, promoted.

Babu Bhabesh Chandra Banarji, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Alfaz-ud-din Ahmad, promoted.

Miss R. B. Verulkar, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Beni Madhab Das, promoted.

Babu Chinta Haran Chakrabarti (II), with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Ashutosh Shastri, promoted.

Babu Kalipada Sarkar, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Hem Chandra Das Gupta, promoted.

Mahamahopadhyaya Pramadha Nath Tarkabhusan, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Hari Lal Chaudhuri, promoted.

Khan Sahib Maulvi Muhammad Yusuf, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Miss Surabala Ghosh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Manoranjan Mitra, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Hem Chandra Sen Gupta, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Surendra Nath Das Gupta, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Sarat Chandra Brahmachari, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Rai Charan Biswas, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Miss Mabel Singh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Nripendra Kumar Datta, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nripendra Chandra Banarji, promoted, and substantively with effect from the 16th October 1919, in an existing vacancy.

Babu Bankim Das Banarji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kshitish Chandra Ray, confirmed, and substantively with effect from the 25th December 1919, *vice* Khan Sahib Maulvi Abdul Aziz, retired.

Babu Srikumar Banarji, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Binay Kumar Sen, confirmed, and substantively with effect from the 13th January 1920, *vice* Babu Nripendra Chandra Banarji, confirmed in class V.

Shams-ul-'Ulama Mir Muhammad, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Raj Kumar Das, confirmed.

Mr. Jogendra Chandra Nag, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Mrs. Saralabala Mitra, confirmed.

Babu Debedra Nath Sen, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Fida Ali Khan, confirmed.

Maulvi A. S. H. Hussain, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 16th October 1919, *vice* Babu Nripendra Kumar Datta, confirmed.

Babu Harakanta Basu, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 25th December 1919, *vice* Babu Bankim Das Banarji, confirmed.

Babu Satish Chandra Sen, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 15th January 1920, *vice* Babu Srikumar Banarji, confirmed.

No. 310San.—The 20th March 1920.—In supersession of the orders contained in notification of this Government, No. 1948San., dated the 1st March 1920, Dr. O. H. Elmes, O.B.E., M.B., Ch. B., is appointed substantively permanent to be Health Officer of the Port of Calcutta, with effect from the 1st June 1919.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 902S.R.—The 19th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (2) of section 86 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909 (Bengal Act V of 1909), as amended by Bengal Excise (Amendment) Act, 1914 (Bengal Act VII of 1914), read with section 22 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 (Bengal Act I of 1899), the Governor in Council is pleased to make, with effect from the 1st April 1920, the following amendments in the table contained in rule 245 of the rules published under Notification No. 6018.R., dated the 30th March 1915 (published at pages 1 to 32 of the *Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary* of the 1st April 1915), as subsequently amended, namely:—

For the entries "20° U. P." and "12-3-0" respectively in the fourth and fifth columns of the said table, against "Bakarganj" substitute the entries "25° U. P." and "11-7-0."

No. 905S.R.—The 19th March 1920.—The following probationary Superintendents of Excise and Salt are confirmed in the grade of Superintendents on the time scale of pay:—

Maulvi Bazlar Rahman.

Babu Dharendra Nath Mukharji.

" Sudhindra Narayan Ray.

No. 906S.R.—The 19th March 1920.—Mr. G. D. Hoskins, Inspector of Excise and Salt, now officiating as Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Birbhum, is promoted to be a Superintendent on the time scale of pay, *vice* the late Rai Sahib Ramani Mohan Mitra, appointed to be Deputy Commissioner of Excise, Distilleries and Warehouses.

No. 924S.R.—The 22nd March 1920.—Maulvi Abdun Naim, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Faridpur, is allowed privilege leave for four months, viz., ordinary privilege leave, under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months with effect from 3rd March 1920, and additional privilege leave for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C S.R., dated the 24th February 1919.

No. 925S.R.—The 22nd March 1920.—Babu Prabodh Chandra Sen, officiating Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Nadia, is transferred to Faridpur, *vice* Maulvi Abdun Naim, or until further orders.

No. 926S.R.—The 22nd March 1920.—Maulvi Rafique-uddin Ahmed, probationary Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Midnapore, is appointed to act as Superintendent of Excise and Salt during the absence on leave of Maulvi Abdun Naim, and is posted to Nadia, *vice* Babu Prabodh Chandra Sen transferred, or until further orders.

No. 928S.R.—The 22nd March 1920.—Rai Sharat Kumar Raha Bahadur, Superintendent of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to be Deputy Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Distilleries and Warehouses, *vice* Rai Sahib Ramani Mohan Mitra, deceased.

No. 9408.R.—The 23rd March 1920.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Sen, Deputy Collector of Income-tax, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Second Collector of Income-tax, Calcutta, during the absence, on combined leave, of Mr. C. H. Crosse, in the district of Calcutta, in so much of the district of the 24-Parganas as is under the jurisdiction of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, and in so much of the district of Hooghly as is comprised within the limits of the Howrah Municipality.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 596Medl.—The 17th March 1920.—On return from military duty, Lieutenant J. G. T. Mathews, I.M.D., is appointed as Medical Officer, Eastern Bengal Railway, Sandpur, with effect from the 11th February 1920.

No. 617Medl.—The 19th March 1920.—Senior Assistant Surgeon Kali Mohan Sen, officiating Civil Surgeon, Bakarganj, is allowed privilege leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 619Medl.—The 19th March 1920.—First grade Assistant Surgeon Bepin Chandra Das Gupta, attached to the Barisal Sadar Hospital, is appointed temporarily to hold medical charge of the civil station there, in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on privilege leave, of Babu Kali Mohan Sen, officiating Civil Surgeon.

No. 641Medl.—The 23rd March 1920.—On return from military duty 2nd class Military Assistant Surgeon R. Clarkson is appointed to be House Surgeon, General Hospital, Howrah, with effect from the afternoon of the 10th March 1920.

A. MARR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2639A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 2445A.—The 17th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Satish Chandra Ghoshal the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Birbhum, for a period of three years from the 7th April 1920, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Rampurhat bench in the said district.

No. 2630A.—The 23rd March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Manindra Chandra Ray Chaudhuri the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Rangpur, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the said subdivision of the said district,

- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Sadar bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

RESIGNATION.

No. 2542A.—The 20th March 1920.—The Governor in Council accepts the resignation tendered by Babu Ganga Charan Mukharji of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Sadar bench, Khulna.

POWERS.

No. 2415A.—The 17th March 1920.—Babu Satish Chandra Ghosh, Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been transferred to the headquarters station of the Bakarganj district, is vested with powers under sections 133, 186, 190 (1) (c) and 521 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 2467A.—The 18th March 1920.—Mr. M. H. M. Furrokh, Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the headquarters station of the Rajshahi district, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 2479A.—The 19th March 1920.—Babu Sambhu Charan Chatarji, substantive *pro tempore* Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the headquarters station of the Murshidabad district, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class and under the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, directed to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2516A.—The 19th March 1920.—Babu Jatindra Nath Mitra, Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the headquarters station of the 24-Parganas district, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class and also with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 2519A.—The 19th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower Babu Jatindra Nath Mitra, a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, to order, at the time of passing sentence of imprisonment on any person referred to in that sub-section, that the residence or change of residence of such person after release shall be notified as provided by the rules made under sub-section (3) of the section.

No. 2575A.—The 22nd March 1920.—Mr. A. H. Kemm, I.C.S., Assistant Magistrate, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 2582A.—The 22nd March 1920.—Maulvi Muazzam Ali Khan, Honorary Magistrate of the Shazadpur bench, Pabna, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 2632A.—The 23rd March 1920.—Babu Surendra Nath Sarkar, substantive *pro tempore* Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the headquarters station of the Jessore district, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class and under section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, directed to take down evidence in the English language.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 1278J.—The 17th March 1920.—Mr. John Camell, Barrister-at-Law, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Deputy Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, Bengal, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. J. W. Orr, or until further orders.

No. 1281J.—The 17th March 1920.—Mr. John William Orr, Deputy Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, Bengal, is allowed combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months with effect from the 10th April 1920, or the amount due on any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under article 308(b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 1305J.—The 19th March 1920.—Mr. L. R. Fawcus, I.C.S., Additional District and Sessions Judge, Hooghly, is appointed to perform the functions of a Court under section 3, clause (d) of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (1 of 1894), within the local limits of the executive district of Howrah.

No. 1324J.—The 20th March 1920.—Babu Kishori Lal Chatterji, M.A., B.L., Midnapore, is appointed to act as a munsif, in the district of Midnapore, to be ordinarily stationed at the Sadar station, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Atul Chandra Das Gupta, or until further orders.

LEAVE.

No. 1320J.—The 10th March 1920.—Babu Tara Prasanna Chatterji, Chittagong, munsif of Patiya, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed leave for one day, viz., the 13th March 1920, under article 272 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 23rd January 1920.

No. 1321J.—The 11th March 1920.—Babu Binod Bihari Mukharji, Hooghly, munsif of Serampore, in the district of Hooghly, is allowed leave for three months, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 23rd January 1920.

No. 1322J.—The 12th March 1920.—Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen, munsif of Goalundo, in the district of Faridpur, is allowed leave till the 1st April 1920 (inclusive), viz., two days under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 5th January 1920.

No. 1323J.—The 13th March 1920.—Atul Chandra Das Gupta, munsif of Midnapore, is allowed leave for one month, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 2nd March 1920.

G. N. ROY,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

POLICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1293P.J.—The 20th March 1920.—Babu Sridhar Mazumdar, Sub-Bakarganj, Deputy Collector and Khas Mahal Circle Officer of South Faridpur, Bhola, in the district of Bakarganj, was employed as Chaukidari Circle Officer of Goalundo, in the district of Faridpur, from the 30th October 1918 to the afternoon of the 19th February 1920.

No. 1322P J.—The 22nd March, 1920.—Whereas the Governor in Council has reason to believe that the members of a gang of dacoits, ordinarily residing in the jurisdiction of police-station Tarakeswar, in the district of Hooghly, and commonly known as the "Bistubati gang," are addicted to the systematic commission of non bailable offences.

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council, in exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), hereby declares the said gang to be a criminal tribe for the purposes of that Act.

No. 1323P J.—The 22nd March 1920—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Criminal Tribes Act 1911 (III of 1911) the Governor in Council hereby directs that every registered member of the Bistubati gang which has been declared by notification No. 1322P J dated the 22nd March 1920 to be a criminal tribe, shall, in the prescribed manner report himself at fixed intervals and notify his place of residence any change or intended change of residence and any absence or intended absence from his residence.

No. 1334P J.—The 23rd March 1920—The following draft of amendments which in exercise of the power conferred by section 11 of the Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1914 (VIII of 1914) read with section 21 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897) the Governor in Council proposes to make in the rules regulating the use of motor vehicles in Calcutta (including suburbs) and the Municipality of Howrah (published under Political Department notification No. 4095P dated the 1st April 1915 on pages 1—25 of the *Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary* of the same date) is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby.

The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 30th April 1920 and any objection or suggestion received by the undersigned with regard thereto before that date will be duly considered.

Draft amendments

1. After sub-rule (6) of rule 15 in Part II of the said Rules ('All Motor-Vehicles') insert the following as sub rules (7) and (8) —

"(7) Every application for a professional driving license shall be in such form as the Commissioner may from time to time prescribe and shall contain a true statement of the particulars therein set forth.

"(8) A license shall be granted by the Commissioner to any person who satisfies him that he is of good character, a competent driver and physically fit to drive by day or night."

2. Re-number sub-rule (7) of Part II as sub rule (9).

H. L. STEPHENSON

Offg. Chief Secy to the Govt of Bengal

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 22nd March 1920

No. 15—Mr W. D. Swinney, Plumbing Expert Bengal is granted under article 23, of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for one year, viz. ordinary privilege leave for three months under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, additional privilege leave for two months and eighteen days or the amount due on the date of relief under Government of India, Finance Department order No. 168C S R dated the 24th February 1919, furlough on average salary for four months under Government of India Finance Department, resolution No. 1514C S R dated the 29th December 1919, read with Government of India, Finance Department order No. 79C S R, dated the 23rd January 1920, and furlough on half average salary for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st April 1920 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

C. P. WALSH

Secy to the Govt of Bengal

MARINE DEPARTMENT.*The 17th March 1920.*

No. 35 Marine.—The following abstract of the revised budget estimates of receipts and expenditure of the Commissioners for the Port of Chittagong for the year 1919-20 is published for general information:—

(a) CHITTAGONG PORT FUND.

	Rs.
Actual opening balance on the 1st April 1919 (exclusive of Rs. 1,89,763 invested in Govern- ment promissory notes and Rs. 60,000 in fixed deposit)	1,21,387
Revised estimate of receipts (including all Government grants)	17,63,774
Total receipts	18,85,161
Revised estimate of expenditure (including the annual instalment of the repayment of Govern- ment loans)	18,11,459
Estimated closing balance on 31st March 1920 ...	73,702

(b) PILOTAGE FUND.

Actual opening balance on the 1st April 1919 (excluding Rs. 9,908-13-4 invested in Govern- ment promissory notes)	689
Revised estimate of receipts	43,356
Total receipts	44,045
Revised estimate of expenditure	35,112
Estimated closing balance on 31st March 1920	8,933

C. B. BAYLEY,

*Dy. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.**The 19th March 1920.*

No. 36 Marine.—For the purposes of Paris Sanitary Convention, 1912, and with reference to the rules framed under section (6), sub-section (1), clause (p) of the Indian Ports Act, 1908, as amended by the Indian Ports (Amendment) Act, 1911, and published under Bengal Government notification No. 16 Marine, dated the 6th March 1917, the Governor in Council hereby declares Moulmein to be an infected port on account of plague.

C. B. BAYLEY,

*Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.***PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.****ESTABLISHMENT.***The 20th March 1920.*

No. 14.—Babu Phanindra Nath Mukerji, Supervisor, Nadia Rivers Division, is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 26th February 1920.

F. A. A. COWLEY,

Chief Engineer, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 2640A.

No. 2431A.—The 17th March 1920.—Maulvi Bazl-ur-Rahman (No. I), Sub-Deputy Collector, Jhenida, Jessore, is allowed leave for six months, viz., privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it, and additional privilege leave for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919.

No. 2433A.—The 17th March 1920.—Babu Sourindra Kumar Mitra, Sub Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Presidency Division.

No. 2528A.—The 19th March 1920.—Babu Birendra Kumar Basu, Sub-Deputy Collector, Pirojpur, Bakarganj, is allowed combined leave for six months, viz., privilege leave for five days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it, additional privilege leave for one month and seventeen days, under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period under article 336 of the Regulations.

No. 2550A.—The 22nd March 1920.—Babu Jyotirindra Nath Nandi, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, is posted to the headquarters station of the Rajshahi district on being relieved of his settlement training in Bankura.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 134.—The 20th March 1920.—Babu Bhabatosh Bagchi, Sub-Registrar of Raruli, in the district of Khulna, is allowed leave for two months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 3rd March 1920.

No. 135.—The 20th March 1920.—Babu Bhupendra Nath Gupta, Sub-Registrar, grade IV, of Khulna, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Raruli in the same district, with effect from the afternoon of the 3rd March 1920, *vice* Babu Bhabatosh Bagchi, on leave.

No. 136.—The 20th March 1920.—Maulvi Muhammad Yasin, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Murshidabad is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Gobindaganj, in the district of Rangpur, with effect from the 23rd February 1920, *vice* Maulvi Inamul Kabirul Quadiri, on deputation to act as District Sub-Registrar of Malda.

No. 137.—The 23rd March 1920.—Babu Jitendra Lal Basu, Sub-Registrar, grade IV, of Burdwan, is allowed leave on medical certificate for fourteen days, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 32, dated the 21st January 1920.

No. 138.—The 23rd March 1920.—Babu Kiran Chandra Datta, Sub-Registrar of Rupganj, in the district of Dacca, under orders of transfer to Laksam, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 95, dated the 3rd March 1920.

No. 139.—The 23rd March 1920—Babu Jitendra Kumar Banarji, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Dacca, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Rupganj in the same district, with effect from the 1st March 1920.

No. 140.—The 23rd March 1920.—Babu Ramesh Chandra Ray, Sub-Registrar, grade III, under orders of transfer to Rupganj, in the district of Dacca, is allowed additional privilege leave for fifteen days, under the Government of India, Finance Department, Circular No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 11, dated the 10th January 1920.

No. 141.—The 23rd March 1920.—Maulvi Ahmad Ali, Sub-Registrar, grade IV, was on leave on medical certificate for one day, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 466, dated the 28th October 1919.

A. ISLAM,

Inspector-General of Registration, E. ngal.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 4139, dated Calcutta, the 16th March 1920.—Civil Surgeon Debendra Nath Hazra made over charge of the Noakhali Jail to Deputy Magistrate Girijabhusan Ghosal on the afternoon of the 1st March 1920.

No. 4039, dated Calcutta, the 16th March 1920.—Mr. M. Leach, M.B.E., Deputy Superintendent, Dacca Central Jail, made over charge of his duties to Mr. L. E. Texeira on the afternoon of the 8th March 1920.

F. S. C. THOMPSON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

CIVIL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 4034, dated Calcutta, the 15th March 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Manindra Nath Mallik, officiating Resident Assistant Surgeon, General Hospital, Howrah, is granted privilege leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 3rd March 1920.

No. 4340, dated Calcutta, the 19th March 1920.—Third grade Assistant Surgeon Birendra Nath Ray, M.B., is appointed to act as Demonstrator of Pathology, Medical College, Calcutta, during the absence, on deputation, of 2nd grade Assistant Surgeon Jitendra Nath Maitra, or until further orders.

W. H. B. ROBINSON,

Surgeon-General with the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the next examination for admission of students to the Compounders' Class, Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, will be held on Monday, the 26th April 1920, at 11 A.M.

Candidates desirous to sit at this examination shall send their applications, with a fee of Rs. 2, to the Superintendent, Campbell Medical School, between the 1st and 15th April next.

A. LEVENTON, F.R.C.S.I., D.P.H., LT.-COL., I.M.S.,
Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

CALCUTTA, the 26th February 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

Examination of Compounders at the Campbell Medical School, Calcutta.

IN accordance with the Government of Bengal notification No. 1410Medl., dated the 7th July 1913, notice is hereby given that the next half-yearly examination of compounders will begin at 11 A.M. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 19th, 20th and 21st April 1920, at the Campbell Medical School.

Male candidates must forward to the Superintendent of the Campbell Medical School, at least one week before the 19th April 1920, an examination fee of Rs. 5. Female candidates will be examined free of charge. No certificate or fee will be received on Sundays or public holidays.

Should any candidate fail to pass the examination, he will forfeit his fee.

NOTE.—The attention of candidates is drawn to rules 9 and 10 and of the persons granting the certificates to rules 11 and 14 (3) and to the certificate forms C (3) D, E and F in the schedule of the Government of Bengal's aforesaid notification, as circulated by the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal to all Civil Surgeons, Superintendents of Calcutta Hospitals, Medical Schools, Lunatic Asylums and Chief Medical Officers etc., with his circular No. 25, dated the 22nd July 1913.

Passed compounders, who have completed a further three months' course of dressing prescribed in rule 13, and students of the Licentiate class of this school, on the completion of their second year's course, will be allowed to appear at the Dressership examination. A fee of Rs. 2 shall be charged for this examination.

This examination is also open to persons qualified for admission to the examination prescribed under the rules for the grant of certificates to compounders, on production of a certificate that they have received instruction in a hospital or dispensary recognized by Government in bandaging, preparation of antiseptic lotions and dressings, sterilization of dressings and instruments, and in the duties of a hospital dresser. Such persons shall be required to pay a fee of Rs. 2 for this examination.

A. LEVENTON, F.R.C.S.I., D.P.H., LT.-COL., I.M.S.,
Superintendent, Campbell Medical School and Hospital.

CALCUTTA, the 26th February 1920.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified for general information, that an examination of non-qualified compounders, who have served as such in hospitals and dispensaries under Government supervision in the Nadia district for a period of not less than seven years, will be held at the Krishnagar Sadar Hospital on the 19th April 1920.

A. C. DATTA,
Civil Surgeon, Nadia.

KRISHNAGAR, the 15th March 1920.

NOTICE.

Examination of Compounders at the Mymensingh S. K. Hospital.

The next qualifying examinations of Compounders and Dressers will be held at the S. K. Hospital, Mymensingh, on Wednesday, the 21st April 1920, at 8 A. M. and subsequent days.

The examination will be conducted in accordance with Bengal Government notifications Nos. 1410 and 1411 Medl., dated the 7th July 1913.

(a) The Examination Committee will consist of :—

Civil Surgeon, Mymensingh	... President.
Assistant Surgeon attached to the S. K. Hospital	... } Members.
Teacher of Compounder Class	... }

No person will be admitted to this examination unless he produces certificates as required by rules 9, 10, 11 and 12 of Government notification No. 1410 Medl., dated the 7th July 1913.

(b) All candidates must forward to the undersigned an examination fee of Rs. 5 at least one week before the commencement of the examination, a fresh fee must be paid on each occasion that the candidate enters for the examination; but a candidate who, after payment of the fee, is unable, through illness, to attend the examination, will be allowed, on producing a satisfactory medical certificate to that effect, to attend the next examination without payment of a fresh fee.

C. A. GOURLAY, Major, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon.

MYMENSINGH, the 16th March 1920.

NOTICE.

Admission of students to the Compounder and Dresser class at Mymensingh.

It is hereby notified for general information that the examination for admission of students to the Compounder and Dresser Class, S. K. Hospital, Mymensingh, will be held on Monday, the 26th April 1920 at 8 A.M.

Application for admission, with a fee of Rs. 2 and with certificates of residence, respectability, and character (a) from a Government servant not below the rank of Deputy Magistrate, (b) from the headmaster of the school where he was educated last, will be received by the undersigned up to the 20th April 1920.

C. A. GOURLAY, Major, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon.

MYMENSINGH, the 16th March 1920.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the next examination for admission of students to the Compounders' class, Dacca Medical School, will be held on the 1st May 1920, at 9 A.M.

Candidates desirous to sit at this examination shall send their applications with a fee of Rs. 2 to the Deputy Superintendent, Dacca Medical School, on or before the 15th April 1920.

E. A. R. NEWMAN, M.D. (CANTAB.), LT.-COL., I.M.S.,
Superintendent, Medical School.

DACCA, the 11th March 1920.

NOTICE.

Examination of Compounders at the Dacca Medical School.

It is hereby notified for general information that the next half-yearly Examination of Compounders will be held on the 28th April 1920 and subsequent days.

The examination will be conducted in accordance with Bengal Government Notifications Nos 141 and 1411 Medl, dated the 7th July 1913.

(a) The Examination Committee will consist of —

Lt-Col E A R Newman, CIE MD, IMS, Superintendent, Dacca Medical School	<i>President</i>
Assistant Surgeon Tarak Chandra Datta, Teacher of Materia Medica	<i>Members.</i>
Sub-Assistant Surgeon Ahmed Ali Teacher of Compounders	

(b) No person will be admitted to this examination unless he produces a certificate as required by rules 9 10 11 and 12 of Government Notification No 1410 Medl, dated the 7th July 1913.

(c) All male candidates must forward to the Deputy Superintendent, Dacca Medical School, an examination fee of Rs 3 at least one week before the commencement of the examination, a fresh fee must be paid on each occasion that the candidate enters for the examination, but a candidate who, after payment of the fee, is unable through illness, to attend the examination will be allowed, on producing a satisfactory medical certificate to that effect, to attend the next examination without payment of fresh fee.

N/ — Women candidates are examined free of charge

Passed compounders who have completed a further three months' course of dressing prescribed in rule 13 and students of the Licentiate class of this school, on the completion of their second year's course will be allowed to appear at an examination, to be conducted by the Superintendent of the school as President and two of the teachers as members in bandaging, sterilization of dressings and instruments and in the minor duties of hospital work. A fee of Rs 2 shall be charged for this examination.

This examination is also open to persons qualified for admission to the examination prescribed under the Rules for the grant of certificates to compounders on production of a certificate that they have received instruction in a hospital or dispensary recognized by Government in bandaging, preparation of antiseptic lotions and dressings, sterilization of dressings and instruments, and in the duties of a hospital dresser. Such persons shall be required to pay a fee of Rs 2 for this examination.

E A R NEWMAN MD (CANTAB), LT-COL, IMS.,

Superintendent, Medical School

Dacca, the 11th March 1920

TREASURY NOTICES.

ORDER

BABU NAGENDRA CHANDRA SEN, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rangpur, has been placed in charge of the Rangpur Treasury, with effect from the forenoon of the 19th March 1920 and is authorized to draw bills on other Treasuries.

W A. MARR, Collector

RANGPUR COLLECTORATE, the 19th March 1920

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR MR. MAHIMA NATH BHATTACHARYA has been placed in charge of the Nadia Treasury at Krishnagar, with effect from the 22nd March 1920, and he is authorised to draw bills on other Treasuries

D. K. MITTER, *Collector of Nadia.*

KRISHNAGAR, the 22nd March 1920.

I AUTHORISE Maulvi Abdul Majid, Deputy Collector, to draw bills on other treasuries from the afternoon of the 12th March 1920

U. P. GUHA, *Offg Collector.*

RAJSHAHI the 17th March 1920

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

CIVIL

The 20th March 1920

No 2161A — Babu Phanindra Nath Mitra Munsif of Goalundo, in the district of Faridpur is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Goalundo munsifi

No 2164A — Babu Nirmal Chandra Mitra Munsif of Narail, in the district of Jessore, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Narail munsifi

No 2167A — Babu Harendra Kumar Mitra Munsif of Satkania, in the district of Chittagong, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Satkania munsifi

No 2170A — Babu Jogesh Chandra Chatterji Munsif of Serajganj, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50, within the local limits of the Serajganj munsifi

No 2171A — Babu Shailesh Chandra Banarji Munsif of Comilla, in the district of Tippera, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 50, within the local limits of the Comilla munsifi

By order of the High Court,

A. A. PATTERSON,
Offg Registrar.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

PROVINCIAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS

The 15th March 1920

No 30P — Shams-ul-Ulama, Kamaluddin Ahmad, Principal, Chittagong Madrasah, in class IV of the Provincial Educational Service, is granted privilege leave, in advance for the period from 1st November 1919 to 31st January 1920, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations and Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No 508-B, dated 20th January 1920.

The 18th March 1920.

No. 31P.—Babu Kalipada Sarkar, Additional Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division (Jessore and Khulna), is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for twenty-three days, with effect from 18th February 1920.

No. 32P.—Babu Harish Chandra Dutta, Assistant Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division, in class III of the Provincial Educational Service, is appointed to act as Additional Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division (Jessore and Khulna), on the pay of his own grade, *vice* Babu Kalipada Sarkar, on leave.

No. 33P.—Miss Surama Biswas is confirmed in her appointment as head mistress, Di Khastagi High School for Girls and in class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service, with effect from the 31st December 1918.

The 19th March 1920

No. 34P.—This office notification No. 22P dated the 3rd March 1920 appointing Babu Bireswar Basu substantive *pro tempore* Lecturer, Chittagong College, to act as Professor of Sanskrit in the same College, and in the Provincial Educational Service, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Das Gupta, on leave, is hereby cancelled.

No. 35P.—Babu Govinda Chandra Chakravarty Assistant Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division (Barisal), class VIII Provincial Educational Service is granted, under article 238 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for nine months, from the 4th November 1919, viz, ordinary privilege leave for three months and additional privilege leave for two months and twenty-four days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1680 S R, dated the 24th February 1919, and furlough for the remaining period under article 338 of the Civil Service Regulations.

This cancels this office notification No. 116P, dated the 28th October 1919.

The 20th March 1920

No. 36P.—The following promotions and confirmations are sanctioned in the Provincial Educational Service —

Confirmed in class VII

(1) Miss Niroj Bashini Shome, Additional Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Burdwan Division, with effect from the 18th September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Baharuddin Ahufed, confirmed in class VI.

(2) Khan Sahib Maulvi Kazi Indadul Haq, Head Master, Calcutta Training School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Khitash Chandra Roy, confirmed in class VI.

(3) Maulvi Muhammad Mowla Bukhsh, Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education, Presidency Division, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Benoy Kumar Sen confirmed in class VI.

(4) Miss Kamini Bose, Assistant Inspectress for Zenana Work and Muhammadan Education in the mufassal for the Presidency and Burdwan Divisions, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Raj Kumar Das, confirmed in class VI.

(5) Maulvi Tasaddak Ahmed Head Master, Dacca Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Mrs Saralabala Mitra confirmed in class VI.

(6) Babu Narendra Mohan Bose, Demonstrator of Physiology, Presidency College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Fida Ali Khan, confirmed in class VI.

(7) Shams-ul-Ulama Hidayet Hossain, Professor Presidency College who was, in terms of this office notification No. 129P, dated the 6th December 1919, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to class VII, with effect from the 11th October 1919, *vice* Maulvi A. S. M. Azam resigned, is promoted substantively *pro tempore* to this class with retrospective effect from the 18th September 1919, *vice* Miss Niroj Bhuyan Shome, confirmed, and substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nilmani Chakravarti, promoted

Promoted to class VII.

(1) Babu Paresh Chandra Mukherji, Professor, Dacca College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bhadesh Chandra Banerji, promoted.

(2) Babu Upendra Nath Ghosal, Professor, Presidency College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Miss R. B. Verulker, promoted.

(3) Babu Jyotish Chandra Chatterji, Professor, Rajshahi College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Chinta Haran Chakravarti (II), promoted.

(4) Mr. Rajani Kanta Dutta, Professor, Presidency College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kalipada Sarkar, promoted.

(5) Maulvi Abul Hashem Khan Choudhury, Assistant Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division, now officiating Additional Inspector of Schools, in that division, on leave, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Mahamahopadhyaya Pramatha Nath Tarkabhusan, promoted.

(6) Maulvi Abdur Rahman Khan, Professor, Dacca Training College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Khan Sahib Maulvi Muhammad Yusuf, promoted.

(7) Maulvi Muhammad Sonaullah, Professor, Chittagong College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Miss Surabala Ghosh, promoted.

(8) Babu Abinash Chandra Bose, Professor, Hooghly College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Monoranjan Mitra, promoted.

(9) Babu Satis Chandra Mukherji, additional Demonstrator in Chemistry, Presidency College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Hem Chandra Sen Gupta, promoted.

(10) Maulvi Abdul Latif, Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education, Burdwan Division, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Das Gupta, promoted.

(11) Babu Panchanan Das Mukherji, Professor, Presidency College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sarat Chandra Brahmachary, promoted.

(12) Babu Guru Bandhu Bhattachary, Superintendent, Chittagong Normal School, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Rai Charan Biswas, promoted.

(13) Babu Mohina Ranjan Barua, Professor, Chittagong College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Miss Mabel Singh, promoted.

(14) Dr. Anukul Chandra Sarkar, Demonstrator in Chemistry, Presidency College, now officiating Professor of Chemistry in the Dacca College substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919 in the post sanctioned in connection with the scheme for the improvement of Secondary Education, Bengal.

(15) Maulvi Khabiruddin Ahmed, Assistant Inspector of Schools, in the Dacca Division, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919 in the post sanctioned in connection with the scheme for the improvement of Secondary Education, Bengal.

(16) Babu Surendra Chandra Banerji, Professor of Botany, Presidency College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919 in the post sanctioned in connection with the scheme for the improvement of Secondary Education, Bengal.

(17) Maulvi Sayid Mohsin Ali, Assistant Inspector of Schools for Muhammadan Education, Chittagong Division, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919 in the post sanctioned in connection with the scheme for the improvement of Secondary Education, Bengal.

(18) Babu Akshoy Kumar Sarkar, Professor, Chittagong College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919 in the post sanctioned in connection with the scheme for the improvement of Secondary Education, Bengal.

(19) Rai Sahib Aswini Kumar Das, an Assistant Inspector of Schools, in the Presidency Division, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919 in the post sanctioned in connection with the scheme for the improvement of Secondary Education, Bengal.

(20) Babu Hemendra Majumdar, Professor, Krishnagar College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919 in the post sanctioned in connection with the scheme for the improvement of Secondary Education, Bengal.

(21) Babu Hari Das Mukherji, Professor, Rajshahi College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919 in the post sanctioned in connection with the scheme for the improvement of Secondary Education, Bengal.

(22) Mr. Hiran Kumar Banerji, Professor, Rajshahi College, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919 in the post sanctioned in connection with the scheme for the improvement of Secondary Education, Bengal.

(23) Miss Mrinalini Bose, Head Mistress, Vidyamoyee Girls' School, Khenkensingh, substantively with effect from the 21st September 1919 in the post sanctioned in connection with the scheme for the improvement of Secondary Education, Bengal.

(24) Babu Girindra Nath Chatterji, Professor, Hooghly College, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nripendra Kumar Dutta, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to class VI.

(25) Babu Narendra Nath Chatterji, Professor, Krishnagar College, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bakim Das Banerji, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to class VI.

(26) Babu Nalini Kanta Brahma, Professor, Krishnagar College, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sri Kumar Banerji promoted substantively *pro tempore* to class VI.

(27) Babu Ramesh Chandra Das, Assistant Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Shams-ul-Ulama Mir Muhammad promoted substantively *pro tempore* to class VI.

(28) Babu Gobinda Chandra Chakravarti, an Assistant Inspector of Schools in the Dacca Division, on leave, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jogendra Chandra Nag, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to class VI.

(29) Babu Akshoy Kumar Mukherji, an Assistant Inspector of Schools in the Dacca Division, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Debendra Nath Sen, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to class VI.

(30) Babu Mati Lal Das, an Assistant Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from 11th October 1919, *vice* Maulvi A. S. M. Azam, resigned.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The 15th March 1920.

No. 234A.—Maulvi Abdul Hakim, third clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is allowed leave for one month and seven days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 5th January 1920.

No. 235A.—Babu Nishi Kanta Basu, clerk, office of the second Assistant Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, in class III of the Lower Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act as third clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, on the usual allowance admissible under the rules, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Hakim, on leave.

No. 236A.—Maulvi Ahmad Kabir is confirmed in his appointment as a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Midnapore and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 20th April 1914.

No. 237A.—Babu Kusal Nath Ganguli, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Brahmanbaria District, in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for thirty-five days, with effect from the 3rd February 1920, or any subsequent date on which he may be absent.

No. 238A.—Maulvi Nazir Ali is appointed temporarily to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Brahmanbaria, Tippera, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service during the absence, on leave, of Babu Kunal Nath Ganguli, or until further orders.

No. 239A.—Babu Pramathanath Ganguly, an officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Midnapore (officiating in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service), was on leave under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, for seventeen days from 1st December 1919.

No. 240A.—Maulvi Muhammad Gholam Hussain, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bhedarganj, district Fardpur, in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is allowed leave for one month and fifteen days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st March 1920.

The 16th March 1920

No. 241A.—Maulvi Muhammad Emdad Ali, an Assistant Master, Hooghly Collegiate School (on probation), substantive *pro tempore* in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted leave, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations for two months with effect from the 2nd January 1920.

No. 242A.—Babu Bhagabati Chaitan Dutta, B.A., is appointed temporarily as an Assistant Master, Hooghly Collegiate School on an allowance of Rs 35 a month, with effect from the 14th January 1920 *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Emdad Ali, on leave or until further orders without prejudice to the usual leave allowance of the absence in terms of article 147 (iii) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 243A.—Babu Binayi Chaitan Mitter, is appointed temporarily as a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Hooghly on a salary of Rs 37-8 a month, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Maulvi Alla Nowaz, deputed to the David Hare Training College, Calcutta, or until further orders.

No. 244A.—Babu Himansu Nath Mukhoti M.A. is appointed as a temporary measure as head pundit of the Dacca Collegiate School and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 10th February 1920, *vice* Babu Priya Nath Vidyabhusan, on deputation.

The 18th March 1920

No. 245A.—Babu Gokuleswar Sen, B.A., is appointed on probation for one year to be Sub-Inspector of Schools, Amarshu circle in the district of Midnapore, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment *vice* Babu Sadananda Roy, deceased.

No. 246A.—Babu Upendra Chandra Guha B.A., B.T. assistant master, Dacca Collegiate School and in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed on probation for one year to be assistant head master of the Krishnagar Collegiate School and on the pay of his own grade, with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Kalidas Banerji, appointed head master.

The 19th March 1920.

No. 247A.—Maulvi Md. Abdulla, B.A., B.T., assistant master, Pubna Zilla School, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, acted as assistant head master of the same institution on the pay of his own grade from the 4th November 1919 to 29th January 1920, both days inclusive, pending the arrival of Babu Surendra Mohan Chaudhuri.

Babu Abinay Chandra Majumdar, B.A., an outsider, acted as assistant master, Pubna Zilla School, on Rs. 35 a month in class I of the Lower Subordinate Educational Service for one month and nine days, with effect from the 25th November 1919, during the absence, on deputation, of Maulvi Md. Abdulla.

No. 248A.—The resignation tendered by Maulvi Yakub Ali Choudhury, B.A., of his appointment as an assistant master, Krishnagar Collegiate School (on probation), and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is accepted with effect from the 27th February 1920.

No. 249A.—Maulvi Syed Mahbubur Rahim, B.A., is appointed, on probation for one year, to be an assistant master, Krishnagar Collegiate School, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins his appointment, *vice* Maulvi Yakub Ali Choudhuri, resigned.

No. 250A.—Babu Homanta Kumar Roy is appointed to act as an assistant master, Khulna Zilla School, on an allowance of Rs. 50 a month in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins his appointment, *vice* Babu Nanda Lal Chakravarty transferred to a different chain of vacancy.

No. 251A.—Babu Prafulla Nath Sen, an assistant master, Uttarpara Government High English School (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is granted privilege leave for three months, viz., fifteen days under article 272 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the remaining period under article 271 of the Regulations, with effect from 11th January 1920.

No. 252A.—Babu Rajkrishna Biswas, an assistant master, Uttarpara Government High English School, on a salary of Rs. 45 a month outside the grades, is appointed to act in class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service, on the usual acting allowance admissible under the rules, with effect from 11th January 1920, *vice* Babu Prafulla Nath Sen, on leave, or until further orders.

No. 253A.—Maulvi Syed Zillur Rahim, Sub-Inspector of Schools, South Khulna circle (class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools in charge of Muktab in the same district, on the pay of his own grade *vice* Maulvi Abdul Jabbar, on deputation, or until further orders.

No. 254A.—Maulvi Sudauddin Ahmed, Assistant Sub-Inspector of Schools, North Khulna circle (class IV of the Lower Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, South Khulna circle, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins that appointment *vice* Maulvi Syed Zillur Rahim, on deputation, or until further orders.

No. 255A.—In partial modification of this office notification No. 101A., dated the 28th January 1920, Maulvi Muhammad Sujaat Ali, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Jessore (class V of the Subordinate Educational Service), is allowed privilege leave for five months and four days, viz., ordinary privilege leave under article 261 of the Civil Service Regulations for three months with effect from the afternoon of the 31st January 1920, and special privilege leave under Government of India order No. 168C S.R., dated 24th February 1919, for the remaining period.

No. 256A.—Maulvi Syed Zellar Rahim, Sub-Inspector of Schools, South Khulna circle (class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service), is allowed leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations for seven days, in extension of such leave already granted to him under this office notification No. 81A., dated the 22nd January 1920.

No. 257A.—Babu Narendra Nath Ganguli, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service, is appointed to act as Assistant Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division, and in the Provincial Educational Service, with the usual acting allowances admissible under the rules, *vice* Babu Harish Chandra Dutta, on deputation.

No. 258A.—The following confirmations and promotions are sanctioned.—

Confirmed in class V (S. E. S.).

1. Maulvi Mokhlukor Rahman, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Cox's Bazar, Chittagong, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Babu Debendra Kumar Sen, confirmed in class IV.

2. Babu Raj Krishna Datta, pandit, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Babu Chandra Mukherjee (No. I), confirmed in class IV.

3. Babu Debendra Nath Mukherjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bishnupur, 24-Parganas, now officiating Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Basirhat, 24-Parganas, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Quazi Momtazuddin Ahmed, confirmed in class IV.

4. Babu Kamallesh Chandra Banerjee, Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, 24-Parganas, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Nabi Buksh, confirmed in class IV.

Promoted to class V (S. B. S.).

1. Babu Benode Behari Mukherjee, Court Clerk, Art Section, Indian Museum, Calcutta, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Sarafat Ali Khan, confirmed in class IV.

2. Maulvi Muhammad Mudheswar Hossain, Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Kushtia, Nadia, with effect from the 11th September 1919, *vice* Babu Janaki Nath Chatterjee, deceased.

3. Babu Dharendra Nath Mukherjee, II. shorthand typist, Presidency College, Calcutta, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Daliluddin Ahmed (No. I), confirmed in class IV.

4. Babu Bhuvan Chandra Banerjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Diamond Harbour, 24-Parganas, now officiating Deputy Inspector of Schools, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sashi Bhuvan Chatterjee, promoted.

5. Babu Kedar Nath Bhattacharyya, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gangajalghati, Bankura, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Brahmo Kishore Mukherjee, promoted.

6. Babu Romesh Chandra Chakravarty, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Netrokona, Mymensingh, now under training in the Dacca Training College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nibaran Chandra Das Gupta, promoted.

7. Babu Upendra Lal Bakshi, assistant master, Hindu School with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Ganga Charan Das Gupta, promoted.

8. Maulvi Aftabuddin Ahmed (No. I), Deputy Inspector of Schools, Seraiganj, Pabna, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Amrita Lal Laskar, promoted.

9. Babu Jatindra Mohan Mukherjee, drawing master, Hooghly Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Purna Chandra Bhattacharyya, promoted.

10. Babu Ashutosh Sarkar (No. I), assistant head master, Sanskrit Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Upendra Nath Maitra, promoted.

11. Babu Sarat Chandra Kavyatirtha, head pandit, Khulna Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Satish Chandra Saha, promoted.

12. Miss Subala Sarkar, assistant mistress, Bethune Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Arunendra Nath Das Gupta, promoted.

13. Babu Surendra Nath Das Gupta, Sub-Inspector of Schools, South Manikganja, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jyotish Chandra Lahiri, promoted.

14. Babu Adhar Chandra Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Aranganj, Burdwan, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Ghani, promoted.

15. Mrs. Suniti Banerjee, Governess, Hindu Zenana Home Classes, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Birendra Lal Ganguli, promoted.

16. Babu Nibaran Chandra De, assistant master, Rangpur Zilla School, now substantively *pro tempore* head master, Jalpaiguri Gura Taksal School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Ghulam Rabbani Ahmed, promoted.

17. Babu Sailendra Mohan Chowdhury, assistant master, Maida Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kamalesh Hore, promoted.

18. Babu Ramani Kanta Neogi, assistant head master, Nankhata Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Daliluddin Ahmed (No. II), promoted.

19. Babu Surendra Mohan Chowdhury, assistant master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, now officiating assistant head master, Pubna Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Khaleque, promoted.

20. Babu Surendra Nath Sen (No. 1), assistant master, Jalpaiguri Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Satyendra Nath Gupta, promoted.

21. Maulvi Jamaluddin Ahmed, head maulvi, Chittagong Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Benoy Krishna Banerjee, promoted.

22. Babu Narendra Nath Sen, Research assistant to Sir J. C. Bose, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jogendra Mohan Dutta, promoted.

23. Babu Sudhansu Mohan Mitra, assistant master, Armenitola High School, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Durga Mohan Das, promoted.

24. Maulvi Abu Hamid Bazlal Basit, assistant master, Arabic Department, Dacca Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Harindra Kumar Mozumdar, promoted.

25. Babu Surat Chandra Chakravarty, head clerk, Krishnagar College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Moumohan Ghosal, promoted.

26. Babu Banabilas Roy, assistant master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, now officiating Professor, David Hare Training College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Upendra Chandra Bhattacharyya, promoted.

27. Babu Nikunja Behari De, assistant master, Hare School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Upendra Chandra Sarkar, promoted.

28. Mr. A. Mercer, assistant master, Victoria School, Kurseong, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdus Salam, promoted.

29. Babu Mohitosh Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kalna, Burdwan, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Narendra Nath Chatterjee, promoted.

30. Babu Dakshina Ranjan Sen, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Onda, Bankura, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Charu Chandra Das Gupta, promoted.

31. Babu Surat Chandra Banerjee (No. 1), Sub-Inspector of Schools, West Kushtia, Nadia, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Dwijendra Mohan Sen Gupta, promoted.

32. Babu Purna Chandra Bose, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sahabganj, Burdwan, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kalika Charan Roy, promoted.

33. Babu Sanjib Chandra Bose, Sub-Inspector of Schools, North Sadar, Hooghly, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Aswini Kumar Bhattacharyya, promoted.

34. Babu Phanindra Nath Mukherjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Binpur, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Durga Das Chatterji, promoted.

35. Babu Pyari Lal Das, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sadar, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Suresh Chandra Roy, promoted.

36. Babu Anadi Nath Roy, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sadar, Bankura, now officiating Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Khatra, Bankura, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Miss Bibhubala Sarkar, promoted.

37. Babu Amrita Lal Sinha, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Shampur, Howrah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bahuballav Sastri, promoted.

38. Babu Satish Chandra Sen, assistant master, Armenitola High School, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Mahomahopadhyaya Gura Charan Tarkadarsantirtha, promoted.

39. Maulvi Muhammad Ellahdad Khan, maulvi, Darjeeling High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Lakshan Sastri Dravida, promoted.

40. Babu Brojendra Nath Mullik, clerk, Government School of Art, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Atul Krishna Chatterjee, promoted.

85. Maulvi Mufizur Rahaman, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sandwip, Noakhali, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

86. Babu Kunja Behari Ghose, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Naogaon I, Rajshahi, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

87. Babu Ramani Kanta Guha, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kendua, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

88. Maulvi Zerafatulla Sarkar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Rayna, Burdwan, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

89. Babu Gopal Chandra Maity, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Nandigram, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

90. Babu Bejoy Nath Mukherjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Galsi, Burdwan, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

91. Maulvi Bazlur Rahman, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Barasat, 24-Parganas, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

92. Babu Sarat Chandra Banerjee, assistant master, Hooghly Branch School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

93. Babu Sashi Bhusan Banerjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Pandua, Hooghly, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

94. Babu Tuls Das Banerjee, assistant master, Howrah Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

95. Babu Satya Prasad Biswas, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Taki, 24-Parganas, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

96. Babu Khagendra Nath Ghose, Sub-Inspector of Schools, North Sadar, Murshidabad, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

97. Maulvi Fakhruddin Khan, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Nilphamari, Rangpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

98. Babu Jatindra Mohan Banerjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bolpur, Birbhum, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

99. Babu Paresh Nath Bose, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Jamalpur, Burdwan, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

100. Babu Hrishikesh Mukherjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dubrajpur, Birbhum, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

101. Babu Narayan Chandra Ganguli, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Howrah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

102. Babu Khirode Chandra Sen Gupta, Sub-Inspector of Schools Barrackpore, 24-Parganas, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bepin Behari Chatterjee, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

103. Babu Akshoy Kumar Chakravarty, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dhaniakhali, Hooghly, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Mobaruk Ali, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

104. Babu Biswa Jiban Bhattacharyya, head master, Dacca Guru Training School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Adwaita Charan Rakshit, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

105. Babu Satindra Nath Sarkar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sashanka Sekhar Bhattacharyya, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

106. Babu Robini Kumar Ghose, assistant master, Comilla Zilla School, now substantively *pro tempore* assistant master, Dacca Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bejoy Chandra Sen, promoted to the Provincial Educational Service.

107. Maulvi Abdul Aziz (No. I), Sub-Inspector of Schools, in charge of Maktaba, Jessore, with effect from the 16th October 1919, *vice* Babu Benoy Bhushan Sarkar, promoted

108. Maulvi Abdul Aziz (No. II), Sub-Inspector of Schools, South Sadar, Murshidabad, with effect from the 16th October 1919, *vice* Babu Tarak Chandra Pal, retired.

109. Maulvi Ohuluddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Lohagorah, Jessore, with effect from the 16th October 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in Government order No 736T-Edn, dated the 16th October 1919

110. Miss Labanyalata Chanda, head mistress, Faizunnessa Middle English School, for Girls, Comilla, now on deputation to the Diocesan Training College, with effect from the 16th October 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in Government order No 736I-Edn dated the 16th October 1919

111. Maulvi Syed Ali Mohsin, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Cilkutta, with effect from the 16th December 1919, *vice* Babu Gosto Behari Chakravarty, retired

112. Babu Charu Chandra Roy, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Hooghly, with effect from the 10th January 1920, *vice* Babu Narendra Nath Ganguli, promoted.

113. Maulvi Atma Rahman, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Jswarganj, Mymensingh with effect from the 16th January 1920 *vice* Babu Upendra Nath Mukherjee, promoted

114. Maulvi Azharuddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gopalganj, Faridpur with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Kirtiman Prodhan, promoted

Promoted substantively pro tempore to class I (S E S)

1. Babu Ashutosh Sarkar, assistant master, Aimanitola Government High School, Dacca with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Birendra Nath Sen, promoted substantively *pro tempore* to the Provincial Educational Service

2. Maulvi Maizuddin Ahmed Sub-Inspector of Schools, Noakhali Sadar with effect from the 16th February 1920 *vice* Maulvi Abadatullah, deceased

3. Babu Jogendra Nath Jha, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Malda Sadar, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Kamalash Chandra Banerji, confirmed

4. Babu Birendra Nath Chatterji, assistant master Hooghly Branch School with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Jyotilal Datta promoted

5. Babu Benimadhav Bhattacharya II Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Howrah, with effect from the 16th February 1920 *vice* Babu Santosh Kumar Das, promoted

6. Babu Kali Mohan De, assistant head master, Perojpur Government High School, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Haridas Chatterji, promoted

7. Babu Srimanta Sarkar, assistant head master, Jamalpur Government High School, Mymensingh, with effect from the 16th February 1920 *vice* Babu Mon Mohan Chatterji, promoted

8. Babu Sailendra Nath Banerji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Magrahat, 24-Parganas, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Kunja Behari Kabiratna, promoted

Promoted sub pro tem to Rs. 100 outside the graded service

1. Babu Nibaran Chandra Ghosh, assistant master Dinajpur Zilla School under orders of transfer as Bengali pindit at the Police Training College, Surdah, with effect from the 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Tulsi Charan Bose, promoted to class IV, Subordinate Educational Service

Confirmed in class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service

1. Babu Nilmani Mukherjee, Sub Inspector of Schools, Khatra, Bankura, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Makhlouqor Rahman, confirmed in class V.

2. Babu Khetia Mohan Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chandi-
pur, Hooghly, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Babu Rajkrishna Datta, confirmed in class V.

3 Maulvi Muhammad Emran, Sub-Inspector of Schools, West Tanjak, Midnapore, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Babu Debendra Nath Mukherjee, confirmed in class V.

4 Babu Kshirode Chandra Bhattacharyya, drawing master, Hare School, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Babu Kamalash Chandra Banerjee, confirmed in class V.

Promoted to class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service.

1 Babu Keshab Chandra Sarkar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Midnapore, with effect from the 17th September 1919, *vice* Miss Susila Sen, transferred to Assam

2 Babu Mahendra Nath Mukherjee Sub-Inspector of Schools, Patashpur, Midnapore, with effect from the 17th September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in Government order No. 371 T-Edu, dated the 13th June 1917.

3 Maulvi Abdul Hamid (I), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bhola, Bakarganj, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bhusan Chandra Banerjee promoted

4 Babu Sarat Chandra Sen, II, head clerk, Bengal Library, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Kedar Nath Bhattacharji, promoted

5 Miss Sarat Kumari Mitra, assistant mistress, Vidyamayee High School for Girls Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kamesh Chandra Chakravarty, promoted

6 Babu Nilmani Ganguli, assistant master, Hindu School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Upendra Lal Bakshi, promoted.

7 Maulvi Muhammad Enamul Haque, head clerk, Calcutta Madrasah with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Aftab Uddin Ahmad, I, promoted

8 Maulvi Taufiuddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dimla, Rangpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jotindra Mohan Mukherji, promoted

9. Maulvi Sefatulla Sarkar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bongaon Jessore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Ashutosh Sarkar (I), promoted

10 Maulvi Mazharul Haque (II), head maulvi, Hooghly Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sarat Chandra Kabhantirtha, promoted

11 Babu Dharendra Nath Choudhuri, assistant head master, Rangmati High School with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Miss Subala Sarkar, promoted

12 Babu Basanta Kumar Ghose, assistant master, Hooghly Collegiate School, now officiating assistant head master, Bankura Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Das Gupta, promoted.

13 Babu Surendra Kumar Basak, laboratory assistant, Dacca College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Adhar Chandra Chatterji, promoted

14 Babu Madhusudan Das Gupta, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Baranadi, Bakarganj, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Mrs Suniti Banerji, promoted

15 Babu Mohini Mohan Das, head master, Calcutta Model School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nibaran Chandra De, promoted

16 Babu Jatindra Mohan Biswas, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chakma and Mong circle, Chittagong Hill Tracts, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sailendra Mohan Chaudhuri, promoted.

17 Babu Surendra Nath Ghose, assistant foreman instructor, Dacca School of Engineering, now on deputation to the Kashi Kishore Technical Institute, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Ramani Kanta Neogy, promoted.

18. Babu Nagendra Nath Sen Gupta, workshop assistant, Dacca School of Engineering, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Surendra Mohan Chaudhuri, promoted.

19 Babu Monmotta Nath Braja Gopal Bose, workshop assistant, Dacca School of Engineering, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Sen (I), promoted.

20. Babu Ananta Kumar Barua, assistant master, Rangamati High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Jamaluddin Ahmad, promoted.

21. Babu Kashi Chandra Ganguli, Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Madaripur, Faridpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Narendra Nath Sen, promoted.

22. Maulvi Kazi Muhammad Ali, first English teacher, Dacca Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sudhanau Mohan Mitra, promoted.

23. Babu Ramani Mohan Chandra, assistant master, Faridpur Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abu Hamid Bazul Basit, promoted.

24. Maulvi Anwaruddin Khondkar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Lalmanirhat, Rangpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sarat Chandra Chakravarty, promoted.

25. Moulvi Motahur Hossain, Sub-Inspector of Schools, West Madaripur, Faridpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Banabilas Roy, promoted.

26. Babu Rakhal Das Ghatak, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Contai East, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nikunja Behari De, promoted.

27. Babu Barada Kanto Sen, assistant master, Government Moslem High English School, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Mr. A. Mercer, promoted.

28. Babu Bidhu Bhusan Das Gupta, assistant master, Dacca Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Mohitosh Chatterji, promoted.

29. Maulvi A. M. Muhammad Wazih, maulvi, Hooghly Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Dakshina Ranjan Sen, promoted.

30. Maulvi Abdul Hamid (II), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chuadanga, Nadia, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sarat Chandra Banerji (I), promoted.

31. Babu Suresh Chandra Chakravarti (I), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Katwa, Burdwan, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Purna Chandra Bose, promoted.

32. Babu Surendra Chandra Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Palang, Faridpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sanjib Chandra Bose, promoted.

33. Babu Nabin Chandra Sen (I), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Hathazari, Chittagong, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Phanindra Nath Mukherji, promoted.

34. Maulvi Basiruddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Boalia II, Rajshahi, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Pyari Lal Das, promoted.

35. Babu Amrita Lal Gupta, assistant master, Hindu School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Anadi Nath Ray, promoted.

36. Babu Nibaran Chandra Mukherjee, assistant master, Comilla Zilla School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Amrita Lal Sinha, promoted.

37. Babu Nibaran Chandra Sen (II), assistant master, Noakhali Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Satish Chandra Sen, promoted.

38. Musammat Amirunnesha Khatun, first Mohammedan governess, Zanana Home Class, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Ellahadad Khan, promoted.

39. Babu Chuni Lal Kundu, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kurigram, Rangpur, now officiating Deputy Inspector of Schools, Kurigram, Rangpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Brajendra Nath Mallik, promoted.

40. Babu Bisweswar Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chandpur, Tippera, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Mr. Charles Francis, promoted.

41. Babu Khetra Gopal Chakravarti, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Khulna, Sadar, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Prafulla Nath Sen, promoted.

42 Babu Keshab Chandra Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Singhar, Hooghly, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Iswar Chandra Majhi, promoted.

43. Maulvi Abul Monsur Muhammad Nurul Islam, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chittagong, Sadar, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Jubbar, promoted.

44 Maulvi Mazharul Haque (III), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Mollarpur, Birbhum, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Shaikh Sujan, promoted.

45 Babu Kanti Bhushan Bhattacharyya, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Contai West, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Satish Chandra Sikdar (I), promoted.

46. Babu Adwaita Charan Dutta, assistant master, Jalpaiguri Zilla School, now officiating assistant superintendent, Rangpur Normal School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul-Jabbar, promoted.

47. Babu Mahim Chandra Chakravarti, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kotwahi, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sakul Narayan Kabyavyakarantirtha, promoted.

48. Maulvi Shetabuddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Lalbagh, Muhsidabad, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jatindra Mohan Sinha, promoted.

49 Babu Durga Charan Roy, assistant master, Dinajpur Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Prasad Nath Mukherjee, promoted.

50 Maulvi Syed Wasuiddin, assistant maulvi, Arabic Department, Calcutta Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Umapada Sen Gupta, promoted.

51. Babu Manindra Mohun Das, assistant master, Chittagong Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Anukul Chandra Bose, promoted.

52 Babu Sajani Kanto Banerjee, drawing master, Hindu School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Satish Chandra Banerji, promoted.

53. Maulvi Abdur Rauf, Sub-Inspector of Schools, South Sadar, Howrah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Shahabuddin Ahmad, promoted.

54 Maulvi Abul Bashari Muhammad Osman Ghani, head maulvi, Government Moslem High English School, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kalinkar Mukherji, promoted.

55. Maulvi Muhammad Zainal Abedin, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Ullapara, Pabna with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jyotish Chandra Sikdar promoted.

56. Babu Bijendra Nath Maitra, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Alipur Duars, Jalpaiguri, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Parbhash Chandra De, promoted.

57. Babu Kripa Nath Ghosal, head pandit, Chittagong Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Ashutosh Dutta, promoted.

58. Babu Jogesh Chandra Dutta, assistant master, Hare School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Joynarain Pradhan, promoted.

59 Babu Jitendra Kumar Sen, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Joynagar, 24-Parganas, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Akbar Ahmad, promoted.

60. Babu Khutish Chandra Pyne, assistant master, Hare School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Mohendra Nath Bhattacharyya, promoted.

61. Babu Baidya Nath Banerjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Jessore, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Dwijendra Nath Dutta Chaudhuri, promoted.

62. Babu Krishna Lal Roy, assistant superintendent, Barisal Technical School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Aftabuddin Ahmad, II, promoted.

63. Babu Bama Charan Das, assistant master, Darjeeling High School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nandulal Das, promoted.

64. Babu Harendra Kumar Sen Gupta, assistant master, Comilla Zilla School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abu Rashid, promoted.
65. Babu Charu Chandra Mukherjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Midnapore, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Hakim Chaudhuri, promoted.
66. Babu Panchu Gopal Ghosal, assistant master, Hindu School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Salim Uddin Ahmad, promoted.
67. Babu Kusal Nath Ganguli, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Brahmanberia, Tippera, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Rab Chaudhuri, promoted.
68. Babu Jugal Kishore Chatterjee, assistant master, Bankura Zilla School, now officiating assistant master, Hooghly Training School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Moslehuddin Ahmed, promoted.
69. Maulvi Tubarak Ullah, special Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bakarganj, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Atul Kumar Roy, promoted.
70. Babu Annada Charan Maitra, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kulpi, 24-Parganas, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Abbas, promoted.
71. Babu Aditya Kumar Bhattacharyya, head pandit, Hindu School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bipin Behari Mutsuddi, promoted.
72. Maulvi Mokhtear Ahmed Siddique, special Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chakaria Chittagong, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Iswar Chandra Chakravarty, promoted.
73. Babu Probodh Chandra Bhattacharyya, head pandit, Hooghly Collegiate School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Syed Abdus Sattar, promoted.
74. Babu Satyendra Kumar Basu, assistant master, Dacca Collegiate School, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Pramatha Nath Ghosh, I, promoted.
75. Maulvi Ashraf Ali, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Muradnagar, Tippera, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Ali Azhar, promoted.
76. Maulvi Muhammad, English teacher, Chittagong Madrasah, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Pyari Nath Sarkar, promoted.
77. Maulvi Muhammad Moslemuddin Khan, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Mukshudpur, Faridpur, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kumud Nath Ganguli, promoted.
78. Babu Nirmal Chandra Das Gupta, clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Yakub, promoted.
79. Babu Mohini Mohun Neogi, Sub-Inspector of Schools, North Ramnagar, Midnapore, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Debendra Nath Banerji, promoted.
80. Babu Nagendra Nath Ghose, assistant master, Hindu School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Asit Kumar Haldar, promoted.
81. Babu Kshirode Chandra Sen (II), assistant master, Barisal Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Mitra, promoted.
82. Babu Panchanan Bhattacharyya, (II), assistant master, Krishnagar Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sarat Chandra Sen, (I), promoted.
83. Maulvi Khosro Ali Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dolai Circle, Patna, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Ganga Nath Chakravarti, promoted.
84. Babu Surath Nath Ganguli, assistant master, Hare School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Mafizur Rahman, promoted.
85. Babu Tejendra Chandra Sen, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gaibandha District, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kunja Behari Sen, promoted.
86. Maulvi Eyer Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Feni circle I, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Ramani Kanta, promoted.
87. Babu Chancharan Khasnabis, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Comilla District, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Zerafatulla, promoted.

88. Maulvi Anwarul Quadir, assistant master, Government Moslem High English School, Dacca, now on deputation to the Dacca University, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Gopal Chandra Maitry, promoted.

89. Maulvi Samsuddin, assistant maulvi, Arabic Department, Dacca Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bijoy Nath Mukherji, promoted.

90. Babu Jogendra Nath Chakravarti (I), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dewanganj, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Bazlur Rahman, promoted.

91. Babu Bepin Chandra Chakravarti, assistant master, Chittagong Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sarat Chandra Banerji, promoted.

92. Babu Haripada Basu, assistant master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sashi Mohan Banerji, promoted.

93. Babu Ram Rup Vidyabagis, head pandit, Hare School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Tulsi Das Banerji, promoted.

94. Babu Dwarka Nath Vedantarathna Kavyatirtha, assistant master, Birbhum Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Satya Prasad Biswas, promoted.

95. Babu Jyoti Bhusan Gupta, assistant master, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Khagendra Nath Ghosh, promoted.

96. Babu Satish Chandra Talapatra, Sub-Inspector of Schools Nator, Rajshahi, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Fakhruddin Khan, promoted.

97. Babu Jogendra Nath Dutta, assistant master, Howrah Zilla School, now officiating assistant master, Hooghly Branch School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jatindra Mohan Banerji, promoted.

98. Maulvi Basaratullah, maulvi, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Paresb Nath Bose, promoted.

99. Maulvi Abu Tayeb, Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Meherpur, Nadia, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Hrishikesh Mukherji, promoted.

100. Maulvi Shehabulla Khan, head maulvi, Government Moslem High School, Chittagong, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Narayan Chandra Ganguli, promoted.

101. Babu Abani Ranjan Sen Gupta, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sonarpur, 24-Parganas, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kshirod Chandra Sen Gupta, promoted.

102. Babu Satish Chandra Chakravarti, Sub-Inspector of Schools Kathiadi, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Akshoy Kumar Chakravarti, promoted.

103. Babu Abinash Chandra Sen Gupta, assistant master, Noakhali Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Biswajiban Bhattacharji, promoted.

104. Babu Surendra Nath Bhattacharji (II), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gopiballavpur, Midnapore, now officiating head master, Guru Training School, Bankura, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Satindra Nath Sarkar, promoted.

105. Babu Kshitish Chandra Sarkar, assistant master, Darjeeling High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Rohini Kumar Ghosh, promoted.

106. Babu Ram Bharat Singh, Munshi, Victoria School, Kurseong, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

107. Babu Sarada Kanta Roy, assistant master, Armenitola High School, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

108. Babu Sukhendu Bikash Muksuddi, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bohmong circle, Chittagong Hill Tracts, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

109. Babu Shib Doyal Dikshit, head clerk, Hooghly College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

110. Maulvi Nasiruddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, South Bagerhat, Khulna, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

111. Babu Pachu Gopal Bhattacharji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Khejree, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

112. Maulvi Abdul Quadir (II), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Netrokona, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

113. Babu Priya Nath Hore, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Terai, Darjeeling, now officiating Deputy Inspector of Schools, Nilphamari, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

114. Babu Probodh Chandra Ganguli, assistant, Chemical Laboratory, Rajshahi College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

115. Maulvi Syed Zahiduddin, Sub-Inspector of Schools, in charge of maktaba, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

116. Maulvi Muhammad Gholam Hossain, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Vedarganj, Faridpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

117. Maulvi Serajuddin Ahmed, assistant head master, Government Moslem High English School, Chittagong, now on deputation to the Dacca Training College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

118. Babu Romesh Chandra Banerji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chandrakona, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

119. Maulvi Abdul Rashid, Special Sub-Inspector of Schools, Naogaon, Rajshahi, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

120. Babu Hata Lal Mukherji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Nawabganj, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

121. Maulvi Dilwar Hossain, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Indas, Bankura, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

122. Babu Joyneswar Chakravarti (II), head pandit, Barisal Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

123. Babu Hari Das Sen, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Satkhira, Khulna, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

124. Babu Surendra Nath Sen (II), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Jhalakati, Bakarganj, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

125. Maulvi Syed Zohar Rahim, Sub-Inspector of Schools, South Khulna, Khulna, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

126. Babu Basanta Kumar Dass, assistant master, Rangpur Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

127. Maulvi Anisuddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Narail, Jessore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

128. Babu Basudev Laha, assistant master, Dacca Government Moslem High English School with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

129. Maulvi Ahmed Kabir, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sabang, Midnapur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

130. Babu Satyendra Nath Roy, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Amta, Howrah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

131. Babu Subodh Bose, head master, Cox's Bazar Middle English School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

132. Maulvi Muhammad Sadique Ali, Talukdar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kalihati, Mymensingh, with effect from 31st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

133. Maulvi Syed Tajammul Hossain, assistant master, Jessore Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

134. Babu Kali Mohan Mukherji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Monohardi, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

135. Babu Nripendra Chandra Das, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Srinagar, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

136. Babu Upendra Nath Chatterji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sonamukhi, Bankura, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

137. Babu Prem Chozang, Guikhal Sub-Inspector of Schools, Darjeeling Hills, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

138. Babu Aswini Kumar Das Gupta, assistant master, Barisal Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

139. Maulvi Abdul Latif (II), Sub-Inspector of Schools, East Doulkandi, Tippera, now officiating head master, Feni Moallim Training School, Noakhali, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

140. Babu Raj Kumar Das, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Hajiganj, Tippera, with effect from 8th October 1919, *vice* Babu Dwaraka Nath Ghoshal, deceased.

141. Mrs. Sarajubala Das, assistant mistress, Vidhymayee Girls' School, Mymensingh, with effect from 16th October 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Aziz (I), promoted.

142. Babu Bhubaneswar Bhattacharji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gangarampore, Dinajpore, with effect from 16th October 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Aziz (II), promoted.

143. Babu Dhiresb Chandra Acharjya Vidyaratna Sastri, Librarian, Sanskrit College, with effect from 16th October 1919, *vice* Moulvi Ohiluddin Ahmed, promoted.

144. Babu Prasanna Kumar Nag, assistant master, Perajpur Government High School, with effect from the 16th October 1919, *vice* Miss Labonya Lata Chanda, promoted.

145. Babu Nagendra Nath Bose, assistant master, Bhola Government High School, with effect from the 16th October 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in terms of Government order No. 736-T. Edn, dated 16th October 1919.

146. Babu Pyari Mohan Chaudhuri, lecturer, Survey Class, Dacca School of Engineering, with effect from 2nd January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Syed Ali Mohsin, promoted.

147. Babu Surendra Nath Chatterji, assistant master, Barisal Zilla School, with effect from 10th January 1920, *vice* Babu Charu Chandra Roy, promoted.

148. Miss Charubala Mitra, assistant mistress, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, with effect from 11th January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Abadatulla, deceased.

149. Babu Pramatha Nath Ghose (II), assistant master, Hare School, with effect from 16th January 1920, *vice* Maulvi Atawar Rahman, promoted.

150. Babu Sukha Ranjan Bose, assistant master, Darjeeling High School, with effect from 31st January 1920, *vice* Babu Sadananda Roy, deceased.

151. Babu Girindra Nath Mukherji, assistant master, Armenttola Government High School, Dacca, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Maulvi Azharuddin Ahmed, promoted.

Promoted substantively pro tempore to class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service.

1. Maulvi Abdul Karim Sahitya Bisarad, 2nd clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Kshirode Chandra Bhattacharji, confirmed in class VI.

2. Babu Rajendra Kumar Chakravarti (II), clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Umesh Chandra Ghose, confirmed in class VI.

3. Babu Jatindra Mohan Basu, clerk, Hare School, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Ashutosh Sarkar, promoted.

4. Babu Jitendra Nath Talukdar, special teacher, Training class, Rangamati High School, Chittagong Hill Tracts, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Birendra Nath Chatterji, promoted.

5. Babu Hem Chandra Sen, 2nd clerk, Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Beni Madhab Bhattacharji, promoted.

6. Babu Rama Prasad Basak, clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Kali Mohan De, promoted.

7. Babu Lalit Mohan Das, clerk, office of the Additional Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Srimanta Sarkar, promoted.

8. Babu Jatindra Nath Mukherji (II), assistant master, Hindu School, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Sailendra Nath Banarji, promoted.

9. Babu Pran Kumar Nandi, head clerk, Dacca School of Engineering, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Dharendra Nath Mukherji (I), appointed in class IV.

Promoted to Rs. 75 outside the graded service.

1. Maulvi Khalil bin Muhammad Arab, assistant maulvi, Calcutta Madrasah, with effect from 8th October 1919, *vice* Babu Benode Behari Mukherji, promoted to class V, Subordinate Educational Service.

2. Maulvi Muhammad Mazhar, assistant maulvi, Calcutta Madrasah, with effect from 8th October 1919, *vice* Babu Dharendra Nath Mukherji (II), promoted.

The 20th March 1920.

No. 259A.—Babu Syama Charan Chakravarty, M.A., Assistant Master, Rajshahi Collegiate School (class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as Head Pandit of the Dacca Collegiate School on the pay of his own grade with effect from the date he joins the appointment, *vice* Pandit Priya Nath Vidyabhusan, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Board of Revenue, Bengal.

No. 260A.—Babu Sarat Chandra Mukherji, an assistant in the office of the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, on Rs. 60 outside the graded service, now on deputation as Head Clerk, in the office of the Inspector of European Schools, Bengal, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Mr. Charles Francis, on deputation.

No. 261A.—Babu Upendra Kumar Basu, Librarian, Bethune College, on Rs. 50— $\frac{3}{4}$ —100 a month outside the grades, now officiating Librarian, Sanskrit College, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* in class VI, Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 16th October 1919, *vice* Pandit Dhires Chandra Acharyya, on leave.

No. 262A.—Babu Charu Chandra Das Gupta, who has been acting as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kandi Circle, in the district of Murshidabad, on an allowance of Rs. 50 a month in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is confirmed in his appointment, with effect from the 16th October 1917, *vice* Babu Nalini Kumar Das Gupta, who lost the lien on his appointment in this department.

No. 263A.—Babu Jitendra Kumar Ray, B.A., is appointed temporarily as Assistant Master, Chittagong Collegiate School, and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, *vice* Babu Bepin Chandra Chakravarti, on leave or until further orders.

The 22nd March 1920.

No. 264A.—In this office notification No. 258A., dated the 19th March 1920 add the following under the heading—

"Confirmed in class VI, Subordinate Educational Service."

5. Babu Umesh Chandra Ghosh, Assistant Master, Faridpur Zilla School, with effect from the 17th September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Mudheswar Hossain, promoted.

No. 265-A.—The following confirmations and promotions are sanctioned:—

Confirmed in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service.

1. Maulvi A. F. Siddique Ahmed, Assistant Maulvi, Hooghly Madrasah, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Babu Nilmani Mukherji, confirmed in class VI.

2. Babu Ramgati Dutta, Engineering Instructor, Dacca Collegiate School, now sub. *pro tem.* Lecturer, Dacca School of Engineering, with effect from the 5th September 1919 *vice* Babu Kshetra Mohan Chatterji, confirmed in class VI.

3. Babu Barada Kanta Ganguli, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Pingna, Mymensingh, with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Emran, confirmed in class VI.

4. Maulvi Syed Wahid Ali, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bajitpur, Mymensingh with effect from the 5th September 1919, *vice* Babu Kshirodo Chandra Bhattacharji, confirmed in class VI.

5. Maulvi Ahmadulla Khan, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kasiani, Faridpur, with effect from the 17th September 1919, *vice* Babu Umesh Chandra Ghose, confirmed in class VI.

Promoted to class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service.

1. Mrs. Benotabala Shaw, Assistant Mistress, Faizunnessa Girls' School, Comilla, with effect from the 17th September 1919, *vice* Babu Keshab Chandra Sarkar, promoted.

2. Maulvi Aga Muhammad, Head Maulvi, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, with effect from the 17th September 1919, *vice* Babu Mohendra Nath Mukherji, promoted.

3. Babu Panna Lal Gupta, Assistant Master, Barrackpore Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Hamid (I) promoted.

4. Babu Gobinda Das Chakravarti, Assistant Master, Raugamati High School, Chittagong Hill Tracts, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Sarat Chandra Sen (II), promoted.

5. Maulvi Abed Ali, Head Maulvi, Rajshahi Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Miss Sarat Kumari Mitra, promoted.

6. Babu Mohini Mohan Bhattacharji, Assistant Master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nilmani Ganguli, promoted.

7. Maulvi Zahid Ali Khan, Assistant Master, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Enamul Haque, promoted.

8. Maulvi Mustagas Ahmed, Second Maulvi, Hooghly Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Taufruddin Ahmed, promoted.

9. Maulvi Fauzul Kabir, English Teacher, Chittagong Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Sefatulla Sarkar, promoted.

10. Maulvi Abdur Rahman, Arabic Teacher, Dacca Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Mazharul Haque (II), promoted.

11. Maulvi Niamatulla, Arabic Teacher, Dacca Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Dharendra Nath Chaudhuri, promoted.

12. Maulvi Velayet Hossain, Assistant Master, Dacca Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Basanta Kumar Ghosh, promoted.

13. Babu Priya Nath Bidyabhushan, Assistant Master, Dacca Collegiate School, now on deputation to the Bhawal Court of Wards Estate, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Surendra Kumar Basak, promoted.

14. Babu Jitendra Nath Mukherji, Assistant, Physiological Laboratory, Presidency College, now on deputation to the Hastings House School, Alipore, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Madhusudan Das Gupta, promoted, but he will continue to be seconded.

Babu Bijali Behari Sarkar, provisionally substantive Assistant, Physiological Laboratory, Presidency College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jitendra Nath Mukherji, seconded.

15. Maulvi Muhammad Irshadulla, Assistant Master, Dacca Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Mohini Mohan Das, promoted.

16. Maulvi Muhammad Abdullah, Assistant Master, Pabna Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jatindra Mohan Biswas, promoted.

17. Babu Asvini Kumar Bhounick, Assistant, Chemical Laboratory, Chittagong College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Ananta Kumar Barua, promoted.

18. Babu Subimal Chandra Ghoshal, Assistant Chemical Laboratory, Presidency College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kashi Chandra Ganguli, promoted.

19. Maulvi Shaikh Badiur Rahman, Assistant Master, Chittagong Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Kazi Muhammad Ali, promoted.

20. Maulvi Abul Bashir Shamsuz-Zoha, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Aintali, Bakarganj, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Ramani Mohan Chanda, promoted.

21. Miss Induprobha Chakravarti, Assistant Mistress, Vidyamayee High School for Girls, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Anwaruddin Khandakar, promoted.

22. Maulvi Belaluddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Shahzadpur, Pabna, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Motabar Hossain, promoted.

23. Babu Dwarka Nath Goppi, Head Clerk, Rajshahi College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Rakhal Das Ghatak, promoted.

24. Babu Narendra Nath Neogy, Assistant Master, Hooghly Training School, now on deputation to Sir J. C. Basu's Research Institute, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Barada Kanta Sen, promoted.

25. Babu Kalikinkar Das, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Birbhum, Sadar, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bidhubhusan Das Gupta, promoted.

26. Maulvi Ahmed Ali Khan, Assistant Master, Darjeeling High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi A. M. Muhammad Wajih, promoted.

27. Babu Suresh Chandra Ganguli, Assistant Master, Mymensingh Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Hamid (II), promoted.

28. Babu Debendra Kishore Chakravarti, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bhanga, Faridpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Suresh Chandra Chakravarti (I), promoted.

29. Babu Umadas Sen, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Raniganj, Bardwan, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Surendra Chandra Chatterji, promoted.

30. Maulvi Abdul Hossain Sarkar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Munshiganj, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nabin Chandra Sen (I), promoted.

31. Babu Hrishikesh Chakravarti, Draftsman, Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Bashiruddin Ahmed, promoted.

32. Maulvi Sayadul Hossain, Head Master, Karaya Middle English School, Calcutta, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Amritalal Gupta, promoted.

33. Maulvi Maniruddin Tarafdar, Assistant Master Rajshahi Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nibaran Chandra Mukherji, promoted.

34. Maulvi Ekramuddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Rajabari, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Nibaran Chandra Sen (II), promoted.

35. Maulvi Abdul Hamid (II), Assistant Maulvi, Chittagong Madrasah, now on deputation to the Calcutta Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Musammat Amirunnessa Khatoon, promoted.

36. Maulvi Muhammad Nazir, Assistant Maulvi, Chittagong Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Baba Chunilal Kundu, promoted.

37. Babu Upendra Nath Sen Gupta, Manual Instructor, Howrah Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Bisweswar Chatterji, promoted.

38. Babu Himansu Bimal Mukherji, Manual Instructor, Dacca Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Kshetro Gopal Chakravarti, promoted.

39. Maulvi Abdur Razzak (I), Assistant Master, Government Moslem High School, Chittagong, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Keshab Chandra Chatterji, promoted.

40. Babu Narendra Kumar Basu, Manual Instructor, Chittagong Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abul Mansur Muhammad Nural Islam, promoted.

41. Babu Jnan Chandra Ganguli, Manual Instructor, Hooghly Branch School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Mazharul Haque (II), promoted.

42. Babu Jitendra Nath Majumdar, Manual Instructor, Rangamati High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kanti Bhushan Bhattacharji, promoted.

43. Babu Kali Charan Addya, Assistant Master, Bankura Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Adwaita Charan Dutta, promoted.

44. Babu Rajendra Chandra Chaudhuri, Manual Instructor, Jalpaiguri Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Mahim Chandra Chakravarti, promoted.

45. Maulvi Abdul Aziz (III), Assistant Master, Krishnagar Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Shetabuddin Ahmed, promoted.

46. Babu Manmatha Nath Neogi, Assistant, Chemical Laboratory, Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur, now on deputation to the office of the Chemical Examiner for Custom and Excise, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Durga Charan Roy, promoted.

47. Maulvi Ali Azam, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Raiganj, Noakhali, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Syed Wasinddin, promoted.

48. Maulvi Tasiruddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sherpur, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Manindra Mohan Das, promoted.

49. Babu Biresh Chandra Gupta, Manual Instructor, Jamalpur Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sajoni Kanta Banerji, promoted.

50. Babu Jagadis Kumar Majumdar, Assistant Master, Comilla Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdur Rauf, promoted.

51. Babu Kshetra Gopal Mukherji, Assistant Master, Sanskrit Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abul Bashar Muhammad Osman Ghani, promoted.

52. Maulvi Muhammad Basheer Hossain, Head Master, Woodburn Middle English School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Zainul Abedin, promoted.

53. Babu Ambica Das Ghose, Assistant Master, Barrackpore Government School, now officiating Assistant Head Master, Barasat Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Brojendra Nath Mitra, promoted.

54. Maulvi Hazari Shaikh, Assistant Master, Dinajpur Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kripa Nath Ghosal, promoted.

55. Maulvi Osman Gani, Assistant Master, Chittagong Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jyesh Chandra Dutta, promoted.
56. Babu Jatindra Nath Das Gupta, Sub-Inspector of Schools, North Bagerhat, Khulna, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jitendra Nath Sen, promoted.
57. Babu Sashi Kumar Chakravarti, Assistant Master, Dacca Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kshitish Chandra Pyne, promoted.
58. Babu Rajendra Kumar Chakravarti, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Jamalpur, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Biddya Nath Banerji, promoted.
59. Babu Hemanta Kumar Sen Gupta, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kotwali, Barisal, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Krishna Lal Roy, promoted.
60. Maulvi Sabed Ali, Head Master, Rajshahi Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Bama Charan Das, promoted.
61. Maulvi Muhammad Kasem, Assistant Maulvi, Arabic Department, Calcutta Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Harindra Kumar Sen, promoted.
62. Babu Sashi Mohan Chakravarti, Assistant Master, Sanskrit Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Charu Chandra Mukherji, promoted.
63. Babu Hem Lal Taha, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Jaldhaka, Rangpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Panchu Gopal Ghosal, promoted.
64. Babu Panchu Gopal Das, Assistant Master, Calcutta Training School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Kusol Nath Ganguli, promoted.
65. Babu Hari Charan Adhikari, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bhagawanpur, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Jugul Kishore Chatterji promoted.
66. Babu Mahendra Nath Bhattacharji, Assistant Master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Tabarakulla.
67. Maulvi Syed Abdur Rauf, Assistant Master, Hooghly Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Annada Charan Maitra, promoted.
68. Babu Jyotish Chandra Chakravarti, Assistant Master, Bogra Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Aditya Kumar Bhattacharji, promoted.
69. Babu Bankim Chandra Roy, Assistant Master, Rangpur Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Makteer Ahmed Siddique, promoted.
70. Maulvi M. N. Hossain, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Nalhati, Birbhum, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Probodh Chandra Bhattacharji, promoted.
71. Maulvi Mahatabuddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Satkhira, Khulna, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Satyendra Kumar Basu, promoted.
72. Babu Ban Bihari Das, Assistant Master, Birbhum Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Asral Ali, promoted.
73. Maulvi Mazharuddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Banduria, Bakarganj, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad, promoted.
74. Babu Suresh Chandra Roy, Manual Instructor, Darjeeling High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Moslemuddin Khan, promoted.
75. Maulvi Abul Fazal Muhammad, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gournadi, Barisal, now off. Sub-Inspector of Schools, Raipur, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nirmal Chandra Das Gupta, promoted.
76. Maulvi Muhammad Emdad Ali, Assistant Master, Hooghly Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Mohini Mohan Neogi, promoted.
77. Maulvi Muhammad Jamel Ansari, Assistant Maulvi, Arabic Department, Calcutta Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Ghose, promoted.

78 Babu Bepin Behari Rout, Assistant Master, Hare School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Kahlrode Chandra Sen (11), promoted

79 Maulvi Abdul Razzaque (II), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sarupkati, Bakarganj with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Panchanan Bhattacharjee (11), promoted

80 Babu Satish Chandra Bose, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Jessore district with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Khorshed Ali Ahmed, promoted

81 Maulvi Muhammad Ishaque, Assistant Master Jessore Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Samath Nath Ganguli, promoted

82 Maulvi Dabluddin Ahmed (III), Assistant Master Khulna Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Tejendra Chandra Sen, promoted

83 Maulvi Aminuddin Ahmed Assistant Master, Government Moslem High School, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Eyer Ahmed, promoted

84 Babu Charu Chandra Das Gupta (II), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kandi, Murshidabad, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Chinta Haran Khasnabis, promoted

85 Maulvi Zafar Hossain Amin, Assistant Maulvi, Chittagong Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Anwarul Quadir, promoted

86 Maulvi Abdul Hadi, Assistant Maulvi, Chittagong Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Shamsamuddin, promoted

87 Babu Hrishendra Krishna Mitra, Teacher, Government School of Art Calcutta, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Jogendra Nath Chakravarti (I), promoted

88. Maulvi A. H. B. Abu Ahmed, Assistant Master, Uttarpara Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Bepin Chandra Chakravarti, promoted

89 Babu Nagendra Lal Choudhuri, Assistant Master, Dacca Normal School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Hari Pada Basu, promoted

90 Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, Assistant Master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Ram Rup Vidvabagis, promoted

91. Maulvi Golam Kibria, Sub-Inspector of Schools, West Meherpur, Nadia, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Dwarka Nath Vedantatirtha Kabyaratna, promoted

92 Maulvi Muhammad Maizuddin Sarkar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Tangail, Mymensingh with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Jyoti Bhusan Gupta, promoted

93 Babu Purna Chandra Sen, Assistant Master, Chittagong Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Satish Chandra Talpatra, promoted

94 Babu Deb Kumar Dutta, Assistant Master, Sanskrit Collegiate, School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Jogendra Nath Dutta, promoted

95 Babu Kedar Nath Sarkar, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Serajganj, Pabna, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Basartullah, promoted

96 Babu Srish Chandra Ganguli, Assistant Master, Uttarpara Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abu Tayeb, promoted

97 Maulvi Abdul Matin, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Raozan, Chittagong, now offg. Assistant Head Master Chittagong Moslem High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Shehabulla Khan, promoted

98. Maulvi Abdul Majid (I), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dacca City, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Abani Ranjan Sen Gupta, promoted.

99 Babu Charu Chandra Ghosal, Assistant Master, Hindu School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Satish Chandra Chakravarti, promoted.

100. Babu Dwaraka Nath Bhattacharjee, Assistant Master, Vidyamayee High School for Girls, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Abinash Chandra Sen Gupta, promoted.
101. Miss Nirāpoma Gomez, Assistant Mistress, Dr. Khantagiri's High School for Girls, Chittagong, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Bhattacharjee (II), promoted.
102. Miss Kanaklota Ghose, Assistant Mistress, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Khitish Chandra Sarkar, promoted.
103. Babu Sarat Chandra Choudhuri, Assistant Master, Pabna Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Bibu Ram Bharat Singha promoted.
104. Babu Bhupendra Nath Banerjee, Clerk, Presidency College, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sarada Kanta Roy, promoted.
105. Miss Pramila Bala Biswas, Zenana Governess, Faridpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sukhendu Bikas Mutsuddi, promoted.
106. Babu Hem Chandra Mukherjee, Assistant Master, Barisal Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Sib Doyal Dikshit, promoted.
107. Maulvi Mahammad (II), Head Maulvi, Pabna Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Nasiruddin Ahmed, promoted.
108. Mrs. Raju Bala Dasi, Zenana Governess, Nonkhali, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Pachu Gopal Bhattacharjee, promoted.
109. Pandit Siba Nandi Tripathi, Teacher, Hare School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Abdul Quader (II), promoted.
110. Pandit Manmatha Nath Bhattacharjee Vidyaratna, Grammar Pandit, Sanskrit Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Priya Nath Hore, promoted.
111. Maulvi Abdul Hakim, Clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Probodh Chandra Ganguli, promoted.
112. Maulvi Muhammad Serajul Haque, Head Maulvi, Barisal Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Syed Zahiruddin, promoted.
113. Babu Makhan Lal Ganguli, Assistant Master, Dacca Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Golam Hossain, promoted.
114. Maulvi Azahar Ali Khan, Assistant Master, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Serajuddin Ahmed, promoted.
115. Maulvi Muhammad Abdul Ghani, Vernacular Teacher, Dacca Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Romesh Chandra Banerjee, promoted.
116. Babu Nagendra Nath Das Gupta, Assistant Superintendent, Bogra Edward Industrial School, with effect from the 21st September *vice* Maulvi Abdul Rasid, promoted.
117. Babu Phukir Das Sinha, Assistant Master, Howrah Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Hara Lal Mukherjee, promoted.
118. Lama Labzan Migyur Samtakpa, Head Lama, Darjeeling High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Dilwar Hossain, promoted.
119. Babu Chuni Lal Banerjee, Drawing Master, Sanskrit Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Jaineswar Chakravarti (II), promoted.
120. Babu Judhistir Biswas, First English Teacher, Calcutta Model School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Hari Das Sen, promoted.
121. Babu Surendra Kumar Ghose, Assistant Master, Khulna Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Sen (II), promoted.
122. Babu Lut Behari Karmakar, Bengali Pandit, Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Syed Zellar Rahim, promoted.

123 Maulvi Syed Ali Akbar, Assistant Librarian, Presidency College, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Basanta Kumar Das, promoted

124 Babu Gokul Chandra Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Barr, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Anisuddin Ahmed, promoted

125 Maulvi Alla Nowaz, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Haripal, Hooghly, with effect from the 21st September *vice* Babu Basudeb Laha, promoted

126 Babu Bananali Ghose Sub-Inspector of Schools, Patgram, Jalpaiguri, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Ahmed Kabir, promoted

127 Maulvi Bahadur Ali Khan Sub-Inspector of Schools, Thakurgaon, Dinajpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Satyendra Nath Roy, promoted

128 Babu Upendra Nath Lahiri, Storekeeper, Chemical Laboratory, Presidency College, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Subodh Bose promoted

129 Maulvi Azimuddin Ahmed Sub-Inspector of Schools Nasirbagi, Tippera, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Shadique Ali promoted

130 Maulvi Khabiruddin Ahmed Sub-Inspector of Schools Ramni and Senbogh, Noakhali with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Kali Mohan Mukherjee, promoted.

131 Babu Shasadhari Banerjee, Assistant Master Rajshahi Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Nripendra Chandra Das promoted

132 Babu Shasipada Saha Assistant Master, Hare School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Upendra Nath Chatterjee, promoted

133 Pandit Gariban Misra, Head Pandit, Darjeeling High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Pim Chitang promoted

134 Babu Chandra Kumar De, Assistant Master, Chittagong Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Babu Aswini Kumar Das Gupta, promoted

135 Babu Ramani Mohan Bhoomik Assistant Master Hooghly Training School, now under orders of transfer as Head Master Practising School attached to the Chittagong Normal School with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Latif (II) promoted

136 Maulvi Mirza Muhammad Abdul Aziz Assistant Master Rajshahi Collegiate School (on leave without pay) with effect from 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme

137 Maulvi Omdatul Islam Assistant Master Hare School, now on deputation to the Krishnagar College as Lecturer in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme

138 Maulvi Khaliluddin Bhuiya, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Nagarpur, Mymensingh, with effect from 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

139 Babu Suresh Chandra Chakravarti (II), Assistant Master, Mymensingh Zilla School, with effect from 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme

140 Maulvi Farzand Ahmed, Anglo-Persian Teacher, Darjeeling High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme

141 Maulvi Abdus Sattar, Assistant Head Master Karaya Middle English School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

142 Babu Basudeb Chatterjee, Assistant, Chemical Laboratory, Hooghly College, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme

143 Babu Baidya Nath Choudhuri, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Balurghat, Dinajpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

144 Babu Moni Mohan Datta, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Magura, Jessore, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

145. Babu Ananta Deb Lahā, Assistant Master, Mymensingh Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

146. Babu Indra Chandra Biswas, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Nandigram East, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

147. Babu Pravat Chandra Sen, Assistant Master, Perojpur Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

148. Babu Bejoy Nath Saikar, Assistant Master, Jamalpur Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

149. Babu Birendra Nath Basu Roy, Assistant Master, Jhalakati Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

150. Babu Hari Das Banerjee, Assistant Master, Jamalpur Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

151. Babu Amulya Ratan Mukherjee, Assistant Master, Perojpur Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

152. Babu Annada Charan Roy, Assistant Master, Jhalakati Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

153. Babu Satya Prasanna Sen, Assistant Master, Bhola Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

154. Babu Kishori Mohan Basu, Head Pandit, Perojpur Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

155. Babu Basanta Kumar Basu, Assistant Master, Perojpur Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

156. Babu Nabin Chandra Ghose, Assistant Master, Perojpur Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

157. Babu Rajani Kant Das Gupta, Assistant Master, Jhalakati Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

158. Babu Heramba Nath Ganguli, Assistant Master, Bhola Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

159. Babu Suresh Chandra Sen Gupta, Assistant Master, Perojpur Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

160. Babu Abinash Chandra Datta, Assistant Master, Jhalakati Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

161. Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen Gupta, Assistant Master, Jamalpur Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

162. Miss Savitri Ash, Assistant Mistress, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

163. Babu Nirmal Chandra Sen Gupta, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dinajpur, Sadar, with effect from the 21st September 1919, in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

164. Babu Jogendra Nath Chakravarti (II) Head Pandit, Comilla Zilla School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

165. Babu Narayan Das Boso, Assistant, Physical Laboratory, Bengal Engineering College, Shibpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

166. Maulvi Reazuddin Bhuiya, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Pirganj, Dinajpur, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

167. Pandit Aswat Kumar Bhattacharya, Head English School, High School for Girls, Chittagong, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

168. Maulvi Muhammad Maharjan, English Teacher, Hooghly Madrasah, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

169. Babu Asoke Kumar Sen, Assistant Master, Uttarpara Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

170. Babu Satish Chandra Sikdar (II), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Tamruk East, Midnapore, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

171. Babu Tinkari Sur, Assistant, Chemical Laboratory Hooghly College, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

172. Maulvi Muhammad Mozammel Haque, Assistant Master, Bariackpore Government High School, now on deputation to the Hare School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

173. Babu Ram Kishore Acharya, Drawing Master, Chittagong Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

174. Miss Niraprava Chakrabarti, Assistant Mistress, Norkhali Sadar Middle English School for Girls, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

175. Babu Jogendra Chandra Chakrabarti, Assistant Master, Jhalakati Government High School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connection with the secondary education scheme.

176. Babu Kedareshwar Banerjee, Head Pandit, Bethune Collegiate School, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

177. Maulvi Abdul Mazid (II), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Jamalpur, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919 in one of the posts sanctioned in connexion with the secondary education scheme.

178. Maulvi Nohaluddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Khanakul, Hooghly, with effect from the 22nd September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Sahul resigned.

179. Babu Sush Chandra Guha, Assistant Master, Bethune Collegiate School, with effect from the 8th October 1919 *vice* Babu Raj Kumar Das, promoted.

180. Maulvi Sukur Muhammad, Assistant Master, Bhola Government High School, with effect from the 8th October 1919 *vice* Maulvi Khalil Bin Muhammad Arab promoted to Rs 75 outside the graded service.

181. Babu Monmotha Nath Chakrabarti, Assistant Master, Faridpur Zilla School, with effect from the 8th October 1919 *vice* Maulvi Muhammad Mazhar, promoted to Rs 75 outside the graded price.

182. Babu Gout Chandra Nath, Assistant Master, Bhola Government High School, with effect from the 16th October 1919 *vice* Mrs Sarajubala Das, promoted.

183. Maulvi Mir Tofazzal Ali, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Mehendiganj, Bakarganj, with effect from the 16th October 1919, *vice* Babu Bhubaneswar Bhattacharyya, promoted.

184. Maulvi Izzatulla, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Maksudpur, Faridpur, with effect from the 16th October 1919, *vice* Dhiresb Chandra Acharya Vidya-ratna Sastri, promoted.

185. Maulvi Tofazzal Hossain, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Goalanda, Faridpur, with effect from the 16th October 1919 *vice* Babu Purnanna Kumar Nag, promoted.

186. Maulvi A H Sayeedullah, English Teacher, Dacca Madrasah, with effect from the 16th October 1919 *vice* Babu Nagendra Nath Bose, promoted.

187. Maulvi Samiuddin Ahmed, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Baduria, 24-Parganas, with effect from the 7th January 1920, *vice* Miss Santimayee Dutt, resigned.

188. Maulvi Mahmudar Rahman, English Teacher, Chittagong Madrasah, with effect from the 10th January 1920, *vice* Babu Surendra Nath Chatterjee, promoted.

189. Babu Kameswar Kumar Das, Assistant, Physical Laboratory, Calcutta College, with effect from 1st January 1920, *vice* Miss Chandra Mitra, promoted.

190. Babu Mahan Lal Banerjee, Assistant Master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, with effect from the 16th January 1920, *vice* Babu Pramatha Nath Ghose (II), promoted.

Promoted sub. pro tem to class VII of Subordinate Education Service.

1. Babu Khageswar Roy, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Panchagar, Jalpaiguri, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Syed Wahid Ali, confirmed in class VII.

2. Maulvi Golam Rahaman, special Sub-Inspector of Schools, Mymensingh, with effect from the 21st September 1919 *vice* Maulvi Ahmadulla Khan, confirmed in class VII.

3. Maulvi Abdul Wazid, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bhangore, 24-Parganas, with effect from the 21st September 1919, *vice* Maulvi Mirja Muhammad Abdul Aziz, on leave without allowance.

4. Moulvi Abdus Sobhan, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Kasba, Tippera, with effect from 21st September 1919 *vice*, Moulvi Omdatal Islam, appointed Sub. *pro tem.* in class IV.

5. Moulvi Ahmed Sadauatul Bari, Sub-Inspector of Schools North Bogra, with effect from 31st January 1920, *vice* Babu Sukha Ranjan Basu, promoted.

6. Moulvi Zobaidulla, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Chauddagam, Tippera with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Girindra Nath Mukherjee, promoted.

7. Moulvi Mokarem Ali, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Mathurapur, 24-Parganas, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Nibaran Chandra Ghose, promoted sub. *pro tem.* to Rs. 100 outside the graded service.

8. Babu Kritibas De, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Labpur, district Birbhum, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Jatindra Nath Mohan Basu, promoted.

9. Moulvi Asheque Ali, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Feui II, Noakhali, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Jitendra Nath Talukdar, promoted.

10. Moulvi Hafiz Syed Muhammad Mahmud, Persian Teacher, Anglo-Persian Department, Calcutta Madrasah, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Hem Chandra Sen, promoted.

11. Babu Brindaban Saha, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Noakhali, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Rama Prasad Basu, promoted.

12. Babu Radhika Nath Chakrabarti, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Manda, Malda, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Lalit Mohun Das, promoted.

13. Babu Kanai Lal Da, Assistant Master, Barrackpur Government High School, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Jatindra Nath Mukherjee (II), promoted.

Promoted to Rs. 60—3—90 outside the graded service.

1. Babu Kali Chandra Ghose, Assistant, Physical Laboratory, Rajshahi College, with effect from 21st September 1919, *vice* Babu Arun Chandra Roy, promoted to class V, Subordinate Educational Service.

Promoted sub. pro tem. to Rs. 60 outside the graded service.

1. Babu Bibhuti Bhusan Bhattacharyya, Additional Laboratory Assistant, Krishnagar College, with effect from 16th February 1920, *vice* Babu Girja Prasanna Mazumdar, promoted sub. *pro tem.* to class IV.

W. W. HORNELL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Abujhati Union Board, in thana Jamalpur, in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 —

Ward No	Names
I	{ 1 Di Rudhinode Haldai 2 Babu Satish Chandra Ghose 3 , Jatindra Nath Ghose
II	{ 4 Babu Debendra Nath Mitra 5 Abdul Bari Satta 6 Babu Balu Chandra Nath Khan

2 The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said Union Board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act —

- (1) Babu Siddheswar Kinku Chatterjee
- (2) Shukh Abdul Majid
- (3) Babu Ashutosh Chatterjee

J N GUPTA *Commissioner*

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE BURDWAN DIVN CHINSURAH the 20th March 1920

NOTIFICATION

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Jaugram Union Board in thana Jamalpur in the district of Burdwan under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act 1919 —

No. of Ward	Names
I	{ 1 Babu Prafulla Chandra Chatterjee 2 „ Saroda Prasad Singha 3 „ Khudiram Sarkar
II	{ 4 Bhut Nath Roy 5 Abdul Aziz
III	6 Babu Chandi Charan Naik

The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said Union Board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act —

- (1) Babu Bistu Pada Dutt
- (2) Syed Mistri
- (3) Babu Durga Gati Mazumdar

J N GUPTA, *Commissioner*

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE BURDWAN DIVN, CHINSURAH the 20th March 1920,

NOTIFICATION

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Jotesriram union board, in thana Jamalpur, in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 —

Ward No	Names
I	{ 1 Babu Abinash Chandra Ghose. 2 „ Bepin Behari Mitra.
II	{ 3 „ Krista Kishore Acharyya 4 „ Kali Prasanna Mukherjee.
III	5 Kalimuddi Sarkar.
IV	6 Babu Atul Chandra De.

2. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said union board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act—

- (1) Babu Nityananda Mitra
- (2) Sajedar Rahaman
- (3) Babu Manmatha Nath Pal

J N GUPTA, Commissioner

COMMR'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURAH, the 20th March 1920

NOTIFICATION

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Berugum Union Board in thana Jannalpur in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self Government Act 1919—

Ward	Names
I	{ 1 Babu Jogendra Nath Haldar 2 Kunja Behari Dutt 3 Peari Bux Dewan
II	{ 4 Babu Sarat Chandra Ghose 5 Golam Rabbani Mallick 6 Babu Abinash Chandra Mitra

2. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said Union Board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act—

- (1) Babu Ekkari Ghose
- (2) Hari Pada Majumdar
- (3) Isden Mallick

J N GUPTA Commissioner

COMMR'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURAH the 20th March 1920

NOTIFICATION

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Bansul Union Board in thana Memari, in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act 1919—

Ward No	Names
I	{ 1 Babu Harindia Krishna De 2 Hari Har Nath De
II	{ 3 Kali Prosad Sarker 4 Ismail Khan
III	{ 5 Babu Kshetri Nath Choudhury 6 Jugil Pada Bandhu

3. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said Union Board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act—

1. Ulfat Hossain
2. Babu Panchanan Mukherjee
3. Bhola Nath Hazra Choudhury

J N GUPTA Commissioner

COMMR'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURAH, the 20th March 1920

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Daluibazar Union Board, in thana Memari, in the district of Bardwan under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 :—

Ward No	Names
I	{ 1 Babu Jadu Pati Banerjee. 2 „ Gadadhar Mukherjee
II	{ 3 „ Lal Gopal Haldar. 4 „ Fakir Chandra Ghose
III	{ 5 Nibaran Chandra Ghose. 6 Sheikh Rezaul Huq

The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said Union Board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act —

- (1) Dr. Satya Charan Roy
- (2) Babu Kumari Nath Sen
- (3) „ Dwarka Nath Karmakar

J. N. GUPTA Commissioner

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURAH, the 20th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Amadpur Union Board in thana Memari, in the district of Bardwan under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 —

Ward No	Names
I	{ 1 Babu Amulya Kumari Mukherjee 2 „ Hem Chandra Nandi 3 „ Aswini Kumari De
II	{ 4 Surendra Nath Mukherjee 5 „ Jatindra Mohan Goswami
III	{ 6 „ Rakhal Das Chatterjee.

2. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said Union Board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act :—

- (1) Babu Narendranath Banerjee
- (2) Khoda Bux Mandal
- (3) Babu Ashutosh Ghose

J. N. GUPTA, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN. CHINSURAH, the 20th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Durgapur Union Board, in thana Memari, in the district of Bardwan under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 —

Ward No	Names
I	{ 1 Gulzar Mandal, 2 Babu Nagendra Nath Bose. 3 „ Amrita Lal Chatterjee.
II	{ 4 „ Jatindra Nath Bose. 5 „ Satish Chandra Mitra.
III	{ 6 Natak Hossain.

3. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said Union Board under sub-section (3) of the Act:—

- (1) Babu Mohini Mohan Bose.
- (2) Mahammad Ali Mistri.
- (3) Babu Fakir Chandra Kower

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURAH, the 20th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Memari Union Board, in thana Memari, in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919:—

No of Ward	Names
I	... { 1. Babu Shub Chandra Sarkar. 2. " Rasik Lal Bishayee. 3. Maulvi Khalilur Rahaman.
II	... { 4. Babu Surendra Nath De. 5. " Kali Pada Banerjee
III	... 6 Dr. Anuja Prosad Mukherjee.

2. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said Union Board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act:—

- (1) Babu Bholu Nath Chowdhury.
- (2) Maulvi Nurul Hafez Shahab.
- (3) Munshi Asghar Ali

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURAH, the 20th March 1920

NOTIFICATION.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Nimo Union Board, in thana Memari, in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 —

Ward N	Names
I	{ 1 Babu Chura Moni Roy. 2 " Gita Kanda Mukherjee. 3 Osman Gani
II	4 Syed Mazhar ul Mati.
III	{ 5 Dr. Jatindra Mohan Ghose. 6 Babu Sati Nath Singha Roy.

7. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said Union Board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act:—

- (1) Syed Sajidulla
- (2) Babu Bindva Nath Das
- (3) " Purna Chandra Ghose

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURAH, the 20th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Chakdighi union board, in thana Jamalpur, in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 :—

No. of Ward.	Names.
I	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Babu Gosta Behari Singh Roy. 2. „ Hem Chandra Choudhury. 3. „ Bama Charan Bhattacharjee. 4. „ Priya Nath Nandi.
II	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. „ Nityananda Singh Roy. 6. Rai Sahib Bidhu Bhushan Singh Roy.

2. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said union board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act :—

- (1) Babu Saileshwar Singh Roy.
- (2) „ Hirendra Nath Sahana,
- (3) Shaik Bhutai.

J. N. GUPTA, Commissioner.

COMMR'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 20th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Jargram union board, in thana Jamalpur, in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 :—

No. of Ward	Names
I	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Shaik Aftabuddin. 2. Babu Kesbab Chandra Ghose.
II	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. „ Baroda Kanta Gangopadhyaya. 4. „ Panchu Gopal Ghose.
III	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. „ Akhil Chandra Ghose. 6. „ Satish Chandra Pal.

2. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said union board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act :—

- (1) Munshi Tabruk Ali.
- (2) Babu Joggeswar Dutt.
- (3) „ Satya Ranjan Chatterjee.

J. N. GUPTA, Commissioner.

COMMR'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 20th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Jamalpur Union Board, in thana Jamalpur, in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 :—

No. of Ward.	Names.
I	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Babu Sati Ranjan Chatterjee. 2. Dr. Satya Kinkar Gupta.
II	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Babu Sidheswar Pal. 4. „ Chandu Charan Dutt.
III	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. „ Upendra Nath Singh. 6. „ Harish Chandra Singh.

2. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said Union Board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act :—

- (1) Babu Deb Narayan Chatterjee.
- (2) Ujir Khan.
- (3) Babu Sarat Chandra Sil.

J. N. GUPTA, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURAH, the 20th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Panchara union board, in thana Jamalpur, in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 :—

No of Ward	Name
I	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Babu Javaki Prosad Majumdar. 2. „ Ram Charan Roy. 3. „ Krista Kinkar Mukherjee. 4. „ Girija Bhusan Ghose.
II	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. „ Satish Chandra Ghose. 6. Azimuddi Mallick.

2. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said union board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act :—

- (1) Babu Tara Prasanna Mukherjee.
- (2) Shaik Basiruddin.
- (3) Babu Hari Charan Banerjee.

J. N. GUPTA, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURAH, the 20th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Paratal Union Board, in thana Jamalpur, in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 :—

No of Ward	Names.
I	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Babu Renu Puda Bhattacharjee. 2. „ Jata Bhusan Mukherjee.
II	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. „ Panchanan Singh Roy. 4. „ Kuladananda Roy. 5. „ Hari Das Dutt.
III	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6. „ Bun Behari Ghose.

2. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said Union Board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act :—

- (1) Kayen Ali Khan.
- (2) Shaik Kayen Ali Midha.
- (3) Babu Upendra Nath Das.

J. N. GUPTA, Commissioner.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURAH, the 20th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Ajhapur union board, in thana Jamalpur, in the district of Burdwan, under sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 :—

No. of Ward.	Name
I	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Shaik Lutfar Rahaman. 2. Babu Lakshan Kumar Chatterjee. 3. „ Sudhansu Bhushan Mitra. 4. Maulvi Abdul Ohaid Laik.
II	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. Babu Baidya Nath Majumdar 6. „ Surendra Nath Ghose.

2. The following gentlemen have been appointed by the District Magistrate as members of the said union board under sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Act :—

- (1) Babu Bhut Nath Ghose.
- (2) „ Upendra Chandra Mitra.
- (3) „ Janaki Nath Mukherjee.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner*.

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSTRAH, the 20th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 20 (b) of the Manual of Rules for the management of Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Managing Committees of the following dispensaries under the District Board of Burdwan :—

Jaunna Dispensary.

- | | | |
|------------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|
| 1. The Civil Surgeon, Burdwan | ... | ... <i>Ex officio</i> |
| 2. Babu Chandra Nath Sen | | |
| 3. „ Nalinaksha Gupta. | | |
| 4. „ Bisnupada Mallik. | | |
| 5. „ Brojo Kishore Roy. | | |
| 6. The Head Master, Jaunna M. E. School. | | |
| 7. Babu Gokul Kishore Roy | | |

Purbasthali Dispensary.

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|
| 1. Babu Debendra Nath Roy Mahasaya | | |
| 2. „ Rajendra Chandra Banerjee. | | |
| 3. „ Kanti Chandra Tarafdar. | | |
| 4. „ Sri Nath Ray. | | |
| 5. „ Manmatha Kumar Dhara | | |
| 6. „ Pramatha Nath Roy. | | |
| 7. „ Ram Hari De. | | |
| 8. Pandit Sura Santosh Bhattacharjee. | | |
| 9. Sub-Registrar of Purbasthali | ... | } <i>Ex officio</i> . |
| 10. Senior Sub-Inspector of Police, Purbasthali | ... | |

Kaigram Dispensary.

1. Babu Khetra Nath Chakravarty.
2. „ Tirtha Nath Bose
3. „ Tarapada Chakravarty.
4. „ Ram Kumar Sen Gupta.
5. „ Sashi Mohan Mohanta Goswami.
6. „ Lal Behari Kar.
7. „ Ram Ranjan Ghosal.
8. „ Narattom Bose.
9. „ Jitendra Lal Bose.
10. „ Shyam Chand Bose.

Palla Dispensary.

- | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|----------------------|
| 1. The Civil Surgeon, Bardwan | ... | ... | } <i>Ex officio.</i> |
| 2. The Circle Officer | ... | ... | |
| 3. The President Panchayat of the Local Union. | | | |
| 4. Babu Lal Gopal Halder. | | | |
| 5. „ Gopendra Krishna De. B.L. | | | |
| 6. „ Nriya Gopal Halder. | | | |
| 7. Munshi Ulfat Hossain. | | | |
| 8. Babu Dwarka Nath Karmakar | | | |

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner.*COMM'R.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURAH. *the 17th March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

Under rule 3 of the rules for the managing committees of Government high schools, the following gentlemen have been appointed as members of the committee for the management of the Barisal Zilla School :—

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. The District Magistrate | ... | President <i>ex-officio</i> |
| 2. The Additional District Magistrate. | ... | Member other than an educational officer (<i>ex-officio</i>) |
| 3. The head master | ... | Vice-President and Secretary (<i>ex-officio</i>). |
| 4. Babu Matti Lal Bhattacharya, M.A., Assistant head master. | ... | An elected representative of the teaching staff. |
| 5. Khan Bahadur Maulvi Homayet-uddin Ahmed. | ... | } Representatives of the parents and guardians of pupils. |
| 6. Rai Mathura Nath Sen Bahadur | ... | |

G. C. NAG, for *District Magistrate.*BAKARGANJ MAGISTRACY *the 13th March 1920*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1.—In accordance with rule 3 of the rules for the managing committees of Government high schools, it is hereby notified for general information that the following gentlemen will constitute the managing committee of the Malda Zilla School for the years 1920-22 :—

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. The District Magistrate | ... | President, <i>ex officio</i> . |
| 2. Babu Abinas Chandra Ghose, B.A., B.T., head master, Malda Zilla School | ... | Vice-President and Secretary (<i>ex officio</i>). |
| 3. Maulvi Muhammad Hossain Khan, assistant master, Malda Zilla School | ... | Elected representative of the teaching staff. |
| 4. Babu Bagalapada Chatterjee, B.A., B.L., Pleader | ... | } Representatives of the parents and guardians of pupils. |
| 5. Maulvi Abdul Ghani Muktear and Secretary, Malda Muhammadan Educational Association | ... | |
| 6. Babu Lal Behari Das, Senior Deputy Magistrate | ... | |

A. K. JAMESON, *Magistrate.*MALDA MAGISTRACY, *the 15th March 1920.*

CORRIGENDUM.

No. 1431J.—In line 7 of this office notification No. 5512J., dated the 19th December 1919, published at page 2008 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th December 1919, for the words "clause (1) of the said section" read "sections 139 and 140 of the Act"

J. C. CHAUDHURI, *Persl. Asst.*, for Commissioner.

COMMR.'s OFFICE, DACCA DIVN., DACCA, the 17th March 1920.

Statement showing the gifts of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 5,000 in value made by private individuals for the construction of works of public utility in the districts of the Chittagong Division during the year 1919-20.

Division	District	Name of donor	Purpose	Amount	Total for district	Total for division
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Chittagong	Chittagong	1. Babu Purna Chandra Pal Choudhury of Dhoojung police station Fatikcherry	Construction of a Hindu hostel	2 000	7,000	7,000
		2. Moulay Abdul Bari Choudhury of Daulatpur, police station Fatikcherry	Construction of a Mahomedan hostel	2 500		
		3. Babu Kamun Kumar Saha of Dhoom police station Mirsarai	Playground for schoolboys	1 500		
		4. Babu Pran Krishna Mahajan of Battali police station Anwara	Construction of a V. E. school	1 000		

A. H. CLAYTON, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMMR.'s OFFICE, CHITTAGONG DIVN., CHITTAGONG, the 15th March 1920.

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION

No 3660 —The 20th March 1920 —Whereas I am of opinion, as the result of an enquiry held into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Bodhkhana Hindu Gramya Rindan Samity (registered No. 48 of 1915), in the district of Jessore, under sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Co-operative Societies Act, 11 of 1912, that the society ought to be dissolved.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 39 of the same Act, I hereby cancel the registration of the said society

And further, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 42 of the same Act, I hereby appoint the Inspector of Co-operative Societies, Jessore, to be Liquidator of the said society.

J. T. DONOVAN,

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal.

Statement showing the quantity of Salt in Bonded Warehouses and afloat on the river Hooghly on the 15th day of March 1920, and transactions during the half-month from the 1st to the 15th March 1920.

Description of Salt	In Sulkea Government golas.	Quantity afloat	Total	TRANSACTIONS DURING HALF-MONTH FROM THE 1ST TO THE 15TH MARCH 1920, INCLUSIVE.			
				Quantity on which duty has been paid	Manifested quantity arrived in (	Deliveries from ship-board for consumption bonded warehouses.	Deliveries from bonded warehouses for consumption inland bonded warehouses
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
United Kingdom— Liverpool and other Panga salt.	156,229	67,711	223,940	186,462	195,146	17,800	42,678
Other European countries— Spanish salt ..	8,010	31,908	40,918	71,250	204,167	78,450	19,050
Hamburg and Bremen salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hamburg and Bremen rock salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Port Said salt ...	489,921	...	489,921	48,518	...	...	...
Aden and Red Sea— Aden salt ...	274,158	86,817	360,975	281,890*	130,567	13,850	101,608
Salif salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salif rock salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kawayah salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Makassar salt ...	67,198	...	67,198	57,200	...	...	37,250
Muscat and Persian Gulf— Muscat, Lingah and Hanjam salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto rock salt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
British India— Bombay salt... ..	387,947	...	387,947	21,000†	...	...	...
Madras salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coconada salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Visagapatnam salt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1,432,460	186,439	1,618,905	619,310	529,980	170,100	289,446

Written off during the half-month—

Wastage in Sulkea golas ... 2,500

Abandoned and destroyed ... 184

In Transit—

Liverpool salt ... 200

Spanish ... 17,500

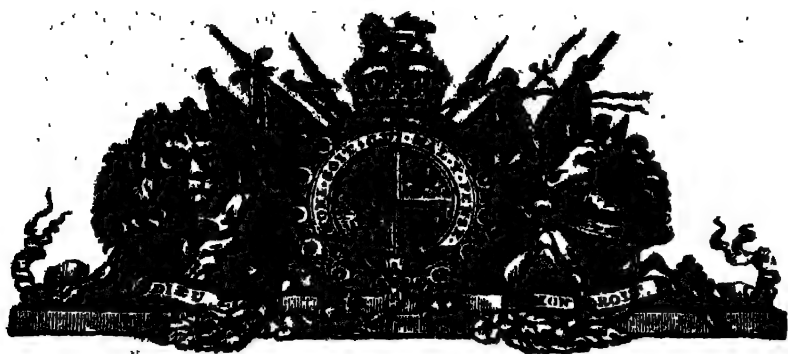
* 1,000 mds. of Aden salt was passed free of duty for the manufacture of glazed stoneware.

† Duty on this quantity was paid at Bombay.

P. MOORE.

Asst. Collector of Customs for Imports.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 20th March 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1920.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 15th March 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 15th March 1920.

FIELD OPERATIONS.

No. 486.—The following despatch by His Excellency General Sir Charles Carmichael Monro, G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., A.-D.-C., Commander-in-Chief in India, on operations during the Third Afghan War, May to August 1919, is published for general information:—

Dated Simla, the 1st November 1919.

From—GENERAL SIR CHARLES CARMICHAEL MONRO, G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., A.-D.-C., Commander-in-Chief in India,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department.

I have the honor to submit herewith, for the information of the Government of India, an account of the recent operations against Afghanistan.

INTRODUCTORY.

2. For the proper consideration of these operations, it is necessary to refer briefly to the conditions prevailing in India at the time hostilities broke out. As the Government of India are aware, the standard of military preparation in this country was regulated by the instructions of the War Committee of the Cabinet received through the Secretary of State for India in 1916, viz., that operations on the Indian Frontier were to be of a defensive nature, and that, should the offensive be forced upon us, it was to be strictly limited in scope. The Field Army maintained for this purpose, namely, four divisions, three frontier brigades and four cavalry brigades, had necessarily suffered from the demands made upon it to supply additional units and draft reinforcements for overseas theatres, and this had to a certain

extent affected its efficiency; moreover, many of its best qualified officers were employed out of India, and there was considerable deficiency in medical and engineer personnel which could not be made good from home. Since the commencement of the war in 1914, India had been engaged in providing personnel, material and munitions of war to many overseas theatres. As a result of this drain upon her resources, stocks of electrical and railway plant and other stores, only procurable from the United Kingdom, had been reduced to the lowest ebb, and, owing to shortage of shipping, deficiencies could not be replaced. Thus the signing of the Armistice in November 1918 found India grappling with the problem of meeting urgent demands on her greatly reduced resources, and with the machinery for carrying on her internal administration weakened by the withdrawal from all her civil departments of large numbers of officers for military duty.

3. Following on the Armistice came the demand for demobilisation. Every effort was made to release such men as were urgently required either at home or in India, and this necessitated a considerable reduction in establishments and imposed a severe strain on all branches of the service, especially in those employing skilled artisans and mechanics.

4. Such was the military situation when the outbreak of internal disturbances supervened in April 1919. To quell these disturbances and to protect communications, it was found necessary to divert large bodies of troops from their normal peace-stations, to detain others which were awaiting demobilisation or embarkation to the United Kingdom, and to recall a large number of Indian troops who had proceeded to their homes on leave. We were particularly fortunate in having at hand so valuable a reinforcement as the British troops *ex-Mesopotamia* awaiting demobilisation. It was only with great reluctance that I sanctioned their retention at a time when they had every reason and right to expect their early release from military service; but my confidence in the loyalty of the British soldier was not misplaced, and I take this opportunity of expressing my appreciation of the fine military spirit he displayed in shouldering this additional burden. It was a keen and natural disappointment also to the Indian soldier to be deprived of the furlough which he had earned so well, but he too accepted this burden in a spirit of cheerful resignation for which we owe him a deep debt of gratitude; his conduct, throughout this period, has been worthy of the highest praise.

5. Before passing on to a narrative of the operations, I propose briefly to review the work of the various administrative services and departments, for the campaign was essentially one in which administrative organisation played the leading part. At one time the strength of the force employed trans-Indus amounted to 340,000 men and 158,000 animals, and it will readily be understood that the maintenance of these numbers, with depleted means of transportation, was a problem of considerable difficulty. Fortunately, much attention had been paid in recent years to the improvement of frontier communications; new mechanical transport roads at a cost of approximately one million sterling had been constructed in the North-West Frontier Province alone during the past four years. Considerable improvements had also been effected in existing roads, the most important being those between Jamrud and Landi-Kotal, Kohat and Parachinar, Bannu and Miranshah, Dera Ismail Khan and Tank, and the Bolan road from Sibi to Quetta, on each of which a large number of girder bridges had been provided, spanning the main waterways. With the exception of the Bolan these roads have all been subjected to heavy and continuous motor traffic throughout the operations, and have stood the test well.

6. As regards railways, the situation was somewhat abnormal when concentration was ordered. Civil traffic had been considerably curtailed and serious damage caused at certain outlying stations during the internal disturbances in the Punjab. Nevertheless, thanks to the efforts of the North-Western and other railways, military requirements were fully met, and though the protection of Peshawar necessitated some divergence from the schedule, concentration was completed in advance of the pre-arranged timetable. During the month of May, 637 military special trains were run over the North-Western Railway system. Early in the concentration period a number of specially fitted ambulances trains were located at convenient forward stations such as Peshawar and Rawalpindi, and special services were arranged for the conveyance of ice, fruit, and vegetables in insulated railway vans, both to hospitals and the troops in the field.

7. Major-General H. F. E. Freeland, C.B., D.S.O., M.V.O., R.E., who was at this time a member of the Railway Board, earned the gratitude of the army by his zealous and unremitting efforts in developing the capacity of the railways in respect of military requirements. His wide and varied experience in dealing with military traffic problems proved of inestimable value. I had also the advantage of obtaining the valuable services of Brigadier-General O. L. Magniac, C.M.G., C.B.E., R.E., who had recently returned from France and was appointed Director of Movements.

8. The position of the Supply and Transport Services had been influenced considerably by the calls made upon them from overseas during the course of the great war. The resources of India in animal transport had been exploited to the utmost and the reserve of animals left in the country was reduced to the lowest ebb; indeed, the supply of mules had been completely exhausted and recourse was had to ponies. These latter, though they proved themselves a fairly satisfactory substitute, were greatly inferior to the mule in general utility and endurance. The ravages of *surra*, combined with continued and heavy demands made by the operations in Persia, had seriously crippled the supply of camels; and the liability of the bullock transport to epidemic diseases limited the degree of reliability which could be placed upon it. In spite of these difficulties, the animal transport available on the outbreak of war was sufficient to equip and maintain the Field Army under the conditions referred to in paragraph 2 above.

9. The mechanical transport at my disposal was employed at the outset on convoy work through the Khaibar; but later, when reinforced by locally purchased vehicles and a number of Ford chassis received from America in March and equipped locally with van bodies, it was used to supplement the animal transport with unit and field formations and for the transportation of such perishable commodities as ice, milk, fresh fruit and vegetables. The British ranks of the Heavy Mechanical Transport companies were considerably below establishment and the proper complement of drivers could not be provided for the vehicles available. In spite of the strain on their endurance, these men carried out their duties with a fortitude and efficiency which deserves unstinted praise, and proved themselves equal to the task of moving all the tonnage required for the maintenance of the forces in the field. It may here be mentioned that upwards of 500 tons of supplies and stores were transported daily from Peshawar and Jamrud through the Khaibar, a figure which was only reduced during the period of the Afghan threat on the Kurram, when a portion of the mechanical transport was diverted to that area from the Khaibar.

10. The reserves of supplies in position on the outbreak of war proved ample for the needs of the army; the standard laid down was sixty days' stocks, of which half had been placed in forward positions west of the Indus, and half in the base dépôt at Lahore and at the ports of Bombay and Karachi. Within three days of mobilisation being ordered, the reserves at the ports had been despatched, according to a pre-arranged schedule, to Lahore and the forward areas. New field service scales of rations were introduced in this campaign and have proved highly satisfactory from a dietetic point of view; the items additional to the old scale include condensed milk, tinned or dried fruit, fresh fruit, cigarettes and sweets for British troops; and fresh meat, condensed milk, tobacco, cigarettes, sweets, and ground nuts for Indian soldiers.

11. In previous frontier campaigns, units had been left to make their own arrangements for canteen supplies; but the system of relying on *bunniahs* and the peace canteen contractors of British units was unsatisfactory. The War Office were unable, however, to accede to my request that the Expeditionary Force Canteen organization should take the matter in hand, and a general contract was therefore made with a Calcutta firm of large experience and reputation, to whom special railway and transport facilities were given. This arrangement proved satisfactory on the whole and was certainly an improvement on the former arrangement; but I hope that in future a system may be devised which will enable us to ensure the provision on mobilisation of Field Force Canteens fully equipped with personnel and supplies.

12. In order to provide rest and refreshment for troops moving by rail and to mitigate the hardships inseparable from a journey across India during the summer months, rest camps were established at Peshawar,

Nowshera, Rawalpindi, Lahore, Ambala, Quetta and Chaman, and the number of "Monro Soldiers' Canteens" (which had been established at all the principal railway stations) was increased to meet the additional demands made upon them. Tea-rooms were also opened for the special use of Indian troops, not only at the chief railway stations, but also at all standing camps within the forward areas. Messes for British officers and for warrant and non-commissioned officers travelling in small parties or independently of their units, were organised and equipped at seventeen of the main halting places, in advance of railheads on the various lines of communication.

13. The requirements of the Veterinary Service necessitated the formation of three Camel Veterinary Hospitals for 500 camels each, a Camel Convalescent Depot and Horse Convalescent Depot for 1,000 animals each, as well as additional Field and Mobile Veterinary Sections and Base Depôts of Veterinary Stores. The creation of these units imposed a severe tax on available sources of recruitment, and some difficulty was experienced in obtaining personnel of the right stamp. But, on the whole, the existing organisation stood the test well. The mortality among animals was never excessive, amounting to a weekly average of .2 per cent in the case of horses and ponies, .04 in the case of mules, 3 in the case of bullocks and .3 in the case of camels, as compared with .2, .06, 1.6, and .1 per cent, respectively during the period May to September, 1918, in Mesopotamia. The evacuation of sick animals was on the whole well carried out, but there was a tendency to maintain too many ineffective animals with units; this fault was corrected in course of time. Considerable inefficiency was caused by the incidence of foot-and-mouth disease and rinderpest in bullocks. The organisation of the Remount Service stood the test well and calls for no comment.

14. I was fortunate in obtaining two Ordnance Mobile Workshops, complete with personnel, from Mesopotamia. These were pushed up to Peshawar to supplement the heavy workshops established in the Ordnance depot there immediately on the outbreak of war. A number of R. A. O. C. personnel were obtained from among the troops awaiting demobilisation, and these rendered invaluable service in the Ordnance depôts in the forward areas. In other respects the existing Ordnance organisation proved sufficient for the needs of the army. An ample reserve had been provided of special stores such as heavy tents, hand fans, mosquito nets, sun goggles, etc., which experience has shown to be necessary for the health and comfort of the troops during a summer campaign.

15. As regards the Medical Service, the number of regular R. A. M. C. and I.M.S. officers available in India was short of our requirements for complete mobilisation. The source of recruitment of these categories in India is small and it had been found impossible to make good the deficiency from home. I was fortunate, however, in obtaining the services of 107 officers and 1,280 other ranks of the R. A. M. C. who happened to be in India *en route* from Mesopotamia to the United Kingdom. The field medical units of the Field Army were already partially mobilised with personnel when the outbreak of war occurred and the equipment of other field medical units and of 21 General Hospitals was held ready for issue in medical mobilisation stores. The number of mobilised medical units employed during the campaign amounted to 29 Field Ambulances, 12 Casualty Clearing Stations, 53 Staging Sections, 15 Sanitary Sections, 8 Advanced Depôts of Medical Stores, 14 Base Depot Medical Stores and 16,000 beds in General Hospitals, i.e., 5,000 for British and 11,000 for Indians. The General Hospitals were established at Landi Kotal, Peshawar, Nowshera, Rawalpindi, Gharial, Kuldana, Kohat, Bannu, Dardoni, (near Miranshah), Dera Ismail Khan, Tank, Mauzai, and Quetta. In addition to these, convalescent camps provided accommodation in the Murree Hills for 1,200 British at Upper Tops and Lower Gharial, and for 3,000 Indians at Kohat and Rawalpindi. Medical transport included two British and eight Indian broad gauge ambulance trains, one combined British and Indian narrow gauge ambulance train and over a hundred specially fitted railway ambulance coaches for use with the ordinary passenger services.

16. The two outstanding features of the campaign from the medical point of view were, firstly, an outbreak of cholera of unusual severity, and, secondly, the abnormal climatic conditions under which the troops were called upon to operate. An epidemic of cholera seldom equalled in extent and severity during the past ten years was raging among the civil population of the Punjab and North-West Frontier Province during the period of the

operations. It first made its appearance among the troops in the forward areas at Hangu on June 1st, and at Jamrud on June 4th, but though it spread rapidly in both the Kohat and Khaibar areas and for a time gave rise to grave anxiety, it was successfully stamped out by June 20th, an achievement for which the Medical Service deserves the greatest credit. A severe epidemic also occurred in Derajat and the Tochi Valley and cases continued intermittently from the middle of June till the close of the operations.

17. Shortly after the outbreak of hostilities, a heat wave of remarkable severity occurred over the whole of the Punjab and North-West Frontier Province, the daily shade temperatures registered at Peshawar in May, June and July being 5 to 7 degrees Fahrenheit above the daily average of the past 20 years. The Government of India will appreciate how great a strain was imposed on the troops when called upon to operate under these conditions in such areas as the Khaibar, the Kurram, the Derajat and Waziristan.

18. In spite of these conditions, the incidence of sickness was not excessive. The total admissions during the period 5th May to 9th August amounted to 10,882 British and 45,774 Indians, giving a daily admission ratio per thousand of 4.98 British and 2.97 Indians. This compares not unfavourably with admission ratios in Mesopotamia which, in 1917, were 5.04 and 2.11 and, in 1918, 3.48 and 2.27 respectively.

19. The foregoing brief review of the administrative problems presented by this campaign will, I hope, serve to illustrate some of the chief difficulties with which we had to contend. India, and especially the frontier region, is a country ill-provided with those amenities of civilization which in Western Europe, go so far to mitigate the discomforts of a campaign; and, coming as it did at the hottest season of the year and at a time when the army was sorely in need of rest and recreation, this campaign inevitably imposed severe hardships on the troops employed. Nevertheless, from personal inspection, I am able to assure the Government of India that everything possible was done with the means at our disposal to alleviate the discomfort of the troops, and I desire to place on record my high appreciation of the work of the administrative services and departments which contributed so largely to that end.

20. I now turn to the conduct of the operations. The distribution of the Afghan army at the end of April is believed to have been as follows. On the northern line, including Kabul, were stationed 7½ regiments of cavalry (2,800 sabres), 29 battalions (16,500 rifles), and 110 guns, of which about 2,000 rifles and 4 guns were located between Kunar and Asmar on the Chitral border. On the central line, including Ghazni, were 3 cavalry regiments (1,100 sabres), 17 battalions (9,150 rifles) and 60 guns; and, on the southern line, 1 cavalry regiment (460 sabres), 10 battalions (5,250 rifles) and 24 guns. The Afghan garrisons in Herat, Farah, and Mazar-i-Sharif, and in the Maimana and Badakshan districts, are not included in the above, and amounted to about 2,700 sabres, 11,100 rifles and 70 guns. The force at the Amir's disposal thus comprised about 7,000 sabres, 42,000 rifles and 260 guns; but it should be noted that at least half of his guns were either immobile or obsolete.

21. But the Amir's real strength lay, not in his regular army (which, of itself, is of small account), but in the potential fighting value of the frontier tribes on either side of the border. Expert in all forms of guerilla warfare and amounting in the aggregate to some 120,000 men, armed with modern rifles many of which are provided from Kabul, these tribes are the outstanding factor in the Indian frontier problem, and it was on their co-operation that the Afghan plan of campaign was based. As far as can be judged, this plan contemplated operations on three fronts, viz.:—

(a) From Jalalabad on the Khaibar and Mohmand sector;

(b) From Gardez on the Kurram and Waziristan border, utilizing the Khost salient;

(c) From Kandahar on the Chaman border.

A secondary operation from Asmar on Chitral, supported by a demonstration made by the Badakshan garrison, was to be supplementary to (a) above, while, subsidiary to the action on the Kandahar front, troops were to be moved up from Girishk and Farad to threaten the Seistan border and our communications in East Persia. Each of the above fronts formed a separate command, and the general idea appears to have been to push forward in the first instance detachments of Afghan regular troops, whose function was to

raise the tribes on both sides of the border with the cry of *Jehad*. Arms and ammunition were to be distributed amongst the tribesmen, and the detachments of Afghan regulars would serve as a stiffening to the tribal *lashkars* and as an earnest of the Amir's support. On the Khaibar sector, which was evidently looked upon as the main battle front, the intention appears to have been to hold back the bulk of the regular troops until the tribal offensive had developed. This tribal offensive was, in fact, the basis of the whole plan; and the line of action to be taken by the main Afghan army depended entirely on the extent to which the tribes consented to co-operate and on the subsequent success of their operations. It was probably realised that both as regards command and maintenance, the Afghan regular army was, of itself, incapable of undertaking sustained operations and that their best and only chance of success lay in securing the co-operation of the tribes and in co-ordinating their efforts. The looseness of our political control over a large portion of the border territory makes it a promising field for such an enterprise. The Amir appears to have anticipated that the presence of bodies of tribesmen on the flanks and rear of our main forces would compel us to dissipate our strength and create a favourable opportunity for striking a blow with his regular troops.

22. Our plan of campaign was to undertake the offensive towards Jalalabad with our main striking force, our object being to divide the Mohmands and Afridis (two of the most influential tribes upon our border) and to cut them off from Afghan influence and support; to strike at any Afghan concentration within reach; and to induce the withdrawal of Afghan forces from our tribal borders elsewhere, for the purpose of covering Kabul. It was proposed to maintain an active defence on other portions of our front. In the Tochi and Derajat areas we were prepared, if necessary, to evacuate temporarily those portions of the country which lay between the administrative and political borders and which were held by militia garrisons; for their retention in the face of opposition would have involved us in a series of sieges, necessitating measures for their relief and consequent dissipation of transport.

23. To carry out this plan, the army was originally organised in two forces, viz., the North-West Frontier Force, commanded by General Sir A. A. Barrett, G.C.B., K.C.S.I., K.C.V.O., A.D.C., and the Baluchistan Force, commanded by Lieutenant-General R. Wapshare, C.B., C.S.I., the latter including the troops allotted to the defence of the Nushki extension railway and our line of communication through East Persia to Meshed. As the operations developed, however, it was decided to effect a further decentralisation, and on May 30th the troops allotted to the Bannu and Derajat areas were separated from the North-West Frontier Force, and placed under the command of Major-General S. H. Climo, C.B., D.S.O. This new command was designated the Waziristan Force. The force at Meshed under Major-General W. Malleson, C.B., C.I.E., must also be considered as part of the general organisation, for though charged with no offensive rôle in relation to the operations on the Indian frontier, the duty fell upon it of intervening, if necessary, in any attempt by the Turkistan Bolsheviks to send armed assistance into Afghanistan.

24. As constant references would be made to the Government of India and to Army Headquarters regarding the conduct and direction of the operations, and as in any case officers of sufficient status were not available to form a separate General Headquarters, it had been decided in advance that the functions of the latter were to be performed by Army Headquarters.

25. I need refer but briefly to the sequence of events which precipitated the outbreak of war. Towards the end of April, Saleh Muhammad Khan, the Afghan Commander-in-Chief, arrived at Dakka with an escort of two companies of infantry and two guns for the ostensible purpose of inspecting the Afghan frontier. On May 3rd, the usual militia escort to the caravan proceeding through the Khaibar was confronted by piquets of armed Afghans on the disputed zone between Tor Khan and Landi Khana, and that night five coolies employed at the water-works were killed by tribesmen. On May 4th large numbers of copies of a *farman*, signed by the Amir and concluding with an unmistakable exhortation to *Jehad*, were distributed in Peshawar city through the agency of the Afghan Post-office there; and on the same day the Afghan postmaster arrived from Jalalabad with a motor car load of leaflets printed at Kabul, announcing that the Germans had resumed war and that India and Egypt had risen. On May 5th, the British Army received orders for mobilisation.

26. The operations which followed fall naturally under three heads, viz., those of the North-West Frontier Force, the Waziristan Force, and the Baluchistan Force, respectively, and I propose to deal with them in three separate narratives. The chief features of the operations, viewed as a whole, can be summarised as follows. Our main effort was directed to the Khaibar front, with Dakka as the first objective. After defeating the Afghan covering troops in the vicinity of Landi Khana, our troops occupied Dakka on May 18th, i.e., within eight days of mobilisation being ordered; and, following a successful action on May 17th the Afghan main army dispersed, and, for the time being, practically ceased to exist as an organised force. A pause was now necessary for the purpose of accumulating supplies preparatory to a further advance. All arrangements for the advance had been completed and the troops were ready to move when the Amir's request for negotiations rendered any further forward movement politically inexpedient. On the Waziristan front, we were prepared, as explained above, to evacuate certain positions with the object of reducing detachments, avoiding embarrassing commitments, and concentrating as large a force as possible at the decisive point. The evacuation became necessary and was carried out under arrangements concerted between General Sir A. A. Barrett and the Chief Commissioner of the North-West Frontier Province. Suitable dispositions were made to meet the situation thus created. On the Baluchistan front, the only operation of importance was the attack and capture of Fort Spin Baldak. The close proximity of this fort to the Baluchistan border was a threat to our position at Chaman and it served as a screen behind which the enemy could concentrate preparatory to an attack on Chaman itself, or against the flank of our position at Bogra. It was accordingly carried by assault on May 27th.

27. During the course of the war our troops were engaged on a front extending along the whole length of the Afghan frontier from Chitral on the north-east to Scistan on the south-west, a total distance of about 1,000 miles; indeed, the fighting front may be said to have extended still further, for our line of communication defence troops on the 300 miles of road between Robat and Rui Khaf were kept constantly on their guard against raids from across the border, and were at one time directly threatened by a small Afghan force which was detached from Herat towards the Persian frontier. Never before have simultaneous operations been undertaken on the frontier of India which have covered so wide an extent of front.

28. There are other important points of difference between this and previous campaigns on the Indian frontier. In the first and second Afghan wars and in the Tirah campaign, the initiative lay with the Government of India; India was enjoying internal tranquillity, and the Government was able to mature its plans and move in its own time during the cool season of the year. On the present occasion, Afghanistan was the aggressor, certain districts of internal India were still under martial law, the time chosen was the hottest season of the year, and the invasion contemplated a rising in Peshawar. In 1878 and 1897, eight weeks elapsed between the issue of orders to concentrate and the advance of our forces up the Khaibar and into Tirah respectively; in 1919, two weeks only elapsed between the receipt of information of the impending Afghan attack and the disposal of the main Afghan army on the Jalalabad plain and within four weeks Amir Amanullah had sued for an armistice. The promptitude of this advance through the Khaibar and the consequent menace to Jalalabad, prevented an Afghan-tribal combination against us, and saved India the long and costly war which would have resulted from the loss of the Khaibar.

29. Two other features of the campaign may be mentioned as exercising an appreciable influence on the course of the operations. The first is the failure of the system of tribal militias. With certain notable exceptions (which are referred to in their place) the outbreak of war was followed almost immediately by wholesale desertions from militia units, necessitating the complete disbandment of one and the reduction of others to a small fraction of their proper establishment. The defection of these units at a time when the Field Army was concentrating in rear of them constituted a grave danger and this danger is one which, in my opinion, we cannot afford to accept in the future.

The other feature to which I refer is the great disadvantage from which the troops suffered as the result of the political situation. From the granting of the armistice at the beginning of June to the signing of peace on

August the 8th, the Amir failed to exercise complete control over his own tribesmen and the agents whom he had deputed to raise the tribes within the British border. Consequently, throughout this period, the whole length of the frontier was threatened and constant raiding occurred.

30. The formations at my disposal at the outbreak of war (excluding units allotted to area defence) comprised two divisions and two cavalry brigades on the Khaibar line, one brigade in the Kohat-Kurram area, two brigades in Waziristan, and one division and one cavalry brigade on the Baluchistan front, with one division, one cavalry brigade and two mixed brigades in central reserve. During the course of the operations, seven additional brigades and one cavalry brigade were formed, increasing the total force employed at the signing of peace to the equivalent of about seven divisions and four cavalry brigades, with one cavalry and five infantry brigades in reserve.

OPERATIONS OF THE NORTH-WEST FRONTIER FORCE.

31. News of the proclamation of *Jehad* by the Amir of Afghanistan, together with the move of Afghan troops towards the Khaibar and Kurram, reached Peshawar on the 3rd May. I immediately ordered General Sir A. A. Barret, who was at that time on inspection duty in Delhi, to proceed at once to Peshawar to control the military measures necessary in the North-West Frontier Province. He was directed to assume command of the North-West Frontier Force, the troops at his disposal comprising the 1st and 10th Cavalry Brigades, the 1st and 2nd Divisions, the Internal Security Troops of the Peshawar area and the Kohat, Bannu and Derajat Brigades, together with Corps Troops and Frontier Militia. In view of the paramount importance of safeguarding the Peshawar district, which was already threatened by Afghan forces and which is surrounded by powerful independent tribes, General Sir A. A. Barrett directed the 2nd Division into the Peshawar area in support of the 1st Division.

32. Prior to his arrival in Peshawar, the situation on the Khaibar line had developed rapidly. On the morning of the 4th May, Afghan troops supported by large bodies of tribesmen, were reported to have taken possession of the Bagh and Tangi springs, near Landi Khana, and to be on the Spinatsuka and Tor Sappar ridges to the north of Landi Kotal. On the following day a small column, which had been ordered to hold itself in readiness at Peshawar, was despatched by the General Officer Commanding, 1st Division, in motor lorries to Landi Kotal to support the Khaibar Rifles. It was essential that the Afghans should be driven from the springs as quickly as possible, as on one of them depended the principal water-supply of Landi Kotal, and until the springs were in our possession no large force could be concentrated at that place. Troops were therefore pushed up the Khaibar as rapidly as possible, and on the 8th the 1st Infantry Brigade with one battalion of the 2nd Infantry Brigade and 14 field and mountain guns, under the command of Brigadier-General G. D. Crocker, were concentrated at Landi Kotal, other troops of the 1st Division moving up the Khaibar in support. Troops of the 2nd Division were meanwhile arriving continuously in the Peshawar area.

33. On the morning of the 9th General Crocker, reinforced by another battalion of the 2nd Infantry Brigade, attacked the enemy and secured the Tangi springs and water-works; but he encountered stubborn opposition, and the force at his disposal was insufficient to drive the Afghans from their strong position, in difficult mountainous country, covering the Bagh springs. Next day the remainder of the 2nd Infantry Brigade, together with a mountain battery and a machine gun company, reinforced the troops at Landi Kotal, where Major-General G. A. Fowler, C.B., D.S.O., commanding the 1st Division, had assumed command.

34. On the 11th May, the headquarters and one and a half battalions of the 3rd Infantry Brigade reached Landi Kotal, and an entirely successful attack was made on the Afghans on the Khargali heights dominating the Bagh springs. Infantry, guns, machine guns, and aeroplanes worked in co-operation, and the enemy, who again resisted stubbornly, fled in the same direction, leaving behind him six guns which fell into our hands. Our car load were happily slight. The Royal Air Force not only co-operated in the attack, but also systematically bombed Dakka, where the Afghan Army had been collected. The material and moral effect of this bon

was very great. Major-General Fowler brings to notice the excellent work of the 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, the 1st Gurkha Rifles, and No. 8 Mountain Battery, R. G. A., on this occasion. On the following day a reconnaissance disclosed the Afghans still holding Spinatsuka and a hill near Tor Sappar, but these localities were found evacuated on May 13th.

35. On May 10th, I authorised General Sir A. A. Barretht to advance to the vicinity of Dakka in order the more effectively to deter the tribes from hostilities by threatening their rear and preventing their maintenance from Kabul with arms and ammunition. On the 13th May a cavalry force, consisting of the 1st Cavalry Brigade and one regiment of the 10th Cavalry Brigade, which had been concentrated in readiness at Jamrud, advanced through the Khaibar and occupied Dakka without opposition. This force was followed next day by the headquarters and two battalions of the 1st Infantry Brigade, and on the 16th, by the remaining two battalions of the 1st Infantry Brigade, a mountain battery and a company of sappers and miners. A reconnaissance on the morning of this date from Dakka towards Hazarnao disclosed the Afghans in large numbers and our troops were closely followed up during their withdrawal to camp. Fighting took place at close quarters, the British squadrons executing several charges before the enemy was successfully beaten off. The enemy now established himself on the hills above Robat Fort to the west of the camp, but was unable to advance into the plain. On the following morning, Brigadier-General Crocker attacked with the 1st Infantry Brigade, supported by aeroplanes and the fire of horse artillery, mountain, and machine guns. As in the previous actions, the enemy held stoutly to his position along the crest of precipitous hills. During the action, two battalions of the 3rd Infantry Brigade with field and mountain howitzers arrived from Landi Kotal under the command of Major-General A. Skeen, C.M.G., and finally forced the enemy to retreat with heavy loss. The manner in which the attack was carried out reflects great credit on the Commander and troops employed, and the results of the action were far-reaching; for the enemy retreated in great disorder, losing large numbers by desertion, and it was long before he was able to reorganise his units. The value of high explosive shell, and particularly of the 3.7 inch mountain howitzer, in dislodging an enemy from an inaccessible position in mountainous country, was well demonstrated in this action; indeed, these weapons have been of the greatest service throughout the operations.

36. While these operations had been taking place, the state of unrest prevailing in the Peshawar area had given cause for much concern. On the 5th May, Peshawar city was quickly and successfully surrounded by a cordon of troops, and several leaders of the anti-British party, including the Afghan Postmaster, were arrested. It was found necessary to institute martial law and to keep a large body of infantry permanently on duty in the city. Raiding into the Peshawar Cantonment and in the district was at this time very prevalent, and communications up the Khaibar, particularly in the neighbourhood of Ali Masjid, were subjected to constant sniping and attacks by tribesmen. The Khaibar Rifles in whose hands the guarding of the road through the Pass had at first been left, became unreliable, and after frequent desertions had occurred they were replaced by regular troops, the corps being disbanded. Additional posts were also established in the lower Khaibar, and this, and other measures taken by Major-General Sir C. M. Dobell, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Commanding the 2nd Division, quickly resulted in the security of the communications. On the 15th and 16th May, the 6th Infantry Brigade carried out operations near Ali Masjid to secure the heights south of the Khaibar stream and inflicted heavy casualties on the enemy. By the 19th May the 2nd Division was holding the line from Landi Kotal to Peshawar, with the 1st Division, less two field batteries, concentrated at Dakka and Landi Khana, two of the three Infantry Brigades being at the former place, where the force was temporarily under the command of Major-General Skeen. On May 12th I placed the 16th Division from the Central Reserve at General Sir A. A. Barretht's disposal, and on the 14th I directed him to make preparations for a forward move of four marches from Dakka.

37. In the north, successful operations had been carried out by the Chitral garrison in conjunction with the Chitral Scouts and His Highness the Mehtar's Bodyguard. On the 12th May, the Afghans occupied Arnawai in the Chitral Valley and advanced rapidly up the river. On the 14th the

Chitral Scouts drove back the enemy's advanced parties near Kautl. On the 20th Lieutenant-Colonel F. C. S. Samborne-Palmer, Commanding at Chitral, moved down the Chitral River with a small mobile column, and on the 23rd the column and scouts attacked and drove the enemy from Arnawai, destroying the force opposed to them and capturing four guns. The 11th Rajputs particularly distinguished themselves in this action. The mobile column returned to Drosh on 5th June. During the remainder of this month successful raids into Afghan territory were made by the Chitralis, resulting in the capture of a large quantity of live-stock.

38. For some days prior to the 20th May, reports had been received of the presence of Afghan troops on the Mohmand-Afghan border, and on the evening of that day they were reported to have reached Ghalanai in Mohmand country to the west of Shabkadr. A brigade of the 16th Division, with some of the divisional troops of the 2nd Division under the command of Brigadier-General W. M. Southey, C.M.G., was despatched from Peshawar to Shabkadr and Michni for the defence of that portion of the frontier. The Afghans did not advance, nor did the Mohmand gathering assume large proportions; and after being bombed on two days by aeroplanes the enemy withdrew.

39. The 31st Squadron, Royal Air Force, under the direction of Lieutenant-Colonel F. F. Minchin, D.S.O., M.C., Commanding the 52nd Wing, carried out concentrated bombing raids on Jalalabad on the 17th, 20th and 24th May with marked effect; large portions of the military quarter of the town were burnt out, including the Afghan headquarters, and on one occasion a parade of 2,000 Afghan troops was bombed with good results. In the panic which followed these raids the neighbouring tribesmen entered the town and secured large quantities of loot in the shape of arms, ammunition and treasure. On the 24th Captain Halley, R.A.F., in a Handley-Page machine, performed a notable feat by bombing Kabul; and there is little doubt that this raid was an important factor in producing a desire for peace at the headquarters of the Afghan Government.

40. Meanwhile, preparations for an advance from Dakka were nearing completion, but unofficial overtures, begun on May 15th, for a cessation of hostilities, culminated on May 31st in a formal request from the Amir for the conclusion of an armistice. The Government of India were desirous of avoiding any action which might serve to prejudice the negotiations, and I therefore issued orders that, though preparations for an advance on Jalalabad were to continue without interruption, no further advance was to be made without previous reference to me. The period of inaction which followed was one of great hardship to the troops, for the success of their efforts had led them to expect an early termination of the war, and they were looking forward eagerly to their long delayed leave or demobilisation. The situation was met, however, in that spirit of willing self-sacrifice which we have learnt to expect from the British and Indian Armies, and I desire to express here my appreciation of the high sense of duty they displayed during this period.

41. Turning now to the operations of the force in the Kohat-Kurram area (which, as explained above, formed part of General Sir A. A. Barrett's command), the situation had remained quiet during the first fortnight of May: there had been no unusual raiding from tribal territory and no information was received of any Afghan concentration in Khost. On May 5th, Major-General A. H. Eustace, C.B., D.S.O., Commanding the Kohat area, ordered a column of all arms to proceed from Thal to Parachinar in support of the Kurram Militia. On the 14th, information was received that two Afghan battalions had arrived at Peiwar Kotal, and that there were three battalions with guns at Ali Khel. A detachment of the Kurram Militia, with two guns, was accordingly moved to Peiwar, and four additional battalions and a mountain battery to Kohat. As units became available at Kohat, they were moved up to Thal and Parachinar, and on the 26th the force at the latter place consisted of two battalions, one squadron and four mountain guns. Having regard to the requirements of the Khaibar line, it was impossible at this time to despatch aeroplanes to the Kohat and Waziristan areas; arrangements were, however, made to despatch a flight to Bannu from which the bombing of Matun in Khost could be undertaken.

42. On the evening of the 24th May information was received at Thal that General Nadir Khan, the Afghan Commander in Khost and ex-Commander-in-Chief of the Afghan Army, intended to advance either into the

Tochi or the Kurram and it was reported from Spinwan that Afghan troops were moving on that post. Major-General Eustace accordingly proceeded to Thal and ordered one more battalion and two more mountain guns to rail from Kohat to Thal. On the arrival of these units, the garrison of Thal comprised 4 battalions, 4 mountain guns, one squadron, and one company of sappers and miners. On the 27th a considerable force of Afghan troops with a large following of tribesmen advanced on Thal and occupied Thal city and the hills to the south-west of the posts. The enemy's guns and the majority of his regular troops were on the south bank of the Kurram river which, at this season, is liable to sudden floods. The fort and camp were subjected to considerable shelling, two of the guns used being German howitzers of 3·8" calibre. On the morning of the 28th, General Sir A. A. Barrett ordered the immediate despatch to Kohat by rail from Peshawar of a field battery of the 2nd Division, and a battalion of the 45th Infantry Brigade, to be followed by the remaining units of that brigade under the command of Brigadier-General R. E. H. Dyer, C.B. The headquarters of the 16th Division were also ordered to proceed to Kohat from Lahore, instead of to Peshawar as previously ordered. These troops began to arrive at Kohat on the morning of the 29th, and were followed in quick succession by two additional battalions and the 46th Brigade from Ambala which I had also ordered to Kohat.

By the afternoon of the 30th May, Brigadier-General Dyer had concentrated his force by rail and road at Togh from which place he marched 18 miles towards Thal on the early morning of the 31st. On the 1st June he entered Thal with little opposition. The hills to the south-east were then cleared of the enemy. The following day the operations were continued to the west of Thal but the enemy retreated hurriedly, leaving behind him his camp equipment and a large quantity of cordite ammunition. During the advance of General Dyer's column on Thal, the extreme heat had made the long marches exceedingly arduous and exhausting; but the march discipline and spirit of the men were excellent and the commander and troops deserve great credit for the manner in which the operation was carried out. A flight of aeroplanes based on Thal co-operated throughout, and contributed largely to the enemy's hasty retreat.

43. General Nadir Khan's enterpriso was a move which, had it met with a greater measure of success, might have compromised our plan of campaign. The salient of Afghan territory which reaches out between the Tochi and Kurram valleys enabled him to concentrate on the flank of two of our main communications through tribal country. An attack on the Kurram undoubtedly promised more important results, for had Nadir Khan succeeded in raising the Orakzai and Afridi tribes against us the effect would have been felt in our operations in the Khaibar.

44. On the 2nd June the regular troops and Kurram Militia from Parachinar, where Brigadier-General E. A. Fagan, C.M.G., D.S.O., was in command, attacked the Afghan force near Kharachi, captured the Afghan post at that place and destroyed six villages. The Kurram Militia also carried out several minor operations in which they were invariably successful. Throughout the whole period of the operations the behaviour of this corps has been deserving of the highest praise.

45. As already mentioned, cholera appeared at Hangu in the Kohat area on the 1st June and spread rapidly, appearing a few days later in the Khaibar also. As the transport drivers were chiefly affected, the movement of animal transport up the Khaibar was suspended; all camels from the stages up to Landi Kotal were withdrawn to Nowshera Thana, and did not return to the Khaibar until the end of June. Outbreaks of foot-and-mouth disease and glanders also seriously affected the Bullock Corps on the Khaibar line, so that it became necessary for some time to rely almost exclusively on mechanical transport.

46. After the operations in the neighbourhood of Thal, the troops in the Kohat area were reorganized, the 46th, 60th and 65th Infantry Brigades being located at Kohat, Parachinar and Thal respectively. The 16th Divisional Headquarters and the 45th Infantry Brigade were withdrawn to Nowshera, and the 66th Infantry Brigade was formed at Mardan as the third Infantry Brigade of the 16th Division. On the 19th and 20th of June our cavalry at Dakka succeeded in ambushing parties of Mohmands and inflicting on them considerable losses. The Dakka camp was sniped nightly from the left bank of the Kabul river and telegraph lines were constantly cut. Considerable raiding continued in the Peshawar area, and on the night of the

6th to 7th June the village of Badhber was surrounded by a column and several arrests made. A similar operation against Utmanzai village was carried out later in the month, and drives by columns of all arms, including armoured cars were carried out to clear the Kajuri plain of hostile gangs.

47. At the beginning of July the activities of the Afghan Commander at Asmar near the Chitral border and the arrival of reinforcements, indicated the probability of renewed Afghan attempts to invade Chitral, notwithstanding the Amir's orders to the contrary. To meet this threat the Officer Commanding Chitral made suitable dispositions, and, while retaining his regular troops at Drosh and Chitral, placed a central striking force of Chitral Scouts at Ayun. In the middle of the month Afghan troops occupied certain passes on the border, and an attack down the Bumboret valley was made by a mixed force of Afghan regulars and tribesmen. This was driven back in disorder by the Chitral Scouts, whose behaviour throughout the operations has been excellent. On July the 24th an enemy gathering of about 1,200 was reported to have assembled about six miles south of Ziarat near the Lowari pass with the object of attacking the post at that place. A force of Chitral Scouts, Bodyguard, and Levies delivered a most successful attack which drove the enemy from a series of positions. Heavy rain and sleet during the night completed his discomfiture, and he dispersed with a loss of 60 men in killed alone, including a well-known leader. Towards the end of the month Afghan troops from Faizabad advanced towards the Dorah pass, but no attack was made from this direction.

48. On the 13th of July piqueting troops from Dakka experienced considerable opposition in taking up a position on the hills in the direction of Ghuzgai. The tribesmen were in strength and, offering favourable targets to our gun-fire, suffered severely. In spite of the armistice conditions, Afghan officials were everywhere busy endeavouring to incite the tribesmen to rise. This culminated on the 16th July in a large gathering in the Bazar valley, estimated to be 10,000 strong. On the 18th, Ali Masjid was threatened and attacks were made on piquets in the Khaibar, one of which was rushed after stubborn resistance. The following night determined but unsuccessful attacks were made on the piquet line from Ali Masjid to Shagai, and as a result of the losses he had suffered in this fighting the enemy retired into the Bazar valley where he was bombed by aeroplanes and finally dispersed on the 19th. The General Officer Commanding 2nd Division, brings to special notice the 1st Battalion, Royal Sussex Regiment, for their capture of a ridge to the south of Ali Masjid on the 16th May, and for their defence of the same ridge on this occasion, as well as for consistently good work. On the early morning of the 22nd July a drive was carried out by a force of all arms of the 2nd Division across the Kajuri plain, by which gangs of Afridis harbouring in the plain were driven into the hills. On the 23rd a small action against a tribal gathering west of Dakka resulted in considerable enemy casualties. During the month of July the strength of the Mohmand lashkars at Hazarnao and Busawal varied in strength, but rose at one time to as many as 6,000 men. After a flying bridge across the Kabul river to Lalpura had been established the slipping of Dakka camp practically ceased.

49. Major-General Skeen had assumed command of the Kohat-Kurram force on the 22nd of June. During July there was continuous sniping on the Peiwar front and parties of enemy, both regular and tribesmen, were constantly infringing the frontier. Occasional raids occurred in the Kurram and Miranzai valleys which were easily dealt with. These included an attack on a convoy near Sadda on the 9th, an attack on Shinawari post on the night of the 21st-22nd, and another on Badama on the 30th. In the Kurram area punitive operations were undertaken during the period 16th to 20th July by a column under Brigadier-General C. O. O. Tanner against the Kabul Khel villages near Shewa and Biland Khel. With a view to undertaking offensive operations against Khost, should the negotiations break down two additional battalions and a pioneer battalion were despatched into the Kohat-Kurram area during July, bringing the number of infantry units to 16. To meet the same eventuality, the field batteries of the 1st Division, which had hitherto not proceeded up the Khaibar, were sent to Dakka, where all the transport necessary for an advance was also concentrated. On the 24th July the Afghan peace delegates arrived at Dakka and left the same day for Rawalpindi. No operations of any importance occurred on the Khaibar line between that date and the 8th of August, when peace was signed.

OPERATIONS OF THE WAZIRISTAN FORCE.

50. In the Waziristan area no movement of troops from their normal stations had taken place before 21st May, though information had been received prior to that date of movements of Afghan troops towards the Upper Tochi and in the direction of Wana, and of a concentration in Khost. Major-General N. G. Woodyatt, C. B., Commanding in Waziristan, had been directed not to despatch troops up the Gomal to Wana or to operate beyond Miran Shah in the Upper Tochi valley, as the troops available in the area were considered insufficient for any widely extended operations.

51. Owing to the threatened approach of Afghan regular troops to the Upper Tochi and Wana, the probability of their presence resulting in a general rising of the Mahsuds and Wazirs, and the impossibility of despatching troops to support the militia posts in the Gomal, General Sir A. A. Barrett decided (in view of the uncertain behaviour of the Khaibar Rifles even when closely supported by regular troops) that it would not be possible to trust the Waziristan Militias when left unsupported. He therefore issued orders to Major-General Woodyatt on 21st May that, should Afghan regulars advance into the vicinity of Wana and be joined by the tribes, Wana and the Gomal posts were to be evacuated, the British officers withdrawing with such men as remained loyal. Similar orders applied to the garrisons in the Upper Tochi.

52. On May 24th, the General Officer Commanding the Bannu Brigade, desiring to reassure the tribes of the Upper Tochi, ordered the movable column which is held permanently in readiness at Dardoni (the new cantonment of Miran Shah) to move to Muhammad Khel; but, in consequence of information received that General Nadir Khan in Khost was preparing to move either against Thal or Miran Shah, General Sir A. A. Barrett ordered its return to Dardoni, where he considered it would be more suitably placed to meet the threatened attack. On receipt of this order, the General Officer Commanding the Bannu Brigade decided to evacuate the Upper Tochi posts, as in his opinion the withdrawal of the movable column would inevitably be followed by the defection of the militia. On learning of the evacuation of these posts, the Political Agent at Wana decided to evacuate the Southern Waziristan Militia posts as well, as he considered that a general rising of the Mahsuds would be the immediate outcome of events in the Tochi.

53. The withdrawal of these garrisons was an operation of extreme difficulty and danger. The loyal elements of the militia, led by a small but gallant band of British officers who carried their lives in their hands and paid dearly for their devotion, made their way by forced marches to Murtaza and into Zhob. The route was infested by tribesmen who clung to the rear of the party and made it impossible to give the men a rest on the way. Desertions to the enemy were numerous. It was not till the arrival of the party at Moghalkot, forty miles from Wana, that it was possible to call a halt, and by this time the men were utterly exhausted by heat, thirst, and their continued exertions. Up to this point casualties had been comparatively few but when issuing from Moghalkot in an attempt to reach Mir Ali Khel, the party was heavily attacked and lost four British officers killed and two wounded out of a total of eight. Marching continuously for a further twenty-four hours, the survivors reached Fort Sandeman in the early morning of the 31st. Regarded merely as a feat of endurance, the withdrawal of this party was, of itself, a fine achievement; but taking into consideration the almost insurmountable difficulties which beset them on the road and the dangers through which they emerged, the exploit stands out as one of the finest recorded in the history of the Indian frontier. The success of the operation was due in large measure to the personality of Major G. H. Russell, 126th Baluchistan Infantry, who conducted the withdrawal with remarkable skill, courage and endurance, and set a fine example to those under him. The steadfast fortitude of these men in circumstances before which most would have quailed, is a stirring example of the height to which the devotion of the British officer can rise.

54. On May 26th, I issued orders for the move of headquarters and two battalions of the 43rd Infantry Brigade and a mountain battery to Bannu. The troops of the Derajat Brigade were ordered to concentrate at Murtaza, where a squadron of cavalry successfully engaged a body of Mahsuds on the 30th. On May 27th, Major-General S. H. Climo, C.B., D.S.O., assumed command of the Waziristan Force (Major-General Woodyatt having been transferred to the command of the 4th Division), and on June 1st, the force

was separated from General Sir A. A. Barrett's command and came directly under my orders. The situation on this date was briefly as follows:—

55. (a) *Bannu Area*.—Communication by road between Bannu and Dardoni, which had been interrupted since 26th May, was not yet restored. A column under Brigadier-General J. G. Clarke, C.M.G., Commanding the 43rd Infantry Brigade, was assembled at Bannu to move up the Tochi. There were persistent reports of the presence of Afghan troops in the Upper Tochi and near Pai Makhmad, 8 miles north-west of Miranshah, and strong lashkars of Wazirs and Mahsuds, assisted by Dauri from the Upper Tochi, were reported to be in the neighbourhood of Miranshah and to be threatening Idak. Spinwam had been occupied by Afghan detachments after its evacuation by the militia, and the Bannu Movable Column had been moved out to Kurram Garhi to watch the approaches to Bannu from the north and north-west. On the 1st June, reliable information was received that the Afghan detachments had withdrawn and the Bannu Movable Column was accordingly recalled to Bannu.

(b) *Derafat*.—Consequent on the evacuation of the Gomal militia posts and the considerable quantity of booty which had fallen into the hands of the Wazirs, the Mahsuds had become very restless, and thinking probably that it was our intention to evacuate Jandola, had assembled in large numbers around that place. A force under Brigadier-General P. J. Miles, C.B., had begun to assemble at Kbirgi on the 29th May when it became known that communication with Jandola was interrupted. Other posts had also been threatened by Mahsud and Sherani lashkars, notably Murtaza, Gomal, Manjhi and Zarkani, and many urgent demands for military assistance for posts held by frontier constabulary were received from the civil authorities.

56. There were therefore two problems which demanded immediate solution:—

- (a) The opening up of the Tochi from Saidgi to Miranshah and the re-establishment of our posts evacuated by the North Waziristan Militia.
- (b) The reinforcing of Jandola.

Major-General Climo decided to deal with the Tochi first, as with the troops at his disposal, he did not consider that both operations could be carried out simultaneously in view of a possible repetition of an Afghan concentration at Spinwam or in the Lower Tochi, of a Mahsud incursion into British territory from the Khaisora and Shaktu direction, and of the possibility of encountering strong opposition in the Shinki and Hinnis Tangi defiles. The troops available in Bannu for the first operation were three squadrons of cavalry, one section of Indian mountain artillery, one section of sappers and miners, two battalions of Indian infantry, and details of two other battalions which were at Dardoni. Major-General Climo therefore decided to await the arrival of the two battalions of the 43rd Infantry Brigade which were already *en route* for Bannu. Meanwhile, he strengthened the garrison at Saidgi (which was held by the North Waziristan Militia) with a detachment of Indian infantry.

57. On the 1st June, as considerable lashkars were found in occupation of the hills to the south and west of Miranshah, the Dardoni Movable Column moved out and fought a successful action. The enemy was put to flight with a loss of about 90; and certain towers, from which he had been sniping Miranshah post, were destroyed. On the 2nd June, the Tochi Column, under Brigadier-General J. G. Clarke, moved from Bannu to Saidgi without incident. On the 3rd it got through to Idak, accompanied by a large convoy, without any serious opposition, and on the 4th it opened up communication with Dardoni.

58. Punitive measures against the lower Dauri were then undertaken by columns operating from Dardoni under the orders of Brigadier-General F. G. Lucas, C.B., D.S.O. These operations were to some extent limited by the necessity of keeping the troops ready to concentrate rapidly for co-operation with the Kohat Kurram Force, but the villages of Spalga, Anghar, and Tughri were burnt, and fines were inflicted on others which had not been so deeply implicated in the looting of the Tochi posts. It is probable that, had there been any immediate military object in doing so, it would have been possible at this stage to have re-occupied the Upper Tochi posts with little opposition, as the tribes were thoroughly frightened.

59. Meanwhile the situation in the Derajat had not improved. A number of posts, including Manjhi, Gomal, Luni, and Zarkani, held by Frontier Constabulary, were seriously threatened and communication with Jandola was cut. Kulachi and Draband also reported lashkars of Sherannis and Wazirs in their vicinity. A force despatched to the relief of Gomal post succeeded, however, in evacuating the garrison, and Draband and Kulachi were occupied by mixed detachments on the night of 1st-2nd June. On the 3rd June a lashkar of about 400 was driven into the hills with a loss of 30 men, and on the same day Manjhi post was reinforced by a column from Tank after some fighting. On the 4th, a lashkar of 500 Mahsuds which was threatening Girni post was successfully dealt with and the garrison of the post reinforced. Jandola, though the water-supply had been cut and the post was surrounded by the enemy, had not been seriously assaulted. The garrison had supplies up to the 24th June and water storage for 15 days. Wholesale desertions had occurred from the Frontier Constabulary at Demandi, Moghalkot, Drazinda and Luni. Chaudhwan was attacked on the night of 4th-5th June and partially looted by about 200 Sherannis, and Bigwam Shumala near Paharpur was raided by a gang of Mahsuds.

60. With the arrival of three Indian infantry battalions from the Tochi, Major-General Climo ordered a column to march to Jandola on the 9th June to clear up the situation. No opposition was met with on the march, though the tribesmen attempted to prevent the restoration of the water-supply after the column had reached its destination. After re-victualling the post and changing the garrison, the column returned to Khirgi on the 11th June.

61. About the 9th June reports were received and were subsequently confirmed that, in spite of the terms of the armistice, an Afghan force of about 300 men with 2 guns had reached Wana. This detachment appears to have been given a purely passive rôle and to have confined its activities mainly to anti-British propaganda amongst the tribes.

62. On the 11th June, on receipt of reliable information that the village of Drazinda was serving the purpose of a supply depôt for the various raiding gangs in the vicinity, an air raid was carried out against it and a number of bombs dropped. The effect of this raid was considerable and for a time the activities of the tribesmen showed a marked decrease. On the 13th June, Raghza village was destroyed for complicity in attacks on Gomal and Manjhi posts, and a large amount of fodder removed to Murtaza. The following day Parwara, in the Sheranni country, was bombed. On the 18th June, arrangements were made for the re-establishment of the Luni and Zarkani posts with militia garrisons. These two posts had been partially destroyed by the tribesmen, but were repaired and occupied on the 28th June with the object of checking the recrudescence of cattle stealing in the neighbourhood and of enabling work to be resumed on the Gomal river head-works at Kotazam and Diwan Shah. On the 25th June, four squadrons of cavalry and a section of mountain artillery, with 2 aeroplanes co-operating, undertook punitive operations against Drazinda, on supplies from which the Sheranni and Wazir gangs of raiders were dependent. The village was destroyed and over 500 head of cattle captured.

63. Early in July, Major-General Climo concentrated a small force of all arms at Dardoni with the object of co-operating with the Kobat-Kurram force in an advance into Khost, should the peace negotiations fall through. The concentration of this force appears to have been interpreted by the tribes as preparatory to an advance into the Upper Tochi, and on the 7th July a lashkar, reported to over 1,200 Mahsuds and Wazirs, was seen entrenching and sangaring a position at Boya. Next day a half-hearted attack was made on the North Waziristan Militia piquets as they moved out from Isha, and on the 14th a cleverly organised attack on the aerodrome at Bannu was carried out by a band of 60 or 70 Shabi Khel Mahsuds. The aerodrome, which is situated about five miles out of Bannu on the Tochi road, was guarded by a platoon of Indian infantry. The enemy made a determined attempt to break into the hangar but were counter-attacked and driven off with loss. No damage was done to the machines.

64. On the 24th July, consequent upon the capture of one of our convoys at Kapip in Zhob, Major-General Climo concentrated at Murtaza a force of one squadron of cavalry, one section of mountain artillery, and one and a half battalions of Indian infantry, his intention being to give the impression that preparations were on foot for an advance up the Gomal, and thereby to draw the Wazir lashkars back to oppose him. The ruse was completely successful.

65. During the latter half of July, Vihova was attacked several times by Wazirs; on the 18th July they succeeded in getting away with some loot, but otherwise did no important damage.

66. Several minor enterprises were carried out by the tribesmen against our piquets in the Tochi between 28th July and the 8th August. On the 29th July a North Waziristan Militia piquet at Khajuri was ambushed by about 70 Mahsuds; on the 3rd August piquets south of the road between Isha and Miranshah were engaged all day with tribal lashkars and suffered some casualties; on the 8th August our troops moving out to piquet the road between Saidgi and Shinki were ambushed by 200 Abdulai Mahsuds and suffered somewhat heavily. These incidents can be attributed to lack of experience in frontier warfare, and a failure to recognise the necessity for constant vigilance when dealing with expert enemies like the Mahsuds and Wazirs.

67. Although no major operations were carried out by the Waziristan Force during the period under review, there were few days on which troops on some part of this wide front were not engaged. The elusiveness of the enemy with whom they had to deal necessitated constant readiness and in many cases long and rapid marches. Escort duties were heavy; piqueting was continuous; and the troops were subjected to frequent sniping by night. The heat during June and July was abnormal even for that part of the frontier. I cannot speak too highly of the cheerful manner in which all hardship were borne. Whenever the tribesmen were met, all ranks shewed that desire to get to close quarters and use their bayonet; which is the true spirit of the offensive; and this is especially gratifying in troops who for the most part were young and without previous war experience. Major-General Climo brings to notice the following units as especially deserving of mention:—

27th Light Cavalry.

31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.

41st Dogras.

55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).

2-2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

OPERATIONS OF THE BALUCHISTAN FORCE.

68. When mobilization was ordered, the troops at the disposal of the General Officer Commanding the Baluchistan Force consisted of:—

- (a) the 4th Division (of which the two field batteries were located in their peace station at Hyderabad, Sind; one British battalion was temporarily employed at Lahore in connection with disturbances in the Punjab; and two Indian battalions were on detached duty at Chaman and Peshin respectively);
- (b) the 12th Mounted Brigade;
- (c) two Indian battalions and one regiment of Indian cavalry, and the Zhob Militia, in Zhob and Loralai;
- (d) a force of two squadrons, two companies of sappers and miners and three battalions, together with about 1,500 levies, allotted as line of communication defence troops on the Nushki extension railway, and the 650 miles of road between railhead and Meshed.

Only two aeroplanes were immediately available on mobilization, as the bulk of No. 114 Squadron was employed in connection with internal disturbances.

69. At the outbreak of war the enemy forces in southern and western Afghanistan were estimated at 16 battalions (of which one formed the garrison of Fort Spin Baldak), 11 batteries of artillery and 5 regiments of cavalry. The number of tribesmen which it was estimated could co-operate with these regular troops amounted to about 40,000 men.

70. On May 8th Lieutenant-General R. Wapshare, C.B., C.A.I., assumed command of the Baluchistan Force in addition to the command of 4th Division; on the 20th he handed over command of the latter to Major-General N. G. Woodvatt, C.B., transferred from Waziristan. Lieutenant-General Wapshare was informed that the policy of the Government of India in regard to the Baluchistan area was to show a bold front and, to carry out this policy,

I authorised him to make any reconnaissances which might be necessary. There was no indication at this time of any hostile force moving on Chaman, and the nearest enemy troops were those garrisoning Fort Spin Baldak. Reports were soon received, however, of large gatherings of Afghan troops at Wazikhwa on the Zhob border. These troops had arrived from Ghazni and Kabul and their probable intention was to overawe the Ghilzais and force them and other tribes to join in the *Jehad* with the object of attacking the Fort Sandeman area, or of invading the upper Zhob valley. The Achakzais, who live half in Afghan and half in British territory, were also becoming restless.

71. Lieutenant-General Wapshare considered that it would be strategically unsound to detach a force to reinforce the Zhob at this juncture, and that his best plan of action would be to take the offensive and attack Fort Baldak. The capture of Fort Baldak would have the immediate effect of diverting the attention of the troops threatening the Zhob, and a successful offensive from Chaman would have a great moral effect on the tribesmen, more especially on the Achakzais. On May 5th I authorised Lieutenant-General Wapshare to attack and destroy at his discretion any Afghan force which might advance to Spin Baldak, and directed that the fort should, if captured, be razed to the ground. Owing to shortage of rolling-stock, which delayed the arrival of the divisional howitzer battery from Hyderabad, the attack on the fort was postponed till the 27th. The troops employed consisted of the 4th Division (less 10th Infantry Brigade), assisted by some units of the 12th Mounted Brigade. To ensure secrecy, no preliminary reconnaissance was made by the cavalry, but the necessity of this was obviated to a great extent by the simplicity of the terrain; reconnaissances of the fort had also been carried out daily from the air. The attack involved considerable preliminary preparation. A large number of light scaling ladders were issued to the assaulting columns, as also were rafts for use in the event of the ditch being found to have been filled in. A train of water-kegs or camels was also organized, as the water-supply of Fort Baldak was derived from outside sources 12 miles distant and under the control of the enemy.

72. In the early morning of May 27th, the cavalry moved forward in two columns with the object of skirting both sides of the fort, forming a cordon in rear astride the two roads leading to Kandahar, and thus making the escape of the garrison impossible. A white flag was then sent from Chaman to demand the surrender of the fort, and, failing acceptance, to inform the Commander that if there were any women in the fort they could be sent out with an escort of twelve men under safe conduct. The white flag was fired on, and Lieutenant-General Wapshare therefore ordered the attack to proceed.

73. After a bombardment lasting two and a half hours, the artillery had reduced the towers of the fort to a crumbling condition, and the parapet had been breached in several places. While this bombardment was in progress, about two hundred of the enemy broke out of the fort and made for the hills to the north. They were caught under heavy rifle and machine gun fire, and also attacked by the cavalry; it is improbable that more than thirty of the party reached the hills. The fort was assaulted by the 1-22nd Punjabis, whose leading company entered the main gate, and by good use of their Lewis guns quickly secured the first foothold. The 4th Gurkha Rifles simultaneously stormed the south-east face by means of scaling ladders, and in a few minutes the fort was in our hands. The Duke of Wellington's Regiment captured the ridge and towers in a most gallant style, gaining their objectives a few minutes before the main defences had been scaled. The only organized resistance now remaining was from a *sangar* which held up the advance of the Royal West Kent Regiment. The Duke of Wellington's Regiment worked round in rear of the *sangar* with bombs, and not a single man escaped from it.

74. The enemy had shown the greatest bravery throughout the operation, and when the assaulting columns reached their objectives the survivors continued a hand-to-hand fight. The mopping up parties had to clear the numerous cellars with bombs and bayonets. Out of the garrison of about 600 men, 169 were taken prisoners, about 30 escaped, and the remainder were either killed or buried in the ruins. Daud Shah, the Commander, was among those who escaped, but he was severely wounded.

75. The fall of Fort Baldak had the desired effect of relieving the situation in Zhob, but the evacuation of the Tochi and the retirement of the remnants of the Wana garrison through Zhob produced an atmosphere of unrest among the tribesmen in the Fort Sandeman area. The Zhob Militia were employed to help the Wana garrison into Mir Ali Khel by piqueting a portion of the route between that place and Moghulkot, but the loss of a British Officer killed was the signal for wholesale desertions, and only about one-sixth of the corps could be counted on during the remainder of the operations. A mobile column was accordingly formed in Zhob, under the command of Brigadier-General de C. O'Grady, C.I.E., Commanding the 10th Infantry Brigade. While this column was concentrating, a detachment of 200 Gurkhas, proceeding as a reinforcement to Fort Sandeman and accompanied by a small detachment of Zhob Militia Cavalry, was attacked in the vicinity of Fort Sandeman and suffered heavy losses before reaching its destination. Communication with Fort Sandeman was interrupted and for a time attacks on the various posts on the Loralai-Fort Sandeman road were of frequent occurrence. Brigadier-General O'Grady reached Kapip, near Fort Sandeman, on the 20th June and remained in the area for some time carrying out punitive measures.

76. In the meantime the situation on the Chaman front had developed rapidly. Enemy forces amounting to about eight battalions, four regiments of cavalry, twenty-six guns, and twenty machine guns under the command of General Abdul Qudus, had concentrated in the Takht and Murgha-Chaman areas, with advanced detachments at Tsagai springs and Sheroba. On our side, a strong line of defence, covering a length of twelve miles and consisting of a series of lunettes at intervals of 600 yards, had been completed between New Chaman and Bogra water-works; and, in addition to this, New Chaman and the mobilization camp there were protected by a separate encirclement of strong points and wire fencing.

77. In dealing with the situation thus created, Lieutenant-General Wapshare was faced with a problem of considerable difficulty. Within striking distance of his main force at Chaman, and concentrated within a comparatively small area, lay the bulk of the Afghan southern army. Each group of Afghan regulars had its following of armed tribesmen, who, though lacking cohesion and organization, were fired by the spirit of *Jehad* and threatened to become formidable adversaries under the elation of success. In ordinary circumstances, Lieutenant-General Wapshare's course of action would have been clear, *viz.*, to attack and destroy the force opposed to him; but the political situation precluded him from adopting this obvious solution. Moreover, the difficulty of his position was aggravated by anxiety in regard to the Zhob, for Afghan agents, whether by accident or design, had succeeded in arousing the hostility of the tribes all along the Baluchistan border and in creating a situation in Zhob, which at one time threatened to develop into general insurrection. Great political importance attached to the maintenance of the line stretching from Peshin, through Hindu Bagh, Kila Saifulla, Gawal, Haiderzai and Murgha Kibzai, to Musa Khel; for on this depended our ability to prevent the Afghan and British border tribes from penetrating the rich districts of Loralai and Sibi and from gaining contact with the Marri, a tribe which, had they risen, would have added seriously to our embarrassments by harassing our communications with India. He was thus faced with two conflicting considerations, *viz.*, to maintain his striking force at Chaman at sufficient strength to attack and disperse the Afghan army opposed to him, should the peace negotiations break down; or, alternatively, to accept the risk of reducing his striking force, with the object of restoring and maintaining order in Zhob. It appeared to me clear that the strong inducement to dissipate our strength should be resisted as the governing factor in the situation was our ability to strike hard and quickly at such Afghan forces as lay within reach. I was of opinion that a heavy blow dealt at Abdul Qudus's force on the Chaman front would react quickly along the Baluchistan border, and produce the desired solution to the problem in Zhob. I, therefore, directed Lieutenant-General Wapshare to maintain his striking force at Chaman at full strength and with the highest possible degree of mobility.

78. Lieutenant-General Wapshare accordingly recalled Brigadier-General O'Grady from Zhob, together with as many troops as could be spared from that area. I had been able to despatch a reinforcement of three battalions and one mountain battery to the Baluchistan area, and with these

Lieutenant-General Wapshare was able to complete the concentration of the 4th Division at Chaman and secure the Loralai-Fort Sandeman road for the time being. In spite of the terms of the armistice, the enemy continued to encroach near the British border, and sniping was of daily occurrence. To complete his preparations to meet a possible breakdown of the negotiations, Lieutenant-General Wapshare moved the 10th Infantry Brigade, less two battalions but strengthened by the addition of a mountain battery and a detachment of cavalry, to the top of the Bogra pass, in order to deny the Toba plateau to the enemy as well as to secure the Bogra water supply and his own railway communications.

79. Numerous reliable reports were received about this time of hostile activity on the border north of Hindu Bagh, which appeared to indicate that the enemy intended to make a determined advance into the Upper Zhob. The situation at Fort Sandeman was also disquieting. The withdrawal of Brigadier-General O'Grady's force had been followed by a concentration of Wazirs and Mahsuds who were joined by disaffected parties of Mando Kfiel and Sheranni tribesmen. A wireless party and a section of mountain guns marching from Babar to Fort Sandeman under escort of two companies of Gurkha Rifles and a small detachment of Zhob Militia were attacked at Kapip on July the 6th by about 300 Wazirs and local tribesmen who held sangared positions across the road. The enemy resisted the advance of our column with great determination, but were eventually driven off, leaving 37 dead including their leader. On July the 14th an unsuccessful attack on Lakaband was followed immediately by an attack on a convoy moving to Fort Sandeman. An escort, consisting of a section of mountain guns, 225 men of the 1st Gurkha Rifles and 75 Zhob Militia, was sent from Fort Sandeman to Babar in relief of the escort which had accompanied the convoy from Lakaband, but was itself attacked on the return journey near Kapip by a force of Wazirs and Sherannis estimated at between 1,200 and 2,000 men, who had collected from a great distance and with great secrecy. A gallant attempt was made to clear the tribes on either side of the road, but this was only partially successful, and several commanding points remained in the hands of the enemy. From these points he poured a heavy fire into the column, inflicting numerous casualties on men and animals; and, while holding up the advance of the column, repeatedly attacked the flanks and rear guard. The troops resisted with great bravery, but they were altogether outnumbered, and at nightfall the tribesmen rushed the convoy in overwhelming strength. Fierce hand-to-hand fighting ensued in which the escort was gradually overpowered and swept away, with the loss of the two mountain guns and practically the whole of the transport. The remnants made their way to Fort Sandeman in small parties.

80. This incident had the inevitable result of raising the tribesmen's morale, and the local situation was seriously aggravated. It became imperative to organize another mobile column in the Zhob, but in order to do so, Lieutenant-General Wapshare was faced with great difficulties in regard to transport, for his railhead at Harnai was 170 miles from Fort Sandeman and the road traversed a difficult and mountainous country. Hired transport refused to move beyond Loralai under any circumstances. He was, therefore, compelled to transfer one of his camel transport corps from Chaman to the Zhob, and this reduced his radius of action against the Afghan forces concentrated against him on the Chaman front. The concentration of the column was also much delayed by heavy rains which breached the road and railway, and it was not ready to move from its base at Murgha till August 12th, by which date reports indicated that the Wazir and Mahsud *lashkurs* were dispersing to their homes. The main objective of the column, therefore, became the re-rationing of Fort Sandeman and the re-establishing of the road posts.

81. In the meantime news had been received that a *lashkar* of 500 men, mainly Zhob Militia deserters and, therefore, well-armed, had occupied Murgha Fakirzai and the hills immediately north of Hindu Bagh. In attempting to deal with these the Hindu Bagh garrison had suffered appreciable loss. Reinforcements, including an armoured motor battery, were accordingly sent to Hindu Bagh. The enemy attempted to intercept the battery which was acting as escort to a convoy, but were quickly driven off after heavy losses had been inflicted on them.

82. No important operations occurred on the Nushki extension railway or the line of communication in East Persia. The line was well organized and the troops soundly disposed. Armoured trains were also improvised and proved a great deterrent to raiders. A small column was concentrated in Seistan, consisting of 4 mountain guns, an infantry battalion, and 300 mounted levies, but no serious raid took place.

CONCLUSION.

83. It now only remains for me to express my appreciation of the manner in which commanders, staffs, troops and administrative services faced and overcame the difficulties of this campaign. The enemy rarely gave the troops an opportunity of meeting him in open fight, but when he did so, our superior discipline, training and leadership enabled us to overcome opposition with much ease. I have already referred to the fine military spirit in which the troops accepted the burden of this campaign; this spirit was fully maintained in the field, and all ranks, British and Indian, showed themselves to be animated by that determination to close with the enemy which is the surest guarantee of success. No greater testimony of this spirit could be adduced than the cheerfulness with which all ranks endured the trying climatic conditions prevailing and the discomforts inevitable in the opening stages of a campaign. The lot of the troops and administrative personnel detailed to posts on the lines of communication was a particularly hard one, for communications with the frontier pass through a belt of country possessing a climate of exceptional severity and scanty facilities for providing comfort or recreation. Nevertheless, this spirit of cheerfulness was nowhere more in evidence than among these posts.

84. The work of the Royal Air Force under the direction of Brigadier-General N. D. K. McEwen, C.M.G., D.S.O., was carried out under peculiarly difficult and dangerous conditions. The machines could only be used during the heat of the day at considerable risk, but pilots and observers unhesitatingly answered every call made upon them and rendered invaluable service throughout. The same may be said of the workshop personnel who laboured untiringly under most trying climatic conditions.

85. The units of the Machine Gun Corps were used for the first time in frontier operations during this campaign, and have amply proved their value. The work of the Armoured Motor Batteries has emphasized the great utility of this weapon in frontier fighting.

86. The Signal Service has performed its duties to my entire satisfaction. In spite of many difficulties of ground and constant interruption by the enemy, communications have been quickly established and efficiently maintained. The service has been handicapped by the lack of British reinforcements to replace evacuations, and it is greatly to the credit of the officers and men who remained at duty that so high a standard of efficiency was maintained. I am also much indebted to the Indian Postal and Telegraph Departments for their assistance and for the readiness which they have met demands on their already strained resources.

87. The duties of the Engineer and Works Services have been particularly onerous. The construction, upkeep or repair of roads, railways, bridges, and defences; the provision of barracks, camps and hospitals, water supplies, ice factories, and electric installations; the erection of a ropeway through the Khaibar; these and various other projects have necessitated the employment of a large number of sapper and miner units, field and railway companies, pioneer battalions and labour units. I desire to express my high appreciation of the devotion which have characterised the work of these units and which has contributed so largely to the comfort and welfare of the troops.

88. As already stated, I have had every reason to be satisfied with the work of the Veterinary, Remounts, Ordnance, Supply and Transport Services, the latter of whom were the chief sufferers during the cholera outbreak. The energy and promptness displayed in dealing with this outbreak reflects the greatest credit on the Medical Service, whose work throughout has been deserving of the highest praise. I desire also to express the gratitude of the army to the Nursing Sisters whose devotion under most trying conditions has done much to mitigate the suffering of patients in hospitals. The spiritual welfare of the troops has been in capable hands.

89. My special thanks are due to the Red Cross Association, under the direction of their Commissioner the Honourable Mr. W. M. Hailey, C.S.I., C.I.E., for their immediate and continued ministrations to the comfort not only of those in hospital, but wherever help was needed; to the Comforts for the Troops Fund, who brought the whole of their admirable organisation into play to ameliorate the conditions under which the troops were serving; and to the number of devoted ladies and gentlemen who contributed with unremitting zeal to the welfare of the troops. The work of the Y. M. C. A. was also of great value.

I take this opportunity also of tendering my thanks for the services rendered by the Railway Administration throughout India, and especially to the North-Western Railway for the admirable manner in which they have met the heavy calls made upon them and for the unremitting energy which made it possible to concentrate and maintain so large a force. The success of the arrangements for concentration was due in large measure to the cordial co-operation of the Railway Board.

90. The advice and assistance of the Hon'ble Sir A. H. Grant, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., and the Hon'ble Mr. Denys Bray, C.I.E., who successively held the appointment of Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department during the period of the operations, of the Hon'ble Sir George Roos-Koppel, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., late Chief Commissioner of the North-West Frontier Province, and of the Hon'ble Mr. H. R. C. Dobbs, C.S.I., C.I.E., late Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan, have been of the greatest value throughout. I am also much indebted to the political officers attached to the headquarters of the forces in the field.

91. I desire also to express my gratitude and appreciation of the assistance which the Ruling Princes and Chiefs have generally rendered in this emergency. It will be remembered that before the close of the Great War, the Alwar and Bharatpur Darbars offered their Imperial Service Troops for incorporation in the Indian Army, and that five other Darbars, namely, Bikanir, Dholpur, Jodhpur, Kolhapur and Patiala agreed to the formation in their States of new battalions of the Indian Army. The units thus incorporated in the Indian Army were retransferred to the Darbars on the conclusion of the Great War and the newly raised regiments were disbanded; but on the outbreak of war on the frontier, every Darbar possessing Imperial Service Troops once more placed them at the disposal of the Government of India, notwithstanding that many of these units had only just returned from active service overseas. Contingents of cavalry, infantry, artillery, sappers and miners and transport from nineteen States were employed either with the Field Army or on garrison duty. Many offers of personal services were also received, and appointments on the staff in the field were held by the Rulers of Patiala, Dholpur, Rutlam, and Baria, the two brothers of His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala and the two sons of the Nawab of Loharu. Many offers of motor-cars, camels and money were also received and accepted.

92. I further wish to express my grateful thanks to the Nepal Government for their generous assistance and co-operation. In spite of serious climatic difficulties His Excellency the Prime Minister of Nepal again sent to our aid a contingent of Nepalese troops accompanied by two generals of the Nepalese army. The two battalions forming the contingent were a welcome addition to our resources.

93. Finally, I desire to express my high appreciation of the services rendered by the three Force Commanders.

General Sir A. A. Barrett commanded the North-West Frontier Force with the military skill and instinct associated with his name. His profound experience of frontier warfare and his sagacious advice were at all times of the greatest value to Army Headquarters.

Lieutenant-General R. Wapshare, Commanding the Baluchistan Force, gave evidence of his military qualities by the manner in which the attack on Spin Baldak was executed. The small number of casualties sustained is a testimony to the thoroughness of his preliminary arrangements. His high powers of organisation were displayed in the measures taken to ensure the health and well-being of those under his command.

Major-General S. H. Olimo, Commanding the Waziristan Force, dealt with the many difficult situations which arose within his area with marked

ability, and has shown himself as skilful in the handling of troops as in ordering the administrative arrangements necessary for their comfort.

91. I attach a list of those whose services have been of particular value and whose assistance and work I desire to bring specially to notice.

NOTE.—The list of mentions referred to in para. 94 of the despatch is not yet ready for publication.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 20th March 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

MEDICAL.

Delhi, the 18th March 1920.

No. 259.—Captain R. B. Lloyd, M.B., I.M.S., Resident Medical Officer, Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, is appointed to officiate as Chemical Examiner, Bengal, and Professor of Chemistry in the Medical College, Calcutta, *vice* Rai Chuni Lal Basu Bahadur, retired, from the date he assumes charge of his duties and until further orders.

H. D. CRAIK,
Offg. Addl. Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 20th March 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

SEPARATE-REVENUE.

INCOME-TAX.

Delhi, the 19th March 1920.

No. 927F.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 44 of the Income-tax Act, 1918 (VII of 1918), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the said Act shall not, up to 31st March 1920, apply to the children allowance granted under Army Instruction (India), No. 160 of 1919.

J. E. C. JUKES,
Joint Secretary to the Govt of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 20th March 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offy. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS—WAR

Delhi, the 20th March 1920

No. 2411-D.—The following Board of Trade list, dated the 13th February 1920, on the subject of prohibitions of export from the United Kingdom, is published for general information :—

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS LICENSING SECTION, BOARD OF TRADE,

GT. GEORGE STREET,
S. W. 1.

LIST OF EXPORT PROHIBITED GOODS, &c., 13th February 1920.

The list cancels all similar lists and supplements issued prior to the above date.

List A and B.

List C.

Open General Licences for Exports APPENDIX No. 1.

General Information with regard to Export Regulations to certain Countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean.

Transshipment in the United Kingdom.

This consolidated "List of Export Prohibited Goods" is amended and issued fortnightly. Exporters, who desire to have copies of each list posted to them during the current year, can do so on payment of a registration fee of 2s. 6d. for one copy of each issue. Should more than one copy of each issue be required, an additional payment should be made at the rate of 2d. per copy for each month or 2s. for each additional copy to the end of the current year.

Exporters who desire to have their names placed on the register should make application to the Stationery Clerk, Import and Export Licensing Section, enclosing Money Orders payable to the Import and Export Licensing Section, Board of Trade.

Applications for licences and all correspondence should be addressed to :—

The Director, Import and Export Licensing Section,
Board of Trade,
Gt. George Street,
S. W. 1.

LIST A AND B.

List of goods the export of which is prohibited from the United Kingdom by Royal Proclamations or by Order of Council.

A licence is required to export goods marked (A) to any destination abroad.

A licence is required to export goods marked (B) to any destination abroad, except British Possessions and Protectorates, to which goods marked (B) can be exported without licence, provided the goods are not transhipped at foreign ports.

- (B) Aeroplane engines and their component parts.
- (B) Aircraft, other than balloons, of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.
- Alumina, *see* Phosphate Rock.
- (A) Ammonia, sulphate of, and mixtures containing sulphate of ammonia.
- (A) * Animals, living, for food (other than horses).
- Apatites, *see* Phosphate Rock.
- (A) Apparatus which can be used for the storage or projection of compressed or liquefied gases, flame, acids or other destructive agents capable of use in warlike operations and their component parts.
- (A) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.
- (A) Armoured motor-cars.
- (A) Arms, not being firearms and their component parts.
- (A) Bacon and Ham, including Tinned Bacon and Ham.
- Banknotes, *see* Notes.
- (A) Barley, barley flour and barley meal.
- (A) Basic slag.
- (A) Bayonets and their component parts.
- Bran, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Bread.
- Brewers' grains, *see* Grains.
- Bullion, *see* Gold and Silver.
- (A) Butter.
- (A) Cakes and Meals (which may be used as forage or food for animals), the following:—
- Husk Meal,
Linseed cake and meal,
Maize germ meal,
Maize meal and flour.
- (A) Calfskins.
- (A) Cannon and other ordnance, and their component parts.
- (A) Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.
- (A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and their component parts, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for the filling and repair of rifles and shot-gun cartridges.
- Castings, *see* Armour Plates.
- Cattle foods, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- Cattle hides, *see* Hides.
- Caustic potash, *see* Potash.
- (A) Cheese.
- (A) Coal, except coal allowed by the Commissioners of the Customs and Excise to be shipped as bunker coal.
- (A) † Coal tar, all products obtainable therefrom and derivatives thereof, whether actually so obtained or derived from other sources (including all mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives), suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes or explosives.
- (A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations.
- (A) Cocoa raw.
- (A) Cod liver oil and preparations containing cod liver oil.
- Coin, *see* Gold; Silver.
- (A) Coke and manufactured fuel.
- Combinations, *see* Malt.
- Compound cakes and meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Confectionery manufactured wholly or partly of sugar.
- Corn offals, *see* Offals.
- Cows, bulls, etc., *see* Animals.
- Culms, *see* Malt.
- (A) Dari.
- Distillers' grains, *see* Grains, &c.
- (B) Docks, floating, and their component parts.
- (A) Dried figs.
- (A) † Dyes and dyestuffs manufactured from coal tar products, and articles containing such dyes and dyestuffs.
- (A) Eggs in shells.
- Engines, *see* Aeroplane.
- (A) Ergot of rye, and the liquid extract of ergot.
- (A) Explosives.
- (A) Figs, dried.

* Application for licence to export livestock should be made on Application Form "L," copies of which can be obtained from the Stationery Clerk, Export Licence Department.

† The following proprietary dyes may, however, be exported without licence to all destinations with which trading is permitted:—

Dolly dyes.

Diamond dyes.

Drummer dyes.

Dixon's home dyes.

Maypole dyes

(Creosote oil and anthracene oil (green oil) containing no substance suitable for making dyes or explosives are not included under the coal tar, etc., heading, *vide* announcement in Board of Trade Journal dated the 29th January 1920.

- (A) Firearms and their component parts.
- (A) Fish except the following:—
tinned, preserved or frozen fish, chinchards, sprats, herrings, crayfish, prawns, lobsters and fresh salmon.
- (A) Salmon, tinned.
- (A) Flax, raw.
Flour, *see* Barley; Maize; Rice; Rye; Wheat.
Foodstuffs, *see* specific headings.
Forage and food which may be used for animals, *see* specific headings as, *e.g.*, Cakes; Hay, Oats, &c.
- (A) Forage, green.
Fuel, manufactured, *see* Coke.
- (A) Fruit, dried, the following —
Figs.
Raisins (except Californian seeded raisins).
Sultanas
- (A) Fruit, preserved, other than dried fruits preserved in sugar.
- (A) Game.
- (A) Gold, coin and bullion.
- (A) Grains, brewers' and distillers'.
- (A) Green forage.
- (A) Grenades and component parts thereof
- (A) Guanos, except whale gunno.
Guns, *see* Cannon, Firearms, Machine-guns
- (A) Hay.
- (A) Hides, British and Irish, cattle.
Husk meal, *see* Cakes and Meals
- (A) Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war or for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea.
- (A) Indigo, synthetic.
Jam, *see* Fruit preserved.
- (A) Lard; except imitation (compound) lard and neutral lard.
- (A) Lime phosphate, *see* Phosphate Rock.
- (A) Linseed.
Linseed cake and meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Livestock, *see* Animals
- (A) Machine guns, mountings for machine guns, and component parts thereof.
- (A) Maize.
- (A) Maize germs.
Maize germ meal, *see* Cakes and Meals.
Maize meal and flour, *see* Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Malt dust, culms, sprouts or combings.
- (A) Manures, compound, containing either sulphate of ammonia, superphosphate of lime, or potash.
Marmalade, *see* Fruit preserved.
Meals, *see* Barley; Cakes; Rye; Wheat.
- (A) Meat, fresh and frozen, of all kinds, except offals, turtle meat and horse-flesh.
Middlings, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (B) Milk, condensed or preserved (other than milk powder).
Mill dust and screenings, *see* Offals of Corn
- (B) Mines and their component parts.
- (A) Nicotine and its compounds.
*Notes of the Bank of France.
- (A) Notes, Russian rouble.
- (A) Oats.
Offals of corn and grain which may be used as food for animals, the following —
(A) Bran
(A) Middlings.
(A) Mill dust and screenings,
(A) Pollard.
(A) Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
(A) Sharps.
Oil, cod liver, *see* Cod Liver Oil.
- (A) Onions.
- (A) Opium and its preparations.
- (A) Opium alkaloids and their salts and preparations.
Ordnance, *see* Cannon; Carriages.
- (A) Phosphate rock, namely:—Apatites; Phosphates of lime and alumina.
Pistols, *see* Firearms
Pollard, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing caustic potash.
- (A) Potash, muriate, sulphate, and crude manurial potash salts, and mixtures containing any of these substances.
- (A) Potassium carbonate and mixtures containing potassium carbonate.
- (B) Potassium permanganate.
- (A) Potatoes.
- (A) Poultry.
Preserves, *see* Fruit, &c.
- (A) Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts.
- (A) Quinine sulphate
- (A) Raisins (except Californian seeded raisins).
Rice meal (or bran) and dust, *see* Offals of Corn.
- (A) Rice and rice flour

* Notes of the Bank of France are prohibited to all destinations except to destinations in France

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| <p>Rifles, <i>see</i> Firearms.
 Russian rouble notes, <i>see</i> Notes.
 (A) Rye, rye flour and meal.
 Salmon, tinned, <i>see</i> Fish.
 (A) Sausages, pork, except tinned
 pork sausages.
 Screenings, <i>see</i> Offals of Corn.
 Seeds, <i>see</i> Cereals mentioned by
 name.
 (A) Semolina.
 Sharps, <i>see</i> Offals of Corn.
 Sheep, <i>see</i> Animals.
 (A) Silver bullion, specie and British
 coin.
 Skins, <i>see</i> Calfskins; Hides.
 (A) Spirits, <i>see</i> Whisky.
 (A) Sugar, cane and beet, <i>see</i> also
 Confectionery
 (A) Sultanas.
 (A) Superphosphates
 (A) Tea other than green tea.</p> | <p>(B) Torpedoes and their component
 parts.
 (B) Torpedo tubes.
 Vegetables, <i>see</i> Onions; Pota-
 toes.
 Venison, <i>see</i> Game.
 (A) Vessels of 15 tons gross and over.
 (A) Wheat, wheat flour and wheat
 meal, and all articles, mix-
 tures and preparations contain-
 ing wheat, wheat flour, or
 wheat meal.
 (A) Whisky.
 Wool and woollen goods :—
 (see also Appendix No. 1 for
 camel hair, cashmere, alpaca
 and mohair).
 (A) Wool tops and mixtures thereof.
 (A) Woollen and worsted yarn and
 mixtures thereof.
 Yarns, <i>see</i> Wool.
 (A) Yeast.</p> |
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LIST C

List C comprises all goods not included in List A or B.
 Goods on List C may be exported without licence to all destinations with
 which trading is allowed.

APPENDIX No. 1.

GENERAL LICENCES FOR EXPORTS.

An open General Licence has been issued, permitting the exportation of
 the following goods (without application to the Export Licence Depart-
 ment) to all destinations except those foreign destinations to which
 goods on List C (*see* above) are prohibited from export.

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| <p>Alpaca, and noils, waste and yarns
 thereof.
 Bird Seed.
 Blanc-mange powder.
 Oake mixture
 Camel hair, and noils, waste and
 yarns thereof
 Cashmere, and noils, waste and yarns
 thereof.
 Cement for building and engineering
 purposes.
 Chillies.
 Cocoa and milk, coffee and milk,
 chocolate and milk, sweetened or
 unsweetened, in tins.
 Custard powder.
 Gloy.
 Horseflesh.
 Koffio.</p> | <p>Lactol,
 Lactogol.
 Mango chutney, tomato chutney,
 and tomato ketchup.
 Marmite.
 Mincement and mince pies.
 Mixtures and preparations contain-
 ing not more than 10 per cent.
 aniline colour, not otherwise pro-
 hibited
 Mohair and noils, waste and yarns
 thereof.
 Paisley flour.
 Paint other than gold paint.
 "Phosto" animal food.
 Pudding powder.
 Puddings.
 Restorine.
 Vanilla custard.</p> |
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SAMPLES.

An open general licence has been issued which permits the free export
 of all *bona fide* samples of prohibited goods to all destinations with which
 trade is now permitted. Samples exported under this licence may be used
 only for genuine sample purposes *i.e.*, for obtaining orders from foreign
 buyers, and may not be sold except with the written consent of the Export
 Licence Department, but such consent may be dispensed with when it is
 desired to sell the articles in the country of destination after they have
 fulfilled their purposes as samples. Exporters will be required to satisfy the
 Customs Authorities that the goods presented for export under this licence
 are *bona fide* samples, and to make a declaration to that effect on the relative
 shipping documents.

This notice only applies to samples of goods which require licences for export to the particular destination concerned.

In addition, the consent of the Export Licence Department is not required for the sale of samples which, though within the scheme at the actual time they were exported, could be exported outside the scheme at the actual time of the proposed sale.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR COAL EXPORTS.

An Open General Licence has been issued, with effect from Thursday, 1st January, 1920, permitting the export of coal, coke and manufactured fuel to all destinations abroad except Russia, Germany, Hungary, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria, subject always to the approval, previously obtained, of the Controller of Coal Mines or his duly authorised representative, and subject to shipment being made in a vessel approved by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise or their Officers.

The Customs Authorities will require pre-entry to be made in all cases; and at ports where there is a duly authorised local representative of the Controller of Coal Mines (*see list below*), the approval referred to above will be signified by his endorsement on the pre-entry form, which must be presented to him for the purpose before shipment.

Where shipment is proposed to be made from a port not included in the list given below, it will be necessary for application for the Controller's approval to be made to the Export Branch of the Coal Mines Department in London. Shipments from all ports in the United Kingdom to the destinations excluded from the purview of the general licence must still be covered by an export licence from the Coal Mines Department.

The following are the ports shipments from which will be covered by the local representative's endorsement on pre-entry:—

District	Controller's Representative
All Scottish ports ..	Mr. W. D. Fuller, 4, Dunlop Street, Glasgow.
From Amble to Middlesbrough inclusive.	Mr. W. R. Fisher, Guildhall Chambers, Quayside, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
Humber ports (Hull to Grimsby inclusive)	Mr. A. D. Upton, 120, Alfred Gelder Street, Hull.
Mersey ports ...	Mr. J. Melrandi, Dock Board Offices, Liverpool.
From Barry Port to Newport inclusive.	Mr. L. R. Lewis, Cymrie Buildings, Cardiff.

OPEN GENERAL LICENSE FOR THE EXPORT OF INDUSTRIAL EXPLOSIVES, SMOOTH-BORE GUNS, AND MUNITIONS FOR USE THEREWITH.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export of industrial explosives, smooth-bore guns, and munitions for use therewith, to the destinations given below, to which, therefore, exports may be made subject to the usual Customs formalities without applications for specific licenses to the Export Licence Department:—

- British Possessions and Protectorates (*see note below*)
- French Possessions and Protectorates (*see note below*)
- United States of America.
- South America.
- Japan and Korea.
- Asiatic Russia.
- France, Belgium, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Italy, Serbia, Roumania, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Holland, Switzerland, and Iceland.

In accordance with Article 6 Chapter 2, of the "Arms Convention," all destinations in the prohibited areas set out in Article 6 will still require a specific export licence for all arms and ammunition.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF AIRCRAFT, ETC.

An open general licence has been issued for the export of the under-mentioned goods to all destinations except Russia, Germany, Hungary, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria. Applications are no longer to be made

to the Export Licence Department in respect of the export of these goods to countries other than those mentioned:—

“Aeroplane engines and their component parts. Aircraft, other than balloons of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.”

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF PARCELS CONTAINING MISCELLANEOUS FOODSTUFFS.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export by parcel post of parcels containing one or more varieties of food-stuffs (for the personal use of the addressee and *not* for trading purposes) to all destinations with which trading is allowed, provided that any such parcel may not contain more than two pounds of sugar or more than one pound of butter. Applications need, therefore, no longer be submitted to the Import and Export Licensing Section in respect of the export of such parcels by parcel post.

GENERAL INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO EXPORT REGULATIONS TO CERTAIN COUNTRIES IN EUROPE AND ON THE MEDITERRANEAN, &C.

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Exporters are warned that there are import prohibitions in some foreign countries, information regarding which can be obtained from the Department of Overseas Trade, 35, Old Queen Street, Westminster, S. W. 1, and 73, Basinghall Street, London, E. C. 2. The issue of an export licence implies no guarantee that the goods will be admitted into the country of destination.

Albania.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Alsace-Lorraine.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Arabia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Asia Minor (*see* Turkey).

Austria, Hungary.

Trade is now permitted with all portions of the late Austro-Hungarian Empire.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported *via* any available route.

Parcels will now be accepted by the Post Office for transmission to Austria (States of Upper and Lower Austria, Styria, Carinthia, Salzburg, Northern Tyrol, Vorarlberg and Liechtenstein, Trentino, Istria and Dalmatia).

For the portions of the late Austro-Hungarian Empire now incorporated in Italy, Czecho-Slovakia, Poland and Jugo-Slavia, *see* notes applicable to those countries.

Belgium.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Bulgaria.

Licences are required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Czechoslovakia (including any portions of Silesia and Galicia allotted to Czechoslovakia).

This territory consists, broadly speaking, of the former Austrian provinces of Bohemia and Moravia, and the northern part of Hungary-Slovakia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported *via* Hamburg and the Elbe, provided they are consigned to the Czechoslovak Government Trade Office, Welserhaus 12, Schaursteinwegsbucke, Hamburg, for further transhipment to the actual consignee in Czechoslovakia. Czechoslovak Import Licences should reach the Hamburg Office from the consignee previous to the shipment of goods. A duplicate set of shipping documents should be forwarded in advance to that Office. Goods may also be exported *via* any other available route.

Denmark.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Esthonia (principal port—Reval).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Finland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

France.

Licences for exports are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Germany.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Gift parcels sent by parcel post may enter Germany without import licence and also free from duty and taxes provided they do not contain more than 2 kilos (70 ozs.) of tobacco.

Greece.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A or B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Holland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Italy.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route to Italy may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Jugo-Slavia.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

There is no parcel post service at present, except to Dalmatia.

Latvia (Latvia) (principal port—Libau).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Applications to export goods on Lists A and B will be considered in the usual way.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Lithuania (principal port—Riga).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Applications to export goods on Lists A and B will be considered in the usual way.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Luxembourg.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Goods may be exported by any available route at the option of the exporter.

Montenegro (*see* Jugo-Slavia).**Norway.**

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Palestine.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Poland (*including any portions of Silesia and Galicia allotted to Poland*).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Portugal.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Roumania.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Russia (Asiatic).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Russia (European).

(a) *Northern District—approached via Archangel or the Murman Coast.*
Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

(b) *Southern District—approached via the Black Sea and Tayanrog on the Sea of Azov.*

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

There is no parcel post service at present.

(c) *Other Districts.*

No licences are being granted at present.

Serbia.

Licences are only required for goods on lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

There is no parcel post service at present.

Spain.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Sweden.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Switzerland.

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Syria (as far north as a line from Alexandretta to Aleppo inclusive, and as far east as the Hedjaz railway inclusive).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B. Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

A Parcel Post Service is in operation as far north as Alexandretta, but not east of Aleppo.

Turkey (including Asia Minor).

Licences are only required for goods on Lists A and B.

Any available route may be adopted at the option of the exporter.

Parcels for civilians in Turkey are accepted if they are fully addressed c-o "Poste Restante, British Army Post Office, Constantinople," and parcels for civilians in Smyrna are accepted if they are fully addressed, c-o "Poste Restante, British Post Office, Smyrna;" parcels must be *called* for at the British Post Offices.

URGENT ORDERS.

The Import and Export Licensing Section, Board of Trade, announces that, in collaboration with the Department of Overseas Trade, an arrangement has been made whereby firms receiving orders which require immediate acceptance may telegraph details of any such order to the Department of Overseas Trade in order to ascertain whether a licence will be granted for the export of the goods if the order is accepted.

In the event of an applicant being promised a licence he will be enabled to deal with the order straightaway with the knowledge that upon application being made in the proper form to the Export Licence Department the licence will be granted.

The telegrams should be addressed to "Orders, c-o Advantage, Stock, London." They should give in each case, in addition to the name and postal or telegraphic address of the applicant, the quantity and description of the goods comprised in the order and the name and address of the ultimate consignee if the goods are destined for a neutral country. In the case of orders from Allied or British Territory or from Territory in the occupation of troops of the Associated Governments, the consignee need not be stated; and it will be sufficient merely to give the country of destination. A reply of 24 words (1s-3d) must be repaid.

Applicants are requested in their own interest to confine their enquiries to orders needing a very urgent decision, since the fewer the enquiries the more promptly can answers be given.

Any subsequent correspondence that is necessary in connection with the telegraphic enquiries should be addressed to the Comptroller-General, Department of Overseas Trade (Export Facilities Section), 35, Old Queen Street, Westminster, S.W.-1.

TRANSHIPMENT IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The provisional approval of the Import and Export Section, Board of Trade, should be obtained before the following goods are brought to this country for transhipment:

Bacon, ham and lard of all kinds.

Butter and cheese.

Cereals on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

Animal feeding stuffs on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

Seeds, oils, and fats on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

It is not now necessary to make application to the Collector of Customs at the transhipment ports on Form S. 90 for the transhipment of any goods except those specified in the following list:—

Foodstuffs for animal or human consumption which are on Section "A" or "B" of the list of prohibited exports (including tea and cocoa).

Seeds, oils, and fats on Section "A" of the list of prohibited exports.

Synthetic dvestuffs.

Ergot.

Quinine sulphate

Caustic potash.

Potassium carbonate.

Wool-tops and mixtures thereof.

Woollen and worsted yarn and mixtures thereof.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Delhi, the 20th March 1920.

No. 2360 D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), as amended by Act XII of 1914, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing, by sea or by land, into British India of any copy of the monthly magazine entitled "Gale's Journal of Revolutionary Communism," published in Mexico by Linn A. B. Gale.

POST OFFICE.

Delhi, the 20th March 1920.

No. 2455-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 46 (2) (b) of the Indian Post Office Act (Act No. VI of 1898), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913 as subsequently amended, namely:—

For rule 122 (2) of the said rules under the head *Foreign Money Orders*, the following shall be substituted:

In the case of foreign sterling money orders, the rate of commission shall be the following, namely:—

For every sum of 5 shillings or fraction thereof Annas 4.

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following order issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 20th March 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Delhi, the 19th March 1920.

RESIGNATION.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

1st Cossipore Brigade Mobile Artillery.

No. 509.—Lieutenant-Colonel Charles William Tosh, V.D., is permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to resign his commission and to retain the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel on retirement. Dated 1st February 1920.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Marine Department, and published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 20th March 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

Delhi, the 19th March 1920.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 20.—The following extracts are published for general information:—

The names of the undermentioned have been brought to the notice of the Government of India for valuable services rendered in India in connection with the war up to the 31st December 1918:—

(*Supplementary to the list issued with the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, dated the 29th July 1919.*)

Clifford, Captain W. J., India Miscellaneous List (retired), Recruiting Agent, Anglo-Indian Force.

Leonard, Mr. A. T., Recruiting Agent, Anglo-Indian Force.

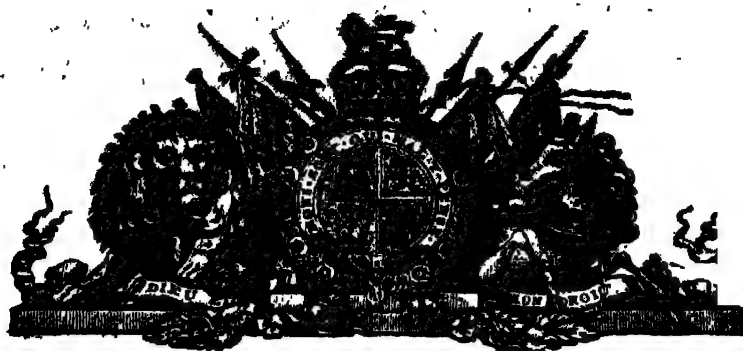
Marcutt, Mr. F., Recruiting Agent, Anglo-Indian Force.

Robbie, Mr. C. T., General Secretary, Anglo-Indian and Domiciled European Association.

Spencer, Captain J. G., late 1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, Recruiting Agent, Anglo-Indian Force.

Stather Hale, Mr. W., Custodian of Enemy Property and Controller and Liquidator of Hostile Firms, Bengal.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1920.

PART IB.

Orders by the Governor of Bengal in Council.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 907M.—The 20th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Maulvis Abdul Halim and Sultan Ahmad to be Commissioners of the Cox's Bazar Municipality, in the district of Chittagong, *vice* Maulvis Hefazatur Rahman and Suazan Chaudhuri.

No. 893M.—The 20th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. D. C. Steer to be a Commissioner of the Howrah Municipality, *vice* Mr. D. Lawson, resigned.

No. 895M.—The 20th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (4) of section 23 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to remove the name of the Garden Reach Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, from the second schedule of that Act.

No. 964M.—The 27th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. Smart to be Chairman of the Garulia Municipality, in the district of the 24-Parganas, *vice* Mr. G. A. Mason, resigned.

No. 966M.—The 23rd March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 8 (2) (d) and 62 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, III of 1899, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. A. J. Pugh to be a Commissioner of the Corporation of Calcutta, *vice* Mr. C. W. Rhodes, resigned.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

ERRATUM.

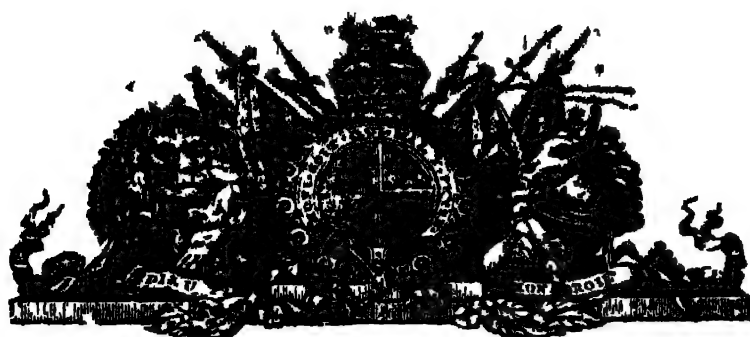
No. 886 L.S.-G.—*The 19th March 1920.*—Delete "Purusottampur 16" from column 5 of the table containing the names of manzas constituting the Digsui Hoera union in notification No. 442 L.S.-G., dated the 20th February 1920, published at pages 72—90 of Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 25th idem.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ADDENDUM.

No. 885 L.S.-G.—*The 19th March 1920.*—Add "Purusottampur 16" to column 5 of the table containing the names of manzas constituting the Mugra union in notification No. 442 L.S.-G., dated the 20th February 1920, published at pages 72—90 of Part IB of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 25th idem.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1920

PART IC.

Educational Notices.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS, CALCUTTA.

NOTICE

NAMES of Munsifs qualified to teach Urdu can be had on application to the undersigned. A complete list is published in the *Gazette of India* Part II.

O. F. JENKINS,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA, the 31st October 1916

NOTICE

BENGAL VETERINARY COLLEGE.

CANDIDATES for admission into the Bengal Veterinary College should be present at the College at Belgachia, Calcutta, with necessary certificates in original, as required in the rules at 10 A.M. on 15th April 1920. Rules will be supplied free on application.

A. SMITH, COLONEL,

Principal, Bengal Veterinary College

BELGACHIA the 26th February 1920.

**Examination qualifying for admission to the second grade of
Divisional Accountants of the Public Works Department.**

Previously called the fourth grade P. W. D. Accountants' Examination, 1920.

THE examination will be conducted by the Principal of the Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur, on 17th, 18th and 19th May 1920, at the following centres:—

- (1) The Bengal Engineering College, For candidates registered by—
Sibpur.

(There is no other centre at Calcutta.)

The Accountant-General, Bengal.
The Accountant-General, Posts and
Telegraphs.

The Examiner of Accounts, Eastern
Bengal Railway.

The Government Examiner of
Accounts, East Indian Railway.

The Government Examiner of
Accounts, Bengal-Nagpur Railway.

- (2) Office of the Accountant-General, Bihar and Orissa, Ranchi. } For candidates registered by the
Accountant-General, Bihar and
Orissa.

- (3) The Behar School of Engineering,
Bankipore.

- (4) The Office of the Comptroller, For candidates registered by him.
Assam, Shillong.

- (5) The Office of the Accountant-General, Burma Rangoon. Ditto ditto.

- (6) The Office of the Government Examiner of Railway Accounts, Chittagong. Ditto ditto.

Candidates must apply for registration to one of the Government officials on the above list. Those over 25 years of age and not in Government service must apply for registration to the Principal only if they are residents of Bengal. Those registered elsewhere will apply to the Accountant-General of their Province.

Applications on the prescribed form must reach the office of the registering officer not later than 17th April 1920. Each must be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 10, and the following certificates in original, or true copies of them certified by an officer of the Engineer or Accounts Branch. These certificates will not be returned:—

- (i) Certificate of good character signed by applicant's immediate official superior, or by the instructor under whom he has been educated, or by some other superior under whom he may have been brought up or employed, or to whom he may be well known. (This certificate must have special reference to the two years immediately preceding the application.)
- (ii) Certificate of age, baptismal or of birth (not required, if the candidate is already in permanent Government employ).
- (iii) Certificate that the application is in the candidate's own handwriting.

Copies of rules may be had on application from the undersigned.

B. HEATON, Principal.

BENGAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, SIBPUR, the 11th March 1920.

MEMORANDUM

The half-yearly examination in the Art of Teaching for the teachers teaching through the medium of English in the Rajshahi Division will be held at the Jalpaiguri Zilla School on Monday and Tuesday, the 19th and 20th April 1920, and the day following, if necessary. The examination of teachers of vernacular and classical subjects will also be held on those days at the same school.

2. The examination will consist of—

- (a) A practical examination of class management.
- (b) A practical test of ability to teach by giving two lessons to a class on any three subjects, viz., English, Bengali, History, Geography, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Sanskrit, Persian, &c.
- (c) An oral examination in which the candidate will have to answer some questions on the art of teaching, object lessons, class control, organisation and discipline.

3. The following books on the Art of Teaching are recommended :—

(a) For teachers of vernacular and classical subjects—

1. Uchcha Siksha Sahachar, by D. N. Neogi.
2. Nimna Siksha Sahrid, by P. Mukharjee.
3. Uchcha Siksha Sahrid, by P. Mukharjee.
4. Bidyalaya Bidhayak Bibidha Bidhan, by A. N. Adhikari.
5. Bhugol Siksha Pranali, by Imdadul Haque.
6. Teachers' Manual by Macmillan & Co.

(b) For Matriculate teachers—

1. D. Solomon's Art of Teaching.
2. Wren's Indian Teachers' Guide.
3. " Direct Method of Teaching English.
4. Yate and Rajagopalchari's Direct Method.
5. Imdadul Haque's Bhugol Siksha Pranali.

(c) For graduates and I.A. passed teachers—

1. The books recommended under (b).
2. London's principles and picture of teaching and class management.
3. Raymentis principle of teaching.

Intending candidates from high schools, Government aided and unaided are directed to send in their applications through the head masters to this office at least a fortnight before the date of examination, and teachers of middle schools through the Deputy Inspectors at least three weeks before the date. Every candidate will be required to produce his University or other certificates at the time of examination. A statement containing information on the following points should accompany the applications :—

1. Name.
2. Father's name.
3. Age on the 31st March 1920.
4. Name of the candidate's native district, subdivision and village.
5. The last examination which the candidate passed and the year in which the candidate passed it.
6. Period of service as a teacher.
7. Name of the appointment which the candidate now holds and the date from which he has been holding it.
8. Signature of the candidate.

R. C. DAS,

Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division, in Charge.

JALPAIGURI, the 21st March 1920.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE PRESIDENT AND THE
MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL OF THE CALCUTTA
SANSKRIT ASSOCIATION.**

It is hereby notified that a centre for holding the Sanskrit First and Second Examinations, under the auspices of the Jnanadayini Sabha at Patiya in the district of Chittagong, has been sanctioned by the Council of the Calcutta Sanskrit Association from the year 1920

MURALY DHAR BANERJEE,
Offg Secretary, Calcutta Sanskrit Association,

OFFICE OF THE CALCUTTA SANSKRIT ASSOCIATION, the 22nd March 1920;

**PROGRAMME OF THE TECHNOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS OF
THE CITY AND GUILDS OF LONDON INSTITUTE, 1920.**

Subject	Day	Date	Hours of Examination
Centre I—Government Weaving Institute, Serampur.			
Cotton Spinning, Grade II	Saturday	24th April	A.M. 10-30 to 2-30
Cotton Spinning, Final Section A	Ditto	24th "	P.M. 10-30 to 2-30
Cotton Dyeing Grade I	Monday	26th "	10-30 to 1-30
Silk Dyeing, Grade I	Friday	30th "	10-30 to 1-30
Cotton Spinning Grade I	Saturday	1st May	10-30 to 2-30
Cotton Weaving, Plain and Fancy, Grade I.	Ditto	1st "	10-30 to 2-30
Cotton Weaving, Plain and Fancy Grade II	Ditto	8th	10-30 to 2-30
Cotton Weaving Plain and Fancy Final Section B	Ditto	8th "	10-30 to 2-30
Principles of Art in Fabric Printing, Grade I	Ditto	10th "	10-30 to 2-30
Centre II—Government Commercial Institute, 285, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.			
Electrical Engineering, Grade II, Continuous Current	Monday	26th April	10-30 to 1-30
Plumbers' Work, Grade I	Ditto	26th "	10-30 to 1-30
Soap Manufacture, Grade I	Tuesday	27th "	10-30 to 1-30
Mechanical Engineering, Division I, Grade I	Ditto	27th "	10-30 to 1-30
Builders' Quantities, Grade I	Ditto	27th "	10-30 to 1-30
Pottery and Porcelain, Grade II	Wednesday	28th "	10-30 to 1-30
Electrical Engineering, Grade II, Alternate Current.	Ditto	28th "	10-30 to 1-30
Mechanical Engineering, Division I, Grade II.	Thursday	29th "	10-30 to 1-30
Mechanical Engineering, Division II, Grade II	Ditto	29th "	10-30 to 1-30
Boiler Makers' Work, Grade I	Friday	30th "	10-30 to 1-30
Boiler Makers' Work, Final	Ditto	30th "	10-30 to 1-30

W. H. EVERETT,
Secretary,
City and Guilds Examination Committee, Bengal.

WRITERS' BUILDINGS CALCUTTA, the 19th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

THE Government Commercial Institute Final and Special Examinations, 1920, will be held at the following centres on the dates and at the hours noted below:—

1. The Government Commercial Institute, 285, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta—

- (a) Final Examination,
(b) Special Examinations.

2. Normal School, Dacca (*Special Examinations in Shorthand, Typewriting and Book-keeping only*).

Monday,	3rd May	...	Final and Special Examinations in Shorthand (80 and 120 words per minute).	11 A. M.
			Final and Special Examinations in Shorthand (100 and 140 words per minute).	2 P. M.
Tuesday,	4th "	...	Final and Special Examinations in Typewriting (Speed tests).	11 A. M.
			Final and Special Examinations in Typewriting (Tabulating tests).	2 P. M.
Wednesday,	5th "	...	Final Examination	11 A. M.
			Ditto	2 P. M.
Thursday,	6th "	...	Final Examination	11 A. M.
			Ditto	2 P. M.
Friday,	7th "	...	Final Examination	11 A. M.
			Ditto	2 P. M.
Saturday,	8th "	...	Final and Special Examinations in Junior Book-keeping	11 A. M.
Monday,	10th "	...	Final Examination	11 A. M.
			Ditto	2 P. M.
Tuesday,	11th "	...	Special Examination in Advanced Book-keeping	11 A. M.

G. K. SEN,

Offg. Secy., Govt. Commercial Institute Board.

19th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

THE Government Commercial Institute Final and Special Examinations, 1920, will be held at the following centres on the dates and at the hours noted below :—

1. The Government Commercial Institute, 285, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta—

- (a) Final Examination,
(b) Special Examinations.

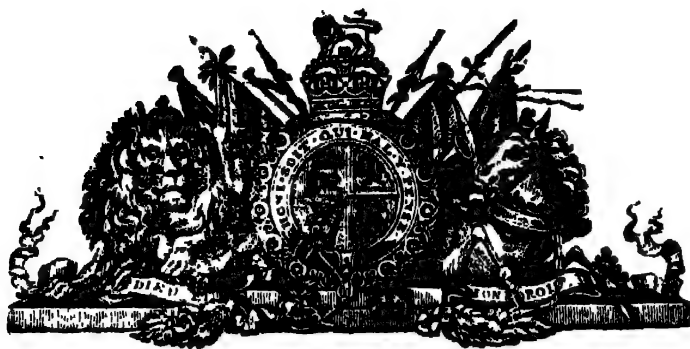
2. Normal School, Dacca (*Special Examinations in Shorthand, Typewriting and Book-keeping only*).

Monday,	3rd May	...	{	Final and Special Examinations in Shorthand (80 and 120 words per minute).	11 A. M.
			{	Final and Special Examinations in Shorthand (100 and 140 words per minute).	2 P. M.
Tuesday,	4th "	...	{	Final and Special Examinations in Typewriting (Speed tests).	11 A. M.
			{	Final and Special Examinations in Typewriting (Tabulating tests).	2 P. M.
Wednesday,	5th "	...	{	Final Examination	11 A. M.
			{	Ditto	2 P. M.
Thursday,	6th "	...	{	Final Examination	11 A. M.
			{	Ditto	2 P. M.
Friday,	7th "	...	{	Final Examination	11 A. M.
			{	Ditto	2 P. M.
Saturday,	8th "	...		Final and Special Examinations in Junior Book-keeping	11 A. M.
Monday,	10th "	...	{	Final Examination	11 A. M.
			{	Ditto	2 P. M.
Tuesday,	11th "	...		Special Examination in Advanced Book-keeping	11 A. M.

G. K. SEN,

Offg. Secy., Govt. Commercial Institute Board.

19th March 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1920.

PART II.

Advertisements.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz the 12th March 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Nadia will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadai jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadai jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3188 B	Begamabad, pargana Begamabad.	Rs. A. P.	No	Annuas 2 pias 8 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Devendra Narayan Singha.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Attached under order of Sub-Judge of Krishnagar in his money execution case No. 5 of 1917.
		.....				2,373 15 0	.....	376 0 0	

Krishnagar, the 13th February 1920.

M. N. BHATTACHARJI, for Collector.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 12th January 1921, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for the said arrears.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share :—

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Name of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
314	Ph. Batitaki, mahal Phulcheri.	Rs. A. P. 1,604 3 0	....	Boundary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 & 6 only. The following mauzas will be sold— Mauza— Sitbatitaki. Abhaya Mukundapur. Astidnager. Baja. Bhatbarh. Bhuyan. Bhojpur. Chhatrisbetya. Dahuka. Jangarpara. Dasagram. Durgachak. Dharmachak. Elgerha. Erhaidangar. Phulbheri. Gaigharia chak. Gurhi. Gobinda chak. Gobindapur. Gopal bah. Jamasia. Joti. Jalankichota. Karanji. Kalkachak. Kunarpore. Kutai. Khagra-bheri. Shandabheri. Khursai. Lakhandia. Madhubarh. Mahmad chak. Mohandandi chak. Moengua. Mukundapur hat. Palaidakhin. Radha Mohan chak. Ram chak. Randaagar. Salbani. Simulya. Siruchak. Suriha. Soundhar chak. Srichandaspore. Tapala. Tala. Talaitha. Trilochanpur. 9 as. 11 ds. 1 kt. 1 dt. share each of the above mauzas will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Srimatya Ramani Moul Dasi, guardian of Amulya Chandra Jana and another, minors.	Rs. A. P. 864 3 2	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 73 3 3	Rs. A. P.

Notification B.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that, unless the arrears mentioned below are paid on or before the next latest date of payment, viz., the 28th March 1920, the undermentioned estates or shares of estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th June at 12 o'clock for the said arrears:—

N. B.—When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share, and that the other share or shares in the estate are excluded from the sale.

Tanai No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	Nature and amount of demand for which to be sold.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
311	Pb. Battikali, m. Phulbhery.	Rs. A. P. 1,802 3 0	...	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 only. The 11 1/2 k. 1 dt. share of the following each of the manzars will be sold:—Manzars Biabattaki, Abheyanu, uodapur, Astidagar, B. ja, Bhatbar, Bhuvan, Bhojpur, Chatrabotya, Dahuka, Dandarpura, Dandaram, Durgaruk, Dharmachak, Bhagerya, Khandagar, Phulbhery, Garhgarhya, Gurin, Gobindachak, Gobindapur, Gopalbari, Jamuria, Joti, Kalaukchiva, Karanj, Kalkuchak, Kharapur, K. sh, Khagrabhary, Khundabhery, Khursai, Lakshanda, Madhabbar, Mahamulchak, Mahanandichak, Managun, Mukundapurhat, Palasidakhin, Rudharahonchak, Ramchak, Ramdagar, Subani, Simulva, Seruchak, Surin, Sanadharachak, Srihandanpur, Tapra, Tala, Tuladina, Tili, Chapur. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Ramaul Mani Dasgupta of Annlya Chandra Jans and another minor.	Rs. A. P. 664 3 2	...	Rs. A. P. 328 5 0	.....
2346	Pb. Bahang, m. Mohar.	1,302 1 0	.....	Residuary share excluding S. A. No. 1. A share of the estate will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Krishna Das Mondal and another.	651 0 5	..	112 0 0	.....

Midnapore, the 17th February 1920.

A. W. Cook, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate and shares of estates in the district of Tippera will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920, at 12 o'clock, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share:—

Tanai No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2690	Dela's Charipara mauza, ph. Bardakhat Meadi Pattani Taluk.	Rs. A. P. 1,707 8 7	Whole	...	Jabin Chandra Bhadra	...	74 14 2	...
2703	Daulatpur Jowar, ph. Bardakhat Tape Kurikhat.	2,437 10 2	Do.	...	Eshad Ali	...	1,145 13 10	...
2704	Dhanapati Khala Jowar, ph. Bardakhat.	2,616 0 0	Do.	...	Ram Gopal De	...	230 11 6	...
2733	Tinchita Jowar, ph. Bardakhat.	910 3 9	Do.	...	Jagubandhu Sur	...	411 4 11	...
2734	Tampaputia Jowar, ph. Bardakhat.	2,839 3 6	Do.	...	Bala Gani Bhui	...	236 9 10	...

Comilla, the 17th February 1920.

D. H. Wares, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Midnapore, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share:—

Tansi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
212	Ph. Batiskel, in Palgria.	Rs. A. P. 620 1 8	Entire	..	Jaludra Behari Datta and others.	..	18 5 8	.....
1014	Ph. Kousjorah, in Rajnagar.	1,100 12 5 (including police).	.....	Residuary share, excluding S. A. Nos. 1 to 4, 11a, 12d, 20, 24, share of the estate will be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandlari Dewalka Nath Maitry and others.	776 1 5 (including police.)	.....	0 10 10
9061	Ph. Protaphon, in Kotibari.	6,329 9 9	..	Residuary share excluding S. A. Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 only The following shares of the muggas will be sold:— Mauza— A. GDS. Aladi chak 0 14 1 Adam chak 0 14 1 Ama 4 14 1 Bighambar 4 14 1 Dishim chak 4 14 1 Belchak 3 4 1 Bhatrabhandi 0 14 1 Faid chak 5 9 1 Gangra 4 14 1 Gobardhanpur 3 4 1 Gobinda chak 3 4 1 Gokul 1 9 1 Gopal chak 3 4 1 Gurnauli chak 3 4 1 Husen chak 5 9 1 Jambu 5 9 1 Joki chak 0 14 1 Kankhal 5 9 1 Kulika chak 5 9 1 Kusab chak 1 9 1 Kotibari 4 14 1 Kharan 1 9 1 Lachibari 4 14 1 Narmadpur 1 9 1 Neyanatala 4 14 1 Olad chak 5 9 1 Oodpur chak 1 9 1 Paschim Sai 5 9 1 Purnasatnagar 1 9 1 Raghunathpur 5 9 1 Rangl chak 5 9 1 Rambu 4 14 1 Raja chak 1 9 1 Sat Sanda 0 14 1 Sultan chak 4 14 1 Taghori 0 14 1 Uman 6 4 1 Krishnapur 1 9 1 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chondhuri Radha Nath Bahari and others.	1,174 1 8	..	281 2 11 (September 1919 and January 1920).
2427	Ph. Sahapur, in Hasimpur.	1,013 10 6 (including police.)	.....	Residuary share, excluding S. A. Nos. 1 and 2 only. The following shares of the muggas will be sold:— Ma. 22— Almagar Gourang 16 Boguni 16 Onak Kumar 16 Hasimpur 16 Barnichinta 16 Nij Hasimpur 16 Tatadighi 16 All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Dhabataram Das and others.	708 8 10	.....	9 15 7

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates, in the district of Burdwan will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 2 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands for January 1920 kist, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Taxi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
10	Gidhagran, pargana Araha.	7,810 6 0	..	Residuary share 7as. 17gd. 3k. 1 danti is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Soudamini Dasi and others.	3,804 5 0	...	4 14 2
31	Mahata, pargana Bapda.	11,877 0 0	...	Residuary share 13as 16gd 1k. 2jdanti is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Madhoh Lal Misra and others.	10,081 9 9	..	941 8 4
78	Nesampur, etc., pargana Samarnahi.	1,159 6 8	Whole estate is to be sold.	.....	Brojendra Lal Das and others.	.....	244 4 4	.....
5170	Dabukalinga, pargana Samabad.	5,421 15 2	...	Residuary share 8 annas is to be sold. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Mon Mohini Das ..	3,210 15 2	...	1,197 10 7

Burdwan, the 19th February 1920.

M. H. B. LETHBRIDGE, Collector.

Notification of sale.

NOTICE is hereby given under Sections 6 and 13 of the Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of 24 Parganas, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920, at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

Taxi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.					Rs. A. P.	
306	Dohi Medan molla, pargana Medanmolla.	1,302 1 0	Whole estate.	.....	Loful Khair and others.	...	395 5 0	..
457	Abad Simulberta and others, Pargana Paschnakul.	580 2 6	Do	.....	Abdar Rahaman Khan	...	243 10 3	...

Ajipore, the 21st February 1920.

HEM CHANDRA CHATTERJI, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, read with section 11 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1868, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Noakhali will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920 at 12 o'clock for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

N.B.—When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the appended statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tanai No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1674	Nalchira, Tenure No 1	Rs. A. P. 14,517 14 0	Whole	.....	Mouazzam Hossain Choudhury	.....	Rent— 7,298 15 0 Cess— 475 15 0 7,774 14 0	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No 1.	2,999 7 0	Do	.....	Srimati Asmoleness Choudhury	.....	Rent— 1,218 9 8 Cess— 8 0 0 1,226 9 8	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No 24	614 6 0	Do	.....	Gagan Chandra Sarker and others	.....	Rent— 271 3 0 Cess— 23 4 0 294 7 0	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure 49.	502 9 0	Do	.....	Henn Men and others	.....	Rent— 204 7 0 Cess— 18 2 0 222 9 0	.....
1675	Char Iswar Roy, Part 1, Tenure No. 52.	1,132 11 0	Do	.....	Ditto	.....	Rent— 460 2 0 Cess— 2 11 8 462 13 8	.....
1686	Char Alexandra, Tenure No. 1.	751 4 0	Do	.....	Soumal Han-Mou and others.	.....	Rent— 309 4 0 Cess— 38 8 0 347 12 0	.....

Noakhali the 16th February 1920.

R. M. Das, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate and shares of estates in the district of Rajshahi, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 25th March 1920, at 11 A.M., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share:—

Tanai No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1646	Jiamudhan, pargana Jiamudhan.	Rs. A. P. Land revenue— 1,202 2 0 Police revenue— 13 1 0 Total — 1,215 3 0	Yes	.....	Satish Chandra Khan and others.	.....	Land revenue— 17 5 1 Cess— 68 6 11 85 11 2	.....

Rajshahi, the 2nd March 1920.

U. P. Guha, Offg. Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, read with section 11 of Act VII (B. C.) of 1868, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Noakhali will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 A. M., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue :—

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi number.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar Jam of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar Jam of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.		<i>Estates.</i>		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
14	Sundwip, Hisey 4a, 2g, 1k., tarap Bhabani, Uchara, pargana Sundwip.	10,308 6 10	Share ...	Separate account No. 1, Hisey 2 a. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandra Sekher Datta Tewari and others.	2,421 12 3		Land Revenue— 623 3 7 Cess— 493 2 0 1,816 6 7
208	Suk Chai pargana Zakhir.	2,094 0 0	Whole		Sifulla as father grandson of Ashi Haq and others.	...	Land revenue— 41 10 0 Cess— 500 1 3 541 11 3	.....
210	Niz Sundwip, pargana Sundwip.	22,436 0 0	Share	Separate account No. 1, Hisey 1 a. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Chandra Sekher Datta Tewari and others.	1,402 2 9		Land Revenue— 418 3 6 Cess— 216 3 4 634 5 10
1882	Thak Mukhid Sola anua.	1,086 4 0	Whole	...	Bham Sanker Datta Tewari and others.	..	Land revenue— 0 6 7 Cess— 7 13 1 8 3 8	.....

Noakhali, the 16th February 1920.

R. M. DAS, Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Nadia will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Sadar Jam of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar Jam of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
491 3	Sadipur, Rajpur.	.....	No	2 nos. 13 gds. 1 c. and 1 kanti. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	Deb Kumari Das, executrix to the estate of Purna Chandra Mustafi and T. Rak Das Das, mo. nec. on behalf of Kali Das Pal and others, minors.	2,042 15 8	.....	192 10 8
491 6	Ditto	..	No	1 a 6 gds. 2 c 2 kanti. All other shares than that specified will be excluded from the sale.	1. Deb Kumari Das, executrix to the estate of Purna Chandra Mustafi. 2. Surat Chandra Mustafi and others.	1,521 15 10	..	92 13 7
571	Khadopara, Babhusali.	978 0 0	Whole	.....	Siva Sundari Dasgupta	..	207 0 0	.....

Krishnagar, the 13th February 1920.

M. N. BHATTACHARJI, for Collector.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Faridpur will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 11 A.M. for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the following statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Andar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the andar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
230	Panchesh Hazari, pargana Kesimnagar.	5,682 7 0	Whole	...	Surendra Nath Saha and others.	...	116 7 0	...
2426	Zamindari Thakur Das, Ram Das Goswami, pargana Satbir.	12,633 7 4	No	Residuary or separate account No. 2 to the extent of 6 annas share of the estate. The following shares of the above estate are excluded from sale— Separate account No. 1, 6 annas share Ditto " 3, 2 " " Ditto " 4, 2 " " Separate account No. 4 to the extent of 2 annas share of the estate. The following shares of the above estate are excluded from sale— Residuary or separate account No. 3, 6 annas share. Separate account No. 1, 8 annas share Ditto " 3, 2 " "	Narendra Krishna Chakraverty, as half of goddess Bhubaneswari Dohi, Philbalinga Shalgram, Chandan Bishnu and others.	16,967 8 9	"	2,503 11 11
2426	Ditto	12,633 7 4	No	Separate account No. 4 to the extent of 2 annas share of the estate. The following shares of the above estate are excluded from sale— Residuary or separate account No. 3, 6 annas share. Separate account No. 1, 8 annas share Ditto " 3, 2 " "	Jogendra Nath Saha Chaudhury and others.	5,329 2 11	"	934 8 10
5448	Taspu, pargana Jalalpur.	960 0 0	Whole	...	Messrs Howladai and others.	...	235 0 0	...

B. K. Ghose, for Collector.

Faridpur, the 12th February 1920.

Notification A.

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 6 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of Hugli, will be put up for sale at the office of the Collector of that district on the 26th March 1920 at 12 noon, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears of land revenue.

When in columns 5, 7 and 9 of the above statement it is stated that only a share is to be sold, it is to be understood that a separate account is kept for that share.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Tausi No.	Name of mahal and pargana.	Andar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, specification of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold.	If only a share is to be sold, the andar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold, the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
153	Mallik Bati, pargana Harb.	2,476 15 0	Nil	See 18gda. ...	Ashutosh Gowain and 4 others.	777 0 4	Nil	76 6 7
4003	Kalopukuria, pargana Sainasbadi.	13,618 0 0	No.	See 18gda. i.e. 1k. share of entire estate except mouza Kalopukuria, Debkhanda and Mamudpore.	Nagendra Nath Roy and 3 others.	1,208 3 11	No.	80 7 6

Hugli Collectorate, the 14th February 1920.

K. L. Mookerji, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land no longer required by Government situated along the Ranaghat-Khulna Eastern Bengal Railway, in the district of Jessore, will be put up to sale at 12-30 o'clock on Friday, the 9th of April 1920, corresponding with the 27th Chaitra, 1326 B. S. at Bongaon subdivisional office.

The purchasers of the several plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavation on the land nearer than fifteen feet from the railway boundary or to plough the land nearer than three feet from the same.
- 2nd—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale reckoning the date of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.
- 4th—The plots of land will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders.
- 5th—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Commissioner confirming the sale.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of District.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of miles on which land is situated.	situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. C.	Acres in decimals.	Reasons for exclusion.	Acres in decimals.		
1	Jessore...	Pargana Jaypur, mauza Ohhacharia.	21 to 22	South ...	4 16 3	1.69	...	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2. South—By Khetr Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
2	Do. ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	20 1 6	9.61	...	...	...	North—By the Eastern Bengal Railway land, Khetr Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Rajendra Nath Ghose's land, Rajibbar Madak's bamboo garden, Khetr Nath Ray Chaudhury's jack fruit garden, Rishibhar Madak's land, Narayan Biswas' land. South—By Satis Mondal's land, Khetr Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Rajibbar Madak's land, Rajendra Nath Ghose's land, Matilal Ray Chaudhury's land, Rishibhar Madak's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 3. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 1.
3	Do. ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	22 5 4	7.97	...	...	...	North—By Narayan Biswas' land, Bhola Nath Sardar's land, Mahim Sardar's land, Mancharan Chatterji's plantain garden, Bhuvan Mondal's land, Narayan Mondal's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4. South—By Khetr Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 2.
4	Do. ...	Ditto ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	24 16 8	8.24	...	...	...	North—By Ramlal Ray Chaudhury's land, Khetr Nath Ray Chaudhury's land, Adhar Biswas' land, Makhmal Ghose's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 5. South—By Asit Mondal's land, Narayan Mondal's land, Adhar Mondal's land, Keshab Sardar's land, Mohim Sardar's land, Khetr Nath Ray Chaudhury's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
5	Do. ...	Ditto ...	23 to 23	Do. ...	14 0 1	4.83	...	...	...	North—By Makhmal Lal Ghose's land, Sarada Charan Ray Chaudhury's land. East—By the Kodla river. South—By Jagendra Ghose's land, Bhim Sardar's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 4.
6	Do. ...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Porojpur.	23 to 23	Do. ...	7 16 1	2.59	...	...	...	North—By Fakir Chand Kapali's land, Kedar Mondal's land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Kedar Mondal's land, Jabedall Khanama's land and the river Kodla. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7. South—By Jabedall Khondkar's land, Abad Mondal's land, Sajjan Mondal's land, Jabedall Khondkar's land, Fakir Chand Kapali's land. West—By the river Kodla.
7	Do. ...	Ditto ...	23 to 23	Do. ...	24 6 6	8.04	...	...	...	North—By Mathura Mohan Biswas' land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Jabedall Khanama's land, Fakir Chand Sardar's land, Natu Paramanik's land, Kedar Kapali's land, Abad Mondal's land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8. South—By Jabedall Khondkar's land, Kafiluddi Mondal's land, Abad Mondal's land, Natu Paramanik's land, Fakir Chand Kapali's land, Kedar Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 6.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of dist. lot.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. C.	Acres in decimals.	Reasons for exclusion.	Acres in decimals.		
8	Jessore...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Perejpur.	22 to 23	South ..	21 18 2	7.24	..	...	...	North—By Nur Mohammad's bamboo garden, Javedali Khanwar's land, Karim Sah Fakir's land, Fakir Chand Saccar's land and bhaqar. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 9. South—By Fakir Chand Kipali's land, Karim Sahra Saha's land, Javedali Khondkar's land and Petrapole Bazar. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 7.
9	Do ...	Do ...	22 to 23	Do. ...	7 10 11	2.64	...	...	...	North—By Ghubai Biswas' land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 10. South—By Haran Mondal's land, Nur Muhammad Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 8.
10	Do. ...	Pargana Mulghar, mauza Petrapole.	22 to 23	Do. ...	9 17 2	3.76	...	...	...	North—By Haran Mondal's land, Eastern Bengal Railway land. East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land. South—By Nur Mohammad Mondal's land, Haran Mondal's land. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land, plot No. 9.

Jessore, the 3rd February 1920.

J. K. BISWAS, for Collector.

Advertisement of Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated in mauza Gadai along the Eastern Bengal Railway, in the district of Rangpur, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock on 17th May 1920, corresponding with the 3rd Jaisat 1327 B.S., at Rangpur Collectorate.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions :—

- 1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavations on the land nearer than fifteen feet from the railway boundary, or to plough the land nearer than three feet from the same.
- 2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.
- 4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.
- 5th.—The sale will become final on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Commissioner confirming it, and a regular conveyance will then be granted to the purchaser.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of mile on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	Approximate area of lot in acres and decimals.	LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
						Reasons for exclusion.	Acres and decimals.		
1	Rangpur.	Gadai, pargana Samondanga.	11th	North of the railway line from Kauria to Lalmonirhat.	4.276	...	...	...	North— East— West— South—

Rangpur, the 20th March 1920.

AKRAM-UL-ZAMAN KHAN, Collector, under Act I of 1894.

Advertisement for Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the Eastern Bengal Railway siding high level goods line between Kankurgachi Chord and Ballyganj, in the district of the 24 Parganas, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock on Monday, the 26th April 1920, corresponding with the 13th Baisak 1927 B.S. at the Land Acquisition Collector's Office, 2 Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavation on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway boundary, or to plough the land nearer than 3 feet from the same.

2nd—If the amount of purchase money does not exceed Rs. 10, the whole amount must be paid down at once.

3rd—If the amount of purchase money exceeds Rs. 100 one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

4th—The plots of land will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders.

5th—The sale will become final on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Commissioner confirming it, and a regular conveyance will then be granted to the purchaser.

Consecutive lot No.	Name of district.	Pargana and manna.	Number of mls on which land is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. A. CH. S. FT.	Acres and decimal.	Reason for exclusion.	Acres and decimal.		
1	24-Parganas.	Dihl Panchanagram, Kamaradanga.	1	South	0 3 8 4	0.0679	...	...	...	North—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
2	Ditto	Ditto	1	Do	0 15 0 28	0.2485	...	...	...	East—By public drain and the land of holding No. 117.
3	Ditto	Dihl Panchanagram, Gaura.	1	Do	0 3 13 30	0.0887	...	...	...	South and West—By holding No. 117, division 4, subdivision 1.
4	Ditto	Ditto	1	North	0 0 13 30	0.0148	...	...	...	North—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
5	Ditto	Ditto	1	South	0 16 1 13	0.2492	...	...	...	East, South and West—By holding No. 36, division 4, subdivision 1.
6	Ditto	Ditto	1	East	0 2 12 22	0.0462	...	...	...	North—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
7	Ditto	Ditto	1	West	0 6 6 22	0.1046	...	...	...	East and South—By holding No. 43.
8	Ditto	Ditto	1	East	0 1 14 10	0.0812	...	...	...	West—By holding No. 66 and Muhammadan burial ground.
9	Ditto	Ditto	1	West	0 4 0 20	0.0685	...	...	...	North and West—By holding No. 37, division 4, subdivision F.
10	Ditto	Ditto	1	East	0 6 8 16	0.1078	...	...	...	South and East—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
11	Ditto	Ditto	1	West	0 8 10 11	0.1228	...	...	...	North and West—By Railway land.
12	Ditto	Ditto	1	East	0 12 8 0	0.2066	...	...	...	East and South—By public drain No. 26.
13	Ditto	Ditto	1	West	2 17 12 0	0.3645	...	...	...	North and West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
14	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do	0 17 9 13	0.2910	...	...	...	East—By public drain No. 22.

J. P. Roy, 2nd Land Acquisition Collector.

Calcutta, the 9th March 1920.

Advertisement for Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by Government, situated along the approach road to bridge No. 4 of Eastern Bengal Railway siding in connection with the high level goods line between Kankurgachi Chord and Ballygunj, in the district of the 24-Parganas, will be put up to sale at 12 o'clock on Tuesday, the 27th April 1920, corresponding with the 14th Baisak 1327 B.S. at the Land Acquisition Collector's Office, 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.

The purchasers of the several plots of land will be subject to the following conditions:—

- 1st.—The purchasers will have no power to make any excavation on the land nearer than 15 feet from the railway boundary, or to plough the land nearer than 3 feet from the same.
- 2nd.—If the amount of purchase money does not exceed Rs. 10 the whole amount must be paid down at once.
- 3rd.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100 one-fourth of the amount must be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale shall be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the lot again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.
- 4th.—The plots of land will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.
- 5th.—The sale will become final on receipt by the Collector of the orders of the Commissioner confirming it, and a regular conveyance will then be granted to the purchaser.

Consecutive No.	Name of district.	Pargana and mauza.	Number of malle on which land is situate.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BIGHAS AND IN ACRES.		LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. G. Ch. S. ft.	Acres and decimals.	Reason for exclusion.	Acres and decimals.		
1	24-Parganas.	Dohi Panobanagram, Ghugoodanga.	2	West	0 12 8 16	0.2069	...	...	...	North and West—By premises No. 22, Tiljala Street. East—By Tiljala Street. South—By approach road to bridge No. 4.
2	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do.	0 8 5 2	0.1044	...	...	...	North—By approach road to bridge No. 4. East—By Tiljala Street. South and West—By premises Nos. 2 and 3, Tiljala Place.
3	Ditto	Ditto	2	East	1 5 2 0	0.4182	...	...	...	North—By approach road to bridge No. 4 and Tiljala road. East and South—By the land of Aysha Bibi, Shakh Umed and Mania Bux and Nur Muhammad Beigal. West—By Eastern Bengal Railway land.
4	Ditto	Dohi Panobanagram, Tiljala.	2	Do.	0 5 15 11	0.0983	...	...	...	North and West—By holding No. 73, division 4, subdivision G. East—By municipal passage. South—By approach road to bridge No. 4.
5	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do.	0 14 4 22	0.2840	...	...	...	North and East—By holdings Nos. 81 and 84, division 4, subdivision G. South—By approach road to bridge No. 4. West—By municipal passage.
6	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do.	0 4 8 18	0.0727	...	...	...	North—By approach road to bridge No. 4. East and South—By Tiljala road. West—By municipal passage.
7	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do.	1 5 12 2	0.4253	...	...	...	North and West—By approach road to bridge No. 4. East and South—By Tiljala road.
8	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do.	0 12 14 40	0.2091	...	...	...	North—By holding No. 84, division 4, subdivision G. East and South—By approach road to bridge No. 4. West—By holding No. 81, division 4, subdivision G.
9	Ditto	Ditto	2	Do.	1 0 1 18	0.2819	...	...	...	North—By approach road to bridge No. 4. East—By municipal passage. South and West—By Tiljala road.

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.

Notice of Sale under Sections 118 and 119 of the Calcutta Port Act, III of 1880 (B.O.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the liability of the Commissioners for the undermentioned goods consigned to order or the undermentioned vessels has in terms of section 118 of the abovementioned Act ceased on the expiration of three clear days from the date of landing. These goods accordingly remain on the Port Commissioners' premises at the sole risk and expense of the owners and if not cleared on or before the 28th April 1920, on payment of all charges due, will be sold by public auction:—

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers	Quantity.	Description.
SHED No. IV.			
SS. "Namsang."			
7th Oct. 1919 ...	K A E S or S S S in a triangle, Singapore below.	1	Case merchandise (broken).
3rd " " ...	6 6 6 in a diamond, K L on top, M C below, 3.	1	Ditto
3rd " " ...	3518 in a double triangle, S B on top, & Co below, 2.	1	Ditto.
SS. "Barbarrigo."			
18th Dec. 1919 ...	No mark ...	1	Bag merchandise (defective).
18th " " ...	Ditto ...	5	Bags empty.
15th " " ...	M L D S in a diamond, 8614-16	2	Cases merchandise (broken)
18th " " ...	No mark ...	...	A quantity of loose thread.
SS. "Arratoon Apoor."			
20th Jan. 1920 ...	J. O. or nil ...	...	Bags sag (torn).
SS. "Clan Mackintyre."			
11th Feb. 1920 ...	509 in a diamond, L F on top, T R below.	1	Case merchandise (defective).
11th " " ...	Nil or O I S & Co in a diamond, W B on top	1	Bag empty soda-water bottles (defective).
12th " " ...	Reliance in a diamond, C P on top, 73 ...	1	Case merchandise (broken).
SS. "Liponta."			
21st Feb. 1920 ...	3157 in a triangle, L E on top, S below	1	Case cotton goods (defective).
21st " " ...	C W M ...	20	Casks sulphur.
24th " " ...	No mark ...	1	Cask sulphur.
SS. "Namsang."			
20th Feb. 1920 ...	S in a triangle, J M on sides, P on top, 2980, 2985.	2	Cases iron lock (broken).

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
	SHED No. 5 SS. "Santa Cruz."		
14th Jan. 1920 ...	3427 in a diamond, A B on top. & Co below, Bangkok.	1	Case merchandise (defective).
15th " " ...	A Solomon or Solomon & Co, Rangoon...	1	Ditto.
16th " " ...	A Solomon, Rangoon ...	2	Cases merchandise (defective).
15th " " ...	A A & Sons Poona via Colombo and K B 46 Bombay.	2	Ditto (broken).
14th " " ...	A & C in a diamond, Singapore below, or nil	2	Ditto (defective).
14th " " ...	92 in a diamond, M on top, A D on sides, Singapore Colombo below.	2	Ditto (broken).
15th " " ...	A Archu & Sons or A Aron & Sons Rangoon, 57.	1	Case merchandise (broken).
14th " " ...	A H D 625 in a block, via Colombo and Karachi Bombay.	1	Ditto.
15th " " ...	^ in a circle, A on top, M B on sides, Siam Bangkok below.	1	Ditto
14th " " ...	B S L in a diamond, Bangkok below ...	1	Ditto
14th " " ...	B in a diamond, Rangoon below ...	4	Cases merchandise (broken)
15th " " ...	C B C in a diamond, Singapore below ...	1	Case merchandise (broken).
15th " " ...	Clouet 9-5-19 Singapore 1-1-9	1	Ditto.
14th " " ...	G S C Singapore ...	7	Cases merchandise (broken).
16th " " ...	C B C Singapore ...	2	Ditto.
15th " " ...	D & Co L 8-28 Madras ...	1	Case merchandise (broken).
14th " " ...	D & Co K B 55 Poona ...	8	Cases merchandise (broken).
15th " " ...	D C O K B 15 in a block, Bombay ...	2	Ditto.
15th " " ...	2202 D & Son in a triangle, M P on top ...	8	Cases merchandise (defective).
15th " " ...	E O C Rangoon ...	2	Cases merchandise (broken).
15th " " ...	E W P in a diamond, Bombay below. 11. 87.	2	Ditto.

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SHED No. 5—contd.			
SS. "Santa Cruz"—contd.			
15th Jan. 1920 ...	E & O Bombay ... K B 52	2	Cases merchandise (broken).
14th " " ...	F E S Co in a block ... Madras	1	Case merchandise (broken).
15th " " ...	G R E ... Singapore	2	Cases merchandise (defective).
15th " " ...	G C H 16, 23 ... 773 Singapore.	2	Ditto.
15th " " ...	G B & Co in a diamond, Manila below ... 9-25-19	5	Ditto.
16th " " ...	G B & Co in a diamond, Manila below ... 9-16-19	1	Case merchandise (defective)
15th " " ...	G D S in a triangle, Manila below, 4 ...	1	Ditto.
15th " " ...	H Co ... Singapore	1	Ditto.
16th " " ...	Ironarrah ... Andrews, Khamgong or nil	2	Cases merchandise (defective)
15th " " ...	J & Son ... K B Bombay	1	Case merchandise (defective)
16th " " ...	P T Suethehong ... J & Co in a diamond, K C on sides	1	Ditto.
15th " " ...	J H M in a block, S T Co on sides, ... 501 Singapore below, 281.	1	Ditto.
15th " " ...	J. A. David & Co 7 ... Rangoon	1	Ditto.
15th " " ...	Lipton ... 817 in a block Rangoon	2	Cases merchandise (defective).
14th " " ...	Lipton ... 821 in a block Rangoon	1	Case merchandise (defective).
14th " " ...	Lipton ... 816 in a block Madras	2	Cases merchandise (defective)
15th " " ...	Lipton ... 8-12-19 in a block Madras	5	Ditto.
14th " " ...	Lipton ... 8-12-19 in a block Calcutta	15	Ditto.
15th " " ...	J ... 10-15-19 ... Bombay	1	Case merchandise (defective)
16th " " ...	M M & Co in a block, 15, 17, 13 ... Rangoon	3	Cases merchandise (defective).
14th " " ...	M M & Co ...	8	Ditto.
14th " " ...	M M & Co or nil ... Rangoon	2	Ditto.
15th " " ...	M C K Ltd ... Bombay and Calcutta	1	Drum merchandise (defective).

Date of landing	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SHED No. V—contd.			
SS. "Santeruz"—contd.			
15th Jan. 1920...	No mark	37	Cases merchandise (defective).
15th " " ...	Ditto	1	Crate merchandise (defective).
15th " " ...	Ditto	4	Tins herrings (defective)
16th " " ...	Ditto	24	Tins sardins (defective).
14th " " ...	Ditto	1	Tin apricot.
15th " " ...	Ditto	1	Tin merchandise.
15th " " ...	Ditto	3	Bundle cases merchandise (defective).
15th " " ...	Stock in a block, Rangoon below, 55, 106.	2	Cases merchandise (broken).
16th " " ...	Solomon & Co., Rangoon	2	Ditto.
14th " " ...	S B in a diamond, Singapore below, 5 ...	1	Case merchandise (broken)
14th " " ...	S & Co. Singapore	3	Cases merchandise (broken).
14th " " ...	S & Sons in a diamond, Batavia below ...	1	Case merchandise (broken).
14th " " ...	T M & Co., Bombay, Basra	2	Cases merchandise (broken).
14th " " ...	12 in a diamond, Bombay below, 21, 9604 30451.	1	Case merchandise (broken).
16th " " ...	Y T or T T '049 or 1049	1	Ditto.
16th " " ...	Nil or Andrews	1	Cask merchandise (broken).
16th " " ...	To Misquitte Ltd, 297, Malhousi Street, Rangoon.	1	Package merchandise (broken).
14th " " ...	No mark	8	Cases merchandise (empty).
SS. "Kentucky."			
24th Jan. 1920 ...	A P K G S in a diamond, Rangoon No. 81	1	Case merchandise (broken).
24th " " ...	B I P Co. Penang via Singapore	1	Bundle straw (defective).
24th " " ...	Belleagar Rangoon, Burma in a block	1	Case merchandise (broken).
27th " " ...	E 9 in a diamond, Ny O on top, M Co below, Rangoon.	1	Ditto.
27th " " ...	163 in a diamond, G A on top, & Co. 17781 below, 71715, Rangoon.	1	Ditto.
26th " " ...	123 in a diamond, G A on top, & Co. 17508 below.	1	Ditto.
24th " " ...	2058 in a triangle, M P on top G C C	1	Ditto.

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SHED No. V—concl'd.			
SS. Kentucky—cont'd.			
24th Jan. 1920 ...	Jacks in a diamond, K Co on top, Rangoon below or nil.	16	Packages merchandise (broken).
26th " " ...	N Z D 10 E & on top, C L below	1	Cask merchandise (broken).
26th " " ...	No mark ...	29	Pieces lantern globes.
1st Feb. " ...	Ditto ...	1	Cask globes (broken).
26th Jan. " ...	Ditto ...	...	A quantity of loose tin-plates.
27th " " ...	T or P U M E & N C Ltd.	1	Case merchandise (broken).
27th " " ...	Rome Co Ltd., Rangoon, Burma	1	Ditto.
24th " " ...	H W Williamson 820, Esplanade East	1	Ditto.
27th " " ...	Nil ...	16	Pieces round iron (rusty).
27th " " ...	Do. ...	137	Pieces flat bar (rusty).
27th " " ...	Do. ...	3	Bundles flat bar (rusty).
27th " " ...	Do. ...	1	Bundle square iron (rusty).
27th " " ...	Do. ...	3	Pieces angle (rusty).
SHED No VII.			
SS. "Chinker."			
3rd Feb. " ...	A M & Co F T T or nil	1	Bag merchandise (defective).
4th " " ...	C Cooper, 59, Esplanade Street, Bombay, or nil.	4	Cases merchandise (broken).
3rd " " ...	D N & Co or nil	14	Bags merchandise (defective) and if empty.
3rd " " ...	G H K or nil	1	Bag coir yarn (defective)
3rd " " ...	H N Co or nil	1	Bale merchandise (defective).
3rd " " ...	H N M H V G B or nil	1	Bag merchandise (defective).
3rd " " ...	H A G G G B or nil	1	Ditto.
4th " " ...	75-3 8065 in a diamond, J F on top, K C below, 436.	1	Case merchandise (defective).
3rd " " ...	K J S G or nil	2	Bags merchandise (defective).
3rd " " ...	Md. Ismail or nil	3	Ditto.
3rd " " ...	M J or nil	53	Bundles coir yarn (defective).
3rd " " ...	R J or nil	1	Bag merchandise (defective).
3rd " " ...	S K K in a diamond, or nil	1	Ditto.
4th " " ...	S G P in a triangle or nil	1	Ditto.

Date of landing.	Marks and numbers.	Quantity.	Description.
SHED No. VII—concl'd.			
SS. "Chinkoa"—concl'd.			
3rd Feb. 1920 ...	No mark ...	53	Bags coir yarn (defective and half empty).
3rd " " ...	No mark ...	17	Bundles coir yarn (defective).
4th " " ...	Nil or C Cooper ...	2	Cases merchandise (broken and nearly empty).
4th " " ...	No mark ...	1	Piece cloth (defective).
4th " " ...	Ditto ...	1	Thin long cloth (defective)
3rd " " ...	Ditto ...	1	Bundle loose thread (defective)
3rd " " ...	Ditto ...	1	Piece sock.
4th " " ...	Ditto ...	1	Cask merchandise (leaky).
Shed No. IX.			
SS. "Kaifuku Maru."			
2nd Feb. 1920 ...	D in a circle ...	1	Bundle tea shooks (defective).
2nd " " ...	D C in a diamond, J S on top, 99, 222.	2	Cases merchandise (broken).
2nd " " ...	D N B K/5011 in a diamond, E J on top, T Co below, 1, 2.	2	Ditto (repaired).
3rd " " ...	10619 in a diamond, Z on top, 15-20	6	Ditto (defective).
2nd " " ...	No mark ...	2	Ditto (ditto).
2nd " " ...	Ditto ...	1	Bundle round iron (2 pieces) (rusty).
Shed No. VIII.			
SS. "Shadwell."			
6th Feb. 1920 ...	A R R C & B Ld in a triangle, C & B below, 103.	1	Case merchandise (broken).
6th " " ...	Eziocal Chittagong or nil ...	1	Ditto (defective).
7th " " ...	No mark ...	31	Bags merchandise (defective).
7th " " ...	Ditto ...	4	Bundles round iron (rusty).
7th " " ...	Ditto ...	56	Bars flat iron (rusty).
7th " " ...	Ditto ...	73	Pieces iron plates (rusty).

Abstract Statement of the Unincorporated Service Family Pension Fund for the quarter ending 30th April 1919 being the fourth quarter of the year 1918-19, compared with the corresponding quarter of the year 1917-18.

Particulars	For the quarter ending 30th April 1917		For the quarter ending 30th April 1918		Increase		Decrease	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Balance in favour of the Fund at the end of the previous quarter	1,32,41,768	11 10	1,35,82,068	11 4	.....	.....	3,40,294	15 6
ADD INCOME -								
Subscriptions from 1st February to 30th April in the Widows' Fund ...	64,123	8 0	66,591	15 10	.....	.....	2,468	12 10
Subscriptions from 1st February to 30th April in the Children's Fund ...	20,784	8 0	28,860	6 2	.....	.....	3,076	14 3
Income and Outlay on Office buildings and grounds ...	1,817	4 0	747	7 0	1,069	13 0	.....	.....
Fees and stamps ...	68	0 0	22	8 0	46	8 0	.....	.....
Amount at credit of subscribers under Rule 56 transferred to Divisible surplus ...	759	0 0	1,120	8 0	.....	.....	361	8 0
Amount at credit of subscribers under Rule 54 transferred to Excess surplus, Children's Fund ...	53	15 0	.....	.....	53	15 0	.....	.....
Amount of pension with interest received from Government of India on behalf of an incumbent who came upon the Fund in consequence of the mutiny of 1857 ...	194	3 10	198	3 10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amount of interest received from Government of India for the year 1918-19 ...	8,06,825	14 8	8,28,484	5 2	.....	.....	10,862	6 6
Amount of fine imposed on subscriptions in arrear ...	62	1 1	51	13 7	10	4 6	.....	.....
Total Income ...	8,94,490	1 7	9,16,081	2 7	1,177	8 6	22,768	9 6
GRAND TOTAL ...	1,41,36,263	13 5	1,44,98,139	13 11	1,177	8 6 A	3,63,068	9 0
DEDUCT EXPENDITURE -								
Pensions payable to incumbents in the Widows' Fund ...	1,97,459	7 8	1,91,065	4 0	6,424	8 8	.....	.....
Ditto ditto in the Children's Fund ...	94,097	10 10	96,291	1 0	.....	.....	1,198	6 2
Establishment and contingencies ...	8,279	8 1	8,889	6 1	380	2 0	.....	.....
Loss by exchange on remittances out of India ...	4,940	9 6	7,186	3 2	.....	.....	2,246	8 8
Commission paid for money orders ...	678	0 6	878	12 0	.....	.....	3	11 6
Total expenditure ...	8,08,360	4 7	2,99,984	10 8	6,804	5 8 B	3,442	11 4
Balance in favour of the Fund ...	1,38,32,903	8 10	1,41,98,131	3 8	3,626	18 2 C	3,59,620	13 8
GRAND TOTAL ...	1,41,36,263	13 5	1,44,98,139	13 11	1,177	8 6	3,63,068	9 0
Proportion of divisible surplus payable to qualified members of more than five years standing ...	64,108	1 0	71,536	5 0	.....	.....	7,433	4 0

	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.
Number of subscribers (on 30th April) ...	568	264	609	295	...	...	11	31
Number of incumbents (on 30th April) ...	763	802	806	806	13	...	...	4
Number of subscribers sharing abatement (on 1st May) ...	609	293	613	313	...	...	45	20

A.—Net decrease in grand total of income

B.—Net increase in total expenditure

C.—Decrease in balance

Rs. A. P.

3,61,886 0 6

3,861 10 4

3,65,247 10 10

S. B. THOMSON,
Accountant.

NORMAN HAMILTON & Co.,
Chartered Accountants. } Auditors.
- R. A. FREITAS,

Published by order of the Directors,

J. M. MENDES,
Secretary.

U. S. F. P. Fund, Calcutta, the 3rd March 1920.

(705—1)

DISTRICT CHARITABLE SOCIETY.

Cash Account for the month of January 1920.

Actuals for 1919.	Income.	January 1920.	Total.	January 1920.	Actuals for 1920.	Expenditure.	January 1920.	Total.	January 1920.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
12,082	Opening Balance	.....	.....	8,395 3 2	27,560	POOR RELIEF—			
	GRANT-IN-AID—					Through Indian	2,169 4 0		2,169 4 0
14,400	Government of India	1,200 0 0		1,200 0 0	2,022	Committee, Pen-			
5,000	" " Bengal	230 0 0		260 0 0		sions.			
80	Sunday fees	.....		.....		Through Indian	169 0 0		169 0 0
153	Contribution to Alm-	.....		.....	23,330	Committee, Estab-			
2,000	shouse.	.....		.....		lishment.			
	Royal Calcutta Turf	.....	1,460 0 0	.....	5,042	Through Central	2,021 0 0		2,021 0 0
	Club.					Office, Pensions.			
					5,894	Through Central	379 0 0		379 0 0
						Office, Schooling.			
						Through Central	600 7 3		600 7 3
						Office, Casual			
						Relief.			
9,004	SUBSCRIPTIONS—				570	Through Central	100 0 0		100 0 0
7,840	Recurring	1,473 12 0		1,473 12 0		Office, Training and			
	New Subscriptions	1,115 0 0		1,115 0 0		Outst.			
180	and Donations	.....		.....	1,012	Through Central	87 0 0		87 0 0
1,657	Contribution towards	.....		.....		Office, Private			
	rent.	.....		.....	1,325	Orders.			
	Xmas Dinner account	.....	2,588 12 0	.....		Through Central	109 12 0		109 12 0
					65	Office, Apca's			
						Trust Pensioners.			
						Through Central	.....	
	DONATIONS TO INDIAN				1,572	Office, Mrs. R. A.			
45	COMMITTEE—					Claudius' Fund.			
	Received by the Cen-	.....		.....		Through Central	23 0 0		23 0 0
	tral Office.				114	Office, Xmas Dinner			
						Account.			
						Through Central	114 0 0		114 0 0
						Office, Chaplain,			
						Barrackpore.			
							2,772 8 2		
1,777	INTEREST ON INVEST-								
22,146	MENTS—								
18,626	General Fund	141 12 0		141 12 0		ALMSHOUSE—			
	Trust Funds "A"	2,234 14 0		2,234 14 0	4,767	Establishment and	241 12 6		241 12 6
	" " "B"	949 9 0		949 9 0	12,436	Inquiry Office.			
			4,326 3 9			Dieting	1,163 0 6		1,163 0 6
					1,992	Contingencies	170 3 0		170 3 0
					1,089	Clothing and Bedding	.....	
					810	Repairs	.....	
1,118	RELIEF FUND—				3,842	Bakery Account	232 7 3		232 7 3
1,400	Private Orders	111 9 6		111 9 6				1,907 8 3	
	Apca's Trust	700 0 0		700 0 0	8,020	ESTABLISHMENT—			
			811 9 6			Central Office Staff	880 0 0		880 0 0
					300	and Mensals.			
3,640	ALMSHOUSE—				1,072	Auditing	.....	
	Bakery Account	249 0 6		249 0 6		Rent	90 0 0		90 0 0
					1,480	Contingencies	80 0 0		80 0 0
7,567	DeSouza Home	879 7 0		879 7 0	749	Printing and Adver-	36 0 0		36 0 0
						tising.			
24,263	Government of India	.....		.....	147	SUNDRY CHARGES			
	Treasury Bill.	.....		.....		Bank Charges	14 6 0		14 6 0
					7,367	DeSouza Home	617 12 3		617 12 3
					20,470	Investments	.....	
					5,295	Balance	.....	
								617 12 3	
1,41,937	Total	.....	10,405 0 9	18,700 2 11	1,41,937	Total	.....	9,898 8 9	18,700 2 11

MEMO.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balance	8,795 3 2	Total payments in January 1920	.....	9,898 8 9
Total Receipts in January 1920	10,405 0 9	Balance at Bank	.....	8,795 3 2
			Cash in hand	.....	622 4 8
					9,417 7 0
Total	18,700 2 11	Total	.....	18,700 2 11

CALCUTTA:

The 27th February 1920.

S. K. BHATTACHARJEE,

Accountant.

PERCY W. WOOLLEY,

Secretary.

**Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of
Interest in London.**

Under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the books of the Bank of Bengal on the 18th March 1920.

Particulars.	3 per cent. of 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS—					4 PER CENT.—	
		of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	Terminable Loan of 1915-16.	Conversion Loan of 1916-17.
Balance of 29th February 1920	34,14,700	75,12,200	3,29,44,800	1,36,62,900	45,98,000	14,94,900	8,400	40,07,700
ADD—								
Amount of Loan certificate transferred to stock in London			3,23,600					
Amount issued in London by conversion under Notification No. 6201A., dated 3rd November 1906, to 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-01.						34,800		
Amount surfaced at Madras up to 6th March 1920.								
Amount surfaced at Bombay up to 6th March 1920								
Amount surfaced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th March 1920								
Total	34,14,700	75,12,200	3,41,68,200	1,36,62,900	45,98,000	15,29,700	8,400	40,07,700
DEDUCT—								
Amount written off in the London Registers	40,600	1,60,100	3,03,100	1,93,300	90,400	58,500		
Balance on 15th March 1920	33,74,100	73,52,100	3,38,65,100	1,34,69,700	45,07,600	14,71,200	8,400	40,07,700

Particulars.	INDIAN WAR LOAN—			SECOND INDIAN WAR LOAN—				Total.
	5 per cent. War Loan, 1922-27.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1920.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1922	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1921.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1923.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1925.	5½ per cent. War Bonds, 1928	
Balance of 29th February 1920	77,080	20,950	9,79,555	5,075	1,200	13,400	7,59,950	6,96,99,850
ADD—								
Amount of Loan certificate transferred to stock in London								2,23,600
Amount issued in London by conversion under Notification No. 8201A.. dated 3rd November 1908, to 2½ per cent. loan of 1900-01 ...								24,800
Amount unfaced at Madras up to 4th March 1920.			1,500					1,500
Amount unfaced at Bombay up to 6th March 1920		100						100
Amount unfaced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th March 1920							2,000	2,000
Total ...	77,350	21,050	9,81,055	5,075	1,200	18,400	7,62,950	6,97,62,850
Deduct—								
Amount written off in the London Registers...	500		5,475				5,000	8,56,875
Balance on 15th March 1920	76,850	21,050	9,75,580	5,075	1,200	18,400	7,57,950	6,89,06,975

Norm.—From	9th June 1887 to 15th January 1890—Refused from India.	12,514 Lacs ; re-transferred from London	12,137 Lacs.
" 16th January 1890 " <td>31st " " " <td>" " " "</td> <td>" "</td> </td>	31st " " " <td>" " " "</td> <td>" "</td>	" " " "	" "
" 1st February " <td>15th February " "</td> <td>1 " " "</td> <td>21 "</td>	15th February " "	1 " " "	21 "
" 16th " " <td>" 20th " "</td> <td>" " "</td> <td>10 "</td>	" 20th " "	" " "	10 "
" 1st March " <td>" 16th March " "</td> <td>2 " " "</td> <td>9 "</td>	" 16th March " "	2 " " "	9 "
		12,518 Lacs.	12,165 Lacs.

F. J. ROBINS,
Acting Superintendent.

N. H. MATHESON,
Dy. Secretary & Treasurer.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 19th March 1920.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 16th March 1920.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
		Ra.	A. P.			Ra.	A. P.
Capital paid up	...	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities	...	7,88,91,877	0 0
Reserve Fund	...	Ra. 2,00,00,000	0 0	Other authorized Investments	...	1,88,46,880	0 0
Transfer to special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, <i>see below</i>	...	1,76,00,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	...	12,82,66,879	8 11
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	...	25,00,000	0 0	Accounts of credit on ditto	...	5,69,89,928	4 1
Public deposits at Head Office	...	Ra. 8,19,24,202	13 8	Bills discounted and purchased	...	3,91,97,616	7 5
Ditto ditto at Branches	...	1,67,04,471	5 7	Balances with other Banks	...	67,31,177	4 6
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	31,66,54,035	2 8	Bullion	...	...	...
Bank Post Bills, etc.	...	40,07,002	2 0	Dead Stock	...	28,92,120	0 9
Sundries	...	47,66,609	15 11	Stamps	...	14,020	8 1
		46,81,46,221	7 2	Sandries	...	8,88,258	2 11
						32,86,18,752	4 8
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	...	Ra. 7,92,27,757	15 11
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	...	Ra. 5,52,99,711	2 7
						13,45,27,469	2 6
						46,81,46,221	7 2

* Includes Sovs. & ½ Sovs.; value Rs. 1,02,807 8 0

† Do do. do. ,, 3,11,940 0 0

Rs. 4,14,547 8 0

Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent.

Percentage 31.79.

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 16th March 1920.C. M. TALLACK,
Chief AccountantBy order of the Directors,
N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(734-1)

NOTICE OF SALE.

In the Court of the 1st Subordinate Judge of Pabna.

EXECUTION CASES Nos. 188 AND 189 OF 1919.

Pabna Bank, Limited, decree-holders, *versus* Debendra Narain Singh, judgment-debtor.

THE following mortgaged immovable properties of the judgment-debtor Debendra Narayan Singh, of Saddarpur, police-station Mirpur, zilla Nadia, will be sold, at noon on 19th April 1920, by the Nazir of Civil Court, Pabna, in execution cases Nos. 188 and 189 of 1919, Pabna 1st Subordinate Court, for realisation of the decretal amounts and costs and interest, and of mortgage decrees Nos. 47 and 48 of 1918, obtained by the Pabna Bank, Limited. The properties Nos. 1 to 11 are first mortgaged properties in decree No. 47 of 1918 and execution case No. 188 of 1919 and the properties Nos. 1 to 11 are the second mortgaged properties in decree No. 48 of 1918 and in execution case No. 189 of 1919. The properties Nos. 12, 13 and 14 are the first mortgaged properties in the decrees Nos. 47 and 48 of 1918, and in the execution Nos. 188 and 189 of 1919. Total amount due in execution case No. 188 of 1919 is Rs. 1,21,269, and total amount due in execution case No. 189 of 1919 is Rs. 12,752-12-8.

Lot No. 1.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies of the jakkar estate in the river Padda which is recorded in the Collectorate of Pabna, at annual sadar jama of Rs. 4,090-7, in number $\frac{104}{9}$ in judgment-debtor's name, situate in thanas Pabna and Sujanagar, Santhia and Sara of Pabna district and in thana Kustia of Nadia district and thana Pangsha and Goalundo of Faridpur district, in pargana Islampur and pargana Gangapath. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 60,000.

Lot No. 2.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies in estate No. $\frac{108}{9}$ mahal mauzas char Balarampur-Rama-chandrapur, recorded in the Collectorate of Pabna, sadar jama of Rs. 122-1 in the name of judgment-debtor, situate in thana, sub-district Pabna Sadar in the district of Pabna. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 1,000.

Lot No. 3.—Estate No. $\frac{111}{9}$ of Pabna Collectorate, situate in sub-registry and police-station Sara, district Pabna, pargana Islampur, mauza Purba Char Ruppur, with proportionate sadar jama in separate account Rs. 101-14, recorded in judgment-debtor's name. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 1,500.

Lot No. 4.—Two annas 8 pies share with proportionate sadar jama of Rs. 664-8 and odd of estate No. 1725 of Pabna Collectorate, situate in sub-registry and police-station Sara, district Pabna, and police-station Kustia in Nadia, mauza Bahir-char, recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtor's names, sadar jama of Rs. 3,987-2-5. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 2,000.

Lot No. 5.—Two annas 8 pies share (proportionate sadar jama Rs. 5-2-8) of tanzil No. 1727 of the Collectorate of Pabna, situate in sub-district and district Pabna, pargana Islampur, mauza Pakuria, which is recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtor's at an annual sadar jama of Rs. 31. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 50.

Lot No. 6.—Two annas 8 pies share (proportionate sadar jama Rs. 86-13-6 $\frac{1}{2}$) of estate No. 2103 of Pabna Collectorate, pargana Islampur, mauza khash char Pirpur, sadar jama Rs. 521-1-3 recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtors. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 750.

Lot No. 7.—Two annas 8 pies share (proportionate sadar jama Rs. 89-14-9 and odd) of estate No. 2104 of Pabna Collectorate, mauza khash char Basudebpur, recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtors, sadar jama of Rs. 533-8-6 which is situate in sub-district and police-station Pabna and in pargana Islampur, district Pabna. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 700.

Lot No. 8.—Two annas 8 pies share (proportionate sadar jama Rs. 110-13-4) of estate No. 2139 of Pabna Collectorate, mauza khash char Basudebpur, recorded in the names of Gopi Sundari Dasya, Narendra Narayan Singha and others and judgment-debtors, sadar jama of Rs. 533-8-6 which is situate in sub-district and police-station Pabna and in pargana Islampur, district Pabna. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 800.

Lot No. 9.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies which is recorded in the Collectorate of Nadia in No. $\frac{2198}{3}$, situated in parganas Begunabad and Bandardaha and Taragania, included in pargana Begunabad, in police-station and sub-registry Kustia, and in police-station and sub-registry Mirpur, and in police-station Daulatpur, and in police-station Gangani, sub-registry Shikarpur, all in district Nadia, the aforesaid 2 annas 8 pies share is recorded in the name of the judgment-debtor Jogendra Narayan Singha in the Collectorate of Nadia, at an annual sadar jama of Rs. 2,373 14-9. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 72,000.

Lot No. 10.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies recorded as estate No. $\frac{121}{9}$ of Nadia Collectorate, situate in pargana Taragania, sub-registry and police-station Mirpur, mauza Teghari, which is recorded in the name of judgment-debtor, proportionate sadar jama being Rs. 49-6-10 $\frac{1}{2}$. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 600.

Lot No. 11.—Separated share of 2 annas 8 pies recorded as estate No. $\frac{211}{9}$ of Nadia Collectorate, mauza char Mokarimpur, in sub-registry and police-station Mirpur, in pargana Islampur, in the district of Nadia, which is recorded in the name of judgment-debtor, proportionate sadar jama being Rs. 187-10-8. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 9,600.

Lot No. 12.—Two annas 8 pies share of estate No. $\frac{2114}{9}$ of Nadia Collectorate, pargana Taragania included in pargana Begunabad, sub-district and police-station Kustia, in the district of Nadia, sadar jama Rs. 13-14-6, recorded in judgment-debtor's name. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 200.

Lot No. 13.—Of the estates Nos. $\frac{2112}{9}$, $\frac{2110}{9}$, $\frac{2111}{9}$, $\frac{2110}{9}$, $\frac{1114}{9}$ of Nadia Collectorate, pargana Taragania, police-station Gangani, district Nadia, mauza Akabpur and in police-station Daulatpur, mauza Udaynagar, of which 2 annas 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ gds. share recorded in the names of Swarnamayi Dasya, Jagabandhu Saha, Raikishori Dasya, Durga Charan Biswas, Abduunnessa and Mubezzal Hosen, separate account 5 annas 4 pies share of the said 2 annas 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ gds. entire patni taluk for annual jama of Rs. 155-5-4 and odd in separate account is in the name of judgment-debtor. The value of this property in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 3,200.

Lot No. 14.—Rent-free land in Saddarpur, viz., Basatibari, police-station and sub-registry Mirpur, district Nadia, that is 5 annas 4 pies share of Basatibari, Sadar Angina, middle angina, two storied, one storied pacca building with beams and rafters, windows, doors and door-frames, &c., and tanks in the outer yard and inner yard, garden, lodging-house for the officers, situate within boundaries scheduled below. The value of this share in judgment-debtor's share is Rs. 5,000.

Boundary.

East—Gopi Sundari Dasya's inner apartment and garden and Bepin Sutar's house and Rukmini, Baishabish's house. **South**—Kali Charan Pramanik's bari, Gopi Sundari Dasya's fallow land, Wmir carter's bari and basabari of Ejnali Annu, Jadaba Pal's house, Sarat Karmakar's bari. **West**—Rasta of Saddarpur village, barriers of the Colours, golabari of Gopi Sundari Dasya. **North**—Bazaar, bahirbari of Bara Taraf, total area within these boundaries is about 30 bighas rent-free land in judgment-debtor's share is 10 bighas.

PASUPATI BASU, Sub Judge.

Pabna, the 3rd March 1920.

(634—3)

In the Court of the 2nd Subordinate Judge of Faridpur.

TITLE EXECUTION CASE No. 81 of 1917.

Faridpur Loan Office, Ltd., of Faridpur, decree-holders, *versus* Kali Kumar Gangopadhyay, common manager of the estate of Moudakini Ray, widow of Biraj Mohan Ray Chaudhury, Nalini Mohan Ray Chaudhury and Ramani Mohan Ray Chaudhury, at present of Barisal in Bakarganj, judgment-debtors.

THE undermentioned mortgaged properties to be sold by public auction on 20th April 1920 at the Faridpur District Judge's sale-room for the recovery of mortgage decretal debt Rs. 23,203-10-6.

Description of properties.

No. 1.—Two and-a-half kharas share of zemindari tappe Shulapur, within the jurisdiction of district and registry Faridpur, sub-registry and police station Gopalganj, No. 955 of the revenue-roll of the Faridpur Collectorate, standing in the name of Ram Deb Bosa Chaudhury, of which the Government revenue of the entire estate is Rs. 1,418-10-8.

No. 2.—Six annas 6½ gandas 3 kags 4½ tilas and 1 kag and 1½ til of the same til share of the 16 annas share of taluk Mohamed Hayat, pargana Chandradip, No. 1748 of the revenue-roll of the Bakarganj Collectorate, bearing Government revenue Rs. 7,096-13-9½, situated within the jurisdiction of district and registry Bakarganj, sub-registry Barisal and station Kotwali, kismats Bogura, Ramonikata, Dehergati, Dharmadi and others, of district and registry Bakarganj, sub-registry and police-station Baufal, kismats Dhanpara, Gobordhan, Hajipur and others, of district and registry Bakarganj, sub-registry and police-station Amtali, kismats Retali, Chingaria and others, of district and registry Bakarganj, sub-registry Jhalakati, police-station Jhalakati, kismats Bashidia, Narainpur and others, of district and registry Bakarganj, sub-registry Nalohiti, kismats Dapdapia, of district and registry Bakarganj, sub-registry and police-station Sarupkati, kismat Banaripara, and of district and registry Bakarganj, sub-registry and police-station Bakarganj, kismats Bhadrashala, Raghunathdi and others.

N. N. Ghose, Sub-Judge.

Faridpur, the 6th March 1920. (633—1)

Sheriff's Proclamation of Sale.

TO be peremptorily sold, pursuant to the order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal dated the twenty-eighth day of November 1919 and made in suit No. 115 of 1919 (wherein Edulji Rustomji Mistri is the plaintiff and Jyotikona Bose, Jyotnamoy Bose and Sudhamoy Bose are the defendants), by the Sheriff of Calcutta in his sale-room at the Court-house by public auction of Friday, the 26th day of March 1920, at 12 o'clock noon, the undermentioned properties belonging to the judgment-debtors Jyotikona Bose, Jyotnamoy Bose and Sudhamoy Bose

Lot No. 1.—All that piece or parcel of rent-free land containing by admeasurement 7 cottahs 7 chitaks and 20 sq. ft. now known as premises No. 10, Krishna Ram Bose's Street in Sutanuti in the Northern Division of the town of Calcutta and bounded on the north by premises No. 9, Krishnaram Bose's Street, on the East by Krishnaram Bose's Street, on the south by premises No. 11, Krishnaram Bose's Street and on the west partly by premises No. 5, Nayaratna Lane, and partly by premises No. 6-A, Nayaratna Lane.

Lot No. 11.—All that partly one storied, partly two-storied brick-built dwelling-house together with the piece or parcel of rent-free land thereunto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected and built containing by admeasurement 3 cottahs 2 chitaks and 9 sq. ft. now known as premises No. 194, Upper Circular Road in Sutanuti in the Northern Division of the town of Calcutta and bounded on the north by Upper Circular Road By-Lane, on the east partly by premises No. 193, Upper Circular Road, partly by premises No. 141-1, Upper Circular Road, and partly by Upper Circular Road By-Lane, on the south partly by premises No. 7, Kalachand Sanyal's Lane, partly by premises No. 6, Kalachand Sanyal's Lane, and partly by premises No. 193, Upper Circular Road, and on the west by premises No. 195, Upper Circular Road.

So far as appears from a search made at the office of the Registrar of Assurances of Calcutta the following encumbrances are outstanding against the said properties, namely:—

(a) Mortgage, dated 20th February 1917, and made between Khirde Chunder Bose, deceased, the father of the defendants' aunts abovenamed of the one part and Sir Jagadiah Chunder Bose, Kt., C.S.I., C.I.E., of the other part for Rs. 20,000 with interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum, payable monthly with quarterly rests relating to premises No. 194, Upper Circular Road By-Lane, and 10, Kristoram Bose's Street, and registered in Book I, Vol. 52, pages 120 to 129, being No. 671 of 1917.

(b) Mortgage, dated 1st May 1917, and made between the said Khirde Chunder Bose of the one part and Rai Debendra Nath Bulluv Bahadur and others carrying on business under the name and style of P. G. and W. Shawoo of the other part for Rs. 7,700 with interest thereon at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum payable monthly with quarterly rests relating to premises No. 194, Upper Circular Road By-Lane, and 10, Kristoram Bose's Street, and registered in Book I, Vol. 86, pages 4 to 15, being No. 1660 for 1917.

(c) Bengali mortgage, dated 11th August 1918, and executed by the defendants abovenamed in favour of Hari Mohun Choudhuri for Rs. 5,000 with interest thereon at 12 per cent. per annum, relating to premises No. 194, Upper Circular Road, and 10, Kristoram Bose's Street, and registered in Book I, Vol. 100, pages 189 to 193, being No. 3454 for 1918.

The above properties are also subject to an attachment by the Sheriff of Calcutta effected in execution of a decree of this Court, dated 28th August 1919, in suit No. 2065 of 1919 (wherein E. R. Mistri is the plaintiff and Jyotikona Bose and others are the defendants) for Rs. 2,738-4-3, with interest thereon at 6 per cent. per annum, from the said 28th August 1919 until realisation and costs on scale No. 1 with interest thereon at 6 per cent. per annum from the date of taxation until realisation.

The sum for the recovery of which the sale has been ordered is Rs. 12,690-2 with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum from 21st August 1919 until realisation and the costs of the application of the plaintiff which resulted in the said decree, dated 21st August 1919, and the costs of this suit subsequent to the decree in this suit, dated 27th July 1919.

The conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the Sheriff of Calcutta on the groundfloor of the Court-house on any day before the sale and will be produced at the sale.

A. D. PICKFORD, Sheriff.

Kar Mehta & Co., Attorneys for judgment-creditor.

High Court, Original Side, Calcutta, this 16th day of February 1920.

(787—1)

Notice.

TO be sold by the Registrar, High Court, Calcutta, Original Side, in his sale-room in the Court-house on Saturday, the 1st day of May 1920, at 12 o'clock noon, pursuant to a decree made in suit No. 1 of 1917, in the Extraordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction of the said Court (The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., vs. Krishna Chandra Dey and others), the following properties in three lots, all of which lots include raised and low lands, cultivated and waste lands and tanks within the district of Tippera, subdivision and sub-registry Chandpur, thana Chandpur, pargana Porchundi, kiamat Sreeramdi.

Lot No. I—Consisting of 48 bighas, more or less, together with the buildings, erections, machineries, etc., known as "A" premises of Messrs. Ketter Mohan Dey & Co., at Chandpur.

Lot No. II—Consisting of 40 bighas, more or less, together with the buildings, erections, machineries, etc., known as "B" premises of the same firm.

Lot No. III—Consisting of 15 bighas, more or less, together with the buildings, erections, machineries, etc., known as "C" premises of the same firm.

The abstract of title, the notification and the conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the undersigned or at the office of Messrs. Keateven, Gooding & Co., Attorneys for the plaintiffs, at No. 26, Dalhousie Square, in Calcutta, on any day before the sale and will be produced at the sale.

J. H. HECHLER, Registrar.

Keateven, Gooding & Co., plaintiffs' attorneys.
High Court, Original Side, the 24th day of February 1920. (615—1—767)

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in Insolvency.

No. 60 OF 1914.

Re T. W. Teasdale, *ex parte* the debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in this matter and that the same will be paid at this office on or after the 28th day of April 1920, except Saturday and Sunday.

G. M. FALKNER, Official Assignee.

Calcutta, the 15th March 1920. (704—1)

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in Insolvency.

No. 24 OF 1917.

Re Prem Lall Dhar, *ex parte* the debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in this matter and that the same will be paid at this office on or after the 26th day of April 1920, except Saturday and Sunday.

G. M. FALKNER, Official Assignee.

Calcutta, the 15th March 1920 (703—1)

In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in Insolvency.

No. 10 OF 1918.

Re: Anadamoy Dutt and Ram Kumar Dutt, *ex parte* the debtors.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in this matter and that the same will be paid at this office on or after the 5th day of May 1920, except Saturday and Sunday.

Like notice in the matter Banku Bonary Dey, *ex parte* the Debtor No. 75 of 1919.

G. M. FALKNER, Official Assignee.

Calcutta, the 20th March 1920. (775—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Alipore.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 33 OF 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 12th December 1919, made by Debendra Nath Banerjee, of Saruona, thana Behala, 24-Parganas, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent

Dated this 2nd day of March 1920.

J. C. H. MACNAIR, District Judge.

(653—1—739)

In the Court of the District Judge of Bakerganj.

PRESENT:

M. C. Ghosh, Esq., M.A., I.C.S., Bar-at-Law
District Judge.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 3 OF 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that one Korban Ali, son of late Torap Ali, of Mahamandar, police-station Bhola, district Bakerganj, has applied to this Court to be adjudicated an insolvent and that 29th March next has been fixed for hearing the petition and for examination of the petitioner.

M. C. GHOSH, District Judge.

Bahawal, the 12th March 1920. (763—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Birbhum.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 14 OF 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 12 clause (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to the creditors of Jagannath Seal, son of late Bagal Chandra Seal, of Barrabanchuki Dubrajpur, district Birbhum, that his insolvency petition has been admitted by this Court and that the 1st April 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

P. C. DE, District Judge.

Suri, the 20th March 1920. (755—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 9 OF 1919.

[Notice under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

NOTICE is hereby given that Kali Charan Pranasik, of Suipara, police-station Kalua, district Burdwan, has, by an order of this Court, dated 9th March 1920, been adjudged an insolvent.

E. MILSON, District Judge.

Burdwan, the 16th March 1920. (712—1—756)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 46 OF 1919.

[Notice under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

NOTICE is hereby given that Sagar Chandra Nath alias Annada Prosad Nath, of Brahmanpara, Pati Radhakantapur, police-station Satgachia, district Burdwan, has, by an order of this Court, dated 10th March 1920, been adjudged an insolvent.

E. MILSON, District Judge.

Burdwan, the 16th March 1920. (713—1—757)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 6 of 1920.

[Notice under section 12 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

NOTICE is hereby given to his creditors that the insolvency petition filed by the judgment-debtor Panchu Gopal Ghosh (Gope), of Kabilpara, police-station Kalna, district Burdwan, has been admitted and that 29th March 1920 has been fixed for hearing thereof.

E. MILSON, District Judge.
Burdwan, the 16th March 1920. (716—1—758)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 7 of 1920.

[Notice under section 12 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

NOTICE is hereby given to his creditors that the insolvency petition filed by the judgment-debtor Shaikh, Alar Ali, of Katwa-Saraipara, police-station Katwa, district Burdwan, has been admitted and that 7th April 1920 has been fixed for hearing thereof.

E. MILSON, District Judge.
Burdwan, the 16th March 1920. (717—1—759)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 15 of 1920.

[Notice under section 12 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

NOTICE is hereby given to his creditors that the insolvency petition, filed by the judgment-debtor Nitya Nanda Mandal, of Kasiara, police station Sahebganj, district Burdwan, has been admitted and that 6th April 1920 has been fixed for hearing thereof.

E. MILSON, District Judge.
Burdwan Judge's office, the 16th March 1920.
(720—1—760)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 3 of 1920.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 4th February 1920, filed by Tarabali, son of Moucharali Shaha, of Myani, thana Miraswari, district Chittagong, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Babu Khirode Chandra Dae, pleader, is appointed Receiver.

Dated this 15th day of March 1920.

W. A. SEATON, District Judge.
(726—1)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 10 of 1920.

WHEREAS Gangabishnu Parahit, son of late Hari-nath Parahit, of Kanahapa, thana Sathania, has applied

to this Court, by a petition, dated 28th February 1920, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 10th day of April 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

W. A. SEATON, District Judge.
Chittagong, the 18th March 1920. (727—1)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 9 of 1920.

WHEREAS Polaram Hari, son of late Pitambar Hari, of Kelishahar, police-station Patiya, Chittagong, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 14th February 1920, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 10th day of April 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

W. A. SEATON, District Judge.
Chittagong, the 18th March 1920. (773—1)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.

[Section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Chittagong.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 13 of 1920.

WHEREAS Nanda Kumar Saha, son of late Sarup Chandra Saha, of Khilmogal, police-station Rungania, district Chittagong, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 2nd March 1920, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 10th day of April 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

W. A. SEATON, District Judge.
Chittagong, the 19th March 1920. (774—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Faridpur.

INSOLVENCY CASES NOS. 6 AND 7 of 1920.

TAKE notice that Fatik Chandra Pramanik and Kailash Chandra Pramanik, sons of Dharma Narayan Pramanik, of Amirabad, police-station Sadarpur, district Faridpur, have applied to this Court to be declared insolvents and 29th March 1920 has been fixed for hearing their applications.

Dated the 17th March 1920.

D. CHAKRABARTI, District Judge.
(781—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Sarat Chandra Koer, son of Mati Lal Koer, of Chinsurah Bura-sibola, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 12 of 1920, and that the 27th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

S. C. MALLICK, District Judge.
Chinsura, the 28th February 1920. (814—1—742)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Basik Chandra Jaua, son of late Kamal Chandra Jaua, of Shibgaoka, thana Amta, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No 136 of 1919, and that the 29th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 7th February 1920. (448—1—747)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Panchanan Das, son of late Haridas Das, of North Bentra, thana Bentra, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 21 of 1920 and that the 25th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 15th March 1920. (747—1—781)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Nanda Kishore Khaty, son of Jogeswar Khaty, of Karbala, thana Howrah, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No 26 of 1920 and that the 26th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, 17th March 1920. (748—1—782)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

NOTICE is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Jageswar Khaty, son of late Ramjit Khaty, of Karbala, thana Howrah, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 27 of 1920 and that the 26th March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 17th February 1920. (749—1—783)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 89 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Anath Nath Bando-pachay and Sadhan Chandra Mandal, owners of the firm by the name of Anath Nath and Sadhan Chandra, of 13-14, Shibpur College Road, thana Shibpur, district Hooghly, was on the 27th February 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 30th March 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 15th March 1920 (750—1—778)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 126 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Prosad Chandra Ray Chaudhury, son of late Harish Chandra Ray Chaudhury, of Bator, thana Shibpur, district Hooghly, was on the 27th February 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 30th March 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 17th March 1920. (751—1—780)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 92 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Ramdhani Sing, son of late Bechu Sing, of Korar Bagan, Howrah, thana Howrah, district Hooghly, was on the 13th March 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 8th April 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 16th March 1920. (752—1—779)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 6 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Abdul Mallik, son of late Golam Mallik, of Bansha, thana Uluberia, district Hooghly, was on the 15th March 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 14th April 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 19th March 1920. (753—1—768)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 9 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Manmatha Nath Sadhukhan, son of late Mathur Mohan Sadhukhan, of Betaitala, thana Shibpur, district Hooghly, was, on the 8th March 1920, adjudged an insolvent. The 15th April 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge
Howrah, the 19th March 1920. (764—1—772)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 75 of 1919

NOTICE is hereby given that Chinibash Mandal, son of late Dashrath Mandal, of Dakshin Sankrail, thana Sankrail, district Hooghly, was, on the 12th February 1920, adjudged an insolvent. The 19th April 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 19th March 1920. (765—1—770)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 5 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Multan Mallik, son of late Golam Mallik, of Bausha, thana Uluberia, district Hooghly, was on the 15th March 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 14th April 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 19th March 1920. (766—1—769)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 66 of 1919

NOTICE is hereby given that Jokhi Prosad Saw, son of Ram Samer Saw, of Salikha, thana Mali Panchghora, district Hooghly, was, on the 15th March 1920, adjudged an insolvent. The 14th April 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. FAWCUS, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 19th March 1920. (767—1—776)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 2 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Sk. Juman, son of late Sk. Neema, of Chu Saheb's Bagan, Shibpur, thana Shibpur, district Hooghly, was on the 15th March 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 14th April 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. Fawcus, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 19th March 1920. (768—1—771)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 7 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Sk. Hosain Ali, son of late Sk. Muyadin, of Uma Charan Bose's Lane, thana Shibpur, district Hooghly, was on the 15th March 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 14th April 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. Fawcus, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 19th March 1920. (769—1—773)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 11 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Panchoo Bishar, son of late Magan Bishar, of Rajnarayan Raychowdhury Ghat Road, thana Shibpur, district Hooghly, was, on the 15th March 1920, adjudged an insolvent. The 14th April 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. Fawcus, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 19th March 1920. (770—1—774)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 112 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Sarju Prosad Sukul, son of Beharyram Sukul, of Ghushheri Road, Salikha, thana Mali Panchghora, district Hooghly, was, on the 11th March 1920, adjudged an insolvent. The 14th April 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. Fawcus, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 19th March 1920. (771—1—775)

In the Court of the Additional District Judge of Hooghly at Howrah.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 80 of 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given that Girish Chandra Dey, son of late Sriram Chandra Dey, of Tickapara, thana Howrah, district Hooghly, was on the 15th March 1920 adjudged an insolvent. The 14th April 1920 has been fixed for framing a schedule and creditors are required to prove their claims on that day.

L. R. Fawcus, Addl. District Judge.
Howrah, the 19th March 1920. (772—1—777)

In the Court of the District Judge of Murshidabad.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 41 of 1919.

(ACT III of 1907.)

In the matter of Jamaruddin Biswas, of Nobakantapur, police-station Raghunathgunja, district Murshidabad.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the abovesaid petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 15th March 1920.

B. N. RAU, District Judge.
Berhampur, the 20th March 1920. (759—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Jessore.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 2 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 12, sub-section (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that Haidhar Biswas, of Badurgachha, police-station Kaliganj, in the district of Jessore, has applied for being adjudged an insolvent and that the 23rd April 1920 has been fixed for hearing of the application.

The application will be dealt with under summary procedure.

G. C. SANKEY, District Judge.
Jessore, the 19th March 1920. (745—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 17 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Madhu Bepari, son of the late Rupai Bepari, of Chakshihara, police-station Kotwali, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 17th day of April 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
Mymensingh, the 19th March 1920. (760—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 20 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Sarat Chandra Dhar son of the late Sambhu Nath Dhar, of Nangulia, police station Muktagacha, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 24th day of April 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
Mymensingh, the 19th March 1920. (761—1)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 16 of 1920

NOTICE is hereby given that Gendoo Honaroo, son of the late Baroo Sheikh, of Bongaon, police station Nalita-bari, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 10th day of April 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
Mymensingh, the 15th March 1920. (707—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 9 of 1920.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 12th February 1920, filed by Syed Tafazzal Hussain, son of the late Syed Ekram Hussain, of Bhagrai, police-station Mirzapur, district Mymensingh, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

*Dated this 18th day of March 1920.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
(708—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 14 of 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Digambar Namasandra, son of the late Jagannath Namasandra, of Ramnankarpur, police-station Bhairab, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 10th day of April 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
Mymensingh, the 18th March 1920. (746—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 40 of 1919.**

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 5th December 1919, filed by Jaladhar Das, son of the late Ramjiban Das, of Kadiakhurshila, police-station Kalihati, district Mymensingh, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 18th day of March 1920.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
(728—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 41 of 1919.**

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 5th December 1919, filed by Sasi Mohan Das, son of the late Ramjiban Das of Kadiakhurshila, police-station Kalihati, district Mymensingh, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 18th day of March 1920.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
(729—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 42 of 1919.**

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 5th December 1919, filed by Kailash Chandra Das, son of the late Ramjiban Das, of Kadiakhurshila, police-station Kalihati, district Mymensingh, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading his application and hearing his pleader it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

Dated this 18th day of March 1920.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
(730—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Mymensingh.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 16 of 1920.**

NOTICE is hereby given that Gadadhar Saha, son of the late Hari Nath Saha, of Satachhara, police-station Mirzapur, district Mymensingh, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the 17th day of April 1920 has been fixed for hearing the case.

F. W. WARD, District Judge.
Mymensingh, the 19th March 1920. (732—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Nadia.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 3 of 1920.**

Petitioner Jadu Mandal.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Jadu Mandal, of Krishnagar, police-station Doulatpur district Nadia, has been admitted by this Court as No. 3 of 1920 and that 10th April 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.
Krishnagar, the 16th March 1920. (721—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Nadia.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 18 of 1920.**

Petitioner Jadu Nath Das and another.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Jadu Nath Das and Bhupati Das, of Meherpur, police-station Meherpur, district Nadia, has been admitted by this Court as No. 18 of 1920 and that 17th April 1920 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

R. E. JACK, District Judge.
Krishnagar, the 16th March 1920. (722—1)

NOTICE.**In the Court of the District Judge of Noakhali.****INSOLVENCY CASE No. 1 of 1920.**

NOTICE is hereby given that (1) Chandra Kanta Nag, (2) Gouri Kanta Nag, (3) Indra Kumer Nag, sons of late Golak Chandra Nag, of Halimpur, station Begumgunj, district Noakhali, have, on the 9th day of February 1920, applied to this Court to be adjudged insolvents and the 27th March has been fixed for the hearing of this case.

S. C. GHOSH, District Judge.
Noakhali, the 17th March 1920. (736—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 22 of 1920.**

WHEREAS Dina Nath Saha, son of late Gagan Chandra Saha, of Sahajadpur, police-station Sahajadpur, district Pabna has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 10th March 1920, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 16th April 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

K. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.
Pabna, the 16th March 1920. (732—1)

In the Court of the District Judge of Pabna and Bogra.**INSOLVENCY CASE No. 15 of 1920.**

WHEREAS Harendra Nath Knudu, son of late Damodar Kunda, of Shibpur, police-station Chalmohore, district Pabna has applied to this Court by a petition, dated the 6th February 1920, to be declared an insolvent, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 1st April 1920 for hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

K. N. CHAUDHURI, District Judge.
Pabna, the 16th March 1920. (733—1)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

[Section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge of Rajshahi.**INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 5 of 1920.**

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

WHEREAS Sridhan Saha, son of late Abiswas Shaha, of Mahis-kandi, police-station Khurda Mohonpur, district Rajshahi, has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 13th January 1920, to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, this is to give notice to all his creditors that the Court has fixed the 10th day of April 1920 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor. Proofs of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that day.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 23rd January 1920. (272—1—764)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 29 of 1919.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 5th May 1919, filed by the debtor Pyarilal Karmakar, son of late Hari Charan Karmakar of Rampur Boulia, district Rajshahi, and on hearing his pleader the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on 17th January 1920.

Dated this 3rd day of March 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
(649—1—754)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 69 of 1918.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 3rd October 1918, filed by the debtor Methu Shekh, son of late Kunit Shekh, of Elau, police-station Harischandrapur, district Malda, and on hearing his pleader the said debtor was adjudged insolvent on the 4th July 1919.

Dated this 3rd day of March 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
(650—1—753)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION.

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge at Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY APPLICATION No. 85 of 1918.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 9th December 1918, filed by the debtors (1) Samiruddin Shekh, son of Shekh Laradhu, (2) Shekh Laradhu, of Rajagar, police-station Kharba, district Malda, and on hearing their pleader the said debtors were adjudged insolvents on 17th January 1920.

Dated this 3rd day of March 1920.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
(651—1—748)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 15 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

Rastulla Sarkar, son of late Aswin Mandal, of Mohonpur, police-station Tanor, district Rajshahi, petitioner-debtor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 10th April 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtor and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 8th March 1920. (654—1—755)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 20 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

Babar Molla, son of late Jarip Molla, of Barabhair, police-station Mohonpur, district Rajshahi, petitioner-debtor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 10th day of April 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtor and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 6th March 1920. (655—1—756)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 14 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

(1) Sukara Koach, son of late Bishu Koach, (2) Jaduya Koach, (3) Nabin Koach, sons of Sukara Koach, of Khajurbari, police-station Harischandrapur, district Malda, petitioners-debtors.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 10th day of April 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtors and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 10th March 1920. (659—1—749)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 13 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

(1) Shekh Madari, son of late Shekh Rahamatulla, (2) Shekh Abdul, son of Shekh Madari, of Maradangi, police-station Harischandrapur, district Malda, petitioner-debtors.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 10th day of April 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtors and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 10th March 1920. (670—1—752)

In the Court of the District Judge of Rajshahi.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 12 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

Samir Khan, son of late Mohar Khan, of Madanhati, police-station Nahatta, district Rajshahi, petitioner-debtor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 10th April 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtor and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.
Rajshahi, the 10th March 1920. (671—1—750)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rajshahi.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 24 of 1920.

(SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.)

Shekh Khidar, son of late Shekh Firiagi, of Lakshanpur, police-station Harischandrapur, district Malda, petitioner-debtor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(Under section 48 of the Provincial Insolvency Act.)

THE 27th day of March 1920 has been fixed for the hearing of the petition and the examination of the said debtor and for further proceeding. Proof of claim must be lodged in this Court on or before that date.

H. GRAHAM, District Judge.

Rajshahi, the 10th March 1920. (680—1—751)

NOTICE.

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rangpur.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 11 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge

ATULYAH, son of late Jatu Sheikh, of Birnarayan, police-station Kowma, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 16th day of March 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 17th March 1920. (709—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rangpur.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 22 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor Poyed Khan, son of late Meramat Khan, of Thakurganj Hat, police-station Dimla, at present of Rangpur Jail, police-station Kotwali, in Rangpur, for being adjudged an insolvent, the 10th day of April 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 17th March 1920. (710—1)

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rangpur.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 24 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

ON the application of the debtor Udui Bhumali, son of late Haranarayan Bhumali, of Bara-Khatamari, police-station Bhurungamari, in Rangpur, for being adjudged an insolvent, the 17th day of April 1920 has been fixed for hearing the aforesaid petition and the examination of the debtor.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 17th March 1920. (711—1)

NOTICE.

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rangpur.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 14 of 1920.

PRESENT :

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

HAGURA SHRIKH, son of late Pacha Sheikh, of Bir-Narayan, police-station Pirgachha, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 17th day of March 1920, adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 20th March 1920. (756—1)

NOTICE.

**In the Court of the District Judge of
Rangpur.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 4 of 1920.

PRESENT.

J. Johnston, Esq., I.C.S., District Judge.

JAMIR Munshi, son of Bochha Pramanik, of Tilai, police-station Nilphamari, in the district of Rangpur, was on the 19th day of March 1920 adjudged an insolvent by this Court.

J. JOHNSTON, District Judge.

Rangpur, the 20th March 1920. (757—1)

NOTICE.

**In the Court of the District Judge of
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 2 of 1920.

Rasik Lal Shaha, son of Ram Lal Shaha, of 10, Sett Bagan Lane, Tala, applicant.

To Setal Chandra Shaha and others, creditors.

ON the 6th day of March 1920 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 12th day of April 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

J. C. H. MACNAIR, District Judge.

Alipore, the 8th March 1920. (656—1—740)

NOTICE.

**In the Court of the District Judge of
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 3 of 1920.

Jatindra Nath Shaha, son of Ram Lal Shaha, residing at 10, Sett Bagan Lane, Chitpore, applicant.

To Setal Chandra Shaha and others, creditors.

ON the 6th day of March 1920 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 12th day of April 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

C. H. MACNAIR, District Judge.

Alipore, the 8th March 1920. (657—1—741)

NOTICE.

**In the Court of the District Judge of
24-Parganas.**

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 4 of 1920.

Sheikh Sovan, of 45, Anando Palit's Road, Entally, applicant.

To Yesa Khan and others, creditors.

ON the 10th day of March 1920 it was ordered that the matter of the petition of the applicant be heard on the 12th day of April 1920 and that the said applicant do attend to be examined by this Court on that date.

E. B. H. PANTON, District Judge.

Alipore, the 11th March 1920. (698—1—744)

ANATHNATH CHOWDHURI, M.A., B.L., intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the Calcutta High Court.

(743—4—762)

CHANDI C. MITRA, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the Calcutta High Court.

(781—4)

HIMADRI BHUSAN ROY intends to be enrolled as a Vakil, High Court, Calcutta.

(739—4—745)

KSHITISH CHANDRA DAS, Pleader, Sylhet, intends to be admitted as a Vakil of the Calcutta High Court
(742-4-766)

MAHESH CHANDRA CHATTERJEE, M.A., B.Sc., LL.B., intends to be admitted as a Vakil, High Court.
(776-4-767)

MANMATHA NATH RAY M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil, High Court, Calcutta.
(740-4-746)

SASANKA MOHAN SEN, Pleader, Chittagong, intends to be enrolled as a Vakil, Calcutta High Court.
(632-4-590)

SURENDRANATH DAS GUPTA intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the Calcutta High Court.
(744-4-763)

Notice.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of the Sub-Inspector of Schools, Matlabganj, in the district of Tippera, on Rs. 50 per mensem in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service.

Candidates for the post must have passed the B. A. or L.T. examination and have served successfully as a qualified teacher in a high school or as headmaster of a middle English school for not less than three years. They must state their age, qualifications, native district and produce certificates of good moral character.

Applications will be received by the undersigned up to the 31st March 1920.

AHSAN-ULLAH.

Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division.
Chittagong, the 14th March 1920.

Notice.

APPLICATIONS for the following temporary post under the District Engineer Public Works Department, Chittagong Hill Tracts, will be received by the District Engineer up to 15th April 1920 :—

(1) One Sub-Overseer on Rs. 35 (consolidated).

None but qualified Sub-Overseer need apply. Copies of testimonials should accompany applications.

A. J. W. HARRIS,

Superintendent, Chittagong Hill Tracts,
Public Works Department.

Rangamati, the 12th March 1920.

WANTED immediately a temporary clerk on Rs. 40 per month for nine months for a Public Works Department Subdivisional office at Barrackpore. Candidates should apply personally to the undersigned. Preference will be given to a candidate having experience of Public Works Department office work.

C. P. M. HARRISON,

Executive Engineer, Circular and Eastern
Canals Division.

Imperial Secretariat Building, Calcutta, the 18th March 1920.

Wanted.

WANTED temporary subordinates on Rs. 60 plus local allowance of Rs. 15 per month, for construction work in the Duars. Preference will be given to qualified Overseers with experience in road work. The posts will probably continue for some years. Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 1st April 1920.

A. J. KING, Executive Engineer,

Duars Road Division, Jalpaiguri, E. B. Railway.
Jalpaiguri, the 19th March 1920.

Notice.

WANTED a second class Health Officer for the Noakhali District Board on a salary of Rs. 150—10—200 plus fixed travelling allowance of Rs. 50 a month. None need apply who is not qualified under the rules. Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 31st March 1920. The selected candidate shall have to join his post by the middle of April 1920.

R. M. Das, Chairman, District Board.

Noakhali, the 20th March 1920.

(777-2)

Custom House Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that if the duty interest, warehouse rent, and all charges be not paid within ten days from the date of this notice on one package of medicines marked D G. II. W ex SS. "Malda"

107

from London bonded by Messrs. Christie White & Co., in the warehouse of the Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association, the goods will be sold by public auction under the provisions of the section 119 of the Sea Customs Act.

A. H. LLOYD, Collector of Customs.

The 17th March 1920.

(735-2)

BOARD OF REVENUE, BENGAL.

WARDS BRANCH.

Order No. 2550 Wards.

WHEREAS Srimati Ananda Kumari Debi, widow of Kumar Rabindra Narayan Ray, of Bhawal, was, under section 6 (a) of the Court of Wards Act, IX (B.C.) of 1879, declared to be a disqualified proprietress and her person and all her property, including the estate inherited from her husband, was taken charge of by the Court of Wards and whereas by indentures executed on the 29th April 1919 between her and Babu Kumud Behari Chakravarty, natural father of Sriman Krishna Chandra Chakravarty and between the Court of Wards, Srimati Ananda Kumari Debi, Sriman Krishna Chandra Chakravarty and the said Babu Kumud Behari Chakravarty, it was stipulated that the said Srimati Ananda Kumari Debi on her adopting the said Krishna Chandra Chakravarty will remain the owner and possessor of three-fourths share of the estate left by her husband the late Kumar Rabindra Narayan Ray during the minority of the said adopted son, that the Court of Wards should release the person of the lady and three-fourths share of her husband's estate reserved to her as aforesaid besides her other properties from its charge, and whereas the said lady has since adopted the said Sriman Krishna Chandra Chakravarty as son to her late husband and renamed him as Sriman Ram Narayan Ray Chaudhury, under section 65 of Act IX (B.C.) of 1879, the Court of Wards hereby directs that its jurisdiction over the aforesaid three-fourths share of the estate left by Kumar Rabindra Narayan Ray and other properties owned by the lady shall cease from the 15th August 1919 and that the owner of the said three-fourths share of the estate and the properties shall be restored to the possession thereof from the said date, subject to any contracts entered into by the Court for the preservation or benefit of the said estate and properties.

2. The Court further directs that it withdraws from the charge of the person of the said Srimati Ananda Kumari Debi.

By order,

F. D. ASHALL,

Offg. Secretary.

Calcutta, the 24th July 1919.

(533-3)

ORDER OF WARDEN, GENERAL.

WAMES HAZAR

Order No. 2554 Wards

WHEREAS the estate of late Kumar Rabindra Narayan Ray, of Bhawal, is at present under the charge of the Court of Wards on behalf of Srimati Ananda Kumari Devi, his widow, and whereas the said Srimati Ananda Kumari Devi has with the consent of the Governor in Council, under section 61 of Act IX (B C) of 1879, adopted Sreeman Krishna Chandra Chakravarty as a son to her husband late Kumar Rabindra Narayan Ray, and has given him the name of Sreeman Ram Narayan Ray Chaudhury, and whereas the said adopted son has under the terms of an Indenture executed on the 29th April 1919 between the said Srimati Ananda Kumari Devi and his natural father Babu Komud Hari Chakravarty become the proprietor of the one fourth share of the aforesaid estate the Court of Wards hereby declares that the said Sreeman Ram Narayan Ray Chaudhury to be a minor under section 6 (b) of the Court of Wards Act IX (B C) of 1879

Under section 35 of the said Act the Court of Wards also declares that it has determined to take under its charge the person of the minor abovenamed and it directs that possession be taken of such person on behalf of the said Court

The Court of Wards being already in possession on behalf of the abovementioned widow, now resolves to retain charge of the one fourth share of aforesaid estate on behalf of the said minor

By order,

F D ASOORI,

Offg Secretary

(664—3)

Calcutta the 24th July 1919

Notice.

IT is hereby notified, under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Treve Act, 1878 (VI of 1878) that, on or about the 4th February 1920 a treasure consisting of 68 whole rupees and 11 half rupees of the time of the Nawab of Arcot approximately valued at Rs. 738 was discovered while dismantling a wall in the house of one Bhanaabagya Ammal of Konnur village, Villupuram taluk, South Arcot district Madras Presidency

All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of South Arcot at his office in Cuddalore on Saturday, the 7th August 1920, in order to have the matter enquired into and determined according to law

J K LANGASHIRE, Acting Collector

South Arcot Collector's Office, the 1st March 1920

Notice.

THE Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund which is provisionally managed and assisted by Government has for its object the provision of monthly pensions for the maintenance of the widows and children of subscribers and is open, with certain exceptions to all active and pensioned members of the Unconquered Service of Government (except those serving under the Government of Bombay), and to Local Fund servants earning pensions from Government. Some of the special features of the Fund are—(1) that widowed daughters eligible for remarriage or children labouring under such mental or bodily infirmities as incapacitate them from earning their livelihood or preclude the possibility of marriage (in case of a daughter) are admitted to its benefits, and (2) that subscribers to the Widows' and Daughters' branches are entitled to a refund of 50 per cent of the premium paid, should the widows receive their share after five years of admission. The Fund is now of ten years' standing and has a balance of over Rs. 10 lakhs, with Government on four per cent. interest. For terms of applications and rules of the Fund apply to the Controller, India Treasuries, General Secretariat Buildings, Calcutta.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

Notice.

THE annual sale of the forries, fisheries, grass cutting fruit on and juice of trees on the Calcutta Canals, Tolly's Nullah and Bhagore Canal and also the markets at Bantala and Khansabaria and the hats at Bemoonghatta and Kali for the year ending 31st March 1921 will be put up to auction by Messrs Mackenzie Lyall & Co at their Exchange sale room at 12 o'clock noon of the 26th March 1920

C P M HARRISON,

Executive Engineer Circular and Eastern Canals Division

Calcutta the 15th March 1920

Notice.

IT is notified for general information that the next ordinary examinations of candidates for Certificate of Competency as Masters and Stewards of Island Steam Vessels, under Act I of 1917 will be held at the Port Office, Chittagong on Mondays the 19th April 17th May and 21st June 1920 at 10 A M

Applications to be permitted to appear for examination for any of the above grade certificates must be made at the Port Office Chittagong, not later than three days prior to the date of examination on the candidates producing their certificates and testimonials and paying the fees

H M K MOLLIST Commander, R.N.,
Port Officer

Chittagong the 17th March 1920

(778—1)

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases tried in this Court during the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back before 31st March 1920

A N MUHAMMAD ALI

Municipal Magistrate (2nd Court)

Town Hall Calcutta the 8th January 1920

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that all exhibits filed in cases in the Court of the Municipal Magistrate Calcutta, in the year 1917 will be destroyed if not taken back by the parties who filed them before 31st March 1920

N N GUPTA,

Presidency and Municipal Magistrate

Town Hall Calcutta the 8th January 1920

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No 130446 of the 3½ per cent loan of 100001 for Rs 600 originally standing in the name of Gopi Bhushan Sen, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person having been lost notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned security

Name of the Advertiser—Gopi Bhushan Sen

Residence—Professor, Hooghly College, Chinsura (district Hooghly)

(669—5—786)

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, and

In the matter of the Bharat Luxmi Provident Company, Limited, in Liquidation.

Proceedings of the extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Bharat Luxmi Provident Company Limited, held on the 22nd day of March 1920 pursuant to notice dated the 12th March 1920

PRESENT

Babu Priya Sankar Majumdar.
Surenbra Nath Mukerjee
Charu Chandra Majumdar
Kali Monon Bose
Suresh Chandra Roy
Gispati Roy Chowdhuri
Narsing Prasad Bose
Bhujendra, Husan Ghosh } By Proxy
Purna Chandra Mittal } Mr C C Majumdar
Panchanan Bose

Babu Priya Sankar Majumdar was in the chair

THE following resolutions were passed unanimously —

(1) In view of the opinion of Mr B. Chakravarti, B.A. at Law, obtained after the passing of the resolution at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on the 4th February 1920 it is now resolved, in supersession of the said resolution that as the Company cannot by reason of its liabilities, continue its business, nor is it possible to compromise with the mortgage policy holders, and it is advisable to wind it up, the Company be wound up voluntarily

(2) Also resolved that Mr B. Mukerjee of the firm of Messrs. B. Mukerjee & Co, Certified Accountants, be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator of the Company on a fixed remuneration of rupees one hundred only per month besides his usual office expenses.

(3) That having regard to the fact that a criminal case has been instituted by certain parties against the Directors of the Company, and that the same is still pending the said Liquidator be and he is hereby authorised to pay the costs of and incidental to the defence of the Directors in the said case, as well as of any other similar cases that may be instituted against the Directors or the Managing Agents hereafter, out of the funds of the Company

P S MAJUMDAR, Chairman
(783-1)

Notice.

The next annual stock-taking of the Indian Law Reports kept at the Bengal Secretariat Book Depot will commence on the 1st April, 1920. All issues of the said reports from the said Depot to subscribers and officials will be suspended during that month

J. F. GRAHAM,
Secy to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Dept

LEGISLATIVE DEPT.,
BOOK DEPOT BRANCH,
The 8th December, 1919

POST OFFICE.

Despatch of Sea-Borne Mails.

FAST HOURS OF POSTING AT THE G P O

MAILS FOR—	Day or date of closing of mails	UNREGISTERED LETTERS AND PARCELS		REGISTERED LETTERS AND PARCELS	
		Without late fee	With late fee*	Without late fee	With late fee*
United Kingdom, Europe, Aden, Egypt, East and West Africa and America ...	Thursday	6 0	7 0	5 0	5 30
Ceylon	Daily	4 0	4 30	3 30	4 0
Straits Settlements, French Indo-China, Federated Malay States, Philippine Islands, Netherlands India, Siam, China and Japan per SS 'Chak Sang', Mar. 25	Mar. 25	7 30	8 0	6 0	7 0
Burma		7 30	8 0	6 0	7 0
Port Blair (via Rangoon)	25	7 30	8 0	6 0	7 0

NOTE—The latest date and hour for booking Money Orders and Parcels for the United Kingdom and foreign countries with which mail communication exists is 4 P.M. and 5.30 P.M. respectively on Wednesday

* The late fee is 4 annas for each registered or unregistered article of the Letter Mail to any place in the countries named above except for Aden, Burma, Ceylon and Port Blair, the late fee for which is ½ anna for unregistered articles and 3 annas for registered articles. Letters are accepted with late fee only on occasions when a direct mail is closed by the Calcutta G. P. O. for foreign countries

† When there is no direct mail from Calcutta, correspondence for South Africa and Mauritius posted up to 4.45 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. is despatched to Bombay and correspondence for Australia and New Zealand posted up to 4 P.M. in the Calcutta G. P. O. to Colombo for transmission by the first available steamer

Calcutta G. P. O., the 22nd March 1920

* C. D. RAE, Offg. Presidency Post Master.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE OF SANSKRIT MANUSCRIPTS.

PARTS I, II, and III of a Descriptive Catalogue of the Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Sanskrit College, prepared by Pandit Hrishikesh Sastri and Babu Siya Chandra Gui, M.A., B.L., of that College are offered to the public for sale. The Catalogue having to be completed in 23 parts, the price of each part is 12 annas a copy exclusive of postage. Copies can be obtained from the Principal of the Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

SULPHATE OF QUININE

**SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE,
RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.**

MANUFACTURED AT

THE BENGAL GOVERNMENT CINCHONA PLANTATION.

OBTAINABLE FROM

• **THE SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.**

ALL articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids.

Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, Bihar, Punjab, and Assam on indents countersigned by the Civil Surgeon, and Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. It is not sold to private firms or the general public.

Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ grain tablets and **Cinchonidine** are sold to Government officers and the general public, and is obtainable at the Principal Druggists in Calcutta.

Quinoidine (Pure Amorphous Alkaloid), and **Residual Alkaloid** (Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid) which contains about 40 per cent. Pure Amorphous Alkaloid, are sold to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. Residual Alkaloid is supplied in 1-lb., 5-lb., and 10-lb. boxes.

Terms.—Strictly cash in advance or V. P. P. transit charges must accompany all orders. Postage stamps are not accepted in lieu of cash.

• **Supplies**—Are dependent on stock in hand at time of order.

Rates from 16th May 1919 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs and above in one delivery	...	Rs. 24 per lb
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs., but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	...	" 25 "
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	...	" 26 "
Supplied in 1-oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 1-lb., 4-lb., and $6\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. tins		

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	...	" 12 "
Supplied in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.		

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	...	" 6 "
Supplied in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.		

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantities less than 6 lbs.	...	" 7 "
Supplied in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., and 1-lb. boxes.		

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	...	" 7 "
Supplied in 1-lb. box.		

Quinoidine in non-tablet form and Residual Alkaloids.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

NOTICE.

Advertisements, Notices, etc., intended for insertion in this Part of the Gazette cannot be received after noon on Monday.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1920.

SUPPLEMENT.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 20th March 1920, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 20TH MARCH 1920.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 22ND MARCH 1919.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	259	87,742	1,374	1,313	335,630	5,518
Jute	93	48,278*	543	63	60,029†	590
Firewood	79	35,075	520	101	64,225	966
Other articles	830	224,448	2,751	1,075	252,905	3,478
Total	1,261	395,543	5,188	2,552	712,789	10,552
Empty boats and rafts	477	...	1,162	599	...	1,756
GRAND TOTAL	1,738	395,543	6,350	3,151	712,789	12,308

* Weight by canal measurement
 † Ditto ditto

Mds.
 88,812‡
 78,025

CALCUTTA,
 The 23rd March 1920.

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
 Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Monthly and Annual Rainfall Table in the

Division.

District.	STATION.	JANUARY.			FEBRUARY.			MARCH.			APRIL.			MAY.			JUNE.		
		Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.
24-Parganas.	Bangor Island (Obay.)	4	0.70	0.38	2	1.06	1.07	1	0.33	1.33	4	1.35	1.38	6	3.60	4.45	14	18.05	10.75
	Diamond Harbour	1	0.55	0.60	2	1.27	1.21	1	1.12	1.26	6	3.30	1.60	6	5.69	5.60	17	35.50	11.08
	Hudge Hudge	1	0.00	0.55	1	1.42	1.57	1	0.05	1.72	5	1.46	2.02	8	5.34	5.53	30	14.83	12.23
	Canning Town	1	0.25	0.45	1	0.55	0.53	NH	NH	1.75	4	1.68	1.94	7	2.88	5.53	15	15.83	11.45
	Allpore (Obay.)	1	0.56	0.37	1	1.16	1.17	1	0.31	1.49	3	4.02	1.82	7	4.18	5.77	5	12.04	11.63
	Barrackpore	3	2.00	0.39	1	1.96	1.33	2	0.78	1.64	5	1.93	2.05	9	4.28	5.40	16	10.61	10.48
	Dum Dum	3	1.12	0.48	1	1.10	1.10	1	0.30	1.48	7	5.66	2.04	6	2.85	5.78	18	15.40	11.21
	Barasat	2	1.47	0.55	1	1.07	1.33	1	0.99	1.46	6	3.05	2.12	7	3.23	5.60	18	14.79	10.68
	Basirhat	2	0.49	0.42	1	0.80	1.07	2	0.51	1.60	7	0.22	2.36	7	2.63	4.02	13	10.27	11.71
	Total	18	8.01	4.17	12	11.19	10.68	10	3.49	14.04	49	32.27	17.32	62	39.28	40.79	144	188.90	101.07
District average	2.00	0.89	0.46	1.33	1.24	1.21	1.11	0.61	1.56	5.44	3.60	1.92	6.89	4.86	5.53	18	15.43	11.23	
Medinipur.	Raughat	4	0.89	0.43	2	1.15	1.25	1	1.69	1.51	7	3.23	2.01	8	3.34	4.38	18	8.26	9.72
	Krishnagar (Obay.)	2	0.18	0.42	2	0.78	1.25	NH	0.14	1.46	7	8.11	2.45	10	7.77	6.51	15	6.10	10.01
	Chandanga	2	0.88	0.41	1	0.89	1.00	NH	NH	1.68	6	2.55	2.98	13	8.08	7.53	14	5.73	10.41
	Meherpur	3	1.10	0.37	1	0.25	1.07	NH	NH	1.69	7	1.91	3.17	10	7.63	6.12	12	7.59	10.22
	Kushia	1	0.53	0.31	NH	NH	1.00	1	0.18	1.60	6	2.22	3.06	7	2.68	7.90	10	3.58	11.31
	Haringhata	NH	NH	0.15	1	0.46	0.46	NH	NH	1.31	3	1.47	2.56	2	2.66	4.93	8	1.61	7.44
	Total	12	4.08	2.12	7	3.32	8.12	2	1.91	9.25	35	15.36	17.11	54	32.46	39.55	72	35.97	59.11
	District average	2.00	0.68	0.35	1.17	0.55	1.02	0.33	0.32	1.54	5.88	3.06	2.85	9.00	5.39	6.56	12.00	5.99	9.85
Murshidabad.	Kandi	4	1.85	0.83	1	1.29	0.96	NH	NH	1.72	1	0.71	1.94	9	8.90	4.79	11	7.92	10.47
	Berhampore (Obay.)	3	1.13	0.15	1	0.75	0.93	NH	0.09	1.03	3	1.35	1.56	9	2.05	4.44	17	10.30	6.89
	Lalbagh	3	2.29	0.29	1	2.00	0.70	NH	NH	1.93	3	1.28	1.53	9	6.16	2.69	15	13.61	10.30
	Axaminj	3	0.66	0.46	1	0.57	0.74	NH	NH	0.97	1	0.84	1.65	8	6.72	5.41	15	12.70	10.30
	Jaugipur	4	2.68	0.45	1	0.48	0.71	NH	0.11	0.81	NH	0.15	1.35	10	3.61	4.81	14	7.34	10.18
	Lalgola	4	2.17	0.47	1	0.46	0.90	NH	0.09	1.01	NH	0.11	1.46	13	7.79	5.17	17	8.66	10.07
	Akrayanj	3	1.98	0.43	1	0.50	0.69	NH	NH	0.51	1	0.90	1.50	6	4.05	0.20	14	11.27	11.36
	Patkalari	2	1.05	0.21	1	0.20	0.62	NH	NH	0.79	3	0.51	2.05	12	7.78	6.68	10	5.27	9.69
	Dumkal	3	1.7	0.34	1	0.82	0.46	1	0.14	1.24	4	1.88	1.60	9	7.66	5.76	11	7.86	10.49
	Kalyangunj	3	2.17	0.35	1	0.70	0.97	NH	NH	1.16	4	1.10	1.56	9	4.28	4.62	15	11.97	13.02
	Total	35	17.03	3.74	10	7.96	7.98	1	0.34	10.13	20	7.83	16.53	64	61.83	53.35	139	87.10	104.79
	District average	3.50	1.70	0.37	1.00	0.79	0.80	0.10	0.03	1.01	2.00	0.78	1.66	6.40	6.18	5.84	13.90	8.71	10.48
Jessore.	Natali	2	0.47	0.55	3	1.15	1.25	1	0.13	1.81	8	5.14	3.82	7	4.75	7.21	15	9.84	11.88
	Jessore (Obay.)	1	0.20	0.47	2	1.09	1.32	1	0.32	2.05	6	5.99	3.65	5	3.29	4.28	12	10.63	12.86
	Jhenida	3	0.97	0.42	1	0.38	1.19	1	0.14	2.05	8	4.50	3.22	12	6.87	7.33	15	10.48	12.86
	Magra	2	0.70	0.39	1	0.39	1.10	1	0.11	2.07	10	8.04	4.01	11	6.88	8.38	15	5.81	11.64
	Hongau	2	0.34	0.38	3	1.45	1.18	7	1.04	1.71	6	6.44	2.67	8	2.81	6.08	18	12.01	10.49
Total	10	2.68	2.21	10	4.26	6.04	5	1.74	9.72	35	20.05	17.40	43	23.58	37.78	70	48.06	69.22	
District average	2.00	0.67	0.55	2.00	0.86	1.21	1.00	0.35	1.94	7.00	6.01	3.49	8.80	4.72	7.66	14.00	9.61	11.84	
Khulna.	Satkhira	1	0.48	0.43	2	1.40	1.00	1	0.11	2.12	7	5.16	3.01	9	2.59	6.87	11	9.99	11.86
	Bagerhat	NH	NH	0.56	3	1.44	1.18	NH	1.97	8	11.34	3.18	8	6.85	7.16	14	11.08	14.97	
	Khulna	1	0.40	0.32	2	0.93	1.13	1	0.30	2.07	9	7.52	3.12	6	4.92	7.09	15	16.00	13.70
	Kaliganj	NH	0.07	0.75	4	4.85	1.22	1	1.39	1.75	8	6.71	3.47	3	2.80	7.58	16	15.92	13.86
	Nakipur	1	0.40	0.30	3	4.64	0.75	1	0.47	1.51	4	2.48	2.28	6	6.06	9.77	13	16.52	12.86
	Dumuria	2	0.60	0.54	1	0.48	1.42	2	0.53	1.94	6	1.70	3.40	6	6.8	8.09	17	14.86	12.31
	Jampur	1	0.22	0.64	4	1.83	1.25	NH	NH	2.09	9	4.34	2.89	9	9.00	7.64	14	11.93	12.58
	Kashra	2	0.59	0.64	3	1.40	1.06	1	0.29	2.56	7	3.23	3.43	6	2.94	8.82	15	11.90	12.01
	Talkachha	1	0.44	0.49	3	1.65	1.26	2	0.42	2.06	7	4.48	3.29	9	5.93	7.03	15	10.61	12.01
	Moishat	NH	0.01	0.38	4	2.26	1.49	1	0.85	2.46	6	3.20	6.00	10	0.84	4.85	15	11.31	14.58
Burdwan.	Moishat	1	0.14	0.64	3	3.24	1.47	NH	NH	2.54	9	11.47	4.20	11	13.97	9.32	17	19.49	18.16
	Moreiganj	2	0.48	0.56	5	1.59	1.41	1	0.5	2.53	7	4.03	2.13	6	3.28	7.02	15	10.82	11.32
	Tala	1	0.48	0.56	5	1.59	1.41	1	0.5	2.53	7	4.03	2.13	6	3.28	7.02	15	10.82	11.32
	Total	12	3.73	0.40	39	26.00	14.61	11	4.01	25.60	62	68.66	41.46	68	71.00	82.44	178	160.69	183.91
	District average	1.00	0.31	0.04	3.25	2.17	1.23	0.98	0.33	2.12	6.88	5.75	2.45	7.33	5.92	7.74	14.83	13.38	13.88
Burdwan.	Kana	4	0.87	0.48	2	0.54	1.13	1	0.34	1.51	7	0.48	2.62	8	6.99	6.82	15	10.40	10.18
	Burdwan (Obay.)	7	1.80	0.40	1	1.18	1.22	3	0.53	1.97	6	3.21	2.25	7	6.36	6.89	11	7.81	9.68
	Katwa	3	1.37	0.41	1	0.85	1.10	1	0.18	1.24	1	0.23	1.78	7	6.12	5.43	15	7.95	10.01
	Amsoni (Obay.)	7	2.97	0.40	NH	0.04	1.00	1	0.14	0.99	1	0.20	1.63	6	2.87	2.82	12	12.11	9.68
	Bankar	7	1.75	0.44	1	0.15	0.98	NH	NH	1.29	2	0.68	1.46	5	3.10	4.72	8	4.61	9.80
	Mangalkot	3	0.65	0	1	0.35	0.88	NH	NH	1.34	1	0.13	1.49	4	6.68	4.72	9	6.30	13.00
	Hoyna	NH	NH	(a)	NH	NH	(a)	NH	NH	(a)	2	0.48	(a)	0	2.63	(a)	12	9.47	(a)
	Monteswar	NH	NH	(a)	NH	NH	(a)	NH	NH	(a)	3	1.40	(a)	7	5.39	(a)	13	6.27	(a)
Total	31	9.21	2.12	6	3.09	6.40	5	1.21	8.14	21	12.88	11.54	47	39.56	30.28	96	62.13	64.36	
District average	3.88	1.15	0.26	0.75	0.89	1.08	0.62	0.15	1.52	2.62	1.61	1.42	5.88	4.94	3.76	12.00	8.14	10.73	
Birbhum.	Suri	8	2.78	0.29	1	0.75	0.90	1	0.23	1.04	2	0.58	1.08	10	6	6	18	7.22	10.25
	Hatampur	7	4.84	0.90	2	0.88	0.97	NH	NH	0.84	NH	0.09	1.14	7	2.24	3.78	11	8.95	10.21
	Hampurhat	7	2.11	0.47	1	0.25	0.88	NH	NH	0.99	1	0.12	1.39	10	2.44	3.58	12	7.61	10.48
	Polpur	3	1.18	0.44	1	0.30	0.70	NH	NH	0.95	1	0.98	1.05	5	2.66	4.04	8	5.73	9.15
	Mysoral	6	3.68	0.27	NH	NH	0.67	NH	NH	0.73	NH	NH	1.28	6	0.68	5.80	11	19.82	11.85
	Lalpur	2	0.98	0.33	1	0.58	0.60	1	0.19	1.10	NH	0.16	1.51	7	5.85	4.93	12	8.93	10.09
Total	20	16.13	2																

Province of Bengal for the year 1919.

JULY.			AUGUST.			SEPTEMBER.			OCTOBER.			NOVEMBER.			DECEMBER.			ANNUAL.		
Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.
14	4.51	14.86	28	26.11	13.84	7	6.46	11.02	2	1.47	8.81	3	4.37	1.32	NH	NH	0.26	84	69.51	68.84
16	22.72	14.95	22	32.34	13.66	7	2.72	10.52	6	8.80	4.71	2	2.01	0.30	NH	NH	0.18	88	93.03	68.43
20	18.66	14.84	26	21.27	11.33	9	2.33	10.51	4	0.63	3.77	1	1.20	0.1	NH	NH	0.24	95	67.78	64.87
18	12.20	13.44	18	26.72	12.79	11	10.81	10.05	4	0.45	4.61	1	1.62	1.66	NH	NH	0.08	77	75.97	63.11
18	11.99	12.55	23	23.32	12.18	8	2.58	9.88	1	0.44	3.23	2	1.55	0.65	NH	NH	0.07	71	63.68	61.61
11	13.76	12.14	20	10.41	11.24	7	3.31	8.79	5	1.58	4.67	2	1.44	0.74	NH	NH	0.35	82	51.52	58.23
19	12.85	12.45	22	20.20	11.82	5	3.37	9.89	7	3.18	4.22	2	2.06	0.59	NH	NH	0.20	90	68.49	60.99
13	12.22	11.48	14	14.90	11.11	13	7.51	9.28	3	1.63	4.11	2	2.25	0.59	NH	NH	0.21	78	61.40	59.53
16	24.18	13.36	14	16.89	11.60	13	10.38	8.77	4	1.43	4.41	2	3.47	0.59	NH	NH	0.26	81	78.2	82.49
140	128.12	118.86	182	182.24	109.87	80	49.47	99.01	31	16.06	41.79	17	22.5	7.15	NH	NH	2.08	48	632.11	566.99
15.68	4.24	13.21	20.22	30.26	12.21	8.89	5.19	9.89	3.78	1.67	4.61	1.60	2.41	0.40	NH	NH	0.22	80.11	70.27	67.58
16	18.56	10.53	13	9.98	11.62	9	10.80	8.41	2	0.30	3.11	3	1.40	0.70	NH	NH	0.19	80	59.72	6.97
15	14.11	10.88	16	9.48	10.81	11	8.73	7.89	3	2.42	4.10	2	1.31	0.71	NH	NH	0.11	82	58.83	58.39
16	14.32	10.39	15	7.95	11.73	11	8.37	8.71	6	1.74	4.10	2	1.22	0.55	NH	NH	0.15	88	5.96	59.60
14	17.8	10.65	17	10.22	11.23	14	7.12	8.16	3	3.17	3.74	3	0.91	0.65	NH	NH	0.15	84	67.26	5.16
13	7.10	10.73	12	2.73	10.58	6	4.18	9.25	2	0.47	4.12	1	0.55	0.4	NH	NH	0.19	60	29.24	60.79
10	6.18	7.87	8	4.09	8.06	6	3.21	3.97	NH	NH	2.01	2	1.00	0.40	NH	NH	0.11	43	21.97	59.86
86	78.52	61.04	80	16.18	63.17	60	42.66	46.38	16	8.10	21.01	11	6.29	3.09	NH	NH	1.01	15	2.672	320.66
14.33	13.09	10.17	13.31	7.53	10.53	10.00	7.11	7.73	3.67	1.35	3.65	2.17	1.02	0.67	NH	NH	0.17	72.48	48.12	53.11
17	12.01	11.76	16	6.01	11.04	9	6.38	9.47	2	2.72	3.79	1	0.35	0.64	NH	NH	0.13	71	48.40	56.40
19	10.44	10.86	21	8.12	11.71	12	5.59	10.19	5	3.24	3.69	1	0.68	0.34	NH	NH	0.13	90	43.95	58.38
20	8.01	11.33	16	10.72	13.06	15	4.52	9.14	2	0.55	4.15	1	0.68	0.67	NH	NH	0.11	53	30.29	60.43
15	10.83	10.69	17	9.02	11.29	14	5.04	9.10	1	0.76	3.43	1	0.19	0.11	NH	NH	0.10	79	49.11	54.16
16	10.78	11.15	14	10.38	11.18	15	10.38	9.96	6	1.41	3.48	1	0.68	0.17	NH	NH	0.10	84	48.05	54.16
15	13.76	11.11	11	7.24	10.44	13	9.65	10.19	4	1.29	3.82	2	0.41	0.48	NH	NH	0.10	80	51.39	55.16
14	12.09	11.12	17	12.92	9.30	10	9.89	8.79	6	7.34	3.15	1	0.68	0.61	NH	NH	0.07	72	61.28	54.20
14	12.81	9.53	16	7.65	8.11	9	1.4	6.95	3	1.70	2.41	2	1.04	0.61	NH	NH	0.08	74	16.27	46.89
9	10.09	10.34	16	6.11	10.69	9	2.33	9.1	1	1.1	2.00	1	1.51	0.49	NH	NH	0.11	69	51.42	54.17
9	7.87	10.34	18	6.45	12.73	10	8.83	5.41	2	2.71	3.60	1	0.1	0.30	NH	NH	0.16	81	16.06	56.24
182	109.16	109.43	166	88.60	119.02	114	73.65	92.95	41	20.89	34.68	12	6.49	5.3	NH	NH	1.14	781	494.01	519.92
16.20	10.92	10.94	16.80	8.66	11.00	1.40	7.37	9.28	4.10	2.09	3.16	1.11	0.70	0.31	NH	NH	0.11	78.49	49.10	54.98
20	15.87	10.72	16	13.47	10.16	11	9.63	7.51	5	1.38	4.27	2	2.01	0.81	NH	NH	0.15	90	63.84	60.23
16	17.64	12.05	20	10.37	11.27	12	4.31	8.38	2	2.00	1.71	2	2.12	0.91	NH	NH	0.20	80	60.65	60.12
20	16.69	10.36	17	9.84	11.71	12	7.93	9.22	5	3.51	4.35	2	1.09	0.19	NH	NH	0.16	96	62.16	62.42
21	20.22	10.61	13	6.93	9.76	9	10.63	8.61	4	1.80	3.20	2	1.12	0.83	NH	NH	0.16	52	61.61	61.09
18	21.00	11.11	10	12.21	11.62	11	10.62	9.04	7	3.19	4.46	2	1.65	0.58	NH	NH	0.25	32	70.03	60.08
96	92.11	54.56	98	62.82	63.82	57	13.92	42.74	21	10.88	21.59	10	8.05	3.66	NH	NH	0.36	147	315.32	310.54
19.00	18.12	10.98	17.00	10.56	10.76	11.10	8.78	9.65	4.90	2.15	4.32	2.00	1.60	0.80	NH	NH	0.19	9.10	66.65	62.07
19	23.74	12.87	22	14.89	11.17	14	12.64	8.52	6	2.44	4.56	2	3.15	0.67	NH	NH	0.20	94	51.18	63.01
24	10.63	14.83	23	18.27	12.10	11	14.15	9.19	2	2.21	4.82	2	4.00	0.97	NH	NH	0.18	84	59.68	70.20
22	20.06	12.86	28	17.80	11.52	7	12.55	8.51	4	1.89	3.45	2	2.62	0.75	NH	NH	0.20	93	84.01	68.06
24	16.39	18.74	24	23.72	12.10	11	20.23	12.13	5	1.80	6.70	3	1.53	0.75	NH	NH	0.11	98	97.77	81.06
15	9.88	13.04	20	10.78	11.36	10	10.23	8.62	10	0.68	4.90	2	3.80	0.84	NH	NH	0.10	84	88.41	62.42
20	23.06	16.65	17	12.27	13.85	8	9.00	10.86	1	1.52	4.15	2	3.19	0.75	NH	NH	0.10	82	7.02	73.01
20	14.96	14.41	27	13.25	13.11	6	11.24	9.44	11	2.09	4.10	1	1.11	1.16	NH	NH	0.16	120	73.43	68.67
20	22.00	12.85	21	14.97	11.49	18	6.75	9.01	6	3.14	6.02	1	2.68	0.48	NH	NH	0.12	75	71.06	60.34
20	17.26	15.61	20	14.55	13.24	13	22.48	9.84	6	3.21	3.60	2	3.70	0.63	NH	NH	0.11	94	81.13	72.08
20	38.41	16.84	24	17.38	16.80	17	7.42	11.16	4	2.29	5.52	4	5.30	1.06	NH	NH	0.23	104	43.43	84.59
19	28.88	17.32	21	17.56	14.22	11	12.67	10.70	8	2.21	5.52	2	4.70	1.25	NH	NH	0.20	103	114.12	87.95
17	17.51	16.20	19	12.72	11.11	12	15.1	10.89	4	7.57	4.54	1	3.17	0.74	NH	NH	0.14	92	76.65	69.52
240	244.51	180.51	248	106.90	164.83	153	178.35	119.16	73	36.78	60.48	21	44.30	10.21	NH	NH	1.91	1,168	1,065.48	801.93
20.00	20.28	16.04	21.56	16.41	12.89	11.75	14.48	9.65	6.08	3.08	6.01	2.00	3.70	0.85	NH	NH	0.15	96.58	86.29	71.83
16	11.14	11.52	17	7.68	10.80	10	6.01	7.93	3	1.25	3.62	2	0.90	0.81	NH	NH	0.17	85	52.41	59.41
16	13.04	12.37	16	13.16	11.39	9	5.37	4.36	3	1.74	4.25	2	0.95	0.60	NH	NH	0.17	77	58.23	57.05
19	11.1	11.16																		

Monthly and Annual Rainfall Table in the

Division

District

STATION.

JANUARY.

FEBRUARY.

MARCH.

APRIL.

MAY.

JUNE.

Number of rainy days.

Rainfall.

Normal rainfall.

Number of rainy days.

Rainfall.

Normal rainfall.

Number of rainy days.

Rainfall.

Normal rainfall.

Number of rainy days.

Rainfall.

Normal rainfall.

Number of rainy days.

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Province of Bengal for the year 1919.

JULY.			AUGUST.			SEPTEMBER.			OCTOBER.			NOVEMBER.			DECEMBER.			ANNUAL.		
Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.
18	21.06	12.42	16	18.81	11.88	13	12.30	8.53	3	1.44	3.31	3	0.27	0.45	NH	NH	0.18	86	88.37	54.03
17	8.31	11.45	24	13.82	12.41	11	6.27	8.45	2	3.23	2.71	2	0.46	0.54	NH	NH	0.15	89	51.08	56.54
30	12.31	11.07	30	12.31	10.83	11	8.39	7.53	3	0.60	2.70	1	0.39	0.43	NH	NH	0.13	84	50.86	50.43
17	11.48	12.53	19	20.43	11.08	10	4.77	9.36	4	1.24	3.15	2	0.57	0.70	NH	NH	0.10	82	60.25	53.82
17	14.49	11.24	18	13.49	9.72	10	10.50	8.12	4	2.97	2.48	2	0.70	0.65	NH	NH	0.12	81	50.84	51.28
14	14.88	12.65	19	15.17	11.66	9	7.79	8.53	3	2.61	2.63	1	0.43	0.66	NH	NH	0.13	78	57.30	56.40
16	10.45	9.87	17	10.25	8.78	11	10.11	7.99	2	0.98	2.33	2	0.58	0.32	NH	NH	0.09	73	48.48	45.16
14	11.66	11.66	22	15.52	10.83	10	7.89	7.92	8	0.53	2.36	1	0.41	0.62	NH	NH	0.09	79	52.98	50.99
17	11.41	12.57	19	15.79	12.10	8	9.77	9.18	5	3.89	3.33	2	0.80	0.61	NH	NH	0.17	87	61.29	59.05
17	14.50	12.16	14	14.05	10.74	10	6.19	8.24	2	0.44	2.52	2	0.49	0.66	NH	NH	0.11	74	45.76	52.79
11	10.66	(n)	20	11.09	(n)	10	10.08	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	2	0.34	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	86	47.74	(n)
16	8.32	(n)	17	10.65	(n)	9	7.04	(n)	4	3.10	(n)	2	0.55	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	81	62.07	(n)
12	8.96	(n)	10	11.25	(n)	11	11.08	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	2	0.30	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	84	44.71	(n)
16	7.88	(n)	20	17.05	(n)	10	4.44	(n)	2	2.48	(n)	2	0.54	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	82	52.19	(n)
10	10.64	(n)	19	12.98	(n)	8	8.00	(n)	2	1.45	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	69	48.21	(n)
14	6.47	(n)	20	12.97	(n)	3	6.99	(n)	1	1.52	(n)	8	0.62	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	80	48.63	(n)
14	10.45	(n)	17	12.79	(n)	6	5.49	(n)	3	0.72	(n)	1	0.33	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	70	44.76	(n)
16	11.99	(n)	19	12.31	(n)	10	13.16	(n)	4	1.90	(n)	1	0.26	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	71	51.37	(n)
10	6.41	(n)	16	12.50	(n)	7	7.70	(n)	3	3.45	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	34	39.56	(n)
16	12.24	(n)	17	18.41	(n)	9	5.12	(n)	1	0.15	(n)	2	0.14	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	70	50.00	(n)
2	6.45	(n)	12	14.97	(n)	6	3.91	(n)	4	2.25	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	48	61.92	(n)
14	8.83	(n)	18	11.81	(n)	9	4.41	(n)	3	3.04	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	66	44.98	(n)
14	9.92	(n)	17	12.10	(n)	6	3.27	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	64	46.27	(n)
16	9.58	(n)	17	17.00	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	4	3.20	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	74	60.92	(n)
251	261.91	119.20	423	240.65	111.00	309	179.71	82.29	67	59.53	27.61	32	8.77	5.52	NH	NH	1.80	176.61	267.35	821.10
14.62	10.91	11.92	18.04	14.19	11.10	8.71	7.49	8.40	2.79	1.65	2.75	1.23	0.37	0.55	NH	NH	0.13	73.58	52.81	53.11
12	6.78	12.71	21	14.58	12.42	8	4.63	11.15	2	0.46	6.75	2	2.98	1.28	NH	NH	0.26	80	72.42	65.01
15	12.24	12.46	12	12.40	12.70	2	4.25	9.06	4	1.93	3.98	3	4.40	0.82	NH	NH	0.19	74	64.72	59.08
12	8.03	12.00	18	20.29	11.84	9	4.61	8.61	4	1.64	3.71	1	0.98	0.80	NH	NH	0.24	81	60.94	57.24
16	11.66	12.42	15	20.05	12.60	7	2.64	9.55	4	4.34	2.15	1	0.55	0.70	NH	NH	0.21	70	54.23	59.00
18	12.59	12.78	17	21.40	11.81	8	2.29	9.98	5	2.43	4.20	9	1.52	0.47	NH	NH	0.09	81	64.21	61.93
14	10.39	11.02	19	10.48	12.87	13	7.95	8.99	2	1.63	2.88	3	0.62	0.84	NH	NH	0.19	88	67.29	59.64
16	12.96	11.58	19	12.91	11.44	7	4.08	9.05	4	0.57	3.23	2	0.85	1.03	NH	NH	0.19	87	50.12	57.25
12	9.98	11.53	17	10.89	11.18	9	4.03	9.34	2	0.60	4.46	2	2.50	0.49	NH	NH	0.14	77	61.11	58.08
7	9.00	12.92	11	11.20	12.23	7	6.15	8.85	1	0.40	2.07	1	0.25	0.43	NH	NH	0.40	46	44.12	52.84
16	9.20	13.16	17	18.99	10.86	5	4.84	9.51	3	1.27	3.79	2	1.77	0.71	NH	NH	0.08	78	60.43	61.14
12	8.48	11.77	19	16.36	11.20	7	2.90	8.20	2	1.49	4.23	2	1.92	0.73	NH	NH	0.20	77	62.81	61.64
7	8.49	12.57	14	14.74	10.38	5	3.29	9.29	2	1.29	5.26	1	0.12	1.08	NH	NH	0.08	53	52.08	58.48
12	6.07	(n)	17	11.00	(n)	4	2.08	(n)	2	2.55	(n)	2	2.05	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	69	47.65	(n)
15	10.44	10.04	13	12.24	10.26	11	6.04	10.32	5	2.08	4.73	2	0.94	0.40	NH	NH	0.19	93	64.25	55.17
15	8.20	12.06	16	18.21	9.73	10	7.28	9.13	5	4.12	4.75	2	0.56	0.31	NH	NH	0.31	86	67.59	55.15
12	7.20	11.85	16	17.29	7.13	9	4.06	8.91	8	2.44	3.72	1	0.78	1.28	NH	NH	0.21	76	56.81	50.08
19	9.28	14.41	22	10.21	10.27	6	2.47	9.98	5	2.11	5.16	2	1.20	1.63	NH	NH	0.46	98	53.87	70.21
8	6.17	11.51	12	17.59	9.84	3	2.85	9.62	2	1.45	6.04	2	4.18	1.52	NH	NH	0.05	60	59.70	59.23
10	12.27	14.01	21	15.67	9.54	5	5.62	10.92	4	1.72	5.84	2	2.48	0.96	NH	NH	0	85	72.65	63.00
10	7.80	12.04	21	16.15	11.76	7	1.75	7.47	7	2.20	8.44	2	2.30	1.21	NH	NH	0.05	78	59.43	59.47
16	9.12	12.14	21	20.18	11.89	7	5.32	9.16	6	2.37	4.85	2	3.01	1.23	NH	NH	0.16	81	74.44	64.54
16	8.26	11.47	20	13.17	9.90	9	6.19	7.00	3	1.30	6.05	1	1.51	1.00	NH	NH	0.05	84	63.47	60.29
12	24.50	11.97	31	14.75	10.21	10	3.02	8.63	2	0.50	4.04	4	1.65	0.75	NH	NH	0	78	78.90	56.81
14	7.21	14.64	14	14.40	9.27	8	2.60	6.71	4	1.20	4.09	NH	0.66	NH	NH	0.01	78	64.20	57.20	
13	11.97	15.40	16	17.81	12.35	5	1.68	9.86	3	2.47	6.32	1	0.84	0.20	NH	NH	0.26	66	58.04	76.07
228	248.54	209.18	439	408.64	263.95	187	108.71	219.72	89	46.37	111.83	44	28.19	21.98	NH	NH	4.17	19.19	184.40	1445.74
13.62	9.04	12.47	17.56	16.35	11.00	7.48	4.22	9.16	3.56	1.48	4.66	1.76	1.53	0.92	NH	NH	0.17	76.78	61.79	60.24
11	10.51	12.62	15	8.51	11.20	6	2.43	9.05	2	0.62	4.10	2	0.93	0.64	NH	NH	0.21	69	41.68	58.73
15	11.92	11.02	17	10.37	10.22	10	5.63	8.17	1	0.56	3.62	2	1.34	0.68	NH	NH	0.20	76	49.05	56.06
16	12.16	12.64	19	19.09	12.38	8	5.28	8.74	4	1.16	3.47	2	0.63	0.53	NH	NH	0.17	79	56.29	57.97
42	24.61	26.18	51	37.67	24.20	24	14.44	25.97	7</											

Monthly and Annual Rainfall Table in the

Division.	District.	Station.	JANUARY.			FEBRUARY.			MARCH.			APRIL.			MAY.			JUNE.		
			Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.
Bhadrak.	Bhadrak.	Nitpur	NH	NH	0.81	NH	NH	1.18	NH	NH	0.78	3	3.45	0.80	3	3.80	5.71	14	9.60	11.48
		Nawabganj	2	0.98	0.13	NH	NH	0.43	NH	NH	0.92	2	1.38	1.20	7	6.02	7.73	12	15.60	18.80
		Gangarampur	2	0.84	0.27	NH	NH	0.85	1	0.25	0.77	NH	NH	1.44	6	4.43	6.80	14	5.73	12.40
		Churamon	2	0.77	0.29	NH	0.05	0.68	1	0.14	0.86	2	1.02	1.41	9	3.64	4.70	14	11.53	17.58
		Relganj	1	0.27	0.29	NH	NH	0.80	NH	NH	0.83	2	0.76	1.29	10	7.20	5.61	18	10.51	12.98
		Dinajpur (Obay.)	2	0.80	0.33	NH	0.03	0.64	NH	0.09	0.80	4	2.19	2.19	8	3.75	7.41	16	14.11	14.51
		Balughat	2	1.20	0.27	NH	NH	0.76	NH	NH	1.04	1	0.72	1.18	10	3.57	7.65	15	10.98	16.58
		Thakurgaon	1	0.82	0.28	NH	0.09	0.72	NH	NH	1.04	1	0.72	1.18	6	3.80	6.96	15	15.05	18.25
		Setabganj	1	0.45	0.13	NH	NH	0.72	1	0.15	1.14	3	1.15	1.60	2	3.62	6.76	12	11.77	16.22
		Ranganj	1	0.70	0.19	NH	0.09	0.66	NH	NH	0.93	1	1.08	2.09	5	3.13	8.22	17	28.02	19.84
		Atwari	2	0.68	0.12	NH	NH	0.43	NH	NH	1.41	1	1.01	3.42	10	7.08	8.98	16	18.30	16.80
		Birganj	2	0.55	0.18	NH	NH	0.59	NH	NH	1.20	2	1.00	3.12	10	7.08	8.98	16	18.30	16.80
		Parbatipur	1	0.22	0.11	NH	NH	0.94	NH	0.10	4.13	4	1.47	3.44	9	5.45	8.80	17	13.43	13.40
		Total	19	8.16	3.89	NH	0.26	9.78	2	0.74	12.21	27	16.23	24.25	93	60.12	92.26	190	101.71	122.43
		District average	1.40	0.82	0.28	NH	0.02	0.75	0.22	0.06	0.94	2.06	1.25	1.87	7.15	4.63	7.09	14.62	13.98	14.65
Jalpaiguri.	Jalpaiguri.	Jalpaiguri (Obay.)	2	0.62	0.27	NH	0.06	0.59	NH	0.01	1.95	4	3.08	1.82	8	5.25	11.16	18	27.14	24.84
		Alipur Duars	3	0.56	0.34	NH	0.05	0.81	NH	0.01	1.95	8	8.22	9.92	15	10.64	14.60	18	26.61	29.29
		Falakata	1	0.46	0.11	1	0.10	0.64	NH	NH	1.41	6	4.16	4.13	10	9.22	11.96	16	30.99	32.77
		Dohriganj	1	0.82	0.27	NH	0.08	0.84	NH	NH	1.17	2	3.06	3.16	10	7.02	9.84	17	28.68	18.70
		Bhagatpur	1	0.39	0.59	1	0.25	1.00	1	0.46	1.98	8	2.93	8.60	12	8.22	15.79	23	30.68	28.89
		Buxa	1	0.81	1.04	NH	NH	1.18	NH	NH	3.80	11	7.05	8.49	10	12.01	10.62	24	51.20	24.15
		Kalchini	1	0.33	0.26	NH	0.11	1.74	NH	0.03	1.95	11	7.34	6.29	11	8.25	14.60	23	33.54	26.05
		Kumargram	1	0.40	0.47	1	0.20	1.35	NH	NH	2.55	12	11.25	7.44	13	16.97	17.49	20	36.22	30.79
		Total	12	4.05	3.85	3	0.48	7.83	1	0.50	10.40	59	47.19	46.81	103	77.69	110.96	159	241.19	216.88
		District average	1.20	0.51	0.48	0.38	0.10	0.95	0.13	0.08	1.98	7.27	5.90	6.72	12.98	9.71	14.37	10.87	30.16	27.09
Darjeeling.	Darjeeling.	Siliguri	4	0.70	0.42	1	0.10	0.78	1	0.45	1.32	4	0.97	3.61	12	3.80	10.81	19	27.90	26.00
		Darjeeling (Obay.)	3	0.59	0.64	3	2.19	1.00	4	1.16	1.75	10	6.40	3.98	12	8.50	8.82	23	20.12	28.89
		Kalimpoung	2	0.71	0.62	4	1.16	0.81	3	0.70	1.53	5	2.39	3.00	14	4.81	3.23	20	18.42	10.84
		Monghoo	2	0.74	0.62	4	1.13	1.10	3	1.79	1.92	8	5.35	4.25	15	6.33	6.61	21	26.25	24.65
		Kurseong	2	0.64	0.72	3	0.43	1.15	2	0.48	1.92	7	5.21	4.01	11	6.60	12.01	24	45.88	31.16
		Redong	3	0.73	0.67	4	1.23	1.10	3	0.97	2.11	11	6.88	4.97	19	14.11	8.57	26	30.79	19.21
		Total	16	4.41	3.78	19	6.25	5.92	16	5.65	10.44	46	37.30	23.02	46	46.15	55.16	131	169.46	140.47
		District average	2.67	0.73	0.62	3.17	1.04	0.99	2.67	0.93	1.74	7.50	4.65	3.99	14.33	7.69	9.19	21.13	28.74	23.41
Raipur.	Raipur.	Bhawaniganj (Gobindganj)	2	0.50	0.25	NH	NH	0.73	1	0.23	1.26	3	0.71	2.98	9	5.86	10.14	17	20.03	16.45
		Rampur (Obay.)	2	0.44	0.46	NH	0.09	0.60	NH	0.05	1.21	4	0.60	3.09	9	7.52	10.28	15	18.66	17.78
		Pirganj	1	0.40	0.16	NH	NH	0.90	NH	NH	0.81	2	2.55	2.89	9	7.92	10.23	11	14.84	10.47
		Kuriganj	2	0.27	0.40	NH	NH	0.27	1	0.94	1.76	5	2.00	4.21	10	8.75	14.19	16	21.88	21.73
		Gobindganj	2	0.96	0.20	NH	NH	0.74	1	1.11	1.10	2	1.56	2.47	4	2.99	9.14	12	11.11	12.87
		Bagdogra (Nilphamari)	2	0.51	0.28	NH	0.08	0.68	NH	0.05	1.15	2	0.88	2.94	7	6.65	10.00	16	19.53	19.92
		Ulubur	2	0.58	0.25	NH	NH	0.60	NH	NH	1.20	4	1.25	4.08	10	7.63	13.57	19	17.33	16.41
		Sunderganj	2	0.79	0.22	NH	NH	0.54	1	0.15	1.36	4	1.00	3.44	9	7.60	11.42	11	14.47	16.25
		Saidpur	2	0.64	0.05	NH	NH	0.72	NH	NH	1.32	NH	NH	2.15	10	4.77	10.49	18	17.19	14.80
		Total	17	5.19	2.47	NH	0.10	6.08	4	1.81	11.27	27	11.55	28.08	77	59.49	100.03	126	152.82	152.66
		District average	1.99	0.56	0.27	NH	0.01	0.68	0.44	0.20	1.26	2	1.26	8.12	8.94	6.91	11.11	14	16.96	16.96
Rogra.	Rogra.	Sherpur	2	0.72	0.44	NH	0.02	0.77	NH	NH	1.18	3	8.16	2.40	7	2.74	7.95	9	5.75	11.70
		Nowkhilla	3	1.20	0.39	NH	NH	0.87	NH	NH	1.24	4	2.89	2.44	8	6.18	9.18	11	11.94	13.49
		Rogra (Obay.)	3	1.32	0.42	NH	0.02	0.88	3	0.75	1.11	1	1.18	2.40	6	3.18	8.66	19	5.99	18.81
		Panchabhi	2	1.06	0.33	1	0.22	0.80	NH	0.09	1.02	4	1.03	3.08	10	7.49	7.67	12	10.88	11.93
		Khetlail	2	1.05	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	1	0.25	(n)	1	0.75	(n)	23	10.86	(n)
		Total	12	5.26	1.54	1	0.26	3.32	3	0.94	4.56	12	8.67	9.22	29	20.24	38.46	62	45.86	50.93
District average	2.6	1.07	0.40	0.2	0.06	0.82	0.80	0.17	1.14	2.6	1.71	2.38	5.80	4.07	8.27	13.60	8.77	11.73		
Pabna.	Pabna.	Shebsadpur	2	0.65	0.04	NH	NH	0.28	1	0.32	1.94	7	8.82	3.12	10	3.76	7.21	10	7.23	11.02
		Pabna	2	0.60	0.32	1	0.30	0.95	NH	NH	1.35	6	9.26	3.14	10	2.74	7.65	12	7.87	11.28
		Sirajganj (Obay.)	2	0.54	0.29	NH	0.03	0.89	1	0.30	1.34	5	2.22	3.26	5	4.60	8.01	14	8.07	12.09
		Hara	2	0.45	0.02	1	0.21	0.80	NH	NH	0.89	5	2.51	2.44	7	3.25	7.19	11	5.49	11.88
		Total	8.00	2.44	0.78	2	0.54	2.87		0.52	3.42	23	10.71	11.97	32	14.47	20.26	45	28.23	46.28
District average	2.00	0.61	0.20	0.50	0.14	0.64	0.50	0.13	1.35	5.75	2.68	2.99	8.25	3.62	7.50	12.00	7.06	11.57		
Malda.	Malda.	Malda (Obay.)	2	1.58	0.52	1	0.26	0.79	NH	0.04	0.75	1	0.60	1.01	6	4.02	4.31	10	11.29	10.10
		Chanchal	2	1.00	0.66	1	0.10	0.84	NH	0.11	0.67	2	1.90	1.98	6	3.94	4.95	16	10.01	11.49
		Basol	4	1.54	0.86	1	0.17	0.75	1	0.22	0.67	2	2.53	1.11	6	2.00	4.25	11	12.80	8.98
		Sibganj	4	2.78	0.55	1	0.22	0.81	NH	NH	0.84	1	0.25	1.02	9	4.39	5.22	10	9.14	9.93
		Gomatespur	3	1.98	0.15	1	0.16	1.18	1	0.10	0.89	2	0.28	1.48	4	1.75	5.19	10	10.99	10.08
		Nawabganj	3	2.22	0.96	NH	NH	0.92	NH	NH	1.20	NH	NH	1.48	5	4.59	5.99	12	17.23	11.23
		Total	24	11.78	2.96	5.00	0.94	5.20	2	0.57	4.82	10	5.66	7.10	35	30.36	29.10	72	71.65	68.27
District average	4	1.86	0.49	0.63	0.16	0.88	0.23	0.10	0.80	1.97	0.96	1.22	6.82	4.84	4.84	12.00	11.26	10.85		

Province of Bengal for the year 1919.

JULY.			AUGUST.			SEPTEMBER.			OCTOBER.			NOVEMBER.			DECEMBER.			ANNUAL.		
Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.
19	19.81	12.04	17	14.80	10.83	15	8.57	8.80	4	4.08	3.78	NH	NH	0.42	NH	NH	0.01	74	62.41	57.19
16	12.07	16.47	14	7.84	13.04	15	10.80	11.78	4	11.94	3.89	NH	0.20	0.20	NH	NH	...	75	46.16	71.78
15	10.07	15.31	13	7.16	12.05	9	9.30	10.46	6	7.89	3.87	NH	NH	0.16	NH	NH	0.20	68	54.37	66.08
18	12.33	13.63	11	6.46	12.00	13	6.32	11.30	2	2.11	2.08	NH	NH	0.29	NH	NH	0.11	75	45.07	60.58
21	16.74	14.84	15	8.70	13.06	16	14.15	10.37	5	4.52	3.25	NH	NH	0.21	NH	NH	0.12	83	62.23	64.42
26	16.58	15.15	14	6.40	13.25	18	12.43	12.07	5	3.17	4.81	NH	NH	0.17	NH	NH	0.07	81	62.13	69.80
18	21.16	12.35	14	7.94	11.73	13	11.71	10.18	5	6.09	3.75	1	0.15	0.25	NH	NH	0.09	79	69.10	61.72
17	12.49	10.97	14	8.32	16.05	17	13.79	14.31	6	3.01	3.81	NH	NH	0.22	NH	NH	0.05	81	62.97	58.64
17	15.00	14.78	11	6.80	14.04	14	9.58	11.39	5	2.75	3.76	NH	NH	0.20	NH	NH	0.08	72	56.13	70.16
21	18.73	15.59	14	6.58	15.24	15	13.47	12.08	4	2.02	3.76	NH	NH	0.22	NH	NH	0.02	70	61.04	74.62
12	10.80	26.78	5	9.36	22.28	11	24.03	13.78	NH	NH	3.94	NH	NH	...	NH	NH	0.02	54	79.94	100.22
18	12.16	18.34	11	7.40	13.52	15	16.12	10.47	6	4.50	3.67	NH	NH	0.37	NH	NH	0.08	81	67.14	74.60
21	12.22	16.00	7	8.88	14.25	18	12.68	10.77	10	6.06	3.81	NH	NH	0.41	NH	NH	0.06	87	57.89	72.18
200	205.34	210.12	160	108.17	186.04	165	163.05	149.08	69	58.93	45.05	2	0.25	3.22	NH	NH	0.91	978	799.07	927.02
17.70	15.80	16.16	18.31	7.94	14.21	14.25	12.64	11.46	5.30	4.61	3.47	0.16	0.02	0.26	NH	NH	0.07	75.23	61.47	71.31
21	26.19	29.84	17	11.55	25.00	17	17.61	22.09	4	4.30	4.77	NH	NH	0.31	NH	NH	0.12	91	94.81	124.52
22	21.69	22.18	13	10.21	25.24	20	30.50	22.44	11	4.34	4.38	1	0.16	0.20	NH	NH	0.16	110	137.08	139.01
22	27.68	27.34	16	13.09	22.63	22	27.03	17.34	9	3.84	3.84	NH	NH	0.26	NH	NH	0.13	106	107.10	113.89
20	17.81	19.42	11	6.24	16.94	11	12.37	14.42	6	4.85	3.88	NH	NH	0.20	NH	NH	0.05	78	78.90	67.97
27	22.42	27.70	18	11.31	32.67	18	35.44	24.36	9	12.08	9.88	NH	NH	0.81	NH	NH	0.26	118	142.39	155.75
25	51.77	50.36	13	8.53	46.19	22	42.74	30.99	14	13.06	10.08	4	1.65	0.91	NH	NH	0.05	130	160.11	209.53
22	39.64	34.91	19	18.21	33.44	20	36.53	13.73	11	10.94	5.60	2	0.19	0.71	NH	NH	0.19	116	160.91	144.88
24	34.01	40.70	11	12.88	30.26	19	40.90	21.03	11	8.67	8.10	2	0.46	0.79	1	0.10	0.32	117	170.26	164.25
186	285.11	272.46	110	88.06	221.37	149	143.42	175.44	75	76.64	49.21	9	2.94	4.21	1	0.10	1.93	886	970.72	1138.96
22.12	26.01	34.06	13.75	11.01	28.92	18.63	17.03	21.93	9.38	9.58	6.15	1.1	0.37	0.58	0.12	0.01	0.24	108.26	121.84	142.37
22	43.06	22.40	14	10.75	27.32	21	33.13	20.60	6	5.30	5.40	NH	NH	0.49	NH	NH	0.12	104	127.18	128.66
16	35.69	32.15	18	20.43	26.70	30	24.27	17.64	1	0.79	5.06	1	0.74	0.62	NH	NH	0.24	126	131.18	130.92
22	21.50	24.40	19	12.63	19.37	19	14.99	11.97	1	0.19	2.97	NH	0.01	0.72	NH	NH	0.21	209	80.20	88.17
26	27.50	31.19	21	18.37	27.04	17	17.90	17.12	2	0.86	4.76	NH	0.01	0.79	NH	NH	0.26	117	106.28	121.44
28	22.27	44.04	24	21.00	28.81	20	27.68	22.81	3	1.37	5.92	NH	NH	0.57	NH	NH	0.20	134	103.36	161.85
25	27.36	33.82	24	16.40	22.53	23	19.06	14.19	1	0.26	3.74	2	0.28	0.85	1	0.23	0.28	140	106.43	102.22
149	206.77	188.03	120	102.53	157.78	120	137.03	105.38	14	8.77	27.14	3	1.4	2.92	1.4	0.22	1.84	729	715.60	723.86
24.63	24.16	31.34	20	17.09	28.30	20	22.44	17.65	2.33	1.46	4.52	0.50	0.19	0.67	0.17	0.04	0.31	120	119.27	120.64
17	16.68	12.83	10	4.01	12.02	9	8.51	12.21	7	10.34	5.37	1	0.40	0.28	NH	NH	0.10	78	67.07	73.72
21	16.42	15.86	13	5.27	12.11	18	8.16	13.81	8	12.51	4.89	NH	0.04	0.21	NH	NH	0.06	89	68.37	61.04
14	22.23	14.02	4	1.75	13.60	10	10.09	12.42	5	10.63	4.29	NH	NH	0.54	NH	NH	0.12	61	71.10	75.47
19	21.86	18.66	9	5.87	12.51	13	12.74	14.29	7	13.92	4.78	NH	NH	0.27	NH	NH	0.12	82	87.68	90.19
24	20.46	12.98	14	9.90	14.95	14	11.25	13.11	6	3.83	4.87	NH	NH	0.53	NH	NH	0.07	78	63.16	72.97
19	19.07	16.88	7	3.86	15.56	14	15.07	14.42	4	4.07	3.87	NH	NH	0.16	NH	NH	0.09	71	64.67	66.08
20	20.61	12.30	14	6.06	12.36	13	13.09	12.77	6	16.31	5.69	NH	NH	0.36	NH	NH	0.06	88	83.78	82.75
19	21.07	14.36	9	3.44	12.90	16	17.57	12.71	4	8.22	5.30	NH	NH	0.38	NH	NH	0.09	75	74.39	74.23
19	14.09	15.90	8	3.40	14.25	15	13.03	11.51	5	5.71	3.11	NH	NH	0.31	NH	NH	0.07	72	58.76	74.26
176	167.17	181.74	87	42.04	118.86	126	110.49	118.25	51	86.14	42.47	1	0.44	3.01	NH	NH	0.78	692	627.75	715.70
19.56	18.27	14.64	9.67	4.84	13.21	11	12.28	12.14	5.67	9.46	4.72	0.10	0.1	0.33	NH	NH	0.09	76.89	70.86	79.52
18	16.96	12.40	15	2.67	11.91	12	5.79	10.29	3	1.88	4.17	NH	NH	0.81	NH	NH	0.18	59	44.13	63.95
11	12.62	12.55	14	7.70	11.65	11	8.16	10.73	4	2.35	4.34	1	0.20	0.68	NH	NH	0.12	64	52.60	67.98
19	16.74	18.40	15	11.06	12.83	14	11.94	10.97	2	1.24	4.31	1	0.49	0.60	NH	NH	0.09	79	55.62	69.28
22	22.41	12.47	12	5.94	11.68	18	10.92	11.38	7	6.83	4.19	1	0.40	0.30	NH	NH	0.10	92	67.27	83.96
20	6.56	(n)	15	5.25	(n)	15	6.28	(n)	5	2.85	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	NH	NH	(n)	82	34.06	(n)
90	77.26	50.82	72	27.62	9.07	70	42.09	42.37	24	15.25	17.21	3	1.09	2.09	NH	NH	0.44	386	283.66	286.17
18	15.46	12.70	14.40	7.52	12.02	14.00	8.62	10.44	4.80	3.05	4.40	0.60	0.22	0.53	NH	NH	0.11	77.20	50.71	66.39
19	16.22	10.38	19	11.80	11.69	11	12.10	6.59	5	5.09	4.87	1	0.70	0.18	NH	NH	0.94	85	61.62	67.83
17	14.18	10.99	20	19.74	10.30	13	6.10	9.24	5	1.21	3.96	1	0.75	0.68	NH	NH	0.12	93	55.75	68.89
20	28.11	11.65	16	9.50	11.81	14	18.76	10.78	7	4.11	4.23	1	1.12	0.52	NH	NH</				

Monthly and Annual Rainfall Table in the

Division.	District.	Station.	JANUARY.			FEBRUARY.			MARCH.			APRIL.			MAY.			JUNE.		
			Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.
Dacca.	Dacca.	Munshiganj ...	2	0.50	0.40	NH	0.08	1.28	NH	0.02	3.02	10	7.82	8.27	6	2.56	10.16	16	9.71	14.26
		Dacca ...	2	0.30	0.26	NH	0.06	1.21	NH	0.06	2.29	9	7.48	8.09	12	5.25	10.08	16	5.99	12.39
		Nawabganj ...	NH	NH	0.21	NH	NH	0.91	1	0.10	3.78	10	9.43	7.21	9	8.82	9.03	18	8.88	16.31
		Narayanganj (Obay.) ...	2	0.31	0.22	NH	NH	1.20	1	0.46	2.66	9	7.12	6.61	7	6.25	10.04	14	7.82	12.91
		Narsingdi ...	2	0.30	0.22	NH	0.06	1.00	2	1.09	3.28	8	6.89	7.62	10	8.30	12.18	12	6.18	16.21
		Manikganj ...	2	0.49	0.42	NH	0.10	1.17	NH	1.23	1.23	11	8.56	4.90	12	5.09	9.24	14	5.92	11.52
		Joydebpur ...	1	0.47	0.40	NH	NH	0.98	1	0.60	2.11	7	6.01	5.74	2	5.23	10.45	12	4.28	14.28
		Kajaria ...	NH	0.01	0.48	NH	NH	0.64	NH	NH	2.16	8	2.21	7.06	2	1.08	9.68	12	4.87	10.08
		Total ...	11	2.47	2.87	NH	0.29	8.44	5	3.23	21.28	70	53.56	68.10	61	37.79	80.91	108	53.41	115.14
		District average ...	1.27	0.31	0.36	NH	0.04	1.06	0.62	0.39	2.67	8.75	6.94	6.01	7.62	4.72	10.11	13.60	6.68	14.48
Dacca.	Mymensingh.	Kishoreganj ...	2	0.81	0.67	NH	NH	0.98	2	0.52	2.27	2	6.20	6.15	8	9.02	12.26	14	16.96	18.82
		Atla (Fengad) ...	2	0.40	0.42	NH	NH	0.94	1	0.10	1.34	4	3.82	3.64	12	5.47	8.61	11	4.26	12.81
		Shermari ...	NH	NH	0.27	NH	NH	0.64	1	0.72	1.23	8	1.92	3.69	11	7.02	9.28	18	11.14	16.23
		Mymensingh (Obay.) ...	1	0.46	0.29	NH	NH	0.98	2	0.97	2.11	9	3.87	5.17	12	8.79	12.59	14	12.22	19.06
		Jamulpur ...	2	0.67	0.32	NH	NH	0.90	NH	NH	1.40	4	2.01	3.52	6	4.05	10.15	19	14.36	16.07
		Nokroona ...	2	0.42	0.32	NH	NH	0.95	NH	0.04	2.52	9	3.79	6.06	12	8.50	14.62	20	19.03	22.62
		Phazara ...	NH	NH	0.12	NH	NH	1.00	1	1.40	1.28	2	2.45	2.82	5	5.90	9.04	17	12.84	12.70
		Barisal ...	1	0.50	0.59	NH	NH	0.94	NH	NH	2.29	2	1.18	5.87	17	15.22	10.70	16	22.71	27.26
		Habarpur (Town) ...	NH	NH	0.41	NH	NH	0.78	NH	NH	1.79	9	4.23	4.82	8	4.79	11.77	18	8.22	18.97
		Dewanganj ...	2	0.59	0.81	NH	NH	0.66	2	0.75	1.43	4	2.31	3.21	6	5.75	12.47	15	14.60	16.99
Dacca.	Faridpur.	Nalhati ...	2	0.84	0.29	NH	NH	0.64	1	0.12	1.20	6	8.46	5.32	5	3.69	12.24	17	16.04	21.62
		Total ...	14	6.74	3.90	NH	NH	9.12	11	4.66	19.66	62	40.11	49.99	104	78.21	180.64	179	162.99	196.78
		District average ...	1.27	0.48	0.28	NH	NH	0.82	1.00	.42	1.78	5.84	3.88	4.58	9.45	7.11	11.88	18.27	14.90	17.40
	Faridpur.	Madaripur ...	2	0.85	0.50	2	0.84	1.06	1	0.15	2.41	12	11.87	4.20	7	2.25	8.51	18	12.78	12.76
		Faridpur ...	2	0.88	0.44	NH	0.04	1.21	NH	0.06	2.36	12	4.90	4.48	10	6.86	8.88	17	5.85	12.12
		Hasbani (Gauland) ...	2	0.57	0.42	1	0.14	1.17	NH	NH	0.92	7	5.28	4.11	11	8.61	8.24	15	6.97	12.41
		Haridaspur ...	2	0.50	0.20	2	1.84	1.10	1	0.13	1.48	10	8.14	5.05	6	3.80	10.54	20	10.70	14.88
		Takhat ...	1	0.28	0.49	1	0.21	0.78	1	0.12	1.21	12	9.82	5.74	5	3.45	11.72	20	11.42	20.09
		Blanga ...	1	1.05	0.10	1	0.12	1.49	1	0.15	2.06	11	10.07	8.81	9	4.03	8.72	20	16.12	12.16
		Pangsa ...	2	0.60	0.10	1	0.12	0.92	NH	NH	2.22	10	8.79	8.25	11	6.76	8.84	16	11.72	14.96
		Bulakhandi ...	1	0.90	0.20	1	0.10	1.31	NH	NH	2.43	6	6.76	4.60	10	7.34	10.77	16	8.98	14.07
		Blumna ...	2	0.20	0.24	NH	0.18	1.20	NH	NH	2.25	11	6.34	6.37	8	6.13	11.69	16	4.68	16.74
		Palong ...	1	0.22	0.22	1	0.16	1.67	NH	0.07	2.26	12	13.94	7.21	5	4.20	13.11	17	18.94	19.75
Dacca.	Dakerganj.	Total ...	16	5.85	3.12	11	2.29	11.81	4	0.68	21.65	104	77.95	50.72	82	52.94	102.13	176	107.72	160.32
		District average ...	1.60	0.66	0.31	1.10	0.22	1.18	0.40	0.07	2.17	10.40	7.79	5.07	8.20	5.22	10.21	17.80	10.77	15.02
	Dakerganj.	Patunhalli ...	1	0.21	0.29	2	2.22	1.28	1	0.24	2.15	11	10.82	3.79	5	2.84	10.29	21	18.60	21.78
		Barguna ...	1	0.21	0.41	2	1.15	1.88	NH	NH	2.89	6	6.46	4.55	9	6.62	9.90	19	12.94	20.80
		Pirampur ...	1	0.27	0.27	2	1.29	1.20	NH	NH	1.69	7	5.95	3.02	8	3.72	8.09	18	12.24	16.26
		Barisal ...	1	0.24	0.48	2	1.09	1.10	1	0.31	2.42	14	11.74	3.95	6	2.42	8.66	14	14.65	16.59
		Gournadi ...	1	0.24	0.24	2	0.82	1.06	1	0.40	2.45	18	10.94	4.20	5	1.70	8.45	22	13.96	18.22
		Dhola ...	1	0.25	0.26	2	0.20	0.86	2	0.23	2.14	13	10.74	4.29	6	2.20	8.24	21	22.22	18.54
		Damakhani ...	1	0.20	0.28	2	0.27	1.01	NH	NH	1.87	11	8.41	5.47	7	2.64	11.02	22	24.67	21.99
		Bauphal ...	1	0.20	0.48	2	1.01	1.04	NH	NH	1.65	11	10.03	4.10	7	2.90	10.08	22	23.08	17.14
		Total ...	8	1.94	2.41	22	8.72	9.25	6	1.18	17.08	88	71.69	22.27	52	27.05	75.02	157	146.81	145.42
		District average ...	1.00	0.24	0.42	2.88	1.09	1.16	0.75	0.15	2.12	11.00	8.95	4.17	6.80	3.88	9.28	19.82	18.25	18.18
Chittagong.	Chittagong.	Oor's Bazar ...	NH	0.12	0.06	1	0.26	0.42	NH	NH	1.25	6	5.12	3.00	4	1.49	10.71	22	27.07	20.29
		Chittagong ...	1	0.19	0.40	1	0.46	1.06	NH	NH	2.40	8	4.75	4.70	3	1.14	9.22	22	18.40	21.67
		Kutubdia ...	1	0.26	0.29	1	0.84	0.60	NH	NH	2.11	8	2.94	2.78	2	2.42	11.10	19	22.27	22.60
		Sattania ...	1	0.26	0.24	1	0.27	0.27	NH	NH	1.99	7	4.99	4.17	1	0.55	9.16	22	20.98	19.28
		Kotla ...	1	0.27	0.25	1	0.25	0.24	NH	NH	2.88	5	0.77	5.94	4	2.84	10.47	18	14.02	17.80
		Mirwara ...	1	0.15	0.11	1	0.12	0.25	NH	NH	2.65	5	0.41	6.04	6	3.28	10.67	16	24.67	22.59
		Total ...	5	1.25	1.75	6	1.90	4.14	NH	NH	12.41	40	20.68	26.91	20	12.48	69.08	118	146.01	120.12
		District average ...	0.83	0.25	0.29	1.00	0.32	0.69	NH	NH	2.24	7.67	5.15	4.48	3.22	2.25	10.24	19.67	24.63	22.52
	Tippera.	Gomilla ...	NH	NH	0.45	NH	NH	1.08	NH	NH	2.82	6	4.20	3.95	5	2.55	12.00	17	17.40	19.05
		Chandpur ...	1	0.25	0.45	1	0.71	1.09	NH	NH	2.25	9	7.22	5.14	5	1.74	9.22	17	18.90	15.64
		Brahmanbaria ...	NH	0.14	0.64	NH	0.04	1.15	2	1.25	2.22	5	8.42	4.22	6	2.46	12.69	12	5.28	15.85
		Ramchandrapur ...	1	0.17	0.27	NH	NH	0.99	1	0.12	2.42	8	6.82	7.94	7	10.02	11.02	18	16.48	12.99
		Nasiragar ...	NH	NH	0.40	NH	NH	0.94	2	0.99	2.96	8	5.91	4.02	7	6.88	12.45	10	6.70	16.26
		Daudkandi ...	2	0.44	0.41	NH	0.11	0.24	NH	NH	2.27	5	5.76	4.42	9	2.28	9.28	22	14.20	14.20
		Kasba ...	1	0.40	0.25	1	0.20	0.26	NH	NH	2.12	7	4.92	7.00	6	2.27	11.16	12	10.68	22.60
		Laksm ...	NH	0.17	0.50	NH	NH	1.25	NH	NH	2.27	9	5.22	6.60	7	5.72	11.42	12	17.86	14.42
		Total ...	5	1.67	2.27	2	1.10	5.40	6	2.98	22.52	62	46.02	50.72	51	28.28	90.54	129	102.64	120.40
		District average ...	0.62	0.30	0.41	0.26	0.14	1.06	0.75	0.27	2.92	7.66	5.75	5.24	3.22	4.68	11.28	16.0	12.94	16.08

Province of Bengal for the year 1919.

JULY.			AUGUST.			SEPTEMBER.			OCTOBER.			NOVEMBER.			DECEMBER.			ANNUAL.		
Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.
90	24.02	12.72	18	12.17	12.72	15	17.82	10.56	3	1.44	5.28	2	1.66	1.09	NH	NH	0.22	91	70.81	72.24
17	17.86	12.68	19	10.79	12.68	16	22.53	9.16	5	1.51	4.41	2	1.17	0.84	NH	NH	0.18	95	73.18	73.42
19	11.04	12.69	18	9.53	11.21	14	16.82	8.66	6	9.46	4.32	2	1.77	0.80	NH	NH	0.52	84	65.58	73.01
18	21.04	13.78	17	14.39	10.27	13	14.78	9.64	7	3.19	4.89	3	1.82	1.12	NH	NH	0.24	93	76.69	76.76
16	10.99	11.01	16	10.51	11.64	14	5.92	8.01	4	4.08	4.06	3	1.20	1.11	NH	NH	0.44	90	50.53	77.77
18	19.83	11.51	19	8.90	11.65	16	19.75	8.23	6	4.79	4.02	2	1.24	0.05	NH	NH	0.16	160	73.63	65.01
20	18.28	12.06	18	9.50	14.00	17	15.94	9.71	8	4.04	4.44	2	1.10	1.07	NH	NH	0.12	68	68.20	76.25
21	10.98	14.29	13	4.48	12.86	14	1.94	8.68	8	4.87	4.87	2	0.39	0.39	NH	NH	0.24	68	24.98	76.35
143	134.94	103.67	138	70.27	101.17	116	118.33	69.62	42	21.51	37.29	17	10.28	7.01	NH	NH	1.93	713	510.36	597.77
17.85	6.87	12.06	17.25	9.21	12.66	14.76	14.82	8.70	5.26	2.69	1.66	2.12	1.28	0.87	NH	NH	0.24	89.13	64.55	74.72
20	4.01	14.23	19	25.01	14.89	17	23.23	12.64	9	21.13	3.37	1	2.19	0.77	NH	NH	0.21	190	140.18	88.58
19	20.83	10.94	14	10.63	11.07	10	13.94	8.38	1	4.26	4.26	NH	NH	0.55	NH	NH	0.11	76	66.19	82.67
19	16.47	12.78	13	7.82	13.58	13	8.70	6.10	4	3.86	3.86	1	0.50	0.48	NH	NH	0.29	86	57.26	67.17
20	1.83	16.16	12	9.20	15.36	13	10.31	14.11	9	9.29	5.31	1	0.60	0.60	NH	NH	0.11	100	78.31	92.06
19	8.00	13.95	13	7.34	13.70	11	9.93	12.40	4	1.81	4.86	1	0.38	0.45	NH	NH	0.15	63	69.91	77.36
28	22.21	19.86	20	10.86	20.76	17	21.38	15.01	11	10.12	6.44	2	0.95	0.65	NH	NH	0.14	116	71.14	111.63
16	19.40	9.47	13	9.67	18.49	11	10.00	6.83	7	7.71	3.32	1	0.84	0	NH	NH	0.08	77	66.91	80.06
28	60.49	29.89	22	16.61	30.06	19	22.52	13.45	10	7.78	6.52	1	0.75	0.47	NH	NH	0.04	111	5.92	139.59
14	9	17.30	13	4.29	16.55	13	10.51	11.18	5	3.02	4.93	NH	NH	0.77	NH	NH	0.05	80	44.76	48.22
17	20.45	14.12	11	9.15	13.89	17	13.70	11.22	7	6.14	4.81	1	0.29	0.65	NH	NH	0.24	77	73.03	78.92
22	23.64	20.28	10	7.56	20.07	14	11.19	17.45	6	7.37	4.89	2	0.55	0.12	NH	NH	0.05	85	79.78	10.59
217	263.30	180.12	160	119.43	183.49	164	164.51	131.88	73	81.99	64.12	11	6.45	5.95	NH	NH	1.37	955	917.61	969.23
19.73	23.91	16.37	11.56	10.86	16.28	14.00	14.06	12.26	6.64	7.14	4.95	1.00	0.62	6.51	NH	NH	0.17	89.55	8.72	88.11
24	22.14	12.46	18	13.69	11.85	15	17.69	8.33	6	3.60	4.62	2	2.00	0.83	NH	NH	0.17	105	88.86	17.30
20	16.56	12.70	20	1.53	12.17	11	15.95	9.21	3	2.16	4.50	2	1.40	0.19	NH	NH	0.15	100	72.20	70.86
19	18.51	10.94	21	1.06	10.66	15	10.87	8.07	7	3.17	4.11	2	1.01	0.4	NH	NH	0.13	101	65.69	65.53
19	18.00	12.84	21	11.08	14.13	12	16.42	6.34	1	1.09	0.13	2	2.55	0.94	NH	NH	0.31	97	72.66	72.19
19	10.17	13.20	19	12.16	15.09	14	20.51	7.77	9	3.96	4.29	2	3.02	0.61	NH	NH	0.52	99	87.51	81.09
20	20.28	10.06	20	20.31	12.19	15	19.60	6.29	1	2.11	3.67	4	3.25	0.55	NH	NH	0.28	104	106.47	67.35
22	20.92	12.12	19	12.74	11.78	11	8.11	5.10	6	6.00	4.73	3	0.75	0.7	NH	NH	0.38	400	71.96	65.47
19	18.16	12.08	20	20.95	12.03	10	10.17	6.13	6	1.08	5.81	7	1.47	0.39	NH	NH	0.74	91	74.22	72.17
21	15.86	10.89	17	10.66	13.06	15	15.20	7.58	12	2.50	6.72	3	2.04	0.94	NH	NH	0.37	92	61.61	71.75
22	21.46	15.96	17	16.70	17.29	11	1.30	6.37	12	2.50	6.09	3	2.70	0.78	NH	NH	0.43	81	87.31	92.81
205	20.46	128.04	194	149.55	130.70	122	142.46	71.13	38	28.99	69.17	13	20.60	7.44	NH	NH	3.28	975	769.71	727.91
20.50	20.04	12.80	19.40	14.96	13.09	12.20	14.25	7.11	9.80	9.9	5.23	2.30	2.97	0.75	NH	NH	0.31	97.50	78.97	72.79
25	41.04	21.67	21	26.19	18.76	17	19.87	13.10	9	4.38	7.56	3	3.80	1.57	1	0.10	0.46	114	120.50	103.37
20	30.61	22.47	24	18.15	18.97	18	16.74	11.79	1	1.47	7.53	3	6.40	0.69	NH	NH	0.02	101	103.14	100.89
22	28.86	15.93	23	14.57	15.37	10	16.16	10.12	4	1.89	5.46	3	3.67	1.16	NH	NH	0.16	98	92.35	76.71
23	26.80	15.95	19	12.64	13.23	11	11.98	11.18	4	2.10	5.84	3	2.93	1.35	1	0.14	0.81	106	99.42	80.67
24	26.59	15.71	19	11.90	12.81	16	15.80	8.70	6	3.89	4.66	3	2.05	1.11	NH	NH	0.17	112	87.67	71.96
22	20.61	17.86	25	21.42	16.72	12	15.91	11.55	5	2.75	6.14	3	2.71	1.46	NH	NH	0.27	113	99.63	65.32
20	21.00	18.16	23	22.82	18.72	17	14.51	12.33	1	2.11	7.05	3	2.68	1.32	NH	NH	0.01	20	4.55	92.80
21	3.02	18.85	19	32.43	18.10	11	11.61	12.95	6	3.42	6.87	3	3.77	1.28	NH	NH	0.20	94	127.00	92.94
178	229.80	145.16	174	161.12	129.97	103	124.32	92.24	42	20.84	51.04	24	27.51	9.72	2	0.27	2.04	866	821.05	714.31
22.26	26.73	18.14	21.62	20.14	16.24	12.87	15.94	11.53	5.23	2.57	6.88	3.00	3.11	1.22	0.26	0.93	0.53	107.0	102.63	80.20
21	16.89	28.13	26	89.89	28.02	15	21.81	14.58	2	1.71	8.24	4	6.45	2.49	NH	NH	0.02	102	140.57	138.31
21	26.27	35.62	25	30.49	29.99	20	24.16	12.50	4	1.16	7.19	2	5.44	1.73	NH	NH	0.02	105	124.76	108.96
19	26.55	24.78	23	23.43	24.42	17	19.44	11.96	3	2.39	7.13	4	3.51	2.33	1	0.13	0.01	139	135.12	116.08
22	14.07	24.27	23	19.67	19.17	16	16.93	11.24	5	3.34	6.77	1	4.00	1.71	NH	NH	0.45	102	104.10	91.47
25	29.20	30.24	20	14.96	18.49	16	14.94	11.23	4	1.53	6.69	3	3.84	1.81	1	0.13	0.73	100	99.15	8.65
22	34.07	35.74	20	23.91	23.41	18	26.91	16.40	6	1.19	7.92	3	1.31	1.56	NH	NH	0.84	102	126.7	119.28
133	219.27	160.78	137	160.24	136.70	102	122.84	76.00	24	12.55	43.84	18	26.83	11.62	2	0.30	3.42	511	131.66	673.65
22.17	33.38	26.80	22.63	26.71	22.78	17.00	20.47	12.62	4.00	2.09	7.31	3.00	4.47	1.74	0.43	0.03	0.57	101.53	121.94	112.78
18	20.14	15.55	20	15.12	16.67	20	17.02	10.53	3	0.65	5.90	3	1.48	1.02	NH	NH	0.26	94	7.66	80.33
22	17.79	14.29	28	14.39	16.32	14	14.40	10.39	2	1.82	5.51	3	2.51	0.90	NH	NH	0.27	97	76.69	82.57
19	17.77	11.95	17	12.81	12.22	16	19.09	10.19	5	3.87	5.11	3	1.65	0.78	NH	NH	0.26	83	66.10	46.35
18	17.51	13.97	19	9.57	13.27	19	22.60	9.15	3	3.32	6.65	3	3.32	1.15	NH	NH	0.11	100	57.71	9.68
14	14.1	11.69	12	15.09	11.94	10	15.57	10.63	7	0.48	5.05	4	3.99	0.61	NH	NH	0.19	74	76.59	83.48
21	14.1	11.15	19	17.84	12.10	10	14.58	8.00	3	1.06	4.05	3	1.80	0.83	NH	NH	0.18	98	69.32	70.07
16	18.64	11.82	9	9.19	11.85	12	13.13	8.95	3	3.65	4.41	3	4.73	1.13	NH	NH	0.26	76	60.73	7.38
21	24.63	18.69	20	14.93	17.79	17	18.27	10.96	6	3.80	3.67	3	2.16	1.07	NH	NH	0.25	101	81.90	91.80
149	131.47	101.71	144	101.64	112.06	118	127.43	78.70	48	23.08	41.39	24	21.43	7.80	NH	NH	1.84	733	595.41	655.37
16.62	16.43	13	14.00	12.69	14.01	14.75	16.93	9.84	4.12	3.88	9.17	3.00	3.68	0.97	NH	NH	0.23	90.37	74.43	81.02

(*) Rain gauge damaged by cyclone of September 24th.

Monthly and Annual Rainfall Table in the

Division.	District.	STATION.	JANUARY.			FEBRUARY.			MARCH.			APRIL.			MAY.			JUNE.		
			Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.
Chittagong	Noakhali	Noakhali	1	0.23	0.26	2	0.62	1.15	Nil	0.04	2.87	10	9.22	5.31	5	2.18	11.35	23	25.95	33.47
		Feni	1	0.30	0.26	Nil	0.03	1.03	Nil	Nil	3.26	8	5.40	6.09	7	3.44	11.53	31	33.42	33.08
		Hariপুর	Nil	0.04	0.29	2	0.33	0.92	Nil	Nil	2.21	11	5.35	4.55	5	3.35	10.90	19	31.76	22.20
		Rangamati	1	0.33	0.27	Nil	Nil	1.00	Nil	Nil	2.03	10	7.93	4.55	4	1.80	9.89	20	35.20	16.40
		Chhagalnaya	1	0.33	0.20	1	0.40	1.00	Nil	Nil	3.69	10	6.53	4.35	9	3.43	12.05	22	32.60	20.56
		Flatia	1	0.13	0.18	2	0.50	1.10	Nil	Nil	1.63	8	8.61	5.67	7	3.46	10.71	20	35.89	22.13
		Lakshmipur	Nil	Nil	0.27	2	0.49	1.12	Nil	Nil	2.11	8	8.28	6.23	5	4.28	10.72	22	29.62	20.41
		Total	5	1.35	1.93	5	2.36	7.42	Nil	0.04	17.74	65	51.22	40.80	43	20.34	77.16	147	174.32	148.24
		District average	0.71	0.19	0.24	1.39	0.24	1.08	Nil	0.01	2.63	9.20	7.32	5.86	6.14	2.99	11.02	21.00	24.00	21.18
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rangamati	1	0.45	0.33	1	0.56	1.07	Nil	Nil	2.91	8	4.78	4.81	7	3.03	10.16	17	12.21	17.84
		Bandarban	1	0.40	0.20	Nil	0.04	0.53	Nil	Nil	2.21	8	4.93	4.85	3	2.95	10.94	22	16.16	20.08
		Barkul	1	0.36	0.18	1	0.39	1.09	Nil	Nil	2.78	9	5.34	6.47	5	4.70	9.54	23	18.70	19.06
		Mahataheri	1	0.30	(n)	Nil	0.10	(n)	Nil	0.01	(n)	7	4.15	(n)	9	4.00	(n)	16	14.46	(n)
		Tama	1	0.14	(n)	Nil	Nil	(n)	Nil	Nil	(n)	7	3.94	(n)	4	2.62	(n)	23	21.20	(n)
		Rangpur	1	0.35	(n)	Nil	0.09	(n)	Nil	Nil	(n)	9	4.69	(n)	6	4.28	(n)	10	11.52	(n)
		Total	6	2.08	0.71	2	0.18	2.69	Nil	0.01	8.45	48	27.73	10.73	33	22.18	50.64	122	80.26	60.96
		District average	1.00	0.55	0.24	0.33	0.09	0.72	Nil	0.01	2.83	8.00	4.82	5.35	5.50	3.70	10.21	60.23	14.87	18.96
Kul	Pirganj	...	1	0.25	0.43	Nil	Nil	1.24	2	1.16	3.74	9	4.97	6.81	8	7.89	11.62	17	9.73	16.47
	
Cooch Behar	Cooch Behar	Dinhat	2	0.98	0.43	Nil	Nil	0.66	1	0.96	1.55	3	1.56	4.31	13	6.84	14.02	20	25.66	26.02
		Cooch Behar	1	0.55	0.33	Nil	0.02	0.65	Nil	0.91	1.00	5	4.36	5.70	14	8.61	18.96	17	31.46	31.98
		Mickligani	1	0.77	0.29	Nil	Nil	0.66	Nil	Nil	1.42	4	2.24	3.64	14	6.28	12.01	17	22.88	24.54
		Mathabhang	3	0.76	0.29	Nil	Nil	0.70	Nil	Nil	1.81	5	3.68	4.29	12	5.93	13.42	20	33.06	27.76
		Palbari	1	0.58	0.31	Nil	Nil	0.87	Nil	0.06	1.40	2	6.96	6.45	12	11.09	16.47	19	39.88	27.72
		Total	8	3.64	1.65	Nil	0.02	3.54	1	1.13	8.68	26	17.79	24.29	65	38.06	71.58	92	142.61	138.01
		District average	1.60	0.72	0.33	Nil	0.00	0.71	0.20	0.23	1.71	5.20	3.56	4.88	13.00	7.81	14.32	18.80	25.82	27.60

(n) Not ascertained.

DACCA,
The 2nd March 1920.

Province of Bengal for the year 1919.

JULY.			AUGUST.			SEPTEMBER.			OCTOBER.			NOVEMBER.			DECEMBER.			ANNUAL.		
Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall.	Normal rainfall.
20	35.86	21.58	24	36.21	28.12	18	22.39	16.48	8	4.00	7.88	3	2.68	1.59	Nil	0.02	0.47	111	119.37	121.63
21	28.56	24.38	19	14.65	24.50	19	21.79	13.07	7	4.01	7.40	3	2.42	2.00	Nil	0.38	1.05	101.92	118.03	
22	28.02	28.07	24	31.69	27.17	20	23.49	17.01	6	2.37	9.44	3	2.09	1.88	Nil	0.04	0.59	111	107.35	126.04
21	32.78	16.96	21	19.69	17.90	18	10.14	11.31	1	0.85	6.15	3	2.83	1.09	Nil	0.25	87	91.56	88.88	
19	25.28	24.01	16	14.21	23.06	16	26.70	13.11	6	4.29	4.00	3	1.85	1.65	Nil	0.44	113	104.71	115.64	
24	41.04	27.39	20	22.75	25.94	16	20.64	16.16	2	0.55	9.75	Nil	Nil	1.96	Nil	0.49	109	133.37	123.25	
19	22.06	20.19	25	20.03	19.66	11	9.05	13.63	4	2.58	7.16	Nil	Nil	1.31	Nil	0.30	97	10.19	103.03	
146	104.20	166.50	168	155.13	164.35	116	133.29	101.67	23	18.76	58.41	13	11.20	11.29	Nil	0.06	2.05	737	762.56	796.62
20.96	27.74	23.70	22.57	22.16	23.48	16.37	19.04	14.52	4.71	2.68	8.08	2.14	1.68	1.60	Nil	0.01	0.14	105.24	106.09	113.80
26	21.88	18.84	22	21.15	17.46	17	18.79	11.69	7	3.05	6.43	3	4.47	1.66	Nil	0.62	109	91.27	93.82	
24	25.40	21.81	23	22.12	19.96	16	15.48	19.34	5	1.90	7.17	3	3.69	1.81	Nil	0.59	105	93.25	100.07	
19	19.15	21.09	22	12.21	19.19	18	11.17	14.34	3	1.00	7.11	2	1.70	1.67	Nil	0.82	100	71.71	101.49	
26	25.31	(n)	22	12.13	(n)	21	13.54	(n)	4	2.14	(n)	2	2.38	(n)	Nil	(n)	1.0	78.43	(n)	
27	30.69	(n)	29	20.50	(n)	18	18.26	(n)	5	2.73	(n)	2	5.18	(n)	Nil	(n)	116	119.18	(n)	
25	21.62	(n)	18	9.79	(n)	15	18.70	(n)	8	3.25	(n)	3	1.58	(n)	Nil	(n)	103	78.47	(n)	
153	149.05	82.61	136	106.80	68.61	105	94.94	38.37	32	18.99	21.02	16	18.98	5.14	Nil	0.04	2.08	664	531.31	506.29
24.50	24.84	20.88	22.67	17.40	17.87	17.50	15.82	12.70	5.23	7.00	2.50	3.17	1.71	Nil	0.01	0.68	108.67	89.05	99.46	
21	14.29	12.14	18	11.83	11.84	16	15.16	9.42	7	4.02	5.15	3	3.65	1.66	Nil	0.32	102	72.93	78.78	
22	25.15	19.09	10	5.96	17.57	19	16.04	10.42	7	5.81	5.42	Nil	Nil	0.27	Nil	0.11	97	89.15	108.97	
22	27.57	27.39	12	0.33	22.09	20	32.01	23.23	8	13.81	5.86	Nil	0.01	0.20	Nil	0.10	98	127.74	136.96	
23	19.75	23.50	14	9.02	22.51	19	16.24	17.26	6	7.87	4.98	Nil	Nil	0.18	Nil	0.13	97	84.55	111.11	
19	20.11	26.01	12	8.37	22.60	15	16.09	19.61	8	3.08	5.56	Nil	Nil	0.21	Nil	0.09	94	91.86	122.36	
20	32.39	27.37	13	10.17	20.57	32	26.39	23.89	9	19.48	6.31	Nil	Nil	0.19	Nil	0.16	105	126.97	132.33	
106	124.97	121.29	61	43.05	106.24	96	108.77	103.43	37	51.73	28.10	Nil	0.01	1.23	Nil	0.61	482	529.77	610.75	
21.20	25.00	31.68	12.20	4.81	21.24	19.00	21.35	20.89	7.40	10.34	5.62	Nil	0.00	0.25	Nil	0.12	98.40	105.96	122.18	

(n) Not ascertained

J. C. Roy,
for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN

Divisions.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
PRESIDENTY.	24-Parganas	Saugor Island ..	...	...	...	0.76	...	...	1.40	...	...	0.18	0.24	...	...	...	0.00	0.02	...	...	...	...
		Diamond Harbour.	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.77	...	...	0.30	...	...	...	...	...	0.28	...	...	...	...
		Budge-Budge ...	...	...	...	0.03	...	...	0.80	0.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.16	...	...	...	...	...
		Canning Town ...	...	...	...	0.12	...	...	0.78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Alipore ...	...	...	...	0.09	...	...	0.88	...	...	0.09	0.05	...	...	...	0.40	0.02	...	...	...	...
		Barrackpore ...	...	...	...	0.07	...	...	0.61	...	...	0.29	0.01	...	...	...	0.28	...	...	...	...	...
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	0.16	...	...	1.55	...	...	0.20	0.80	...	...	...	1.40	...	...	...	...	...
		Kararat ...	...	...	...	0.23	...	...	0.80	...	...	0.42	0.12	...	...	...	0.20	0.08	...	...	...	...
		Basirhat ...	...	...	...	...	0.18	...	0.85	...	...	0.42	...	...	...	...	0.71	...	...	...	...	...
	Nadia	Banaghat ...	...	...	...	...	0.55	...	...	0.43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.30	...	...	...	...
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	...	0.41	...	...	0.40	...	...	0.24	0.20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chandanga ...	...	...	...	0.40	1.11	...	0.78	0.02	...	0.09	...	...	...	...	0.37	0.12	...	...	...	...
		Moharpur ...	...	...	...	0.07	...	...	0.47	...	...	0.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kushla ...	...	...	...	0.28	0.24	...	...	...	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	...	...
	Murshidabad.	Hariyabata ...	...	...	...	0.31	...	...	...	...	...	0.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kandi ...	...	...	...	0.58	...	...	0.32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Berhanpore ...	...	...	...	0.38	...	...	0.18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6.55	...	...	0.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Asimganj ...	...	...	...	0.44	0.44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
BANGALORE.	Jessore	Jaugipur ...	...	...	...	0.44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	0.58	0.15	0.26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Akrikanj ...	...	...	...	0.10	...	...	0.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pakabail ...	...	...	...	0.60	...	...	0.41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.47	...	...	...	...	...
		Kallyugan ...	...	...	...	0.27	...	...	0.84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kolkata	Kallyugan ...	...	...	...	0.40	...	...	0.21	0.23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Narail ...	...	...	...	0.84	...	...	0.26	...	...	...	0.10	...	...	...	0.10	0.60	...	...	...	...
		Jessore ...	...	...	...	0.70	...	...	0.28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.03	0.20	...	...	...	...
		Jhenida ...	...	...	...	0.60	...	...	0.87	...	...	0.10	0.05	...	...	...	0.10	...	...	...	...	...
		Magura ...	...	...	...	0.50	...	...	0.40	...	...	...	0.05	...	...	...	0.67	0.67	...	...	...	...
	Khulna	Bongaon ...	...	...	...	0.76	...	...	0.34	...	...	...	0.10	...	...	...	0.05	0.25	...	...	...	...
		Satkhua ...	...	...	...	0.20	...	...	1.52	...	...	0.18	...	...	...	...	2.18	...	...	...	...	...
		Bagerhat ...	...	...	...	1.28	...	...	0.59	0.21	...	0.22	...	...	...	...	0.29	0.27	...	...	...	...
		Khulna ...	...	...	...	0.64	...	...	0.59	...	...	0.30	...	...	...	...	0.40	0.18	...	...	...	...
		Kaliganj ...	...	...	...	0.22	...	...	1.40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Burdwan	Nakipur ...	...	...	...	0.52	...	...	2.30	...	...	0.08	...	...	...	...	2.56	...	...	...	...	...
		Dumuria ...	...	...	...	1.03	...	...	0.98	...	...	0.04	0.42	...	...	...	0.50	0.07	...	...	...	...
		Ranpur ...	...	...	...	0.49	...	...	1.33	...	...	0.27	...	...	...	...	0.82	0.14	...	...	...	...
		Kulaura ...	...	...	...	0.40	...	...	0.64	...	...	0.11	...	...	...	...	0.20	...	...	...	...	...
		Palkghatia ...	...	...	...	0.20	...	...	1.17	...	...	0.80	...	...	...	...	2.18	...	...	...	...	...
	Burdwan	Mollat ...	...	...	...	0.70	...	...	0.80	...	...	...	0.16	...	...	...	1.32	...	...	...	...	...
		Morolganj ...	...	...	...	0.19	...	...	0.16	...	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	0.63	0.09	...	...	...	...
		Tala ...	...	...	...	0.60	...	...	1.23	...	...	0.09	...	...	...	...	0.90	...	...	...	...	...
		Kalna ...	...	...	...	0.30	...	...	1.06	...	...	0.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Burdwan ...	...	...	...	0.46	...	...	1.40	...	...	0.43	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
BANGALORE.	Burdwan	hatawa ...	...	...	...	0.30	...	...	0.80	0.09	...	0.16	...	...	...	...	0.09	...	...	...	...	...
		Asansol ...	...	...	...	0.15	...	...	0.32	...	...	0.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Manik ...	...	...	...	0.25	...	...	1.56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mangalkot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.00	...	...	0.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Royna ...	...	...	...	0.67	...	...	0.80	...	...	0.04	...	...	...	...	0.08	...	...	...	...	...
	Burdwan	Monteswar ...	...	...	...	1.03	...	...	0.96	...	...	0.06	0.42	...	...	...	0.50	0.07	...	...	...	...
		Buri ...	...	...	...	0.30	...	...	0.17	0.28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Hotanpur ...	...	...	...	0.12	...	...	0.32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Rampurhat ...	...	...	...	0.60	...	...	0.26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	0.20	...	...	0.45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Burdwan	Murari ...	...	...	...	0.60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Lalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.08	0.18	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.09	...	...	...	...	...
	Bankura	Bankura ...	...	...	...	0.33	...	...	0.72	...	...	0.34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Yashpur ...	...	...	...	0.86	...	...	0.67	...	...	0.15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mahara ...	...	...	...	0.63	...	...	1.00	...	...	0.20	0.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	0.77	...	...	0.35	...	...	0.16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Indas ...	...	...	...	0.35	...	...	0.46	...	...	0.21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bankura	Kotulpur ...	...	...	...	0.71	...	...	0.45	...	...	0.15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Quda ...	...	...	...	0.41	...	...	0.80	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gangajalhati ...	...	...	...	0.28	...	...	0.71	...	...	0.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Rajpur ...	...	...	...	0.65	...	...	0.84	...	...	0.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Santiukhi ...	...	...	...	0.24	...	...	0.40	...	...	0.29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bankura	Talidanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		(Sarang) ...	...	...	...	0.21	...	...	0.10	...	...	0.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ludpur ...	...	...	...	1.21	...	...	0.71	...	...	0.05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Arbra ...	...	...	...	0.35	...	...	0.42	...	...	0.05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Burjora ...	...	...	...	0.32	...	...	0.62	...	...	0.09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bankura	Simalpal ...	...	...	...	0.42	...	...	0.01	...	...	0.81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mejla ...	...	...	...	0.45	...	...	0.91	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Siromoupur ...	...	...	...	0.10	...	...	0.76	...	...	0.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Palsadanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.10	1.70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chatun ...	...	...	...	0.42	...	...	0.02	...	...	0.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bankura	Hanibandh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Baltora ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Joypur ...	...	...	...	0.56	...	...	0.54	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ambikanagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	

* Return not received.

BENGAL FOR THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 1920.

[illegible]

(g) Not ascertained.

[illegible]

(u) Not ascertained.

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN

DISTRICTS.	DISTRICT.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
RAJSHAH.	Malda	Malda	...	...	0.51	0.55	...	0.49	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chanchal	...	...	0.45	0.55	...	0.50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Basol	...	...	0.55	0.80	...	0.90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bibganj	...	...	0.10	0.51	...	...	0.48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.01	0.01	...	...	...	...
		Gomastapur	...	...	...	0.76	...	...	0.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca.	Dacca	Munshiganj	...	...	0.39	1.06	...	...	0.97	...	...	0.15	0.12	...	...	...	...	0.07	0.35	...	...	...
		Dacca	...	...	1.05	0.55	...	0.07	0.97	...	...	0.01	...	...	...	...	...	0.17	0.73	...	...	...
		Narayanganj	...	...	0.11	0.69	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.31	...	...	...	...
		Narayanganj	...	...	0.88	0.73	0.02	0.02	0.44	0.03	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	0.38	0.61	...	...	...
		Narsingdi	...	...	0.40	0.93	...	...	0.39	...	...	0.15	0.19	...	...	...	...	0.22	...	...	...	...
		Manikganj	...	...	0.46	1.33	...	0.08	0.36	...	...	0.03	...	...	...	...	...	0.16	0.68	...	...	...
		Joydebpur	...	...	0.63	0.72	...	...	0.22	0.70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.19	...	...	...	...
		Kapasia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kishorganj	...	...	0.65	1.59	...	0.24	0.35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.63	...	...	...	...
		Atia (Fangali)	...	...	0.71	0.55	...	...	0.53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca.	Dacca	Surinsabari	...	...	...	0.50	...	1.55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mymensingh	...	...	0.65	0.75	...	0.16	0.46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.02	...	...	...	...
		Jamshpur	...	...	...	0.75	...	0.21	0.51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Netrokona	...	...	0.31	0.59	0.18	0.40	0.38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.03	0.01	...	...	...
		Plesha	...	...	0.10	0.09	0.15	2.50	0.09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dhagpur	...	...	0.27	0.42	...	0.04	0.58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sierpur	...	...	...	...	0.09	0.28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		(Town).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dewanganj	...	...	0.16	0.75	...	1.20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nalitabari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca.	Dacca	Nadaitpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.09	...	...	0.54	1.21	...	...	...	...	...
		Rajshahi	...	...	0.30	0.70	...	...	0.35	...	...	0.12	...	...	...	...	...	0.48	0.33	...	...	...
		(Gauland).	...	...	0.37	1.40	...	...	1.11	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	...	...	0.61	0.71	...	...	...
		Haridaspur	...	...	...	0.42	...	...	0.26	...	...	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	0.15	0.08	...	...	...
		Takailub	...	...	...	0.32	...	...	0.41	...	...	0.06	0.01	...	...	...	...	1.00	0.73	...	...	...
		Shangra	...	...	0.10	0.20	...	...	0.25	...	...	...	0.20	...	...	...	...	0.58	...	...	...	...
		Pangra	...	...	0.90	1.13	...	0.17	0.69	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.52	...	...	...	...
		Bahinandi	...	...	0.35	1.35	...	...	0.33	...	...	...	0.06	...	...	...	...	0.64	0.46	...	...	...
		Bhusua	...	...	0.17	0.41	...	0.48	...	...	...	0.43	...	...	...	...	...	1.59	0.48	...	...	...
		Puloug	...	...	0.05	0.76	...	...	1.50	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	...	...	0.60	1.08	...	...	...
Dacca.	Dacca	Pakshali	...	...	...	0.41	0.15	0.20	0.92	...	...	0.12	...	...	...	...	...	1.40	0.13	...	...	...
		Barguna	...	...	...	0.17	0.13	2.78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.80	...	...	...	...
		Pirojpur	...	...	...	0.76	...	...	0.93	0.41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.36	...	...	...	...
		Barkal	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.24	...	...	0.08	...	...	...	...	...	0.41	0.30	...	...	...
		Gumtadi	...	...	...	0.40	...	...	0.45	...	...	...	0.17	...	...	...	...	0.12	0.69	...	...	...
		Bhola	...	...	...	...	0.34	...	0.41	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	...	...	0.35	0.33	...	...	...
		Daudkhali	...	...	...	0.47	0.20	...	0.21	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	...	...	0.42	...	...	...	...
		Banpali	...	...	...	0.52	0.21	0.96	...	...	0.09	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	0.42	...	...	...	...
		Chittagong	...	...	...	...	1.30	...	0.40	0.05	...	...	0.01	...	...	...	...	0.01	0.54	...	...	...
		Chittagong	...	...	...	...	0.61	...	0.30	0.10	...	0.18	0.30	...	...	...	...	0.02	0.02	...	...	...
CHITTAGONG.	Chittagong	Kutubdia	...	...	...	2.20	...	...	...	0.80	...	0.10	0.88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Satkhwa	...	...	...	0.40	...	0.75	...	...	...	0.23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kodala	...	...	...	0.67	...	0.47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mirsarai	...	...	...	0.90	...	0.76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.29	...	...	...	...
	Tippera	Uomila	...	...	0.21	0.35	0.10	...	2.07	...	...	...	0.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chandpur	...	...	0.12	0.19	0.02	...	0.55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.14	0.59	...	...	...
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	0.05	0.76	0.02	...	0.50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	0.41	0.45	0.20	0.88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.15	0.35	...	...	...
		Nadira	...	...	0.18	0.56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Daudkandi	...	...	0.25	1.40	...	1.56	...	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	...	...	0.02	0.03	...	...	...
	Lakson	Knaba	...	...	0.60	0.86	...	0.90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.18	...	...	...
		Lakson	...	...	...	0.08	0.37	...	0.99	0.09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.02	0.44	...	...	...
		Nonkhal	...	...	...	...	0.19	...	0.20	...	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	0.18	0.30	...	...	...
		Foul	...	...	...	...	0.43	...	0.45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.08	...	...	...	...
CHITTAGONG.	Chittagong	Haripur	...	...	...	...	0.05	...	0.45	0.01	...	0.17	0.01	...	...	...	...	0.05	0.05	0.01	...	...
		Ramganj	...	...	...	...	0.20	...	0.91	...	...	...	0.11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chhaganmaya	...	...	...	1.30	...	...	1.20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Uatlya	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.85	...	...	...	0.18	...	...	...	...	0.20	...	...	...	...
		Lakshimpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.16	...	...	...	0.29	...	...	...	...	...	0.35	...	...	...
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati	...	...	...	...	1.08	...	0.49	...	...	...	0.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Banderbae	...	...	...	...	0.27	...	0.12	0.23	...	...	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Barkal	...	...	...	...	0.55	...	0.75	0.05	...	...	0.19	...	...	...	...	0.06	...	...	...	...
		Mahachari	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hill Tippera.	Lama	...	...	...	...	1.30	...	0.20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.60	...	...	...	...
		Itanagar	...	...	...	...	0.25	...	0.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Cooch Behar.	Maulkheri	...	...	...	...	0.62	...	0.43	0.22	...	...	0.16	...	...	...	...	0.05	...	...	...	...
		Agartala	...	...	0.29	0.54	...	...	0.40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.02	0.07	...	...	...
	Cooch Behar.	Dinbata	...	...	...	0.23	0.62	...	0.08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Cooch Behar	...	...	...	0.02	0.67	...	0.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mekliganj	...	...	...	0.08	0.68	...	0.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mahabhang	...	...	...	0.08	0.66	0.03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Rain gauge damaged by the September cyclone.

DACCA,
The 17th March 1920.

BENGAL FOR THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 1920—*cond.*

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	No. of rainy days.	Average amount of rain in inches.	Total rainfall for the month.	Normal rainfall for the month.	Excess rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st December 1919 to 28th February 1920.	Normal rainfall from 1st December 1919 to 28th February 1920.	Station.	DISTRICT.	DIVISION.
...	2	1.8	1.87	0.79	0.55	1.37	1.42	Malda.	Malda	RASBARI.
...	3	1.7	1.30	0.84	0.55	1.30	1.36	Chanchal.	Malda	RASBARI.
...	3	1.7	2.28	0.75	0.90	2.28	1.16	Gazol.	Malda	RASBARI.
...	3	1.4	1.11	0.81	0.51	1.11	1.49	Sibganj.	Malda	RASBARI.
...	3	2.1	1.34	1.18	0.76	1.34	1.46	Gomastapur.	Malda	RASBARI.
...	1	2.4	0.19	0.93	0.49	0.19	1.35	Nasirganj.	Malda	RASBARI.
...	6	2.0	3.11	1.28	1.06	3.11	1.95	Munshiganj.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	5	1.9	3.24	1.21	1.08	3.24	1.75	Dacca.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	4	1.4	1.25	0.71	0.69	1.25	1.44	Nawalganj.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	6	2.0	3.30	1.30	0.88	3.37	1.86	Nawalganj.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	1	1.7	1.17	1.00	0.68	2.23	3.68	Nawalganj.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	5	1.9	3.28	1.17	1.33	3.28	1.75	Mankaganj.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	5	1.8	3.76	0.93	0.72	2.80	1.50	Joydebpur.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	5	1.8	3.76	0.93	0.72	2.80	1.50	Kapasia.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	5	1.9	3.76	0.88	1.09	3.76	1.60	Kishoriganj.	Mymensingh	RASBARI.
...	3	1.7	1.80	0.94	0.71	1.80	1.47	Atla (Fangall).	Mymensingh	RASBARI.
...	3	1.7	3.08	0.84	1.56	3.08	1.80	Sarishabari.	Mymensingh	RASBARI.
...	4	1.7	3.01	1.00	0.76	2.94	1.60	Mymensingh.	Mymensingh	RASBARI.
...	3	1.8	1.44	0.80	0.76	1.44	1.45	Jamshaidpur.	Mymensingh	RASBARI.
...	5	1.9	3.21	0.95	0.99	3.21	1.41	Netakhona.	Mymensingh	RASBARI.
...	1	1.8	2.93	1.00	2.93	2.93	1.21	Pingla.	Mymensingh	RASBARI.
...	1	1.8	1.86	0.84	0.68	1.86	1.27	Durgapur.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	1	2.4	0.39	0.78	0.39	0.39	1.24	Shorpur (Town).	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	3	1.0	2.11	0.58	0.11	0.11	0.91	Dowrangaj.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	Nil	1.5	Nil	0.61	Nil	Nil	Nil	Salitabari.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	4	1.8	3.41	1.06	1.21	3.41	1.73	Maduripur.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	6	2.1	2.48	1.31	0.70	2.48	1.92	Fardpur.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	5	1.9	4.47	1.17	1.4	4.47	1.73	Rajbari.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	3	1.7	0.93	1.10	0.42	0.96	1.71	(Gandalo).	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	4	1.3	3.10	0.78	1.01	3.10	1.40	Handapur.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	5	2.6	1.30	0.29	0.55	1.30	1.86	Takhat.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	5	2.3	2.94	0.92	1.14	2.94	1.40	Baranga.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	6	2.2	3.47	1.41	1.39	3.47	2.36	Balakanali.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	6	2.7	3.50	1.20	1.39	3.50	1.91	Bhusma.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	4	3.0	3.50	1.07	1.30	3.50	2.42	Paoung.	Dacca	RASBARI.
...	7	1.7	3.33	1.38	1.40	3.33	3.33	Patimkhali.	Bakerganj.	RASBARI.
...	4	1.7	4.18	1.88	2.78	4.18	2.10	Barguna.	Bakerganj.	RASBARI.
...	4	1.8	2.46	1.30	0.93	2.46	2.12	Puopur.	Bakerganj.	RASBARI.
...	3	1.8	1.40	1.10	0.81	1.40	1.32	Barisal.	Bakerganj.	RASBARI.
...	5	1.7	2.14	1.08	0.85	2.14	1.49	Gaurmah.	Bakerganj.	RASBARI.
...	4	1.6	1.60	0.96	0.41	1.60	1.60	Bhow.	Bakerganj.	RASBARI.
...	4	1.8	1.37	1.01	0.47	1.37	1.08	Daulatkhau.	Bakerganj.	RASBARI.
...	5	1.6	2.15	1.04	0.98	2.15	1.97	Banphal.	Bakerganj.	RASBARI.
...	3	0.9	2.32	0.42	1.20	2.32	1.20	Cox's Bazar.	Chittagong	RASBARI.
...	5	1.4	1.00	1.08	0.61	1.53	2.14	Chittagong.	Chittagong	RASBARI.
...	5	0.9	4.03	0.39	2.90	4.16	1.89	Kutubdia.	Chittagong	RASBARI.
...	3	0.6	1.47	0.27	0.76	1.47	1.06	Barakania.	Chittagong	RASBARI.
...	2	1.6	1.14	0.84	0.67	1.14	1.61	Kaula.	Chittagong	RASBARI.
...	3	1.8	1.94	0.88	0.90	1.94	1.51	Mithamali.	Chittagong	RASBARI.
...	6	2.0	2.25	1.03	2.37	2.25	1.84	Comilla.	Tippera	RASBARI.
...	5	2.2	1.67	1.09	0.68	1.67	1.81	Chandpur.	Tippera	RASBARI.
...	3	2.2	1.62	1.16	0.78	1.76	1.98	Baranambatia.	Tippera	RASBARI.
...	6	1.5	2.04	0.99	0.88	2.04	1.47	Ramchandrapur.	Tippera	RASBARI.
...	2	1.9	6.74	0.96	0.96	6.74	1.99	Nasirganj.	Tippera	RASBARI.
...	4	1.6	3.63	0.91	1.96	3.63	1.48	Bandabandi.	Tippera	RASBARI.
...	4	1.6	2.33	0.96	0.96	2.33	1.47	Kash.	Tippera	RASBARI.
...	3	1.9	2.08	1.23	0.99	2.08	2.00	Lakshmi.	Tippera	RASBARI.
...	4	1.8	0.78	1.15	0.80	0.82	1.08	Naokhali.	Naokhali	RASBARI.
...	2	1.9	0.96	1.03	0.45	0.96	1.07	Foul.	Naokhali	RASBARI.
...	2	1.4	0.78	0.92	0.48	0.84	1.73	Il-tishpur.	Naokhali	RASBARI.
...	2	1.5	1.32	1.00	0.91	1.32	1.61	Ranganj.	Naokhali	RASBARI.
...	2	1.9	2.20	1.00	1.40	2.20	1.66	Chittagangaya.	Naokhali	RASBARI.
...	2	1.9	1.68	1.10	1.20	1.68	1.77	Hatiya.	Naokhali	RASBARI.
...	2	5.7	0.80	1.13	0.39	0.80	1.70	Lakshmi.	Naokhali	RASBARI.
...	3	1.3	1.90	1.07	1.08	1.90	2.02	Rangamati.	Chittagong	RASBARI.
...	4	1.1	2.34	0.53	0.97	2.34	1.33	Brada-ban.	Chittagong	RASBARI.
...	3	1.2	1.41	1.08	0.66	1.41	2.09	Baral.	Chittagong	RASBARI.
...	2	(a)	1.50	(a)	0.78	1.50	(a)	Mahatcheri.	Chittagong	RASBARI.
...	5	(a)	4.40	(a)	1.80	3.40	(a)	Lama.	Chittagong	RASBARI.
...	2	(a)	1.11	(a)	0.6	1.11	(a)	Rangarh.	Chittagong	RASBARI.
...	4	(a)	1.96	(a)	0.43	1.96	(a)	Manikcheri.	Chittagong	RASBARI.
...	3	1.7	1.82	1.24	0.80	1.82	1.99	Agartala.	Tippera	RASBARI.
...	3	1.5	1.00	0.86	0.63	1.00	1.20	Dinhata.	Cooch Behar	RASBARI.
...	1	1.6	0.74	0.63	0.37	0.74	1.08	Cooch Behar.	Cooch Behar	RASBARI.
...	2	1.4	0.96	0.86	0.88	0.96	1.08	Mukhliganj.	Cooch Behar	RASBARI.
...	1	1.7	0.72	0.70	0.66	0.72	1.08	Mathabang.	Cooch Behar	RASBARI.
...	1	1.9	0.44	0.87	0.74	0.84	1.26	Fulbari.	Cooch Behar	RASBARI.

(a) Not ascertained.

J. C. ROY,
for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Vital statistics of Towns with a population of 50,000 and over of Bengal Presidency for the week ending Saturday, the 21st February 1920.

District	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1911.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS REGISTERED.										
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still- births).	Still born number registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever & diarrhoea.	Respira- tory diseases.	Injuries.	Other causes.	Total, all causes.			
															Male.	Female.	Number.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Calcutta	...	1 Calcutta ..	607,674	288,393	896,067	276	20	16	265	...	98	66	324	7	286	595	468	1,063
Howrah	...	2 Howrah ...	114,829	64,560	179,389	56	19	6	16	...	63	37	...	2	104	160	158	318
Dacca	...	3 Dacca ...	63,091	45,460	108,551	54	3	...	...	...	44	2	2	1	19	37	28	65
24-Parganas	...	4 Maniktala ...	31,735	22,032	53,767	15	2	5	48	...	1	9	92	...	26	65	61	127
	...	5 Bhatpara ...	34,739	15,675	50,414	8	...	...	...	...	3	1	4	...	2	6	4	10

F.B.—As the weekly statement has been introduced from the 10th January 1920 according to Government of Bengal, Municipal Department, letter No. ... San., dated the 20th December 1919, the figures for the column "Total of corresponding week of the previous year" are not available and therefore this column is omitted from the statement.

* Including deaths from Influenza.

CHAS. A. BENTLEY,
Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 18th March 1920.

**List of prices of articles of food at Calcutta for the week ending
Saturday, the 20th March 1920.**

Name of article.	WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND.		RETAIL PRICE PER SEER.	
	From—	To—	From—	To—
Rice—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balam, coarse ...	6 14 0	7 0 0	0 3 0	0 3 6
„ medium ...	7 4 0	7 8 0	0 3 9	0 4 6
Patnai, coarse ...	6 6 0	7 6 0	0 2 6	0 3 0
„ medium ...	7 8 0	8 0 0	0 3 3	0 3 6
Nagra, coarse ...	6 7 0	7 8 0	0 2 6	0 3 0
„ medium ...	7 10 0	8 4 0	0 3 3	0 3 6
Dudhkalma ...	7 8 0	7 14 0	0 3 6	.....
Rangoon Boiled ...	.....	.....	0 3 0	.....
Kajla ...	5 14 0	6 8 0	0 3 0	.....
Wheat, Dudhia ...	6 8 0	.....	.....	.....
„ Gangajali ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
„ Jamali ...	6 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Gram, Patnai (whole) ...	7 12 0	8 2 0	0 4 0	0 4 0
„ dal ...	9 0 0	10 0 0	0 4 0	0 5 0
Mung „ (Hari) ...	7 12 0	8 0 0	0 6 0	0 8 0
„ „ (Krishna) ...	7 14 0	8 4 0	0 5 0	.....
„ „ (split) ...	10 0 0	12 8 0	0 4 0	0 5 0
Masur „ (Khanri) ...	5 0 0	5 4 0	0 2 6	0 3 6
„ „ (Khanri) ...	9 8 0	10 0 0	0 4 0	0 5 0
Kalai „ ...	7 12 0	8 0 0	0 3 0	0 4 0
Salt ...	2 15 6	3 2 0	0 1 6	0 1 9
Sugar (Brown Java) ...	22 0 0	24 0 0	0 9 0	0 9 6
Gur, Bheli ...	9 8 0	10 0 0	0 5 6	.....
„ Bhursut ...	10 8 0	10 12 0	0 6 0	.....
„ Date ...	9 4 0	.....	.....	.....
Milk ...	10 0 0	12 0 0	0 5 0	.....
Mustard ...	23 0 0	30 0 0	0 12 0	1 2 0
Flour (country) ...	9 0 0	9 6 0	0 4 0	.....
Atta, No. 3 ...	6 8 0	.....	} 0 3 0	0 4 0
„ „ 2½ ...	6 12 0	.....	
„ „ B ...	9 4 0	.....	
Suji ...	9 0 0	9 12 0	0 4 6	.....
Ghee (Bhadwa, Matki, etc.) ...	95 0 0	100 0 0	2 12 0	.....
„ (Patiram, Khurja, Ruto, Etwa, better kind, etc.) ...	92 0 0	94 0 0	2 8 0	.....
„ (Lalli, Etwa, Sagar, etc.) ...	90 0 0	91 0 0	2 6 0	.....
Maize ...	4 12 0	5 0 0	.....	.....
Potatoes ...	3 6 0	3 12 0	0 1 0	0 2 6
Patal ...	15 0 0	20 0 0	0 8 0	.....
Brinjal ...	1 4 0	2 4 0	0 1 0	0 1 6
Onions ...	1 12 0	2 8 0	0 1 6	0 2 0
Fish, Rahu ...	25 0 0	33 0 0	0 12 0	0 14 0
Mutton (2nd class) ...	.....	.....	0 10 0	.....
Beef (2nd and 3rd classes) ...	.....	.....	0 3 0	0 5 0

N.B.—This is an abstract of prices at the following markets :—

Wholesale—Chetla Hat, Ramkrishnapur Hat, Sealdah Fish and Milk Markets, Posta Bazar.

Retail.—Sir Stuart Hogg Market, Orphanbunge Market, Sobha Bazar, Nutun Bazar, Raja Babu's Bazar, Bow Bazar, Kareya Bazar, Taltolla Bazar, Mullick Bazar, Jogu Babu's Bazar.

S. C. GHOSH.

for President, Advisory Food Committee.

CALCUTTA, the 20th March 1920.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 16th March 1920.

Summary.—Excepting a few districts of the Burdwan and Presidency Divisions light rain fell generally throughout the province. Preparatory tillage for paddy and jute and their sowings are progressing favourably. Harvesting of spring crops is proceeding. Prospects of standing crops are generally reported to be fair. The average price of common rice for the province has fallen by about 0.66 per cent., as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEER, PER MUPK.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	24-PARGANAS	Inches.			
		Nil	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops are favourable. Harvesting of sugarcane in places in Baraset and Basirhat still continues. Lands are being prepared for the next season's crops. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Diamond Harbour.	(n)	(n)	5½	
	Barrackpore	Nil	6	(n)	
	Baraset ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Basirhat ...	Nil	6	6	
2	NADIA ...	Nil	5½	5½	Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops has almost been finished. Lands are being prepared for <i>bhadoi</i> paddy.
	Kushtia ...	0.15	5½	5	
	Meherpur ...	1.37	5½	5½	
	Ohuadanga...	0.32	{ 6 6½ }	6	
	Ranaghat ...	0.13	5½	5½	
3	MURSHIDABAD	0.67	6	6½	Weather occasionally cloudy with showers. Harvesting of sugarcane and <i>rabi</i> crops continues. Standing crops have greatly been damaged by repeated heavy showers attended with hail-storm. Fodder is sufficient. There is no large import or export of rice. Cattle-disease is reported from thana Mirzapur in Jangipur subdivision.
	Lalbagh ...	(n)	(n)	6½	
	Jangipur ...	1.26	6½	6½	
	Kandi ...	0.73	6½	7	
4	JESSORE ...	Nil	{ 6 6 }	{ 6 6 }	Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops still continues. Lands are being prepared for jute and <i>aus</i> paddy. Fodder is sufficient. Import and export as usual.
	Jhenidah ...	0.83	6	6	
	Magura ...	1.08	6½	5½	
	Narail ...	0.26	6½	6½	
	Bangaon ...	Nil	6½	6½	
5	TULNA ...	Nil	6	5½	Cultivation of <i>aus</i> paddy and jute is in progress. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Paikgacha.
	Ura ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Ba ...	0.11	{ 6 7 }	{ 6 7 }	

* Burma rice.

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERs, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	BURDWAN ...	0.18	5½	5½	Condition of standing crops is fair. Pressing of sugarcane continues. Harvesting of potatoes is almost over. Ploughing of lands continues.
	Asansol ...	1.86	6½	6½	
	Katwa ...	1.98	6½	6½	
	Kalna ...	0.10	5½	5½	
7	BIRBHUM ...	0.88	7	6	Manuring of fields continues. Standing crops are doing well. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Rampurhat...	0.63	6½	6½	
8	BANKURA ...	1.65	6	6½	Condition of standing crops is good. The rain has benefitted the agricultural operations. Export of rice and paddy continues.
	Vishnupur...	Nil	6½	6½	
9	MIDNAPORE...	Nil	6½	5½	Prospects of sugarcane and tobacco are fair. Sowing of <i>til</i> is completed. Fodder is sufficient. Burma rice is not available.
	Ghatal ...	Nil	6	5½	
	Tamluk ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Contai ...	Nil	6	5½	
10	HOOGHLY ...	Nil	{ 5½ 6 }	5½	Effects of weather on the growth of the crops are favourable. Fodder is sufficient.
	Serampore ...	Nil	5½	5½	
	Arambagh ...	(n)	(n)	(n)	
11	HOWRAH ...	Nil	6	6½	Weather hot. Prospects of <i>rabi</i> crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient. Lands are being prepared for jute.
	Ulubaria ...	Nil	5½	5½	
12	RAJSHAHI (RAMPUR-BOALIA).	0.96	6½	6	Prospects of standing crops are favourable. Harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops and sowing of jute and <i>aus</i> paddy continue. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from thanas Lalpur and Bagati-para.
	Naogaon ...	0.58	6½	6½	
	Nator ...	1.52	6½	6½	
13	DINAJPUR ...	0.40	6½	6½	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Lands are being prepared for jute and other <i>bhadoi</i> crops. Fodder is sufficient.
	Thakurgaon	0.25	6½	6½	
	Balurghat ...	0.35	7½	7½	
14	JALPAIGURI	0.08	5½	6	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Alipur ...	0.38	5½	5½	

* Bangoon rice.

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEER, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	DARJEELING	0.69	5	5	Potatoes and maize are growing and in some places are being sown. Wheat and barley are ripe. Stocks of rice, fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from some places. Price of Burma rice is falling.
	Kurseong ...	0.19	6	5½	
	Siliguri ...	0.62	5½	5½	
	Kalimpong...	Nil	5½	5½	
16	RANGPUR ...	0.44	5½	5½	Harvesting of tobacco has commenced. Sowing of jute and paddy is in progress. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Price of rice is fluctuating. Cattle disease is reported from Dimla thana.
	Nilphamari	0.54	6½	6½	
	Kurigram ...	0.30	5½	5½	
	Gaibandha ...	0.28	5½	5½	
17	BOGRA ...	0.28	6½	6½	Ploughing of lands and sowing of jute and <i>aus</i> paddy commenced.
18	PABNA ...	0.18	5½	5½	Prospects of standing crops are not good. Fodder is sufficient.
	Sirajganj ...	0.29	5	5	
19	MALDA ...	0.56	6½	6½	Transplantation of <i>boro</i> paddy is finished and sowing of <i>boro</i> paddy has commenced. Fodder and water are sufficient.
20	COOCH BEHAR	0.12	5½	5½	Sowing of <i>bhri</i> paddy and jute and cutting of tobacco leaves continue. Fodder and water are sufficient.
21	DACCA ...	0.90	5½	5½	Weather hot at day, cool at night and occasionally cloudy. Ploughing of land and sowing of jute and paddy are in progress. Wheat, <i>kalai</i> and other <i>rabi</i> crops are being harvested. Prospects of <i>boro</i> paddy are good. Rice market shows an upward tendency.
	Manikganj...	0.07	5½	5½	
	Narayanganj	1.77	5½	5½	
	Munshiganj (a)	0.26	5½	5½	
22	MYMENSINGH	0.84	5½	5½	There has been occasional showers, otherwise the weather is seasonable. Preparation of soil for <i>aus</i> paddy and jute continues. Sowing of jute and paddy has commenced in places. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Water and fodder are sufficient. Rice market is steady. Cattle disease is reported from Tangail and Kishoroganj thanas.
	Jamalpur ...	0.29	5½	5½	
	Tangail ...	0.52	5½	5½	
	Trakona ...	1.39	5½	5½	
	Kishoroganj...	0.15	5½	5½	

Very near to Dacca and Narayanganj, its rainfall statistics are not quoted. To give information regarding the rainfall figures for Kapasia thana are reported here.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
		This week.	Previous week.	
23	FARIDPUR ...	1.60	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2} \text{ to} \\ 5\frac{1}{2}^* \\ 5\frac{1}{2}^* \end{array} \right.$	Sowing of <i>aus</i> paddy and jute is going on. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.
	Goalundo ..	0.39	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 6 \\ 6\frac{1}{2}^* \end{array} \right.$	
	Madaripur ...	0.09	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 6\frac{1}{2}^* \end{array} \right.$	
	Gopalganj (a)	0.04	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 6\frac{1}{2}^* \end{array} \right.$	
24	BAKARGANJ (BARISAL).	1.15	6 $\frac{1}{2}$	Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Pirojpur ...	Nil	6	
	Patnakhali ...	Nil	6 $\frac{1}{2}$	
	Dakshin Sha- (Bhola).	0.02	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
25	CHITTAGONG	0.04	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2}^\dagger \\ 5^* \end{array} \right.$	Cultivation of early <i>aus</i> crop has commenced in places. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient. <i>Panga</i> salt is selling at 12 and 8 seers per rupee at Sadar and Cox's Bazar, respectively.
	Cox's Bazar	Nil	5 $\frac{1}{2}^\dagger$	
	TIPPERA (COMILLA).	Nil	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	Owing to heavy rainfall in the last week <i>boro</i> paddy has been destroyed and <i>rabi</i> crops such as chillies, <i>matar kalai</i> suffered badly; jute and <i>til</i> also suffered much. Ploughing of fields for <i>aman</i> and <i>aus</i> paddy and harvesting of <i>rabi</i> crops are going on to some extent. Burma rice is not available in Sadar and Brahmanbaria subdivisions.
	Brahmanbaria.	0.99	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
	Chandpur ...	0.30	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 6\frac{1}{2}^\dagger \\ 6\frac{1}{2}^* \end{array} \right.$	
27	NOAKHALI	0.14	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	Weather cloudy. Prospects of standing crops are unfavourable. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from thanas Chhagalnaya and Pashuram.
	Feni	1.05	6	
	CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.	0.35	6 $\frac{1}{2}$	Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder is sufficient.

(a) The rainfall at Haridaspur, which is very near to Gopalganj, is shown here.

* Burma rice.

† Local rice.

‡ Price of rice in the int.

J. C. ROY,
for Director of Agriculture.

Dacca, the 22nd March 1920.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract Statement showing the approximate volume of Traffic and the Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Major Works and Minor Works and Navigation for the month of January 1920, as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year.

Canals.	1919-20.					
	WEIGHT OF CARGO.		RAFFS.		TOLLAGE.	
	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.
	Tons.	Tons.	No.	No.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Major Works.						
Midnapore Canal ...	5,675	60,547	14,795	37,455	4,515	35,848
Hijili Tidal " ...	7,301	85,908	752	5,435	4,733	64,555
Total ...	12,976	146,455	15,547	42,890	9,248	1,00,403
II.—Minor Works and Navigation.						
Calcutta and Eastern Canals ...	58,285	394,479	223	3,318	36,137	2,49,064
Tolly's Nala ...	18,256	165,351	10,500	131,327	5,299	56,526
Madaripur Bheel ...	11,824	1,185,974	663	13,101	25,253	2,75,020
Total ...	188,365	1,745,801	11,386	154,146	67,181	5,78,918
Magrahat Channels ...	13,076	66,210	...	400	2,913	22,492
Orissa Coast Canal ...	3,765	37,339	2,491	8,362	1,289	10,962
Nadia Rivers ...	3,951	40,159	...	570,643	1,570	11,382
GRAND TOTAL ...	209,157	1,889,512	13,877	733,551	72,903	6,23,754

Canals.	1918-19					
	WEIGHT OF CARGO.		RAFFS.		TOLLAGE.	
	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.
	Tons.	Tons.	No.	No.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Major Works.						
Midnapore Canal ...	4,432	71,612	10,950	22,601	3,146	42,193
Hijili Tidal " ...	4,544	64,131	293	1,810	4,174	55,298
Total ...	8,976	135,743	11,242	24,411	7,320	97,491
II.—Minor Works and Navigation.						
Calcutta and Eastern Canals ...	59,995	455,670	68	15,663	37,248	278,918
Tolly's Nala ...	23,926	185,889	2,600	60,272	7,623	68,645
Madaripur Bheel ...	107,594	1,365,302	108	10,551	25,731	3,08,865
Total ...	188,515	2,006,861	2,776	86,886	70,602	6,56,428
Magrahat Channels ...	11,958	56,518	...	...	2,924	23,491
Orissa Coast Canal ...	2,843	32,416	568	8,606	1,160	11,983
Nadia Rivers ...	4,146	58,470	...	505,555	1,646	17,159
GRAND TOTAL ...	207,462	2,154,265	3,344	601,047	76,332	7,09,061

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd March 1920.

G. J. ST. C. SEDGLEY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal:

Statement showing the gauge-readings at Dacca Water-works Station on the river Buriganga for the week ending the 13th March 1920.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 6 P.M.	Remarks.
		Time	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1920.							
7th Mar.	53.8	12.8	54.8	...	...	53.6	E. T. at 12-23.
8th "	53.5	12.55	54.5	7-30	53.3	53.6	F. T. at 7-42 and E. T. at 12-10
9th "	53.4	13.38	54.25	8-5	53.25	53.5	F. T. at 8-15 and E. T. at 12-50.
10th "	53.4	14.15	54.0	8-50	53.15	53.4	F. T. at 9 and E. T. at 14-30.
11th "	53.25	15.0	53.8	9-28	53.0	53.4	F. T. at 9-45 and E. T. at 15-15.
12th "	53.35	15.46	53.85	10-10	52.85	53.5	F. T. at 10-28 and E. T. at 16.
13th "	53.5	16.35	53.8	11-0	52.85	53.3	F. T. at 11-20 and E. T. at 16-42.

Notable high and low water levels of previous years.

27th August	1906	67.86	Taken at high tide
5th September	1909	...	...	...	69.86
40th August	1910	...	...	...	68.16
1st "	1911	...	...	...	67.16
13th "	...	...	...	...	69.7
31st "	1915	68.1	Taken at low tide
24th "	1916	...	...	...	67.1
31st "	1917	...	...	...	69.12
23rd February	1907	...	...	...	51.06
13th "	1908	...	...	...	51.06
12th March	1912	50.80	Taken at low tide
6th "	1914	...	...	...	50.30
22nd February	1915	...	...	...	52.60
15th "	1916	...	...	...	51.0
3rd March	1917	...	...	...	51.10
21st February	1918	

DACCA,
The 17th March 1920.

ASHUTOSH GUHA,
Executive Engineer, Dacca Division.

Statement of weekly gauge-readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending 13th March 1920.

Month and date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level.	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year.	
1920.					
7th March	7 A.M.	6.5	6.5	7.5	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench mark for the gauge is on a pucca pillar between the passenger ghât and Chatdpar ghât. Its reduced level is 26.84.
8th "		6.3	6.3	7.2	
9th "		6.5	6.5	7.0	
10th "		6.8	6.8	6.7	
11th "		6.8	6.8	6.5	
12th "		7.0	7.0	6.2	
13th "		7.1	7.1	6.3	

The previous year	...	Highest water-level	23.7 on 15th September 1919
Ditto	...	Lowest "	6.1 on 24th February 1919.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Highest "	35.75 on 28th August 1906.
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto "	25.74 on 20th and 31st August 1898.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto "	25.66 on 11th to 17th and 31st August 1889 and on 1st to 3rd September 1889
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra only)	...	Ditto	25.66 on 31st July 1900.
Do.	...	Lowest	1.0 on 8th February 1914.
Do.	...	Ditto	2.42 on 18th March 1908.
Do.	...	Ditto	2.91 on 21st to 24th February 1884 and 8th to 9th March 1884.
Do.	...	Ditto	8.16 on 9th to 11th March 1885.
Do.	...	Ditto	8.16 on 16th, 17th and 29th to 31st March 1901.

N.B.—The gange reading commenced from 3rd October 1909.

FARIDPUR,
The 15th March 1920.

R. K. GHOSE,
for Subdivisional Officer, P. W. D., Faridpur.

Statement of weekly gauge-readings on the rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra for the week ending 20th March 1920.

Month and date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level.	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year.	Remarks.
1920.					
14th March	7 A.M.	7.3	7.3	6.5	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench mark for the gauge is on a pucca pillar between the passenger ghât and Chaudpur ghât. Its reduced level is 26.84
15th "	7 "	7.6	7.6	6.8	
16th "	7 "	7.4	7.4	7.0	
17th "	7 "	7.5	7.5	7.3	
18th "	7 "	7.7	7.7	7.3	
19th "	7 "	8.0	8.0	7.2	
20th "	7 "	8.3	8.3	7.0	

The previous year	...	Highest water-level	...	23 on 15th September 1919
Ditto	...	Lowest	...	6.1 on 21st February 1919
Record (H F in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Highest	...	25.55 on 28th August 1906
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto	...	25.71 on 20th and 21st August 1890
Record (H F in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto	...	25.66 on 11th to 17th and 31st August and on 1st to 3rd September 1889
Record (H F in Brahmaputra only)	...	Ditto	...	25.66 on 31st July 1900
Do.	...	Ditto	...	1.0 on 8th February 1914
Do.	...	Ditto	...	2.42 on 13th March 1908
Do.	...	Ditto	...	2.91 on 21st to 24th February and 2th to 9th March 1891
Do.	...	Ditto	...	3.16 on 16th to 24th March 1885
Do.	...	Ditto	...	3.16 on 16th, 17th and 20th March 1901

N.B.—The gauge-reading commenced from 3rd October 1909

FARIDPUR.

R. K. GHOSK.

The 20th March 1920.

for Subdivisional Officer, P. W. D., Faridpur.

Statement of Weekly Gauge-readings on the River Ganges at Rampur-Boalia for the week ending the 20th March 1920.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero minus sign for those below zero.	Height of surface above mean sea-level according to P. W. D. datum (a)	Height of surface above mean sea-level on the same date last year according to P. W. D. datum (a)	Remarks
1920.					
14th March	8 A.M.	Zero of gauge is at mean sea level.	36.65	36.41	B. M. on College step 64.93.
15th "	8 "		36.65	36.31	
16th "	8 "		36.65	36.21	
17th "	8 "		36.65	36.16	
18th "	8 "		36.60	36.11	
19th "	8 "		36.60	36.01	
20th "	8 "		36.55	36.01	

(a) P. W. D. datum 6.25 feet above Kidderpore old dock sill.

			Old value	According to P. W. D. datum
The previous year	...	Highest water-level	...	62.80
Ditto	...	Lowest	...	35.01
Record	...	Highest	...	64.44
Do.	...	Ditto	...	64.27
Do.	...	Ditto	...	63.47
Do.	...	Ditto	...	63.40
Do.	...	Lowest	...	32.82
Do.	...	Ditto	...	32.82
Do.	...	Ditto	...	34.21
Do.	...	Ditto	...	34.47

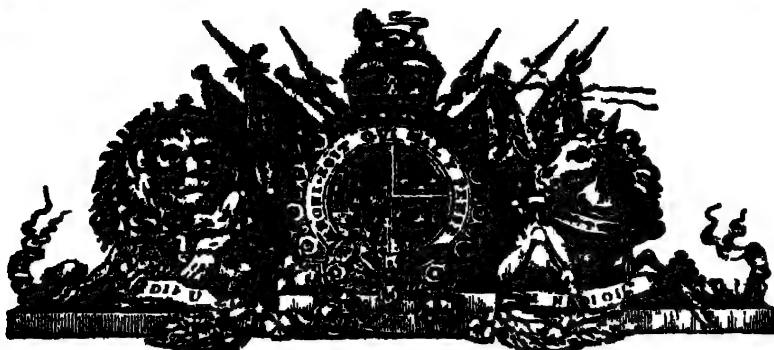
N.B.—The gauge-reading commenced from the 1st August 1887

BOALIA.

M. SEN GUPTA,

The 20th March 1920.

Executive Engineer, Rajshahi Divn.



The Calcutta Gazette

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Governor of Bengal, the Governor of Bengal in Council, the High Court, Government Treasury, etc.

ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

No. 2957A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

GENERAL.—No. 2684A.—The 24th March 1920.—Babu Pramodranjan Das Gupta, substantive *pro tempore* Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong, is posted to the headquarters station of the Dacca district, on being relieved of his settlement training in Bankura.

Chittagong.
Bankura.
Dacca.

No. 2689 A.—The 24th March 1920.—Babu Pran Kumar Mukharji, substantive *pro tempore* Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the headquarters station of the Bakarganj district, on being relieved of his settlement training in Bankura.

Bankura.
Bakarganj.

No. 2693 A.—The 24th March 1920.—Babu Sambhu Charan Chatarji, substantive *pro tempore* Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Murshidabad, is posted to the Narayanganj subdivision of the Dacca district, on being relieved of his settlement training in Bankura.

Murshidabad.
Bankura.
Dacca.

No. 2698 A.—The 24th March 1920.—Mr. Girindra Sircar, M.A., B.L., is appointed to act as Coroner of Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. F. K. Dobbin, or until further orders.

Calcutta.

No. 2745 A.—The 25th March 1920.—Rai Sahib Bhanupendra Nath Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, who has been posted to the headquarters station of the Bankura district, is appointed to act as Magistrate and Collector of that district during the absence, on leave, of Mr. J. V. S. Sircar, or until further orders.

Bankura.

No. 2752 A.—The 26th March 1920.—Babu Jyotish Chandra Banarji, substantive *pro tempore* Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is transferred to the Brahmanbaria subdivision of the Tippera district.

Mymensingh.
Tippera.

No. 2755 A.—The 26th March 1920.—Maulvi Amin-uz-Zaman Khan, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Brahmanbaria, Tippera, is appointed to be a Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

Tippera.
Presy. Divn.

No. 2888 A.—The 29th March 1920.—Mr. T. M. Steven, I.C.S., is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector, Jessore.

Jessore.

No. 2893 A.—The 29th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. E. M. Mannooch, I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, Jessore, to be Additional District Magistrate, Midnapore, for a period not exceeding six months, and to direct that he shall have, during the period he is so employed, all the powers of a District Magistrate under the said Code.

Jessore.
Midnapore.

No. 2896 A.—The 29th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. D. L. Vaughan Stevens, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, Midnapore, to be Additional District Magistrate, Mymensingh, for a period not exceeding six months, and to direct that he shall have, during the period he is so employed, all the powers of a District Magistrate under the said Code.

Midnapore.
Mymensingh.

No. 2901 A.—The 29th March 1920.—Rai Nikhil Nath Ray Bahadur, Additional District Magistrate, Mymensingh, is appointed temporarily to act as Magistrate and Collector of that district.

Mymensingh.

No. 2914 A.—The 30th March 1920.—The orders of the 15th March 1920 transferring Maulvi Nasiruddin Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the Serajganj subdivision of the Pabna district are cancelled.

Pabna.

POLICE.—No. 2788A.—*The 26th March 1920.*—Mr. F. L. Peters, Officiating Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Presidency Range, is appointed to act as Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Dacca Range, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. A. E. O'Sullivan, or until further orders.

Presy. Range. No. 2790A.—*The 26th March 1920.*—Mr. F. N. Warden, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, on leave, is appointed to be Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Presidency Range.

Rangpur. No. 2794A.—*The 26th March 1920.*—Mr. H. C. Hunt, substantive *pro tempore* Superintendent of Police, on leave, is appointed to act as Superintendent of Police, Rangpur, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. H. Cornish, or until further orders.

Rajshahi. No. 2813A.—*The 27th March 1920.*—Babu Karunamay Ray, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Nator, Rajshahi, is transferred to the Netrakona subdivision of the Mymensingh district, and is appointed to have charge of the police work of that subdivision.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL. No. 2804A.—*The 27th March 1920.*—It is hereby notified, in pursuance of rule 11 in schedule VII to the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Port William in Bengal, and in continuation of notification No. 2374A., dated the 16th March 1920, that Mr Alfred Donald Pickford was, on the 24th March 1920, declared under rule 5 (1) in the same schedule, to have been elected by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce to be an Additional Member of that Council.

LEAVE.

GENERAL.—No. 2659A.—*The 24th March 1920.*—Mr. F. K. Dobbin, Coroner of Calcutta, is allowed leave, without allowances, for eight months with effect from the 24th March 1920.

No. 2661A.—*The 24th March 1920.*—Mr. R. F. Lodge, I.C.S., is allowed privilege leave in advance, under the Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No. 5C.S.R., dated the 9th January 1920, from the 19th December 1919 to the 18th January 1920, inclusive.

No. 2664A.—*The 24th March 1920.*—In modification of the orders of the 1st October 1919, Mr. M. H. B. Lethbridge, I.C.S., is allowed combined leave from the 12th April 1919 to the 9th December 1919, inclusive, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for one month and twenty-five days, additional privilege leave for one month and twenty-five days, and furlough on medical certificate for the remaining period under article 308 (a) of the Regulations.

No. 2702A.—*The 24th March 1920.*—Babu Chuni Lal Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed additional privilege leave up to the 25th May 1920, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 2nd January 1920.

No. 2709A.—*The 24th March 1920.*—Maulvi Abdul Bari, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed furlough for six months, under article 338 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 17th October 1919.

No. 2712A.—*The 24th March 1920.*—Babu Nihar Ranjan Banarji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed furlough for three months, under article 338 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 7th January 1920.

No. 2714A.—*The 25th March 1920.*—Mr. W. H. Thompson, I.C.S., has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India commuted furlough for twelve days in extension of the leave previously granted to him.

No. 2743A.—The 25th March 1920.—Mr. J. Vas, I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, Bankura, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 6th April 1920.

No. 2758A.—The 26th March 1920.—Maulvi Muhammad Fazlul Karim, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector and Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Presidency Division, is allowed leave for six months, viz., privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he is relieved, and additional privilege leave for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919.

No. 2829A.—The 29th March 1920.—Mr. A. W. Cook, C.I.E., I.C.S., is allowed privilege leave for one month and six days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 13th February 1919, and additional privilege leave for eight days, in commutation of a portion of his furlough from the 13th February 1919 to the 8th June 1919.

No. 2883A.—The 29th March 1920.—Mr. W. N. Derynck, I.C.S., has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough on medical certificate for six months.

No. 2884A.—The 29th March 1920.—Mr. P. E. Cammiade, I.C.S., has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for seven days.

No. 2885A.—The 29th March 1920.—Mr. P. H. Waddell, I.C.S., has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for fourteen days.

No. 2899A.—The 29th March 1920.—Mr. W. S. Hopkyns, O.B.E., I.C.S., Magistrate and Collector, Mymensingh, is allowed combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months with effect from the 13th April 1920 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, additional privilege leave for two months and twenty-one days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 2911A.—The 30th March 1920.—Maulvi Nasiruddin Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 6th April 1920.

No. 2917A.—The 30th March 1920.—Babu Hemendra Nath Nandi, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Narayanganj, Dacca, is allowed combined leave for three months, viz., privilege leave for ten days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it, additional privilege leave for twenty-eight days under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period under article 336 of the Regulations.

No. 2935A.—The 30th March 1920.—Mr. Mahima Nath Bhattacharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nadia, is allowed combined leave for five months and twenty days, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for fifteen days or the amount due on the date on which he may avail himself of it, additional privilege leave for one month and three days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under article 311(a) of the Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

POLICE.—No. 2786A.—The 28th March 1920.—Mr. A. E. O'Sullivan, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Dacca Range, is allowed combined leave for eight months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, with effect from the 15th April 1920, or the amount due on the date on which he may be relieved, additional privilege leave for two months and nine days, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under article 308(b) of the Regulations and the Government of India, Finance Department, resolution No. 1511C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919.

No. 2792A.—The 26th March 1920.—Mr. W. H. Cornish, Superintendent of Police, Rangpur, is allowed leave for six months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months with effect from the 19th April 1920, and additional privilege leave for the remaining period under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919.

No. 2909A.—The 30th March 1920.—In modification of the orders of the 5th January 1920, Rai Bhawani Nath Nandi Bahadur, Superintendent of Police, Noakhali, is allowed combined leave for six months, viz., privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months with effect from the 1st January 1920, additional privilege leave for two months and four days, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period under article 336 of the Regulations.

No. 2959A.—The 30th March 1920.—Babu Bankim Chandra Das Gupta, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Tippera, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 22nd January 1920.

RESIGNATIONS.

LEGISLATIVE.—No. 2801A.—The 27th March 1920.—His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. Charles Frederick Payne, I.C.S., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal.

No. 2905A.—The 30th March 1920.—The Governor in Council is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the Hon'ble Colonel C. R. M. Green, M.D., F.R.C.S., D.P.H., I.M.S., of his appointment as a member of the Committee of Management of the Zoological Garden, Calcutta.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2848A.—The 29th March 1920.—It is hereby notified for general information that the first half-yearly Departmental Examination in 1920, of Assistant Magistrates, Deputy and Sub-Deputy Collectors in the Regulation and the non-Regulation districts, of Cantonment Magistrates and of officers of the Police, Medical, Forest, Public Works, Excise, Educational, Imperial Customs, Agricultural and Civil Veterinary Departments will be held on Monday, the 3rd May 1920, and the four following days.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2849A.—*The 29th March 1920.*—In continuation of notification No. 2848A., dated the 29th March 1920, the following programme of the first half-yearly Departmental Examination for Civil, Police, Public Works, Excise, Forest, Military, Medical, Educational, Imperial Customs, Agricultural and Veterinary Officers is published for their information.

The examination will be held at the Town Hall, Calcutta.

The time fixed for the *viva voce* examinations will be communicated to the candidates individually.

Programme of Examination.

Monday, the 3rd May 1920—

10 A.M.—

Viva voce (Bengali and Hindustani).

2-15 P.M.—

Viva voce (Bengali and Hindustani).

Tuesday, the 4th May 1920—

10 A.M.—

Viva voce (Bengali and Hindustani).

2-15 P.M.—

Viva voce (Bengali and Hindustani).

Wednesday, the 5th May 1920—

10 A.M.—

Translation from English (two hours), 10—12.

Dictation (one-half hour), Lower Standard, 12—12-30.

Dictation (one-half hour), Higher Standard, 12-30—1.

2-15 P.M.—

Translation from vernacular (two hours).

Thursday, the 6th May 1920—

10 A.M.—

Law, Part I (Criminal Law and Law of Evidence), without books (three hours).

Criminal Law for police officers, without books (three hours).

Law for excise officers, without books (three hours).

Forest Law, without books (three hours).

Canal Law, Part A, without books (three hours).

Law paper for the qualifying test of military officers for cantonment magistracy, without books (three hours).

2-15 P.M.—

Law, Part II (Revenue Law), without books (three hours).

Criminal Law for police officers, with books (three hours).

Law of excise officers, with books (three hours).

Canal Law, Part B, without books (three hours).

Land Revenue systems, without books (three hours).

Cantonment Act and Rules, with books (three hours).

Friday, the 7th May 1920—

10 A.M.—

Law, Part III (General Law), with books (three hours).

Procedure and Accounts for forest officers, with books (three hours).

Higher Standard Law for cantonment magistracy, with books (three hours).

Canal officers' examination in cases (time to be determined by the Examination Committee).

2-15 P.M.—

Accounts for Civil officers (including excise officers), with and without books (three hours).

Accounts for police officers, with books (three hours).

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 3336 For.—The 29th March 1920.—Mr. G. A. Floyd, whose temporary appointment to the Indian Forest Service for two years on Rs. 600 per mensem has been sanctioned by the Government of India, is posted, as an attached officer, to the Buxa Forest Division with headquarters at Rajabhatkhawa.

No. 3272 L.A.—The 26th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 48(1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of land comprised in premises No. 5, Sagore Dutt Lane, and measuring 3 cottahs 1 chitak 9 square feet, bounded as follows, which was included in the area notified for acquisition under declaration No. 142 L.A., dated the 4th January 1916, published at pages 5 and 6, Part 1 of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 5th January 1916, and was required for the Street Scheme No. VII-B of the Calcutta Improvement Trust (Central Avenue, Colootolah Street to Bowbazar Street), bounded on the—

North—By premises No. 6, Sagore Dutt Lane.

East and South—By premises No. 7A, Sagore Dutt Lane, and

West—By Sagore Dutt Lane.

No. 3407 L.A.—The 30th March 1920.—Babu Jitendra Chandra Mazumdar, Deputy Collector, Khulna, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in the Sadar subdivision of that district.

No. 3409 L.A.—The 30th March 1920.—Babu Sashi Bhushan Bhattacharji, Special Land Acquisition Deputy Collector, 24-Parganas, is vested with the powers of a Collector, under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in the districts of Jessore and Nadia, for the purpose of acquiring lands for the Jhouna Drainage Scheme.

No. 3442 L.A.—The 30th March 1920.—Babu Surendra Mohan Basu, Deputy Collector, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the (Municipal) Department of this Government for employment on the work of acquisition of the land required for the construction of the Amta Drainage project, in the district of Howrah, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, in that district.

No. 3438. Jur.—The 30th March 1920.—Mr. W. H. Thompson, I.C.S., now on combined leave, is appointed Superintendent of Census Operations, Bengal, with effect from the date on which he may take over charge of his duties.

No. 3329 Agri.—The 29th March 1920.—Mr. P. J. Kerr, M.R.C.V.S., I.C.V.D., Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Bengal, on return from leave, is appointed temporarily, with effect from the 26th March 1920, to the post of the Second Imperial Officer, Bengal Veterinary College, sanctioned by the Secretary of State, and to act as Principal of that College during the absence, on leave, of Colonel A. Smith.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

DECLARATION.

No. 3383 L.A.—The 26th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the extension of Kazirpagla High English School, in the village of Kazirpagla, parganas Makimabad and Bikrampur, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 2·43 acres, bounded as detailed below:—

BLOCK "A":

North—By a *khal*,
East—By *nal* land of Kadim,
South—By a public pathway,
West—By Kazirpagla High English School compound,

BLOCK "B":

North and West—By a public pathway,
South—By *nal* lands of Nazirali and Akbar,
East—By the *nal* lands of Kalu and Aziz,

are required within the aforesaid village of Kazirpagla.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer, Munshiganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3286 L.A.—The 26th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for brickfield for the proposed subdivisional headquarters at Dhanbari, in the villages of Bornichandbari and Dhanbari, pargana Pookharia, zilla Mymensingh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, bearing settlement plots Nos. 4110 to 4112, 1564 to 1571, 1573 to 1575, 1701 and 1893, and measuring, more or less, 5·95 acres, bounded on the—

North—By the lands of Ilim Shek, Mahar Silek, Iswar Chandra Bhadra, Ilim Mondal, Ali Shek, Kali Shek, Maharali Sarkar and Slim Shek,

East—By the land of Dhanbari Nawab,

South—By the lands of Dhanbari Nawab, Mahar Shek, Salim Sarkar and Kamu Mardal,

West—By *halat*,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Bornichandbari and Dhanbari.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Mymensingh.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3289 L.A.—The 26th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for brick-field for the proposed subdivisional headquarters at Iswarganj, in the village of Churnikla, pargana Mymensingh, zilla Mymensingh, it is

hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 8.37 acres, bounded as detailed below:—

PLOT A :

North—By the *khas* land of Brojendra Babu and the land of Sadi Abbuch,
East—By the lands of Palu Bepari, Ramgati Mistry, Nazu Sheik and Mamudali,
South—By the lands of Idrish Sarkar, Jamdharali, Mahamud Sahadil, Alim and Naru Sheik,
West—By the land of Kadir Baksa,

PLOT B :

North—By the land of Idrish Sarkar,
East—By the lands of Idrish Sarkar, Kadir Baksa, Iasin and Jamdharali,
South—By Mymensingh-Bhairab-Bazar Railway land,
West—By the lands of Kadir Baksa, Mamruj Bepari, Mujardi and Basir Sheik's house, • •

are required within the aforesaid village of Charnikla.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Mymensingh.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3338 L.A.—*The 29th March 1920.*—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the brick-fields at Bajitpur, for the proposed ~~subdivisional~~ headquarters in the village of Bajitpur (Mathurapur), pargana Joanshahi, zilla Mymensingh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 8.264 acres, bounded on the—

North—By lands of Mahim Banikya, Giris Banikya, Ramchandra Sil, Rajani Sil, Bansi Das, Ramhari Das, Madhabdas, Dhannanjoy Das, Ramani Mohan Das, Harkumar Das, Prosanna Das, Dwaraka Nath Das, Banshi Badan Das and Gangadhar Das,

East—By lands of Banshi Das, Ramhari Das, Madhab Das, Dhannanjoy Das, Har Kumar Das, Prosanna Das, Dwarikanath Das, Bhanshi Badan Das, Gangadhar Das, Ramani Mohan Das, Gurudas Das, Gangabashi Shaha and patit khal,

South—By District Board road,

West—By lands of Abdul Hamid Bhuya, Krishnananda Sil, Ramchandra Sil, Rajani Sil, Mahim Banikya and Giris Banikya,

is required within the aforesaid village of Bajitpur (Mathurapur).

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Mymensingh.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3345 L.A.—*The 29th March 1920.*—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the proposed siding to the Craig Jute Mill, in the villages of Jagadal and Authpore, parganas HABILISHAHAR and SODEPORE, zilla 24-Parganas, it is

hereby declared that for the above purpose seven pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 5.232 acres, bounded as detailed below:—

PLOT No. I :

North and West—By the lands of the Eastern Bengal Railway,
South—By the lands of Kissori Lal Goswami and Messrs. Begg, Dunlop & Co.,
East—By the land of Kissori Lal Goswami and public drain;

PLOT No. II :

North—By the lands of Kedar Nath Sen, Kissori Lal Goswami, and the public road,
East—By the lands of Kedar Nath Sen, Kissori Lal Goswami and the public drain and road,
South—By the lands of Kissori Lal Goswami, Messrs. Begg, Dunlop & Co., and public drain,
West—By the lands of Kissori Lal Goswami, Kedar Nath Sen, Eastern Bengal Railway and public drain,

PLOT No. III :

North, West and South—By the lands of Messrs. Begg, Dunlop & Co.,
East—By the public road,

PLOT No. IV :

North and West—By the drain of public road,
South—By the land of Sripati Ghose,
East—By the land of Messrs. Begg, Dunlop & Co.,

PLOT No. V :

North—By the land of Messrs. Begg, Dunlop & Co.,
East—By the lands of Messrs. Begg, Dunlop & Co. and Sukhadamai Debi,
South—By the lands of Sukhadamai Debi, Sidhu Goalini and Surpara road,
West—By the land of Messrs. Begg, Dunlop & Co., and the drain of Ferry Fund road,

PLOT No. VI :

North and West—By the land of Sripati Ghose,
South—By Uttarpara ghat road,
East—By the drain of Ferry Fund road,

PLOT No. VII :

North—By Uttarpara ghat road,
East—By Ferry Fund road,
South and West—By the lands of Sripati Ghose,

are required within the aforesaid villages of Jagadal and Authpore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Calcutta district, Eastern Bengal Railway.

M. C. MCALPIN.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3348 L.A.—The 29th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz., for the improvement of the Port Commissioners' property on Sustitalla Road, Kidderpore, in the village of Kidderpore, pargana Magura, zilla 24-Parganas.

it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, '0134 of an acre, bounded on the—

North and South—By an open surface drain.

East and West—By the lands belonging to the Port Commissioners, is required within the aforesaid village of Kidderpore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Land Acquisition Collector, Calcutta, and in that of the Chief Engineer to the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3352 L.A.—The 29th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by ~~Murshidabad.~~ Government at the expense of the District Board of Murshidabad for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of an inspection bungalow in the village of Salar, pargana Fatehsingh, district Murshidabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1'42 acres, bounded on the—

PLOT A :

North—By the lands of Moazem Hossain, Ali Ahmed and Muzhural Huq.

East—By the lands of Muzhural Huq, minors Tenai Bibi, Mohora Bibi, Abdul Khalil, Shaikh Abdul Aziz, plot B, and the lands of Golam Hossen Mean and Syamonnessa Bibi,

South—By the lands of Fazlal Huq,

West—By the mango garden of Obed Choudhury,

PLOT B :

North—By the lands of Shaikh Abdul Aziz, Syamonnessa Bibi, Asmutulla Choudhury and Abul Ahsen Mian,

East—By the railway fencing,

South—By the lands of Golam Hossen, Syamonnessa Bibi, Teharan-nessa Bibi and Abdur Rashid,

West—By plot No. A,

is required within the aforesaid village of Salar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Kandi.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3356 L.A.—The 29th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Bakarganj for a public purpose, viz., for the excavation of a reserve tank at Joyanti taluk, in the village Khoshnadi, pargana Dakshin Shahabazpur, zilla Bakarganj, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, '91 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By settlement plot No. 10997 (nal land of Abdulla),

East and South—By the remaining portion of settlement plot No 11001 (Nal land of Nazir Ahmed Bhua and others),

West—By settlement plot No. 10999 (Nal land of Parbati Charan Das),

is required within the aforesaid village of Khoshnadi.

This declaration is made, under the provision of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Bhola, as well as in that of the Collector of Bakarganj.

M. C. McALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3389 L.A.—The 30th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board, Noakhali, for a public purpose, viz., for a bazar in the villages of Gopal Ramsankar, Tajmahatap and Chhotasripur, pargana Bhulua, zilla Noakhali, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose five pieces of land altogether measuring, more or less, 11.461 acres, bounded on the—

BLOCK A :

North, East and West—By road,

South—By lands of Chandrakanta De and others, and Gagan, Bhounik, and homestead of Srikanta De and others,

BLOCK B :

North and West—By road,

South—By homestead of Srikanta De and others and District Board land,

East—By drain,

BLOCK C :

North—By homestead of Lal Mia and others,

East and South—By road,

West—By lands of Prasanna and Nava Sen and others, and road,

BLOCK D :

North—By lands of Nava Sen and others and Matiar Rahman,

East—By rail road,

South—By land of municipality,

West—By road,

BLOCK E :

North—By land of municipality,

East—By rail road,

South—By Government land,

West—By road,

are required within the aforesaid villages of Gopal Ramsankar, Tajmahatap and Chhotasripur.

Mines of coal, iron-stone, slate or other minerals lying under the land, or any particular portion of the land, except only such parts of the mines and minerals as it may be necessary to dig, or carry away, or use, in the construction of the work for the purpose of which the land is being acquired are not needed.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, and section 3, clause (1), Act XVIII of 1885, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Noakhali.

M. C. McALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3392 L.A.—The 30th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a brick-field at Kishorganj in connection with the proposed district headquarters at Kishorganj, in the villages of Mahinanda and Kishorganj, pargana Tappe Hajradi, zilla Mymensingh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 38.11 acres, bounded on the—

North—By lands of Purna Chandra Bhattacharjee, Haranath Sukaldas, Dina Nath De and Niamat,

East—By District Board road,

South—By lands of Masum, Nazu, Karim, Tarip, Rahim Baksha, Sayed Ali, Mamud Ali, Bibijan, Ibrahim, Denguri, Abdul Gofur, Rusmat, Najim, Miadhar, Ashan, Radha Gobinda Mali in mauza Mahinanda and by lands of Radha Gobinda Mali, Ibrahim, Khalil Munshi, Yadat, Abdul Somed, Abdul Hamid, Matijan Bibi, Mohesh Saha, Nanda Rani Dasi, Gabinda Saha, Kiamat and Niamat Shekh in mauza Kishorganj, and lands of Khirad Kamini Dasi and Krishna Mohan Namadas in mauza Kishorganj, and by the lands of Krishna Mohan Namadas and Local Board road in mauza Mahinanda,

is required within the aforesaid villages of Mahinanda and Kishorganj.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Mymensingh.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3395 L.A.—The 30th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a brickfield for the Rural Magistracy at Itna, in the village of Itna, pargana Joanshabhi, zilla Mymensingh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 5.25 acres, bounded on the—

North—By lands of Arman Thakur and Farman Thakur,

East—By land already acquired for Rural Magistracy,

South—By lands of Arman Thakur and Farman Thakur and khas patit lands of proprietors, viz., Nawab Habibulla Bahadur, Hem Chandra Choudhury, Dewan Abdul Alim and Mohesh Chandra Gupta,

West—By khal,

is required within the aforesaid village of Itna.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Mymensingh.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3398 L.A.—The 30th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Magura union committee for a public purpose, viz., for a burial ground, in the village of Magura, pargana Mahmudshahi, zilla Jessore, it is hereby declared that for

the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .62 of an acre, bounded on the—

North-east—By the Binodpur District Board road-side drain,

South-east—By Hriday Nath Bose's land,

South-west—By Nistarini Das's land,

North-west—By Panchu Sheik, Afsaruddin Chopdar and Abbas Sheik's lands,

is required within the aforesaid village of Magura.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Magura.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3401 L.A.—The 30th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for Chashara Backbone siding of the Eastern Bengal Railway passing west to east through the villages of Chashara, Isdair, Khanpur, Khanpur Municipality, Talla, Hajiganj, Hajiganj Municipality and Goadnail, parganas Govindapur, Khijirpur, Tappa Gopalpur, Khijirpur, Tappa Sayestanagar, Jahangirnagar, Tappa Ichhapur, Sahauljal, Tappa Ichhapur, Sahababad, Tappa Katrab, Nasaratsahi, Tappa Amrapur, Kasimnagar, Tappa Amrapur, Majampur, Maheswardi, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 50.028 acres varying from 76 to 450 feet in breadth and being 12,450 feet in length, is required within the aforesaid villages of Chashara, Isdair, Khanpur, Khanpur Municipality, Talla, Hajiganj, Hajiganj Municipality and Goadnail.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Narainganj.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3404 L.A.—The 30th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Baranagore Municipality for a public purpose, viz., for the improvement and extension of the burning ghat, in the village of Baranagore, pargana Calcutta, zilla 24-Parganas, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .0145 of an acre bounded on the—

North—By the land of Colvin Jute Mill Company and Colvin Ghat Road,

East—By the Colvin Ghat Road,

South—By the existing municipal burning ghat,

West—By the river Hooghly,

is required within the aforesaid village of Baranagore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6, Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Baranagore Municipality.

M. C. MCALPIN,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3412 L.A.—The 30th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of Dacca for a public purpose, viz., for a seed store house at Narsingdi, in the village of Satirpara, pargana Tappa Maheswardi, zilla Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, .061 of an acre, bounded on the—

North—By the cadastral survey plot No. 224,

East—By the cadastral survey plots Nos. 204 and 205,

South and West—By the remaining portion of the cadastral survey plot No. 223,

is required within the aforesaid village of Satirpara.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Subdivisional Officer of Narayanganj.

M. C. McALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3415 L.A.—The 30th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for a brickfield for the proposed district headquarters at Jamalpur, in the village of Singhjani, pargana Jafarshahi, zilla Mymensingh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 39.89 acres, bounded on the—

North-east—By dag Nos. 389, jote land of Basiruddin Munshi, 390, 1126, 1170, jote lands of Subal Sorkar and others, 1125, jote land of Naimuddin Sheikh, 1129, jote land of Natu Sheikh and others, 1128, jote land of Jonabali Fokir, 1149, jote land of Safatullah Jamadar, 1150, jote land of Sadhu Sheikh, 1169, jote land of Natu Sheikh, 1228, 1227, jote lands of Ganga Prosad Singh and others, 1165, jote land of Ram Nath Tewari, 1206, jote land of Abdur Rashid and others, 1208, 1229, *muzrai* lands of Aradhan Shaha, 1230 jote land of Asan Sheikh,

North-west—By dag Nos. 304, 386, 387, 389, land acquired for proposed new district headquarters, 379, Goalpara road, 381, 382, jote lands of Sadhu Sheikh, 410, jote land of Patu Mondal, 411, jote land of Kutu Sheikh, 419, jote land of Umed Mondal,

South-east—By dag Nos. 1227, 1228, jote land of Ganga Prosad Singh, 1234, jote land of Abdul Ali Mian, 1245, 1244, jote lands of Tayson Ali Mian, 1243, 1241, jote lands of Abdur Rashid and others, 1238, jote land of Sadhu Sheikh, 1239, jote land of Ram Nath Tewari,

South-west—By dag Nos. 419, jote land of Umed Mandal, 428, jote land of Mir Bakhsha Sheikh, 424, jote land of Asvini Mohan Ghosh and others, 423, 533, jote land of Jamalpur Loan Office, 526, 543, jote lands of Kutu Sheikh, 534, jote land of Dwaraka Nath Sen, 547, jote land of Kader Sheikh, 548, jote land of Imanu Sheikh, 549, jote land of Umed Sheikh, 550, jote land of Ram Nath Tewari,

is required within the aforesaid village of Singhjani.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Mymensingh.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

No. 3427 L.A.—The 30th March 1920.—Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council that land is required to be taken

Tippera.

by Government at the expense of the District Board of Tippera for a public purpose, viz., for a fair-weather road from Bholakot to Mohishber, in the villages of Bholakot, Shadhan and Kutai, pargana Sarail, zilla Tippera, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 5.63 acres, and passing east to west through villages Bholakot, Shadhan and Kutai, the total length of the road being 1.16 miles and the average breadth nearly 40 feet, is required within the aforesaid villages of Bholakot, Shadhan and Kutai.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, to all whom it may concern.

A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector of Tippera.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

No. 3292 L.A.—The 26th March 1920.—In line 7 of declaration No. 7711 L.A.,

Bakarganj.

dated the 15th September 1919, published at page 1501, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th idem, regarding the land required for the construction of quarters for the Court Sub-Inspector of Police at Patua-bali, in village Kalikapur, pargana Aorangpur, district Bakarganj, for "1.76" acres read "1.78" of an acre.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3343 Regn.—The 29th March 1920.—It is notified for general information

Murshidabad.

that the Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the retention for one day of the office of the Joint Sub-Registrar of Kandi, in the district of Murshidabad, which was established for three months from the 15th May 1919 by notification No. 394 T.R., dated the 10th May 1919.

M. C. MCALPIN,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 5113F., dated the 25th March 1920.

Copy of a letter No. 5114F., dated the 25th March 1920, to the Accountant-General, Bengal.

IN continuation of Government order No. 2367F., dated the 11th March 1920, I am directed to convey the sanction of Government to the grant of grain compensation allowance of Re. 1 a month, for the month of February 1920, to all whole-time servants under this Government on the civil establishment drawing Rs. 12 or less per month. These orders will apply to all the districts of Bengal in which the cheapest common rice was dearer than 10 seers the rupee, including the Chittagong Hill Tracts, where the price was dearer than 7 seers the rupee during the month.

No. 978S.R.—The 25th March 1920.—Mr. R. A. Stephen, Deputy Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Calcutta, is ~~allowed~~ combined leave for six months ~~and~~ eleven days, viz., ordinary privilege leave for twenty-three days, under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 6th April 1920, and additional privilege leave for eighteen days under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168-C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period under Article 336 of the Regulations.

No. 986S.R.—The 26th March 1920.—In exercise of the power delegated by the Governor-General in Council, under section 43 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918 (VII of 1918), by the Government of India notification in the Finance Department, No. 778F., dated the 28th March 1918, the Governor in Council is pleased, in modification of notification No. 10318R., dated the 9th April 1918, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th idem, to make the following amendments in the rules published under the said notification:—

(1) For rule 1 *substitute* the following:—

Rule 1 (1).—The Collector may, by a notice in Form I contained in the Appendix, call upon any private employer to state whether he agrees to recover on behalf of Government the income-tax payable at the rates specified in Schedule I of the Act, in respect of all salaries, wages, annuities, pensions or gratuities, fees, commissions, perquisites or profits paid by him or on his behalf to persons in his employ whose total income under the above heads amounts to Rs. 2,000 per annum or more.

(2) A remission of two *per cent.* will be allowed to the employer if the said income-tax is collected and paid to the Collector, by monthly instalments, on or before the 7th day of each month.

(2) For Forms I, II and III *substitute* the following:—

FORM I.

Notice to Private Employers.

Under the provisions of Act VII of 1918, you are hereby required to inform the undersigned on or before the _____ whether you agree to recover on behalf of Government the income-tax payable at the rates specified in schedule I of the said Act in respect of salary, wages, annuities, pensions or gratuities, fees, commissions, perquisites or profits paid by you or on your behalf to persons in your employ whose total income under the above heads amounts to Rs. 2,000 per annum or more, subject to the conditions laid down in the said Act, and subject also to the condition that, when paying the sums deducted in accordance with sub-section (2) of section 15 of the said Act, you shall be entitled to retain a commission of two *per cent.* on the amount of such deductions.

In the event of your agreeing to this arrangement, you should sign the enclosed form of agreement and return it to the undersigned. Extracts of the provisions of Act VII of 1918 relating to the assessment and recovery of income-tax under the head of "Salaries" will be found on the reverse.

(REVERSE.)

Extracts.

Sub-section 6 (1).—The tax shall be payable by an assessee under the head "Salaries" in respect of any salary or wages, any annuity, pension or gratuity, and any fees, commissions, perquisites or profits received by him in lieu of, or in addition to, any salary or wages which are paid by or on behalf of Government, a local authority, a company, or any other public body or association not being a local authority or company, or by or on behalf of any private employer where such employer has entered into an agreement with the Collector in accordance with the prescribed conditions to recover the tax on behalf of Government.

Sub-section 15 (1).—Income-tax shall, unless otherwise prescribed in the case of any security of the Government of India, be deducted at the time of payment in respect of income chargeable under the following head:—

(i) "Salaries."

Sub-section 15 (2).—An employer or other person responsible for paying any income chargeable under the head "Salaries" shall, at the time of payment, deduct income-tax on the amount payable at the rate specified in schedule I in respect of such amount, provided that if the payment is a recurring one and in respect of any period less than a year, the rate shall be determined with reference to the amount which would be proportionately payable in a year. The deduction so made shall be treated as a payment of income-tax on behalf of the person from whose earnings the deduction was made, and credit shall be given to him therefor in the next adjustment under section 19.

Sub-section 15 (4).—All sums deducted in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) shall be paid within the prescribed time by the person making the deduction to the credit of the Government of India, or as the Governor General in Council directs.

Sub-section 15 (5).—If any such person does not deduct and pay the tax as required by this section, he shall, without prejudice to any other consequences which he may incur, be deemed to be personally in default in respect of the tax.

Sub-section 15 (6).—The power to deduct under this section shall be without prejudice to any other mode of the recovery.

Section 16.—The prescribed person in the case of every Government office, and the principal officer of every local authority, and of every company, and of every other public body or association not being a local authority or company, and every private employer who has agreed to recover income-tax on behalf of Government shall prepare, and within fifteen days from the 31st day of March in each year, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Collector, in the prescribed form, a return in writing showing—

- (a) the name and, so far as it is known, the address, of every person who was receiving on the said 31st day of March, or has received during the year ending on that date, from the authority, company, body, association or private employer, as the case may be, any income chargeable under the head "Salaries" of such amount as may be prescribed not being less than sixteen hundred rupees per annum;
- (b) the amount of the income so received by each such person, and the time or times at which the same was paid;
- (c) the amount deducted in respect of income-tax from each such person.

Sub-section 36 (1).—When an assessee is in default in making a payment of income tax, the Collector, in his discretion, may recover from him a sum not exceeding double the amount of the tax, either as if it were an arrear of land revenue, or by any process enforceable for the recovery of an arrear of any municipal tax or local rate imposed under any enactment for the time being in force in any part of the territories administered by the Local Government to which the Collector is subordinate.

Sub-section 36 (2).—If any assessee is in receipt of any income chargeable under the head "Salaries," the Collector may require any person paying the same to deduct from any payment subsequent to the date of such requisition any sum recoverable under sub-section (1), and such person shall comply with any such requisition and shall pay the sums so deducted to the credit of the Government of India, or as the Governor General in Council directs.

Section 39.—If a person fails without reasonable cause or excuse—

- (a) to deduct and pay any tax as required by section 15 or under section 36 (2);
- (b) to deliver or cause to be delivered to the Collector in due time any of the returns mentioned in section 16, section 17, or section 28,

he shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the default continues.

SCHEDULE I.

Rates of Tax.	Rate.
I.—When the taxable income is less than Rs. 2,000	Nil.
II.—When the taxable income is Rs. 2,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 5,000	Five ples in the rupee.
III.—When the total income is Rs. 5,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 10,000	Six ples in the rupee.
IV.—When the total income is Rs. 10,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 25,000	Nine ples in the rupee.
V.—When the total income is Rs. 25,000 or upwards	One anna in the rupee.

FORM II.

Form of agreement by private employer under the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918 (VII of 1918), for recovery of income-tax.

Subject to the provisions of Act VII of 1918 I hereby agree to recover, on behalf of Government, the income-tax payable at the rates specified in Schedule I of the Act, in respect of all salaries, wages, annuities, pensions or gratuities, fees, commissions, perquisites or profits paid by me, or on my behalf, to persons in my employ, whose total income under the above heads amounts to Rs. 2,000 per annum or more, and to forward the sums deducted in accordance with sub-section (2) of section 15 of the said Act, to the Collector of Income-tax, for crediting to Government within one week from the date of such deductions less a commission of 2 per cent. thereon.

Signature of the private employer.

FORM III.

Authority to private employer to collect the tax from persons in his employ.

No.

INCOME-TAX.

From

The Collector of

To

SIR,

I AM in receipt of the form of agreement signed by you, dated the 19 , and in consideration of the declaration and conditions therein contained, I hereby authorize you to collect from the persons in your employ whose total income chargeable under the head "Salaries" amounts to Rs. 2,000 or more, the amount of tax payable by them under the Income-tax Act, 1918 (VII of 1918).

Collector.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,

Dated the

19 .

No. 1007 S.R.—The 29th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 2, sub-section (5) of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918 (VII of 1918), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Babu Satish Chandra Ghosh, Deputy Collector, to exercise and perform the powers and duties conferred by the said Act on a Collector, within the Sadar subdivision of the district of Bakarganj.

No. 992S.R.—The 26th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 90 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909 (Bengal Act V of 1909) as amended by the Bengal Excise (Amendment) Act, 1914 (Bengal Act VII of 1914), read with section 22 of the Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899 (Bengal Act I of 1899), the Governor in Council is pleased to make, with effect from the 1st April 1920, the following amendment in paragraph 37 of Notification No. 596S.R., dated the 30th March 1915 (published on pages 562-678, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of 31st idem), as subsequently amended, namely:—

At the end of the said paragraph 37 add the following new subparagraph:—

“(6) Ganja not exceeding 1 tola in weight and bhang not exceeding 10 tolas in weight are exempted from the provisions of section 9 (1) of the Act relating to import, when such import is made in person by a *bona fide* traveller coming into the Presidency of Bengal from another part of India, and the drug is for his own personal consumption.”

A. MARR,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 659 Medl.—The 26th March 1920.—Lieutenant-Colonel E. A. W. Hall, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, 24-Parganas, and officiating Protector of Emigrants and Superintendent of Emigration, Calcutta, is allowed privilege leave for one month and nine days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, read with the Government of India, Finance Department Resolution No. 1514C.S.R., dated the 29th December 1919, with effect from the 1st April 1920.

A. MARR,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 760 Edn.—The 30th March 1920.—Rai Bhupati Nath Das Bahadur, a supernumerary professor in the Dacca College, is appointed substantively to be a professor in the same college, *vice* Dr. E. R. Watson, transferred.

No. 102 Eccl.—The 24th March 1920.—The Revd. W. H. Drawbridge, Additional Chaplain of St. John's Church, Calcutta, is granted combined leave for six months, with effect from the afternoon of the 30th January 1920, or any subsequent date on which he availed himself of it, viz., ordinary privilege leave for three months and additional privilege leave for one month and eleven days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department order No. 168C.S.R., dated the 24th February 1919, and special leave on urgent private affairs for the remaining period under articles 233 and 587 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1015C.S.R., dated the 30th August 1919.

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2958A.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

No. 2175A.—The 9th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon each of the gentlemen named below the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Bogra, for a period of three years from the 7th April 1920, and

Bogra.

- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Sherpur bench in the said district:—

- (1) Maulvi Muhammad Habibur Rahman Khundkar.
(2) Babu Debendra Kishore Taraïdar.

7A.—The 25th March 1920.—With the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act IV of 1866), and by section 18 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. F. Roddis, Officiating Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, to be a Presidency Magistrate in Calcutta, and to empower him to sit singly as a Presidency Magistrate.

Calcutta.

No. 2762A.—The 26th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Ramlal Das the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, in the district of Murshidabad, for a period of three years from the 10th April 1920, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Jangipur subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Dhulian bench, in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Murshidabad.

No. 2764A.—The 26th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 and the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Hemanta Kumar Ray the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of Murshidabad, for a period of three years from the 10th April 1920, in respect to such cases as may be made over to him within the limits of the Jangipur subdivision of the said district,
- (b) to direct that he shall, in addition to sitting singly, sit as a member of the Dhulian bench in the said district, and
- (c) to direct him to take down evidence in the English language.

Murshidabad.

No. 2766A.—The 26th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Maulvi Ilahi Bakhsh the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of the 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Titagarh bench in the said district.

24-Parganas.

No. 2779A.—The 26th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Nagendra Nath De, the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of **Burdwan.** Burdwan, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Raniganj bench in the said district.

No. 2781A.—The 26th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Praphulla Kumar Mukharji the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of **Burdwan.** Burdwan, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Raniganj bench in the said district.

No. 2783A.—The 26th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Mr. Jatindra Nath Das the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of **Burdwan.** Burdwan, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Raniganj bench in the said district.

No. 2811A.—The 27th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Kumar Rajendra Narayan Ray the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of **24-Parganas.** 24-Parganas, for a period of three years from the 10th April 1920, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Sealdah bench in the said district.

No. 2881A.—The 29th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Maulvi Saiyid Zaki Reza the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of **Birbhum.** Birbhum, for a period of three years from the 20th April 1920, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Rampurhat bench in the said district.

No. 2926A.—The 30th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 14 and 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased—

- (a) to confer upon Babu Dharanidhar Chatterji the powers of a Magistrate of the third class, in the district of **Burdwan.** Burdwan, for a period of three years from the date of this notification, and
- (b) to direct him to sit as a member of the Raniganj bench in the said district.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 2777A.—The 26th March 1920.—The Governor in Council accepts the resignation tendered by Babu Nagendra Nath De of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Asansol bench in the district of Burdwan.

No. 2924A.—The 30th March 1920.—The Governor in Council accepts the resignation tendered by Rai Sahib Mrityunjay Chatarji of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of the Raniganj bench in the district of Burdwan.

POWERS.

No. 2657A.—The 23rd March 1920.—Babu Nalini Ranjan Raha, Deputy Magistrate, Birbhum, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 2760A.—The 26th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon each of the gentlemen, named below, Honorary Magistrates of the Munshiganj bench, the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, in the district of Dacca, for a period of three years from the 14th April 1920—

(a) in respect to cases brought before the said bench, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the said bench, and

(b) in respect to such cases as may be made over to him, when sitting singly, within the limits of the Munshiganj subdivision of the said district :—

Khan Bahadur Munshi Kabir Ullah.
Rai Ramesh Chandra Guha Bahadur.

No. 2689A.—The 24th March 1920.—Babu Pran Kumar Mukharji, substantive *pro tempore* Deputy Magistrate, who has, under the orders of this date, been posted to the headquarters station of the Bakarganj district, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class and, under the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, directed to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2907A.—The 30th March 1920.—Babu Sachindra Nath Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate, Jessore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

No. 2928A.—The 30th March 1920.—Khan Bahadur Qamaruddin Ahmad, Deputy Magistrate, Bakarganj, is vested with powers under section 110 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 2930A.—The 30th March 1920.—Maulvi Mirza Shigufta Bakht, Deputy Magistrate, Midnapore, is vested with powers under sections 190 (1) (c) and 524 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 2932A.—The 30th March 1920.—Under the authority vested in the Local Government by sub-section (2), section 8 of the Reformatory Schools Act, VIII of 1897, the Governor in Council is pleased to invest Maulvi Mirza Shigufta Bakht, Deputy Magistrate, Midnapore, with the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of the said Act.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 1391J.—The 26th March 1920.—Babu Phanindra Nath Mitra, munsif of Brahmanbaria, in the district of Tippera, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Faridpur, to be ordinarily stationed at Goulundo. He is also vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Goulundo munsifi.

No. 1394J.—The 26th March 1920.—Babu Jyotirindra Narayan Bagchi, officiating munsif of Goulundo, in the district of Faridpur, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of Tippera, to be ordinarily stationed at Brahmanbaria.

No. 1397J.—The 26th March 1920.—Babu Harendra Kumar Maitra, munsif of Sirajganj, in the district of Pabna and Bogra, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Chittagong, to be ordinarily stationed at Sackania. He is also vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153(b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.

No. 1400J.—The 26th March 1920.—Babu Jogesh Chandra Chatarji, munsif of Sackania, in the district of Chittagong, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Pabna and Bogra, to be ordinarily stationed at Sirajganj.

No. 1403J.—The 26th March 1920.—Babu Nirmal Chandra Mitra, munsif of Comilla, in the district of Tippera, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Jessore, to be ordinarily stationed at Narail. He is also vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Narail munsifi.

No. 1406J.—The 26th March 1920.—Babu Shaflesh Chandra Banarji, munsif of Narail, in the district of Jessore, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Tippera, to be ordinarily stationed at Comilla.

No. 1411J.—The 27th March 1920.—Babu Kali Prasanna Piplai is appointed to act, until further orders, as a munsif in the district of Dacca, to be ordinarily stationed at Manikganj.

No. 1409J.—The 27th March 1920.—Babu Tara Prasanna Chatarji, munsif of Patiya, in the district of Chittagong, is vested with the functions of a District Court, under section 26, sub-section (1), of Act VII of 1889, within the local limits of the Patiya munsifi.

No. 1429J.—The 29th March 1920.—Babu Khagesh Chandra Mitra, M.Sc., B.L., is appointed to act as a munsif in the district of Chittagong, to be ordinarily stationed at Patiya, *vice* Babu Sarada Prasad Datta, transferred.

No. 1440J.—The 29th March 1920.—Babu Kumud Bandhu Sen, munsif of Goulundo, in the district of Faridpur, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the district of Bankura, to be ordinarily stationed at Vishnupur, but for the present to be employed at Khatra.

No. 1442J.—The 29th March 1920.—Babu Tribhubaneswar Ray, munsif of Chikandi, in the district of Faridpur, on leave, is appointed to be a munsif in the same district, to be ordinarily stationed at Goulundo, and is vested with the functions of a District Court under section 26, sub-section (1) of Act VII of 1889 within the local limits of the Goulundo munsifi.

No. 1453J.—The 30th March 1920.—Mr. Zabhadur Rahim Zahid Suhrawardy, Barrister-at-Law. Third Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Second Judge of that Court, with effect from the 26th March 1920, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. F. K. Dobbin, or until further orders.

No. 1264J.—The 15th March 1920.—Babu Srish Chandra Banarji, munsif of Habiganj, in the district of Sylhet, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Subordinate Judge, Bakarganj, *vice* Babu Narendra Nath Lahiri, appointed to act as Registrar, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta.

LEAVE.

No. 1425J.—The 29th March 1920.—Babu Hari Pada Banarji, Additional Subordinate Judge of Jessore and Khulna, now employed at Khulna, is allowed leave till the 31st March 1920, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave already granted to him under the orders of the 22nd February 1920.

No. 1450J.—The 30th March 1920.—Mr. F. K. Dobbin, Barrister-at-Law, Second Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, is allowed combined leave for eight months from 24th March 1920, viz., privilege leave on full pay for one month and one day only under article 272, Civil Service Regulations, and furlough on average salary for the remaining period under article 308 (b) of the Regulations and Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1514 C. S. R., dated the 29th December 1919.

POWERS.

No. 1417J.—The 29th March 1920.—Babu Abinash Chandra Ghosh Hazra, munsif of Patuakhali in the district of Bakarganj, is vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153 (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.

No. 1419J.—The 29th March 1920.—Babu Thakur Das Banarji, munsif of Vishnupur in the district of Bankura, is vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153 (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885.

No. 1421J.—The 29th March 1920.—The following officers employed in the district of Jessore, are vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153 (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885 :—

Babu Bagala Prasanna Basu, munsif, Jhenidah.

.. Abinendra Nath Dhar, .. Magura.

No. 1423J.—The 29th March 1920.—The following officers employed in the district of Noakhali, are vested with powers to exercise final jurisdiction in the trial of suits for the recovery of rent under section 153 (b) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, VIII of 1885 :—

Babu Satya Saran Gaha, munsif, Hatiya.

.. Makhan Lal Mukharji, munsif, Feni.

.. Upendra Lal Das Gupta, munsif, Feni.

G. N. ROY,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1434J.—The 29th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 8 of the Reformatory Schools Act, 1897 (VIII of 1897), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower each of the following Presidency Magistrates to exercise the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of the said section :—

- (1) Babu Jogesh Chandra Sen. | (2) Mr. Joges Chandra Sinha.
(3) Mr. G. P. Shelton.

No. 1437J.—The 29th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 18 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to empower the following Presidency Magistrates, who are already authorised to sit singly for the trial of cases, to sit as a Bench for the trial of Juvenile Offenders in Calcutta, in accordance with the rules published under notification No. 4913P., dated the 22nd May 1914 :—

- (1) Babu Jogesh Chandra Sen.
(2) Mr. Jogesh Chandra Sinha.
(3) „ G. P. Shelton.

G. N. ROY,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

POLICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1335P.J.—The 23rd March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 15 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), read with section 21 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel hereby notification No. 1808Pl., dated the 6th June 1911, published at page 1091 of Part II of the *Eastern Bengal and Assam Gazette* of the 14th June 1911.

No. 1372P.J.—The 24th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 16 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), as amended by the Indian Arms (Amendment) Act, 1919 (XX of 1919), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules for carrying into effect the provisions of the aforesaid section.

2. The rules published in notification No. 949P.J., dated the 28th February 1920, at page 421, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd March 1920, are hereby cancelled.

Rules.

1. Any person depositing arms, ammunition or military stores with a licensed dealer in compliance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 16 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, shall immediately inform the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, and also, if he be not a resident of Calcutta, the Magistrate of the district in which he resides.

2. When a dealer disposes of arms, ammunition or military stores so deposited, he shall report the fact to the Commissioner of Police, and, if the depositor is not a resident of Calcutta, to the Magistrate of the district in which he resides. The report shall state the name and address of the depositor, the number, date and issuing authority of the license (if any) under which the arms, ammunition or military stores were held, and a description of the arms, ammunition or military stores sold.

3. A dealer failing to dispose of an article so deposited within one year from the 1st January of the year following that in which it was deposited

shall deposit the same at the nearest police-station, and shall at the same time furnish the information mentioned in rule 2; provided that in exceptional cases the period of one year may be extended by the Local Government.

4. All articles deposited under sub-section (1) of section 16 of the Act, and not returned or disposed of under sub-section (2) of the same section within a year of their deposit or within such further period as may be allowed under rule 3, shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

No. 1401P.J.—The 26th March 1920.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the provisions in the third column of entries (3), (6) (c) and (11), respectively, in the table subjoined to Schedule I to the Indian Arms Rules, 1920, issued by the Governor-General in Council with Home Department notification No. 1, dated the 1st January 1920, the Governor in Council is pleased to exempt from the operation of prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13, 14, 15 and 16 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the classes of persons specified in the third column of the following table in respect of the arms described in the fourth column of that table, when carried or possessed for their personal use in the Presidency of Bengal:—

Number of items.	Paragraphs in Schedule I to the Indian Arms Rules, 1920	Classes of persons exempted.	Arms allowed.
1	2	3	4
1	Paragraph 3 ...	Every Maharaja, Raja or Nawab whose title has been conferred or recognized by Government, every Peer, Baronet, Knight Bachelor and Knight of any order established by the Crown.	One revolver, two rifles and two shot guns.
2	Paragraph 6 (c) ...	All great zamindars of Bengal included in this category by an order of the Government under clause (a) in column 3 of entry (6) of schedule I to the Indian Arms Rules, 1920.	The number and class of weapons for the personal use of the zamindar himself and the number of retainers will be decided in each case on its merits. One smooth bore muzzle-loading or breech-loading gun is allowed for each retainer.
3	Paragraph 11 ...	All individual members of the undermentioned classes who were as such exempted under the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, immediately before the coming into force of these rules:— (a) members of any Order of Knighthood; (b) persons holding the Kaiser-i-Hind medal; (c) persons holding titles conferred or recognised by the Governor-General in Council; (d) persons holding swords or other arms received as gifts from the Governor-General in Council or a local Government; (e) persons holding certificates received on the occasion of the assumption of the title of Empress of India by Her late Majesty Queen Victoria; (f) retired British and Indian Officers within the meaning of section 7 (1) and (2) of the Indian Army Act, 1911. in receipt, as such, of a pension; and (g) landholders and members of a Municipal Board or a Committee designated for exemption in any list issued in this behalf by a local Government.	One rifle and one shot gun.

2. The following notifications are hereby cancelled:—

Notification No. 1340P.D., dated the 29th May 1913.
Notification No. 1341P.D., dated the 29th May 1913.
Notification No. 1342P.D., dated the 29th May 1913.

No. 1461 P.J.—The 30th March 1920.—Whereas the Governor in Council has reason to believe that the members of a gang of dacoits, ordinarily residing in the jurisdictions of police-stations Bogra, Shibganj and Khetlal in the district of Bogra, and commonly known as Naser Sardar's gang, are addicted to the systematic commission of non-bailable offences:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council, in exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), hereby declares the said gang to be a criminal tribe for the purposes of that Act.

No. 1462 P.J.—The 30th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), the Governor in Council hereby directs that every registered member of Naser Sardar's gang, which has been declared by notification No. 1461 P.J., dated the 30th March 1920, to be a criminal tribe shall, in the prescribed manner, report himself at fixed intervals and notify his place of residence, any change or intended change of residence and any absence or intended absence from his residence.

No. 1465 P.J.—The 30th March 1920.—Whereas the Governor in Council has reason to believe that the members of a gang of dacoits, ordinarily residing in the jurisdictions of police-stations Pursurah, Tarakeswar and Haripal, in the district of Hooghly, and commonly known as the "Pursurah gang," are addicted to the systematic commission of non-bailable offences:

Now, therefore, the Governor in Council, in exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), hereby declares the said gang to be a criminal tribe for the purposes of that Act.

No. 1466 P.J.—The 30th March 1920.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911), the Governor in Council hereby directs that every registered member of the Pursurah gang, which has been declared by notification No. 1465 P.J., dated the 30th March 1920, to be a criminal tribe, shall, in the prescribed manner, report himself at fixed intervals and notify his place of residence, any change or intended change of residence and any absence or intended absence from his residence.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JAILS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1450 P.J.—The 30th March 1920.—Major M. Galvin, Superintendent of the Juvenile Jail, Alipore, is allowed leave for six months, with effect from the 1st April 1920, viz., ordinary privilege leave for three months and additional privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Government of India, Finance Department, orders Nos. 168 C.S.R. and 16 C.S.R., dated respectively the 24th February 1919 and 9th January 1919, preparatory to retirement.

No. 1454 P.J.—The 30th March 1920.—Military Assistant Surgeon A. P. Lopez, Medical Officer, Eastern Bengal Railway, Sealdah, is appointed to act as Superintendent of the Juvenile Jail, Alipore, during the absence, on leave, of Major M. Galvin, or until further orders.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.**ESTABLISHMENT.**

The 29th March 1920.

No. 17.—In modification of this department notification No. 2, dated the 7th January 1920, Babu Gyanendra Nath Chatterji, Sub-Engineer, is granted, under article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for six months, viz., ordinary privilege leave for two months and twenty-nine days, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, additional privilege leave for one month and fourteen days, under Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 168(C.S.R.), dated the 24th February 1919, and furlough for the remaining period, under article 338 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 5th November 1919.

F. A. A. COWLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The 24th March 1920.

No. 37 Marine.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendment in the rules to regulate the importation, possession and transport of carbide of calcium in Bengal, published under Bengal Government notification No. 41 Marine, dated the 19th April 1906.

Amendment.

After rule 3 in Part I of the said rules, the following shall be inserted as rule 3A:—

"The contents of vessels containing carbide of calcium, which are not packed as required by rule 3, or which are broken or defective, will be liable to be drowned in deep water in the harbour at the expense of the consignee under instructions from the Collector of Customs."

C. B. BAYLEY,

Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 25th March 1920.

No. 38 Marine.—The following orders by the Director, Royal Indian Marine, are published for information:—

Squadron Order No. 181, dated 16th March 1920. Captain E. Stocken, R.I.M., Port Officer, Calcutta, is granted twelve months combined leave out of India on private affairs with effect from the 15th March 1920; the first one hundred and fifty days will reckon as sixty days' special war leave and ninety days privilege leave.

2. Commander W. K. Thyne, R.I.M., Deputy Port Officer, Calcutta, is appointed officiating Port Officer, Calcutta, with effect from the 15th March 1920 and until further orders.

C. B. BAYLEY,

Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 30th March 1920.

No. 39 Marine.—It is hereby notified, under the provisions of section 6 of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890, that Mr. R. O. Law, of Messrs. Birkmyre Brothers, has been elected a representative of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on the Calcutta Port Trust, *vice* Mr. O. F. Beadel, resigned.

C. B. BAYLEY,

Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 23rd March 1920.

No. 16.—Babu Ramani Mohon Sinha, Overseer, Cossye Division, is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for three months with effect from the 21st February 1920.

F. A. A. COWLEY,
Chief Engineer, Bengal.

SUBORDINATE CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 2959A.

No. 2644A.—The 23rd March 1920.—The probationary Sub-Deputy Collectors named below are appointed substantively *pro tempore* to the fifth grade of Sub-Deputy Collectors and are posted to the stations mentioned opposite their names:—

Maulvi Fazlul Karim	...	Chittagong.
Babu Hem Bhushan Datta, M.A.	...	Brahmanbaria, Tippera.
.. Narendra Nath Mukharji, M.A.	...	Howrah.
.. Karuna Nidhan Ghosh, B.A.	...	Hooghly.
.. Upendra Nath Ghatak, B.A.	...	Howrah.
.. Badanya Kumar Ray, B.A.	...	Rangpur.
Maulvi Mir Husain, B.A.	...	Brahmanbaria, Tippera.
.. S. Abdur Rahim, B.Sc.	...	24-Parganas.
Babu Harendra Chandra Barori, B.A.	...	Dacca.
.. Ananta Kumar Malakar, B.A.	...	Do.

They are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class and are directed, under the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2650A.—The 23rd March 1920.—The probationary Sub-Deputy Collectors named below, are appointed substantively *pro tempore* to the fifth grade of Sub-Deputy Collectors:—

Maulvi Mirza Muhammad Abdul Aziz, B.A.

.. Khalil Ahmed, B.A.

Mr. Samuel George Macdonald.

They will continue on settlement training in Bankura until further orders.

No. 2654A.—The 23rd March 1920.—Babu Charu Chandra Bhattacharji, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to the fifth grade of Sub-Deputy Collectors and is posted temporarily to the Bagerhat subdivision of the Khulna district.

He is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class and is directed, under the proviso to section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), to take down evidence in the English language.

No. 2704A.—The 24th March 1920.—Babu Bankim Bihari Mitra, Sub-Deputy Collector, is allowed leave on medical certificate for one month, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 29th December 1919.

No. 2706A.—The 24th March 1920.—Babu Jitendriya Mukharji, probationary Sub-Deputy Collector, was on combined leave from the 12th October to the 31st October 1919, inclusive, viz., privilege leave without allowance for eighteen days, under article 242(a) of the Civil Service Regulations, and leave on medical certificate without allowance for the remaining period under article 336, rule 1 of the Regulations.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 142.—The 25th March 1920.—Babu Manmatha Krishna Ray, Sub-Registrar, on leave, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of **Khulna.** Kaliganj in the district of Khulna.

This cancels this department notification No. 90, dated the 21st February 1920, appointing him to be Sub-Registrar of Saltora, in the district of Bankura.

No. 143.—The 25th March 1920.—Maulvi Muhammad Azharul Haq, Sub-Registrar, grade IV, is allowed leave on medical certificate for one month under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 23, dated the 16th January 1920.

No. 144.—The 26th March 1920.—Maulvi Abdus Samad Khan, Sub-Registrar, grade II, under orders of transfer to Kukrahat, in the district of Midnapore, is allowed leave on medical certificate for twenty-four days, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 117, dated the 10th March 1920.

No. 145.—The 26th March 1920.—Babu Surendra Lal Datta, Sub-Registrar of Kasba, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave for six weeks, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 8th March 1920.

No. 146.—The 26th March 1920.—Maulvi Saifur Rahman, probationer, of Tippera, is appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Kasba, in the district of Tippera, with effect from the 8th March 1920, *vice* Babu Surendra Lal Datta, on leave.

No. 147.—The 26th March 1920.—Babu Surendra Chandra Khan, Sub-Registrar of Saltora, in the district of Bankura, is allowed leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

No. 148.—The 26th March 1920.—Maulvi Saiyid Amir Hussain, Sub-Registrar of Khandagbosh, in the district of Burdwan, is appointed to be Joint Sub-Registrar of Burdwan, with effect from the 1st December 1919.

No. 149.—The 26th March 1920.—Babu Sudhansu Bhusan Ray, probationer, of Calcutta, is allowed leave for three days, under article 242 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 86, dated the 17th February 1920.

No. 150.—The 26th March 1920.—Maulvi Shariful Islam, Sub-Registrar of Bancharampur, in the district of Tippera, is allowed leave on medical certificate for one month, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, in extension of the leave granted to him in notification No. 24, dated the 16th January 1920.

No. 151.—The 30th March 1920.—Maulvi Fazlur Rahman, Sub-Registrar, grade V, of Chittagong, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Sub-Registrar of Banskhali, in the same district, with effect from the 16th February 1920.

No. 152.—The 30th March 1920.—Babu Nibaran Chandra Sen, Sub-Registrar of Rajbari, in the district of Faridpur, under orders of transfer to Balurghat, in the district of Dinajpur, is allowed leave for four months, with effect from the date of relief, *viz.*, ordinary privilege leave for three months, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and additional privilege leave for one month, under the Government of India, Finance Department, order No. 1680 S.R., dated the 24th February 1919.

A. ISLAM.

Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 4534, dated Calcutta, the 25th March 1920.—Officiating Civil Surgeon Kali Mohon Sen made over charge of the Barisal Jail to officiating Civil Surgeon Bepin Chandra Das Gupta on the forenoon of the 11th March 1920.

No. 4837, dated Calcutta, the 28th March 1920.—Deputy Magistrate Girija Bhusan Ghosal made over charge of the Noakhali Jail to officiating Civil Surgeon Basanta Kumar Bhowmick on the forenoon of the 19th March 1920.

No. 859M., dated Calcutta, the 20th March 1920.—Mr. C. R. Battersby, made over charge of the office of the Press and Forms Manager, Bengal, to Mr. Geo. W. Davies on the forenoon of the 19th March 1920.

F. S. C. THOMPSON, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal.

CIVIL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 4485, dated Calcutta, the 23rd March 1920.—Second grade Assistant Surgeon Bama Charan Karmakar of the Diamond Harbour sub-division and dispensary, district 24-Parganas, is granted privilege leave for one month, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 3rd February 1920.

No. 4487, dated Calcutta, the 23rd March 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Prabhas Chandra Banarji held charge of the Diamond Harbour sub-division and dispensary, district 24-Parganas, during the absence, on leave, of 2nd grade Assistant Surgeon Bama Charan Karmakar from the 3rd February to the 2nd March 1920.

No. 4490, dated Calcutta, the 23rd March 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Prabhas Chandra Banarji did supernumerary duty at the Diamond Harbour Dispensary, district 24-Parganas, from the 3rd to the 11th March 1920, both days inclusive.

No. 4497, dated Calcutta, the 23rd March 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Abdul Majid is appointed temporarily to be Resident Assistant Surgeon, General Hospital, Howrah, with effect from the 3rd March 1920.

No. 4965, dated Calcutta, the 27th March 1920.—Temporary Assistant Surgeon Chandi Charan Mitra is placed on supernumerary duty at the Medical College Hospitals, Calcutta, with effect from the 18th March 1920, until further orders.

W. H. B. ROBINSON,

Surgeon-Genl. with the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified for general information, that an examination of non-qualified compounders, who have served as such in hospitals and dispensaries under Government supervision in the Nadia district for a period of not less than seven years, will be held at the Krishnagar Sadar Hospital on the 19th April 1920.

A. C. DATTA,

Civil Surgeon, Nadia.

KRISHNAGAR, the 15th March 1920.

NOTICE

It is hereby notified for general information that the next examination for admission of students to the Compounders' class, Dacca Medical School, will be held on the 1st May 1920, at 9 A.M.

Candidates desirous to sit at this examination shall send their applications with a fee of Rs. 2 to the Deputy Superintendent, Dacca Medical School, on or before the 15th April 1920.

E. A. R. NEWMAN, M.D. (CANTAB.), LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Medical School.

DACCA, the 11th March 1920.

NOTICE.

Examination of Compounders at the Dacca Medical School.

It is hereby notified for general information that the next half-yearly Examination of Compounders will be held on the 28th April 1920 and subsequent days.

The examination will be conducted in accordance with Bengal Government Notifications Nos. 1410 and 1411 Medl., dated the 7th July 1913.

(a) The Examination Committee will consist of:—

- | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| • | Lt.-Col. E. A. R. Newman, C.L.E., M.D., I.M.S.,
Superintendent, Dacca Medical School ... | <i>President.</i> |
| | Assistant Surgeon Tarak Chandra Datta,
Teacher of Materia Medica ... | } <i>Members.</i> |
| | Sub-Assistant Surgeon Ahmed Ali, Teacher
of Compounders ... | |

(b) No person will be admitted to this examination unless he produces certificates as required by rules 9, 10, 11 and 12 of Government Notification No. 1410 Medl., dated the 7th July 1913.

(c) All male candidates must forward to the Deputy Superintendent, Dacca Medical School, an examination fee of Rs. 5 at least one week before the commencement of the examination; a fresh fee must be paid on each occasion that the candidate enters for the examination; but a candidate who, after payment of the fee, is unable, through illness, to attend the examination will be allowed, on producing a satisfactory medical certificate to that effect, to attend the next examination without payment of fresh fee.

N B —Women candidates are examined free of charge

Passed compounders, who have completed a further three months' course of dressing prescribed in rule 13, and students of the Licentiate class of this school, on the completion of their second year's course will be allowed to appear at an examination, to be conducted by the Superintendent of the school as President and two of the teachers as members, in bandaging, sterilization of dressings and instruments and in the minor duties of hospital work. A fee of Rs. 2 shall be charged for this examination.

This examination is also open to persons qualified for admission to the examination prescribed under the Rules for the grant of certificates to compounders, on production of a certificate that they have received instruction in a hospital or dispensary recognized by Government in bandaging, preparation of antiseptic lotions and dressings, sterilization of dressings and instruments, and in the duties of a hospital dresser. Such persons shall be required to pay a fee of Rs. 2 for this examination.

E. A. R. NEWMAN, M.D. (CANTAB.), LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Superintendent, Medical School.

DACCA, the 11th March 1920.

NOTICE.

Examination of Compounders at the Mymensingh S. K. Hospital.

The next qualifying examinations of Compounders and Dressers will be held at the S. K. Hospital, Mymensingh, on Wednesday, the 21st April 1920, at 8 A.M. and subsequent days.

The examination will be conducted in accordance with Bengal Government notifications Nos. 1410 and 1411 Medl., dated the 7th July 1913.

(a) The Examination Committee will consist of :—

Civil Surgeon, Mymensingh	... President.
Assistant Surgeon attached to the S. K. Hospital	... } Members.
Teacher of Compounder Class	... }

No person will be admitted to this examination unless he produces certificates as required by rules 9, 10, 11 and 12 of Government notification No. 1410 Medl., dated the 7th July 1913.

(b) All candidates must forward to the undersigned an examination fee of Rs 5 at least one week before the commencement of the examination. Fresh fee must be paid on each occasion that the candidate enters for the examination, but a candidate who, after payment of the fee, is unable, through illness, to attend the examination, will be allowed, on producing a satisfactory medical certificate to that effect, to attend the next examination without payment of a fresh fee.

C A GOURLAY, Major, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon.

MYMENSINGH, the 16th March 1920

NOTICE.

Admission of students to the Compounder and Dresser class at Mymensingh.

It is hereby notified for general information that the examination for admission of students to the Compounder and Dresser Class, S. K. Hospital, Mymensingh, will be held on Monday, the 26th April 1920 at 8 A.M.

Application for admission, with a fee of Rs. 2 and with certificates of residence, respectability, and character (a) from a Government servant not below the rank of Deputy Magistrate, (b) from the headmaster of the school where he was educated last, will be received by the undersigned up to the 20th April 1920.

C A GOURLAY, Major, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon

MYMENSINGH, the 16th March 1920.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

CIVIL

The 25th March 1920.

No. 2338A.—Babu Tribhubaneswar Ray, Munsif of Goalundo, in the district of Faridpur, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the value of Rs. 100, within the local limits of the Goalundo munsifi.

By order of the High Court.

A. A. FATTESON,
Offg Registrar.

General Letter No. 8.*Dated Calcutta, the 19th March 1920.***FROM****A. A. PATTERSON, Esq., I.C.S.,***Offg. Registrar of the High Court of
Judicature at Fort William in Bengal,
Appellate Side.***To****THE DISTRICT JUDGES IN BENGAL AND ASSAM.****SIR,**

IN continuation of the Court's General Letter No. 14, dated the 28th June 1918, I am directed to state, for your information and for communication to the courts subordinate to you, that the name of Babu Sarat Chandra Basu* has been removed from the roll of Vakils of this Court at his own request.

High Court,
English Department,
(Civil)
Serial No. 24
Roll No. 2 of 1920

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant.

A. A. PATTERSON,*Offg. Registrar.***In the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.****ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.**

It is ordered that Rule 24, Chapter I of the "Rules of the High Court 1914" be amended by inserting the word "Patna" after "Calcutta."

Such amendment to take effect from the 27th day of March 1920.

J. SANDERSON.
ASHUTOSH MOOKERJEE.
E. E. FLETCHER.
N. R. CHATTERJEE.
W. LEUNON.
T. W. RICHARDS.
A. CHAUDHURI.
H. WALMSLEY.
W. E. GREAVES.
B. B. NEWBOULD.
SYED SHAMSUL HUDA.
G. C. RANKIN.
C. C. GHOSE.
E. R. BUCKLAND.

*Calcutta, the 3rd March 1920***SHERIFF'S OFFICE, THE 31ST MARCH 1920.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Second Criminal Sessions of the year 1920 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be held at the Court House, in the town of Calcutta, on Monday, the twenty-sixth day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and thenceforward from day to day until the said Sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who are to prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

A. D. PICKFORD,
Sheriff.

The 25th March 1920.

No. 272A.—In this office notification No. 229A., dated the 11th March 1920, add the following under the heading "*Jhalakati Government High School*"—

"**No. 146A.**—Maulvi Iyakub Ali, assistant master, Jhalakati Government High School, now on deputation to the Agricultural School, Dacca, is appointed substantively in class VIII, Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 21st September 1920."

No. 273A.—Mrs. Saraju Balu Das, assistant mistress, Faizunnessa Girls' School, Comilla (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is granted leave, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 24th December 1919 to the 18th January 1920 (both the days inclusive), in extension of such leave already granted to her.

This cancels paragraph 2 of this office notification No. 170A., dated 17th February 1920.

The 26th March 1920.

No. 274A.—Babu Nanda Dulal Saha, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sadar circle, Pabna, in class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for three months with effect from the 1st March 1920.

Maulvi Ahad Ali Khan B. A., an outsider, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Sadar circle, Pabna, on Rs. 50 a month and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service during the absence on leave of Babu Nanda Dulal Saha or until further orders.

No. 275A.—Babu Bhubaneswar Bhattacharjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Gangarampur circle, Dinajpur, in class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for seven days with effect from the 2nd January 1920.

He is permitted to prefix the Christmas and New Year's day holidays to his leave.

No. 276A.—Babu Sanjib Chandra Basu, a Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Hooghly, now acting as a Deputy Inspector of Schools in the district of Birbhum (class VI, Subordinate Educational Service), is granted leave under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations for the period from the 19th January to 1st February 1920, both days inclusive.

No. 277A.—Babu Jatindra Mohan Sinha, Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Birbhum (class VI, Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as a Deputy Inspector of Schools in the district of Birbhum, on the pay of his own grade, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Satyendranath Gupta, on deputation, or until further orders.

No. 278A.—Babu Samadhiswar Mondal, an Assistant Sub-Inspector of Schools in the district of Birbhum (class IV, Lower Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Birbhum and in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment, *vice* Babu Jatindra Mohan Sinha, on deputation, or until further orders.

No. 279A.—Babu Sauresh Kumar Dutta, B.A., B.T., an outsider, is appointed to act as Sub-Inspector of Schools, Bhedarganj, district Faridpur, on an allowance of Rs. 50 a month, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he joins his appointment, *vice* Maulvi Gholam Hussain, on leave.

No. 280A.—Babu Panna Lal Banerji, B.A., Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools, Jessore (class III of the Subordinate Educational Service), is allowed privilege leave for six months, viz., ordinary privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months with effect from the 6th April 1920, and special privilege leave under Government order No. 1680 S.R., dated 24th February 1919, for the remaining period. He is also permitted, under article 220 of the Civil Service Regulations, to prefix the Good Friday and Easter holidays to his leave.

No. 281A.—Babu Sarat Chandra Banerji, Sub-Inspector of Schools, West Kushtia, in the district of Nadia (class VI of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed to act as Additional Deputy Inspector of Schools,

Jessore, on the pay of his own grade, with effect from the date on which he joins that appointment, *vice* Babu Pauna Lal Banerji, on leave, or until further orders.

No. 282A.—Babu Pramathanath Ganguli, an officiating Sub-Inspector of Schools, in the district of Midnapore (officiating in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service), was on leave, under article 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, for seventeen days from 1st December 1919.

C7

The 27th March 1920.

No. 283A.—In modification of this office notification No. 119A., dated the 28th January 1920, Miss Prokhatbala Sen, daughter of Babu Modhu Sudan Sen, is appointed to be an assistant mistress, Bethune Collegiate School, and in class VIII, Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the 24th December 1919, *vice* Miss Jyotirmoyee Ganguly, resigned.

No. 284A.—Pending the appointment of a permanent man, Babu Brojendra Kumar Sur, M.Sc., assistant, Physical Laboratory, Chittagong College (class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service), is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to be a demonstrator in Physics of the same College in class IV of the Subordinate Educational Service, with effect from the date he joined the appointment, *vice* Babu Narendra Nath Chatterjee, resigned.

No. 285A.—Babu Chinta Haran Banerjee, M.A., Lecturer in English, Rajshahi College (class III of the Subordinate Educational Service), is granted leave on medical certificate, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, for two months with effect from the 24th February 1920, on half pay, in extension of the leave already granted to him under this office notification No. 269A., dated 22nd March 1920.

The officiating arrangement already made will continue in terms of article 144(b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 286A.—Maulvi Sarafat Ali Khan, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Mymensingh, under orders of transfer to Midnapore as District Deputy Inspector of Schools (class V of the Subordinate Educational Service), is granted leave, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, for three months, in extension of that already granted to him in this office notification No. 507A., dated 3rd December 1919.

The existing arrangements for the conduct of the absentee's duties as District Deputy Inspector of Schools, Midnapore, will continue until further orders.

No. 287A.—Babu Upendranath Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Garbeta circle, in the district of Midnapore (class VII of the Subordinate Educational Service), under orders of transfer to the Sonamukhi circle, in the district of Bankura, is granted privilege leave, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, for seventeen days, and additional privilege leave for two months under Government of India's circular No. 168C.S.R., dated 24th February 1919, in extension of that already granted in this office notification No. 349A., dated 11th October 1919.

The 29th March 1920.

No. 288A.—Babu Baidyanath Chaudhuri, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Balurghat circle, Dinajpur, in class VIII of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for five days, in extension of the leave granted to him by this office notification No. 39A., dated 8th January 1920.

The arrangement made for the conduct of the absentee's duties will continue until further orders.

No. 289A.—Maulvi Muhammad Asad, officiating Deputy Inspector of Schools, Kurigram, Rangpur, in class V of the Subordinate Educational Service, is granted, under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, leave on medical certificate for three months, in extension of the leave granted to him by this office notification No. 9A., dated 2nd January 1920.

The officiating arrangement already made for the conduct of the absentee's duties will continue until further orders.

No. 290A.—Babu Mohini Mohan Bhattacharjee, assistant master, Rajshahi Collegiate School, on Rs. 50 a month, is granted, under article 271 (i) of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for one month and fourteen days with effect from the 2nd January 1920.

He is permitted to prefix the Christmas holidays to his leave.

W. W. HORNELL,
Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

FOREST DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 4For.—*The 22nd March 1920.*—Babu Rakhal Chandra Sarkar, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests attached to the Chittagong division, is transferred to the Sundarbans division as an attached officer with headquarters at Khulna.

H. A. FARRINGTON,
Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

ORDERS BY COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

IN exercise of the power conferred on me in Government No. 168P.D., dated the 22nd April 1913, I appoint the following gentlemen to be non-official visitors of the Basirhat sub-jail, in the district of 24-Parganas, for a period of two years, with effect from the date of notification:—

1. Babu Shashi Bhushan Basu.
2. Maulvi Muhammad Ali, M.Sc., B.L.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 26th March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 140J.C.T.—Maulvi Saiyid Ali Ahmad, Sub-Deputy Collector, Naogaon, is posted to the headquarters station of the Bogra district.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., CAMP MALDA, *the 26th March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for general information that a bye-election will be held on Friday, the 30th April 1920, in Ward No. II of the Kharar Municipality in the district of Midnapore to fill up the vacancy caused by the death of Babu Ghanasyam Ghose.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, *the 24th March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 28L.S.G.—It is hereby notified for general information that Muhammad Fazlu Huq has been appointed to be a member of the Panchgram Union Committee in the Latbagh-subdivision of the district of Murshidabad, in the place of Munshi Moharak Hossein Mian, deceased.

F. J. MONAHAN, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, *the 26th March 1920.*

NOTIFICATION.

No. 81M.C.T.—It is hereby notified for general information that Wednesday, the 3th May 1920, has been fixed for holding a bye-election in Ward No. IV of the Pabna Municipality for the election of a Commissioner in place of Maulvi Mafizuddin Ahmad, deceased.

D. H. LEES, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, RAJSHAHI DIVN., CAMP MALDA, the 26th March 1920.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1549J.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 7 of the Bengal Local Self Government Act (III of 1885), the following gentlemen have been duly elected by the Local Boards noted against their names to be members of the District Board of Faridpur:—

- | | |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Babu Krishna Das Roy ... | } Madaripur Local Board. |
| 2. " Prafulla Kumar Pal Choudhury. ... | |
| Maulvi Ghulam Mowla Choudhury. | |
| 1. " Rahamatjan Choudhury ... | } Gopalganj Local Board. |
| 2. " Abdul Wahab ... | |
| 3. Babu Mathura Nath Majumdar ... | |
| 1. " Purna Chandra Maitra ... | } Goalundo Local Board. |
| 2. Maulvi Alimuzzaman Choudhury. ... | |
| 3. " Tamizuddin Khan ... | |
| 1. Babu Ramesh Chandra Roy Choudhury ... | } Sadar Local Board. |
| 2. Babu Khetra Gopal Sarker ... | |
| 3. Maulvi Shah Abdul Mannan ... | |

2. Under section 7 of the Act, the following gentlemen are appointed to be Members of the said District Board:—

- | | |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. The Subdivisional Officer, Madaripur ... | } <i>Ex-officio.</i> |
| 2. The Subdivisional Officer, Gopalganj ... | |
| 3. The Subdivisional Officer, Rajbari ... | |
| 4. The Civil Surgeon ... | |
| 5. Babu Surendra Nath Biswas. | |
| 6. Maulvi Daliluddin Ahmed, B.L. | |
| 7. " Abdul Quader. | |
| 8. Khan Sahib Maulvi Abdul Gani. | |
| 9. Khan Bahadur Nader Hossain. | |
| 10. Babu Mathura Nath Maitra, B.L. | |
| 11. " Kamini Kumar Roy, B.L. | |
| 12. " Ananta Lal Roy Choudhury, B.L. | |

J. T. RANKIN, *Offg Commissioner.*

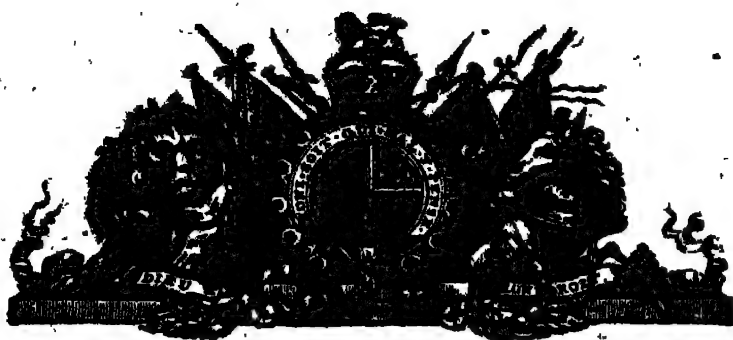
COMMR.'S OFFICE, DACCA, DIVN., DACCA, the 23rd March 1920.

NOTIFICATION

It is hereby notified for general information that, under rule 23 of the Manual of Rules for the management of Charitable Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, Babu Dharanidhar Chatterjee has been appointed a member of the Managing Committee of the Raniganj Charitable Dispensary in the district of Burdwan in place of Rai Sahab Mritanjay Chatterjee, resigned.

J. N. GUPTA, *Commissioner.*

COMMR.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 20th March 1920.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1920.

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Army Department, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 18th March 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Delhi, the 18th March 1920.

SPECIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

No. 487.—The Governor-General in Council desires to place on record the names of British and Indian Officers of the Indian Army and Royal Indian Marine and members of the civil and other Government services in India, who have served as officers in His Majesty's Forces and who have died in the Great War.

They went forth from India to fight in divers lands the battles of the King-Emperor and of his rightful cause. They gladly laid down their lives for this noble purpose. But their names shall endure. For in Victory they died that others might live and that justice might prevail in the world, sacrificing themselves for the loyalty that was in them and for their love toward suffering mankind. Through such heroes the world had peace; and on them too be peace.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

PART I.

BRITISH OFFICERS OF THE INDIAN ARMY AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

Brigadier-General Sir Harry Townsend Fulton, K.C.V.O., C.M.G., C.I.E., D.S.O., Commanding 3rd New Zealand Rifle Brigade.

Brigadier-General Sir Rolfe Estouteville Grimston, K.C.V.O., C.I.E., Inspector-General, Imperial Service Troops.

Brigadier-General Orlando George Gunning, C.M.G., D.S.O., Commanding 36th Infantry Brigade.

Brigadier-General John Arthur Hannington, C.M.G., D.S.O., 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Brigadier-General George Benjamin Hodson, C.B., D.S.O., Assistant Quartermaster-General, 3rd Division.

Brigadier-General Fredrick Aubrey Hoghton, Commanding 17th Indian Infantry Brigade.

Brigadier-General Francis Aylmer Maxwell, M. C., C.S.I., D.S.O., Commanding Infantry Brigade.

Brigadier-General Vincent Alexander Ormsby, C.B., Commanding 127th Infantry Brigade.

Chief Engineer Frederick Featherston Pickard, Royal Indian Marine.

Brigadier-General Gerard Beechey Howard Rice, Commanding 35th Infantry Brigade.

Brigadier-General A. R. O. Sanders, Royal Engineers.

Brigadier-General Lewin Barlow Walton, 26th Punjabis.

Colonel Herbert Clifford Bornard, Indian Army (retired) attached 10th Battalion, The Royal Irish Rifles.

Colonel O. B. Collins, D.S.O., Royal Engineers.

Colonel Arthur Percy Archibald Elphinstone, Indian Army (retired) attached 22nd Battalion, The Northumberland Fusiliers.

Colonel Blenman Buhot Grayfoot, C.B., Indian Medical Service.

Colonel Frank Murray, D.S.O., 8th Gurkha Rifles.

Colonel Geoffrey Davies Pike, M.C., 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Colonel Ernest Robert Raine, Swiney, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Colonel Gervase Francis Newport Tinley, C.B., C.M.G., Commandant Base, Gwalior.

Lieutenant-Colonel Augustus Heathcote Allenby, Indian Army (retired) attached 27th Battalion, The Royal Scots Fusiliers.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Lawrence Anderson, 9th Bhopal Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charley Blair Baldock, 108th Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Beadon, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant-Colonel George Henry Bell, 27th Punjabis.

Lieutenant-Colonel Edmund Emerson Bousefield, 123rd Outram's Rifles.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Bovet, Royal Engineers, 3rd Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Rae Brakspear, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Central India Horse.

Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Xavier Britten, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Ernest Richard Inglis Chitty, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Ernest Codrington, 120th Rajputana Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel Arthur Cooke, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hugh Wilson Cruddas, 41st Dogras.

Lieutenant-Colonel Percy Clare Elliot-Lockhart, D.S.O., 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant-Colonel Claude Cambridge Fenner, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Francis Ferguson-Davie, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant-Colonel John Fortescue Finnis, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Oswald Arthur Gerald Fitzgerald, 18th King George's Own Lancers.

Lieutenant-Colonel Pulteney Charles Gubbett, Indian Medical Service.

Lieutenant-Colonel Bertram Robert Graham, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Grattan, 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant-Colonel George Herbert Griffith, Royal Engineers.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Walter Gilbert Griffith, 32nd Lancers.

Lieutenant-Colonel Ewing Wrigley Grimshaw, 62nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant-Colonel Archibald Samuel Hamilton, Indian Army (retired) attached 14th Battalion, The Durham Light Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Lambert Alfred Graham Hanmer, 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse).

Lieutenant-Colonel Herbert Hastings Harlington, 84th Punjabis.

Lieutenant-Colonel Ernest Newton Heale, 121st Pioneers.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. B. Hingston Royal Engineers.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Clinton Holloway, Indian Army (retired), attached Staffs.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel James Henry Horton, D.S.O., Indian Medical Service.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Elington Duncan Davidson Houston, D.S.O., 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant-Colonel Ernest Alfred Russell Howell, Supply and Transport Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Malcolm Hughes, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

Lieutenant-Colonel Oliver Goldsmith Ievers, Indian Army (retired) attached Censorship Staff.

Lieutenant-Colonel Cyril Compton Jackson, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Augustus Jacques, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Lieutenant-Colonel Arnold Henry Grant Kemball, Indian Army (retired) attached Canadian Forces.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Robert Kennedy, 96th Berar Infantry.

Engineer Captain Thomas Henry Knight, C.I.E., Royal Indian Marine.

Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Lawrie, Indian Medical Service.

Commander George A. Lee, Royal Naval Reserve.

Lieutenant-Colonel Harold Lewis, 37th Lancers (Baluch. Horse).

Lieutenant-Colonel James Atkinson Longridge, 43rd Erinpura Regiment, General Staff, 1st Division, British Expeditionary Force.

Lieutenant-Colonel Frederic Charles Kendall MacMullen, 27th Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Clive Victor Martini, 20th Lancers (Deccan Horse).

Lieutenant-Colonel Eustace Lockhart Maxwell, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).

Lieutenant-Colonel Godfrey Maxwell Morris, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Henry Moorhead, Indian Medical Service.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred Ralph Nethersole, 83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Malcolm Robertson Pocock, 28th Punjabis.

Lieutenant-Colonel John James Patrick Quinn, 117th Mahrattas.

Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Bassett Cockburn Raban, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse).

Lieutenant-Colonel Haldane Burney Rattray, D.S.O., 45th Rattray's Sikh.

Lieutenant-Colonel Frank Rennick, 40th Pathans.

Lieutenant-Colonel Colin Campbell Renton, 98th Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Cosmo Russell, D.S.O., 9th Hodson's Horse.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred George Sargent, Indian Medical Service.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Cecil Archibald Sillery, Indian Army (retired) attached 20th Battalion, The Northumberland Fusiliers.

Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Cecil Hamilton Smithett, 76th Punjabis.

Lieutenant-Colonel Herbert Graham Stainforth, C.M.G., 4th Cavalry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Stephen Repton Stevens, 93rd Burma Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Oliver Swanston, D.S.O., 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.

Commander Walford Charles Taylor, Royal Indian Marine.

Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick William Thomas, 9th Bhopal Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Ivan Frank Ross Thompson, 26th Punjabis.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Walter Tribe, C.M.G., 41st Dogras.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Hamilton Fyers Turner, 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Alan Vallings, 29th Punjabis.

Lieutenant-Colonel Walter Edwin Venour, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Augustus Vivian, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Holberton Whitehead, 93rd Burma Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Ernest de Layne Wintle, 12th Cavalry.

Major Bernard Henry Anderson, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.

Major Harry Allardice, 36th Jacob's Horse.

Major Maccolesfield Heptinstall Anderson, 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.

Major Pandit Piarayal Atal, Indian Medical Service.

Major Frederic St. John Atkinson, D.S.O., 9th Hodson's Horse.

Major Gilbert Bailey, 104th Wellesley's Rifles.

Major Robert Geoffrey Baker, D.S.O., 82nd Punjabis.

Major Carew Barnett, Indian Army (retired) attached 6th Battalion, The Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.

- Major Henry Keith Barr, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse.
 Major Edward Egerton Barwell, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Major Hedley Morton Battye, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Major Ernest Bird Barratt, 128th Pioneers.
 Major Henry Sullivan Becher, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Major Charles Bliss, C.I.E., 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
 Major Arthur Louis Bickford, C.I.E., 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Major George Henry Bittles, Indian Ordnance Department.
 Major William George Blanford Royal Garrison Artillery, Indian Mountain Artillery.
 Major Reginald Edwin Boud, 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs.
 Major Cyprian Edward Borton, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 Major Bernard Maynard Lucas Brodhurst, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Major Frank Douglas Browne, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Major Harry Kendall Walpole Bruce, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Major Jonathan Maxwell Bruce, 107th Pioneers.
 Major John Elliot Lidderdale Bruce, Royal Garrison Artillery, Indian Mountain Artillery.
 Major Stanley Malcolm Bruce, 57th Lancers (Baluch Horse).
 Major David Bryce, 76th Punjabis.
 Major (*acting* Lieutenant-Colonel) Arthur Robert Berton, 94th Russell's Infantry.
 Major William Kenneth Hamilton Campbell, 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).
 Major John Rutter Carden, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs.
 Major Richard Lloyd Carnegie, Indian Army (retired) attached The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regiment).
 Major Maxwell Montague Carpendale, 36th Jacob's Horse.
 Major Herbert Augustine Carter, The 101st Grenadiers.
 Major Earnest Herbert Stuart Chapman, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.
 Major Claud Fitzroy Clarke, 20th Deccan Horse.
 Major Edward Colson, 41st Dogras.
 Major Frederick Copeland, 1st Battalion, 69th Punjabis.
 Major Hugh William Fothergill Cooke, 24th Punjabis.
 Major Reginald David de la Cour Corbett, 48th Pioneers.
 Major (*acting* Lieutenant-Colonel) Edwin Christian Corbyn, 18th King George's Own Lancers.
 Major John Beaumont Corry, D.S.O., Royal Engineers, 3rd Sappers and Miners.
 Major Horace George Thomson Costley, 44th Merwara Infantry.
 Major Herbert Joseph Cotton, 99th Deccan Infantry.
 Major Andrew Galbraith Cowan, 74th Punjabis.
 Major William Raymond Daniell, 123rd Outram's Rifles.
 Major William Hastings La Touche Darley, 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).
 Major W. O. O. Dawson, Civil Veterinary Department.
 Major George Clarke Denton, 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).
 Major Arthur Thomas Searle Dickinson, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Major Frederick Alexander Don, Supply and Transport Corps.
 Major Eric Grey Drummond, Indian Army (retired) attached 2nd Battalion, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Major Richard Ducat, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).
 Major Francis Taylor Dahan, 19th Punjabis.
 Major Ernest Elliott Edlmann, Royal Garrison Artillery, Indian Mountain Artillery.
 Major James Boswell Egerton, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).
 Major Reginald Williams Sidney Elliot, 7th Gurkha Rifles.
 Major Robert Outhbert Fergusson-Pollok, 32nd Lancers.
 Brevet Major Arthur Forbes, 128th Pioneers.
 Major Arthur Ion Fraser, D.S.O., 9th Hodson's Horse.
 Major D'Arcy Mackenzie Fraser, 75th Carnatic Infantry.

Major William Cotton French, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Major Ivan Hugh Gordon, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

Major Douglas Moncrieff Govan, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

Major George Humphrey Irving Graham, 44th Merwara Infantry.

Major John Gwynne Griffith, 32nd Lancers.

Major Richard Scorer Molyneux Harrison, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Major Irvine William Bagot Harte, 6th Gurkha Rifles.

Major B. J. Haslam, D.S.O., Royal Engineers.

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) Percy Macclesfield Heath, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Major Arthur Francis Henderson, 27th Light Cavalry.

Major Hardinge Monteith Hogg, 32nd Lancers.

Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) Hyla Napier Holden, D.S.O., 5th Cavalry.

Major T. J. Holland, Indian Army (retired) attached 9th Battalion, The King's (Liverpool Regiment).

Major Bernard Henry Howard, 47th Sikhs.

Major Frederick Leo Hughes, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis) attached South Waziristan Militia.

Major Dashwood William Harrington Humphreys, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

Major Gerard Byron Corrie Irvine, 9th Bhopal Infantry.

Major Eric Conway Irwin, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).

Major Gerald Alister Jamieson, 9th Bhopal Infantry.

Major John Gilberdale Jennings, 66th Punjabis.

Major John Noble Jephson, Indian Army (retired) attached The Royal Munster Fusiliers.

Major Lewis Jeremy Jones, 9th Bhopal Infantry.

Major George Henry Fitzmaurice Kelly, 34th Sikh Pioneers.

Major Henry Newton Kelly, 33rd Punjabis.

Major Percival Ernest Knapp, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Major Ronald Edward Elliott Kriekenbeek, 128th Pioneers.

Major Guy Neal Landale Labertouche, 122nd Rajputana Infantry.

Major Augustus Oliver Lush, Indian Army (retired) attached 7th Battalion, The Royal Irish Rifles.

Major Oswald Head Lawson, 26th Punjabis.

Major Paul Lupus Leared, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

Major J. T. Lewis, South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles, attached 6th Battalion, The Lincolnshire Regiment.

Major Lionel Stuart Logan, Supply and Transport Corps.

Major Charles Buxton Loring, 37th Lancers (Baluch Horse).

Major Kenneth Lee Warner Mackenzie, 62nd Punjabis.

Major George Reade MacMullen, Indian Army (retired).

Major Bertie Stedman Joseph McMurray, 108th Infantry.

Major Donald Waller MacPherson, 62nd Punjabis.

Major Neil MacPherson, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Major Robert Nasmyth MacPherson, 40th Pathans.

Major Henry Mackinnon Mactier, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Major B. H. B. Magrath, late Indian Army attached 8th Battalion, The East Lancashire Regiment.

Major Bertie Wilmore Mainprize, Royal Engineers, Faridkot Imperial Service Troops.

Major Frederick Manners-Smith, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Major William Leigh Maxwell, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Major Augustus Blair Mayne, Indian Army (retired) attached Royal Air Force.

Major Vere Gordon Menzies, 97th Deccan Infantry.

Major John Elliot Moir, 10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse).

Major Charles Arthur Gilbert Money, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).

Major Noel Campbell Kyle Money, 22nd Punjabis.

Major Sydney Merton, 24th Punjabis.

Major Hugh Elliot Moule, 4th Gurkha Rifles.

- Major Samuel Paynter Musson, Supply and Transport Corps.
 Major George Newcome, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).
 Major Basil Rice Nicholl, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Major Herbert Cleland Nicolay, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Major William Hurst Nicolson, 37th Dogras.
 Major John O'Leary, Indian Medical Service.
 Major Edward Havelock Oliphant, 96th Berar Infantry.
 Major William Herbert Pennington, 12th Cavalry.
 Major Aeneas Charles Perkins, 40th Pathans.
 Major (*acting* Lieutenant-Colonel) Gustavus Arthur Perreau, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Major Charles Louis Perrin, 76th Punjabis.
 Major Arthur Langston Pilleau, Indian Army (retired) attached 10th Battalion, The Hampshire Regiment.
 Major Henry William Ros Potter, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 Major George Geoffrey Pendergast-Humphreys, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.
 Lieutenant Commander Vivian Franklyn Lyon Rose Price, Royal Indian Artillery.
 Major Edgar Walter Molyneux Parvis, 16th Cavalry.
 Major Bertram Seymour Raymond, 97th Deccan Infantry.
 Major Henry William Felix Ricketts, 93rd Burma Infantry.
 Major Henry James Riddell, 48th Pioneers.
 Major Edward William Crawford Ridgeway, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Major Archibald Roberts, Indian Army (retired) attached Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire) Regiment.
 Major Charles Eugene Barnes Robinson, 117th Mahrattas.
 Major Giles Rooke, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Major Edric Crawford Ogilvie Ross, 44th Merwara Infantry.
 Major Fleetwood George Cambell Ross, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Major (*acting* Lieutenant-Colonel) Thomas Corrie Rutherford, Indian Medical Service.
 Major Percy Garrett Shewell, Indian Army (retired).
 Major Robert George Shuttleworth, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Major John Jocelyn Doyne Sillery, Indian Army (retired) attached 11th Battalion, The Manchester Regiment.
 Major William Hugh Simpson, 93rd Burma Infantry.
 Major Oliver St. John Skeen, 62nd Punjabis.
 Major Norman Chalmers Sparling, 54th Sikhs Frontier Force).
 Major Harold Hamer Grey Stansfeld, 74th Punjabis.
 Major James Pearson Stockley, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.
 Major Alexander George Stuart, 40th Pathans.
 Major George Dighton Probyn Swinley, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.
 Major Spencer Maxwell Tahourdin, 12th Cavalry.
 Major Guy Hastings Taylor, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Major Harold Tatum, The 101st Grenadiers.
 Major Frank Robinson Teesdale, 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force).
 Major L. G. Thorpe, Indian Army (retired) attached 6th Battalion, The Lincolnshire Regiment.
 Major Tudor Henry St. George Tucker, 21st Punjabis.
 Major Robert George Antony Trail, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Cavalry.
 Major Charles Herbert Villiers-Stuart, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Major Hugh St Aubyn Wake, M. V. O., 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Major William Archibald Small Walker, 46th Punjabis.
 Major Warren Henry Wardell, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Major Denis Daly Wilson, M. C., 17th Cavalry.
 Major George Godfrey Massy Wheeler, M. C., 7th Haryana Lancers.
 Major Charles Hugh Tempest Whitehead, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

- Major H. W. Williams, Army Veterinary Corps.
 Major James Woods, Indian Medical Service.
 Major Arthur Young, 2nd Battalion, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
 Major David Coley Young, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain Marmaduke John Norman Abbay, 87th Punjabis.
 Captain (temporary Major) Reinhold Meitzen Adams, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Captain William Finlay Adair, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 Captain Harry Lawrence Ainsworth, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain Alister Ralph Speris Alexander, Indian Medical Service.
 Captain Alexander Claimonte Anderson, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Captain John Victor Cortlandt Anderson, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.
 Captain Walter Andrews, 95th Russell's Infantry.
 Captain Alister Dare Staveley Arbuthnot, Royal Engineers, 3rd Sappers and Miners.
 Captain David Arthur, Indian Medical Service.
 Captain Reinfred Tatten Arundell, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.
 Captain William Noel Atkinson, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain Walter Guy Ayscough, 7th Duke of Connaught's Rajputs.
 Captain Walter Greville Bagot-Chester, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain Hubert Baines, 75th Carnatic Infantry.
 Captain Alan Henry Baid, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain Hugh Laments Chenevix Baldwin, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Captain Richard D'Albini Sykes Banks, 9th Bhopal Infantry.
 Captain Percy D'Aguiler Bangs, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.
 Captain Oriel William Erskine Bannerman, 15th Lancers (Queen's Light Multanis).
 Captain Gerald Herbert Johnson Barrett, 93rd Burma Infantry.
 Captain L. A. Bartlett, Royal Engineers, attached Headquarters, Mountain Division.
 Captain Francis Hewson Barton, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Captain Maurice Gordon Bean, 81st Pioneers.
 Captain Percy Beattie-Crozier, 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs.
 Captain Arthur Thomas Grafton Beckham, 32nd Sikh Pioneers.
 Captain Malcolm Arthur Russell Bell, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Captain Harold Bennett, 2nd Battalion, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain Caradoc Trevor Davis Berrington, 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis).
 Captain Rustam Hornasji Bharucha, Indian Medical Service.
 Captain Claude Arthur Bignell, 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs.
 Captain Robert Inglis Binning, Indian Medical Service.
 Captain William McMillan Black, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Captain Hugh Seymour Blane, 19th Lancers (Fane's Horse).
 Captain Baker Arthur Rawson Blewitt, 9th Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain Francis Stephen Bowring, 22nd Punjabis.
 Captain Arthur Edwin Bradshaw, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.
 Captain Ralph Montacute Brind, M.C., 37th Dogras.
 Captain Christopher William Broderick-Birdwood, 1st Battalion, 6th Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain Hugh Gordon Brodie, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Captain Gerald Filose Broughton, 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).
 Captain Alan Moray Brown, M.C., 47th Sikhs.
 Captain Frederick George Brown, The 101st Grenadiers.
 Captain Wymyard Keith Brown, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Captain Charles Pierson Browne, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Cavalry.
 Captain Maurice Browne, 92nd Punjabis.

- Captain Claude Gray Buchanan, 35th Sikhs.
 Captain Godfrey Hugh St. Pierre-Bunbury, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs.
 Captain Howel Stephen Bulkley, 33rd Punjabis.
 Captain Geoffrey Spencer Bull, 58th Vaughan Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Captain Edward Jerome Burdett, 11th Rajputs.
 Captain Thomas Cambell Burke, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 (The Malaun Regiment).
 Captain Gerard William Burton, D.S.O., 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Captain Gordon Porter Cable, 7th Haryana Lancers.
 Captain Duncan Alexander Cameron, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Cavalry.
 Captain Graham Douglas Campbell, 40th Pathans.
 Captain John Edward Gordon Carlisle, 107th Pioneers.
 Captain E. D. Carr-Harris, Royal Engineers, attached Staff.
 Captain Godfrey Lionel John Cavendish, 97th Deccan Infantry.
 Captain Frederick James Chadwick, 104th Wellesley's Rifles.
 Captain Gordon Humphreys Chapman, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Captain Percival Christian Chapinan, Royal Garrison Artillery, Indian Mountain Artillery.
 Captain Hugh Cleveraux Chaytor, 26th Duke of Cambridge's Own Light Cavalry.
 Captain Leonard de Lona Christopher, Humphreys, 127th.
 Captain Charles Henry Mathew Churchill, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).
 Captain Wandril M. Churchill, 12th Cavalry.
 Captain John Clarke, 8th Rajputs.
 Captain Claude Rex Cleaver, 29th Punjabis.
 Captain Beauchamp Clerk, 82nd Punjabis.
 Captain Cecil Hamilton Clibborn, 2nd Punjabis.
 Captain Robert Frank Clothier, 38th Rajputs (The Shokhawati Regiment).
 Captain Lionel Francis Abington Cochran, 72nd Punjabis.
 Captain Vincent Coldwell, 4th Cavalry.
 Captain Phillip Corder, 19th Punjabis attached 24th Punjabis.
 Captain James Robert Cook, 21st Punjabis.
 Captain Gerald Haslam Cook, The 101st Grenadiers.
 Captain William James Corridon, Indian Medical Department.
 Captain John Gordon Crauford, 37th Dogras.
 Captain Aubrey Osborne Creagh, 120th Rajputana Infantry.
 Captain Ubrey de St. Croix, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).
 Captain Wilfred Plassy Crookshank, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
 Captain Arthur Henry Priusep Cruickshank, 32nd Sikh Pioneers.
 Captain Francis Richards Cubbon, M.C., 72nd Punjabis.
 Captain Eric Cummings, 93rd Burma Infantry.
 Captain John Sweetland Dallas, 1st Battalion, 6th Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain John Francis Cecil Dalmahoy, 40th Pathans.
 Captain Victor Louis Yate Dane, 22nd Punjabis.
 Captain Hubert John Daniell, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).
 Captain Douglas Byers Davidson, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain Arthur Irvine Dawes, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain James Lionel Cathcart Dempster, 66th Punjabis.
 Captain George Henry Dempster, 35th Sikhs.
 Captain Edward Massey Denny, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain Seymour Des Voeux, 36th Sikhs.
 Captain Robert Foster Dill, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 Captain Hugh Cathcart Dobbs, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.
 Captain Charles Gordon Dowding, M.C., 87th Punjabis.
 Captain Hamilton Dunbar Drysdale, 26th Punjabis.
 Captain Bernon Conrad Duberly, 17th Cavalry.
 Captain David Dudley, 91st Punjabis (Light Infantry).
 Captain Leonard Grey Dudley, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Captain Beauchamp Oswald Duff, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
 Captain Carlos Miguel Guillermo Dunhill, Royal Engineers, 3rd Sappers and Miners.

- Captain Robert Dunlop-Smith, 33rd Punjabis.
 Captain Reginald Heber Marion Durand, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse.
 Captain Francis Lloyd Dyer, 93rd Burma Infantry.
 Captain William Francis Boucher Edwards, 24th Punjabis.
 Captain Peter Douglas Colin Eliot, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.
 Captain Charles Howard Elliott, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Captain Henry Etlinger, 9th Bhopal Infantry.
 Captain George Gordon Everett, 67th Punjabis.
 Captain Chetwode Percy Evill, M.C., Indian Army Reserve of Officers attached Faridkot Imperial Service Troops.
 Captain Jasper Gilbert Fagan, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).
 Captain Edward Bertram Fawcett, 92nd Punjabis.
 Captain Hedworth George Ailwyn Fellowes, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).
 Captain Henry Crossley Fielding, 38th Dogras.
 Captain Hunter Forbes, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Captain Ernle Lawrence Dingwall Fordyce, 84th Punjabis.
 Captain William Meade Fowle, Royal Engineers, 3rd Sappers and Miners.
 Captain Charles Donnelly Frost, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Captain John Henry Middleton Fuller, 83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.
 Captain John Kerwan Gatacre, 14th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).
 Captain John Charles Temple Gaskell, 69th Punjabis.
 Captain Colin Hay Giffard, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
 Captain James Ponsouby Gilbert, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Captain Robert Crooks Gilchrist, 46th Punjabis.
 Captain Morrell Andrew Girdlestone, 41st Dogras.
 Captain H. F. Glacken, Royal Engineers.
 Captain Alexander Goncaloes Glenday, Royal Engineers, 3rd Sappers and Miners.
 Captain Ronald Steuart Gordon, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Captain Annesley Charles Edward St. George Gore, 9th Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain William Arthur Gover, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.
 Captain John Dighton Grafton-Wignall, 82nd Punjabis.
 Captain Allan Moir Graham, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Captain J. A. Graham, Coorg and Mysore Rifles attached 7th Battalion, The Lincolnshire Regiment.
 Captain Jones Graves, 36th Jacob's Horse.
 Captain John Gray, 36th Sikhs.
 Captain Julian Frederick Gray, Royal Engineers, 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.
 Captain (temporary Major) Frederick George Greenstreet, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Captain Walter Greatwood, 123rd Outram's Rifles.
 Captain Harold George Greswell, Royal Engineers, 3rd Sappers and Miners.
 Captain Montagu Claude Gribbon, 67th Punjabis.
 Captain Harry Hasting Grigg, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain Harold Esmond Haddon, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).
 Captain William Alexander Hagger, 126th Baluchistan Infantry.
 Captain Burton Howard Hall, 95th Infantry.
 Captain Eustace Hammick, 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).
 Captain Percival Campbell Hampe-Vencent, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 Captain (acting Major) William Guy Harington, D.S.O., 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Captain Harry Thomas Hopkinson Harris, 92nd Punjabis.
 Captain H. J. Hart, Railway Corps.
 Captain Lawrence George Hart, 61st King George's Own Pioneers.
 Captain Barry Hartwell, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain Douglas Harvey, D.S.O., 31st Punjabis.
 Captain Ernest Reginald Hayes-Sadler, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Captain Robert Francis Hebbert, Indian Medical Service.

Captain (*temporary Major*) George Willoughby Hemans, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).

Captain Elmes Pollock Henderson, 106th Hazara Pioneers.

Captain Henry Waller O'Connell Hewett, 41st Dogras.

Captain John Rowley Lunell Heyland, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain Henry Dennis Hickley, 2nd Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain James Lawrence Higgin, 10th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain Arthur Charles Sinclair Hind, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Captain Francis Faith Hodgson, 84th Punjabis.

Captain Ivan Dayrell Meredith Hogg, The 101st Grenadiers.

Captain Wallace Derry Ayre Holland, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).

Captain Herbert Edward Hosking, 66th Punjabis.

Captain Percy Standish Hore, 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Captain William Barras Hore, 120th Rajputana Infantry.

Captain Norman Elliott Howell, 82nd Punjabis.

Captain Leslie Vincent Hoyne-Fox, 120th Rajputana Infantry.

Captain Cecil Edwin Hunt, 84th Sikh Pioneers.

Captain Frederick William Hunt, 19th Lancers (Fyne's Horse).

Captain Atholl Gunning Hunter, 32nd Lancers.

Captain George Staunton Husband, D.S.O., Indian Medical Service.

Captain Kunwar Indarjit Singh, M.C., Indian Medical Service, attached Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Captain David Inglis, 2nd Gurkha Rifles.

Captain Robert Alfred Jenkins, 97th Deccan Infantry.

Captain Percy Jones, Indian Army Reserve of Officers attached 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse).

Captain Eustace Jotham, M.C., 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force) attached Northern Waziristan Militia.

Captain Andrew Monro Jukes, Indian Medical Service.

Captain Gilbert Stuart Kennedy, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (Malaun Regiment).

Captain William George Stanhope Kenny, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Captain James Russell Landale, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Captain Frank Nowell Lane, 2nd Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain Henry Byng Leapingwell, 97th Deccan Infantry.

Captain Otway Trevor McRitchie Leckie, 104th Wellesley's Rifles.

Captain Henry Norman Lee, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

Captain Leonard Harry Lee, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Captain Gilbert Leslie-Smith, 24th Punjabis.

Captain Edward Hale Lewin, 46th Punjabis.

Captain Charles Stephen Lindsay, 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Captain William Henry Aloysius Lloyd, 122nd Rajputana Infantry.

Captain John Thornton Lodwick, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Captain Gerald Blunt Lucas, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Captain Jasper Beverley Lynch, 12th Cavalry.

Captain Robert James McCleverty, 47th Sikhs.

Captain Kenelm Rees McCroughin, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Captain Kenneth Buchanan McKenzie, 123rd Ontrain's Rifles.

Captain Robert Basil Macan, 28th Light Cavalry.

Captain Henry Dobill MacCall, 33rd Punjabis.

Captain Colin MacDonald, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain James Stuart McKuen, 20th Deccan Horse.

Captain James Fergus MacKain, 34th Sikh Pioneers.

Captain Frederick Obre MacKenzie, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Captain George Neville Mackie, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Captain Frank Nairne MacLaren, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain Alastair Fitzhugh Maclean, 33rd Punjabis.

Captain William Bannatyne Macleod, 121st Pioneers.

Captain Archibald William McRae, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Captain William Macready, 120th Rajputana Infantry.

Captain (*acting Lieutenant-Colonel*) Erskine Magnus, 37th Punjabis.

Captain Bruce Edward Alexander Manson, 61st King George's Own Pioneers.

Captain Gilbert Howe Maxwell Marsh, 41st Dogras.

Captain Henry Francis Freke Marsh, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Captain Edward Waters Harbin Marsh, 13th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment).

Captain William Macandrew Mashall, 37th Dogras.

Captain Arthur Derisley Martin, 36th Sikhs.

Captain Cecil Stephen Bignold Martin, 1st Battalion, 90th Punjabis.

Captain Alexander Masters, 34th Sikh Pioneers.

Captain George Dudley Matthew, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Captain (*temporary* Major) James Percy May, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

Captain William Henry Miller, 74th Punjabis.

Captain Herbert Wardlow Milne, 74th Punjabis.

Captain R. E. Milner-Moore, Royal Engineers, attached Railway Corps.

Captain Ernest Kerr Molesworth, Royal Engineers, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Captain Henry Ironside Money, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Captain Duncan Blacket Morris, 1st Battalion, 90th Punjabis.

Captain Gerald Henry Walter Mortimer, 10th Jats.

Captain Augustus de Thierry Mouillot, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Captain William George Horace Mainwaring Mules, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).

Captain Kalyan Kumar Mukerji, Indian Medical Service.

Captain Charles Mylne Mullaly, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Captain Frederick Terence Hastings Mullaly, 6th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain James Eric Murray, 87th Punjabis.

Captain Alexander Lionel William Neave, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.

Captain Craig Nelson, 3rd Brahmans.

Captain William Odell, M.C., 123rd Outram's Rifles.

Captain Wilton Stransham Oldham, 48th Pioneers.

Captain Guy Giffard Oliver, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

Captain Milo Richard Beaumont Onslow, 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse).

Captain Edward Hornby Ovans, 125th Napier's Rifles.

Captain Wynne Owen, 38th Dogras.

Captain Rhodri Deane Owen-Jones, 36th Jacob's Horse.

Captain William Hamilton Padday, 36th Sikhs.

Captain Walter Gerald Palmer, 113th Infantry.

Captain Archibald Kenneth Park, 10th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain James Wilfred Haynes Park, 22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Captain Mervyne Edmond Parnell, 36th Jacob's Horse.

Captain (*temporary* Major) De Lacy Wolrich Passy, 25th Punjabis.

Captain Alfred Henry Parsons, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain Lindsay Peacock, 72nd Punjabis.

Captain Herbert Gredon Powers, M.C., 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Captain Leopold Eliot Poynder, 6th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain Robert St. John Locke Price, 33rd Punjabis.

Captain James Edward Douglas Prothero, 1st Battalion, 90th Punjabis.

Captain Harvey St. George James Pulford, 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs.

Captain Ramsay Rainsford-Hannay, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.

Captain Lakshminarayanapuram Subramanier Ramier, Indian Medical Service.

Captain Mysore Seshagiri Rao Krishnaswami Rao, Indian Medical Service.

Captain Sorab Dhunjibhoy Ratnagar, Indian Medical Service.

Captain Michael Foster Reaney, Indian Medical Service.

Captain Talbot Reed, 67th Punjabis.

Captain Henry Gerrard Reed, 114th Mahrattas.

- Captain John Stanley Richardson, Royal Engineers, 3rd Sappers and Miners.
- Captain Archibald William Robertson-Glasgow, 38th Garhwal Rifles.
- Captain C. F. Robinson, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
- Captain Alan Stanley Clark Rogers, 61st King George's Own Pioneers.
- Captain Herbert Charlton Rome, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).
- Captain Arthur Montague Rundall, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
- Captain Henry Charles Sampson, Supply and Transport Corps.
- Captain Arthur Hugh Rich Saunders, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
- Captain Walter Falconer Scott, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
- Captain Templer Henry Scott, 87th Punjabis.
- Captain Albert Morton Senior, 91st Punjabis (Light Infantry).
- Captain Cyril Trevor Shaw, 122nd Rajputana Infantry.
- Captain Gerald Alexander Jaselee Shepherd, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).
- Captain Atul Krishna Sinha, Indian Medical Service.
- Captain Evelyn Henry Le Mesurier Sinkinson, 24th Punjabis.
- Captain Harold Buzalgette Skinner, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.
- Captain Arthur Morris Slingsby, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
- Captain Hugh Sale Smart, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
- Captain Fleet Francis Strangeton Smith, Indian Medical Service.
- Captain Sidney James Betton Sparling, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).
- Captain Benjamin Charles Sparrow, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
- Captain Francis Chavasse Squires, 23rd Sikh Pioneers.
- Captain Edward Hugh Bagot Stack, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
- Captain Harold Ponsonby Steel, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.
- Captain Harry Burnett Stevenson, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.
- Captain George Humbly Stevenson, 125th Napier's Rifles.
- Captain Harold Steward, 6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.
- Captain Christopher Codrington Stewart, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).
- Captain (temporary Major) Harry Francis Dundas Stirling, M.C., 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
- Captain George Lawdon Bove Stones, 7th Haryana Lancers.
- Captain Roy Thorubill Sweet, D.S.C., 2nd Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.
- Captain John Bailey Tackaberry, Indian Medical Service.
- Captain (temporary Major) Edward Charles Talbot, 47th Sikhs.
- Captain (acting Major) Frederick Edward Thornton, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry.
- Captain James Farquhar Todd, 39th King George's Own Central India Horse.
- Captain Geoffrey Tones, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
- Captain John Elmsley Bonchier Torkington, 63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry.
- Captain Charles Gordon Loftus Tottenham, Royal Engineers, 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.
- Captain F. W. Townend, Royal Engineers, 35th (7th Meerut) Divisional Signal Company.
- Captain George John Townsend, 66th Punjabis.
- Captain Gerald Turner, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
- Captain Arthur Montague Twiss, Royal Engineers, 3rd Sappers and Miners.
- Captain Stephen Usher, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchistan.
- Captain George Henry Vaughan-Sawyer, 34th Sikh Pioneers.
- Captain Dawyek Moberly Veitch-Veitch, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse).
- Captain Mark Hamilton Vincent, 33rd Punjabis.
- Captain Richard Hope Waller, 38th Dogras.
- Captain Otho Charles Ward, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.
- Captain Frederick Charles Waterfield, 45th Battray's Sikhs.
- Captain Humphrey Weaver, 114th Mahrattas.

Captain Allan Bonville Hay Webb, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Captain George Lumley Whatford, 66th Punjabis.
 Captain Leslie Sedgwick Whitechurch, 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse).
 Captain Arthur Wilfred White, 117th Mahrattas.
 Captain Edward Claude Whiteley, Royal Engineers, 3rd Sappers and Miners.

Captain Hugh Richard Augustin Whytehead, 1st Battalion, 6th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain John Theodore Cumberland Wilcox, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Captain Arthur Henry Wildman, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).

Captain (*acting* Lieutenant-Colonel) Arthur Lucius Wilford, D.S.O., 5th Light Infantry.

Captain James Gerald Willoughby, 33rd, Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.

Captain Harold Gordon Wilmer, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Captain Arthur Henry Maitland Wilson, 12th Cavalry.

Captain Herbert Raymond Wilson, 114th Mahrattas

Captain James Herbert Gray Wilson, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.

Captain John Graham Wilson, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.

Captain A. F. Wittkugul, South Persian Rifles.

Captain Phillip Wood, 89th Punjabis.

Captain Nigel Gresley Reginald Woodyatt, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Captain Hugh Stafford Northcote Wright, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain Robert Charles Byam Yates, 4th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant Harold Agerup, Volunteer Artillery Battery.

Lieutenant (*acting* Captain) Arthur Patrick Algar, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 24th Punjabis.

Lieutenant William Allan, Supply and Transport Corps.

Lieutenant Colin Mediarimid Allardice, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Lieutenant Hugh Hamilton Arbuthnot, 67th Punjabis.

Lieutenant George Pierce Armstrong, 34th Sikh Pioneers.

Lieutenant James Armstrong, Royal Indian Marine, attached Inland Water Transport.

Lieutenant Geoffrey Howard Atkinson, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.

Lieutenant John Cyril Atkinson, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant Alfred Ireland Aymer, M.C., 24th Punjabis.

Sub-Lieutenant Courtney Douglas Back, Royal Indian Marine.

Lieutenant Duncan Baillie, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant Theodore Bailward, 26th King George's Own Cavalry.

Lieutenant Charles Hammond Baker, India Miscellaneous List.

Lieutenant (*acting* Captain) Clarence Moore Child Barker, 126th Baluchistan Infantry.

Lieutenant Sydney William James Barron, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant Frederick Oscar Baxter, M.C., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Air Force.

Lieutenant Rafe Langdon Beddy, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant Ronald Mackenzie Benton, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) Edward Fleetwood Berry, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant A. S. M. Best, Royal Engineers, 71st Field Company.

Lieutenant Arthur Doyle Bingham, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Army Veterinary Corps.

Lieutenant Edward Birkbeck, 128th Pioneers.

Lieutenant Morris Birbeck, 24th Punjabis.

Lieutenant Henry George Rodney Bowes-Scott, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 29th Punjabis.

Lieutenant Edward Clarence Braddyll, 10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse).

Lieutenant John Giblett Brewer, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Signal Service, Sappers and Miners.

Fourth Officer A. M. Brigtin, Royal Indian Marine.

Lieutenant Neville Harris Broadway, 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

- Lieutenant Henry Richard Brookes, The 101st Grenadiers.
 Lieutenant Oscar Brown, 7th Hariana Lancers.
 Lieutenant Charles Stuart Browning, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 Lieutenant William Arthur McCrae Bruce, ~~M.C.~~, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant Charles Melvill Buck, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Air Force.
 Fourth Officer A. C. Buddin, Royal Indian Marine.
 Lieutenant Robert Stanley Bullock, 27th Punjabis.
 Lieutenant Ralph Harry Burlton, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.
 Lieutenant Henry Gardiner Burrige, 107th Pioneers.
 Lieutenant John Gilbert Byrne, 37th Dogras.
 Lieutenant George Edward Forman Campbell, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Lieutenant Hugh Featherstone Cameron Cannell, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse).
 Lieutenant Arthur Donald Dundas Carter, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Lieutenant Evelyn Anthony Cave-Penny, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.
 Lieutenant Charles Cornwallis Chesney, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, ~~17th Mahrattas~~.
 Lieutenant ~~Arvid Thadeus~~ Christian, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 Lieutenant Lawrence William Christie, Royal Indian Marine, attached Inland Water Transport.
 Lieutenant Brian Lloyd Clarke, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant Francis Leonard Courtney Clarke, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs.
 Lieutenant Ian Hay Stuart Clarke, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant John Greenshields Clarke, Royal Indian Marine.
 Lieutenant Charles James Cockburn, M.C., 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Lieutenant Francis John Collins, Royal Indian Marine, attached Inland Water Transport.
 Lieutenant William Campion Cooper, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant Douglas Corlett, Royal Indian Marine, attached Inland Water Transport.
 Lieutenant Wyndham John Coventry, 7th Hariana Lancers.
 Lieutenant John McAdam Craig, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant Donald Dunlop Crawford, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Railway Sappers and Miners.
 Lieutenant Leonard Francis Cremon, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.
 Lieutenant Henry Richmond Crichton, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant Harry Jackson Cummins, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant W. L. Curwen, M.C., Royal Garrison Artillery, attached 27th Mountain Battery.
 Lieutenant John Pomeroy Dalley, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Air Force.
 Lieutenant A. E. Dawson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Engineers.
 Lieutenant Frederick Bradshaw Deane-Spread, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant Thomas de Burgh, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.
 Lieutenant Roland Maund D'Ombrein, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant Frank Alexander De Pass, ~~M.C.~~, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.
 Lieutenant John Rowe Dill, 1st Battalion, 69th Punjabis.
 Lieutenant (Temporary Captain) Harry Chester Wentworth Dillon, 26th Punjabis.
 Lieutenant Geoffrey Francis Dixon, Indian Army Reserve of Officers attached Supply and Transport Corps.
 Lieutenant (Temporary Captain) Arthur Hugh Dobbs, 76th (attached 92nd) Punjabis.
 Lieutenant Robert Alexander Sheridan Dobbin, Royal Garrison Artillery, Indian Mountain Artillery.

Lieutenant (*acting* Captain) Guy Doncastes, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force), (Lumsden's) Infantry.

Lieutenant Bryce Douglas, The 101st Grenadiers.

Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) John Dow, Indian Medical Service.

Lieutenant Gustadji Shahpurji, Engineer, Indian Medical Service.

Lieutenant Richard Hellier, Agard Evans, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Lieutenant Charles Exley, Royal Indian Marine.

Lieutenant Frederic Walter Langford Grantly Norton-Fugge, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Lieutenant Cecil Olcher Feddon, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Air Force.

Lieutenant Michael Finn, Indian Ordnance Department.

Lieutenant Richard Apjohn Fitzgibbon, 128th Pioneers.

Lieutenant Maurice Alexander Ross Geraldino FitzMaurice, Royal Engineers, 3rd Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) Horace Justin Dillon Flynn, C.I.E., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached The 101st Grenadiers.

Lieutenant John Fraser Follitt, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).

Lieutenant Horace Vernon Fowler, Royal Indian Marine.

Lieutenant Louis Richard Fowle, 14th King George's Own Sikhs.

Lieutenant Henry James Fraser-Harris, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Lieutenant Lionel Gaisford, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant William Alexander Galbraith, Royal Indian Marine.

Lieutenant Frederick Leo Gardner, Royal Indian Marine.

Lieutenant Barre Herbert Goldie, 32nd Lancers.

Lieutenant Arthur Llewellyn Gorton, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 10th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant Owen Gough, 12th Cavalry.

Lieutenant Charles Alpe Grantham, 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant Thomas Molyneux Graves, 76th Punjabis.

Lieutenant Henry Greene, 92nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant Elliot Blair Grasett, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 28th Punjabis.

Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) Molville Grey-Smith, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant Phillip Norman Gurdon, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Lieutenant G. D. Mc Gwynne-Griffith, Royal Engineers, attached South Persia Rifles.

Lieutenant Walter Percy Hales, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Lieutenant Hubert James Tudor Hamer, 108th Infantry.

Lieutenant Noel Henry Franklin Hammett, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 9th Hodson's Horse.

Lieutenant Basil Brocas Hardman, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 10th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant K'yanpur Hariharbhat, Indian Medical Service.

Lieutenant Wickham Leathes Harvey, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Lieutenant Leslie Hastings, 10th King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

Lieutenant John Campbell Haverfield, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 24th Punjabis.

Lieutenant Edwin John Berkeley Hayes-Sadler, Royal Engineers, 3rd Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant Herbert George Head, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 117th Mahrattas.

Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) Wilfrid Hardinge Heinig, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant James Mortimer Hemsley, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 22nd Derajat Mountain Battery.

Lieutenant Arthur Alexander Heyland, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

- Lieutenant (*temporary Captain*) Douglas Hobart, 24th Punjabis.
 Lieutenant George Chamberlain Hockin, 7th Gurkha Rifles.
 Lieutenant Donald Franklyn Hubert, 83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.
 Lieutenant Guy Fergusson Hughes, Indian Army (Retired), attached Royal Horse Guards.
 Lieutenant Irvin John Hughes, 9th Gurkha Rifles.
 Lieutenant Robert Peyton Hughes The 101st Grenadiers
 Lieutenant Tom Moreton Humphreys, Royal Indian Marine.
 Lieutenant John Cayley Hutchinson, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Lieutenant Ian Charles Innes 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Lieutenant Christopher Theodore Corrie Irvine, 25th Punjabis, attached 1st Battalion, 69th Punjabis
 Lieutenant Wilfrid Flower Jackson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides. (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Cavalry.
 Lieutenant Godfrey Julius Jøppe Johnston, 32nd Lancers.
 Lieutenant George Bowden Keeling, Royal Indian Marine.
 Engineer-Lieutenant Alexander Peter McLennan Keil, Royal Indian Marine.
 Lieutenant Databha Rustomji Kharias, Indian Medical Service.
 Lieutenant Edward Bennett Lawford, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 20th Deccan Horse.
 Lieutenant Humphrey Richard Locke Lawrence, 34th Sikh Pioneers.
 Lieutenant John Wharton James LeMarchand, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant Arthur Glynn Lewis, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse).
 Lieutenant Eugene Lancelot Eiskine Lindop, M. C., 41st Dogras.
 Lieutenant Eric Carr Liptrott, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Lieutenant Duncan Ian Bowen Lloyd, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant Harold Clement Montagu Lucas, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Lieutenant Arthur Geoffrey Lucas, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.
 Lieutenant Horace Lincoln Cyril McConnell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Air Force.
 Lieutenant Charles Philpot MacDonald, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.
 Lieutenant John Allen McGhie, Royal Indian Marine.
 Lieutenant John McKay, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant Vincent Walter Kenneth Mackinnon, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant Farquhar Donald Mackinnon, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 Lieutenant Stephen Alexander MacMillan, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant William Calderwood MacMillan, Indian Medical Department.
 Lieutenant Duncan Stuart Ross MacPherson, 7th Gurkha Rifles.
 Lieutenant Archibald Henry Mankelow, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Lieutenant William John Grimstead Marsh, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.
 Lieutenant George Edward Masters, 83rd Punjabis.
 Lieutenant Murray Chamberlain Gervase Mathew, 28th Punjabis.
 Lieutenant Barton James Platt Mawdsley, 17th Cavalry.
 Lieutenant Charles William Maxwell, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Lieutenant Richard John Frederick Phillip Meade, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.
 Lieutenant Robert John Meharg, Royal Indian Marine, attached Inland Water Transport.
 Lieutenant Dudley Gerald Mein, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.
 Lieutenant John William Albert Merk, 1st Battalion, 6th Gurkha Rifles.
 Lieutenant James Henry Milligan, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Lieutenant Huber Charles Loder Minchin, 125th Napier's Rifles.
 Lieutenant James Campbell Mitchell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant Henry Stuart Moberly, 74th Punjabis.
 Lieutenant Brian Ponsonby Fitzgerald Moore, 62nd Punjabis.
 Lieutenant Herbert James Moran, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Lieutenant William Paul Moran, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Lieutenant Kenneth Morley, 16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment).
 Lieutenant Charles Francis Blayney Moggridge, Indian Army Reserve of Officers

Lieutenant Lawrence Myer, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles.)

• Lieutenant Philip Henry Myles, 41st Dogras.
 Engineer Sub-Lieutenant Francis William Nairn, Royal Indian Marine.

• Lieutenant Guy Greville Napier, 35th Sikhs.

Lieutenant Arthur Hill Neale, 1st Brahmans.

Lieutenant (*acting* Captain) John Bell Nelson, attached 125th Napier's Rifles.

Lieutenant Timothy Nevill, 87th Punjabis, attached 69th Punjabis.

Lieutenant John Oliver Nicolls, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant Edward Nunn, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 119th Infantry (the Mooltan Regiment).

Lieutenant Brian Walton Onslow, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).

Lieutenant Dermot Patrick O'Shea, 69th Punjabis

Lieutenant Cyril Hobart Deane Pacey, 24th Punjabis.

Lieutenant Maneck Barjorji Patel, Indian Medical Service.

Lieutenant John Herbert Paterson, 19th Lancers (Fane's Horse), attached Royal Air Force.

Lieutenant Thomas Bond Paul, Indian Medical Service.

Lieutenant Percy Charles Peacock, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 125th Napier's Rifles.

Lieutenant John Pettigrew, General List, attached South Persia Rifles.

Lieutenant Ronald Leslie Piper, M.C., 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant Reginald Frederick Desmond Plunkett, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Lieutenant Roderick Spicer Russell Porter, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 130th King George's Own Baluchis.

• Lieutenant Charles Randolph Prendergast, 84th Punjabis, attached 28th Punjabis.

Lieutenant Colin Andrew Proudfoot, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant Spencer Julian Wilfred Railston, 18th King George's Own Lancers.

Lieutenant Alexander Redmayne Raith, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Lieutenant Wynne Dudley Raymond, 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

Lieutenant George Reed, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Supply and Transport Corps.

Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) Geoffrey Browning Reeves, 9th Hodson's Horse.

Lieutenant James Lestock Ironside Reid, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Lieutenant (*acting* Lieutenant-Colonel) Alexander Daniel Reid, Indian Army (Retired) attached 1st Battalion, The Royal Irish Fusiliers.

Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) Aubrey Spranger Townsend Reilly, 1st Battalion, 69th Punjabis.

Lieutenant Ralph Alec Reilly, 31st Punjabis.

Lieutenant Harold Leslie Rensison, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant Benbow William Richard Reynolds, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.

Lieutenant Garnet St. John Richardson, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Lieutenant Edward Seton Rind, 34th Punjabis.

Lieutenant John Alexander Tower Robertson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant Frank Harding Robertson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Air Force.

- Lieutenant Patrick Joseph Roche, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Sappers and Miners.
- Lieutenant Leonard Castel Campbell Rogers, 7th Gurkha Rifles.
- Lieutenant Neville Henry Rogers, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
- Lieutenant Thomas Roger, Supply and Transport Corps.
- Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) Harold Turner Rohde, 89th Punjabis.
- Lieutenant John Houghton Rohde, Royal Engineers, 3rd Sappers and Miners.
- Lieutenant Francis Bernald Roseveare, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.
- Lieutenant Lionel Bickerstith Randall, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
- Lieutenant James Fortenth Russell, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
- Lieutenant Robert William Ryall, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
- Lieutenant Guy Stainforth Wemyss St. George, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
- Lieutenant Alan Edward Scarth, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
- Lieutenant John Allan Mackay Scobie, M.C., 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
- Lieutenant Arthur Peurose Selwyn, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Air Force.
- Lieutenant S. E. Sharp, Mechanical Transport.
- Lieutenant Douglas Sinclair Shaw, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 61st King George's Own Pioneers.
- Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) James Shaw, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.
- Lieutenant Culbert William Short, M.C., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Air Force.
- Lieutenant William Sinclair, Royal Indian Marine.
- Lieutenant William Skinner, Royal Indian Marine.
- Lieutenant Ernest Edwin Smith, Royal Indian Marine.
- Lieutenant Gerald Cameron Southern, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
- Lieutenant Montague Douglas Spankie, 14th King George's Own Muzorepore Sikhs.
- Lieutenant Arthur Freer Spreckley, 9th Gurkha Rifles.
- Lieutenant James Howard Stables, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
- Lieutenant James Eliot Stephen, 19th Punjabis.
- Lieutenant Charles Stiebel, Indian Medical Service.
- Lieutenant (*acting* Captain) Terence Fuller Stokes, 82nd Punjabis.
- Lieutenant Wilfred Harold Swift, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
- Lieutenant Arthur Gilbert Vivian Taylor, 41st Degras attached Royal Air Force.
- Lieutenant Arthur Montague Taylor, 1st Brahmans.
- Lieutenant James Norman Taylor, M.C., Indian Army Reserve of Officers attached 33rd Punjabis.
- Lieutenant Greville Wynne Thomas, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
- Lieutenant Arthur Thomasin, Royal Indian Marine.
- Lieutenant Kenneth Sinclair Thomson, 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse).
- Lieutenant Richard Edward John Thomson, 15th Ludbiana Sikhs.
- Lieutenant Leslie Irvine Lumsden Thornton, 16th Cavalry.
- Lieutenant Arthur Thurston, Indian Ordnance Department.
- Lieutenant Richard James Killagworth Todd, 93rd Burma Infantry.
- Lieutenant Hubert Curthoys Tovey, Royal Indian Marine.
- Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) Bertram Russell Townley, Supply and Transport Corps.
- Lieutenant Alan Robert Lloyd Tucker, Unattached List, Indian Army, attached The Royal Warwickshire Regiment.
- Lieutenant John Turner, Indian Ordnance Department.
- Lieutenant Arthur Richard Waddams, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 44th Merwara Infantry.
- Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) Harold Walter Wade, 3rd Brahmans, attached 9th Bhopal Infantry.
- Lieutenant Patrick Joseph Walsh, Indian Medical Service.

Lieutenant Frank Walshaw, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached The 101st Grenadiers.

Lieutenant Richard Crowthall Walton, 1st Battalion, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant Puhuzhi Raghava Wariyar, Indian Medical Service.

Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) Charles Reginald Watson, 28th Punjabis.

Lieutenant Geoffrey Watson, 28th Punjabis.

Lieutenant (*acting* Captain) Noel Alick Watson, 55th Coke's Rifles, (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant John Charles St. George Welchman, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Lieutenant Alan Herbert Mainwaring West, 36th Sikhs.

Lieutenant Francis Gyrth Johnston Wetherall, 72nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant J. B. Whitfield, Royal Engineers, Agra Volunteer Rifles.

Lieutenant (*local* Captain) A. W. Will, Burma Mounted Rifles, attached South Persia Rifles.

Lieutenant Robert Lukyn Williams, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant Frederick Williamson, India Army Reserve of Officers, attached 4th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant John Dawson Wilson, M.C., 38th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Lieutenant Thomas Percival Wood, India Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant Reginald Courtenay Hutton Woodhouse, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant Edward Seymer Woodward, 97th Deccan Infantry.

Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) Oscar Wright, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 31st Punjabis.

Lieutenant (*acting* Captain) Eric Ralph Lovatt Wynne, 10th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant Arthur Meredyth Young, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 16th Cavalry.

2nd-Lieutenant Charles Aldis, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 112th Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Harry Frederick Cortlandt Anderson, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

2nd-Lieutenant William Thomas Andrews, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Geoffrey Angell, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant Gilbert Allen Henry Anscombe, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 36th Sikhs.

2nd-Lieutenant Robert Louis Irving Arnott, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Isaac John Ashforth, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 15th Lancers (Carleton's Multanis).

2nd-Lieutenant Frederick Hubert Austin, Probationer, Indian Army.

2nd-Lieutenant Frederick Leslie Barry-Roberts, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Edmond Leonard James Barstow, 35th Sikhs.

2nd-Lieutenant Thomas Oates Halliday Bates, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 89th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Edgar Norman Bath, 8th Rajputs.

2nd-Lieutenant Harold Birch, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 128th Pioneers.

2nd-Lieutenant Frank Roland Blakeley, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant Bernard Moore Blakeston, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

2nd-Lieutenant (*temporary* Lieutenant) John Henry Blewitt, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant Arthur Henry Borrett, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant Huyshe Arthur Bradshaw, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 112th Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Cecil Bright, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 93rd Burma Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Robert Bruce, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Supply and Transport Corps.

2nd-Lieutenant T. E. Bryden, Royal Engineers.

2nd-Lieutenant David Niel Griffiths Buchanan, 37th Dogras.

2nd-Lieutenant Leonard George Burgess, 30th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).

2nd-Lieutenant Douglas Burgoyne Burgoyne-Wallace, 2th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

2nd-Lieutenant Newdigate Owen Burne, 40th Pathans.

2nd-Lieutenant Reginald Cooksey Barton, 12th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant William Hamish Chalmers, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 19th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant John Hosken Christopher, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 92nd Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Thomas Eland Clatworthy, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 37th Dogras.

2nd-Lieutenant Percival Henry Clemes, 6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.

2nd-Lieutenant Carleton Lumley St. Clair Clery, Unattached List, Indian Army, attached 4th Battalion, The King's (Liverpool Regiment).

2nd-Lieutenant Hugh Guy Daniel Clutterbuck, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 2nd Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant George King Hicks Cochrane, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

2nd-Lieutenant Vincent Henry Collins, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

2nd-Lieutenant H. T. Conroy, Labour Corps.

2nd-Lieutenant (*acting Captain*) John Duncan Home Cook, Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant Charles Stewart Cunningham, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 36th Sikhs.

2nd-Lieutenant Duncan Flower Cunningham-Reed, Indian Army Reserve of Officers attached Royal Air Force.

2nd-Lieutenant Robert Davis, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant William Septimus D'Avrey, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 48th Pioneers.

2nd-Lieutenant Harold Frederick Dawn, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Maurice Charles Day, 13th Rajputs (The Shekawati Regiment).

2nd-Lieutenant Richard de Beauvoir Delisle, 97th Deccan Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Harold Charles Des Voeux, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

2nd-Lieutenant Henry Goudie Dickson, Indian Army, Reserve of Officers, attached 82nd Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Colin Edward Dunlop, 1st Battalion 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

2nd-Lieutenant Harold Beecher Dwyer, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Alfred Tomlin East, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Sappers and Miners.

2nd-Lieutenant George Herbert Elsworth, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 62nd Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Joseph Steward Fayrer, 37th Dogras.

2nd-Lieutenant Amiraux Silver Fletcher, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant Lachlan Ronald Fraser, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 69th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Charles Frisch, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 9th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant Stephen Gabriel Fry, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

2nd-Lieutenant R. S. Gamble, 7th East Lancashire Regiment, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant Francis John Gardiner, 40th Pathans.

2nd-Lieutenant Alexander Anson Gardiner, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Sappers and Miners.

2nd-Lieutenant Wilfred Fletcher Garraway, 82nd Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant William Oakley Garrett, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Sappers and Miners.

2nd-Lieutenant John Garry, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

2nd-Lieutenant John Gatehouse, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Ronald Gibson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Charles Reginald Glyn, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Philip Edgar Godwin, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Reginald Wilkie Gosney, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 76th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Henry Graham, 74th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Owen Perott Gwynne, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 92nd Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Arthur Hadden, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant John Lionel Harris, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

2nd-Lieutenant Charles Noel Harris, 123rd Outram's Rifles, attached 125th Napier Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant Leonard John Harrison, Unattached List, Indian Army, attached 2nd Battalion, The Lancashire Fusiliers.

2nd-Lieutenant Sidney Vandyke Hasluck, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 89th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Noel McDonall Hathorn, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 76th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Harry Bentley Herbert, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

2nd-Lieutenant George Michael Fitzgerald Hewat, Unattached List, Indian Army, attached 2nd Battalion, The South Staffordshire Regiment.

2nd-Lieutenant Cyril Francis Hodgson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Eric Godfrey Hodgson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 40th Pathans.

2nd-Lieutenant George Western Hornsby, 14th King George's Own, Berozepore Sikhs.

2nd-Lieutenant Hugh Gilbert Howes, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant John Theodore Gordon Humphreys, 40th Pathans.

2nd-Lieutenant Eric Hamilton Hunter, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant Alfred Irving, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs.

2nd-Lieutenant Andrew Herbert Irwin, 8th Rajputs.

2nd-Lieutenant Olive Armstrong Johnson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Edward William Keen, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st Battalion, 6th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant John Pearce Keene, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 2nd Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant Walter Ernest Kirby, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 15th Ludhiana Sikhs.

2nd-Lieutenant Henry Alfred King, Supply and Transport Corps.

2nd-Lieutenant Gilbert James Laing, Unattached List, Indian Army, attached 1st Battalion, The Royal Irish Fusiliers.

2nd-Lieutenant Charles Philip Lawrence, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 27th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Horace Martin Capar Ledger, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

2nd-Lieutenant Frederick George Lechlen, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 66th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Arthur Edward LeMesurier, 27th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Olive LeMesurier, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.

2nd-Lieutenant Arthur Outhbert Loch, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 104th Wellesley's Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant William Harper Lowrey, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 89th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Frederick Cyril Lyddon, Unattached List, Indian Army, attached 4th Battalion, The King's (Liverpool Regiment).

2nd-Lieutenant James Lawton Macintosh, Unattached List, Indian Army, attached 1st Battalion, The Highland Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant George Douglas Mackay, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant Gerald Mackintosh, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Supply and Transport Corps.

2nd-Lieutenant Thomas James Mander, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

2nd-Lieutenant Charles Claude Edmonstone Manson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 4th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant A. T. Mason, 66th Labour Corps.

2nd-Lieutenant W. H. Mason, 88th Field Company, Royal Engineers.

2nd-Lieutenant Walter Herbert Mayes, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Sappers and Miners.

2nd-Lieutenant Walter Alexander Mays, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

In. 2nd-Lieutenant Oliver Babington McCausland, Unattached List, Indian Army, attached 1st Battalion, The Royal Irish Fusiliers.

O 2nd-Lieutenant J. McKinty, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

O 2nd-Lieutenant George John Mead, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 92nd Punjabis.

m. 2nd-Lieutenant Ernest Alexander Meldrum, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant Samuel Grant Mellis Smith, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 4th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant F. C. Mercer, Unattached List, Indian Army.

u 2nd-Lieutenant Maurice Neville Meredith, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Mysore Lancers.

2nd-Lieutenant John Richard Milligan, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant George Mitchell, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.

2nd-Lieutenant John Harris Mitchell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 36th Sikhs.

2nd-Lieutenant Charles Cecil Morgan, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.

ffic 2nd-Lieutenant Malcolm Morham, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 120th Rajputana Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Cyril Owen Mortimer, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 6th Battalion, The Dorsetshire Regiment.

2nd-Lieutenant William Mowbray, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st Battalion, 6th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant George Wilson Muirhead, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 76th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Barry Wilkie Murdoch, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 45th Rattray's Sikhs.

2nd-Lieutenant Ernest Bertram Nelson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant Frederick Felrson Newbury, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 92nd Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Gordon Trevor Nicholson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 119th Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Charles Cecil Nott-Bower, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant R. O'Donnell, 61st Labour Corps.

2nd-Lieutenant John Hamilton O'Donoghue, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Lindsay Ross Ogg, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Supply and Transport Corps.

2nd-Lieutenant Wilfred Bernard O'Shea, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant John Lawrence Young Ottley, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant Basil George Nicholas Benedick Partridge, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant James Bruce Pearson, 93rd Burma Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant George Douglas Pechell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 108th Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant (*temporary* Lieutenant) Reginald Keith Peckover, 33rd Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Frederick Pittman, Royal Garrison Artillery, Indian Mountain Artillery.

2nd-Lieutenant (*temporary* Lieutenant) Raphael Joseph Power, 46th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Patrick Gerald Fitzroy Prunty, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 37th Light Cavalry.

2nd-Lieutenant S. D. Reith, D.C.M., 2nd Battalion, 42nd Deoli Regiment.

2nd-Lieutenant Arthur Hugh Hamilton Rice, 114th Mahrattas.

2nd-Lieutenant James Riddell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant John Ernest Bate Roberts, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant George Bradley Roberts, Unattached List, Indian Army, attached 1st Battalion, The Manchester Regiment.

2nd-Lieutenant William Vincent Robertson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

2nd-Lieutenant Daniel George Mark Robinson, Unattached List, Indian Army, attached 1st Battalion, The South Staffordshire Regiment.

2nd-Lieutenant Harold Leese Robinson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant John Langley Robinson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 41st Dogras.

2nd-Lieutenant Roland Weymouth Robinson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 96th Berar Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant William Charles Robinson, 30th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Martin Rosse, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant Henry St. John Saunders-Jones, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Francis Vandry Savage, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 94th Russell's Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Gordon Stanley Sawyer, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Air Force.

2nd-Lieutenant Bruce Eglinton Seton, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant Arthur George Simmons, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 114th Mahrattas.

2nd-Lieutenant Ronald Christian Sundius Smith, Unattached List, Indian Army, attached 2nd Battalion, The West Yorkshire Regiment.

2nd-Lieutenant Frederick William Sprott, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 92nd Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Robert Cecil Stables, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Sappers and Miners.

2nd-Lieutenant William Ian Stephen, 130th King George's Own Baluchis, attached 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant John Huntley Wickham, Stevenson, 46th Punjabis, attached 26th Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Joseph Charles Stewart, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 33rd Queen Victoria's Light Cavalry.

2nd-Lieutenant Arthur Cuthbert Stone, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 45th Rattray's Sikhs.

2nd-Lieutenant Stoneham, Bombay Volunteer Rifles, attached 1st Battalion, Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment.

2nd-Lieutenant George John Lucas Stovin, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 37th Dogras.

2nd-Lieutenant Frederick Arthur Stratton, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 82nd Punjabis.

2nd-Lieutenant Morton Hollinshed Crawford Stuart, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant John Anthony Swainson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Philip Ramsay Taborda, 47th Sikhs.

2nd-Lieutenant Walter Louis Tanburn, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

2nd-Lieutenant Arthur William Thomas, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Sappers and Miners.

2nd-Lieutenant Geoffrey Thompson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Engineers.

2nd-Lieutenant Robert Dunham Tibbs, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

2nd-Lieutenant Percival Frederick Toogood, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 9th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant Henry Aurgrave Cecil Topham, Unattached List, Indian Army, attached 1st Battalion, The Welsh Regiment.

2nd-Lieutenant Norman Paterson Tucker, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Air Force.

2nd-Lieutenant P. B. Tudor, Royal Field Artillery, Special Reserve, Indian Mountain Artillery.

2nd-Lieutenant Noel Cuthbert Turner, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Air Force.

In 2nd-Lieutenant William Turner, 61st Labour Corps.

2nd-Lieutenant Francis Twomey, 54th Sikhs.

C 2nd-Lieutenant John Tyson Tyson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

C 2nd-Lieutenant Hugh Canefield Underhill, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st Battalion, 6th Gurkha Rifles.

2nd-Lieutenant Arthur Raymond Venis, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 48th Pioneers.

2nd-Lieutenant John Henry Lyons Walcott, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

2nd-Lieutenant Cyril Walter Wallace, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 47th Sikhs.

2nd-Lieutenant Louis Victor Webb, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

2nd-Lieutenant Reginald Brooke Holding Webb, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant Gilbert Henry Whitefield, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

2nd-Lieutenant Robert Edward Wilson, Indian Mountain Artillery.

2nd-Lieutenant Alfred Douglas Wingate, Unattached List, Indian Army, attached 2nd Battalion, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers.

2nd-Lieutenant John Sendal Wood, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 44th Merwara Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant William James Wynne, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st Battalion, 90th Punjabis.

PART II.

MEMBERS OF THE CIVIL SERVICES IN INDIA.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. P. Dalzell-Walton, 8th Battalion, Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, Indian Police.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. Gardiner, Royal Engineers, State Railways.

Commander Richard Henry Graves-Burton, Royal Naval Division, Royal Naval Reserve, attached Rangoon Port Trust.

Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Townshend Cunyngame Hughes, Indian Army, Political Department.

Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Dunbar Walker, Royal Engineers, Railway Department.

Lieutenant-Commander Thomas Arthur Bassett, Royal Naval Reserve, Madras Port Department.

Major George Ellard Brand, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, Public Works Department.

Major Duncan Donald Heron Campbell, M.C., Royal Garrison Artillery, Burma Military Police.

Brevet-Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) Archibald Alderman Chase, D.S.O., Royal Engineers, Survey of India Department.

Major John Frederick Graham, Royal Field Artillery, Indian Ordnance Department.

Major D. H. Hammond, D.S.O., M.C., Royal Engineers, State Railways.

Major Francis de Berekem Hancock, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, Political Department.

Major James Charles Jack, M.C., Royal Field Artillery, Indian Civil Service.

Major The Reverend Robert Mansell Kirwan, Indian Ecclesiastical Establishment.

Major The Reverend James Ganda Mall, Indian Ecclesiastical Establishment.

Major Ormstone Shaw Naylor, 13th Battalion, The Durham Light Infantry, Indian Police.

Major Walton Hubert O'Brien, Royal Engineers, Indian Works Department, Bengal Pilot Service.

Major William Searles Oldham, Royal Engineers, Public Works Department.

Major The Reverend Harvey Staunton, Indian Ecclesiastical Establishment.

Captain R. L. Almond, Royal Engineers, Survey of India Department.

Captain Max-Edward Alwan Anderson, 14th The King's (Liverpool Regiment), Madras Police.

Captain Edward Carlton Baker, Royal Engineers, Survey of India Department.

Captain Cecil David Woodburn Bamberger, Royal Engineers, Public Works Department.

Captain Richard Lockington Birdwood, Indian Army, Political Department.

Captain Edward Bellasis Cardew, Royal Engineers, Survey of India Department.

Captain Frank William Cleley, Royal Engineers, Agency Engineer, Kathiawar.

Captain Francis Charteris Davidson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached South Waziristan Militia, Indian Civil Service.

Captain Walter Cornelius Dennehy, Postal Unit, Indian Expeditionary Force "A," Indian Post Office.

Captain Donel Clamons Eberhardie, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, Customs Department, Madras.

Captain Hugh Gordon Francis, Royal Engineers, Public Works Department.

Captain John Archibald Field, Royal Engineers, Survey of India Department.

Captain Louis Patrick Gagliardi, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 37th Lancers (Baluch Horse), Punjab Police.

Captain Puretoy Gauntlett Huddleston, Royal Engineers, Survey of India Department.

Captain A. Izat, M.C., Royal Engineers, State Railways.

Captain Richard Buller Kitson, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force), Burma Military Police.

Captain Henry Marshall McKay, Royal Engineers, Survey of India Department.

Captain D. F. Nelson, M.C., 1st Battalion, The Lincolnshire Regiment, Probationer, Imperial Forest Department.

Captain George Frederick Oakes, Royal Engineers, Survey of India Department.

Captain James Gabriel Lancaster Ranking, Indian Army, Political Department.

Captain William Henry Irvine Shakespeare, C.I.E., Indian Army, Political Department.

Captain Oliver John Sykes, 23rd Siege Battery, Royal Garrison Artillery, Indian Finance Department.

Captain Arthur Powys Wodehouse, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment), Indian Police.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) Philip Pipon Braithwaite, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 36th Jacob's Horse, Indian Educational Service.

Lieutenant Edward Nevinson Bell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1-70th Burma Rifles, Indian Civil Service.

Lieutenant Ernest Gilbert Bullard, Postal Unit, Indian Expeditionary Force "A," Indian Post Office.

Lieutenant Arthur Morton Stanley Burn, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners, Public Works Department.

Lieutenant V. D. B. Collins, 13th Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), Survey of India Department.

Lieutenant Arthur Francis Dickson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse, Imperial Forest Service.

Lieutenant Edward Vezian Ellis, M.C., "Howe" Battalion, Royal Naval Division, Imperial Forest Service.

Lieutenant Francis William Finn, Calcutta Royal Battery, Royal Field Artillery, Indian Telegraph Department.

Lieutenant Richard William Formby, Royal Engineers, Public Works Department.

Lieutenant John Edward Gately, Indian Army Reserve of Officers attached 2nd Lancers (Gardnor's Horse), Indian Educational Service.

Lieutenant Geoffrey Gordon, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 12th Cavalry, Indian Civil Service.

Lieutenant George Hepburn, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Engineers, Public Works Department.

Lieutenant Charles North Dalrymple Inglis, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles, State Railways.

Lieutenant Maurice Richard Wheatley Johnson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 21st Kohat Mountain Battery, Indian Civil Service.

Lieutenant John Mitchell Mackay, Royal Engineers, Public Works Department.

Lieutenant William Charles Milne, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 121st Pioneers, Imperial Forest Service.

Lieutenant George Ramsay Murray, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 13th Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers, Indian Civil Service.

Lieutenant Arthur Nyton Peckham, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 112th Infantry, Public Works Department.

Lieutenant Ralph George Griffiths Robson, Royal Engineers, Public Works Department.

Lieutenant Charles Louis Amedee Rouillard, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 32nd Lancers, Public Works Department.

Lieutenant Hugh Southern, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 47th Sikhs, Indian Agricultural Service.

Lieutenant Harry Spottiswoode Trevor Edward Sheridan, Royal Engineers, State Railways.

Lieutenant Hugh Gordon Muschamp Vickers, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse), Indian Civil Service.

Lieutenant Edward John Woodhouse, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 38th King George's Own Central India Horse, Imperial Department of Agriculture.

2nd-Lieutenant George Henry Alington, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 9th Gurkha Rifles, Imperial Forest Service.

2nd-Lieutenant William John Arbuthnot, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force), Indian Civil Service.

2nd-Lieutenant Charles Edwin Bird, 5th Battalion, The Essex Regiment, Indian Finance Department.

2nd-Lieutenant Norman Bonham Carter, Reserve Household Battalion, Indian Civil Service.

2nd-Lieutenant (temporary Lieutenant) Percy Chavasse, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Air Force, Public Works Department.

2nd-Lieutenant Henry Thoreau Cullis, 12th Battalion, The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own), Indian Civil Service.

2nd-Lieutenant Charles Hugh Davies, The Welsh Regiment, Indian Civil Service.

2nd-Lieutenant Doran, Royal Field Artillery, Indian Postal Service.

2nd-Lieutenant Nelson Downie, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha Rifles, Indian Civil Service.

2nd-Lieutenant Alexander Bell Duncan, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 28th Light Cavalry, Indian Civil Service.

2nd-Lieutenant Eric Lionel Finlay, 1-6th Battalion, The Devonshire Regiment, Indian Civil Service.

2nd-Lieutenant Charles William Flint, 10th Battalion, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, Port Commissioners, Rangoon.

2nd-Lieutenant T. O. Gerard, 4th Battalion, The Manchester Regiment, Probationer, Imperial Forest Department.

2nd-Lieutenant Eldred Rottinger Gordon, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 104th Wellesley's Rifles, State Railways.

2nd-Lieutenant Edward Michael Graham, Duke of Connaught's Light Infantry, Indian Postal Service.

2nd-Lieutenant John William Henry Greig, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force), Civil Department.

2nd-Lieutenant Robert Prothero Hankinson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force), Indian Civil Service.

2nd-Lieutenant Alfred Chalmers Hay, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Gordon Highlanders, Assam Police.

2nd-Lieutenant E. T. H. Hearn, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Field Artillery, Land Revenue Department.

2nd-Lieutenant George Philip V. Horst, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 24th Punjabis, Mekran Levy, State Railways.

2nd-Lieutenant George Reginald Jeffrey, 20th Hussars, Imperial Forest Service.

2nd-Lieutenant (*temporary* Lieutenant) Thomas Joseph Kelly, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Mysore Imperial Service Troops, Madras Police.

2nd-Lieutenant Andrew Brooks Knowles, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Cavalry, Indian Civil Service.

2nd-Lieutenant William Joseph Cornwall Laurie, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 2nd Battalion, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry, Indian Civil Service.

2nd-Lieutenant Michael John Lynch, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, Customs Department, Madras.

2nd-Lieutenant Colin George Herbert Rawdon MacNamara, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry, Customs Department.

2nd-Lieutenant Alfred Reginald MacRae, Assistant Commissioner of Police, Basrah, Punjab Police.

2nd-Lieutenant Herbert Ernest Mallandaing, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 97th Deccan Infantry, Customs Department.

2nd-Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) John Hunter Manley, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force), State Railways.

2nd-Lieutenant John Dundas Manley, Royal Engineers, ~~Special Reserve~~, Public Works Department.

2nd-Lieutenant George Wyndham Maunsell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners, Public Works Department.

2nd-Lieutenant Arthur Green Mumford, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 105th Mahratta Light Infantry, Excise Department, Burma.

2nd-Lieutenant Hugh Farrar Northcote, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 41st Dogras, Public Works Department.

2nd-Lieutenant Christian Bingley Patterson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (the Malaun Regiment), Indian Forest Service.

2nd-Lieutenant (*temporary* Captain) Charles Russell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Battalion, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles, Indian Educational Service.

2nd-Lieutenant Gordon Sanderson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, Archaeological Department.

2nd-Lieutenant Frank Thomas Seppings-Wright, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry, Public Works Department.

2nd-Lieutenant Ralph Leslie Smith, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 126th Baluchistan Infantry, Customs Preventive Service.

2nd-Lieutenant Robert Balfour Steele, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Royal Air Force, Indian Civil Service.

2nd-Lieutenant John George Swain, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 93rd Burma Infantry, Indian Police.

2nd-Lieutenant Thomas Norman Leslie Turner, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 48th Pioneers, State Railways.

2nd-Lieutenant Michael James Unger, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 14th King George's Own Ferozepur Sikhs, Customs Preventive Department

2nd-Lieutenant Bruno Wolfgang Wahl, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 28th Light Cavalry, Indian Civil Service.

2nd-Lieutenant H. M. Walker, Indian Volunteer Maxim Gun Battery, East African Force, Customs Department.

2nd-Lieutenant Edward Henry Wilsey, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 93rd Burma Infantry, Punjab Police.

2nd-Lieutenant James Patrick Wood, M.C., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment), Punjab Police.

2nd-Lieutenant Frederick James Wilson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Sappers and Miners, State Railways.

PART III.

INDIAN OFFICERS OF THE INDIAN ARMY.

Risaldar-Major Jharmal Singh, 20th Deccan Horse.

Subadar-Major Ali Nazar, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Subadar-Major Amir Ali, 66th Punjabis.

Subadar-Major Bahadur Khan, 33rd Punjabis.

Subadar-Major Amir Ali Khan, 66th Punjabis.

Subadar-Major Bidan Singh Adhikari, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar-Major Chandarro More, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Subadar-Major Faquirullah, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Subadar-Major Gopal Singh, 4th Labour Corps.

Subadar-Major Govindrao Chowan, The 101st Grenadiers.

Subadar-Major Jahan Khan, 125th Napier's Rifles.

Subadar-Major Madat Khan, 93rd Burma Infantry.

Subadar-Major Malkhan Singh, 112th Infantry.

Subadar-Major Man Singh Thapa, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Subadar-Major Man Singh Bohra, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Subadar-Major Manikkam, 61st King George's Own Pioneers.

Subadar-Major Musin Khan, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjab).

Subadar-Major Mahadeorao Khanvilkar, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., 11th Mahrattas.

Subadar-Major Muhammad Baksh, I.O.M., 93rd Burma Infantry.

Subadar-Major Poshalu, 61st King George's Own Pioneers.

Subadar-Major Thakur Singh, 36th Sikhs.

Subadar-Major Lal Singh, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Risaldar Badan Singh, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).

Risaldar Badlu Singh, V.C., 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

Risaldar Dargai Khan, 37th Lancers (Baluch Horse).

Risaldar Dayal Singh, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Cavalry.

Risaldar Gobind Rao Sawat, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers,

Risaldar Harnam Singh, 6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.

Risaldar (*acting* Risaldar-Major) Indar Singh, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).

Risaldar Malik Abdul Rahman Khan, 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse).

Risaldar Mehtab Singh, 26th King George's Own Light Cavalry.

Risaldar Mir Hidayet Ali, 20th Deccan Horse.

Risaldar Muaz-ud-din Khan, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.

Risaldar Muzaffaruddin Ahmed, 4th Cavalry.

Risaldar Prem Sukh, I.O.M., 16th Cavalry.

Risaldar Ramji Lal, 6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.

Risaldar Umrao Bahadur, 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Risaldar Yusuf Khan, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Risaldar Zaman Khan, I.O.M., 26th King George's Own Light Cavalry.

Ressaidar Abdul Gafur Khan, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.

Ressaidar Abdul Ghani Khan, 32nd Lancers.

Ressaidar Abdullah Khan, I.O.M., Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Cavalry.

Ressaidar Badlu Singh, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

Ressaidar Bahadur Khan, I.O.M., 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Ressaidar Dalip Singh, I.D.S.M., 20th Deccan Horse.

Ressaidar Dost Muhammad Khan, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Ressaidar Harditt Singh, I.D.S.M., 9th Hodson's Horse.

Ressaidar Harnam Singh, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Ressaidar Isa Khan, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.

Ressaidar Mahbub Khan, I, 20th Deccan Horse.

Ressaidar Mahbub Khan, II, 20th Deccan Horse.

Ressaidar Maqbul Shah, I.D.S.M., 36th Jacob's Horse.

Ressaidar Mohan Singh, Supply and Transport Corps, attached Camel Corps.

Ressaidar Newar Singh, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).

Ressaidar Raj Singh, 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

Ressaidar Ranjor Singh, 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse).

Ressaidar Saitan Singh, 32nd Lancers.

Ressaidar Sangat Singh, 4th Cavalry.

Ressaidar Sarwar Singh, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

Ressaidar Shiu Bakhsh Singh, 5th Cavalry.

Ressaidar Zaim Singh, 27th Light Cavalry.

Subadar Abdullah Khan, 76th Punjabis.

Subadar Abdullah Khan, *Sardar Bahadur*, I.O.M., 106th Hazara Pioneers.

Subadar Adalat Khan, 56th Punjabis Rifles (Frontier Force).

Subadar Adam Khan, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Subadar Ahmed Din, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Subadar Ahmed Khan, 67th Punjabis.

Subadar Ajudhya Parshad Singh, 8th Rajputs.

Subadar Allah Dad Khan, 2-124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Subadar Allah Ditta, I.O.M., 30th Punjabis.

Subadar Allah Nur, 22nd Punjabis.

Subadar Amin Khan, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

Subadar Amir Ali, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Subadar Amir Zaman Khan, Railway Sappers and Miners.

Subadar Amresar Singh, 16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment).

Subadar Anandahang Limbu, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar Atar Singh, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Subadar Atar Singh, 84th Punjabis.

Subadar Attar Singh, 62nd Punjabis.

Subadar Azad Gul, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Subadar Babu Parab, 117th Mahrattas.

Subadar Bachan Singh, 104th Wellesley's Rifles.

Subadar Bahadur Singh, 8th Rajputs.

Subadar Bahadur Khan, 1-33rd Punjabis.

Subadar Bhaifah Bahadur Khattri, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar Baijnath Singh, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Subadar Baijnath Singh, 9th Bhopal Infantry.

Subadar Baijnath Tiwari, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

Subadar Bakhat Bahadur Adhikani, M.C., 1st Battalion, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar Bakhta Ram, 3-153rd Infantry.

Subadar Bakhtwar Singh, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Subadar Balbahadur Limbu, 2nd Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar Balbahadur Singh Gussain, I.O.M., 2nd Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Subadar Baryam Singh, I.O.M., 3rd Sappers and Miners.

Subadar Basdeo Ghosh, Postal Department.

Subadar Bhagwan Singh, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Subadar Bhairab Sahi, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

- Subadar Bhan Singh, 47th Sikhs.
 Subadar Bhan Malusre, 117th Mahrattas.
 Subadar Binja Ram, 125th Napier's Rifles.
 Subadar Bir Bahadur Rana, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Biria Gurung 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
 Subadar Bostan Khan, 82nd Punjabis.
 Subadar Budhilal Gurung, Lakhimpur Military Police, attached 1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Bukkan Singh, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Burhan Khan, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.
 Subadar Buta Singh, I.O.M., 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Chabbe Singh, 38th Dogras.
 Subadar Chenchal Singh, 89th Punjabis.
 Subadar Chand Singh, 120th Rajputana Infantry.
 Subadar Channan Singh, 66th Punjabis.
 Subadar Chatter Singh, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.
 Subadar Chattu Singh, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.
 Subadar Chet Singh Thapa, 2nd Battalion, King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Subadar Chothu Singh, I.D.S.M., 104th Wellesley's Rifles.
 Subadar Chittar Ram, 122nd Rajputana Infantry.
 Subadar Chuniram, 99th Deccan Infantry.
 Subadar Dad Bahadur Pnn, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Daji Rao Bhosle, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Subadar Dalbir Rana, 6th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Daulat Bhosle, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Subadar David Samson, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Subadar Deb Singh Mahar, 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Subadar Dhanaajitao Khanilkar, M.C., 114th Mahrattas.
 Subadar Dhanbir Thapa, 6th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Dharam Singh, 96th Berar Infantry.
 Subadar Dharamdal Limbu, 2nd Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Dhiyan Singh, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.
 Subadar Dhondu Mane, The 101st Granadiers.
 Subadar Dhuman Khan, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Durga Gurung, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Essu Parab, 114th Mahrattas.
 Subadar Faiz Khan, 9th Bhopal Infantry.
 Subadar Feroze Khan, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Futeh Muhammad, 22nd Punjabis.
 Subadar Fazal Dad, 93rd Burma Infantry.
 Subadar Feroze Khan, 82nd Punjabis.
 Subadar Garjarsing Thapa, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Gajjan Singh, 15th Ludbiana Sikhs.
 Subadar Guludo, 40th Pathans.
 Subadar Gambhir Singh Khattri, 9th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Ganga Singh, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Gangi Gharti, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Gannu Mahadesar, 117th Mahrattas.
 Subadar Ganpat Singh, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).
 Subadar Ghulam Haidar, I.O.M., 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).
 Subadar Ghulam Muhammad, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluchis Light Infantry.
 Subadar Ghulam Rasul, 104th Wellesley's Rifles.
 Subadar Ghulam Rasul, 3-124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.
 Subadar Girdhara Singh, I.D.S.M., 48th Pioneers.
 Subadar Gopal Singh Rawat, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Subadar Gopi Singh, 125th Napier's Rifles.
 Subadar Gajandhur Singh, 67th Punjabis.
 Subadar Gul Muhammad, 1-69th Punjabis.
 Subadar Gulaba, 41st Dogras.
 Subadar Gurditt Singh, I.O.M., 28th Punjabis.

- Subadar Gurditt Singh, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Gurditt Singh, I.O.M., 36th Sikhs.
 Subadar Gurmukh Singh, I.O.M., 66th Punjabis.
 Subadar Gurmukh Singh, 66th Punjabis.
 Subadar Gurmukh Singh, 93rd Burma Infantry.
 Subadar Hansarup Limbu, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Har-Narayan Singh, 112th Infantry.
 Subadar Hari Singh, 74th Punjabis.
 Subadar Harnam Singh, 36th Sikhs.
 Subadar Harnam Singh, 47th Sikhs.
 Subadar Harnam Singh, 48th Pioneers.
 Subadar Harnam Singh, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Hazari Singh, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.
 Subadar Hashmat Dad Khan, I.D.S.M., 107th Pioneers.
 Subadar Hira, I.D.S.M., 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).
 Subadar Hussain Khan, 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).
 Subadar Hassan Khan, 28th Punjabis.
 Subadar Indar Singh, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs.
 Subadar Indrabir Thapa, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Jagat Singh, 36th Sikhs.
 Subadar Jangbir Singh, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Subadar (*acting* Subadar-Major) Jahan Shah, 125th Napier's Rifles.
 Subadar Jai Chand, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Subadar Jai Chand Thakur, I.O.M., 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Jaimal Singh *Bahadur*, 36th Sikhs.
 Subadar Jaipal Singh, 98th Infantry.
 Subadar Jaman Singh Rai, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Juthia Gurung, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Jehandad Khan Bahadur, 40th Pathans.
 Subadar Jermukh Singh, Burma Military Police, attached 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.
 Subadar Jitbahadur Gurung, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Subadar Kahan Singh, I.O.M., 27th Punjabis.
 Subadar Kapura, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).
 Subadar Kanha, I, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Subadar Kanha, II, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Subadar Karam Dad Khan, 84th Punjabis.
 Subadar Karam Din, 123rd Outram's Rifles.
 Subadar Karam Singh, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.
 Subadar Kabir Thapa, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Subadar Karbir Thapa, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Kaula Singh, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Khan Baz Khan, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Khan Gul, I.O.M., 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Kharak Singh, 47th Sikhs.
 Subadar Khema Jagdale, 10th Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Subadar Khiyali Singh Negi, 2nd Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Subadar Khushal Singh, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Kishan Singh, 126th Baluchistan Infantry.
 Subadar Kishan Singh, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Kripal Singh, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.
 Subadar Kundan Singh, 94th Russell's Infantry.
 Subadar Kuro Ram, 48th Pioneers.
 Subadar Labh Singh, I.O.M., 30th Punjabis.
 Subadar Lachman Singh, 30th Punjabis.
 Subadar Lakha Singh, 13th Rajputs (The Shekawati Regiment).
 Subadar Lakshmayya, I.D.S.M., 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.
 Subadar Lal Khan, 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Lalbir Thapa, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
 Subadar Lehna Singh, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.
 Subadar Lekh Ram, 113th Infantry.
 Subadar Lilaram Gurung, 6th Gurkha Rifles.

- Subadar Lakshman Rao More, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Subadar Maghar Singh, 29th Punjabis.
 Subadar Mahesh Singh, I.O.M., 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.
 Subadar Mainu, 40th Pathans.
 Subadar Maluka, 76th Punjabis.
 Subadar Manbahadur Thapa, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Maya Singh, 22nd Punjabis.
 Subadar Manta Singh, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs.
 Subadar Mohanlal Gurung, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Mohar Singh, I.D.S.M., 45th Rattray's Sikhs.
 Subadar Mehdi Khan, 19th Punjabis.
 Subadar Mirchi Singh, 112th Infantry.
 Subadar Marzu Rustam Beg, 117th Mahrattas.
 Subadar Mit Singh, 2-67th Punjabis.
 Subadar A. K. Mitra, 49th Bengalis.
 Subadar Mohammad Din, 67th Punjabis.
 Subadar Mohammad Akul Khan, 84th Punjabis.
 Subadar Mohammad Khan, I.D.S.M., 30th Punjabis.
 Subadar Mohammad Khan, 1-69th Punjabis.
 Subadar Mohsen, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).
 Subadar Molar Singh Bahadur, I.O.M., 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Mota Singh, 17th Sikhs.
 Subadar Muhammad Nur Khan, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.
 Subadar Muhammad Zaman, 66th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Muhammad Zaman, 66th Punjabis.
 Subadar Muhammad Zaman, 123rd Outram's Rifles.
 Subadar Muzammil Khan, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Musa Raja, 64th Pioneers.
 Subadar Nabi Baksh, 18th Infantry.
 Subadar Narain Singh, 62nd Punjabis.
 Subadar Narayan Singh, 92nd Punjabis.
 Subadar Natha Singh, 25th Punjabis.
 Subadar Natha Singh, 31st Sikh Pioneers.
 Subadar Narayan Khomne, 121st Pioneers.
 Subadar Neki Ram, I, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Subadar Neki Ram, II, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Subadar Neki Ram, 107th Pioneers.
 Subadar Nizam-ud-Din, 91st Punjabis (Light Infantry).
 Subadar Nur Hussain, 92nd Punjabis.
 Subadar Nur Khan, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Parbu Payal, 69th Punjabis.
 Subadar Pahal Singh Gurung, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Padmagej Rana, I.O.M., 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Pahal Singh Karki, 2nd Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Parman Singh Lama, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Partab Singh, I.O.M., 28th Punjabis.
 Subadar Parmeswar Singh, 97th Deccan Infantry.
 Subadar Partab Singh, I.O.M., 92nd Punjabis.
 Subadar Pat Ram, 99th Deccan Infantry.
 Subadar Pertab Singh, 9th Bhopal Infantry.
 Subadar Phul Singh, 94th Russell's Infantry.
 Subadar Phuman Singh, I.D.S.M., 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Pehu Singh, 92nd Punjabis.
 Subadar Parab Dayal, 1-69th Punjabis.
 Subadar Prem Singh Thapa, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Prem Singh Negi, I.D.S.M., 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Subadar Raghubir Singh, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.
 Subadar Rahim Ali, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Rajbahadur Limbu, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Rajpal Din, 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Rajpal Singh, 22nd Punjabis.
 Subadar Rakam Din, 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force), attached 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Subadar Ram Lal Dabe, 9th Bhopal Infantry.
 Subadar Ram Sarn-Rana, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Subadar Ram Singh, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.
 Subadar Ram Singh, 34th Sikh Pioneers.

Subadar Rumala, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.

Subadar Ramchander Rao Mohite, I.O.M., I.D.S.M., 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.

Subadar Ramchander Hase, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Subadar (*acting* Subadar-Major) Ram Het, 3rd Battalion, 154th Indian Infantry.

Subadar Ramswami Naidu, I.O.M., 3rd Sappers and Miners.

Subadar Ranbahadur Rawal, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar Roshan Khan, 27th Punjabis.

Subadar Rupdhan Pun, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar Sahib Dad, 108th Infantry.

Subadar Sahib Nur, 24th Punjabis.

Subadar Saida Khan, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.

Subadar Sakharam Powar, M.C., 114th Mahrattas.

Subadar Sangram Singh Negi, M.C., 2nd Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Subadar Santa Singh, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Subadar Santa Singh, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Subadar Sar Gul, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Subadar Sarbjit Gurung, I.O.M., 8th Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar Satingar, 24th Punjabis.

Subadar Saudagar Singh, 47th Sikhs.

Subadar Suwan Singh, 24th Punjabis.

Subadar Shad Muhammad, 28th Punjabis.

Subadar Shaikh Abala, 117th Mahrattas.

Subadar Shaikh Abdul, 114th Mahrattas.

Subadar Shansher Singh Kherwas, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Subadar Sharbat Khan, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Subadar Shuisahai Singh, 16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment).

Subadar Shuinath Singh, 123rd Outram's Rifles.

Subadar Sher Baz, 29th Punjabis.

Subadar Shib Singh Negi, 2nd Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Subadar Siripershad Gurung, 4th Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar Sis Ram, 94th Russell's Infantry.

Subadar Sispal Singh, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Subadar Sivaji Rao Kale, The 101st Grenadiers.

Subadar Sohanu, 27th Punjabis.

Subadar Sublal Gharti, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malan Regiment).

Subadar Sucha Singh, 47th Sikhs.

Subadar Subel Singh, I.O.M., 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Subadar Sultan Khan, 67th Punjabis.

Subadar Sundar Singh, I.O.M., 30th Punjabis.

Subadar Sundar Singh, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Subadar Sandar Singh, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Subadar Sayid Razak, I.D.S.M., 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Subadar Surat Singh, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Subadar Tejranji Limbu, 22nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar Tekbahadur Gurung, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Subadar Thaman Singh, 45th Ratray's Sikhs.

Subadar Tirindhoj Limbu, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar Tungal Khan, 17th Infantry.

Subadar Wahab Khan, 29th Punjabis, attached 30th Punjabis.

Subadar Wariyam Singh, 93rd Burma Infantry.

Subadar Wazir Gurung, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar Wazir Singh, 4th Labour Corps.

Subadar Zaman Shah, I.O.M., 89th Punjabis.

Jemadar Abdul Aziz, 64th Pioneers.

Jemadar Abdul Karim, Railway Department

Jemadar Abdul Latif, 82nd Punjabis.

Jemadar Abdul Samad Khan, 36th Jacob's Horse.

Jemadar Abdul Wahab, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Abdur Rahman, I, 63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry.

- Jemadar Abdur Rahman, II, 63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Atta Singh Lama, 40th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Akbar Ali, 1-33rd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Alam Khan, 62nd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Alam Khan, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.
 Jemadar Ali Ahmad, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).
 Jemadar Ali Khan, 22nd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Amar Khan, 36th Jacob's Horse.
 Jemadar Amir Khan, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Amir Ali, 1-33rd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Amir Khan, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Amir Singh, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.
 Jemadar Anandrao Bhosle, The 101st Grenadiers.
 Jemadar Anandrao Shinde, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Anar Singh Thapa, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar M. Anthony, 64th Pioneers.
 Jemadar Arjun Ram, I.O.M., 123rd Outram's Rifles.
 Jemadar Arland, 81st Pioneers.
 Jemadar Aseran Thapa, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Atar Singh, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.
 Jemadar Atma Singh, 2-124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.
 Jemadar Atta Ullah Khan, I.O.M., 36th Jacob's Horse.
 Jemadar Azim Ullah, Railway Sappers and Miners.
 Jemadar Bachittar, Singh, 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Bachint Singh, 1-33rd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Badhawa Singh, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.
 Jemadar Badlu Singh, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Bahar Khan, 30th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Bainta, 41st Dogras.
 Jemadar Bakhatman Gurung, 6th Gurkha Rifles attached 2nd Battalion, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Bakhsh Singh, 120th Rajputana Infantry.
 Jemadar Balu Ram, 120th Rajputana Infantry.
 Jemadar Barne Thapa, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Barkhabahadur Rai, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Barkat Ali, 104th Wellesley's Rifles.
 Jemadar Barkat Ali, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Baryam Singh, 47th Sikhs.
 Jemadar Basanta Ram, 28th Light Cavalry.
 Jemadar Bhag Singh, I.O.M., 20th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Bhag Singh, 48th Pioneers.
 Jemadar Bhagesor Limbo, 1st Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Bhagwan Singh, 66th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Bhagwan Singh, Railway Department.
 Jemadar Bhagwan Singh, 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse).
 Jemadar Bhan Singh, 35th Sikhs.
 Jemadar Bharkar Bhandari, 9th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Bhau Ranawde, 3rd Sappers and Miners.
 Jemadar Bhir Bhan Chand, 3-152nd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Bholi Singh, 24th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Bhur Singh, 32nd Lancers.
 Jemadar Dhura Singh, 125th Napier's Rifles.
 Jemadar Bir Singh, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.
 Jemadar Birbal Ram, 123rd Outram's Rifles.
 Jemadar Birkha, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Bombahadur Gharti, 9th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Birman Lama, 2nd Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar A. K. Bose, Postal Department.
 Jemadar Bostan Khan, 62nd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Budhi Singh Negi, 1st Battalion, 39th Gharwal Rifles.
 Jemadar Budhibal Rana, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Budhibal Thapa, M.C., 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Buta Khan, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

- Jemadar Chame Thapa, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Chanda Singh, 66th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Chandar Singh, 34th Sikh Pioneers.
 Jemadar Chandra Singh Gharti, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles
 (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Jemadar Chhattar Pal Singh, Burma Mounted Rifles.
 Jemadar Chauhaja Bakhsh Singh, 3rd Sappers and Miners.
 Jemadar Chuhar Singh, 47th Sikhs.
 Jemadar Churaman Singh, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light
 Infantry.
 Jemadar Dadibal Pun, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Dadu Nikam, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Dalbahadur Thapa, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The
 Malaun Regiment).
 Jemadar Dale Rama, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).
 Jemadar Dalu Thapa, 2nd Battalion, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha
 Rifles.
 Jemadar Daryodhan, 40th Pathans.
 Jemadar Dasru Ram, Indian Field Post Office.
 Jemadar Daulat Ramo More, I.M.O., 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Daulat Singh Ko Thiya, 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Jemadar Daulat Singh Negi, 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Jemadar Deb Singh Negi, 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Jemadar Daulat Singh Rawat, 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Jemadar Dewansing Gurung, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Dhanraj Gurung, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own
 Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Jemadar Dharamsing Pun, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Dhanraj Thapa, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Daryo Singh, 11th Murray's Jat Lancers.
 Jemadar Dhiyan Singh, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.
 Jemadar Dhiyan Singh, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.
 Jemadar Din Muhammad, 123rd Outram's Rifles.
 Jemadar Faqir Bakhsh Singh, 98th Infantry.
 Jemadar Fateh Haider, I.O.M., 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 Jemadar Fateh Haider Shah, 31th Prince Albert Victor's Own, Poona
 Horse.
 Jemadar Fateh Khan, Burma Mounted Rifles.
 Jemadar Fateh Sher, 130th King George's Own Baluchis.
 Jemadar Fazal Dad, I.D.S.M., 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Fazal Din, 28th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Fazal Muhammad, 46th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Feroze Khan, 22nd Punjabis.
 Jemadar M. Francis, 81st Pioneers.
 Jemadar Gajrup Limbu, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Gamar Sing Gurung, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Gamesha Singh, 35th Scinde Horse attached 36th Jacob's
 Horse.
 Jemadar Gamir Sing Gurung, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha
 Rifles.
 Jemadar Ganga Charan Dikshit, I.D.S.M., 3rd Sappers and Miners.
 Jemadar Ganga Narain Sukul, 9th Bhopal Infantry.
 Jemadar Ghandu Singh, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Ganga Ram Bhaguji, 119th Infantry.
 Jemadar Ganga Sing Gurung, 2nd Battalion, 3rd Queen Alexandra's
 Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Ghamai Khan, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Ghantu Sing Bisht, 2nd Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Jemadar Ghasi Ram, 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.
 Jemadar Ghulam Khawaja, 36th Jacob's Horse.
 Jemadar Gobindia, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Gopal, 16th Cavalry.
 Jemadar Gopola Powar, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Gopi Thapa, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha
 Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Jemadar Gore Limbu, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Govind Rane, The 101st Grenadiers.
 Jemadar Gujar Singh, 66th Punjabis.

- Jemadar Gul Akhmed, D.S.M., 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Gul Muhammad Khan, I.O.M., 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).
 Jemadar Gul Sher, 22nd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Gulsahib, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Gul Singh, 3-154th Indian Infantry.
 Jemadar Gunan Singh, I.D.S.M., 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Jemadar Gurditta Mal, Postal Department.
 Jemadar Hakam Singh, 39th King George's Own Central India Horse.
 Jemadar Hakam Singh, I.D.S.M., 30th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Handal Khan, 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse).
 Jemadar Hakim Singh, 36th Sikhs.
 Jemadar Harakbahadur Thapa, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Harishanker Gurung, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Hark Singh Thapa, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Harkhu Singh, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Harnukh, 120th Rajputana Infantry.
 Jemadar Harman Singh, 26th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Harnam Singh, 36th Sikhs.
 Jemadar Harnam Singh, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.
 Jemadar Harnam Singh, Burma Mounted Rifles.
 Jemadar Harnam Singh, 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.
 Jemadar Harnatha, 42nd Deoli Regiment.
 Jemadar Hayat Bakhsh, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.
 Jemadar Hayat Mahomed Khan, 8th Cavalry.
 Jemadar Hidayat Ullah, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.
 Jemadar Hira Gurung, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Hira Nand, 69th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Hira Ram, 125th Napier's Rifles.
 Jemadar Hira Singh, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Hira Singh, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Hakmat Khan, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Hussain Ali Khan, 9th Bhopal Infantry.
 Jemadar Ilam Din, 67th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Inayatullah, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Indar Singh, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Indramar Gurung, 1st Battalion, 9th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Ishar Singh, 47th Sikhs.
 Jemadar Jhabatbahadur Gurung, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Jodha Singh, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.
 Jemadar Jaffer Ali, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 Jemadar Jag Singh, 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.
 Jemadar Jagat Singh, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Jagdam Singh, 89th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Jagjit Gharti, 2nd Battalion, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
 Jemadar Jagrup Limbu, 1st Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Jahan Singh, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).
 Jemadar Jehan Dad Khan, 22nd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Jairam Dalvi, 117th Mahrattas.
 Jemadar Jamal-ud-Din, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Jan Mohamed, Postal Department.
 Jemadar Jawahir Singh Birwa, 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Jemadar Jhanda Singh, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).
 Jemadar Jiwan Singh, 35th Sikhs.
 Jemadar Jehangar Khan, 123rd Outram's Rifles.
 Jemadar Jalal-ud-Din Khan, 129th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).
 Jemadar Jit Sing Negi, 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.
 Jemadar Juman, Railway Department.
 Jemadar Kala Khan, 67th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Kala Singh, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Kala Singh, 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Daly's Horse).

Jemadar Kadir Baksh, 93rd Burma Infantry.

Jemadar Kapur Singh, 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Daly's Horse).

Jemadar Kapur Singh, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Kapur Singh, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Karan Bahadur Khattri, I.O.M., 1st Battalion, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Kukku, 40th Pathans.

Jemadar Katha Singh, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Kehar Singh, I, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Kehar Singh, II, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.

Jemadar Kehar Singh, III, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.

Jemadar Kale Singh, 120th Rajputana Infantry.

Jemadar Khan Bahadur, 22nd Punjabis.

Jemadar Khan Muhammad, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Khan Muhammad Khan, 5th Light Infantry.

Jemadar Khanak Singh, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Kharabir Thapa, I.O.M., 4th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Karim Khan, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Jemadar Khawas Shah, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guide (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.

Jemadar Khiwa Ram, 125th Napier's Rifles.

Jemadar Kehar Singh, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Khushal Singh, 48th Pioneers.

Jemadar Khushal Singh, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Khuda Baksh, 26th Jacob's Mountain Battery.

Jemadar Kirpa Singh, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Kishan Bahadur Adhikari, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Kishan Singh, 1-33rd Punjabis.

Jemadar Kishen Singh, 90th Punjabis.

Jemadar Kishen Singh, Burma Military Police attached 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Jemadar Kishan Singh, 22nd Punjabis.

Jemadar Krishna Upar, 116th Mahrattas.

Jemadar Kumar Muhammad Wajib Ali Khan, The 101st Grenadiers.

Jemadar Khusal Singh Danu, 2nd Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Jemadar Khusal Takuli, 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Jemadar Lachman Singh Thapa, 4th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Lachman Singh, 47th Sikhs.

Jemadar Lal Khan, 82nd Punjabis.

Jemadar Lal Singh, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.

Jemadar Lalji, 6th Jat Light Infantry.

Jemadar Lehna Singh, 40th Pathans.

Jemadar Mad Afzal, 24th Punjabis.

Jemadar Mahda Rawat, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

Jemadar Magar Singh, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Magha Singh, 47th Sikhs.

Jemadar Maghar Singh, 93rd Burma Infantry.

Jemadar Mahabir Rana, 2nd Battalion, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Mahala Singh, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.

Jemadar Meharwan Singh, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Jemadar Maifuz Khan, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse).

Jemadar Mal Singh, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Malahin, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry, attached 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Jemadar Malik Ahmed Yar Khan, 36th Jacob's Horse.

Jemadar Man Singh Rana, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Manbahadur Gurung, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Jemadar Mangul Singh, 28th Punjabis.

Jemadar Mangta Ram, 48th Pioneers.

Jemadar Maniratan Burathuki, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Manrup Limbu, 10th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Mansa Khan Thapa, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

- Jemadar Mardan Ali, 56th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Mandhoj Garung, 2nd Battalion, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Mastan Singh, 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.
 Jemadar Mathura, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar (*acting* Subadar) Mehta Khan, 43rd Bripura Regiment attached Labour Corps.
 Jemadar Mewa Singh, 90th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Mir Rahmatulla, 61st King George's Own Pioneers.
 Jemadar Mir Said, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Mirza Mushtaq Ali, 9th Bhopal Infantry.
 Jemadar Mahadeo Setge, 103rd Mahfatta Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Mitter Singh Kapkot, 1-50th Kumaon Rifles.
 Jemadar Mit Singh, 2-67th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Mit Singh, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Muhammad Khan, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Muhammad Shafi Khan, 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.
 Jemadar Muhammad Bakhsh Khan, 5th Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Mul Singh, 93rd Burma Infantry.
 Jemadar Mohan Singh, 61st Camel Corps.
 Jemadar Motu Singh, 124th Duches of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.
 Jemadar Motilal Thapa, 2nd Battalion, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Muhammad Khan, I.O.M., 26th King George's Own Light Cavalry.
 Jemadar Muhammad Khan, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Muhammad Sadin, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 Jemadar Muhammad Umar Khan, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).
 Jemadar Mughli Khan, 17th Infantry.
 Jemadar Makun Limbu, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Mula Singh, 35th Sikhs.
 Jemadar Mala Singh, 9th Bhopal Infantry.
 Jemadar Munshi Khan, 18th Infantry, attached 5th Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Munshi Singh, 84th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Munshi Singh, 125th Napier's Rifles.
 Jemadar Murti, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).
 Jemadar Muthusami, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.
 Jemadar Nain Singh Rana, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Nania Thapa, 1st Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Nani Singh, 27th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Nand Singh, 28th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Nanig Ram, I.O.M., 123rd Outram's Rifles.
 Jemadar Nawal Singh, 97th Deccan Infantry.
 Jemadar Naurang Khan, 2-107th Pioneers.
 Jemadar Nek Muhammad, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 Jemadar Neki Ram, 97th Deccan Infantry.
 Jemadar Niaz Gul, I.D.S.M., 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Nikab Gul, 28th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Nur Ahmed, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Nur Ali, 46th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Nur Habib, 1-133rd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Nur Khan, 76th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Padmandhoj Chettri, Naga Hills Military Police, attached 2nd Battalion, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Pahlwan Khan, 30th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Pahlad Singh, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).
 Jemadar Penchan Singh Rai, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Partab Sai, I.D.S.M., 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Jemadar Partab Singh, 47th Sikhs.
 Jemadar Partab Singh, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.
 Jemadar Pati Ram Pan, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Jemadar Pem Singh, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.
 Jemadar Pemnaraju Thapa, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Prem Singh, I.O.M., 34th Sikh Pioneers.
 Jemadar Prem Singh Negi, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

- Jemadar Punjab Singh, i.o.m., 7th Hariana Lancers.
 Jemadar Qutbuddin Khan, 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.
 Jemadar Rahim Ali, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Raja Khan, 28th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Rajaram Powar, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Rajman Rai, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Rakhmat, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Ralla Singh, 28th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Ram Charan, Survey of India Department.
 Jemadar Ram Charan Singh, 8th Rajputs.
 Jemadar Ram Kuran, 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.
 Jemadar Ram Sarup, 76th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Ram Singh, 39th King George's Own Central India Horse.
 Jemadar Ram Singh, Indian Mountain Artillery.
 Jemadar Ram Singh, 34th Sikh Pioneers.
 Jemadar Ram Badan Singh, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.
 Jemadar Ramdayal Ram, 104th Wellesley's Rifles.
 Jemadar Ramdhiya Tiwari, 89th Punjabis, attached 9th Bhopals.
 Jemadar Ramji Lal, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.
 Jemadar Ramlal Singh, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Ramrattan Singh, 13th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment).
 Jemadar Ramsaran Singh, 16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment).
 Jemadar Ram Surat Misr, 89th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Ranbir, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) Infantry.
 Jemadar Ranbir Thapa, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
 Jemadar Ranjit Singh, 66th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Rankesar Thapa, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Rur Singh, 92nd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Rur Singh, 1. 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.
 Jemadar Rur Singh, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.
 Jemadar Sadhu Singh, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.
 Jemadar Sahib Dad, 1-69th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Sahib Din, Railway Department.
 Jemadar Sahib Singh, L.D.S.M., 48th Pioneers.
 Jemadar Sayyid Akhmad, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Said Zaman, 93rd Burma Infantry.
 Jemadar Saida Khan, 76th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Saidan Khan, 1-30th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).
 Jemadar Saidan Shah, 2-107th Pioneers.
 Jemadar Saidan Shah, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.
 Jemadar Saidan Khan, 40th Pathans.
 Jemadar Saifulla Khan, 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis).
 Jemadar Samand Khan, 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis).
 Jemadar Samand Singh, 9th Hodson's Horse.
 Jemadar Samand Singh, 82nd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Sankhaman Isimbu, 10th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Saman Singh Gurung, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).
 Jemadar Suwan Singh, 3rd Sappers and Miners.
 Jemadar Shah Nawaz Khan, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.
 Jemadar Shah Wali, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Shahib Singh, 48th Pioneers.
 Jemadar Shaikh Amir, Indian Postal Services.
 Jemadar Shaikh Hussain, 63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Shaikh Muhammadi, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).
 Jemadar Shan Singh, 36th Jacob's Horse.
 Jemadar Shamir Singh, 26th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Sheolal Singh, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).
 Jemadar Sher Akhmed, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis), attached 40th Pathans.
 Jemadar Sher Ali Khan, 92nd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Sher Baz, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.
 Jemadar Sher Dil, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Sher Muhammad Khan, 5th Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Shiraz, 40th Pathans.
 Jemadar Shiv Dayal, 41st Dogras.
 Jemadar Shiuji Singh, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Shiudayal Singh, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.
 Jemadar Sidh Nath Misra, 9th Bhopal Infantry.
 Jemadar Sikshan, Burma Military Police, attached 95th Russell's Infantry.
 Jemadar Sirdar Khan, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).
 Jemadar Siri Ram, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.
 Jemadar Sirpati Nale, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Sitibakhsh Singh, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.
 Jemadar Sobharam Singh, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.
 Jemadar Sohan Singh, M.C., I.O.M., 24th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Sohan Singh, 47th Sikhs.
 Jemadar Suba Singh, I.O.M., 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Suba Singh, I.O.M., 41st Dogras.
 Jemadar Suba Khan, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis), attached 40th Pathans.
 Jemadar Sudhan Singh, I.O.M., 7th Haryana Lancers.
 Jemadar Sukh Lall, 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Jemadar Sulla, 122nd Rajputana Infantry.
 Jemadar Sultan Ahmed, 36th Jacob's Horse.
 Jemadar Sundar Singh, 34th Sikh Pioneers.
 Jemadar Sundar Singh, 30th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Sundar Singh, 48th Pioneers.
 Jemadar Tahel Singh, 2-67th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Tane Burathoki, 8th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Tika Khan, 26th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Tika Ram Kumal, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
 Jemadar Tilbikram Mal, 9th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Tilbir Thapa, 9th Gurkha Rifles.
 Jemadar Udham Singh, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Uma Rawat, I.O.M., 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).
 Jemadar Umar Khan, 36th Jacob's Horse.
 Jemadar Umrao Singh, 99th Deccan Infantry.
 Veterinary Jemadar Umrao Ali, 10th Mule Corps, attached 12th Mule Corps.
 Jemadar Uttam Singh, 12th Cavalry.
 Jemadar Wadhawa Singh, 17th Sikhs.
 Jemadar Walayat Khan, 92nd Punjabis.
 Jemadar Wali Dad, 27th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Wali Dad, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.
 Jemadar Wali Khan, 1-69th Punjabis.
 Jemadar Wassah Singh, 1st Battalion, Hong Kong Regiment.
 Jemadar Wazir Singh, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs.
 Jemadar Wazir Singh, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Yar Dil, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Yenkatrao Kadam, 117th Mahrattas.
 Jemadar Zaman Ali, I.D.S.M., 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Jemadar Zorawar Singh, 42nd Deoli Regiment.
 2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon Salig Ram, Indian Medical Department.

PART IV.

OFFICERS OF THE IMPERIAL SERVICE TROOPS AND FRONTIER MILITIA.

Lieutenant-Colonel Raghbir Singh, Kashmir Imperial Service Troops.
 Commandant Farzulla Khan, Mysore Imperial Service Troops.
 Major Mahommad Ali Mirza, Hyderabad Imperial Service Troops.
 Major Gandharb Singh Bahadur, Kashmir Imperial Service Troops.
 Major Latif Ali Khan, Indore Imperial Service Transport Corps.
 Major Thakur Dalput Singh, M.C., Jodhpur Imperial Service Troops.

Major Thakur Sheonath Singh Bahadur, Bikaner Imperial Service Camel Corps.

Major Yusuf Ali Khan, M.C., Patiala Imperial Service Troops.

Captain Narayan Singh, Alwar Imperial Service Troops.

Captain Thakur Raghunath Singh, attached Jodhpur Imperial Service Troops.

Lieutenant Kanwar Diji Raj, attached Jodhpur Imperial Service Troops.

Lieutenant Sadhu Narain, Kashmir Imperial Service Troops.

2nd-Lieutenant Abdul Majid Khan, Gwalior Imperial Service Transport Corps.

2nd-Lieutenant Rafatulla Shah, Hyderabad Imperial Service Troops.

2nd-Lieutenant Dattaji Rao Visnu Athavale, Gwalior Imperial Service Troops, 3rd Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Lakha Singh, Indore Imperial Service Transport Corps.

Risaldar A. Lingaraj Urs, I.O.M., Mysore Imperial Service Troops.

Risaldar Murtaza Mohamed Khan, Hyderabad Imperial Service Lancers.

Risaldar T. Nanjaraj Urs, Mysore Imperial Service Troops.

Sub-Lieutenant Bishe Singh, Hyderabad Imperial Service Troops.

Subadar Abdu Khan, Bikaner Imperial Service Camel Corps.

Subadar Asal Din, North Waziristan Militia.

Subadar Jaimal Singh, 1st Patiala Imperial Service Infantry.

Subadar Jhagar Singh, Kapurthala Imperial Service Troops.

Subadar Khawas Khan, North Waziristan Militia.

Subadar Mobin Khan, South Waziristan Militia.

Subadar Sarmukh Singh, Jind Imperial Service Troops.

Subadar Shah Nawaz, North Waziristan Militia.

Subadar Zeri Gul, South Waziristan Militia.

Jemadar Abdul Razak Khan, Malerkotla Imperial Service Sappers.

Jemadar Akbar Khan, Bharatpur Imperial Service Troops.

Jemadar Asu Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.

Jemadar Bangal Shah, South Waziristan Militia.

Jemadar Jawala Singh, Bharatpur Imperial Service Troops.

Jemadar Khang Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Lancers.

Jemadar Mangal Singh, Jind Imperial Service Troops.

Jemadar Mastan, South Waziristan Militia.

Jemadar Mohamed Alam Khan, Kashmir Imperial Service Lancers.

Jemadar Partab Singh, Jind Imperial Service Troops.

Jemadar Raja Ram, Bharatpur Imperial Service Infantry.

Jemadar Rakhim Shan, South Waziristan Militia.

T. Jemadar Ram Singh, Patiala Imperial Service Troops.

Jemadar Rawat Singh, Jodhpur Imperial Service Troops.

Jemadar Sher Muhammad, South Waziristan Militia.

Jemadar Tota Singh, Patiala Imperial Service Troops.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 20th March 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

POLICE.

Delhi, the 19th March 1920.

No. 509.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 41 of the Indian Arms Rules, 1920, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no fee shall be payable by warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers in His Majesty's Army, British or Indian, or by warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the Indian Defence Force, in respect of the grant of any licence in Form XIII under rule 29 of the said rules or of the renewal of any such licence.

H. D. CRAIK,

Offg. Addl. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 27th March 1920, is republished for general information.

G. N. ROY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 23rd March 1920.

No. 572.—The Hon'ble Sir Lancelot Sanderson, Kt., K.C., Barrister-at-law, Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, having been granted furlough from the 25th March, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it, to the 1st July 1920 inclusive, the Governor General in Council is pleased under the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), section 105, sub-section (1), to appoint the Hon'ble Justice Sir Ashutosh Mukharji, Kt., C.S.I., one of the Judges of the High Court, to perform the duties of Chief Justice during the absence of the Hon'ble Sir Lancelot Sanderson, or until further orders.

H. D. CRAIK,
Offg. Addl. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 27th March 1920, are republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Delhi, the 24th March 1920.

No. 291.—Lieutenant-Colonel B. H. Deare, M.B.C.P., D.P.H., I.M.S., Officiating Principal and Professor of Medicine, Medical College, Calcutta, and First Physician to the College Hospitals, is confirmed in that appointment with effect from the 6th October 1919.

No. 292.—Lieutenant-Colonel D. McCay, M.D., I.M.S., Officiating Professor of Clinical Medicine and Materia Medica, Medical College, and 2nd Physician to the College Hospitals, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 6th October 1919.

No. 293.—Major J. A. Shorten, M.B., I.M.S., Officiating Professor of Physiology, Medical College, Calcutta, is appointed substantively *pro tempore* in that appointment, with effect from the 6th October 1919.

The 25th March 1920.

No. 297.—Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Leonard Rogers, Kt., C.I.E., F.R.S., M.D., F.R.C.P., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Professor of Pathology, Medical College, Calcutta, is granted, with effect from the 1st March 1920, combined leave for twelve months, viz., privilege leave for six months and in continuation furlough for six months.

No. 298.—Major R. Knowles, I.M.S., Director of the Pasteur Institute and Clinical Research Laboratory, Shillong, is appointed to officiate as Professor of Pathology, Medical College, Calcutta, *vice* Sir Leonard Rogers, with effect from the 1st March 1920, until further orders.

H. D. CRAIK,
Offg. Addl. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

THE following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 27th March 1920, are republished for general information :—

H. L. STEPHENSON.

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

Delhi, the 27th March 1920.

No. 2557-D.—The following extract from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 19th February 1920, is published for general information :—

GOVERNMENT NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

IMPORT AND EXPORT SECTION.

• TRADING WITH GERMANY.

The information as to the conditions under which commercial and financial transactions are permissible with German nationals and with persons and firms carrying on business in Germany, published in December last in a Parliamentary Return, Cmd. 512, is rendered out of date by the ratification of the Treaty of Peace with Germany and the issue of an Order-in-Council fixing 10th January 1920 (the date on which the Treaty came into force) as the legal date of the termination of the war with that country.

Trade with Germany is in general no longer subject to any restrictions other than those imposed on trade with other foreign countries.

Any goods may be exported to Germany without licence, except goods on Lists A and B of Prohibited Exports,* and any goods may be imported into the United Kingdom from Germany except goods on the importation of which from all countries restrictions have been or may be imposed.

The following considerations must, however, be borne in mind in transacting business with German nationals :—

- (a) All property, rights, and interests within the British Empire belonging to German nationals at the date on which the Treaty of Peace came into force (namely, 10th January 1920), unless acquired as the result of a transaction undertaken since the resumption of trade with Germany was authorised (i.e., since 12th July 1919), are subject to charge under the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, and no transaction of a commercial and financial nature is therefore permissible which involves the delivery, sale, or transfer of any such property, rights or interests.
- (b) The settlement of all outstanding debts between British subjects resident within the United Kingdom, and German nationals resident in Germany, with the exception of debts arising out of transactions undertaken since 12th July 1919, must be effected through the medium of the Clearing Office for Enemy Debts, and any transaction involving the settlement or transfer of such debts is prohibited.

Subject to such restrictions as may be imposed by the German authorities, individuals and firms of British nationality are at liberty to invest money in German businesses and to establish firms or agencies in Germany.

The freedom of Germans to trade, to carry on business, and to acquire property in the United Kingdom is limited by the following special restrictions imposed on nationals of Germany, Austria, Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey :—

- (a) For a period of three years from 23rd December 1919, no national of the above mentioned countries may enter the United Kingdom without a special license or remain in this country for a longer period than three months, except as provided in section 10 of the Aliens Restriction (Amendment) Act, 1919.

* For the export to Germany of goods on List A and B export licenses must be obtained from the Imports and Exports Licensing Section, Board of Trade, Great George Street, S. W. 1.

- (b) For a period of three years from 23rd December 1919, no national of the abovementioned countries will be permitted to acquire any interest in land, in any concern carrying on a "key industry" (as presently to be defined by the Board of Trade), or in any company owning a ship registered in the United Kingdom. [Vide Section 11, Aliens Restriction (Amendment) Act, 1919.]
- (c) For a period of five years after the termination of the war no business connected with certain non-ferrous metals and metallic ores may be carried on by, or under the influence or control of, a national of the above-mentioned countries, except under licence of the Board of Trade. [Vide Non-Ferrous Metal Industry Act, 1918, and Non-Ferrous Metal Industry Rules, 1918.]
- (d) For a period of five years after the termination of the war, and thereafter until Parliament may otherwise determine, no banking business may be carried on for the benefit or under the control of a national of the above-mentioned countries. [Vide Section 2, Trading with the Enemy Act, 1918, and Enemy Banking Business Rules, 1918.]
- (e) No national of the above-mentioned countries may act as master, officer, or member of the crew of a British ship registered in the United Kingdom. [Vide Section 12, Aliens Restriction (Amendment) Act, 1919.]

With the above reservations Germans are at liberty to acquire shares or interests in British firms or companies and to establish business houses or agencies in the United Kingdom, subject only to the same restrictions as aliens of any other nationality.

ALTERATIONS TO THE EXPORT PROHIBITIONS.

The Board of Trade (Licensing Section) announce that as from 19th instant the following have been removed from List "A" of Prohibited Exports:—

Linseed cake and meal.

The Board of Trade (Licensing Section) announce that an Open General Licence has been issued permitting the export of—

Camel hair tops,
Mohair tops,
Alpaca tops,
Cashmere tops,

to all destinations with which trading is allowed.

TRANSHIPMENTS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The Board of Trade (Licensing Section) announce with reference to the notice which appeared in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 17th July 1919, that

Bacon
Ham, and
Lard

are the only commodities in respect of which the Provisional Approval of the Import and Export Licensing Section should be obtained before the goods are brought to this country for transhipment.

EXPORTATION OF COAL TAR PRODUCTS.

The Board of Trade (Licensing Section) announce that Privy Council Licences for the export of the following goods, granted prior to 1st January 1920, will be revoked as from 21st February 1920, but applications for renewal of any such licences will be considered if special cause can be shown:—

All Coal Tar Products, excluding finished dyestuffs, but including Aniline Oil and Salts.

EXPORT OF INDUSTRIAL EXPLOSIVES, SMOOTH-BORE GUNS, AND MUNITIONS FOR USE THEREWITH.

With reference to the Open General Licence for the Export of Industrial Explosives, Smooth-Bore Guns, and Munitions for use therewith, announced in the *Board of Trade Journal* of 8th January 1920, the Board of Trade (Licensing Section) announce that

ICELAND

is now added to the List of Countries to which the Open General Licence applies, and that in accordance with Article 6, Chapter 2, of the "Convention for the Control of the trade in Arms and Ammunition" all consignments of Arms and Ammunition proceeding into or through any of the Prohibited Areas set out below will require a Specific Export Licence.

The prohibited areas are

- (1) The whole of the Continent of Africa with the exception of Algeria, Libya, and the Union of South Africa.
 • (Within this area are included all islands situated within a hundred nautical miles of the coast, together with Prince's Island, St. Thomas Island, and the Islands of Annobon and Socotra.)
- (2) Transcaucasia, Persia, Gwadar, the Arabian Peninsula, and such Continental parts of Asia as were included in the Turkish Empire on 4th August 1914.
- (3) A maritime zone, including the Red Sea, the Gulf of Aden, the Persian Gulf, and the Sea of Oman, and bounded by a line drawn from Cape Guardafui, following the latitude of that cape
 • to its intersection with longitude 57 deg. east of Greenwich, and
 • proceeding thence direct to the eastern frontier of Persia in the Gulf of Oman.

EMIGRATION.

The 27th March 1920.

No. 2551-D.—In pursuance of rule 23 of the Assam Labour Board Rules published with the Department of Commerce and Industry Notification No. 295-132-C., dated the 20th November 1915, it is hereby notified that the rate of cess payable from 1st July 1920 up to and including the 30th June 1921 on every garden sardar deputed by his employer to engage labourers and on every person recruited or engaged as labourer or assisted to emigrate under Chapter IV or section 91 of the Assam Labour and Emigration Act, 1901 (VI of 1901), as amended by the Assam Labour and Emigration (Amendment) Act, 1915 (VIII of 1915), shall be annas four per head.

A. H. LEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Board of Industries and Munitions, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 27th March 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON.

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 15th March 1920.

No. E.-1515.—The following appointments on the Secretariat staff of the Board of Industries and Munitions are notified:—

Name	Appointment.	Date
Mr. F. R. R. Rudman, I.C.S.	Secretary	1st March 1920.
Mr. R. R. Reaks, M.B.E.	Assistant Secretary	Ditto.
Rai Bahadur J. P. Ganguli	Ditto	Ditto.
Rai Saheb S. N. Banerji	Ditto	4th March 1920.

F. R. R. RUDMAN,

Secretary, Board of Industries and Munitions.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Legislative Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 27th March 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 28th March 1920.

No. 37.—Mr. H. P. Duval, I.C.S., officer on special duty in the Legislative Department, is appointed to officiate as Joint Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, with effect from 6th April 1920, during the absence, on combined leave, of the Hon'ble Mr. H. Moncrieff Smith, C.I.E., I.C.S., or until further orders.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department, published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 27th March 1920, is republished for general information.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES. FUNDS, SERVICE AND OTHER.

Delhi, the 19th March 1920.

No. 385-F.E.—In supersession of the orders promulgated by notification No. 845-F.E., dated the 9th July 1918, as amended by notification No. 1196-F.E., dated the 11th September 1919, it is hereby notified that, with effect from the 1st March 1920, contributions to the Indian Civil Service Family Pension Fund shall be recovered at the rate of exchange at which sterling money orders are issued in India on the first day of the month in which the recovery is made. It has been further decided that in the case of donations and disparity fines whether paid in lump sums or in instalments, the new orders shall be applicable with effect from the 1st July 1919.

J. E. C. JUKES,
Joint Secy. to the Govt. of India.

